

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
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The Committee on Community Affairs (Steube) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 163.3209, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.3209 Electric transmission and distribution line rightof-way maintenance.-

(1) The Legislature finds that the uncontrolled growth of trees and vegetation within electric transmission and

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distribution rights-of-way may compromise the function of electric facilities, leading to extended electrical outages and adversely impacting public health and safety.

(2) After a right-of-way for any electric transmission or distribution line has been established and constructed, a no local government may not shall require or apply any permits or other approvals or code provisions for or related to vegetation maintenance and tree pruning or trimming within the established right-of-way. The term "vegetation maintenance and tree pruning or trimming" means the mowing of vegetation within the right-ofway, removal of trees or brush within the right-of-way, and selective removal of tree branches that extend within the rightof-way. The requirements provisions of this section do not apply to include the removal of trees outside the right-of-way, which may be allowed in compliance with applicable local vegetation plans, ordinances, or practices. However, if an electric utility provides written notice to a local government that its local vegetation management plan, ordinances, or practices may adversely impact electric reliability by allowing trees or other vegetation to be planted where, at mature height or width, the trees or other vegetation may conflict with electric facilities in either normal or inclement weather, the local government is liable to the electric utility for all reasonable restoration costs thereafter incurred by the electric utility attributable to damages or electrical outages caused by such trees or other vegetation. An electric utility must invoice the local government for all such restoration costs within 120 days after any event of loss. In any civil action by an electric utility against a local government to recover such damages, the burden

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of proof shifts to the local government to demonstrate that the damages are not attributable to the trees or other vegetation or that the damages are otherwise in amounts less than those claimed by the electric utility ordinances.

- (3) Before Prior to conducting scheduled routine vegetation maintenance and tree pruning or trimming activities within an established right-of-way, the electric utility must shall provide the official designated by the local government with a minimum of 5 business days' advance notice. Such advance notice is not required for vegetation maintenance and tree pruning or trimming required to restore electric service or to avoid an imminent vegetation-caused outage or when performed at the request of the property owner adjacent to the right-of-way, provided that the owner has approval of the local government, if needed. Upon the request of the local government, the electric utility shall meet with the local government to discuss and submit the utility's vegetation maintenance plan, including the utility's trimming specifications and maintenance practices.
- (4) Vegetation maintenance and tree pruning or trimming conducted by utilities must shall conform to ANSI A300 (Part I)-2001 pruning standards and ANSI Z133.1-2000 Pruning, Repairing, Maintaining, and Removing Trees, and Cutting Brush-Safety Requirements. Vegetation maintenance and tree pruning or trimming conducted by utilities must be supervised by qualified electric utility personnel or licensed contractors trained to conduct vegetation maintenance and tree trimming or pruning consistent with this section or by Certified Arborists certified by the Certification Program of the International Society of Arboriculture. A local government may shall not adopt an

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ordinance or land development regulation that requires the planting of a tree or other vegetation that will achieve a height greater than 14 feet in an established electric utility right-of-way or intrude from the side closer than the clearance distance specified in Table 2 of ANSI Z133.1-2000 for lines affected by the North American Electric Reliability Council Standard, FAC 003.1 requirement R1.2.

(5) This section does not supersede or nullify the terms of specific franchise agreements between an electric utility and a local government and may shall not be construed to limit a local government's franchising authority. This section does not supersede local government ordinances or regulations governing planting, pruning, trimming, or removal of specimen trees or historical trees, as defined in a local government's ordinances or regulations, or trees within designated canopied protection areas.

(6) This section does shall not apply if a local government and an electric develops, with input from the utility agree on, and the local government adopts, a written plan specifically for vegetation maintenance, tree pruning, tree removal, and tree trimming by the utility within the local government's established rights-of-way and the plan is not inconsistent with the minimum requirements of the National Electrical Safety Code as adopted by the Public Service Commission; provided, however, such a plan shall not require the planting of a tree or other vegetation that will achieve a height greater than 14 feet in an established electric right-of-way. Vegetation maintenance costs shall be considered recoverable costs.

Section 2. Section 589.37, Florida Statutes, is created to



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589.37 Tree and vegetation maintenance within established flood and drainage rights-of-way.-

- (1) The legislature finds that water management districts, water control districts, and special districts authorized to exercise powers under chapter 298 establish and manage public rights-of-way for the purpose of flood protection and drainage control. Uncontrolled growth of trees and vegetation within rights-of-way established for these purposes may compromise the function of such rights-of-way and, left unaddressed, may adversely impact public health and safety and may adversely affect other adjacent jurisdictions.
- (2) After a right-of-way for flood protection or drainage control has been established and constructed by a water management district, a water control district, or a special district authorized to exercise powers under chapter 298, a local government may not require any permits or other approvals for vegetation maintenance and tree pruning or trimming within the established right-of-way. The term "vegetation maintenance and tree pruning or trimming" means the mowing of vegetation within the right-of-way, removal of trees or brush within the right-of-way, and selective removal of tree branches that extend within the right-of-way. The provisions of this section do not include the removal of trees or vegetation outside the right-ofway, which may be authorized in accordance with applicable local ordinances.
- (3) Before conducting scheduled routine vegetation and tree maintenance activities within an established right-of-way, a water management district, water control district, or special

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district authorized to exercise powers under chapter 298 must provide the official designated by the local government with a minimum of 5 business days' advance notice. Such advance notice is not required when maintenance is necessary to avoid imminent threat to public safety.

- (4) This section does not limit the licensing and regulation by local governments of persons engaged in vegetation maintenance and tree pruning or trimming.
- (5) This section does not prohibit a water management district, water control district, or special district authorized to exercise powers under chapter 298 from entering into agreements with local governments to perform maintenance services for the water management district, water control district, or special district authorized to exercise powers under chapter 298.
- (6) This section does not prohibit a local government with delegated authority from the Department of Environmental Protection from implementing a mangrove regulatory program pursuant to s. 403.9324.
- (7) This section does not apply to the exercise of specifically delegated authority for mangrove protection pursuant to ss. 403.9321-403.9333.
- (8) Local government regulations regarding the maintenance, pruning, or removal of trees or vegetation may not apply to such activities conducted at a single-family home, in an area zoned for residential use, during an emergency declared pursuant to s. 252.36.
 - Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

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And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause and insert:

A bill to be entitled

An act relating to tree and vegetation trimming and removal; amending s. 163.3209, F.S.; providing legislative findings; providing that local governments are liable for electric utility restoration costs under certain conditions; specifying a time limit for an electric utility to invoice a local government for such costs; specifying a burden of proof; deleting a requirement that an electric utility must meet with a local government upon request to discuss and submit the utility's vegetation maintenance plan; deleting a provision regarding applicability to specimen trees, historical trees, or canopy protection areas; providing applicability when a local government and an electric utility agree on a written plan for certain specified purposes; creating s. 589.37, F.S.; providing legislative findings; prohibiting local governments from requiring permits or other approvals for vegetation maintenance and tree pruning or trimming within an established right-of-way managed by a water management district, water control district, or special district exercising chapter 298 powers; defining the term "vegetation maintenance and tree pruning or trimming"; specifying an exception; requiring water management districts, water control



districts, and special districts exercising chapter		
298 powers to provide certain advance notice before		
conducting vegetation maintenance under certain		
conditions; providing applicability; prohibiting the		
application of certain tree-related local regulations		
during emergencies; providing an effective date.		