Florida Senate - 2016

LEGISLATIVE ACTION
Senate
House
Comm: FAV
02/19/2016

The Committee on Regulated Industries (Negron) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete lines 1105 - 2309
and insert:
Section 15. Section 550.1752, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
550.1752 Permit reduction program.-
(1) The permit reduction program is created in the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering for the purpose of purchasing and cancelling active pari-mutuel permits. The program shall be


11
funded from revenue share payments made by the Seminole Tribe of Florida under the compact ratified by s. 285.710(3) and received by the state after October 31, 2015. Compact payments payable for the program shall be calculated on a monthly basis until such time as the division determines that sufficient funds are available to fund the program. The total funding allocated to the program may not exceed $\$ 20$ million.
(2) The division shall purchase pari-mutuel permits from pari-mutuel permitholders when sufficient moneys are available for such purchases. A pari-mutuel permitholder may not submit an offer to sell a permit unless it is actively conducting parimutuel racing or jai alai as required by law and satisfies all applicable requirements for the permit. The division shall adopt by rule the form to be used by a pari-mutuel permitholder for an offer to sell a permit and shall establish a schedule for the consideration of offers.
(3) The division shall establish the value of a pari-mutuel permit based upon the valuation of one or more independent appraisers selected by the division. The valuation of a permit must be based on the permit's fair market value and may not include the value of the real estate or personal property. The division may establish a value for the permit that is lower than the amount determined by an independent appraiser but may not establish a higher value.
(4) The division must accept the offer or offers that best utilize available funding; however, the division may also accept the offers that it determines are most likely to reduce the incidence of gaming in this state.
(5) The division shall cancel any permit purchased under

Page 2 of 49
this section.
(6) This section shall expire on July 1, 2018, unless reenacted by the Legislature.

Section 16. Effective July 1, 2018, section 550.1752, Florida Statutes, as amended by this act, is amended to read:
550.1752 Thoroughbred purse supplement Permit reduction program.-
(1) The thoroughbred purse supplement permit reduction program is created in the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering for the purpose of maintaining an active and viable live thoroughbred racing, owning, and breeding industry in the state purchasing and cancelling active pari-mutuel permits. The program shall be funded from revenue share payments made by the Seminole Tribe of Florida under the compact ratified by s. 285.710(3) and received by the state after July 1, 2018 Өctobex 31, 2015. Compact payments payable for the program shall be calculated on a monthly basis until such time as the division determines that sufficient funds are available to fund the program. The total annual funding allocated to the program is may not exceed $\$ 20$ million.
(2) The division shall purchase pari-mutuel permits from pari-mutuel permitholders when sufficient moneys are available for such purchases. A pari-mutuel permitholder may not submit an offer to sell a permit unless it is actively conducting parimutuel racing or jai alai as required by law and satisfies all applicable requirements for the permit. The division shall adopt by rule the form to be used by a pari-mutuel permitholder for applying to receive purse assistance from the program to be used to supplement purses for its live racing meet an offer to sell a

Page 3 of 49
permit and shall establish a sehedule for the consideration of effers.
(3) The division shall distribute the purse supplement funds on a pro rata basis based upon the number of live race days to be conducted by each thoroughbred permitholder pursuant to its annual racing license establish the value of a parifutuel permit based upon the valuation of one or more independent appraisers selected by the division. The valuation of a permit must be based on the permit's fair market value and may not include the value of the real estate or personal property. The division may establish a value for the permit that is lower than the amount determined by an independent appraisex but may not establish a higher value.
(4) If a thoroughbred permitholder fails to conduct a live race day, the thoroughbred permitholder must return the unused purse supplement fund allocated for that day, and the division shall reapportion the allocation of purse supplement funds to the remaining race days to be conducted during the state fiscal year by that thoroughbred permitholder The division must accept the offer or offers that best utilize available funding; however, the division may also aceept the offers that it determines are most likely to reduce the incidence of gaming in this state.
(5) The division may adopt rules necessary to implement this section shall cancel any permit purchased under this section.
(6) This section shall expire on July 1, 2018, unless reenacted by the Legislature.

Section 17. Section 550.2416, Florida Statutes, is created Page 4 of 49
to read:
550.2416 Reporting of racing greyhound injuries.-
(1) An injury to a racing greyhound which occurs while the greyhound is located in this state must be reported on a form adopted by the division within 7 days after the date on which the injury occurred or is believed to have occurred. The division may adopt rules defining the term "injury."
(2) The form shall be completed and signed under oath or affirmation by the:
(a) Racetrack veterinarian or director of racing, if the injury occurred at the racetrack facility; or
(b) Owner, trainer, or kennel operator who had knowledge of the injury, if the injury occurred at a location other than the racetrack facility, including during transportation.
(3) The division may fine, suspend, or revoke the license of any individual who knowingly violates this section.
(4) The form must include the following:
(a) The greyhound's registered name, right-ear and left-ear tattoo numbers, and, if any, the microchip manufacturer and number.
(b) The name, business address, and telephone number of the greyhound owner, the trainer, and the kennel operator.
(c) The color, weight, and sex of the greyhound.
(d) The specific type and bodily location of the injury, the cause of the injury, and the estimated recovery time from the injury.
(e) If the injury occurred when the greyhound was racing:

1. The racetrack where the injury occurred;
2. The distance, grade, race, and post position of the
greyhound when the injury occurred; and
3. The weather conditions, time, and track conditions when the injury occurred.
(f) If the injury occurred when the greyhound was not racing:
4. The location where the injury occurred, including, but not limited to, a kennel, a training facility, or a transportation vehicle; and
5. The circumstances surrounding the injury.
(g) Other information that the division determines is necessary to identify injuries to racing greyhounds in this state.
(5) An injury form created pursuant to this section must be maintained as a public record by the division for at least 7 years after the date it was received.
(6) A licensee of the department who knowingly makes a false statement concerning an injury or fails to report an injury is subject to disciplinary action under this chapter or chapters 455 and 474.
(7) This section does not apply to injuries to a service animal, personal pet, or greyhound that has been adopted as a pet.
(8) The division shall adopt rules to implement this section.

Section 18. Subsection (1) of section 550.26165, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
550.26165 Breeders' awards.-
(1) The purpose of this section is to encourage the agricultural activity of breeding and training racehorses in
this state. Moneys dedicated in this chapter for use as breeders' awards and stallion awards are to be used for awards to breeders of registered Florida-bred horses winning horseraces and for similar awards to the owners of stallions who sired Florida-bred horses winning stakes races, if the stallions are registered as Florida stallions standing in this state. Such awards shall be given at a uniform rate to all winners of the awards, may shall not be greater than 20 percent of the announced gross purse, and may shall not be less than 15 percent of the announced gross purse if funds are available. In addition, at least no less than 17 percent, but not nox more than 40 percent, as determined by the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, of the moneys dedicated in this chapter for use as breeders' awards and stallion awards for thoroughbreds shall be returned pro rata to the permitholders that generated the moneys for special racing awards to be distributed by the permitholders to owners of thoroughbred horses participating in prescribed thoroughbred stakes races, nonstakes races, or both, all in accordance with a written agreement establishing the rate, procedure, and eligibility requirements for such awards entered into by the permitholder, the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, and the Florida Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association, Inc., except that the plan for the distribution by any permitholder located in the area described in s. $550.615(7)$ s. $550.615(9)$ shall be agreed upon by that permitholder, the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, and the association representing a majority of the thoroughbred racehorse owners and trainers at that location. Awards for thoroughbred races are to be paid
through the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, and awards for standardbred races are to be paid through the Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association. Among other sources specified in this chapter, moneys for thoroughbred breeders' awards will come from the 0.955 percent of handle for thoroughbred races conducted, received, broadcast, or simulcast under this chapter as provided in s. 550.2625(3). The moneys for quarter horse and harness breeders' awards will come from the breaks and uncashed tickets on live quarter horse and harness horse racing performances and 1 percent of handle on intertrack wagering. The funds for these breeders' awards shall be paid to the respective breeders' associations by the permitholders conducting the races.

