LEGISLATIVE ACTION Senate House Comm: RCS 02/29/2016

The Committee on Fiscal Policy (Abruzzo) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment to Amendment (554986) (with title amendment)

Delete lines 513 - 1220

and insert:

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temporary pool used exclusively for providing swimming lessons or related instruction in support of an established educational program sponsored or provided by a county school district and a temporary pool used in conjunction with a sanctioned national or international swimming or diving competition event not to exceed



30 consecutive days of use.

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Section 11. Subsection (3) of section 514.0115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

514.0115 Exemptions from supervision or regulation; variances.-

(3) A private pool used for instructional purposes in swimming may shall not be regulated as a public pool. A temporary pool used for instructional purposes or to further an approved educational program or used for a sanctioned national or international swimming or diving competition event, for a period of 30 consecutive days or less, may not be regulated as a public pool.

Section 12. Subsection (5) of section 514.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

514.031 Permit necessary to operate public swimming pool.-

(5) An owner or operator of a public swimming pool, including, but not limited to, a spa, wading, or special purpose pool, to which admittance is obtained by membership for a fee shall post in a prominent location within the facility the most recent pool inspection report issued by the department pertaining to the health and safety conditions of such facility. The report shall be legible and readily accessible to members or potential members. The department shall adopt rules to enforce this subsection. A temporary portable pool may not be used as a public pool unless it is exempt under s. 514.0115.

Section 13. Section 515.27, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

515.27 Residential swimming pool safety feature options; penalties.-

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- (1) In order to pass final inspection and receive a certificate of completion, a residential swimming pool must meet at least one of the following requirements relating to pool safety features:
- (a) The pool must be isolated from access to a home by an enclosure that meets the pool barrier requirements of s. 515.29;
- (b) The pool must be equipped with an approved safety pool cover;
- (c) All doors and windows providing direct access from the home to the pool must be equipped with an exit alarm that has a minimum sound pressure rating of 85 dB A at 10 feet; or
- (d) All doors providing direct access from the home to the pool must be equipped with a self-closing, self-latching device with a release mechanism placed no lower than 54 inches above the floor; or
- (e) The pool must be equipped with a swimming pool alarm that, when placed in the pool, will sound upon detection of accidental or unauthorized entrance into the water. These pool alarms must meet and be independently certified to the ASTM Standard F 2208 "Standards Specification for Pool Alarms," which includes surface motion, pressure, sonar, laser, and infrared type alarms. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "swimming pool alarm" does not include a swimming protection alarm device designed for individual use, such as an alarm attached to a child that sounds when the child's movement exceeds a certain distance or the child becomes submerged in water.
- (2) A person who fails to equip a new residential swimming pool with at least one pool safety feature as required in subsection (1) commits a misdemeanor of the second degree,

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punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, except that no penalty shall be imposed if the person, within 45 days after arrest or issuance of a summons or a notice to appear, has equipped the pool with at least one safety feature as required in subsection (1) and has attended a drowning prevention education program established by s. 515.31. However, the requirement of attending a drowning prevention education program is waived if such program is not offered within 45 days after issuance of the citation.

Section 14. Subsection (2) of section 553.512, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.512 Modifications and waivers; advisory council.-

(2) The Accessibility Advisory Council shall consist of the following seven members, who shall be knowledgeable in the area of accessibility for persons with disabilities. The Secretary of Business and Professional Regulation shall appoint the following: a representative from the Advocacy Center for Persons with Disabilities, Inc.; a representative from the Division of Blind Services; a representative from the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation; a representative from a statewide organization representing the physically handicapped; a representative from the hearing impaired; a representative from the Pensacola Pen Wheels Inc. Employ the Handicapped Council President, Florida Council of Handicapped Organizations; and a representative of the Paralyzed Veterans of America. The terms for the first three council members appointed subsequent to October 1, 1991, shall be for 4 years, the terms for the next two council members appointed shall be for 3 years, and the terms for the next two members shall be for 2 years. Thereafter, all council member

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appointments shall be for terms of 4 years. No council member shall serve more than two 4-year terms subsequent to October 1, 1991. Any member of the council may be replaced by the secretary upon three unexcused absences. Upon application made in the form provided, an individual waiver or modification may be granted by the commission so long as such modification or waiver is not in conflict with more stringent standards provided in another chapter.

