By the Committee on Appropriations; and Senator Gaetz

576-04218-16

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20161166c1

1	
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to education; amending s. 1001.42,
3	F.S.; revising the duties of a district school board;
4	creating s. 1001.67, F.S.; establishing a
5	collaboration between the state board and the
6	Legislature to designate certain Florida College
7	System institutions as distinguished colleges;
8	specifying standards for the designation; requiring
9	the state board to award the designation to certain
10	Florida College System institutions; providing that
11	the designated institutions are eligible for funding
12	as specified in the General Appropriations Act;
13	amending s. 1002.20, F.S.; revising public school
14	choice options available to students to include CAPE
15	digital tools, CAPE industry certifications, and
16	collegiate high school programs; authorizing parents
17	of public school students to seek private educational
18	choice options through the Florida Personal Learning
19	Scholarship Accounts Program under certain
20	circumstances; revising student eligibility
21	requirements for participating in high school athletic
22	competitions; authorizing public schools to provide
23	transportation to students participating in open
24	enrollment; amending s. 1002.31, F.S.; requiring each
25	district school board and charter school governing
26	board to authorize a parent to have his or her child
27	participate in controlled open enrollment; requiring
28	the school district to report the student for purposes
29	of the school district's funding; authorizing a school
30	district to provide transportation to such students;
31	requiring that each district school board adopt and
32	publish on its website a controlled open enrollment

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33 process; s	ifying criteria for the process;
34 prohibitin	school district from delaying or
35 preventing	student who participates in controlled
36 open enrol	nt from being immediately eligible to
37 participat	n certain activities; amending s.
38 1002.33, F	; making technical changes relating to
39 requiremen	for the creation of a virtual charter
40 school; cc	rming cross-references; specifying that a
41 sponsor ma	ot require a charter school to adopt the
42 sponsor's	ding plan and that charter schools are
43 eligible f	the research-based reading allocation if
44 certain cr	ria are met; revising required contents
45 of charter	hool applications; conforming provisions
46 regarding	appeal process for denial of a high-
47 performing	arter school application; requiring an
48 applicant	provide the sponsor with a copy of an
49 appeal to	application denial; authorizing a charter
50 school to	er the opening of its operations for up
51 to a speci	d time; requiring the charter school to
52 provide wr	en notice to certain entities by a
53 specified	e; revising provisions relating to long-
54 term chart	and charter terminations; specifying
55 notice req	ements for voluntary closure of a charter
56 school; de	ing a requirement that students in a
57 blended le	ing course receive certain instruction in
58 a classroo	etting; providing that a student may not
59 be dismiss	from a charter school based on his or her
60 academic p	ormance; requiring a charter school
61 applicant	provide monthly financial statements

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62	before opening; requiring a sponsor to review each
63	financial statement of a charter school to identify
64	the existence of certain conditions; providing for the
65	automatic termination of a charter contract if certain
66	conditions are met; requiring a sponsor to notify
67	certain parties when a charter contract is terminated
68	for specific reasons; authorizing governing board
69	members to hold a certain number of public meetings
70	and participate in such meetings in person or through
71	communications media technology; revising charter
72	school student eligibility requirements; revising
73	requirements for payments to charter schools; allowing
74	for the use of certain surpluses and assets by
75	specific entities for certain educational purposes;
76	providing for an injunction under certain
77	circumstances; establishing the administrative fee
78	that a sponsor may withhold for charter schools
79	operating in a critical need area; providing an
80	exemption from certain administrative fees; amending
81	s. 1002.37, F.S.; revising the calculation of "full-
82	time equivalent student"; conforming a cross-
83	reference; amending s. 1002.45, F.S.; conforming
84	cross-references; deleting a provision related to
85	educational funding for students enrolled in certain
86	virtual education courses; revising conditions for
87	termination of a virtual instruction provider's
88	contract; creating s. 1003.3101, F.S.; requiring each
89	school district board to establish a classroom teacher
90	transfer process for parents, to approve or deny a
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91	transfer request within a certain timeframe, to notify
92	a parent of a denial, and to post an explanation of
93	the transfer process in the student handbook or a
94	similar publication; amending s. 1003.4295, F.S.;
95	revising the purpose of the Credit Acceleration
96	Program; requiring students to earn passing scores on
97	specified assessments and examinations to earn course
98	credit; amending s. 1004.935, F.S.; deleting the
99	scheduled termination of the Adults with Disabilities
100	Workforce Education Pilot Program; changing the name
101	of the program to the "Adults with Disabilities
102	Workforce Education Program"; amending s. 1006.15,
103	F.S.; defining the term "eligible to participate";
104	conforming provisions to changes made by the act;
105	prohibiting a school district from delaying or
106	preventing a student who participates in open
107	controlled enrollment from being immediately eligible
108	to participate in certain activities; authorizing a
109	transfer student to immediately participate in
110	interscholastic or intrascholastic activities under
111	certain circumstances; prohibiting a school district
112	or the Florida High School Athletic Association
113	(FHSAA) from declaring a transfer student ineligible
114	under certain circumstances; amending s. 1006.20,
115	F.S.; requiring the FHSAA to allow a private school to
116	maintain full membership in the association or to join
117	by sport; prohibiting the FHSAA from discouraging a
118	private school from maintaining membership in the
119	FHSAA and another athletic association; authorizing

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120	the FHSAA to allow a public school to apply for
121	consideration to join another athletic association;
122	specifying penalties for recruiting violations;
123	requiring a school to forfeit a competition in which a
124	student who was recruited by specified adults
125	participated; revising circumstances under which a
126	student may be declared ineligible; requiring student
127	ineligibility to be established by a preponderance of
128	the evidence; amending s. 1009.893, F.S.; changing the
129	name of the "Florida National Merit Scholar Incentive
130	Program" to the "Benacquisto Scholarship Program";
131	providing that a student who receives a scholarship
132	award under the program will be referred to as a
133	Benacquisto Scholar; encouraging all eligible Florida
134	public or independent postsecondary educational
135	institutions, and requiring all eligible state
136	universities, to become college sponsors of the
137	National Merit Scholarship Program; amending s.
138	1011.61, F.S.; revising the definition of "full-time
139	equivalent student"; amending s. 1011.62, F.S.;
140	conforming a cross-reference; revising the calculation
141	for certain supplemental funds for exceptional student
142	education programs; requiring the funds to be prorated
143	under certain circumstances; revising the funding of
144	full-time equivalent values for students who earn CAPE
145	industry certifications through dual enrollment;
146	deleting a provision prohibiting a teacher's bonus
147	from exceeding a specified amount; creating a
148	federally connected student supplement for school

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149	districts; specifying eligibility requirements and
150	calculations for allocations of the supplement;
151	amending s. 1011.71, F.S.; conforming a cross-
152	reference; amending s. 1012.42, F.S.; authorizing a
153	parent of a child whose teacher is teaching outside
154	the teacher's field to request that the child be
155	transferred to another classroom teacher within the
156	school and grade in which the child is currently
157	enrolled within a specified timeframe; specifying that
158	a transfer does not provide a parent the right to
159	choose a specific teacher; amending s. 1012.56, F.S.;
160	authorizing a charter school to develop and operate a
161	professional development certification and education
162	competency program; creating s. 1012.583, F.S.;
163	requiring the Department of Education to incorporate
164	training in youth suicide awareness and prevention
165	into certain instructional personnel continuing
166	education or inservice training requirements;
167	requiring the department, in consultation with the
168	Statewide Office for Suicide Prevention and suicide
169	prevention experts, to develop a list of approved
170	materials for the training; specifying requirements
171	for training materials; requiring the training to be
172	included in the existing continuing education or
173	inservice training requirements; providing that no
174	cause of action results from the implementation of
175	this act; providing for rulemaking; amending ss.
176	1012.795 and 1012.796, F.S.; conforming provisions to
177	changes made by the act; providing effective dates.

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179	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
180	
181	Section 1. Present subsection (27) of section 1001.42,
182	Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (28), and a new
183	subsection (27) is added to that section, to read:
184	1001.42 Powers and duties of district school boardThe
185	district school board, acting as a board, shall exercise all
186	powers and perform all duties listed below:
187	(27) VISITATION OF SCHOOLSVisit the schools, observe the
188	management and instruction, give suggestions for improvement,
189	and advise citizens with the view of promoting interest in
190	education and improving the school.
191	Section 2. Section 1001.67, Florida Statutes, is created to
192	read:
193	1001.67 Distinguished Florida College System Program.—A
194	collaborative partnership is established between the State Board
195	of Education and the Legislature to recognize the excellence of
196	Florida's highest-performing Florida College system
197	institutions.
198	(1) EXCELLENCE STANDARDS The following excellence
199	standards are established for the program:
200	(a) A 150 percent-of-normal-time completion rate of 50
201	percent or higher, as calculated by the Division of Florida
202	Colleges.
203	(b) A 150 percent-of-normal-time completion rate for Pell
204	Grant recipients of 40 percent or higher, as calculated by the
205	Division of Florida Colleges.
206	(c) A retention rate of 70 percent or higher, as calculated
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576-04218-16 20161166c1 by the Division of Florida Colleges. 207 208 (d) A continuing education, or transfer, rate of 72 percent 209 or higher for students graduating with an associate of arts 210 degree, as reported by the Florida Education and Training 211 Placement Information Program (FETPIP). 212 (e) A licensure passage rate on the National Council 213 Licensure Examination for Registered Nurses (NCLEX-RN) of 90 percent or higher for first-time exam takers, as reported by the 214 215 Board of Nursing. 216 (f) A job placement or continuing education rate of 88 217 percent or higher for workforce programs, as reported by FETPIP. 218 (g) A time-to-degree for students graduating with an associate of arts degree of 2.25 years or less for first-time-219 220 in-college students with accelerated college credits, as 221 reported by the Southern Regional Education Board. 222 (2) DISTINGUISHED COLLEGE DESIGNATION.-The State Board of 223 Education shall designate each Florida College System 224 institution that meets five of the seven standards identified in 225 subsection (1) as a distinguished college. 226 (3) DISTINGUISHED COLLEGE SUPPORT.-A Florida College System 227 institution designated as a distinguished college by the State 228 Board of Education is eligible for funding as specified in the 229 General Appropriations Act. 230 Section 3. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (6), 231 subsection (16), paragraph (a) of subsection (17), and paragraph 2.32 (a) of subsection (22) of section 1002.20, Florida Statutes, are 233 amended to read: 234 1002.20 K-12 student and parent rights.-Parents of public 235 school students must receive accurate and timely information

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 236 regarding their child's academic progress and must be informed 237 of ways they can help their child to succeed in school. K-12 238 students and their parents are afforded numerous statutory 239 rights including, but not limited to, the following: 240 (6) EDUCATIONAL CHOICE.-241 (a) Public educational school choices.-Parents of public 242 school students may seek any whatever public educational school 243 choice options that are applicable and available to students throughout the state in their school districts. These options 244 may include controlled open enrollment, single-gender programs, 245 246 lab schools, virtual instruction programs, charter schools, 247 charter technical career centers, magnet schools, alternative 248 schools, special programs, auditory-oral education programs, 249 advanced placement, dual enrollment, International 250 Baccalaureate, International General Certificate of Secondary 251 Education (pre-AICE), CAPE digital tools, CAPE industry 252 certifications, collegiate high school programs, Advanced 253 International Certificate of Education, early admissions, credit 254 by examination or demonstration of competency, the New World 255 School of the Arts, the Florida School for the Deaf and the 256 Blind, and the Florida Virtual School. These options may also 257 include the public educational school choice options of the 258 Opportunity Scholarship Program and the McKay Scholarships for 259 Students with Disabilities Program.

(b) Private <u>educational</u> school choices.-Parents of public
school students may seek private <u>educational</u> school choice
options under certain programs.

263 1. Under the McKay Scholarships for Students with264 Disabilities Program, the parent of a public school student with

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 265 a disability may request and receive a McKay Scholarship for the 266 student to attend a private school in accordance with s. 1002.39. 267 268 2. Under the Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program, the 269 parent of a student who qualifies for free or reduced-price 270 school lunch or who is currently placed, or during the previous 271 state fiscal year was placed, in foster care as defined in s. 272 39.01 may seek a scholarship from an eligible nonprofit 273 scholarship-funding organization in accordance with s. 1002.395. 274 3. Under the Florida Personal Learning Scholarship Accounts 275 Program, the parent of a student with a qualifying disability 276 may apply for a personal learning scholarship to be used for individual educational needs in accordance with s. 1002.385. 277 (16) SCHOOL ACCOUNTABILITY AND SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT RATING 278 279 REPORTS; FISCAL TRANSPARENCY.-Parents of public school students 280 have the right are entitled to an easy-to-read report card about 281 the school's grade designation or, if applicable under s. 282 1008.341, the school's improvement rating, and the school's 283 accountability report, including the school financial report as 284 required under s. 1010.215. The school financial report must be 285 provided to the parents and indicate the average amount of money 286 expended per student in the school, which must also be included 287 in the student handbook or a similar publication. 288 (17) ATHLETICS; PUBLIC HIGH SCHOOL.-

(a) *Eligibility*.-Eligibility requirements for all students
participating in high school athletic competition must allow a
student to be <u>immediately</u> eligible in the school in which he or
she first enrolls each school year, the school in which the
student makes himself or herself a candidate for an athletic

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 294 team by engaging in practice before enrolling, or the school to 295 which the student has transferred with approval of the district 296 school board, in accordance with the provisions of s. 297 1006.20(2)(a). 298 (22) TRANSPORTATION.-299 (a) Transportation to school.-Public school students shall 300 be provided transportation to school, in accordance with the 301 provisions of s. 1006.21(3)(a). Public school students may be 302 provided transportation to school in accordance with the 303 controlled open enrollment provisions of s. 1002.31(2). 304 Section 4. Section 1002.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to 305 read: 306 1002.31 Controlled open enrollment; Public school parental 307 choice.-(1) As used in this section, "controlled open enrollment" 308 309 means a public education delivery system that allows school 310 districts to make student school assignments using parents' 311 indicated preferential educational school choice as a 312 significant factor. 313 (2) (a) Beginning by the 2017-2018 school year, as part of a 314 school district's or charter school's controlled open enrollment 315 process, and in addition to the existing public school choice 316 programs provided in s. 1002.20(6)(a), each district school 317 board or charter school shall allow a parent from any school 318 district in the state whose child is not subject to a current 319 expulsion or suspension order to enroll his or her child in and 320 transport his or her child to any public school, including 321 charter schools, that has not reached capacity in the district, 322 subject to the maximum class size pursuant to s. 1003.03 and s.

