#### ENROLLED 2018 Legislature

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#### CS for CS for SB 740, 1st Engrossed

2018740er

An act relating to the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; amending s. 193.461, F.S.; specifying the methodology for the assessment of certain structures in horticultural production; specifying, subject to certain conditions, that land classified as agricultural remains classified as such for a specified period if such lands are damaged by certain natural disasters and agricultural production is halted or reduced; providing for retroactive application; creating s. 252.3569, F.S.; providing a legislative finding; establishing a state agricultural response team within the department; specifying the responsibilities of the team in coordination with the Division of Emergency Management; requiring, during emergency and disaster situations, the division to coordinate with the department for specified purposes; amending s. 316.565, F.S.; revising the Governor's authority, to include agricultural products instead of only perishable food, in declaring an emergency relating to the transport of such products when there is a breakdown in the normal public transportation facilities necessary to move such products; authorizing the Department of Transportation to issue, and specifying that certain law enforcement officers must accept, electronic verification of permits during a declared state of emergency; providing that such permits are valid for up to a specified period, but no longer than the duration of the declared state of

#### Page 1 of 113

# 2018 Legislature CS for CS for SB 740, 1st Engrossed

2018740er

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30	emergency or any extension thereof; requiring the
31	Department of Transportation to consult with the
32	Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services and
33	stakeholders in the agricultural industry in
34	implementing emergency transportation assistance for
35	agricultural products; amending s. 379.361, F.S.;
36	transferring authority to issue licenses for oyster
37	harvesting in Apalachicola Bay from the department to
38	the City of Apalachicola; revising the disposition and
39	permitted uses of license proceeds; amending s.
40	487.041, F.S.; deleting obsolete provisions; deleting
41	a requirement that all pesticide registration fees be
42	submitted electronically; amending s. 496.415, F.S.;
43	prohibiting the commingling of funds in connection
44	with the planning, conduct, or execution of any
45	solicitation or charitable or sponsor sales promotion;
46	amending s. 496.418, F.S.; revising recordkeeping and
47	accounting requirements for solicitations of funds;
48	specifying a rebuttable presumption under certain
49	circumstances; amending s. 500.459, F.S.; revising
50	permitting requirements and operating standards for
51	water vending machines; amending s. 501.059, F.S.;
52	revising the term "telephonic sales call" to include
53	voicemail transmissions; defining the term "voicemail
54	transmission"; prohibiting the transmission of
55	voicemails to specified persons who communicate to a
56	telephone solicitor that they would not like to
57	receive certain voicemail solicitations or requests
58	for donations; requiring a solicitor to ensure that if

# Page 2 of 113

2018740er

59 a telephone number is available through a caller 60 identification system, that telephone number must be 61 capable of receiving calls and must connect the 62 original call recipient to the solicitor; revising 63 civil penalties; creating s. 501.6175, F.S.; 64 specifying recordkeeping requirements for commercial telephone sellers; amending s. 501.912, F.S.; revising 65 66 terms; amending s. 501.913, F.S.; authorizing 67 antifreeze brands to be registered for a specified 68 period; deleting a provision relating to the registration of brands that are no longer in 69 70 production; specifying a certified report requirement 71 for first-time applications; amending s. 501.917, 72 F.S.; revising department sampling and analysis 73 requirements for antifreeze; specifying that the 74 certificate of analysis is prima facie evidence of the 75 facts stated therein; amending s. 501.92, F.S.; 76 revising when the department may require an antifreeze 77 formula for analysis; amending s. 525.07, F.S.; 78 authorizing the department to seize skimming devices 79 without a warrant; amending s. 526.51, F.S.; revising application requirements and fees for brake fluid 80 brands; deleting a provision relating to the 81 82 registration of brands that are no longer in 83 production; amending s. 526.53, F.S.; revising department sampling and analysis requirements for 84 85 brake fluid; specifying that the certificate of analysis is prima facie evidence of the facts stated 86 87 therein; amending s. 527.01, F.S.; revising terms;

#### Page 3 of 113

2018740er 88 amending s. 527.02, F.S.; revising the persons subject 89 to liquefied petroleum business licensing provisions; 90 revising such licensing fees and requirements; revising reporting and fee requirements for certain 91 92 material changes to license information; deleting a 93 provision authorizing license transfers; amending s. 94 527.0201, F.S.; revising the persons subject to 95 liquefied petroleum qualifier competency examination, 96 registry, supervisory, and employment requirements; 97 revising the expiration of qualifier registrations; revising the persons subject to master qualifier 98 99 requirements; revising master qualifier application requirements; deleting provisions specifying that a 100 failure to replace master qualifiers within certain 101 periods constitutes grounds for license revocation; 102 103 deleting a provision relating to facsimile 104 transmission of duplicate licenses; amending s. 105 527.021, F.S.; revising the circumstances under which 106 liquefied petroleum qas bulk delivery vehicles must be 107 registered with the department; amending s. 527.03, 108 F.S.; authorizing certain liquefied petroleum gas registrations to be renewed for 2 or 3 years; deleting 109 certain renewal period requirements; amending s. 110 111 527.04, F.S.; revising the persons required to provide 112 the department with proof of insurance; revising the 113 required payee for a bond in lieu of such insurance; 114 amending s. 527.0605, F.S.; deleting provisions 115 requiring licensees to submit a site plan and review 116 fee for liquefied petroleum bulk storage container

#### Page 4 of 113

2018740er

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circumstances under which a liquefied petroleum gas licensee must notify the department of an accident; amending s. 527.067, F.S.; requiring certain liquefied petroleum gas dealers to provide notice within a specified period before rendering a consumer's liquefied petroleum gas equipment or system inoperable or discontinuing service; providing an exception; amending ss. 527.10 and 527.21, F.S.; conforming 126 provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 527.22, F.S.; deleting an obsolete provision; amending s. 531.67, F.S.; extending the expiration date of 129 certain provisions relating to permits for commercially operated or tested weights or measures instruments or devices; amending s. 534.47, F.S.; revising and providing definitions; amending s. 534.49, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; repealing s. 534.50, F.S., relating to 135 reporting and notice requirements for dishonored 136 checks and drafts for payment of livestock purchases; amending s. 534.501, F.S.; providing that delaying or failing to make payment for certain livestock is an 139 unfair and deceptive act; repealing s. 534.51, F.S., relating to the prohibition of the filing of complaints by certain livestock markets; amending s. 534.54, F.S.; providing that purchasers who delay or fail to render payment for purchased livestock are liable for certain fees, costs, and expenses; 145 conforming provisions to changes made by the act;

locations; amending s. 527.065, F.S.; revising the

#### Page 5 of 113

2018740er

146 amending s. 570.07, F.S.; authorizing the department to waive certain fees during a state of emergency; 147 148 amending s. 573.111, F.S.; revising the required 149 posting location for the issuance of an agricultural 150 commodity marketing order; amending s. 578.011, F.S.; 151 revising and defining terms; creating s. 578.012, 152 F.S.; providing legislative intent; creating a 153 preemption of local law relating to regulation of 154 seed; amending s. 578.08, F.S.; revising application 155 requirements for the registration of seed dealers; 156 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 157 specifying that a receipt from the department need not 158 be written to constitute a permit; deleting an 159 exception to registration requirements for certain 160 experiment stations; requiring the payment of fees 161 when packet seed is placed into commerce; amending s. 162 578.09, F.S.; revising labeling requirements for 163 agricultural, vegetable, flower, tree, and shrub 164 seeds; conforming a cross-reference; repealing s. 165 578.091, F.S., relating to labeling of forest tree 166 seed; amending s. 578.10, F.S.; revising exemptions to 167 seed labeling, sale, and solicitation requirements; amending s. 578.11, F.S.; conforming provisions to 168 169 changes made by the act; making technical changes; 170 amending s. 578.12, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 578.13, F.S.; 171 172 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 173 specifying that it is unlawful to move, handle, or 174 dispose of seeds or tags under a stop-sale notice or

#### Page 6 of 113

# 2018 Legislature CS for CS for SB 740, 1st Engrossed

2018740er

	2018/40
175	order without permission from the department;
176	specifying that it is unlawful to represent seed as
177	certified except under specified conditions or to
178	label seed with a variety name under certain
179	conditions; repealing s. 578.14, F.S., relating to
180	packet vegetable and flower seed; amending s. 578.181,
181	F.S.; revising penalties; amending s. 578.23, F.S.;
182	revising recordkeeping requirements relating to seed
183	labeling; amending s. 578.26, F.S.; conforming
184	provisions to changes made by the act; specifying that
185	certain persons may not commence legal proceedings or
186	make certain claims against a seed dealer before
187	certain findings and recommendations are transmitted
188	by the seed investigation and conciliation council to
189	the complainant and dealer; deleting a requirement
190	that the department transmit such findings and
191	recommendations to complainants and dealers; requiring
192	the department to mail a copy of the council's
193	procedures to both parties upon receipt of a
194	complaint; amending s. 578.27, F.S.; removing
195	alternate membership from the seed investigation and
196	conciliation council; revising the terms of members of
197	the council; conforming provisions to changes made by
198	the act; revising the purpose of the council; revising
199	the council's investigatory process; renumbering and
200	amending s. 578.28, F.S.; making a technical change;
201	creating s. 578.29, F.S.; prohibiting certain noxious
202	weed seed from being offered or exposed for sale;
203	amending s. 590.02, F.S.; authorizing the Florida

# Page 7 of 113

2018740er 204 Forest Service to pay certain employees' initial 205 commercial driver license examination fees; creating 206 s. 817.417, F.S.; providing a short title; defining 207 terms; specifying department duties and 208 responsibilities relating to government impostor and 209 deceptive advertisements; requiring rulemaking by the 210 department; specifying that it is a violation to 211 disseminate certain misleading or confusing 212 advertisements, to make certain misleading or 213 confusing representations, to use content implying or 214 leading to confusion that such content is from a 215 governmental entity when such is not true, to fail to 216 provide certain disclosures, and to fail to provide 217 certain responses and answers to the department; 218 requiring a person offering documents that are 219 available free of charge or at a lesser price from a 220 governmental entity to provide a certain disclosure; 221 providing penalties; amending s. 489.105, F.S.; 222 conforming provisions to changes made by the act; 223 reenacting s. 527.06(3), F.S., relating to published standards of the National Fire Protection Association; 224 225 providing an effective date. 226 227 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: 228 229 Section 1. Section 193.461, Florida Statutes, is amended to 230 read: 231 193.461 Agricultural lands; classification and assessment; 232 mandated eradication or quarantine program; natural disasters.-

#### Page 8 of 113

(1) The property appraiser shall, on an annual basis,
classify for assessment purposes all lands within the county as
either agricultural or nonagricultural.

236 (2) Any landowner whose land is denied agricultural 237 classification by the property appraiser may appeal to the value 238 adjustment board. The property appraiser shall notify the 239 landowner in writing of the denial of agricultural classification on or before July 1 of the year for which the 240 241 application was filed. The notification shall advise the 242 landowner of his or her right to appeal to the value adjustment 243 board and of the filing deadline. The property appraiser shall have available at his or her office a list by ownership of all 244 applications received showing the acreage, the full valuation 245 under s. 193.011, the valuation of the land under the provisions 246 247 of this section, and whether or not the classification requested 248 was granted.

249 (3) (a) Lands may not be classified as agricultural lands 250 unless a return is filed on or before March 1 of each year. 251 Before classifying such lands as agricultural lands, the 252 property appraiser may require the taxpayer or the taxpayer's 253 representative to furnish the property appraiser such 254 information as may reasonably be required to establish that such 255 lands were actually used for a bona fide agricultural purpose. 256 Failure to make timely application by March 1 constitutes a 257 waiver for 1 year of the privilege granted in this section for 258 agricultural assessment. However, an applicant who is qualified 259 to receive an agricultural classification who fails to file an 260 application by March 1 must file an application for the 261 classification with the property appraiser on or before the 25th

#### Page 9 of 113

2018740er 262 day after the mailing by the property appraiser of the notice 263 required under s. 194.011(1). Upon receipt of sufficient 264 evidence, as determined by the property appraiser, that 265 demonstrates that the applicant was unable to apply for the 266 classification in a timely manner or that otherwise demonstrates extenuating circumstances that warrant the granting of the 267 268 classification, the property appraiser may grant the 269 classification. If the applicant files an application for the 270 classification and fails to provide sufficient evidence to the 271 property appraiser as required, the applicant may file, pursuant 272 to s. 194.011(3), a petition with the value adjustment board 273 requesting that the classification be granted. The petition may 274 be filed at any time during the taxable year on or before the 275 25th day following the mailing of the notice by the property appraiser as provided in s. 194.011(1). Notwithstanding s. 276 277 194.013, the applicant must pay a nonrefundable fee of \$15 upon 278 filing the petition. Upon reviewing the petition, if the person 279 is qualified to receive the classification and demonstrates 280 particular extenuating circumstances judged by the value 281 adjustment board to warrant granting the classification, the value adjustment board may grant the classification for the 282 current year. The owner of land that was classified agricultural 283 in the previous year and whose ownership or use has not changed 284 285 may reapply on a short form as provided by the department. The 286 lessee of property may make original application or reapply 287 using the short form if the lease, or an affidavit executed by 288 the owner, provides that the lessee is empowered to make 289 application for the agricultural classification on behalf of the 290 owner and a copy of the lease or affidavit accompanies the

#### Page 10 of 113

application. A county may, at the request of the property appraiser and by a majority vote of its governing body, waive the requirement that an annual application or statement be made for classification of property within the county after an initial application is made and the classification granted by the property appraiser. Such waiver may be revoked by a majority vote of the governing body of the county.

(b) Subject to the restrictions specified in this section, only lands that are used primarily for bona fide agricultural purposes shall be classified agricultural. The term "bona fide agricultural purposes" means good faith commercial agricultural use of the land.

303 1. In determining whether the use of the land for 304 agricultural purposes is bona fide, the following factors may be 305 taken into consideration:

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a. The length of time the land has been so used.

b. Whether the use has been continuous.

c. The purchase price paid.

309 d. Size, as it relates to specific agricultural use, but a310 minimum acreage may not be required for agricultural assessment.

e. Whether an indicated effort has been made to care
sufficiently and adequately for the land in accordance with
accepted commercial agricultural practices, including, without
limitation, fertilizing, liming, tilling, mowing, reforesting,
and other accepted agricultural practices.

316 f. Whether the land is under lease and, if so, the 317 effective length, terms, and conditions of the lease.

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g. Such other factors as may become applicable.

319 2. Offering property for sale does not constitute a primary

#### Page 11 of 113

320 use of land and may not be the basis for denying an agricultural 321 classification if the land continues to be used primarily for 322 bona fide agricultural purposes while it is being offered for 323 sale.

(c) The maintenance of a dwelling on part of the lands used for agricultural purposes <u>does</u> shall not in itself preclude an agricultural classification.

(d) When property receiving an agricultural classification contains a residence under the same ownership, the portion of the property consisting of the residence and curtilage must be assessed separately, pursuant to s. 193.011, to qualify for the assessment limitation set forth in s. 193.155. The remaining property may be classified under the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b).

(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a), land 334 335 that has received an agricultural classification from the value 336 adjustment board or a court of competent jurisdiction pursuant 337 to this section is entitled to receive such classification in 338 any subsequent year until such agricultural use of the land is 339 abandoned or discontinued, the land is diverted to a nonagricultural use, or the land is reclassified as 340 341 nonagricultural pursuant to subsection (4). The property 342 appraiser must, no later than January 31 of each year, provide 343 notice to the owner of land that was classified agricultural in 344 the previous year informing the owner of the requirements of 345 this paragraph and requiring the owner to certify that neither 346 the ownership nor the use of the land has changed. The 347 department shall, by administrative rule, prescribe the form of 348 the notice to be used by the property appraiser under this

#### Page 12 of 113

349 paragraph. If a county has waived the requirement that an annual application or statement be made for classification of property 350 351 pursuant to paragraph (a), the county may, by a majority vote of 352 its governing body, waive the notice and certification 353 requirements of this paragraph and shall provide the property 354 owner with the same notification provided to owners of land 355 granted an agricultural classification by the property 356 appraiser. Such waiver may be revoked by a majority vote of the 357 county's governing body. This paragraph does not apply to any 358 property if the agricultural classification of that property is 359 the subject of current litigation.

360 (4) The property appraiser shall reclassify the following 361 lands as nonagricultural:

362 (a) Land diverted from an agricultural to a nonagricultural363 use.

364 (b) Land no longer being utilized for agricultural365 purposes.

(5) For the purpose of this section, the term "agricultural purposes" includes, but is not limited to, horticulture; floriculture; viticulture; forestry; dairy; livestock; poultry; bee; pisciculture, if the land is used principally for the production of tropical fish; aquaculture, including algaculture; sod farming; and all forms of farm products as defined in s. 823.14(3) and farm production.

(6) (a) In years in which proper application for agricultural assessment has been made and granted pursuant to this section, the assessment of land shall be based solely on its agricultural use. The property appraiser shall consider the following use factors only:

#### Page 13 of 113

2018740er

379	2. The condition of the property;
380	3. The present market value of the property as agricultural
381	land;
382	4. The income produced by the property;
383	5. The productivity of land in its present use;
384	6. The economic merchantability of the agricultural
385	product; and
386	7. Such other agricultural factors as may from time to time
387	become applicable, which are reflective of the standard present
388	practices of agricultural use and production.
389	(b) Notwithstanding any provision relating to annual
390	assessment found in s. 192.042, the property appraiser shall
391	rely on 5-year moving average data when utilizing the income
392	methodology approach in an assessment of property used for
393	agricultural purposes.
394	(c)1. For purposes of the income methodology approach to
395	assessment of property used for agricultural purposes,
396	irrigation systems, including pumps and motors, physically
397	attached to the land shall be considered a part of the average
398	yields per acre and shall have no separately assessable
399	contributory value.
400	2. Litter containment structures located on producing
401	poultry farms and animal waste nutrient containment structures
402	located on producing dairy farms shall be assessed by the
403	methodology described in subparagraph 1.
404	3. Structures or improvements used in horticultural
405	production for frost or freeze protection, which are consistent
406	with the interim measures or best management practices adopted
	Page 14 of 113
	<b>CODING:</b> Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

1. The quantity and size of the property;

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to s. 570.93 or s. 403.067(7)(c), shall be assessed by the 408 409 methodology described in subparagraph 1. 410 4. Screened enclosed structures used in horticultural 411 production for protection from pests and diseases or to comply 412 with state or federal eradication or compliance agreements shall 413 be assessed by the methodology described in subparagraph 1. 414 (d) In years in which proper application for agricultural 415 assessment has not been made, the land shall be assessed under the provisions of s. 193.011. 416 (7) (a) Lands classified for assessment purposes as 417 agricultural lands which are taken out of production by a state 418 or federal eradication or quarantine program, including the 419 420 Citrus Health Response Program, shall continue to be classified as agricultural lands for 5 years after the date of execution of 421 422 a compliance agreement between the landowner and the Department 423 of Agriculture and Consumer Services or a federal agency, as 424 applicable, pursuant to such program or successor programs. 425 Lands under these programs which are converted to fallow or 426 otherwise nonincome-producing uses shall continue to be 427 classified as agricultural lands and shall be assessed at a de 428 minimis value of up to \$50 per acre on a single-year assessment 429 methodology while fallow or otherwise used for nonincome-430 producing purposes. Lands under these programs which are 431 replanted in citrus pursuant to the requirements of the compliance agreement shall continue to be classified as 432 433 agricultural lands and shall be assessed at a de minimis value of up to \$50 per acre, on a single-year assessment methodology, 434 435 during the 5-year term of agreement. However, lands converted to

by the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services pursuant

#### Page 15 of 113

436 other income-producing agricultural uses permissible under such 437 programs shall be assessed pursuant to this section. Land under 438 a mandated eradication or quarantine program which is diverted 439 from an agricultural to a nonagricultural use shall be assessed 440 under s. 193.011.

