	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate	•	House
Comm: WD	•	
02/04/2016		
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The Committee on Fiscal Policy (Bradley) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 381.986, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 381.986 Compassionate use of low-THC cannabis.-
- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Caregiver" means an individual who is 21 years of age or older, a permanent resident of the state, and registered with

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the Department of Health to assist a patient with the medical use of low-THC cannabis.

- (b) (a) "Dispensing organization" means an organization approved by the department to cultivate, process, and dispense low-THC cannabis pursuant to this section.
- (c) "Independent testing laboratory" means a laboratory, and the managers, employees, or contractors of the laboratory, which has no direct or indirect interest in a dispensing organization.
- (d) (b) "Low-THC cannabis" means a plant of the genus Cannabis, the dried flowers of which contain 0.8 percent or less of tetrahydrocannabinol and more than 10 percent of cannabidiol weight for weight; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted from any part of such plant; or any compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such plant or its seeds or resin that is dispensed only from a dispensing organization.
- (e) (c) "Medical use" means administration of the ordered amount of cannabis or low-THC cannabis. The term does not include:
 - 1. The possession, use, or administration by smoking.
- 2. The term also does not include The transfer of low-THC cannabis to a person other than the qualified patient for whom it was ordered or the qualified patient's caregiver legal representative on behalf of the qualified patient.
- 3. The use or administration of cannabis, low-THC cannabis, or low-THC cannabis products:
 - a. On any form of public transportation.
 - b. In any public place.
 - c. In a registered qualified patient's place of work, if

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restricted by his or her employer.

- d. In a correctional facility.
- e. On the grounds of any preschool, primary school, or secondary school.
 - f. On a school bus.
- (f) (d) "Qualified patient" means a resident of this state who has been added to the compassionate use registry by a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 to receive low-THC cannabis from a dispensing organization.
- (g) (e) "Smoking" means burning or igniting a substance and inhaling the smoke. Smoking does not include the use of a vaporizer.
- (2) PHYSICIAN ORDERING. -Effective January 1, 2015, A physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 who has examined and is treating a patient suffering from cancer or a physical medical condition that chronically produces symptoms of seizures or severe and persistent muscle spasms may order for the patient's medical use low-THC cannabis to treat such disease, disorder, or condition or to alleviate symptoms of such disease, disorder, or condition, if no other satisfactory alternative treatment options exist for that patient. A physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 may order cannabis for the use of patients as established in s. 499.0295. Before a physician orders cannabis or low-THC cannabis, and all of the following conditions must apply:
 - (a) The patient is a permanent resident of this state.
- (b) The physician determines that the risks of ordering cannabis or low-THC cannabis are reasonable in light of the potential benefit for that patient. For low-THC cannabis, if a

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patient is younger than 18 years of age, a second physician must concur with this determination, and such determination must be documented in the patient's medical record.

- (c) The physician registers as the orderer of cannabis or low-THC cannabis for the named patient on the compassionate use registry maintained by the department and updates the registry to reflect the contents of the order. The physician must also register the patient and the patient's caregiver. The physician shall deactivate the patient's and his or her caregiver's registrations registration when treatment is discontinued.
- (d) The physician maintains a patient treatment plan that includes the dose, route of administration, planned duration, and monitoring of the patient's symptoms and other indicators of tolerance or reaction to the cannabis or low-THC cannabis.
- (e) The physician submits the patient treatment plan quarterly to the University of Florida College of Pharmacy for research on the safety and efficacy of low-THC cannabis on patients.
- (f) The physician obtains the voluntary informed consent of the patient or the patient's legal guardian to treatment with cannabis or low-THC cannabis after sufficiently explaining the current state of knowledge in the medical community of the effectiveness of treatment of the patient's condition with low-THC cannabis, the medically acceptable alternatives, and the potential risks and side effects.
- (g) The physician is not a medical director employed by a dispensing organization.
 - (3) PENALTIES.-
 - (a) A physician commits a misdemeanor of the first degree,

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punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, if the physician orders cannabis or low-THC cannabis for a patient without a reasonable belief that the patient is suffering from:

