

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate

House

The Committee on Rules (Brandes) recommended the following: Senate Substitute for Amendment (654094) (with title amendment) Between lines 187 and 188 insert: Section 4. Section 934.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to

934.23 Required disclosure of customer communications or records.-

(1) As used in this section, the term:

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read:

(a) "A court of competent jurisdiction" means a court that

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has jurisdiction over the investigation or that is otherwise 12 13 authorized by law. (b) "Investigative or law enforcement officer" has the same 14 15 meaning as s. 934.02(6), except that in any criminal investigation, if a law enforcement agency seeks disclosure of 16 17 information obtainable by a subpoena under this section, the 18 agency must request a state attorney, an assistant state 19 attorney, the statewide prosecutor, or an assistant statewide 20 prosecutor obtain such subpoena. 21 (2) (1) An investigative or law enforcement officer may 22 require the disclosure by a provider of electronic communication 23 service or remote computing service of the contents of a wire or 24 electronic communication that is has been in electronic storage 25 in an electronic communications system or remote computing 26 system for 180 days or less only pursuant to a warrant issued by 27 the judge of a court of competent jurisdiction. As used in this 28 section, the term "a court of competent jurisdiction" means a 29 court that has jurisdiction over the investigation or that is 30 otherwise authorized by law. An investigative or law enforcement 31 officer may require the disclosure by a provider of electronic communication services of the contents of a wire or electronic 32 33 communication that has been in electronic storage in an 34

34 electronic communications system for more than 180 days by the 35 means available under subsection (2).

(2) An investigative or law enforcement officer may require a provider of remote computing service to disclose the contents of any wire or electronic communication to which this subsection is made applicable by subsection (3):

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(a) Without required notice to the subscriber or customer

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41 if the investigative or law enforcement officer obtains a 42 warrant issued by the judge of a court of competent jurisdiction; or 43 44 (b) With prior notice, or with delayed notice pursuant to s. 934.25, from the investigative or law enforcement officer to 45 46 the subscriber or customer if the investigative or law enforcement officer: 47 1. Uses a subpoena; or 48 49 2. Obtains a court order for such disclosure under 50 subsection (5). 51 (3) Subsection (2) is applicable with respect to any 52 electronic communication that is held or maintained on a remote 53 computing service: 54 (a) On behalf of a subscriber or customer of such service 55 and received by means of electronic transmission from, or 56 created by means of computer processing of communications 57 received by means of electronic transmission from, a subscriber 58 or customer of such service. 59 (b) Solely for the purposes of providing storage or 60 computer processing services to a subscriber or customer, if the 61 provider is not authorized to access the contents of any such 62 communication for purposes of providing any service other than 63 storage or computer processing. (4) (a) An investigative or law enforcement officer may 64 65 require a provider of electronic communication service or remote 66 computing service to disclose a record or other information 67 pertaining to a subscriber or customer of such service, not 68 including the contents of a communication, only when the investigative or law enforcement officer: 69

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70 1. Obtains a warrant issued by the judge of a court of 71 competent jurisdiction;

72 2. Obtains a court order for such disclosure under73 subsection (5);

3. Has the consent of the subscriber or customer to such disclosure; or

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4. Seeks information under paragraph (b).

77 (b) A provider of electronic communication service or 78 remote computing service shall disclose to an investigative or law enforcement officer the name; address; local and long-79 80 distance telephone connection records, or records of session 81 times or durations; length of service, including the starting 82 date of service; types of services used; telephone or instrument 83 number or other subscriber number or identity, including any 84 temporarily assigned network address; and means and source of payment, including any credit card or bank account number of a 85 86 subscriber to or customer of such service when the governmental 87 entity uses a subpoena or obtains such information in the manner 88 specified in paragraph (a) for obtaining information under that 89 paragraph.

90 (c) An investigative or law enforcement officer who 91 receives records or information under this subsection is not 92 required to provide notice to a subscriber or customer.

