1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to regulated professions and 3 occupations; amending s. 326.004, F.S.; deleting a 4 requirement that yacht and ship brokers maintain a 5 separate license for each branch office and related 6 fees; amending s. 447.02, F.S.; deleting the 7 definition of the term "department"; repealing s. 8 447.04, F.S., relating to business agents, licenses, 9 and permits; repealing s. 447.041, F.S., relating to a 10 hearing for a denied license, permit, or registration; repealing s. 447.045, F.S., relating to certain 11 12 confidential information; repealing s. 447.06, F.S., relating to the required registration of labor 13 14 organizations; amending s. 447.09, F.S.; deleting 15 prohibitions against specified actions; repealing s. 447.12, F.S., relating to registration fees; repealing 16 s. 447.16, F.S., relating to the applicability of ch. 17 447, F.S.; amending s. 468.401, F.S.; deleting 18 19 definitions; repealing s. 468.402, F.S., relating to 20 the duties of the Department of Business and 21 Professional Regulation; repealing s. 468.403, F.S., 2.2 relating to licensure and application requirements for owners and operators of talent agencies; repealing s. 23 468.404, F.S., relating to fees and renewal of talent 24 25 agency licenses; repealing s. 468.405, F.S., relating 26 to qualification for talent agency licenses; amending

Page 1 of 41

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s. 468.406, F.S.; deleting the requirement for talent agencies to file with the department an itemized schedule of certain fees and an amended or supplemental schedule under certain circumstances; repealing s. 468.407, F.S., relating to license contents and posting; amending s. 468.408, F.S.; revising requirements for talent agency bonds; deleting a departmental requirement to approve talent agency bonds; requiring that a bonding company notify the talent agency, rather than notifying the department, of certain claims; amending s. 468.409, F.S.; deleting provisions requiring talent agencies to make specified records readily available for inspection by the department; amending s. 468.410, F.S.; deleting a reference to the department in talent agency contracts; amending s. 468.412, F.S.; revising the information that talent agencies must enter in the talent agency records; deleting requirements relating to the inspection of talent agency records and the submission of certain records and reports to the department; revising the requirements for talent agencies to post certain laws and rules; revising the information required in talent agency publications; amending s. 468.413, F.S.; deleting provisions relating to criminal violations for failing to obtain or maintain licensure with the department; deleting

Page 2 of 41

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provisions authorizing the court to suspend or revoke a license; deleting a provision authorizing the court to take certain actions; revising the department's authority to bring certain actions and impose certain remedies for violations of talent agency regulations; repealing s. 468.414, F.S., relating to collection and deposit of fines, fees, and penalties by the department; amending s. 468.415, F.S.; deleting a provision requiring the department to revoke a license; amending s. 469.006, F.S.; requiring that a license be in the name of a qualifying agent rather than the name of a business organization; requiring the qualifying agent, rather than the business organization, to report certain changes in information; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 469.009, F.S.; deleting the authority of the department to reprimand, censure, or impose probation on certain business organizations; amending s. 477.0135, F.S.; providing that a license or registration is not required for a person whose occupation or practice is confined solely to applying polish to nails; amending s. 481.203, F.S.; defining the term "business organization"; deleting the definition of the term "certificate of authorization"; amending s. 481.219, F.S.; revising the process by which a business organization obtains the requisite

Page 3 of 41

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license to perform architectural services; requiring that a licensee or an applicant apply to qualify a business organization under certain circumstances; specifying application requirements; authorizing the Board of Architecture and Interior Design to deny an application under certain circumstances; requiring that a qualifying agent be a registered architect or a registered interior designer under certain circumstances; requiring that a qualifying agent notify the department when she or he ceases to be affiliated with a business organization; prohibiting a business organization from engaging in certain practices until it is qualified by a qualifying agent; authorizing the executive director or the chair of the board to authorize a certain registered architect or interior designer to temporarily serve as the business organization's qualifying agent for a specified timeframe under certain circumstances; requiring the qualifying agent to give written notice to the department before engaging in practice under her or his own name or in affiliation with another business organization; requiring the board to allow an applicant to qualify one or more business organizations or to operate using a fictitious name under certain circumstances; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 481.221, F.S.;

Page 4 of 41

2016 CS/HB 1187

requiring a business organization to include the license number of a certain registered architect or interior designer in any advertising; providing an exception; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 481.229, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; reordering and amending s. 481.303, F.S.; deleting the definition of the term "certificate of authorization"; amending s. 481.321, F.S.; revising provisions that require persons to display certificate numbers under certain circumstances; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending ss. 481.311, 481.317, and 481.319, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 481.329, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 489.503, F.S.; revising an exemption from regulation for certain persons; exempting a person who installs certain low-voltage landscape lighting from specified requirements; amending s. 489.518, F.S.; exempting certain persons from initial training for burglar alarm system agents; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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129 Section 1. Subsection (13) of section 326.004, Florida 130 Statutes, is amended to read:

Page 5 of 41

131	326.004 Licensing
132	(13) Each broker must maintain a principal place of
133	business in this state and may establish branch offices in the
134	state. A separate license must be maintained for each branch
135	office. The division shall establish by rule a fee not to exceed
136	\$100 for each branch office license.
137	Section 2. Subsection (3) of section 447.02, Florida
138	Statutes, is amended to read:
139	447.02 Definitions.—The following terms, when used in this
140	chapter, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this
141	section:
142	(3) The term "department" means the Department of Business
143	and Professional Regulation.
144	Section 3. Section 447.04, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
145	Section 4. Section 447.041, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
146	Section 5. Section 447.045, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
147	Section 6. Section 447.06, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
148	Section 7. Subsections (6) and (8) of section 447.09,
149	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
150	447.09 Right of franchise preserved; penalties.—It shall
151	be unlawful for any person:
152	(6) To act as a business agent without having obtained and
153	possessing a valid and subsisting license or permit.
154	(8) To make any false statement in an application for a
155	<del>license.</del>
156	Section 8. Section 447.12, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Page 6 of 41

Section 9. <u>Section 447.16, Florida Statutes, is repealed.</u>
Section 10. Section 468.401, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read:

- 468.401 Regulation of Talent agencies; definitions.—As used in this part, the term or any rule adopted pursuant hereto:
- (1) (8) "Artist" means a person performing on the professional stage or in the production of television, radio, or motion pictures; a musician or group of musicians; or a model.
- (2) (7) "Buyer" or "employer" means a person, company, partnership, or corporation that uses the services of a talent agency to provide artists.
  - (3) "Compensation" means any one or more of the following:
- (a) Any money or other valuable consideration paid or promised to be paid for services rendered by any person conducting the business of a talent agency under this part;
- (b) Any money received by any person in excess of that which has been paid out by such person for transportation, transfer of baggage, or board and lodging for any applicant for employment; or
- (c) The difference between the amount of money received by any person who furnishes employees, performers, or entertainers for circus, vaudeville, theatrical, or other entertainments, exhibitions, engagements, or performances and the amount paid by him or her to such employee, performer, or entertainer.
- (4) "Engagement" means any employment or placement of an artist, where the artist performs in his or her artistic

Page 7 of 41

capacity. However, the term "engagement" shall not apply to procuring opera, music, theater, or dance engagements for any organization defined in s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code or any nonprofit Florida arts organization that has received a grant from the Division of Cultural Affairs of the Department of State or has participated in the state touring program of the Division of Cultural Affairs.

- $\underline{(5)}$  "Operator" means the person who is or who will be in actual charge of a talent agency.
- $\underline{(6)}$  "Owner" means any partner in a partnership, member of a firm, or principal officer or officers of a corporation, whose partnership, firm, or corporation owns a talent agency, or any individual who is the sole owner of a talent agency.
- (7) "Person" means any individual, company, society, firm, partnership, association, corporation, manager, or any agent or employee of any of the foregoing.
- (8) "Talent agency" means any person who, for compensation, engages in the occupation or business of procuring or attempting to procure engagements for an artist.
- (5) "Department" means the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.
- (10) "License" means a license issued by the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to carry on the business of a talent agency under this part.
- (11) "Licensee" means a talent agency which holds a valid unrevoked and unforfeited license issued under this part.

Page 8 of 41

209	Section 11. <u>Section 468.402, Florida Statutes, is</u>
210	repealed.
211	Section 12. Section 468.403, Florida Statutes, is
212	repealed.
213	Section 13. Section 468.404, Florida Statutes, is
214	repealed.
215	Section 14. Section 468.405, Florida Statutes, is
216	repealed.
217	Section 15. Subsection (1) of section 468.406, Florida
218	Statutes, is amended to read:
219	468.406 Fees to be charged by talent agencies; rates;
220	display.—
221	(1) Each owner or operator of a talent agency shall post
222	applicant for a license shall file with the application an
223	itemized schedule of maximum fees, charges, and commissions $\underline{that}$
224	which it intends to charge and collect for its services. This
225	schedule may thereafter be raised only by filing with the
226	department an amended or supplemental schedule at least 30 days
227	before the change is to become effective. The schedule shall be
228	posted in a conspicuous place in each place of business of the
229	agency, and the schedule shall be printed in not less than a 30-
230	point boldfaced type, except that an agency that uses written
231	contracts containing maximum fee schedules need not post such
232	schedules.
233	Section 16. <u>Section 468.407, Florida Statutes, is</u>
34	repealed.

Page 9 of 41

Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 468.408, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.408 Bond required.-

- talent agency shall be filed with the department for each talent agency shall obtain license a bond in the form of a surety by a reputable company engaged in the bonding business and authorized to do business in this state. The bond shall be for the penal sum of \$5,000, with one or more sureties to be approved by the department, and be conditioned that the talent agency applicant conform to and not violate any of the duties, terms, conditions, provisions, or requirements of this part.
- (a) If any person is aggrieved by the misconduct of any talent agency, the person may maintain an action in his or her own name upon the bond of the agency in any court having jurisdiction of the amount claimed. All such claims shall be assignable, and the assignee shall be entitled to the same remedies, upon the bond of the agency or otherwise, as the person aggrieved would have been entitled to if such claim had not been assigned. Any claim or claims so assigned may be enforced in the name of such assignee.
- (b) The bonding company shall notify the <u>talent agency</u> department of any claim against such bond, and a copy of such notice shall be sent to the talent agency against which the claim is made.

Section 18. Section 468.409, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Page 10 of 41

shall keep on file the application, registration, or contract of each artist. In addition, such file must include the name and address of each artist, the amount of the compensation received, and all attempts to procure engagements for the artist. No such agency or employee thereof shall knowingly make any false entry in applicant files or receipt files. Each card or document in such files shall be preserved for a period of 1 year after the date of the last entry thereon. Records required under this section shall be readily available for inspection by the department during reasonable business hours at the talent agency's principal office. A talent agency must provide the department with true copies of the records in the manner prescribed by the department.