Section 19. Section 550.3345, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
550.3345 eonversion of quarter horse permit to a Limited thoroughbred racing permit.-
(1) In recognition of the important and long-standing economic contribution of the thoroughbred horse breeding industry to this state and the state's vested interest in promoting the continued viability of this agricultural activity, the state intends to provide a limited opportunity for the conduct of live thoroughbred horse racing with the net revenues from such racing dedicated to the enhancement of thoroughbred purses and breeders', stallion, and special racing awards under this chapter; the general promotion of the thoroughbred horse breeding industry; and the care in this state of thoroughbred horses retired from racing.
(2) A limited thoroughbred racing permit previously
converted from Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the holder of a quarter horse racing permit pursuant to chapter 2010-29, Laws of Florida, issued under s. 550.334 may only be held by, within 1 year after the effective date of this section, apply to the division for a transfer of the quarter horse racing permit to a not-for-profit corporation formed under state law to serve the purposes of the state as provided in subsection (1). The board of directors of the not-for-profit corporation must be composed eomprised of 11 members, 4 of whom shall be designated by the applicant, 4 of whom shall be designated by the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, and 3 of whom shall be designated by the other 8 directors, with at least 1 of these 3 members being an authorized representative of another thoroughbred racing permitholder in this state. A limited thoroughbred racing the not-for-profit coxporation shall submit an application to the division for review and approval of the transfer in accordance with s. 550.054. Upon approval of the transfer by the division, and notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the not-for-profit corporation may, within 1 year after its receipt of the permit, request that the division convert the quarter horse racing permit to a permit authorizing the holdex to conduct pari-mutuel wagexing mects of thoroughbred racing. Neither the transfer of the quarter horse racing permit nor its conversion to a limited thoroughbred permit shall be subject to the mileage limitation or the fatification election as set forth under s. $550.054(2)$ or s . 550.0651. Upon receipt of the request for such conversion, the division shall timely issue a converted permit. The converted permit and the not-for-profit corporation are shall be subject Page 9 of 49

to the following requirements:
(a) All net revenues derived by the not-for-profit corporation under the thoroughbred horse racing permit, after the funding of operating expenses and capital improvements, shall be dedicated to the enhancement of thoroughbred purses and breeders', stallion, and special racing awards under this chapter; the general promotion of the thoroughbred horse breeding industry; and the care in this state of thorough.bred horses retired from racing.
(b) From December 1 through April 30, no live thoroughbred racing may not be conducted under the permit on any day during which another thoroughbred racing permitholder is conducting live thoroughbred racing within 125 air miles of the not-forprofit corporation's pari-mutuel facility unless the other thoroughbred racing permitholder gives its written consent.
(c) After the conversion of the quarter horse racing permit and the issuance of its initial license to conduct pari-mutuel wagering meets of thoroughbred racing, the not-for-profit corporation shall annually apply to the division for a license pursuant to s. 550.5251.
(d) Racing under the permit may take place only at the location for which the original quarter horse racing permit was issued, which may be leased by the not-for-profit corporation for that purpose; however, the not-for-profit corporation may, without the conduct of any ratification election pursuant to s. 550.054(13) or s. 550.0651, move the location of the permit to another location in the same county or counties, if a permit is situated in such a manner that it is located in more than one county, provided that such relocation is approved under the
zoning and land use regulations of the applicable county or municipality.
(e) A limited thoroughbred racing $N$ permit may not be transferred eonverted under this section is eligible for transfex to another person or entity.
(3) Unless otherwise provided in this section, aftex enversion, the permit and the not-for-profit corporation shall be treated under the laws of this state as a thoroughbred racing permit and as a thoroughbred racing permitholder, respectively, with the exception of ss. 550.054 (9) (c) and (d) and s. 550.09515 (3).

Section 20. Subsection (6) of section 550.3551, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
550.3551 Transmission of racing and jai alai information; commingling of pari-mutuel pools.-
(6) (a) A maximum of 20 percent of the total number of races on which wagers are accepted by a greyhound permitholder not located as specified in s. 550.615(6) may be received from locations outside this state. A permitholder may not conduct fewer than cight live races or games on any authorized race day except as provided in this subsection. A thoroughbred racing permitholder may not conduct fewer than eight live races on any race day without the written approval of the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association and the Florida Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association, Inc., unless it is determined by the department that another entity represents a majority of the thoroughbred racehorse owners and trainers in the state. A harness horse racing permitholder may conduct fewer than eight live races on any authorized race day, except that
such permitholder must conduct a full schedule of live racing during its race meet consisting of at least eight live races per authorized race day for at least 100 days. Any harness horse permitholder that during the preceding racing season conducted a full schedule of live racing may, at any time during its current face meet, receive full-card broadeasts of harness horse races eonducted at harness racetracks outside this state at the harness track of the permitholder and accept wagers on such harness races. With specific authorization from the division for special racing events, a permitholder may conduct fewer than eight live races or games when the permitholder also broadcasts out-of-state races or games. The division may not grant more than two such exceptions a year for a permitholder in any 12month period, and those two exceptions may not be consecutive.
(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, any harness horse racing permitholder accepting broadcasts of out-of-state harness horse races when such permitholder is not conducting live races must make the out-of-state signal available to all permitholders eligible to conduct intertrack wagering and shall pay to guest tracks located as specified in s. ss. 550.615(6) and 550.6305(9)(d) 50 percent of the net proceeds after taxes and fees to the out-of-state host track on harness horse race wagers which they accept. A harness horse racing permitholder shall be required to pay into its purse account 50 percent of the net income retained by the permitholder on account of wagering on the out-of-state broadcasts received pursuant to this subsection. Nine-tenths of a percent of all harness horse race wagering proceeds on the broadcasts received pursuant to this subsection shall be paid to
the Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association under the provisions of s. 550.2625(4) for the purposes provided therein.

Section 21. Subsection (4) of section 550.375, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
550.375 Operation of certain harness tracks.-
(4) The permitholder conducting a harness horse race meet must pay the daily license fee, the admission tax, the tax on breaks, and the tax on pari-mutuel handle provided in s. 550.0951 and is subject to all penalties and sanctions provided in s. $550.0951(7) s .550 .0951(6)$.

Section 22. Section 550.475, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
550.475 Lease of pari-mutuel facilities by pari-mutuel permitholders.-Holders of valid pari-mutuel permits for the conduct of any jai alai games, dogracing, or thoroughbred and standardbred horse racing in this state are entitled to lease any and all of their facilities to any other holder of a same class, valid pari-mutuel permit for jai alai games, dogracing, or thoroughbred or standardbred horse racing, when they are located within a $35-\mathrm{mile}$ radius of each otherュं and such lessee is entitled to a permit and license to operate its race meet or jai alai games at the leased premises. A permitholder may not lease facilities from a pari-mutuel permitholder that is not conducting a full schedule of live racing.