441 (b) Lands classified for assessment purposes as 442 agricultural lands that participate in a dispersed water storage 443 program pursuant to a contract with the Department of 444 Environmental Protection or a water management district which 445 requires flooding of land shall continue to be classified as 446 agricultural lands for the duration of the inclusion of the 447 lands in such program or successor programs and shall be 448 assessed as nonproductive agricultural lands. Land that 449 participates in a dispersed water storage program that is 450 diverted from an agricultural to a nonagricultural use shall be 451 assessed under s. 193.011.

452 (c) Lands classified for assessment purposes as 453 agricultural lands which are not being used for agricultural 454 production as a result of a natural disaster for which a state 455 of emergency is declared pursuant to s. 252.36, when such 456 disaster results in the halting of agricultural production, must 457 continue to be classified as agricultural lands for 5 years 458 after termination of the emergency declaration. However, if such 459 lands are diverted from agricultural use to nonagricultural use 460 during or after the 5-year recovery period, such lands must be assessed under s. 193.011. This paragraph applies retroactively 461 to natural disasters that occurred on or after July 1, 2017. 462 463 Section 2. Section 252.3569, Florida Statutes, is created

464 to read:

#### Page 16 of 113

# ENROLLED

# 2018 Legislature CS for CS for SB 740, 1st Engrossed

2018740er
252.3569 Florida state agricultural response team;
emergency response to animal, agricultural, and vector issues
The Legislature finds that the Department of Agriculture and
Consumer Services is the lead agency for animal, agricultural,
and vector issues in the state. Pursuant to this responsibility,
there is established within the Department of Agriculture and
Consumer Services a state agricultural response team.
(1) The state agricultural response team, in coordination
with the division, is responsible for the development, training,
and support of county agricultural response teams and other
nonemergency support functions.
(2) During emergency or disaster situations, as described
by the Florida Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan, the
division shall coordinate with the Department of Agriculture and
Consumer Services for the purposes of:
(a) Oversight of the emergency management functions of
preparedness, recovery, mitigation, and response with all
agencies and organizations that are involved with the state's
response activities to animal, agricultural, and vector issues;
and
(b) Staffing the Emergency Support Function 17 at the State
Emergency Operations Center and staffing, as necessary, at
county emergency operations centers.
Section 3. Section 316.565, Florida Statutes, is amended to
read:
316.565 Emergency transportation, agricultural products
perishable food; establishment of weight loads, etc
(1) The Governor may declare an emergency to exist when
there is a breakdown in the normal public transportation

# Page 17 of 113

2018740er 494 facilities necessary in moving agricultural products, as defined 495 in s. 604.60, perishable food crops grown in the state. The 496 Department of Transportation is authorized during such emergency 497 to establish such weight loads for hauling over the highways 498 from the fields or packinghouses to the nearest available public 499 transportation facility as circumstances demand. The Department of Transportation may issue, and any law enforcement officer 500 501 authorized to enforce the traffic laws of this state must 502 accept, electronic verification of permits during such an 503 emergency. A permit issued pursuant to this section is valid for 504 up to 60 days; however, the validity of the permit may not 505 exceed the period of the declared state of emergency or any 506 extension thereof. The Department of Transportation shall 507 designate special highway routes, excluding the interstate highway system, to facilitate the trucking and render any other 508 509 assistance needed to expedite moving the agricultural products 510 perishables.

(2) It is the intent of the Legislature in this chapter to 511 512 supersede any existing laws when necessary to protect and save any agricultural products perishable food crops grown in the 513 state and give authority for agencies to provide necessary 514 temporary assistance requested during any such emergency. The 515 department shall consult with the Department of Agriculture and 516 517 Consumer Services and stakeholders in the agricultural industry 518 in implementing this section.

519Section 4. Paragraphs (b), (d), and (i) of subsection (5)520of section 379.361, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:521379.361 Licenses.-

522

(5) APALACHICOLA BAY OYSTER HARVESTING LICENSE.-

#### Page 18 of 113

2018740er

(b) <u>A</u> No person <u>may not</u> shall harvest oysters from the
Apalachicola Bay without a valid Apalachicola Bay oyster
harvesting license issued by the <u>City of Apalachicola</u> <del>Department</del>
of Agriculture and Consumer Services. This requirement <u>does</u>
shall not apply to anyone harvesting noncommercial quantities of
oysters in accordance with commission rules, or to any person
less than 18 years old.

(d) The City of Apalachicola Department of Agriculture and 530 531 Consumer Services shall collect an annual fee of \$100 from state residents and \$500 from nonresidents for the issuance of an 532 533 Apalachicola Bay oyster harvesting license. The license year 534 shall begin on July 1 of each year and end on June 30 of the 535 following year. The license shall be valid only for the 536 licensee. Only bona fide residents of the state Florida may 537 obtain a resident license pursuant to this subsection.

(i) The proceeds from Apalachicola Bay oyster harvesting
license fees shall be deposited by the City of Apalachicola into
<u>a trust account</u> in the General Inspection Trust Fund and, less
reasonable administrative costs, <u>must</u> shall be used or
distributed by the <u>City of Apalachicola</u> Department of
Agriculture and Consumer Services for the following purposes in
Apalachicola Bay:

545 1. <u>An Apalachicola Bay oyster shell recycling program</u>
 546 Relaying and transplanting live oysters.

547 548 Shell planting to construct or rehabilitate oyster bars.
 Education programs for licensed oyster harvesters on

549 oyster biology, aquaculture, boating and water safety, 550 sanitation, resource conservation, small business management, 551 marketing, and other relevant subjects.

#### Page 19 of 113

ENROLLED 2018 Legislature

2018740er
4. Research directed toward the enhancement of oyster
production in the bay and the water management needs of the bay.
Section 5. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (i) of subsection (1)
of section 487.041, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 487.041 Registration. (1) (a) Effective January 1, 2009, Each brand of pesticide,
as defined in s. 487.021, which is distributed, sold, or offered
for sale, except as provided in this section, within this state

559 for sale, except as provided in this section, within this state 560 or delivered for transportation or transported in intrastate 561 commerce or between points within this state through any point 562 outside this state must be registered in the office of the 563 department, and such registration shall be renewed biennially. 564 Emergency exemptions from registration may be authorized in 565 accordance with the rules of the department. The registrant 566 shall file with the department a statement including:

567 1. The name, business mailing address, and street address568 of the registrant.

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2. The name of the brand of pesticide.

570 3. An ingredient statement and a complete current copy of 571 the labeling accompanying the brand of pesticide, which must conform to the registration, and a statement of all claims to be 572 573 made for it, including directions for use and a guaranteed 574 analysis showing the names and percentages by weight of each active ingredient, the total percentage of inert ingredients, 575 576 and the names and percentages by weight of each "added ingredient." 577

578 (b) Effective January 1, 2009, For the purpose of defraying 579 expenses of the department in connection with carrying out the 580 provisions of this part, each registrant shall pay a biennial

#### Page 20 of 113

2018740er 581 registration fee for each registered brand of pesticide. The 582 registration of each brand of pesticide shall cover a designated 583 2-year period beginning on January 1 of each odd-numbered year 584 and expiring on December 31 of the following year. 585 (i) Effective January 1, 2013, all payments of any pesticide registration fees, including late fees, shall be 586 submitted electronically using the department's Internet website 587 588 for registration of pesticide product brands. 589 Section 6. Subsection (19) is added to section 496.415, Florida Statutes, to read: 590 496.415 Prohibited acts.-It is unlawful for any person in 591 592 connection with the planning, conduct, or execution of any 593 solicitation or charitable or sponsor sales promotion to: 594 (19) Commingle charitable contributions with noncharitable 595 funds. 596 Section 7. Section 496.418, Florida Statutes, is amended to 597 read: 598 496.418 Recordkeeping and accounting Records.-599 (1) Each charitable organization, sponsor, professional fundraising consultant, and professional solicitor that collects 600 601 or takes control or possession of contributions made for a 602 charitable purpose must keep records to permit accurate 603 reporting and auditing as required by law, must not commingle 604 contributions with noncharitable funds as specified in s. 605 496.415(19), and must be able to account for the funds. When 606 expenditures are not properly documented and disclosed by 607 records, there exists a rebuttable presumption that the 608 charitable organization, sponsor, professional fundraising 609 consultant, or professional solicitor did not properly expend

#### Page 21 of 113

610	such	fur	nds.	Nonch	har	itak	ble f	unds	inc	Lude	any	fund	s tha	at are	not
611	used	or	inte	ended	to	be	used	for	the	opei	ratic	on of	the	charit	y or
612	for	chai	rital	ble pı	ırpo	oses	5.								

613 (2) Each charitable organization, sponsor, professional 614 fundraising consultant, and professional solicitor must keep for 615 a period of at least 3 years true and accurate records as to its 616 activities in this state which are covered by ss. 496.401-617 496.424. The records must be made available, without subpoena, 618 to the department for inspection and must be furnished no later 619 than 10 working days after requested.

620 Section 8. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) and paragraph
621 (i) of subsection (5) of section 500.459, Florida Statutes, are
622 amended to read:

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500.459 Water vending machines.-(3) PERMITTING REQUIREMENTS.-

(b) An application for an operating permit must be made in
writing to the department on forms provided by the department
and must be accompanied by a fee as provided in subsection (4).
The application must state the location of each water vending
machine, the source of the water to be vended, the treatment the
water will receive prior to being vended, and any other
information considered necessary by the department.

632

(5) OPERATING STANDARDS.-

(i) The operator shall place on each water vending machine,
in a position clearly visible to customers, the following
information: the name and address of the operator; the operating
permit number; the fact that the water is obtained from a public
water supply; the method of treatment used; the method of
postdisinfection used; and a local or toll-free telephone number

#### Page 22 of 113

	2018740er
639	that may be called for obtaining further information, reporting
640	problems, or making complaints.
641	Section 9. Paragraph (g) of subsection (1) of section
642	501.059, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (i) is
643	added to that subsection, and subsection (5), paragraph (c) of
644	subsection (8), and subsection (9) of that section are amended,
645	to read:
646	501.059 Telephone solicitation
647	(1) As used in this section, the term:
648	(g) "Telephonic sales call" means a telephone call <u>,</u> <del>or</del> text
649	message, or voicemail transmission to a consumer for the purpose
650	of soliciting a sale of any consumer goods or services,
651	soliciting an extension of credit for consumer goods or
652	services, or obtaining information that will or may be used for
653	the direct solicitation of a sale of consumer goods or services
654	or an extension of credit for such purposes.
655	(i) "Voicemail transmission" means technologies that
656	deliver a voice message directly to a voicemail application,
657	service, or device.
658	(5) A telephone solicitor or other person may not initiate
659	an outbound telephone call <u>,</u> <del>or</del> text message <u>, or voicemail</u>
660	transmission to a consumer, business, or donor or potential
661	donor who has previously communicated to the telephone solicitor
662	or other person that he or she does not wish to receive an
663	outbound telephone call <u>,</u> <del>or</del> text message, or voicemail
664	transmission:
665	(a) Made by or on behalf of the seller whose goods or
666	services are being offered; or
667	(b) Made on behalf of a charitable organization for which a
ļ	

# Page 23 of 113

668 charitable contribution is being solicited.

669 (8)

670 (c) It shall be unlawful for any person who makes a 671 telephonic sales call or causes a telephonic sales call to be 672 made to fail to transmit or cause not to be transmitted the originating telephone number and, when made available by the 673 674 telephone solicitor's carrier, the name of the telephone 675 solicitor to any caller identification service in use by a 676 recipient of a telephonic sales call. However, it shall not be a 677 violation to substitute, for the name and telephone number used 678 in or billed for making the call, the name of the seller on 679 behalf of which a telephonic sales call is placed and the 680 seller's customer service telephone number, which is answered 681 during regular business hours. If a telephone number is made available through a caller identification service as a result of 682 683 a telephonic sales call, the solicitor must ensure that 684 telephone number is capable of receiving telephone calls and 685 must connect the original call recipient, upon calling such 686 number, to the telephone solicitor or to the seller on behalf of 687 which a telephonic sales call was placed. For purposes of this 688 section, the term "caller identification service" means a 689 service that allows a telephone subscriber to have the telephone number and, where available, the name of the calling party 690 691 transmitted contemporaneously with the telephone call and 692 displayed on a device in or connected to the subscriber's 693 telephone.

(9) (a) The department shall investigate any complaints
received concerning violations of this section. If, after
investigating a complaint, the department finds that there has

#### Page 24 of 113

2018740er

697 been a violation of this section, the department or the 698 Department of Legal Affairs may bring an action to impose a 699 civil penalty and to seek other relief, including injunctive 700 relief, as the court deems appropriate against the telephone solicitor. The civil penalty shall be in the Class IV <del>III</del> 701 702 category pursuant to s. 570.971 for each violation and shall be 703 deposited in the General Inspection Trust Fund if the action or 704 proceeding was brought by the department, or the Legal Affairs 705 Revolving Trust Fund if the action or proceeding was brought by 706 the Department of Legal Affairs. This civil penalty may be 707 recovered in any action brought under this part by the 708 department, or the department may terminate any investigation or 709 action upon agreement by the person to pay a stipulated civil 710 penalty. The department or the court may waive any civil penalty 711 if the person has previously made full restitution or 712 reimbursement or has paid actual damages to the consumers who 713 have been injured by the violation.

(b) The department may, as an alternative to the civil penalties provided in paragraph (a), impose an administrative fine in the Class <u>III</u> + category pursuant to s. 570.971 for each act or omission that constitutes a violation of this section. An administrative proceeding that could result in the entry of an order imposing an administrative penalty must be conducted pursuant to chapter 120.

721 Section 10. Section 501.6175, Florida Statutes, is created 722 to read:

723501.6175 Recordkeeping.—A commercial telephone seller shall724keep all of the following information for 2 years after the date725the information first becomes part of the seller's business

#### Page 25 of 113

	2018740er
726	records:
727	(1) The name and telephone number of each consumer
728	contacted by a telephone sales call.
729	(2) All express requests authorizing the telephone
730	solicitor to contact the consumer.
731	(3) Any script, outline, or presentation the applicant
732	requires or suggests a salesperson use when soliciting; sales
733	information or literature to be provided by the commercial
734	telephone seller to a salesperson; and sales information or
735	literature to be provided by the commercial telephone seller to
736	a consumer in connection with any solicitation.
737	
738	Within 10 days of an oral or written request by the department,
739	including a written request transmitted by electronic mail, a
740	commercial telephone seller must make the records it keeps
741	pursuant to this section available for inspection and copying by
742	the department during the department's normal business hours.
743	This section does not limit the department's ability to inspect
744	and copy material pursuant to any other law.
745	Section 11. Section 501.912, Florida Statutes, is amended
746	to read:
747	501.912 DefinitionsAs used in ss. 501.91-501.923:
748	(1) "Antifreeze" means any substance or preparation <u>,</u>
749	including, but not limited to, antifreeze-coolant, antifreeze
750	and summer coolant, or summer coolant, that is sold,
751	distributed, or intended for use <u>:</u>
752	(a) As the cooling liquid, or to be added to the cooling
753	liquid, in the cooling system of internal combustion engines of
754	motor vehicles to prevent freezing of the cooling liquid or to

# Page 26 of 113

2018740er 755 lower its freezing point; or 756 (b) To raise the boiling point of water or for the 757 prevention of engine overheating, whether or not the liquid is 758 used as a year-round cooling system fluid. (2) "Antifreeze-coolant," "antifreeze and summer coolant," 759 760 or "summer coolant" means any substance as defined in subsection 761 (1) which also is sold, distributed, or intended for raising the 762 boiling point of water or for the prevention of engine 763 overheating whether or not used as a year-round cooling system fluid. Unless otherwise stated, the term "antifreeze" includes 764 "antifreeze," "antifreeze-coolant," "antifreeze and summer 765 766 coolant," and "summer coolant." 767 (2) (3) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and 768 Consumer Services.

769 <u>(3)(4)</u> "Distribute" means to hold with <u>an</u> intent to sell, 770 offer for sale, sell, barter, or otherwise supply to the 771 consumer.

772 <u>(4)(5)</u> "Package" means a sealed, tamperproof retail 773 package, drum, or other container designed for the sale of 774 antifreeze directly to the consumer or a container from which 775 the antifreeze may be installed directly by the seller into the 776 cooling system. However, this term, but does not include 777 shipping containers containing properly labeled inner 778 containers.

779 <u>(5)(6)</u> "Label" means any display of written, printed, or 780 graphic matter on, or attached to, a package or to the outside 781 individual container or wrapper of the package.

782 <u>(6) (7)</u> "Labeling" means the labels and any other written, 783 printed, or graphic matter accompanying a package.

#### Page 27 of 113

	2018740er
784	Section 12. Section 501.913, Florida Statutes, is amended
785	to read:
786	501.913 Registration
787	(1) Each brand of antifreeze to be distributed in this
788	state <u>must</u> shall be registered with the department before
789	distribution. The person whose name appears on the label, the
790	manufacturer, or the packager shall make application annually <u>or</u>
791	biennially to the department on forms provided by the
792	department. The registration certificate <u>expires</u> shall expire 12
793	or 24 months after the date of issue, as indicated on the
794	registration certificate. The registrant assumes, by application
795	to register the brand, full responsibility for the registration,
796	quality, and quantity of the product sold, offered, or exposed
797	for sale in this state. <del>If a registered brand is not in</del>
798	production for distribution in this state and to ensure any
799	remaining product that is still available for sale in the state
800	is properly registered, the registrant must submit a notarized
801	affidavit on company letterhead to the department certifying
802	that:
803	(a) The stated brand is no longer in production;
804	(b) The stated brand will not be distributed in this state;
805	and
806	(c) All existing product of the stated brand will be
807	removed by the registrant from the state within 30 days after
808	expiration of the registration or the registrant will reregister
809	the brand for two subsequent registration periods.
810	
811	If production resumes, the brand must be reregistered before it
812	is distributed in this state.

# Page 28 of 113

	2018740er
813	(2) The completed application shall be accompanied by:
814	(a) Specimens or <u>copies</u> <del>facsimiles</del> of the label for each
815	brand of antifreeze;
816	(b) An application fee of \$200 for a 12-month registration
817	<u>or \$400 for a 24-month registration</u> for each brand <u>of</u>
818	antifreeze; and
819	(c) For first-time applications, a certified report from an
820	independent testing laboratory, dated no more than 6 months
821	before the registration application, providing analysis showing
822	that the antifreeze conforms to minimum standards required for
823	antifreeze by this part or rules of the department and is not
824	adulterated A properly labeled sample of between 1 and 2 gallons
825	for each brand of antifreeze.
826	(3) The department may analyze or inspect the antifreeze to
827	ensure that it:
828	(a) Meets the labeling claims;
829	(b) Conforms to minimum standards required for antifreeze
830	by this <u>part</u> <del>chapter</del> or rules of the department; and
831	(c) Is not adulterated as prescribed for antifreeze by this
832	part chapter.
833	(4)(a) If the registration requirements are met, and, if
834	the antifreeze meets the minimum standards, is not adulterated,
835	and meets the labeling claims, the department shall issue a
836	certificate of registration authorizing the distribution of that
837	antifreeze in the state for the permit <u>period</u> <del>year</del> .
838	(b) If registration requirements are not met, or, if the
839	antifreeze fails to meet the minimum standards, is adulterated,
840	or fails to meet the labeling claims, the department shall
841	refuse to register the antifreeze.

