LEGISLATIVE ACTION Senate House Comm: WD 02/01/2016

The Committee on Criminal Justice (Brandes) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Present subsections (5) through (9) of section 11.045, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (6) through (10), respectively, a new subsection (5) is added to that section, and present subsection (8) of that section is amended, to read:

11.045 Lobbying before the Legislature; registration and

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reporting; exemptions; penalties.-

- (5) (a) For purposes of this subsection, the term:
- 1. "Lobbying activities" means any action designed to support, oppose, or influence proposed legislation or proposed legislative action. The term includes, but is not limited to, any verbal, written, or electronic communication with any legislator or legislative employee undertaken for the purpose of directly or indirectly supporting, opposing, or influencing legislation or requesting proposed legislation to be filed.
- 2. "Proposed legislation" includes, but is not limited to, policies, ideas, issues, concepts, or statutory language that is presently, or may at some future point be, reflected in or impacted by a bill, a memorial, a resolution, a compact, or an appropriation.
- 3. "Proposed legislative action" means any action by a constituent entity of the Legislature, including, but not limited to, the houses of the Legislature, a joint office, and a joint committee.
- (b) Each house of the Legislature shall provide reporting requirements by rule requiring each lobbying firm to file a monthly report with the office. The report must include:
- 1. The full name, business address, and telephone number of the lobbying firm.
 - 2. The name of each of the lobbying firm's lobbyists.
- 3. A list detailing the lobbying firm's lobbying activities during the reporting period. The list must itemize:
- a. The proposed legislation or proposed legislative action that the lobbying firm has attempted to support, oppose, or influence;



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- c. Each principal on behalf of whom the lobbying firm has acted; and
- d. If the proposed legislation included an appropriation or was an appropriation, the intended recipient of the appropriation.
- (c) For purposes of the reporting requirement provided in this subsection, the reports must identify proposed legislation by referencing any legislatively assigned identifying numbers, including, but not limited to, bill numbers, amendment barcode numbers, or specific appropriation numbers. If the proposed legislation does not have an identifying number assigned, the report must include a description of the subject matter of the proposed legislation, whether the lobbying firm is supporting or opposing the proposed legislation and, if seeking to modify the proposed legislation, how the lobbying firm's modification would alter the proposal.
- (d) The reports shall be filed even if the reporting lobbying firm did not engage in any lobbying activities requiring disclosure, in which the report shall be marked "not applicable."
- (e) The reports shall be filed with the office by electronic means no later than 7 business days after the end of the preceding month. The reports shall be rendered in the identical form provided by the respective houses and shall be open to public inspection.
- (f) Each house of the Legislature shall provide by rule, or both houses may provide by joint rule, a procedure by which a lobbying firm that fails to timely file a report is notified and

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assessed fines. The rule must provide the following:

- 1. Upon determining that the report is late, the person designated to review the timeliness of reports shall immediately notify the lobbying firm as to the failure to timely file the report and that a fine is being assessed for each late day. The fine shall be \$50 per day per report for each late day, not to exceed \$5,000 per report.
- 2. Upon receipt of the report, the person designated to review the timeliness of reports shall determine the amount of the fine due based upon when a report is actually received by the office.
- 3. Such fine must be paid within 30 days after the notice of payment due is transmitted by the office, unless appeal is made to the office. The moneys shall be deposited into the Legislative Lobbyist Registration Trust Fund.
- 4. A fine may not be assessed against a lobbying firm the first time any reports for which the lobbying firm is responsible are not timely filed. However, to receive the onetime fine waiver, all reports for which the lobbying firm is responsible must be filed within 30 days after notice that any reports have not been timely filed is transmitted by the Lobbyist Registration Office. A fine shall be assessed for any subsequent late-filed reports.
- 5. Any lobbying firm may appeal or dispute a fine, based upon unusual circumstances surrounding the failure to file on the designated due date, and may request and is entitled to a hearing before the General Counsel of the Office of Legislative Services, who shall recommend to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, or their respective

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designees, that the fine be waived in whole or in part for good cause shown. The President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, or their respective designees, may concur in the recommendation and waive the fine in whole or in part. Any such request must be made within 30 days after the notice of payment due is transmitted by the office. In such case, the lobbying firm shall, within the 30-day period, notify the person designated to review the timeliness of reports in writing of his or her intention to request a hearing.

- 6. A lobbying firm may request that the filing of a report be waived upon good cause shown, based on unusual circumstances. The request must be filed with the General Counsel of the Office of Legislative Services, who shall make a recommendation concerning the waiver request to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives may grant or deny the request.
- 7. All lobbyist registrations for lobbyists who are partners, owners, officers, or employees of a lobbying firm that fails to timely pay a fine are automatically suspended until the fine is paid or waived, and the office shall promptly notify all affected principals of any suspension or reinstatement.
- 8. The person designated to review the timeliness of reports shall notify the coordinator of the office of the failure of a lobbying firm to file a report after notice or of the failure of a lobbying firm to pay the fine imposed.
- (9) (8) Any person required to be registered or to provide information pursuant to this section or pursuant to rules established in conformity with this section who knowingly fails

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to disclose any material fact required by this section or by rules established in conformity with this section, or who knowingly provides false information on any report required by this section or by rules established in conformity with this section, commits a noncriminal infraction, punishable by a fine not to exceed \$5,000. Such penalty shall be in addition to any other penalty assessed by a house of the Legislature pursuant to subsection (8) $\frac{(7)}{}$.

Section 2. Subsection (2) of section 11.40, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 11.40 Legislative Auditing Committee.-
- (2) Following notification by the Auditor General, the Department of Financial Services, or the Division of Bond Finance of the State Board of Administration, the Governor or his or her designee, or the Commissioner of Education or his or her designee of the failure of a local governmental entity, district school board, charter school, or charter technical career center to comply with the applicable provisions within s. 11.45(5)-(7), s. 218.32(1), s. 218.38, or s. 218.503(3), the Legislative Auditing Committee may schedule a hearing to determine if the entity should be subject to further state action. If the committee determines that the entity should be subject to further state action, the committee shall:
- (a) In the case of a local governmental entity or district school board, direct the Department of Revenue and the Department of Financial Services to withhold any funds not pledged for bond debt service satisfaction which are payable to such entity until the entity complies with the law. The committee shall specify the date that such action must shall

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begin, and the directive must be received by the Department of Revenue and the Department of Financial Services 30 days before the date of the distribution mandated by law. The Department of Revenue and the Department of Financial Services may implement the provisions of this paragraph.

- (b) In the case of a special district created by:
- 1. A special act, notify the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the standing committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives charged with special district oversight as determined by the presiding officers of each respective chamber, the legislators who represent a portion of the geographical jurisdiction of the special district pursuant to s. 189.034(2), and the Department of Economic Opportunity that the special district has failed to comply with the law. Upon receipt of notification, the Department of Economic Opportunity shall proceed pursuant to s. 189.062 or s. 189.067. If the special district remains in noncompliance after the process set forth in s. 189.034(3), or if a public hearing is not held, the Legislative Auditing Committee may request the department to proceed pursuant to s. 189.067(3).
- 2. A local ordinance, notify the chair or equivalent of the local general-purpose government pursuant to s. 189.035(2) and the Department of Economic Opportunity that the special district has failed to comply with the law. Upon receipt of notification, the department shall proceed pursuant to s. 189.062 or s. 189.067. If the special district remains in noncompliance after the process set forth in s. 189.034(3), or if a public hearing is not held, the Legislative Auditing Committee may request the

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department to proceed pursuant to s. 189.067(3).

- 3. Any manner other than a special act or local ordinance, notify the Department of Economic Opportunity that the special district has failed to comply with the law. Upon receipt of notification, the department shall proceed pursuant to s. 189.062 or s. 189.067(3).
- (c) In the case of a charter school or charter technical career center, notify the appropriate sponsoring entity, which may terminate the charter pursuant to ss. 1002.33 and 1002.34.

Section 3. Subsection (1), paragraph (j) of subsection (2), paragraph (u) of subsection (3), and paragraph (i) of subsection (7) of section 11.45, Florida Statutes, are amended, and paragraph (x) is added to subsection (3) of that section, to read:

- 11.45 Definitions; duties; authorities; reports; rules.-
- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in ss. 11.40-11.51, the term:
- (a) "Abuse" means behavior that is deficient or improper when compared with behavior that a prudent person would consider a reasonable and necessary operational practice given the facts and circumstances. The term includes the misuse of authority or position for personal gain.
- (b) (a) "Audit" means a financial audit, operational audit, or performance audit.
- (c) (b) "County agency" means a board of county commissioners or other legislative and governing body of a county, however styled, including that of a consolidated or metropolitan government, a clerk of the circuit court, a separate or ex officio clerk of the county court, a sheriff, a property appraiser, a tax collector, a supervisor of elections,

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or any other officer in whom any portion of the fiscal duties of a body or officer expressly stated in this paragraph are the above are under law separately placed by law.

- (d) (c) "Financial audit" means an examination of financial statements in order to express an opinion on the fairness with which they are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and an examination to determine whether operations are properly conducted in accordance with legal and regulatory requirements. Financial audits must be conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and government auditing standards as adopted by the Board of Accountancy. When applicable, the scope of financial audits must shall encompass the additional activities necessary to establish compliance with the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996, 31 U.S.C. ss. 7501-7507, and other applicable federal law.
- (e) "Fraud" means obtaining something of value through willful misrepresentation, including, but not limited to, the intentional misstatements or omissions of amounts or disclosures in financial statements to deceive users of financial statements, theft of an entity's assets, bribery, or the use of one's position for personal enrichment through the deliberate misuse or misapplication of an organization's resources.
- (f) (d) "Governmental entity" means a state agency, a county agency, or any other entity, however styled, that independently exercises any type of state or local governmental function.
- (g) (e) "Local governmental entity" means a county agency, municipality, tourist development council, county tourism promotion agency, or special district as defined in s. 189.012.

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The term, but does not include any housing authority established under chapter 421.

(h) (f) "Management letter" means a statement of the auditor's comments and recommendations.

(i) (g) "Operational audit" means an audit whose purpose is to evaluate management's performance in establishing and maintaining internal controls, including controls designed to prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse, and in administering assigned responsibilities in accordance with applicable laws, administrative rules, contracts, grant agreements, and other quidelines. Operational audits must be conducted in accordance with government auditing standards. Such audits examine internal controls that are designed and placed in operation to promote and encourage the achievement of management's control objectives in the categories of compliance, economic and efficient operations, reliability of financial records and reports, and safeguarding of assets, and identify weaknesses in those internal controls.

(j) (h) "Performance audit" means an examination of a program, activity, or function of a governmental entity, conducted in accordance with applicable government auditing standards or auditing and evaluation standards of other appropriate authoritative bodies. The term includes an examination of issues related to:

- 1. Economy, efficiency, or effectiveness of the program.
- 2. Structure or design of the program to accomplish its goals and objectives.
- 3. Adequacy of the program to meet the needs identified by the Legislature or governing body.

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- 272 4. Alternative methods of providing program services or 273 products.
 - 5. Goals, objectives, and performance measures used by the agency to monitor and report program accomplishments.
 - 6. The accuracy or adequacy of public documents, reports, or requests prepared under the program by state agencies.
 - 7. Compliance of the program with appropriate policies, rules, or laws.
 - 8. Any other issues related to governmental entities as directed by the Legislative Auditing Committee.
 - (k) (i) "Political subdivision" means a separate agency or unit of local government created or established by law and includes, but is not limited to, the following and the officers thereof: authority, board, branch, bureau, city, commission, consolidated government, county, department, district, institution, metropolitan government, municipality, office, officer, public corporation, town, or village.
 - (1) (i) "State agency" means a separate agency or unit of state government created or established by law and includes, but is not limited to, the following and the officers thereof: authority, board, branch, bureau, commission, department, division, institution, office, officer, or public corporation, as the case may be, except any such agency or unit within the legislative branch of state government other than the Florida Public Service Commission.
 - (m) "Waste" means the act of using or expending resources unreasonably, carelessly, extravagantly, or for no useful purpose.
 - (2) DUTIES.—The Auditor General shall:



(j) Conduct audits of local governmental entities when determined to be necessary by the Auditor General, when directed by the Legislative Auditing Committee, or when otherwise required by law. No later than 18 months after the release of the audit report, the Auditor General shall perform such appropriate followup procedures as he or she deems necessary to determine the audited entity's progress in addressing the findings and recommendations contained within the Auditor General's previous report. The Auditor General shall notify each member of the audited entity's governing body and the Legislative Auditing Committee of the results of his or her determination. For purposes of this paragraph, local governmental entities do not include water management districts.