Section 23. Subsection (1) of section 550.5251, Florida Statutes, is amended, and present subsections (2) and (3) of that section are redesignated as subsections (1) and (2), respectively, to read:
550.5251 Florida thoroughbred racing; certain permits; operating days.-
(1) Each thoroughbred permitholder shall annually, during the period commencing December 15 of each year and ending January 4 of the following year, file in writing with the division its application to conduct one or more thoroughbred racing mectings during the thoroughbred racing season commencing on the following July 1. Each application shall specify the number and dates of all performances that the permitholdex intends to conduct during that thoroughbred racing season. On or before March 15 of each year, the division shall issue a license authorizing each pexmitholdex to conduct pexformances on the dates specified in its application. Up to February 28 of each year, each permitholder may request and shall be granted changes in its authorized performances; but thereafter, as a condition precedent to the validity of its license and its right to retain its permit, each permitholder must operate the full number of days authorized on each of the dates set forth in its license.

Section 24. Subsections (2), (4), (6), and (7) of section 550.615, Florida Statutes, are amended, present subsections (8), (9), and (10) of that section are redesignated as subsections (6), (7), and (8), respectively, present subsection (9) of that section is amended, and a new subsection (9) is added to that section, to read:
550.615 Intertrack wagering.-
(2) A Any track or fronton licensed under this chapter which has conducted a full schedule of live racing for at least 5 consecutive calendar years since 2010 in the preceding year eonducted a full schedule of live racing is qualified to, at any
time, receive broadcasts of any class of pari-mutuel race or game and accept wagers on such races or games conducted by any class of permitholders licensed under this chapter.
(4) An In no event shall any intertrack wager may not be accepted on the same class of live races or games of any permitholder without the written consent of such operating permitholders conducting the same class of live races or games if the guest track is within the market area of such operating permitholder. A greyhound racing permitholder licensed under this chapter which accepts intertrack wagers on live greyhound signals is not required to obtain the written consent required by this subsection from any operating greyhound racing permitholder within its market area.
(6) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (3), in any area of the state where there are three or more horserace permitholders within 25 miles of each other, intertrack wagering between permitholders in said area of the state shall only be authorized under the following conditions: Any permitholder, other than a thoroughbred permitholder, may accept intertrack wagers on races or games conducted live by a permitholder of the same class or any harness permitholder located within such area and any harness permitholder may accept wagers on games eonducted live by any jai alai permitholder located within its market area and from a jai alai permitholder located within the area specified in this subsection when no jai alai permitholdex located within its market area is conducting live jai alai performances; any greyhound or jai alai permitholder may receive broadcasts of and accept wagexs on any permitholder of the other elass provided that a permitholder, other than the host track,

Page 15 of 49
of such other class is not operating a contemporancous live performance within the market area.
(7) In any county of the state where there are only two permits, one for dogracing and one for jai alai, no intertrack wager may be taken during the period of time when a permitholdex is not licensed to conduct live races or games without the written consent of the other permitholder that is conducting live races or games. However, if neither permitholder is conducting live races or games, either permitholder may aceept intertrack wagers on horseraces or on the same class of races or games, or on both horscraces and the same class of races or games as is authorized by its permit.
(7)(9) In any two contiguous counties of the state in which there are located only four active permits, one for thoroughbred horse racing, two for greyhound racing dogracing, and one for jai alai games, an intertrack wager may not be accepted on the same class of live races or games of any permitholder without the written consent of such operating permitholders conducting the same class of live races or games if the guest track is within the market area of such operating permitholder.
(9) A greyhound racing permitholder that is eligible to receive broadcasts pursuant to subsection (2) and is operating pursuant to a current year operating license that specifies that no live performances will be conducted may accept wagers on live races conducted at out-of-state greyhound tracks only on the days when the permitholder receives all live races that any greyhound host track in this state makes available.

Section 25. Subsections (1), (4), and (5) of section 550.6308, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
550.6308 Limited intertrack wagering license.-In recognition of the economic importance of the thoroughbred breeding industry to this state, its positive impact on tourism, and of the importance of a permanent thoroughbred sales facility as a key focal point for the activities of the industry, a limited license to conduct intertrack wagering is established to ensure the continued viability and public interest in thoroughbred breeding in Florida.
(1) Upon application to the division on or before January 31 of each year, any person that is licensed to conduct public sales of thoroughbred horses pursuant to s. 535.01 and $\boldsymbol{r}_{\boldsymbol{r}}$ that has conducted at least 815 days of thoroughbred horse sales at a permanent sales facility in this state for at least 3 consecutive years, and that has conducted at least 1 day of nonwagering thoroughbred racing in this state, with a purse structure of at least $\$ 250,000$ per year for 2 consecutive years before such application, shall be issued a license, subject to the conditions set forth in this section, to conduct intertrack wagering at such a permanent sales facility during the following periods:
(a) Up to 21 days in connection with thoroughbred sales;
(b) Between November 1 and May 8;
(c) Between May 9 and october 31 at such times and on such days as any thoroughbred, jai alai, or a greyhound permitholder in the same county is not conducting live performances; provided that any such permitholder may waive this requirement, in whole or in part, and allow the licensee under this section to conduct intertrack wagering during one or more of the permitholder's live performances; and

Page 17 of 49
(d) During the weckend of the Kentucky Dexby, the Preakness, the Belmont, and a Breeders' Cup Meet that is eonducted before November 1 and after May 8 .

Only No more than one such license may be issued, and no such license may be issued for a facility located within 50 miles of any for-profit thoroughbred permitholder's track.
(4) Intertrack wagering under this section may be conducted only on thoroughbred horse racing, except that intertrack wagering may be conducted on any class of pari-mutuel race or game conducted by any class of permitholders licensed under this ehapter if all thoroughbred, jai alai, and greyhound permitholders in the same county as the licensee under this section give their consent.
(4)(5) The licensee shall be considered a guest track under this chapter. The licensee shall pay 2.5 percent of the total contributions to the daily pari-mutuel pool on wagers accepted at the licensés facility on greyhound races or jai alai games to the thoroughbred permitholder that is conducting live races for purses to be paid during its current racing mect. If more than one thoroughbred permitholder is conducting live races on a day during which the licensec is conducting intertrack wagering en greyhound races or jai alai games, the licensee shall allocate these funds between the operating thoroughbred permitholders on a pro rata basis based on the total live handle at the operating permitholders' facilities.

Section 26. Section 551.101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
551.101 Slot machine gaming authorized.- - An Any licensed Page 18 of 49
eligible pari-mutuel facility located in Miami-Dade County or Broward County existing at the time of adoption of s. 23, Art. X of the State constitution that has conducted live racing or games during calendar years 2002 and 2003 may possess slot machines and conduct slot machine gaming at the location where the pari-mutuel permitholder is authorized to conduct parimutuel wagering activities pursuant to such permitholder's valid pari-mutuel permit or as otherwise authorized by law provided that a majority of voters in a countywide referendum have approved slot machines at such facility in the respective eounty. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it is not a crime for a person to participate in slot machine gaming at a pari-mutuel facility licensed to possess slot machines and conduct slot machine gaming or to participate in slot machine gaming described in this chapter.

