By Senator Brandes

	24-00773-18 20181220
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to custodial interrogations; creating
3	s. 900.05, F.S.; defining terms and specifying covered
4	offenses; requiring that a custodial interrogation at
5	a place of detention be electronically recorded in its
6	entirety in connection with certain offenses;
7	requiring law enforcement officers who do not comply
8	with the electronic recording requirement or who
9	conduct custodial interrogations at a place other than
10	a place of detention to prepare a specified report;
11	providing exceptions to the electronic recording
12	requirement; requiring a court to consider a law
13	enforcement officer's failure to comply with the
14	electronic recording requirements in determining the
15	admissibility of a statement unless an exception
16	applies; requiring a court, upon the request of a
17	defendant, to give cautionary instructions to a jury
18	under certain circumstances; providing immunity from
19	civil liability to law enforcement agencies that
20	enforce certain rules; providing that no cause of
21	action is created against a law enforcement officer;
22	providing an effective date.
23	
24	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
25	
26	Section 1. Section 900.05, Florida Statutes, is created to
27	read:
28	900.05 Recording of custodial interrogations for certain
29	offenses

SB 1220

Page 1 of 5

	24-00773-18 20181220
30	(1) As used in this section, the term:
31	(a) "Custodial interrogation" means questioning or other
32	conduct by a law enforcement officer which is reasonably likely
33	to elicit an incriminating response from an individual and which
34	occurs under circumstances in which a reasonable individual in
35	the same circumstances would consider himself or herself to be
36	in the custody of a law enforcement agency.
37	(b) "Electronic recording" means an audio recording or an
38	audio and video recording that accurately records a custodial
39	interrogation.
40	(c) "Covered offense" includes:
41	1. Arson.
42	2. Sexual battery.
43	3. Robbery.
44	4. Kidnapping.
45	5. Aggravated child abuse.
46	6. Aggravated abuse of an elderly person or disabled adult.
47	7. Aggravated assault with a deadly weapon.
48	8. Murder.
49	9. Manslaughter.
50	10. Aggravated manslaughter of an elderly person or
51	disabled adult.
52	11. Aggravated manslaughter of a child.
53	12. The unlawful throwing, placing, or discharging of a
54	destructive device or bomb.
55	13. Armed burglary.
56	14. Aggravated battery.
57	15. Aggravated stalking.
58	16. Home invasion or robbery.
I	

Page 2 of 5

	24-00773-18 20181220
59	17. Carjacking.
60	(d) "Place of detention" means a fixed location under the
61	control of a law enforcement agency where persons may be
62	questioned in connection with suspected criminal offenses or
63	where persons are detained temporarily in connection with
64	criminal charges pending a potential arrest or citation,
65	including, but not limited to, a police department or sheriff's
66	office, a correctional facility, or a detention facility. The
67	term does not include a police vehicle.
68	(e) "Statement" means a communication that is oral,
69	written, electronic, nonverbal, or in sign language.
70	(2)(a) A custodial interrogation at a place of detention,
71	including the giving of a required warning, the advisement of
72	the rights of the individual being questioned, and the waiver of
73	any rights by the individual, must be electronically recorded in
74	its entirety if the interrogation is related to a covered
75	offense.
76	(b) If a law enforcement officer conducts a custodial
77	interrogation at a place of detention without electronically
78	recording the interrogation, the officer shall prepare a written
79	report explaining the reason for his or her noncompliance with
80	this section and summarizing the custodial interrogation process
81	and the individual's statements.
82	(c) As soon as practicable, a law enforcement officer who
83	conducts a custodial interrogation at a place other than a place
84	of detention shall prepare a written report explaining the
85	decision to interrogate at that place and summarizing the
86	custodial interrogation process and the individual's statements
87	made at that place.

Page 3 of 5

	24-00773-18 20181220
88	(d) Paragraph (a) does not apply:
89	1. If an unforeseen equipment malfunction prevents
90	recording the custodial interrogation in its entirety;
91	2. If a suspect refuses to participate in a custodial
92	interrogation if his or her statements are electronically
93	recorded;
94	3. Due to equipment operator error;
95	4. If the statement is made spontaneously and not in
96	response to a custodial interrogation question;
97	5. If a statement is made after questioning that is
98	routinely asked during the processing of the arrest of a
99	suspect;
100	6. If the custodial interrogation occurs when no law
101	enforcement officer participating in the interrogation has
102	knowledge of facts and circumstances that would lead an officer
103	to reasonably believe that the individual being interrogated may
104	have committed a covered offense;
105	7. If the law enforcement officer conducting the custodial
106	interrogation reasonably believes that electronic recording
107	would jeopardize the safety of the officer, individual being
108	interrogated, or others; or
109	8. If the custodial interrogation is conducted outside of
110	the state.
111	(3) Unless a court finds that one or more of the
112	circumstances specified in paragraph (2)(d) apply, the court
113	shall consider a law enforcement officer's failure to make an
114	electronic recording of all or part of a custodial interrogation
115	in determining whether a statement made during the interrogation
116	is admissible. If the court admits into evidence a statement

Page 4 of 5

I	24-00773-18 20181220
117	made during a custodial interrogation that was not
118	electronically recorded as required under paragraph (2)(a), the
119	court must, upon request of the defendant, give cautionary
120	instructions to the jury regarding the law enforcement officer's
121	failure to comply.
122	(4) A law enforcement agency in this state which has
123	enforced rules adopted pursuant to this section which are
124	reasonably designed to ensure compliance with the requirements
125	of this section is not subject to civil liability for damages
126	arising from a violation of this section. This section does not
127	create a cause of action against a law enforcement officer.
128	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

Page 5 of 5