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By the Committee on Appropriations; and Senator Hutson

576-04136-18 2018840c1

A bill to be entitled An act relating to gaming; amending s. 285.710, F.S.; authorizing and directing the Governor, in cooperation with the Seminole Tribe of Florida, to execute a new compact in the form provided; signifying the Legislature's approval and ratification of such compact that does not materially alter from the approved form; providing terms and conditions for the gaming compact; defining terms; authorizing the Tribe to operate covered games on its lands in accordance with the compact and at specified facilities; prohibiting specified games; providing requirements for resolution of patron disputes involving gaming, tort claims, and employee disputes; providing requirements for regulation and enforcement of the compact; requiring the state to conduct random inspections of tribal facilities; authorizing the state to conduct an independent audit; requiring the Tribe and commission to comply with specified licensing and hearing requirements; requiring the Tribe to make specified revenue share payments to the state, with reductions authorized under certain circumstances; requiring the Tribe to pay an annual oversight assessment and annual donation to the Florida Council on Compulsive Gaming; specifying that certain events do not trigger any remedy under the compact or affect the exclusivity provisions of the compact; providing for dispute resolution between the Tribe and the state; providing construction; providing

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576-04136-18 2018840c1

requirements for notice under the compact; providing an effective date and termination of the compact; providing for execution of the compact; amending s. 285.712, F.S.; requiring the Governor to provide a copy of the executed compact to specified parties and direct the Secretary of State to forward a copy to the Secretary of the Interior; creating s. 546.13, F.S.; defining terms; exempting a fantasy contest from certain regulations; amending s. 550.01215, F.S.; revising application requirements for a pari-mutuel operating license; authorizing certain greyhound racing permitholders elect not to conduct live racing if such election is made within a specified period of time; providing that a greyhound racing permitholder that has been issued a slot machine license remains an eligible facility, continues to be eligible for a slot machine license, is exempt from certain provisions of ch. 551, F.S., is eligible to be a guest track for certain purposes, and remains eligible for a cardroom license; authorizing a greyhound racing permitholder to receive an operating license to conduct pari-mutuel wagering activities at another permitholder's greyhound racing facility; authorizing certain jai alai permitholders, harness horse racing permitholders, and quarter horse racing permitholders to elect not to conduct live racing or games if the election is made by a specified date; specifying that such permitholder may retain its permit and remains a pari-mutuel facility; specifying that, if such

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576-04136-18 2018840c1

permitholder has been issued a slot machine license, the permitholder's facility remains an eligible facility, continues to be eligible for a slot machine license, is exempt from certain provisions of chs. 550 and 551, F.S., is eligible to be a guest track, and if the permitholder is a harness horse racing permitholder, a host track for intertrack wagering and simulcasting, and remains eligible for a cardroom license; authorizing a harness horse racing permitholder to be a host track for purposes of intertrack wagering and simulcasting; authorizing the division to approve a change in racing dates for a permitholder if the request for a change is received before a specified date and under certain circumstances; amending s. 550.054, F.S.; requiring the Division of Pari-Mutuel Wagering to revoke a permit to conduct pari-mutuel wagering for a permitholder that fails to make specified payments or obtain an operating license; prohibiting the issuance of new permits; deleting provisions related to the conversion of permits; repealing s. 550.0745, F.S., relating to conversion of a pari-mutuel permit to a summer jai alai permit; amending ss. 550.09512 and 550.09515, F.S.; requiring the division to revoke the permit of a harness horse or thoroughbred racing permitholder, respectively, who does not pay tax on handle for a specified period of time; deleting provisions relating to the reissuance of escheated permits; amending s. 550.3345, F.S.; revising

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576-04136-18 2018840c1

provisions relating to a limited thoroughbred racing permit previously converted from a quarter horse racing permit; amending s. 550.6308, F.S.; revising the number of days of thoroughbred horse sales required for an applicant to obtain a limited intertrack wagering license; revising eligibility requirements for such licenses; revising requirements for such wagering; deleting provisions requiring a licensee to make certain payments to the daily parimutuel pool; amending s. 551.102, F.S.; revising definitions; amending s. 551.104, F.S.; revising conditions of licensure and conditions for maintaining authority to conduct slot machine gaming; requiring certain permitholders to remit certain revenues to qualified thoroughbred permitholders; requiring qualified thoroughbred permitholders to use such payments for certain purposes; defining the term "qualified thoroughbred permitholder"; providing a process for remitting such payments; requiring qualified thoroughbred permitholders receiving such funds to remit a specified percentage of the funds to a specified association; amending s. 551.106, F.S.; deleting obsolete provisions; revising the tax rate on slot machine revenue effective on specified dates; providing a formula to calculate a surcharge amount; prohibiting the surcharge from exceeding a certain amount; revising where slot machine revenue tax payments must be deposited; requiring that certain funds be used for specific purposes; requiring certain

