HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES FINAL BILL ANALYSIS

BILL #: HB 6027 FINAL HOUSE FLOOR ACTION:

SUBJECT/SHORT Financial Reporting 117 Y's 0 N's

TITLE

SPONSOR(S): Williamson GOVERNOR'S

ACTION: Approved

COMPANION

BILLS:

CS/SB 294

SUMMARY ANALYSIS

HB 6027 passed the House on April 26, 2017, and subsequently passed the Senate on May 3, 2017.

Condominium associations (condominiums) and cooperative associations (cooperatives) are forms of real property ownership which are divided into units and governed internally by owners of the units. A homeowners' association (HOA) is a corporation responsible for the operation of a community or mobile home subdivision. Condominiums, cooperatives, and HOAs must complete an annual financial report in accordance with financial reporting requirements.

The bill amends current law relating to financial report requirements for condominiums, cooperatives, and HOAs. Specifically, the bill:

- Removes the provisions permitting condominiums, cooperatives, and HOAs operating fewer than 50
 units, regardless of their annual revenues, to prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures in lieu
 of financial statements; and
- Removes the provisions prohibiting cooperatives and condominiums from waiving the financial reporting for more than three consecutive years.

The bill does not have a fiscal impact on state or local governments. The bill may have a fiscal impact on the private sector.

The bill was approved by the Governor on June 23, 2017, ch. 2017-161, L.O.F., and became effective on July 1, 2017.

This document does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill sponsor or House of Representatives. STORAGE NAME: h6027z1.CCS

DATE: May 3, 2017

I. SUBSTANTIVE INFORMATION

A. EFFECT OF CHANGES:

Present Situation

A condominium is a form of ownership of real property comprised of units which may be owned by one or more persons, but who have an undivided share of access to common facilities. A condominium is created by recording a declaration of condominium in the public records of the county in which the condominium will be located. A declaration governs the relationships among condominium unit owners and the condominium.1

A cooperative is a form of real property ownership. The real property is owned by the cooperative, and individual units are leased to the residents, who own shares in the cooperative. The lease payment amount is the pro-rata share of the operational expenses of the cooperative. Cooperatives operate similarly to condominiums and the laws regulating cooperatives are in many instances nearly identical.²

Condominiums and cooperatives are regulated in a limited manner by the Division of Florida Condominiums, Timeshares, and Mobile Homes (Division) within the Florida Department of Business and Professional Regulation (DBPR).

An HOA is a corporation responsible for the operation of a community or mobile home subdivision. Only HOAs whose covenants and restrictions include mandatory assessments are statutorily regulated. The Division provides arbitration services for HOA election and recall disputes, but DBPR does not regulate HOAs. However, DBPR does regulate the community association managers (CAMs) which often manage HOAs.3

Condominiums, cooperatives, and HOAs (collectively "associations") are required to complete an annual financial report of the previous year's financial activities and provide the report to their unit or parcel owners. To comply with financial reporting requirements associations must:

- Complete an annual financial report for the previous fiscal year within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year, calendar year, or annually on a date provided in the bylaws;
- Provide unit or parcel owners the financial report or notice that the report is available upon request without charge within 21 days after the final financial report is completed by the association or received from the third party, but not later than 120 days after the end of the fiscal year or calendar year, or other date as provided in the bylaws; and
- Prepare financial statements according to generally accepted accounting principles and in a manner dictated by the total revenue of the association, namely:
 - An association having total annual revenues between \$150,000 and less than \$300,000 must prepare compiled financial statements:
 - An association having total annual revenues of at least \$300,000 but less than \$500,000 must prepare reviewed financial statements;
 - An association having total revenues of \$500,000 or more must prepare audited financial statements; and
 - An association with total annual revenue of less than \$150,000 must prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures.4

Condominiums and cooperatives must, and HOAs may, prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures in lieu of financial reports regardless of total annual revenues if the association operates fewer than 50 units⁵ or parcels.⁶

DATE: May 3, 2017

ss. 718.103(11) and 718.104(2), F.S.

s. 719.103, F.S.

s. 720.301 and 720.302, F.S.

ss. 718.111(13), 719.104(4), and 720.303(7), F.S.

A condominium or cooperative may vote to waive the annual financial reporting requirements and prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures. However, they may not waive the annual financial report requirement for more than three consecutive years.8

Effect of the Bill

The bill removes the provisions that associations operating fewer than 50 units or parcels may or must prepare a report of cash receipts and expenditures in lieu of a financial statement regardless of the

	ass	sociations total annual revenue.
	fina	e bill removes the provision that prohibits cooperatives and condominiums from waiving the annual ancial reporting requirements for more than three consecutive years, thus allowing them to waive ancial reporting indefinitely (if approved annually by a vote of the membership).
		II. FISCAL ANALYSIS & ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT
A.	FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:	
	1.	Revenues:
		None.
	2.	Expenditures:
		None.
B.	FIS	SCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:
	1.	Revenues:
		None.
	2.	Expenditures:
		None.
C.	DII	RECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:
	Associations operating fewer than 50 units may have increased costs if they are required to do financial statements other than cash receipts and expenditures as these associations may choose to hire accountants or CAMs to prepare the financial statements. Condominiums or cooperatives that consistently vote to waive financial reporting may have decreased costs by being able to waive perpetually instead of having to prepare a financial report once every four years.	
D.	FIS	SCAL COMMENTS:
	No	one.

D

DATE: May 3, 2017

⁵ ss. 718.111(13) and 719.104(4), F.S.

⁶ s. 720.303(7), F.S.

⁷ ss. 718.111(13) and 719.104(4)(e), F.S. *See* Peter M. Dunbar, The Complete Condominium, 169 (13th ed. 2012-13).

⁸ s. 718.111(13) and 719.104(4)(b), F.S.