By the Committee on Appropriations; and Senator Galvano

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A bill to be entitled
An act relating to gaming; amending and reordering s. 24.103, F.S.; defining the term "point-of-sale terminal"; amending s. 24.105, F.S.; authorizing the Department of the Lottery to create a program that authorizes certain persons to purchase a ticket at a point-of-sale terminal; authorizing the department to adopt rules; providing requirements for the rules; amending s. 24.112, F.S.; authorizing the department, a retailer operating from one or more locations, or a vendor approved by the department to use a point-ofsale terminal to sell a lottery ticket; requiring a point-of-sale terminal to perform certain functions; specifying that the point-of-sale terminal may not reveal winning numbers; prohibiting a point-of-sale terminal from including or making use of video reels or mechanical reels or other video depictions of slot machine or casino game themes or titles for game play; prohibiting a point-of-sale terminal from being used to redeem a winning ticket; amending s. 285.710, F.S.; redefining the term "compact"; ratifying and approving a specified compact executed by the Governor and the Seminole Tribe of Florida contingent upon the adoption of specified amendments to the compact; superseding the compact approved by the Legislature in 2010, subject to certain requirements; directing the Governor to cooperate with the Tribe in seeking approval of the amended compact from the United States Secretary of the Interior; directing the Secretary of

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the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to provide written notice of the effective date of the compact to specified persons under certain
circumstances; specifying the amendments that must be made to the compact by agreement between the Governor and the Tribe for the compact to be deemed ratified and approved; prohibiting the incorporation of specified amendments into the compact from impacting or changing the payments required to the state by the Tribe during specified payment periods; prohibiting the compact from being amended to prorate or reduce required payments to the state; requiring specified provisions of the compact relating to required payments to the state during the initial payment period be deleted; expanding the games authorized to be conducted and the counties in which such games may be offered; amending s. 285.712, F.S.; correcting a citation; creating s. 546.11, F.S.; providing a short title; creating s. 546.12, F.S.; providing legislative findings and intent; creating s. 546.13, F.S.; defining terms; creating s. 546.14, F.S.; creating the Office of Contest Amusements within the Department of Business and Professional Regulation; requiring that the office be under the supervision of a senior manager who is exempt from the Career Service System and is appointed by the secretary of the department; providing duties of the office; providing for rulemaking; creating s. 546.15, F.S.; providing licensing requirements for contest operators offering

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fantasy contests; providing licensing application and renewal fees; requiring the office to grant or deny a license within a specified timeframe; providing that a completed application is deemed approved 120 days after receipt by the office under certain circumstances; exempting applications for a contest operator's license from certain licensure timeframe requirements; providing requirements for the license application; providing that specified persons or entities are not eligible for licensure under certain circumstances; defining the term "convicted"; authorizing the office to suspend, revoke, or deny a license under certain circumstances; creating s. 546.16, F.S.; requiring a contest operator to implement specified consumer protection procedures under certain circumstances; requiring a contest operator to annually contract with a third party to perform an independent audit under certain circumstances; requiring a contest operator to submit the audit results to the office by a certain date; creating s. 546.17, F.S.; requiring contest operators to keep and maintain certain records for a specified period; providing a requirement for such records; requiring that such records be available for audit and inspection; requiring the department to adopt rules; creating s. 546.18, F.S.; providing a civil penalty; providing applicability; exempting fantasy contests from certain provisions in ch. 849, F.S.; providing a directive to the Division of Law Revision and

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Information; amending s. 550.002, F.S.; redefining the term "full schedule of live racing or games"; amending s. $550.01215, ~ F . S . ; ~ r e v i s i n g ~ a p p l i c a t i o n ~ r e q u i r e m e n t s ~$ for pari-mutuel operating licenses; authorizing a greyhound racing permitholder to specify certain intentions on its application; authorizing a greyhound racing permitholder to receive an operating license to conduct pari-mutuel wagering activities at another permitholder's greyhound racing facility; authorizing a thoroughbred horse racing permitholder to elect not to conduct live racing under certain circumstances; authorizing a thoroughbred horse racing permitholder that elects not to conduct live racing to retain its permit and requiring the permitholder to specify its intention not to conduct live racing in future applications and that it is a pari-mutuel facility; authorizing such thoroughbred racing permitholder's facility to remain an eligible facility, to continue to be eligible for a slot machine license, to be exempt from certain provisions of chs. 550 and 551, F.S., to be eligible as a guest track for intertrack wagering and simulcasting, and to remain eligible for a cardroom license; requiring, for a specified period, that such permitholder file with the division an irrevocable consent authorizing the use of certain contributions for specified purses and awards; exempting certain harness horse racing permitholders, quarter horse racing permitholders, and jai alai permitholders from specified live racing or live games

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requirements; authorizing such permitholders to specify certain intentions on their applications; authorizing certain permitholders that elect not to conduct live racing to retain their permits; providing that certain facilities of such permitholders that have been issued a slot machine license remain eligible facilities, continue to be eligible for a slot machine license, are exempt from certain provisions of ch. 551, F.S., are eligible to be guest tracks or, in certain cases, host tracks for certain purposes, and remain eligible for a cardroom license; authorizing the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to approve changes in racing dates for permitholders under certain circumstances; providing requirements for licensure of certain jai alai permitholders; deleting a provision for conversion of certain converted permits to jai alai permits; authorizing certain limited thoroughbred racing permitholders to apply by a certain date to conduct live performances during a specified timeframe subject to certain conditions; amending s. 550.0251, F.S.; requiring the division to annually report to the Governor and the Legislature; specifying requirements for the content of the report; amending s. 550.054, F.S.; requiring the division to revoke a pari-mutuel wagering operating permit under certain circumstances; prohibiting issuance or approval of new pari-mutuel permits after a specified date; prohibiting certain

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revoked permits from being reissued; authorizing a permitholder to apply to the division to place a permit in inactive status; revising provisions that prohibit transfer or assignment of a pari-mutuel permit; deleting provisions authorizing a jai alai permitholder to convert such permit to conduct greyhound racing; deleting a provision requiring the division to convert such permits under certain circumstances; deleting provisions for certain converted permits; amending s. 550.0555, F.S.; authorizing specified permitholders to relocate under certain circumstances, subject to certain restrictions; deleting a provision requiring the relocation to be necessary to ensure the revenueproducing capability of the permittee without deteriorating the revenue-producing capability of any other pari-mutuel permittee within a certain distance; revising how certain distances are measured; repealing s. 550.0745, F.S., relating to the conversion of parimutuel permits to summer jai alai permits; amending s. 550.0951, F.S.; deleting provisions for certain credits for a greyhound racing permitholder; deleting a provision requiring a specified license fee to be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund; revising the tax on handle for live greyhound racing and intertrack wagering if the host track is a greyhound racing track; amending s. 550.09512, F.S.; providing for the revocation of certain harness horse

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racing permits; specifying that a revoked permit may not be reissued; amending s. 550.09514, F.S.; deleting certain provisions that prohibit tax on handle until a specified amount of tax savings have resulted; revising purse requirements of a greyhound racing permitholder that conducts live racing; amending s. 550.09515, F.S.; providing for the revocation of certain thoroughbred racing permits; specifying that a revoked permit may not be reissued; amending s. 550.155, F.S.; specifying that a person who accepts certain wagers commits a felony of the third degree; providing penalties; amending s. 550.1625, F.S.; deleting the requirement that a greyhound racing permitholder pay the breaks tax; repealing s. 550.1647, F.S., relating to unclaimed tickets and breaks held by greyhound racing permitholders; amending s. 550.1648, F.S.; revising requirements for a greyhound racing permitholder to provide a greyhound adoption booth at its facility; requiring sterilization of greyhounds before adoption; authorizing the fee for such sterilization to be included in the cost of adoption; defining the term "bona fide organization that promotes or encourages the adoption of greyhounds"; creating s. 550.1752, F.S.; creating the permit reduction program within the division; providing a purpose for the program; providing for funding for the program; requiring the division to purchase pari-mutuel permits from permitholders under certain circumstances; requiring

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that permitholders who wish to make an offer to sell meet certain requirements; requiring the division to adopt a certain form by rule; requiring that the division establish the value of a pari-mutuel permit based on the valuation of one or more independent appraisers; authorizing the division to establish a value that is lower than the valuation of the independent appraiser; requiring the division to accept the offers that best utilize available funding; prohibiting the department from accepting an offer to purchase a permit or from executing a contract to purchase a permit under certain conditions; requiring, by a specified date, that the division certify an executed contract to the Chief Financial Officer and request a distribution to be paid to the permitholder; limiting such distributions; providing for expiration of the program; creating s. 550.1753, F.S.; creating the thoroughbred purse and awards supplement program within the division as of a specified date; providing a purpose for the program; providing for funding of the program; requiring the division, within a specified timeframe, to certify to the Chief Financial Officer the amount of the purse and awards supplement funds to be distributed to eligible thoroughbred racing permitholders and request distribution of such funds from the General Revenue Fund to such permitholders; limiting the amount of distributions in any given fiscal year; specifying intended uses of the funds; prohibiting certain thoroughbred horse racing

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permitholders from receiving purse and awards supplements unless they provide a copy of a certain agreement; specifying percentages of the funds that must be used for certain purposes; requiring the division to apportion purse and awards supplement funds in a specified manner; providing conditions under which certain limited thoroughbred racing permitholders may make annual application for and receive certain funds; providing that funding must be allocated on a pro rata share basis; providing that certain funding is conditioned on limited thoroughbred racing permitholders applying for a limited number of performances; providing that limited thoroughbred permitholders under the program are treated as other thoroughbred permitholders applying for funding after a certain date; authorizing such funds to be used to supplement purses and subsidize certain costs; requiring the division to distribute a specified percentage of funds to a specified organization for payment of specified racing awards; authorizing certain supplemental funds to be returned to thoroughbred horse racing permitholders to allow them to distribute special racing awards under certain circumstances under terms established in a required written agreement; requiring the division to adopt a form to apply to receive supplement purse funds under the program; authorizing the division to adopt rules; providing for expiration of the program; amending s. 550.2415, F.S.; revising the actions that mark the

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commencement of certain administrative actions; requiring the division to adopt certain rules; deleting a provision specifying the version of the Controlled Therapeutic Medication Schedule which must be used by the division to adopt certain rules; requiring the division rules to include a penalty system for the use of certain drugs, medications, and other foreign substances; requiring the classification and penalty system included in division rules to incorporate specified documents; creating s. 550.2416, F.S.; requiring injuries to racing greyhounds to be reported within a certain timeframe on a form adopted by the division; requiring such form to be completed and signed under oath or affirmation by certain individuals; providing penalties; specifying information that must be included on the form; requiring the division to maintain the forms as public records for a specified time; specifying disciplinary action that may be taken against a licensee of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation who makes false statements on an injury form or who fails to report an injury; exempting injuries to certain animals from reporting requirements; requiring the division to adopt rules; amending s. 550.26165, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 550.3345, F.S.; deleting obsolete provisions; revising requirements for a permit previously converted from a quarter horse racing permit to a limited thoroughbred racing permit; authorizing certain holders of limited

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thoroughbred racing permits to apply for and be issued an operating license for a specified purpose under certain circumstances; amending s. 550.3551, F.S.; deleting a provision that limits the number of out-ofstate races on which wagers are accepted by a greyhound racing permitholder; deleting a provision requiring certain permitholders to conduct a full schedule of live racing to receive certain full-card broadcasts and accept certain wagers; conforming a cross-reference; amending s. 550.475, F.S.; prohibiting a permitholder from leasing from certain pari-mutuel permitholders; amending s. 550.5251, F.S.; deleting a provision relating to requirements for thoroughbred permitholders; deleting a provision prohibiting a thoroughbred racing permitholder from beginning a race before a specified time; amending s. 550.615, F.S.; revising eligibility requirements for certain pari-mutuel facilities to qualify to receive certain broadcasts; providing that certain greyhound racing permitholders are not required to obtain certain written consent; deleting requirements that intertrack wagering be conducted between certain permitholders; deleting a provision prohibiting certain intertrack wagering in certain counties; specifying conditions under which greyhound racing permitholders may accept wagers; amending s. 550.6308, F.S.; revising the number of days of thoroughbred horse sales required for an applicant to obtain a limited intertrack wagering license; revising
eligibility requirements for such licenses; revising requirements for such wagering; deleting provisions requiring a licensee to make certain payments to the daily pari-mutuel pool; amending s. 551.101, F.S.; revising the facilities that may possess slot machines and conduct slot machine gaming; deleting certain provisions requiring a countywide referendum to approve slot machines at certain facilities; amending s. 551.102, F.S.; revising definitions; amending s. 551.104, F.S.; prohibiting the division from issuing a slot machine license to certain pari-mutuel permitholders; revising conditions of licensure and conditions for maintaining authority to conduct slot machine gaming; exempting a summer thoroughbred racing permitholder from certain purse requirements; providing applicability; providing an expiration for a provision requiring certain slot machine licensees to remit a certain amount for the payment of purses on live races; deleting a provision prohibiting the division from issuing or renewing a license for an applicant holding a permit under ch. 550, F.S., under certain circumstances; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; creating s. 551.1042, F.S.; prohibiting the transfer of a slot machine license or relocation of a slot machine facility; providing an exception; creating s. 551.1043, F.S.; providing legislative findings; authorizing two additional slot machine licenses to be awarded and renewed annually to persons located in specified counties; providing that

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no more than one license may be awarded in each of those counties; authorizing certain persons to apply for such licenses; providing that certain persons are ineligible to apply for the additional slot machine licenses; providing a license application fee; requiring the deposit of the fee in the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund; requiring the Division of Parimutuel Wagering to award the license to the applicant that best meets the selection criteria; providing selection criteria; requiring the division to complete a certain evaluation by a specified date; specifying grounds for denial of an application; providing that certain protests be forwarded to the Division of Administrative Hearings; providing requirements for appeals; authorizing the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering to adopt certain emergency rules; authorizing the licensee of the additional slot machine license to operate a cardroom and a specified number of house banked blackjack table games at its facility under certain circumstances; providing that such licensee is subject to specified provisions of ch. 849, F.S., and exempt from specified provisions of chs. 550 and 551, F.S.; creating s. 551.1044, F.S.; authorizing blackjack table games at certain pari-mutuel facilities; specifying limits on wagers; requiring a permitholder that offers banked blackjack to pay a tax to the state; providing that such tax is subject to certain provisions of ch. 849, F.S.; amending s. 551.106, F.S.; deleting obsolete provisions; revising
the tax rate on slot machine revenues under certain conditions; revising the taxes to be paid to the division for deposit into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund; requiring certain funds to be transferred into the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund and to specified entities; requiring certain permitholders and licensees to pay a slot machine guarantee fee if certain taxes and fees paid to the state during certain periods fall below a specified amount; amending s. 551.108, F.S.; providing applicability; amending s. 551.114, F.S.; revising the areas where a designated slot machine gaming area may be located; amending s. 551.116, F.S.; deleting a restriction on the number of hours per day that slot machine gaming areas may be open; amending s. 551.121, F.S.; authorizing the serving of complimentary or reducedcost alcoholic beverages to persons playing slot machines; authorizing the location of an automated teller machine or similar device within designated slot machine gaming areas; amending s. 849.086, F.S.; revising legislative intent; revising definitions; authorizing the division to establish a reasonable period to respond to certain requests from a licensed cardroom; providing that the division must approve certain requests within 45 days; requiring the division to review and approve or reject certain revised internal controls or revised rules within 10 days after submission; revising certain license renewal requirements; deleting provisions relating to
restrictions on hours of operation; authorizing certain cardroom operators to offer certain designated player games; requiring the designated player and employees of the designated player to be licensed; requiring the designated player to pay certain fees; prohibiting cardroom operators from serving as the designated player in a game and from having a financial interest in a designated player; authorizing a cardroom operator to collect a rake, subject to certain requirements; requiring the dealer button to be rotated under certain circumstances; prohibiting a cardroom operator from allowing a designated player to pay an opposing player under certain circumstances; prohibiting the rules of the game or of the cardroom to require a designated player to cover all wagers of opposing players; prohibiting a cardroom or cardroom licensee from contracting with or receiving certain compensation from a player to allow that player to participate in any game as a designated player; revising requirements for a cardroom license to be issued or renewed; requiring a certain written agreement with a thoroughbred permitholder; providing contract requirements for the agreement; requiring a thoroughbred permitholder to remit a percentage of specified funds to the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, Inc., subject to certain requirements; revising requirements to transfer or reissue certain cardroom gaming licenses; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 849.0931, F.S.;
authorizing certain veterans' organizations engaged in charitable, civic, benevolent, or scholastic works or similar endeavors to conduct bingo using electronic tickets on specified premises; requiring that electronic tickets for instant bingo meet a certain requirement; making the sale of such tickets by veterans' organizations contingent upon certification of software by a nationally recognized independent gaming laboratory; directing the Division of Parimutuel Wagering to revoke certain pari-mutuel permits; specifying that the revoked permits may not be reissued; providing a directive to the Division of Law Revision and Information; providing effective dates; providing a contingent effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 24.103, Florida Statutes, is reordered and amended to read:
24.103 Definitions.-As used in this act, the term:
(1) "Department" means the Department of the Lottery. (6) (2) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department.
(3) "Person" means any individual, firm, association, joint adventure, partnership, estate, trust, syndicate, fiduciary, corporation, or other group or combination and includes an shall include any agency or political subdivision of the state.
(4) "Point-of-sale terminal" means an electronic device used to process credit card, debit card, or other similar charge card payments at retail locations which is supported by networks

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that enable verification, payment, transfer of funds, and logging of transactions.
(2) (4) "Major procurement" means a procurement for a contract for the printing of tickets for use in any lottery game, consultation services for the startup of the lottery, any goods or services involving the official recording for lottery game play purposes of a player's selections in any lottery game involving player selections, any goods or services involving the receiving of a player's selection directly from a player in any lottery game involving player selections, any goods or services involving the drawing, determination, or generation of winners in any lottery game, the security report services provided for in this act, or any goods and services relating to marketing and promotion which exceed a value of $\$ 25,000$.
(5) "Retailer" means a person who sells lottery tickets on behalf of the department pursuant to a contract.
(7)(6) "Vendor" means a person who provides or proposes to provide goods or services to the department, but does not include an employee of the department, a retailer, or a state agency.

Section 2. Present subsections (19) and (20) of section 24.105, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (20) and (21), respectively, and a new subsection (19) is added to that section, to read:
24.105 Powers and duties of department.-The department shall:
(19) Have the authority to create a program that allows a person who is at least 18 years of age to purchase a lottery ticket at a point-of-sale terminal. The department may adopt

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rules to administer the program. Such rules shall include, but are not limited to, the following:
(a) Limiting the dollar amount of lottery tickets that a person may purchase at point-of-sale terminals;
(b) Creating a process to enable a customer to restrict or prevent his or her own access to lottery tickets; and
(c) Ensuring that the program is administered in a manner that does not breach the exclusivity provisions of any Indian gaming compact to which this state is a party.