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The Auditor General shall perform his or her duties independently but under the general policies established by the Legislative Auditing Committee. This subsection does not limit the Auditor General's discretionary authority to conduct other audits or engagements of governmental entities as authorized in subsection (3).

- (3) AUTHORITY FOR AUDITS AND OTHER ENGAGEMENTS.—The Auditor General may, pursuant to his or her own authority, or at the direction of the Legislative Auditing Committee, conduct audits or other engagements as determined appropriate by the Auditor General of:
 - (u) The Florida Virtual School pursuant to s. 1002.37.
- (x) Tourist development councils and county tourism promotion agencies.
 - (7) AUDITOR GENERAL REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.-

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(i) The Auditor General shall annually transmit by July 15, to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Department of Financial Services, a list of all school districts, charter schools, charter technical career centers, Florida College System institutions, state universities, and local governmental entities water management districts that have failed to comply with the transparency requirements as identified in the audit reports reviewed pursuant to paragraph (b) and those conducted pursuant to subsection (2). Section 4. Section 20.602, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 20.602 Standards of conduct; officers and board members of Department of Economic Opportunity corporate entities.-(1) The following officers and board members are subject to

- ss. 112.313(1)-(8), (10), (12), and (15); 112.3135; and 112.3143(2):
 - (a) Officers and members of the board of directors of:
 - 1. Any corporation created under chapter 288;
 - 2. Space Florida;
- 3. CareerSource Florida, Inc., or the programs or entities created by CareerSource Florida, Inc., pursuant to s. 445.004;
 - 4. The Florida Housing Finance Corporation; or
- 5. Any other corporation created by the Department of Economic Opportunity in accordance with its powers and duties under s. 20.60.
- (b) Officers and members of the board of <u>directors of a</u> corporate parent or subsidiary corporation of a corporation described in paragraph (a).

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- (c) Officers and members of the board of directors of a corporation created to carry out the missions of a corporation described in paragraph (a). (d) Officers and members of the board of directors of a corporation with which a corporation described in paragraph (a) is required by law to contract with to carry out its missions. (2) For purposes of applying ss. 112.313(1)-(8), (10),
- (12), and (15); 112.3135; and 112.3143(2) to activities of the officers and members of the board of directors specified in subsection (1), those persons shall be considered public officers or employees and the corporation shall be considered their agency.
- (3) For a period of 2 years after retirement from or termination of service, or for a period of 10 years if removed or terminated for cause or for misconduct, as defined in s. 443.036(29), an officer or a member of the board of directors specified in subsection (1) may not represent another person or entity for compensation before:
 - (a) His or her corporation;
- (b) A division, a subsidiary, or the board of directors of a corporation created to carry out the mission of his or her corporation; or
- (c) A corporation with which the corporation is required by law to contract to carry out its missions.
- (4) This section does not supersede any additional or more stringent standards of conduct applicable to an officer or a member of the board of directors of an entity specified in subsection (1) prescribed by any other provision of law.

Section 5. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section

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28.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

28.35 Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation.-

(2) The duties of the corporation shall include the following:

- (d) Developing and certifying a uniform system of workload measures and applicable workload standards for court-related functions as developed by the corporation and clerk workload performance in meeting the workload performance standards. These workload measures and workload performance standards shall be designed to facilitate an objective determination of the performance of each clerk in accordance with minimum standards for fiscal management, operational efficiency, and effective collection of fines, fees, service charges, and court costs. The corporation shall develop the workload measures and workload performance standards in consultation with the Legislature. When the corporation finds a clerk has not met the workload performance standards, the corporation shall identify the nature of each deficiency and any corrective action recommended and taken by the affected clerk of the court. For quarterly periods ending on the last day of March, June, September, and December of each year, the corporation shall notify the Legislature of any clerk not meeting workload performance standards and provide a copy of any corrective action plans. Such notifications shall be submitted no later than 45 days after the end of the preceding quarterly period. As used in this subsection, the term:
- 1. "Workload measures" means the measurement of the activities and frequency of the work required for the clerk to adequately perform the court-related duties of the office as

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defined by the membership of the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation.

- 2. "Workload performance standards" means the standards developed to measure the timeliness and effectiveness of the activities that are accomplished by the clerk in the performance of the court-related duties of the office as defined by the membership of the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation.
- Section 6. Present subsections (6) and (7) of section 43.16, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (7) and (8), respectively, and a new subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:
- 43.16 Justice Administrative Commission; membership, powers and duties.-
- (6) The commission, each state attorney, each public defender, the criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, the capital collateral regional counsel, and the Guardian Ad Litem Program shall establish and maintain internal controls designed to:
 - (a) Prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse.
- (b) Promote and encourage compliance with applicable laws, rules, contracts, grant agreements, and best practices.
 - (c) Support economical and efficient operations.
 - (d) Ensure reliability of financial records and reports.
 - (e) Safeguard assets.
- 442 Section 7. Section 112.3126, Florida Statutes, is created 443 to read:
 - 112.3126 Employment restrictions; legislators.
 - (1) As used in this section, the term "private entity"

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means any nongovernmental entity, such as a corporation, partnership, company or nonprofit organization, any other legal entity, or any natural person.

- (2) (a) A member of, or candidate for, the Legislature may not accept employment with a private entity that directly receives funding through state revenues appropriated by the General Appropriations Act if he or she knows, or with the exercise of reasonable care should know, that the position is being offered by the employer for the purpose of gaining influence or other advantage based on the legislator's office or candidacy. Any employment with a private entity that directly receives funding through state revenues appropriated by the General Appropriations Act accepted by a member or candidate must meet all of the following conditions:
- 1. The position was already in existence or was created by the employer without the knowledge or anticipation of the legislator's interest in such position;
 - 2. The position was open to other applicants;
- 3. The legislator was subject to the same application and hiring process as other candidates for the position; and
- 4. The legislator meets or exceeds the required qualifications for the position.
- (b) A member of the Legislature who is employed by such private entity before his or her legislative service begins may continue his or her employment. However, he or she may not accept promotion, advancement, additional compensation, or anything of value that he or she knows, or with the exercise of reasonable care should know, is provided or given to influence or attempt to influence his or her legislative office, or that

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is otherwise inconsistent with the promotion, advancement, additional compensation, or anything of value provided or given an employee who is similarly situated.

Section 8. Subsection (7) of section 112.313, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 112.313 Standards of conduct for public officers, employees of agencies, and local government attorneys. -
 - (7) CONFLICTING EMPLOYMENT OR CONTRACTUAL RELATIONSHIP.
- (a) A No public officer or employee of an agency may not shall have or hold any employment or contractual relationship with any business entity or any agency that which is subject to the regulation of, or is doing business with, an agency of which he or she is an officer or employee, excluding those organizations and their officers who, when acting in their official capacity, enter into or negotiate a collective bargaining contract with the state or any municipality, county, or other political subdivision of the state; and nor shall an officer or employee of an agency may not have or hold any employment or contractual relationship that will create a continuing or frequently recurring conflict between his or her private interests and the performance of his or her public duties or that would impede the full and faithful discharge of his or her public duties. For purposes of this subsection, if a public officer or employee of an agency holds a controlling interest in a business entity or is an officer, a director, or a member who manages such an entity, contractual relationships held by the business entity are deemed to be held by the public officer or employee.
 - 1. When the agency referred to is a that certain kind of

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special tax district created by general or special law and is limited specifically to constructing, maintaining, managing, and financing improvements in the land area over which the agency has jurisdiction, or when the agency has been organized pursuant to chapter 298, then employment with, or entering into a contractual relationship with, such a business entity by a public officer or employee of such an agency is shall not be prohibited by this subsection or be deemed a conflict per se. However, conduct by such officer or employee that is prohibited by, or otherwise frustrates the intent of, this section must shall be deemed a conflict of interest in violation of the standards of conduct set forth by this section.

- 2. When the agency referred to is a legislative body and the regulatory power over the business entity resides in another agency, or when the regulatory power that which the legislative body exercises over the business entity or agency is strictly through the enactment of laws or ordinances, then employment or a contractual relationship with such a business entity by a public officer or employee of a legislative body is shall not be prohibited by this subsection or be deemed a conflict.
- (b) This subsection does shall not prohibit a public officer or employee from practicing in a particular profession or occupation when such practice by persons holding such public office or employment is required or permitted by law or ordinance.

Section 9. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 112.3144, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

112.3144 Full and public disclosure of financial interests.-

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- (1) In addition to officers specified in s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution or other state law, all elected municipal officers are required to file a full and public disclosure of their financial interests. An officer who is required by s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution to file a full and public disclosure of his or her financial interests for any calendar or fiscal year shall file that disclosure with the Florida Commission on Ethics. Additionally, beginning January 1, 2015, An officer who is required to complete annual ethics training pursuant to s. 112.3142 must certify on his or her full and public disclosure of financial interests that he or she has completed the required training.
- (2) A person who is required, pursuant to s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution, to file a full and public disclosure of financial interests and who has filed a full and public disclosure of financial interests for any calendar or fiscal year is shall not be required to file a statement of financial interests pursuant to s. 112.3145(2) and (3) for the same year or for any part thereof notwithstanding any requirement of this part. If an incumbent in an elective office has filed the full and public disclosure of financial interests to qualify for election to the same office or if a candidate for office holds another office subject to the annual filing requirement, the qualifying officer shall forward an electronic copy of the full and public disclosure of financial interests to the commission no later than July 1. The electronic copy of the full and public disclosure of financial interests satisfies the annual disclosure requirement of this section. A candidate who does not qualify until after the annual full and public disclosure of

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financial interests has been filed pursuant to this section shall file a copy of his or her disclosure with the officer before whom he or she qualifies.

Section 10. The amendment made to s. 112.3144, Florida Statutes, by this act applies to disclosures filed for the 2016 calendar year and all subsequent calendar years.

Section 11. Subsection (1) of section 112.31455, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

112.31455 Collection methods for unpaid automatic fines for failure to timely file disclosure of financial interests. -

- (1) Before referring any unpaid fine accrued pursuant to s. 112.3144(5) or s. 112.3145(7) to the Department of Financial Services, the commission shall attempt to determine whether the individual owing such a fine is a current public officer or current public employee. If so, the commission may notify the Chief Financial Officer or the governing body of the appropriate county, municipality, school district, or special district of the total amount of any fine owed to the commission by such individual.
- (a) After receipt and verification of the notice from the commission, the Chief Financial Officer or the governing body of the county, municipality, school district, or special district shall begin withholding the lesser of 10 percent or the maximum amount allowed under federal law from any salary-related payment. The withheld payments shall be remitted to the commission until the fine is satisfied.
- (b) The Chief Financial Officer or the governing body of the county, municipality, school district, or special district may retain an amount of each withheld payment, as provided in s.

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77.0305, to cover the administrative costs incurred under this section.

Section 12. Present subsections (7) through (15) of section 112.3215, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (8) through (16), respectively, a new subsection (7) is added to that section, and paragraph (a) of present subsection (8) and present subsection (11) of that section are amended, to read:

112.3215 Lobbying before the executive branch or the Constitution Revision Commission; registration and reporting; investigation by commission.-

- (7) If a lobbying firm lobbies the Governor to approve or veto any bill passed by the Legislature or a specific appropriation in the General Appropriations Act, the lobbying firm must file a monthly report disclosing such activity with the commission.
- (a) The monthly report must contain the same information required under s. 11.045(5). The reports must be filed with the commission no later than 7 business days after the end of the preceding month. A lobbying firm may satisfy the filing requirements of this subsection by using the form used under s. 11.045(5).
- (b) The reports shall be filed even if the reporting lobbying firm did not engage in any lobbying activities requiring disclosure, in which the report shall be marked "not applicable."
- (c) The commission shall provide by rule the grounds for waiving a fine, the procedures by which a lobbying firm that fails to timely file a report shall be notified and assessed fines, and the procedure for appealing the fines. The rule shall



provide for the following:

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- 1. Upon determining that the report is late, the person designated to review the timeliness of reports shall immediately notify the lobbying firm as to the failure to timely file the report and that a fine is being assessed for each late day. The fine shall be \$50 per day per report for each late day up to a maximum of \$5,000 per late report.
- 2. Upon receipt of the report, the person designated to review the timeliness of reports shall determine the amount of the fine due based upon when a report is actually received by the commission.
- 3. Such fine shall be paid within 30 days after the notice of payment due is transmitted by the commission, unless appeal is made to the commission. The moneys shall be deposited into the Executive Branch Lobby Registration Trust Fund.
- 4. A fine may not be assessed against a lobbying firm the first time any reports for which the lobbying firm is responsible are not timely filed. However, to receive the onetime fine waiver, all reports for which the lobbying firm is responsible must be filed within 30 days after the notice that any reports have not been timely filed is transmitted by the commission. A fine shall be assessed for any subsequent latefiled reports.
- 5. Any lobbying firm may appeal or dispute a fine, based upon unusual circumstances surrounding the failure to file on the designated due date, and may request and shall be entitled to a hearing before the commission, which shall have the authority to waive the fine in whole or in part for good cause shown. Any such request shall be made within 30 days after the

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notice of payment due is transmitted by the commission. In such case, the lobbying firm shall, within the 30-day period, notify the person designated to review the timeliness of reports in writing of his or her intention to bring the matter before the commission.