Section 15. Section 553.721, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.721 Surcharge.—In order for the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to administer and carry out the purposes of this part and related activities, there is created a surcharge, to be assessed at the rate of 1.5 percent of the permit fees associated with enforcement of the Florida Building Code as defined by the uniform account criteria and specifically the uniform account code for building permits adopted for local government financial reporting pursuant to s. 218.32. The minimum amount collected on any permit issued shall be \$2. The unit of government responsible for collecting a permit fee pursuant to s. 125.56(4) or s. 166.201 shall collect the surcharge and electronically remit the funds collected to the department on a quarterly calendar basis for the preceding quarter and continuing each third month thereafter. The unit of government shall retain 10 percent of the surcharge collected to fund the participation of building departments in the national and state building code adoption processes and to provide education related to enforcement of the Florida Building Code. All funds remitted to the department pursuant to this section



127 shall be deposited in the Professional Regulation Trust Fund. 128 Funds collected from the surcharge shall be allocated to fund 129 the Florida Building Commission and the Florida Building Code 130 Compliance and Mitigation Program under s. 553.841. Funds 131 allocated to the Florida Building Code Compliance and Mitigation 132 Program shall be \$925,000 each fiscal year. The Florida Building 133 Code Compliance and Mitigation Program shall fund the 134 recommendations made by the Building Code System Uniform 135 Implementation Evaluation Workgroup, dated April 8, 2013, from 136 existing resources, not to exceed \$30,000 in the 2016-2017 137 fiscal year. Funds collected from the surcharge shall also be 138 used to fund Florida Fire Prevention Code informal 139 interpretations managed by the State Fire Marshal and shall be 140 limited to \$15,000 each fiscal year. The State Fire Marshal 141 shall adopt rules to address the implementation and expenditure 142 of the funds allocated to fund the Florida Fire Prevention Code 143 informal interpretations under this section. The funds collected 144 from the surcharge may not be used to fund research on 145 techniques for mitigation of radon in existing buildings. Funds 146 used by the department as well as funds to be transferred to the 147 Department of Health and the State Fire Marshal shall be as prescribed in the annual General Appropriations Act. The 148 149 department shall adopt rules governing the collection and 150 remittance of surcharges pursuant to chapter 120. 151 Section 16. Subsections (11) and (15) of section 553.73, 152 Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (19) is added to 153 that section, to read: 154 553.73 Florida Building Code.-155 (11) (a) In the event of a conflict between the Florida

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Building Code and the Florida Fire Prevention Code and the Life Safety Code as applied to a specific project, the conflict shall be resolved by agreement between the local building code enforcement official and the local fire code enforcement official in favor of the requirement of the code which offers the greatest degree of lifesafety or alternatives which would provide an equivalent degree of lifesafety and an equivalent method of construction. Local boards created to address issues arising under the Florida Building Code or the Florida Fire Prevention Code may combine their appeals boards to create a single, local board having jurisdiction over matters arising under either code or both codes. The combined local appeals board may grant alternatives or modifications through procedures outlined in NFPA 1, Section 1.4, but may not waive the requirements of the Florida Fire Prevention Code. To meet the quorum requirement for convening the combined local appeals board, at least one member of the board who is a fire protection contractor, a fire protection design professional, a fire department operations professional, or a fire code enforcement professional must be present.

(b) Any decision made by the local fire official regarding application, interpretation, or enforcement of the Florida Fire Prevention Code, by and the local building official regarding application, interpretation, or enforcement of the Florida Building Code, or the appropriate application of either code or both codes in the case of a conflict between the codes may be appealed to a local administrative board designated by the municipality, county, or special district having firesafety responsibilities. If the decision of the local fire official and

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the local building official is to apply the provisions of either the Florida Building Code or the Florida Fire Prevention Code and the Life Safety Code, the board may not alter the decision unless the board determines that the application of such code is not reasonable. If the decision of the local fire official and the local building official is to adopt an alternative to the codes, the local administrative board shall give due regard to the decision rendered by the local officials and may modify that decision if the administrative board adopts a better alternative, taking into consideration all relevant circumstances. In any case in which the local administrative board adopts alternatives to the decision rendered by the local fire official and the local building official, such alternatives shall provide an equivalent degree of lifesafety and an equivalent method of construction as the decision rendered by the local officials.