Section 27. Subsections (4), (10), and (11) of section 551.102, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
551.102 Definitions.-As used in this chapter, the term:
(4) "Eligible facility" means a $\quad$ licensed pari-mutuel facility located in Miami-Dade County or Broward County existing at the time of adoption of s. 23, Art. X of the State Constitution which that has conducted live racing or games during calendar years 2002 and 2003 and has been approved by a majority of voters in a countywide referendum to have slot machines at such facility in the respective county; any licensed pari-mutucl facility located within a county as defined in s. 125.011, provided such facility has conducted live racing for $z$ eonsecutive calendar years immediately preceding its application for a slot machine license, pays the required license fee, and
mects the other requirements of this chapter; or any licensed pari-mutuel facility in any ethex county in which a majority of voters have approved slot machines at such facilities in a countywide referendum, if such facility held pursuant to a statutory or constitutional authorization after the effective date of this section in the respective county, provided such fily has conducted a full schedule of live racing for 2 consecutive calendar years immediately preceding its application for a slot machine license, pays the required license licensed fee, and meets the other requirements of this chapter.
(10) "Slot machine license" means a license issued by the division authorizing a pari-mutuel permitholder to place and operate slot machines as provided in by s. 23, Art. X of the State Constitution, the provisions of this chapter, and by division rule rules.
(11) "Slot machine licensee" means a pari-mutuel permitholder that holds a license issued by the division pursuant to this chapter which that authorizes such person to possess a slot machine within facilities specified in s. 23, Art. X of the State Constitution and allows slot machine gaming.

Section 28. Subsections (1) and (2), paragraph (c) of subsection (4), and paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (10) of section 551.104, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
551.104 License to conduct slot machine gaming.-
(1) Upon application, and finding by the division, after investigation, that the application is complete and that the applicant is qualified, and payment of the initial license fee, the division may issue a license to conduct slot machine gaming in the designated slot machine gaming area of the eligible
facility. Once licensed, slot machine gaming may be conducted subject to the requirements of this chapter and rules adopted pursuant thereto. The division may not issue a slot machine license to any pari-mutuel permitholder that includes, or previously included within its ownership group, an ultimate equitable owner that was also an ultimate equitable owner of a pari-mutuel permitholder whose permit was voluntarily or involuntarily surrendered, suspended, or revoked by the division within 10 years before the date of permitholder's filing of an application for a slot machine license.
(2) An application may be approved by the division only after the voters of the county where the applicant's eligible facility is located have authorized by referendum slot machines within pari-mutuel facilities in that county as specified in s. 23, Art. X of the State Constitution.
(4) As a condition of licensure and to maintain continued authority for the conduct of slot machine gaming, the slot machine licensee shall:
(c)1. If conducting live racing or games, conduct no fewer than a full schedule of live racing or games as defined in s. 550.002(11). A permitholder's responsibility to conduct a full schedule such numbex of live races or games shall be reduced by the number of races or games that could not be conducted due to the direct result of fire, war, hurricane, or other disaster or event beyond the control of the permitholder. The races or games may be conducted at the facility of the slot machine licensee or at another pari-mutuel facility leased pursuant to s. 550.3345; or
2. If not licensed to conduct a full schedule of live
racing or games, remit for the payment of purses on live races an amount equal to the lesser of $\$ 2$ million or 3 percent of its slot machine revenues from the previous state fiscal year to a slot machine licensee licensed to conduct not fewer than 160 days of thoroughbred racing. If no slot machine licensee is licensed for at least 160 days of live thoroughbred racing, no payments for purses are required. A slot machine licensee that meets the requirements of subsection (10) shall receive a dollar-for-dollar credit to be applied toward the payments required under this subparagraph which are made pursuant to the binding agreement after the effective date of this act.
(10)(a) 1 . A slot machine license or renewal thereof may not shall be issued to an applicant holding a permit under chapter 550 to conduct pari-mutuel wagering meets of thoroughbred racing unless the applicant has on file with the division a binding written agreement between the applicant and the Florida Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association, Inc., governing the payment of purses on live thoroughbred races conducted at the licensee's pari-mutuel facility. In addition, $\underline{a}$ no slot machine license or renewal thereof may not shall be issued to such an applicant unless the applicant has on file with the division a binding written agreement between the applicant and the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, Inc., governing the payment of breeders', stallion, and special racing awards on live thoroughbred races conducted at the licensee's pari-mutuel facility. The agreement governing purses and the agreement governing awards may direct the payment of such purses and awards from revenues generated by any wagering or gaming the applicant is authorized to conduct under Florida
law. All purses and awards are shall bubject to the terms of chapter 550. All sums for breeders', stallion, and special racing awards shall be remitted monthly to the florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, Inc., for the payment of awards subject to the administrative fee authorized in $s$. $550.2625(3)$. This paragraph does not apply to a summer thoroughbred racing permitholder.
$Z$. No slot machine license or renewal thereof shall be issued to an applicant holding a permit under chapter 550 to eonduct pari-mutuel wagering meets of quarter horse racing unless the applicant has on file with the division a binding witten agreement betwen the applicant and the Floxida euartex Horse Racing Association or the association representing a majority of the horse owners and trainers at the applicant's eligible facility, governing the payment of purses on live quarter horse races conducted at the licensec's pari-mutuel facility. The agreement governing purses may direct the payment of such purses from revenues generated by any wagering or gaming the applicant is authorized to conduct under Florida law. All purses shall be subject to the terms of chapter 550.
(c) 1. If an agreement required under paragraph (a) cannot be reached prior to the initial issuance of the slot machine license, either party may request arbitration or, in the case of a renewal, if an agreement required under paragraph (a) is not in place 120 days prior to the scheduled expiration date of the slot machine license, the applicant shall immediately ask the American Arbitration Association to furnish a list of 11 arbitrators, each of whom shall have at least 5 years of commercial arbitration experience and no financial interest in
or prior relationship with any of the parties or their affiliated or related entities or principals. Each required party to the agreement shall select a single arbitrator from the list provided by the American Arbitration Association within 10 days of receipt, and the individuals so selected shall choose one additional arbitrator from the list within the next 10 days.
2. If an agreement required under paragraph (a) is not in place 60 days after the request under subparagraph 1 . in the case of an initial slot machine license or, in the case of a renewal, 60 days prior to the scheduled expiration date of the slot machine license, the matter shall be immediately submitted to mandatory binding arbitration to resolve the disagreement between the parties. The three arbitrators selected pursuant to subparagraph 1. shall constitute the panel that shall arbitrate the dispute between the parties pursuant to the American Arbitration Association Commercial Arbitration Rules and chapter 682.
3. At the conclusion of the proceedings, which shall be no later than 90 days after the request under subparagraph 1. in the case of an initial slot machine license or, in the case of a renewal, 30 days prior to the scheduled expiration date of the slot machine license, the arbitration panel shall present to the parties a proposed agreement that the majority of the panel believes equitably balances the rights, interests, obligations, and reasonable expectations of the parties. The parties shall immediately enter into such agreement, which shall satisfy the requirements of paragraph (a) and permit issuance of the pending annual slot machine license or renewal. The agreement produced by the arbitration panel under this subparagraph shall be
effective until the last day of the license or renewal period or until the parties enter into a different agreement. Each party shall pay its respective costs of arbitration and shall pay onehalf of the costs of the arbitration panel, unless the parties otherwise agree. If the agreement produced by the arbitration panel under this subparagraph remains in place 120 days prior to the scheduled issuance of the next annual license renewal, then the arbitration process established in this paragraph will begin again.
4. In the event that neither of the agreements required under subparagraph (a) 1 . or the agreement required under suparagraph (a)2. are in place by the deadlines established in this paragraph, arbitration regarding each agreement will proceed independently, with separate lists of arbitrators, arbitration panels, arbitration proceedings, and resulting agreements.
5. With respect to the agreements required under paragraph (a) governing the payment of purses, the arbitration and resulting agreement called for under this paragraph shall be limited to the payment of purses from slot machine revenues only.