- 1. Cancer or a physical medical condition that chronically produces symptoms of seizures or severe and persistent muscle spasms that can be treated with low-THC cannabis; -or
- 2. Symptoms of cancer or a physical medical condition that chronically produces symptoms of seizures or severe and persistent muscle spasms that can be alleviated with low-THC cannabis; or-
- 3. For the ordering of cannabis, a condition that meets the requirements specified in s. 499.0295.
- (b) Any person who fraudulently represents that he or she has cancer, or a physical medical condition that chronically produces symptoms of seizures or severe and persistent muscle spasms, or a condition that meets the requirements specified in s. 499.0295 to a physician for the purpose of being ordered cannabis or low-THC cannabis by such physician commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (c) A physician who orders cannabis or low-THC cannabis and receives compensation from a dispensing organization related to the ordering of cannabis or low-THC cannabis is subject to disciplinary action under the applicable practice act and s. 456.072(1)(n).
 - (4) PHYSICIAN EDUCATION.-
- (a) Before ordering low-THC cannabis for use by a patient in this state, the appropriate board shall require the ordering physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 to

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successfully complete an 8-hour course and subsequent examination offered by the Florida Medical Association or the Florida Osteopathic Medical Association that encompasses the clinical indications for the appropriate use of low-THC cannabis, the appropriate delivery mechanisms, the contraindications for such use, as well as the relevant state and federal laws governing the ordering, dispensing, and possessing of this substance. The first course and examination shall be presented by October 1, 2014, and shall be administered at least annually thereafter. Successful completion of the course may be used by a physician to satisfy 8 hours of the continuing medical education requirements required by his or her respective board for licensure renewal. This course may be offered in a distance learning format.

- (b) The appropriate board shall require the medical director of each dispensing organization approved under subsection (5) to successfully complete a 2-hour course and subsequent examination offered by the Florida Medical Association or the Florida Osteopathic Medical Association that encompasses appropriate safety procedures and knowledge of low-THC cannabis.
- (c) Successful completion of the course and examination specified in paragraph (a) is required for every physician who orders low-THC cannabis each time such physician renews his or her license. In addition, successful completion of the course and examination specified in paragraph (b) is required for the medical director of each dispensing organization each time such physician renews his or her license.
 - (d) A physician who fails to comply with this subsection

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and who orders low-THC cannabis may be subject to disciplinary action under the applicable practice act and under s. 456.072(1)(k).

- (5) DUTIES AND POWERS OF THE DEPARTMENT. By January 1, 2015, The department shall:
- (a) The department shall create a secure, electronic, and online compassionate use registry for the registration of physicians, and patients, and caregivers as provided under this section and s. 499.0295. The registry must be accessible to law enforcement agencies and to a dispensing organization in order to verify patient authorization for cannabis or low-THC cannabis and record the cannabis or low-THC cannabis dispensed. The registry must prevent an active registration of a patient or caregiver by multiple physicians.
- (b) The department shall establish a system for issuing and renewing patient and caregiver registration cards; establish the circumstances under which the cards may be revoked by, or must be returned to, the department; and establish fees to implement such system. The department must require, at a minimum, the registration cards to:
- 1. Provide the name, address, and date of birth of the patient or caregiver.
- 2. Have a full-face, passport-type, color photograph of the patient or caregiver taken within the 90 days before registration.
- 3. Identify whether the cardholder is a patient or caregiver.
- 4. List a unique numeric identifier for the patient or caregiver which is matched to the identifier used for such

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person in the department's compassionate use registry.

- 5. Provide the expiration date, which shall be 1 year after the date of the physician's initial order of low-THC cannabis.
- 6. For the caregiver, provide the name and unique numeric identifier of the patient that the caregiver is assisting.
 - 7. Be resistant to counterfeiting or tampering.
- (c) (b) The department shall authorize the establishment of five dispensing organizations to ensure reasonable statewide accessibility and availability as necessary for patients registered in the compassionate use registry and who are ordered low-THC cannabis under this section, one in each of the following regions: northwest Florida, northeast Florida, central Florida, southeast Florida, and southwest Florida. The department shall develop an application form and impose an initial application and biennial renewal fee that is sufficient to cover the costs of administering this section. An applicant for approval as a dispensing organization must be able to demonstrate:
- 1. The technical and technological ability to cultivate and produce low-THC cannabis. The applicant must possess a valid certificate of registration issued by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant to s. 581.131 that is issued for the cultivation of more than 400,000 plants, be operated by a nurseryman as defined in s. 581.011, and have been operated as a registered nursery in this state for at least 30 continuous years.
- 2. The ability to secure the premises, resources, and personnel necessary to operate as a dispensing organization.
 - 3. The ability to maintain accountability of all raw

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materials, finished products, and any byproducts to prevent diversion or unlawful access to or possession of these substances.