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576-04136-18 2018840c1

permitholders and licensees to pay a slot machine quarantee fee if certain taxes and fees paid to the state during certain periods fall below a specified amount; amending s. 551.114, F.S.; revising the maximum number of slot machines slot machine licensees may make available for play; revising the areas where a designated slot machine gaming area may be located; amending s. 551.116, F.S.; deleting a restriction on the number of hours per day that slot machine gaming areas may be open; amending s. 849.086, F.S.; revising legislative intent; revising definitions; authorizing the division to establish a reasonable period to respond to certain requests from a licensed cardroom; providing that the division must approve certain requests within 45 days; requiring the division to review and approve or reject certain revised internal controls or revised rules within 10 days after submission; deleting provisions relating to the renewal of a cardroom license; deleting provisions relating to restrictions on hours of operation; making technical changes; authorizing certain cardroom operators to offer a certain number of certain designated player games; requiring the designated player and employees of the designated player to be licensed; requiring the designated player to pay certain fees; prohibiting a cardroom operator from serving as the designated player in a game and from having a financial interest in a designated player; authorizing a cardroom operator to collect a rake,

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576-04136-18 2018840c1

subject to certain requirements; requiring the dealer button to be rotated under certain circumstances; prohibiting a cardroom operator from allowing a designated player to pay an opposing player under certain circumstances; prohibiting the rules of the game or of the cardroom to require a designated player to cover more than 10 times the maximum wager for players participating in any one game; prohibiting a cardroom or cardroom licensee from contracting with or receiving certain compensation from a player to allow that player to participate in any game as a designated player; requiring certain permitholders with a cardroom license to remit a certain amount of its monthly gross receipts to qualified thoroughbred permitholders; requiring qualified thoroughbred holders to use such payments for certain purposes; defining the term "qualified thoroughbred permitholder"; providing a process for remitting such payments; requiring qualified thoroughbred permitholders receiving such funds to remit a specified percentage of the funds to a specified association; deleting a provision relating to the renewal or issuance of a cardroom license to a quarter horse racing permitholder; conforming a crossreference; amending s. 849.16, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "slot machine or device"; providing a directive to the Division of Law Revision and Information; providing an effective date.

576-04136-18 2018840c1

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (3) of section 285.710, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 285.710 Compact authorization.—

(1) As used in this section, the term:

- (a) "Compact" means the Gaming Compact between the Seminole Tribe of Florida and the State of Florida, executed on April 7, 2010.
- (3) (a) The Gaming Compact between the Seminole Tribe of Florida and the State of Florida, executed by the Governor and the Tribe on April 7, 2010, was is ratified and approved by chapter 2010-29, Laws of Florida. The Governor shall cooperate with the Tribe in seeking approval of the compact from the United States Secretary of the Interior.
- (b) The Governor, on behalf of this state, is hereby authorized and directed to execute a new compact with the Tribe as set forth in paragraph (c), and the Legislature hereby signifies in advance its approval and ratification of such compact, provided that it is identical to the compact set forth in paragraph (c) and becomes effective on or before January 1, 2019. The Governor shall cooperate with the Tribe in seeking approval of such compact ratified and approved under this paragraph from the Secretary of the Department of the Interior. Upon becoming effective, such compact supersedes the Gaming Compact ratified and approved under paragraph (a), which shall then become null and void.
- (c) The Legislature hereby approves and ratifies the following Gaming Compact between the State of Florida and the

576-04136-18 2018840c1 Seminole Tribe of Florida, provided that such compact becomes 204 205 effective on or before January 1, 2019: 206 207 Gaming Compact Between the Seminole Tribe of Florida 208 and the State of Florida 209 210 This compact is made and entered into by and between the 211 Seminole Tribe of Florida and the State of Florida, with respect 212 to the operation of covered games, as defined herein, on the 213 Tribe's Indian lands, as defined by the Indian Gaming Regulatory 214 Act, 25 U.S.C. ss. 2701 et seq. 215 216 PART I 217 218 TITLE.—This document shall be referred to as the "Gaming 219 Compact between the Seminole Tribe of Florida and the State of Florida." 220 221 222 PART II 223 224 LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS.-225 (1) The Seminole Tribe of Florida is a federally recognized 226 tribal government that possesses sovereign powers and rights of 227 self-government. 228 (2) The State of Florida is a state of the United States of 229 America that possesses the sovereign powers and rights of a 230 state. 231 (3) The State of Florida and the Seminole Tribe of Florida 232 maintain a government-to-government relationship.

Page 8 of 100

576-04136-18 2018840c1

(4) The United States Supreme Court has long recognized the right of an Indian Tribe to regulate activity on lands within its jurisdiction, but the United States Congress, through the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act, has given states a role in the conduct of tribal gaming in accordance with negotiated tribal-state compacts.

