## LEGISLATIVE ACTION Senate House Comm: RCS 03/27/2017

The Committee on Health Policy (Grimsley) recommended the following:

## Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 400.6005, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.6005 Legislative findings and intent.—The Legislature finds that a terminally ill patient individuals and their families, who is are no longer pursuing curative medical treatment and the patient's family, should have the opportunity

1

2 3

4

5

7

8 9

10

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21 22

23

24

2.5

26

27

28

29

30

31

32 33

34

35

36

37

38

39



to select a support system that allows permits the patient to exercise maximum independence and dignity during the final days of life. The Legislature also finds that a seriously ill patient and the patient's family should have the opportunity to select a support system that provides palliative care and supportive care and allows the patient to exercise maximum independence while receiving such care. The Legislature finds that hospice care provides a cost-effective and less intrusive form of medical care while meeting the social, psychological, and spiritual needs of terminally ill and seriously ill patients and their families. The intent of this part is to provide for the development, establishment, and enforcement of basic standards to ensure the safe and adequate care of persons receiving hospice services.

Section 2. Section 400.601, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.601 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

- (1) "Agency" means the Agency for Health Care Administration.
  - (2) "Department" means the Department of Elderly Affairs.
- (3) "Hospice" means a centrally administered corporation or a limited liability company that provides a continuum of palliative care and supportive care for a the terminally ill patient and his or her family.
- (4) "Hospice care team" means an interdisciplinary team of qualified professionals and volunteers who, in consultation with a the patient, the patient's family, and the patient's primary or attending physician, collectively assess, coordinate, and provide the appropriate palliative <u>care</u> and supportive care to

41

42

43

44 45

46 47

48

49 50

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61

62

6.3

64

65

66

67

68



hospice patients and their families.

- (5) "Hospice program" means a program offered by a hospice which provides a continuum of palliative care and supportive care for a patient and his or her family.
- (6) (5) "Hospice residential unit" means a homelike living facility, other than a facility licensed under other parts of this chapter, under chapter 395, or under chapter 429, which that is operated by a hospice for the benefit of its patients and is considered by a patient who lives there to be his or her primary residence.
- (7) (6) "Hospice services" means items and services furnished to a terminally ill patient and family by a hospice, or by others under arrangements with such a program, in a place of temporary or permanent residence used as the patient's home for the purpose of maintaining the patient at home; or, if the patient needs short-term institutionalization, the services shall be furnished in cooperation with those contracted institutions or in the hospice inpatient facility.
- (8) <del>(7)</del> "Palliative care" means services or interventions furnished to a seriously ill patient and family which are not curative but are provided for the reduction or abatement of pain and human suffering.
- (9) (8) "Patient" means the terminally or seriously ill individual receiving hospice services from a hospice.
- (10) <del>(9)</del> "Plan of care" means a written assessment by the hospice of each patient's and family's needs and preferences, and the services to be provided by the hospice to meet those needs.
  - (11) "Seriously ill" means that the person has a life-

70

71

72

73

74

75

76

77

78

79

80

81

82

83

84

85

86

87

88

89

90

91

92

93 94

95

96

97



threatening medical condition that may be irreversible and may continue indefinitely, and such condition may be managed through palliative care.

(12) (10) "Terminally ill" means that the patient has a medical prognosis that his or her life expectancy is 1 year or less if the illness runs its normal course.

Section 3. Section 400.60501, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.60501 Outcome measures; adoption of federal quality measures; public reporting national initiatives; annual report.-

- (1) No later than December 31, 2019  $\frac{2007}{1}$ , the department  $\frac{1}{1}$ Elderly Affairs, in conjunction with the agency for Health Care Administration, shall develop adopt the national hospice outcome measures in 42 C.F.R. part 418 to determine the quality and effectiveness of hospice care for hospices licensed in the state. At a minimum, these outcome measures shall include a requirement that 50 percent of patients who report severe pain on a 0-to-10 scale must report a reduction to 5 or less by the end of the 4th day of care on the hospice program.
- (2) For hospices licensed in the state, The department of Elderly Affairs, in conjunction with the agency for Health Care Administration, shall:
- (a) Make available to the public the national hospice outcome measures in a format that is comprehensible by a layperson and that allows a consumer to compare such measures of one or more hospices. Consider and adopt national initiatives, such as those developed by the national hospice and Palliative Care Organization, to set benchmarks for measuring the quality of hospice care provided in the state.

99

100 101

102

103

104 105

106

107 108

109

110

111

112

113 114

115

116 117

118

119 120

121

122

123

124

125

126



(b) Develop an annual report that analyzes and evaluates the information collected under this act and any other data collection or reporting provisions of law.