Section 19. Subsection (3) of section 468.410, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.410 Prohibition against registration fees; referral.-

(3) A talent agency shall give each applicant a copy of a contract, within 24 hours after the contract's execution, which lists the services to be provided and the fees to be charged.

The contract shall state that the talent agency is regulated by the department and shall list the address and telephone number of the department.

Section 20. Section 468.412, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.412 Talent agency regulations; prohibited acts.-

Page 11 of 41

(1) A talent agency shall maintain a record sheet for each booking. This shall be the only required record of placement and shall be kept for a period of 1 year after the date of the last entry in the buyer's file.

- (2) Each talent agency shall keep records in which shall be entered:
- (a) The name and address of each artist employing such talent agency;
  - (b) The amount of fees received from each such artist; and
- (c) The employment in which each such artist is engaged at the time of employing such talent agency and the amount of compensation of the artist in such employment, if any, and the employments subsequently secured by such artist during the term of the contract between the artist and the talent agency and the amount of compensation received by the artist pursuant thereto...
- (d) Other information which the department may require from time to time.
- (3) All books, records, and other papers kept pursuant to this act by any talent agency shall be open at all reasonable hours to the inspection of the department and its agents. Each talent agency shall furnish to the department, upon request, a true copy of such books, records, and papers, or any portion thereof, and shall make such reports as the department may prescribe from time to time.
  - (3) (4) Each talent agency shall post in a conspicuous

Page 12 of 41

place in the office of such talent agency a printed copy of this part and of the rules adopted under this part. Such copies shall also contain the name and address of the officer charged with enforcing this part. The department shall furnish to talent agencies printed copies of any statute or rule required to be posted under this subsection.

- (4)(a)(5)(a) No talent agency may knowingly issue a contract for employment containing any term or condition which, if complied with, would be in violation of law, or attempt to fill an order for help to be employed in violation of law.
- (b) A talent agency must advise an artist, in writing, that the artist has a right to rescind a contract for employment within the first 3 business days after the contract's execution. Any engagement procured by the talent agency for the artist during the first 3 business days of the contract remains commissionable to the talent agency.
- (5)(6) No talent agency may publish or cause to be published any false, fraudulent, or misleading information, representation, notice, or advertisement. All advertisements of a talent agency by means of card, circulars, or signs, and in newspapers and other publications, and all letterheads, receipts, and blanks shall be printed and contain the licensed name, department license number, and address of the talent agency and the words "talent agency." No talent agency may give any false information or make any false promises or representations concerning an engagement or employment to any

applicant who applies for an engagement or employment.

(6) (7) No talent agency may send or cause to be sent any person as an employee to any house of ill fame, to any house or place of amusement for immoral purposes, to any place resorted to for the purposes of prostitution, to any place for the modeling or photographing of a minor in the nude in the absence of written permission from the minor's parents or legal guardians, the character of which places the talent agency could have ascertained upon reasonable inquiry.

(7)(8) No talent agency, without the written consent of the artist, may divide fees with anyone, including, but not limited to, an agent or other employee of an employer, a buyer, a casting director, a producer, a director, or any venue that uses entertainment. For purposes of this subsection, to "divide fees" includes the sharing among two or more persons of those fees charged to an artist for services performed on behalf of that artist, the total amount of which fees exceeds the amount that would have been charged to the artist by the talent agency alone.

(8) (9) If a talent agency collects from an artist a fee or expenses for obtaining employment for the artist, and the artist fails to procure such employment, or the artist fails to be paid for such employment if procured, such talent agency shall, upon demand therefor, repay to the artist the fee and expenses so collected. Unless repayment thereof is made within 48 hours after demand therefor, the talent agency shall pay to the artist

Page 14 of 41

365 an additional sum equal to the amount of the fee. (9) (10) Each talent agency must maintain a permanent 366 367 office and must maintain regular operating hours at that office. 368 (10) (11) A talent agency may assign an engagement contract 369 to another talent agency licensed in this state only if the 370 artist agrees in writing to the assignment. The assignment must 371 occur, and written notice of the assignment must be given to the 372 artist, within 30 days after the artist agrees in writing to the 373 assignment. 374 Section 21. Section 468.413, Florida Statutes, is amended 375 to read: 376 468.413 Legal requirements; penalties.-377 (1) Each of the following acts constitutes a felony of the 378 third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, 379 or s. 775.084: 380 (a) Owning or operating, or soliciting business as, a 381 talent agency in this state without first procuring a license 382 from the department. 383 (b) Obtaining or attempting to obtain a license by means 384 of fraud, misrepresentation, or concealment. 385 (1) Each of the following acts constitutes a 386 misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 387 775.082 or s. 775.083: 388 (a) Relocating a business as a talent agency, or operating

Page 15 of 41

under any name other than that designated on the license, unless

written notification is given to the department and to the

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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surety or sureties on the original bond, and unless the license is returned to the department for the recording thereon of such changes.

(b) Assigning or attempting to assign a license issued under this part.