Section 3. Section 24.112, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
24.112 Retailers of lottery tickets; authorization of vending machines; point-of-sale terminals to dispense lotery tickets.-
(1) The department shall adopt pxomulgate rules specifying the terms and conditions for contracting with retailers who will best serve the public interest and promote the sale of lottery tickets.
(2) In the selection of retailers, the department shall consider factors such as financial responsibility, integrity, reputation, accessibility of the place of business or activity to the public, security of the premises, the sufficiency of existing retailers to serve the public convenience, and the projected volume of the sales for the lottery game involved. In the consideration of these factors, the department may require the information it deems necessary of any person applying for authority to act as a retailer. However, the department may not establish a limitation upon the number of retailers and shall make every effort to allow small business participation as

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retailers. It is the intent of the Legislature that retailer selections be based on business considerations and the public convenience and that retailers be selected without regard to political affiliation.
(3) The department may shall not contract with any person as a retailer who:
(a) Is less than 18 years of age.
(b) Is engaged exclusively in the business of selling lottery tickets; however, this paragraph may shall not preclude the department from selling lottery tickets.
(c) Has been convicted of, or entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to, a felony committed in the preceding 10 years, regardless of adjudication, unless the department determines that:

1. The person has been pardoned or the person's civil rights have been restored;
2. Subsequent to such conviction or entry of plea the person has engaged in the kind of law-abiding commerce and good citizenship that would reflect well upon the integrity of the lottery; or
3. If the person is a firm, association, partnership, trust, corporation, or other entity, the person has terminated its relationship with the individual whose actions directly contributed to the person's conviction or entry of plea.
(4) The department shall issue a certificate of authority to each person with whom it contracts as a retailer for purposes of display pursuant to subsection (6). The issuance of the certificate may shall not confer upon the retailer any right apart from that specifically granted in the contract. The

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authority to act as a retailer may shall not be assignable or transferable.
(5) A Any contract executed by the department pursuant to this section shall specify the reasons for any suspension or termination of the contract by the department, including, but not limited to:
(a) Commission of a violation of this act or rule adopted pursuant thereto.
(b) Failure to accurately account for lottery tickets, revenues, or prizes as required by the department.
(c) Commission of any fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation.
(d) Insufficient sale of tickets.
(e) Conduct prejudicial to public confidence in the lottery.
(f) Any material change in any matter considered by the department in executing the contract with the retailer.
(6) Each Every retailer shall post and keep conspicuously displayed in a location on the premises accessible to the public its certificate of authority and, with respect to each game, a statement supplied by the department of the estimated odds of winning a some prize for the game.
(7) $\underline{A}$ contract with a retailer may not shall authorize the sale of lottery tickets at more than one location, and a retailer may sell lottery tickets only at the location stated on the certificate of authority.
(8) With respect to any retailer whose rental payments for premises are contractually computed, in whole or in part, on the basis of a percentage of retail sales, and where such computation of retail sales is not explicitly defined to include

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sales of tickets in a state-operated lottery, the compensation received by the retailer from the department shall be deemed to be the amount of the retail sale for the purposes of such contractual compensation.
(9) (a) The department may require each every retailer to post an appropriate bond as determined by the department, using an insurance company acceptable to the department, in an amount not to exceed twice the average lottery ticket sales of the retailer for the period within which the retailer is required to remit lottery funds to the department. For the first 90 days of sales of a new retailer, the amount of the bond may not exceed twice the average estimated lottery ticket sales for the period within which the retailer is required to remit lottery funds to the department. This paragraph does shall not apply to lottery tickets that wich are prepaid by the retailer.
(b) In lieu of such bond, the department may purchase blanket bonds covering all or selected retailers or may allow a retailer to deposit and maintain with the Chief Financial Officer securities that are interest bearing or accruing and that, with the exception of those specified in subparagraphs 1. and 2., are rated in one of the four highest classifications by an established nationally recognized investment rating service. Securities eligible under this paragraph shall be limited to:

1. Certificates of deposit issued by solvent banks or savings associations organized and existing under the laws of this state or under the laws of the United States and having their principal place of business in this state.
2. United States bonds, notes, and bills for which the full faith and credit of the government of the United States is
pledged for the payment of principal and interest.
3. General obligation bonds and notes of any political subdivision of the state.
4. Corporate bonds of any corporation that is not an affiliate or subsidiary of the depositor.

Such securities shall be held in trust and shall have at all times a market value at least equal to an amount required by the department.
(10) Each Every contract entered into by the department pursuant to this section shall contain a provision for payment of liquidated damages to the department for any breach of contract by the retailer.
(11) The department shall establish procedures by which each retailer shall account for all tickets sold by the retailer and account for all funds received by the retailer from such sales. The contract with each retailer shall include provisions relating to the sale of tickets, payment of moneys to the department, reports, service charges, and interest and penalties, if necessary, as the department shall deem appropriate.
(12) Payment by a retailer to the department for tickets may not shall be in cash. All such payments shall be in the form of a check, bank draft, electronic fund transfer, or other financial instrument authorized by the secretary.
(13) Each retailer shall provide accessibility for disabled persons on habitable grade levels. This subsection does not apply to a retail location that which has an entrance door threshold more than 12 inches above ground level. As used in

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herein and for purposes of this subsection only, the term "accessibility for disabled persons on habitable grade levels" means that retailers shall provide ramps, platforms, aisles and pathway widths, turnaround areas, and parking spaces to the extent these are required for the retailer's premises by the particular jurisdiction where the retailer is located. Accessibility shall be required to only one point of sale of lottery tickets for each lottery retailer location. The requirements of this subsection shall be deemed to have been met if, in lieu of the foregoing, disabled persons can purchase tickets from the retail location by means of a drive-up window, provided the hours of access at the drive-up window are not less than those provided at any other entrance at that lottery retailer location. Inspections for compliance with this subsection shall be performed by those enforcement authorities responsible for enforcement pursuant to s. 553.80 in accordance with procedures established by those authorities. Those enforcement authorities shall provide to the Department of the Lottery a certification of noncompliance for any lottery retailer not meeting such requirements.
(14) The secretary may, after filing with the Department of State his or her manual signature certified by the secretary under oath, execute or cause to be executed contracts between the department and retailers by means of engraving, imprinting, stamping, or other facsimile signature.
(15) A vending machine may be used to dispense online lottery tickets, instant lottery tickets, or both online and instant lottery tickets.
(a) The vending machine must:

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1. Dispense a lottery ticket after a purchaser inserts a coin or currency in the machine.
2. Be capable of being electronically deactivated for a period of 5 minutes or more.
3. Be designed to prevent its use for any purpose other than dispensing a lottery ticket.
(b) In order to be authorized to use a vending machine to dispense lottery tickets, a retailer must:
4. Locate the vending machine in the retailer's direct line of sight to ensure that purchases are only made by persons at least 18 years of age.
5. Ensure that at least one employee is on duty when the vending machine is available for use. However, if the retailer has previously violated s. 24.1055, at least two employees must be on duty when the vending machine is available for use.
(c) A vending machine that dispenses a lottery ticket may dispense change to a purchaser but may not be used to redeem any type of winning lottery ticket.
(d) The vending machine, or any machine or device linked to the vending machine, may not include or make use of video reels or mechanical reels or other video depictions of slot machine or casino game themes or titles for game play. This does not preclude the use of casino game themes or titles on such tickets or signage or advertising displays on the machines.
(16) The department, a retailer operating from one or more locations, or a vendor approved by the department may use a point-of-sale terminal to facilitate the sale of a lottery ticket.
(a) A point-of-sale terminal must:

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1. Dispense a paper lottery ticket with numbers selected by the purchaser or selected randomly by the machine after the purchaser uses a credit card, debit card, or other similar charge card issued by a bank, savings association, credit union, or charge card company or issued by a retailer pursuant to part II of chapter 520 for payment;
2. Recognize a valid driver license or use another age verification process approved by the department to ensure that only persons at least 18 years of age may purchase a lottery ticket;
3. Process a lottery transaction through a platform that is certified or otherwise approved by the department; and
4. Be in compliance with all applicable department requirements related to the lottery ticket offered for sale.
(b) A point-of-sale terminal does not reveal winning numbers, which are selected at a subsequent time and different location through a drawing by the state lottery.
(c) A point-of-sale terminal, or any machine or device linked to the point-of-sale terminal, may not include or make use of video reels or mechanical reels or other video depictions of slot machine or casino game themes or titles for game play. This does not preclude the use of casino game themes or titles on a lottery ticket or game or on the signage or advertising displays on the terminal.
(d) A point-of-sale terminal may not be used to redeem a winning ticket.

Section 4. Effective upon becoming a law, paragraph (a) of subsection (1), subsection (3), and present subsections (9), (11), and (14) of section 285.710, Florida Statutes, are

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amended, present subsections (4) through (14) of that section are redesignated as subsections (5) through (15), respectively, and a new subsection (4) is added to that section, to read: 285.710 Compact authorization.-
(1) As used in this section, the term:
(a) "Compact" means the Gaming Compact between the Seminole Tribe of Florida and the State of Florida, executed on Apxil 7, 2010.
(3) (a) A The gaming compact between the Seminole Tribe of Florida and the State of Florida, executed by the Governor and the Tribe on April 7, 2010, was is ratified and approved by chapter 2010-29, Laws of Florida. The Governor shall cooperate with the Tribe in secking approval of the compact from the United States Secretary of the Interior.
(b) The Gaming Compact between the Seminole Tribe of Florida and the State of Florida, which was executed by the Governor and the Tribe on December 7, 2015, shall be deemed ratified and approved only if amended as specified in subsection (4).
(c) Upon approval or deemed approval by the United States Department of Interior and publication in the Federal Register, the amended Gaming Compact supersedes the gaming compact ratified and approved by chapter 2010-29, Laws of Florida. The Governor shall cooperate with the Tribe in seeking approval of the amended Gaming Compact from the United States Secretary of the Interior. The Secretary of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation is directed to notify in writing the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Division of Law Revision and

Information of the effective date of the compact, amended as required by this act, which has been published in the Federal Register by the Department of the Interior within 5 days after such publication.
(4) The compact executed on December 7, 2015, shall be amended by an agreement between the Governor and the Tribe to:
(a) Become effective after it is approved as a tribal-state compact within the meaning of the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act by action of the United States Secretary of the Interior or by operation of law under 25 U.S.C. s. $2710(\mathrm{~d})(8)$, and upon publication of a notice of approval in the Federal Register under 25 U.S.C. s. 2710 (d) (8) (D);
(b) Require that the State of Florida and the Tribe dismiss, with prejudice, any and all pending motions for rehearing or any pending appeals arising from State of Florida v. Seminole Tribe of Florida (Consolidated Case No. 4:15cv516RH/CAS; United States District Court in and for the Northern District of Florida); and
(c) Incorporate the following exceptions to the exclusivity provided to the Tribe under the gaming compact executed on December 7, 2015:

1. Point-of-sale lottery ticket sales are permitted in accordance with chapter 24, as amended by this act;
2. Fantasy contests conducted in accordance with ss. 546.11-546.18, as created by this act;
3. Slot machines operated in accordance with chapter 551, as amended by this act;
4. The game of blackjack, in accordance with s. 551.1044, as created by this act;

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5. Designated player games of poker conducted at cardrooms in accordance with chapter 849, as amended by this act, and in compliance with Rule Chapter 61D-11, Florida Administrative Code;
6. Those activities claimed to be violations of the gaming compact between the Seminole Tribe of Florida and the State of Florida, executed by the Governor and the Tribe on April 7, 2010, in the legal actions consolidated and heard in State of Florida v. Seminole Tribe of Florida (Consolidated Case No. 4:15cv516-RH/CAS; United States District Court in and for the Northern District of Florida); and
7. All activities authorized and conducted pursuant to Florida law, as amended by this act.

The incorporation of all such provisions may not impact or change the payments required to the state under part XI of the compact during the Guarantee Payment Period and the Regular Payment Period and may not change or impact the Guaranteed Minimum Compact Term Payment required to be paid to the state under the compact or any other payment required to be paid by the Tribe under the compact. The compact may not be amended to prorate or reduce any amount required to be paid to the state during the first fiscal year of the Guaranteed Payment Period or any other time during which the compact is effective, regardless of the date on which the compact becomes effective. Part XI of the compact shall be amended to delete provisions concerning payments required to be paid to the state during the Initial Payment Period.
(10)(9) The moneys paid by the Tribe to the state for the

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benefit of exclusivity under the compact ratified by this section shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund. Three percent of the amount paid by the Tribe to the state shall be designated as the local government share and shall be distributed as provided in subsections (10) and (11) and (12).
(12) (11) Upon receipt of the annual audited revenue figures from the Tribe and completion of the calculations as provided in subsection (11) (10), the state compliance agency shall certify the results to the Chief Financial Officer and shall request the distributions to be paid from the General Revenue Fund within 30 days after authorization of nonoperating budget authority pursuant to s. 216.181(12).
(15)(14) Notwithstanding any other provision of state law, it is not a crime for a person to participate in the games specified in subsection (14) (13) at a tribal facility operating under the compact entered into pursuant to this section.

Section 5. Subsection (14) of section 285.710, Florida Statutes, as amended by this act, is amended to read:
285.710 Compact authorization.-
(14) For the purpose of satisfying the requirement in 25 U.S.C. s. $2710(d)(1)(B)$ that the gaming activities authorized under an Indian gaming compact must be permitted in the state for any purpose by any person, organization, or entity, the following class III games or other games specified in this section are hereby authorized to be conducted by the Tribe pursuant to the compact:
(a) Slot machines, as defined in s. 551.102(8).
(b) Banking or banked card games, including baccarat, chemin de fer, and blackjack or 21 the tribal facilities in

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Broward County, Collier County, and Hillsborough County.
(c) Dice games, such as craps and sic-bo.
(d) Wheel games, such as roulette and big six.
(e) (c) Raffles and drawings.

Section 6. Subsection (4) of section 285.712, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
285.712 Tribal-state gaming compacts.-
(4) Upon receipt of an act ratifying a tribal-state compact, the Secretary of State shall forward a copy of the executed compact and the ratifying act to the United States Secretary of the Interior for his or her review and approval, in accordance with 25 U.S.C. s. $2710(\mathrm{~d})(8)$ s. $2710(8)(\mathrm{d})$.

Section 7. Section 546.11, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
546.11 Short title.-Sections 546.11-546.18 may be cited as the "Fantasy Contest Amusement Act."

Section 8. Section 546.12, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
546.12 Legislative intent.-It is the intent of the Legislature to ensure public confidence in the integrity of fantasy contests and fantasy contest operators. This act is designed to strictly regulate the operators of fantasy contests and individuals who participate in such contests and to adopt consumer protections related to fantasy contests. Furthermore, the Legislature finds that fantasy contests, as that term is defined in s. 546.13, involve the skill of contest participants.

Section 9. Section 546.13, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
546.13 Definitions.-As used in ss. 546.11-546.18, the term:

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(1) "Act" means ss. 546.11-546.18.
(2) "Confidential information" means information related to the playing of fantasy contests by contest participants which is obtained solely as a result of a person's employment with, or work as an agent of, a contest operator.
(3) "Contest operator" means a person or entity that offers fantasy contests for a cash prize to members of the public.
(4) "Contest participant" means a person who pays an entry fee for the ability to participate in a fantasy contest offered by a contest operator.
(5) "Entry fee" means the cash or cash equivalent amount that is required to be paid by a person to a contest operator to participate in a fantasy contest.
(6) "Fantasy contest" means a fantasy or simulation sports game or contest offered by a contest operator or a noncommercial contest operator in which a contest participant manages a fantasy or simulation sports team composed of athletes from a professional sports organization and which meets the following conditions:
(a) All prizes and awards offered to winning contest participants are established and made known to the contest participants in advance of the game or contest and their value is not determined by the number of contest participants or the amount of any fees paid by those contest participants.
(b) All winning outcomes reflect the relative knowledge and skill of the contest participants and are determined predominantly by accumulated statistical results of the performance of the athletes participating in multiple real-world sporting or other events. However, a winning outcome may not be

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1. On the score, point spread, or any performance or performances of a single real-world team or any combination of such teams;
2. Solely on any single performance of an individual athlete in a single real-world sporting or other event;
3. On a live pari-mutuel event, as the term "pari-mutuel" is defined in s. 550.002; or
4. On the performance of athletes participating in an amateur sporting event.
(7) "Noncommercial contest operator" means a person who organizes and conducts a fantasy contest in which contest participants are charged entry fees for the right to participate; entry fees are collected, maintained, and distributed by the same person; and all entry fees are returned to the contest participants in the form of prizes.
(8) "Office" means the Office of Contest Amusements created in s. 546.14.

Section 10. Section 546.14, Florida Statutes is created to read:
546.14 Office of Contest Amusements.-
(1) The Office of Contest Amusements is created within the Department of Business and Professional Regulation. The office shall operate under the supervision of a senior manager exempt under s. 110.205 in the Senior Management Service appointed by the Secretary of Business and Professional Regulation.
(2) The duties of the office include, but are not limited to, administering and enforcing this act and any rules adopted pursuant to this act. The office may work with department

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personnel as needed to assist in fulfilling its duties.
(3) The office may:
(a) Conduct investigations and monitor the operation and play of fantasy contests.
(b) Review the books, accounts, and records of any current or former contest operator.
(c) Suspend or revoke any license issued under this act, after a hearing, for any violation of state law or rule.
(d) Take testimony, issue summons and subpoenas for any witness, and issue subpoenas duces tecum in connection with any matter within its jurisdiction.
(e) Monitor and ensure the proper collection and safeguarding of entry fees and the payment of contest prizes in accordance with consumer protection procedures adopted pursuant to s. 546.16 .
(4) The office may adopt rules to implement and administer this act.

Section 11. Section 546.15, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
546.15 Licensing.-
(1) A contest operator that offers fantasy contests for play by persons in this state must be licensed by the office to conduct fantasy contests within this state. The initial license application fee is $\$ 500,000$, and the annual license renewal fee is $\$ 100,000$; however, the respective fees may not exceed 10 percent of the difference between the amount of entry fees collected by a contest operator from the operation of fantasy contests in this state and the amount of cash or cash equivalents paid to contest participants in this state. The

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office shall require the contest operator to provide written evidence of the proposed amount of entry fees and cash or cash equivalents to be paid to contest participants during the annual license period. Before renewing a license, the contest operator shall provide written evidence to the office of the actual entry fees collected and cash or cash equivalents paid to contest participants during the previous period of licensure. The contest operator shall remit to the office any difference in license fee which results from the difference between the proposed amount of entry fees and cash or cash equivalents paid to contest participants and the actual amounts collected and paid.
(2) The office shall grant or deny a completed application within 120 days after receipt. A completed application that is not acted upon by the office within 120 days after receipt is deemed approved, and the office shall issue the license. Applications for a contest operator's license are exempt from the 90-day licensure timeframe imposed in s. 120.60(1).
(3) The application must include:
(a) The full name of the applicant.
(b) If the applicant is a corporation, the name of the state in which the applicant is incorporated and the names and addresses of the officers, directors, and shareholders who hold 15 percent or more equity.
(c) If the applicant is a business entity other than a corporation, the names and addresses of each principal, partner, or shareholder who holds 15 percent or more equity.
(d) The names and addresses of the ultimate equitable owners of the corporation or other business entity, if different

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from those provided under paragraphs (b) and (c), unless the securities of the corporation or entity are registered pursuant to s. 12 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, 15 U.S.C. Ss. $78 \mathrm{a}-78 \mathrm{kk}$, and:

1. The corporation or entity files with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission the reports required by s. 13 of that act; or
2. The securities of the corporation or entity are regularly traded on an established securities market in the United States.
(e) The estimated number of fantasy contests to be conducted by the applicant annually.
(f) A statement of the assets and liabilities of the applicant.
(g) If required by the office, the names and addresses of the officers and directors of any creditor of the applicant and of stockholders who hold more than 10 percent of the stock of the creditor.
(h) For each individual listed in the application pursuant to paragraph (a), paragraph (b), paragraph (c) or paragraph (d), a full set of fingerprints to be submitted to the office or to a vendor, entity, or agency authorized by s. 943.053(13).
3. The office, vendor, entity, or agency shall forward the fingerprints to the Department of Law Enforcement for state processing, and the Department of Law Enforcement shall forward the fingerprints to the Federal Bureau of Investigation for national processing.
4. Fees for state and federal fingerprint processing and retention shall be borne by the applicant. The state cost for

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fingerprint processing shall be as provided in s. 943.053(3) (b) for records provided to persons or entities other than those specified as exceptions therein.
3. Fingerprints submitted to the Department of Law Enforcement pursuant to this paragraph shall be retained by the Department of Law Enforcement as provided in s. 943.05(2)(g) and (h) and, when the Department of Law Enforcement begins participation in the program, enrolled in the Federal Bureau of Investigation's national retained print arrest notification program. Any arrest record identified shall be reported to the department.
(i) For each foreign national, such documents as necessary to allow the office to conduct criminal history records checks in the individual's home country. The applicant must pay the full cost of processing fingerprints and required documentation. The office also may charge a $\$ 2$ handling fee for each set of fingerprints submitted.
(4) A person or entity is not eligible for licensure as a contest operator or for licensure renewal if an individual required to be listed pursuant to paragraph (3) (a), paragraph (3) (b), paragraph (3) (c), or paragraph (3)(d) is determined by the office, after investigation, not to be of good moral character or is found to have been convicted of a felony in this state, any offense in another jurisdiction which would be considered a felony if committed in this state, or a felony under the laws of the United States. As used in this subsection, the term "convicted" means having been found guilty, with or without adjudication of guilt, as a result of a jury verdict, nonjury trial, or entry of a plea of guilty or nolo contendere.

