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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to insurer regulatory reporting;
3	creating s. 628.8015, F.S.; defining terms; requiring
4	an insurer to maintain a risk management framework;
5	requiring certain insurers and insurance groups to
6	conduct an own-risk and solvency assessment; providing
7	requirements for the preparation and submission of an
8	own-risk and solvency assessment summary report;
9	providing exemptions and waivers; requiring certain
10	insurers and members of an insurance group to prepare
11	and submit a corporate governance annual disclosure;
12	requiring the initial corporate governance annual
13	disclosure to be submitted to the Office of Insurance
14	Regulation by a specified date; authorizing the office
15	to require an insurer or insurance group to provide a
16	corporate governance annual disclosure before such
17	date under certain circumstances; specifying
18	requirements for preparing and annually filing the
19	corporate governance annual disclosure; specifying
20	privilege requirements and prohibitions for certain
21	filings and related documents; authorizing the office
22	to retain third-party consultants for certain
23	purposes; providing certain requirements for the
24	National Association of Insurance Commissioners or
25	third-party consultants in an agreement; authorizing
26	the Financial Services Commission to adopt rules;
27	amending s. 628.803, F.S.; revising provisions
28	relating to penalties to conform to the act; providing
29	for contingent repeal of the act; providing a
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30	contingent effective date.
31	
32	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
33	
34	Section 1. Section 628.8015, Florida Statutes, is created
35	to read:
36	628.8015 Own-risk and solvency assessment; corporate
37	governance annual disclosure
38	(1) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
39	(a) "Corporate governance annual disclosure" means a report
40	filed by an insurer or insurance group in accordance with this
41	section.
42	(b) "Insurance group" means insurers and affiliates
43	included within an insurance holding company system.
44	(c) "Insurer" has the same meaning as in s. 624.03.
45	However, the term does not include agencies, authorities,
46	instrumentalities, possessions, or territories of the United
47	States, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or the District of
48	Columbia; or agencies, authorities, instrumentalities, or
49	political subdivisions of a state.
50	(d) "Own-risk and solvency assessment" or "ORSA" means an
51	internal assessment, appropriate to the nature, scale, and
52	complexity of an insurer or insurance group, conducted by that
53	insurer or insurance group, of the material and relevant risks
54	associated with the business plan of an insurer or insurance
55	group and the sufficiency of capital resources to support those
56	risks.
57	(e) "ORSA guidance manual" means the own-risk and solvency
58	assessment guidance manual developed and adopted by the National

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59	Association of Insurance Commissioners.
60	(f) "ORSA summary report" means a high-level ORSA summary
61	of an insurer or insurance group, consisting of a single report
62	or combination of reports.
63	(g) "Senior management" means any corporate officer
64	responsible for reporting information to the board of directors
65	at regular intervals or providing information to shareholders or
66	regulators and includes, but is not limited to, the chief
67	executive officer, chief financial officer, chief operations
68	officer, chief risk officer, chief procurement officer, chief
69	legal officer, chief information officer, chief technology
70	officer, chief revenue officer, chief visionary officer, or any
71	other executive performing one or more of these functions.
72	(2) OWN-RISK AND SOLVENCY ASSESSMENT
73	(a) Risk management framework.—An insurer shall maintain a
74	risk management framework to assist in identifying, assessing,
75	monitoring, managing, and reporting its material and relevant
76	risks. An insurer may satisfy this requirement by being a member
77	of an insurance group with a risk management framework
78	applicable to the operations of the insurer.
79	(b) ORSA requirement.—Subject to paragraph (c), an insurer,
80	or the insurance group of which the insurer is a member, shall
81	regularly conduct an ORSA consistent with and comparable to the
82	process in the ORSA guidance manual. The ORSA must be conducted
83	at least annually and whenever there have been significant
84	changes to the risk profile of the insurer or the insurance
85	group of which the insurer is a member.
86	(c) ORSA summary report.—
87	1.a. A domestic insurer or insurer member of an insurance