### Page 29 of 113

2018740er 842 Section 13. Section 501.917, Florida Statutes, is amended 843 to read: 844 501.917 Inspection by department; sampling and analysis.-845 The department has shall have the right to have access at reasonable hours to all places and property where antifreeze is 846 stored, distributed, or offered or intended to be offered for 847 848 sale, including the right to inspect and examine all antifreeze 849 and to take reasonable samples of antifreeze for analysis 850 together with specimens of labeling. Collected samples must be 851 analyzed by the department. The certificate of analysis by the 852 department shall be prima facie evidence of the facts stated 853 therein in any legal proceeding in this state All samples taken 854 shall be properly sealed and sent to a laboratory designated by 855 the department for examination together with all labeling pertaining to such samples. It shall be the duty of said 856 857 laboratory to examine promptly all samples received in 858 connection with the administration and enforcement of this act. 859 Section 14. Section 501.92, Florida Statutes, is amended to

860 read:

861 501.92 Formula may be required.-The department may, if required for the analysis of antifreeze by the laboratory 862 863 designated by the department for the purpose of registration, 864 require the applicant to furnish a statement of the formula of 865 such antifreeze, unless the applicant can furnish other 866 satisfactory evidence that such antifreeze is not adulterated or misbranded. Such statement need not include inhibitor or other 867 868 minor ingredients which total less than 5 percent by weight of 869 the antifreeze; and, if over 5 percent, the composition of the 870 inhibitor and such other ingredients may be given in generic

#### Page 30 of 113

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871	terms.
872	Section 15. Paragraph (e) of subsection (10) of section
873	525.07, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as paragraph (f), and
874	a new paragraph (e) is added to that subsection, to read:
875	525.07 Powers and duties of department; inspections;
876	unlawful acts
877	(10)
878	(e) The department may seize without warrant any skimming
879	device, as defined in s. 817.625, for use as evidence.
880	Section 16. Subsection (1) of section 526.51, Florida
881	Statutes, is amended to read:
882	526.51 Registration; renewal and fees; departmental
883	expenses; cancellation or refusal to issue or renew
884	(1)(a) Application for registration of each brand of brake
885	fluid shall be made on forms supplied by the department. The
886	applicant shall give his or her name and address and the brand
887	name of the brake fluid, state that he or she owns the brand
888	name and has complete control over the product sold thereunder
889	in this state, and provide the name and address of the resident
890	agent in this state. If the applicant does not own the brand
891	name but wishes to register the product with the department, a
892	notarized affidavit that gives the applicant full authorization
893	to register the brand name and that is signed by the owner of
894	the brand name must accompany the application for registration.
895	The affidavit must include all affected brand names, the owner's
896	company or corporate name and address, the applicant's company
897	or corporate name and address, and a statement from the owner
898	authorizing the applicant to register the product with the
899	department. The owner of the brand name shall maintain complete

# Page 31 of 113

900	control	over	each	product	sold	under	that	brand	name	in	this
901	state.										

902 (b) The completed application must be accompanied by the 903 following:

904 <u>1. Specimens or copies of the label for each brand of brake</u> 905 fluid.

906 <u>2. An application fee of \$50 for a 12-month registration or</u> 907 \$100 for a 24-month registration for each brand of brake fluid.

908 3. For All first-time applications for a brand and formula 909 combination, must be accompanied by a certified report from an independent testing laboratory, dated no more than 6 months 910 911 before the registration application, setting forth the analysis 912 of the brake fluid which shows its quality to be not less than 913 the specifications established by the department for brake fluids. A sample of not less than 24 fluid ounces of brake fluid 914 915 shall be submitted, in a container with a label printed in the 916 same manner that it will be labeled when sold, and the sample 917 and container shall be analyzed and inspected by the department 918 in order that compliance with the department's specifications 919 and labeling requirements may be verified.

920

921 Upon approval of the application, the department shall register 922 the brand name of the brake fluid and issue to the applicant a 923 permit authorizing the registrant to sell the brake fluid in 924 this state. The registration certificate <u>expires</u> <del>shall expire</del> 12 925 <u>or 24</u> months after the date of issue, as indicated on the 926 registration certificate.

927 (c) (b) Each applicant shall pay a fee of \$100 with each 928 application. A permit may be renewed by application to the

#### Page 32 of 113

929 department, accompanied by a renewal fee of \$50 for a 12-month registration, or \$100 for a 24-month registration, on or before 930 the expiration of the previously issued permit. To reregister a 931 932 previously registered brand and formula combination, an 933 applicant must submit a completed application and all materials 934 as required in this section to the department before the 935 expiration of the previously issued permit. A brand and formula 936 combination for which a completed application and all materials 937 required in this section are not received before the expiration 938 of the previously issued permit may not be registered with the department until a completed application and all materials 939 required in this section have been received and approved. If the 940 brand and formula combination was previously registered with the 941 942 department and a fee, application, or materials required in this section are received after the expiration of the previously 943 944 issued permit, a penalty of \$25 accrues, which shall be added to 945 the fee. Renewals shall be accepted only on brake fluids that 946 have no change in formula, composition, or brand name. Any 947 change in formula, composition, or brand name of a brake fluid 948 constitutes a new product that must be registered in accordance 949 with this part.

950 (c) If a registered brand and formula combination is no 951 longer in production for distribution in this state, in order to 952 ensure that any remaining product still available for sale in 953 this state is properly registered, the registrant must submit a 954 notarized affidavit on company letterhead to the department 955 certifying that:

956 1. The stated brand and formula combination is no longer in 957 production;

#### Page 33 of 113

2018740er 958 2. The stated brand and formula combination will not be 959 distributed in this state; and 960 3. Either all existing product of the stated brand and 961 formula combination will be removed by the registrant from the state within 30 days after the expiration of the registration or 962 that the registrant will reregister the brand and formula 963 964 combination for 2 subsequent years. 965 966 If production resumes, the brand and formula combination must be 967 reregistered before it is again distributed in this state. Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 526.53, Florida 968 969 Statutes, is amended to read: 526.53 Enforcement; inspection and analysis, stop-sale and 970 971 disposition, regulations.-972 (1) The department shall enforce the provisions of this 973 part through the department, and may sample, inspect, analyze, and test any brake fluid manufactured, packed, or sold within 974 975 this state. Collected samples must be analyzed by the 976 department. The certificate of analysis by the department shall 977 be prima facie evidence of the facts stated therein in any legal 978 proceeding in this state. The department has shall have free 979 access during business hours to all premises, buildings, 980 vehicles, cars, or vessels used in the manufacture, packing, 981 storage, sale, or transportation of brake fluid, and may open 982 any box, carton, parcel, or container of brake fluid and take 983 samples for inspection and analysis or for evidence. 984 Section 18. Section 527.01, Florida Statutes, is amended to 985 read:

527.01 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:

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#### Page 34 of 113

2018740er 987 (1) "Liquefied petroleum gas" means any material which is 988 composed predominantly of any of the following hydrocarbons, or mixtures of the same: propane, propylene, butanes (normal butane 989 990 or isobutane), and butylenes. (2) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership, 991 992 corporation, company, association, organization, or cooperative. 993 (3) "Ultimate Consumer" means the person last purchasing 994 liquefied petroleum gas in its liquid or vapor state for 995 industrial, commercial, or domestic use. (4) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and 996 Consumer Services. 997 998 (5) "Qualifier" means any person who has passed a 999 competency examination administered by the department and is 1000 employed by a licensed category I, category II, or category V business. in one or more of the following classifications: 1001 1002 (a) Category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer. 1003 (b) Category II liquefied petroleum gas dispenser. (c) LP gas installer. 1004 1005 (d) Specialty installer. 1006 (e) Requalifier of cylinders. 1007 (f) Fabricator, repairer, and tester of vehicles and cargo 1008 tanks. (g) Category IV liquefied petroleum gas dispensing unit 1009 1010 operator and recreational vehicle servicer. 1011 (h) Category V liquefied petroleum gases dealer for industrial uses only. 1012 1013 (6) "Category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer" means any person selling or offering to sell by delivery or at a 1014 1015 stationary location any liquefied petroleum gas to the ultimate

#### Page 35 of 113

1016 consumer for industrial, commercial, or domestic use; any person 1017 leasing or offering to lease, or exchanging or offering to 1018 exchange, any apparatus, appliances, and equipment for the use of liquefied petroleum gas; any person installing, servicing, 1019 1020 altering, or modifying apparatus, piping, tubing, appliances, 1021 and equipment for the use of liquefied petroleum or natural gas; 1022 any person installing carburetion equipment; or any person 1023 regualifying cylinders. 1024 (7) "Category II liquefied petroleum gas dispenser" means 1025 any person engaging in the business of operating a liquefied petroleum gas dispensing unit for the purpose of serving liquid 1026 1027 products to the ultimate consumer for industrial, commercial, or domestic use, and selling or offering to sell, or leasing or 1028

1029 offering to lease, apparatus, appliances, and equipment for the 1030 use of liquefied petroleum gas, including maintaining a cylinder 1031 storage rack at the licensed business location for the purpose 1032 of storing cylinders filled by the licensed business for sale or 1033 use at a later date.

(8) "Category III liquefied petroleum gas cylinder exchange operator" means any person operating a storage facility used for the purpose of storing filled propane cylinders of not more than 43.5 pounds propane capacity or 104 pounds water capacity, while awaiting sale to the ultimate consumer, or a facility used for the storage of empty or filled containers which have been offered for exchange.

1041 (9) "Category IV <u>dealer in appliances and equipment</u> 1042 <del>liquefied petroleum gas dispenser and recreational vehicle</del> 1043 <del>servicer</del>" means any person <u>selling or offering to sell, or</u> 1044 <u>leasing or offering to lease, apparatus, appliances, and</u>

#### Page 36 of 113

1045 equipment for the use of liquefied petroleum gas engaging in the 1046 business of operating a liquefied petroleum gas dispensing unit 1047 for the purpose of serving liquid product to the ultimate consumer for industrial, commercial, or domestic use, and 1048 selling or offering to sell, or leasing or offering to lease, 1049 apparatus, appliances, and equipment for the use of liquefied 1050 petroleum gas, and whose services include the installation, 1051 service, or repair of recreational vehicle liquefied petroleum 1052 1053 gas appliances and equipment.

(10) "Category V LP gas installer" means any person who is 1054 1055 engaged in the liquefied petroleum gas business and whose services include the installation, servicing, altering, or 1056 1057 modifying of apparatus, piping, tubing, tanks, and equipment for 1058 the use of liquefied petroleum or natural gas and selling or offering to sell, or leasing or offering to lease, apparatus, 1059 1060 appliances, and equipment for the use of liquefied petroleum or 1061 natural gas.

1062 (11) "Category VI miscellaneous operator" means any person 1063 who is engaged in operation as a manufacturer of LP gas 1064 appliances and equipment; a fabricator, repairer, and tester of 1065 vehicles and cargo tanks; a regualifier of LP gas cylinders; or a pipeline system operator Specialty installer" means any person 1066 involved in the installation, service, or repair of liquefied 1067 1068 petroleum or natural gas appliances and equipment, and selling 1069 or offering to sell, or leasing or offering to lease, apparatus, 1070 appliances, and equipment for the use of liquefied petroleum gas, whose activities are limited to specific types of 1071 appliances and equipment as designated by department rule. 1072 1073 (12) "Dealer in appliances and equipment for use of

### Page 37 of 113

1074 liquefied petroleum gas" means any person selling or offering to 1075 sell, or leasing or offering to lease, apparatus, appliances, 1076 and equipment for the use of liquefied petroleum gas.

1077 (12) (13) "Manufacturer of liquefied petroleum gas appliances and equipment" means any person in this state 1078 manufacturing and offering for sale or selling tanks, cylinders, 1079 1080 or other containers and necessary appurtenances for use in the storage, transportation, or delivery of such gas to the ultimate 1081 1082 consumer, or manufacturing and offering for sale or selling 1083 apparatus, appliances, and equipment for the use of liquefied 1084 petroleum gas to the ultimate consumer.

1085 <u>(13) (14)</u> "Wholesaler" means any person, as defined by 1086 subsection (2), selling or offering to sell any liquefied 1087 petroleum gas for industrial, commercial, or domestic use to any 1088 person except the ultimate consumer.

1089 <u>(14) (15)</u> "Requalifier of cylinders" means any person 1090 involved in the retesting, repair, qualifying, or requalifying 1091 of liquefied petroleum gas tanks or cylinders manufactured under 1092 specifications of the United States Department of Transportation 1093 or former Interstate Commerce Commission.

1094 <u>(15) (16)</u> "Fabricator, repairer, and tester of vehicles and 1095 cargo tanks" means any person involved in the hydrostatic 1096 testing, fabrication, repair, or requalifying of any motor 1097 vehicles or cargo tanks used for the transportation of liquefied 1098 petroleum gases, when such tanks are permanently attached to or 1099 forming a part of the motor vehicle.

1100 (17) "Recreational vehicle" means a motor vehicle designed 1101 to provide temporary living quarters for recreational, camping, 1102 or travel use, which has its own propulsion or is mounted on or

### Page 38 of 113

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1103	towed by another motor vehicle.
1104	(16) (18) "Pipeline system operator" means any person who
1105	owns or operates a liquefied petroleum gas pipeline system that
1106	is used to transmit liquefied petroleum gas from a common source
1107	to the <del>ultimate</del> customer and that serves 10 or more customers.
1108	(19) "Category V liquefied petroleum gases dealer for
1109	industrial uses only" means any person engaged in the business
1110	of filling, selling, and transporting liquefied petroleum gas
1111	containers for use in welding, forklifts, or other industrial
1112	applications.
1113	(17) <del>(20)</del> "License period <del>year</del> " means the period <u>1 to 3</u>
1114	years from the issuance of the license from September 1 through
1115	the following August 31, or April 1 through the following March
1116	31, depending upon the type of license.
1117	Section 19. Section 527.02, Florida Statutes, is amended to
1118	read:
1119	527.02 License; penalty; fees
1120	(1) It is unlawful for any person to engage in this state
1121	in the activities <u>defined in s. 527.01(6) through (11)</u> <del>of a</del>
1122	pipeline system operator, category I liquefied petroleum gas
1123	dealer, category II liquefied petroleum gas dispenser, category
1124	III liquefied petroleum gas cylinder exchange operator, category
1125	IV liquefied petroleum gas dispenser and recreational vehicle
1126	servicer, category V liquefied petroleum gas dealer for
1127	industrial uses only, LP gas installer, specialty installer,
1128	dealer in liquefied petroleum gas appliances and equipment,
1129	manufacturer of liquefied petroleum gas appliances and
1130	equipment, requalifier of cylinders, or fabricator, repairer,
1131	and tester of vehicles and cargo tanks without first obtaining

## Page 39 of 113

2018740er 1132 from the department a license to engage in one or more of these 1133 businesses. The sale of liquefied petroleum gas cylinders with a 1134 volume of 10 pounds water capacity or 4.2 pounds liquefied petroleum qas capacity or less is exempt from the requirements 1135 1136 of this chapter. It is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, to 1137 1138 intentionally or willfully engage in any of said activities without first obtaining appropriate licensure from the 1139 1140 department. 1141 (2) Each business location of a person having multiple locations must shall be separately licensed and must meet the 1142 requirements of this section. Such license shall be granted to 1143 1144 any applicant determined by the department to be competent, qualified, and trustworthy who files with the department a 1145 1146 surety bond, insurance affidavit, or other proof of insurance, 1147 as hereinafter specified, and pays for such license the 1148 following annual license original application fee for new licenses and annual renewal fees for existing licenses: 1149 1150 License <del>Original</del> Renewal License Category Application Fee Per Year Fee 1151 \$400 <del>\$525</del> \$425 Category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer 1152 Category II \$400 525 375 liquefied

## Page 40 of 113

ENROLLED

			2018740er
	petroleum gas		
	dispenser		
1153			
	Category III	<u>\$65</u> <del>100</del>	<del>65</del>
	liquefied		
	petroleum		
	gas cylinder		
	exchange unit		
	operator		
1154			
	Category IV	<u>\$65</u> <del>525</del>	400
	<u>dealer in</u>		
	appliances and		
	equipment		
	liquefied		
	<del>petroleum</del>		
	gas dispenser and		
	recreational		
	vehicle		
	servicer		
1155			
	Category V <u>LP gas</u>	<u>\$200</u> <del>300</del>	<del>200</del>
	installer		
	liquefied		
	petroleum gases		
	dealer for		
	industrial		
	uses only		
1156			

## Page 41 of 113

## ENROLLED

1			2018740er
	Category VI	<u>\$200</u> <del>300</del>	200
	miscellaneous		
	<u>operator</u> <del>LP gas</del>		
	installer		
1157			
	Specialty	<del>300</del>	<del>200</del>
	installer		
1158			
	<del>Dealer in</del>	<del>50</del>	<del>45</del>
	appliances		
	and equipment		
	for use of		
	liquefied		
	petroleum gas		
1159			
	Manufacturer of	<del>525</del>	375
	liquefied		
	petroleum		
	gas appliances and		
	equipment		
1160			
	Requalifier of	<del>525</del>	375
	cylinders		
1161			
	Fabricator,	<del>525</del>	375
	<del>repairer,</del>		
	and tester of		
	vehicles and		
	cargo tanks		
I			

## Page 42 of 113

1162

2018740er

1163 1164 1165 (3) (a) An applicant for an original license who submits an application during the last 6 months of the license year may 1166 have the original license fee reduced by one-half for the 6-1167 month period. This provision applies only to those companies 1168 applying for an original license and may not be applied to 1169 1170 licensees who held a license during the previous license year 1171 and failed to renew the license. The department may refuse to 1172 issue an initial license to an applicant who is under 1173 investigation in any jurisdiction for an action that would constitute a violation of this chapter until such time as the 1174 1175 investigation is complete. (b) The department shall waive the initial license fee for 1176 1177 1 year for an honorably discharged veteran of the United States 1178 Armed Forces, the spouse of such a veteran, or a business entity 1179 that has a majority ownership held by such a veteran or spouse 1180 if the department receives an application, in a format 1181 prescribed by the department, within 60 months after the date of 1182 the veteran's discharge from any branch of the United States Armed Forces. To qualify for the waiver, a veteran must provide 1183 to the department a copy of his or her DD Form 214, as issued by 1184 1185 the United States Department of Defense or another acceptable 1186 form of identification as specified by the Department of 1187 Veterans' Affairs; the spouse of a veteran must provide to the 1188 department a copy of the veteran's DD Form 214, as issued by the 1189 United States Department of Defense, or another acceptable form 1190 of identification as specified by the Department of Veterans'

### Page 43 of 113

1191 Affairs, and a copy of a valid marriage license or certificate 1192 verifying that he or she was lawfully married to the veteran at 1193 the time of discharge; or a business entity must provide to the 1194 department proof that a veteran or the spouse of a veteran holds 1195 a majority ownership in the business, a copy of the veteran's DD Form 214, as issued by the United States Department of Defense, 1196 1197 or another acceptable form of identification as specified by the Department of Veterans' Affairs, and, if applicable, a copy of a 1198 1199 valid marriage license or certificate verifying that the spouse 1200 of the veteran was lawfully married to the veteran at the time 1201 of discharge.

(4) Any licensee submitting a material change in their 1202 1203 information for licensing, before the date for renewal, must 1204 submit such change to the department in the manner prescribed by the department, along with a fee in the amount of \$10 Any person 1205 1206 applying for a liquefied petroleum gas license as a specialty installer, as defined by s. 527.01(11), shall upon application 1207 1208 to the department identify the specific area of work to be 1209 performed. Upon completion of all license requirements set forth 1210 in this chapter, the department shall issue the applicant a 1211 license specifying the scope of work, as identified by the applicant and defined by rule of the department, for which the 1212 1213 person is authorized.