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(5) The office may suspend, revoke, or deny the license of a contest operator who fails to comply with this act or rules adopted pursuant to this act.

Section 12. Section 546.16, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
546.16 Consumer protection.-
(1) A contest operator that charges an entry fee to contest participants shall implement procedures for fantasy contests which:
(a) Prevent employees of the contest operator, and relatives living in the same household as such employees, from competing in a fantasy contest in which a cash prize is awarded.
(b) Prohibit the contest operator from being a contest participant in a fantasy contest that he or she offers.
(c) Prevent employees or agents of the contest operator from sharing with a third party confidential information that could affect fantasy contest play until the information has been made publicly available.
(d) Verify that contest participants are 18 years of age or older.
(e) Restrict an individual who is a player, a game official, or another participant in a real-world game or competition from participating in a fantasy contest that is determined, in whole or in part, on the performance of that individual, the individual's real-world team, or the accumulated statistical results of the sport or competition in which he or she is a player, game official, or other participant.
(f) Allow individuals to restrict or prevent their own access to such a fantasy contest and take reasonable steps to

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prevent those individuals from entering a fantasy contest.
(g) Limit the number of entries a single contest participant may submit to each fantasy contest and take reasonable steps to prevent participants from submitting more than the allowable number of entries.
(h) Segregate contest participants' funds from operational funds or maintain a reserve in the form of cash, cash equivalents, payment processor reserves, payment processor receivables, an irrevocable letter of credit, a bond, or a combination thereof in the total amount of deposits in contest participants' accounts for the benefit and protection of authorized contest participants' funds held in fantasy contest accounts.
(2) A contest operator that offers fantasy contests in this state which require contest participants to pay an entry fee shall annually contract with a third party to perform an independent audit, consistent with the standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, to ensure compliance with this act. The contest operator shall submit the results of the independent audit to the office no later than 90 days after the end of each annual licensing period.

Section 13. Section 546.17, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
546.17 Records and reports.-Each contest operator shall keep and maintain daily records of its operations and shall maintain such records for at least 3 years. The records must sufficiently detail all financial transactions to determine compliance with the requirements of this act and must be

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available for audit and inspection by the office or other law enforcement agencies during the contest operator's regular business hours. The office shall adopt rules to implement this subsection.

Section 14. Section 546.18, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
546.18 Penalties; applicability; exemption.-
(1) (a) A contest operator, or an employee or agent thereof, who violates this act is subject to a civil penalty, not to exceed \$5,000 for each violation and not to exceed \$100,000 in the aggregate, which shall accrue to the state. An action to recover such penalties may be brought by the office or the Department of Legal Affairs in the circuit courts in the name and on behalf of the state.
(b) The penalty provisions established in this subsection do not apply to violations committed by a contest operator which occurred prior to the issuance of a license under this act if the contest operator applies for a license within 90 days after the effective date of this section and receives a license within 240 days after the effective date of this section.
(2) Fantasy contests conducted by a contest operator or noncommercial contest operator in accordance with this act are not subject to s. 849.01, s. $849.08, \mathrm{~s} .849 .09, \mathrm{~s} .849 .11, \mathrm{~s}$. 849.14, or s. 849.25.

Section 15. The Division of Law Revision and Information is directed to replace the phrase "the effective date of this section" wherever it occurs in s. 546.18, Florida Statutes, with the date that section becomes effective.

Section 16. Subsection (11) of section 550.002, Florida
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Statutes, is amended to read:
550.002 Definitions.-As used in this chapter, the term:
(11)(a) "Full schedule of live racing or games" means:-

1. For a greyhound racing permitholder or jai alai permitholder, the conduct of a combination of at least 100 live eving or matine performances during the preceding year.; fox a permitholder who has a converted permit or filed an application on or before June 1, 1990, for a converted permit, the conduct of a combination of at least 100 live evening and matince wagering performances during either of the 2 preceding years;
2. For a jai alai permitholder that he does not possess a operate slot machine license machines in its pari-mutuel facility, whe has conducted at least 100 live performances per year for at least 10 years after December 31, 1992, and has had whose handle on live jai alai games conducted at its pari-mutuel facility which was has been less than $\$ 4$ million per state fiscal year for at least 2 consecutive years after June 30, 1992, the conduct of combination of at least 40 live evening or matince performances during the preceding year.; ${ }^{\prime}$
3. For a jai alai permitholder that possesses a who operates slot machine license machines in its pari-mutuel facility, the conduct of combination of at least 150 performances during the preceding year.;
4. For a jai alai permitholder that does not possess a slot machine license, the conduct of at least 58 live performances during the preceding year, unless the permitholder meets the requirements of subparagraph 2.
5. For a harness horse racing permitholder, the conduct of

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at least 100 live regular wagering performances during the preceding year. $\dot{\boldsymbol{\prime}}$
6. For a quarter horse racing permitholder at its facility, unless an alternative schedule of at least 20 live regular wagering performances each year is agreed upon by the permitholder and either the Florida Quarter Horse Racing Association or the horsemen's association representing the majority of the quarter horse owners and trainers at the facility and filed ith the division along with its annual operating license date application: $\boldsymbol{T}$
a. In the 2010-2011 fiscal year, the conduct of at least 20 regular wagering performances. ${ }^{\top}$
b. In the 2011-2012 and 2012-2013 fiscal years, the conduct of at least 30 live regular wagering performances., and
C. For every fiscal year after the 2012-2013 fiscal year, the conduct of at least 40 live regular wagering performances. $\dot{-}^{\boldsymbol{\prime}}$
7. For a quarter horse racing permitholder leasing another licensed racetrack, the conduct of 160 events at the leased facility during the preceding year.; and
8. For a thoroughbred racing permitholder, the conduct of at least 40 live regular wagering performances during the preceding year.
(b) For a permitholder which is restricted by statute to ecrtain operating periods within the year when other members of its same class of permit are authorized to operate throughout the year, the specified number of live performances which eonstitute a full schedule of live racing or games shall be adjusted pro rata in accordance with the relationship between its authorized operating period and the full calendar year and

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the resulting specified number of live performances shall constitute the full schedule of live games for such permitholdex and all other permitholders of the same class within 100 air miles of such permitholder. A live performance must consist of no fewer than eight races or games conducted live for each of a minimum of three performances each week at the permitholder's licensed facility under a single admission charge.

Section 17. Subsections (1), (3), and (6) of section 550.01215, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (7) is added to that section, to read:
550.01215 License application; periods of operation; bond, conversion of permit.-
(1) Each permitholder shall annually, during the period between December 15 and January 4, file in writing with the division its application for an operating a license to conduct pari-mutuel wagering during the next fiscal year, including intertrack and simulcast race wagering for greyhound racing permitholders, jai alai permitholders, harness horse racing permitholders, quarter horse racing permitholders, and thoroughbred horse racing permitholders that do not to conduct live performances during the next state fiscal year. Each application for live performances must shall specify the number, dates, and starting times of all live performances that wich the permitholder intends to conduct. It must shall also specify which performances will be conducted as charity or scholarship performances.
(a) In addition, Each application for an operating a license also must shall include: $\boldsymbol{-}$

1. For each permitholder, whether the permitholder intends

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to accept wagers on intertrack or simulcast events. As a condition on the ability to accept wagers on intertrack or simulcast events, each permitholder accepting wagers on intertrack or simulcast events must make available for wagering to its patrons all available live races conducted by thoroughbred horse permitholders.
2. For each permitholder that elects wich elects to operate a cardroom, the dates and periods of operation the permitholder intends to operate the cardroom. or,
3. For each thoroughbred racing permitholder that which elects to receive or rebroadcast out-of-state races after 7 p.m., the dates for all performances which the permitholder intends to conduct.
(b) A greyhound racing permitholder that conducted a full schedule of live racing for a period of at least 10 consecutive state fiscal years after the 1996-1997 state fiscal year, or that converted its permit to a permit to conduct greyhound racing after the 1996-1997 state fiscal year, may specify in its application for an operating license that it does not intend to conduct live racing, or that it intends to conduct less than a full schedule of live racing, in the next state fiscal year. A greyhound racing permitholder may receive an operating license to conduct pari-mutuel wagering activities at another permitholder's greyhound racing facility pursuant to s. 550.475.
(c)1. A thoroughbred horse racing permitholder that has conducted live racing for at least 5 years may elect not to conduct live racing, if such election is made within 30 days after the effective date of this act. A thoroughbred horse racing permitholder that makes such election may retain such

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permit, must specify in future applications for an operating license that it does not intend to conduct live racing, and is a pari-mutuel facility as defined in s. 550.002 (23).
2. If a thoroughbred horse racing permitholder makes such election and if such permitholder holds a slot machine license when such election is made, the facility where such permit is located:
a. Remains an eligible facility pursuant to s. 551.102(4), and continues to be eligible for a slot machine license;
b. Is exempt from ss. 550.5251, 551.104(3) and (4)(c)1., and 551.114(2) and (4);
c. Is eligible, but not required, to be a guest track for purposes of intertrack wagering and simulcasting; and
d. Remains eligible for a cardroom license, notwithstanding any requirement for the conduct of live racing pursuant to $s$. 849.086.
3. A thoroughbred horse racing permitholder that makes such election shall comply with all contracts regarding contributions by such permitholder to thoroughbred horse purse supplements or breeders' awards entered into before the effective date of this act pursuant to s. 551.104(10)(a). At the time of such election, such permitholder shall file with the division an irrevocable consent that such contributions shall be allowed to be used for purses and awards on live races at other thoroughbred horse racing facilities in this state. This subparagraph and s. 551.104(10)(a) shall not apply after December 31, 2020, to a thoroughbred horse racing permitholder that made such election.
(d) Any harness horse racing permitholder and any quarter horse racing permitholder that has held an operating license for

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at least 5 years is exempt from the live racing requirements of this subsection and may specify in its annual application for an operating license that it does not intend to conduct live racing, or that it intends to conduct less than a full schedule of live racing, in the next state fiscal year.
(e) A jai alai permitholder that has held an operating license for at least 5 years is exempt from the live jai alai requirements of this subsection and may specify in its annual application for an operating license that it does not intend to conduct live jai alai, or that it intends to conduct less than a full schedule of live jai alai, in the next state fiscal year.

A permitholder described in paragraph (b), paragraph (d), or paragraph (e) may retain its permit and is a pari-mutuel facility as defined in s. 550.002(23). If such permitholder has been issued a slot machine license, the facility where such permit is located remains an eligible facility as defined in $s$. 551.102(4) and continues to be eligible for a slot machine license; is exempt from s. 551.104(3) and (4)(c)1., and s. 551.114(2) and (4); is eligible, but not required, to be a guest track or, if the permitholder is a harness horse racing permitholder, a host track for purposes of intertrack wagering and simulcasting pursuant to ss. $550.3551,550.615,550.625$, and 550.6305; and remains eligible for a cardroom license, notwithstanding any requirement for the conduct of live racing performances contained in s. 849.086.
(f) Permitholders may shall be entitled to amend their applications through February 28.
(3) The division shall issue each license no later than

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March 15. Each permitholder shall operate all performances at the date and time specified on its license. The division shall have the authority to approve minor changes in racing dates after a license has been issued. The division may approve changes in racing dates after a license has been issued when there is no objection from any operating permitholder located within 50 miles of the permitholder requesting the changes in operating dates. In the event of an objection, the division shall approve or disapprove the change in operating dates based upon the impact on operating permitholders located within 50 miles of the permitholder requesting the change in operating dates. In making the determination to change racing dates, the division shall take into consideration the impact of such changes on state revenues. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and for the 2017-2018 fiscal year only, the division may approve changes in racing dates for permitholders if the request for such changes is received before August 31, 2017.
(6) A summer jai alai permitholder may apply for an operating license to operate a jai alai fronton only during the summer season beginning May 1 and ending November 30 of each year on such dates as may be selected by the permitholder. Such permitholder is subject to the same taxes, rules, and provisions of this chapter which apply to the operation of winter jai alai frontons. A summer jai alai permitholder is not eligible for licensure to operate a slot machine facility. A summer jai alai permitholder and a winter jai alai permitholder may not operate on the same days or in competition with each other. This subsection does not prevent a summer jai alai licensee from leasing the facilities of a winter jai alai licensee for the

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operation of a summer meet Any permit which was converted from a jai alai permit to a greyhound permit may be converted to a jai alai permit at any time if the permitholder never conducted greyhound racing or if the permitholder has not conducted greyhound racing for a period of 12 consecutive months.
(7) In addition to seeking a license under any other provision of this section, if any of the following conditions exist on February 1 of any year, the holder of a limited thoroughbred racing permit under s. 550.3345 which did not file an application for live performances between December 15 and January 31 may apply to conduct live performances, and such application must be filed before March 31, with the resulting license issued no later than April 15:
(a) All thoroughbred racing permitholders with slot machine licenses have not collectively sought pari-mutuel wagering licenses for at least 160 performances and a minimum of 1,760 races in the next state fiscal year.
(b) All thorough.bred racing permitholders have not collectively sought pari-mutuel wagering licenses for at least 200 performances or a minimum of 1,760 races in the next state fiscal year.
(c) All thoroughbred racing permitholders did not collectively run at least 1,760 races in the previous state fiscal year.

Section 18. Subsection (1) of section 550.0251 , Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
550.0251 The powers and duties of the Division of Parimutuel Wagering of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.-The division shall administer this chapter and

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regulate the pari-mutuel industry under this chapter and the rules adopted pursuant thereto, and:
(1) The division shall make an annual report for the prior fiscal year to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The report shall include, at a minimum:
(a) Recent events in the gaming industry, including pending litigation involving permitholders; pending permitholder, facility, cardroom, slot, or operating license applications; and new and pending rules.
(b) Actions of the department relating to the implementation and administration of this chapter, and chapters 551 and 849.
(c) The state revenues and expenses associated with each form of authorized gaming. Revenues and expenses associated with pari-mutuel wagering must be further delineated by the class of license.
(d) The performance of each pari-mutuel wagering licensee, cardroom licensee, and slot machine licensee.
(e) A summary of disciplinary actions taken by the department.
(f) Any suggestions to more effectively achieve showing its own actions, receipts derived under the provisions of this chapter, the practical effects of the application of this ehapter, and any suggestions it may approve for the more effectual accomplishments of the purposes of this chapter.

Section 19. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (9) of section 550.054, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraphs (c) through (g) are added to that subsection, and paragraph (a)

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of subsection (11) and subsections (13) and (14) of that section are amended, to read:
550.054 Application for permit to conduct pari-mutuel wagering.-
(9) (a) After a permit has been granted by the division and has been ratified and approved by the majority of the electors participating in the election in the county designated in the permit, the division shall grant to the lawful permitholder, subject to the conditions of this chapter, a license to conduct pari-mutuel operations under this chapter, and, except as provided in s. 550.5251, the division shall fix annually the time, place, and number of days during which pari-mutuel operations may be conducted by the permitholder at the location fixed in the permit and ratified in the election. After the first license has been issued to the holder of a ratified permit for racing in any county, all subsequent annual applications for a license by that permitholder must be accompanied by proof, in such form as the division requires, that the ratified permitholder still possesses all the qualifications prescribed by this chapter and that the permit has not been recalled at a later election held in the county.
(b) The division may revoke or suspend any permit or license issued under this chapter upon a the willful violation by the permitholder or licensee of any provision of this chapter, chapter 551, s. 849.086, or rules ef any rule adopted pursuant thereto under this chaptex. With the exception of the revocation of permits required in paragraphs (c), (d), (f), and ( g$)$, In licu of suspending or revoking a permit or license, the division may, in lieu of suspending or revoking a permit or

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license, impose a civil penalty against the permitholder or licensee for a violation of this chapter, chapter 551, s. 849.086, or rules adopted pursuant thereto any rule adopted by the division. The penalty so imposed may not exceed $\$ 1,000$ for each count or separate offense. All penalties imposed and collected must be deposited with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the General Revenue Fund.
(c) Unless a failure to obtain an operating license and to operate was the direct result of fire, strike, war, or other disaster or event beyond the permitholder's control, the division shall revoke the permit of any permitholder that has not obtained an operating license in accordance with s. 550.01215 for a period of more than 24 consecutive months after June 30, 2012. The division shall revoke the permit upon adequate notice to the permitholder. Financial hardship to the permitholder does not, in and of itself, constitute just cause for failure to operate.
(d) The division shall revoke the permit of any permitholder that fails to make payments that are due pursuant to s. 550.0951 for more than 24 consecutive months unless such failure to pay the tax due on handle was the direct result of fire, strike, war, or other disaster or event beyond the permitholder's control. Financial hardship to the permitholder does not, in and of itself, constitute just cause for failure to pay tax on handle.
(e) Notwithstanding any other law, a new permit to conduct pari-mutuel wagering may not be approved or issued 30 days after the effective date of this act.
(f) A permit revoked under this subsection is void and may

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not be reissued.
(g) A permitholder may apply to the division to place the permit into inactive status for a period of 12 months pursuant to division rule. The division, upon good cause shown by the permitholder, may renew inactive status for a period of up to 12 months, but a permit may not be in inactive status for a period of more than 24 consecutive months. Holders of permits in inactive status are not eligible for licensure for pari-mutuel wagering, slot machines, or cardrooms.
(11) (a) A permit granted under this chapter may not be transferred or assigned except upon written approval by the division pursuant to s. 550.1815, except that the holder of any permit that has been converted to a jai alai permit may lease or build anywere within the county in which its permit is located.
(13) (a) Notwithstanding any provision provisions of this chapter or chapter 551, a pari-mutuel no thoroughbred horse racing permit or license issued under this chapter or chapter 551 may not shall be transferred, or reissued when such reissuance is in the nature of a transfer so as to permit or authorize a licensee to change the location of a pari-mutuel facility, cardroom, or slot machine facility, except through the relocation of the pari-mutuel permit pursuant to s. 550.0555. thoroughbred horse racetrack except upon proof in such form as the division may prescribe that a referendum election has been held:

1. If the proposed new location is within the same county as the already licensed location, in the county where the licensec desires to conduct the race mecting and that a majority of the electors voting on that question in such election voted

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in favor of the transfer of such license.
Z. If the proposed new location is not within the same eounty as the already licensed location, in the county where the license desires to conduct the race mecting and in the county where the licensee is already licensed to conduct the race mecting and that a majoxity of the electoxs voting on that question in each such election voted in favor of the transfer of such license.
(b) Each referendum held under the provisions of this subsection shall be held in accordance with the electoral procedures for ratification of permits, as provided in s. 550.0651. The expense of each such referendum shall be borne by the licensec requesting the transfer.
(14) (a) Any holder of a permit to conduct jai alai may apply to the division to convert such permit to a permit to conduct greyhound racing in lieu of jai alai if:

1. Such permit is located in a county in which the division has issued only two pari-mutuel permits pursuant to this section;
Z. Such permit was not previously converted from any othex elass of permit; and
2. The holder of the permit has not conducted jai alai games during a period of 10 years immediatcly preceding his or her application for conversion under this subsection.
(b) The division, upon application from the holder of a jai alai permit mecting all conditions of this section, shall eonvert the permit and shall issue to the permitholder a permit to conduct greyhound racing. A permitholder of a permit eonverted under this section shall be required to apply for and

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eonduct a full schedule of live racing each fiscal year to be eligible for any tax credit provided by this chapter. The holdex of a permit converted pursuant to this subsection or any holder of a permit to conduct greyhound racing located in a county in which it is the only permit issued pursuant to this section who operates at a leased facility pursuant to s. 550.475 may move the location for which the permit has been issued to anothex location within a $30-\mathrm{mile}$ radius of the location fixed in the permit issued in that county, provided the move does not cross the county boundary and such location is approved under the zoning regulations of the county or municipality in which the permit is located, and upon such relocation may use the permit for the conduct of pari-mutuel wagexing and the operation of a eardroom. The provisions of s. 550.6305(9)(d) and (f) shall apply to any permit converted under this subsection and shall eontinue to apply to any permit which was previously included under and subject to such provisions before a conversion pursuant to this section occurred.