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323	1, Art. IX of the State Constitution. The school district or
324	charter school shall accept the student, pursuant to that school
325	district's or charter school's controlled open enrollment
326	process, and report the student for purposes of the school
327	district's or charter school's funding pursuant to the Florida
328	Education Finance Program. A school district or charter school
329	may provide transportation to students described under this
330	section.
331	(b) Each school district and charter school capacity
332	determinations for its schools must be current and must be
333	identified on the school district and charter school's websites.
334	In determining the capacity of each district school, the
335	district school board shall incorporate the specifications,
336	plans, elements, and commitments contained in the school
337	district educational facilities plan and the long-term work
338	programs required under s. 1013.35. Each charter school
339	governing board shall determine capacity based upon its charter
340	school contract.
341	(c) Each district school board and charter school governing
342	board must provide preferential treatment in its controlled open
343	enrollment process to all of the following:
344	1. Dependent children of active duty military personnel
345	whose move resulted from military orders.
346	2. Children who have been relocated due to a foster care
347	placement in a different school zone.
348	3. Children who move due to a court ordered change in
349	custody due to separation or divorce, or the serious illness or
350	death of a custodial parent.
351	4. Students residing in the school district.

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381	within the same school.
382	(c) Provide a lottery procedure to determine student
383	assignment and establish an appeals process for hardship cases.
384	(d) Afford parents of students in multiple session schools
385	preferred access to controlled open enrollment.
386	(e) Maintain socioeconomic, demographic, and racial
387	balance.
388	
	(f) Address the availability of transportation.
389	(g) Maintain existing academic eligibility criteria for
390	public school choice programs pursuant to s. 1002.20(6)(a).
391	(h) Identify schools that have not reached capacity, as
392	determined by the school district.
393	(i) Ensure that each district school board adopts a policy
394	to provide preferential treatment pursuant to paragraph (2)(c).
395	(4) In accordance with the reporting requirements of s.
396	1011.62, each district school board shall annually report the
397	number of students <u>exercising public school choice, by type</u>
398	attending the various types of public schools of choice in the
399	district, in accordance with including schools such as virtual
400	instruction programs, magnet schools, and public charter
401	schools, according to rules adopted by the State Board of
402	Education.
403	(5) For a school or program that is a public school of
404	choice under this section, the calculation for compliance with
405	maximum class size pursuant to s. 1003.03 is the average number
406	of students at the school level.
407	(6)(a) A school district or charter school may not delay
408	eligibility or otherwise prevent a student participating in
409	controlled open enrollment or a choice program from being

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410	immediately eligible to participate in interscholastic and
411	intrascholastic extracurricular activities.
412	(b) A student participating in a sport at a school may not
413	participate in that same sport at another school during that
414	school year, unless the student meets one of the following
415	<u>criteria:</u>
416	1. Dependent children of active duty military personnel
417	whose move resulted from military orders.
418	2. Children who have been relocated due to a foster care
419	placement in a different school zone.
420	3. Children who move due to a court ordered change in
421	custody due to separation or divorce, or the serious illness or
422	death of a custodial parent.
423	4. Authorized for good cause in district or charter school
424	policy.
425	Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2), paragraphs (a)
426	and (b) of subsection (6), paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection
427	(7), paragraphs (g), (n), and (p) of subsection (9), paragraph
428	(d) of subsection (10), paragraph (b) of subsection (17), and
429	paragraph (a) of subsection (20) of section 1002.33, Florida
430	Statutes, are amended to read:
431	1002.33 Charter schools
432	(2) GUIDING PRINCIPLES; PURPOSE
433	(a) Charter schools in Florida shall be guided by the
434	following principles:
435	1. Meet high standards of student achievement while
436	providing parents flexibility to choose among diverse
437	educational opportunities within the state's public school
438	system.

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 439 2. Promote enhanced academic success and financial 440 efficiency by aligning responsibility with accountability. 441 3. Provide parents with sufficient information on whether 442 their child is reading at grade level and whether the child 443 gains at least a year's worth of learning for every year spent 444 in the charter school. For a student who exhibits a substantial 445 deficiency in reading, as determined by the charter school, the 446 school shall notify the parent of the deficiency, the intensive 447 interventions and supports used, and the student's progress in accordance with s. 1008.25(5). 448 449 (6) APPLICATION PROCESS AND REVIEW.-Charter school 450 applications are subject to the following requirements: 451 (a) A person or entity seeking wishing to open a charter 452 school shall prepare and submit an application on a model 453 application form prepared by the Department of Education which: 454 1. Demonstrates how the school will use the guiding 455 principles and meet the statutorily defined purpose of a charter 456 school. 457 2. Provides a detailed curriculum plan that illustrates how 458 students will be provided services to attain the Sunshine State 459 Standards.

3. Contains goals and objectives for improving student learning and measuring that improvement. These goals and objectives must indicate how much academic improvement students are expected to show each year, how success will be evaluated, and the specific results to be attained through instruction.

465 4. Describes the reading curriculum and differentiated
466 strategies that will be used for students reading at grade level
467 or higher and a separate curriculum and strategies for students

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 468 who are reading below grade level. A sponsor shall deny an 469 application a charter if the school does not propose a reading 470 curriculum that is evidence-based and includes explicit, 471 systematic, and multisensory reading instructional strategies; 472 however, a sponsor may not require the charter school to 473 implement the reading plan adopted by the school district 474 pursuant to s. 1011.62(9) consistent with effective teaching 475 strategies that are grounded in scientifically based reading 476 research.

5. Contains an annual financial plan for each year requested by the charter for operation of the school for up to 5 years. This plan must contain anticipated fund balances based on revenue projections, a spending plan based on projected revenues and expenses, and a description of controls that will safeguard finances and projected enrollment trends.

483 6. Discloses the name of each applicant, governing board 484 member, and all proposed education services providers; the name 485 and sponsor of any charter school operated by each applicant, 486 each governing board member, and each proposed education 487 services provider that has closed and the reasons for the 488 closure; and the academic and financial history of such charter 489 schools, which the sponsor shall consider in deciding whether to 490 approve or deny the application.

491 <u>7.6.</u> Contains additional information a sponsor may require,
492 which shall be attached as an addendum to the charter school
493 application described in this paragraph.

494 <u>8.7.</u> For the establishment of a virtual charter school,
495 documents that the applicant has contracted with a provider of
496 virtual instruction services pursuant to s. 1002.45(1)(d).

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 497 (b) A sponsor shall receive and review all applications for 498 a charter school using the an evaluation instrument developed by 499 the Department of Education. A sponsor shall receive and 500 consider charter school applications received on or before 501 August 1 of each calendar year for charter schools to be opened 502 at the beginning of the school district's next school year, or 503 to be opened at a time agreed to by the applicant and the 504 sponsor. A sponsor may not refuse to receive a charter school 505 application submitted before August 1 and may receive an 506 application submitted later than August 1 if it chooses. In 507 order to facilitate greater collaboration in the application 508 process, an applicant may submit a draft charter school 509 application on or before May 1 with an application fee of \$500. 510 If a draft application is timely submitted, the sponsor shall 511 review and provide feedback as to material deficiencies in the 512 application by July 1. The applicant shall then have until 513 August 1 to resubmit a revised and final application. The 514 sponsor may approve the draft application. Except as provided 515 for a draft application, a sponsor may not charge an applicant 516 for a charter any fee for the processing or consideration of an 517 application, and a sponsor may not base its consideration or 518 approval of a final application upon the promise of future 519 payment of any kind. Before approving or denying any final 520 application, the sponsor shall allow the applicant, upon receipt 521 of written notification, at least 7 calendar days to make 522 technical or nonsubstantive corrections and clarifications, 523 including, but not limited to, corrections of grammatical, 524 typographical, and like errors or missing signatures, if such 525 errors are identified by the sponsor as cause to deny the final

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526 application.

527 1. In order to facilitate an accurate budget projection 528 process, a sponsor shall be held harmless for FTE students who 529 are not included in the FTE projection due to approval of 530 charter school applications after the FTE projection deadline. 531 In a further effort to facilitate an accurate budget projection, 532 within 15 calendar days after receipt of a charter school 533 application, a sponsor shall report to the Department of 534 Education the name of the applicant entity, the proposed charter 535 school location, and its projected FTE.

2. In order to ensure fiscal responsibility, an application for a charter school shall include a full accounting of expected assets, a projection of expected sources and amounts of income, including income derived from projected student enrollments and from community support, and an expense projection that includes full accounting of the costs of operation, including start-up costs.

543 3.a. A sponsor shall by a majority vote approve or deny an 544 application no later than 60 calendar days after the application 545 is received, unless the sponsor and the applicant mutually agree 546 in writing to temporarily postpone the vote to a specific date, 547 at which time the sponsor shall by a majority vote approve or 548 deny the application. If the sponsor fails to act on the 549 application, an applicant may appeal to the State Board of 550 Education as provided in paragraph (c). If an application is 551 denied, the sponsor shall, within 10 calendar days after such 552 denial, articulate in writing the specific reasons, based upon 553 good cause, supporting its denial of the charter application and 554 shall provide the letter of denial and supporting documentation

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 555 to the applicant and to the Department of Education. 556 b. An application submitted by a high-performing charter 557 school identified pursuant to s. 1002.331 may be denied by the 558 sponsor only if the sponsor demonstrates by clear and convincing 559 evidence that: 560 (I) The application does not materially comply with the 561 requirements in paragraph (a); 562 (II) The charter school proposed in the application does 563 not materially comply with the requirements in paragraphs 564 (9) (a) - (f); 565 (III) The proposed charter school's educational program 566 does not substantially replicate that of the applicant or one of 567 the applicant's high-performing charter schools; 568 (IV) The applicant has made a material misrepresentation or false statement or concealed an essential or material fact 569 570 during the application process; or 571 (V) The proposed charter school's educational program and 572 financial management practices do not materially comply with the 573 requirements of this section. 574 575 Material noncompliance is a failure to follow requirements or a 576 violation of prohibitions applicable to charter school 577 applications, which failure is quantitatively or qualitatively 578 significant either individually or when aggregated with other 579 noncompliance. An applicant is considered to be replicating a 580 high-performing charter school if the proposed school is 581 substantially similar to at least one of the applicant's high-582 performing charter schools and the organization or individuals 583 involved in the establishment and operation of the proposed

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 584 school are significantly involved in the operation of replicated 585 schools. c. If the sponsor denies an application submitted by a 586 587 high-performing charter school, the sponsor must, within 10 588 calendar days after such denial, state in writing the specific 589 reasons, based upon the criteria in sub-subparagraph b., 590 supporting its denial of the application and must provide the 591 letter of denial and supporting documentation to the applicant 592 and to the Department of Education. The applicant may appeal the 593 sponsor's denial of the application directly to the State Board 594 of Education and, if an appeal is filed, must provide a copy of 595 the appeal to the sponsor pursuant to paragraph (c) sub-596 subparagraph (c) 3.b.

4. For budget projection purposes, the sponsor shall report to the Department of Education the approval or denial of <u>an</u> a charter application within 10 calendar days after such approval or denial. In the event of approval, the report to the Department of Education shall include the final projected FTE for the approved charter school.

5. Upon approval of <u>an</u> a charter application, the initial startup shall commence with the beginning of the public school calendar for the district in which the charter is granted unless the sponsor allows a waiver of this subparagraph for good cause.

(7) CHARTER.—The major issues involving the operation of a charter school shall be considered in advance and written into the charter. The charter shall be signed by the governing board of the charter school and the sponsor, following a public hearing to ensure community input.

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(a) The charter shall address and criteria for approval of

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 the charter shall be based on: 613 614 1. The school's mission, the students to be served, and the 615 ages and grades to be included. 2. The focus of the curriculum, the instructional methods 616 617 to be used, any distinctive instructional techniques to be 618 employed, and identification and acquisition of appropriate 619 technologies needed to improve educational and administrative 620 performance which include a means for promoting safe, ethical, and appropriate uses of technology which comply with legal and 621 622 professional standards. 62.3 a. The charter shall ensure that reading is a primary focus

624 of the curriculum and that resources are provided to identify 625 and provide specialized instruction for students who are reading 626 below grade level. The curriculum and instructional strategies 627 for reading must be consistent with the Next Generation Sunshine 628 State Standards and evidence-based grounded in scientifically 629 based reading research.

630 b. In order to provide students with access to diverse 631 instructional delivery models, to facilitate the integration of 632 technology within traditional classroom instruction, and to 633 provide students with the skills they need to compete in the 634 21st century economy, the Legislature encourages instructional 635 methods for blended learning courses consisting of both 636 traditional classroom and online instructional techniques. Charter schools may implement blended learning courses which 637 combine traditional classroom instruction and virtual 638 639 instruction. Students in a blended learning course must be full-640 time students of the charter school and receive the online 641 instruction in a classroom setting at the charter school.

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 642 Instructional personnel certified pursuant to s. 1012.55 who 643 provide virtual instruction for blended learning courses may be 644 employees of the charter school or may be under contract to 645 provide instructional services to charter school students. At a 646 minimum, such instructional personnel must hold an active state 647 or school district adjunct certification under s. 1012.57 for 648 the subject area of the blended learning course. The funding and 649 performance accountability requirements for blended learning 650 courses are the same as those for traditional courses.

651 3. The current incoming baseline standard of student 652 academic achievement, the outcomes to be achieved, and the 653 method of measurement that will be used. The criteria listed in 654 this subparagraph shall include a detailed description of:

a. How the baseline student academic achievement levels andprior rates of academic progress will be established.

b. How these baseline rates will be compared to rates of
academic progress achieved by these same students while
attending the charter school.

c. To the extent possible, how these rates of progress will
be evaluated and compared with rates of progress of other
closely comparable student populations.

The district school board is required to provide academic student performance data to charter schools for each of their students coming from the district school system, as well as rates of academic progress of comparable student populations in the district school system.

669 4. The methods used to identify the educational strengths670 and needs of students and how well educational goals and

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671	performance standards are met by students attending the charter
672	school. The methods shall provide a means for the charter school
673	to ensure accountability to its constituents by analyzing
674	student performance data and by evaluating the effectiveness and
675	efficiency of its major educational programs. Students in
676	charter schools shall, at a minimum, participate in the
677	statewide assessment program created under s. 1008.22.
678	5. In secondary charter schools, a method for determining
679	that a student has satisfied the requirements for graduation in
680	s. 1002.3105(5), s. 1003.4281, or s. 1003.4282.
681	6. A method for resolving conflicts between the governing
682	board of the charter school and the sponsor.
683	7. The admissions procedures and dismissal procedures,
684	including the school's code of student conduct. Admission or
685	dismissal must not be based on a student's academic performance.
686	8. The ways by which the school will achieve a
687	racial/ethnic balance reflective of the community it serves or
688	within the racial/ethnic range of other public schools in the
689	same school district.
690	9. The financial and administrative management of the
691	school, including a reasonable demonstration of the professional
692	experience or competence of those individuals or organizations
693	applying to operate the charter school or those hired or
694	retained to perform such professional services and the
695	description of clearly delineated responsibilities and the
696	policies and practices needed to effectively manage the charter
697	school. A description of internal audit procedures and
698	establishment of controls to ensure that financial resources are
699	properly managed must be included. Both public sector and
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576-04218-16 20161166c1 700 private sector professional experience shall be equally valid in 701 such a consideration. 702 10. The asset and liability projections required in the 703 application which are incorporated into the charter and shall be 704 compared with information provided in the annual report of the 705 charter school.

