The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepare	d By: The F	rofessional Staff	of the Committee	on Community A	ffairs	
BILL:	SB 550						
INTRODUCER:	Senator Dean						
SUBJECT:	Volunteer Rural Firefighting						
DATE:	ATE: February 9, 2016 REVISED:						
ANALYST		STAF	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION	
. Matiyow		Knudson		BI	Favorable		
2. Present		Yeatman		CA	Favorable		
3.				FP			

I. Summary:

SB 550 creates a Volunteer Rural Firefighter Certificate for volunteer firefighters who work for a firesafety provider located within a municipality with a population of fewer than 12,000 or a county with a population of fewer than 150,000. The bill requires the Division of State Fire Marshal to establish by rule courses and course examinations to provide training for the Volunteer Rural Firefighter Certificate. The required courses may not exceed 160 hours and must include emergency medical responder training.

II. Present Situation:

Division of the State Fire Marshal

State law on fire prevention and control is provided in ch. 633, F.S. Section 633.104, F.S., designates the Chief Financial Officer (CFO) as the State Fire Marshal, operating through the Division of the State Fire Marshal (Division). Pursuant to this authority, the State Fire Marshal regulates, trains, and certifies fire service personnel; investigates the causes of fires; enforces arson laws; regulates the installation of fire equipment; conducts firesafety inspections of state property; develops firesafety standards; provides facilities for the analysis of fire debris; and operates the Florida State Fire College. Additionally, the State Fire Marshal adopts by rule the Florida Fire Prevention Code, which contains or references all firesafety laws and rules regarding public and private buildings.²

The Division consists of the following four bureaus: the Bureau of Fire and Arson Investigations, the Bureau of Fire Standards and Training, the Bureau of Forensic Fire and Explosive Analysis,

¹ The head of the Department of Financial Services (DFS) is the Chief Financial Officer. The Division of the State Fire Marshal is located within the DFS.

² Section 633.202(1), F.S.

and the Bureau of Fire Prevention.³ The Florida State Fire College, part of the Bureau of Fire Standards and Training, trains over 6,000 students per year.⁴ The Inspections Section, under the Bureau of Fire Prevention, annually inspects more than 14,000 state-owned buildings and facilities.⁵ Over 1.8 million fire and emergency reports are collected every year.⁶ These reports are entered into a database to form the basis for the State Fire Marshal's annual report.⁷

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)

The National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) is an international nonprofit organization whose mission is to reduce the worldwide burden of fire and other hazards on the quality of life by providing and advocating consensus codes and standards, research, training, and education. Membership of the NFPA includes approximately 65,000 individuals from nearly 100 nations. NFPA publishes 300 codes and standards that are designed to minimize the risk and effects of fire by establishing criteria for building, processing, design, service, and installation in the United States, as well as many other countries. The NFPA has more than 200 technical codeand standard- development committees comprising over 6,000 volunteer seats. Volunteers vote on proposals and revisions in a process that is accredited by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI). Institute (ANSI).

Firefighters Employment, Standards, and Training Council

The Firefighters Employment, Standards, and Training Council (Council) is housed at the Department of Financial Services and consists of 14 members. Two members are fire chiefs appointed by the Florida Fire Chiefs Association; two members are firefighters who are not officers, appointed by the Florida Professional Firefighters Association; two members are firefighter officers who are not fire chiefs, appointed by the State Fire Marshal; one member is appointed by the Florida League of Cities; one member is appointed by the Florida Association of Counties; one member is appointed by the Florida Fire Marshal's Association; one member is appointed by the State Fire Marshal; and one member is a director or instructor of a state-certified firefighting training facility appointed by the State Fire Marshal.

The Council has special powers in connection with the employment and training of firefighters as it:

³ Division of State Fire Marshal, *Organization Charts*, available at http://www.myfloridacfo.com/Division/SFM/SFM Organizational Charts.htm (Last visited Feb. 4, 2016).