Section 4. Section 400.609, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.609 Hospice services.—Each hospice shall provide a continuum of hospice services which affords afford the terminally ill patient and the family of the patient a range of service delivery which can be tailored to specific needs and preferences of the terminally ill patient and family at any point in time throughout the length of care for the terminally ill patient and during the bereavement period. These services must be available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, and must include:

- (1) SERVICES.-
- (a) The hospice care team shall directly provide the following core services: nursing services, social work services, pastoral or counseling services, dietary counseling, and bereavement counseling services. Physician services may be provided by the hospice directly or through contract. A hospice may also use contracted staff if necessary to supplement hospice employees in order to meet the needs of patients during periods of peak patient loads or under extraordinary circumstances.
- (b) Each hospice must also provide or arrange for such additional services as are needed to meet the palliative and support needs of the patient and family. These services may include, but are not limited to, physical therapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy, massage therapy, home health aide services, infusion therapy, provision of medical supplies and

128

129

130

131

132

133

134

135

136

137

138

139

140

141

142

143 144

145

146

147

148 149

150 151

152

153

154

155



durable medical equipment, day care, homemaker and chore services, and funeral services.

- (2) HOSPICE HOME CARE.—Hospice care and services provided in a private home shall be the primary form of care. The goal of hospice home care shall be to provide adequate training and support to encourage self-sufficiency and allow patients and families to maintain the patient comfortably at home for as long as possible. The services of the hospice home care program shall be of the highest quality and shall be provided by the hospice care team.
- (3) HOSPICE RESIDENTIAL CARE.—Hospice care and services, to the extent practicable and compatible with the needs and preferences of the patient, may be provided by the hospice care team to a patient living in an assisted living facility, adult family-care home, nursing home, hospice residential unit or facility, or other nondomestic place of permanent or temporary residence. A resident or patient living in an assisted living facility, adult family-care home, nursing home, or other facility subject to state licensing who has been admitted to a hospice program shall be considered a hospice patient, and the hospice program shall be responsible for coordinating and ensuring the delivery of hospice care and services to such person pursuant to the standards and requirements of this part and rules adopted under this part.
- (4) HOSPICE INPATIENT CARE.—The inpatient component of care is a short-term adjunct to hospice home care and hospice residential care and shall be used only for pain control, symptom management, or respite care. The total number of inpatient days for all hospice patients in any 12-month period

157

158

159

160

161

162 163

164 165

166

167

168

169

170

171 172

173

174

175

176

177

178

179 180

181

182

183

184



may not exceed 20 percent of the total number of hospice days for all the hospice patients of the licensed hospice. Hospice inpatient care shall be under the direct administration of the hospice, whether the inpatient facility is a freestanding hospice facility or part of a facility licensed pursuant to chapter 395 or part II of this chapter. The facility or rooms within a facility used for the hospice inpatient component of care shall be arranged, administered, and managed in such a manner as to provide privacy, dignity, comfort, warmth, and safety for the terminally ill patient and the family. Every possible accommodation must be made to create as homelike an atmosphere as practicable. To facilitate overnight family visitation within the facility, rooms must be limited to no more than double occupancy; and, whenever possible, both occupants must be hospice patients. There must be a continuum of care and a continuity of caregivers between the hospice home program and the inpatient aspect of care to the extent practicable and compatible with the preferences of the patient and his or her family. Fees charged for hospice inpatient care, whether provided directly by the hospice or through contract, must be made available upon request to the Agency for Health Care Administration. The hours for daily operation and the location of the place where the services are provided must be determined, to the extent practicable, by the accessibility of such services to the patients and families served by the hospice.

(5) BEREAVEMENT COUNSELING.—The hospice bereavement program must be a comprehensive program, under professional supervision, that provides a continuum of formal and informal supportive services to the family for a minimum of 1 year after the

186

187

188

189

190

191

192

193

194

195

196

197

198

199

200

201

202

203

204

205

206

207

208

209

210

211

212

213



patient's death. This subsection does not constitute an additional exemption from chapter 490 or chapter 491.

Section 5. Section 400.6093, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

400.6093 Community palliative care services.—A hospice may provide palliative care to a seriously ill patient and his or her family members. Such palliative care may be provided to manage the side effects of treatment for a progressive disease or medical or surgical condition. Such care may also be provided directly by the hospice or by other providers under contract with the hospice. This section does not preclude the provision of palliative care to seriously ill patients or their family members by any other health care provider or health care facility otherwise authorized to provide such care. This section does not mandate or prescribe additional Medicaid coverage.

Section 6. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 400.6095, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

400.6095 Patient admission; assessment; plan of care; discharge; death.-

- (1) Each hospice shall make its services available to all terminally ill patients persons and their families without regard to age, gender, national origin, sexual orientation, disability, diagnosis, cost of therapy, ability to pay, or life circumstances. A hospice may shall not impose any value or belief system on its patients or their families and shall respect the values and belief systems of its patients and their families.
- (2) Admission of a terminally ill patient to a hospice program shall be made upon a diagnosis and prognosis of terminal

215

216

217

218

219

220

221

222

223

224

225

226

227

228

229

230

231

232

233

234

235

236

237

238

239

240

241

242



illness by a physician licensed pursuant to chapter 458 or chapter 459 and must shall be dependent on the expressed request and informed consent of the patient.