706 11. A description of procedures that identify various risks 707 and provide for a comprehensive approach to reduce the impact of 708 losses; plans to ensure the safety and security of students and staff; plans to identify, minimize, and protect others from 709 710 violent or disruptive student behavior; and the manner in which 711 the school will be insured, including whether or not the school 712 will be required to have liability insurance, and, if so, the terms and conditions thereof and the amounts of coverage. 713

714 12. The term of the charter which shall provide for 715 cancellation of the charter if insufficient progress has been 716 made in attaining the student achievement objectives of the 717 charter and if it is not likely that such objectives can be 718 achieved before expiration of the charter. The initial term of a 719 charter shall be for 4 or 5 years. In order to facilitate access 720 to long-term financial resources for charter school 721 construction, charter schools that are operated by a 722 municipality or other public entity as provided by law are 723 eligible for up to a 15-year charter, subject to approval by the 724 district school board. A charter lab school is eligible for a 725 charter for a term of up to 15 years. In addition, to facilitate 726 access to long-term financial resources for charter school 727 construction, charter schools that are operated by a private, 728 not-for-profit, s. 501(c)(3) status corporation are eligible for

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729	up to a 15-year charter, subject to approval by the district
730	school board. Such long-term charters remain subject to annual
731	review and may be terminated during the term of the charter, but
732	only according to the provisions set forth in subsection (8).
733	13. The facilities to be used and their location. The
734	sponsor may not require a charter school to have a certificate
735	of occupancy or a temporary certificate of occupancy for such a
736	facility earlier than 15 calendar days before the first day of
737	school.
738	14. The qualifications to be required of the teachers and
739	the potential strategies used to recruit, hire, train, and
740	retain qualified staff to achieve best value.
741	15. The governance structure of the school, including the
742	status of the charter school as a public or private employer as
743	required in paragraph (12)(i).
744	16. A timetable for implementing the charter which
745	addresses the implementation of each element thereof and the
746	date by which the charter shall be awarded in order to meet this
747	timetable.
748	17. In the case of an existing public school that is being
749	converted to charter status, alternative arrangements for
750	current students who choose not to attend the charter school and
751	for current teachers who choose not to teach in the charter
752	school after conversion in accordance with the existing
753	collective bargaining agreement or district school board rule in
754	the absence of a collective bargaining agreement. However,
755	alternative arrangements shall not be required for current
756	teachers who choose not to teach in a charter lab school, except
757	as authorized by the employment policies of the state university
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758 which grants the charter to the lab school.

759 18. Full disclosure of the identity of all relatives 760 employed by the charter school who are related to the charter 761 school owner, president, chairperson of the governing board of 762 directors, superintendent, governing board member, principal, 763 assistant principal, or any other person employed by the charter 764 school who has equivalent decisionmaking authority. For the 765 purpose of this subparagraph, the term "relative" means father, 766 mother, son, daughter, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, first cousin, nephew, niece, husband, wife, father-in-law, mother-in-767 768 law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, 769 stepfather, stepmother, stepson, stepdaughter, stepbrother, stepsister, half brother, or half sister. 770

771 19. Implementation of the activities authorized under s. 772 1002.331 by the charter school when it satisfies the eligibility 773 requirements for a high-performing charter school. A high-774 performing charter school shall notify its sponsor in writing by 775 March 1 if it intends to increase enrollment or expand grade 776 levels the following school year. The written notice shall 777 specify the amount of the enrollment increase and the grade 778 levels that will be added, as applicable.

779 (d) 1. A charter may be terminated by a charter school's 780 governing board through voluntary closure. The decision to cease 781 operations must be determined at a public meeting. The governing 782 board shall notify the parents and sponsor of the public meeting 783 in writing before the public meeting. The governing board must 784 notify the sponsor, parents of enrolled students, and the department in writing within 24 hours after the public meeting 785 of its determination. The notice shall state the charter 786

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787	school's intent to continue operations or the reason for the
788	closure and acknowledge that the governing board agrees to
789	follow the procedures for dissolution and reversion of public
790	funds pursuant to paragraphs (8)(e)-(g) and (9)(o) Each charter
791	school's governing board must appoint a representative to
792	facilitate parental involvement, provide access to information,
793	assist parents and others with questions and concerns, and
794	resolve disputes. The representative must reside in the school
795	district in which the charter school is located and may be a
796	governing board member, charter school employee, or individual
797	contracted to represent the governing board. If the governing
798	board oversees multiple charter schools in the same school
799	district, the governing board must appoint a separate individual
800	representative for each charter school in the district. The
801	representative's contact information must be provided annually
802	in writing to parents and posted prominently on the charter
803	school's website if a website is maintained by the school. The
804	sponsor may not require that governing board members reside in
805	the school district in which the charter school is located if
806	the charter school complies with this paragraph.
807	2. Each charter school's governing board must hold at least
808	two public meetings per school year in the school district. The
809	meetings must be noticed, open, and accessible to the public,
810	and attendees must be provided an opportunity to receive
811	information and provide input regarding the charter school's
812	operations. The appointed representative and charter school
813	principal or director, or his or her equivalent, must be
814	physically present at each meeting.
815	(9) CHARTER SCHOOL REQUIREMENTS
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576-04218-16 20161166c1 816 (q)1. In order to provide financial information that is 817 comparable to that reported for other public schools, charter 818 schools are to maintain all financial records that constitute 819 their accounting system: 820 a. In accordance with the accounts and codes prescribed in 821 the most recent issuance of the publication titled "Financial 822 and Program Cost Accounting and Reporting for Florida Schools"; 823 or 824 b. At the discretion of the charter school's governing 825 board, a charter school may elect to follow generally accepted 826 accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, but must 827 reformat this information for reporting according to this 828 paragraph. 829 2. Charter schools shall provide annual financial report 830 and program cost report information in the state-required 831 formats for inclusion in district reporting in compliance with 832 s. 1011.60(1). Charter schools that are operated by a 833 municipality or are a component unit of a parent nonprofit 834 organization may use the accounting system of the municipality 835 or the parent but must reformat this information for reporting 836 according to this paragraph. 837 3. A charter school shall, upon approval of the charter contract, provide the sponsor with a concise, uniform, monthly

838 <u>contract</u>, provide the sponsor with a concise, uniform, monthly 839 financial statement summary sheet that contains a balance sheet 840 and a statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund 841 balance. The balance sheet and the statement of revenue, 842 expenditures, and changes in fund balance shall be in the 843 governmental funds format prescribed by the Governmental 844 Accounting Standards Board. A high-performing charter school

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 845 pursuant to s. 1002.331 may provide a quarterly financial 846 statement in the same format and requirements as the uniform 847 monthly financial statement summary sheet. The sponsor shall 848 review each monthly or quarterly financial statement to identify 849 the existence of any conditions identified in s. 1002.345(1)(a). 850 4. A charter school shall maintain and provide financial 851 information as required in this paragraph. The financial 852 statement required in subparagraph 3. must be in a form 853 prescribed by the Department of Education. 854 (n)1. The director and a representative of the governing 855 board of a charter school that has earned a grade of "D" or "F" 856 pursuant to s. 1008.34 shall appear before the sponsor to 857 present information concerning each contract component having 858 noted deficiencies. The director and a representative of the 859 governing board shall submit to the sponsor for approval a 860 school improvement plan to raise student performance. Upon 861 approval by the sponsor, the charter school shall begin 862 implementation of the school improvement plan. The department 863 shall offer technical assistance and training to the charter 864 school and its governing board and establish guidelines for 865 developing, submitting, and approving such plans. 866 2.a. If a charter school earns three consecutive grades of 867 "D," two consecutive grades of "D" followed by a grade of "F," or two nonconsecutive grades of "F'' within a 3-year period, the 868

charter school governing board shall choose one of the following corrective actions:

871 (I) Contract for educational services to be provided
872 directly to students, instructional personnel, and school
873 administrators, as prescribed in state board rule;

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 874 (II) Contract with an outside entity that has a 875 demonstrated record of effectiveness to operate the school; 876 (III) Reorganize the school under a new director or 877 principal who is authorized to hire new staff; or 878 (IV) Voluntarily close the charter school. 879 b. The charter school must implement the corrective action 880 in the school year following receipt of a third consecutive grade of "D," a grade of "F" following two consecutive grades of 881 882 "D," or a second nonconsecutive grade of "F" within a 3-year 883 period. 884 c. The sponsor may annually waive a corrective action if it 885 determines that the charter school is likely to improve a letter 886 grade if additional time is provided to implement the 887 intervention and support strategies prescribed by the school 888 improvement plan. Notwithstanding this sub-subparagraph, a 889 charter school that earns a second consecutive grade of "F" is 890 subject to subparagraph 4. 891 d. A charter school is no longer required to implement a 892 corrective action if it improves by at least one letter grade. 893 However, the charter school must continue to implement 894 strategies identified in the school improvement plan. The 895 sponsor must annually review implementation of the school 896 improvement plan to monitor the school's continued improvement 897 pursuant to subparagraph 5.

e. A charter school implementing a corrective action that
does not improve by at least one letter grade after 2 full
school years of implementing the corrective action must select a
different corrective action. Implementation of the new
corrective action must begin in the school year following the

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903	implementation period of the existing corrective action, unless
904	the sponsor determines that the charter school is likely to
905	improve a letter grade if additional time is provided to
906	implement the existing corrective action. Notwithstanding this
907	sub-subparagraph, a charter school that earns a second
908	consecutive grade of "F" while implementing a corrective action
909	is subject to subparagraph 4.
910	3. A charter school with a grade of "D" or "F" that
911	improves by at least one letter grade must continue to implement
912	the strategies identified in the school improvement plan. The
913	sponsor must annually review implementation of the school
914	improvement plan to monitor the school's continued improvement
915	pursuant to subparagraph 5.
916	4. A charter school's charter contract is automatically
917	terminated if the school earns two consecutive grades of "F"
918	after all school grade appeals are final The sponsor shall
919	terminate a charter if the charter school earns two consecutive
920	grades of "F" unless:
921	a. The charter school is established to turn around the
922	performance of a district public school pursuant to s.
923	1008.33(4)(b)3. Such charter schools shall be governed by s.
924	1008.33;
925	b. The charter school serves a student population the
926	majority of which resides in a school zone served by a district
927	public school that earned a grade of $``F''$ in the year before the
928	charter school opened and the charter school earns at least a
929	grade of "D" in its third year of operation. The exception
930	provided under this sub-subparagraph does not apply to a charter
931	school in its fourth year of operation and thereafter; or
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932	c. The state board grants the charter school a waiver of
933	termination. The charter school must request the waiver within
934	15 days after the department's official release of school
935	grades. The state board may waive termination if the charter
936	school demonstrates that the Learning Gains of its students on
937	statewide assessments are comparable to or better than the
938	Learning Gains of similarly situated students enrolled in nearby
939	district public schools. The waiver is valid for 1 year and may
940	only be granted once. Charter schools that have been in
941	operation for more than 5 years are not eligible for a waiver
942	under this sub-subparagraph.
943	
944	The sponsor shall notify the charter school's governing board,
945	the charter school principal, and the department in writing when
946	a charter contract is terminated under this subparagraph. The
947	letter of termination must meet the requirements of paragraph
948	(8)(c). A charter terminated under this subparagraph must follow
949	the procedures for dissolution and reversion of public funds
950	pursuant to paragraphs (8)(e)-(g) and (9)(o).
951	5. The director and a representative of the governing board
952	of a graded charter school that has implemented a school
953	improvement plan under this paragraph shall appear before the
954	sponsor at least once a year to present information regarding
955	the progress of intervention and support strategies implemented
956	by the school pursuant to the school improvement plan and
957	corrective actions, if applicable. The sponsor shall communicate
958	at the meeting, and in writing to the director, the services
959	provided to the school to help the school address its
960	deficiencies.

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 961 6. Notwithstanding any provision of this paragraph except 962 sub-subparagraphs 4.a.-c., the sponsor may terminate the charter 963 at any time pursuant to subsection (8). 964 (p)1. Each charter school shall maintain a website that 965 enables the public to obtain information regarding the school; 966 the school's academic performance; the names of the governing 967 board members; the programs at the school; any management companies, service providers, or education management 968 969 corporations associated with the school; the school's annual 970 budget and its annual independent fiscal audit; the school's 971 grade pursuant to s. 1008.34; and, on a quarterly basis, the 972 minutes of governing board meetings. 973 2. Each charter school's governing board must appoint a 974 representative to facilitate parental involvement, provide 975 access to information, assist parents and others with questions 976 and concerns, and resolve disputes. The representative must 977 reside in the school district in which the charter school is 978 located and may be a governing board member, a charter school 979 employee, or an individual contracted to represent the governing 980 board. If the governing board oversees multiple charter schools 981 in the same school district, the governing board must appoint a 982 separate representative for each charter school in the district. 983 The representative's contact information must be provided 984 annually in writing to parents and posted prominently on the 985 charter school's website. The sponsor may not require governing 986 board members to reside in the school district in which the 987 charter school is located if the charter school complies with 988 this subparagraph. 989 3. Each charter school's governing board must hold at least

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990	two public meetings per school year in the school district where
991	the charter school is located. The meetings must be noticed,
992	open, and accessible to the public, and attendees must be
993	provided an opportunity to receive information and provide input
994	regarding the charter school's operations. The appointed
995	representative and charter school principal or director, or his
996	or her designee, must be physically present at each meeting.
997	(10) ELIGIBLE STUDENTS
998	(d) A charter school may give enrollment preference to the
999	following student populations:
1000	1. Students who are siblings of a student enrolled in the
1001	charter school.
1002	2. Students who are the children of a member of the
1003	governing board of the charter school.
1004	3. Students who are the children of an employee of the
1005	charter school.
1006	4. Students who are the children of:
1007	a. An employee of the business partner of a charter school-
1008	in-the-workplace established under paragraph (15)(b) or a
1009	resident of the municipality in which such charter school is
1010	located; or
1011	b. A resident of a municipality that operates a charter
1012	school-in-a-municipality pursuant to paragraph (15)(c).
1013	5. Students who have successfully completed a voluntary
1014	prekindergarten education program under ss. 1002.51-1002.79
1015	provided by the charter school or the charter school's governing
1016	board during the previous year.
1017	6. Students who are the children of an active duty member
1018	of any branch of the United States Armed Forces.