Section 20. Section 550.0555, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
550.0555 Permitholder Greyhound dogracing permits; relocation within a county; conditions.-
(1) It is the finding of the Legislature that pari-mutuel wagering on greyhound dogracing provides substantial revenues to the state. It is the further finding that, in some cases, this revenue-producing ability is hindered due to the lack of provisions allowing the relocation of existing dogracing operations. It is therefore declared that state revenues derived from greyhound dogracing will continue to be jeopardized if

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provisions allowing the relocation of such greyhound racing permits are not implemented. This enactment is made pursuant to, and for the purpose of, implementing such provisions.
(2) The following permitholders are Any holder of a valid outstanding permit for greyhound dogracing in a county in which there is only one dogracing permit issued, as well as any holdex of a valid outstanding permit for jai alai in a county where only one jai alai permit is issued, is authorized, without the necessity of an additional county referendum required under s. 550.0651, to move the location for which the permit has been issued to another location within a 30 -mile radius of the location fixed in the permit issued in that county, provided the move does not cross the county boundary, that such relocation is approved under the zoning regulations of the county or municipality in which the permit is to be located as a planned development use, consistent with the comprehensive plan, and that such move is approved by the department after it is determined that the new location is an existing pari-mutuel facility that has held an operating license for at least 5 consecutive years since 2010 or is at least 10 miles from an existing pari-mutuel facility and, if within a county with three or more pari-mutuel permits, is at least 10 miles from the waters of the Atlantic Ocean:
(a) Any holder of a valid outstanding greyhound racing permit that was previously converted from a jai alai permit;
(b) Any holder of a valid outstanding greyhound racing permit in a county in which there is only one greyhound racing permit issued; and
(c) Any holder of a valid outstanding jai alai permit in a

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county in which there is only one jai alai permit issued. a proceeding pursuant to chapter 120 in the county affected that the move is necessary to ensure the revenue-producing capability of the permittee without deteriorating the revenue-producing eapability of any other pari-mutuel permittee within 50 miles;

The distances distance shall be measured on a straight line from the nearest property line of one racing plant or jai alai fronton to the nearest property line of the other and the nearest mean high tide line of the Atlantic Ocean.

Section 21. Section 550.0745, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 22. Section 550.0951, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
550.0951 Payment of daily license fee and taxes; penalties.-
(1) (a) DAILY LICENSE FEE.-Each person engaged in the business of conducting race meetings or jai alai games under this chapter, hereinafter referred to as the "permitholder," "licensee," or "permittee," shall pay to the division, for the use of the division, a daily license fee on each live or simulcast pari-mutuel event of $\$ 100$ for each horserace, and $\$ 80$ for each greyhound race, degrace and $\$ 40$ for each jai alai game, any of which is conducted at a racetrack or fronton licensed under this chapter. $\underline{A}$ In addition to the tax exemption specified in s. 550.09514(1) of $\$ 360,000$ or $\$ 500,000$ per greyhound permitholder per state fiscal year, each greyhound permitholder shall receive in the current state fiscal year a tax credit equal to the number of live greyhound races conducted in the

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previous state fiscal year times the daily license fee specified for each dograce in this subsection applicable for the previous state fiscal year. This tax credit and the exemption in s. $550.09514(1)$ shall be applicable to any tax imposed by this ehapter or the daily license fees imposed by this chapter except during any charity or scholarship performances conducted pursuant to s. 550.0351. Each permitholder may not be required to shall pay daily license fees in excess of not to exceed $\$ 500$ per day on any simulcast races or games on which such permitholder accepts wagers, regardless of the number of out-ofstate events taken or the number of out-of-state locations from which such events are taken. This license fee shall be deposited with the Chicf Financial Officer to the credit of the Pari= mutucl Wagering Trust Fund.
(b) Each permitholder that cannot utilize the full amount of the exemption of $\$ 360,000$ or $\$ 500,000$ provided in 5. 550.09514(1) or the daily license fec credit provided in this section may, after notifying the division in writing, elect once per state fiscal year on a form provided by the division to transfer such exemption or eredit or any portion thereof to any greyhound permitholder which acts as a host track to such permitholder for the purpose of intertrack wagering. Once an election to transfer such exemption or credit is filed with the division, it shall not be rescinded. The division shall disapprove the transfer when the amount of the exemption of eredit or portion thereof is unavailable to the transferring permitholder or when the permitholder who is entitled to transfer the exemption or credit or who is entitled to receive the exemption or credit owes taxes to the state pursuant to a

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deficiency letter or administrative complaint issued by the division. Upon approval of the transfex by the division, the transferred tax exemption or eredit shall be effective for the first performance of the next payment period as specified in subsection (5). The exemption or eredit transferred to such host track may be applied by such host track against any taxes imposed by this chapter or daily license fees imposed by this chapter. The greyhound permitholder host track to which such exemption or credit is transferred shall reimburse such permitholder the exact monetary value of such transferred exemption or credit as actually applied against the taxes and daily license fees of the host track. The division shall ensure that all transfers of exemption or credit are made in accordance with this subscction and shall have the authority to adopt rules to ensure the implementation of this section.
(2) ADMISSION TAX.-
(a) An admission tax equal to 15 percent of the admission charge for entrance to the permitholder's facility and grandstand area, or 10 cents, whichever is greater, is imposed on each person attending a horserace, greyhound race dograce, or jai alai game. The permitholder is shall be responsible for collecting the admission tax.
(b) The admission tax imposed under this chapter and or chapter 212 may not shall be imposed on any free passes or complimentary cards issued to persons for which there is no cost to the person for admission to pari-mutuel events.
(c) A permitholder may issue tax-free passes to its officers, officials, and employees and to ox other persons actually engaged in working at the racetrack, including

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accredited media press representatives such as reporters and editors, and may also issue tax-free passes to other permitholders for the use of their officers and officials. The permitholder shall file with the division a list of all persons to whom tax-free passes are issued under this paragraph.
(3) TAX ON HANDLE.-Each permitholder shall pay a tax on contributions to pari-mutuel pools, the aggregate of which is hereinafter referred to as "handle," on races or games conducted by the permitholder. The tax is imposed daily and is based on the total contributions to all pari-mutuel pools conducted during the daily performance. If a permitholder conducts more than one performance daily, the tax is imposed on each performance separately.
(a) The tax on handle for quarter horse racing is 1.0 percent of the handle.
(b) 1. The tax on handle for greyhound racing dogracing is 1.285 .5 percent of the handle, except that for live charity performances held pursuant to s. 550.0351, and for intertrack wagering on such charity performances at a guest greyhound track within the market area of the host, the tax is 7.6 percent of the handle.
2. The tax on handle for jai alai is 7.1 percent of the handle.
(c) 1. The tax on handle for intertrack wagering is:
a. If the host track is a horse track, 2.0 percent of the handle.
b. If the host track is a harness horse racetrack track, 3.3 percent of the handle.
c. If the host track is a greyhound racing harness track,

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1.285 .5 percent of the handle, to be remitted by the guest track. if the host track is a dog track, and
d. If the host track is a jai alai fronton, 7.1 percent of the handle if the host track is a jai alai fronton.
e. The tax on handle for intertrack wagering is 0.5 percent If the host track and the guest track are thoroughbred racing permitholders or if the guest track is located outside the market area of $\underline{a}$ the host track that is not a greyhound racing track and within the market area of a thoroughbred racing permitholder currently conducting a live race meet, 0.5 percent of the handle.
f. The tax on hande For intertrack wagering on rebroadcasts of simulcast thoroughbred horseraces, is 2.4 percent of the handle and 1.5 percent of the handle for intertrack wagering on rebroadcasts of simulcast harness horseraces, 1.5 percent of the handle.
2. The tax shall be deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund.
3.z. The tax on handle for intertrack wagers accepted by any greyhound racing dog track located in an area of the state in which there are only three permitholders, all of which are greyhound racing permitholders, located in three contiguous counties, from any greyhound racing permitholder also located within such area or any greyhound racing dog track or jai alai fronton located as specified in s. $550.615(7)$ s. $550.615(6)$ or (9), on races or games received from any jai alai the same class өf permitholder located within the same market area is 1.28 3.9 percent of the handle if the host facility is a greyhound racing permitholder. and, If the host facility is a jai alai

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permitholder, the tax is ate shall be 6.1 percent of the handle until except that it shall be 2.3 percent on handle at such time as the total tax on intertrack handle paid to the division by the permitholder during the current state fiscal year exceeds the total tax on intertrack handle paid to the division by the permitholder during the 1992-1993 state fiscal year, in which case the tax is 2.3 percent of the handle.
(d) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, in order to protect the Florida jai alai industry, effective July 1, 2000, a jai alai permitholder may not be taxed on live handle at a rate higher than 2 percent.
(4) BREAKS TAX.-Effective October 1, 1996, each permitholder conducting jai alai performances shall pay a tax equal to the breaks. As used in this subsection, the term "breaks" means the money that remains in each pari-mutuel pool after funds are the "breaks" represents that portion of each pari-mutuel pool which is not redistributed to the contributors and commissions are of withheld by the permitholder as eommission.
(5) PAYMENT AND DISPOSITION OF FEES AND TAXES.-Payments imposed by this section shall be paid to the division. The division shall deposit such payments these sums with the Chief Financial Officer, to the credit of the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund, hereby established. The permitholder shall remit to the division payment for the daily license fee, the admission tax, the tax on handle, and the breaks tax. Such payments must shall be remitted by 3 p.m. on Wednesday of each week for taxes imposed and collected for the preceding week ending on Sunday. Beginning on July 1, 2012, such payments must shall be remitted

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by $3 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. on the 5 th day of each calendar month for taxes imposed and collected for the preceding calendar month. If the 5th day of the calendar month falls on a weekend, payments must shall be remitted by 3 p.m. the first Monday following the weekend. Permitholders shall file a report under oath by the 5th day of each calendar month for all taxes remitted during the preceding calendar month. Such payments must shall be accompanied by a report under oath showing the total of all admissions, the pari-mutuel wagering activities for the preceding calendar month, and any such other information may be prescribed by the division.
(6) PENALTIES.-
(a) The failure of any permitholder to make payments as prescribed in subsection (5) is a violation of this section, and the permitholder may be subjected by the division may impose to a civil penalty against the permitholder of up to $\$ 1,000$ for each day the tax payment is not remitted. All penalties imposed and collected shall be deposited in the General Revenue Fund. If a permitholder fails to pay penalties imposed by order of the division under this subsection, the division may suspend or revoke the license of the permitholder, cancel the permit of the permitholder, or deny issuance of any further license or permit to the permitholder.
(b) In addition to the civil penalty prescribed in paragraph (a), any willful or wanton failure by any permitholder to make payments of the daily license fee, admission tax, tax on handle, or breaks tax constitutes sufficient grounds for the division to suspend or revoke the license of the permitholder, to cancel the permit of the permitholder, or to deny issuance of

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any further license or permit to the permitholder.
Section 23. Section 550.09512, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
550.09512 Harness horse racing taxes; abandoned interest in a permit for nonpayment of taxes.-
(1) Pari-mutuel wagering at harness horse racetracks in this state is an important business enterprise, and taxes derived therefrom constitute a part of the tax structure which funds operation of the state. Harness horse racing permitholders should pay their fair share of these taxes to the state. This business interest should not be taxed to such an extent as to cause any racetrack which is operated under sound business principles to be forced out of business. Due to the need to protect the public health, safety, and welfare, the gaming laws of the state provide for the harness horse racing industry to be highly regulated and taxed. The state recognizes that there exist identifiable differences between harness horse racing permitholders based upon their ability to operate under such regulation and tax system.
(2) (a) The tax on handle for live harness horse racing performances is 0.5 percent of handle per performance.
(b) For purposes of this section, the term "handle" shall have the same meaning as in s. 550.0951, and does shall not include handle from intertrack wagering.
(3) (a) The division shall revoke the permit of a harness horse racing permitholder that who does not pay the tax due on handle for live harness horse racing performances for a full schedule of live races for more than 24 consecutive months during any 2 conscutive state fiscal years shall be void and

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shall escheat to and become the property of the state unless such failure to operate and pay tax on handle was the direct result of fire, strike, war, or other disaster or event beyond the ability of the permitholder to control. Financial hardship to the permitholder does shall not, in and of itself, constitute just cause for failure to operate and pay tax on handle. $\underline{A}$ permit revoked under this subsection is void and may not be reissued.
(b) In order to maximize the tax revenues to the state, the division shall reissue an escheated harness horse permit to a qualified applicant pursuant to the provisions of this chapter as for the issuance of an initial permit. However, the provisions of this chapter relating to referendum requirements for a pari-mutucl permit shall not apply to the reissuance of an escheated harness horse permit. As specified in the application and upon approval by the division of an application for the permit, the new permitholder shall be authorized to operate a harness horse facility anywhere in the same county in which the escheated permit was authorized to be operated, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 550.054(2) relating to mileage limitations.
(4) In the event that a court of competent jurisdiction determines any of the provisions of this section to be unconstitutional, it is the intent of the Legislature that the provisions contained in this section shall be null and void and that the provisions of s. 550.0951 shall apply to all harness horse racing permitholders beginning on the date of such judicial determination. To this end, the Legislature declares that it would not have enacted any of the provisions of this section individually and, to that end, expressly finds them not

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to be severable.
Section 24. Section 550.09514, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
550.09514 Greyhound racing dogracing taxes; purse requirements.-
(1) Wagexing on greyhound racing is subject to a tax on handle for live greyhound racing as specified in s. 550.0951(3). However, each permitholder shall pay no tax on handle until such time as this subsection has resulted in a tax savings per state fiscal year of $\$ 360,000$. Thereafter, each permitholder shall pay the tax as specified in s. 550.0951 (3) on all handle for the remainder of the permitholder's current race meet. For the three permitholders that conducted a full schedule of live racing in 1995, and are closest to another state that authorizes greyhound pari-mutuel wagering, the maximum tax savings per state fiscal year shall be $\$ 500,000$. The provisions of this subsection relating to tax exemptions shall not apply to any charity or scholarship performances conducted pursuant tos. 550.0351.
(1) (a) (2)(a) The division shall determine for each greyhound racing permitholder the annual purse percentage rate of live handle for the state fiscal year 1993-1994 by dividing total purses paid on live handle by the permitholder, exclusive of payments made from outside sources, during the 1993-1994 state fiscal year by the permitholder's live handle for the 1993-1994 state fiscal year. A greyhound racing fach permitholder conducting live racing during a fiscal year shall pay as purses for such live races conducted during its current race meet a percentage of its live handle not less than the percentage determined under this paragraph, exclusive of

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payments made by outside sources, for its 1993-1994 state fiscal year.
(b) Except as otherwise set forth herein, in addition to the minimum purse percentage required by paragraph (a), each greyhound racing permitholder conducting live racing during a fiscal year shall pay as purses an annual amount of $\$ 60$ for each live race conducted equal to 75 percent of the daily license fees paid by the greyhound racing each permitholder in fox the preceding 1994-1995 fiscal year. These this purse supplement shall be disbursed weekly during the permitholder's race meet in an amount determined by dividing the annual purse supplement by the number of performances approved for the permitholder pursuant to its annual license and multiplying that amount by the number of performances conducted each week. For the greyhound permitholders in the county where there are two greyhound permitholders located as specified in s. 550.615(6), such permitholders shall pay in the aggregate an amount equal to 75 percent of the daily license fees paid by such permitholders for the 1994-1995 fiscal year. These permitholders shall be jointly and severally liable for such purse payments. The additional purses provided by this paragraph must be used exclusively for purses other than stakes and disbursed weekly during the permitholder's race meet. The division shall conduct audits necessary to ensure compliance with this section.
(c) 1. Each greyhound racing permitholder, when conducting at least three live performances during any week, shall pay purses in that week on wagers it accepts as a guest track on intertrack and simulcast greyhound races at the same rate as it pays on live races. Each greyhound racing permitholder, when

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conducting at least three live performances during any week, shall pay purses in that week, at the same rate as it pays on live races, on wagers accepted on greyhound races at a guest track that which is not conducting live racing and is located within the same market area as the greyhound racing permitholder conducting at least three live performances during any week.
2. Each host greyhound racing permitholder shall pay purses on its simulcast and intertrack broadcasts of greyhound races to guest facilities that are located outside its market area in an amount equal to one quarter of an amount determined by subtracting the transmission costs of sending the simulcast or intertrack broadcasts from an amount determined by adding the fees received for greyhound simulcast races plus 3 percent of the greyhound intertrack handle at guest facilities that are located outside the market area of the host and that paid contractual fees to the host for such broadcasts of greyhound races.
(d) The division shall require sufficient documentation from each greyhound racing permitholder regarding purses paid on live racing to assure that the annual purse percentage rates paid by each greyhound racing permitholder conducting en the live races are not reduced below those paid during the 1993-1994 state fiscal year. The division shall require sufficient documentation from each greyhound racing permitholder to assure that the purses paid by each permitholder on the greyhound intertrack and simulcast broadcasts are in compliance with the requirements of paragraph (c).
(e) In addition to the purse requirements of paragraphs (a)-(c), each greyhound racing permitholder conducting live

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races shall pay as purses an amount equal to one-third of the amount of the tax reduction on live and simulcast handle applicable to such permitholder as a result of the reductions in tax rates provided by s. 6, chapter 2000-354, Laws of Florida this act through the amendments to s. 550.0951 (3). With respect to intertrack wagering when the host and guest tracks are greyhound racing permitholders not within the same market area, an amount equal to the tax reduction applicable to the guest track handle as a result of the reduction in tax rate provided by s. 6, chapter 2000-354, Laws of Florida, this act through the zmendment to s. 550.0951 (3) shall be distributed to the guest track, one-third of which amount shall be paid as purses at the guest track. However, if the guest track is a greyhound racing permitholder within the market area of the host or if the guest track is not a greyhound racing permitholder, an amount equal to such tax reduction applicable to the guest track handle shall be retained by the host track, one-third of which amount shall be paid as purses at the host track. These purse funds shall be disbursed in the week received if the permitholder conducts at least one live performance during that week. If the permitholder does not conduct at least one live performance during the week in which the purse funds are received, the purse funds shall be disbursed weekly during the permitholder's next race meet in an amount determined by dividing the purse amount by the number of performances approved for the permitholder pursuant to its annual license, and multiplying that amount by the number of performances conducted each week. The division shall conduct audits necessary to ensure compliance with this paragraph.
(f) Each greyhound racing permitholder conducting live

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racing shall, during the permitholder's race meet, supply kennel operators and the Division of Pari-Mutuel Wagering with a weekly report showing purses paid on live greyhound races and all greyhound intertrack and simulcast broadcasts, including both as a guest and a host together with the handle or commission calculations on which such purses were paid and the transmission costs of sending the simulcast or intertrack broadcasts, so that the kennel operators may determine statutory and contractual compliance.
(g) Each greyhound racing permitholder conducting live racing shall make direct payment of purses to the greyhound owners who have filed with such permitholder appropriate federal taxpayer identification information based on the percentage amount agreed upon between the kennel operator and the greyhound owner.
(h) At the request of a majority of kennel operators under contract with a greyhound racing permitholder conducting live racing, the permitholder shall make deductions from purses paid to each kennel operator electing such deduction and shall make a direct payment of such deductions to the local association of greyhound kennel operators formed by a majority of kennel operators under contract with the permitholder. The amount of the deduction shall be at least 1 percent of purses, as determined by the local association of greyhound kennel operators. Ne Deductions may not be taken pursuant to this paragraph without a kennel operator's specific approval before or after May 24, 1998 the effective date of this act.
(2) (3) As used in For the purpose of this section, the term "live handle" means the handle from wagers placed at the

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permitholder's establishment on the live greyhound races conducted at the permitholder's establishment.

