A bill to be entitled

An act relating to municipal power regulation; amending s. 163.01, F.S.; requiring certain entities created under the Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969 to submit independently prepared financial statements for certain electric power projects to specified public entities; providing statement requirements; providing eligibility requirements for membership on the governing body of certain entities created under the Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969; amending s. 350.0611, F.S.; expanding the duties of the Public Counsel to include proceedings involving the Florida Municipal Power Agency; amending s. 366.02, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "public utility" to include the Florida Municipal Power Agency; defining the term "Florida Municipal Power Agency"; amending s. 366.04, F.S.; exempting the agency from regulation by the Public Service Commission for purposes of rates and service; providing an effective date.

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WHEREAS, The Florida Municipal Power Agency is a joint-use action agency created pursuant to a series of interlocal agreements with the state's municipalities to finance, acquire, contract, manage, and operate its own electric power projects or jointly accomplish the same purposes with other public or

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private utilities, and

WHEREAS, the Florida Municipal Power Agency is governed by a board of directors, consisting of one board member from each member municipality, which decides all issues concerning each project except for the "All-Requirements" power supply project, and

WHEREAS, the All-Requirements power supply project is governed by an executive committee, with each All-Requirements project member municipality that purchases power from the project appointing one executive committee member, and

WHEREAS, the Auditor General conducted an operational audit of the of Florida Municipal Power Agency and released Report No. 2015-165 to the Joint Legislative Auditing Committee on March 30, 2015, which included findings and recommendations, and

WHEREAS, the Auditor General found many of the Florida Municipal Power Agency's hedging activities to be inconsistent with other joint-use action agencies, leading to net losses of \$247.6 million over the past 12 fiscal years, and

WHEREAS, the Auditor General concluded that several of the Florida Municipal Power Agency's personnel and payroll administration activities may negatively affect future rates, including the Chief Executive Officer's employment contract that provides severance pay and lifetime benefits even if employment is terminated for cause, and

WHEREAS, the Florida Municipal Power Agency did not consistently follow its own procurement and competitive

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selection policies, one of which may increase the cost of future bond issues, and

WHEREAS, the Florida Municipal Power Agency's All-Requirements project agreement to curtail peak-shaving activities is primarily voluntary, relies on self-reporting, and contains no penalties for noncompliance, and

WHEREAS, certain All-Requirements project contract provisions relating to the withdrawal of members are ambiguous, use a fixed discount rate rather than one based on current capital costs, and do not provide for independent verification by a withdrawing member, and

WHEREAS, even though the Florida Municipal Power Agency is a governmental entity, many of the laws that apply to local governments do not apply to the agency, and

WHEREAS, the Florida Municipal Power Agency is not subject to any rate-setting authority, including by the Public Service Commission, and

WHEREAS, there exists a need to promote transparency and consistency and to increase public understanding and confidence in the operation of the Florida Municipal Power Agency by the member municipalities and the public, including those electric ratepayers who are not residents of the municipality supplying electric power but who are subject to a municipality that is receiving power from the agency, NOW, THEREFORE,

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Subsection (19) is added to section 163.01, Florida Statutes, to read:

163.01 Florida Interlocal Cooperation Act of 1969.-

- (19) (a) Any entity created pursuant to this section that supplies electricity through an interlocal agreement to its member municipalities shall annually submit to the Public Service Commission, the Public Counsel, and each member municipality that participates in the electric power project an independently prepared financial statement for each individual generation asset. The financial statement must include:
- 1. A balance sheet that reflects assets and liabilities associated with each generation asset, including the plant in service, accumulated additions and removals, net plant, depreciation, operations and maintenance expenses, allocations, and any other material asset and liability categories.
- 2. An income statement that reflects each generation asset's operational and financial activities for the reporting period, including revenues, expenses, gains, and losses. Any gains or losses from hedging activities associated with the generation asset shall be separately itemized.
- 3. A statement of cash flows that identifies changes in the generation asset's cash flows during the reporting period.
- 4. The current fair market value for each generation asset. The current fair market value shall be determined assuming the price that a willing buyer would pay a willing

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seller for the generation asset, with neither party being under any compulsion to buy or sell and both having reasonable knowledge of relevant facts, and assuming all risk of ownership, loss, and decommissioning, as applicable. The current fair market value statement shall include the overall fair market value of the generation asset as a whole and each member municipality's equity position net of the entity's debt, based on the current fair market generation asset value. The current fair market value statement shall include, after considering the market value of the generation assets, the net return of equity or the cost to exit the entity for each member municipality.

(b) To serve as a member of the governing body of an entity created pursuant to this section for the purpose of supplying electricity to its member municipalities, each member of the governing body must be an elected official from one of the entity's member municipalities. Current members of a governing body of such an entity who are not elected officials may continue to serve until expiration of their terms but no later than July 1, 2018.

