

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
04/26/2017		

The Committee on Appropriations (Garcia) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

3 Delete lines 1773 - 1829

and insert:

1 2

4

5

6

7 8

9

10

Section 27. Effective January 1, 2018, section 409.16741, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

409.16741 Substance-exposed newborns; legislative findings and intent; screening and assessment; case management;

training.-

(1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS AND INTENT.-

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39



- (a) The Legislature finds that children, their families, and child welfare agencies have been affected by multiple substance abuse epidemics over the past several decades, and parental substance abuse is again becoming a growing reason for removing children from their homes and placing them in foster care.
- (b) The Legislature also finds that infants are the largest age group of children entering foster care and that parental substance abuse disorders are having a major impact not only on increasing child removals, but also on preventing or delaying reunification of families and increasing termination of parental rights.
- (c) The Legislature further finds that two aspects of parental substance abuse affect the child welfare system: prenatal exposure when it is determined that there are immediate safety factors that necessitate the newborn being placed in protective custody; and postnatal use that affects the ability of the parent to safely care for the child.
- (d) Therefore, it is the intent of the Legislature that the department establish and monitor a coordinated approach to working with children and their families affected by substance abuse and dependence.
- (2) SCREENING AND ASSESSMENT.—The department shall develop or adopt one or more initial screening and assessment instruments to identify, determine the needs of, and plan services for substance-exposed newborns and their families. In addition to the conditions of the infant, conditions or behaviors of the mother or father which may indicate a risk of harm to the child shall be considered during any assessment.



(3) CASE MANAGEMENT.-

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61

62

6.3

64

65

66

67 68

- (a) The department shall conduct regular multidisciplinary staffings relating to services provided for substance-exposed newborns and their families to ensure that all parties possess relevant information and that services are coordinated across systems identified in this chapter. The department or communitybased care lead agency, as appropriate, shall coordinate these staffings and include individuals involved in the child's care.
- (b) Each region of the department and each community-based care lead agency shall jointly assess local service capacity to meet the specialized service needs of substance-exposed newborns and their families and establish a plan to develop the necessary capacity. Each plan shall be developed in consultation with entities and agencies involved in the individuals' care.
- (4) TRAINING.—The department and community-based care lead agencies shall ensure that cases in which there is a substanceexposed newborn are assigned to child protective investigators and case managers who have specialized training in working with substance-exposed newborns and their families. The department and lead agencies shall ensure that child protective investigators and case managers receive this training before accepting a case when possible. If a child protective investigator or case manager with specialized training is not available, the investigator or case manager shall consult with department staff or the case management organization staff with such expertise.

======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========

And the title is amended as follows:



69	Delete line 136	
70	and insert:	
71	cases when possible; providing for consultation;	
72	creating s. 409.16742, F.S.; providing	