- 6. The person designated to review the timeliness of reports shall notify the commission of the failure of a lobbying firm to file a report after notice or of the failure of a lobbying firm to pay the fine imposed. All lobbyist registrations for lobbyists who are partners, owners, officers, or employees of a lobbying firm that fails to timely pay a fine are automatically suspended until the fine is paid or waived, and the commission shall promptly notify all affected principals of each suspension and each reinstatement.
- 7. Notwithstanding any provision of chapter 120, any fine imposed under this subsection that is not waived by final order of the commission and that remains unpaid more than 60 days after the notice of payment due or more than 60 days after the commission renders a final order on the lobbying firm's appeal shall be collected by the Department of Financial Services as a claim, debt, or other obligation owed to the state, and the department may assign the collection of such fine to a collection agent as provided in s. 17.20.
- (9) (a) (8) (a) The commission shall investigate every sworn complaint that is filed with it alleging that a person covered by this section has failed to register, has failed to submit a compensation report, has made a prohibited expenditure, has failed to file a report required by subsection (7), or has knowingly submitted false information in any report or

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registration required in this section.

(12) (11) Any person who is required to be registered or to provide information under this section or under rules adopted pursuant to this section and who knowingly fails to disclose any material fact that is required by this section or by rules adopted pursuant to this section, or who knowingly provides false information on any report required by this section or by rules adopted pursuant to this section, commits a noncriminal infraction, punishable by a fine not to exceed \$5,000. Such penalty is in addition to any other penalty assessed by the Governor and Cabinet pursuant to subsection (11) $\frac{(10)}{(10)}$.

Section 13. Section 112.3261, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

112.3261 Lobbying before governmental entities water management districts; registration and reporting.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Governmental entity" or "entity" "District" means a water management district created in s. 373.069 and operating under the authority of chapter 373, a hospital district, a children's services district, an expressway authority as the term "authority" is defined in s. 348.0002, the term "port authority" as defined in s. 315.02, a county or municipality that has not adopted lobbyist registration and reporting requirements, or an independent special district with annual revenues of more than \$5 million which exercises ad valorem taxing authority.
- (b) "Lobbies" means seeking, on behalf of another person, to influence a governmental entity district with respect to a decision of the entity district in an area of policy or

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procurement or an attempt to obtain the goodwill of an $\frac{a}{a}$ district official or employee of a governmental entity. The term "lobbies" shall be interpreted and applied consistently with the rules of the commission implementing s. 112.3215.

- (c) "Lobbyist" has the same meaning as provided in s. 112.3215.
- (d) "Principal" has the same meaning as provided in s. 112.3215.
- (2) A person may not lobby a governmental entity district until such person has registered as a lobbyist with that entity district. Such registration shall be due upon initially being retained to lobby and is renewable on a calendar-year basis thereafter. Upon registration, the person shall provide a statement signed by the principal or principal's representative stating that the registrant is authorized to represent the principal. The principal shall also identify and designate its main business on the statement authorizing that lobbyist pursuant to a classification system approved by the governmental entity district. Any changes to the information required by this section must be disclosed within 15 days by filing a new registration form. The registration form must shall require each lobbyist to disclose, under oath, the following:
 - (a) The lobbyist's name and business address.
- (b) The name and business address of each principal represented.
- (c) The existence of any direct or indirect business association, partnership, or financial relationship with an official any officer or employee of a governmental entity district with which he or she lobbies or intends to lobby.

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- (d) A governmental entity shall create a lobbyist registration form modeled after the In lieu of creating its own lobbyist registration forms, a district may accept a completed legislative branch or executive branch lobbyist registration form, which must be returned to the governmental entity.
- (3) A governmental entity district shall make lobbyist registrations available to the public. If a governmental entity district maintains a website, a database of currently registered lobbyists and principals must be available on the entity's district's website.
- (4) A lobbyist shall promptly send a written statement to the governmental entity district canceling the registration for a principal upon termination of the lobbyist's representation of that principal. A governmental entity district may remove the name of a lobbyist from the list of registered lobbyists if the principal notifies the entity district that a person is no longer authorized to represent that principal.
- (5) A governmental entity district may establish an annual lobbyist registration fee, not to exceed \$40, for each principal represented. The governmental entity district may use registration fees only to administer this section.
- (6) A governmental entity district shall be diligent to ascertain whether persons required to register pursuant to this section have complied. A governmental entity district may not knowingly authorize a person who is not registered pursuant to this section to lobby the entity district.
- (7) Upon receipt of a sworn complaint alleging that a lobbyist or principal has failed to register with a governmental entity district or has knowingly submitted false information in

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a report or registration required under this section, the commission shall investigate a lobbyist or principal pursuant to the procedures established under s. 112.324. The commission shall provide the Governor with a report of its findings and recommendations in any investigation conducted pursuant to this subsection. The Governor is authorized to enforce the commission's findings and recommendations.

(8) A governmental entity Water management districts may adopt rules to establish procedures to govern the registration of lobbyists, including the adoption of forms and the establishment of a lobbyist registration fee.

Section 14. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 129.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

129.03 Preparation and adoption of budget.-

- (3) The county budget officer, after tentatively ascertaining the proposed fiscal policies of the board for the next fiscal year, shall prepare and present to the board a tentative budget for the next fiscal year for each of the funds provided in this chapter, including all estimated receipts, taxes to be levied, and balances expected to be brought forward and all estimated expenditures, reserves, and balances to be carried over at the end of the year.
- (c) The board shall hold public hearings to adopt tentative and final budgets pursuant to s. 200.065. The hearings shall be primarily for the purpose of hearing requests and complaints from the public regarding the budgets and the proposed tax levies and for explaining the budget and any proposed or adopted amendments. The tentative budget must be posted on the county's official website at least 2 days before the public hearing to

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consider such budget and must remain on the website for at least 45 days. The final budget must be posted on the website within 30 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. The tentative budgets, adopted tentative budgets, and final budgets shall be filed in the office of the county auditor as a public record. Sufficient reference in words and figures to identify the particular transactions must shall be made in the minutes of the board to record its actions with reference to the budgets.

Section 15. Paragraph (f) of subsection (2) of section 129.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

129.06 Execution and amendment of budget.-

- (2) The board at any time within a fiscal year may amend a budget for that year, and may within the first 60 days of a fiscal year amend the budget for the prior fiscal year, as follows:
- (f) Unless otherwise prohibited by law, if an amendment to a budget is required for a purpose not specifically authorized in paragraphs (a) - (e), the amendment may be authorized by resolution or ordinance of the board of county commissioners adopted following a public hearing.
- 1. The public hearing must be advertised at least 2 days, but not more than 5 days, before the date of the hearing. The advertisement must appear in a newspaper of paid general circulation and must identify the name of the taxing authority, the date, place, and time of the hearing, and the purpose of the hearing. The advertisement must also identify each budgetary fund to be amended, the source of the funds, the use of the funds, and the total amount of each fund's appropriations.

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2. If the board amends the budget pursuant to this paragraph, the adopted amendment must be posted on the county's official website within 5 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years.

Section 16. Subsections (3) and (5) of section 166.241, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

166.241 Fiscal years, budgets, and budget amendments.-

- (3) The tentative budget must be posted on the municipality's official website at least 2 days before the budget hearing, held pursuant to s. 200.065 or other law, to consider such budget, and must remain on the website for at least 45 days. The final adopted budget must be posted on the municipality's official website within 30 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the municipality does not operate an official website, the municipality must, within a reasonable period of time as established by the county or counties in which the municipality is located, transmit the tentative budget and final budget to the manager or administrator of such county or counties who shall post the budgets on the county's website.
- (5) If the governing body of a municipality amends the budget pursuant to paragraph (4)(c), the adopted amendment must be posted on the official website of the municipality within 5 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the municipality does not operate an official website, the municipality must, within a reasonable period of time as established by the county or counties in which the municipality is located, transmit the adopted amendment to the manager or administrator of such county or counties who shall

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post the adopted amendment on the county's website.

Section 17. Subsections (4) and (7) of section 189.016, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

189.016 Reports; budgets; audits.-

- (4) The tentative budget must be posted on the special district's official website at least 2 days before the budget hearing, held pursuant to s. 200.065 or other law, to consider such budget, and must remain on the website for at least 45 days. The final adopted budget must be posted on the special district's official website within 30 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the special district does not operate an official website, the special district must, within a reasonable period of time as established by the local general-purpose government or governments in which the special district is located or the local governing authority to which the district is dependent, transmit the tentative budget or final budget to the manager or administrator of the local general-purpose government or the local governing authority. The manager or administrator shall post the tentative budget or final budget on the website of the local generalpurpose government or governing authority. This subsection and subsection (3) do not apply to water management districts as defined in s. 373.019.
- (7) If the governing body of a special district amends the budget pursuant to paragraph (6)(c), the adopted amendment must be posted on the official website of the special district within 5 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years. If the special district does not operate an official website, the special district must, within a reasonable

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period of time as established by the local general-purpose government or governments in which the special district is located or the local governing authority to which the district is dependent, transmit the adopted amendment to the manager or administrator of the local general-purpose government or governing authority. The manager or administrator shall post the adopted amendment on the website of the local general-purpose government or governing authority.

Section 18. Present subsections (1) through (5) of section 215.425, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (2) through (6), respectively, present subsection (2) and paragraph (a) of present subsection (4) of that section are amended, and a new subsection (1) and subsections (7) through (13) are added to that section, to read:

215.425 Extra compensation claims prohibited; bonuses; severance pay.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term "public funds" means any taxes, tuition, grants, fines, fees, or other charges or any other type of revenue collected by the state or any county, municipality, special district, school district, Florida College System institution, state university, or other separate unit of government created pursuant to law, including any office, department, agency, division, subdivision, political subdivision, board, bureau, or commission of such entities.
- (3) (3) (2) Notwithstanding subsection (2), if the payment and receipt does not otherwise violate part III of chapter 112, the following funds may be used to provide extra compensation or severance pay in excess of the amount specified in subparagraph (5)(a)1.:

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- (a) Revenues received by state universities through or from faculty practice plans; health services support organizations; hospitals with which state universities are affiliated; directsupport organizations; or federal, auxiliary, or private sources, except for tuition.
- (b) Revenues received by Florida College System institutions through or from faculty practice plans; health services support organizations; direct-support organizations; or federal, auxiliary, or private sources, except for tuition.
- (c) Revenues that are received by a hospital licensed under chapter 395 which has entered into a Medicaid provider contract and that:
 - 1. Are not derived from the levy of an ad valorem tax;
- 2. Are not derived from patient services paid through the Medicaid or Medicare program;
- 3. Are derived from patient services pursuant to contracts with private insurers or private managed care entities; or
- 4. Are not appropriated by the Legislature or by any county, municipality, special district, school district, Florida College System institution, state university, or other separate unit of government created pursuant to law, including any office, department, agency, division, subdivision, political subdivision, board, bureau, commission, authority, or institution of such entities, except for revenues otherwise authorized to be used pursuant to subparagraphs 2. and 3. This section does not apply to:
- (a) a bonus or severance pay that is paid wholly from nontax revenues and nonstate-appropriated funds, the payment and receipt of which does not otherwise violate part III of chapter

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112, and which is paid to an officer, agent, employee, contractor of a public hospital that is operated by a county or a special district; or

- (d) (b) A clothing and maintenance allowance given to plainclothes deputies pursuant to s. 30.49.
- (e) Revenues or fees received by a seaport or airport from sources other than through the levy of a tax, or funds appropriated by any county or municipality or the Legislature.
- $(5) (a) \frac{(4) (a)}{(a)} \frac{(a)}{(a)} \frac{(a$ government, on or after July 1, 2011, or a state university, on or after July 1, 2012, that is a party to enters into a contract or employment agreement, or renewal or renegotiation of an existing contract or employment agreement, that contains a provision for severance pay with an officer, agent, employee, or contractor must include the following provisions in the contract:
- 1. A requirement that severance pay paid from public funds provided may not exceed an amount greater than 20 weeks of compensation.
- 2. A prohibition of provision of severance pay paid from public funds when the officer, agent, employee, or contractor has been fired for misconduct, as defined in s. 443.036(29), by the unit of government.
- (7) Upon discovery or notification that a unit of government has provided prohibited compensation to any officer, agent, employee, or contractor in violation of this section, such unit of government shall investigate and take all necessary action to recover the prohibited compensation.
 - (a) If the violation was unintentional, the unit of

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government shall recover the prohibited compensation from the individual receiving the prohibited compensation through normal recovery methods for overpayments.