1214 (5) The license fee for a pipeline system operator shall be 1215 \$100 per system owned or operated by the person, not to exceed 1216 \$400 per license year. Such license fee applies only to a 1217 pipeline system operator who owns or operates a liquefied 1218 petroleum gas pipeline system that is used to transmit liquefied 1219 petroleum gas from a common source to the ultimate customer and

## Page 44 of 113

1	2018/40er
1220	that serves 10 or more customers.
1221	<u>(5)</u> The department shall <u>adopt</u> <del>promulgate</del> rules
1222	specifying acts deemed by the department to demonstrate a lack
1223	of trustworthiness to engage in activities requiring a license
1224	or qualifier identification card under this section.
1225	(7) Any license issued by the department may be transferred
1226	to any person, firm, or corporation for the remainder of the
1227	current license year upon written request to the department by
1228	the original licenseholder. Prior to approval of any transfer,
1229	all licensing requirements of this chapter must be met by the
1230	transferee. A license transfer fee of \$50 shall be charged for
1231	each such transfer.
1232	Section 20. Section 527.0201, Florida Statutes, is amended
1233	to read:
1234	527.0201 Qualifiers; master qualifiers; examinations
1235	(1) In addition to the requirements of s. 527.02, any
1236	person applying for a license to engage in <u>category I, category</u>
1237	II, or category V <del>the</del> activities <del>of a pipeline system operator,</del>
1238	category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer, category II liquefied
1239	petroleum gas dispenser, category IV liquefied petroleum gas
1240	dispenser and recreational vehicle servicer, category V
1241	liquefied petroleum gases dealer for industrial uses only, LP
1242	gas installer, specialty installer, requalifier of cylinders, or
1243	fabricator, repairer, and tester of vehicles and cargo tanks
1244	must prove competency by passing a written examination
1245	administered by the department or its agent with a grade of $\overline{70}$
1246	75 percent or above in each area tested. Each applicant for
1247	examination shall submit a \$20 nonrefundable fee. The department
1248	shall by rule specify the general areas of competency to be

## Page 45 of 113

2018740er 1249 covered by each examination and the relative weight to be 1250 assigned in grading each area tested. 1251 (2) Application for examination for competency may be made 1252 by an individual or by an owner, a partner, or any person employed by the license applicant. Upon successful completion of 1253 1254 the competency examination, the department shall register issue a qualifier identification card to the examinee. 1255 1256 (a) Qualifier registration automatically expires if 1257 identification cards, except those issued to category I 1258 liquefied petroleum gas dealers and liquefied petroleum gas 1259 installers, shall remain in effect as long as the individual 1260 shows to the department proof of active employment in the area of examination and all continuing education requirements are 1261 1262 met. Should the individual terminates terminate active 1263 employment in the area of examination for a period exceeding 24 1264 months, or fails fail to provide documentation of continuing 1265 education, the individual's qualifier status shall automatically 1266 expire. If the qualifier registration status has expired, the 1267 individual must apply for and successfully complete an 1268 examination by the department in order to reestablish qualifier 1269 status. 1270 (b) Every business organization in license category I,

1276 <u>category II, or category V</u> shall employ at all times a full-time 1272 qualifier who has successfully completed an examination in the 1273 corresponding category of the license held by the business 1274 organization. A person may not act as a qualifier for more than 1275 one licensed location.

(3) Qualifier registration expires cards issued to category
 1277 I liquefied petroleum gas dealers and liquefied petroleum gas

## Page 46 of 113

2018740er 1278 installers shall expire 3 years after the date of issuance. All category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer qualifiers and 1279 1280 liquefied petroleum gas installer qualifiers holding a valid 1281 qualifier card upon the effective date of this act shall retain their qualifier status until July 1, 2003, and may sit for the 1282 master qualifier examination at any time during that time 1283 1284 period. All such category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer 1285 qualifiers and liquefied petroleum gas installer qualifiers may 1286 renew their qualification on or before July 1, 2003, upon 1287 application to the department, payment of a \$20 renewal fee, and documentation of the completion of a minimum of 16 hours of 1288 1289 approved continuing education courses, as defined by department 1290 rule, during the previous 3-year period. Applications for 1291 renewal must be made 30 calendar days before expiration. Persons 1292 failing to renew before the expiration date must reapply and 1293 take a qualifier competency examination in order to reestablish 1294 category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer qualifier and 1295 liquefied petroleum gas installer qualifier status. If a 1296 category I liquefied petroleum qas qualifier or liquefied 1297 petroleum gas installer qualifier becomes a master qualifier at 1298 any time during the effective date of the qualifier card, the 1299 card shall remain in effect until expiration of the master 1300 qualifier certification.

(4) A qualifier for a business organization involved in
installation, repair, maintenance, or service of liquefied
petroleum gas appliances, equipment, or systems must actually
function in a supervisory capacity of other company employees
performing licensed activities installing, repairing,
maintaining, or servicing liquefied petroleum gas appliances,

### Page 47 of 113

equipment, or systems. A separate qualifier shall be required for every 10 such employees. Additional qualifiers are required for those business organizations employing more than 10 employees that install, repair, maintain, or service liquefied petroleum gas equipment and systems.

(5) In addition to all other licensing requirements, each 1312 1313 category I and category V licensee liquefied petroleum gas 1314 dealer and liquefied petroleum gas installer must, at the time 1315 of application for licensure, identify to the department one 1316 master qualifier who is a full-time employee at the licensed 1317 location. This person shall be a manager, owner, or otherwise primarily responsible for overseeing the operations of the 1318 licensed location and must provide documentation to the 1319 1320 department as provided by rule. The master qualifier requirement 1321 shall be in addition to the requirements of subsection (1).

1322 (a) In order to apply for certification as a master 1323 qualifier, each applicant must have been a registered be a category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer qualifier or liquefied 1324 1325 petroleum gas installer qualifier for a minimum of 3 years 1326 immediately preceding submission of the application, must be 1327 employed by a licensed category I or category V licensee liquefied petroleum gas dealer, liquefied petroleum gas 1328 installer, or applicant for such license, must provide 1329 documentation of a minimum of 1 year's work experience in the 1330 1331 gas industry, and must pass a master qualifier competency 1332 examination. Master qualifier examinations shall be based on 1333 Florida's laws, rules, and adopted codes governing liquefied petroleum gas safety, general industry safety standards, and 1334 1335 administrative procedures. The applicant must successfully pass

## Page 48 of 113

1336 the examination with a grade of <u>70</u> <del>75</del> percent or above. Each 1337 applicant for master qualifier <u>registration</u> <del>status</del> must submit 1338 to the department a nonrefundable \$30 examination fee before the 1339 examination.

(b) Upon successful completion of the master qualifier examination, the department shall issue the examinee a <del>certificate of</del> master qualifier <u>registration</u> <del>status</del> <del>which shall</del> <del>include the name of the licensed company for which the master</del> <del>qualifier is employed</del>. A master qualifier may transfer from one licenseholder to another upon becoming employed by the company and providing a written request to the department.

(c) A master qualifier registration expires status shall 1347 expire 3 years after the date of issuance of the certificate and 1348 1349 may be renewed by submission to the department of documentation of completion of at least 16 hours of approved continuing 1350 1351 education courses during the 3-year period; proof of employment 1352 with a licensed category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer, 1353 liquefied petroleum gas installer, or applicant; and a \$30 1354 certificate renewal fee. The department shall define, by rule, 1355 approved courses of continuing education.

1356 (d) Each category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer or 1357 liquefied petroleum gas installer licensed as of August 31, 1358 2000, shall identify to the department one current category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer qualifier or liquefied petroleum 1359 1360 gas installer qualifier who will be the designated master qualifier for the licenseholder. Such individual must provide 1361 1362 proof of employment for 3 years or more within the liquefied petroleum gas industry, and shall, upon approval of the 1363 1364 department, be granted a master qualifier certificate. All other

## Page 49 of 113

# 1365 requirements with regard to master qualifier certificate 1366 expiration, renewal, and continuing education shall apply.

(6) A vacancy in a qualifier or master qualifier position in a business organization which results from the departure of the qualifier or master qualifier shall be immediately reported to the department by the departing qualifier or master qualifier and the licensed company.

(a) If a business organization no longer possesses a duly 1372 1373 designated qualifier, as required by this section, its liquefied 1374 petroleum qas licenses shall be suspended by order of the 1375 department after 20 working days. The license shall remain suspended until a competent qualifier has been employed, the 1376 order of suspension terminated by the department, and the 1377 license reinstated. A vacancy in the qualifier position for a 1378 period of more than 20 working days shall be deemed to 1379 1380 constitute an immediate threat to the public health, safety, and 1381 welfare. Failure to obtain a replacement qualifier within 60 1382 days after the vacancy occurs shall be grounds for revocation of 1383 licensure or eligibility for licensure.

1384 (b) Any category I or category V licensee liquefied 1385 petroleum gas dealer or LP gas installer who no longer possesses a master qualifier but currently employs a category I liquefied 1386 petroleum gas dealer or LP gas installer qualifier as required 1387 1388 by this section, has shall have 60 days within which to replace 1389 the master qualifier. If the company fails to replace the master 1390 qualifier within the 60-day time period, the license of the 1391 company shall be suspended by order of the department. The 1392 license shall remain suspended until a competent master 1393 qualifier has been employed, the order of suspension has been

## Page 50 of 113

1405

2018740er

1394 terminated by the department, and the license reinstated.
1395 Failure to obtain a replacement master qualifier within 90 days
1396 after the vacancy occurs shall be grounds for revocation of
1397 licensure or eligibility for licensure.

1398 (7) The department may deny, refuse to renew, suspend, or
1399 revoke any qualifier card or master qualifier registration
1400 certificate for any of the following causes:

1401 (a) Violation of any provision of this chapter or any rule 1402 or order of the department;

1403 (b) Falsification of records relating to the qualifier card 1404 or master qualifier registration certificate; or

(c) Failure to meet any of the renewal requirements.

(8) Any individual having competency qualifications on file 1406 1407 with the department may request the transfer of such qualifications to any existing licenseholder by making a written 1408 1409 request to the department for such transfer. Any individual 1410 having a competency examination on file with the department may use such examination for a new license application after making 1411 1412 application in writing to the department. All examinations are 1413 confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1).

(9) If a duplicate license, qualifier card, or master
qualifier registration certificate is requested by the licensee,
a fee of \$10 must be received before issuance of the duplicate
license or certificate card. If a facsimile transmission of an
original license is requested, upon completion of the
transmission a fee of \$10 must be received by the department
before the original license may be mailed to the requester.

1421 (10) All revenues collected herein shall be deposited in1422 the General Inspection Trust Fund for the purpose of

## Page 51 of 113

2018740er 1423 administering the provisions of this chapter. Section 21. Section 527.021, Florida Statutes, is amended 1424 1425 to read: 527.021 Registration of transport vehicles.-1426 1427 (1) Each liquefied petroleum gas bulk delivery vehicle owned or leased by a liquefied petroleum gas licensee must be 1428 1429 registered with the department as part of the licensing 1430 application or when placed into service annually. 1431 (2) For the purposes of this section, a "liquefied 1432 petroleum gas bulk delivery vehicle" means any vehicle that is used to transport liquefied petroleum gas on any public street 1433 1434 or highway as liquid cargo in a cargo tank, which tank is 1435 mounted on a conventional truck chassis or is an integral part 1436 of a transporting vehicle in which the tank constitutes, in 1437 whole or in part, the stress member used as a frame and is a 1438 permanent part of the transporting vehicle. (3) Vehicle registrations shall be submitted by the vehicle 1439 owner or lessee in conjunction with the annual renewal of his or 1440 her liquefied petroleum gas license, but no later than August 31 1441 1442 of each year. A dealer who fails to register a vehicle with the 1443 department does not submit the required vehicle registration by 1444 August 31 of each year is subject to the penalties in s. 527.13. 1445 (4) The department shall issue a decal to be placed on each 1446 vehicle that is inspected by the department and found to be in 1447 compliance with applicable codes.

1448 Section 22. Section 527.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to 1449 read:

1450527.03 Annual Renewal of license.—All licenses required1451under this chapter shall be renewed annually, biennially, or

## Page 52 of 113

2018740er 1452 triennially, as elected by the licensee, subject to the license 1453 fees prescribed in s. 527.02. All renewals must meet the same 1454 requirements and conditions as an annual license for each 1455 licensed year All licenses, except Category III Liquefied Petroleum Gas Cylinder Exchange Unit Operator licenses and 1456 Dealer in Appliances and Equipment for Use of Liquefied 1457 Petroleum Gas licenses, shall be renewed for the period 1458 beginning September 1 and shall expire on the following August 1459 1460 31 unless sooner suspended, revoked, or otherwise terminated. 1461 Category III Liquefied Petroleum Gas Cylinder Exchange Unit 1462 Operator licenses and Dealer in Appliances and Equipment for Use of Liquefied Petroleum Gas licenses shall be renewed for the 1463 period beginning April 1 and shall expire on the following March 1464 1465 31 unless sooner suspended, revoked, or otherwise terminated. Any license allowed to expire will shall become inoperative 1466 1467 because of failure to renew. The fee for restoration of a 1468 license is equal to the original license fee and must be paid before the licensee may resume operations. 1469

1470 Section 23. Section 527.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to 1471 read:

1472

527.04 Proof of insurance required.-

1473 (1) Before any license is issued, except to a category IV 1474 dealer in appliances and equipment for use of liquefied 1475 petroleum gas or a category III liquefied petroleum gas cylinder 1476 exchange operator, the applicant must deliver to the department 1477 satisfactory evidence that the applicant is covered by a primary 1478 policy of bodily injury liability and property damage liability insurance that covers the products and operations with respect 1479 1480 to such business and is issued by an insurer authorized to do

## Page 53 of 113

2018740er 1481 business in this state for an amount not less than \$1 million 1482 and that the premium on such insurance is paid. An insurance 1483 certificate, affidavit, or other satisfactory evidence of acceptable insurance coverage shall be accepted as proof of 1484 1485 insurance. In lieu of an insurance policy, the applicant may 1486 deliver a good and sufficient bond in the amount of \$1 million, 1487 payable to the Commissioner of Agriculture Governor of Florida, 1488 with the applicant as principal and a surety company authorized 1489 to do business in this state as surety. The bond must be 1490 conditioned upon the applicant's compliance with this chapter 1491 and the rules of the department with respect to the conduct of 1492 such business and shall indemnify and hold harmless all persons 1493 from loss or damage by reason of the applicant's failure to comply. However, the aggregated liability of the surety may not 1494 1495 exceed \$1 million. If the insurance policy is canceled or 1496 otherwise terminated or the bond becomes insufficient, the 1497 department may require new proof of insurance or a new bond to 1498 be filed, and if the licenseholder fails to comply, the 1499 department shall cancel the license issued and give the 1500 licenseholder written notice that it is unlawful to engage in 1501 business without a license. A new bond is not required as long 1502 as the original bond remains sufficient and in force. If the 1503 licenseholder's insurance coverage as required by this 1504 subsection is canceled or otherwise terminated, the insurer must 1505 notify the department within 30 days after the cancellation or 1506 termination.

(2) Before any license is issued to a <u>category</u> <del>class</del> III liquefied petroleum gas cylinder exchange operator, the applicant must deliver to the department satisfactory evidence

## Page 54 of 113

2018740er 1510 that the applicant is covered by a primary policy of bodily 1511 injury liability and property damage liability insurance that 1512 covers the products and operations with respect to the business and is issued by an insurer authorized to do business in this 1513 1514 state for an amount not less than \$300,000 and that the premium 1515 on the insurance is paid. An insurance certificate, affidavit, 1516 or other satisfactory evidence of acceptable insurance coverage 1517 shall be accepted as proof of insurance. In lieu of an insurance policy, the applicant may deliver a good and sufficient bond in 1518 1519 the amount of \$300,000, payable to the Commissioner of 1520 Agriculture Governor, with the applicant as principal and a 1521 surety company authorized to do business in this state as 1522 surety. The bond must be conditioned upon the applicant's 1523 compliance with this chapter and the rules of the department 1524 with respect to the conduct of such business and must indemnify 1525 and hold harmless all persons from loss or damage by reason of 1526 the applicant's failure to comply. However, the aggregated 1527 liability of the surety may not exceed \$300,000. If the 1528 insurance policy is canceled or otherwise terminated or the bond 1529 becomes insufficient, the department may require new proof of 1530 insurance or a new bond to be filed, and if the licenseholder 1531 fails to comply, the department shall cancel the license issued 1532 and give the licenseholder written notice that it is unlawful to 1533 engage in business without a license. A new bond is not required 1534 as long as the original bond remains sufficient and in force. If 1535 the licenseholder's insurance coverage required by this 1536 subsection is canceled or otherwise terminated, the insurer must 1537 notify the department within 30 days after the cancellation or 1538 termination.

## Page 55 of 113

2018740er 1539 (3) Any person having a cause of action on the bond may 1540 bring suit against the principal and surety, and a copy of such 1541 bond duly certified by the department shall be received in 1542 evidence in the courts of this state without further proof. The 1543 department shall furnish a certified copy of the such bond upon 1544 payment to it of its lawful fee for making and certifying such 1545 copy. 1546 Section 24. Section 527.0605, Florida Statutes, is amended 1547 to read: 1548 527.0605 Liquefied petroleum gas bulk storage locations; 1549 jurisdiction.-(1) The provisions of this chapter shall apply to liquefied 1550 1551 petroleum gas bulk storage locations when: 1552 (a) A single container in the bulk storage location has a 1553 capacity of 2,000 gallons or more; 1554 (b) The aggregate container capacity of the bulk storage 1555 location is 4,000 gallons or more; or (c) A container or containers are installed for the purpose 1556 1557 of serving the public the liquid product. 1558 (2) Prior to the installation of any bulk storage 1559 container, the licensee must submit to the department a site 1560 plan of the facility which shows the proposed location of the 1561 container and must obtain written approval of such location from 1562 the department. 1563 (3) A fee of \$200 shall be assessed for each site plan 1564 reviewed by the division. The review shall include 1565 preconstruction inspection of the proposed site, plan review, and final inspection of the completed facility. 1566 1567 (2) (4) No newly installed container may be placed in

## Page 56 of 113

2018740er 1568 operation until it has been inspected and approved by the 1569 department. 1570 Section 25. Subsection (1) of section 527.065, Florida 1571 Statutes, is amended to read: 1572 527.065 Notification of accidents; leak calls.-(1) Immediately upon discovery, all liquefied petroleum gas 1573 1574 licensees shall notify the department of any liquefied petroleum 1575 gas-related accident involving a liquefied petroleum gas licensee or customer account: 1576 1577 (a) Which caused a death or personal injury requiring 1578 professional medical treatment; (b) Where uncontrolled ignition of liquefied petroleum gas 1579 1580 resulted in death, personal injury, or property damage exceeding 1581 \$3,000 <del>\$1,000</del>; or (c) Which caused estimated damage to property exceeding 1582 1583 \$3,000 \$1,000. 1584 Section 26. Subsection (3) is added to section 527.067, 1585 Florida Statutes, to read: 1586 527.067 Responsibilities of persons engaged in servicing 1587 liquefied petroleum gas equipment and systems and consumers, end 1588 users, or owners of liquefied petroleum gas equipment or 1589 systems.-1590 (3) A category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer may not render a consumer's liquefied petroleum gas equipment or system 1591 1592 inoperable or discontinue service without providing written or 1593 electronic notification to the consumer at least 5 business days 1594 before rendering the liquefied petroleum gas equipment or system 1595 inoperable or discontinuing service. This notification does not apply in the event of a hazardous condition known to the 1596

### Page 57 of 113

1	
1597	category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer.
1598	Section 27. Section 527.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to
1599	read:
1600	527.10 Restriction on use of unsafe container or systemNo
1601	liquefied petroleum gas shall be introduced into or removed from
1602	any container or system in this state that has been identified
1603	by the department or its duly authorized inspectors as not
1604	complying with the rules pertaining to such container or system,
1605	until such violations as specified have been satisfactorily
1606	corrected and authorization for continued service or removal
1607	granted by the department. A statement of violations of the
1608	rules that render such a system unsafe for use shall be
1609	furnished in writing by the department to the <del>ultimate</del> consumer
1610	or dealer in liquefied petroleum gas.
1611	Section 28. Subsections (3) and (17) of section 527.21,
1612	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1613	527.21 Definitions relating to Florida Propane Gas
1614	Education, Safety, and Research Act.—As used in ss. 527.20-
1615	527.23, the term:
1616	(3) "Dealer" means a business engaged primarily in selling
1617	propane gas and its appliances and equipment to the <del>ultimate</del>
1618	consumer or to retail propane gas dispensers.
1619	(17) "Wholesaler" or "reseller" means a seller of propane
1620	gas who is not a producer and who does not sell propane gas to
1621	the <del>ultimate</del> consumer.
1622	Section 29. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
1623	527.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1624	527.22 Florida Propane Gas Education, Safety, and Research
1625	Council established; membership; duties and responsibilities

## Page 58 of 113

## 2018 Legislature CS for CS for SB 740, 1st Engrossed

## ENROLLED

2018740er

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1626	(2)(a) <del>Within 90 days after the effective date of this act,</del>
1627	the commissioner shall make a call to qualified industry
1628	organizations for nominees to the council. The commissioner
1629	shall appoint members of the council from a list of nominees
1630	submitted by qualified industry organizations. The commissioner
1631	may require such reports or documentation as is necessary to
1632	document the nomination process for members of the council.
1633	Qualified industry organizations, in making nominations, and the
1634	commissioner, in making appointments, shall give due regard to
1635	selecting a council that is representative of the industry and
1636	the geographic regions of the state. Other than the public
1637	member, council members must be full-time employees or owners of
1638	propane gas producers or dealers doing business in this state.
1639	Section 30. Section 531.67, Florida Statutes, is amended to
1640	read:
1641	531.67 Expiration of sectionsSections 531.60, 531.61,
1642	531.62, 531.63, 531.64, 531.65, and 531.66 shall expire July 1,
1643	<u>2025</u> <del>2020</del> .
1644	Section 31. Section 534.47, Florida Statutes, is amended to
1645	read:
1646	534.47 DefinitionsAs used in ss. 534.48-534.54, the term
1647	<del>ss. 534.48-534.53</del> :
1648	(1) "Dealer" means a person, not a market agency, engaged
1649	in the business of buying or selling in commerce livestock
1650	either on his or her own account or as the employee or agent of
1651	a vendor or purchaser.
1652	(2)(1) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and
1653	Consumer Services.
1654	(3) "Livestock" has the same meaning as in s. 585.01(13).