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88 group of which the office is the lead state, as determined by 89 the procedures in the most recent National Association of 90 Insurance Commissioners Financial Analysis Handbook, shall: 91 (I) Submit an ORSA summary report to the office once every 92 calendar year. 93 (II) Notify the office of its proposed annual submission 94 date by December 1, 2016. The initial ORSA summary report must 95 be submitted by December 31, 2017. b. An insurer not required to submit an ORSA summary report 96 97 pursuant to sub-subparagraph a. shall: 98 (I) Submit an ORSA summary report at the request of the 99 office, but not more than once per calendar year. 100 (II) Notify the office of the proposed submission date 101 within 30 days after the request of the office. 102 2. An insurer may comply with sub-subparagraph 1.a. or sub-103 subparagraph 1.b. by providing the most recent and substantially similar ORSA summary report submitted by the insurer, or another 104 105 member of an insurance group of which the insurer is a member, 106 to the chief insurance regulatory official of another state or 107 the supervisor or regulator of a foreign jurisdiction. For 108 purposes of this subparagraph, a "substantially similar" ORSA 109 summary report is one that contains information comparable to 110 the information described in the ORSA guidance manual as 111 determined by the commissioner of the office. If the report is 112 in a language other than English, it must be accompanied by an 113 English translation. 114 3. The chief risk officer or chief executive officer of the 115 insurer or insurance group responsible for overseeing the

116 <u>enterprise risk management process must sign the ORSA summary</u>

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117	report attesting that, to the best of his or her knowledge and
118	belief, the insurer or insurance group applied the enterprise
119	risk management process described in the ORSA summary report and
120	provided a copy of the report to the board of directors or the
121	appropriate board committee.
122	4. The ORSA summary report must be prepared in accordance
123	with the ORSA guidance manual. Documentation and supporting
124	information must be maintained by the insurer and made available
125	upon examination pursuant to s. 624.316 or upon the request of
126	the office.
127	5. The ORSA summary report must include a brief description
128	of material changes and updates since the prior year report.
129	6. The office's review of the ORSA summary report must be
130	conducted, and any additional requests for information must be
131	made, using procedures similar to those used in the analysis and
132	examination of multistate or global insurers and insurance
133	groups.
134	(d) Exemption
135	1. An insurer is exempt from the requirements of this
136	subsection if:
137	a. The insurer has annual direct written and unaffiliated
138	assumed premium, including international direct and assumed
139	premium, but excluding premiums reinsured with the Federal Crop
140	Insurance Corporation and the National Flood Insurance Program,
141	of less than \$500 million; or
142	b. The insurer is a member of an insurance group and the
143	insurance group has annual direct written and unaffiliated
144	assumed premium, including international direct and assumed
145	premium, but excluding premiums reinsured with the Federal Crop

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146	Insurance Corporation and the National Flood Insurance Program,
147	of less than \$1 billion.
148	2. If an insurer is:
149	a. Exempt under sub-subparagraph 1.a., but the insurance
150	group of which the insurer is a member is not exempt under sub-
151	subparagraph 1.b., the ORSA summary report must include every
152	insurer within the insurance group. The insurer may satisfy this
153	requirement by submitting more than one ORSA summary report for
154	any combination of insurers if any combination of reports
155	includes every insurer within the insurance group.
156	b. Not exempt under sub-subparagraph 1.a., but the
157	insurance group of which it is a member is exempt under sub-
158	subparagraph 1.b., the insurer must submit to the office the
159	ORSA summary report applicable only to that insurer.
160	3. The office may require an exempt insurer to maintain a
161	risk management framework, conduct an ORSA, and file an ORSA
162	summary report:
163	a. Based on unique circumstances, including, but not
164	limited to, the type and volume of business written, ownership
165	and organizational structure, federal agency requests, and
166	international supervisor requests;
167	b. If the insurer has risk-based capital for a company
168	action level event pursuant to s. 624.4085(3), meets one or more
169	of the standards of an insurer deemed to be in hazardous
170	financial condition as defined in rules adopted by the
171	commission pursuant to s. 624.81(11), or exhibits qualities of
172	an insurer in hazardous financial condition as determined by the
173	office; or
174	c. If the office determines it is in the best interest of

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175	the state.
176	4. If an exempt insurer becomes disqualified for an
177	exemption because of changes in premium as reported on the most
178	recent annual statement of the insurer or annual statements of
179	the insurers within the insurance group of which the insurer is
180	a member, the insurer must comply with the requirements of this
181	section effective 1 year after the year in which the insurer
182	exceeded the premium thresholds.
183	(e) WaiverAn insurer that does not qualify for an
184	exemption under paragraph (d) may request a waiver from the
185	office based upon unique circumstances. If the insurer is part
186	of an insurance group with insurers domiciled in more than one
187	state, the office must coordinate with the lead state and with
188	the other domiciliary regulators in deciding whether to grant a
189	waiver. In deciding whether to grant a waiver, the office may
190	consider:
191	1. The type and volume of business written by the insurer.
192	2. The ownership and organizational structure of the
193	insurer.
194	3. Any other factor the office considers relevant to the
195	insurer or insurance group of which the insurer is a member.
196	
197	A waiver granted pursuant to this paragraph is valid until
198	withdrawn by the office.
199	(3) CORPORATE GOVERNANCE ANNUAL DISCLOSURE
200	(a) ScopeThis section does not prescribe or impose
201	corporate governance standards and internal procedures beyond
202	those required under applicable state corporate law or limit the
203	authority of the office, or the rights or obligations of third