Section 25. Section 550.09515, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
550.09515 Thoroughbred racing horse taxes; abandoned interest in a permit for nonpayment of taxes.-
(1) Pari-mutuel wagering at thoroughbred horse racetracks in this state is an important business enterprise, and taxes derived therefrom constitute a part of the tax structure which funds operation of the state. Thoroughbred horse permitholders should pay their fair share of these taxes to the state. This business interest should not be taxed to such an extent as to cause any racetrack which is operated under sound business principles to be forced out of business. Due to the need to protect the public health, safety, and welfare, the gaming laws of the state provide for the thoroughbred horse industry to be highly regulated and taxed. The state recognizes that there exist identifiable differences between thoroughbred horse permitholders based upon their ability to operate under such regulation and tax system and at different periods during the year.
(2) (a) The tax on handle for live thoroughbred horserace performances shall be 0.5 percent.
(b) For purposes of this section, the term "handle" shall have the same meaning as in s. 550.0951, and does shall not include handle from intertrack wagering.
(3) (a) The division shall revoke the permit of a thoroughbred racing horse permitholder that who does not pay the tax due on handle for live thoroughbred horse performances for a

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full schedule of live races for more than 24 consecutive months during any 2 consceutive state fiscal years shall be void and shall escheat to and become the property of the state unless such failure to operate and pay tax on handle was the direct result of fire, strike, war, or other disaster or event beyond the ability of the permitholder to control. Financial hardship to the permitholder does shall not, in and of itself, constitute just cause for failure to operate and pay tax on handle. $\underline{A}$ permit revoked under this subsection is void and may not be reissued.
(b) In order to maximize the tax revenues to the state, the division shall reissue an escheated thoroughbred horse permit to a qualified applicant pursuant to the provisions of this chapter as for the issuance of an initial permit. However, the provisions of this chapter relating to referendum requirements for a pari-mutuel permit shall not apply to the reissuance of an escheated thoroughbred horse permit. As specified in the application and upon approval by the division of an application for the permit, the new permitholder shall be authorized to operate a thoroughbred horse facility anywhere in the same eounty in which the escheated permit was authorized to be operated, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 550.054(2) relating to mileage limitations.
(4) In the event that a court of competent jurisdiction determines any of the provisions of this section to be unconstitutional, it is the intent of the Legislature that the provisions contained in this section shall be null and void and that the provisions of s. 550.0951 shall apply to all thoroughbred racing horse permitholders beginning on the date of

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such judicial determination. To this end, the Legislature declares that it would not have enacted any of the provisions of this section individually and, to that end, expressly finds them not to be severable.
(5) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 550.0951(3)(c), the tax on handle for intertrack wagering on rebroadcasts of simulcast horseraces is 2.4 percent of the handle; provided however, that if the guest track is a thoroughbred track located more than 35 miles from the host track, the host track shall pay a tax of .5 percent of the handle, and additionally the host track shall pay to the guest track 1.9 percent of the handle to be used by the guest track solely for purses. The tax shall be deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund.
(6) A credit equal to the amount of contributions made by a thoroughbred racing permitholder during the taxable year directly to the Jockeys' Guild or its health and welfare fund to be used to provide health and welfare benefits for active, disabled, and retired Florida jockeys and their dependents pursuant to reasonable rules of eligibility established by the Jockeys' Guild is allowed against taxes on live handle due for a taxable year under this section. A thoroughbred racing permitholder may not receive a credit greater than an amount equal to 1 percent of its paid taxes for the previous taxable year.
(7) If a thoroughbred racing permitholder fails to operate all performances on its 2001-2002 license, failure to pay tax on handle for a full schedule of live races for those performances in the 2001-2002 fiscal year does not constitute failure to pay taxes on handle for a full schedule of live races in a fiscal

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year for the purposes of subsection (3). This subsection may not be construed as forgiving a thoroughbred racing permitholder from paying taxes on performances conducted at its facility pursuant to its 2001-2002 license other than for failure to operate all performances on its 2001-2002 license. This subsection expires July 1, 2003.

Section 26. Section 550.155, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
550.155 Pari-mutuel pool within track enclosure; takeouts; breaks; penalty for purchasing part of a pari-mutuel pool for or through another in specified circumstances; penalty for accepting wagers on horse races made outside of a pari-mutuel facility.-
(1) Wagering on the results of a horserace, dograce, or on the scores or points of a jai alai game and the sale of tickets or other evidences showing an interest in or a contribution to a pari-mutuel pool are allowed within the enclosure of any parimutuel facility licensed and conducted under this chapter but are not allowed elsewhere in this state, must be supervised by the division, and are subject to such reasonable rules that the division prescribes.
(2) The permitholder's share of the takeout is that portion of the takeout that remains after the pari-mutuel tax imposed upon the contributions to the pari-mutuel pool is deducted from the takeout and paid by the permitholder. The takeout is deducted from all pari-mutuel pools but may be different depending on the type of pari-mutuel pool. The permitholder shall inform the patrons, either through the official program or via the posting of signs at conspicuous locations, as to the

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takeout currently being applied to handle at the facility. A capital improvement proposed by a permitholder licensed under this chapter to a pari-mutuel facility existing on June 23, 1981, which capital improvement requires, pursuant to any municipal or county ordinance, resolution, or regulation, the qualification or approval of the municipality or county wherein the permitholder conducts its business operations, shall receive approval unless the municipality or county is able to show that the proposed improvement presents a justifiable and immediate hazard to the health and safety of municipal or county residents, provided the permitholder pays to the municipality or county the cost of a building permit and provided the capital improvement meets the following criteria:
(a) The improvement does not qualify as a development of regional impact as defined in s. 380.06; and
(b) The improvement is contiguous to or within the existing pari-mutuel facility site. To be contiguous, the site of the improvement must share a sufficient common boundary with the present pari-mutuel facility to allow full and free access without crossing a public roadway, public waterway, or similar barrier.
(3) After deducting the takeout and the "breaks," a parimutuel pool must be redistributed to the contributors.
(4) Redistribution of funds otherwise distributable to the contributors of a pari-mutuel pool must be a sum equal to the next lowest multiple of 10 on all races and games.
(5) A distribution of a pari-mutuel pool may not be made of the odd cents of any sum otherwise distributable, which odd cents constitute the "breaks."

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(6) A person or corporation may not directly or indirectly purchase pari-mutuel tickets or participate in the purchase of any part of a pari-mutuel pool for another for hire or for any gratuity. A person may not purchase any part of a pari-mutuel pool through another wherein she or he gives or pays directly or indirectly such other person anything of value. Any person who violates this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
(7) A person who accepts wagers on horseraces conducted at in-state and out-of-state pari-mutuel facilities, excluding the acceptance of wagers within the enclosure of a pari-mutuel facility in this state which are accepted through such parimutuel facility's ontrack totalisator, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or $s$. 775.083. Each act of accepting a wager in violation of this subsection constitutes a separate offense.

Section 27. Section 550.1625, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
550.1625 Greyhound racing dogracing; taxes.-
(1) The operation of a greyhound racing dog track and legalized pari-mutuel betting at greyhound racing dog tracks in this state is a privilege and is an operation that requires strict supervision and regulation in the best interests of the state. Pari-mutuel wagering at greyhound racing dog tracks in this state is a substantial business, and taxes derived therefrom constitute part of the tax structures of the state and the counties. The operators of greyhound racing dog tracks should pay their fair share of taxes to the state; at the same

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time, this substantial business interest should not be taxed to such an extent as to cause a track that is operated under sound business principles to be forced out of business.
(2) A permitholder that conducts a greyhound race dograce meet under this chapter must pay the daily license fee, the admission tax, the beak tax the tax on pari-mutuel handle as provided in s. 550.0951 and is subject to all penalties and sanctions provided in s. 550.0951(6).

Section 28. Section 550.1647, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 29. Section 550.1648, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
550.1648 Greyhound adoptions.-
(1) A greyhound racing Fach dogracing permitholder that conducts live racing at operating a greyhound racing dogracing facility in this state shall provide for a greyhound adoption booth to be located at the facility.
(1) (a) The greyhound adoption booth must be operated on weekends by personnel or volunteers from a bona fide organization that promotes or encourages the adoption of greyhounds pursuant to s. 550.1647. Such bona fide organization, as a condition of adoption, must provide sterilization of greyhounds by a licensed veterinarian before relinquishing custody of the greyhound to the adopter. The fee for sterilization may be included in the cost of adoption. As used in this section, the term "weekend" includes the hours during which live greyhound racing is conducted on Friday, Saturday, or Sunday, and the term "bona fide organization that promotes or encourages the adoption of greyhounds" means an organization

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that provides evidence of compliance with chapter 496 and possesses a valid exemption from federal taxation issued by the Internal Revenue Service. Information pamphlets and application forms shall be provided to the public upon request.
(b) In addition, The kennel operator or owner shall notify the permitholder that a greyhound is available for adoption and the permitholder shall provide information concerning the adoption of a greyhound in each race program and shall post adoption information at conspicuous locations throughout the greyhound racing dogracing facility. Any greyhound that is participating in a race and that will be available for future adoption must be noted in the race program. The permitholder shall allow greyhounds to be walked through the track facility to publicize the greyhound adoption program.
(2) In addition to the charity days authorized under s. 550.0351, a greyhound racing permitholder may fund the greyhound adoption program by holding a charity racing day designated as "Greyhound Adopt-A-Pet Day." All profits derived from the operation of the charity day must be placed into a fund used to support activities at the racing facility which promote the adoption of greyhounds. The division may adopt rules for administering the fund. Procecds from the charity day authorized in this subsection may not be used as a source of funds for the purposes set forth in s. 550.1647.
(3) (a) Upon a violation of this section by a permitholder or licensee, the division may impose a penalty as provided in s. 550.0251(10) and require the permitholder to take corrective action.
(b) A penalty imposed under s. 550.0251(10) does not
exclude a prosecution for cruelty to animals or for any other criminal act.

Section 30. Section 550.1752, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
550.1752 Permit reduction program.-
(1) The permit reduction program is created in the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering for the purpose of purchasing and cancelling active pari-mutuel permits. The program shall be funded from revenue share payments made by the Seminole Tribe of Florida under the compact ratified by s. 285.710(3).
(2) The division shall purchase pari-mutuel permits from pari-mutuel permitholders when sufficient moneys are available for such purchases. A pari-mutuel permitholder may not submit an offer to sell a permit unless it is actively conducting parimutuel racing or jai alai as required by law and satisfies all applicable requirements for the permit. The division shall adopt by rule the form to be used by a pari-mutuel permitholder for an offer to sell a permit and shall establish a schedule for the consideration of offers.
(3) The division shall establish the value of a pari-mutuel permit based upon the valuation of one or more independent appraisers selected by the division. The valuation of a permit must be based on the permit's fair market value and may not include the value of the real estate or personal property. The division may establish a value for the permit that is lower than the amount determined by an independent appraiser but may not establish a higher value.
(4) The division must accept the offer or offers that best utilize available funding; however, the division may also accept

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the offers that it determines are most likely to reduce the incidence of gaming in this state. The division may not accept an offer to purchase a permit or execute a contract to purchase a permit if the sum of the purchase price for the permit under the offer or the contract and the total of the purchase prices under all previously executed contracts for the purchase of permits exceeds $\$ 20$ million.
(5) Following the execution of a contract between a permitholder and the state for the acquisition of a permit owned by a permitholder, and not less than 30 days after the authorization of the nonoperating budget authority pursuant to s. $216.181(12)$ required to pay the purchase price for such permit, the division shall certify the executed contract to the Chief Financial Officer and shall request the distribution to be paid from the General Revenue Fund to the permitholder for the closing of the purchase. The total of all such distributions for all permit purchases may not exceed $\$ 20$ million in all fiscal years. Immediately after the closing of a purchase, the division shall cancel any permit purchased under this section.
(6) This section expires on July 1, 2019, unless reenacted by the Legislature.

Section 31. Section 550.1753, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
550.1753 Thoroughbred purse and awards supplement program.-
(1) The thoroughbred purse and awards supplement program is created in the division for the purpose of maintaining an active and viable live thoroughbred racing, owning, and breeding industry in this state. The program shall be funded from revenue share payments made by the Seminole Tribe of Florida under the

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compact ratified by s. 285.710(3).
(2) Beginning July 1, 2019, after the funds paid by the Seminole Tribe of Florida to the state during each state fiscal year exceed $\$ 20$ million, and not less than 30 days after the authorization of the nonoperating budget authority pursuant to s. 216.181(12) needed to pay purse and awards supplement funds, the division shall certify to the Chief Financial Officer the amount of the purse and awards supplement funds to be distributed to each eligible thoroughbred racing permitholder and to the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, Inc., pursuant to subsection (3) and shall request the distribution from the General Revenue Fund to be paid to each thoroughbred racing permitholder and to the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, Inc. The total of all such distributions for all thoroughbred racing permitholders may not exceed $\$ 20$ million in any fiscal year.
(3) (a) Purse and awards supplement funds are intended to enhance the purses and awards currently available on thoroughbred horse racing in this state. Such funds also may be used both to supplement thoroughbred horse racing purses and awards and to subsidize the operating costs of and capital improvements at permitted thoroughbred horse racing facilities eligible for funding under this section, in accordance with an agreement with the association representing a majority of the thoroughbred horse owners and trainers conducting racing at each such thoroughbred horse racing permitholder's facility.
(b) A thoroughbred horse racing permitholder may not receive purse and awards supplements under this section unless it provides the division with a copy of an agreement between the

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thoroughbred horse racing permitholder and the horsemen's association representing the majority of the thoroughbred racehorse owners and trainers racing at the thoroughbred horse racing permitholder's facility for purses to be paid during its upcoming meet. Ninety percent of all purse and awards supplement funds must be devoted to purses and ten percent must be devoted to breeders', stallion, and special racing awards under this chapter.
(c) The division shall apportion the purse and awards supplement funds as follows:

1. The first $\$ 10$ million shall be allocated to a thoroughbred horse racing permitholder that has conducted a full schedule of live racing for 15 consecutive years after June 30, 2000, has never operated at a facility in which slot machines are located, and has never held a slot machine license, as long as the thoroughbred horse racing permitholder uses the allocation for thoroughbred horse racing purses and awards and operations at the thoroughbred horse racing permitholder's facility, with at least 50 percent of such funds allocated to thoroughbred horse racing purses. If more than one thoroughbred horse racing permitholder is eligible to participate in this allocation, the funds shall be allocated on a pro rata basis based on the number of live race days to be conducted by those eligible thoroughbred horse racing permitholders pursuant to their annual racing licenses.
2. The balance of the funds shall be allocated on a pro rata basis based on the number of live race days to be conducted by thoroughbred horse racing permitholders pursuant to their annual racing licenses.

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3. If a thoroughbred horse racing permitholder fails to conduct a live race day, the permitholder must return the unused purse and awards supplement funds allocated for that day, and the division shall reapportion the allocation of purse and awards supplement funds to the remaining race days to be conducted by that thoroughbred horse racing permitholder.
(d)1. In the event a limited thoroughbred racing permitholder receives a license as a result of the conditions set forth in s. $550.01215(7)$, it shall be allocated in its first year of licensure a pro rata share as if it were licensed for an additional 50 percent of its licensed racing days and may apply in the next 2 state fiscal years for racing days and receive funding under this section at the additional 50 percent rate described in subparagraph (c)2. Funding under this paragraph is conditioned upon the limited thoroughbred racing permitholder applying for no more performances than are necessary to make up the deficiency in the racing levels set forth in s . 550.01215(7), with funding in the following 2 years conditioned upon applying for no more than this same number of performances or the number of performances necessary to make up the deficiency in the racing levels specified above at that point, whichever is greater.
2. After three years of funding at the rate set forth in this paragraph, the limited thoroughbred permitholder shall be treated as other thoroughbred permitholders applying for funding under this section.
3. Notwithstanding paragraph (a), funds received under this paragraph may be used both to supplement purses and to subsidize operating costs and capital improvements for the pari-mutuel

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facility.
(e) The division shall distribute 10 percent of all purse and awards supplement funds to the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, Inc., for the payment of breeders', stallion, and special racing awards, subject to s. 550.2625(3). Supplement funds received by the association may be returned at its discretion to thoroughbred horse racing permitholders for special racing awards to be distributed by the permitholders to owners of thoroughbred horses participating in prescribed thoroughbred stakes races, nonstakes races, or both, all in accordance with a written agreement establishing the rate, procedure, and eligibility requirements for such awards for the upcoming state fiscal year, entered into by the permitholder and the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, Inc., on or before June 30 of each year.
(f) The division shall adopt by rule the form to be used by a permitholder for applying for to receive purse and awards supplement funds.
(4) The division may adopt rules necessary to implement this section.
(5) This section expires June 30, 2036.

Section 32. Subsections (4) and (5) and paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (7) of section 550.2415, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
550.2415 Racing of animals under certain conditions prohibited; penalties; exceptions.-
(4) A prosecution pursuant to this section for a violation of this section must begin within 90 days after the violation was committed. Filing Sexvice of an administrative complaint by

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the division or a notice of violation by the stewards marks the commencement of administrative action.
(5) The division shall adopt rules related to the testing of racing animals which must include chain of custody procedures and implement a split sample split-sample procedure for testing animals under this section. The split sample procedure shall require drawing of at least two samples the first of which shall be tested by the state's testing laboratory and the second of which shall be retained in a separate secure location for testing at a later date in accordance with rules adopted by the division. The division shall only authorize testing by laboratories accredited by the Racing Medication and Testing Consortium.
(a) The division shall notify the owner or trainer, the stewards, and the appropriate horsemen's association of all drug test results. If a drug test result is positive, and upon request by the affected trainer or owner of the animal from which the sample was obtained, the division shall send the split sample to an approved independent laboratory for analysis. The division shall establish standards and rules for uniform enforcement and shall maintain a list of at least five approved independent laboratories for an owner or trainer to select from if a drug test result is positive.
(b) If the division laboratory's findings are not confirmed by the independent laboratory, no further administrative or disciplinary action under this section may be pursued.
(c) If the independent laboratory confirms the division laboratory's positive result, the division may commence administrative proceedings as prescribed in this chapter and

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consistent with chapter 120. For purposes of this subsection, the department shall in good faith attempt to obtain a sufficient quantity of the test fluid to allow both a primary test and a secondary test to be made.
(d) For the testing of a racing greyhound, if there is an insufficient quantity of the secondary (split) sample for confirmation of the division laboratory's positive result, the division may commence administrative proceedings as prescribed in this chapter and consistent with chapter 120.
(e) For the testing of a racehorse, if there is an insufficient quantity of the secondary (split) sample for confirmation of the division laboratory's positive result, the division may not take further action on the matter against the owner or trainer, and any resulting license suspension must be immediately lifted.
(f) The division shall require its laboratory and the independent laboratories to annually participate in an externally administered quality assurance program designed to assess testing proficiency in the detection and appropriate quantification of medications, drugs, and naturally occurring substances that may be administered to racing animals. The administrator of the quality assurance program shall report its results and findings to the division and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
(7) (a) In order to protect the safety and welfare of racing animals and the integrity of the races in which the animals participate, the division shall adopt rules establishing the conditions of use and maximum concentrations of medications, drugs, and naturally occurring substances identified in the

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Controlled Therapeutic Medication Schedule, Version 2.1, revised April 17, 2014, adopted by the Association of Racing Commissioners International, Inc. Controlled therapeutic medications include only the specific medications and concentrations allowed in biological samples which have been approved by the Association of Racing Commissioners International, Inc., as controlled therapeutic medications.
(c) The division rules must include a classification and penalty system for the use of drugs, medications, and other foreign substances which incorporates the Uniform Classification Guidelines for Foreign Substances, Recommended Penalty Guidelines, and the Multiple Medication Violation Penalty System adopted and a corresponding penalty schedule for violations which incorporates the Uniform Classification Guidelines for Foreign Substances, Version 8.0, revised December 2014, by the Association of Racing Commissioners International, Inc. The division shall adopt laboratory screening limits approved by the Association of Racing Commissioners International, Inc., for drugs and medications that are not included as controlled therapeutic medications, the presence of which in a sample may result in a violation of this section.