- Ordinance, adopted by Resolution No. C-195-06, and approved by the Chairman of the National Indian Gaming Commission on July 10, 2006, hereafter referred to as the "Seminole Tribal Gaming Code," the Seminole Tribe of Florida desires to offer the play of covered games, as defined in Part III, as a means of generating revenues for purposes authorized by the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act, including, without limitation, the support of tribal governmental programs, such as health care, housing, sewer and water projects, police, fire suppression, general assistance for tribal elders, day care for children, economic development, educational opportunities, per capita payments to tribal members, and other typical and valuable governmental services and programs for tribal members.
- (6) This compact is the only gaming compact between the Tribe and the state. This compact supersedes the Gaming Compact between the Tribe and the state executed on or about April 7, 2010, which was subsequently ratified by the Legislature and went into effect on or about July 6, 2010.
- (7) It is in the best interests of the Seminole Tribe of Florida and the State of Florida for the state to enter into a compact with the Tribe that recognizes the Tribe's right to offer certain Class III gaming and provides substantial

576-04136-18 2018840c1

exclusivity of such activities in conjunction with a reasonable revenue sharing arrangement between the Tribe and the state that will entitle the state to significant revenue participation.

PART III

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DEFINITIONS.—As used in this compact, the term:

- (1) "Annual oversight assessment" means the amount owed by the Tribe to the state for reimbursement for the actual and reasonable costs incurred by the state compliance agency to perform the monitoring functions set forth under the compact.
- (2) "Class II video bingo terminals" means any electronic aid to a Class II bingo game that includes a video spinning reel or mechanical spinning reel display.
- (3) "Class III gaming" means the forms of Class III gaming defined in 25 U.S.C. s. 2703(8) and by the regulations of the National Indian Gaming Commission, as of January 1, 2018.
- (4) "Commission" means the Seminole Tribal Gaming
 Commission, which is the tribal governmental agency that has the
 authority to carry out the Tribe's regulatory and oversight
 responsibilities under this compact.
- (5) "Compact" means this Gaming Compact between the Seminole Tribe of Florida and the State of Florida.
- (6) "Covered game" or "covered gaming activity" means the following Class III gaming activities:
- (a) Slot machines, which may use spinning reels, video displays, or both, and which machines must meet all of the following requirements:
 - 1. Any mechanical or electrical contrivance, terminal that

576-04136-18 2018840c1

may or may not be capable of downloading slot games from a central server system, machine, or other device.

- 2. Require, for play or operation, the insertion of a coin, bill, ticket, token, or similar object, or payment of any consideration whatsoever, including the use of any electronic payment system, except a credit card or debit card, unless state law authorizes the use of an electronic payment system that uses a credit or debit card payment, in which case the Tribe is authorized to use such payment system.
- 3. Are available to play or operate, the play or operation of which, whether by reason of skill or application of the element of chance or both, may deliver or entitle the person or persons playing or operating the contrivance, terminal, machine, or other device to receive cash, billets, tickets, tokens, or electronic credits to be exchanged for cash or to receive merchandise or anything of value whatsoever, whether the payoff is made automatically from the machine or manually.
- 4. Include associated equipment necessary to conduct the operation of the contrivance, terminal, machine, or other device.
- (b) Banking or banked card games, such as baccarat, chemin de fer, and blackjack or 21.
 - (c) Raffles and drawings.
 - (d) Live table games.
- (e) Any new game, if expressly authorized by the
 Legislature pursuant to legislation enacted subsequent to the
 effective date of this compact and lawfully conducted by any
 person for any purpose pursuant to such authorization.
 - (7) "Covered game employee" or "covered employee" means an

576-04136-18 2018840c1

responsibilities include the rendering of services with respect to the operation, maintenance, or management of covered games, including, but not limited to, managers and assistant managers; accounting personnel; commission officers; surveillance and security personnel; cashiers, supervisors, and floor personnel; cage personnel; and any other employee whose employment duties require or authorize access to areas of the facility related to the conduct of covered games or the technical support or storage of covered game components. The term does not include the Tribe's elected officials, provided that such individuals are not directly involved in the operation, maintenance, or management of covered games or covered games components.

- (8) "Documents" means books, records, electronic, magnetic, and computer media documents, and other writings and materials, copies of such documents and writings, and information contained in such documents and writings.
- (9) "Effective date" means the date on which the compact becomes effective pursuant to subsection (1) of Part XVI.
- (10) "Electronic bingo machine" means a card minding device, which may only be used in connection with a bingo game as defined in s. 849.0931(1)(a), Florida Statutes, which is certified in advance by an independent testing laboratory approved by the Division of Pari-Mutuel Wagering as a bingo aid device that meets all of the following requirements:
 - (a) Aids a bingo game player by:
- 1. Storing in the memory of the device not more than three bingo faces of tangible bingo cards as defined by s. 849.0931(1)(b), Florida Statutes, purchased by a player.