⁴ Division of State Fire Marshal, *About the Florida State Fire Marshal*, available at http://www.myfloridacfo.com/division/sfm/AbouttheStateFireMarshal.htm (Last visited Feb. 4, 2016).

⁵ *Id*.

⁶ *Id*.

⁷ *Id*

⁸ National Fire Protection Association, *NFPA Overview*, http://www.nfpa.org/about-nfpa/nfpa-overview (Last visited Feb. 4, 2016)

⁹ *Id*.

¹⁰ *Id*.

¹¹ *Id*.

¹² Section 633.402(1), F.S.

¹³ *Id*.

• Recommends for adoption by the Division, uniform minimum standards for the employment and training of firefighters and training of volunteer firefighters.

- Recommends for adoption by the Division, minimum curriculum requirements for schools
 operated by or for any fire service provider for the specific purpose of training firefighter
 trainees, firefighters, and volunteer firefighters.
- Recommends for adoption by the Division, on matters relating to the funding, general operation, and administration of the Bureau of Fire Standards and Training (Florida State Fire College), including, but not limited to, all standards, training, curriculum, and the issuance of any certificate of competency required by this chapter.
- Makes or supports studies on any aspect of firefighting employment, education, and training or recruitment.¹⁴

Curriculum Requirements for Volunteer Firefighters¹⁵

Volunteer firefighter training consists of Part I of the State of Florida Minimum Standards Course as required by ch. 633, F.S., and Florida Administrative Codes 69A-37 and 69A-62. The Part I training curriculum is a total of 206 hours. A significant portion of this training can be completed through both online and practical skill courses. The online courses can be taken in lieu of the traditional classroom lecture and satisfy most of the required academic objectives. The following academic components make up the Part I Minimum Standards Curriculum:

- Firefighter I Curriculum—consists of classroom and live fire based core training.
- National Incident Management System—focuses on the history, features, principles and organizational structure of Incident Command.
- Wildland Firefighter Training—curriculum and field exercises that address the basic skills
 required of all wildland firefighters who must understand the behavior and factors that affect
 the spread of wildfires.
- EMS First Responder—curriculum that is an introduction to basic life support and emergency care.

Volunteer firefighters who have successfully completed the Part I training are able to operate in the exclusionary or hot zone 16 and in an Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health environment.

Support Personnel¹⁷

Other volunteers who do not seek the level of training needed for a Volunteer Firefighters Certificate of Completion may still be members of a Volunteer Fire Department. These volunteers are known as Support Personnel. Support Personnel respond with volunteer firefighters and are part of the Volunteer Fire Department roster. Support Personnel serve a critical role in supporting any emergency response as long as they are always in a safe zone and

¹⁴ Section 633.402(9), F.S.

¹⁵ Guidelines for the Firefighter Part I Certificate of Completion Program (Volunteer Firefighter), Division of the State Fire Marshal, the Florida State Fire College, Revision 1.7, October 2012, available at http://www.myfloridacfo.com/Division/SFM/BFST/Documents/Guidelines_FFPartICertificateofCompletionProgram_Ver1.7. pdf (Last visited Feb. 4, 2016).

¹⁶ *Id.* Section 633.102(17), F.S., "Hot zone" means the area immediately around an incident where serious threat of harm exists, which includes the collapse zone for a structure fire.

¹⁷ *Id.*

are performing duties for which they have been "trained commensurate to duty." They can perform all activities that a fire service provider (Volunteer Fire Department) has trained an individual to perform safely outside the hot zone of an emergency scene, including pulling hoses, opening and closing fire hydrants, driving and operating apparatus, carrying tools, carrying or moving equipment, directing traffic, manning a resource pool, or similar activities. "Trained commensurate to duty" means that the person must have documented training in the specific task assigned or a combination of skills required to accomplish any series of tasks which may be assigned to that individual, given a set of conditions or circumstances that the individual may undertake. Anticipated special circumstances such as hazardous materials operations, technical rescue, and similar conditions or circumstances require additional training.

