

HB639, Engrossed 1

1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to equitable distribution of marital
3	assets and liabilities; amending s. 61.075, F.S.;
4	redefining the term "marital assets and liabilities"
5	for purposes of equitable distribution in dissolution
6	of marriage actions; providing that the term includes
7	the paydown of principal of notes and mortgages
8	secured by nonmarital real property and certain
9	passive appreciation in such property under certain
10	circumstances; providing formulas and guidelines for
11	determining the amount of such passive appreciation;
12	authorizing the court to require security and interest
13	when installment payments are ordered in the division
14	of assets; providing applicability; providing an
15	effective date.
16	
17	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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19	Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) and subsection
20	(10) of section 61.075, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
21	61.075 Equitable distribution of marital assets and
22	liabilities
23	(6) As used in this section:
24	(a)1. "Marital assets and liabilities" include:
25	a. Assets acquired and liabilities incurred during the
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26	marriage, individually by either spouse or jointly by them.
27	b. The enhancement in value and appreciation of nonmarital
28	assets resulting either from the efforts of either party during
29	the marriage or from the contribution to or expenditure thereon
30	of marital funds or other forms of marital assets, or both.
31	c. The paydown of principal of a note and mortgage secured
32	by nonmarital real property and a portion of any passive
33	appreciation in the property, if the note and mortgage secured
34	by the property are paid down from marital funds during the
35	marriage. The portion of passive appreciation in the property
36	characterized as marital and subject to equitable distribution
37	is determined by multiplying a coverture fraction by the passive
38	appreciation in the property during the marriage.
39	(I) The passive appreciation is determined by subtracting
40	the value of the property on the date of the marriage or the
41	date of acquisition of the property, whichever is later, from
42	the value of the property on the valuation date in the
43	dissolution action, less any active appreciation of the property
44	during the marriage as described in sub-subparagraph b., and
45	less any additional encumbrances secured by the property during
46	the marriage in excess of the first note and mortgage on which
47	principal is paid from marital funds.
48	(II) The coverture fraction must consist of a numerator,
49	defined as the total payment of principal from marital funds of
50	all notes and mortgages secured by the property during the
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51 marriage, and a denominator, defined as the value of the subject 52 real property on the date of the marriage, the date of 53 acquisition of the property, or the date the property was 54 encumbered by the first note and mortgage on which principal was 55 paid from marital funds, whichever is later. 56 The passive appreciation must be multiplied by the (III) 57 coverture fraction to determine the marital portion of the 58 passive appreciation of the property. 59 (IV) The total marital portion of the property consists of 60 the marital portion of the passive appreciation, the mortgage principal paid during the marriage from marital funds, and any 61 62 active appreciation of the property during the marriage as described in sub-subparagraph b., not to exceed the total net 63 64 equity in the property at the date of valuation. 65 The court shall apply the formula specified in this (V) 66 subparagraph unless a party shows circumstances sufficient to 67 establish that application of the formula would be inequitable 68 under the facts presented. 69 d.c. Interspousal gifts during the marriage. 70 e.d. All vested and nonvested benefits, rights, and funds accrued during the marriage in retirement, pension, profit-71 72 sharing, annuity, deferred compensation, and insurance plans and 73 programs. 74 All real property held by the parties as tenants by the 2. 75 entireties, whether acquired prior to or during the marriage, Page 3 of 4

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shall be presumed to be a marital asset. If, in any case, a party makes a claim to the contrary, the burden of proof shall be on the party asserting the claim that the subject property, or some portion thereof, is nonmarital.

3. All personal property titled jointly by the parties as tenants by the entireties, whether acquired prior to or during the marriage, shall be presumed to be a marital asset. In the event a party makes a claim to the contrary, the burden of proof shall be on the party asserting the claim that the subject property, or some portion thereof, is nonmarital.

86 4. The burden of proof to overcome the gift presumption87 shall be by clear and convincing evidence.

88 (10) (a) To do equity between the parties, the court may, 89 in lieu of or to supplement, facilitate, or effectuate the 90 equitable division of marital assets and liabilities, order a 91 monetary payment in a lump sum or in installments paid over a 92 fixed period of time.

93 (b) If installment payments are ordered, the court may 94 require security and a reasonable rate of interest or may 95 otherwise recognize the time value of the money to be paid in 96 the judgment or order.

97 (c) This subsection does not preclude the application of 98 <u>chapter 55 to any subsequent default.</u>

Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

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