93 (5) A court order for disclosure under subsection (2), 94 subsection (3), or subsection (4) shall issue only if the 95 investigative or law enforcement officer offers specific and 96 articulable facts showing that there are reasonable grounds to 97 believe that a record or other information pertaining to a 98 subscriber or customer of an electronic communication service or

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99 remote computing service the contents of a wire or electronic 100 communication or the records of other information sought are 101 relevant and material to an ongoing criminal investigation. A 102 court issuing an order pursuant to this section, on a motion 103 made promptly by the service provider, may quash or modify such 104 order if the information or records requested are unusually 105 voluminous in nature or compliance with such order otherwise 106 would cause an undue burden on such provider.

107 (6) No cause of action shall lie in any court against any 108 provider of wire or electronic communication service, its 109 officers, employees, agents, or other specified persons for 110 providing information, facilities, or assistance in accordance 111 with the terms of a court order, warrant, subpoena, or 112 certification under ss. 934.21-934.28.

(7) (a) A provider of wire or electronic communication services or a remote computing service, upon the request of an investigative or law enforcement officer, shall take all necessary steps to preserve records and other evidence in its possession pending the issuance of a court order or other process.

(b) Records referred to in paragraph (a) shall be retained for a period of 90 days, which shall be extended for an additional 90 days upon a renewed request by an investigative or law enforcement officer.

(8) A provider of electronic communication service, a remote computing service, or any other person who furnished assistance pursuant to this section shall be held harmless from any claim and civil liability resulting from the disclosure of information pursuant to this section and shall be reasonably

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128	compensated for reasonable expenses incurred in providing such
129	assistance.
130	Section 5. Section 934.24, Florida Statutes is repealed.
131	Section 6. Section 934.25, Florida Statutes, is amended to
132	read:
133	934.25 Nondisclosure by service provider Delayed notice
134	(1) An investigative or law enforcement officer acting
135	under s. 934.23(2) may:
136	(a) Where a court order is sought, include in the
137	application a request for an order delaying the notification
138	required under s. 934.23(2) for a period not to exceed 90 days,
139	which request the court shall grant if it determines that there
140	is reason to believe that notification of the existence of the
141	court order may have an adverse result described in subsection
142	<del>(2).</del>
143	(b) Where a subpoena is obtained, delay the notification
144	required under s. 934.23(2) for a period not to exceed 90 days
145	upon the execution of a written certification of a supervisory
146	official that there is reason to believe that notification of
147	the existence of the subpoena may have an adverse result
148	described in subsection (2).
149	(2) Any of the following acts constitute an adverse result
150	for purposes of subsection (1):
151	(a) Endangering the life or physical safety of an
152	individual.
153	(b) Fleeing from prosecution.
154	(c) Destroying or tampering with evidence.
155	(d) Intimidating potential witnesses.
156	(c) Seriously jeopardizing an investigation or unduly

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157	delaying a trial.
158	(3) The investigative or law enforcement officer shall
159	maintain a true copy of a certification obtained under paragraph
160	<del>(1)(b).</del>
161	(4) Extensions of the delay of notification provided in s.
162	934.23(2) of up to 90 days each may be granted by the court upon
163	application, or by certification by an investigative or law
164	enforcement officer, but only in accordance with subsection (6).
165	(5) Upon the expiration of the period of delay of
166	notification under subsection (1) or subsection (4), the
167	investigative or law enforcement officer must serve upon or
168	deliver by registered or first-class mail to the subscriber or
169	customer a copy of the process or request together with notice
170	which:
171	(a) States with reasonable specificity the nature of the
172	law enforcement inquiry, and
173	(b) Informs the subscriber or customer:
174	1. That information maintained for such subscriber or
175	customer by the service provider named in the process or request
176	was supplied to or requested by the investigative or law
177	enforcement officer and the date on which such information was
178	so supplied or requested.
179	2. That notification of such subscriber or customer was
180	delayed.
181	3. What investigative or law enforcement officer or what
182	court made the certification or determination pursuant to which
183	that delay was made.
184	4. Which provision of ss. 934.21-934.28 allowed such delay.
185	<u>(1)<del>(6)</del></u> An investigative or law enforcement officer acting