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204	parties, under s. 624.316.
205	(b) Disclosure requirement.—
206	1.a. An insurer, or insurer member of an insurance group,
207	of which the office is the lead state regulator, as determined
208	by the procedures in the most recent National Association of
209	Insurance Commissioners Financial Analysis Handbook, shall
210	submit a corporate governance annual disclosure to the office by
211	June 1 of each calendar year. The initial corporate governance
212	annual disclosure must be submitted by December 31, 2018.
213	b. An insurer or insurance group not required to submit a
214	corporate governance annual disclosure under sub-subparagraph a.
215	shall do so at the request of the office, but not more than once
216	per calendar year. The insurer or insurance group shall notify
217	the office of the proposed submission date within 30 days after
218	the request of the office.
219	c. Before December 31, 2018, the office may require an
220	insurer or insurance group to provide a corporate governance
221	annual disclosure:
222	(I) Based on unique circumstances, including, but not
223	limited to, the type and volume of business written, the
224	ownership and organizational structure, federal agency requests,
225	and international supervisor requests;
226	(II) If the insurer has risk-based capital for a company
227	action level event pursuant to s. 624.4085(3), meets one or more
228	of the standards of an insurer deemed to be in hazardous
229	financial condition as defined in rules adopted pursuant to s.
230	624.81(11), or exhibits qualities of an insurer in hazardous
231	financial condition as determined by the office;
232	(III) If the insurer is the member of an insurer group of

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233	which the office acts as the lead state regulator as determined
234	by the procedures in the most recent National Association of
235	Insurance Commissioners Financial Analysis Handbook; or
236	(IV) If the office determines that it is in the best
237	interest of the state.
238	2. The chief executive officer or corporate secretary of
239	the insurer or the insurance group must sign the corporate
240	governance annual disclosure attesting that, to the best of his
241	or her knowledge and belief, the insurer has implemented the
242	corporate governance practices and provided a copy of the
243	disclosure to the board of directors or the appropriate board
244	committee.
245	3.a. Depending on the structure of its system of corporate
246	governance, the insurer or insurance group may provide corporate
247	governance information at one of the following levels:
248	(I) The ultimate controlling parent level;
249	(II) An intermediate holding company level; or
250	(III) The individual legal entity level.
251	b. The insurer or insurance group may make the corporate
252	governance annual disclosure at:
253	(I) The level used to determine the risk appetite of the
254	insurer or insurance group;
255	(II) The level at which the earnings, capital, liquidity,
256	operations, and reputation of the insurer are collectively
257	overseen and the supervision of those factors is coordinated and
258	exercised; or
259	(III) The level at which legal liability for failure of
260	general corporate governance duties would be placed.
261	

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262	An insurer or insurance group must indicate the level of
263	reporting used and explain any subsequent changes in the
264	reporting level.
265	4. The review of the corporate governance annual disclosure
266	and any additional requests for information shall be made
267	through the lead state as determined by the procedures in the
268	most recent National Association of Insurance Commissioners
269	Financial Analysis Handbook.
270	5. An insurer or insurance group may comply with this
271	paragraph by cross-referencing other existing relevant and
272	applicable documents, including, but not limited to, the ORSA
273	summary report, Holding Company Form B or F filings, Securities
274	and Exchange Commission proxy statements, or foreign regulatory
275	reporting requirements, if the documents contain information
276	substantially similar to the information described in paragraph
277	(c). The insurer or insurance group shall clearly identify and
278	reference the specific location of the relevant and applicable
279	information within the corporate governance annual disclosure
280	and attach the referenced document if it has not already been
281	filed with, or made available to, the office.
282	6. Each year following the initial filing of the corporate
283	governance annual disclosure, the insurer or insurance group
284	shall file an amended version of the previously filed corporate
285	governance annual disclosure indicating changes that have been
286	made. If changes have not been made in the previously filed
287	disclosure, the insurer or insurance group should so indicate.
288	(c) Preparation of the corporate governance annual
289	disclosure
290	1. The corporate governance annual disclosure must be