Section 29. Effective July 1, 2036, paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 551.104, Florida Statutes, as amended by this act, is amended to read:
551.104 License to conduct slot machine gaming.-
(4) As a condition of licensure and to maintain continued authority for the conduct of slot machine gaming, the slot machine licensee shall:
(c) 1. If conducting live racing or games, conduct no fewer
than a full schedule of live racing or games as defined in s. 550.002(11). A permitholder's responsibility to conduct a full schedule of live races or games shall be reduced by the number of races or games that could not be conducted due to the direct result of fire, war, hurricane, or other disaster or event beyond the control of the permitholder. The races or games may be conducted at the facility of the slot machine licensee or at another pari-mutuel facility leased pursuant to s. 550.3345.; or
z. If not licensed to conduct a full schedule of live racing or games, remit for the payment of purses on live races an amount equal to the lesser of $\$ 2$ million or 3 percent of its slot machine revenues from the previous state fiscal year to a slot machine licensee licensed to conduct not fewer than 160 days of thoroughbred racing. If no slot machine licensee is licensed for at least 160 days of live thoroughbred racing, no payments for purses are required. A slot machine licensee that meets the requirements of subsection (10) shall receive a dollar-for-dollar credit to be applied toward the payments required under this subparagraph which are made pursuant to the binding agreement after the effective date of this act.

Section 30. Section 551.1042, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
551.1042 Transfer or relocation of slot machine license prohibited.-A slot machine license issued under this chapter may not be transferred or reissued when such reissuance is in the nature of a transfer so as to permit or authorize a licensee to change the location of a slot machine facility.

Section 31. Section 551.1043, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
551.1043 Slot machine license to enhance live pari-mutuel activity.-In recognition of the important and long-standing economic contribution of the pari-mutuel industry to this state and the state's vested interest in the revenue generated therefrom and in the interest of promoting the continued viability of the important statewide agricultural activities that the industry supports, the Legislature finds that it is in the state's interest to provide a limited opportunity for the establishment of an additional slot machine license to be awarded and renewed annually to a pari-mutuel permitholder located within a county as defined in s. 125.011.
(1) (a) Within 120 days after the effective date of this act, any pari-mutuel permitholder that is located in a county as defined in s. 125.011 and that is not a slot machine licensee may apply to the division pursuant to s. 551.104 for the slot machine license created by this section.
(b) The application shall be accompanied by a license application fee of \$2 million, which is nonrefundable. The license application fee shall be deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to be used by the division and the Department of Law Enforcement for investigations, the regulation of slot machine gaming, and the enforcement of slot machine gaming under this chapter. In the event of a successful award, the application fee shall be credited toward the license fee required by s. 551.106 .
(2) If there is more than one applicant for the new slot machine license, the division shall award the license to the applicant that receives the highest score based on the following

criteria:
(a) The amount of slot machine revenues to be dedicated to the enhancement of pari-mutuel purses; breeder's, stallion, and special racing or player awards to be awarded to pari-mutuel activities conducted pursuant to chapter 550;
(b) The amount of slot machine revenues to be dedicated to the general promotion of the state's pari-mutuel industry;
(c) The amount of slot machine revenues to be dedicated to care provided in this state to injured or retired animals, jockeys, or jai alai players;
(d) The amount by which the proposed slot machine facility will increase tourism, generate jobs, provide revenue to the local economy, and provide revenue to the state. The applicant and its partners shall document their previous experience in constructing premier facilities with high-quality amenities which complement a local tourism industry;
(e) The financial history of the applicant and its partners in making capital investments in slot machine gaming and parimutuel facilities and its bona fide plan for future community involvement and financial investment;
(f) The history of investment by the applicant and its partners in the communities in which its previous developments have been located;
(g) The ability to purchase and maintain a surety bond in an amount established by the division to represent the projected annual revenues generated by the proposed slot machine facility;
(h) The ability to demonstrate the financial wherewithal to adequately capitalize, develop, construct, maintain, and operate a proposed slot machine facility. The applicant must demonstrate
the ability to commit not less than $\$ 100$ million for hard costs related to construction and development of the facility, exclusive of the purchase price and costs associated with the acquisition of real property and any impact fees. The applicant must also demonstrate the ability to meet any projected secured and unsecured debt obligations and to complete construction within 2 years after receiving the award of the slot machine license;
(i) The ability to implement a program to train and employ residents of South Florida to work at the facility and contract with local business owners for goods and services; and
(j) The ability to generate, with its partners, substantial gross gaming revenue following the award of gaming licenses through a competitive bidding process.

The division shall award additional points in the evaluation of the applications for proposed projects located within 0.5 miles of two forms of public transportation and located in a designated community redevelopment area or district.
(3) (a) Notwithstanding the timeframes established in s. 120.60, the division shall complete its evaluations at least 120 days after the submission of applications and shall notice its intent to award the license within that timeframe. Within 30 days after the submission of an application, the division shall issue, if necessary, requests for additional information or any notices of deficiency to the applicant, who must respond within 15 days. Failure to timely and sufficiently respond to such requests or to correct identified deficiencies is grounds for denial of the application.

(b) Any protest of the intent to award the license shall be forwarded to the Division of Administrative Hearings, which shall conduct an administrative hearing on the matter before an administrative law judge at least 30 days after the notice of intent to award. The administrative law judge shall issue a proposed recommended order at least 30 days after the completion of the final hearing. The division shall issue a final order at least 15 days after receipt of the proposed recommended order.
(c) Any appeal of a license denial shall be made to the First District Court of Appeal and must be accompanied by the posting of a supersedeas bond in an amount determined by the division to be equal to the amount of projected annual slot machine revenue to be generated by the successful licensee.
(4) The division is authorized to adopt emergency rules pursuant to s. 120.54 to implement this section. The Legislature finds that such emergency rulemaking power is necessary for the preservation of the rights and welfare of the people in order to provide additional funds to benefit the public. The Legislature further finds that the unique nature of the competitive award of the slot machine license under this section requires that the department respond as quickly as is practicable to implement this section. Therefore, in adopting such emergency rules, the division is exempt from s. 120.54(4)(a). Emergency rules adopted under this section are exempt from s. 120.54(4)(c) and shall remain in effect until replaced by other emergency rules or by rules adopted pursuant to chapter 120.