- 4. An infrastructure reasonably located to dispense low-THC cannabis to registered patients statewide or regionally as determined by the department.
- 5. The financial ability to maintain operations for the duration of the 2-year approval cycle, including the provision of certified financials to the department. Upon approval, the applicant must post a \$5 million performance bond.
- 6. That all owners and managers have been fingerprinted and have successfully passed a level 2 background screening pursuant to s. 435.04.
- 7. The employment of a medical director who is a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 to supervise the activities of the dispensing organization.
- (d) The department must inspect each dispensing organization's properties, cultivation facilities, processing facilities, and retail facilities before the organization begins operations and at least biennially upon renewal of the dispensing organization's approval. The department may conduct announced or unannounced inspections, including followup inspections, at reasonable hours in order to ensure that such property and facilities maintain compliance with this section and s. 499.0295 and to ensure that the dispensing organization has not committed any act that would endanger the health, safety, or security of a qualified patient, the dispensing organization staff, or the community in which the dispensing organization is located. Approval under this section constitutes

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permission for the department to enter and inspect the premises and facilities of any dispensing organization. The department may inspect any approved dispensing organization, and a dispensing organization must make all facility premises, equipment, documents, cannabis, low-THC cannabis, and low-THC cannabis products available to the department upon inspection.

- (e) The department must ensure that each dispensing organization adheres to the testing and labeling requirements for cannabis, low-THC cannabis, and low-THC cannabis products established in subsection (7). The department may test any cannabis, low-THC cannabis, or low-THC cannabis product in order to ensure that it is safe for human consumption and that it meets the requirements in this section and section 499.0295.
- (f)1. Subject to subparagraph 2., the department may impose an administrative penalty not to exceed \$10,000 for each instance of the following violations:
 - a. Violating this section, s. 499.0295, or department rule.
 - b. Failing to maintain qualifications for approval.
- c. Endangering the health, safety, or security of a qualified patient.
- d. Improperly disclosing personal and confidential information of the qualified patient.
- e. Attempting to procure a license by bribery or fraudulent misrepresentation.
- f. Being convicted or found guilty of, or entering a plea of nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, a crime in any jurisdiction which directly relates to the business of a dispensing organization.
 - g. Making or filing a report or record that the dispensing

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organization knows to be false.

- h. Willfully failing to maintain a record required by this section or a rule of the department.
- i. Willfully impeding or obstructing an employee or agent of the department in the furtherance of his or her official duties.
- j. Engaging in fraud or deceit, negligence, incompetence, or misconduct in the business practices of a dispensing organization.
- k. Making misleading, deceptive, or fraudulent representations in or related to the business practices of a dispensing organization.
- 1. Having a license or the authority to engage in any regulated profession, occupation, or business that is related to the business practices of a dispensing organization revoked, suspended, or otherwise acted against, including the denial of licensure, by the licensing authority of any jurisdiction, including its agencies or subdivisions, for a violation that would constitute a violation under state law. A licensing authority's acceptance of a relinquishment of licensure or a stipulation, consent order, or other settlement, offered in response to or in anticipation of the filing of charges against the license, shall be construed as an action against the license.
- m. Violating a lawful order of the department or an agency of the state, or failing to comply with a lawfully issued subpoena of the department or an agency of the state.
- 2. Before imposing an administrative penalty under this paragraph, the department shall provide to the dispensing

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organization notice of the alleged violation and allow 20 business days for the dispensing organization to take corrective action to cure the alleged violation and, if applicable, to implement corrective action to prevent a future violation. If the dispensing organization takes appropriate corrective action to cure the alleged violation and, if applicable, takes appropriate corrective action to prevent a future violation, the violation shall be deemed cured and an administrative penalty may not be imposed. If the violation is not cured, the department may impose an administrative penalty on the dispensing organization and may suspend, revoke, deny, or refuse to renew the approval of the dispensing organization.

