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	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate	•	House
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Floor: NC/2R	•	
03/04/2016 10:08 AM	•	
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Senator Sachs moved the following:

Senate Amendment

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Delete lines 180 - 250

and insert:

defined in s. 499.0295; order medical cannabis to treat a qualified patient suffering from chronic, persistent, and debilitating pain; or order a cannabis delivery device for the medical use of low-THC cannabis or medical cannabis, only if the physician and all of the following conditions apply:

(a) Holds an active, unrestricted license as a physician under chapter 458 or an osteopathic physician under chapter 459; 12

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- (b) Has treated the patient for at least 3 months immediately preceding the patient's registration in the compassionate use registry;
- (c) Has successfully completed the course and examination required under paragraph (4)(a);
 - (a) The patient is a permanent resident of this state.
- (d) (b) Has determined The physician determines that the risks of treating the patient with ordering low-THC cannabis or medical cannabis are reasonable in light of the potential benefit to the for that patient. If a patient is younger than 18 years of age, a second physician must concur with this determination, and such determination must be documented in the patient's medical record; -
- (e) (c) The physician Registers as the orderer of low-THC cannabis or medical cannabis for the named patient on the compassionate use registry maintained by the department and updates the registry to reflect the contents of the order, including the amount of low-THC cannabis or medical cannabis that will provide the patient with not more than a 45-day supply and a cannabis delivery device needed by the patient for the medical use of low-THC cannabis or medical cannabis. The physician must also update the registry within 7 days after any change is made to the original order to reflect the change. The physician shall deactivate the registration of the patient and the patient's legal representative patient's registration when treatment is discontinued; -
- (f) (d) The physician Maintains a patient treatment plan that includes the dose, route of administration, planned duration, and monitoring of the patient's symptoms and other

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indicators of tolerance or reaction to the low-THC cannabis or medical cannabis; -

- (g) (e) The physician Submits the patient treatment plan quarterly to the University of Florida College of Pharmacy for research on the safety and efficacy of low-THC cannabis and medical cannabis on patients; -
- (h) (f) The physician Obtains the voluntary written informed consent of the patient or the patient's legal representative quardian to treatment with low-THC cannabis after sufficiently explaining the current state of knowledge in the medical community of the effectiveness of treatment of the patient's condition with low-THC cannabis, the medically acceptable alternatives, and the potential risks and side effects;
- (i) Obtains written informed consent as defined in and required under s. 499.0295, if the physician is ordering medical cannabis for an eligible patient pursuant to that section; and
- (j) Is not a medical director employed by a dispensing organization.
 - (3) PENALTIES.-
- (a) A physician commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, if the physician orders low-THC cannabis for a patient without a reasonable belief that the patient is suffering from:
- 1. Cancer or a physical medical condition that chronically produces symptoms of seizures or severe and persistent muscle spasms that can be treated with low-THC cannabis; or
- 2. Symptoms of cancer or a physical medical condition that chronically produces symptoms of seizures or severe and persistent muscle spasms that can be alleviated with low-THC



cannabis.

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(b) A physician commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, if the physician orders medical cannabis for a patient without a reasonable belief that the patient has a terminal condition as defined in s. 499.0295 or suffers from chronic, persistent, and debilitating pain.

(c) (b) A Any person who fraudulently represents that he or she has cancer or suffers from chronic, persistent, and debilitating pain, or a physical medical condition that chronically