Section 33. Section 550.2416, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
550.2416 Reporting of racing greyhound injuries.-
(1) An injury to a racing greyhound which occurs while the greyhound is located in this state must be reported on a form adopted by the division within 7 days after the date on which the injury occurred or is believed to have occurred. The division may adopt rules defining the term "injury."

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(2) The form shall be completed and signed under oath or affirmation by the:
(a) Racetrack veterinarian or director of racing, if the injury occurred at the racetrack facility; or
(b) Owner, trainer, or kennel operator who had knowledge of the injury, if the injury occurred at a location other than the racetrack facility, including during transportation.
(3) The division may fine, suspend, or revoke the license of any individual who knowingly violates this section.
(4) The form must include the following:
(a) The greyhound's registered name, right-ear and left-ear tattoo numbers, and, if any, the microchip manufacturer and number.
(b) The name, business address, and telephone number of the greyhound owner, the trainer, and the kennel operator.
(c) The color, weight, and sex of the greyhound.
(d) The specific type and bodily location of the injury, the cause of the injury, and the estimated recovery time from the injury.
(e) If the injury occurred when the greyhound was racing:

1. The racetrack where the injury occurred;
2. The distance, grade, race, and post position of the greyhound when the injury occurred; and
3. The weather conditions, time, and track conditions when the injury occurred.
(f) If the injury occurred when the greyhound was not racing:
4. The location where the injury occurred, including, but not limited to, a kennel, a training facility, or a

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transportation vehicle; and
2. The circumstances surrounding the injury.
(g) Other information that the division determines is necessary to identify injuries to racing greyhounds in this state.
(5) An injury form created pursuant to this section must be maintained as a public record by the division for at least 7 years after the date it was received.
(6) A licensee of the department who knowingly makes a false statement concerning an injury or fails to report an injury is subject to disciplinary action under this chapter or chapters 455 and 474.
(7) This section does not apply to injuries to a service animal, personal pet, or greyhound that has been adopted as a pet.
(8) The division shall adopt rules to implement this section.

Section 34. Subsection (1) of section 550.26165, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
550.26165 Breeders' awards.-
(1) The purpose of this section is to encourage the agricultural activity of breeding and training racehorses in this state. Moneys dedicated in this chapter for use as breeders' awards and stallion awards are to be used for awards to breeders of registered Florida-bred horses winning horseraces and for similar awards to the owners of stallions who sired Florida-bred horses winning stakes races, if the stallions are registered as Florida stallions standing in this state. Such awards shall be given at a uniform rate to all winners of the

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awards, may shall not be greater than 20 percent of the announced gross purse, and may shall not be less than 15 percent of the announced gross purse if funds are available. In addition, at least no less than 17 percent, but not nox more than 40 percent, as determined by the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, of the moneys dedicated in this chapter for use as breeders' awards and stallion awards for thoroughbreds shall be returned pro rata to the permitholders that generated the moneys for special racing awards to be distributed by the permitholders to owners of thoroughbred horses participating in prescribed thoroughbred stakes races, nonstakes races, or both, all in accordance with a written agreement establishing the rate, procedure, and eligibility requirements for such awards entered into by the permitholder, the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, and the Florida Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association, Inc., except that the plan for the distribution by any permitholder located in the area described in s. $550.615(7)$ s. $550.615(9)$ shall be agreed upon by that permitholder, the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, and the association representing a majority of the thoroughbred racehorse owners and trainers at that location. Awards for thoroughbred races are to be paid through the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, and awards for standardbred races are to be paid through the Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association. Among other sources specified in this chapter, moneys for thoroughbred breeders' awards will come from the 0.955 percent of handle for thoroughbred races conducted, received, broadcast, or simulcast under this chapter as provided in s. 550.2625(3). The moneys for

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quarter horse and harness breeders' awards will come from the breaks and uncashed tickets on live quarter horse and harness horse racing performances and 1 percent of handle on intertrack wagering. The funds for these breeders' awards shall be paid to the respective breeders' associations by the permitholders conducting the races.

Section 35. Section 550.3345, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
550.3345 Conversion of quarter horse permit to a Limited thoroughbred racing permit.-
(1) In recognition of the important and long-standing economic contribution of the thoroughbred horse breeding industry to this state and the state's vested interest in promoting the continued viability of this agricultural activity, the state intends to provide a limited opportunity for the conduct of live thoroughbred horse racing with the net revenues from such racing dedicated to the enhancement of thoroughbred purses and breeders', stallion, and special racing awards under this chapter; the general promotion of the thoroughbred horse breeding industry; and the care in this state of thorough.bred horses retired from racing.
(2) A limited thoroughbred racing permit previously converted from Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the holder of a quarter horse racing permit pursuant to chapter 2010-29, Laws of Florida, issued under s. 550.334 may only be held by, within 1 year after the effective date of this section, apply to the division for a transfer of the quarter horse racing permit to a not-for-profit corporation formed under state law to serve the purposes of the state as provided in subsection (1).

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The board of directors of the not-for-profit corporation must be composed eomprised of 11 members, 4 of whom shall be designated by the applicant, 4 of whom shall be designated by the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, and 3 of whom shall be designated by the other 8 directors, with at least 1 of these 3 members being an authorized representative of another thoroughbred racing permitholder in this state. A limited thoroughbred racing the not-for-profit corporation shall submit an application to the division for review and approval of the transfer in accordance with s. 550.054. Upon approval of the transfex by the division, and notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the not-for-profit corporation may, within 1 year after its receipt of the permit, request that the division convert the quarter horse racing permit to a permit authorizing the holder to conduct pari-mutuel wagering meets of thoroughbred racing. Neither the transfer of the quarter horse racing permit nor its conversion to a limited thoroughbred permit shall be subject to the mileage limitation or the fatification election as set forth under s. 550.054 (2) or s. 550.0651. Upon receipt of the request for such conversion, the division shall timely issue a converted permit. The converted permit and the not-for-profit corporation are shall be subject to the following requirements:
(a) All net revenues derived by the not-for-profit corporation under the thoroughbred horse racing permit, after the funding of operating expenses and capital improvements, shall be dedicated to the enhancement of thoroughbred purses and breeders', stallion, and special racing awards under this chapter; the general promotion of the thoroughbred horse

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breeding industry; and the care in this state of thoroughbred horses retired from racing.
(b) From December 1 through April 30, ne live thoroughbred racing may not be conducted under the permit on any day during which another thoroughbred racing permitholder is conducting live thoroughbred racing within 125 air miles of the not-forprofit corporation's pari-mutuel facility unless the other thoroughbred racing permitholder gives its written consent.
(c) After the conversion of the quarter horse racing permit and the issuance of its initial license to conduct pari-mutuel wagering meets of thoroughbred racing, the not-for-profit corporation shall annually apply to the division for a license pursuant to s. 550.01215(7) s. 550.5251.
(d) Racing under the permit may take place only at the location for which the original quarter horse racing permit was issued, which may be leased, notwithstanding s. 550.475, by the not-for-profit corporation for that purpose; however, the not-for-profit corporation may, without the conduct of any ratification election pursuant to s. 550.054(13) or s. 550.0651, move the location of the permit to another location in the same county or counties, if a permit is situated in such a manner that it is located in more than one county, provided that such relocation is approved under the zoning and land use regulations of the applicable county or municipality.
(e) A limited thoroughbred racing permit may not be transferred eonverted under this section is eligible fox transfex to another person or entity.
(3) Unless otherwise provided in this section, aftex eonversion, the permit and the not-for-profit corporation shall

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be treated under the laws of this state as a thoroughbred racing permit and as a thoroughbred racing permitholder, respectively, with the exception of ss. 550.054 (9) (c) and (d) and s. 550.09515 (3).
(4) Notwithstanding any other law, the holder of a limited thoroughbred racing permit under this section which is not licensed to conduct a full schedule of live racing may, at any time, apply for and be issued an operating license under this chapter to receive broadcasts of horseraces and conduct intertrack wagering on such races as a guest track.

Section 36 . Subsection (6) of section 550.3551 , Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
550.3551 Transmission of racing and jai alai information; commingling of pari-mutuel pools.-
(6) (a) A maximum of 20 percent of the total number of races on which wagers are accepted by a greyhound permitholder not located as specified in s. 550.615(6) may be received from tocations outside this state. A permitholder may not conduct fewer than eight live races or games on any authorized race day except as provided in this subsection. A thoroughbred racing permitholder may not conduct fewer than eight live races on any race day without the written approval of the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association and the Florida Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association, Inc., unless it is determined by the department that another entity represents a majority of the thoroughbred racehorse owners and trainers in the state. A harness horse racing permitholder may conduct fewer than eight live races on any authorized race day, except that such permitholder must conduct a full schedule of live racing

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during its race meet consisting of at least eight live races per authorized race day for at least 100 days. Any harness horse permitholder that during the preceding racing season conducted a full schedule of live racing may, at any time during its current race meet, receive full-card broadeasts of harness horse races eonducted at harness racetracks outside this state at the harness track of the permitholder and aceept wagers on such harness races. With specific authorization from the division for special racing events, a permitholder may conduct fewer than eight live races or games when the permitholder also broadcasts out-of-state races or games. The division may not grant more than two such exceptions a year for a permitholder in any 12month period, and those two exceptions may not be consecutive.
(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, any harness horse racing permitholder accepting broadcasts of out-of-state harness horse races when such permitholder is not conducting live races must make the out-of-state signal available to all permitholders eligible to conduct intertrack wagering and shall pay to guest tracks located as specified in ss. $550.615(6)$ and s. $550.6305(9)(d) 50$ percent of the net proceeds after taxes and fees to the out-of-state host track on harness horse race wagers which they accept. A harness horse racing permitholder shall be required to pay into its purse account 50 percent of the net income retained by the permitholder on account of wagering on the out-of-state broadcasts received pursuant to this subsection. Nine-tenths of a percent of all harness horse race wagering proceeds on the broadcasts received pursuant to this subsection shall be paid to the Florida Standardbred Breeders and Owners Association under

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the provisions of s. 550.2625(4) for the purposes provided therein.

Section 37. Section 550.475, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
550.475 Lease of pari-mutuel facilities by pari-mutuel permitholders.-Holders of valid pari-mutuel permits for the conduct of any jai alai games, dogracing, or thoroughbred and standardbred horse racing in this state are entitled to lease any and all of their facilities to any other holder of a same class, valid pari-mutuel permit for jai alai games, dogracing, or thoroughbred or standardbred horse racing, when they are located within a $35-\mathrm{mile}$ radius of each otherュ; and such lessee is entitled to a permit and license to operate its race meet or jai alai games at the leased premises. A permitholder may not lease facilities from a pari-mutuel permitholder that is not conducting a full schedule of live racing.

Section 38. Section 550.5251, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
550.5251 Florida thoroughbred racing; certain permits; operating days.-
(1) Each thoroughbred permitholder shall annually, during the period commencing December 15 of each year and ending January 4 of the following year, file in writing with the division its application to conduct one or more thoroughbred racing mectings during the thoroughbred racing season commencing on the following July 1. Fach application shall specify the number and dates of all performances that the permitholdex intends to conduct during that thoroughbred racing season. On or before Maxch 15 of each year, the division shall issue a license

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authorizing each permitholder to conduct performances on the dates specified in its application. Up to February 28 of each year, each permitholder may request and shall be granted changes in its authorized performances; but thereafter, as a condition precedent to the validity of its license and its right to retain its permit, each permitholder must operate the full number of days authorized on each of the dates set forth in its license.
(2) A thoroughbred racing permitholder may not begin any race later than $7 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. Any thoroughbred permitholder in a county in which the authority for cardrooms has been approved by the board of county commissioners may operate a cardroom and, when eonducting live races during its current race meet, may receive and rebroadcast out-of-state races after the hour of $7 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{m}$. On any day during which the permitholder conducts live races.
(1)(3)(a) Each licensed thoroughbred permitholder in this state must run an average of one race per racing day in which horses bred in this state and duly registered with the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association have preference as entries over non-Florida-bred horses, unless otherwise agreed to in writing by the permitholder, the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, and the association representing a majority of the thoroughbred racehorse owners and trainers at that location. All licensed thoroughbred racetracks shall write the conditions for such races in which Florida-bred horses are preferred so as to assure that all Florida-bred horses available for racing at such tracks are given full opportunity to run in the class of races for which they are qualified. The opportunity of running must be afforded to each class of horses in the proportion that the number of horses in this class bears to the total number of

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Florida-bred horses available. A track is not required to write conditions for a race to accommodate a class of horses for which a race would otherwise not be run at the track during its meet.
(2) (b) Each licensed thoroughbred permitholder in this state may run one additional race per racing day composed exclusively of Arabian horses registered with the Arabian Horse Registry of America. Any licensed thoroughbred permitholder that elects to run one additional race per racing day composed exclusively of Arabian horses registered with the Arabian Horse Registry of America is not required to provide stables for the Arabian horses racing under this subsection paragraph.
(3) (c) Each licensed thoroughbred permitholder in this state may run up to three additional races per racing day composed exclusively of quarter horses registered with the American Quarter Horse Association.

Section 39. Subsections (2), (4), (6), and (7) of section 550.615, Florida Statutes, are amended, present subsections (8), (9), and (10) of that section are redesignated as subsections (6), (7), and (8), respectively, present subsection (9) of that section is amended, and a new subsection (9) is added to that section, to read:
550.615 Intertrack wagering.-
(2) A Any track or fronton licensed under this chapter which has conducted a full schedule of live racing or games for at least 5 consecutive calendar years since 2010 in the preceding year conducted a full schedule of live racing is qualified to, at any time, receive broadcasts of any class of pari-mutuel race or game and accept wagers on such races or games conducted by any class of permitholders licensed under

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this chapter.
(4) An In no event shall any intertrack wager may not be accepted on the same class of live races or games of any permitholder without the written consent of such operating permitholders conducting the same class of live races or games if the guest track is within the market area of such operating permitholder. A greyhound racing permitholder licensed under this chapter which accepts intertrack wagers on live greyhound signals is not required to obtain the written consent required by this subsection from any operating greyhound racing permitholder within its market area.
(6) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (3), in any area of the state where there are three or more horserace permitholders within 25 miles of each other, intertrack wagering between permitholders in said area of the state shall only be zuthorized under the following conditions: Any permitholder, ether than a thoroughbred permitholder, may accept intertrack wagers on races or games conducted live by a permitholder of the same class or any harness permitholder located within such area and any harness permitholder may accept wagers on games conducted live by any jai alai permitholder located within its market area and from a jai alai permitholder located within the area specified in this subsection when no jai alai permitholdex located within its market area is conducting live jai alai performances; any greyhound or jai alai permitholder may receive broadeasts of and aceept wagers on any permitholder of the other elass provided that a permitholder, other than the host track, of such other class is not operating a contemporancous live performance within the market area.

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(7) In any county of the state where there are only two permits, one for dogracing and one for jai alai, no intertrack wager may be taken during the period of time when a permitholdex is not licensed to conduct live races or games without the written consent of the other permitholder that is conducting live races or games. However, if neither permitholder is eonducting live races or games, either permitholder may aceept intertrack wagers on horseraces or on the same class of races or games, or on both horsexaces and the same class of races ox games as is authorized by its permit.
(7) (9) In any two contiguous counties of the state in which there are located only four active permits, one for thoroughbred horse racing, two for greyhound racing dogracing, and one for jai alai games, an intertrack wager may not be accepted on the same class of live races or games of any permitholder without the written consent of such operating permitholders conducting the same class of live races or games if the guest track is within the market area of such operating permitholder.
(9) A greyhound racing permitholder that is eligible to receive broadcasts pursuant to subsection (2) and is operating pursuant to a current year operating license that specifies that no live performances will be conducted may accept wagers on live races conducted at out-of-state greyhound tracks only on the days when the permitholder receives all live races that any greyhound host track in this state makes available.

Section 40. Subsections (1), (4), and (5) of section 550.6308, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
550.6308 Limited intertrack wagering license.-In recognition of the economic importance of the thoroughbred

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breeding industry to this state, its positive impact on tourism, and of the importance of a permanent thoroughbred sales facility as a key focal point for the activities of the industry, a limited license to conduct intertrack wagering is established to ensure the continued viability and public interest in thorough.bred breeding in Florida.
(1) Upon application to the division on or before January 31 of each year, any person that is licensed to conduct public sales of thoroughbred horses pursuant to s. 535.01 and , that has conducted at least 815 days of thoroughbred horse sales at a permanent sales facility in this state for at least 3 consecutive years, and that has conducted at least 1 day of nonwagering thoroughbred racing in this state, with a purse structure of at least $\$ 250,000$ per year for 2 consecutive years before such application $\overline{\boldsymbol{T}}$ shall be issued a license, subject to the conditions set forth in this section, to conduct intertrack wagering at such a permanent sales facility during the following periods:

> (a) Up to 21 days in connection with thoroughbred sales;
> (b) Between November 1 and May $8 ;$
> (c) Between May 9 and october 31 at such times and on such days as any thoroughbred, jai alai, or a greyhound permitholdex in the same county is not conducting live performances; provided that any such permitholder may waive this requirement, in whole or in part, and allow the licensec under this section to conduct intertrack wagering during one or more of the permitholder's live performances; and
(d) During the weekend of the Kentucky Derby, the Preakness, the Belmont, and a Breeders' Cup Meet that is

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eonducted before November 1 and after May 8 .

Only more than one such license may be issued, and no such license may be issued for a facility located within 50 miles of any for-profit thoroughbred permitholder's track.
(4) Intertrack wagexing under this section may be conducted only on thoroughbred horse racing, except that intertrack wagering may be conducted on any class of pari-mutuel race or game conducted by any class of permitholders licensed under this ehapter if all thoroughbred, jai alai, and greyhound permitholders in the same county as the licensee under this section give their consent.
(4)(5) The licensee shall be considered a guest track under this chapter. The licensec shall pay 2.5 pereent of the total eontributions to the daily pari-mutuel pool on wagers accepted at the licensec's facility on greyhound races or jai alai games to the thoroughbred permitholder that is conducting live races for purses to be paid during its current racing mect. If more than one thoroughbred permitholder is conducting live races on a day during which the licensec is conducting intertrack wagering on greyhound races or jai alai games, the licensec shall allocate these funds between the operating thoroughbred permitholders on a pro rata basis based on the total live handle at the operating permitholders' facilities.

Section 41. Section 551.101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
551.101 Slot machine gaming authorized.- $\underline{A}$ Any licensed eligible pari-mutuel facility located in Miami-Dade County or Broward County existing at the time of adoption of s. 23, Art. X

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of the State constitution that has conducted live racing or games during calendar years 2002 and 2003 may possess slot machines and conduct slot machine gaming at the location where the pari-mutuel permitholder is authorized to conduct parimutuel wagering activities pursuant to such permitholder's valid pari-mutuel permit or at the location where a licensee is authorized to conduct slot machine gaming pursuant to s. 551.1043 provided that a majority of voters in a countywide referendum have approved slot machines at such facility in the respective county. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, it is not a crime for a person to participate in slot machine gaming at a pari-mutuel facility licensed to possess slot machines and conduct slot machine gaming or to participate in slot machine gaming described in this chapter.