- (c) If the local building official and the local fire official are unable to agree on a resolution of the conflict between the Florida Building Code and the Florida Fire Prevention Code and the Life Safety Code, the local administrative board shall resolve the conflict in favor of the code which offers the greatest degree of lifesafety or alternatives which would provide an equivalent degree of lifesafety and an equivalent method of construction.
- (d) All decisions of the local administrative board, if none exists, the decisions of the local building official and the local fire official in regard to the application, enforcement, or interpretation of the Florida Fire Prevention Code, or conflicts between the Florida Fire Prevention Code and

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the Florida Building Code, are subject to review by a joint committee composed of members of the Florida Building Commission and the Fire Code Advisory Council. If the joint committee is unable to resolve conflicts between the codes as applied to a specific project, the matter shall be resolved pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (1)(d). Decisions of the local administrative board related solely to the Florida Building Code are subject to review as set forth in s. 553.775.

- (e) The local administrative board shall, to the greatest extent possible, be composed of members with expertise in building construction and firesafety standards.
- (f) All decisions of the local building official and local fire official and all decisions of the administrative board shall be in writing and shall be binding upon a person but do not limit the authority of the State Fire Marshal or the Florida Building Commission pursuant to paragraph (1)(d) and ss. 633.104 and 633.228. Decisions of general application shall be indexed by building and fire code sections and shall be available for inspection during normal business hours.
- (15) An agency or local government may not require that existing mechanical equipment located on or above the surface of a roof be installed in compliance with the requirements of the Florida Building Code except during reroofing when the equipment is being replaced or moved during reroofing and is not in compliance with the provisions of the Florida Building Code relating to roof-mounted mechanical units.
- (19) The Florida Building Code must require two fire service access elevators in all buildings with a height greater than 120 feet from the elevation of street-level access to the

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level of the highest occupiable floor. Any remaining elevators must be equipped for Phase I and Phase II emergency operations. If a fire service access elevator is required in a building, a 1-hour fire-rated fire service access elevator lobby with direct access from the fire service access elevator is not required if the fire service access elevator opens into an exit access corridor, which cannot be less than 6 feet wide for its entire length, must have at least 150 square feet with the exception of door openings, and must have a minimum 1-hour fire rating with three-quarter-hour fire- and smoke-rated openings. During a fire event the fire service access elevator must be pressurized and floor-to-floor smoke control must be provided. However, if transient residential occupancies occur at floor levels more than 420 feet above the level of fire service access, a 1-hour fire-rated service access elevator lobby with direct access from the fire service access elevator is required.

Section 17. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 553.775, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.775 Interpretations.-

- (3) The following procedures may be invoked regarding interpretations of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction:
- (c) The commission shall review decisions of local building officials and local enforcement agencies regarding interpretations of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction after the local board of appeals has considered the decision, if such board exists, and if such appeals process is concluded within 25 business days.

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- 1. The commission shall coordinate with the Building Officials Association of Florida, Inc., to designate a panel panels composed of seven five members to hear requests to review decisions of local building officials. Five The members must be licensed as building code administrators under part XII of chapter 468, one member must be licensed as an architect under chapter 481, and one member must be licensed as an engineer under chapter 471. Each member and must have experience interpreting or and enforcing provisions of the Florida Building Code and the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction.
- 2. Requests to review a decision of a local building official interpreting provisions of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction may be initiated by any substantially affected person, including an owner or builder subject to a decision of a local building official or an association of owners or builders having members who are subject to a decision of a local building official. In order to initiate review, the substantially affected person must file a petition with the commission. The commission shall adopt a form for the petition, which shall be published on the Building Code Information System. The form shall, at a minimum, require the following:
- a. The name and address of the county or municipality in which provisions of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction are being interpreted.
- b. The name and address of the local building official who has made the interpretation being appealed.