576-04136-18 2018840c1

2. Comparing the numbers drawn and individually entered into the device by the player to the bingo faces previously stored in the memory of the device.

- 3. Identifying preannounced winning bingo patterns marked or covered on the stored bingo faces.
- (b) Is not capable of accepting or dispensing any coins, currency, or tokens.
- (c) Is not capable of monitoring any bingo card face other than the faces of the tangible bingo card or cards purchased by the player for that game.
- (d) Is not capable of displaying or representing the game result through any means other than highlighting the winning numbers marked or covered on the bingo card face or giving an audio alert that the player's card has a prize-winning pattern. No casino game graphics, themes, or titles, including, but not limited to, depictions of slot machine-style symbols, cards, craps, roulette, or lottery may be used.
 - (e) Is not capable of determining the outcome of any game.
 - (f) Does not award progressive prizes of more than \$2,500.
- (g) Does not award prizes exceeding \$1,000, other than progressive prizes not exceeding \$2,500.
- (h) Does not contain more than one player position for playing bingo.
- (i) Does not contain or does not link to more than one video display.
- (j) Awards prizes based solely on the results of the bingo game, with no additional element of chance.
- (11) "Facility" means a building or buildings of the Tribe in which the covered games authorized by this compact are

576-04136-18 2018840c1

conducted.

(12) "Guaranteed minimum compact term payment" means a minimum total payment for the guarantee payment period of \$3 billion, which shall include all revenue share payments during the guarantee payment period.

- (13) "Guarantee payment period" means the seven-year period beginning July 1, 2018, and ending June 30, 2025.
- (14) "Guaranteed revenue sharing cycle payment" means the payments as provided in Part XI.
- (15) "Historic racing machine" means an individual historic race terminal linked to a central server as part of a network-based video game, where the terminals allow pari-mutuel wagering by players on the results of previously conducted horse or greyhound races, but only if the game is certified in advance by an independent testing laboratory approved by the Division of Pari-Mutuel Wagering as complying with all of the following requirements:
- (a) Stores all data on previously conducted horse or greyhound races in a secure format on the central server, which is located at the pari-mutuel facility.
- (b) Uses only horse or greyhound races that were recorded at licensed pari-mutuel facilities in the United States after January 1, 2000.
- (c) Offers one or more of the following three bet types on all historic racing machines: win-place-show, quinella, or trifecta.
- (d) Offers one or more of the following racing types: thoroughbreds, harness, or greyhounds.
 - (e) Does not award progressive prizes of more than \$2,500.

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576-04136-18 2018840c1

(f) Does not award prizes exceeding \$1,000, other than progressive prizes not exceeding \$2,500.

- (g) After each wager is placed, displays a video of at least the final eight seconds of the horse or greyhound race before any prize is awarded or indicated on the historic racing machine.
- (h) The display of the video of the horse or greyhound race occupies at least 70 percent of the historic racing machine's video screen and does not contain and is not linked to more than one video display.
- (i) Does not use casino game graphics, themes, or titles, including but not limited to, depictions of slot machine-style symbols, cards, craps, roulette, lottery, or bingo.
 - (j) Does not use video or mechanical reel displays.
- (k) Does not contain more than one player position for placing wagers.
 - (1) Does not dispense coins, currency, or tokens.
- (m) Awards prizes solely on the results of a previously conducted horse or greyhound race with no additional element of chance.
- (n) Uses a random number generator to select the race from the central server to be displayed to the player and the numbers or other designations of race entrants that will be used in the various bet types for any "Quick Pick" bets. To prevent an astute player from recognizing the race based on the entrants and thus knowing the results before placing a wager, the entrants of the race may not be identified until after all wagers for that race have been placed.
 - (16) "Indian Gaming Regulatory Act" means the Indian Gaming

576-04136-18 2018840c1

436 Regulatory Act, Pub. L. 100-497, Oct. 17, 1988, 102 Stat. 2467,
437 codified at 25 U.S.C. ss. 2701 et seq. and 18 U.S.C. ss. 1166 to
438 1168.