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 7. Students who attended or are assigned to failing schools 1019 1020 pursuant to s. 1002.38(2). 1021 (17) FUNDING.-Students enrolled in a charter school, 1022 regardless of the sponsorship, shall be funded as if they are in 1023 a basic program or a special program, the same as students 1024 enrolled in other public schools in the school district. Funding 1025 for a charter lab school shall be as provided in s. 1002.32. 1026 (b) The basis for the agreement for funding students 1027 enrolled in a charter school shall be the sum of the school 1028 district's operating funds from the Florida Education Finance 1029 Program as provided in s. 1011.62 and the General Appropriations 1030 Act, including gross state and local funds, discretionary 1031 lottery funds, and funds from the school district's current 1032 operating discretionary millage levy; divided by total funded 1033 weighted full-time equivalent students in the school district; 1034 multiplied by the weighted full-time equivalent students for the 1035 charter school. Charter schools whose students or programs meet 1036 the eligibility criteria in law are entitled to their 1037 proportionate share of categorical program funds included in the 1038 total funds available in the Florida Education Finance Program 1039 by the Legislature, including transportation, the research-based 1040 reading allocation, and the Florida digital classrooms 1041 allocation. Total funding for each charter school shall be 1042 recalculated during the year to reflect the revised calculations 1043 under the Florida Education Finance Program by the state and the 1044 actual weighted full-time equivalent students reported by the 1045 charter school during the full-time equivalent student survey 1046 periods designated by the Commissioner of Education. 1047 (20) SERVICES.-

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 1048 (a)1. A sponsor shall provide certain administrative and 1049 educational services to charter schools. These services shall 1050 include contract management services; full-time equivalent and 1051 data reporting services; exceptional student education 1052 administration services; services related to eligibility and 1053 reporting duties required to ensure that school lunch services 1054 under the federal lunch program, consistent with the needs of 1055 the charter school, are provided by the school district at the 1056 request of the charter school, that any funds due to the charter 1057 school under the federal lunch program be paid to the charter 1058 school as soon as the charter school begins serving food under 1059 the federal lunch program, and that the charter school is paid at the same time and in the same manner under the federal lunch 1060 program as other public schools serviced by the sponsor or the 1061 1062 school district; test administration services, including payment 1063 of the costs of state-required or district-required student 1064 assessments; processing of teacher certificate data services; 1065 and information services, including equal access to student 1066 information systems that are used by public schools in the 1067 district in which the charter school is located. Student 1068 performance data for each student in a charter school, 1069 including, but not limited to, FCAT scores, standardized test 1070 scores, previous public school student report cards, and student 1071 performance measures, shall be provided by the sponsor to a 1072 charter school in the same manner provided to other public 1073 schools in the district. 1074 2. A total administrative fee for the provision of such

1074 2. A total administrative fee for the provision of such 1075 services shall be calculated based upon up to 5 percent of the 1076 available funds defined in paragraph (17)(b) for all students,

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1077	except that when 75 percent or more of the students enrolled in
1078	the charter school are exceptional students as defined in s.
1079	1003.01(3), the 5 percent of those available funds shall be
1080	calculated based on unweighted full-time equivalent students.
1081	However, a sponsor may only withhold up to a 5-percent
1082	administrative fee for enrollment for up to and including 250
1083	students. For charter schools with a population of 251 or more
1084	students, the difference between the total administrative fee
1085	calculation and the amount of the administrative fee withheld
1086	may only be used for capital outlay purposes specified in s.
1087	1013.62(2).
1088	3. For high-performing charter schools, as defined in <u>s.</u>
1089	1002.331 ch. 2011-232, a sponsor may withhold a total
1090	administrative fee of up to 2 percent for enrollment up to and
1091	including 250 students per school.
1092	4. In addition, a sponsor may withhold only up to a 5-
1093	percent administrative fee for enrollment for up to and
1094	including 500 students within a system of charter schools which
1095	meets all of the following:
1096	a. Includes both conversion charter schools and
1097	nonconversion charter schools;
1098	b. Has all schools located in the same county;
1099	c. Has a total enrollment exceeding the total enrollment of
1100	at least one school district in the state;
1101	d. Has the same governing board; and
1102	e. Does not contract with a for-profit service provider for
1103	management of school operations.
1104	5. The difference between the total administrative fee
1105	calculation and the amount of the administrative fee withheld
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576-04218-16 20161166c1 1106 pursuant to subparagraph 4. may be used for instructional and 1107 administrative purposes as well as for capital outlay purposes 1108 specified in s. 1013.62(2). 1109 6. For a high-performing charter school system that also 1110 meets the requirements in subparagraph 4., a sponsor may withhold a 2-percent administrative fee for enrollments up to 1111 1112 and including 500 students per system. 1113 7. Sponsors shall not charge charter schools any additional fees or surcharges for administrative and educational services 1114 1115 in addition to the maximum 5-percent administrative fee withheld 1116 pursuant to this paragraph. 8. The sponsor of a virtual charter school may withhold a 1117 1118 fee of up to 5 percent. The funds shall be used to cover the 1119 cost of services provided under subparagraph 1. and 1120 implementation of the school district's digital classrooms plan 1121 pursuant to s. 1011.62. 1122 Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 1123 1002.37, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1002.37 The Florida Virtual School.-1124 1125 (3) Funding for the Florida Virtual School shall be provided as follows: 1126 (a)1. The calculation of "full-time equivalent student" 1127 shall be as prescribed in s. 1011.61(1)(c)1.b.(V) and is subject 1128 to s. 1011.61(4) For a student in grades 9 through 12, a "full-1129 1130 time equivalent student" is one student who has successfully 1131 completed six full-credit courses that count toward the minimum 1132 number of credits required for high school graduation. A student 1133 who completes fewer than six full-credit courses is a fraction of a full-time equivalent student. Half-credit course 1134

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 1135 completions shall be included in determining a full-time 1136 equivalent student. 1137 2. For a student in kindergarten through grade 8, a "fulltime equivalent student" is one student who has successfully 1138 1139 completed six courses or the prescribed level of content that 1140 counts toward promotion to the next grade. A student who 1141 completes fewer than six courses or the prescribed level of 1142 content shall be a fraction of a full-time equivalent student. 1143 2.3. For a student in a home education program, funding 1144 shall be provided in accordance with this subsection upon course 1145 completion if the parent verifies, upon enrollment for each 1146 course, that the student is registered with the school district 1147 as a home education student pursuant to s. 1002.41(1)(a). 1148 Beginning in the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the reported full-time 1149 equivalent students and associated funding of students enrolled 1150 in courses requiring passage of an end-of-course assessment 1151 under s. 1003.4282 to earn a standard high school diploma shall 1152 be adjusted if the student does not pass the end-of-course 1153 assessment. However, no adjustment shall be made for home 1154 education program students who choose not to take an end-of-1155 course assessment or for a student who enrolls in a segmented 1156 remedial course delivered online. 1157 1158 For purposes of this paragraph, the calculation of "full-time 1159 equivalent student" shall be as prescribed in s. 1160 1011.61(1)(c)1.b.(V) and is subject to the requirements in s. 1161 1011.61(4). 1162 Section 7. Paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (1), paragraph (e) of subsection (7), and paragraphs (c) and (d) of 1163

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1164 subsection (8) of section 1002.45, Florida Statutes, are amended 1165 to read: 1166 1002.45 Virtual instruction programs.-(1) PROGRAM.-(c) To provide students with the option of participating in virtual instruction programs as required by paragraph (b), a school district may: 1. Contract with the Florida Virtual School or establish a 1172 franchise of the Florida Virtual School for the provision of a 1173 program under paragraph (b). Using this option is subject to the 1174 requirements of this section and s. 1011.61(1)(c)1.b.(III) and 1175 (IV) and (4). A district may report full-time equivalent student 1176 membership for credit earned by a student who is enrolled in a 1177 virtual education course provided by the district which was 1178 completed after the end of the regular school year if the FTE is 1179 reported no later than the deadline for amending the final

1180 student membership report for that year. 1181 2. Contract with an approved provider under subsection (2) 1182 for the provision of a full-time or part-time program under 1183 paragraph (b).

1184 3. Enter into an agreement with other school districts to 1185 allow the participation of its students in an approved virtual 1186 instruction program provided by the other school district. The 1187 agreement must indicate a process for the transfer of funds 1188 required by paragraph (7) (e) $\frac{(7)(f)}{(f)}$.

1189 4. Establish school district operated part-time or full-1190 time kindergarten through grade 12 virtual instruction programs 1191 under paragraph (b) for students enrolled in the school district. A full-time program shall operate under its own Master 1192

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 1193 School Identification Number. 1194 5. Enter into an agreement with a virtual charter school 1195 authorized by the school district under s. 1002.33. 1196 1197 Contracts under subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. may include 1198 multidistrict contractual arrangements that may be executed by a 1199 regional consortium for its member districts. A multidistrict 1200 contractual arrangement or an agreement under subparagraph 3. is 1201 not subject to s. 1001.42(4)(d) and does not require the 1202 participating school districts to be contiguous. These 1203 arrangements may be used to fulfill the requirements of 1204 paragraph (b). 1205 (d) A virtual charter school may provide full-time virtual 1206 instruction for students in kindergarten through grade 12 if the 1207 virtual charter school has a charter approved pursuant to s. 1208 1002.33 authorizing full-time virtual instruction. A virtual 1209 charter school may: 1210 1. Contract with the Florida Virtual School. 1211 2. Contract with an approved provider under subsection (2). 1212 3. Enter into an agreement with a school district to allow 1213 the participation of the virtual charter school's students in 1214 the school district's virtual instruction program. The agreement 1215 must indicate a process for reporting of student enrollment and the transfer of funds required by paragraph (7)(e) $\frac{(7)(f)}{(7)(f)}$. 1216 (7) VIRTUAL INSTRUCTION PROGRAM AND VIRTUAL CHARTER SCHOOL 1217 1218 FUNDING.-1219 (e) Beginning in the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the reported 1220 full-time equivalent students and associated funding of students 1221 enrolled in courses requiring passage of an end-of-course

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576-04218-1620161166c11222assessment under s. 1003.4282 to earn a standard high school1223diploma shall be adjusted if the student does not pass the end-1224of-course assessment. However, no adjustment shall be made for a1225student who enrolls in a segmented remedial course delivered1226online.1227(8) ASSESSMENT AND ACCOUNTABILITY.-

(c) An approved provider that receives a school grade of "D" or "F" under s. 1008.34 or a school improvement rating of <u>"Unsatisfactory" "Declining"</u> under s. 1008.341 must file a school improvement plan with the department for consultation to determine the causes for low performance and to develop a plan for correction and improvement.

1234 (d) An approved provider's contract must be terminated if 1235 the provider receives a school grade of "D" or "F" under s. 1236 1008.34 or a school improvement rating of "Unsatisfactory" 1237 "Declining" under s. 1008.341 for 2 years during any consecutive 1238 4-year period or has violated any qualification requirement 1239 pursuant to subsection (2). A provider that has a contract 1240 terminated under this paragraph may not be an approved provider 1241 for a period of at least 1 year after the date upon which the 1242 contract was terminated and until the department determines that 1243 the provider is in compliance with subsection (2) and has 1244 corrected each cause of the provider's low performance.

1245 Section 8. Section 1003.3101, Florida Statutes, is created 1246 to read:

1247 <u>1003.3101 Additional educational choice options.-Each</u>
1248 <u>school district board shall establish a transfer process for a</u>
1249 <u>parent to request his or her child be transferred to another</u>
1250 <u>classroom teacher. This section does not give a parent the right</u>

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1251	to choose a specific classroom teacher. A school must approve or
1252	deny the transfer within 2 weeks after receiving a request. If a
1253	request for transfer is denied, the school must notify the
1254	parent and specify the reasons for the denial. An explanation of
1255	the transfer process must be made available in the student
1256	handbook or a similar publication.
1257	Section 9. Subsection (3) of section 1003.4295, Florida
1258	Statutes, is amended to read:
1259	1003.4295 Acceleration options
1260	(3) The Credit Acceleration Program (CAP) is created for
1261	the purpose of allowing a student to earn high school credit in
1262	courses required for high school graduation through passage of
1263	an end-of-course assessment Algebra I, Algebra II, geometry,
1264	United States history, or biology if the student passes the
1265	statewide, standardized assessment administered under s.
1266	1008.22, an Advanced Placement Examination, or a College Level
1267	Examination Program (CLEP). Notwithstanding s. 1003.436, a
1268	school district shall award course credit to a student who is
1269	not enrolled in the course, or who has not completed the course,
1270	if the student attains a passing score on the corresponding <u>end-</u>
1271	of-course assessment, Advanced Placement Examination, or CLEP
1272	statewide, standardized assessment. The school district shall
1273	permit a <u>public school or home education</u> student who is not
1274	enrolled in the course, or who has not completed the course, to
1275	take the assessment or examination during the regular
1276	administration of the assessment or examination.
1277	Section 10. Effective June 29, 2016, section 1004.935,
1278	Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1279	1004.935 Adults with Disabilities Workforce Education Pilot

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 1280 Program.-1281 (1) The Adults with Disabilities Workforce Education Pilot 1282 Program is established in the Department of Education through 1283 June 30, 2016, in Hardee, DeSoto, Manatee, and Sarasota Counties to provide the option of receiving a scholarship for instruction at private schools for up to 30 students who: (a) Have a disability; (b) Are 22 years of age; (c) Are receiving instruction from an instructor in a private school to meet the high school graduation requirements in s. 1002.3105(5) or s. 1003.4282; (d) Do not have a standard high school diploma or a special high school diploma; and 1293 (e) Receive "supported employment services," which means employment that is located or provided in an integrated work setting with earnings paid on a commensurate wage basis and for which continued support is needed for job maintenance. 1297 1298 As used in this section, the term "student with a disability" 1299 includes a student who is documented as having an intellectual 1300 disability; a speech impairment; a language impairment; a hearing impairment, including deafness; a visual impairment, including blindness; a dual sensory impairment; an orthopedic impairment; another health impairment; an emotional or behavioral disability; a specific learning disability, including, but not limited to, dyslexia, dyscalculia, or developmental aphasia; a traumatic brain injury; a developmental delay; or autism spectrum disorder. (2) A student participating in the pilot program may

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 1309 continue to participate in the program until the student 1310 graduates from high school or reaches the age of 40 years, 1311 whichever occurs first. 1312 (3) Supported employment services may be provided at more than one site. (4) The provider of supported employment services must be a nonprofit corporation under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code which serves Hardee County, DeSoto County, Manatee County, 1317 or Sarasota County and must contract with a private school in 1318 this state which meets the requirements in subsection (5). 1319 (5) A private school that participates in the pilot program 1320 may be sectarian or nonsectarian and must: 1321 (a) Be academically accountable for meeting the educational 1322 needs of the student by annually providing to the provider of 1323 supported employment services a written explanation of the 1324 student's progress. 1325 (b) Comply with the antidiscrimination provisions of 42 U.S.C. s. 2000d. 1326 1327 (c) Meet state and local health and safety laws and codes. 1328 (d) Provide to the provider of supported employment 1329 services all documentation required for a student's 1330 participation, including the private school's and student's fee schedules, at least 30 days before any quarterly scholarship 1331 1332 payment is made for the student. A student is not eligible to 1333 receive a quarterly scholarship payment if the private school fails to meet this deadline. 1334 1335 1336 The inability of a private school to meet the requirements of 1337 this subsection constitutes a basis for the ineligibility of the

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1338 private school to participate in the pilot program.

(6) (a) If the student chooses to participate in the pilot program and is accepted by the provider of supported employment services, the student must notify the Department of Education of his or her acceptance into the program 60 days before the first scholarship payment and before participating in the pilot program in order to be eligible for the scholarship.