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- c. The name, address, and telephone number of the petitioner; the name, address, and telephone number of the petitioner's representative, if any; and an explanation of how the petitioner's substantial interests are being affected by the local interpretation of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction.
- d. A statement of the provisions of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction which are being interpreted by the local building official.
- e. A statement of the interpretation given to provisions of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction by the local building official and the manner in which the interpretation was rendered.
- f. A statement of the interpretation that the petitioner contends should be given to the provisions of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction and a statement supporting the petitioner's interpretation.
- q. Space for the local building official to respond in writing. The space shall, at a minimum, require the local building official to respond by providing a statement admitting or denying the statements contained in the petition and a statement of the interpretation of the provisions of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction which the local jurisdiction or the local building official contends is correct, including the basis for the interpretation.
- 3. The petitioner shall submit the petition to the local building official, who shall place the date of receipt on the

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petition. The local building official shall respond to the petition in accordance with the form and shall return the petition along with his or her response to the petitioner within 5 days after receipt, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays. The petitioner may file the petition with the commission at any time after the local building official provides a response. If no response is provided by the local building official, the petitioner may file the petition with the commission 10 days after submission of the petition to the local building official and shall note that the local building official did not respond.

- 4. Upon receipt of a petition that meets the requirements of subparagraph 2., the commission shall immediately provide copies of the petition to the $\frac{1}{2}$ panel, and the commission shall publish the petition, including any response submitted by the local building official, on the Building Code Information System in a manner that allows interested persons to address the issues by posting comments.
- 5. The panel shall conduct proceedings as necessary to resolve the issues; shall give due regard to the petitions, the response, and to comments posed on the Building Code Information System; and shall issue an interpretation regarding the provisions of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction within 21 days after the filing of the petition. The panel shall render a determination based upon the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction or, if the code is ambiguous, the intent of the code. The panel's interpretation shall be provided to the commission, which shall

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publish the interpretation on the Building Code Information System and in the Florida Administrative Register. The interpretation shall be considered an interpretation entered by the commission, and shall be binding upon the parties and upon all jurisdictions subject to the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction, unless it is superseded by a declaratory statement issued by the Florida Building Commission or by a final order entered after an appeal proceeding conducted in accordance with subparagraph 7.

- 6. It is the intent of the Legislature that review proceedings be completed within 21 days after the date that a petition seeking review is filed with the commission, and the time periods set forth in this paragraph may be waived only upon consent of all parties.
- 7. Any substantially affected person may appeal an interpretation rendered by the a hearing officer panel by filing a petition with the commission. Such appeals shall be initiated in accordance with chapter 120 and the uniform rules of procedure and must be filed within 30 days after publication of the interpretation on the Building Code Information System or in the Florida Administrative Register. Hearings shall be conducted pursuant to chapter 120 and the uniform rules of procedure. Decisions of the commission are subject to judicial review pursuant to s. 120.68. The final order of the commission is binding upon the parties and upon all jurisdictions subject to the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction.
- 8. The burden of proof in any proceeding initiated in accordance with subparagraph 7. is on the party who initiated



the appeal.

9. In any review proceeding initiated in accordance with this paragraph, including any proceeding initiated in accordance with subparagraph 7., the fact that an owner or builder has proceeded with construction may not be grounds for determining an issue to be moot if the issue is one that is likely to arise in the future.

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This paragraph provides the exclusive remedy for addressing requests to review local interpretations of the Florida Building Code or the Florida Accessibility Code for Building Construction and appeals from review proceedings.

Section 18. Subsection(1) and (6) of section 553.79, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

553.79 Permits; applications; issuance; inspections.

(1) After the effective date of the Florida Building Code adopted as herein provided, it shall be unlawful for any person, firm, corporation, or governmental entity to construct, erect, alter, modify, repair, or demolish any building within this state without first obtaining a permit therefor from the appropriate enforcing agency or from such persons as may, by appropriate resolution or regulation of the authorized state or local enforcing agency, be delegated authority to issue such permits, upon the payment of such reasonable fees adopted by the enforcing agency. The enforcing agency is empowered to revoke any such permit upon a determination by the agency that the construction, erection, alteration, modification, repair, or demolition of the building for which the permit was issued is in violation of, or not in conformity with, the provisions of the

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Florida Building Code. Whenever a permit required under this section is denied or revoked because the plan, or the construction, erection, alteration, modification, repair, or demolition of a building, is found by the local enforcing agency to be not in compliance with the Florida Building Code, the local enforcing agency shall identify the specific plan or project features that do not comply with the applicable codes, identify the specific code chapters and sections upon which the finding is based, and provide this information to the permit applicant. Failure to provide a reason, based on compliance with the Florida Building Code or local ordinance, for a denial, revocation, or modification request to the applicant shall subject the plans reviewer or building code administrator responsible with creating the denial, revocation, or modification request to disciplinary action against his or her license pursuant to s. 468.621(1)(j). Installation, replacement, removal, or metering of any load management control device is exempt from and shall not be subject to the permit process and fees otherwise required by this section.

