By Senator Steube

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to subpoenas in investigations of sexual offenses; creating s. 775.211, F.S.; authorizing a law enforcement agency to issue and serve a subpoena in an investigation of an offense involving the sexual exploitation or abuse of a child, an offense involving an unregistered sex offender, or other specified offenses; specifying and limiting the scope of production under the subpoena; defining the term "sex offender"; requiring the payment of fees and mileage to a subpoenaed witness; authorizing a person who is the subject of a summons to petition for an order modifying or setting aside the summons or a prohibition accompanying the summons; prohibiting the recipient of a subpoena from disclosing its contents to another person under certain circumstances; providing exceptions; specifying requirements regarding the nondisclosure of information; providing that nondisclosure requirements are subject to judicial review and that subpoenas issued under a nondisclosure certification must include notice of the option of judicial review; requiring the return of produced records under certain circumstances; requiring that certain recipients of such a subpoena be allowed at least a specified amount of time to produce records; specifying requirements for service of the subpoena; authorizing the issuer of the subpoena to seek enforcement of the subpoena in a

court of competent jurisdiction; authorizing a court

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to punish noncompliance with an order with contempt; providing immunity from liability for the good faith compliance with such a subpoena; specifying the procedure for filing for judicial review of a nondisclosure requirement imposed in connection with a subpoena; requiring the law enforcement agency to apply for a nondisclosure order within a specified timeframe after receipt of notification of a filing for judicial review; requiring a district court of appeal to rule expeditiously on such filing; requiring an application for a nondisclosure order to include the law enforcement agency's certification as to possible results of disclosure; requiring the district court of appeal to issue a nondisclosure order, or an extension thereof, under certain circumstances; specifying circumstances under which a district court of appeal may issue an extension for a specified period; requiring a court to close any hearing and seal records to prevent the disclosure of specified information or records; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

(1) AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUANCE OF SUBPOENA.

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Section 1. Section 775.211, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

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775.211 Subpoenas in investigations of sexual offenses.—

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(a)1. In an investigation of an offense involving the sexual exploitation or abuse of a child, an offense involving an

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unregistered sex offender, or an offense meeting the criteria specified for designation as a sexual predator under s. 775.21, a law enforcement agency may issue in writing and serve a subpoena requiring the production of records and things and testimony described in subparagraph 2.

- 2. Except as provided in subparagraph 3., a subpoena issued under subparagraph 1. may require the production by their custodian of any records or things relevant to the investigation and testimony concerning their production and authenticity.
- 3. A subpoena issued under subparagraph 1. to a provider of electronic communication services or remote computing services in the course of an investigation of an offense involving the sexual exploitation or abuse of a child may not extend beyond requiring the provider to disclose the information specified in s. 775.21, which may be relevant to an authorized law enforcement inquiry, or requiring the provider's custodian of the records to give testimony concerning the production and authentication of such records or information.
- 4. As used in this paragraph, the term "sex offender" means a person who has been convicted of committing, or attempting, soliciting, or conspiring to commit, any of the following criminal offenses in this state or similar offenses in another jurisdiction: s. 393.135(2); s. 394.4593(2); s. 787.01, s. 787.02, or s. 787.025(2)(c), when the victim is a minor; s. 787.06(3)(b), (d), (f), or (g); former s. 787.06(3)(h); s. 794.011, excluding s. 794.011(10); s. 794.05; former s. 796.03; former s. 796.035; s. 800.04; s. 810.145(8); s. 825.1025; s. 827.071; s. 847.0133; s. 847.0135, excluding s. 847.0135(6); s. 847.0137; s. 847.0138; s. 847.0145; s. 895.03, if the court

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makes a written finding that the racketeering activity involved at least one sexual offense listed in this subparagraph or at least one offense listed in this subparagraph with sexual intent or motive; s. 916.1075(2); or s. 985.701(1).

- (b) A subpoena issued under this subsection must describe the records or things required to be produced and prescribe a date by which the records or things must be made available.
- (c) A witness subpoenaed under this subsection must be paid the same fees and mileage that are paid to a witness in the courts of this state.
- (d) At any time before the return date specified in the summons, the person or entity summoned, in the court having jurisdiction over such person or investigation, may petition for an order modifying or setting aside the summons or a prohibition of disclosure under paragraph (e).
- (e)1. If a subpoena issued under this subsection is accompanied by a certification under this subparagraph and notice of the right to judicial review under subparagraph 3., the recipient of the subpoena may not disclose to any person that the law enforcement agency that issued the subpoena has sought or obtained access to information or records under this section for a period of 180 days. The law enforcement agency that issues the subpoena may request such certification by certifying to the court that the absence of a prohibition on disclosure may result in:
- a. Endangering the life or physical safety of an individual;
 - b. Flight from prosecution;
 - c. Destruction of or tampering with evidence;