- (c) Failing to show on a license application whether or not the agency or any owner of the agency is financially interested in any other business of like nature and, if so, failing to specify such interest or interests.
- $\underline{\text{(a)}}$  (d) Failing to maintain the records required by s. 468.409 or knowingly making false entries in such records.
- (b) (e) Requiring as a condition to registering or obtaining employment or placement for any applicant that the applicant subscribe to, purchase, or attend any publication, postcard service, advertisement, resume service, photography service, school, acting school, workshop, or acting workshop.
- (c) (f) Failing to give each applicant a copy of a contract which lists the services to be provided and the fees to be charged by, which states that the talent agency is regulated by the department, and which lists the address and telephone number of the department.
- $\underline{\text{(d)}}_{\text{(g)}}$  Failing to maintain a record sheet as required by s. 468.412(1).
- (e) (h) Knowingly sending or causing to be sent any artist to a prospective employer or place of business, the character or operation of which employer or place of business the talent

Page 16 of 41

agency knows to be in violation of the laws of the United States or of this state.

- (3) The court may, in addition to other punishment provided for in subsection (2), suspend or revoke the license of any licensee under this part who has been found guilty of any misdemeanor listed in subsection (2).
- (2)(4) In the event that the department or any state attorney shall have probable cause to believe that a talent agency or other person has violated any provision of subsection (1), an action may be brought by the department or any state attorney to enjoin such talent agency or any person from continuing such violation, or engaging therein or doing any acts in furtherance thereof, and for such other relief as to the court seems appropriate. In addition to this remedy, the department may assess a penalty against any talent agency or any person in an amount not to exceed \$5,000.
- Section 22. <u>Section 468.414, Florida Statutes, is</u> repealed.
- Section 23. Section 468.415, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 468.415 Sexual misconduct in the operation of a talent agency.—The talent agent-artist relationship is founded on mutual trust. Sexual misconduct in the operation of a talent agency means violation of the talent agent-artist relationship through which the talent agent uses the relationship to induce or attempt to induce the artist to engage or attempt to engage

Page 17 of 41

in sexual activity. Sexual misconduct is prohibited in the operation of a talent agency. If Any agent, owner, or operator of a licensed talent agency who commits is found to have committed sexual misconduct in the operation of a talent agency, the agency license shall be permanently revoked. Such agent, owner, or operator shall be permanently prohibited from acting disqualified from present and future licensure as an agent, owner, or operator of a Florida talent agency.

Section 24. Paragraphs (a) and (e) of subsection (2), subsection (3), paragraph (b) of subsection (4), and subsection (6) of section 469.006, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

469.006 Licensure of business organizations; qualifying agents.—

- (2) (a) If the applicant proposes to engage in consulting or contracting as a partnership, corporation, business trust, or other legal entity, or in any name other than the applicant's legal name, the legal entity must apply for licensure through a qualifying agent or the individual applicant must apply for licensure under the fictitious name of the business organization.
- (e) A The license, when issued upon application of a business organization, must be in the name of the qualifying agent business organization, and the name of the business organization qualifying agent must be noted on the license thereon. If there is a change in any information that is required to be stated on the application, the qualifying agent

Page 18 of 41

business organization shall, within 45 days after such change occurs, mail the correct information to the department.

The qualifying agent must shall be licensed under this chapter in order for the business organization to be qualified licensed in the category of the business conducted for which the qualifying agent is licensed. If any qualifying agent ceases to be affiliated with such business organization, the agent shall so inform the department. In addition, if such qualifying agent is the only licensed individual affiliated with the business organization, the business organization shall notify the department of the termination of the qualifying agent and has shall have 60 days after from the date of termination of the qualifying agent's affiliation with the business organization in which to employ another qualifying agent. The business organization may not engage in consulting or contracting until a qualifying agent is employed, unless the department has granted a temporary nonrenewable license to the financially responsible officer, the president, the sole proprietor, a partner, or, in the case of a limited partnership, the general partner, who assumes all responsibilities of a primary qualifying agent for the entity. This temporary license only allows shall only allow the entity to proceed with incomplete contracts.

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(b) Upon a favorable determination by the department, after investigation of the financial responsibility, credit, and business reputation of the qualifying agent and the new business

Page 19 of 41

organization, the department shall issue, without any examination, a new license in the <u>qualifying agent's</u> business organization's name, and the name of the <u>business organization</u> qualifying agent shall be noted thereon.

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Each qualifying agent shall pay the department an amount equal to the original fee for licensure of a new business organization. if the qualifying agent for a business organization desires to qualify additional business organizations. $_{\mathcal{T}}$  The department shall require the agent to present evidence of supervisory ability and financial responsibility of each such organization. Allowing a licensee to qualify more than one business organization must shall be conditioned upon the licensee showing that the licensee has both the capacity and intent to adequately supervise each business organization. The department may shall not limit the number of business organizations that which the licensee may qualify except upon the licensee's failure to provide such information as is required under this subsection or upon a finding that the such information or evidence as is supplied is incomplete or unpersuasive in showing the licensee's capacity and intent to comply with the requirements of this subsection. A qualification for an additional business organization may be revoked or suspended upon a finding by the department that the licensee has failed in the licensee's responsibility to adequately supervise the operations of the business organization. Failure to adequately supervise the operations of a business organization

<u>is</u> shall be grounds for denial to qualify additional business organizations.