Section 32. Section 551.1044, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
551. 1044 House banked blackjack table games authorized.-
(1) The pari-mutuel permitholder of each of the following pari-mutuel wagering facilities may operate up to 25 house banked blackjack table games at the permitholder's facility:
(a) A licensed pari-mutuel facility where live racing or games were conducted during calendar years 2002 and 2003, located in Miami-Dade County or Broward County, and authorized for slot machine licensure pursuant to s. 23, Art. X of the State Constitution; and
(b) A licensed pari-mutuel facility where a full schedule of live horseracing has been conducted for 2 consecutive calendar years immediately preceding its application for a slot machine license and located within a county as defined in s. 125.011 .
(2) Wagers on authorized house banked blackjack table games may not exceed $\$ 100$ for each initial two card wager. Subsequent wagers on splits or double downs are allowed but may not exceed the initial two card wager. Single side bets of not more than \$5 are also allowed.

Section 33. Subsection (1) and paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 551.106, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 551.106 License fee; tax rate; penalties.-
(1) LICENSE FEE.-
(a) Upon submission of the initial application for a slot machine license and annually thereafter, on the anniversary date of the issuance of the initial license, the licensee must pay to the division a nonrefundable license fee of $\$ 3$ million for the succeeding 12 months of licensure. In the $2010-2011$ fiscal year, the licensee must pay the division a nonrefundable license fee of $\$ 2.5$ million for the succecding 12 months of licensure. In
(2) TAX ON SLOT MACHINE REVENUES.-
(a) The tax rate on slot machine revenues at each facility shall be 2535 percent. If, during any state fiscal year, the aggregate amount of tax paid to the state by all slot machine licensees in Broward and Miami-Dade Counties is less than the aggregate amount of tax paid to the state by all slot machine licensees in the 2008-2009 fiscal year, each slot machine licensee shall pay to the state within 45 days after the end of the state fiscal year a surcharge equal to its pro rata share of an amount equal to the difference between the aggregate amount of tax paid to the state by all slot machine licensees in the 2008-2009 fiscal year and the amount of tax paid during the fiscal year. Each licensee's pro rata share shall be an amount
determined by dividing the number 1 by the number of facilities licensed to operate slot machines during the applicable fiscal year, regardless of whether the facility is operating such machines.

Section 34. Subsection (2) of section 551.108, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
551.108 Prohibited relationships.-
(2) A manufacturer or distributor of slot machines may not enter into any contract with a slot machine licensee that provides for any revenue sharing of any kind or nature that is directly or indirectly calculated on the basis of a percentage of slot machine revenues. Any maneuver, shift, or device whereby this subsection is violated is a violation of this chapter and renders any such agreement void. This subsection does not apply to contracts related to a progressive system used in conjunction with slot machines.

Section 35. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 551.114, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
551.114 Slot machine gaming areas.-
(2) If such races or games are available to the slot machine licensee, the slot machine licensee shall display parimutuel races or games within the designated slot machine gaming areas and offer patrons within the designated slot machine gaming areas the ability to engage in pari-mutuel wagering on any live, intertrack, and simulcast races conducted or offered to patrons of the licensed facility.
(4) Designated slot machine gaming areas shall may be located anywhere within the property described in a slot machine licensee's pari-mutuel permit within the current live gaming
facility or in an existing building that must be contiguous and eonnected to the live gaming facility. If a designated slot machine gaming area is to be located in a building that is to be constructed, that new building must be contiguous and connected to the live gaming facility.

Section 36. Section 551.116, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
551.116 Days and hours of operation.-Slot machine gaming areas may be open 24 hours per day, 7 days a week daily throughout the year. The slot machine gaming areas may be open a eumulative amount of 18 hours per day on Monday through Friday and 24 hours per day on Saturday and Sunday and on those holidays specified in s. 110.117(1).

Section 37. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 551.121, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
551.121 Prohibited activities and devices; exceptions.-
(1) Complimentary or reduced-cost alcoholic beverages may not be served to a person persons playing a slot machine. Alcoholic beverages served to persons playing a slot machine shall cost at least the same amount as alcoholic beverages served to the general public at a bar within the facility.
(3) A slot machine licensee may not allow any automated teller machine or similar device designed to provide credit or dispense cash to be located within the designated slot machine gaming areas of a facility of a slot machine licensee.

Section 38. Present subsections (9) through (17) of section 849.086, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (10) through (18), respectively, a new subsection (9) is added to that section, and subsections (1) and (2), paragraph (b) of
subsection (5), paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of subsection (7), paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (8), present subsection (12), paragraphs (d) and (h) of present subsection (13), and present subsection (17) of section 849.086, Florida Statutes, are amended, to read:
849.086 Cardrooms authorized.-
(1) LEGISLATIVE INTENT.-It is the intent of the Legislature to provide additional entertainment choices for the residents of and visitors to the state, promote tourism in the state, provide revenues to support the continuation of live pari-mutuel activity, and provide additional state revenues through the authorization of the playing of certain games in the state at facilities known as cardrooms which are to be located at licensed pari-mutuel facilities. To ensure the public confidence in the integrity of authorized cardroom operations, this act is designed to strictly regulate the facilities, persons, and procedures related to cardroom operations. Furthermore, the Legislature finds that authorized games of cards and dominoes as herein defined are considered to be pari-mutuel style games and not casino gaming because the participants play against each other instead of against the house.
(2) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section:
(a) "Authorized game" means a game or series of card and domino games that ef poker or dominoes which are played in conformance with this section nonbanking mannex.
(b) "Banking game" means a game in which the house is a participant in the game, taking on players, paying winners, and collecting from losers or in which the cardroom establishcs a bank against which participants play. A designated player game
is not a banking game.
(c) "Cardroom" means a facility where authorized games are played for money or anything of value and to which the public is invited to participate in such games and charged a fee for participation by the operator of such facility. Authorized games and cardrooms do not constitute casino gaming operations if conducted at an eligible facility.
(d) "Cardroom management company" means any individual not an employee of the cardroom operator, any proprietorship, partnership, corporation, or other entity that enters into an agreement with a cardroom operator to manage, operate, or otherwise control the daily operation of a cardroom.
(e) "Cardroom distributor" means any business that distributes cardroom paraphernalia such as card tables, betting chips, chip holders, dominoes, dominoes tables, drop boxes, banking supplies, playing cards, card shufflers, and other associated equipment to authorized cardrooms.
(f) "Cardroom operator" means a licensed pari-mutuel permitholder that which holds a valid permit and license issued by the division pursuant to chapter 550 and which also holds a valid cardroom license issued by the division pursuant to this section which authorizes such person to operate a cardroom and to conduct authorized games in such cardroom.
(g) "Designated player" means the player identified as the player in the dealer position and seated at a traditional player position in a designated player game and who pays winning players and collects from losing players.
(h) "Designated player game" means a game in which the players compare their cards only to the cards of the designated
player or to a combination of cards held by the designated player and cards common and available for play by all players.
(i)(g) "Division" means the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.
(j)(h) "Dominoes" means a game of dominoes typically played with a set of 28 flat rectangular blocks, called "bones," which are marked on one side and divided into two equal parts, with zero to six dots, called "pips," in each part. The term also includes larger sets of blocks that contain a correspondingly higher number of pips. The term also means the set of blocks used to play the game.
(k) (i) "Gross receipts" means the total amount of money received by a cardroom from any person for participation in authorized games.
(l)(j) "House" means the cardroom operator and all employees of the cardroom operator.
(m) (k) "Net proceeds" means the total amount of gross receipts received by a cardroom operator from cardroom operations less direct operating expenses related to cardroom operations, including labor costs, admission taxes only if a separate admission fee is charged for entry to the cardroom facility, gross receipts taxes imposed on cardroom operators by this section, the annual cardroom license fees imposed by this section on each table operated at a cardroom, and reasonable promotional costs excluding officer and director compensation, interest on capital debt, legal fees, real estate taxes, bad debts, contributions or donations, or overhead and depreciation expenses not directly related to the operation of the cardrooms.
(n) (1) "Rake" means a set fee or percentage of the pot assessed by a cardroom operator for providing the services of a dealer, table, or location for playing the authorized game.
(o)(m) "Tournament" means a series of games that have more than one betting round involving one or more tables and where the winners or others receive a prize or cash award.
(5) LICENSE REQUIRED; APPLICATION; FEES.-No person may operate a cardroom in this state unless such person holds a valid cardroom license issued pursuant to this section.
(b) After the initial cardroom license is granted, the application for the annual license renewal shall be made in conjunction with the applicant's annual application for its pari-mutuel license. If a permitholder has operated a cardroom during any of the 3 previous fiscal years and fails to include a renewal request for the operation of the cardroom in its annual application for license renewal, the permitholder may amend its annual application to include operation of the cardroom. In order for a cardroom license to be renewed the applicant must have requested, as part of its pari-mutuel annual license application, to conduct at least 90 percent of the total number of live performances conducted by such permitholder during either the state fiscal ycar in which its initial cardroom license was issued or the state fiscal year immediately prior thereto if the permitholder ran at least a full schedule of live racing or games in the prior year. If the application is for a harness permitholder cardroom, the applicant must have requested zuthorization to conduct a minimum of 140 live performances during the state fiscal year immediately prior thereto. If more than one permitholder is operating at a facility, each
permitholder must have applied for a license to conduct a full schedule of live racing.
(7) CONDITIONS FOR OPERATING A CARDROOM.-
(a) A cardroom may be operated only at the location specified on the cardroom license issued by the division, and such location may only be the location at which the pari-mutuel permitholder is authorized to conduct pari-mutuel wagering activities pursuant to such permitholder's valid pari-mutuel permit or as otherwise authorized by law. Cardroom operations may not be allowed beyond the hours provided in paragraph (b) regardless of the number of cardroom licenses issued for pexmitholdexs operating at the paxi-mutuel facility.
(b) Any cardroom operator may operate a cardroom at the pari-mutuel facility daily throughout the year, if the permitholder meets the requirements under paragraph (5) (b). The cardroom may be open a cumulative amount of 18 hours per day on Monday through Friday and 24 hours per day on Saturday and Sunday and on the holidays specified in s. 110.117(1).
(c) For authorized games of poker or dominoes at a cardroom, a cardroom operator must at all times employ and provide a nonplaying live dealer at fox each table on which the authorized eard games which traditionally use a dealex are conducted the cardroom. Such dealers may not have a participatory interest in any game other than the dealing of cards and may not have an interest in the outcome of the game. The providing of such dealers by a licensee does not constitute the conducting of a banking game by the cardroom operator.
(8) METHOD OF WAGERS; LIMITATION.-
(a) Wagering may not be conducted using money or other