- (17) "Indian lands" means the lands defined in 25 U.S.C. s. 2703(4).
- (18) "Initial payment period" means the period beginning on the effective date of the compact and ending on June 30, 2018.
- (19) "Live table games" means dice games, such as craps, sic-bo and any similar variations thereof, and wheel games, such as roulette, big six, and any similar variations thereof, but not including any game that is authorized as a slot machine, banking or banked card game, raffle, or drawing.
- (20) "Lottery vending machine" means any of the following four types of machines:
- (a) A machine that dispenses pre-printed paper instant lottery tickets, but that does not read or reveal the results of the ticket or allow a player to redeem any ticket. The machine, or any machine or device linked to the machine, does not include or make use of video reels or mechanical reels or other video depictions of slot machine or casino game themes or titles for game play, but does not preclude the use of casino game themes or titles on such tickets or signage or advertising displays on the machines.
- (b) A machine that dispenses pre-determined electronic instant lottery tickets and displays an image of the ticket on a video screen on the machine, where the player touches the image of the ticket on the video screen to reveal the outcome of the ticket, provided the machine does not permit a player to redeem winnings, does not make use of video reels or mechanical reels,

576-04136-18 2018840c1

and does not simulate the play of any casino game, and the lottery retailer is paid the same amount as would be paid for the sale of paper instant lottery tickets.

- (c) A machine that dispenses a paper lottery ticket with numbers selected by the player or randomly by the machine, but does not reveal the winning numbers. Such winning numbers are selected at a subsequent time and different location through a drawing conducted by the state lottery. The machine, or any machine or device linked to the machine, does not include or make use of video reels or mechanical reels or other video depictions of slot machine or casino game themes or titles for game play. The machine is not used to redeem a winning ticket. This does not preclude the use of casino game themes, titles for signage, or advertising displays on the machine.
- (d) A point-of-sale system to sell tickets for draw lottery games at gasoline pumps at retail fuel stations, provided the system dispenses a paper lottery receipt after the purchaser uses a credit card or debit card to purchase the ticket; processes transactions through a platform that is certified or otherwise approved by the Florida Lottery; does not directly dispense money or permit payment of winnings at the point-of-sale terminal; and does not include or make use of video reels or mechanical reels or other slot machine or casino game themes or titles.
- (21) "Monthly payment" means the monthly revenue share payment which the Tribe remits to the state on the 15th day of the month following each month of the revenue sharing cycle.
- (22) "Net revenue base" means the net win for the 12 month period immediately preceding the offering of, for public or

576-04136-18 2018840c1

private use, Class III or other casino-style gaming at any of the licensed pari-mutuel facilities in Broward and Miami-Dade Counties, except that if the commencement of such new gaming is made during the initial payment period, "net revenue base" means net win for the 12-month period immediately preceding this compact.

- (23) "Net win" means the total receipts from the play of all covered games less all prize payouts and free play or promotional credits issued by the Tribe.
- (24) "Pari-mutuel wagering activities" means those activities authorized on January 1, 2018, by chapter 550, which do not include any casino-style game or device that include video reels or mechanical reels or other slot machine or casino game themes or titles.
- (25) "Patron" means any person who is on the premises of a facility, or who enters the Tribe's Indian lands for the purpose of playing covered games authorized by this compact.
- (26) "Regular payment period" means the period beginning on July 1, 2025, and terminating at the end of the term of this compact.
- (27) "Revenue share payment" means the periodic payment by the Tribe to the state provided for in Part XI.
- (28) "Revenue sharing cycle" means the annual 12-month period of the Tribe's operation of covered games in its facilities beginning on July 1 of each fiscal year, except for during the initial payment period, when the first revenue sharing cycle begins on July 1 of the previous year, and the Tribe receives a credit for any amount paid to the state under the 2010 Compact for that revenue sharing cycle.

576-04136-18 2018840c1

(29) "Rules and regulations" means the rules and regulations promulgated by the commission for implementation of this compact.

- (30) "State" means the State of Florida.
- (31) "State compliance agency" means the state agency designated by the Florida Legislature that has the authority to carry out the state's oversight responsibilities under this compact.
- (32) "Tribe" means the Seminole Tribe of Florida or any affiliate thereof conducting activities pursuant to this compact under the authority of the Seminole Tribe of Florida.

PART IV

AUTHORIZATION AND LOCATION OF COVERED GAMES.-

- (1) The Tribe and state agree that the Tribe is authorized to operate covered games on its Indian lands, as defined in the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act, in accordance with the provisions of this compact. Nothing in the compact is intended to prohibit the Tribe from operating slot machines that employ video or mechanical displays of roulette, wheels, or other table game themes. Except for the provisions in subsection (1) of Part XI, nothing in this compact shall limit the Tribe's right to operate any Class II gaming under the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act.
- (2) The Tribe is authorized to conduct covered games under this compact only at the following seven existing facilities, which may be expanded or replaced as provided in subsection (3) on Indian lands:
 - (a) Seminole Indian Casino-Brighton in Okeechobee, FL.

576-04136-18 2018840c1

552 (b) Seminole Indian Casino-Coconut Creek in Coconut Creek,
553 FL.