Section 25. Subsection (1) of section 469.009, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

469.009 License revocation, suspension, and denial of issuance or renewal.—

- (1) The department may revoke, suspend, or deny the issuance or renewal of a license; reprimand, censure, or place on probation any contractor, consultant, or financially responsible officer, or business organization; require financial restitution to a consumer; impose an administrative fine not to exceed \$5,000 per violation; require continuing education; or assess costs associated with any investigation and prosecution if the contractor or consultant, or business organization or officer or agent thereof, is found guilty of any of the following acts:
- (a) Willfully or deliberately disregarding or violating the health and safety standards of the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970, the Construction Safety Act, the National Emission Standards for Asbestos, the Environmental Protection Agency Asbestos Abatement Projects Worker Protection Rule, the Florida Statutes or rules promulgated thereunder, or any ordinance enacted by a political subdivision of this state.
  - (b) Violating any provision of chapter 455.
- (c) Failing in any material respect to comply with the provisions of this chapter or any rule promulgated hereunder.

Page 21 of 41

(d) Acting in the capacity of an asbestos contractor or asbestos consultant under any license issued under this chapter except in the name of the licensee as set forth on the issued license.

- (e) Proceeding on any job without obtaining all applicable approvals, authorizations, permits, and inspections.
  - (f) Obtaining a license by fraud or misrepresentation.
- (g) Being convicted or found guilty of, or entering a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction which directly relates to the practice of asbestos consulting or contracting or the ability to practice asbestos consulting or contracting.
- (h) Knowingly violating any building code, lifesafety code, or county or municipal ordinance relating to the practice of asbestos consulting or contracting.
- (i) Performing any act which assists a person or entity in engaging in the prohibited unlicensed practice of asbestos consulting or contracting, if the licensee knows or has reasonable grounds to know that the person or entity was unlicensed.
- (j) Committing mismanagement or misconduct in the practice of contracting that causes financial harm to a customer. Financial mismanagement or misconduct occurs when:
- 1. Valid liens have been recorded against the property of a contractor's customer for supplies or services ordered by the contractor for the customer's job; the contractor has received

Page 22 of 41

funds from the customer to pay for the supplies or services; and the contractor has not had the liens removed from the property, by payment or by bond, within 75 days after the date of such liens;

- 2. The contractor has abandoned a customer's job and the percentage of completion is less than the percentage of the total contract price paid to the contractor as of the time of abandonment, unless the contractor is entitled to retain such funds under the terms of the contract or refunds the excess funds within 30 days after the date the job is abandoned; or
- 3. The contractor's job has been completed, and it is shown that the customer has had to pay more for the contracted job than the original contract price, as adjusted for subsequent change orders, unless such increase in cost was the result of circumstances beyond the control of the contractor, was the result of circumstances caused by the customer, or was otherwise permitted by the terms of the contract between the contractor and the customer.
- (k) Being disciplined by any municipality or county for an act or violation of this chapter.
- (1) Failing in any material respect to comply with the provisions of this chapter, or violating a rule or lawful order of the department.
- (m) Abandoning an asbestos abatement project in which the asbestos contractor is engaged or under contract as a contractor. A project may be presumed abandoned after 20 days if

Page 23 of 41

the contractor terminates the project without just cause and without proper notification to the owner, including the reason for termination; if the contractor fails to reasonably secure the project to safeguard the public while work is stopped; or if the contractor fails to perform work without just cause for 20 days.

- (n) Signing a statement with respect to a project or contract falsely indicating that the work is bonded; falsely indicating that payment has been made for all subcontracted work, labor, and materials which results in a financial loss to the owner, purchaser, or contractor; or falsely indicating that workers' compensation and public liability insurance are provided.
- (o) Committing fraud or deceit in the practice of asbestos consulting or contracting.
- (p) Committing incompetency or misconduct in the practice of asbestos consulting or contracting.
- (q) Committing gross negligence, repeated negligence, or negligence resulting in a significant danger to life or property in the practice of asbestos consulting or contracting.
- (r) Intimidating, threatening, coercing, or otherwise discouraging the service of a notice to owner under part I of chapter 713 or a notice to contractor under chapter 255 or part I of chapter 713.
- (s) Failing to satisfy, within a reasonable time, the terms of a civil judgment obtained against the licensee, or the

Page 24 of 41

business organization qualified by the licensee, relating to the practice of the licensee's profession.

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- For the purposes of this subsection, construction is considered to be commenced when the contract is executed and the contractor has accepted funds from the customer or lender.
- Section 26. Subsection (7) is added to section 477.0135, Florida Statutes, to read:
  - 477.0135 Exemptions.—
  - (7) A license or registration is not required for a person whose occupation or practice is confined solely to applying polish to fingernails and toenails.
  - Section 27. Subsection (5) of section 481.203, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
    - 481.203 Definitions.—As used in this part:
  - (5) "Business organization" means a partnership, a limited liability company, a corporation, or an individual operating under a fictitious name "Certificate of authorization" means a certificate issued by the department to a corporation or partnership to practice architecture or interior design.
- Section 28. Section 481.219, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 481.219 <u>Business organization; qualifying agents</u>

    <del>Certification of partnerships, limited liability companies, and corporations.</del>
    - (1) A licensee may The practice of or the offer to

Page 25 of 41

practice architecture or interior design by licensees through a business organization that offers corporation, limited liability company, or partnership offering architectural or interior design services to the public, or through by a business organization that offers corporation, limited liability company, or partnership offering architectural or interior design services to the public through such licensees under this part as agents, employees, officers, or partners, is permitted, subject to the provisions of this section.