1345 (b) Upon receipt of a scholarship warrant, the student or parent to whom the warrant is made must restrictively endorse 1346 1347 the warrant to the provider of supported employment services for 1348 deposit into the account of the provider. The student or parent 1349 may not designate any entity or individual associated with the 1350 participating provider of supported employment services as the 1351 student's or parent's attorney in fact to endorse a scholarship 1352 warrant. A participant who fails to comply with this paragraph 1353 forfeits the scholarship.

1354 (7) Funds for the scholarship shall be provided from the 1355 appropriation from the school district's Workforce Development 1356 Fund in the General Appropriations Act for students who reside 1357 in the Hardee County School District, the DeSoto County School 1358 District, the Manatee County School District, or the Sarasota 1359 County School District. During the pilot program, The 1360 scholarship amount granted for an eligible student with a 1361 disability shall be equal to the cost per unit of a full-time 1362 equivalent adult general education student, multiplied by the 1363 adult general education funding factor, and multiplied by the 1364 district cost differential pursuant to the formula required by 1365 s. 1011.80(6)(a) for the district in which the student resides. 1366 (8) Upon notification by the Department of Education that

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 1367 it has received the required documentation, the Chief Financial 1368 Officer shall make scholarship payments in four equal amounts no later than September 1, November 1, February 1, and April 1 of 1369 1370 each academic year in which the scholarship is in force. The 1371 initial payment shall be made after the Department of Education 1372 verifies that the student was accepted into the pilot program, 1373 and subsequent payments shall be made upon verification of 1374 continued participation in the pilot program. Payment must be by 1375 individual warrant made payable to the student or parent and 1376 mailed by the Department of Education to the provider of 1377 supported employment services, and the student or parent shall 1378 restrictively endorse the warrant to the provider of supported 1379 employment services for deposit into the account of that 1380 provider. 1381

(9) Subsequent to each scholarship payment, the Department of Education shall request from the Department of Financial Services a sample of endorsed warrants to review and confirm compliance with endorsement requirements.

Section 11. Subsection (3) and paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 1006.15, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (9) is added to that section, to read:

1388 1006.15 Student standards for participation in 1389 interscholastic and intrascholastic extracurricular student 1390 activities; regulation.-

(3) (a) <u>As used in this section and s. 1006.20, the term</u>
<u>"eligible to participate" includes, but is not limited to, a</u>
<u>student participating in tryouts, off-season conditioning,</u>
<u>summer workouts, preseason conditioning, in-season practice, or</u>
<u>contests. The term does not mean that a student must be placed</u>

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 1396 on any specific team for interscholastic or intrascholastic 1397 extracurricular activities. To be eligible to participate in 1398 interscholastic extracurricular student activities, a student 1399 must: 1400 1. Maintain a grade point average of 2.0 or above on a 4.0 1401 scale, or its equivalent, in the previous semester or a 1402 cumulative grade point average of 2.0 or above on a 4.0 scale, 1403 or its equivalent, in the courses required by s. 1002.3105(5) or s. 1003.4282. 1404 1405 2. Execute and fulfill the requirements of an academic 1406 performance contract between the student, the district school 1407 board, the appropriate governing association, and the student's 1408 parents, if the student's cumulative grade point average falls 1409 below 2.0, or its equivalent, on a 4.0 scale in the courses 1410 required by s. 1002.3105(5) or s. 1003.4282. At a minimum, the 1411 contract must require that the student attend summer school, or 1412 its graded equivalent, between grades 9 and 10 or grades 10 and 1413 11, as necessary. 3. Have a cumulative grade point average of 2.0 or above on 1414 1415 a 4.0 scale, or its equivalent, in the courses required by s. 1002.3105(5) or s. 1003.4282 during his or her junior or senior 1416 1417 year. 4. Maintain satisfactory conduct, including adherence to 1418 1419 appropriate dress and other codes of student conduct policies 1420 described in s. 1006.07(2). If a student is convicted of, or is found to have committed, a felony or a delinquent act that would 1421 1422 have been a felony if committed by an adult, regardless of 1423 whether adjudication is withheld, the student's participation in

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interscholastic extracurricular activities is contingent upon

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 1425 established and published district school board policy.

(b) Any student who is exempt from attending a full school day based on rules adopted by the district school board for double session schools or programs, experimental schools, or schools operating under emergency conditions must maintain the grade point average required by this section and pass each class for which he or she is enrolled.

1432 (c) An individual home education student is eligible to participate at the public school to which the student would be 1433 1434 assigned according to district school board attendance area 1435 policies or which the student could choose to attend pursuant to 1436 district or interdistrict controlled open enrollment provisions, 1437 or may develop an agreement to participate at a private school, 1438 in the interscholastic extracurricular activities of that 1439 school, provided the following conditions are met:

1440 1. The home education student must meet the requirements of 1441 the home education program pursuant to s. 1002.41.

1442 2. During the period of participation at a school, the home 1443 education student must demonstrate educational progress as 1444 required in paragraph (b) in all subjects taken in the home 1445 education program by a method of evaluation agreed upon by the 1446 parent and the school principal which may include: review of the 1447 student's work by a certified teacher chosen by the parent; 1448 grades earned through correspondence; grades earned in courses 1449 taken at a Florida College System institution, university, or 1450 trade school; standardized test scores above the 35th 1451 percentile; or any other method designated in s. 1002.41.

14523. The home education student must meet the same residency1453requirements as other students in the school at which he or she

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1454 participates.

4. The home education student must meet the same standards 456 of acceptance, behavior, and performance as required of other 457 students in extracurricular activities.

5. The student must register with the school his or her intent to participate in interscholastic extracurricular activities as a representative of the school before the beginning date of the season for the activity in which he or she wishes to participate. A home education student must be able to participate in curricular activities if that is a requirement for an extracurricular activity.

65 6. A student who transfers from a home education program to 66 a public school before or during the first grading period of the 67 school year is academically eligible to participate in 68 interscholastic extracurricular activities during the first 69 grading period provided the student has a successful evaluation 70 from the previous school year, pursuant to subparagraph 2.

471 7. Any public school or private school student who has been 472 unable to maintain academic eligibility for participation in 473 interscholastic extracurricular activities is ineligible to 474 participate in such activities as a home education student until 475 the student has successfully completed one grading period in 476 home education pursuant to subparagraph 2. to become eligible to 477 participate as a home education student.

(d) An individual charter school student pursuant to s. 1479 1002.33 is eligible to participate at the public school to which 1480 the student would be assigned according to district school board 1481 attendance area policies or which the student could choose to 1482 attend, pursuant to district or interdistrict controlled open-

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 1483 enrollment provisions, in any interscholastic extracurricular 1484 activity of that school, unless such activity is provided by the 1485 student's charter school, if the following conditions are met: 1486 1. The charter school student must meet the requirements of 1487 the charter school education program as determined by the 1488 charter school governing board. 1489 2. During the period of participation at a school, the charter school student must demonstrate educational progress as 1490 1491 required in paragraph (b). 1492 3. The charter school student must meet the same residency 1493 requirements as other students in the school at which he or she 1494 participates. 4. The charter school student must meet the same standards 1495 1496 of acceptance, behavior, and performance that are required of other students in extracurricular activities. 1497 1498 5. The charter school student must register with the school 1499 his or her intent to participate in interscholastic 1500 extracurricular activities as a representative of the school 1501 before the beginning date of the season for the activity in 1502 which he or she wishes to participate. A charter school student 1503 must be able to participate in curricular activities if that is 1504 a requirement for an extracurricular activity. 1505 6. A student who transfers from a charter school program to 1506 a traditional public school before or during the first grading 1507 period of the school year is academically eligible to 1508 participate in interscholastic extracurricular activities during

1509 the first grading period if the student has a successful 1510 evaluation from the previous school year, pursuant to 1511 subparagraph 2.

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 1512 7. Any public school or private school student who has been 1513 unable to maintain academic eligibility for participation in 1514 interscholastic extracurricular activities is ineligible to 1515 participate in such activities as a charter school student until 1516 the student has successfully completed one grading period in a 1517 charter school pursuant to subparagraph 2. to become eligible to 1518 participate as a charter school student. 1519 (e) A student of the Florida Virtual School full-time 1520 program may participate in any interscholastic extracurricular 1521 activity at the public school to which the student would be 1522 assigned according to district school board attendance area 1523 policies or which the student could choose to attend, pursuant 1524 to district or interdistrict controlled open enrollment 1525 policies, if the student: 1526 1. During the period of participation in the 1527 interscholastic extracurricular activity, meets the requirements 1528 in paragraph (a). 1529 2. Meets any additional requirements as determined by the 1530 board of trustees of the Florida Virtual School. 1531 3. Meets the same residency requirements as other students 1532 in the school at which he or she participates. 1533 4. Meets the same standards of acceptance, behavior, and 1534 performance that are required of other students in 1535 extracurricular activities. 1536 5. Registers his or her intent to participate in 1537 interscholastic extracurricular activities with the school 1538 before the beginning date of the season for the activity in 1539 which he or she wishes to participate. A Florida Virtual School 1540 student must be able to participate in curricular activities if

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 1541 that is a requirement for an extracurricular activity. 1542 (f) A student who transfers from the Florida Virtual School 1543 full-time program to a traditional public school before or 1544 during the first grading period of the school year is 1545 academically eligible to participate in interscholastic extracurricular activities during the first grading period if 1546 1547 the student has a successful evaluation from the previous school 1548 year pursuant to paragraph (a). 1549 (q) A public school or private school student who has been 1550 unable to maintain academic eligibility for participation in 1551 interscholastic extracurricular activities is ineligible to 1552 participate in such activities as a Florida Virtual School 1553 student until the student successfully completes one grading 1554 period in the Florida Virtual School pursuant to paragraph (a). 1555 (h)1. A school district or charter school may not delay 1556 eligibility or otherwise prevent a student participating in 1557 controlled open enrollment, or a choice program, from being 1558 immediately eligible to participate in interscholastic and 1559 intrascholastic extracurricular activities. 1560 2. A student participating in a sport at a school may not 1561 participate in that same sport at another school during that 1562 school year, unless the student meets one of the following 1563 criteria: 1564 a. Dependent children of active duty military personnel 1565 whose move resulted from military orders. 1566 b. Children who have been relocated due to a foster care 1567 placement in a different school zone. 1568 c. Children who move due to a court ordered change in custody due to separation or divorce, or the serious illness or 1569

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 1570 death of a custodial parent. 1571 d. Authorized for good cause in district or charter school 1572 policy. 1573 (8) (a) The Florida High School Athletic Association 1574 (FHSAA), in cooperation with each district school board, shall 1575 facilitate a program in which a middle school or high school 1576 student who attends a private school shall be eligible to 1577 participate in an interscholastic or intrascholastic sport at a 1578 public high school, a public middle school, or a 6-12 public 1579 school that is zoned for the physical address at which the student resides if: 1580 1581 1. The private school in which the student is enrolled is 1582 not a member of the FHSAA and does not offer an interscholastic 1583 or intrascholastic athletic program. 1584 2. The private school student meets the guidelines for the 1585 conduct of the program established by the FHSAA's board of 1586 directors and the district school board. At a minimum, such 1587 guidelines shall provide: 1588 a. A deadline for each sport by which the private school 1589 student's parents must register with the public school in

1509 student's parents must register with the public school in 1590 writing their intent for their child to participate at that 1591 school in the sport.

b. Requirements for a private school student to
participate, including, but not limited to, meeting the same
standards of eligibility, acceptance, behavior, educational
progress, and performance which apply to other students
participating in interscholastic or intrascholastic sports at a
public school or FHSAA member private school.

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(9) (a) A student who transfers to a school during the

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1599	school year may seek to immediately join an existing team if the
1600	roster for the specific interscholastic or intrascholastic
1601	extracurricular activity has not reached the activity's
1602	identified maximum size and if the coach for the activity
1603	determines that the student has the requisite skill and ability
1604	to participate. The FHSAA and school district or charter school
1605	may not declare such a student ineligible because the student
1606	did not have the opportunity to comply with qualifying
1607	requirements.
1608	(b) A student participating in a sport at a school may not
1609	participate in that same sport at another school during that
1610	school year, unless the student meets one of the following
1611	<u>criteria:</u>
1612	1. Dependent children of active duty military personnel
1613	whose move resulted from military orders.
1614	2. Children who have been relocated due to a foster care
1615	placement in a different school zone.
1616	3. Children who move due to a court ordered change in
1617	custody due to separation or divorce, or the serious illness or
1618	death of a custodial parent.
1619	4. Authorized for good cause in district or charter school
1620	policy.
1621	Section 12. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (a), (b), (c),
1622	and (g) of subsection (2) of section 1006.20, Florida Statutes,
1623	are amended to read:
1624	1006.20 Athletics in public K-12 schools
1625	(1) GOVERNING NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONThe Florida High
1626	School Athletic Association (FHSAA) is designated as the
1627	governing nonprofit organization of athletics in Florida public
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1628	schools. If the FHSAA fails to meet the provisions of this
1629	section, the commissioner shall designate a nonprofit
1630	organization to govern athletics with the approval of the State
1631	Board of Education. The FHSAA is not a state agency as defined
1632	in s. 120.52. The FHSAA shall be subject to the provisions of s.
1633	1006.19. A private school that wishes to engage in high school
1634	athletic competition with a public high school may become a
1635	member of the FHSAA. Any high school in the state, including
1636	charter schools, virtual schools, and home education
1637	cooperatives, may become a member of the FHSAA and participate
1638	in the activities of the FHSAA. However, membership in the FHSAA
1639	is not mandatory for any school. The FHSAA must allow a private
1640	school the option of maintaining full membership in the
1641	association or joining by sport and may not discourage a private
1642	school from simultaneously maintaining membership in another
1643	athletic association. The FHSAA may allow a public school the
1644	option to apply for consideration to join another athletic
1645	association. The FHSAA may not deny or discourage
1646	interscholastic competition between its member schools and non-
1647	FHSAA member Florida schools, including members of another
1648	athletic governing organization, and may not take any
1649	retributory or discriminatory action against any of its member
1650	schools that participate in interscholastic competition with
1651	non-FHSAA member Florida schools. The FHSAA may not unreasonably
1652	withhold its approval of an application to become an affiliate
1653	member of the National Federation of State High School
1654	Associations submitted by any other organization that governs
1655	interscholastic athletic competition in this state. The bylaws
1656	of the FHSAA are the rules by which high school athletic

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 1657 programs in its member schools, and the students who participate 1658 in them, are governed, unless otherwise specifically provided by 1659 statute. For the purposes of this section, "high school" 1660 includes grades 6 through 12. 1661 (2) ADOPTION OF BYLAWS, POLICIES, OR GUIDELINES.-1662 (a) The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws that, unless specifically 1663 provided by statute, establish eligibility requirements for all 1664 students who participate in high school athletic competition in its member schools. The bylaws governing residence and transfer 1665 1666 shall allow the student to be immediately eligible in the school 1667 in which he or she first enrolls each school year or the school 1668 in which the student makes himself or herself a candidate for an 1669 athletic team by engaging in a practice prior to enrolling in 1670 the school. The bylaws shall also allow the student to be 1671 immediately eligible in the school to which the student has 1672 transferred during the school year if the transfer is made by a 1673 deadline established by the FHSAA, which may not be prior to the 1674 date authorized for the beginning of practice for the sport. 1675 These transfers shall be allowed pursuant to the district school 1676 board policies in the case of transfer to a public school or 1677 pursuant to the private school policies in the case of transfer 1678 to a private school. The student shall be eligible in that 1679 school so long as he or she remains enrolled in that school. 1680 Subsequent eligibility shall be determined and enforced through 1681 the FHSAA's bylaws. Requirements governing eligibility and 1682 transfer between member schools shall be applied similarly to 1683 public school students and private school students.

