CS for SB 250

By the Committee on Judiciary; and Senator Lee

590-02644-16

2016250c1

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to parenting and time-sharing;
3	amending s. 61.13, F.S.; creating a presumption that
4	approximately equal time-sharing by both parents is in
5	the best interest of the child; revising a finite list
6	of factors that a court must evaluate when determining
7	whether the presumption of approximately equal time-
8	sharing is overcome; requiring a court order to be
9	supported by written findings of fact under certain
10	circumstances; prohibiting the modification of a
11	determination of parental responsibility, a parenting
12	plan, or a time-sharing schedule unless certain
13	determinations are made; providing an effective date.
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15	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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17	Section 1. Subsection (3) of section 61.13, Florida
18	Statutes, is amended to read:
19	61.13 Support of children; parenting and time-sharing;
20	powers of court
21	(3) For purposes of establishing or modifying parental
22	responsibility and creating, developing, approving, or modifying
23	a parenting plan, including a time-sharing schedule, which
24	governs each parent's relationship with his or her minor child
25	and the relationship between each parent with regard to his or
26	her minor child, the best interest of the child shall be the
27	primary consideration.
28	(a) Approximately equal time-sharing with a minor child by
29	both parents is presumed to be in the best interest of the
30	child. In determining whether the presumption is overcome, the
31	court shall evaluate the evidence based on A determination of
32	parental responsibility, a parenting plan, or a time-sharing

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590-02644-16 2016250c1 33 schedule may not be modified without a showing of a substantial, 34 material, and unanticipated change in circumstances and a 35 determination that the modification is in the best interests of 36 the child. Determination of the best interests of the child 37 shall be made by evaluating all of the factors affecting the 38 welfare and interests of the particular minor child and the 39 circumstances of that family, including, but not limited to: 40 1.(a) The demonstrated capacity or and disposition of each parent to facilitate and encourage a close and continuing 41 parent-child relationship, to honor the time-sharing schedule, 42 43 and to be reasonable when changes are required. 44 2.(b) The anticipated division of parental responsibilities 45 after the litigation, including the extent to which parental responsibilities will be delegated to third parties. 46 47 3.(c) The demonstrated capacity and disposition of each parent to determine, consider, and act upon the needs of the 48 49 child as opposed to the needs or desires of the parent. 50 4.(d) The length of time the child has lived in a stable, 51 satisfactory environment and the desirability of maintaining 52 continuity. 5.(e) The geographic viability of the parenting plan, with 53 54 special attention paid to the needs of school-age children and 55 the amount of time to be spent traveling to carry out effectuate 56 the parenting plan. This factor does not create a presumption 57 for or against relocation of either parent with a child. 6.(f) The moral fitness of the parents. 58 59 7.(q) The mental and physical health of the parents. 8.(h) The home, school, and community record of the child. 60 61 9.(i) The reasonable preference of the child, if the court

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590-02644-16 2016250c1 62 deems the child to be of sufficient intelligence, understanding, 63 and experience to express a preference. 64 10.(j) The demonstrated knowledge, capacity, or and 65 disposition of each parent to be informed of the circumstances 66 of the minor child, including, but not limited to, the child's 67 friends, teachers, medical care providers, daily activities, and 68 favorite things. 69 11.(k) The demonstrated capacity or and disposition of each 70 parent to provide a consistent routine for the child, such as 71 discipline, and daily schedules for homework, meals, and 72 bedtime. 73 12.(1) The demonstrated capacity of each parent to 74 communicate with the other parent and keep the other parent 75 informed of issues and activities regarding the minor child, and 76 the willingness of each parent to adopt a unified front on all 77 major issues when dealing with the child. 13. (m) Evidence of domestic violence, sexual violence,

78 <u>13.(m)</u> Evidence of domestic violence, sexual violence, 79 child abuse, child abandonment, or child neglect, regardless of 80 whether a prior or pending action relating to those issues has 81 been brought. If the court accepts evidence of prior or pending 82 actions regarding domestic violence, sexual violence, child 83 abuse, child abandonment, or child neglect, the court must 84 specifically acknowledge in writing that such evidence was 85 considered when evaluating the best interests of the child.

86 <u>14.(n)</u> Evidence that either parent has knowingly provided 87 false information to the court regarding any prior or pending 88 action regarding domestic violence, sexual violence, child 89 abuse, child abandonment, or child neglect.

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15. (o) The demonstrated capacity or disposition of each

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590-02644-16 parent to perform or ensure the performance of particular parenting tasks customarily performed by the other each parent and the division of parental responsibilities before the institution of litigation and during the pending litigation, including the extent to which parenting responsibilities were undertaken by third parties. 16.(p) The demonstrated capacity and disposition of each parent to participate and be involved in the child's school and extracurricular activities. 17.(q) The demonstrated capacity and disposition of each parent to maintain an environment for the child which is free from substance abuse. 18.(r) The capacity and disposition of each parent to protect the child from the ongoing litigation as demonstrated by not discussing the litigation with the child, not sharing documents or electronic media related to the litigation with the child, and refraining from disparaging comments about the other parent to the child. 19.(s) The developmental stages and needs of the child and the demonstrated capacity and disposition of each parent to meet the child's developmental needs. 20. The amount of time-sharing requested by each parent. 21. The frequency that a parent would likely leave the child in the care of a nonrelative on evenings and weekends when the other parent would be available and willing to provide care. 22.(t) Any other factor that is relevant to the

determination of a specific parenting plan, including the time-117 118 sharing schedule.

(b) A court order must be supported by written findings of

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

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120	fact if the order establishes an initial permanent time-sharing
121	schedule that does not provide for approximately equal time-
122	sharing.
123	(c) A determination of parental responsibility, a parenting
124	plan, or a time-sharing schedule may not be modified without a
125	determination that such modification is in the best interest of
126	the child and upon a showing of a substantial, material, and
127	unanticipated change in circumstances.
128	Section 2. This act shall take effect October 1, 2016.
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