- (q) The department shall renew the approval of a dispensing organization biennially if the dispensing organization meets the requirements of this section, pays the biennial renewal fee, and, if applicable, has cured each violation alleged under paragraph (f).
- (h) (c) The department shall monitor physician registration and ordering of cannabis and low-THC cannabis for ordering practices that could facilitate unlawful diversion or misuse of cannabis or low-THC cannabis and take disciplinary action as indicated.
- (i) (d) The department shall adopt rules necessary to implement this section.
 - (6) DISPENSING ORGANIZATION.-
- (a) An approved dispensing organization shall maintain compliance with the criteria demonstrated for selection and approval as a dispensing organization under subsection (5) at all times. Before dispensing low-THC cannabis to a qualified

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patient or his or her caregiver or cannabis to a patient or his or her caregiver who qualifies under the requirements in s. 499.0295, the dispensing organization shall verify that the patient or caregiver has an identification card for cannabis or low-THC cannabis issued by the department, active registration in the compassionate use registry, the order presented matches the order contents as recorded in the registry, and the order has not already been filled. Upon dispensing the cannabis or low-THC cannabis, the dispensing organization shall record in the registry the date, time, quantity, and form of cannabis or low-THC cannabis dispensed.

- (b) A dispensing organization may have cultivation facilities, processing facilities, and retail facilities.
- 1. All regulation of cultivation facilities and processing facilities is preempted to the state.
- 2. The cultivation facilities and processing facilities must be closed to the public.
- 3. A municipality may determine by ordinance the criteria for the number and location of, and other permitting requirements that do not conflict with state law or rule for, all retail facilities located within its municipal boundaries. A county may determine by ordinance the criteria for the number, location, and other permitting requirements that do not conflict with state law or rule for all retail facilities located within the unincorporated areas of that county.
- 4. Retail facilities must have all utilities and resources necessary to store and dispense cannabis, low-THC cannabis, and cannabis and low-THC cannabis products.
 - 5. Retail facilities must be secured and have theft-

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prevention systems, including an alarm system, cameras, and 24hour security personnel.

- 6. Before a retail facility may dispense cannabis, low-THC cannabis or a low-THC cannabis product, the dispensing organization must have a computer network compliant with the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 which is able to access and upload data to the compassionate use registry and which shall be used by all retail facilities operated by that dispensing organization.
- 7. Other than cannabis, low-THC cannabis, and cannabis and low-THC cannabis products, a dispensing organization may not dispense or sell any other type of retail product other than the paraphernalia required for the medical use of cannabis or low-THC cannabis in the form required on the physician's order for such cannabis.
- (c) Within 15 days after such information becomes available, a dispensing organization must provide the department with updated information, as applicable, including:
- 1. The location and a detailed description of any new or proposed facilities.
- 2. The updated contact information, including electronic and voice communication, for all dispensing organization facilities.
- 3. The registration information for any vehicles used for the transportation of cannabis, low-THC cannabis, and cannabis and low-THC cannabis products, including confirmation that all such vehicles have tracking and security systems.
- 4. A plan for the recall of any or all cannabis, low-THC cannabis, or cannabis and low-THC cannabis products.

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- 388 (d) To ensure the safe transport of cannabis and low-THC cannabis to dispensing organization facilities, laboratories, or 389 patients, the dispensing organization must: 390 391 1. Maintain a transportation manifest, which must be 392 retained for at least 1 year.
 - 2. Ensure only vehicles in good working order are used to transport low-THC cannabis.
 - 3. Lock cannabis and low-THC cannabis in separate compartments or containers within the vehicle.
 - 4. Require at least two persons to be in a vehicle transporting cannabis or low-THC cannabis, and require at least one person to remain in the vehicle while the cannabis or low-THC cannabis is being delivered.
 - 5. Provide specific safety and security training to employees transporting or delivering cannabis or low-THC cannabis.
 - (7) TESTING AND LABELING OF LOW-THC CANNABIS.-
 - (a) All cannabis, low-THC cannabis, and cannabis and low-THC cannabis products must be tested by an independent testing laboratory before the dispensing organization may dispense them. The independent testing laboratory shall provide the dispensing organization with test results. Before dispensing, the dispensing organization must determine that the test results indicate that the low-THC cannabis or low-THC cannabis product meets the definition of low-THC cannabis or low-THC cannabis product, that all cannabis and low-THC cannabis is safe for human consumption, and that all cannabis and low-THC cannabis is free from contaminants that are unsafe for human consumption.
 - (b) All cannabis, low-THC cannabis, and cannabis and low-