(b) The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws that specifically prohibitthe recruiting of students for athletic purposes. The bylaws

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 1686 shall prescribe penalties and an appeals process for athletic 1687 recruiting violations. 1. If it is determined that a school has recruited a 1688 1689 student in violation of FHSAA bylaws, the FHSAA may require the 1690 school to participate in a higher classification for the sport 1691 in which the recruited student competes for a minimum of one 1692 classification cycle, in addition to the penalties in subparagraphs 2. and 3., and any other appropriate fine or and 1693 1694 sanction imposed on the school, its coaches, or adult 1695 representatives who violate recruiting rules. 1696 2. Any recruitment by a school district employee or 1697 contractor in violation of FHSAA bylaws results in escalating 1698 punishments as follows: 1699 a. For a first offense, a \$5,000 forfeiture of pay for the 1700 school district employee or contractor who committed the 1701 violation. 1702 b. For a second offense, suspension without pay for 12 1703 months from coaching, directing, or advertising an 1704 extracurricular activity and a \$5,000 forfeiture of pay for the 1705 school district employee or contractor who committed the 1706 violation. c. For a third offense, a \$5,000 forfeiture of pay for the 1707 1708 school district employee or contractor who committed the 1709 violation. If the individual who committed the violation holds 1710 an educator certificate, the FHSAA shall also refer the 1711 violation to the department for review pursuant to s. 1012.796 1712 to determine whether probable cause exists, and, if there is a finding of probable cause, the commissioner shall file a formal 1713 complaint against the individual. If the complaint is upheld, 1714

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 1715 the individual's educator certificate shall be revoked for 3 1716 years, in addition to any penalties available under s. 1012.796. 1717 Additionally, the department shall revoke any adjunct teaching 1718 certificates issued pursuant to s. 1012.57 and all permissions 1719 under ss. 1012.39 and 1012.43, and the educator is ineligible 1720 for such certificates or permissions for a period of time equal 1721 to the period of revocation of his or her state-issued 1722 certificate. 1723 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a school 1724 shall forfeit every competition in which a student participated 1725 who was recruited by an adult who is not a school district 1726 employee or contractor in violation of FHSAA bylaws. 1727 4. A student may not be declared ineligible based on 1728 violation of recruiting rules unless the student or parent has 1729 falsified any enrollment or eligibility document or accepted any 1730 benefit or any promise of benefit if such benefit is not 1731 generally available to the school's students or family members 1732 or is based in any way on athletic interest, potential, or 1733 performance. 1734 (c) The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws that require all students 1735 participating in interscholastic athletic competition or who are 1736 candidates for an interscholastic athletic team to 1737 satisfactorily pass a medical evaluation each year prior to participating in interscholastic athletic competition or 1738 1739 engaging in any practice, tryout, workout, or other physical 1740 activity associated with the student's candidacy for an 1741 interscholastic athletic team. Such medical evaluation may be

administered only by a practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 460, or s. 464.012, and in good standing

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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1744	with the practitioner's regulatory board. The bylaws shall
1745	establish requirements for eliciting a student's medical history
1746	and performing the medical evaluation required under this
1747	paragraph, which shall include a physical assessment of the
1748	student's physical capabilities to participate in
1749	interscholastic athletic competition as contained in a uniform
1750	preparticipation physical evaluation and history form. The
1751	evaluation form shall incorporate the recommendations of the
1752	American Heart Association for participation cardiovascular
1753	screening and shall provide a place for the signature of the
1754	practitioner performing the evaluation with an attestation that
1755	each examination procedure listed on the form was performed by
1756	the practitioner or by someone under the direct supervision of
1757	the practitioner. The form shall also contain a place for the
1758	practitioner to indicate if a referral to another practitioner
1759	was made in lieu of completion of a certain examination
1760	procedure. The form shall provide a place for the practitioner
1761	to whom the student was referred to complete the remaining
1762	sections and attest to that portion of the examination. The
1763	preparticipation physical evaluation form shall advise students
1764	to complete a cardiovascular assessment and shall include
1765	information concerning alternative cardiovascular evaluation and
1766	diagnostic tests. Results of such medical evaluation must be
1767	provided to the school. <u>A student is not</u> No student shall be
1768	eligible to participate, as provided in s. 1006.15(3), in any
1769	interscholastic athletic competition or engage in any practice,
1770	tryout, workout, or other physical activity associated with the
1771	student's candidacy for an interscholastic athletic team until
1772	the results of the medical evaluation have been received and
ļ	

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 1773 approved by the school. 1774 (g) The FHSAA shall adopt bylaws establishing the process 1775 and standards by which FHSAA determinations of eligibility are 1776 made. Such bylaws shall provide that: 1777 1. Ineligibility must be established by a preponderance of 1778 the clear and convincing evidence; 1779 2. Student athletes, parents, and schools must have notice 1780 of the initiation of any investigation or other inquiry into 1781 eligibility and may present, to the investigator and to the 1782 individual making the eligibility determination, any information 1783 or evidence that is credible, persuasive, and of a kind 1784 reasonably prudent persons rely upon in the conduct of serious affairs; 1785 1786 3. An investigator may not determine matters of eligibility but must submit information and evidence to the executive 1787 1788 director or a person designated by the executive director or by 1789 the board of directors for an unbiased and objective 1790 determination of eligibility; and 1791 4. A determination of ineligibility must be made in 1792 writing, setting forth the findings of fact and specific 1793 violation upon which the decision is based. 1794 Section 13. Section 1009.893, Florida Statutes, is amended 1795 to read: 1796 1009.893 Benacquisto Scholarship Florida National Merit 1797 Scholar Incentive Program.-1798 (1) As used in this section, the term: 1799 (a) "Department" means the Department of Education. 1800 (b) "Scholarship Incentive program" means the Benacquisto 1801 Scholarship Florida National Merit Scholar Incentive Program.

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1802	(2) The <u>Benacquisto Scholarship</u> Florida National Merit
1803	Scholar Incentive Program is created to reward any Florida high
1804	school graduate who receives recognition as a National Merit
1805	Scholar or National Achievement Scholar and who initially
1806	enrolls in the 2014-2015 academic year or, later, in a
1807	baccalaureate degree program at an eligible Florida public or
1808	independent postsecondary educational institution.
1809	(3) The department shall administer the <u>scholarship</u>
1810	incentive program according to rules and procedures established
1811	by the State Board of Education. The department shall advertise
1812	the availability of the <u>scholarship</u> incentive program and notify
1813	students, teachers, parents, certified school counselors, and
1814	principals or other relevant school administrators of the
1815	criteria.
1816	(4) In order to be eligible for an award under the
1817	<u>scholarship</u> incentive program, a student must:
1818	(a) Be a state resident as determined in s. 1009.40 and
1819	rules of the State Board of Education;
1820	(b) Earn a standard Florida high school diploma or its
1821	equivalent pursuant to s. 1002.3105, s. 1003.4281, s. 1003.4282,
1822	or s. 1003.435 unless:
1823	1. The student completes a home education program according
1824	to s. 1002.41; or
1825	2. The student earns a high school diploma from a non-
1826	Florida school while living with a parent who is on military or
1827	public service assignment out of this state;
1828	(c) Be accepted by and enroll in a Florida public or
1829	independent postsecondary educational institution that is
1830	regionally accredited; and

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 1831 (d) Be enrolled full-time in a baccalaureate degree program 1832 at an eligible regionally accredited Florida public or 1833 independent postsecondary educational institution during the 1834 fall academic term following high school graduation. 1835 (5) (a) An eligible student who is a National Merit Scholar 1836 or National Achievement Scholar and who attends a Florida public 1837 postsecondary educational institution shall receive a 1838 scholarship an incentive award equal to the institutional cost 1839 of attendance minus the sum of the student's Florida Bright 1840 Futures Scholarship and National Merit Scholarship or National 1841 Achievement Scholarship. 1842 (b) An eligible student who is a National Merit Scholar or 1843 National Achievement Scholar and who attends a Florida 1844 independent postsecondary educational institution shall receive 1845 a scholarship an incentive award equal to the highest cost of 1846 attendance at a Florida public university, as reported by the

1847 Board of Governors of the State University System, minus the sum 1848 of the student's Florida Bright Futures Scholarship and National 1849 Merit Scholarship or National Achievement Scholarship.

(6) (a) To be eligible for a renewal award, a student must
earn all credits for which he or she was enrolled and maintain a
3.0 or higher grade point average.

(b) A student may receive the <u>scholarship</u> incentive award for a maximum of 100 percent of the number of credit hours required to complete a baccalaureate degree program, or until completion of a baccalaureate degree program, whichever comes first.

1858(7) The department shall annually issue awards from the1859scholarship incentive program. Before the registration period

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 1860 each semester, the department shall transmit payment for each 1861 award to the president or director of the postsecondary educational institution, or his or her representative, except 1862 1863 that the department may withhold payment if the receiving 1864 institution fails to report or to make refunds to the department 1865 as required in this section. 1866 (a) Each institution shall certify to the department the 1867 eligibility status of each student to receive a disbursement 1868 within 30 days before the end of its regular registration 1869 period, inclusive of a drop and add period. An institution is 1870 not required to reevaluate the student eligibility after the end 1871 of the drop and add period. 1872 (b) An institution that receives funds from the scholarship 1873 incentive program must certify to the department the amount of 1874 funds disbursed to each student and remit to the department any 1875 undisbursed advances within 60 days after the end of regular 1876 registration. 1877 (c) If funds appropriated are not adequate to provide the 1878 maximum allowable award to each eligible student, awards must be 1879 prorated using the same percentage reduction. 1880 (8) Funds from any award within the scholarship incentive 1881 program may not be used to pay for remedial coursework or 1882 developmental education. 1883 (9) A student may use an award for a summer term if funds 1884 are available and appropriated by the Legislature. 1885 (10) The department shall allocate funds to the appropriate

1885 (10) The department shall allocate funds to the appropriate 1886 institutions and collect and maintain data regarding the 1887 <u>scholarship</u> incentive program within the student financial 1888 assistance database as specified in s. 1009.94.

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 1889 (11) Section 1009.40(4) does not apply to awards issued 1890 under this section. 1891 (12) A student who receives an award under the scholarship 1892 program shall be known as a Benacquisto Scholar. 1893 (13) All eligible Florida public or independent 1894 postsecondary educational institutions are encouraged to become, 1895 and all eligible state universities shall become, college 1896 sponsors of the National Merit Scholarship Program. 1897 (14) (12) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules 1898 necessary to administer this section. 1899 Section 14. Subsection (1) of section 1011.61, Florida 1900 Statutes, is amended to read: 1901 1011.61 Definitions.-Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 1902 1000.21, the following terms are defined as follows for the 1903 purposes of the Florida Education Finance Program: (1) A "full-time equivalent student" in each program of the 1904 1905 district is defined in terms of full-time students and part-time 1906 students as follows: 1907 (a) A "full-time student" is one student on the membership 1908 roll of one school program or a combination of school programs 1909 listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c) for the school year or the equivalent 1910 for: 1. Instruction in a standard school, comprising not less 1911 1912 than 900 net hours for a student in or at the grade level of 4 through 12, or not less than 720 net hours for a student in or 1913 1914 at the grade level of kindergarten through grade 3 or in an 1915 authorized prekindergarten exceptional program; or 2. Instruction in a double-session school or a school 1916 utilizing an experimental school calendar approved by the 1917

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1946

calculations:

576-04218-16 20161166c1 1918 Department of Education, comprising not less than the equivalent 1919 of 810 net hours in grades 4 through 12 or not less than 630 net hours in kindergarten through grade 3; or 1920 1921 2.3. Instruction comprising the appropriate number of net 1922 hours set forth in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. for students who, within the past year, have moved with their 1923 1924 parents for the purpose of engaging in the farm labor or fish 1925 industries, if a plan furnishing such an extended school day or week, or a combination thereof, has been approved by the 1926 1927 commissioner. Such plan may be approved to accommodate the needs 1928 of migrant students only or may serve all students in schools 1929 having a high percentage of migrant students. The plan described 1930 in this subparagraph is optional for any school district and is 1931 not mandated by the state. 1932 (b) A "part-time student" is a student on the active 1933 membership roll of a school program or combination of school 1934 programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c) who is less than a full-time 1935 student. A student who receives instruction in a school that 1936 operates for less than the minimum term shall generate full-time 1937 equivalent student membership proportional to the amount of 1938 instructional hours provided by the school divided by the 1939 minimum term requirement as provided in s. 1011.60(2). 1940 (c)1. A "full-time equivalent student" is: 1941 a. A full-time student in any one of the programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c); or 1942 1943 b. A combination of full-time or part-time students in any 1944 one of the programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c) which is the 1945 equivalent of one full-time student based on the following

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 1947 (I) A full-time student in a combination of programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c) shall be a fraction of a full-time 1948 1949 equivalent membership in each special program equal to the 1950 number of net hours per school year for which he or she is a 1951 member, divided by the appropriate number of hours set forth in 1952 subparagraph (a)1. or subparagraph (a)2. The difference between 1953 that fraction or sum of fractions and the maximum value as set 1954 forth in subsection (4) for each full-time student is presumed 1955 to be the balance of the student's time not spent in a special 1956 program and shall be recorded as time in the appropriate basic 1957 program. 1958 (II) A prekindergarten student with a disability shall meet 1959 the requirements specified for kindergarten students. 1960 (III) A full-time equivalent student for students in 1961 kindergarten through grade 12 in a full-time virtual instruction 1962 program under s. 1002.45 or a virtual charter school under s. 1963 1002.33 shall consist of six full-credit completions or the 1964 prescribed level of content that counts toward promotion to the 1965 next grade in programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c). Credit 1966

completions may be a combination of full-credit courses or half-1967 credit courses. Beginning in the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the 1968 reported full-time equivalent students and associated funding of students enrolled in courses requiring passage of an end-of-1969 course assessment under s. 1003.4282 to earn a standard high 1970 1971 school diploma shall be adjusted if the student does not pass 1972 the end-of-course assessment. However, no adjustment shall be 1973 made for a student who enrolls in a segmented remedial course delivered online. 1974

1975

(IV) A full-time equivalent student for students in

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 1976 kindergarten through grade 12 in a part-time virtual instruction 1977 program under s. 1002.45 shall consist of six full-credit 1978 completions in programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c)1. and 3. 1979 Credit completions may be a combination of full-credit courses 1980 or half-credit courses. Beginning in the 2016-2017 fiscal year, 1981 the reported full-time equivalent students and associated 1982 funding of students enrolled in courses requiring passage of an end-of-course assessment under s. 1003.4282 to earn a standard 1983 1984 high school diploma shall be adjusted if the student does not 1985 pass the end-of-course assessment. However, no adjustment shall 1986 be made for a student who enrolls in a segmented remedial course 1987 delivered online.