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186	under s. 934.23, when not required to notify the subscriber or
187	customer under s. 934.23(2)(a), or to the extent that such
188	notice may be delayed pursuant to subsection (1), may apply to a
189	court for an order commanding a provider of electronic
190	communication service or remote computing service to whom a
191	warrant, subpoena, or court order is directed, for such period
192	as the court deems appropriate, not to notify any <del>other</del> person
193	of the existence of such warrant, subpoena, or court order. The
194	court shall enter such order if it determines that there is
195	reason to believe that notification of the existence of the
196	warrant, subpoena, or court order will result in <u>an adverse</u>
197	result. any of the following:
198	(2) For purposes of this section, an "adverse result" means
199	any of the following acts:
200	(a) Endangering the life or physical safety of an
201	individual.
202	(b) Fleeing from prosecution.
203	(c) Destroying or tampering with evidence.
204	(d) Intimidating potential witnesses.
205	(e) Seriously jeopardizing an investigation or unduly
206	delaying a trial.
207	(7) As used in paragraph (1)(b), the term "supervisory
208	official" means the person in charge of an investigating or law
209	enforcement agency's or entity's headquarters or regional
210	office; the state attorney of the circuit from which the subject
211	subpoena has been issued; the statewide prosecutor; or an
212	assistant state attorney or assistant statewide prosecutor
213	specifically designated by the state attorney or statewide
214	prosecutor to make such written certification.

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215	(8) As used in subsection (5), the term "deliver" shall be
216	construed in accordance with the definition of "delivery" as
217	provided in Rule 1.080, Florida Rules of Civil Procedure.
218	Section 7. Section 934.255, Florida Statutes, is created to
219	read:
220	934.255 Subpoenas in investigations of sexual offenses
221	(1) As used in this section, the term:
222	(a) "Adverse result" means any of the following acts:
223	1. Endangering the life or physical safety of an
224	individual.
225	2. Fleeing from prosecution.
226	3. Destroying or tampering with evidence.
227	4. Intimidating potential witnesses.
228	5. Seriously jeopardizing an investigation or unduly
229	delaying a trial.
230	(b) "Child" means a person under 18 years of age.
231	(c) "Investigative or law enforcement officer" has the same
232	meaning as s. 934.02(6), except that in any criminal
233	investigation, if a law enforcement agency seeks disclosure of
234	information obtainable by a subpoena under this section, the
235	agency must request a state attorney, an assistant state
236	attorney, the statewide prosecutor, or an assistant statewide
237	prosecutor obtain such subpoena.
238	(d) "Sexual abuse of a child" means a criminal offense
239	based on any conduct described in s. 39.01(71).
240	(e) "Supervisory official" means the person in charge of an
241	investigating or law enforcement agency's or entity's
242	headquarters or regional office; the state attorney of the
243	circuit from which the subpoena has been issued; the statewide

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244	prosecutor; or an assistant state attorney or assistant
245	statewide prosecutor specifically designated by the state
246	attorney or statewide prosecutor to make such written
247	certification.
248	(2) An investigative or law enforcement officer who is
249	conducting an investigation into:
250	(a) Allegations of the sexual abuse of a child or an
251	individual's suspected commission of a crime listed in s.
252	943.0435(1)(h)1.a.(I) may use a subpoena to compel the
253	production of records, documents, or other tangible objects and
254	the testimony of the subpoena recipient concerning the
255	production and authenticity of such records, documents, or
256	objects, except as provided in paragraph (b).
257	(b) Allegations of the sexual abuse of a child may use a
258	subpoena to require a provider of electronic communication
259	services or remote computing services to disclose a record or
260	other information pertaining to a subscriber or customer of such
261	service as described in s. 934.23(4)(b).
262	(c) A subpoena issued under paragraph (a) must describe the
263	records, documents, or other tangible objects required to be
264	produced, and must prescribe a date by which such records,
265	documents, or other tangible objects must be produced.
266	(3) At any time before the date prescribed in a subpoena
267	issued under subsection (2)(a) for production of records,
268	documents, or other tangible objects or the date prescribed in a
269	subpoena issued under subsection (2)(b) for production of a
270	record or other information, a person or entity receiving such
271	subpoena may, before a judge of competent jurisdiction, petition
272	for an order modifying or setting aside the prohibition of

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273 disclosure issued under subsection (5).