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negotiable currency. Games may only be played utilizing a wagering system whereby all players' money is first converted by the house to tokens or chips that may which shall be used for wagering only at that specific cardroom.
(b) For authorized games of poker or dominoes, the cardroom operator may limit the amount wagered in any game or series of games.
(9) DESIGNATED PLAYER GAMES AUTHORIZED.-
(a) A cardroom operator may offer designated player games consisting of players making wagers against the designated player. The designated player must be licensed pursuant to paragraph (6) (b).
(b) A cardroom operator may not serve as a designated player in any game. The cardroom operator may not have a financial interest in a designated player in any game. A cardroom operator may collect a rake in accordance with the rake structure posted at the table.
(c) If there are multiple designated players at a table, the dealer button shall be rotated in a clockwise rotation after each hand.
(d) A cardroom operator may not allow a designated player to pay an opposing player who holds a lower ranked hand.
(13)(12) PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES.-
(a) A person licensed to operate a cardroom may not conduct any banking game or any game not specifically authorized by this section. For purposes of this section, a designated player game shall be deemed a banking game if any of the following elements apply:

1. Any designated player is required by the rules of a game
or by the rules of a cardroom to cover all wagers posted by opposing players;
2. The dealer button remains in a fixed position without being offered for rotation;
3. The cardroom, or any cardroom licensee, contracts with or receives compensation other than a posted table rake from any player to participate in any game to serve as a designated player; or
4. In any designated player game in which the designated player possesses a higher ranked hand, the designated player is required to pay on an opposing player's wager who holds a lower ranked hand.
(b) A person who is younger than undex 18 years of age may not be permitted to hold a cardroom or employee license, or to engage in any game conducted therein.
(c) With the exception of mechanical card shufflers, No electronic or mechanical devices, except mechanical card shufflers, may not be used to conduct any authorized game in a cardroom.
(d) No Cards, game components, or game implements may not be used in playing an authorized game unless they have such has been furnished or provided to the players by the cardroom operator.
(14)(13) TAXES AND OTHER PAYMENTS.-
(d) 1. Each greyhound and jai alai permitholder that operates a cardroom facility shall use at least 4 percent of such permitholder's cardroom monthly gross receipts to supplement greyhound purses or jai alai prize money, respectively, during the permitholder's next ensuing pari-mutuel

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meet.
2. A cardroom license or renewal thereof may not be issued to a permitholder conducting less than a full schedule of live racing or games unless the applicant has on file with the division a binding written contract with a thoroughbred permitholder that is licensed to conduct live racing and that does not possess a slot machine license. This contract must provide that the permitholder will pay an amount equal to 4 percent of its monthly cardroom gross receipts to the thoroughbred permitholder conducting the live racing for use as purses during the current or ensuing live racing meet of the thoroughbred permitholder. If there is not a thoroughbred permitholder that does not possess a slot machine license, no payments for purses are required, and the cardroom licensee shall retain such funds for its use. Each thoroughbred and harness horse racing permitholder that operates a cardroom facility shall use at least 50 pereent of such permitholder's eaxdroom monthly net proceeds as follows: 47 percent to supplement purses and 3 percent to supplement breeders' awards during the permitholder's next ensuing racing mect.
3. No cardroom license or renewal thereof shall be issued to an applicant holding a permit under chapter 550 to conduct pari-mutuel wagering meets of quarter horse racing unless the applicant has on file with the division a binding written agreement between the applicant and the Florida Quarter Horse Racing Association or the association representing a majority of the horse owners and trainers at the applicant's eligible facility, governing the payment of purses on live quarter horse races conducted at the licensec's pari-mutuel facility. The

Page 42 of 49
agreement governing purses may direct the payment of such purses from revenues genexated by any wagering or gaming the applicant is authorized to conduct under Florida law. All purses shall be subject to the texms of chapter 550 .
(h) One-quarter of the moneys deposited into the Parimutuel Wagering Trust Fund pursuant to paragraph (g) shall, by October 1 of each year, be distributed to the local government that approved the cardroom under subsection (17) (16); however, if two or more pari-mutuel racetracks are located within the same incorporated municipality, the cardroom funds shall be distributed to the municipality. If a pari-mutuel facility is situated in such a manner that it is located in more than one county, the site of the cardroom facility shall determine the location for purposes of disbursement of tax revenues under this paragraph. The division shall, by September 1 of each year, determine: the amount of taxes deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund pursuant to this section from each cardroom licensee; the location by county of each cardroom; whether the cardroom is located in the unincorporated area of the county or within an incorporated municipality; and, the total amount to be distributed to each eligible county and municipality.