Section 2. Section 350.0611, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

350.0611 Public Counsel; duties and powers.—It shall be the duty of the Public Counsel to provide legal representation for the people of the state in proceedings before the commission, and in proceedings before counties pursuant to s. 367.171(8), and in proceedings before the Florida Municipal

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<u>Power Agency</u>. The Public Counsel shall have such powers as are necessary to carry out the duties of his or her office, including, but not limited to, the following specific powers:

- the Florida Municipal Power Agency, by petition, the commencement of any proceeding or action or to appear, in the name of the state or its citizens, in any proceeding or action before the commission, or the counties, or the agency, and urge therein any position which he or she deems to be in the public interest, whether consistent or inconsistent with positions previously adopted by the commission, or the counties, or the agency, and utilize therein all forms of discovery available to attorneys in civil actions generally, subject to protective orders of the commission or the counties which shall be reviewable by summary procedure in the circuit courts of this state;
- (2) To have access to and use of all files, records, and data of the commission, or the counties, or the Florida

 Municipal Power Agency available to any other attorney representing parties in a proceeding before the commission, or the agency;
- (3) In any proceeding in which he or she has participated as a party, to seek review of any determination, finding, or order of the commission, or the counties, the Florida Municipal Power Agency, or of any hearing examiner designated by the commission, or the agency, in the name of the

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157 state or its citizens;

- (4) To prepare and issue reports, recommendations, and proposed orders to the commission, the Governor, and the Legislature on any matter or subject within the jurisdiction of the commission or the Florida Municipal Power Agency, and to make such recommendations as he or she deems appropriate for legislation relative to commission or agency procedures, rules, jurisdiction, personnel, and functions; and
- (5) To appear before other state agencies, federal agencies, and state and federal courts in connection with matters under the jurisdiction of the commission or the Florida Municipal Power Agency, in the name of the state or its citizens.

As used in this section, the term "Florida Municipal Power Agency" or "agency" has the same meaning as provided in s. 366.02.

Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 366.02, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (4) is added to that section, to read:

366.02 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:

(1) "Public utility" means every person, corporation, partnership, association, or other legal entity and their lessees, trustees, or receivers supplying electricity or gas (natural, manufactured, or similar gaseous substance) to or for the public within this state, including the Florida Municipal

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Power Agency. However, ; but the term "public utility" does not include either a cooperative now or hereafter organized and existing under the Rural Electric Cooperative Law of the state; a municipality or any agency thereof; any dependent or independent special natural gas district; any natural gas transmission pipeline company making only sales or transportation delivery of natural gas at wholesale and to direct industrial consumers; any entity selling or arranging for sales of natural gas which neither owns nor operates natural gas transmission or distribution facilities within the state; or a person supplying liquefied petroleum gas, in either liquid or gaseous form, irrespective of the method of distribution or delivery, or owning or operating facilities beyond the outlet of a meter through which natural gas is supplied for compression and delivery into motor vehicle fuel tanks or other transportation containers, unless such person also supplies electricity or manufactured or natural gas.

- (4) "Florida Municipal Power Agency" means the legal entity, or a successor entity, formed under s. 163.01 by interlocal agreement among municipalities.
- Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 366.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 366.04 Jurisdiction of commission.
- (1) In addition to its existing functions, the commission shall have jurisdiction to regulate and supervise each public utility with respect to its rates and service, except for the

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Florida Municipal Power Agency; assumption by it of liabilities or obligations as quarantor, endorser, or surety; and the issuance and sale of its securities, except a security which is a note or draft maturing not more than 1 year after the date of such issuance and sale and aggregating (together with all other then-outstanding notes and drafts of a maturity of 1 year or less on which such public utility is liable) not more than 5 percent of the par value of the other securities of the public utility then outstanding. In the case of securities having no par value, the par value for the purpose of this section shall be the fair market value as of the date of issue. The commission, upon application by a public utility, may authorize the utility to issue and sell securities of one or more offerings, or of one or more types, over a period of up to 12 months; or, if the securities are notes or drafts maturing not more than 1 year after the date of issuance and sale, the commission, upon such application, may authorize the utility to issue and sell such securities over a period of up to 24 months. The commission may take final action to grant an application by a public utility to issue and sell securities or to assume liabilities or obligations after having given notice in the Florida Administrative Register published at least 7 days in advance of final agency action. In taking final action on such application, the commission may deny authorization for the issuance or sale of a security or assumption of a liability or obligation if the security, liability, or obligation is for

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nonutility purposes; and shall deny authorization for the issuance or sale of a security or assumption of a liability or obligation if the financial viability of the public utility is adversely affected such that the public utility's ability to provide reasonable service at reasonable rates is jeopardized. Securities issued by a public utility or liabilities or obligations assumed by a public utility as guarantor, endorser, or surety pursuant to an order of the commission, which order is certified by the clerk of the commission and which order approves or authorizes the issuance and sale of such securities or the assumption of such liabilities or obligations, shall not be invalidated by a modification, repeal, or amendment to that order or by a supplemental order; however, the commission's approval of the issuance of securities or the assumption of liabilities or obligations shall constitute approval only as to the legality of the issue or assumption, and in no way shall it be considered commission approval of the rates, service, accounts, valuation, estimates, or determinations of cost or any other such matter. The jurisdiction conferred upon the commission shall be exclusive and superior to that of all other boards, agencies, political subdivisions, municipalities, towns, villages, or counties, and, in case of conflict therewith, all lawful acts, orders, rules, and regulations of the commission shall in each instance prevail. Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2016.

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