## Page 59 of 113

## CS for CS for SB 740, 1st Engrossed

2018740er 1655 (4) (2) "Livestock market" means any location in the state 1656 where livestock is assembled and sold at public auction or on a 1657 commission basis during regularly scheduled or special sales. 1658 The term "livestock market" does shall not include private farms 1659 or ranches or sales made at livestock shows, fairs, exhibitions, 1660 or special breed association sales. 1661 (5) "Packer" means a person engaged in the business of 1662 buying livestock in commerce for purposes of slaughter, or of 1663 manufacturing or preparing meats or meat food products for sale 1664 or shipment in commerce, or of marketing meats, meat food 1665 products, or livestock products in an unmanufactured form acting as a wholesaler broker, dealer, or distributor in commerce. 1666 1667 (6) "Purchaser" means a person, partnership, firm, corporation, or other organization owning, managing, producing, 1668 or dealing in livestock, including, but not limited to, a packer 1669 1670 or dealer, that buys livestock for breeding, feeding, reselling, 1671 slaughter, or other purpose. 1672 (7) "Registered and approved livestock market" means a 1673 livestock market fully registered, bonded, and approved as a 1674 market agency pursuant to the Stockyards Act and governing 1675 regulations of the United States Department of Agriculture Grain Inspection, Packers and Stockyards Administration. 1676 1677 (8) "Seller" means a person, partnership, firm, 1678 corporation, or other organization owning, managing, producing, 1679 financing, or dealing in livestock, including, but not limited to, a registered and approved livestock market as consignee or a 1680 1681 dealer, that sells livestock for breeding, feeding, reselling, 1682 slaughter, or other purpose. 1683 (9) "Stockyards Act" means the Packers and Stockyards Act

## Page 60 of 113

1684 of 1921, 7 U.S.C. ss. 181-229 and the regulations promulgated 1685 pursuant to that act under 9 C.F.R. part 201. 1686 (3) "Buyer" means the party to whom title of livestock 1687 passes or who is responsible for the purchase price of 1688 livestock, including, but not limited to, producers, dealers, 1689 meat packers, or order buyers. Section 32. Section 534.49, Florida Statutes, is amended to 1690 1691 read: 1692 534.49 Livestock drafts; effect.-For the purposes of this 1693 section, a livestock draft given as payment at a livestock 1694 auction market for a livestock purchase shall not be deemed an 1695 express extension of credit to the purchaser buyer and shall not defeat the creation of a lien on such an animal and its carcass, 1696 1697 and all products therefrom, and all proceeds thereof, to secure all or a part of its sales price, as provided in s. 534.54(3) s. 1698 1699 534.54(4). 1700 Section 33. Section 534.50, Florida Statutes, is repealed. 1701 Section 34. Section 534.501, Florida Statutes, is amended 1702 to read: 1703 534.501 <del>Livestock draft;</del> Unlawful to delay or failure in payment.-It is shall be unlawful for the purchaser of livestock 1704 1705 to delay or fail in rendering payment for livestock to a seller 1706 of cattle as provided in s. 534.54. A person who violates this 1707 section commits an unfair or deceptive act or practice as specified in s. 501.204 payment of the livestock draft upon 1708 1709 presentation of said draft at the payor's bank. Nothing 1710 contained in this section shall be construed to preclude a 1711 payor's right to refuse payment of an unauthorized draft. 1712 Section 35. Section 534.51, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

### Page 61 of 113

2018740er 1713 Section 36. Section 534.54, Florida Statutes, is amended to 1714 read: 1715 534.54 Cattle or hog processors; prompt payment; penalty; 1716 lien.-1717 (1) As used in this section: (a) "Livestock" means cattle or hogs. 1718 (b) "Meat processor" means a person, corporation, 1719 association, or other legal entity engaged in the business of 1720 1721 slaughtering cattle or hogs. 1722 (1) (a) A purchaser that meat processor who purchases 1723 livestock from a seller, or any person, corporation, association, or other legal entity who purchases livestock from 1724 1725 a seller for slaughter, shall make payment by cash or check for the purchase price of the livestock and actually deliver the 1726 1727 cash or check to the seller or her or his representative at the 1728 location where the purchaser takes physical possession of the 1729 livestock on the day the transfer of possession occurs or by shall wire transfer of funds on the business day within which 1730 1731 the possession of the said livestock is transferred. However, if 1732 the transfer of possession is accomplished after normal banking 1733 hours, said payment shall be made in the manner herein provided 1734 in this subsection no not later than the close of the first business day following the said transfer of possession. In the 1735 1736 case of <u>"grade and yield"</u> selling, the purchaser shall make 1737 payment by wire transfer of funds or by personal or cashier's check by registered mail postmarked no not later than the close 1738 1739 of the first business day following determination of "grade and vield." 1740 1741 (b) All instruments issued in payment as required by this

### Page 62 of 113

1742 <u>section</u> hereunder shall be drawn on banking institutions which 1743 are so located as not artificially to delay collection of funds 1744 through the mail or otherwise cause an undue lapse of time in 1745 the clearance process.

1746 (2)(3) In all cases in which A purchaser of who purchases 1747 livestock that for slaughter from a seller fails to comply with 1748 subsection (1) make payment for the livestock as required by 1749 this section or artificially delays collection of funds for the 1750 payment of the livestock, the purchaser shall be liable to pay 1751 the <u>seller</u> owner of the livestock, in addition to the price of 1752 the livestock:

1753

(a) Twelve percent damages on the amount of the price.

(b) Interest on the purchase price of the livestock at the
highest legal rate from and after the transfer of possession
until payment is made as required by this section.

1757 (c) A Reasonable attorney fees, court costs, and expenses
1758 attorney's fee for the prosecution of collection of the payment.

1759 <u>(3) (4) (a) A seller that Any person, partnership, firm,</u> 1760 corporation, or other organization which sells livestock to a 1761 <u>purchaser</u> shall have a lien on such animal and its carcass, all 1762 products therefrom, and <u>all</u> proceeds thereof to secure all or a 1763 part of its sales price.

(b) The lien provided in this subsection shall be deemed to have attached and to be perfected upon delivery of the livestock to the purchaser without further action, and such lien shall continue in the livestock and its carcass, all products therefrom, and <u>all</u> proceeds thereof without regard to possession thereof by the party entitled to such lien without further perfection.

## Page 63 of 113

#### CS for CS for SB 740, 1st Engrossed

## ENROLLED 2018 Legislature

2018740er 1771 (c) If the livestock or its carcass or products therefrom 1772 are so commingled with other livestock, carcasses, or products 1773 so that the identity thereof is lost, then the lien granted in 1774 this subsection shall extend to the same effect as if same had 1775 been perfected originally in all such animals, carcasses, and 1776 products with which it has become commingled. However, all liens 1777 so extended under this paragraph to such commingled livestock, 1778 carcasses, and products shall be on a parity with one another, 1779 and, with respect to such commingled carcasses or products upon 1780 which a lien or liens have been so extended under this 1781 paragraph, no such lien shall be enforceable as against any 1782 purchaser without actual knowledge thereof purchasing one or 1783 more of such carcasses or products in the ordinary course of 1784 trade or business from the party having commingled such 1785 carcasses or products or against any subsequent transferee from 1786 such purchaser, but in the event of such sale, such lien shall 1787 instead extend to the proceeds of such sale.

1788 Section 37. Subsection (46) is added to section 570.07, 1789 Florida Statutes, to read:

1790 570.07 Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; 1791 functions, powers, and duties.—The department shall have and 1792 exercise the following functions, powers, and duties:

1793 (46) During a state of emergency declared pursuant to s. 1794 252.36, to waive fees by emergency order for duplicate copies or 1795 renewal of permits, licenses, certifications, or other similar 1796 types of authorizations during a period specified by the 1797 commissioner.

1798 Section 38. Section 573.111, Florida Statutes, is amended 1799 to read:

## Page 64 of 113

2018740er 1800 573.111 Notice of effective date of marketing order.-Before 1801 the issuance of any marketing order, or any suspension, 1802 amendment, or termination thereof, a notice must shall be posted 1803 on a public bulletin board to be maintained by the department in 1804 the Division of Marketing and Development of the department in the Nathan Mayo Building, Tallahassee, Leon County, and a copy 1805 1806 of the notice shall be posted on the department website the same 1807 date that the notice is posted on the bulletin board. A No marketing order, or any suspension, amendment, or termination 1808 1809 thereof, may not shall become effective until the termination of a period of 5 days after from the date of posting and 1810 1811 publication. Section 39. Section 578.011, Florida Statutes, is amended 1812 1813 to read: 578.011 Definitions; Florida Seed Law.-When used in this 1814 1815 chapter, the term: 1816 (1) "Advertisement" means all representations, other than 1817 those on the label, disseminated in any manner or by any means, 1818 relating to seed within the scope of this law. 1819 (2) "Agricultural seed" includes the seed of grass, forage, 1820 cereal and fiber crops, and chufas and any other seed commonly 1821 recognized within the state as agricultural seed, lawn seed, and 1822 combinations of such seed, and may include identified noxious 1823 weed seed when the department determines that such seed is being 1824 used as agricultural seed or field seed and mixtures of such 1825 seed. 1826 (3) "Blend" means seed consisting of more than one variety 1827 of one kind, each present in excess of 5 percent by weight of 1828 the whole.

### Page 65 of 113

2018740er 1829 (4) "Buyer" means a person who purchases agricultural, 1830 vegetable, flower, tree, or shrub seed in packaging of 1,000 1831 seeds or more by count. 1832 (5) "Brand" means a distinguishing word, name, symbol, 1833 number, or design used to identify seed produced, packaged, advertised, or offered for sale by a particular person. 1834 (6) (3) "Breeder seed" means a class of certified seed 1835 directly controlled by the originating or sponsoring plant 1836 breeding institution or person, or designee thereof, and is the 1837 source for the production of seed of the other classes of 1838 certified seed that are released directly from the breeder or 1839 experiment station that develops the seed. These seed are one 1840 class above foundation seed. 1841 1842 (7) (4) "Certified seed  $\tau$ " means a class of seed which is the progeny of breeder, foundation, or registered seed "registered 1843 seed," and "foundation seed" mean seed that have been produced 1844 1845 and labeled in accordance with the procedures and in compliance with the rules and regulations of any agency authorized by the 1846 1847 laws of this state or the laws of another state. 1848 (8) "Certifying agency" means: 1849 (a) An agency authorized under the laws of a state, 1850 territory, or possession of the United States to officially 1851 certify seed and which has standards and procedures approved by 1852 the United States Secretary of Agriculture to assure the genetic 1853 purity and identity of the seed certified; or 1854 (b) An agency of a foreign country that the United States 1855 Secretary of Agriculture has determined as adhering to 1856 procedures and standards for seed certification comparable to 1857 those adhered to generally by seed certifying agencies under

## Page 66 of 113

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1858	paragraph (a).
1859	(9) "Coated seed" means seed that has been covered by a
1860	layer of materials that obscures the original shape and size of
1861	the seed and substantially increases the weight of the product.
1862	The addition of biologicals, pesticides, identifying colorants
1863	or dyes, or other active ingredients including polymers may be
1864	included in this process.
1865	(10) (5) "Date of test" means the month and year the
1866	percentage of germination appearing on the label was obtained by
1867	laboratory test.
1868	(11)(6) "Dealer" means any person who sells or offers for
1869	sale any agricultural, vegetable, flower, <del>or forest</del> tree <u>, or</u>
1870	shrub seed for seeding purposes, and includes farmers who sell
1871	cleaned, processed, packaged, and labeled seed.
1872	(12) (7) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture
1873	and Consumer Services or its authorized representative.
1874	(13)(8) "Dormant seed" refers to viable seed, other than
1875	hard seed, which neither germinate nor decay during the
1876	prescribed test period and under the prescribed test conditions.
1877	(14) <del>(9)</del> "Flower seed" includes seed of herbaceous plants
1878	grown for blooms, ornamental foliage, or other ornamental parts,
1879	and commonly known and sold under the name of flower <u>or</u>
1880	wildflower seed in this state.
1881	(10) "Forest tree seed" includes seed of woody plants
1882	commonly known and sold as forest tree seed.
1883	(15) "Foundation seed" means a class of certified seed
1884	which is the progeny of breeder or other foundation seed and is
1885	produced and handled under procedures established by the
1886	certifying agency, in accordance with this part, for producing

## Page 67 of 113

2018740er 1887 foundation seed, for the purpose of maintaining genetic purity 1888 and identity. 1889 (16) (11) "Germination" means the emergence and development 1890 from the seed embryo of those essential structures which, for 1891 the kind of seed in question, are indicative of the ability to 1892 produce a normal plant under favorable conditions percentage of seed capable of producing normal seedlings under ordinarily 1893 1894 favorable conditions. Broken seedlings and weak, malformed and 1895 obviously abnormal seedlings shall not be considered to have 1896 germinated. (17) (12) "Hard seed" means seeds that remain hard at the 1897 1898 end of a prescribed test period because they have not absorbed 1899 water due to an impermeable seed coat the percentage of seed 1900 which because of hardness or impermeability did not absorb 1901 moisture or germinate under prescribed tests but remain hard 1902 during the period prescribed for germination of the kind of seed 1903 concerned. 1904 (18) (13) "Hybrid" means the first generation seed of a 1905 cross produced by controlling the pollination and by combining: 1906 (a) Two or more inbred lines; 1907 (b) One inbred or a single cross with an open-pollinated 1908 variety; or 1909 (c) Two varieties or species, except open-pollinated 1910 varieties of corn (Zea mays). 1911 1912 The second generation or subsequent generations from such 1913 crosses may shall not be regarded as hybrids. Hybrid 1914 designations shall be treated as variety names. 1915 (19) (14) "Inert matter" means all matter that is not a full

## Page 68 of 113

2018740er 1916 seed includes broken seed when one-half in size or less; seed of 1917 legumes or crucifers with the seed coats removed; undeveloped 1918 and badly injured weed seed such as sterile dodder which, upon 1919 visual examination, are clearly incapable of growth; empty 1920 glumes of grasses; attached sterile glumes of grasses (which must be removed from the fertile glumes except in Rhodes grass); 1921 dirt, stone, chaff, nematode, fungus bodies, and any matter 1922 1923 other than seed. 1924 (20) (15) "Kind" means one or more related species or 1925 subspecies which singly or collectively is known by one common 1926 name; e.g., corn, beans, lespedeza. (21) "Label" means the display or displays of written or 1927 printed material upon or attached to a container of seed. 1928 1929 (22) (16) "Labeling" includes all labels and other written, 1930 printed, or graphic representations, in any form, accompanying 1931 and pertaining to any seed, whether in bulk or in containers, 1932 and includes invoices and other bills of shipment when sold in 1933 bulk. 1934 (23) (17) "Lot of seed" means a definite quantity of seed 1935 identified by a lot number or other mark identification, every portion or bag of which is uniform within recognized tolerances 1936 for the factors that appear in the labeling, for the factors 1937 1938 which appear in the labeling, within permitted tolerances. 1939 (24) (18) "Mix," "mixed," or "mixture" means seed consisting

1939 <u>(24) (18)</u> <u>"Mix,"</u> "mixed," or "mixture" means seed consisting 1940 of more than one kind <del>or variety</del>, each present in excess of 5 1941 percent <u>by weight</u> of the whole.

1942(25) "Mulch" means a protective covering of any suitable1943substance placed with seed which acts to retain sufficient1944moisture to support seed germination and sustain early seedling

## Page 69 of 113

2018740er 1945 growth and aid in the prevention of the evaporation of soil 1946 moisture, the control of weeds, and the prevention of erosion. 1947 (26) "Noxious weed seed" means seed in one of two classes 1948 of seed: 1949 (a) "Prohibited noxious weed seed" means the seed of weeds 1950 that are highly destructive and difficult to control by good 1951 cultural practices and the use of herbicides. 1952 (b) "Restricted noxious weed seed" means weed seeds that 1953 are objectionable in agricultural crops, lawns, and gardens of 1954 this state and which can be controlled by good agricultural 1955 practices or the use of herbicides. (27) (19) "Origin" means the state, District of Columbia, 1956 1957 Puerto Rico, or possession of the United States, or the foreign 1958 country where the seed were grown, except for native species, 1959 where the term means the county or collection zone and the state 1960 where the seed were grown for forest tree seed, with respect to 1961 which the term "origin" means the county or state forest service 1962 seed collection zone and the state where the seed were grown. 1963 (28) (20) "Other crop seed" includes all seed of plants 1964 grown in this state as crops, other than the kind or kind and 1965 variety included in the pure seed, when not more than 5 percent 1966 of the whole of a single kind or variety is present, unless 1967 designated as weed seed. 1968 (29) "Packet seed" means seed prepared for use in home 1969 gardens and household plantings packaged in labeled, sealed 1970 containers of less than 8 ounces and typically sold from seed 1971 racks or displays in retail establishments, via the Internet, or 1972 through mail order.

1973

(30) (21) "Processing" means conditioning, cleaning,

## Page 70 of 113

1974 scarifying, or blending to obtain uniform quality and other 1975 operations which would change the purity or germination of the 1976 seed and, therefore, require retesting to determine the quality 1977 of the seed.

1978 (22) "Prohibited noxious weed seed" means the seed and bulblets of perennial weeds such as not only reproduce by seed or bulblets, but also spread by underground roots or stems and which, when established, are highly destructive and difficult to control in this state by ordinary good cultural practice.

1983 <u>(31)(23)</u> "Pure seed" means the seed, exclusive of inert 1984 matter, of the kind or kind and variety of seed declared on the 1985 <u>label or tag</u> includes all seed of the kind or kind and variety 1986 or strain under consideration, whether shriveled, cracked, or 1987 otherwise injured, and pieces of broken seed larger than one-1988 half the original size.

1989 (32) (24) "Record" includes the symbol identifying the seed 1990 as to origin, amount, processing, testing, labeling, and distribution, file sample of the seed, and any other document or 1991 1992 instrument pertaining to the purchase, sale, or handling of 1993 agricultural, vegetable, flower, or forest tree, or shrub seed. 1994 Such information includes seed samples and records of declarations, labels, purchases, sales, conditioning, bulking, 1995 1996 treatment, handling, storage, analyses, tests, and examinations. 1997 (33) "Registered seed" means a class of certified seed 1998 which is the progeny of breeder or foundation seed and is 1999 produced and handled under procedures established by the certifying agency, in accordance with this part, for the purpose 2000 2001 of maintaining genetic purity and identity.

