By Senator Richter

effective date.

23-01541A-16 20161474\_\_\_ A bill to be entitled

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An act relating to damages recoverable for cost of medical or health care services; creating s. 768.755, F.S.; providing for the calculation of an award of damages for certain medical or health care services paid or owed by a claimant or a governmental or commercial insurance payor; providing that individual contracts between providers and licensed commercial insurers or licensed health maintenance organizations are not subject to discovery or disclosure and are not admissible into evidence in certain actions; providing that the amount of a lien or subrogation claim asserted by Medicaid, Medicare, or a payor regulated under the Florida Insurance Code for certain past medical expenses, in addition to the amount of copayments or deductibles payable by the claimant, is the maximum amount recoverable and admissible into evidence under certain circumstances; providing

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

of Law Revision and Information; providing an

Section 1. Section 768.755, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

applicability; providing a directive to the Division

768.755 Damages recoverable for cost of medical or health care services; evidence of amount of damages; applicability.—

(1) In any personal injury or wrongful death action to which this part applies, damages for the cost of medical or health care services provided to a claimant shall be calculated as follows:

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(a) For medical or health care services provided by a particular health care provider to the claimant which the claimant paid for and for which an outstanding balance is not due the provider, the actual amount remitted to the provider is the maximum amount recoverable. Any difference between the amount originally billed by the provider and the actual amount remitted to the provider is not recoverable or admissible into evidence.

- (b) For medical or health care services provided by a particular health care provider to the claimant which a governmental or commercial insurance payor paid for and for which an outstanding balance is not due the provider, other than a copay or deductible owed by the claimant, the actual amount remitted to the provider by the governmental or commercial insurance payor and any copay or deductible owed by the claimant are the maximum amount recoverable. Any difference between the amount originally billed by the provider and the actual amount remitted to the provider or due from the claimant for a copay or deductible is not recoverable or admissible into evidence.
- (c) For medical or health care services provided to the claimant for which an outstanding balance is claimed to be due the provider and for claims asserted for medical or health care services to be provided to the claimant in the future, the maximum amounts recoverable are the amounts customarily accepted from Medicaid in payment for such services by other providers in the same geographic area. This limitation also applies to any lien asserted for such services in the action, with the exception of liens identified in subsection (3).
  - (2) Individual contracts between providers and licensed

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commercial insurers or licensed health maintenance organizations are not subject to discovery or disclosure in an action under this part, and such information is not admissible into evidence in an action to which this section applies.

- (3) Notwithstanding this section, if Medicaid, Medicare, or a payor regulated under the Florida Insurance Code has covered or is covering the cost of a claimant's medical or health care services and has given notice of assertion of a lien or subrogation claim for past medical expenses in the action, the amount of the lien or subrogation claim, in addition to the amount of any copayment or deductible paid or payable by the claimant, is the maximum amount recoverable and admissible into evidence with respect to the covered medical or health care services.
- (4) This section applies only to those actions for personal injury or wrongful death to which this part applies arising on or after the effective date of this act. This section has no other application or effect regarding compensation paid to providers of medical or health care services.
- Section 2. The Division of Law Revision and Information is directed to replace the phrase "the effective date of this act" wherever it occurs in this act with the date the act becomes a law.
  - Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.