- the practice of architecture or interior design as a business organization, the licensee or applicant must apply to qualify the business organization For the purposes of this section, a certificate of authorization shall be required for a corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or person practicing under a fictitious name, offering architectural services to the public jointly or separately. However, when an individual is practicing architecture in her or his own name, she or he shall not be required to be certified under this section. Certification under this subsection to offer architectural services shall include all the rights and privileges of certification under subsection (3) to offer interior design services.
- (a) An application to qualify a business organization must:
  - 1. If the business is a partnership, state the names of

Page 26 of 41

the partnership and its partners.

- 2. If the business is a corporation, state the names of the corporation and its officers and directors and the name of each of its stockholders who is also an officer or a director.
- 3. If the business is operating under a fictitious name, state the fictitious name under which it is doing business.
- 4. If the business is not a partnership, a corporation, or operating under a fictitious name, state the name of such other legal entity and its members.
- (b) The board may deny an application to qualify a business organization if the applicant or any person required to be named pursuant to paragraph (a) has been involved in past disciplinary actions or on any grounds for which an individual registration or certification may be denied.
- (3) (a) A business organization may not engage in the practice of architecture unless its qualifying agent is a registered architect under this part. A business organization may not engage in the practice of interior design unless its qualifying agent is a registered architect or a registered interior designer under this part. A qualifying agent who terminates her or his affiliation with a business organization shall immediately notify the department of such termination. If the qualifying agent who terminates her or his affiliation is the only qualifying agent for a business organization, the business organization must be qualified by another qualifying agent within 60 days after the termination. Except as provided

in paragraph (b), such a business organization may not engage in the practice of architecture or interior design until it is qualified by a qualifying agent.

- (b) In the event a qualifying architect or interior designer ceases employment with the business organization, the executive director or the chair of the board may authorize another registered architect or interior designer employed by the business organization to temporarily serve as its qualifying agent for no more than 60 days. The business organization is not authorized to operate beyond such period under this chapter absent replacement of the qualifying architect or interior designer who has ceased employment.
- (c) A qualifying agent shall notify the department in writing before engaging in the practice of architecture or interior design in her or his own name or in affiliation with a different business organization, and she or he or such business organization shall supply the same information to the department as required of applicants under this part For the purposes of this section, a certificate of authorization shall be required for a corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or person operating under a fictitious name, offering interior design services to the public jointly or separately. However, when an individual is practicing interior design in her or his own name, she or he shall not be required to be certified under this section.
  - (4) All final construction documents and instruments of

Page 28 of 41

service which include drawings, specifications, plans, reports, or other papers or documents that involve involving the practice of architecture which are prepared or approved for the use of the business organization corporation, limited liability company, or partnership and filed for public record within the state must shall bear the signature and seal of the licensee who prepared or approved them and the date on which they were sealed.

- (5) All drawings, specifications, plans, reports, or other papers or documents prepared or approved for the use of the <u>business organization</u> corporation, limited liability company, or <u>partnership</u> by an interior designer in her or his professional capacity and filed for public record within the state <u>must shall</u> bear the signature and seal of the licensee who prepared or approved them and the date on which they were sealed.
- (6) The department shall issue a certificate of authorization to any applicant who the board certifies as qualified for a certificate of authorization and who has paid the fee set in s. 481.207.
- (6) (7) The board shall allow certify an applicant to qualify one or more business organizations as qualified for a certificate of authorization to offer architectural or interior design services, or to use a fictitious name to offer such services, if one of the following criteria is met provided that:
- (a) One or more of the principal officers of the corporation or limited liability company, or one or more

Page 29 of 41

partners of the partnership, and all personnel of the corporation, limited liability company, or partnership who act in its behalf in this state as architects, are registered as provided by this part.; or

- (b) One or more of the principal officers of the corporation or one or more partners of the partnership, and all personnel of the corporation, limited liability company, or partnership who act in its behalf in this state as interior designers, are registered as provided by this part.
- (8) The department shall adopt rules establishing a procedure for the biennial renewal of certificates of authorization.
- (9) The department shall renew a certificate of authorization upon receipt of the renewal application and biennial renewal fee.
- business organization partnership, limited liability company, and corporation certified under this section shall notify the department within 30 days after of any change in the information contained in the application upon which the qualification certification is based. Any registered architect or interior designer who qualifies the business organization shall ensure corporation, limited liability company, or partnership as provided in subsection (7) shall be responsible for ensuring responsible supervising control of projects of the business organization entity and shall notify the department of the upon

Page 30 of 41

termination of her or his employment with a <u>business</u> organization qualified partnership, limited liability company, or corporation certified under this section shall notify the department of the termination within 30 days <u>after such</u> termination.

- (8) (11) A business organization is not No corporation, limited liability company, or partnership shall be relieved of responsibility for the conduct or acts of its agents, employees, or officers by reason of its compliance with this section. However, except as provided in s. 558.0035, the architect who signs and seals the construction documents and instruments of service is shall be liable for the professional services performed, and the interior designer who signs and seals the interior design drawings, plans, or specifications is shall be liable for the professional services performed.
- (12) Disciplinary action against a corporation, limited liability company, or partnership shall be administered in the same manner and on the same grounds as disciplinary action against a registered architect or interior designer, respectively.
- (9) (13) Nothing in This section may not shall be construed to mean that a certificate of registration to practice architecture or interior design must shall be held by a business organization corporation, limited liability company, or partnership. Nothing in This section does not prohibit a business organization from offering prohibits corporations,

Page 31 of 41

limited liability companies, and partnerships from joining together to offer architectural, engineering, interior design, surveying and mapping, and landscape architectural services, or any combination of such services, to the public if the business organization, provided that each corporation, limited liability company, or partnership otherwise meets the requirements of law.