- (b) If the violation was willful, the unit of government shall recover the prohibited compensation from either the individual receiving the prohibited compensation or the individual or individuals responsible for approving the prohibited compensation. Each individual determined to have willfully violated this section is jointly and severally liable for repayment of the prohibited compensation.
- (8) A person who willfully violates this section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (9) An officer who exercises the powers and duties of a state or county officer and willfully violates this section is subject to the Governor's power under s. 7(a), Art. IV of the State Constitution. An officer who exercises powers and duties other than those of a state or county officer and willfully violates this section is subject to the suspension and removal procedures under s. 112.51.
- (10) (a) A person who reports a violation of this section is eligible for a reward of at least \$500, or the lesser of 10 percent of the funds recovered or \$10,000 per incident of a prohibited compensation payment recovered by the unit of government, depending upon the extent to which the person substantially contributed to the discovery, notification, and recovery of such prohibited payment.
- (b) In the event that the recovery of the prohibited compensation is based primarily on disclosures of specific

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information, other than information provided by such person, relating to allegations or transactions in a criminal, civil, or administrative hearing; in a legislative, administrative, inspector general, or other government report; in an auditor general report, hearing, audit, or investigation; or from the news media, such person is not eligible for a reward, or for an award of a portion of the proceeds or payment of attorney fees and costs pursuant to s. 68.085.

- (c) If it is determined that the person who reported a violation of this section was involved in the authorization, approval, or receipt of the prohibited compensation or is convicted of criminal conduct arising from his or her role in the authorization, approval, or receipt of the prohibited compensation, such person is not eligible for a reward, or for an award of a portion of the proceeds or payment of attorney fees and costs pursuant to s. 68.085.
- (11) An employee who is discharged, demoted, suspended, threatened, harassed, or in any manner discriminated against in the terms and conditions of employment by his or her employer because of lawful acts done by the employee on behalf of the employee or others in furtherance of an action under this section, including investigation for initiation of, testimony for, or assistance in an action filed or to be filed under this section, has a cause of action under s. 112.3187.
- (12) If the unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation for a willful violation of this section upon discovery and notification of such prohibited payment within 90 days, a cause of action may be brought to:
 - (a) Recover state funds in accordance with ss. 68.082 and



1026 68.083. 1027 (b) Recover other funds by the Department of Legal Affairs 1028 using the procedures set forth in ss. 68.082 and 68.083, except 1029 that venue shall lie in the circuit court of the county in which 1030 the unit of government is located. 1031 (c) Recover other funds by a person using the procedures set forth in ss. 68.082 and 68.083, except that venue shall lie 1032 1033 in the circuit court of the county in which the unit of 1034 government is located. 1035 (13) Subsections (7)-(12) apply prospectively to contracts 1036 or employment agreements, or the renewal or renegotiation of an 1037 existing contract or employment agreement, effective on or after 1038 October 1, 2016. 1039 Section 19. Section 215.86, Florida Statutes, is amended to 1040 read: 1041 215.86 Management systems and controls.—Each state agency 1042 and the judicial branch as defined in s. 216.011 shall establish 1043 and maintain management systems and internal controls designed 1044 to: 1045 (1) Prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse. that 1046 (2) Promote and encourage compliance with applicable laws, 1047 rules, contracts, grant agreements, and best practices. + 1048 (3) Support economical and economic, efficient, and 1049 effective operations. + 1050 (4) Ensure reliability of financial records and reports. + 1051 (5) Safequard and safequarding of assets. Accounting 1052 systems and procedures shall be designed to fulfill the 1053 requirements of generally accepted accounting principles. 1054 Section 20. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section

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1055 215.97, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

215.97 Florida Single Audit Act.-

- (2) Definitions; as used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Audit threshold" means the threshold amount used to determine when a state single audit or project-specific audit of a nonstate entity shall be conducted in accordance with this section. Each nonstate entity that expends a total amount of state financial assistance equal to or in excess of \$750,000 \$500,000 in any fiscal year of such nonstate entity shall be required to have a state single audit, or a project-specific $\operatorname{audit}_{\mathcal{T}}$ for such fiscal year in accordance with the requirements of this section. Every 2 years the Auditor General, After consulting with the Executive Office of the Governor, the Department of Financial Services, and all state awarding agencies, the Auditor General shall periodically review the threshold amount for requiring audits under this section and may recommend any appropriate statutory change to revise the threshold amount in the annual report submitted pursuant to s. 11.45(7)(h) to the Legislature may adjust such threshold amount consistent with the purposes of this section.

Section 21. Subsection (11) of section 215.985, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

215.985 Transparency in government spending.-

(11) Each water management district shall provide a monthly financial statement in the form and manner prescribed by the Department of Financial Services to the district's its governing board and make such monthly financial statement available for public access on its website.

Section 22. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) and subsection



1084 (2) of section 218.32, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 1085 218.32 Annual financial reports; local governmental entities.-1086

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- (d) Each local governmental entity that is required to provide for an audit under s. 218.39(1) must submit a copy of the audit report and annual financial report to the department within 45 days after the completion of the audit report but no later than 9 months after the end of the fiscal year. In conducting an audit of a local governmental entity pursuant to s. 218.39, an independent certified public accountant shall determine whether the entity's annual financial report is in agreement with the audited financial statements. The accountant's audit report must be supported by the same level of detail as required for the annual financial report. If the accountant's audit report is not in agreement with the annual financial report, the accountant shall specify and explain the significant differences that exist between the annual financial report and the audit report.
- (2) The department shall annually by December 1 file a verified report with the Governor, the Legislature, the Auditor General, and the Special District Accountability Program of the Department of Economic Opportunity showing the revenues, both locally derived and derived from intergovernmental transfers, and the expenditures of each local governmental entity, regional planning council, local government finance commission, and municipal power corporation that is required to submit an annual financial report. In preparing the verified report, the department may request additional information from the local

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1113 governmental entity. The information requested must be provided 1114 to the department within 45 days after the request. If the local 1115 governmental entity does not comply with the request, the 1116 department shall notify the Legislative Auditing Committee, 1117 which may take action pursuant to s. 11.40(2). The report must 1118 include, but is not limited to:

- (a) The total revenues and expenditures of each local governmental entity that is a component unit included in the annual financial report of the reporting entity.
- (b) The amount of outstanding long-term debt by each local governmental entity. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "long-term debt" means any agreement or series of agreements to pay money, which, at inception, contemplate terms of payment exceeding 1 year in duration.

Section 23. Present subsection (3) of section 218.33, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (4), and a new subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:

218.33 Local governmental entities; establishment of uniform fiscal years and accounting practices and procedures .-

- (3) Each local governmental entity shall establish and maintain internal controls designed to:
 - (a) Prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse.
- (b) Promote and encourage compliance with applicable laws, rules, contracts, grant agreements, and best practices.
 - (c) Support economical and efficient operations.
 - (d) Ensure reliability of financial records and reports.
 - (e) Safeguard assets.
- Section 24. Present subsections (8) through (12) of section 1140 1141 218.39, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (9)

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1142 through (13), respectively, and a new subsection (8) is added to 1143 that section, to read:

218.39 Annual financial audit reports.-

(8) If the audit report includes a recommendation that was included in the preceding financial audit report but remains unaddressed, the governing body of the audited entity, within 60 days after the delivery of the audit report to the governing body, shall indicate during a regularly scheduled public meeting whether it intends to take corrective action, the intended corrective action, and the timeframe for the corrective action. If the governing body indicates that it does not intend to take corrective action, it shall explain its decision at the public meeting.

Section 25. Subsection (2) of section 218.391, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (9) is added to that section, to read:

218.391 Auditor selection procedures.-

- (2) The governing body of a charter county, municipality, special district, district school board, charter school, or charter technical career center shall establish an audit committee.
- (a) The audit committee for a county Each noncharter county shall establish an audit committee that, at a minimum, shall consist of each of the county officers elected pursuant to the county charter or s. 1(d), Art. VIII of the State Constitution, or their respective designees a designee, and one member of the board of county commissioners or its designee.
- (b) The audit committee for a municipality, special district, district school board, charter school, or charter

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technical career center shall consist of at least three members. One member of the audit committee must be a member of the governing body of an entity specified in this paragraph, who shall also serve as the chair of the committee.

- (c) An employee, chief executive officer, or chief financial officer of the county, municipality, special district, district school board, charter school, or charter technical career center may not serve as a member of an audit committee established under this subsection.
- (d) The primary purpose of the audit committee is to assist the governing body in selecting an auditor to conduct the annual financial audit required in s. 218.39; however, the audit committee may serve other audit oversight purposes as determined by the entity's governing body. The public may shall not be excluded from the proceedings under this section.
- (9) An audit report submitted pursuant to s. 218.39 must include an affidavit executed by the chair of the audit committee affirming that the committee complied with the requirements of subsections (3)-(6) in selecting an auditor. If the Auditor General determines that an entity failed to comply with the requirements of subsections (3)-(6) in selecting an auditor, the entity shall select a replacement auditor in accordance with this section to conduct audits for subsequent fiscal years if the original audit was performed under a multiyear contract. If the replacement of an auditor would preclude the entity from timely completing the annual financial audit required by s. 218.39, the entity shall replace an auditor in accordance with this section for the subsequent annual financial audit. A multiyear contract between an entity or an



1200 auditor may not prohibit or restrict an entity from complying 1201 with this subsection. 1202 Section 26. Subsection (2) of section 286.0114, Florida 1203 Statutes, is amended to read: 1204 286.0114 Public meetings; reasonable opportunity to be 1205 heard; attorney fees.-1206 (2) Members of the public shall be given a reasonable 1207 opportunity to be heard on a proposition before a board or 1208 commission. The opportunity to be heard need not occur at the 1209 same meeting at which the board or commission takes official 1210 action on the proposition if the opportunity occurs at a meeting 1211 that is during the decisionmaking process and is within 1212 reasonable proximity in time before the meeting at which the 1213 board or commission takes the official action. A board or 1214 commission may not require a member of the public to provide an 1215 advance written copy of his or her testimony or comments as a 1216 precondition of being given the opportunity to be heard at a 1217 meeting. This section does not prohibit a board or commission 1218 from maintaining orderly conduct or proper decorum in a public meeting. The opportunity to be heard is subject to rules or 1219 1220 policies adopted by the board or commission, as provided in 1221 subsection (4). 1222 Section 27. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 1223 288.92, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 1224 288.92 Divisions of Enterprise Florida, Inc.-1225 (2) 1226 (b) 1. The following officers and board members are subject 1227 to ss. 112.313(1)-(8), (10), (12), and (15); 112.3135; and

112.3143(2):

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- 1229 a. Officers and members of the board of directors of the 1230 divisions of Enterprise Florida, Inc.
 - b. Officers and members of the board of directors of subsidiaries of Enterprise Florida, Inc.
 - c. Officers and members of the board of directors of corporations created to carry out the missions of Enterprise Florida, Inc.
 - d. Officers and members of the board of directors of corporations with which a division is required by law to contract to carry out its missions.
 - 2. For a period of 2 years after retirement from or termination of service to a division, or for a period of 10 years if removed or terminated for cause or for misconduct, as defined in s. 443.036(29), the officers and board members specified in subparagraph 1. may not represent another person or entity for compensation before:
 - a. Enterprise Florida, Inc.;
 - b. A division, a subsidiary, or the board of directors of corporations created to carry out the missions of Enterprise Florida, Inc.; or
 - c. A division with which Enterprise Florida, Inc., is required by law to contract to carry out its missions.
 - 3.2. For purposes of applying ss. 112.313(1)-(8), (10), (12), and (15); 112.3135; and 112.3143(2) to activities of the officers and members of the board of directors specified in subparagraph 1., those persons shall be considered public officers or employees and the corporation shall be considered their agency.
 - 4.3. It is not a violation of s. 112.3143(2) or (4) for the

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officers or members of the board of directors of the Florida 1259 Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation to:

- a. Vote on the 4-year marketing plan required under s. 288.923 or vote on any individual component of or amendment to the plan.
- b. Participate in the establishment or calculation of payments related to the private match requirements of s. 288.904(3). The officer or member must file an annual disclosure describing the nature of his or her interests or the interests of his or her principals, including corporate parents and subsidiaries of his or her principal, in the private match requirements. This annual disclosure requirement satisfies the disclosure requirement of s. 112.3143(4). This disclosure must be placed either on the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation's website or included in the minutes of each meeting of the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation's board of directors at which the private match requirements are discussed or voted upon.

