By Senator Broxson

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to K-12 education; amending s. 1002.33, F.S.; removing a requirement that the Department of Education compare certain charter school student performance data to certain traditional public schools; removing notice requirements relating to such charter school performance data; removing a requirement that the State Board of Education adopt rules to administer such notice requirements; creating s. 1002.333, F.S.; defining terms; authorizing certain entities to apply to the State Board of Education for designation as a High-Impact Charter Network; requiring the state board to adopt rules; providing criteria for an initial and renewal designation; providing the period during which an initial designation is valid; authorizing entities designated as High-Impact Charter Networks to establish and operate charter schools under certain circumstances; authorizing entities with the designation to submit an application to establish and operate charter schools; providing that charter schools operated by designated entities are eligible to receive charter school capital outlay; requiring the department to give priority to certain charter schools applying for specified grants; requiring the governing board of an entity designated as a High-Impact Charter Network to be considered a local educational agency for receiving federal funds, under certain conditions; providing for rulemaking; amending s. 1007.35, F.S.; revising the

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exams each public high school is required to administer to all enrolled 10th grade students to include the preliminary ACT, rather than the ACT Aspire; amending s. 1008.34, F.S.; clarifying accountability requirements for collocated schools; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (b) of subsection (21) of section 1002.33, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.33 Charter schools.-

- (21) PUBLIC INFORMATION ON CHARTER SCHOOLS.-
- (b)1. The Department of Education shall report to each charter school receiving a school grade pursuant to s. 1008.34 or a school improvement rating pursuant to s. 1008.341 the school's student assessment data.
- 2. The charter school shall report the information in subparagraph 1. to each parent of a student at the charter school, the parent of a child on a waiting list for the charter school, the district in which the charter school is located, and the governing board of the charter school. This paragraph does not abrogate the provisions of s. 1002.22, relating to student records, or the requirements of 20 U.S.C. s. 1232g, the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act.
- 3.a. Pursuant to this paragraph, the Department of
 Education shall compare the charter school student performance
 data for each charter school in subparagraph 1. with the student
 performance data in traditional public schools in the district

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in which the charter school is located and other charter schools in the state. For alternative charter schools, the department shall compare the student performance data described in this paragraph with all alternative schools in the state. The comparative data shall be provided by the following grade groupings:

- (I) Grades 3 through 5;
- (II) Grades 6 through 8; and
- (III) Grades 9 through 11.

b. Each charter school shall provide the information specified in this paragraph on its Internet website and also provide notice to the public at large in a manner provided by the rules of the State Board of Education. The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to administer the notice requirements of this subparagraph pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54. The website shall include, through links or actual content, other information related to school performance.

Section 2. Section 1002.333, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 1002.333 High-Impact Charter Network.
- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Critical need area" means an area that is served by one or more nonalternative, traditional public schools that received a school grade of "D" or "F" pursuant to s. 1008.34 in 4 of the last 5 years or whose school district is required to implement a turnaround option pursuant to s. 1008.33(4)(b).
- (b) "Entity" means a nonprofit organization with tax-exempt status under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code which is authorized by law to operate a public charter school.

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(2) An entity that successfully operates a system of charter schools which primarily serves educationally disadvantaged students who are eligible for free or reduced-price school lunches under the National School Lunch Act may apply to the State Board of Education for designation as a High-Impact Charter Network. The state board shall adopt rules prescribing a review process for determining whether the entity meets the requirements for the designation as a High-Impact Charter Network under this section. The review process:

- (a) Must include student demographic information and a review of all schools currently and previously operated by the entity, including school-level financial performances and schoolwide and subgroup performance on all statewide assessments for the most recent 3 years as compared to all students in other schools at the same grade level and as compared with other schools serving similar demographics of students.
- (b) May include student performance on nationally normreferenced tests, attendance and retention rates, graduation
 rates, college attendance rates, college persistence rates, and
 other outcome measures as determined by the state board.
- (3) The initial High-Impact Charter Network status designation is valid for up to 4 years. If an entity seeks status renewal, the state board shall review the academic and financial performance of the charter schools established in critical need areas consistent with the process described in subsection (2).
- (4) An entity that is designated as a High-Impact Charter Network pursuant to this section may submit an application to a district school board pursuant to s. 1002.33 to establish and

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operate charter schools in critical need areas or, under s.

1008.33(4)(b)3., charter schools as turnaround options for
schools that earn a grade of "F" in the school district.

Notwithstanding s. 1013.62(1)(a), a charter school operated by a
High-Impact Charter Network in a critical need area is eligible
to receive charter school capital outlay.