(10) (14) A business organization that is qualified by a registered architect may Corporations, limited liability companies, or partnerships holding a valid certificate of authorization to practice architecture shall be permitted to use in their title the term "interior designer" or "registered interior designer-" in its title.

Section 29. Subsection (10) of section 481.221, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

481.221 Seals; display of license certificate number.-

and each corporation, limited liability company, or partnership holding a certificate of authorization, shall include her or his license its certificate number in any newspaper, telephone directory, or other advertising medium used by the registered licensee architect, interior designer, corporation, limited liability company, or partnership. Each business organization must include the license number of the registered architect or interior designer who serves as the qualifying agent for that business organization in any newspaper, telephone directory, or other advertising medium used by the business organization but

Page 32 of 41

is not required to display the license numbers of other registered architects or interior designers employed by the business organization A corporation, limited liability company, or partnership is not required to display the certificate number of individual registered architects or interior designers employed by or working within the corporation, limited liability company, or partnership.

Section 30. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (5) of section 481.229, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

481.229 Exceptions; exemptions from licensure.-

- (5) (a) Nothing contained in This part does not prohibit shall prevent a registered architect or a qualified business organization partnership, limited liability company, or corporation holding a valid certificate of authorization to provide architectural services from performing any interior design service or from using the title "interior designer" or "registered interior designer."
- registered architect or qualified business organization

  certified any corporation, partnership, or person operating

  under a fictitious name which holds a certificate of

  authorization to provide architectural services must shall be

  qualified, without fee, for a certificate of authorization to

  provide interior design services upon submission of a completed application for qualification therefor. For corporations,

  partnerships, and persons operating under a fictitious name

Page 33 of 41

which hold a certificate of authorization to provide interior design services, satisfaction of the requirements for renewal of the certificate of authorization to provide architectural services under s. 481.219 shall be deemed to satisfy the requirements for renewal of the certificate of authorization to provide interior design services under that section.

Section 31. Section 481.303, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read:

- 481.303 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
- (1) "Board" means the Board of Landscape Architecture.
- $\underline{(2)}$  "Certificate of registration" means a license issued by the department to a natural person to engage in the practice of landscape architecture.
- (3)(2) "Department" means the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.
- (5) "Certificate of authorization" means a license issued by the department to a corporation or partnership to engage in the practice of landscape architecture.
- (4) (6) "Landscape architecture" means professional services, including, but not limited to, the following:
- (a) Consultation, investigation, research, planning, design, preparation of drawings, specifications, contract documents and reports, responsible construction supervision, or landscape management in connection with the planning and development of land and incidental water areas, including the use of Florida-friendly landscaping as defined in s. 373.185,

Page 34 of 41

where, and to the extent that, the dominant purpose of such services or creative works is the preservation, conservation, enhancement, or determination of proper land uses, natural land features, ground cover and plantings, or naturalistic and aesthetic values;

- (b) The determination of settings, grounds, and approaches for and the siting of buildings and structures, outdoor areas, or other improvements;
- (c) The setting of grades, shaping and contouring of land and water forms, determination of drainage, and provision for storm drainage and irrigation systems where such systems are necessary to the purposes outlined herein; and
- (d) The design of such tangible objects and features as are necessary to the purpose outlined herein.
- (5)(7) "Landscape design" means consultation for and preparation of planting plans drawn for compensation, including specifications and installation details for plant materials, soil amendments, mulches, edging, gravel, and other similar materials. Such plans may include only recommendations for the conceptual placement of tangible objects for landscape design projects. Construction documents, details, and specifications for tangible objects and irrigation systems shall be designed or approved by licensed professionals as required by law.
- $\underline{(6)}$  "Registered landscape architect" means a person who holds a license to practice landscape architecture in this state under the authority of this act.

Page 35 of 41

911	Section 32. Subsection (3) of Section 401.321, Fiorida
912	Statutes, is amended to read:
913	481.321 Seals; display of certificate number.—
914	(5) Each registered landscape architect must and each
915	corporation or partnership holding a certificate of
916	$rac{ ext{authorization shall}}{ ext{include}}$ include $rac{ ext{her or his}}{ ext{the certificate}}$ certificate number in
917	any newspaper, telephone directory, or other advertising medium
918	used by the registered landscape architect, corporation, or
919	partnership. A corporation or partnership <u>must</u> <del>is not required</del>
920	$rac{ extsf{to}}{ extsf{olimber}}$ display the certificate $rac{ extsf{numbers}}{ extsf{olimber}}$ of $rac{ extsf{at least one}}{ extsf{olimber}}$
921	officer, director, owner, or partner who is a individual
922	registered landscape <u>architect</u> architects employed by or
923	practicing with the corporation or partnership.
924	Section 33. Subsection (4) of section 481.311, Florida
925	Statutes, is amended to read:
926	481.311 Licensure.—
927	(4) The board shall certify as qualified for a certificate
928	of authorization any applicant corporation or partnership who
929	satisfies the requirements of s. 481.319.
930	Section 34. Subsection (2) of section 481.317, Florida
931	Statutes, is amended to read:
932	481.317 Temporary certificates.—
933	(2) Upon approval by the board and payment of the fee set
934	in s. 481.307, the department shall grant a temporary
935	certificate of authorization for work on one specified project
936	in this state for a period not to exceed 1 year to an out-of-

Page 36 of 41

state corporation, partnership, or firm, provided one of the principal officers of the corporation, one of the partners of the partnership, or one of the principals in the fictitiously named firm has obtained a temporary certificate of registration in accordance with subsection (1).