1988 (V) A Florida Virtual School full-time equivalent student 1989 shall consist of six full-credit completions or the prescribed 1990 level of content that counts toward promotion to the next grade 1991 in the programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c)1. and 3. for students 1992 participating in kindergarten through grade 12 part-time virtual 1993 instruction and the programs listed in s. 1011.62(1)(c) for 1994 students participating in kindergarten through grade 12 full-1995 time virtual instruction. Credit completions may be a 1996 combination of full-credit courses or half-credit courses. 1997 Beginning in the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the reported full-time 1998 equivalent students and associated funding of students enrolled 1999 in courses requiring passage of an end-of-course assessment 2000 under s. 1003.4282 to earn a standard high school diploma shall 2001 be adjusted if the student does not pass the end-of-course 2002 assessment. However, no adjustment shall be made for a student 2003 who enrolls in a segmented remedial course delivered online. 2004 (VI) Each successfully completed full-credit course earned

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 2005 through an online course delivered by a district other than the 2006 one in which the student resides shall be calculated as 1/6 FTE. 2007 (VII) A full-time equivalent student for courses requiring 2008 passage of a statewide, standardized end-of-course assessment 2009 under s. 1003.4282 to earn a standard high school diploma shall 2010 be defined and reported based on the number of instructional 2011 hours as provided in this subsection until the 2016-2017 fiscal 2012 year. Beginning in the 2016-2017 fiscal year, the FTE for the 2013 course shall be assessment-based and shall be equal to 1/6 FTE. 2014 The reported FTE shall be adjusted if the student does not pass 2015 the end-of-course assessment. However, no adjustment shall be 2016 made for a student who enrolls in a segmented remedial course 2017 delivered online.

(VIII) For students enrolled in a school district as a full-time student, the district may report 1/6 FTE for each student who passes a statewide, standardized end-of-course assessment without being enrolled in the corresponding course.

2022 2. A student in membership in a program scheduled for more 2023 or less than 180 school days or the equivalent on an hourly 2024 basis as specified by rules of the State Board of Education is a 2025 fraction of a full-time equivalent membership equal to the 2026 number of instructional hours in membership divided by the 2027 appropriate number of hours set forth in subparagraph (a)1.; 2028 however, for the purposes of this subparagraph, membership in 2029 programs scheduled for more than 180 days is limited to students 2030 enrolled in:

- 2031
- 2032
- a. Juvenile justice education programs.
- b. The Florida Virtual School.
- 2033 c. Virtual instruction programs and virtual charter schools

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2034	for the purpose of course completion and credit recovery
2035	pursuant to ss. 1002.45 and 1003.498. Course completion applies
2036	only to a student who is reported during the second or third
2037	membership surveys and who does not complete a virtual education
2038	course by the end of the regular school year. The course must be
2039	completed no later than the deadline for amending the final
2040	student enrollment survey for that year. Credit recovery applies
2041	only to a student who has unsuccessfully completed a traditional
2042	or virtual education course during the regular school year and
2043	must re-take the course in order to be eligible to graduate with
2044	the student's class.
2045	
2046	The full-time equivalent student enrollment calculated under
2047	this subsection is subject to the requirements in subsection
2048	(4).
2049	
2050	The department shall determine and implement an equitable method
2051	of equivalent funding for experimental schools and for schools
2052	operating under emergency conditions, which schools have been
2053	approved by the department to operate for less than the minimum
2054	term as provided in s. 1011.60(2) school day.
2055	Section 15. Effective July 1, 2016, and upon the expiration
2056	of the amendment to section 1011.62, Florida Statutes, made by
2057	chapter 2015-222, Laws of Florida, paragraphs (e) and (o) of
2058	subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (4), and present
2059	subsection (13) of that section are amended, present subsections
2060	(13), (14), and (15) of that section are redesignated as
2061	subsections (14), (15), and (16), respectively, and a new
2062	subsection (13) is added to that section, to read:

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                                                              20161166c1
2063
           1011.62 Funds for operation of schools.-If the annual
2064
      allocation from the Florida Education Finance Program to each
2065
      district for operation of schools is not determined in the
2066
      annual appropriations act or the substantive bill implementing
2067
      the annual appropriations act, it shall be determined as
2068
      follows:
2069
            (1) COMPUTATION OF THE BASIC AMOUNT TO BE INCLUDED FOR
2070
      OPERATION.-The following procedure shall be followed in
2071
      determining the annual allocation to each district for
2072
      operation:
2073
            (e) Funding model for exceptional student education
2074
      programs.-
2075
           1.a. The funding model uses basic, at-risk, support levels
2076
      IV and V for exceptional students and career Florida Education
2077
      Finance Program cost factors, and a guaranteed allocation for
2078
      exceptional student education programs. Exceptional education
2079
      cost factors are determined by using a matrix of services to
2080
      document the services that each exceptional student will
2081
      receive. The nature and intensity of the services indicated on
2082
      the matrix shall be consistent with the services described in
2083
      each exceptional student's individual educational plan. The
2084
      Department of Education shall review and revise the descriptions
2085
      of the services and supports included in the matrix of services
2086
      for exceptional students and shall implement those revisions
2087
      before the beginning of the 2012-2013 school year.
2088
           b. In order to generate funds using one of the two weighted
2089
      cost factors, a matrix of services must be completed at the time
2090
      of the student's initial placement into an exceptional student
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education program and at least once every 3 years by personnel

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2092	who have received approved training. Nothing listed in the
2093	matrix shall be construed as limiting the services a school
2094	district must provide in order to ensure that exceptional
2095	students are provided a free, appropriate public education.
2096	c. Students identified as exceptional, in accordance with
2097	chapter 6A-6, Florida Administrative Code, who do not have a
2098	matrix of services as specified in sub-subparagraph b. shall
2099	generate funds on the basis of full-time-equivalent student
2100	membership in the Florida Education Finance Program at the same
2101	funding level per student as provided for basic students.
2102	Additional funds for these exceptional students will be provided
2103	through the guaranteed allocation designated in subparagraph 2.
2104	2. For students identified as exceptional who do not have a
2105	matrix of services and students who are gifted in grades K
2106	through 8, there is created a guaranteed allocation to provide
2107	these students with a free appropriate public education, in
2108	accordance with s. 1001.42(4)(1) and rules of the State Board of
2109	Education, which shall be allocated <u>initially</u> annually to each
2110	school district in the amount provided in the General
2111	Appropriations Act. These funds shall be <u>supplemental</u> in
2112	addition to the funds appropriated for the basic funding level
2113	on the basis of FTE student membership in the Florida Education
2114	Finance Program, and the amount allocated for each school
2115	district shall not be recalculated <u>once</u> during the year <u>, based</u>
2116	on actual student membership from the October FTE survey. Upon
2117	recalculation, if the generated allocation is greater than the
2118	amount provided in the General Appropriations Act, the total
2119	shall be prorated to the level of the appropriation based on
2120	each district's share of the total recalculated amount. These

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1	576-04218-16 20161166c1
2121	funds shall be used to provide special education and related
2122	services for exceptional students and students who are gifted in
2123	grades K through 8. Beginning with the 2007-2008 fiscal year, A
2124	district's expenditure of funds from the guaranteed allocation
2125	for students in grades 9 through 12 who are gifted may not be
2126	greater than the amount expended during the 2006-2007 fiscal
2127	year for gifted students in grades 9 through 12.
2128	(o) Calculation of additional full-time equivalent
2129	membership based on successful completion of a career-themed
2130	course pursuant to ss. 1003.491, 1003.492, and 1003.493, or
2131	courses with embedded CAPE industry certifications or CAPE
2132	Digital Tool certificates, and issuance of industry
2133	certification identified on the CAPE Industry Certification
2134	Funding List pursuant to rules adopted by the State Board of
2135	Education or CAPE Digital Tool certificates pursuant to s.
2136	1003.4203
2137	1.a. A value of 0.025 full-time equivalent student
2138	membership shall be calculated for CAPE Digital Tool
2139	certificates earned by students in elementary and middle school
2140	grades.
2141	b. A value of 0.1 or 0.2 full-time equivalent student
2142	membership shall be calculated for each student who completes a
2143	course as defined in s. 1003.493(1)(b) or courses with embedded
2144	CAPE industry certifications and who is issued an industry
2145	certification identified annually on the CAPE Industry
2146	Certification Funding List approved under rules adopted by the
2147	State Board of Education. A value of 0.2 full-time equivalent
2148	membership shall be calculated for each student who is issued a
2149	CAPE industry certification that has a statewide articulation

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2150	agreement for college credit approved by the State Board of
2151	Education. For CAPE industry certifications that do not
2152	articulate for college credit, the Department of Education shall
2153	assign a full-time equivalent value of 0.1 for each
2154	certification. Middle grades students who earn additional FTE
2155	membership for a CAPE Digital Tool certificate pursuant to sub-
2156	subparagraph a. may not use the previously funded examination to
2157	satisfy the requirements for earning an industry certification
2158	under this sub-subparagraph. Additional FTE membership for an
2159	elementary or middle grades student \underline{may} shall not exceed 0.1 for
2160	certificates or certifications earned within the same fiscal
2161	year. The State Board of Education shall include the assigned
2162	values on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List under
2163	rules adopted by the state board. Such value shall be added to
2164	the total full-time equivalent student membership for grades 6
2165	through 12 in the subsequent year for courses that were not
2166	provided through dual enrollment. CAPE industry certifications
2167	earned through dual enrollment must be reported and funded
2168	pursuant to s. 1011.80. However, if a student earns a
2169	certification through a dual enrollment course and the
2170	certification is not a fundable certification on the
2171	postsecondary certification funding list, or the dual enrollment
2172	certification is earned as a result of an agreement between a
2173	school district and a nonpublic postsecondary institution, the
2174	bonus value shall be funded in the same manner as other nondual
2175	enrollment course industry certifications. In such cases, the
2176	school district may provide for an agreement between the high
2177	school and the technical center, or the school district and the
2178	postsecondary institution may enter into an agreement for

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 2179 equitable distribution of the bonus funds. 2180 c. A value of 0.3 full-time equivalent student membership 2181 shall be calculated for student completion of the courses and 2182 the embedded certifications identified on the CAPE Industry 2183 Certification Funding List and approved by the commissioner 2184 pursuant to ss. 1003.4203(5)(a) and 1008.44. 2185 d. A value of 0.5 full-time equivalent student membership 2186 shall be calculated for CAPE Acceleration Industry Certifications that articulate for 15 to 29 college credit 2187 2188 hours, and 1.0 full-time equivalent student membership shall be 2189 calculated for CAPE Acceleration Industry Certifications that 2190 articulate for 30 or more college credit hours pursuant to CAPE 2191 Acceleration Industry Certifications approved by the 2192 commissioner pursuant to ss. 1003.4203(5)(b) and 1008.44. 2193 2. Each district must allocate at least 80 percent of the 2194 funds provided for CAPE industry certification, in accordance 2195 with this paragraph, to the program that generated the funds. 2196 This allocation may not be used to supplant funds provided for 2197 basic operation of the program. 2198 3. For CAPE industry certifications earned in the 2013-2014 2199 school year and in subsequent years, the school district shall 2200 distribute to each classroom teacher who provided direct 2201 instruction toward the attainment of a CAPE industry 2202 certification that qualified for additional full-time equivalent 2203 membership under subparagraph 1.:

a. A bonus in the amount of \$25 for each student taught by a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.1.

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2236

576-04218-16 20161166c1 2208 b. A bonus in the amount of \$50 for each student taught by 2209 a teacher who provided instruction in a course that led to the 2210 attainment of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry 2211 Certification Funding List with a weight of 0.2, 0.3, 0.5, and 2212 1.0. 2213 c. A bonus of \$75 for each student taught by a teacher who 2214 provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a 2215 CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification 2216 Funding List with a weight of 0.3. 2217 d. A bonus of \$100 for each student taught by a teacher who 2218 provided instruction in a course that led to the attainment of a 2219 CAPE industry certification on the CAPE Industry Certification 2220 Funding List with a weight of 0.5 or 1.0. 2221 2222 Bonuses awarded pursuant to this paragraph shall be provided to 2223 teachers who are employed by the district in the year in which 2224 the additional FTE membership calculation is included in the 2225 calculation. Bonuses shall be calculated based upon the 2226 associated weight of a CAPE industry certification on the CAPE 2227 Industry Certification Funding List for the year in which the 2228 certification is earned by the student. Any bonus awarded to a 2229 teacher under this paragraph may not exceed \$2,000 in any given 2230 school year and is in addition to any regular wage or other 2231 bonus the teacher received or is scheduled to receive. 2232 (4) COMPUTATION OF DISTRICT REQUIRED LOCAL EFFORT.-The 2233 Legislature shall prescribe the aggregate required local effort 2234 for all school districts collectively as an item in the General 2235 Appropriations Act for each fiscal year. The amount that each

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district shall provide annually toward the cost of the Florida

576-04218-16 20161166c1 2237 Education Finance Program for kindergarten through grade 12 2238 programs shall be calculated as follows: 2239 (a) Estimated taxable value calculations.-2240 1.a. Not later than 2 working days before prior to July 19, 2241 the Department of Revenue shall certify to the Commissioner of 2242 Education its most recent estimate of the taxable value for 2243 school purposes in each school district and the total for all 2244 school districts in the state for the current calendar year 2245 based on the latest available data obtained from the local 2246 property appraisers. The value certified shall be the taxable 2247 value for school purposes for that year, and no further 2248 adjustments shall be made, except those made pursuant to 2249 paragraphs (c) and (d), or an assessment roll change required by 2250 final judicial decisions as specified in paragraph (15) (b) 2251 (14) (b). Not later than July 19, the Commissioner of Education 2252 shall compute a millage rate, rounded to the next highest one 2253 one-thousandth of a mill, which, when applied to 96 percent of 2254 the estimated state total taxable value for school purposes, 2255 would generate the prescribed aggregate required local effort 2256 for that year for all districts. The Commissioner of Education 2257 shall certify to each district school board the millage rate, 2258 computed as prescribed in this subparagraph, as the minimum 2259 millage rate necessary to provide the district required local 2260 effort for that year. 2261

2261 b. The General Appropriations Act shall direct the 2262 computation of the statewide adjusted aggregate amount for 2263 required local effort for all school districts collectively from 2264 ad valorem taxes to ensure that no school district's revenue 2265 from required local effort millage will produce more than 90