(6) A permit may not be issued for any building construction, erection, alteration, modification, repair, or addition unless the applicant for such permit complies with the requirements for plan review established by the Florida Building Commission within the Florida Building Code. However, the code shall set standards and criteria to authorize preliminary construction before completion of all building plans review, including, but not limited to, special permits for the foundation only, and such standards shall take effect concurrent with the first effective date of the Florida Building Code.

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After submittal of the appropriate construction documents, the building official may issue a permit for the construction of foundations or any other part of a building or structure before the construction documents for the whole building or structure have been submitted. If such a permit is issued, the permitholder may proceed at its own risk and without assurance that a permit for the entire structure will be granted. Corrections may be required to meet the requirements of the technical codes.

Section 19. Section 553.7931, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

553.7931 Alarm system registrations.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term "applicable local governmental entity" means the local enforcement agency or local law enforcement agency responsible for the administration of alarm system registration in a jurisdiction.
- (a) The owner, lessee, or occupant, or an authorized representative thereof, of a property must register their alarm system with the applicable local governmental entity if such entity requires registration of an alarm system.
- (b)1. A contractor, as defined in s. 553.793, or an alarm system monitoring company that installs a monitored alarm system shall provide written notice, on paper or electronically, to an owner, a lessee, or an occupant, or an authorized representative thereof, before activation or reactivation of an alarm system, that an obligation to register the alarm system with an applicable local governmental entity may exist.
- 2. An alarm system monitoring company that activates an alarm system installed by an owner, a lessee, or an occupant, or

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an authorized representative thereof, shall provide verbal notice to the owner, lessee, or occupant, or authorized representative thereof, before activation or reactivation of an alarm system, that an obligation to register the alarm system with an applicable local governmental entity may exist.

- (2) A contractor or an alarm system monitoring company shall not be liable for civil penalties and fines assessed or imposed by the applicable local governmental entity for failure to register an alarm system, dispatch to an unregistered user, or for excessive false alarms not attributed to alarm system monitoring company error or improper installation by the contractor or alarm system monitoring company.
- (3) A municipality, county, district, or other local governmental entity may not require that an alarm system registration form be notarized before an alarm system may be registered.
- (4) A municipality, county, district, or other local governmental entity may not adopt or maintain in effect any ordinance or rule regarding alarm system registration that is inconsistent with this section.

Section 20. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (7) of section 553.80, Florida Statutes, to read:

553.80 Enforcement.-

(7) The governing bodies of local governments may provide a schedule of reasonable fees, as authorized by s. 125.56(2) or s. 166.222 and this section, for enforcing this part. These fees, and any fines or investment earnings related to the fees, shall be used solely for carrying out the local government's responsibilities in enforcing the Florida Building Code. When

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providing a schedule of reasonable fees, the total estimated annual revenue derived from fees, and the fines and investment earnings related to the fees, may not exceed the total estimated annual costs of allowable activities. Any unexpended balances shall be carried forward to future years for allowable activities or shall be refunded at the discretion of the local government. The basis for a fee structure for allowable activities shall relate to the level of service provided by the local government and shall include consideration for refunding fees due to reduced services based on services provided as prescribed by s. 553.791, but not provided by the local government. Fees charged shall be consistently applied.

- (d) The local enforcement agency may not require the payment of any additional fees, charges, or expenses associated with:
 - 1. Providing proof of licensure pursuant to chapter 489;
- 2. Recording or filing a license issued pursuant to this chapter; or
- 3. Providing, recording, or filing evidence of workers' compensation insurance coverage as required by chapter 440.

Section 21. Paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 553.842, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.842 Product evaluation and approval.-

(8) The commission may adopt rules to approve the following types of entities that produce information on which product approvals are based. All of the following entities, including engineers and architects, must comply with a nationally recognized standard demonstrating independence or no conflict of interest:

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(a) Evaluation entities approved pursuant to this paragraph. The commission shall specifically approve the National Evaluation Service, the International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials Evaluation Service, the International Code Council Evaluation Services, Underwriters Laboratories, LLC, Intertek Testing Services NA, Inc., and the Miami-Dade County Building Code Compliance Office Product Control Division. Architects and engineers licensed in this state are also approved to conduct product evaluations as provided in subsection (5).