2002

(25) "Restricted noxious weed seed" means the seed of such

### Page 71 of 113

2018740er 2003 weeds as are very objectionable in fields, lawns, or gardens of this state, but can be controlled by good cultural practice. 2004 2005 Seed of poisonous plants may be included. 2006 (34) "Shrub seed" means seed of a woody plant that is 2007 smaller than a tree and has several main stems arising at or 2008 near the ground. (35) (26) "Stop-sale" means any written or printed notice or 2009 2010 order issued by the department to the owner or custodian of any 2011 lot of agricultural, vegetable, flower, or forest tree, or shrub 2012 seed in the state, directing the owner or custodian not to sell 2013 or offer for sale seed designated by the order within the state until the requirements of this law are complied with and a 2014 2015 written release has been issued; except that the seed may be 2016 released to be sold for feed. 2017 (36) (27) "Treated" means that the seed has been given an 2018 application of a material or subjected to a process designed to 2019 control or repel disease organisms, insects, or other pests 2020 attacking seed or seedlings grown therefrom to improve its 2021 planting value or to serve any other purpose. (37) "Tree seed" means seed of a woody perennial plant 2022 2023 typically having a single stem or trunk growing to a 2024 considerable height and bearing lateral branches at some 2025 distance from the ground. (38) (28) "Type" means a group of varieties so nearly 2026 2027 similar that the individual varieties cannot be clearly 2028 differentiated except under special conditions. 2029 (39) (29) "Variety" means a subdivision of a kind which is 2030 distinct in the sense that the variety can be differentiated by 2031 one or more identifiable morphological, physiological, or other

## Page 72 of 113

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characteristics from all other varieties of public knowledge; uniform in the sense that the variations in essential and distinctive characteristics are describable; and stable in the sense that the variety will remain unchanged in its essential and distinctive characteristics and its uniformity when reproduced or reconstituted characterized by growth, plant fruit, seed, or other characteristics by which it can be differentiated from other sorts of the same kind; e.g., Whatley's Prolific corn, Bountiful beans, Kobe lespedeza. (40) (30) "Vegetable seed" means the seed of those crops that which are grown in gardens or on truck farms, and are generally known and sold under the name of vegetable seed or herb seed in this state. (41) (31) "Weed seed" includes the seed of all plants generally recognized as weeds within this state, and includes prohibited and restricted noxious weed seed, bulblets, and tubers, and any other vegetative propagules. Section 40. Section 578.012, Florida Statutes, is created to read: 578.012 Preemption.-(1) It is the intent of the Legislature to eliminate duplication of regulation of seed. As such, this chapter is intended as comprehensive and exclusive and occupies the whole field of regulation of seed. (2) The authority to regulate seed or matters relating to seed in this state is preempted to the state. A local government or political subdivision of the state may not enact or enforce an ordinance that regulates seed, including the power to assess any penalties provided for violation of this chapter.

#### Page 73 of 113

2018740er 2061 Section 41. Section 578.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to 2062 read: 2063 578.08 Registrations.-2064 (1) Every person, except as provided in subsection (4) and s. 578.14, before selling, distributing for sale, offering for 2065 2066 sale, exposing for sale, handling for sale, or soliciting orders 2067 for the purchase of any agricultural, vegetable, flower, or 2068 forest tree, or shrub seed or mixture thereof, shall first 2069 register with the department as a seed dealer. The application 2070 for registration must include the name and location of each 2071 place of business at which the seed is sold, distributed for sale, offered for sale, exposed for sale, or handled for sale. 2072 2073 The application must for registration shall be filed with the 2074 department by using a form prescribed by the department or by 2075 using the department's website and shall be accompanied by an 2076 annual registration fee for each such place of business based on 2077 the gross receipts from the sale of such seed for the last 2078 preceding license year as follows: 2079 (a)1. Receipts of less than \$500, a fee of \$10. 2080 2. Receipts of \$500 or more but less than \$1,000, a fee of 2081 \$25. 2082 3. Receipts of \$1,000 or more but less than \$2,500, a fee of \$100. 2083 2084 4. Receipts of \$2,500 or more but less than \$5,000, a fee 2085 of \$200. 2086 5. Receipts of \$5,000 or more but less than \$10,000, a fee 2087 of \$350. 2088 6. Receipts of \$10,000 or more but less than \$20,000, a fee 2089 of \$800.

#### Page 74 of 113

2090 7. Receipts of \$20,000 or more but less than \$40,000, a fee 2091 of \$1,000. 2092 8. Receipts of \$40,000 or more but less than \$70,000, a fee 2093 of \$1,200. 2094 9. Receipts of \$70,000 or more but less than \$150,000, a 2095 fee of \$1,600. 2096 10. Receipts of \$150,000 or more but less than \$400,000, a 2097 fee of \$2,400. 2098 11. Receipts of \$400,000 or more, a fee of \$4,600. 2099 (b) For places of business not previously in operation, the 2100 fee shall be based on anticipated receipts for the first license 2101 year. 2102 (2) A written receipt from the department of the 2103 registration and payment of the fee shall constitute a 2104 sufficient permit for the dealer to engage in or continue in the 2105 business of selling, distributing for sale, offering or exposing 2106 for sale, handling for sale, or soliciting orders for the purchase of any agricultural, vegetable, flower, or forest tree, 2107 2108 or shrub seed within the state. However, the department has 2109 shall have authority to suspend or revoke any permit for the 2110 violation of any provision of this law or of any rule adopted 2111 under authority hereof. The registration shall expire on June 30 2112 of the next calendar year and shall be renewed on July 1 of each 2113 year. If any person subject to the requirements of this section 2114 fails to comply, the department may issue a stop-sale notice or order which shall prohibit the person from selling or causing to 2115 2116 be sold any agricultural, vegetable, flower, or forest tree, or 2117 shrub seed until the requirements of this section are met. 2118 (3) Every person selling, distributing for sale, offering

#### Page 75 of 113

2018740er 2119 for sale, exposing for sale, handling for sale, or soliciting 2120 orders for the purchase of any agricultural, vegetable, flower, 2121 or forest tree, or shrub seed in the state other than as provided in subsection (4) s. 578.14, shall be subject to the 2122 2123 requirements of this section; except that agricultural experiment stations of the State University System shall not be 2124 2125 subject to the requirements of this section. 2126 (4) The provisions of This chapter does shall not apply to 2127 farmers who sell only uncleaned, unprocessed, unpackaged, and 2128 unlabeled seed, but shall apply to farmers who sell cleaned, processed, packaged, and labeled seed in amounts in excess of 2129 2130 \$10,000 in any one year. 2131 (5) When packet seed is sold, offered for sale, or exposed for sale, the company who packs seed for retail sale must 2132 2133 register and pay fees as provided under subsection (1). 2134 Section 42. Section 578.09, Florida Statutes, is amended to 2135 read: 578.09 Label requirements for agricultural, vegetable, 2136 2137 flower, tree, or shrub seeds.-Each container of agricultural, vegetable, or flower, tree, or shrub seed which is sold, offered 2138 2139 for sale, exposed for sale, or distributed for sale within this 2140 state for sowing or planting purposes must shall bear thereon or 2141 have attached thereto, in a conspicuous place, a label or labels 2142 containing all information required under this section, plainly 2143 written or printed label or tag in the English language, in Century type. All data pertaining to analysis must shall appear 2144 on a single label. Language setting forth the requirements for 2145 2146 filing and serving complaints as described in s. 578.26(1)(c) 2147 must s. 578.26(1)(b) shall be included on the analysis label or

#### Page 76 of 113

2018740er 2148 be otherwise attached to the package, except for packages 2149 containing less than 1,000 seeds by count. 2150 (1) FOR TREATED SEED. For all treated agricultural, 2151 vegetable, or flower, tree, or shrub seed treated as defined in 2152 this chapter: 2153 (a) A word or statement indicating that the seed has been 2154 treated or description of process used. 2155 (b) The commonly accepted coined, chemical, or abbreviated 2156 chemical (generic) name of the applied substance or description of the process used and the words "poison treated" in red 2157 2158 letters, in not less than 1/4-inch type. 2159 (c) If the substance in the amount present with the seed is 2160 harmful to humans or other vertebrate animals, a caution 2161 statement such as "Do not use for food, feed, or oil purposes." 2162 The caution for mercurials, Environmental Protection Agency 2163 Toxicity Category 1 as referenced in 7 C.F.R. 201.31a(c)(2), and 2164 similarly toxic substances shall be designated by a poison 2165 statement or symbol. 2166 (d) Rate of application or statement "Treated at manufacturer's recommended rate." 2167 (d) (e) If the seed is treated with an inoculant, the date 2168 2169 beyond which the inoculant is not to be considered effective 2170 (date of expiration). 2171 2172 A label separate from other labels required by this section or other law may be used to identify seed treatments as required by 2173 2174 this subsection. 2175 (2) For agricultural seed, including lawn and turf grass 2176 seed and mixtures thereof: AGRICULTURAL SEED.-

#### Page 77 of 113

2018740er 2177 (a) Commonly accepted The name of the kind and variety of 2178 each agricultural seed component present in excess of 5 percent 2179 of the whole, and the percentage by weight of each in the order of its predominance. Where more than one component is required 2180 to be named, the word "mixed," "mixture," or "blend" must the 2181 word "mixed" shall be shown conspicuously on the label. Hybrids 2182 2183 must be labeled as hybrids. (b) Lot number or other lot identification. 2184 2185 (c) Net weight or seed count. 2186 (d) Origin, if known. If the origin is ; if unknown, that fact must shall be stated. 2187 2188 (e) Percentage by weight of all weed seed. 2189 (f) The Name and number of noxious weed seed per pound, if 2190 present per pound of each kind of restricted noxious weed seed. 2191 (g) Percentage by weight of agricultural seed which may be 2192 designated as other crop seed, other than those required to be 2193 named on the label. (h) Percentage by weight of inert matter. 2194 2195 (i) For each named agricultural seed, including lawn and 2196 turf grass seed: 1. Percentage of germination, exclusive of hard or dormant 2197 2198 seed; 2199 2. Percentage of hard or dormant seed, if when present, if 2200 desired; and 2201 3. The calendar month and year the test was completed to determine such percentages, provided that the germination test 2202 2203 must have been completed within the previous 9 months, exclusive 2204 of the calendar month of test. 2205 (j) Name and address of the person who labeled said seed or

#### Page 78 of 113

	2018740er
2206	who sells, distributes, offers, or exposes said seed for sale
2207	within this state.
2208	
2209	The sum total of the percentages listed pursuant to paragraphs
2210	(a),(e),(g), and (h) must be equal to 100 percent.
2211	(3) For seed that is coated:
2212	(a) Percentage by weight of pure seed with coating material
2213	removed. The percentage of coating material may be included with
2214	the inert matter percentage or may be listed separately.
2215	(b) Percentage of germination. This percentage must be
2216	determined based on an examination of 400 coated units with or
2217	without seed.
2218	
2219	In addition to the requirements of this subsection, labeling of
2220	coated seed must also comply with the requirements of any other
2221	subsection pertaining to that type of seed. FOR VEGETABLE SEED
2222	IN CONTAINERS OF 8 OUNCES OR MORE
2223	(a) Name of kind and variety of seed.
2224	(b) Net weight or seed count.
2225	(c) Lot number or other lot identification.
2226	(d) Percentage of germination.
2227	(e) Calendar month and year the test was completed to
2228	determine such percentages.
2229	(f) Name and address of the person who labeled said seed or
2230	who sells, distributes, offers or exposes said seed for sale
2231	within this state.
2232	(g) For seed which germinate less than the standard last
2233	established by the department the words "below standard," in not
2234	less than 8-point type, must be printed or written in ink on the

## Page 79 of 113

	2018740er
2235	face of the tag, in addition to the other information required.
2236	Provided, that no seed marked "below standard" shall be sold
2237	which falls more than 20 percent below the standard for such
2238	seed which has been established by the department, as authorized
2239	by this law.
2240	(h) The name and number of restricted noxious weed seed per
2241	pound.
2242	(4) For combination mulch, seed, and fertilizer products:
2243	(a) The word "combination" followed, as appropriate, by the
2244	words "mulch - seed - fertilizer" must appear prominently on the
2245	principal display panel of the package.
2246	(b) If the product is an agricultural seed placed in a
2247	germination medium, mat, tape, or other device or is mixed with
2248	mulch or fertilizer, it must also be labeled with all of the
2249	following:
2250	1. Product name.
2251	2. Lot number or other lot identification.
2252	3. Percentage by weight of pure seed of each kind and
2253	variety named which may be less than 5 percent of the whole.
2254	4. Percentage by weight of other crop seed.
2255	5. Percentage by weight of inert matter.
2256	6. Percentage by weight of weed seed.
2257	7. Name and number of noxious weed seeds per pound, if
2258	present.
2259	8. Percentage of germination, and hard or dormant seed if
2260	appropriate, of each kind or kind and variety named. The
2261	germination test must have been completed within the previous 12
2262	months exclusive of the calendar month of test.
2263	9. The calendar month and year the test was completed to

## Page 80 of 113

2018740er 2264 determine such percentages. 2265 10. Name and address of the person who labeled the seed, or 2266 who sells, offers, or exposes the seed for sale within the 2267 state. 2268 2269 The sum total of the percentages listed pursuant to subparagraphs 3., 4., 5., and 6. must be equal to 100 percent. 2270 2271 (5) For vegetable seed in packets as prepared for use in 2272 home gardens or household plantings or vegetable seeds in preplanted containers, mats, tapes, or other planting devices: 2273 2274 FOR VEGETABLE SEED IN CONTAINERS OF LESS THAN 8 OUNCES .-2275 (a) Name of kind and variety of seed. Hybrids must be 2276 labeled as hybrids. 2277 (b) Lot number or other lot identification. 2278 (c) Germination test date identified in the following 2279 manner: 2280 1. The calendar month and year the germination test was 2281 completed and the statement "Sell by ... (month/year) ... ", which 2282 may be no more than 12 months from the date of test, beginning 2283 with the month after the test date; 2284 2. The month and year the germination test was completed, provided that the germination test must have been completed 2285 2286 within the previous 12 months, exclusive of the calendar month 22.87 of test; or 2288 3. The year for which the seed was packaged for sale as "Packed for ... (year) ... " and the statement "Sell by 2289 2290 ... (year) ... " which shall be one year after the seed was 2291 packaged for sale. 2292 (d) (b) Name and address of the person who labeled the seed

#### Page 81 of 113

1	2018740er
2293	or who sells, <del>distributes,</del> offers, or exposes said seed for sale
2294	within this state.
2295	<u>(e)</u> For seed which germinate less than standard last
2296	established by the department, the additional information must
2297	be shown:
2298	1. Percentage of germination, exclusive of hard <u>or dormant</u>
2299	seed.
2300	2. Percentage of hard <u>or dormant</u> seed <del>when present</del> , if
2301	present desired.
2302	3. Calendar month and year the test was completed to
2303	determine such percentages.
2304	<u>3.</u> 4. The words "Below Standard" prominently displayed in
2305	not less than 8-point type.
2306	
2307	<u>(f)</u> No seed marked "below standard" <u>may</u> <del>shall</del> be sold
2308	that falls which fall more than 20 percent below the established
2309	standard for such seed. For seeds that do not have an
2310	established standard, the minimum germination standard shall be
2311	50 percent, and no such seed may be sold that is 20 percent
2312	below this standard.
2313	(g) For seed placed in a germination medium, mat, tape, or
2314	other device in such a way as to make it difficult to determine
2315	the quantity of seed without removing the seeds from the medium,
2316	mat, tape or device, a statement to indicate the minimum number
2317	of seeds in the container.
2318	(6) For vegetable seed in containers, other than packets
2319	prepared for use in home gardens or household plantings, and
2320	other than preplanted containers, mats, tapes, or other planting
2321	devices:

## Page 82 of 113

	2018740er
2322	(a) The name of each kind and variety present of any seed
2323	in excess of 5 percent of the total weight in the container, and
2324	the percentage by weight of each type of seed in order of its
2325	predominance. Hybrids must be labeled as hybrids.
2326	(b) Net weight or seed count.
2327	(c) Lot number or other lot identification.
2328	(d) For each named vegetable seed:
2329	1. Percentage germination, exclusive of hard or dormant
2330	seed;
2331	2. Percentage of hard or dormant seed, if present;
2332	3. Listed below the requirements of subparagraphs 1. and
2333	2., the "total germination and hard or dormant seed" may be
2334	stated as such, if desired; and
2335	4. The calendar month and year the test was completed to
2336	determine the percentages specified in subparagraphs 1. and 2.,
2337	provided that the germination test must have been completed
2338	within 9 months, exclusive of the calendar month of test.
2339	(e) Name and address of the person who labeled the seed, or
2340	who sells, offers, or exposes the seed for sale within this
2341	state.
2342	(f) For seed which germinate less than the standard last
2343	established by the department, the words "Below Standard"
2344	prominently displayed.
2345	1. No seed marked "Below Standard" may be sold if the seed
2346	is more than 20 percent below the established standard for such
2347	seed.
2348	2. For seeds that do not have an established standard, the
2349	minimum germination standard shall be 50 percent, and no such
2350	seed may be sold that is 20 percent below this standard.