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(18)(17) CHANGE OF LOCATION; REFERENDUM.-
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(a) Notwithstanding any provisions of this section, a no cardroom gaming license issued under this section may not shall be transferred, or reissued when such reissuance is in the nature of a transfer, so as to permit or authorize a licensee to change the location of the cardroom except upon proof in such form as the division may prescribe that a referendum election
has been held:

1. If the proposed new location is within the same county as the already licensed location, in the county where the licensee desires to conduct cardroom gaming and that a majority of the electors voting on the question in such election voted in favor of the transfer of such license. However, the division shall transfer, without requirement of a referendum election, the cardroom license of any permitholder that relocated its permit pursuant to s. 550.0555.
Z. If the proposed new location is not within the same eounty as the already licensed location, in the county where the licensee desires to conduct cardroom gaming and that a majority of the electors voting on that question in each such election voted in favor of the transfer of such license.
(b) The expense of each referendum held undex the provisions of this subsection shall be borne by the licensee requesting the transfer.
 And the title is amended as follows:

Delete lines 72 - 200
and insert:
the adoption of greyhounds"; creating s. 550.1752,
F.S.; creating the permit reduction program within the division; providing a purpose for the program;
providing for funding for the program up to a
specified maximum amount; requiring the division to purchase pari-mutuel permits from permitholders under certain circumstances; requiring that permitholders

Page 44 of 49

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who wish to make an offer to sell meet certain requirements; requiring the division to adopt a certain form by rule; requiring that the division establish the value of a pari-mutuel permit based on the valuation of one or more independent appraisers; authorizing the division to establish a value that is lower than the valuation of the independent appraiser; requiring the division to accept the offers that best utilize available funding; requiring the division to cancel permits that it purchases through the program; providing for expiration of the program; renaming the permit reduction program as the thoroughbred purse supplement program; revising the purpose of the program; deleting provisions requiring the division to purchase pari-mutuel permits; revising the form the division shall adopt by rule; requiring the division to apportion purse supplement funds in a certain manner; requiring a thoroughbred permitholder to return any unused portion of a purse supplement fund under certain circumstances; and authorizing rulemaking, as of a specified date; creating s. 550.2416, F.S.; requiring injuries to racing greyhounds to be reported within a certain timeframe on a form adopted by the division; requiring such form to be completed and signed under oath or affirmation by certain individuals; providing penalties; specifying information that must be included on the form; requiring the division to maintain the forms as public records for a specified time; specifying

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disciplinary action that may be taken against a licensee of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation who makes false statements on an injury form or who fails to report an injury; exempting injuries to certain animals from reporting requirements; requiring the division to adopt rules; amending s. 550.26165, F.S.; conforming a crossreference; amending s. 550.3345, F.S.; deleting obsolete provisions; revising requirements for a permit previously converted from a quarter horse racing permit to a limited thoroughbred racing permit; amending s. 550.3551, F.S.; deleting a provision that limits the number of out-of-state races on which wagers are accepted by a greyhound racing permitholder; deleting a provision prohibiting a permitholder from conducting fewer than eight live races or games under certain circumstances; deleting a provision requiring certain permitholders to conduct a full schedule of live racing to receive certain fullcard broadcasts and accept certain wagers; amending s. 550.375, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 550.475, F.S.; prohibiting a permitholder from leasing from certain pari-mutuel permitholders; amending s. 550.5251, F.S., deleting a provision relating to requirements for thoroughbred permitholders; amending s. 550.615, F.S.; revising eligibility requirements for certain pari-mutuel facilities to qualify to receive certain broadcasts; providing that certain greyhound racing permitholders
are not required to obtain certain written consent; deleting requirements to conduct intertrack wagering between certain permitholders; deleting a provision prohibiting certain intertrack wagering in certain counties; specifying conditions under which greyhound racing permitholders may accept wagers; amending s. 550.6308, F.S.; revising the number of days of thoroughbred horse sales required for an applicant to obtain a limited intertrack wagering license; revising eligibility requirements for such licenses; revising requirements for such wagering; deleting provisions requiring a licensee to make certain payments to the daily pari-mutuel pool; amending s. 551.101, F.S.; revising the facilities that may possess slot machines and conduct slot machine gaming; deleting certain provisions requiring a countywide referendum to approve slot machines at certain facilities; amending s. 551.102, F.S.; revising definitions; amending s. 551.104, F.S.; prohibiting the division from issuing a slot machine license to certain pari-mutuel permitholders; revising conditions of licensure and to maintain authority to conduct slot machine gaming; exempting a summer thoroughbred racing permitholder from certain purse requirements; providing applicability; deleting a provision prohibiting the division from issuing or renewing a license for an applicant holding a permit under ch. 550, F.S., under certain circumstances; deleting a provision requiring certain slot machine licensees to remit a certain

1345
amount for the payment of purses on live races, as of a certain date; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; creating s. 551.1042, F.S.; prohibiting the transfer of a slot machine license or relocation of a slot machine facility; creating s. 551.1043, F.S.; providing legislative findings; authorizing an additional slot machine license to be awarded and renewed annually to a pari-mutuel permitholder located in a certain county; authorizing certain pari-mutuel permitholders to apply for such a license; providing an application fee; requiring the deposit of the fee in the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund; requiring the division to award the license to the applicant that bests meets the selection criteria; providing selection criteria; requiring the division to complete a certain evaluation by a specified date; specifying grounds for denial of an application; providing that certain protests be forwarded to the Division of Administrative Hearings; providing requirements for appeals; authorizing the division to adopt certain emergency rules; creating s. 551.1044, F.S.; authorizing blackjack table games at certain parimutuel facilities; specifying limits on wagers; amending s. 551.106, F.S.; deleting obsolete provisions; revising the tax rate on slot machine revenues under certain conditions; amending s. 551.108, F.S.; providing applicability; amending s. 551.114, F.S.; revising the areas where a designated slot machine gaming area may be located; amending s.

1374
551.116, F.S.; deleting a restriction on the number of hours per day that slot machine gaming areas may be open; amending s. 551.121, F.S.; authorizing the serving of complimentary or reduced-cost alcoholic beverages to a person playing a slot machine; authorizing the location of an automated teller machine or similar device within designated slot machine gaming areas; amending s. 849.086, F.S.; amending legislative intent; revising definitions; deleting certain license renewal requirements; deleting provisions relating to restrictions of hours of operation; authorizing certain cardroom operators to offer certain designated player games; requiring the designated player to be licensed; prohibiting cardroom operators from serving as the designated player in a game and from having a financial interest in a designated player; authorizing a cardroom operator to collect a rake, subject to certain requirements; requiring the dealer button to be rotated under certain circumstances; prohibiting a cardroom operator from allowing a designated player to pay an opposing player under certain circumstances; providing elements of a designated player game; revising requirements for a cardroom license to be issued or renewed; requiring a certain written agreement with a thoroughbred permitholder; providing contract requirements for the agreement; conforming provisions to changes made