Section 22. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 553.844, Florida Statutes, is amended and subsection (4) of that section is revived, readopted, and amended to read:

553.844 Windstorm loss mitigation; requirements for roofs and opening protection. -

- (3) The Legislature finds that the integration of these specifically identified mitigation measures is critical to addressing the serious problem facing the state from damage caused by windstorms and that delay in the adoption and implementation constitutes a threat to the health, safety, and welfare of the state. Accordingly, the Florida Building Commission shall develop and adopt these measures by October 1, 2007, by rule separate from the Florida Building Code, which take immediate effect and shall incorporate such requirements into the next edition of the Florida Building Code. Such rules shall require or otherwise clarify that for site-built, singlefamily residential structures:
- (c) Any activity requiring a building permit, not including work associated with the prevention of degradation of the

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residence, that is applied for on or after July 1, 2008, and for which the estimated cost is \$50,000 or more, must include provision of opening protections as required within the Florida Building Code for new construction for a building that is located in the wind-borne debris region as defined in s. 1609.2 of the International Building Code (2006) and that has an insured value of \$750,000 or more, or, if the building is uninsured or for which documentation of insured value is not presented, has a just valuation for the structure for purposes of ad valorem taxation of \$750,000 or more.

(4) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, exposed mechanical equipment or appliances fastened to a roof or installed on the ground in compliance with the code using rated stands, platforms, curbs, slabs, walls, or other means are deemed to comply with the wind resistance requirements of the 2007 Florida Building Code, as amended. Further support or enclosure of such mechanical equipment or appliances is not required by a state or local official having authority to enforce the Florida Building Code. This subsection expires on the effective date of the 2013 Florida Building Code.

Section 23. Section 553.883, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.883 Smoke alarms in one-family and two-family dwellings and townhomes.—One-family and two-family dwellings and townhomes undergoing a repair, or a level 1 alteration as defined in the Florida Building Code, may use smoke alarms powered by 10-year nonremovable, nonreplaceable batteries in lieu of retrofitting such dwelling with smoke alarms powered by the dwelling's electrical system. Effective January 1, 2015, A battery-powered

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smoke alarm that is newly installed or replaces an existing battery-powered smoke alarm as a result of a level 1 alteration, must be powered by a nonremovable, nonreplaceable battery that powers the alarm for at least 10 years. The battery requirements of this section do not apply to a fire alarm, smoke detector, smoke alarm, or ancillary component that is electronically connected as a part of a centrally monitored or supervised alarm system; that uses a low-power radio frequency wireless communication signal; or that contains multiple sensors, such as a smoke alarm combined with a carbon monoxide alarm or other multi-sensor devices, and is approved and listed by a nationally recognized testing laboratory.

Section 24. Section 553.908, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.908 Inspection.-Before construction or renovation is completed, the local enforcement agency shall inspect buildings for compliance with the standards of this part. Notwithstanding any other provision of the code or law, effective July 1, 2016, section R402.4.1.2 of the Florida Building Code, 5th Edition (2014) Energy Conservation, which became effective on June 30, 2015, shall increase the building's or dwelling unit's maximum tested air leakage measure from "not exceeding 5 air changes per hour" to "not exceeding 7 air changes per hour" in Climate Zones 1 and 2. The mandatory blower door testing for residential buildings or dwelling units as contained in section R402.1.2 of the Florida Building Code, 5th Edition (2014) Energy Conservation, may not take effect until July 1, 2016, and does not apply to construction permitted before July 1, 2017. Additionally, section M401.2 of the Florida Building Code, 5th

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Edition (2014) Mechanical, which became effective on June 30, 2015, shall decrease the air filtration rate in a dwelling unit from "less than 5" to "less than 3" air changes per hour when tested with a blower door at a pressure of 0.2-inch water column (50 Pascals) in accordance with Section R402.4.1.2 of the Florida Building Code, 5th Edition (2014) Energy Conservation. Section 25. Subsection (3) of section 553.993, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 553.993 Definitions.—For purposes of this part: (3) "Building energy-efficiency rating system" means a whole building energy evaluation system that provides a reliable and scientifically based analysis of a building's energy consumption or energy features and allows a comparison to similar building types in similar climate zones where applicable. Specifically, the rating system shall use standard calculations, formulas, and scoring methods; be applicable nationally; compare a building to a clearly defined and researched baseline or benchmark; require qualified professionals to conduct the rating or assessment; and provide a labeling and recognition program with specific criteria or levels. Residential program benchmarks for new construction must be consistent with national building standards. Residential building program benchmarks for existing construction must be consistent with national home energy rating standards. The building energy-efficiency rating system shall require at least one level of oversight performed by an organized and balanced group of professionals with subject matter expertise in energy

