1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to firesafety; amending s. 633.202, 3 F.S.; defining terms; revising provisions relating to 4 certain structures located on agricultural property 5 which are exempt from the Florida Fire Prevention 6 Code; requiring that certain structures used for 7 assembly, business, or mercantile activity be 8 classified; specifying that certain structures are 9 subject to annual inspection for classification; 10 providing classifications; revising certain dimensions of a tent that is exempt from the code; requiring that 11 12 the State Fire Marshal adopt rules; amending s. 633.208, F.S.; authorizing a local fire official to 13 consider a specified publication when identifying an 14 15 alternative to a firesafety code; providing an 16 effective date. 17 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 18 19 Subsection (16) of section 633.202, Florida 20 Section 1. 21 Statutes, is amended to read: 2.2 633.202 Florida Fire Prevention Code. -As used in this subsection, the term: 23 (16) (a) 24 "Agricultural pole barn" means a nonresidential farm 25 building in which 70 percent or more of the perimeter walls are

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permanently open and allow free ingress and egress.

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2. "Nonresidential farm building" has the same meaning as provided in s. 604.50.

- nonresidential farm building A structure, located on property that is classified for ad valorem purposes as agricultural, which is part of a farming or ranching operation, in which the occupancy is limited by the property owner to no more than 35 persons, and which is not used by the public for direct sales or as an educational outreach facility, is exempt from the Florida Fire Prevention Code, including the national codes and Life Safety Code incorporated by reference. This paragraph does not include structures used for residential or assembly occupancies, as defined in the Florida Fire Prevention Code.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an agricultural pole barn is exempt from the Florida Fire

 Prevention Code, including the national codes and the Life Safety Code incorporated by reference.
- (d) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a structure on a farm as defined in s. 823.14(3)(a) which is used by an owner for assembly, business, or mercantile activity must be classified in one of the following classes:
- 1. Class 1: A nonresidential farm building that is used by the owner 12 times per year or fewer for assembly, business, or mercantile activity with up to 100 persons occupying the structure at one time. This class is not subject to the Florida Fire Prevention Code.

2. Class 2: A nonresidential farm building that is used by the owner for assembly, business, or mercantile activity with up to 300 persons occupying the structure at one time. A structure in this class is subject to annual inspection for classification by the local authority having jurisdiction. This class is not subject to the Florida Fire Prevention Code.

- 3. Class 3: A new or an additional structure or facility constructed, or an existing structure, which is used primarily for housing, sheltering, or otherwise accommodating members of the general public. A structure or facility in this class is subject to annual inspection for classification by the local authority having jurisdiction. This class is subject to the Florida Fire Prevention Code.
- (e) The State Fire Marshal shall adopt rules to administer this section, including, but not limited to:
- 1. The use of alternative lifesafety and fire prevention standards for structures in Classes 1 and 2;
- 2. Notification and inspection requirements for structures in Class 2;
- 3. The application of the Florida Fire Prevention Code for structures in Class 3; and
- 4. Any other standards or rules deemed necessary in order to facilitate the use of structures for assembly, business, or mercantile activities.
- $\underline{\text{(17)}}$ (b) A tent up to $\underline{\text{900 square}}$ 30 feet by 30 feet is exempt from the Florida Fire Prevention Code, including the

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79 national codes incorporated by reference.

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Section 2. Subsection (5) of section 633.208, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

633.208 Minimum firesafety standards.-

With regard to existing buildings, the Legislature recognizes that it is not always practical to apply any or all of the provisions of the Florida Fire Prevention Code and that physical limitations may require disproportionate effort or expense with little increase in fire or life safety. Before Prior to applying the minimum firesafety code to an existing building, the local fire official shall determine whether that a threat to lifesafety or property exists. If a threat to lifesafety or property exists, the fire official shall apply the applicable firesafety code for existing buildings to the extent practical to ensure assure a reasonable degree of lifesafety and safety of property or the fire official shall fashion a reasonable alternative that which affords an equivalent degree of lifesafety and safety of property. The local fire official may consider the fire safety evaluation systems found in NFPA 101A: Guide on Alternative Approaches to Life Safety, adopted by the State Fire Marshal, as acceptable systems for the identification of low-cost, reasonable alternatives. The decision of the local fire official may be appealed to the local administrative board described in s. 553.73.

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Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.

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