## Page 83 of 113

#### CS for CS for SB 740, 1st Engrossed

2018740er 2351 (7) (5) For flower seed in packets prepared for use in home gardens or household plantings or flower seed in preplanted 2352 2353 containers, mats, tapes, or other planting devices: FOR FLOWER 2354 SEED IN PACKETS PREPARED FOR USE IN HOME GARDENS OR HOUSEHOLD 2355 PLANTINGS OR FLOWER SEED IN PREPLANTED CONTAINERS, MATS, TAPES, 2356 OR OTHER PLANTING DEVICES.-2357 (a) For all kinds of flower seed: 2358 1. The name of the kind and variety or a statement of type 2359 and performance characteristics as prescribed in the rules and 2360 regulations adopted promulgated under the provisions of this 2361 chapter. 2. Germination test date, identified in the following 2362 2363 manner: 2364 a. The calendar month and year the germination test was completed and the statement "Sell by ... (month/year) ... ". The 2365 2366 sell by date must be no more than 12 months from the date of 2367 test, beginning with the month after the test date; 2368 b. The year for which the seed was packed for sale as 2369 "Packed for ... (year) ... " and the statement "Sell by 2370 ... (year) ... " which shall be for a calendar year; or 2371 c. The calendar month and year the test was completed, 2372 provided that the germination test must have been completed 2373 within the previous 12 months, exclusive of the calendar month 2374 of test. 2375 2. The calendar month and year the seed was tested or the 2376 year for which the seed was packaged. 2377 3. The name and address of the person who labeled said 2378 seed, or who sells, offers, or exposes said seed for sale within this state. 2379

#### Page 84 of 113

2018740er 2380 (b) For seed of those kinds for which standard testing 2381 procedures are prescribed and which germinate less than the 2382 germination standard last established under the provisions of 2383 this chapter: 1. The percentage of germination exclusive of hard or 2384 2385 dormant seed. 2386 2. Percentage of hard or dormant seed, if present. 2387 3. The words "Below Standard" prominently displayed in not 2388 less than 8-point type. 2389 (c) For seed placed in a germination medium, mat, tape, or 2390 other device in such a way as to make it difficult to determine 2391 the quantity of seed without removing the seed from the medium, 2392 mat, tape, or device, a statement to indicate the minimum number 2393 of seed in the container. 2394 (8) (6) For flower seed in containers other than packets and other than preplanted containers, mats, tapes, or other planting 2395 2396 devices and not prepared for use in home flower gardens or 2397 household plantings: FOR FLOWER SEED IN CONTAINERS OTHER THAN 2398 PACKETS PREPARED FOR USE IN HOME FLOWER GARDENS OR HOUSEHOLD 2399 PLANTINGS AND OTHER THAN PREPLANTED CONTAINERS, MATS, TAPES, OR 2400 OTHER PLANTING DEVICES .-2401 (a) The name of the kind and variety, and for wildflowers, 2402 the genus and species and subspecies, if appropriate or a 2403 statement of type and performance characteristics as prescribed 2404 in rules and regulations promulgated under the provisions of 2405 this chapter. 2406 (b) Net weight or seed count. (c) (b) The Lot number or other lot identification. 2407 2408 (d) For flower seed with a pure seed percentage of less

#### Page 85 of 113

1	2018740er
2409	than 90 percent:
2410	1. Percentage, by weight, of each component listed in order
2411	of its predominance.
2412	2. Percentage by weight of weed seed, if present.
2413	3. Percentage by weight of other crop seed.
2414	4. Percentage by weight of inert matter.
2415	(e) For those kinds of seed for which standard testing
2416	procedures are prescribed:
2417	1. Percentage germination exclusive of hard or dormant
2418	seed.
2419	2. Percentage of hard or dormant seed, if present.
2420	3.(c) The calendar month and year that the test was
2421	completed. The germination test must have been completed within
2422	the previous 9 months, exclusive of the calendar month of test.
2423	(f) For those kinds of seed for which standard testing
2424	procedures are not available, the year of production or
2425	<u>collection</u> seed were tested or the year for which the seed were
2426	packaged.
2427	<u>(g)</u> (d) The name and address of the person who labeled said
2428	seed or who sells, offers, or exposes said seed for sale within
2429	this state.
2430	(e) For those kinds of seed for which standard testing
2431	procedures are prescribed:
2432	1. The percentage germination exclusive of hard seed.
2433	2. The percentage of hard seed, if present.
2434	<u>(h)</u> For those seeds which germinate less than the
2435	standard last established by the department, the words "Below
2436	Standard" prominently displayed in not less than 8-point type
2437	must be printed or written in ink on the face of the tag.
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## Page 86 of 113

	2018740er
2438	(9) For tree or shrub seed:
2439	(a) Common name of the species of seed and, if appropriate,
2440	subspecies.
2441	(b) The scientific name of the genus, species, and, if
2442	appropriate, subspecies.
2443	(c) Lot number or other lot identification.
2444	(d) Net weight or seed count.
2445	(e) Origin, indicated in the following manner:
2446	1. For seed collected from a predominantly indigenous
2447	stand, the area of collection given by latitude and longitude or
2448	geographic description, or political subdivision, such as state
2449	or county.
2450	2. For seed collected from other than a predominantly
2451	indigenous stand, the area of collection and the origin of the
2452	stand or the statement "Origin not Indigenous".
2453	3. The elevation or the upper and lower limits of
2454	elevations within which the seed was collected.
2455	(f) Purity as a percentage of pure seed by weight.
2456	(g) For those species for which standard germination
2457	testing procedures are prescribed by the department:
2458	1. Percentage germination exclusive of hard or dormant
2459	seed.
2460	2. Percentage of hard or dormant seed, if present.
2461	3. The calendar month and year test was completed, provided
2462	that the germination test must have been completed within the
2463	previous 12 months, exclusive of the calendar month of test.
2464	(h) In lieu of subparagraphs (g)1., 2., and 3., the seed
2465	may be labeled "Test is in progress; results will be supplied
2466	upon request."

## Page 87 of 113

	2018740er
2467	(i) For those species for which standard germination
2468	testing procedures have not been prescribed by the department,
2469	the calendar year in which the seed was collected.
2470	(j) The name and address of the person who labeled the seed
2471	or who sells, offers, or exposes the seed for sale within this
2472	state.
2473	(7) DEPARTMENT TO PRESCRIBE UNIFORM ANALYSIS TAG. The
2474	department shall have the authority to prescribe a uniform
2475	analysis tag required by this section.
2476	
2477	The information required by this section to be placed on labels
2478	attached to seed containers may not be modified or denied in the
2479	labeling or on another label attached to the container. However,
2480	labeling of seed supplied under a contractual agreement may be
2481	by invoice accompanying the shipment or by an analysis tag
2482	attached to the invoice if each bag or other container is
2483	clearly identified by a lot number displayed on the bag or other
2484	container. Each bag or container that is not so identified must
2485	carry complete labeling.
2486	Section 43. Section 578.091, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
2487	Section 44. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 578.10,
2488	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
2489	578.10 Exemptions
2490	(2) The provisions of ss. 578.09 and 578.13 do not apply
2491	<u>to</u> :
2492	(a) $rac{To}$ Seed or grain not intended for sowing or planting
2493	purposes.
2494	(b) To Seed stored in storage in, consigned to, or being
2495	transported to seed cleaning or processing establishments for

## Page 88 of 113

2524

2018740er 2496 cleaning or processing only. Any labeling or other 2497 representation which may be made with respect to the unclean 2498 seed is shall be subject to this law. 2499 (c) Seed under development or maintained exclusively for 2500 research purposes. 2501 (3) If seeds cannot be identified by examination thereof, a 2502 person is not subject to the criminal penalties of this chapter 2503 for having sold or offered for sale seeds subject to this 2504 chapter which were incorrectly labeled or represented as to 2505 kind, species, and, if appropriate, subspecies, variety, type, 2506 or origin, elevation, and, if required, year of collection 2507 unless he or she has failed to obtain an invoice, genuine 2508 grower's or tree seed collector's declaration, or other labeling 2509 information and to take such other precautions as may be 2510 reasonable to ensure the identity of the seeds to be as stated 2511 by the grower. A genuine grower's declaration of variety must 2512 affirm that the grower holds records of proof of identity concerning parent seed, such as invoice and labels No person 2513 2514 shall be subject to the criminal penalties of this law for 2515 having sold, offered, exposed, or distributed for sale in this 2516 state any agricultural, vegetable, or forest tree seed which 2517 were incorrectly labeled or represented as to kind and variety or origin, which seed cannot be identified by examination 2518 thereof, unless she or he has failed to obtain an invoice or 2519 2520 grower's declaration giving kind and variety and origin. Section 45. Section 578.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to 2521 2522 read: 2523 578.11 Duties, authority, and rules of the department.-

(1) The duty of administering this law and enforcing its

#### Page 89 of 113

2018740er 2525 provisions and requirements shall be vested in the Department of 2526 Agriculture and Consumer Services, which is hereby authorized to 2527 employ such agents and persons as in its judgment shall be 2528 necessary therefor. It shall be the duty of the department, 2529 which may act through its authorized agents, to sample, inspect, 2530 make analyses of, and test agricultural, vegetable, flower, or 2531 forest tree, or shrub seed transported, sold, offered or exposed 2532 for sale, or distributed within this state for sowing or 2533 planting purposes, at such time and place and to such extent as 2534 it may deem necessary to determine whether said agricultural, 2535 vegetable, flower, or forest tree, or shrub seed are in 2536 compliance with the provisions of this law, and to notify 2537 promptly the person who transported, distributed, sold, offered or exposed the seed for sale, of any violation. 2538

2539

(2) The department is authorized to:

(a) To Enforce this <u>chapter</u> act and prescribe the methods
of sampling, inspecting, testing, and examining agricultural,
vegetable, flower, or forest tree, or shrub seed.

(b) To Establish standards and tolerances to be followed in the administration of this law, which shall be in general accord with officially prescribed practices in interstate commerce.

2546

(c) <del>To</del> Prescribe uniform labels.

2547 (d) To Adopt prohibited and restricted noxious weed seed 2548 lists.

(e) To Prescribe limitations for each restricted noxious weed to be used in enforcement of this <u>chapter</u> act and to add or subtract therefrom from time to time as the need may arise.

(f) To Make commercial tests of seed and to fix and collect charges for such tests.

#### Page 90 of 113

2554 (g) To List the kinds of flower, and forest tree, and shrub 2555 seed subject to this law. 2556 (h) To Analyze samples, as requested by a consumer. The 2557 department shall establish, by rule, a fee schedule for 2558 analyzing samples at the request of a consumer. The fees shall 2559 be sufficient to cover the costs to the department for taking 2560 the samples and performing the analysis, not to exceed \$150 per 2561 sample. 2562 (i) To Adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to 2563 implement the provisions of this chapter act. 2564 (j) <del>To</del> Establish, by rule, requirements governing aircraft used for the aerial application of seed, including requirements 2565 2566 for recordkeeping, annual aircraft registration, secure storage 2567 when not in use, area-of-application information, and reporting 2568 any sale, lease, purchase, rental, or transfer of such aircraft 2569 to another person. 2570 (3) For the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this 2571 law, the department, through its authorized agents, is 2572 authorized to: 2573 (a) To Enter upon any public or private premises, where 2574 agricultural, vegetable, flower, or forest tree, or shrub seed 2575 is sold, offered, exposed, or distributed for sale during 2576 regular business hours, in order to have access to seed subject 2577 to this law and the rules and regulations hereunder. 2578 (b)  $\underline{\neg }$  Issue and enforce a stop-sale notice or order to the 2579 owner or custodian of any lot of agricultural, vegetable, 2580 flower, or forest tree, or shrub seed, which the department 2581 finds or has good reason to believe is in violation of any 2582 provisions of this law, which shall prohibit further sale,

#### Page 91 of 113

2583 barter, exchange, or distribution of such seed until the 2584 department is satisfied that the law has been complied with and 2585 has issued a written release or notice to the owner or custodian 2586 of such seed. After a stop-sale notice or order has been issued against or attached to any lot of seed and the owner or 2587 2588 custodian of such seed has received confirmation that the seed 2589 does not comply with this law, she or he has shall have 15 days 2590 beyond the normal test period within which to comply with the 2591 law and obtain a written release of the seed. The provisions of 2592 This paragraph may shall not be construed as limiting the right 2593 of the department to proceed as authorized by other sections of 2594 this law.

(c) To Establish and maintain a seed laboratory, employ seed analysts and other personnel, and incur such other expenses as may be necessary to comply with these provisions.

2598 Section 46. Section 578.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to 2599 read:

578.12 Stop-sale, stop-use, removal, or hold orders.-When 2600 2601 agricultural, vegetable, flower, or forest tree, or shrub seed 2602 is being offered or exposed for sale or held in violation of any 2603 of the provisions of this chapter, the department, through its 2604 authorized representative, may issue and enforce a stop-sale, 2605 stop-use, removal, or hold order to the owner or custodian of 2606 said seed ordering it to be held at a designated place until the 2607 law has been complied with and said seed is released in writing by the department or its authorized representative. If seed is 2608 2609 not brought into compliance with this law it shall be destroyed 2610 within 30 days or disposed of by the department in such a manner 2611 as it shall by regulation prescribe.

#### Page 92 of 113

2018740er 2612 Section 47. Section 578.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to 2613 read: 2614 578.13 Prohibitions.-2615 (1) It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, distribute 2616 for sale, offer for sale, expose for sale, handle for sale, or 2617 solicit orders for the purchase of any agricultural, vegetable, flower, or forest tree, or shrub, seed within this state: 2618 2619 (a) Unless the test to determine the percentage of germination required by s. 578.09 has shall have been completed 2620 2621 within a period of 7 months, exclusive of the calendar month in which the test was completed, immediately prior to sale, 2622 2623 exposure for sale, offering for sale, or transportation, except 2624 for a germination test for seed in hermetically sealed containers which is provided for in s. 578.092 s. 578.28. 2625 2626 (b) Not labeled in accordance with the provisions of this 2627 law, or having false or misleading labeling. (c) Pertaining to which there has been a false or 2628 2629 misleading advertisement. 2630 (d) Containing noxious weed seeds subject to tolerances and 2631 methods of determination prescribed in the rules and regulations under this law. 2632 2633 (e) Unless a seed license has been obtained in accordance 2634 with the provisions of this law. 2635 (f) Unless such seed conforms to the definition of a "lot of seed." 2636 2637 (2) It shall be unlawful for a any person within this state 2638 to: 2639 (a) To Detach, deface, destroy, or use a second time any 2640 label or tag provided for in this law or in the rules and

#### Page 93 of 113

2018740er 2641 regulations made and promulgated hereunder or to alter or 2642 substitute seed in a manner that may defeat the purpose of this 2643 law. 2644 (b) To Disseminate any false or misleading advertisement 2645 concerning agricultural, vegetable, flower, or forest tree , or 2646 shrub seed in any manner or by any means. 2647 (c) To Hinder or obstruct in any way any authorized person 2648 in the performance of her or his duties under this law. 2649 (d) To Fail to comply with a stop-sale order or to move, 2650 handle, or dispose of any lot of seed, or tags attached to such seed, held under a "stop-sale" order, except with express 2651 permission of the department and for the purpose specified by 2652 2653 the department or seizure order. 2654 (e) Label, advertise, or otherwise represent seed subject 2655 to this chapter to be certified seed or any class thereof, 2656 including classes such as "registered seed," "foundation seed," 2657 "breeder seed" or similar representations, unless: 2658 1. A seed certifying agency determines that such seed 2659 conformed to standards of purity and identify as to the kind, variety, or species and, if appropriate, subspecies and the seed 2660 2661 certifying agency also determines that tree or shrub seed was found to be of the origin and elevation claimed, in compliance 2662 2663 with the rules and regulations of such agency pertaining to such 2664 seed; and 2665 2. The seed bears an official label issued for such seed by 2666 a seed certifying agency certifying that the seed is of a 2667 specified class and specified to the kind, variety, or species 2668 and, if appropriate, subspecies. 2669 (f) Label, by variety name, seed not certified by an

#### Page 94 of 113

2670 official seed-certifying agency when it is a variety for which a 2671 certificate of plant variety protection under the United States 2672 Plant Variety Protection Act, 7 U.S.C. 2321 et. seq., specifies 2673 sale only as a class of certified seed, except that seed from a 2674 certified lot may be labeled as to variety name when used in a 2675 mixture by, or with the written approval of, the owner of the variety. To sell, distribute for sale, offer for sale, expose 2676 2677 for sale, handle for sale, or solicit orders for the purchase of 2678 any agricultural, vegetable, flower, or forest tree seed labeled "certified seed," "registered seed," "foundation seed," "breeder 2679 2680 seed," or similar terms, unless it has been produced and labeled under seal in compliance with the rules and regulations of any 2681 2682 agency authorized by law.

2683 (g) (f) To Fail to keep a complete record, including a file 2684 sample which shall be retained for 1 year after seed is sold, of 2685 each lot of seed and to make available for inspection such 2686 records to the department or its duly authorized agents.

2687 (h) (g) To Use the name of the Department of Agriculture and 2688 Consumer Services or Florida State Seed Laboratory in connection 2689 with analysis tag, labeling advertisement, or sale of any seed 2690 in any manner whatsoever.

2691 Section 48. <u>Section 578.14</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
2692 Section 49. Subsection (1) of section 578.181, Florida
2693 Statutes, is amended to read:

2694

578.181 Penalties; administrative fine.-

(1) The department may enter an order imposing one or more of the following penalties against a person who violates this chapter or the rules adopted under this chapter or who impedes, obstructs, or hinders, or otherwise attempts to prevent the

#### Page 95 of 113

	2018740er
2699	department from performing its duty in connection with
2700	performing its duties under this chapter:
2701	(a) For a minor violation, issuance of a warning letter.
2702	(b) For violations other than a minor violation:
2703	1. Imposition of an administrative fine in the Class I
2704	category pursuant to s. 570.971 for each occurrence after the
2705	issuance of a warning letter.
2706	2(c) Revocation or suspension of the registration as a
2707	seed dealer.
2708	Section 50. Section 578.23, Florida Statutes, is amended to
2709	read:
2710	578.23 <del>Dealers'</del> Records <del>to be kept available</del> <u>Each person</u>
2711	who allows his or her name or brand to appear on the label as
2712	handling agricultural, vegetable, flower, tree, or shrub seeds
2713	subject to this chapter must keep, for 2 years, complete records
2714	of each lot of agricultural, vegetable, flower, tree, or shrub
2715	seed handled, and keep for 1 year after final disposition a file
2716	sample of each lot of seed. All such records and samples
2717	pertaining to the shipment or shipments involved must be
2718	accessible for inspection by the department or its authorized
2719	representative during normal business hours Every seed dealer
2720	shall make and keep for a period of 3 years satisfactory records
2721	of all agricultural, vegetable, flower, or forest tree seed
2722	bought or handled to be sold, which records shall at all times
2723	be made readily available for inspection, examination, or audit
2724	by the department. Such records shall also be maintained by
2725	persons who purchase seed for production of plants for resale.
2726	Section 51. Section 578.26, Florida Statutes, is amended to
2727	read:

## Page 96 of 113

#### CS for CS for SB 740, 1st Engrossed

2018740er

2728

578.26 Complaint, investigation, hearings, findings, and 2729 recommendation prerequisite to legal action.-

2730 (1) (a) When any buyer farmer is damaged by the failure of 2731 agricultural, vegetable, flower, or forest tree, or shrub seed planted in this state to produce or perform as represented by 2732 2733 the labeling of such label attached to the seed as required by 2734 s. 578.09, as a prerequisite to her or his right to maintain a 2735 legal action against the dealer from whom the seed was 2736 purchased, the buyer must farmer shall make a sworn complaint 2737 against the dealer alleging damages sustained. The complaint 2738 shall be filed with the department, and a copy of the complaint 2739 shall be served by the department on the dealer by certified mail, within such time as to permit inspection of the property, 2740 2741 crops, plants, or trees referenced in, or related to, the 2742 buyer's complaint by the seed investigation and conciliation 2743 council or its representatives and by the dealer from whom the 2744 seed was purchased.

2745 (b) For types of claims specified in paragraph (a), the 2746 buyer may not commence legal proceedings against the dealer or 2747 assert such a claim as a counterclaim or defense in any action 2748 brought by the dealer until the findings and recommendations of 2749 the seed investigation and conciliation council are transmitted 2750 to the complainant and the dealer.

2751 (c) (b) Language setting forth the requirement for filing 2752 and serving the complaint shall be legibly typed or printed on 2753 the analysis label or be attached to the package containing the 2754 seed at the time of purchase by the buyer farmer.

(d) (c) A nonrefundable filing fee of \$100 shall be paid to 2755 2756 the department with each complaint filed. However, the

#### Page 97 of 113

2757 complainant may recover the filing fee cost from the dealer upon 2758 the recommendation of the seed investigation and conciliation 2759 council.

(2) Within 15 days after receipt of a copy of the complaint, the dealer shall file with the department her or his answer to the complaint and serve a copy of the answer on the <u>buyer farmer</u> by certified mail. Upon receipt of the findings and recommendation of the arbitration council, the department shall transmit them to the farmer and to the dealer by certified mail.

(3) The department shall refer the complaint and the answer thereto to the seed investigation and conciliation council provided in s. 578.27 for investigation, informal hearing, findings, and recommendation on the matters complained of.

(a) Each party <u>must</u> shall be allowed to present its side of the dispute at an informal hearing before the seed investigation and conciliation council. Attorneys may be present at the hearing to confer with their clients. However, no attorney may participate directly in the proceeding.

(b) Hearings, including the deliberations of the seed investigation and conciliation council, <u>must</u> shall be open to the public.

(c) Within 30 days after completion of a hearing, the seed investigation and conciliation council shall transmit its findings and recommendations to the department. Upon receipt of the findings and recommendation of the seed investigation and conciliation council, the department shall transmit them to the <u>buyer farmer</u> and to the dealer by certified mail.

