By Senator Steube

23-01540-17 2017904

Senate Joint Resolution

A joint resolution proposing amendments to Section 17 of Article III and Section 7 of Article IV and the creation of a new section in Article XII of the State Constitution to authorize the House of Representatives to impeach state attorneys and public defenders for misdemeanors in office and subject them to trial by the Senate, if impeached; preserve the Governor's existing authority to suspend state attorneys and public defenders from office; and to provide that state attorneys and public defenders who hold office on or after the amendment's effective date are subject to impeachment.

Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

That the following amendments to Section 17 of Article III and Section 7 of Article IV and the creation of a new section in Article XII of the State Constitution are agreed to and shall be submitted to the electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next general election or at an earlier special election specifically authorized by law for that purpose:

ARTICLE III

LEGISLATURE

SECTION 17. Impeachment.-

(a) The governor, lieutenant governor, members of the cabinet, justices of the supreme court, judges of district courts of appeal, judges of circuit courts, and judges of county courts, state attorneys, and public defenders shall be liable to

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impeachment for misdemeanor in office. The house of representatives by two-thirds vote shall have the power to impeach an officer. The speaker of the house of representatives shall have power at any time to appoint a committee to investigate charges against any officer subject to impeachment.

- (b) An officer impeached by the house of representatives shall be disqualified from performing any official duties until acquitted by the senate, and, unless impeached, the governor may by appointment fill the office until completion of the trial.
- (c) All impeachments by the house of representatives shall be tried by the senate. The chief justice of the supreme court, or another justice designated by the chief justice, shall preside at the trial, except in a trial of the chief justice, in which case the governor shall preside. The senate shall determine the time for the trial of any impeachment and may sit for the trial whether the house of representatives be in session or not. The time fixed for trial shall not be more than six months after the impeachment. During an impeachment trial senators shall be upon their oath or affirmation. No officer shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members of the senate present. Judgment of conviction in cases of impeachment shall remove the offender from office and, in the discretion of the senate, may include disqualification to hold any office of honor, trust or profit. Conviction or acquittal shall not affect the civil or criminal responsibility of the officer.

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ARTICLE IV EXECUTIVE

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SECTION 7. Suspensions; filling office during suspensions.—

- (a) By executive order stating the grounds and filed with the custodian of state records, the governor may suspend from office any state officer except as provided in subsection (d) not subject to impeachment, any officer of the militia not in the active service of the United States, or any county officer, for malfeasance, misfeasance, neglect of duty, drunkenness, incompetence, permanent inability to perform official duties, or commission of a felony, and may fill the office by appointment for the period of suspension. The suspended officer may at any time before removal be reinstated by the governor.
- (b) The senate may, in proceedings prescribed by law, remove from office or reinstate the suspended official and for such purpose the senate may be convened in special session by its president or by a majority of its membership.
- (c) By order of the governor any elected municipal officer indicted for crime may be suspended from office until acquitted and the office filled by appointment for the period of suspension, not to extend beyond the term, unless these powers are vested elsewhere by law or the municipal charter.
- (d) The lieutenant governor, members of the cabinet, justices of the supreme court, judges of district courts of appeal, judges of circuit courts, and judges of county courts are not subject to suspension from office by the governor.

ARTICLE XII

SCHEDULE

Impeachment of state attorneys and public defenders.—The amendment to Section 17 of Article III authorizing impeachment

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of state attorneys and public defenders applies to state
attorneys and public defenders who hold office on or after the
effective date of the amendment.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be placed on the ballot:

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

ARTICLE III, SECTION 17

ARTICLE IV, SECTION 7

ARTICLE XII

IMPEACHMENT AND SUSPENSION OF STATE ATTORNEYS AND PUBLIC DEFENDERS.—Proposing an amendment to the State Constitution to authorize the House of Representatives to impeach state attorneys and public defenders for misdemeanors in office and the Senate to conduct a trial in the event of impeachment. The amendment preserves the Governor's existing authority to suspend state attorneys and public defenders from office; and provides that state attorneys and public defenders who hold office on or after the amendment's effective date are subject to impeachment.