- (c) Seminole Indian Casino-Hollywood in Hollywood, FL.
- (d) Seminole Indian Casino-Immokalee in Immokalee, FL.
- (e) Seminole Indian Casino-Big Cypress in Clewiston, FL.
- (f) Seminole Hard Rock Hotel & Casino-Hollywood in Hollywood, FL.
 - (g) Seminole Hard Rock Hotel & Casino-Tampa in Tampa, FL.
- (3) Any of the facilities existing on Indian lands identified in subsection (2) may be expanded or replaced by another facility on the same Indian lands with at least 60 days' advance notice to the state.

PART V

RULES AND REGULATIONS; MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS FOR OPERATIONS.—

(1) At all times during the term of this compact, the Tribe shall be responsible for all duties that are assigned to it and the commission under this compact. The Tribe shall promulgate any rules necessary to implement this compact, which, at a minimum, shall expressly include or incorporate by reference all provisions of Parts V, VI, VII, and VIII. Nothing in this compact shall be construed to affect the Tribe's right to amend its rules, provided that any such amendment is in conformity with this compact. The state compliance agency may propose additional rules consistent with and related to the implementation of this compact to the commission at any time, and the commission shall give good faith consideration to such

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576-04136-18 2018840c1

proposed rules and shall notify the state compliance agency of its response or action with respect to such rules.

- (2) All facilities shall comply with, and all covered games approved under this compact shall be operated in accordance with, the requirements set forth in this compact, including, but not limited to, the requirements set forth in subsections (3) and (4) and the Tribe's Internal Control Policies and Procedures. In addition, all facilities and all covered games shall be operated in strict compliance with tribal internal control standards that provide a level of control that equals or exceeds those set forth in the National Indian Gaming Commission's Minimum Internal Control Standards, 25 C.F.R. part 542 (2015), even if the 2015 regulations are determined to be invalid or are subsequently withdrawn by the National Indian Gaming Commission. The Tribe may amend or supplement its internal control standards from time to time, provided that such changes continue to provide a level of control that equals or exceeds those set forth in 25 C.F.R. part 542 (2015).
- (3) The Tribe and the commission shall retain all documents in compliance with the requirements set forth in the Tribe's Record Retention Policies and Procedures.
- (4) The Tribe shall continue and maintain its program to combat problem gambling and curtail compulsive gambling and work with the Florida Council on Compulsive Gambling or other organizations dedicated to assisting problem gamblers. The Tribe shall continue to maintain the following safeguards against problem gambling:
- (a) The Tribe shall provide to every new gaming employee a comprehensive training and education program designed in

576-04136-18 2018840c1

cooperation with the Florida Council on Compulsive Gambling or other organization dedicated to assisting problem gamblers.

- (b) The Tribe shall make printed materials available to patrons, which include contact information for the Florida Council on Compulsive Gambling 24-hour helpline or other hotline dedicated to assisting problem gamblers, and will work with the Florida Council on Compulsive Gambling or other organization dedicated to assisting problem gamblers to provide contact information for the Florida Council on Compulsive Gambling or other organization dedicated to assisting problem gamblers, and to provide such information on the facility's website. The Tribe shall continue to display within the facilities all literature from the Florida Council on Compulsive Gambling or other organization dedicated to assisting problem gamblers.
- (c)1. The commission shall establish a list of patrons voluntarily excluded from the Tribe's facilities, pursuant to subparagraph 3.
- 2. The Tribe shall employ its best efforts to exclude patrons on such list from entry into its facilities; provided that nothing in this compact shall create for patrons who are excluded but gain access to the facilities, or any other person, a cause of action or claim against the state, the Tribe or the commission, or any other person, entity, or agency for failing to enforce such exclusion.
- 3. Patrons who believe they may be compulsively playing covered games may request that their names be placed on the list of patrons voluntarily excluded from the Tribe's facilities.
- (d) All covered game employees shall receive training on identifying compulsive gamblers and shall be instructed to ask

576-04136-18 2018840c1

such persons to leave. The facility shall make available signs bearing a toll-free help-line number and educational and informational materials at conspicuous locations and automated teller machines in each facility, which materials aim at the prevention of problem gaming and which specify where patrons may receive counseling or assistance for gambling problems. All covered games employees shall also be screened by the Tribe for compulsive gambling habits. Nothing in this subsection shall create for patrons, or any other person, a cause of action or claim against the state, the Tribe or the commission, or any other person, entity, or agency for failing to identify a patron or person who is a compulsive gambler or ask that person to leave.