Section 42. Subsections (4), (10), and (11) of section 551.102, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
551.102 Definitions.-As used in this chapter, the term:
(4) "Eligible facility" means any licensed pari-mutuel facility or any facility authorized to conduct slot machine gaming pursuant to s. 551.1043, which meets the requirements of s. 551.104(2) Iocated in Miami-Dade County or Broward County existing at the time of adoption of s . 23, Art. X of the State Constitution that has conducted live racing or games during ealendar years 2002 and 2003 and has been approved by a majority of voters in a countywide referendum to have slot machines at such facility in the respective county; any licensed pari-mutuel facility located within a county as defined in s. 125.011, provided such facility has conducted live racing for $z$ eonscutive calendar years immediately preceding its application

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for a slot machine license, pays the required license fee, and meets the other requirements of this chapter; or any licensed pari-mutuel facility in any other county in which a majoxity of voters have approved slot machines at such facilities in a eountywide referendum held pursuant to a statutory or eonstitutional authorization after the effective date of this section in the respective county, provided such facility has eonducted a full schedule of live racing for 2 consecutive ealendar years immediately preceding its application for a slot machine license, pays the required licensed fee, and meets the other requirements of this chaptex.
(10) "Slot machine license" means a license issued by the division authorizing a pari-mutuel permitholder or a licensee authorized pursuant to s. 551.1043 to place and operate slot machines as provided in by s. 23, Art. X of the State Constitution, the provisions of this chapter, and by division rule rules.
(11) "Slot machine licensee" means a pari-mutuel permitholder or a licensee authorized pursuant to s. 551.1043 which who holds a license issued by the division pursuant to this chapter which that authorizes such person to possess a slot machine within facilities specified in s. 23, Art. X of the State Constitution and allows slot machine gaming.

Section 43. Subsections (1) and (2), paragraph (c) of subsection (4), and paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (10) of section 551.104, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
551.104 License to conduct slot machine gaming.-
(1) Upon application, and a finding by the division, after investigation, that the application is complete and that the

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(2) An application may be approved by the division only if:
(a) The facility at which the applicant seeks to operate slot machines is:

1. A licensed pari-mutuel facility located in Miami-Dade County or Broward County existing at the time of adoption of $s$. 23, Art. X of the State Constitution which conducted live racing or games during calendar years 2002 and 2003, if such permitholder pays the required license fee and meets the other requirements of this chapter, including a facility that relocates pursuant to s. 550.0555;
2. A licensed pari-mutuel facility in any county in which a majority of voters have approved slot machines in a countywide referendum, if such permitholder has conducted a full schedule of live racing or games as defined in s. 550.002(11) for 2 consecutive calendar years immediately preceding its initial application for a slot machine license, pays the required

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license fee, and meets the other requirements of this chapter;
3. A facility at which a licensee is authorized to conduct slot machine gaming pursuant to s. 551.1043, if such licensee pays the required license fee and meets the other requirements of this chapter; or
4. A licensed pari-mutuel facility, except for a parimutuel facility described in subparagraph 1., located on or contiguous with property of the qualified project of a publicprivate partnership consummated between the permitholder and a responsible public entity in accordance with s. 255.065 in a county in which the referendum required pursuant to paragraph (b) is conducted on or after January 1, 2018, and concurrently with a general election, if such permitholder has conducted a full schedule of live racing or games as defined in $s$. 550.002(11) for 2 consecutive calendar years immediately preceding its initial application for a slot machine license; provided that a license may be issued under this subparagraph only after a comprehensive agreement has been executed pursuant to s. 255.065(7).
(b) ftex The voters of the county where the applicant's facility is located have authorized by referendum slot machines within pari-mutuel facilities in that county as specified in s. 23, Art. X of the State Constitution.
(4) As a condition of licensure and to maintain continued authority for the conduct of slot machine gaming, $\underline{a}$ the slot machine licensee shall:
(c) 1. If conducting live racing or games, conduct no fewer than a full schedule of live racing or games as defined in s. 550.002(11). A permitholder's responsibility to conduct a full
schedule such number of live races or games as defined in s. $550.002(11)$ shall be reduced by the number of races or games that could not be conducted due to the direct result of fire, war, hurricane, or other disaster or event beyond the control of the permitholder. A permitholder may conduct live races or games at another pari-mutuel facility pursuant to s. 550.475 if such permitholder has operated its live races or games by lease for at least 5 consecutive years immediately prior to the permitholder's application for a slot machine license; or
2. If not licensed to conduct a full schedule of live racing or games as defined in s. 550.002(11), remit for the payment of purses and awards on live races an amount equal to the lesser of $\$ 2$ million or 3 percent of its slot machine revenues from the previous state fiscal year to a slot machine licensee licensed to conduct not fewer than 160 days of thoroughbred racing. A slot machine licensee receiving funds under this subparagraph shall remit, within 10 days of receipt, 10 percent of those funds to the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, Inc., for the payment of breeders', stallion, and special racing awards, subject to the fee authorized in s. 550.2625(3). If no slot machine licensee is licensed for at least 160 days of live thoroughbred racing, no payments for purses are required. A slot machine licensee that meets the requirements of subsection (10) shall receive a dollar-fordollar credit to be applied toward the payments required under this subparagraph which are made pursuant to the binding agreement after the effective date of this act. This subparagraph expires July 1, 2036.
(10)(a)1. $\underline{A} \theta$ slot machine license or renewal thereof may Page 105 of 134
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not shall be issued to an applicant holding a permit under chapter 550 to conduct pari-mutuel wagering meets of thoroughbred racing unless the applicant has on file with the division a binding written agreement between the applicant and the Florida Horsemen's Benevolent and Protective Association, Inc., governing the payment of purses on live thoroughbred races conducted at the licensee's pari-mutuel facility. In addition, $\underline{a}$ no slot machine license or renewal thereof may not shall be issued to such an applicant unless the applicant has on file with the division a binding written agreement between the applicant and the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, Inc., governing the payment of breeders', stallion, and special racing awards on live thoroughbred races conducted at the licensee's pari-mutuel facility. The agreement governing purses and the agreement governing awards may direct the payment of such purses and awards from revenues generated by any wagering or gaming the applicant is authorized to conduct under Florida law. All purses and awards are shall be subject to the terms of chapter 550. All sums for breeders', stallion, and special racing awards shall be remitted monthly to the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, Inc., for the payment of awards subject to the administrative fee authorized in $s$. $550.2625(3)$. This paragraph does not apply to a summer thoroughbred racing permitholder.
$Z$. No slet machine license or renewal thereof shall be issued to an applicant holding a permit under chapter 550 to eonduct pari-mutucl wagering mects of quarter horse racing unless the applicant has on file with the division a binding written agreement between the applicant and the Floxida Quaxtex

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Horse Racing Association or the association representing a majority of the horse owners and trainers at the applicant's eligible facility, governing the payment of purses on live quarter horse races conducted at the licensec's pari-mutuel facility. The agreement governing purses may direct the payment of such purses from revenues genexated by any wagering or gaming the applicant is authorized to conduct under Florida law. All purses shall be subject to the terms of chapter 550.
(c) 1. If an agreement required under paragraph (a) cannot be reached prior to the initial issuance of the slot machine license, either party may request arbitration or, in the case of a renewal, if an agreement required under paragraph (a) is not in place 120 days prior to the scheduled expiration date of the slot machine license, the applicant shall immediately ask the American Arbitration Association to furnish a list of 11 arbitrators, each of whom shall have at least 5 years of commercial arbitration experience and no financial interest in or prior relationship with any of the parties or their affiliated or related entities or principals. Each required party to the agreement shall select a single arbitrator from the list provided by the American Arbitration Association within 10 days of receipt, and the individuals so selected shall choose one additional arbitrator from the list within the next 10 days.
2. If an agreement required under paragraph (a) is not in place 60 days after the request under subparagraph 1 . in the case of an initial slot machine license or, in the case of a renewal, 60 days prior to the scheduled expiration date of the slot machine license, the matter shall be immediately submitted to mandatory binding arbitration to resolve the disagreement

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between the parties. The three arbitrators selected pursuant to subparagraph 1. shall constitute the panel that shall arbitrate the dispute between the parties pursuant to the American Arbitration Association Commercial Arbitration Rules and chapter 682.
3. At the conclusion of the proceedings, which shall be no later than 90 days after the request under subparagraph 1. in the case of an initial slot machine license or, in the case of a renewal, 30 days prior to the scheduled expiration date of the slot machine license, the arbitration panel shall present to the parties a proposed agreement that the majority of the panel believes equitably balances the rights, interests, obligations, and reasonable expectations of the parties. The parties shall immediately enter into such agreement, which shall satisfy the requirements of paragraph (a) and permit issuance of the pending annual slot machine license or renewal. The agreement produced by the arbitration panel under this subparagraph shall be effective until the last day of the license or renewal period or until the parties enter into a different agreement. Each party shall pay its respective costs of arbitration and shall pay onehalf of the costs of the arbitration panel, unless the parties otherwise agree. If the agreement produced by the arbitration panel under this subparagraph remains in place 120 days prior to the scheduled issuance of the next annual license renewal, then the arbitration process established in this paragraph will begin again.
4. In the event that ncither of the agreements required under paragraph (a) subparagraph (a)1. Or the agreement required under subparagraph (a) 2 . are not in place by the deadlines

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established in this paragraph, arbitration regarding each agreement will proceed independently, with separate lists of arbitrators, arbitration panels, arbitration proceedings, and resulting agreements.
5. With respect to the agreements required under paragraph (a) governing the payment of purses, the arbitration and resulting agreement called for under this paragraph shall be limited to the payment of purses from slot machine revenues only.

Section 44. Section 551.1042, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
551.1042 Transfer or relocation of slot machine license prohibited.-A slot machine license issued under this chapter may not be transferred or reissued when such reissuance is in the nature of a transfer so as to permit or authorize a licensee to change the location of a slot machine facility, except through the relocation of the pari-mutuel permit pursuant to s. 550.0555.

Section 45. Section 551.1043, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
551. 1043 Slot machine license to enhance live pari-mutuel activity.-In recognition of the important and long-standing economic contribution of the pari-mutuel industry to this state and the state's vested interest in the revenue generated from that industry and in the interest of promoting the continued viability of the important statewide agricultural activities that the industry supports, the Legislature finds that it is in the state's interest to provide a limited opportunity for the establishment of two additional slot machine licenses to be

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awarded and renewed annually and located within Broward County or a county as defined in s. 125.011.
(1) (a) Within 120 days after the effective date of this act, any person who is not a slot machine licensee may apply to the division pursuant to s. 551.104(1) for one of the two slot machine licenses created by this section to be located in Broward County or a county as defined in s. 125.011. No more than one of such licenses may be awarded in each of those counties. An applicant shall submit an application to the division which satisfies the requirements of s. 550.054(3). Any person prohibited from holding any horseracing or dogracing permit or jai alai fronton permit pursuant to s. 550.1815 is ineligible to apply for the additional slot machine license created by this section.
(b) The application shall be accompanied by a nonrefundable license application fee of $\$ 2$ million. The license application fee shall be deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to be used by the division and the Department of Law Enforcement for investigations, the regulation of slot machine gaming, and the enforcement of slot machine gaming under this chapter. In the event of a successful award, the license application fee shall be credited toward the license application fee required by $s$. 551.106 .
(2) If there is more than one applicant for an additional slot machine license, the division shall award such license to the applicant that receives the highest score based on the following criteria:
(a) The amount of slot machine revenues the applicant will

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. agree to dedicate to the enhancement of pari-mutuel purses and breeders', stallion, and special racing or player awards to be awarded to pari-mutuel activities conducted pursuant to chapter 550, in addition to those required pursuant to ss. 551.104(4)(c)2. and 849.086(14)(d)2.;
(b) The amount of slot machine revenues the applicant will agree to dedicate to the general promotion of the state's parimutuel industry;
(c) The amount of slot machine revenues the applicant will agree to dedicate to care provided in this state to injured or retired animals, jockeys, or jai alai players;
(d) The projected amount by which the proposed slot machine facility will increase tourism, generate jobs, provide revenue to the local economy, and provide revenue to the state. The applicant and its partners shall document their previous experience in constructing premier facilities with high-quality amenities which complement a local tourism industry;
(e) The financial history of the applicant and its partners, including, but not limited to, any capital investments in slot machine gaming and pari-mutuel facilities, and its bona fide plan for future community involvement and financial investment;
(f) The history of investment by the applicant and its partners in the communities in which its previous developments have been located;
(g) The ability to purchase and maintain a surety bond in an amount established by the division to represent the projected annual state revenues expected to be generated by the proposed slot machine facility;

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(h) The ability to demonstrate the financial wherewithal to adequately capitalize, develop, construct, maintain, and operate a proposed slot machine facility. The applicant must demonstrate the ability to commit at least $\$ 100$ million for hard costs related to construction and development of the facility, exclusive of the purchase price and costs associated with the acquisition of real property and any impact fees. The applicant must also demonstrate the ability to meet any projected secured and unsecured debt obligations and to complete construction within 2 years after receiving the award of the slot machine license;
(i) The ability to implement a program to train and employ residents of South Florida to work at the facility and contract with local business owners for goods and services; and
(j) The ability of the applicant to generate, with its partners, substantial gross gaming revenue following the award of gaming licenses through a competitive process.

The division shall award additional points in the evaluation of the applications for proposed projects located within a half mile of two forms of public transportation in a designated community redevelopment area or district.
(3) (a) Notwithstanding the timeframes established in s. 120.60, the division shall complete its evaluations at least 120 days after the submission of applications and shall notice its intent to award each of the licenses within that timeframe. Within 30 days after the submission of an application, the division shall issue, if necessary, requests for additional information or notices of deficiency to the applicant, who must

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respond within 15 days. Failure to timely and sufficiently respond to such requests or to correct identified deficiencies is grounds for denial of the application.
(b) Any protest of an intent to award a license shall be forwarded to the Division of Administrative Hearings, which shall conduct an administrative hearing on the matter before an administrative law judge at least 30 days after the notice of intent to award. The administrative law judge shall issue a proposed recommended order at least 30 days after the completion of the final hearing. The division shall issue a final order at least 15 days after receipt of the proposed recommended order.
(c) Any appeal of a license denial shall be made to the First District Court of Appeal and must be accompanied by the posting of a supersedeas bond in favor of the state in an amount determined by the division to be equal to the amount of projected annual slot machine revenue expected to be generated for the state by the successful licensee which shall be payable to the state if the state prevails in the appeal.
(4) The division is authorized to adopt emergency rules pursuant to s. 120.54 to implement this section. The Legislature finds that such emergency rulemaking power is necessary for the preservation of the rights and welfare of the people in order to provide additional funds to benefit the public. The Legislature further finds that the unique nature of the competitive award of the slot machine licenses under this section requires that the department respond as quickly as is practicable to implement this section. Therefore, in adopting such emergency rules, the division is exempt from s. 120.54(4)(a). Emergency rules adopted under this section are exempt from s. 120.54(4)(c) and shall

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remain in effect until replaced by other emergency rules or by rules adopted pursuant to chapter 120.
(5) A licensee authorized pursuant to this section to conduct slot machine gaming is:
(a) Authorized to operate a cardroom pursuant to s. 849.086, notwithstanding that the licensee does not have a parimutuel permit and does not have an operating license, pursuant to chapter 550;
(b) Authorized to operate up to 25 house banked blackjack table games at its facility pursuant to s. 551.1044(2) and is subject to s. 551.1044(3), notwithstanding that the licensee does not have a pari-mutuel permit and does not have an operating license, pursuant to chapter 550;
(c) Exempt from compliance with chapter 550; and
(d) Exempt from s. 551.104(3), (4)(b) and (c)1., (5), and (10) and from s. 551.114(4).

Section 46. Section 551.1044, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
551. 1044 House banked blackjack table games authorized.-
(1) The pari-mutuel permitholder of each of the following pari-mutuel wagering facilities may operate up to 25 house banked blackjack table games at the permitholder's facility:
(a) A licensed pari-mutuel facility where live racing or games were conducted during calendar years 2002 and 2003, located in Miami-Dade County or Broward County, and authorized for slot machine licensure pursuant to s. 23, Art. X of the State Constitution; and
(b) A licensed pari-mutuel facility where a full schedule of live horseracing has been conducted for 2 consecutive

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calendar years immediately preceding its initial application for a slot machine license which is located within a county as defined in s. 125.011.
(2) Wagers on authorized house banked blackjack table games may not exceed $\$ 100$ for each initial two-card wager. Subsequent wagers on splits or double downs are allowed but may not exceed the initial two-card wager. Single side bets of not more than $\$ 5$ are also allowed.
(3) Each pari-mutuel permitholder offering house banked blackjack pursuant to this section shall pay a tax to the state of 25 percent of the blackjack operator's monthly gross receipts. All provisions of s. 849.086(14), except s. 849.086(14)(a) or (b), apply to taxes owed pursuant to this section.

Section 47. Subsections (1) and (2) and present subsection (4) of section 551.106, Florida Statutes, are amended, subsections (3) and (5) of that section are redesignated as new subsection (4) and subsection (6), respectively, and a new subsection (3) is added to that section, to read:
551.106 License fee; tax rate; penalties.-
(1) LICENSE FEE.-
(a) Upon submission of the initial application for a slot machine license, and annually thereafter, on the anniversary date of the issuance of the initial license, the licensee must pay to the division a nonrefundable license fee of $\$ 3$ million for the succecding 12 months of licensure. In the 2010-2011 fiscal year, the licensec must pay the division a nonrefundable license fec of $\$ 2.5$ million for the succecding 12 months of ticensure. In the 2011-2012 fiscal year and for every fiscal

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year thereafter, the licensee must pay the division a nonrefundable license fec $\$ 2 \mathrm{million}$ for the succeeding 12 months of licensure. The license fee shall be deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to be used by the division and the Department of Law Enforcement for investigations, regulation of slot machine gaming, and enforcement of slot machine gaming provisions under this chapter. These payments shall be accounted for separately from taxes or fees paid pursuant to the provisions of chapter 550.
(b) Prior to January 1, 2007, the division shall evaluate the license fee and shall make recommendations to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives regarding the optimum level of slot machinc license fees in order to adequately support the slot machine regulatory program.
(2) TAX ON SLOT MACHINE REVENUES.-
(a) The tax rate on slot machine revenues at each facility is shall be 35 percent. Effective January 1, 2018, the tax rate on slot machine revenues at each facility is 30 percent. Effective July 1, 2019, the tax rate on slot machine revenues at each facility is 25 percent. If, during any state fiscal year, the aggregate amount of tax paid to the state by all slot machine licensees in Broward and Miami-Dade Counties which were licensed before January 1, 2017, is less than the aggregate amount of tax paid to the state by slot machine licensees in those counties that were licensed before January 1, 2017, in the 2017-2018 2008-2009 fiscal year, any each slot machine licensee that was licensed before January 1, 2017, that paid less in that year than it paid in the 2017-2018 fiscal year shall pay to the Page 116 of 134
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state within 45 days after the end of the state fiscal year a surcharge equal to its pro rata share of an amount equal to the difference between the ggregate amount of tax that it paid to the state by all slot machine licenses in the 2017-2018 z008$z 009$ fiscal year and the amount of tax paid during the applicable state fiscal year. Fach licensés pro wata share shall be an amount determined by dividing the number 1 by the number of facilities licensed to operate slot machines during the applicable fiscal year, regardless of whether the facility is opexating such machines.
(b) The slot machine revenue tax imposed by this section on facilities licensed pursuant to s. 551.104(2)(a)1.-3. shall be paid to the division for deposit into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund for immediate transfer by the Chief Financial Officer for deposit into the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund of the Department of Education. Any interest earnings on the tax revenues shall also be transferred to the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund. The slot machine revenue tax imposed by this section on facilities licensed pursuant to s. 551.104(2)(a)4. shall be paid to the division for deposit into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund. The division shall transfer 90 percent of such funds to be deposited by the Chief Financial Officer into the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund of the Department of Education and shall transfer 10 percent of such funds to the responsible public entity for the public-private partnership of the slot machine licensee pursuant to ss. 551.104(2)(a)4. and 255.065.
(c)1. Funds transferred to the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund under paragraph (b) shall be used to supplement

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public education funding statewide. Funds transferred to a responsible public entity pursuant to paragraph (b) shall be used in accordance with s. 255.065 to finance the qualifying project of such entity and the slot machine licensee which established the licensee's eligibility for initial licensure pursuant to s. 551.104 (2)(a) 4.
2. If necessary to comply with any covenant established pursuant to s. 1013.68(4), s. 1013.70(1), or s. 1013.737(3), funds transferred to the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund under paragraph (b) shall first be available to pay debt service on lottery bonds issued to fund school construction in the event lottery revenues are insufficient for such purpose or to satisfy debt service reserve requirements established in connection with lottery bonds. Moneys available pursuant to this subparagraph are subject to annual appropriation by the Legislature.
(3) SLOT MACHINE GUARANTEE FEE; SURCHARGE.-
(a) If a permitholder located within a county that has conducted a successful slot machine referendum after January 1, 2012, or a holder of a slot machine license awarded pursuant to s. 551.1043 does not pay at least $\$ 11$ million in total slot machine taxes and license fees to the state in state fiscal year 2018-2019, the permitholder shall pay to the state within 45 days after the end of the state fiscal year a surcharge equal to the difference between the aggregate amount of slot machine taxes and license fees paid to the state in the fiscal year and \$11 million, regardless of whether the permitholder or licensee operated slot machines during the fiscal year.
(b) If a permitholder located within a county that has conducted a successful slot machine referendum after January 1,

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. 2012, or a holder of a slot machine license awarded pursuant to s. 551.1043 does not pay at least $\$ 21$ million in total slot machine taxes and license fees to the state in state fiscal year 2019-2020 and any subsequent state fiscal year, the permitholder shall pay to the state within 45 days after the end of the state fiscal year a surcharge equal to the difference between the aggregate amount of slot machine taxes and license fees paid to the state in the fiscal year and $\$ 21$ million, regardless of whether the permitholder or licensee operated slot machines during the fiscal year.
(5)(4) TO PAY TAX; PENALTIES.-A slot machine licensee or pari-mutuel permitholder who fails to make tax and any applicable surcharge payments as required under this section is subject to an administrative penalty of up to $\$ 10,000$ for each day the tax payment is not remitted. All administrative penalties imposed and collected shall be deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation. If any slot machine licensee or pari-mutuel permitholder fails to pay penalties imposed by order of the division under this subsection, the division may deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew the license of the permitholder or slot machine licensee.