- (5) The department shall give priority to charter schools operated by a High-Impact Charter Network in the department's Florida Public Charter Schools Grant Program competitions. Such priority treatment may be provided only for a new charter school that will operate in a critical need area.
- (6) Notwithstanding the criteria in s. 1002.33(25), the governing board of an entity designated as a High-Impact Charter Network shall be designated as a local educational agency for the purposes of receiving federal funds if the governing board has adopted and filed a resolution with its sponsoring district school board and the department. The resolution must contain provisions indicating that the governing board accepts the full responsibility for all local educational agency requirements and that the charter schools for which the governing board will perform local education agency responsibilities are all located in the same county.
- (7) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules to administer this section.

Section 3. Subsection (5), paragraph (j) of subsection (6), and paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 1007.35, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1007.35 Florida Partnership for Minority and Underrepresented Student Achievement.—

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(5) Each public high school, including, but not limited to, schools and alternative sites and centers of the Department of Juvenile Justice, shall provide for the administration of the Preliminary SAT/National Merit Scholarship Qualifying Test (PSAT/NMSQT), or the preliminary ACT Aspire to all enrolled 10th grade students. However, a written notice shall be provided to each parent which must that shall include the opportunity to exempt his or her child from taking the PSAT/NMSQT or the preliminary ACT Aspire.

- (a) Test results will provide each high school with a database of student assessment data which certified school counselors will use to identify students who are prepared or who need additional work to be prepared to enroll and be successful in AP courses or other advanced high school courses.
- (b) Funding for the PSAT/NMSQT or the preliminary ACT Aspire for all 10th grade students shall be contingent upon annual funding in the General Appropriations Act.
- (c) Public school districts must choose either the PSAT/NMSQT or the preliminary ACT Aspire for districtwide administration.
 - (6) The partnership shall:
- (j) Provide information to students, parents, teachers, counselors, administrators, districts, Florida College System institutions, and state universities regarding PSAT/NMSQT or the preliminary ACT Aspire administration, including, but not limited to:
 - 1. Test administration dates and times.
- 2. That participation in the PSAT/NMSQT or the preliminary ACT $\frac{\text{Aspire}}{\text{ASPIRE}}$ is open to all 10th grade students.

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3. The value of such tests in providing diagnostic feedback on student skills.

- 4. The value of student scores in predicting the probability of success on AP or other advanced course examinations.
- (8) (a) By September 30 of each year, the partnership shall submit to the department a report that contains an evaluation of the effectiveness of the delivered services and activities. Activities and services must be evaluated on their effectiveness at raising student achievement and increasing the number of AP or other advanced course examinations in low-performing middle and high schools. Other indicators that must be addressed in the evaluation report include the number of middle and high school teachers trained; the effectiveness of the training; measures of postsecondary readiness of the students affected by the program; levels of participation in 10th grade PSAT/NMSQT or the preliminary ACT Aspire testing; and measures of student, parent, and teacher awareness of and satisfaction with the services of the partnership.

Section 4. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 1008.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.34 School grading system; school report cards; district grade.—

- (3) DESIGNATION OF SCHOOL GRADES.-
- (a) Each school must assess at least 95 percent of its eligible students, except as provided under s. 1008.341 for alternative schools. Each school shall receive a school grade based on the school's performance on the components listed in subparagraphs (b)1. and 2. If a school does not have at least 10

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students with complete data for one or more of the components listed in subparagraphs (b)1. and 2., those components may not be used in calculating the school's grade.

- 1. An alternative school may choose to receive a school grade under this section or a school improvement rating under s. 1008.341. For charter schools that meet the definition of an alternative school pursuant to State Board of Education rule, the decision to receive a school grade is the decision of the charter school governing board.
- 2. A school that serves any combination of students in kindergarten through grade 3 that does not receive a school grade because its students are not tested and included in the school grading system shall receive the school grade designation of a K-3 feeder pattern school identified by the Department of Education and verified by the school district. A school feeder pattern exists if at least 60 percent of the students in the school serving a combination of students in kindergarten through grade 3 are scheduled to be assigned to the graded school.
- 3. If a collocated school does not earn a school grade or school improvement rating for the performance of its students, the student performance data of all schools operating at the same facility must be aggregated to develop a school grade, or a school improvement rating if all schools at the site are eligible for a school improvement rating and do not elect to be graded, which that will be assigned to all schools at that location. A collocated school is a school that has its own unique master school identification number, provides for the education of each of its enrolled students, and operates at the same facility as another school that has its own unique master

20171362__ 1-00608-17 233 school identification number and provides for the education of 234 each of its enrolled students. Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2017. 235