Application

After a candidate has completed the required coursework for a Volunteer Firefighter Certificate of Completion, they can apply for such certification from the Division provided that they meet all of the following statutory requirements:¹⁸

- Be a high school graduate or the equivalent as determined by the Division.
- Be at least 18 years of age.
- Not have been convicted of a misdemeanor relating to the certification or to perjury or false statements, or a felony or a crime punishable by imprisonment of 1 year or more under the law of the United States or of any state thereof or under the law of any other country, or dishonorably discharged from any of the Armed Forces of the United States. "Convicted" means a finding of guilt or the acceptance of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere, in any federal or state court or a court in any other country, without regard to whether a judgment of conviction has been entered by the court having jurisdiction of the case.
- Submit a set of fingerprints to the Division with a current processing fee. The fingerprints will be forwarded to the Department of Law Enforcement for state processing and forwarded by the Department of Law Enforcement to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for national processing.
- Have a good moral character as determined by investigation under procedure established by the Division.
- Be in good physical condition as determined by a medical examination given by a physician, surgeon, or physician assistant licensed to practice in the state pursuant to ch. 458, F.S.; an osteopathic physician, surgeon, or physician assistant licensed to practice in the state pursuant to ch. 459, F.S.; or an advanced registered nurse practitioner licensed to practice in the state pursuant to ch. 464, F.S. Such examination may include, but need not be limited to, the National Fire Protection Association Standard 1582. A medical examination evidencing good physical condition shall be submitted to the Division, on a form as provided by rule, before an individual is eligible for admission into a course under s. 633.408, F.S.
- Be a nonuser of tobacco or tobacco products for at least 1 year immediately preceding application, as evidenced by the sworn affidavit of the applicant.
- Pay an application fee.

¹⁸ Section 633.412, F.S.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 amends s. 633.102, F.S., to define the term "volunteer rural firefighter."

Section 2 amends s. 633.406, F.S., to create a Volunteer Rural Firefighter Certificate for volunteer firefighters who provide services for a fire service provider located within a municipality with a population of fewer than 12,000 or a county with a population of fewer than 150,000, and are in existence on July 1, 2016, or that were in existence at any time between July 1, 2000, and July 1, 2016, and subsequently reestablished after July 1, 2016.

Section 3 amends s. 633.408, F.S., to require the Division to establish by rule courses and course examinations to provide training for a volunteer rural firefighter certificate. The required courses may not exceed 160 hours and must include emergency medical responder training. By rule any courses successfully completed after July 1, 1970, which were credited towards a certificate under ch. 633, F.S., can be applied toward the required training.

Section 4 amends s. 633.414, F.S., to provide that in order for a volunteer rural firefighter to retain her or his Volunteer Rural Firefighter Certificate of Completion, every 4 years he or she must be active as a volunteer rural firefighter or successfully complete a refresher course consisting of a minimum of 40 hours of training as prescribed by rule. The term "active" means being employed as a firefighter or providing service as a volunteer firefighter or volunteer rural firefighter for a cumulative 6 months within a 4-year period.

Section 5 amends s. 633.416, F.S., to revise the conditions under which a fire service provider may retain the services of an individual volunteering to extinguish fires or to supervise individuals who perform such services. Individuals who perform such services in a municipality with a population of fewer than 12,000 or a county with a population of fewer than 150,000 and who hold a current and valid Volunteer Rural Firefighter Certificate of Completion or a current and valid Volunteer Firefighter Certificate of Completion are now eligible.

Section 6 provides an effective date of July 1, 2016.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A.	Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:
	None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Individuals who volunteer to work for a fire service provider located within a municipality with a population of fewer than 12,000 or a county with a population of fewer than 150,000 will be able to take fewer hours of training to be certified. This should result in a cost savings from the current requirements of a volunteer firefighter certificate.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The Division will have to adopt by rule up to 160 hours of course work needed for the Volunteer Rural Firefighter Certificate of Completion.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 633.102, 633.406, 633.408, 633.414 and 633.416.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.