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417 THC cannabis products must be labeled before dispensing. The label must include, at a minimum: 418

- 1. For low-THC cannabis and low-THC cannabis products, a statement that the low-THC cannabis or low-THC cannabis product meets the requirements in paragraph (a);
- 2. The name of the independent testing laboratory that tested the cannabis, low-THC cannabis, or cannabis or low-THC cannabis product;
- 3. The name of the cultivation and processing facility where the cannabis, low-THC cannabis, or cannabis or low-THC cannabis product originates; and
- 4. The batch number and harvest number from which the cannabis, low-THC cannabis, or cannabis or low-THC cannabis product originates.
- (8) Persons who have direct or indirect interest in the dispensing organization and the dispensing organization's managers, employees, and contractors who directly interact with cannabis, low-THC cannabis, or cannabis or low-THC cannabis products are prohibited from ordering cannabis, low-THC cannabis, or cannabis or low-THC cannabis products, offering prescriptions, or providing medical advice to qualified patients.
 - $(9) \frac{(7)}{(7)}$ EXCEPTIONS TO OTHER LAWS.
- (a) Notwithstanding s. 893.13, s. 893.135, s. 893.147, or any other provision of law, but subject to the requirements of this section, a qualified patient and the qualified patient's caregiver legal representative may purchase and possess for the patient's medical use up to the amount of low-THC cannabis ordered for the patient.

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- (b) Notwithstanding s. 893.13, s. 893.135, s. 893.147, or any other provision of law, but subject to the requirements of this section, an approved dispensing organization and its owners, managers, and employees may manufacture, possess, sell, deliver, distribute, dispense, and lawfully dispose of reasonable quantities, as established by department rule, of low-THC cannabis. For purposes of this subsection, the terms "manufacture," "possession," "deliver," "distribute," and "dispense" have the same meanings as provided in s. 893.02.
- (c) An approved dispensing organization and its owners, managers, and employees are not subject to licensure or regulation under chapter 465 for manufacturing, possessing, selling, delivering, distributing, dispensing, or lawfully disposing of reasonable quantities, as established by department rule, of low-THC cannabis.

Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 499.0295, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (10) is added to that section, to read:

499.0295 Experimental treatments for terminal conditions.

- (2) As used in this section, the term:
- (b) "Investigational drug, biological product, or device" means:
- 1. A drug, biological product, or device that has successfully completed phase 1 of a clinical trial but has not been approved for general use by the United States Food and Drug Administration and remains under investigation in a clinical trial approved by the United States Food and Drug Administration; or
 - 2. Cannabis, as defined in s. 893.02, that is manufactured

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475 and sold by an approved dispensing organization as defined in s. 476 381.986.

- (10) (a) Notwithstanding s. 893.13, s. 893.135, s. 893.147, or any other law an eligible patient and the eligible patient's caregiver, as defined in s. 381.986, may purchase and possess cannabis, for the patient's medical use, as defined in s. 381.986, if:
 - 1. The patient meets all the requirements of this section;
- 2. The patient is added to the compassionate use registry established under s. 381.986 by a physician who has met the training requirements for ordering low-THC cannabis established in s. 381.986(4); and
- 3. All cannabis purchased and possessed by the patient and his or her caregiver is obtained from an approved dispensing organization as defined in s. 381.986.
- (b) Notwithstanding s. 893.13, s. 893.135, s. 893.147, or any other law, but subject to the requirements of this section, an approved dispensing organization and its owners, managers, employees and contractors may cultivate, manufacture, possess, sell, deliver, distribute, dispense, and lawfully dispose of cannabis as defined in s. 893.02.
- 1. Before dispensing cannabis to an eligible patient or his or her caregiver pursuant to this section, a dispensing organization must require the eligible patient or his or her legal caregiver to produce his or her identification card as issued by the Department of Health and must verify that the eligible patient has an active registration on the compassionate use registry.
 - 2. Before dispensing, all cannabis must be tested by an

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independent testing laboratory, as defined in s. 381.986(1)(b), and must meet all testing and labeling criteria established for low-THC cannabis in s. 381.986(7) and by the department in rule other than criteria regarding percentages of tetrahydrocannabinol or cannabidiol.