efficiency, energy rating, and evaluation methods established by

the Residential Energy Services Network, the Commercial Energy



Services Network, the Building Performance Institute, the American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers, or the

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653 ========= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= 654 And the title is amended as follows:

Delete lines 1555 - 1652

656 and insert:

> amending s. 514.0115, F.S.; prohibiting a temporary pool from being regulated as a public pool in certain circumstances; amending s. 514.031, F.S.; providing that a temporary pool may not be used as a public pool unless it is exempt under s. 514.0115, F.S.; amending s. 515.27, F.S.; adding swimming pool alarms as a safety feature that satisfies requirements for final inspection and issuance of a certificate of completion; amending s. 553.512, F.S.; revising the membership of the Accessibility Advisory Council; amending s. 553.721, F.S.; directing the Florida Building Code Compliance and Mitigation Program to fund, from existing resources, the recommendations made by the Building Code System Uniform Implementation Evaluation Workgroup; providing a limitation; requiring that a specified amount of funds from the surcharge be used to fund certain Florida Fire Prevention Code informal interpretations; requiring the State Fire Marshal to adopt specified rules; amending s. 553.73, F.S.; authorizing local boards created to address specified issues to combine

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the appeals boards to create a single, local board; authorizing the local board to grant alternatives or modifications through specified procedures; requiring at least one member of a board to be a fire protection contractor, a fire protection design professional, a fire department operations professional, or a fire code enforcement professional in order to meet a specified quorum requirement; authorizing the appeal to a local administrative board of specified decisions made by a local fire official; specifying the decisions of the local building official and the local fire official which are subject to review; prohibiting an agency or local government from requiring that existing mechanical equipment located on or above the surface of a roof be installed in compliance with the Florida Building Code under certain circumstances; requiring the Florida Building Code to require two fire service access elevators in certain buildings; providing that a 1-hour fire-rated fire service access elevator lobby is not required in certain circumstances; requiring a 1-hour fire-related fire service access elevator lobby in certain circumstances; amending s. 553.775, F.S.; revising the membership of a panel that hears requests to review decisions of local building officials; amending s. 553.79, F.S.; providing that failure of a plans reviewer or building code administrator to provide a reason for denial or revocation of a building permit must result in disciplinary action; authorizing a

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building official to issue a permit for the construction of the foundation or any other part of a building or structure before the construction documents for the whole building or structure have been submitted; providing that the holder of such a permit may begin building at the holder's own risk with the building operation and without assurance that a permit for the entire structure will be granted; creating s. 553.7931, F.S.; defining the term "applicable local governmental entity"; requiring the owner, lessee, or occupant, or an authorized representative thereof, of a property to register an alarm system under certain circumstances; requiring a contractor to provide written notice to an owner, lessee, or occupant, or an authorized representative thereof, that an obligation to register the alarm system may exist; requiring alarm system monitoring companies to provide written or verbal notice, in certain circumstances, to an owner, lessee, or occupant, or an authorized representative thereof, that an obligation to register the alarm system may exist; providing that a contractor or alarm system monitoring company is not liable for specified fines and penalties; prohibiting local governmental entities from requiring notarization of an alarm system registration form; providing for preemption; amending s. 553.80, F.S.; prohibiting a local enforcement agency from charging additional fees related to the recording of a contractor's license or workers'

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compensation insurance; amending s. 553.842, F.S.; providing that Underwriters Laboratories, LLC, and Intertek Testing Services NA, Inc., are approved evaluation entities; amending s. 553.844, F.S.; excluding work associated with the prevention of degradation of a residence from certain building permit requirements; deleting an obsolete provision providing for expiration of requirements for the adoption of certain mitigation techniques by the Florida Building Commission within the Florida Building Code for certain structures and revising the requirements; amending s. 553.883, F.S.; exempting certain devices from certain