(4) The department shall provide administrative support forthe seed investigation and conciliation council <u>and shall mail a</u>

#### Page 98 of 113

2018740er 2786 copy of the council's procedures to each party upon receipt of a 2787 complaint by the department. 2788 Section 52. Subsections (1), (2), and (4) of section 2789 578.27, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 2790 578.27 Seed investigation and conciliation council; 2791 composition; purpose; meetings; duties; expenses.-2792 (1) The Commissioner of Agriculture shall appoint a seed 2793 investigation and conciliation council composed of seven members 2794 and seven alternate members, one member and one alternate to be 2795 appointed upon the recommendation of each of the following: the deans of extension and research, Institute of Food and 2796 2797 Agricultural Sciences, University of Florida; president of the Florida Seed Seedsmen and Garden Supply Association; president 2798 2799 of the Florida Farm Bureau Federation; and the president of the 2800 Florida Fruit and Vegetable Association. The Commissioner of 2801 Agriculture shall appoint a representative and an alternate from 2802 the agriculture industry at large and from the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services. Each member shall be 2803 2804 appointed for a term of 4 years or less and shall serve until 2805 his or her successor is appointed Initially, three members and their alternates shall be appointed for 4-year terms and four 2806 2807 members and their alternates shall be appointed for 2-year 2808 terms. Thereafter, members and alternates shall be appointed for 2809 4-year terms. Each alternate member shall serve only in the 2810 absence of the member for whom she or he is an alternate. A 2811 vacancy shall be filled for the remainder of the unexpired term 2812 in the same manner as the original appointment. The council 2813 shall annually elect a chair from its membership. It shall be 2814 the duty of the chair to conduct all meetings and deliberations

#### Page 99 of 113

2815 held by the council and to direct all other activities of the 2816 council. The department representative shall serve as secretary 2817 of the council. It shall be the duty of the secretary to keep 2818 accurate and correct records on all meetings and deliberations 2819 and perform other duties for the council as directed by the 2820 chair.

(2) The purpose of the seed investigation and conciliation council is to assist <u>buyers</u> farmers and agricultural seed dealers in determining the validity of <u>seed</u> complaints made by <u>buyers</u> farmers against dealers and recommend <u>a settlement</u>, when <u>appropriate</u>, <u>cost damages</u> resulting from the alleged failure of the seed to produce <u>or perform</u> as represented by <u>the</u> label <u>of</u> <u>such</u> on the seed package.

(4) (a) When the department refers to the seed investigation and conciliation council any complaint made by a <u>buyer</u> farmer against a dealer, <u>the</u> said council <u>must</u> shall make a full and complete investigation of the matters complained of and at the conclusion of <u>the</u> said investigation <u>must</u> shall report its findings and make its recommendation of cost damages and file same with the department.

(b) In conducting its investigation, the seed investigation 2835 2836 and conciliation council or any representative, member, or 2837 members thereof are authorized to examine the buyer's property, 2838 crops, plants, or trees referenced in or relating to the 2839 complaint farmer on her or his farming operation of which she or 2840 he complains and the dealer on her or his packaging, labeling, 2841 and selling operation of the seed alleged to be faulty; to grow 2842 to production a representative sample of the alleged faulty seed 2843 through the facilities of the state, under the supervision of

#### Page 100 of 113

2844 the department when such action is deemed to be necessary; to 2845 hold informal hearings at a time and place directed by the 2846 department or by the chair of the council upon reasonable notice 2847 to the <u>buyer farmer</u> and the dealer.

(c) Any investigation made by less than the whole membership of the council <u>must</u> shall be by authority of a written directive by the department or by the chair, and such investigation <u>must</u> shall be summarized in writing and considered by the council in reporting its findings and making its recommendation.

2854 Section 53. Section 578.28, Florida Statutes, is renumbered 2855 as section 578.092, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

2856 <u>578.092</u> 578.28 Seed in hermetically sealed containers.—The 2857 period of validity of germination tests is extended to the 2858 following periods for seed packaged in hermetically sealed 2859 containers, under conditions and label requirements set forth in 2860 this section:

(1) GERMINATION TESTS.—The germination test for agricultural and vegetable seed <u>must</u> shall have been completed within the following periods, exclusive of the calendar month in which the test was completed, immediately prior to shipment, delivery, transportation, or sale:

(a) In the case of agricultural or vegetable seed shipped, delivered, transported, or sold to a dealer for resale, 18 months;

(b) In the case of agricultural or vegetable seed for sale or sold at retail, 24 months.

2871 (2) CONDITIONS OF PACKAGING.—The following conditions are 2872 considered as minimum:

#### Page 101 of 113

#### CS for CS for SB 740, 1st Engrossed

2018740er

2873 (a) Hermetically sealed packages or containers.-A 2874 container, to be acceptable under the provisions of this 2875 section, shall not allow water vapor penetration through any 2876 wall, including the wall seals, greater than 0.05 gram of water per 24 hours per 100 square inches of surface at 100 °F. with a 2877 2878 relative humidity on one side of 90 percent and on the other of 2879 0 percent. Water vapor penetration (WVP) is measured by the 2880 standards of the National Institute of Standards and Technology as: gm  $H_2O/24$  hr./100 sq. in./100 °F/90 percent RH V. 0 percent 2881 2882 RH. 2883 (b) Moisture of seed packaged.-The moisture of agricultural 2884 or vegetable seed subject to the provisions of this section 2885 shall be established by rule of the department. (3) LABELING REQUIRED.-In addition to the labeling required 2886 2887 by s. 578.09, seed packaged under the provisions of this section 2888 shall be labeled with the following information: 2889 (a) Seed has been preconditioned as to moisture content. 2890 (b) Container is hermetically sealed. 2891 (c) "Germination test valid until (month, year)" may be 2892 used. (Not to exceed 24 months from date of test). Section 54. Section 578.29, Florida Statutes, is created to 2893 2894 read: 2895 578.29 Prohibited noxious weed seed.-Seeds meeting the 2896 definition of prohibited noxious weed seed under s. 578.011, may not be present in agricultural, vegetable, flower, tree, or 2897 2898 shrub seed offered or exposed for sale in this state. 2899 Section 55. Subsection (1) of section 590.02, Florida 2900 Statutes, is amended to read: 2901 590.02 Florida Forest Service; powers, authority, and

#### Page 102 of 113

2902 duties; liability; building structures; Withlacoochee Training 2903 Center.-

(1) The Florida Forest Service has the following powers,authority, and duties to:

2906

(a) To Enforce the provisions of this chapter;

(b) To Prevent, detect, and suppress wildfires wherever they may occur on public or private land in this state and to do all things necessary in the exercise of such powers, authority, and duties;

(c) To Provide firefighting crews, who shall be under the control and direction of the Florida Forest Service and its designated agents;

2914 (d) To Appoint center managers, forest area supervisors, 2915 forestry program administrators, a forest protection bureau 2916 chief, a forest protection assistant bureau chief, a field 2917 operations bureau chief, deputy chiefs of field operations, 2918 district managers, forest operations administrators, senior 2919 forest rangers, investigators, forest rangers, firefighter 2920 rotorcraft pilots, and other employees who may, at the Florida 2921 Forest Service's discretion, be certified as forestry 2922 firefighters pursuant to s. 633.408(8). Other law 2923 notwithstanding, center managers, district managers, forest protection assistant bureau chief, and deputy chiefs of field 2924 2925 operations have shall have Selected Exempt Service status in the 2926 state personnel designation;

(e) To Develop a training curriculum for forestry
firefighters which must contain the basic volunteer structural
fire training course approved by the Florida State Fire College
of the Division of State Fire Marshal and a minimum of 250 hours

#### Page 103 of 113

	2018740er
2931	of wildfire training;
2932	(f) Pay the cost of the initial commercial driver license
2933	examination fee for those employees whose position requires them
2934	to operate equipment requiring a license. This paragraph is
2935	intended to be an authorization to the department to pay such
2936	costs, not an obligation To make rules to accomplish the
2937	purposes of this chapter;
2938	(g) $\frac{1}{2}$ Provide fire management services and emergency
2939	response assistance and to set and charge reasonable fees for
2940	performance of those services. Moneys collected from such fees
2941	shall be deposited into the Incidental Trust Fund of the Florida
2942	Forest Service;
2943	(h) $rac{\pi_{\Theta}}{\pi_{\Theta}}$ Require all state, regional, and local government
2944	agencies operating aircraft in the vicinity of an ongoing
2945	wildfire to operate in compliance with the applicable state
2946	Wildfire Aviation Plan; and
2947	(i) <del>To</del> Authorize broadcast burning, prescribed burning,
2948	pile burning, and land clearing debris burning to carry out the
2949	duties of this chapter and the rules adopted thereunder; and
2950	(j) Make rules to accomplish the purposes of this chapter.
2951	Section 56. Section 817.417, Florida Statutes, is created
2952	to read:
2953	817.417 Government Impostor and Deceptive Advertisement
2954	Act
2955	(1) SHORT TITLEThis act may be cited as the "Government
2956	Impostor and Deceptive Advertisements Act."
2957	(2) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section:
2958	(a) "Advertisement" means any representation disseminated
2959	in any manner or by any means, other than by a label, for the

## Page 104 of 113

	2018740er
2960	purpose of inducing, or which is reasonably likely to induce,
2961	directly or indirectly, a purchase.
2962	(b) "Department" means the Department of Agriculture and
2963	Consumer Services.
2964	(c) "Governmental entity" means a political subdivision or
2965	agency of any state, possession, or territory of the United
2966	States, or the Federal Government, including, but not limited
2967	to, a board, a department, an office, an agency, a military
2968	veteran entity, or a military or veteran service organization by
2969	whatever name known.
2970	(3) DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIESThe department has the
2971	duty and responsibility to:
2972	(a) Investigate potential violations of this section.
2973	(b) Request and obtain information regarding potential
2974	violations of this section.
2975	(c) Seek compliance with this section.
2976	(d) Enforce this section.
2977	(e) Adopt rules necessary to administer this section.
2978	(4) VIOLATIONSEach occurrence of the following acts or
2979	practices constitute a violation of this section:
2980	(a) Disseminating an advertisement that:
2981	1. Simulates a summons, complaint, jury notice, or other
2982	court, judicial, or administrative process of any kind.
2983	2. Represents, implies, or otherwise engages in an action
2984	that may reasonably cause confusion that the person using or
2985	employing the advertisement is a part of or associated with a
2986	governmental entity, when such is not true.
2987	(b) Representing, implying, or otherwise reasonably causing
2988	confusion that goods, services, an advertisement, or an offer
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## Page 105 of 113

	2018740er
2989	was disseminated by or has been approved, authorized, or
2990	endorsed, in whole or in part, by a governmental entity, when
2991	such is not true.
2992	(c) Using or employing language, symbols, logos,
2993	representations, statements, titles, names, seals, emblems,
2994	insignia, trade or brand names, business or control tracking
2995	numbers, website or e-mail addresses, or any other term, symbol,
2996	or other content that represents or implies or otherwise
2997	reasonably causes confusion that goods, services, an
2998	advertisement, or an offer is from a governmental entity, when
2999	such is not true.
3000	(d) Failing to provide the disclosures as required in
3001	subsections (5) or (6).
3002	(e) Failing to timely submit to the department written
3003	responses and answers to its inquiries concerning alleged
3004	practices inconsistent with, or in violation of, this section.
3005	Responses or answers may include, but are not limited to, copies
3006	of customer lists, invoices, receipts, or other business
3007	records.
3008	(5) NOTICE REGARDING DOCUMENT AVAILABILITY
3009	(a) Any person offering documents that are available free
3010	of charge or at a lesser price from a governmental entity must
3011	provide the notice specified in paragraph (b) on advertisements
3012	as follows:
3013	1. For printed or written advertisements, notice must be in
3014	the same font size, color, style, and visibility as primarily
3015	used elsewhere on the page or envelope and displayed as follows:
3016	a. On the outside front of any mailing envelope used in
3017	disseminating the advertisement.

## Page 106 of 113

# ENROLLED

## 2018 Legislature CS for CS for SB 740, 1st Engrossed

	2018740er
3018	b. At the top of each printed or written page used in the
3019	advertisement.
3020	2. For electronic advertisements, notice must be in the
3021	same font size, color, style, and visibility as the body text
3022	primarily used in the e-mail or web page and displayed as
3023	follows:
3024	a. At the beginning of each e-mail message, before any
3025	offer or other substantive information.
3026	b. In a prominent location on each web page, such as the
3027	top of each page or immediately following the offer or other
3028	substantive information on the page.
3029	(b) Advertisements specified in paragraph (a) must include
3030	the following disclosure:
3031	
3032	"IMPORTANT NOTICE:
3033	
3034	The documents offered by this advertisement are available to
3035	Florida consumers free of charge or for a lesser price from
3036	(insert name, telephone number, and mailing address of the
3037	applicable governmental entity) You are NOT required to
3038	purchase anything from this company and the company is NOT
3039	affiliated, endorsed, or approved by any governmental entity.
3040	The item offered in this advertisement has NOT been approved or
3041	endorsed by any governmental agency, and this offer is NOT being
3042	made by an agency of the government."
3043	
3044	(6) NOTICE REGARDING CLAIM OF LEGAL COMPLIANCE
3045	(a) Any person disseminating an advertisement that includes
3046	a form or template to be completed by the consumer with the

## Page 107 of 113

	2018740er
3047	claim that such form or template will assist the consumer in
3048	complying with a legal filing or record retention requirement
3049	must provide the notice specified in paragraph (b) on
3050	advertisements as follows:
3051	1. For printed or written advertisements, the notice must
3052	be in the same font size, color, style, and visibility as
3053	primarily used elsewhere on the page or envelope and displayed
3054	as follows:
3055	a. On the outside front of any mailing envelope used in
3056	disseminating the advertisement.
3057	b. At the top of each printed or written page used in the
3058	advertisement.
3059	2. For electronic advertisements, the notice must be in the
3060	same font size, color, style, and visibility as the body text
3061	primarily used in the e-mail or web page and displayed as
3062	follows:
3063	a. At the beginning of each e-mail message, before any
3064	offer or other substantive information.
3065	b. In a prominent location on each web page, such as the
3066	top of each page or immediately following the offer or other
3067	substantive information on the page.
3068	(b) Advertisements specified in paragraph (a) must include
3069	the following disclosure:
3070	
3071	"IMPORTANT NOTICE:
3072	
3073	You are NOT required to purchase anything from this company and
3074	the company is NOT affiliated, endorsed, or approved by any
3075	governmental entity. The item offered in this advertisement has

## Page 108 of 113

	2018740er
3076	NOT been approved or endorsed by any governmental agency, and
3077	this offer is NOT being made by an agency of the government."
3078	
3079	(7) PENALTIES
3080	(a) Any person substantially affected by a violation of
3081	this section may bring an action in a court of proper
3082	jurisdiction to enforce the provisions of this section. A person
3083	prevailing in a civil action for a violation of this section
3084	shall be awarded costs, including reasonable attorney fees, and
3085	may be awarded punitive damages in addition to actual damages
3086	proven. This provision is in addition to any other remedies
3087	prescribed by law.
3088	(b) The department may bring one or more of the following
3089	for a violation of this section:
3090	1. A civil action in circuit court for:
3091	a. Temporary or permanent injunctive relief to enforce this
3092	section.
3093	b. For printed advertisements and e-mail, a fine of up to
3094	\$1,000 for each separately addressed advertisement or message
3095	containing content in violation of paragraphs (4)(a)-(d)
3096	received by or addressed to a state resident.
3097	c. For websites, a fine of up to \$5,000 for each day a
3098	website, with content in violation of paragraphs (4)(a)-(d), is
3099	published and made available to the general public.
3100	d. For violations of paragraph (4)(e), a fine of up to
3101	\$5,000 for each violation.
3102	e. Recovery of restitution and damages on behalf of persons
3103	substantially affected by a violation of this section.
3104	f. The recovery of court costs and reasonable attorney

## Page 109 of 113

	2018740er
3105	fees.
3106	2. An action for an administrative fine in the Class III
3107	category pursuant to s. 570.971 for each act or omission which
3108	constitutes a violation under this section.
3109	(c) The department may terminate any investigation or
3110	action upon agreement by the alleged offender to pay a
3111	stipulated fine, make restitution, pay damages to customers, or
3112	satisfy any other relief authorized by this section.
3113	(d) In addition to any remedies or penalties set forth in
3114	this section, any person who violates paragraphs (4) (a)-(d)
3115	also commits an unfair or deceptive trade practice in violation
3116	of part II of chapter 501 and is subject to the penalties and
3117	remedies imposed for such violation.
3118	Section 57. Paragraph (m) of subsection (3) of section
3119	489.105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
3120	489.105 Definitions.—As used in this part:
3121	(3) "Contractor" means the person who is qualified for, and
3122	is only responsible for, the project contracted for and means,
3123	except as exempted in this part, the person who, for
3124	compensation, undertakes to, submits a bid to, or does himself
3125	or herself or by others construct, repair, alter, remodel, add
3126	to, demolish, subtract from, or improve any building or
3127	structure, including related improvements to real estate, for
3128	others or for resale to others; and whose job scope is
3129	substantially similar to the job scope described in one of the
3130	paragraphs of this subsection. For the purposes of regulation
3131	under this part, the term "demolish" applies only to demolition
3132	of steel tanks more than 50 feet in height; towers more than 50
3133	feet in height; other structures more than 50 feet in height;
I	

## Page 110 of 113

2018740er 3134 and all buildings or residences. Contractors are subdivided into 3135 two divisions, Division I, consisting of those contractors 3136 defined in paragraphs (a)-(c), and Division II, consisting of 3137 those contractors defined in paragraphs (d) - (q): 3138 (m) "Plumbing contractor" means a contractor whose services 3139 are unlimited in the plumbing trade and includes contracting 3140 business consisting of the execution of contracts requiring the 3141 experience, financial means, knowledge, and skill to install, maintain, repair, alter, extend, or, if not prohibited by law, 3142 3143 design plumbing. A plumbing contractor may install, maintain, repair, alter, extend, or, if not prohibited by law, design the 3144 following without obtaining an additional local regulatory 3145 license, certificate, or registration: sanitary drainage or 3146 storm drainage facilities, water and sewer plants and 3147 3148 substations, venting systems, public or private water supply 3149 systems, septic tanks, drainage and supply wells, swimming pool piping, irrigation systems, and solar heating water systems and 3150 all appurtenances, apparatus, or equipment used in connection 3151 3152 therewith, including boilers and pressure process piping and 3153 including the installation of water, natural gas, liquefied 3154 petroleum gas and related venting, and storm and sanitary sewer 3155 lines. The scope of work of the plumbing contractor also 3156 includes the design, if not prohibited by law, and installation, 3157 maintenance, repair, alteration, or extension of air-piping, 3158 vacuum line piping, oxygen line piping, nitrous oxide piping, and all related medical gas systems; fire line standpipes and 3159 fire sprinklers if authorized by law; ink and chemical lines; 3160 3161 fuel oil and gasoline piping and tank and pump installation, 3162 except bulk storage plants; and pneumatic control piping

#### Page 111 of 113

3163 systems, all in a manner that complies with all plans, 3164 specifications, codes, laws, and regulations applicable. The 3165 scope of work of the plumbing contractor applies to private property and public property, including any excavation work 3166 3167 incidental thereto, and includes the work of the specialty plumbing contractor. Such contractor shall subcontract, with a 3168 3169 qualified contractor in the field concerned, all other work 3170 incidental to the work but which is specified as being the work 3171 of a trade other than that of a plumbing contractor. This 3172 definition does not limit the scope of work of any specialty 3173 contractor certified pursuant to s. 489.113(6) and does not 3174 require certification or registration under this part as a 3175 category I liquefied petroleum gas dealer, or category V LP gas installer, as defined in s. 527.01, or specialty installer who 3176 3177 is licensed under chapter 527 or an authorized employee of a 3178 public natural gas utility or of a private natural gas utility 3179 regulated by the Public Service Commission when disconnecting 3180 and reconnecting water lines in the servicing or replacement of 3181 an existing water heater. A plumbing contractor may perform 3182 drain cleaning and clearing and install or repair rainwater 3183 catchment systems; however, a mandatory licensing requirement is 3184 not established for the performance of these specific services.

3185Section 58. Subsection (3) of section 527.06, Florida3186Statutes, is reenacted to read:

527.06 Rules.-

3187

3188 (3) Rules in substantial conformity with the published 3189 standards of the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) are 3190 deemed to be in substantial conformity with the generally 3191 accepted standards of safety concerning the same subject matter.

#### Page 112 of 113

## ENROLLED

3192

2018740er

Section 59. This act shall take effect July 1, 2018.

Page 113 of 113