274 (4) An investigative or law enforcement officer who uses a 275 subpoena issued under paragraph (2)(a) to obtain any record, 276 document, or other tangible object may retain such items for use 277 in any ongoing criminal investigation or a closed investigation 278 with the intent that the investigation may later be reopened. 279 (5) (a) If a subpoena issued under subsection (2) is served 280 upon a recipient and accompanied by a written certification of a supervisory official that there is reason to believe that 2.81 282 notification of the existence of the subpoena may have an 283 adverse result, the subpoena recipient is prohibited from 284 disclosing to any person for a period of 180 days the existence 285 of the subpoena. 286 (b) A recipient of a subpoena issued under subsection (2) 287 that is accompanied by a written certification issued pursuant 288 to this subsection is authorized to disclose information 289 otherwise subject to any applicable nondisclosure requirement to 290 persons as is necessary to comply with the subpoena, to an 291 attorney in order to obtain legal advice or assistance regarding 292 compliance with the subpoena, or to any other person as allowed 293 and specifically authorized by the investigative or law 294 enforcement officer who obtained the subpoena or the supervisory 295 official who issued the written certification. The subpoena

296 recipient shall notify any person to whom disclosure of the 297 subpoena is made pursuant to this paragraph of the existence of, 298 and length of time associated with, the nondisclosure

299 requirement.

300 (c) A person to whom disclosure of the subpoena is made 301 under paragraph (a) is subject to the nondisclosure requirements

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302 of this subsection in the same manner as the subpoena recipient. 303 (d) At the request of the investigative or law enforcement 304 officer who obtained the subpoena or the supervisory official 305 who issued the written certification, the subpoena recipient 306 shall identify to the investigative or law enforcement officer 307 or supervisory official, before or at the time of compliance with the subpoena, the name of any person to whom disclosure was 308 309 made under paragraph (b). If the investigative or law enforcement officer or supervisory official makes such a 310 311 request, the subpoena recipient has an ongoing duty to disclose 312 the identity of any individuals notified of the subpoena's 313 existence throughout the nondisclosure period. 314 (e) The investigative or law enforcement officer shall 315 maintain a true copy of a written certification obtained under 316 this subsection. 317 (6) An investigative or law enforcement officer acting 318 under paragraph (2) (b) may apply to a court for an order 319 extending the nondisclosure period provided in subsection (5) 320 for a subpoena and commanding a provider of electronic 321 communication service or remote computing service to whom the 322 subpoena is directed, for such period as the court deems appropriate, not to notify any person of the existence of such 323 324 subpoena. The court shall enter such order if it determines that 325 there is reason to believe that notification of the existence of 326 the subpoena will result in an adverse result. 327 (7) In the case of contumacy by a person served a subpoena 328 issued under subsection (2), or his or her refusal to comply 329 with such a subpoena, the investigative or law enforcement

330 officer who sought the subpoena may petition a court of

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331	competent jurisdiction to compel compliance. The court may
332	address the matter as indirect criminal contempt pursuant to
333	Rule 3.840 of the Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure. Any
334	prohibited disclosure of a subpoena issued under subsection (2)
335	for which a period of prohibition of disclosure provided in
336	subsection (5) or an extension thereof under subsection (6) is
337	in effect is punishable as provided in s. 934.43. However,
338	limited disclosure is authorized as provided in subsection (5).
339	(8) No cause of action shall lie in any court against any
340	provider of wire or electronic communication service, its
341	officers, employees, agents, or other specified persons for
342	providing information, facilities, or assistance in accordance
343	with the terms of a subpoena under this section.
344	(9) (a) A provider of wire or electronic communication
345	services or a remote computing service, upon the request of an
346	investigative or law enforcement officer, shall take all
347	necessary steps to preserve records and other evidence in its
348	possession pending the issuance of a court order or other
349	process.
350	(b) Records referred to in paragraph (a) shall be retained
351	for a period of 90 days, which shall be extended for an
352	additional 90 days upon a renewed request by an investigative or
353	law enforcement officer.
354	(10) A provider of electronic communication service, a
355	remote computing service, or any other person who furnished
356	assistance pursuant to this section shall be held harmless from
357	any claim and civil liability resulting from the disclosure of
358	information pursuant to this section and shall be reasonably
359	compensated for reasonable expenses incurred in providing such
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360	assistance. A witness who is subpoenaed to appear to testify
361	under subsection (2) and who complies with the subpoena must be
362	paid the same fees and mileage rate paid to a witness appearing
363	before a court of competent jurisdiction in this state.
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366	And the title is amended as follows:
367	Delete lines 2 - 12
368	and insert:
369	An act relating to security of communications;
370	amending s. 934.01, F.S.; revising and providing
371	legislative findings; amending s. 934.02, F.S.;
372	redefining the term "oral communication"; defining the
373	terms "microphone-enabled household device" and
374	"portable electronic communication device"; amending
375	s. 934.21, F.S.; revising the exceptions to conduct
376	that constitutes unlawful access to stored
377	communications; amending s. 934.23, F.S.; defining
378	"investigative or law enforcement officer" and
379	specifying that an exception to such definition is
380	that in any criminal investigation a law enforcement
381	agency must request a prosecutor obtain a subpoena for
382	information obtainable by a subpoena; requiring a
383	warrant for any content of a stored communications;
384	deleting provisions relating to obtaining content of
385	stored communications, with required subscriber
386	notice, by obtaining a court order for disclosure or
387	using a subpoena; deleting provisions relating to any
388	electronic communication held or maintained in a

