1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to elder abuse fatality review teams; 3 creating s. 415.1103, F.S.; providing legislative findings; creating elder abuse fatality review teams 4 5 in each judicial circuit housed, for administrative 6 purposes only, in the Department of Elderly Affairs; 7 providing for membership; specifying the duties of the 8 review teams; providing immunity from liability for 9 acts conducted in furtherance of a review team's 10 duties; prohibiting a review team and its members from 11 disclosing certain information; exempting certain 12 information and records acquired by a review team from discovery or introduction into evidence in specified 13 14 actions or proceedings; providing an exception; prohibiting a person from being required to testify 15 regarding records or information produced or presented 16 17 during meetings or other activities of a review team; providing an exception; requiring each judicial 18 19 circuit to organize by public notice the review team's initial meeting; providing requirements for the 20 21 initial meeting; providing an effective date. 22 23 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 24

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Section 415.1103, Florida Statutes, is created

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Section 1.

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26 to read: 27 415.1103 Elder abuse fatality review teams. 28 The Legislature finds that elder abuse is a serious 29 issue and that fatality review teams raise awareness in the 30 community of the serious nature and potential lethality of elder 31 abuse in this state, support the enactment of protections and 32 reforms that will help prevent abuse-related deaths in the 33 future, and help ensure that victims of elder abuse receive 34 needed services. 35 (2) Effective December 31, 2018, an elder abuse fatality 36 review team must be established in each judicial circuit to 37 review the facts and circumstances in cases involving abuse-38 related deaths. The teams shall be housed, for administrative 39 purposes only, in the Department of Elderly Affairs. The elder abuse fatality review teams are composed of 40 41 volunteers, each of whom shall serve without compensation for a 42 term of 2 years. The review team membership may include, but is 43 not limited to, the following or their representatives: 44 Law enforcement agencies. (a) 45 (b) The state attorney. 46 The medical examiner. (C) 47 (d) A county court judge. 48 (e) Adult protective services. 49 (f) The Aging and Disability Resource Center.

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The State Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program.

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(g)

51	(h) The Agency for Health Care Administration.
52	(i) The Office of the Attorney General.
53	(j) The Office of the State Courts Administrator.
54	(k) The clerk of the court.
55	(1) A victim services program.
56	(m) An elder law attorney.
57	(n) Emergency services personnel.
58	(o) A certified domestic violence center.
59	(p) An advocacy organization for victims of sexual
60	violence.
61	(q) A funeral home director.
62	(r) A forensic pathologist.
63	(s) A geriatrician.
64	(t) A geriatric nurse.
65	(u) A geriatric psychiatrist or other individual licensed
66	to offer behavioral health services.
67	(v) A hospital discharge planner.
68	(w) A public guardian.
69	(x) Other persons who have knowledge regarding fatal
70	incidents of elder abuse, domestic violence, or sexual violence,
71	including knowledge of research, policy, law, and other matters
72	connected with such incidents or who are recommended for
73	inclusion by the review team.
74	(4) Each elder abuse fatality review team shall do all of
75	the following:

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(a) Limit its review to cases that have been closed, to avoid interference with or influencing the outcome of an ongoing criminal investigation or prosecution.

- (b) Determine the number of cases it will review in which an elderly person's death is verified to have been caused by abuse or neglect.
- (c) After reviewing those cases, make policy and other recommendations as to how incidents of abuse-related fatalities may be prevented.
- (d) Submit its recommendations to the Office of the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Department of Children and Families, and the Department of Elder Affairs.
- (5) (a) The elder abuse fatality review teams must be provided access to any information or records contained in a closed file that pertains to an elder whose death is subject to review by a team, including information or records from a law enforcement agency, which are determined necessary for the team to carry out its duties.
- (b) The review teams shall review the events leading up to a fatal incident, available community resources, the actions taken by systems and individuals related to the fatal incident, and any other information deemed relevant by the team.
- (6) There is no monetary liability on the part of, and a cause of action for damages may not arise against, any member of

an elder abuse fatality review team in the performance of his or her duties as a review team member.

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- (7) Elder abuse fatality review teams and their members may not disclose any information that is not otherwise a public record.
- (8) Information and records acquired by an elder abuse fatality review team are not subject to discovery or introduction into evidence in any civil or criminal action or administrative or disciplinary proceeding by any department or employing agency if the information or records arose out of matters that are the subject of evaluation and review by the elder abuse fatality review team. However, information, documents, and records that are available from other sources are not immune from discovery or introduction into evidence solely because the information, documents, or records were presented to or reviewed by a review team. A person who has attended a meeting of an elder abuse fatality review team may not be required to testify in any civil, criminal, administrative, or disciplinary proceedings as to any records or information produced or presented to the team during meetings or other activities authorized by this section. However, review team members may be required to testify as to matters otherwise within their personal knowledge.
- (9) The chief judge or his or her representative from each judicial circuit shall provide public notice of the initial

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meeting of the review team in its circuit. At the initial meeting, the volunteers shall choose two members who shall serve as co-chairs of the review team. The co-chairs shall determine the frequency of the meetings in the circuit and submit the team's recommendations as provided in paragraph (4)(d).

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

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