Section 35. Section 481.319, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 481.319 Corporate and partnership practice of landscape architecture; certificate of authorization.—
- (1) The practice of or offer to practice landscape architecture by registered landscape architects registered under this part through a corporation or partnership offering landscape architectural services to the public, or through a corporation or partnership offering landscape architectural services to the public through individual registered landscape architects as agents, employees, officers, or partners, is permitted, subject to the provisions of this section, if:
- (a) One or more of the principal officers of the corporation, or partners of the partnership, and all personnel of the corporation or partnership who act in its behalf as landscape architects in this state are registered landscape architects; and
- (b) One or more of the officers, one or more of the directors, one or more of the owners of the corporation, or one or more of the partners of the partnership is a registered landscape architect; and

Page 37 of 41

(c) The corporation or partnership has been issued a certificate of authorization by the board as provided herein.

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- (2) All documents involving the practice of landscape architecture which are prepared for the use of the corporation or partnership shall bear the signature and seal of a registered landscape architect.
- A landscape architect applying to practice in the name of a An applicant corporation must shall file with the department the names and addresses of all officers and board members of the corporation, including the principal officer or officers, duly registered to practice landscape architecture in this state and, also, of all individuals duly registered to practice landscape architecture in this state who shall be in responsible charge of the practice of landscape architecture by the corporation in this state. A landscape architect applying to practice in the name of a An applicant partnership must shall file with the department the names and addresses of all partners of the partnership, including the partner or partners duly registered to practice landscape architecture in this state and, also, of an individual or individuals duly registered to practice landscape architecture in this state who shall be in responsible charge of the practice of landscape architecture by said partnership in this state.
- (4) Each <u>landscape architect qualifying a partnership or</u> and corporation <del>licensed</del> under this part <u>must shall</u> notify the department within 1 month after <del>of</del> any change in the information

Page 38 of 41

contained in the application upon which the license is based. Any landscape architect who terminates <u>her or</u> his <del>or her</del> employment with a partnership or corporation licensed under this part shall notify the department of the termination within 1 month after such termination.

- (5) Disciplinary action against a corporation or partnership shall be administered in the same manner and on the same grounds as disciplinary action against a registered landscape architect.
- (5)(6) Except as provided in s. 558.0035, the fact that a registered landscape architect practices landscape architecture through a corporation or partnership as provided in this section does not relieve the landscape architect from personal liability for her or his or her professional acts.

Section 36. Subsection (5) of section 481.329, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

481.329 Exceptions; exemptions from licensure.-

(5) This part does not prohibit any person from engaging in the practice of landscape design, as defined in s. 481.303(5) 481.303(7), or from submitting for approval to a governmental agency planting plans that are independent of, or a component of, construction documents that are prepared by a Floridaregistered professional. Persons providing landscape design services shall not use the title, term, or designation "landscape architect," "landscape architectural," "landscape architectural," "landscape architecture," "L.A.," "landscape engineering," or any

Page 39 of 41

description tending to convey the impression that she or he is a landscape architect unless she or he is registered as provided in this part.

Section 37. Subsection (14) of section 489.503, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (24) is added to that section, to read:

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489.503 Exemptions.—This part does not apply to:

The sale of, installation of, repair of, alteration of, addition to, or design of electrical wiring, fixtures, appliances, thermostats, apparatus, raceways, computers, customer premises equipment, customer premises wiring, and conduit, or any part thereof, by an employee, contractor, subcontractor, or affiliate of a company operating under a certificate issued under chapter 364 or chapter 610, or under a local franchise or right-of-way agreement, if those items are for the purpose of transmitting data, voice, video, or other communications, or commands as part of a cable television, community antenna television, radio distribution, communications, or telecommunications system. An employee, subcontractor, contractor, or affiliate of a company that operates under a certificate issued under chapter 364 or chapter 610, or under a local franchise or right-of-way agreement, is not subject to any local ordinance that requires a permit for work related to low-voltage electrical work, including related technical codes, regulations, and licensure. The scope of this exemption is limited to electrical circuits and equipment

Page 40 of 41

governed by the applicable provisions of Articles 725 (Classes 2 and 3 circuits only), 770, 800, 810, and 820 of the National Electrical Code, current edition, or 47 C.F.R. part 68, and employees, contractors, and subcontractors of companies, and affiliates thereof, operating under a certificate issued under chapter 364 or chapter 610 or under a local franchise or right-of-way agreement. This subsection does not relieve any person from licensure as an alarm system contractor.

(24) A person who installs low-voltage landscape lighting that contains a factory-installed electrical cord with a plug and does not require installation, wiring, or a modification to the electrical wiring in a structure.

Section 38. Paragraphs (a) through (e) of subsection (2) of section 489.518, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as paragraphs (b) through (f), respectively, and a new paragraph (a) is added to that subsection to read:

489.518 Alarm system agents.-

(2) (a) A person who performs only sales or installations of wireless alarm systems, other than fire alarm systems, in a single-family residence is not required to complete the initial training required for burglar alarm system agents.

Section 39. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.