Section 28. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 288.9604, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.9604 Creation of the authority.-

- (3)(a)1. A director may not receive compensation for his or her services, but is entitled to necessary expenses, including travel expenses, incurred in the discharge of his or her duties. Each director shall hold office until his or her successor has been appointed.
- 1284 2. Directors are subject to ss. 112.313(1) - (8), (10), (12), 1285 and (15); 112.3135; and 112.3143(2). For purposes of applying 1286 ss. 112.313(1)-(8), (10), (12), and (15); 112.3135; and

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112.3143(2) to activities of directors, directors shall be considered public officers and the corporation shall be considered their agency.

3. A director of the corporation may not represent another person or entity for compensation before the corporation for a period of 2 years following his or her service on the board of directors.

Section 29. Paragraph (e) of subsection (4), paragraph (d) of subsection (5), and paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section 373.536, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

373.536 District budget and hearing thereon.-

- (4) BUDGET CONTROLS; FINANCIAL INFORMATION. -
- (e) By September 1, 2012, Each district shall provide a monthly financial statement in the form and manner prescribed by the Department of Financial Services to the district's governing board and make such monthly financial statement available for public access on its website.
- (5) TENTATIVE BUDGET CONTENTS AND SUBMISSION; REVIEW AND APPROVAL.-
- (d) Each district shall, by August 1 of each year, submit for review a tentative budget and a description of any significant changes from the preliminary budget submitted to the Legislature pursuant to s. 373.535 to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the chairs of all legislative committees and subcommittees having substantive or fiscal jurisdiction over water management districts, as determined by the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of Representatives, as applicable, the secretary of the department, and the governing

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body of each county in which the district has jurisdiction or derives any funds for the operations of the district. The tentative budget must be posted on the district's official website at least 2 days before budget hearings held pursuant to s. 200.065 or other law and must remain on the website for at least 45 days.

- (6) FINAL BUDGET; ANNUAL AUDIT; CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PLAN; WATER RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT WORK PROGRAM.-
- (d) The final adopted budget must be posted on the water management district's official website within 30 days after adoption and must remain on the website for at least 2 years.

Section 30. Subsection (7) of section 838.014, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (8), present subsections (4) and (6) are amended, and a new subsection (6) is added to that section, to read:

- 838.014 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
- (4) "Governmental entity" means an agency or entity of the state, a county, municipality, or special district or any other public entity created or authorized by law "Corruptly" or "with corrupt intent" means acting knowingly and dishonestly for a wrongful purpose.
- (6) "Public contractor" means, for purposes of ss. 838.022 and 838.22 only:
- (a) Any person, as defined in s. 1.01(3), who has entered into a contract with a governmental entity; or
- (b) Any officer or employee of a person, as defined in s. 1.01(3), who has entered into a contract with a governmental entity.
 - (7) (6) "Public servant" means:



1345 (a) Any officer or employee of a governmental state, 1346 county, municipal, or special district agency or entity, ; 1347 including 1348 (b) any executive, legislative, or judicial branch officer 1349 or employee; 1350 (b) (c) Any person, except a witness, who acts as a general or special magistrate, receiver, auditor, arbitrator, umpire, 1351 1352 referee, consultant, or hearing officer while performing a 1353 governmental function; or 1354 (c) (d) A candidate for election or appointment to any of 1355 the officer positions listed in this subsection, or an 1356 individual who has been elected to, but has yet to officially 1357 assume the responsibilities of, public office. 1358 Section 31. Subsection (1) of section 838.015, Florida 1359 Statutes, is amended to read: 1360 838.015 Bribery.-(1) "Bribery" means corruptly to knowingly and 1361 intentionally give, offer, or promise to any public servant, or, 1362 1363 if a public servant, corruptly to knowingly and intentionally 1364 request, solicit, accept, or agree to accept for himself or 1365 herself or another, any pecuniary or other benefit not 1366 authorized by law with an intent or purpose to influence the 1367 performance of any act or omission which the person believes to 1368 be, or the public servant represents as being, within the 1369 official discretion of a public servant, in violation of a 1370 public duty, or in performance of a public duty. 1371 Section 32. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 838.016,

838.016 Unlawful compensation or reward for official

Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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- (1) It is unlawful for any person corruptly to knowingly and intentionally give, offer, or promise to any public servant, or, if a public servant, corruptly to knowingly and intentionally request, solicit, accept, or agree to accept, any pecuniary or other benefit not authorized by law, for the past, present, or future performance, nonperformance, or violation of any act or omission which the person believes to have been, or the public servant represents as having been, either within the official discretion of the public servant, in violation of a public duty, or in performance of a public duty. This section does not Nothing herein shall be construed to preclude a public servant from accepting rewards for services performed in apprehending any criminal.
- (2) It is unlawful for any person corruptly to knowingly and intentionally give, offer, or promise to any public servant, or, if a public servant, corruptly to knowingly and intentionally request, solicit, accept, or agree to accept, any pecuniary or other benefit not authorized by law for the past, present, or future exertion of any influence upon or with any other public servant regarding any act or omission which the person believes to have been, or which is represented to him or her as having been, either within the official discretion of the other public servant, in violation of a public duty, or in performance of a public duty.

Section 33. Subsection (1) of section 838.022, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (2) of that section is republished, to read:

838.022 Official misconduct.-

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- 1403 (1) It is unlawful for a public servant or public 1404 contractor, with corrupt intent to knowingly and intentionally 1405 obtain a benefit for any person or to cause unlawful harm to 1406 another, by to:
 - (a) Falsifying Falsify, or causing cause another person to falsify, any official record or official document;
 - (b) Concealing, cover<u>ing up, destroying, mutilating, or</u> altering Conceal, cover up, destroy, mutilate, or alter any official record or official document, except as authorized by law or contract, or causing cause another person to perform such an act; or
 - (c) Obstructing, delaying, or preventing Obstruct, delay, or prevent the communication of information relating to the commission of a felony that directly involves or affects the government public agency or public entity served by the public servant or public contractor.
 - (2) For the purposes of this section:
 - (a) The term "public servant" does not include a candidate who does not otherwise qualify as a public servant.
 - (b) An official record or official document includes only public records.
 - Section 34. Section 838.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 838.22 Bid tampering.-
 - (1) It is unlawful for a public servant or a public contractor who has contracted with a governmental entity to assist in a competitive procurement, with corrupt intent to knowingly and intentionally influence or attempt to influence the competitive solicitation bidding process undertaken by any

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governmental state, county, municipal, or special district agency, or any other public entity, for the procurement of commodities or services, by to:

- (a) Disclosing, except as authorized by law, Disclose material information concerning a vendor's response, any evaluation results, bid or other aspects of the competitive solicitation bidding process when such information is not publicly disclosed.
- (b) Altering or amending Alter or amend a submitted response bid, documents or other materials supporting a submitted response bid, or any evaluation bid results relating to the competitive solicitation for the purpose of intentionally providing a competitive advantage to any person who submits a response bid.
- (2) It is unlawful for a public servant or a public contractor who has contracted with a governmental entity to assist in a competitive procurement, with corrupt intent to knowingly and intentionally obtain a benefit for any person or to cause unlawful harm to another by circumventing, to circumvent a competitive solicitation bidding process required by law or rule through the use of by using a sole-source contract for commodities or services.
- (3) It is unlawful for any person to knowingly agree, conspire, combine, or confederate, directly or indirectly, with a public servant or a public contractor who has contracted with a governmental entity to assist in a competitive procurement to violate subsection (1) or subsection (2).
- (4) It is unlawful for any person to knowingly enter into a contract for commodities or services which was secured by a

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public servant or a public contractor who has contracted with a governmental entity to assist in a competitive procurement acting in violation of subsection (1) or subsection (2).

(5) Any person who violates this section commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 35. Present subsections (6) through (10) of section 1002.37, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (7) through (11), respectively, a new subsection (6) is added to that section, and present subsections (6) and (11) of that section are amended, to read:

1002.37 The Florida Virtual School.-

(6) The Florida Virtual School shall have an annual financial audit of its accounts and records conducted by an independent auditor who is a certified public accountant licensed under chapter 473. The independent auditor shall conduct the audit in accordance with rules adopted by the Auditor General pursuant to s. 11.45 and, upon completion of the audit, shall prepare an audit report in accordance with such rules. The audit report must include a written statement of the board of trustees describing corrective action to be taken in response to each of the recommendations of the independent auditor included in the audit report. The independent auditor shall submit the audit report to the board of trustees and the Auditor General no later than 9 months after the end of the preceding fiscal year.

(7) (6) The board of trustees shall annually submit to the Governor, the Legislature, the Commissioner of Education, and the State Board of Education the audit report prepared pursuant

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to subsection (6) and a complete and detailed report setting forth:

- (a) The operations and accomplishments of the Florida Virtual School within the state and those occurring outside the state as Florida Virtual School Global.
- (b) The marketing and operational plan for the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global, including recommendations regarding methods for improving the delivery of education through the Internet and other distance learning technology.
- (c) The assets and liabilities of the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global at the end of the fiscal year.
- (d) A copy of an annual financial audit of the accounts and records of the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global, conducted by an independent certified public accountant and performed in accordance with rules adopted by the Auditor General.
- (e) Recommendations regarding the unit cost of providing services to students through the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global. In order to most effectively develop public policy regarding any future funding of the Florida Virtual School, it is imperative that the cost of the program is accurately identified. The identified cost of the program must be based on reliable data.
- (e) (f) Recommendations regarding an accountability mechanism to assess the effectiveness of the services provided by the Florida Virtual School and Florida Virtual School Global.
 - (11) The Auditor General shall conduct an operational audit



1519 of the Florida Virtual School, including Florida Virtual School Global. The scope of the audit shall include, but not be limited 1520 1521 to, the administration of responsibilities relating to 1522 personnel; procurement and contracting; revenue production; 1523 school funds, including internal funds; student enrollment records; franchise agreements; information technology 1524 utilization, assets, and security; performance measures and 1525 1526 standards; and accountability. The final report on the audit 1527 shall be submitted to the President of the Senate and the 1528 Speaker of the House of Representatives no later than January 1529 31, 2014. 1530 Section 36. Subsection (5) is added to section 1010.01, 1531 Florida Statutes, to read: 1010.01 Uniform records and accounts.-1532 1533 (5) Each school district, Florida College System 1534 institution, and state university shall establish and maintain 1535 internal controls designed to: 1536 (a) Prevent and detect fraud, waste, and abuse. 1537 (b) Promote and encourage compliance with applicable laws, 1538 rules, contracts, grant agreements, and best practices. 1539 (c) Support economical and efficient operations. 1540 (d) Ensure reliability of financial records and reports. 1541 (e) Safeguard assets. 1542 Section 37. Subsection (2) of section 1010.30, Florida 1543 Statutes, is amended to read: 1544 1010.30 Audits required.-1545 (2) If a school district, Florida College System 1546 institution, or university audit report includes a recommendation that was included in the preceding financial 1547

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audit report but remains unaddressed, an audit contains a significant finding, the district school board, the Florida College System institution board of trustees, or the university board of trustees, within 60 days after the delivery of the audit report to the school district, Florida College System institution, or university, shall indicate conduct an audit overview during a regularly scheduled public meeting whether it intends to take corrective action, the intended corrective action, and the timeframe for the corrective action. If the district school board, Florida College System institution board of trustees, or university board of trustees indicates that it does not intend to take corrective action, it shall explain its decision at the public meeting.