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- d. Intimidation of potential witnesses; or
- e. Seriously jeopardizing an investigation or unduly delaying a trial.
- 2.a. A recipient of a subpoena issued under this subsection may disclose information otherwise subject to any applicable nondisclosure requirement to persons as necessary to comply with the request, to an attorney in order to obtain legal advice or assistance regarding the request, or to other persons as allowed by the law enforcement agency that issued the subpoena.
- b. A person to whom disclosure is made under subsubparagraph a. is subject to the nondisclosure requirements
 applicable to a person to whom a subpoena is issued under this
 subsection in the same manner as the person to whom the subpoena
 was issued.
- c. Any recipient who discloses to a person described in sub-subparagraph a. information otherwise subject to a nondisclosure requirement shall notify that person of the applicable nondisclosure requirement.
- d. At the request of the law enforcement agency that issued the subpoena, any person making or intending to make a disclosure under sub-subparagraph a. to a person other than an attorney shall identify to the law enforcement agency the person to whom such disclosure has been or will be made.
- 3. A nondisclosure requirement imposed under subparagraph

 1. is subject to judicial review under subsection (5). A

 subpoena issued under this subsection in connection with a

 nondisclosure requirement imposed under subparagraph 1. must

 include notice of the availability of such judicial review. Such

 nondisclosure requirement may be extended in accordance with

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subsection (5).

(f) A summons issued under this subsection may not compel the production of anything that would be protected from production under the standards applicable to a subpoena duces tecum issued by a court of this state.

- (g) If a case or proceeding does not arise from the production of records or other things pursuant to this subsection within a reasonable time after those records or things are produced, the agency to which those records or things were delivered shall, upon written demand made by the person who produced them, return them to that person, unless the materials produced were copies rather than originals.
- (h) A subpoena issued under paragraph (a) for an unregistered sex offender may require production as soon as possible, but must allow the recipient at least 24 hours after service of the subpoena to produce.
- (2) SERVICE.—A subpoena issued under subsection (1) may be served by any person who is at least 18 years of age and designated in the subpoena to serve it. Service upon an individual may be made by personal delivery. Service may be made on a domestic or foreign corporation or on a partnership or other unincorporated association that is subject to suit under a common name by delivering the subpoena to an officer, a managing or general agent, or any other agent authorized by appointment or by law to receive service of process. The affidavit of the person serving the subpoena entered on a true copy of the subpoena is proof of service.
- (3) ENFORCEMENT.—In the case of contumacy by or refusal to comply with a subpoena, the law enforcement agency that issued

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the subpoena may petition a court that has jurisdiction of the investigation or over the person subpoenaed, or in which he or she conducts business or may be found, to compel compliance. The court may issue an order requiring the subpoenaed person to appear before the law enforcement agency to produce records or to give testimony concerning the production and authentication of such records. Any failure to obey the order of the court may be punished by the court as contempt. All process in any such case may be served in any judicial district in which such person is located.

- (4) IMMUNITY FROM CIVIL LIABILITY.—Notwithstanding any other law, a person subpoenaed under this section who complies in good faith with the subpoena and produces the materials sought is not liable in any court within the state to any customer or other person for such production or for nondisclosure of that production.
 - (5) JUDICIAL REVIEW OF NONDISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS. -
 - (a) Nondisclosure order.-
- 1. If a recipient of a subpoena under this section wishes to have a court review a nondisclosure requirement imposed in connection with the subpoena, the recipient may notify the law enforcement agency or file a petition for judicial review with the issuing court.
- 2. No later than 30 days after the date of receipt of a notification under subparagraph 1., the law enforcement agency that shall apply for an order prohibiting the disclosure of the existence or contents of the relevant subpoena. An application under this subparagraph may be filed with the district court of appeal for the judicial district in which the recipient of the

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subpoena is doing business or with the district court of appeal
for any judicial district within which the authorized
investigation that is the basis for the subpoena is being
conducted. The applicable nondisclosure requirement shall remain
in effect during the pendency of any related proceeding.

- 3. A district court of appeal that receives a petition under subparagraph 1. or an application under subparagraph 2.

 must rule expeditiously, and shall, in accordance with paragraph (c), issue a nondisclosure order that includes conditions appropriate to the circumstances.
- (b) Application contents.—An application for a nondisclosure order, or an extension thereof, or a response to a petition must include the certification required under subparagraph (1) (e)1.
- (c) Standard.—A district court of appeal shall issue a nondisclosure order, or an extension thereof, under this subsection if the court determines that there is reason to believe that disclosure of the information subject to the nondisclosure requirement during the applicable time period may result in:
- 1. Endangering the life or physical safety of an
 individual;
 - 2. Flight from prosecution;
 - 3. Destruction of or tampering with evidence;
 - 4. Intimidation of potential witnesses; or
- 5. Seriously jeopardizing an investigation or unduly delaying a trial.
- 231 (d) Extension.—Upon a showing that a circumstance described in any of subparagraphs (c)1.-(c)5. continues to exist, a

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233 district court of appeal may issue an ex parte order extending a nondisclosure order imposed under this subsection for additional 235 180-day periods or, if the court determines that the 236 circumstances necessitate a longer period of nondisclosure, for 237 additional periods that are longer than 180 days. (e) Closed hearings.—In all proceedings under this subsection, subject to any right to an open hearing in a contempt proceeding, the court shall close any hearing to the extent necessary to prevent the unauthorized disclosure of a request for records, a report, or other information made to any 243 person or entity under this section. Petitions, filings, records, orders, certifications, and subpoenas must be kept under seal to the extent and length of time necessary to prevent 246 the unauthorized disclosure of a subpoena under this section. Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2017.

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