Section 7. Section 400.6096, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

400.6096 Disposal of prescribed controlled substances following the death of a patient in the home.-

- (1) A hospice physician, nurse, or social worker is authorized to assist in the disposal of a controlled substance prescribed to a patient at the time of the patient's death pursuant to the disposal regulations in 21 C.F.R. s. 1317.
- (2) A hospice that assists in the disposal of a prescribed controlled substance found in the patient's home at the time of the patient's death must establish a written policy, procedure, or system for acceptable disposal methods.
- (3) A hospice physician, nurse, or social worker, upon the patient's death and with the permission of a family member or a caregiver of the patient, may assist in the disposal of an unused controlled substance prescribed to the patient, pursuant to the written policy, procedure, or system established under subsection (2).
- (4) The prescribed controlled substance disposal procedure must be carried out in the patient's home. Hospice staff and volunteers are not authorized to remove a prescribed controlled substance from the patient's home.

Section 8. Section 400.611, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.611 Interdisciplinary records of care; confidentiality; release of records.-

244

245

246 247

248

249

250

2.51 252

253

254

255

256

257

258

259

260

261 262

263

264

265

266

267

268

269

270

271



- (1) A hospice shall maintain an up-to-date, interdisciplinary record of care being given and patient and family status shall be kept. Records shall contain pertinent past and current medical, nursing, social, and other therapeutic information and such other information that is necessary for the safe and adequate care of the patient. Notations regarding all aspects of care for the patient and family shall be made in the record. When services are terminated, the record shall show the date and reason for termination.
- (2) Patient records shall be retained for a period of  $\frac{5}{6}$  6 years after termination of hospice services, unless otherwise provided by law. In the case of a patient who is a minor, the  $\frac{5}{}$ 6-year period shall begin on the date the patient reaches or would have reached the age of majority.
- (3) The interdisciplinary record of patient records of care and billing records are confidential.
- (4) A hospice may not release a patient's interdisciplinary record or any portion thereof, unless the person requesting the information provides to the hospice:
- (a) A patient authorization executed by the patient; -or legal quardian has given express written informed consent;
- (b) If the patient is incapacitated, a patient authorization executed before the patient's death by the patient's then acting legal guardian, health care surrogate, health care proxy, or agent under power of attorney;
- (c) A court order appointing the person as the administrator, curator, executor, or personal representative of the patient's estate with authority to obtain the patient's medical records;



- (d) If a judicial appointment has not been made pursuant to paragraph (c), a last will that is self-proved under s. 732.503 and designates the person to act as the patient's personal representative; or
- (e) An order by a court of competent jurisdiction to release the interdisciplinary record to the person has so ordered; or
- (c) A state or federal agency, acting under its statutory authority, requires submission of aggregate statistical data. Any information obtained from patient records by a state agency pursuant to its statutory authority is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1).
- (5) For purposes of this section, the term "patient authorization" means an unrevoked written statement by the patient, or an oral statement made by the patient which has been reduced to writing in the patient's interdisciplinary record of care, or, in the case of an incapacitated patient, by the patient's then acting legal guardian, health care surrogate, agent under a power of attorney, or health care proxy giving the patient's permission to release the interdisciplinary record to a person requesting the record.
- (6) A hospice must release requested aggregate patient statistical data to a state or federal agency acting under its statutory authority. Any information obtained from patient records by a state agency pursuant to its statutory authority is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1).

Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2017.

299

272

273

274

275

276

277

278

279

280

281 282

283 284

285

286

287

288

289

290

291

292

293

294

295

296

297

298

300 ======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ==========

302

303

304

305

306

307 308

309 310

311 312

313

314

315

316

317

318

319

320

321

322

323

324

325

326

327

328

329



And the title is amended as follows: Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:

A bill to be entitled An act relating to hospice care; amending s. 400.6005, F.S.; revising legislative findings and intent; amending s. 400.601, F.S.; redefining the term "hospice"; defining the terms "hospice program" and "seriously ill"; amending s. 400.60501, F.S.; requiring the Department of Elderly Affairs, in conjunction with the Agency for Health Care Administration, to adopt national hospice outcome measures by a specified date and to make such measures available to the public; amending s. 400.609; clarifying provisions relating to hospice services; creating s. 400.6093, F.S.; authorizing hospices, or providers operating under contract with a hospice, to provide palliative care to seriously ill persons and their family members; providing construction; amending s. 400.6095, F.S.; making technical changes; creating s. 400.6096, F.S.; authorizing certain hospice personnel to assist in the disposal of certain prescribed controlled substances; requiring a hospice that chooses to assist in the disposal of certain prescribed controlled substances to establish policies, procedures, and systems for the disposal; authorizing a hospice physician, nurse, or social worker to assist in the disposals of certain prescribed controlled substances; providing

331

332

333

334

335

336

337

338 339

340

341



requirements for such disposals; amending s. 400.611, F.S.; requiring a hospice to maintain an up-to-date interdisciplinary record of care; revising the patient records retention period; providing for the confidentiality of the interdisciplinary record of patient care; specifying to whom and under what conditions a hospice may release a patient's interdisciplinary record of care; defining a term; requiring a hospice to release patient statistical data to certain agencies; specifying that information from patient records is confidential and exempt from certain provisions; providing an effective date.