Section 38. Subsection (4) of section 11.0455, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 11.0455 Electronic filing of compensation reports and other information.-
- (4) Each report filed pursuant to this section is deemed to meet the certification requirements of s. 11.045(3)(a)4., and as such subjects the person responsible for filing and the lobbying firm to the provisions of s. 11.045(8) and (9) s. 11.045(7) and (8). Persons given a secure sign-on to the electronic filing system are responsible for protecting it from disclosure and are responsible for all filings using such credentials, unless they have notified the office that their credentials have been compromised.

Section 39. Subsection (2) of section 68.082, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

68.082 False claims against the state; definitions;



1577 liability.-1578 (2) Any person who: 1579 (a) Knowingly presents or causes to be presented a false or 1580 fraudulent claim for payment or approval; 1581 (b) Knowingly authorizes, approves, or receives payment of 1582 prohibited compensation in violation of s. 215.425; (c) (b) Knowingly makes, uses, or causes to be made or used 1583 1584 a false record or statement material to a false or fraudulent 1585 claim: 1586 (d) (e) Conspires to commit a violation of this subsection; 1587 (e) (d) Has possession, custody, or control of property or 1588 money used or to be used by the state and knowingly delivers or 1589 causes to be delivered less than all of that money or property; 1590 (f) (e) Is authorized to make or deliver a document 1591 certifying receipt of property used or to be used by the state 1592 and, intending to defraud the state, makes or delivers the receipt without knowing that the information on the receipt is 1593 1594 true; 1595 (q) (f) Knowingly buys or receives, as a pledge of an 1596 obligation or a debt, public property from an officer or 1597 employee of the state who may not sell or pledge the property; 1598 1599 (h) (g) Knowingly makes, uses, or causes to be made or used 1600 a false record or statement material to an obligation to pay or 1601 transmit money or property to the state, or knowingly conceals 1602 or knowingly and improperly avoids or decreases an obligation to

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\$5,500 and not more than \$11,000 and for treble the amount of damages the state sustains because of the act of that person.

Section 40. Subsection (1) of section 68.083, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

68.083 Civil actions for false claims.

(1) The department may diligently investigate a violation under s. 68.082. If the department finds that a person has violated or is violating s. 68.082, the department may bring a civil action under the Florida False Claims Act against the person. The Department of Financial Services may bring a civil action under this section if the action arises from an investigation by that department and the Department of Legal Affairs has not filed an action under this act. For a violation of s. 68.082 regarding prohibited compensation paid from state funds, the Department of Financial Services may bring a civil action under this section if the action arises from an investigation by that department concerning a violation of s. 215.425 by the state and the Department of Legal Affairs has not filed an action under this act.

Section 41. Subsection (5) of section 99.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 99.061 Method of qualifying for nomination or election to federal, state, county, or district office.-
- (5) At the time of qualifying for office, each candidate for a constitutional office or an elected municipal office shall file a full and public disclosure of financial interests pursuant to s. 8, Art. II of the State Constitution, which must be verified under oath or affirmation pursuant to s. 92.525(1)(a), and a candidate for any other office, including

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local elective office, shall file a statement of financial interests pursuant to s. 112.3145.

Section 42. Subsection (3) of section 218.503, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

218.503 Determination of financial emergency.-

(3) Upon notification that one or more of the conditions in subsection (1) have occurred or will occur if action is not taken to assist the local governmental entity or district school board, the Governor or his or her designee shall contact the local governmental entity or the Commissioner of Education or his or her designee shall contact the district school board, as appropriate, to determine what actions have been taken by the local governmental entity or the district school board to resolve or prevent the condition. The information requested must be provided within 45 days after the date of the request. If the local governmental entity or the district school board does not comply with the request, the Governor or his or her designee or the Commissioner of Education or his or her designee shall notify the members of the Legislative Auditing Committee, which who may take action pursuant to s. 11.40(2) s. 11.40. The Governor or the Commissioner of Education, as appropriate, shall determine whether the local governmental entity or the district school board needs state assistance to resolve or prevent the condition. If state assistance is needed, the local governmental entity or district school board is considered to be in a state of financial emergency. The Governor or the Commissioner of Education, as appropriate, has the authority to implement measures as set forth in ss. 218.50-218.504 to assist the local governmental entity or district school board in resolving the

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financial emergency. Such measures may include, but are not limited to:

- (a) Requiring approval of the local governmental entity's budget by the Governor or approval of the district school board's budget by the Commissioner of Education.
- (b) Authorizing a state loan to a local governmental entity and providing for repayment of same.
- (c) Prohibiting a local governmental entity or district school board from issuing bonds, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or any other form of debt until such time as it is no longer subject to this section.
- (d) Making such inspections and reviews of records, information, reports, and assets of the local governmental entity or district school board as are needed. The appropriate local officials shall cooperate in such inspections and reviews.
- (e) Consulting with officials and auditors of the local governmental entity or the district school board and the appropriate state officials regarding any steps necessary to bring the books of account, accounting systems, financial procedures, and reports into compliance with state requirements.
- (f) Providing technical assistance to the local governmental entity or the district school board.
- (g) 1. Establishing a financial emergency board to oversee the activities of the local governmental entity or the district school board. If a financial emergency board is established for a local governmental entity, the Governor shall appoint board members and select a chair. If a financial emergency board is established for a district school board, the State Board of Education shall appoint board members and select a chair. The

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financial emergency board shall adopt such rules as are necessary for conducting board business. The board may:

- a. Make such reviews of records, reports, and assets of the local governmental entity or the district school board as are needed.
- b. Consult with officials and auditors of the local governmental entity or the district school board and the appropriate state officials regarding any steps necessary to bring the books of account, accounting systems, financial procedures, and reports of the local governmental entity or the district school board into compliance with state requirements.
- c. Review the operations, management, efficiency, productivity, and financing of functions and operations of the local governmental entity or the district school board.
- d. Consult with other governmental entities for the consolidation of all administrative direction and support services, including, but not limited to, services for asset sales, economic and community development, building inspections, parks and recreation, facilities management, engineering and construction, insurance coverage, risk management, planning and zoning, information systems, fleet management, and purchasing.
- 2. The recommendations and reports made by the financial emergency board must be submitted to the Governor for local governmental entities or to the Commissioner of Education and the State Board of Education for district school boards for appropriate action.
- (h) Requiring and approving a plan, to be prepared by officials of the local governmental entity or the district school board in consultation with the appropriate state

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officials, prescribing actions that will cause the local governmental entity or district school board to no longer be subject to this section. The plan must include, but need not be limited to:

- 1. Provision for payment in full of obligations outlined in subsection (1), designated as priority items, which are currently due or will come due.
- 2. Establishment of priority budgeting or zero-based budgeting in order to eliminate items that are not affordable.
- 3. The prohibition of a level of operations which can be sustained only with nonrecurring revenues.
- 4. Provisions implementing the consolidation, sourcing, or discontinuance of all administrative direction and support services, including, but not limited to, services for asset sales, economic and community development, building inspections, parks and recreation, facilities management, engineering and construction, insurance coverage, risk management, planning and zoning, information systems, fleet management, and purchasing.

Section 43. Subsection (2) of section 1002.455, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.455 Student eligibility for K-12 virtual instruction.

- (2) A student is eligible to participate in virtual instruction if:
- (a) The student spent the prior school year in attendance at a public school in the state and was enrolled and reported by the school district for funding during October and February for purposes of the Florida Education Finance Program surveys;
- (b) The student is a dependent child of a member of the United States Armed Forces who was transferred within the last

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12 months to this state from another state or from a foreign country pursuant to a permanent change of station order;

- (c) The student was enrolled during the prior school year in a virtual instruction program under s. 1002.45 or a full-time Florida Virtual School program under s. 1002.37(9)(a) s. $\frac{1002.37(8)(a)}{}$;
- (d) The student has a sibling who is currently enrolled in a virtual instruction program and the sibling was enrolled in that program at the end of the prior school year;
- (e) The student is eligible to enter kindergarten or first grade; or
- (f) The student is eligible to enter grades 2 through 5 and is enrolled full-time in a school district virtual instruction program, virtual charter school, or the Florida Virtual School.

Section 44. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 838.022, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 112.534, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

- 112.534 Failure to comply; official misconduct.
- (2)(a) All the provisions of s. 838.022 shall apply to this part.

Section 45. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 838.022, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (d) of subsection (4) of section 117.01, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

- 117.01 Appointment, application, suspension, revocation, application fee, bond, and oath.-
- (4) The Governor may suspend a notary public for any of the grounds provided in s. 7, Art. IV of the State Constitution.



Grounds constituting malfeasance, misfeasance, or neglect of duty include, but are not limited to, the following:

(d) Official misconduct as defined in s. 838.022.

Section 46. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 838.014, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (11) of section 817.568, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

817.568 Criminal use of personal identification information.—

(11) A person who willfully and without authorization fraudulently uses personal identification information concerning an individual who is 60 years of age or older; a disabled adult as defined in s. 825.101; a public servant as defined in s. 838.014; a veteran as defined in s. 1.01; a first responder as defined in s. 125.01045; an individual who is employed by the State of Florida; or an individual who is employed by the Federal Government without first obtaining the consent of that individual commits a felony of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 47. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 838.015, 838.016, and 838.22, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (g) of subsection (3) of section 921.0022, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity ranking chart.-

- (3) OFFENSE SEVERITY RANKING CHART
- (a) LEVEL 7

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1809			
	Florida	Felony	Description
	Statute	Degree	
1810			
	316.027(2)(c)	1st	Accident involving death,
1811			failure to stop; leaving scene.
1011	316.193(3)(c)2.	3rd	DUI resulting in serious bodily
			injury.
1812			
	316.1935(3)(b)	1st	Causing serious bodily injury
			or death to another person;
			driving at high speed or with
			wanton disregard for safety while fleeing or attempting to
			elude law enforcement officer
			who is in a patrol vehicle with
			siren and lights activated.
1813			
	327.35(3)(c)2.	3rd	Vessel BUI resulting in serious
			bodily injury.
1814	400 010 (0)	0 1	
	402.319(2)	2nd	Misrepresentation and negligence or intentional act
			resulting in great bodily harm,
			permanent disfiguration,
			permanent disability, or death.
1815			
	409.920	3rd	Medicaid provider fraud;
	•		· ·



1816	(2)(b)1.a.		\$10,000 or less.
1010	409.920 (2)(b)1.b.	2nd	Medicaid provider fraud; more than \$10,000, but less than \$50,000.
1817	456.065(2)	3rd	Practicing a health care profession without a license.
1818	456.065(2)	2nd	Practicing a health care profession without a license which results in serious bodily injury.
1819	458.327(1)	3rd	Practicing medicine without a license.
1820	459.013(1)	3rd	Practicing osteopathic medicine without a license.
1821	460.411(1)	3rd	Practicing chiropractic medicine without a license.
	461.012(1)	3rd	Practicing podiatric medicine without a license.
1823	462.17	3rd	Practicing naturopathy without a license.
1824			



1825	463.015(1)	3rd	Practicing optometry without a license.
	464.016(1)	3rd	Practicing nursing without a license.
1826 1827	465.015(2)	3rd	Practicing pharmacy without a license.
	466.026(1)	3rd	Practicing dentistry or dental hygiene without a license.
1828	467.201	3rd	Practicing midwifery without a license.
1829	468.366	3rd	Delivering respiratory care services without a license.
1830	483.828(1)	3rd	Practicing as clinical laboratory personnel without a license.
1831	483.901(9)	3rd	Practicing medical physics without a license.
1832	484.013(1)(c)	3rd	Preparing or dispensing optical devices without a prescription.
1833	484.053	3rd	Dispensing hearing aids without



1834			a license.
1835	494.0018(2)	1st	Conviction of any violation of chapter 494 in which the total money and property unlawfully obtained exceeded \$50,000 and there were five or more victims.
1836	560.123(8)(b)1.	3rd	Failure to report currency or payment instruments exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000 by a money services business.
	560.125(5)(a)	3rd	Money services business by unauthorized person, currency or payment instruments exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000.
1837	655.50(10)(b)1.	3rd	Failure to report financial transactions exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000 by financial institution.
	775.21(10)(a)	3rd	Sexual predator; failure to register; failure to renew driver license or identification card; other



1839			registration violations.
1840	775.21(10)(b)	3rd	Sexual predator working where children regularly congregate.
1841	775.21(10)(g)	3rd	Failure to report or providing false information about a sexual predator; harbor or conceal a sexual predator.
	782.051(3)	2nd	Attempted felony murder of a person by a person other than the perpetrator or the perpetrator of an attempted felony.
1842	782.07(1)	2nd	Killing of a human being by the act, procurement, or culpable negligence of another (manslaughter).
1843	782.071	2nd	Killing of a human being or unborn child by the operation of a motor vehicle in a reckless manner (vehicular homicide).
1844	782.072	2nd	Killing of a human being by the operation of a vessel in a



1845			reckless manner (vessel homicide).
1043	784.045(1)(a)1.	2nd	Aggravated battery; intentionally causing great bodily harm or disfigurement.
1846	784.045(1)(a)2.	2nd	Aggravated battery; using deadly weapon.
1847	784.045(1)(b)	2nd	Aggravated battery; perpetrator aware victim pregnant.
1848	784.048(4)	3rd	Aggravated stalking; violation of injunction or court order.
1849	784.048(7)	3rd	Aggravated stalking; violation of court order.
1850	784.07(2)(d)	1st	Aggravated battery on law enforcement officer.
1851	784.074(1)(a)	1st	Aggravated battery on sexually violent predators facility staff.
1852	784.08(2)(a)	1st	Aggravated battery on a person 65 years of age or older.
1853			oo years or age or order.