Section 48. Subsection (2) of section 551.108, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
551.108 Prohibited relationships.-
(2) A manufacturer or distributor of slot machines may not enter into any contract with a slot machine licensee that provides for any revenue sharing of any kind or nature that is directly or indirectly calculated on the basis of a percentage
of slot machine revenues. Any maneuver, shift, or device whereby this subsection is violated is a violation of this chapter and renders any such agreement void. This subsection does not apply to contracts related to a progressive system used in conjunction with slot machines.

Section 49. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 551.114, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
551.114 Slot machine gaming areas.-
(2) If such races or games are available to the slot machine licensee, the slot machine licensee shall display parimutuel races or games within the designated slot machine gaming areas and offer patrons within the designated slot machine gaming areas the ability to engage in pari-mutuel wagering on any live, intertrack, and simulcast races conducted or offered to patrons of the licensed facility.
(4) Designated slot machine gaming areas shall may be located anywhere within the property described in a slot machine licensee's pari-mutuel permit within the current live gaming facility or in an existing building that must be contiguous and eonnected to the live gaming facility. If a designated slot machine gaming area is to be located in a building that is to be eonstructed, that new building must be contiguous and connected to the live gaming facility.

Section 50. Section 551.116, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
551.116 Days and hours of operation.-Slot machine gaming areas may be open 24 hours per day, 7 days a week daily throughout the year. The slot machine gaming areas may be open a eumulative amount of 18 hours per day on Monday through Friday

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and 24 hours per day on Saturday and Sunday and on those holidays specified in s. 110.117(1).

Section 51. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 551.121, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
551.121 Prohibited activities and devices; exceptions.-
(1) Complimentary or reduced-cost alcoholic beverages may not be served to a person persons playing a slot machine.
Alcoholic beverages served to persons playing a slot machine shall cost at least the same amount as alcoholic beverages served to the genexal public at a bar within the facility.
(3) A slot machine licensee may not allow any automated teller machine or similar device designed to provide credit or dispense cash to be located within the designated slot machine gaming areas of a facility of a slot machine licensee.

Section 52. Present subsections (9) through (17) of section 849.086, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (10) through (18), respectively, and a new subsection (9) is added to that section, subsections (1) and (2) of that section are amended, paragraph (g) is added to subsection (4) of that section, and paragraph (b) of subsection (5), paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of subsection (7), paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (8), present subsection (12), paragraphs (d) and (h) of present subsection (13), and present subsection (17) of section 849.086, Florida Statutes, are amended, to read:
849.086 Cardrooms authorized.-
(1) LEGISLATIVE INTENT.-It is the intent of the Legislature to provide additional entertainment choices for the residents of and visitors to the state, promote tourism in the state, provide revenues to support the continuation of live pari-mutuel

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activity, and provide additional state revenues through the authorization of the playing of certain games in the state at facilities known as cardrooms which are to be located at licensed pari-mutuel facilities. To ensure the public confidence in the integrity of authorized cardroom operations, this act is designed to strictly regulate the facilities, persons, and procedures related to cardroom operations. Furthermore, the Legislature finds that authorized games of poker and dominoes as herein defined are considered to be pari-mutuel style games and not casino gaming because the participants play against each other instead of against the house.
(2) DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section:
(a) "Authorized game" means a game or series of games of poker or dominoes which are played in conformance with this section a nonbanking mannex.
(b) "Banking game" means a game in which the house is a participant in the game, taking on players, paying winners, and collecting from losers or in which the cardroom establishes a bank against which participants play. A designated player game is not a banking game.
(c) "Cardroom" means a facility where authorized games are played for money or anything of value and to which the public is invited to participate in such games and charged a fee for participation by the operator of such facility. Authorized games and cardrooms do not constitute casino gaming operations if conducted at an eligible facility.
(d) "Cardroom management company" means any individual not an employee of the cardroom operator, any proprietorship, partnership, corporation, or other entity that enters into an

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agreement with a cardroom operator to manage, operate, or otherwise control the daily operation of a cardroom.
(e) "Cardroom distributor" means any business that distributes cardroom paraphernalia such as card tables, betting chips, chip holders, dominoes, dominoes tables, drop boxes, banking supplies, playing cards, card shufflers, and other associated equipment to authorized cardrooms.
(f) "Cardroom operator" means a licensed pari-mutuel permitholder that which holds a valid permit and license issued by the division pursuant to chapter 550 and which also holds a valid cardroom license issued by the division pursuant to this section which authorizes such person to operate a cardroom and to conduct authorized games in such cardroom.
(g) "Designated player" means the player identified as the player in the dealer position and seated at a traditional player position in a designated player game who pays winning players and collects from losing players.
(h) "Designated player game" means a game in which the players compare their cards only to the cards of the designated player or to a combination of cards held by the designated player and cards common and available for play by all players.
(i)(g) "Division" means the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.
(j) (h) "Dominoes" means a game of dominoes typically played with a set of 28 flat rectangular blocks, called "bones," which are marked on one side and divided into two equal parts, with zero to six dots, called "pips," in each part. The term also includes larger sets of blocks that contain a correspondingly

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higher number of pips. The term also means the set of blocks used to play the game.
(k) (i) "Gross receipts" means the total amount of money received by a cardroom from any person for participation in authorized games.
(l) (j) "House" means the cardroom operator and all employees of the cardroom operator.
(m) (k) "Net proceeds" means the total amount of gross receipts received by a cardroom operator from cardroom operations less direct operating expenses related to cardroom operations, including labor costs, admission taxes only if a separate admission fee is charged for entry to the cardroom facility, gross receipts taxes imposed on cardroom operators by this section, the annual cardroom license fees imposed by this section on each table operated at a cardroom, and reasonable promotional costs excluding officer and director compensation, interest on capital debt, legal fees, real estate taxes, bad debts, contributions or donations, or overhead and depreciation expenses not directly related to the operation of the cardrooms.
(n)(1) "Rake" means a set fee or percentage of the pot assessed by a cardroom operator for providing the services of a dealer, table, or location for playing the authorized game.
(o)(m) "Tournament" means a series of games that have more than one betting round involving one or more tables and where the winners or others receive a prize or cash award.
(4) AUTHORITY OF DIVISION.-The Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation shall administer this section and regulate the operation of cardrooms under this section and the rules adopted
pursuant thereto, and is hereby authorized to:
(g) Establish a reasonable period to respond to requests from a licensed cardroom; provided however, the division has a maximum of 45 days to approve:

1. A cardroom's internal controls or provide the cardroom with a list of deficiencies as to the internal controls.
2. Rules for a new authorized game submitted by a licensed cardroom or provide the cardroom with a list of deficiencies as to those rules.

Not later than 10 days after the submission of revised internal controls or revised rules addressing the deficiencies identified by the division, the division must review and approve or reject the revised internal controls or revised rules.
(5) LICENSE REQUIRED; APPLICATION; FEES.-No person may operate a cardroom in this state unless such person holds a valid cardroom license issued pursuant to this section.
(b) After the initial cardroom license is granted, the application for the annual license renewal shall be made in conjunction with the applicant's annual application for its pari-mutuel license. If a permitholder has operated a cardroom during any of the 3 previous fiscal years and fails to include a renewal request for the operation of the cardroom in its annual application for license renewal, the permitholder may amend its annual application to include operation of the cardroom. In order for a cardroom license to be renewed the applicant must have requested, as part of its pari-mutuel annual license application, to conduct at least 90 percent of the total number of live performances conducted by such permitholder during

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either the state fiscal year in which its initial cardroom license was issued or the state fiscal year immediately prior thereto if the permitholder ran at least a full schedule of live racing or games in the prior year. If the application is for a harness permitholder cardroom, the applicant must have requested quthorization to conduct a minimum of 140 live performances during the state fiscal year immediately prior thereto. If more than one permitholder is operating at a facility, each permitholder must have applied for a license to conduct a full schedule of live racing.
(7) CONDITIONS FOR OPERATING A CARDROOM.-
(a) A cardroom may be operated only at the location specified on the cardroom license issued by the division, and such location may only be the location at which the pari-mutuel permitholder is authorized to conduct pari-mutuel wagering activities pursuant to such permitholder's valid pari-mutuel permit or as otherwise authorized by law. Gardroom operations may not be allowed beyond the hours provided in paragraph (b) regardless of the number of cardroom licenses issued for permitholders operating at the pari-mutuel facility.
(b) Any cardroom operator may operate a cardroom at the pari-mutuel facility daily throughout the year, if the permitholder meets the requirements under paragraph (5) (b). The cardroom may be open a cumulative amount of 18 hours per day on Monday through Eriday and 24 hours per day on Saturday and Sunday and on the holidays specified in s. 110.117(1).
(c) A cardroom operator must at all times employ and provide a nonplaying live dealer at for each table on which authorized eard games which traditionally use a dealex are
conducted, except for designated player games at the cardroom. Such dealers may not have a participatory interest in any game other than the dealing of cards and may not have an interest in the outcome of the game. The providing of such dealers by a licensee does not constitute the conducting of a banking game by the cardroom operator.
(8) METHOD OF WAGERS; LIMITATION.-
(a) Wagering may not be conducted using money or other negotiable currency. Games may only be played utilizing a wagering system whereby all players' money is first converted by the house to tokens or chips that may inich shall be used for wagering only at that specific cardroom.
(b) The cardroom operator may limit the amount wagered in any game or series of games.
(9) DESIGNATED PLAYER GAMES AUTHORIZED.-
(a) A cardroom operator may offer designated player games consisting of players making wagers against the designated player. The designated player must be licensed pursuant to paragraph (6) (b). Employees of a designated player also must be licensed, and the designated player shall pay, in addition to the business occupational fee established pursuant to paragraph (6)(i), an employee occupational license fee which may not exceed $\$ 500$ per employee for any 12 -month period.
(b) A cardroom operator may not serve as a designated player in any game. The cardroom operator may not have a financial interest in a designated player in any game. A cardroom operator may collect a rake in accordance with the rake structure posted at the table.
(c) If there are multiple designated players at a table,

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions. the dealer button shall be rotated in a clockwise rotation after each hand.
(d) A cardroom operator may not allow a designated player to pay an opposing player who holds a lower ranked hand.
(e) A designated player may not be required by the rules of a game or by the rules of a cardroom to cover all wagers posted by the opposing players.
(f) The cardroom, or any cardroom licensee, may not contract with, or receive compensation other than a posted table rake from, any player to participate in any game to serve as a designated player.
(13) (12) PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES.-
(a) $\underline{A}$ No person licensed to operate a cardroom may not conduct any banking game or any game not specifically authorized by this section.
(b) A person who is younger than undex 18 years of age may not be permitted to hold a cardroom or employee license, or to engage in any game conducted therein.
(c) With the exception of mechanical card shufflers, No electronic or mechanical devices, except mechanical card shufflers, may not be used to conduct any authorized game in a cardroom.
(d) Cards, game components, or game implements may not be used in playing an authorized game unless they have such has been furnished or provided to the players by the cardroom operator.
(14) (13) TAXES AND OTHER PAYMENTS. -
(d) 1. Each greyhound and jai alai permitholder that operates a cardroom facility shall use at least 4 percent of

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such permitholder's cardroom monthly gross receipts to supplement greyhound purses and awards or jai alai prize money, respectively, during the permitholder's next ensuing pari-mutuel meet.
2. A cardroom license or renewal thereof may not be issued to a permitholder conducting less than a full schedule of live racing or games as defined in s. 550.002(11) unless the applicant has on file with the division a binding written contract with a thoroughbred permitholder that is licensed to conduct live racing and that does not possess a slot machine license. This contract must provide that the permitholder will pay an amount equal to 4 percent of its monthly cardroom gross receipts to the thoroughbred permitholder conducting the live racing for exclusive use as purses and awards during the current or ensuing live racing meet of the thoroughbred permitholder. A thoroughbred permitholder receiving funds under this subparagraph shall remit, within 10 days of receipt, 10 percent of those funds to the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, Inc., for the payment of breeders', stallion, and special racing awards, subject to the fee authorized in s. 550.2625(3). If there is not a thoroughbred permitholder that does not possess a slot machine license, payments for purses are not required, and the cardroom licensee shall retain such funds for its use Each thoroughbred and harness horse racing permitholder that operates a cardroom facility shall use at least 50 percent of such permitholder's cardroom monthly net proceeds as follows: 47 percent to supplement purses and 3 pereent to supplement breeders' awards during the permitholder's next ensuing racing mect.

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3. No cardroom license or renewal thereof shall be issued to an applicant holding a permit under chapter 550 to conduct pari-mutuel wagering meets of quarter horse racing unless the applicant has on file with the division a binding written agreement betwen the applicant and the Florida Quarter Horse Racing Association or the association representing a majority of the horse owners and trainers at the applicant's eligible facility, governing the payment of purses on live quarter horse races conducted at the licensec's pari-mutuel facility. The agreement governing purses may direct the payment of such purses from revenues generated by any wagering or gaming the applicant is authorized to conduct under Florida law. All purses shall be subject to the terms of chapter 550.
(h) One-quarter of the moneys deposited into the Parimutuel Wagering Trust Fund pursuant to paragraph (g) shall, by October 1 of each year, be distributed to the local government that approved the cardroom under subsection (17) (16); however, if two or more pari-mutuel racetracks are located within the same incorporated municipality, the cardroom funds shall be distributed to the municipality. If a pari-mutuel facility is situated in such a manner that it is located in more than one county, the site of the cardroom facility shall determine the location for purposes of disbursement of tax revenues under this paragraph. The division shall, by September 1 of each year, determine: the amount of taxes deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund pursuant to this section from each cardroom licensee; the location by county of each cardroom; whether the cardroom is located in the unincorporated area of the county or within an incorporated municipality; and, the total amount to be

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distributed to each eligible county and municipality.
(18) (17) CHANGE OF LOCATION; REFRENDUM.-
(a) Notwithstanding any provisions of this section, a no cardroom gaming license issued under this section may not shall be transferred, or reissued when such reissuance is in the nature of a transfer, so as to permit or authorize a licensee to change the location of the cardroom except through the relocation of the pari-mutuel permit pursuant to s. 550.0555 or s. 550.3345 upon proof in such form as the division may prescribe that a referendum election has been held:

1. If the proposed new location is within the same county as the already licensed location, in the county where the licensee desires to conduct cardroom gaming and that a majority of the electors voting on the question in such election voted in favor of the transfer of such license. However, the division shall transfer, without requirement of a referendum election, the cardroom license of any permitholder that relocated its permit pursuant to s. 550.0555 .
Z. If the proposed new location is not within the same eounty as the already licensed location, in the county where the licensec desires to conduct cardroom gaming and that a majority of the electors voting on that question in each such election woted in favor of the transfer of such license.
(b) The expense of each referendum held under the provisions of this subsection shall be borne by the licensee requesting the transfer.

Section 53. Paragraph (c) is added to subsection (2) of section 849.0931, Florida Statutes, and subsection (14) of that section is republished, to read:

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849.0931 Bingo authorized; conditions for conduct; permitted uses of proceeds; limitations.-
(2)
(c) Veterans' organizations engaged in charitable, civic, benevolent, or scholastic works or other similar endeavors, which organizations have been in existence for 3 years or more, may conduct instant bingo in accordance with the requirements of this section using electronic tickets in lieu of or together with instant bingo paper tickets, only on the following premises:

1. Property owned by the veterans' organization.
2. Property owned by the veterans' organization that will benefit from the proceeds.
3. Property leased for a period of not less than 1 year by a veterans' organization, providing the lease or rental agreement does not provide for the payment of a percentage of the proceeds generated at such premises to the lessor or any other party and providing the rental rate for such premises does not exceed the rental rates charged for similar premises in the same locale.

Electronic tickets for instant bingo must be nontransparent until the electronic ticket is opened by the player in electronic form and may only be sold or distributed in this state by veterans' organizations after the software for such tickets has been independently analyzed and certified to be compliant with this section by a nationally recognized independent gaming laboratory.
(14) Any organization or other person who willfully and Page 132 of 134
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knowingly violates any provision of this section commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s .775 .083 . For a second or subsequent offense, the organization or other person commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084 .

Section 54. The Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation shall revoke any permit to conduct pari-mutuel wagering if a permitholder has not conducted live events within the 24 months preceding the effective date of this act, unless the permit was issued under s. 550.3345, Florida Statutes, or the permit was issued less than 24 months preceding the effective date of this act. A permit revoked under this section may not be reissued.

Section 55. The Division of Law Revision and Information is directed to replace the phrase "the effective date of this act" wherever it occurs in this act with the date the act becomes effective, in accordance with the notice received from the Secretary of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation pursuant to s. 285.710(3), Florida Statutes.

Section 56. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, and except for this section, which shall take effect upon this act becoming a law, this act shall take effect only if the Gaming Compact between the Seminole Tribe of Florida and the State of Florida executed by the Governor and the Seminole Tribe of Florida on December 7, 2015, under the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act of 1988, is amended as required by this act, and is approved or deemed approved and not voided by the United States Department of the Interior, and shall take effect on the Page 133 of 134
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3859 date that notice of the effective date of the amended compact is published in the Federal Register.