- (e) The Tribe shall follow the rules for exclusion of patrons set forth in the Seminole Tribal Gaming Code.
- (f) The Tribe shall make diligent efforts to prevent underage individuals from loitering in the area of each facility where the covered games take place.
- (g) The Tribe shall ensure that any advertising and marketing of covered games at the facilities contains a responsible gambling message and a toll-free help-line number for problem gamblers, where practical, and that such advertising and marketing make no false or misleading claims.
- (5) The state may secure an annual independent audit of the conduct of covered games subject to this compact, as set forth in Part VIII.
- (6) The facility shall visibly display summaries of the rules for playing covered games and promotional contests and shall make available complete sets of rules upon request. The

576-04136-18 2018840c1

Tribe shall provide copies of all such rules to the state compliance agency within 30 calendar days after issuance or amendment.

- (7) The Tribe shall provide the commission and state compliance agency with a chart of the supervisory lines of authority with respect to those directly responsible for the conduct of covered games, and shall promptly notify those agencies of any material changes to the chart.
- (8) The Tribe shall continue to maintain proactive approaches to prevent improper alcohol sales, drunk driving, underage drinking, and underage gambling. These approaches shall involve intensive staff training, screening and certification, patron education, and the use of security personnel and surveillance equipment in order to enhance patrons' enjoyment of the facilities and provide for patron safety.
- (a) Staff training includes specialized employee training in nonviolent crisis intervention, driver license verification, and detection of intoxication.
- (b) Patron education shall be carried out through notices transmitted on valet parking stubs, posted signs in the facilities, and in brochures.
- (c) Roving and fixed security officers, along with surveillance cameras, shall assist in the detection of intoxicated patrons, investigate problems, and engage with patrons to deescalate volatile situations.
- (d) To help prevent alcohol-related crashes, the Tribe will continue to operate the "Safe Ride Home Program," a free taxi service.
 - (e) The Tribe shall maintain these programs and policies in

576-04136-18 2018840c1

its Alcohol Beverage Control Act for the duration of the compact but may replace such programs and policies with stricter or more extensive programs and policies. The Tribe shall provide the state with written notice of any changes to the Tribe's Alcohol Beverage Control Act, which notice shall include a copy of such changes and shall be sent on or before the effective date of the change. Nothing in this subsection shall create for patrons, or any other person, a cause of action or claim against the state, the Tribe or the commission, or any other person, entity, or agency for failing to fulfill the requirements of this subsection.

- (9) A person under 21 years of age may not play covered games, unless otherwise permitted by state law.
- (10) The Tribe may establish and operate facilities that operate covered games only on its Indian lands as defined by the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act and as specified in Part IV.
- (11) The commission shall keep a record of, and shall report at least quarterly to the state compliance agency, the number of covered games in each facility, by the name or type of each game and its identifying number.
- (12) The Tribe and the commission shall make available, to any member of the public upon request, within 10 business days, a copy of the National Indian Gaming Commission's Minimum Internal Control Standards, 25 C.F.R. part 542 (2015), the Seminole Tribal Gaming Code, this compact, the rules of each covered game operated by the Tribe, and the administrative procedures for addressing patron tort claims under Part VI.

PART VI

576-04136-18 2018840c1

PATRON DISPUTES, WORKERS' COMPENSATION, TORT CLAIMS; PRIZE CLAIMS; LIMITED CONSENT TO SUIT.—

- (1) All patron disputes involving gaming shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures established in the Seminole Tribal Gaming Code.
- (2) Tort claims by employees of the Tribe's facilities will be handled pursuant to the provisions of the Tribe's Workers'

 Compensation Ordinance, which shall provide workers the same or better protections as provided in state workers' compensation laws.
- (3) Disputes involving employees of the Tribe's facilities will be handled pursuant to the provisions of the Tribe's policy for gaming employees, as set forth in the Employee Fair Treatment and Dispute Resolution Policy.
- (4) A patron who claims to have been injured after the effective date of the compact at one of the Tribe's facilities in which covered games are played is required to provide written notice to the Tribe's Risk Management Department or the facility, in a reasonable and timely manner, but no longer than three years after the date of the incident giving rise to the claimed injury, or the claim shall be forever barred.
- (5) The Tribe shall have 30 days to respond to a claim made by a patron. If the Tribe fails to respond within 30 days, the patron may file suit against the Tribe. When the Tribe responds to an incident alleged to have caused a patron's injury or illness, the Tribe shall provide a claim form to the patron. The form must include the address for the Tribe's Risk Management Department and provide notice of the Tribe's administrative

576-04136-18 2018840c1

procedures for addressing patron tort claims, including notice of the relevant deadlines that may bar such claims if the Tribe's administrative procedures are not followed. It is the patron's responsibility to complete the form and forward the form to the Tribe's Risk Management Department within a reasonable period of time, and in a reasonable and timely manner. Nothing herein shall interfere with any claim a patron might have arising under the Federal Tort Claim Act.