1854	784.081(1)	1st	Aggravated battery on specified official or employee.
	784.082(1)	1st	Aggravated battery by detained person on visitor or other detainee.
1855 1856	784.083(1)	1st	Aggravated battery on code inspector.
	787.06(3)(a)2.	1st	Human trafficking using coercion for labor and services of an adult.
1857	787.06(3)(e)2.	1st	Human trafficking using coercion for labor and services by the transfer or transport of an adult from outside Florida to within the state.
	790.07(4)	1st	Specified weapons violation subsequent to previous conviction of s. 790.07(1) or (2).
1859	790.16(1)	1st	Discharge of a machine gun under specified circumstances.
_ 0 0 0	790.165(2)	2nd	Manufacture, sell, possess, or



1861			deliver hoax bomb.
1862	790.165(3)	2nd	Possessing, displaying, or threatening to use any hoax bomb while committing or attempting to commit a felony.
1002	790.166(3)	2nd	Possessing, selling, using, or attempting to use a hoax weapon of mass destruction.
1863	790.166(4)	2nd	Possessing, displaying, or threatening to use a hoax weapon of mass destruction while committing or attempting to commit a felony.
1864	790.23	1st,PBL	Possession of a firearm by a
			person who qualifies for the penalty enhancements provided for in s. 874.04.
1865	794.08(4)	3rd	Female genital mutilation; consent by a parent, guardian, or a person in custodial authority to a victim younger than 18 years of age.
1000	796.05(1)	1st	Live on earnings of a



1867			prostitute; 2nd offense.
1868	796.05(1)	1st	Live on earnings of a prostitute; 3rd and subsequent offense.
1869	800.04(5)(c)1.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious molestation; victim younger than 12 years of age; offender younger than 18 years of age.
1870	800.04(5)(c)2.	2nd	Lewd or lascivious molestation; victim 12 years of age or older but younger than 16 years of age; offender 18 years of age or older.
1070	800.04(5)(e)	1st	Lewd or lascivious molestation; victim 12 years of age or older but younger than 16 years; offender 18 years or older; prior conviction for specified sex offense.
1871	806.01(2)	2nd	Maliciously damage structure by
1872			fire or explosive.
10,12	810.02(3)(a)	2nd	Burglary of occupied dwelling; unarmed; no assault or battery.



1873			
	810.02(3)(b)	2nd	Burglary of unoccupied
			dwelling; unarmed; no assault
1074			or battery.
1874	810.02(3)(d)	2nd	Burglary of occupied
	στο. στ (σ) (α)	2110	conveyance; unarmed; no assault
			or battery.
1875			
	810.02(3)(e)	2nd	Burglary of authorized
			emergency vehicle.
1876	010 014/01/011	1 ~+	Droporty stoler valued at
	812.014(2)(a)1.	1st	Property stolen, valued at \$100,000 or more or a
			semitrailer deployed by a law
			enforcement officer; property
			stolen while causing other
			property damage; 1st degree
1000			grand theft.
1877	812.014(2)(b)2.	2nd	Property stolen, cargo valued
	012.014(2)(D)2.	2110	at less than \$50,000, grand
			theft in 2nd degree.
1878			
	812.014(2)(b)3.	2nd	Property stolen, emergency
			medical equipment; 2nd degree
1070			grand theft.
1879	812.014(2)(b)4.	2nd	Property stolen, law
	012.014(2)(0)4.	2110	riopercy scorem, raw



1880			enforcement equipment from authorized emergency vehicle.
1881	812.0145(2)(a)	1st	Theft from person 65 years of age or older; \$50,000 or more.
	812.019(2)	1st	Stolen property; initiates, organizes, plans, etc., the theft of property and traffics in stolen property.
1882	812.131(2)(a)	2nd	Robbery by sudden snatching.
1883	012.131(2)(a)	2110	Robbery by Sadden Bhatening.
	812.133(2)(b)	1st	Carjacking; no firearm, deadly
1884			weapon, or other weapon.
	817.034(4)(a)1.	1st	Communications fraud, value greater than \$50,000.
1885	017 024/01/	0 1	
	817.234(8)(a)	2nd	Solicitation of motor vehicle accident victims with intent to defraud.
1886	017 024 (0)	0 1	
	817.234(9)	2nd	Organizing, planning, or participating in an intentional motor vehicle collision.
1887	817.234(11)(c)	1st	Insurance fraud; property value \$100,000 or more.



1888			
	817.2341(2)(b) & (3)(b)	1st	Making false entries of material fact or false statements regarding property values relating to the solvency of an insuring entity which are a significant cause of the insolvency of that entity.
1889	017	21	niliaa falaa lisa sa shbar
	817.535(2)(a)	3rd	Filing false lien or other unauthorized document.
1890	825.102(3)(b)	2nd	Neglecting an elderly person or disabled adult causing great bodily harm, disability, or disfigurement.
1891	825.103(3)(b)	2nd	Exploiting an elderly person or
			disabled adult and property is valued at \$10,000 or more, but less than \$50,000.
1892	827.03(2)(b)	2nd	Neglect of a child causing
	027.03(2)(2)	2110	great bodily harm, disability, or disfigurement.
1893			
	827.04(3)	3rd	Impregnation of a child under 16 years of age by person 21 years of age or older.

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1894	837.05(2)	3rd	Giving false information about
	33.133 (2)	0 2 0.	alleged capital felony to a law
1895			enforcement officer.
1896	838.015	2nd	Bribery.
1090	838.016	2nd	Unlawful compensation or reward for official behavior.
1897		0 1	
	838.021(3)(a)	2nd	Unlawful harm to a public servant.
1898			
1899	838.22	2nd	Bid tampering.
	843.0855(2)	3rd	Impersonation of a public
1900			officer or employee.
	843.0855(3)	3rd	Unlawful simulation of legal
1901			process.
	843.0855(4)	3rd	Intimidation of a public
1902			officer or employee.
	847.0135(3)	3rd	Solicitation of a child, via a
			computer service, to commit an unlawful sex act.
1903	047 0135 (4)	0 1	
	847.0135(4)	2nd	Traveling to meet a minor to



1.004			commit an unlawful sex act.
1904	872.06	2nd	Abuse of a dead human body.
1905	874.05(2)(b)	1st	Encouraging or recruiting
			person under 13 to join a
			criminal gang; second or subsequent offense.
1906	874.10	1st PRT.	Knowingly initiates, organizes,
	0,1.10	150,155	plans, finances, directs,
			manages, or supervises criminal gang-related activity.
1907			
	893.13(1)(c)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver cocaine (or other drug
			prohibited under s.
			893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4.)
			within 1,000 feet of a child
			care facility, school, or state, county, or municipal
			park or publicly owned
			recreational facility or community center.
1908	002 12/11/211	1	
	893.13(1)(e)1.	1st	Sell, manufacture, or deliver cocaine or other drug
			prohibited under s.



1909			893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4., within 1,000 feet of property used for religious services or a specified business site.
	893.13(4)(a)	1st	Deliver to minor cocaine (or other s. 893.03(1)(a), (1)(b), (1)(d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4. drugs).
1910 1911	893.135(1)(a)1.	1st	Trafficking in cannabis, more than 25 lbs., less than 2,000 lbs.
1912	893.135(1)(b)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in cocaine, more than 28 grams, less than 200 grams.
1912	893.135(1)(c)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in illegal drugs, more than 4 grams, less than 14 grams.
	893.135(1)(c)2.a.	1st	Trafficking in hydrocodone, 14 grams or more, less than 28 grams.
1914	893.135(1)(c)2.b.	1st	Trafficking in hydrocodone, 28 grams or more, less than 50



1915			grams.
1916	893.135(1)(c)3.a.	1st	Trafficking in oxycodone, 7 grams or more, less than 14 grams.
1917	893.135(1)(c)3.b.	1st	Trafficking in oxycodone, 14 grams or more, less than 25 grams.
	893.135(1)(d)1.	1st	Trafficking in phencyclidine, more than 28 grams, less than 200 grams.
1918 1919	893.135(1)(e)1.	1st	Trafficking in methaqualone, more than 200 grams, less than 5 kilograms.
	893.135(1)(f)1.	1st	Trafficking in amphetamine, more than 14 grams, less than 28 grams.
1920	893.135(1)(g)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in flunitrazepam, 4 grams or more, less than 14 grams.
1921	893.135(1)(h)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in gamma- hydroxybutyric acid (GHB), 1 kilogram or more, less than 5



1922			kilograms.
1923	893.135(1)(j)1.a.	1st	Trafficking in 1,4-Butanediol, 1 kilogram or more, less than 5 kilograms.
1924	893.135(1)(k)2.a.	1st	Trafficking in Phenethylamines, 10 grams or more, less than 200 grams.
1925	893.1351(2)	2nd	Possession of place for trafficking in or manufacturing of controlled substance.
1925	896.101(5)(a)	3rd	Money laundering, financial transactions exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000.
	896.104(4)(a)1.	3rd	Structuring transactions to evade reporting or registration requirements, financial transactions exceeding \$300 but less than \$20,000.
1927	943.0435(4)(c)	2nd	Sexual offender vacating permanent residence; failure to comply with reporting requirements.
1928			



1929	943.0435(8)	2nd	Sexual offender; remains in state after indicating intent to leave; failure to comply with reporting requirements.
1930	943.0435(9)(a)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to comply with reporting requirements.
1931	943.0435(13)	3rd	Failure to report or providing false information about a sexual offender; harbor or conceal a sexual offender.
	943.0435(14)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to report and reregister; failure to respond to address verification; providing false registration information.
1932 1933	944.607(9)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to comply with reporting requirements.
1934	944.607(10)(a)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to submit to the taking of a digitized photograph.
	944.607(12)	3rd	Failure to report or providing



1935			false information about a sexual offender; harbor or conceal a sexual offender.
	944.607(13)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to
			report and reregister; failure
			to respond to address
			verification; providing false registration information.
1936			registration information.
1930	985.4815(10)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to
			submit to the taking of a
			digitized photograph.
1937			
	985.4815(12)	3rd	Failure to report or providing
			false information about a
			sexual offender; harbor or
			conceal a sexual offender.
1938	005 4015 (10)	2 1	
	985.4815(13)	3rd	Sexual offender; failure to report and reregister; failure
			to respond to address
			verification; providing false
			registration information.
1939			
1940			
1941	Section 48. Fo	or the pu	arpose of incorporating the amendment
1942	made by this act to	section	n 838.022, Florida Statutes, in a
1943	reference thereto,	paragrap	oh (d) of subsection (3) of section



1944	921.0022, Florida	Statutes,	is reenacted to read:	
1945	921.0022 Criminal Punishment Code; offense severity ranking			
1946	chart			
1947	(3) OFFENSE SEVERITY RANKING CHART			
1948	(d) LEVEL 4			
1949				
1950				
	Florida	Felony	Description	
	Statute	Degree		
1951				
	316.1935(3)(a)	2nd	Driving at high speed or with	
			wanton disregard for safety	
			while fleeing or attempting to	
			elude law enforcement officer	
			who is in a patrol vehicle with	
			siren and lights activated.	
1952				
	499.0051(1)	3rd	Failure to maintain or deliver	
			pedigree papers.	
1953				
	499.0051(2)	3rd	Failure to authenticate	
			pedigree papers.	
1954				
	499.0051(6)	2nd	Knowing sale or delivery, or	
			possession with intent to sell,	
			contraband prescription drugs.	
1955				
	517.07(1)	3rd	Failure to register securities.	
1956				
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1957	517.12(1)	3rd	Failure of dealer, associated person, or issuer of securities to register.
1957	784.07(2)(b)	3rd	Battery of law enforcement officer, firefighter, etc.
	784.074(1)(c)	3rd	Battery of sexually violent predators facility staff.
1959	784.075	3rd	Battery on detention or commitment facility staff.
1960	784.078	3rd	Battery of facility employee by throwing, tossing, or expelling certain fluids or materials.
1961 1962	784.08(2)(c)	3rd	Battery on a person 65 years of age or older.
1962	784.081(3)	3rd	Battery on specified official or employee.
	784.082(3)	3rd	Battery by detained person on visitor or other detainee.
1964 1965	784.083(3)	3rd	Battery on code inspector.
	784.085	3rd	Battery of child by throwing,



1966			tossing, projecting, or expelling certain fluids or materials.
1966	787.03(1)	3rd	Interference with custody; wrongly takes minor from appointed guardian.
1968	787.04(2)	3rd	Take, entice, or remove child beyond state limits with criminal intent pending custody proceedings.
1969	787.04(3)	3rd	Carrying child beyond state lines with criminal intent to avoid producing child at custody hearing or delivering to designated person.
1970	787.07	3rd	Human smuggling.
1051	790.115(1)	3rd	Exhibiting firearm or weapon within 1,000 feet of a school.
1971	790.115(2)(b)	3rd	Possessing electric weapon or device, destructive device, or other weapon on school property.



