By Senator Torres

15-00458-18 20181740

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to mental health and substance abuse services for veterans; amending ss. 394.463 and 397.6758, F.S.; requiring a veteran who is involuntarily examined under the Baker Act or involuntarily assessed under the Hal S. Marchman Alcohol and Other Drug Services Act to be released to a United States Department of Veterans Affairs hospital to ensure coordination of treatment; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (g) of subsection (2) of section 394.463, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

394.463 Involuntary examination.-

- (2) INVOLUNTARY EXAMINATION.—
- (g) The examination period must be for up to 72 hours. For a minor, the examination shall be initiated within 12 hours after the patient's arrival at the facility. Within the examination period or, if the examination period ends on a weekend or holiday, no later than the next working day thereafter, one of the following actions must be taken, based on the individual needs of the patient:
- 1. The patient shall be released, unless he or she is charged with a crime, in which case the patient shall be returned to the custody of a law enforcement officer;
- The patient shall be released, subject to subparagraph
   for voluntary outpatient treatment;

15-00458-18 20181740\_\_

3. The patient, unless he or she is charged with a crime, shall be asked to give express and informed consent to placement as a voluntary patient and, if such consent is given, the patient shall be admitted as a voluntary patient; or

- 4. A petition for involuntary services shall be filed in the circuit court if inpatient treatment is deemed necessary or with the criminal county court, as defined in s. 394.4655(1), as applicable. When inpatient treatment is deemed necessary, the least restrictive treatment consistent with the optimum improvement of the patient's condition shall be made available. When a petition is to be filed for involuntary outpatient placement, it shall be filed by one of the petitioners specified in s. 394.4655(4)(a). A petition for involuntary inpatient placement shall be filed by the facility administrator; or.
- 5. Notwithstanding s. 394.4672, a patient who is a veteran as defined in s. 1.01, must be released to a United States

  Department of Veterans Affairs hospital to ensure coordination of treatment.

Section 2. Section 397.6758, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

397.6758 Release of individual from protective custody, emergency admission, involuntary assessment, involuntary treatment, and alternative involuntary assessment of a minor.—An individual involuntarily admitted to a licensed service provider may be released without further order of the court only by a qualified professional in a hospital, a detoxification facility, an addictions receiving facility, or any less restrictive treatment component. Notice of the release must be provided to the applicant in the case of an emergency admission or an

15-00458-18 20181740 59 alternative involuntary assessment for a minor, or to the 60 petitioner and the court if the involuntary assessment or treatment was court ordered. 61 62 (1) In the case of a minor, the release must be: 63 (a) (1) To the individual's parent, legal guardian, or legal custodian or the authorized designee thereof; 64 65 (b) (2) To the Department of Children and Families pursuant to s. 39.401; or 66 (c) $\frac{3}{3}$  To the Department of Juvenile Justice pursuant to s. 67 984.13. 68 69 (2) In the case of a veteran as defined in s. 1.01, the 70 release must be to a United States Department of Veterans 71 Affairs hospital to ensure coordination of treatment. 72 Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.