By Senator Montford

3-00397-16 2016334

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to severe injuries caused by dogs; amending s. 767.13, F.S.; specifying circumstances under which a dog that has caused severe injury to a human may be returned to its owner rather than be destroyed; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (2) of section 767.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

767.13 Attack or bite by dangerous dog; penalties; confiscation; destruction.—

- (2) (a) If a dog that has not been declared dangerous attacks and causes severe injury to or death of any human, the dog shall be immediately confiscated by an animal control authority and, placed in quarantine, if necessary, for the proper length of time or held for 10 business days after the owner is given written notification under s. 767.12, and thereafter destroyed in an expeditious and humane manner. This 10-day time period shall allow the owner to request a hearing under s. 767.12. The owner is shall be responsible for payment of all boarding costs and other fees as may be required to humanely and safely keep the animal during any appeal procedure.
- (c), it shall be destroyed in an expeditious and humane manner.
- (c) If the death of a human has not occurred and the owner requests a hearing under s. 767.12, the hearing officer shall consider whether the severe injury was sustained by a person

3-00397-16 2016334

who, at the time, was unlawfully on the property or, while lawfully on the property, was tormenting, abusing, or assaulting the dog, its offspring, its owner, or a family member of the owner, or if the dog was protecting or defending a human within the immediate vicinity of the dog from an unjustified attack or assault. If any one of these factors is found, in lieu of ordering that the dog be destroyed under paragraph (b), the hearing officer may declare that the dog is a dangerous dog and impose the restrictions set forth in s. 767.12(2)-(4) and return the dog to its owner, or order that the dog be returned to the owner with no restrictions.

(d) In addition, if The owner of <u>a</u> the dog <u>described in</u> paragraph (a) who has had prior knowledge of the dog's dangerous propensities, yet <u>demonstrates</u> demonstrated a reckless disregard for such propensities under the circumstances, <u>commits</u> the owner of the dog is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.