1973	790.115(2)(c)	3rd	Possessing firearm on school property.
1974	800.04(7)(c)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious exhibition; offender less than 18 years.
1975	810.02(4)(a)	3rd	Burglary, or attempted burglary, of an unoccupied structure; unarmed; no assault or battery.
1976	810.02(4)(b)	3rd	Burglary, or attempted burglary, of an unoccupied conveyance; unarmed; no assault or battery.
1977	810.06	3rd	Burglary; possession of tools.
	810.08(2)(c)	3rd	Trespass on property, armed with firearm or dangerous weapon.
1978 1979	812.014(2)(c)3.	3rd	Grand theft, 3rd degree \$10,000 or more but less than \$20,000.
1980	812.014(2)(c)4	3rd	Grand theft, 3rd degree, a will, firearm, motor vehicle, livestock, etc.



1981	812.0195(2)	3rd	Dealing in stolen property by use of the Internet; property stolen \$300 or more.
	817.563(1)	3rd	Sell or deliver substance other than controlled substance agreed upon, excluding s. 893.03(5) drugs.
1982	817.568(2)(a)	3rd	Fraudulent use of personal identification information.
1983	817.625(2)(a)	3rd	Fraudulent use of scanning device or reencoder.
1984	828.125(1)	2nd	Kill, maim, or cause great bodily harm or permanent breeding disability to any registered horse or cattle.
1985	837.02(1)	3rd	Perjury in official proceedings.
	837.021(1)	3rd	Make contradictory statements in official proceedings.
1987 1988	838.022	3rd	Official misconduct.
	839.13(2)(a)	3rd	Falsifying records of an



1989			individual in the care and custody of a state agency.
	839.13(2)(c)	3rd	Falsifying records of the Department of Children and Families.
1990	843.021	3rd	Possession of a concealed handcuff key by a person in custody.
1991	843.025	3rd	Deprive law enforcement, correctional, or correctional probation officer of means of protection or communication.
1992	843.15(1)(a)	3rd	
1993	847.0135(5)(c)	3rd	Lewd or lascivious exhibition using computer; offender less than 18 years.
1994	874.05(1)(a)	3rd	Encouraging or recruiting another to join a criminal gang.
1995	893.13(2)(a)1.	2nd	Purchase of cocaine (or other



			s. 893.03(1)(a), (b), or (d), (2)(a), (2)(b), or (2)(c)4.
			drugs).
1996			
	914.14(2)	3rd	Witnesses accepting bribes.
1997			
	914.22(1)	3rd	Force, threaten, etc., witness, victim, or informant.
1998			
	914.23(2)	3rd	Retaliation against a witness,
			victim, or informant, no bodily
			injury.
1999			
	918.12	3rd	Tampering with jurors.
2000			
	934.215	3rd	Use of two-way communications
			device to facilitate commission
2001			of a crime.
2001			
2002	Section 49 As	nrovide	ed in s 112 322(3) Florida Statutes
2004	Section 49. As provided in s. 112.322(3), Florida Statutes, the Commission on Ethics is authorized to render advisory		
2005	opinions to any public officer, candidate for public office, or		
2006	public employee regarding the application of part III of chapter		
2007	112, Florida Statutes, including the amendments made by this		
2008	act.		
2009	Section 50. The Legislature finds that a proper and		
2010	legitimate state purpose is served when internal controls are		
2011	established to preve	ent and	detect fraud, waste, and abuse and to
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2012 safeguard and account for government funds and property. 2013 Therefore, the Legislature determines and declares that this act 2014 fulfills an important state interest.

Section 51. This act shall take effect October 1, 2016.

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2017 ======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========

2018 And the title is amended as follows:

> Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:

2021

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to government accountability; amending s. 11.045, F.S.; defining terms; requiring each house of the Legislature to provide by rule reporting requirements regarding lobbying firm's lobbying activities; specifying requirements regarding the content of reports and filing deadlines; requiring each house of the Legislature to establish procedures applicable to untimely filing of reports by rule; providing fines for late filing of reports; amending s. 11.40, F.S.; specifying that the Governor, the Commissioner of Education, or the designee of the Governor or of the Commissioner of Education may notify the Legislative Auditing Committee of an entity's failure to comply with certain auditing and financial reporting requirements; amending s. 11.45, F.S.; defining the terms "abuse," "fraud," and "waste"; revising the definition of the term "local governmental entity"; excluding water management districts from certain audit requirements; removing a

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cross-reference; authorizing the Auditor General to conduct audits of tourist development councils and county tourism promotion agencies; revising reporting requirements applicable to the Auditor General; creating s. 20.602, F.S.; specifying the applicability of certain provisions of the Code of Ethics for Public Officers and Employees to officers and board members of corporate entities associated with the Department of Economic Opportunity; prohibiting such officers and board members from representing a person or an entity for compensation before certain bodies for a specified timeframe; providing for construction; amending s. 28.35, F.S.; revising reporting requirements applicable to the Florida Clerks of Court Operations Corporation; amending s. 43.16, F.S.; revising the responsibilities of the Justice Administrative Commission, each state attorney, each public defender, a criminal conflict and civil regional counsel, a capital collateral regional counsel, and the Guardian Ad Litem Program, to include the establishment and maintenance of certain internal controls; creating s. 112.3126, F.S.; defining the term "private entity"; prohibiting a member of the Legislature or a candidate for legislative office from accepting employment with a private entity that directly receives funding through state revenues under certain circumstances; authorizing employment with a private entity if certain conditions are met; amending s. 112.313, F.S.; specifying that prohibitions on conflicting employment

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or contractual relationships for public officers or employees of an agency apply to contractual relationships held by certain business entities; amending s. 112.3144, F.S.; requiring elected municipal officers to file a full and public disclosure of financial interests, rather than a statement of financial interests; providing for applicability; amending s. 112.31455, F.S.; revising provisions governing collection methods for unpaid automatic fines for failure to timely file disclosure of financial interests to include school districts; amending s. 112.3215, F.S.; requiring a lobbying firm to file a report with the Commission on Ethics disclosing whether the firm lobbied the Governor to approve or veto a bill or an appropriation; requiring the commission to establish procedures applicable to untimely filing of reports by rule; providing fines for late filing of reports; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 112.3261, F.S.; revising terms to conform to changes made by the act; expanding the types of governmental entities that are subject to lobbyist registration requirements; requiring a governmental entity to create a lobbyist registration form; amending ss. 129.03, 129.06, 166.241, and 189.016, F.S.; requiring counties, municipalities, and special districts to maintain certain budget documents on the entities' websites for a specified period; amending s. 215.425, F.S.; defining the term "public funds"; revising exceptions

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to the prohibition on extra compensation claims; requiring certain contracts to which a unit of government or state university is a party during a specified period to contain certain prohibitions on severance pay; requiring a unit of government to investigate and take necessary action to recover prohibited compensation; specifying methods of recovery for unintentional and willful violations; providing a penalty; specifying applicability of procedures regarding suspension and removal of an officer who commits a willful violation; establishing eligibility criteria and amounts for rewards; specifying circumstances under which an employee has a cause of action under the Whistle-blower's Act; establishing causes of action if a unit of government fails to recover prohibited compensation within a certain timeframe; providing for applicability; amending s. 215.86, F.S.; revising the purposes for which management systems and internal controls must be established and maintained by each state agency and the judicial branch; amending s. 215.97, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "audit threshold"; amending s. 215.985, F.S.; revising the requirements for a monthly financial statement provided by a water management district; amending s. 218.32, F.S.; revising the requirements of the annual financial audit report of a local governmental entity; authorizing the Department of Financial Services to request additional information from a local

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governmental entity; requiring a local governmental entity to respond to such requests within a specified timeframe; requiring the department to notify the Legislative Auditing Committee of noncompliance; amending s. 218.33, F.S.; requiring local governmental entities to establish and maintain internal controls to achieve specified purposes; amending s. 218.39, F.S.; requiring an audited entity to respond to audit recommendations under specified circumstances; amending s. 218.391, F.S.; revising the composition of an audit committee; prohibiting an audit committee member from being an employee, a chief executive officer, or a chief financial officer of the respective governmental entity; requiring the chair of an audit committee to sign and execute an affidavit affirming compliance with auditor selection procedures; prescribing procedures in the event of noncompliance with auditor selection procedures; amending s. 286.0114, F.S.; prohibiting a board or commission from requiring an advance copy of testimony or comments from a member of the public as a precondition to be given the opportunity to be heard at a public meeting; amending s. 288.92, F.S.; prohibiting specified officers and board members of Enterprise Florida, Inc., from representing a person or entity for compensation before Enterprise Florida, Inc., and associated entities thereof, for a specified timeframe; amending s. 288.9604, F.S.; prohibiting a director of the Florida Development Finance

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Corporation from representing a person or an entity for compensation before the corporation for a specified timeframe; amending s. 373.536, F.S.; deleting obsolete language; requiring water management districts to maintain certain budget documents on the districts' websites for a specified period; amending s. 838.014, F.S.; revising and providing definitions; amending s. 838.015, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "bribery"; revising requirements for prosecution; amending s. 838.016, F.S.; revising the prohibition against unlawful compensation or reward for official behavior to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 838.022, F.S.; revising the prohibition against official misconduct to conform to changes made by the act; revising applicability of the offense to include public contractors; amending s. 838.22, F.S.; revising the prohibition against bid tampering to conform to changes made by the act; revising applicability of the offense to include specified public contractors; amending s. 1002.37, F.S.; requiring completion of an annual financial audit of the Florida Virtual School; specifying audit requirements; requiring an audit report to be submitted to the board of trustees of the Florida Virtual School and the Auditor General; removing obsolete provisions; amending s. 1010.01, F.S.; requiring each school district, Florida College System institution, and state university to establish and maintain certain internal controls; amending s.

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1010.30, F.S.; requiring a district school board, Florida College System institution board of trustees, or university board of trustees to respond to audit recommendations under certain circumstances; amending ss. 11.0455, 68.082, 68.083, 99.061, 218.503, and 1002.455, F.S.; conforming provisions and crossreferences to changes made by the act; reenacting s. 112.534(2)(a), F.S., relating to official misconduct, and s. 117.01(4)(d), F.S., relating to appointment, application, suspension, revocation, application fee, bond, and oath of notaries public, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 838.022, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 817.568(11), F.S., relating to criminal use of personal identification information, to incorporate the amendment made by the act to s. 838.014, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting s. 921.0022(3)(d) and (g), F.S., relating to the Criminal Punishment Code offense severity ranking chart, to incorporate the amendments made by the act to ss. 838.015, 838.016, 838.022, and 838.22, F.S., in references thereto; providing for applicability; declaring that the act fulfills an important state interest; providing an effective date.