- 3. When manufacturing, selling, delivering, dispensing, distributing, and lawfully disposing of cannabis, as defined in s. 893.02, pursuant to this section an approved dispensing organization must meet all criteria established in s. 381.986 applicable to cultivating, manufacturing, selling, delivering, dispensing, distributing, and lawfully disposing of low-THC cannabis except that cannabis produced pursuant to this section is not restricted as to the amount of tetrahydrocannabinol or cannabidiol.
- (c) An approved dispensing organization as defined in s. 381.986 and its owners, managers, employees and contractors are not subject to licensure or regulation under chapter 465 or chapter 499 for manufacturing, possessing, selling, delivering, distributing, dispensing, or lawfully disposing of cannabis.
- (d) Notwithstanding s. 893.13, s. 893.135, s. 893.147, or any other law, but subject to the requirements of this section and s. 381.986, an independent testing laboratory and its employees may receive and possess cannabis for the sole purpose of testing the cannabis to ensure compliance with this section and s. 381.986(7).
- (e) As used in this subsection, the terms "manufacture," "possession," "deliver," "distribute," and "dispense" have the same meanings as provided in s. 893.02.
 - (f) This section does not impair the approval of a



dispensing organization under s. 381.986.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.

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536 ========= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =====:

And the title is amended as follows: 537

Delete everything before the enacting clause

539 and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to the medical use of cannabis; amending s. 381.986, F.S.; defining terms; restricting the use of cannabis and low-THC cannabis in certain areas; establishing that a physician may order cannabis for the use of certain patients; requiring physicians to register patients and their caregivers on the compassionate use registry; restricting dispensing organization medical directors from ordering cannabis and low-THC cannabis; specifying that cannabis may be ordered only for conditions that meet the requirements of s. 499.0295, F.S.; establishing a licensure violation for physicians who order cannabis or low-THC cannabis and receive compensation from a dispensing organization; requiring the Department of Health to establish a system for issuing identification cards to patients and caregivers; specifying what information must be included on the identification cards; requiring the department to inspect a dispensing organization's properties and facilities; requiring the department to ensure that each dispensing organization adheres to

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testing and labeling requirements for cannabis, low-THC cannabis, and low-THC cannabis products; establishing fines for violations; establishing violations for which fines may be imposed; requiring the department to provide 20 business days for a dispensing organization to cure a violation; allowing the department to impose an administrative penalty on, or suspend, revoke, or deny the approval of, a dispensing organization when violations are not cured; requiring the department to biennially renew the approval of a dispensing organization; specifying that dispensing organizations may have certain types of facilities; preempting the regulation of cultivation facilities and processing facilities to the state; requiring that cultivation facilities and processing facilities be closed to the public; allowing local governments to determine the location and other permitting requirements for retail facilities; placing certain requirements on retail facilities; restricting dispensing organizations from selling retail products other than paraphernalia required for the use of cannabis or low-THC cannabis as ordered; requiring dispensing organizations to update the department with certain information within 15 days; requiring dispensing organizations to meet specified requirements for the transportation of cannabis and low-THC cannabis; establishing testing and labeling requirements for cannabis and low-THC cannabis; making technical and conforming changes; amending s.

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499.0295, F.S.; revising the term "investigational drug, biological product, or device" to include cannabis, as defined in s. 893.02, F.S., under certain circumstances; authorizing certain patients to purchase and medically use cannabis under certain circumstances; allowing dispensing organizations to cultivate, manufacture, possess, sell, deliver, distribute, dispense, and lawfully dispose of cannabis under certain circumstances and when meeting certain criteria; exempting dispensing organizations and their owners, managers, employees and contractors from certain licensure requirements; exempting independent testing laboratories from criminal prohibitions for the purpose of testing cannabis; stating that certain terms are defined in s. 893.02, F.S.; clarifying that the provisions in the section do not impair the approval of a dispensing organization under 381.986, F.S.; providing an effective date.