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291	prepared in a manner consistent with this subsection.
292	Documentation and supporting information must be maintained and
293	made available upon examination pursuant to s. 624.316 or upon
294	the request of the office.
295	2. The corporate governance annual disclosure must be as
296	descriptive as possible and include any attachments or example
297	documents used in the governance process.
298	3. The insurer or insurance group has discretion in
299	determining the appropriate format of the corporate governance
300	annual disclosure in communicating the required information and
301	responding to inquiries, provided that the corporate governance
302	annual disclosure includes material and relevant information
303	sufficient to enable the office to understand the corporate
304	governance structure, policies, and practices used by the
305	insurer or insurance group.
306	4. The corporate governance annual disclosure must describe
307	the:
308	a. Corporate governance framework and structure of the
309	insurer or insurance group.
310	b. Policies and practices of the most senior governing
311	entity and significant committees.
312	c. Policies and practices for directing senior management.
313	d. Processes by which the board, its committees, and senior
314	management ensure an appropriate amount of oversight to the
315	critical risk areas that have an impact on the insurer's
316	business activities.
317	(4) CONFIDENTIALITYThe filings and related documents
318	submitted pursuant to subsections (2) and (3) are privileged
319	such that they may not be produced in response to a subpoena or

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320	other discovery directed to the office, and any such filings and
321	related documents, if obtained from the office, are not
322	admissible in evidence in any private civil action. However, the
323	department or office may use these filings and related documents
324	in the furtherance of any regulatory or legal action brought
325	against an insurer as part of the official duties of the
326	department or office. A waiver of any applicable claim of
327	privilege in these filings and related documents may not occur
328	because of a disclosure to the office under this section,
329	because of any other provision of the Insurance Code, or because
330	of sharing under s. 624.4212. The office or a person receiving
331	these filings and related documents, while acting under the
332	authority of the office, or with whom such filings and related
333	documents are shared pursuant to s. 624.4212, is not permitted
334	or required to testify in any private civil action concerning
335	any such filings or related documents.
336	(5) USE OF THIRD-PARTY CONSULTANTSThe office may retain
337	third-party consultants at the expense of the insurer or
338	insurance group for the purpose of assisting it in the
339	performance of its regulatory responsibilities under this
340	section, including, but not limited to, the risk management
341	framework, the ORSA, the ORSA summary report, and the corporate
342	governance annual disclosure. The NAIC or a third-party
343	consultant must agree, in writing, to:
344	(a) Adhere to confidentiality standards and requirements
345	applicable to the office governing the sharing and use of such
346	filings and related documents as evidenced by specific
347	procedures and protocols for maintaining the confidentiality and
348	security of information shared with the NAIC or a third-party

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349	consultant pursuant to this section.
350	(b) Verify to the office, with notice to the insurer, that
351	the consultant is free of any conflict of interest.
352	(c) Monitor compliance with applicable confidentiality and
353	conflict of interest standards pursuant to a system of internal
354	procedures.
355	(d) Not store the information shared pursuant to this
356	section in a permanent database after the underlying analysis is
357	complete.
358	(e) Provide prompt notice to the office and to the insurer
359	or insurance group regarding any subpoena, request for
360	disclosure, or request for production of the insurer's filings
361	and related documents submitted pursuant to subsections (2) and
362	<u>(3).</u>
363	(f) Intervention by an insurer in any judicial or
364	administrative action in which the NAIC or a third-party
365	consultant may be required to disclose confidential information
366	about the insurer shared within the NAIC or a third-party
367	consultant pursuant to this section.
368	(6) RULE ADOPTIONThe commission may adopt rules to
369	administer this section.
370	Section 2. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 628.803,
371	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
372	628.803 Sanctions
373	(1) Any company failing, without just cause, to file any
374	registration statement or certificate of exemption required to
375	be filed pursuant to commission rules relating to this part <u>or</u>
376	to submit an ORSA summary report or a corporate governance
377	annual disclosure required pursuant to s. 628.8015 shall, in

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378	addition to other penalties prescribed under the Florida
379	Insurance Code, be subject to pay a penalty of \$100 for each
380	day's delay, not to exceed a total of \$10,000.
381	(4) If the office determines that any person violated s.
382	628.461 <u>,</u> or s. 628.801, <u>or s. 628.8015,</u> the violation may serve
383	as an independent basis for disapproving dividends or
384	distributions and for placing the insurer under an order of
385	supervision in accordance with part VI of chapter 624.
386	Section 3. Section 628.8015, Florida Statutes, and the
387	amendments made by this act to s. 628.803, Florida Statutes, are
388	repealed on October 2, 2021, unless, before that date, the
389	Legislature saves from repeal through reenactment the amendments
390	to s. 624.4212, Florida Statutes, made by SB 1416 or similar
391	legislation.
392	Section 4. This act shall take effect October 1, 2016, if
393	SB 1416 or similar legislation is adopted in the same
394	legislative session or an extension thereof and becomes a law.

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