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389 remote computing service; deleting a provision on not 390 providing notice applicable to a subpoena for basic 391 subscriber information; repealing s. 934.24, F.S.; 392 deleting provisions relating to backup protection for content of stored communication; deleting provisions 393 394 authorizing a subscriber to seek a court order to 395 quash such subpoena or vacate such court order for 396 disclosure; amending 934.25, F.S., deleting provisions 397 relating to delaying subscriber notice when such 398 notice is required for obtaining contents of stored 399 communications pursuant to a court order for 400 disclosure or subpoena; deleting reference to 401 subscriber notice or delay of such notice in 402 provisions relating to nondisclosure of a warrant, 403 court order, or subpoena for stored communications; 404 creating s. 934.255, F.S.; defining "adverse result," "child," "investigative or law enforcement officer," 405 "sexual abuse of child," and "supervisory official"; 406 407 specifying that an exception to the definition of 408 "investigative or law enforcement officer" is that in 409 any criminal investigation a law enforcement agency 410 must request a prosecutor obtain a subpoena for 411 information obtainable by a subpoena; authorizing an 412 investigative or law enforcement officer conducting an 413 investigation into specified matters to subpoena 414 certain persons or entities for the production of 415 records, documents, or other tangible things and testimony for stored communications, excluding basic 416 417 subscriber information relevant to stored

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418 communications; authorizing an investigative or law 419 enforcement officer conducting an investigation into 420 specified matters to subpoena certain person or entities for basic subscriber information relevant to 421 422 stored communications; specifying requirements for the 423 issuance of a subpoena; authorizing a subpoenaed 424 person to petition a court for an order modifying or 425 setting aside a prohibition on disclosure; 42.6 authorizing, under certain circumstances, an 427 investigative or law enforcement officer to retain 428 subpoenaed records, documents, or other tangible 429 objects; prohibiting the disclosure of a subpoena for 430 a specified period if the disclosure might result in 431 an adverse result; providing exceptions; requiring an 432 investigative or law enforcement officer to maintain a 433 true copy of a written certification required for 434 nondisclosure; authorizing an investigative or law 435 enforcement officer to apply to a court for an order 436 prohibiting certain entities from notifying any person 437 of the existence of a subpoena under certain 438 circumstances; authorizing an investigative or law 439 enforcement officer to petition a court to compel 440 compliance with a subpoena; authorizing a court to 441 punish a person who does not comply with a subpoena as 442 indirect criminal contempt; providing criminal 443 penalties; precluding a cause of action against 444 certain entities or persons for providing information, 445 facilities, or assistance in accordance with terms of a subpoena; providing for preservation of evidence 446

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447 pending issuance of legal process; providing that 448 certain entities or persons shall be held harmless 449 from any claim and civil liability resulting from 450 disclosure of specified information; providing for 451 reasonable compensation for reasonable expenses 452 incurred in providing assistance; requiring that a 453 subpoenaed witness be paid certain fees and mileage;