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2266	percent of the district's total Florida Education Finance
2267	Program calculation as calculated and adopted by the
2268	Legislature, and the adjustment of the required local effort
2269	millage rate of each district that produces more than 90 percent
2270	of its total Florida Education Finance Program entitlement to a
2271	level that will produce only 90 percent of its total Florida
2272	Education Finance Program entitlement in the July calculation.
2273	2. On the same date as the certification in sub-
2274	subparagraph 1.a., the Department of Revenue shall certify to
2275	the Commissioner of Education for each district:
2276	a. Each year for which the property appraiser has certified
2277	the taxable value pursuant to s. 193.122(2) or (3), if
2278	applicable, since the prior certification under sub-subparagraph
2279	1.a.
2280	b. For each year identified in sub-subparagraph a., the
2281	taxable value certified by the appraiser pursuant to s.
2282	193.122(2) or (3), if applicable, since the prior certification
2283	under sub-subparagraph 1.a. This is the certification that
2284	reflects all final administrative actions of the value
2285	adjustment board.
2286	(13) FEDERALLY CONNECTED STUDENT SUPPLEMENTThe federally
2287	connected student supplement is created to provide supplemental
2288	funding for school districts to support the education of
2289	students connected with federally owned military installations,
2290	National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) real
2291	property, and Indian lands. To be eligible for this supplement,
2292	the district must be eligible for federal Impact Aid Program
2293	funds under s. 8003 of Title VIII of the Elementary and
2294	Secondary Education Act of 1965. The supplement shall be

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2295	allocated annually to each eligible school district in the
2296	amount provided in the General Appropriations Act. The
2297	supplement shall be the sum of the student allocation and an
2298	exempt property allocation.
2299	(a) The student allocation shall be calculated based on the
2300	number of students reported for federal Impact Aid Program
2301	funds, including students with disabilities, who meet one of the
2302	following criteria:
2303	1. The student has a parent who is on active duty in the
2304	uniformed services or is an accredited foreign government
2305	official and military officer. Students with disabilities shall
2306	also be reported separately for this category.
2307	2. The student resides on eligible federally owned Indian
2308	land. Students with disabilities shall also be reported
2309	separately for this category.
2310	3. The student resides with a civilian parent who lives or
2311	works on eligible federal property connected with a military
2312	installation or NASA. The number of these students shall be
2313	multiplied by a factor of 0.5.
2314	(b) The total number of federally connected students
2315	calculated under paragraph (a) shall be multiplied by a
2316	percentage of the base student allocation as provided in the
2317	General Appropriations Act. The total of the number of students
2318	with disabilities as reported separately under subparagraphs
2319	(a)1. and (a)2. shall be multiplied by an additional percentage
2320	of the base student allocation as provided in the General
2321	Appropriations Act. The base amount and the amount for students
2322	with disabilities shall be summed to provide the student
2323	allocation.

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2324	576-04218-16 20161166c1
2324	(c) The exempt property allocation shall be equal to the
	tax-exempt value of federal impact aid lands reserved as
2326	military installations, real property owned by NASA, or eligible
2327	federally owned Indian lands located in the district, as of
2328	January 1 of the previous year, multiplied by the millage
2329	authorized and levied under s. 1011.71(2).
2330	(14) (13) QUALITY ASSURANCE GUARANTEE.—The Legislature may
2331	annually in the General Appropriations Act determine a
2332	percentage increase in funds per K-12 unweighted FTE as a
2333	minimum guarantee to each school district. The guarantee shall
2334	be calculated from prior year base funding per unweighted FTE
2335	student which shall include the adjusted FTE dollars as provided
2336	in subsection (15) (14) , quality guarantee funds, and actual
2337	nonvoted discretionary local effort from taxes. From the base
2338	funding per unweighted FTE, the increase shall be calculated for
2339	the current year. The current year funds from which the
2340	guarantee shall be determined shall include the adjusted FTE
2341	dollars as provided in subsection (15) (14) and potential
2342	nonvoted discretionary local effort from taxes. A comparison of
2343	current year funds per unweighted FTE to prior year funds per
2344	unweighted FTE shall be computed. For those school districts
2345	which have less than the legislatively assigned percentage
2346	increase, funds shall be provided to guarantee the assigned
2347	percentage increase in funds per unweighted FTE student. Should
2348	appropriated funds be less than the sum of this calculated
2349	amount for all districts, the commissioner shall prorate each
2350	district's allocation. This provision shall be implemented to
2351	the extent specifically funded.
2352	Section 16. Effective July 1, 2016, and upon the expiration
1	

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 2353 of the amendment to section 1011.71, Florida Statutes, made by 2354 chapter 2015-222, Laws of Florida, subsection (1) of that 2355 section is amended to read: 2356 1011.71 District school tax.-2357 (1) If the district school tax is not provided in the 2358 General Appropriations Act or the substantive bill implementing 2359 the General Appropriations Act, each district school board 2360 desiring to participate in the state allocation of funds for 2361 current operation as prescribed by s. 1011.62(15) s. 1011.62(14) 2362 shall levy on the taxable value for school purposes of the 2363 district, exclusive of millage voted under the provisions of s. 2364 9(b) or s. 12, Art. VII of the State Constitution, a millage 2365 rate not to exceed the amount certified by the commissioner as 2366 the minimum millage rate necessary to provide the district 2367 required local effort for the current year, pursuant to s. 2368 1011.62(4)(a)1. In addition to the required local effort millage 2369 levy, each district school board may levy a nonvoted current 2370 operating discretionary millage. The Legislature shall prescribe 2371 annually in the appropriations act the maximum amount of millage 2372 a district may levy.

2373 Section 17. Subsection (2) of section 1012.42, Florida 2374 Statutes, is amended to read:

2375

1012.42 Teacher teaching out-of-field.-

(2) NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.—When a teacher in a district school system is assigned teaching duties in a class dealing with subject matter that is outside the field in which the teacher is certified, outside the field that was the applicant's minor field of study, or outside the field in which the applicant has demonstrated sufficient subject area expertise, as

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determined by district school board policy in the subject area
to be taught, the parents of all students in the class shall be
notified in writing of such assignment, and each school district
shall report out-of-field teachers on the district's website
within 30 days before the beginning of each semester. A parent
whose student is assigned an out-of-field teacher may request
that his or her child be transferred to an in-field classroom
teacher within the school and grade in which the student is
currently enrolled. The school district must approve or deny the
parent's request and transfer the student to a different
classroom teacher within a reasonable period of time, not to
exceed 2 weeks, if an in-field teacher for that course or grade
level is employed by the school and the transfer does not
violate maximum class size pursuant to s. 1003.03 and s. 1, Art.
IX of the State Constitution. If a request for transfer is
denied, the school must notify the parent and specify the
reasons for the denial. An explanation of the transfer process
must be made available in the student handbook or a similar
publication. This subsection does not provide a parent the right
to choose a specific teacher.
Section 18. Paragraph (b) of subsection (8) of section
1012.56, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1012.56 Educator certification requirements
(8) PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT CERTIFICATION AND EDUCATION
COMPETENCY PROGRAM
(b)1. Each school district must and a private school or
state-supported state supported public school, including a
charter school, or a private school may develop and maintain a
system by which members of the instructional staff may
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2411	demonstrate mastery of professional preparation and education
2412	competence as required by law. Each program must be based on
2413	classroom application of the Florida Educator Accomplished
2414	Practices and instructional performance and, for public schools,
2415	must be aligned with the district's <u>or state-supported public</u>
2416	<u>school's</u> evaluation system <u>established</u> approved under s.
2417	1012.34, as applicable.
2418	2. The Commissioner of Education shall determine the
2419	continued approval of programs implemented under this paragraph,
2420	based upon the department's review of performance data. The
2421	department shall review the performance data as a part of the
2422	periodic review of each school district's professional
2423	development system required under s. 1012.98.
2424	Section 19. Section 1012.583, Florida Statutes, is created
2425	to read:
2426	1012.583 Continuing education and inservice training for
2427	youth suicide awareness and prevention
2428	(1) Beginning with the 2016-2017 school year, the
2429	Department of Education shall incorporate 2 hours of training in
2430	youth suicide awareness and prevention into existing
2431	requirements for continuing education or inservice training for
2432	instructional personnel in elementary school, middle school, and
2433	high school.
2434	(2) The department, in consultation with the Statewide
2435	Office for Suicide Prevention and suicide prevention experts,
2436	shall develop a list of approved youth suicide awareness and
2437	prevention training materials. The materials:
2438	(a) Must include training on how to identify appropriate
2439	mental health services and how to refer youth and their families

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2440	to those services.
2441	(b) May include materials currently being used by a school
2442	district if such materials meet any criteria established by the
2443	department.
2444	(c) May include programs that instructional personnel can
2445	complete through a self-review of approved youth suicide
2446	awareness and prevention materials.
2447	(3) The training required by this section must be included
2448	in the existing continuing education or inservice training
2449	requirements for instructional personnel and may not add to the
2450	total hours currently required by the department.
2451	(4) A person has no cause of action for any loss or damage
2452	caused by an act or omission resulting from the implementation
2453	of this section or resulting from any training required by this
2454	section unless the loss or damage was caused by willful or
2455	wanton misconduct. This section does not create any new duty of
2456	care or basis of liability.
2457	(5) The State Board of Education may adopt rules to
2458	implement this section.
2459	Section 20. Paragraph (o) is added to subsection (1) of
2460	section 1012.795, Florida Statutes, and subsection (5) of that
2461	section is amended, to read:
2462	1012.795 Education Practices Commission; authority to
2463	discipline
2464	(1) The Education Practices Commission may suspend the
2465	educator certificate of any person as defined in s. 1012.01(2)
2466	or (3) for up to 5 years, thereby denying that person the right
2467	to teach or otherwise be employed by a district school board or
2468	public school in any capacity requiring direct contact with

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 2469 students for that period of time, after which the holder may 2470 return to teaching as provided in subsection (4); may revoke the 2471 educator certificate of any person, thereby denying that person 2472 the right to teach or otherwise be employed by a district school 2473 board or public school in any capacity requiring direct contact 2474 with students for up to 10 years, with reinstatement subject to 2475 the provisions of subsection (4); may revoke permanently the 2476 educator certificate of any person thereby denying that person 2477 the right to teach or otherwise be employed by a district school 2478 board or public school in any capacity requiring direct contact 2479 with students; may suspend the educator certificate, upon an 2480 order of the court or notice by the Department of Revenue 2481 relating to the payment of child support; or may impose any 2482 other penalty provided by law, if the person: 2483 (o) Has committed a third recruiting offense as determined

by the Florida High School Athletic Association (FHSAA) pursuant to s. 1006.20(2)(b).

(5) Each district school superintendent and the governing authority of each university lab school, state-supported school, or private school, and the FHSAA shall report to the department the name of any person certified pursuant to this chapter or employed and qualified pursuant to s. 1012.39:

(a) Who has been convicted of, or who has pled nolo
contendere to, a misdemeanor, felony, or any other criminal
charge, other than a minor traffic infraction;

(b) Who that official has reason to believe has committed or is found to have committed any act which would be a ground for revocation or suspension under subsection (1); or

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(c) Who has been dismissed or severed from employment

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 2498 because of conduct involving any immoral, unnatural, or lascivious act. 2499 2500 Section 21. Subsections (3) and (7) of section 1012.796, 2501 Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2502 1012.796 Complaints against teachers and administrators; 2503 procedure; penalties.-2504 (3) The department staff shall advise the commissioner 2505 concerning the findings of the investigation and of all 2506 referrals by the Florida High School Athletic Association 2507 (FHSAA) pursuant to ss. 1006.20(2)(b) and 1012.795. The 2508 department general counsel or members of that staff shall review 2509 the investigation or the referral and advise the commissioner 2510 concerning probable cause or lack thereof. The determination of 2511 probable cause shall be made by the commissioner. The 2512 commissioner shall provide an opportunity for a conference, if 2513 requested, prior to determining probable cause. The commissioner 2514 may enter into deferred prosecution agreements in lieu of 2515 finding probable cause if, in his or her judgment, such 2516 agreements are in the best interests of the department, the 2517 certificateholder, and the public. Such deferred prosecution 2518 agreements shall become effective when filed with the clerk of 2519 the Education Practices Commission. However, a deferred 2520 prosecution agreement shall not be entered into if there is 2521 probable cause to believe that a felony or an act of moral 2522 turpitude, as defined by rule of the State Board of Education, 2523 has occurred, or for referrals by the FHSAA. Upon finding no 2524 probable cause, the commissioner shall dismiss the complaint. 2525 (7) A panel of the commission shall enter a final order

2526 either dismissing the complaint or imposing one or more of the

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 2527 following penalties: 2528 (a) Denial of an application for a teaching certificate or 2529 for an administrative or supervisory endorsement on a teaching 2530 certificate. The denial may provide that the applicant may not 2531 reapply for certification, and that the department may refuse to 2532 consider that applicant's application, for a specified period of 2533 time or permanently. 2534 (b) Revocation or suspension of a certificate. 2535 (c) Imposition of an administrative fine not to exceed 2536 \$2,000 for each count or separate offense. 2537 (d) Placement of the teacher, administrator, or supervisor 2538 on probation for a period of time and subject to such conditions 2539 as the commission may specify, including requiring the certified 2540 teacher, administrator, or supervisor to complete additional 2541 appropriate college courses or work with another certified 2542 educator, with the administrative costs of monitoring the 2543 probation assessed to the educator placed on probation. An 2544 educator who has been placed on probation shall, at a minimum:

2545 1. Immediately notify the investigative office in the 2546 Department of Education upon employment or termination of 2547 employment in the state in any public or private position 2548 requiring a Florida educator's certificate.

2549 2. Have his or her immediate supervisor submit annual 2550 performance reports to the investigative office in the 2551 Department of Education.

2552 3. Pay to the commission within the first 6 months of each 2553 probation year the administrative costs of monitoring probation 2554 assessed to the educator.

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4. Violate no law and shall fully comply with all district

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576-04218-16 20161166c1 school board policies, school rules, and State Board of 2556 2557 Education rules. 2558 5. Satisfactorily perform his or her assigned duties in a 2559 competent, professional manner. 2560 6. Bear all costs of complying with the terms of a final 2561 order entered by the commission. 2562 (e) Restriction of the authorized scope of practice of the 2563 teacher, administrator, or supervisor. 2564 (f) Reprimand of the teacher, administrator, or supervisor 2565 in writing, with a copy to be placed in the certification file 2566 of such person. 2567 (g) Imposition of an administrative sanction, upon a person 2568 whose teaching certificate has expired, for an act or acts 2569 committed while that person possessed a teaching certificate or 2570 an expired certificate subject to late renewal, which sanction 2571 bars that person from applying for a new certificate for a 2572 period of 10 years or less, or permanently. 2573 (h) Refer the teacher, administrator, or supervisor to the 2574 recovery network program provided in s. 1012.798 under such 2575 terms and conditions as the commission may specify. 2576 2577 The penalties imposed under this subsection are in addition to, 2578 and not in lieu of, the penalties required for a third 2579 recruiting offense pursuant to s. 1006.20(2)(b). 2580 Section 22. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this

act and except for this section, which shall take effect June 2582 29, 2016, this act shall take effect July 1, 2016.

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