- (6) Upon receiving written notification of the claim, the Tribe's Risk Management Department shall forward the notification to the Tribe's insurance carrier. The Tribe shall use its best efforts to ensure that the insurance carrier contacts the patron within a reasonable period of time after receipt of the claim.
- conclusion. If the patron, Tribe, and insurance carrier are not able to resolve the claim in good faith within one year after the patron provided written notice to the Tribe's Risk

 Management Department or the facility, the patron may bring a tort claim against the Tribe in any court of competent jurisdiction in the county in which the incident alleged to have caused injury occurred, as provided in this compact, and subject to a four-year statute of limitations, which shall begin to run from the date of the incident of the injury alleged in the claim. A patron's notice of injury to the Tribe pursuant to subsection (4) and the fulfillment of the good faith attempt at resolution pursuant to this part are conditions precedent to filing suit.
 - (8) For tort claims of patrons made pursuant to subsection

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576-04136-18 2018840c1

(4), the Tribe agrees to waive its tribal sovereign immunity to the same extent as the state waives its sovereign immunity, as specified in s. 768.28(1) and (5), Florida Statutes, as such provision may be amended from time to time by the Legislature. In no event shall the Tribe be deemed to have waived its tribal immunity from suit beyond the limits set forth in s. 768.28(5), Florida Statutes. These limitations are intended to include liability for compensatory damages, costs, pre-judgment interest, and attorney fees if otherwise allowable under state law arising out of any claim brought or asserted against the Tribe, its subordinate governmental and economic units, any Tribal officials, employees, servants, or agents in their official capacities and any entity which is owned, directly or indirectly, by the Tribe. All patron tort claims brought pursuant to this provision shall be brought solely against the Tribe, as the sole party in interest.

- (9) Notices explaining the procedures and time limitations with respect to making a tort claim shall be prominently displayed in the facilities, posted on the Tribe's website, and provided to any patron for whom the Tribe has notice of the injury or property damage giving rise to the tort claim. Such notices shall explain:
- (a) The method and places for making a tort claim, including where the patron must submit the claim.
- (b) That the process is the exclusive method for asserting a tort claim arising under this section against the Tribe.
- (c) That the Tribe and its insurance carrier have one year from the date the patron gives notice of the claim to resolve the matter, and that after that time, the patron may file suit

576-04136-18 2018840c1 in a court of competent jurisdiction. 813 814 (d) That the exhaustion of the process is a prerequisite to 815 filing a claim in state court. (e) That claims that fail to follow this process shall be 816 817 forever barred. 818 (10) The Tribe shall maintain an insurance policy that 819 shall: 820 (a) Prohibit the insurer or the Tribe from invoking tribal 821 sovereign immunity for claims up to the limits to which the 822 state has waived sovereign immunity as set forth in s. 823 768.28(5), Florida Statutes, or its successor statute. 824 (b) Include covered claims made by a patron or invitee for 825 personal injury or property damage. 826 (c) Permit the insurer or the Tribe to assert any statutory 827 or common law defense other than sovereign immunity. 828 (d) Provide that any award or judgment rendered in favor of 829 a patron or invitee shall be satisfied solely from insurance 830 proceeds. 831 (11) The Tribal Council of the Seminole Tribe of Florida 832 may, in its discretion, consider claims for compensation in 833 excess of the limits of the Tribe's waiver of its sovereign 834 immunity. 835 836 PART VII 837 838 ENFORCEMENT OF COMPACT PROVISIONS.-839 (1) The Tribe, the commission, and the state compliance 840 agency, to the extent authorized by this compact, shall be

responsible for regulating activities pursuant to this compact.

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576-04136-18 2018840c1

As part of its responsibilities, the Tribe shall adopt or issue standards designed to ensure that the facilities are constructed, operated, and maintained in a manner that adequately protects the environment and public health and safety. Additionally, the Tribe and the commission shall ensure that:

- (a) Operation of the conduct of covered games is in strict compliance with:
 - 1. The Seminole Tribal Gaming Code.
- 2. All rules, regulations, procedures, specifications, and standards lawfully adopted by the National Indian Gaming Commission and the commission.
- 3. The provisions of this compact, including, but not limited to, the Tribe's standards and rules.
 - (b) Reasonable measures are taken to:
- 1. Ensure the physical safety of facility patrons, employees, and any other person while in the facility.
- 2. Prevent illegal activity at the facilities or with regard to the operation of covered games, including, but not limited to, the maintenance of employee procedures and a surveillance system.
- 3. Ensure prompt notification is given, in accordance with applicable law, to appropriate law enforcement authorities of persons who may be involved in illegal acts.
- 4. Ensure that the construction and maintenance of the facilities complies with the standards of the Florida Building Code, the provisions of which the Tribe has adopted as the Seminole Tribal Building Code.
 - 5. Ensure adequate emergency access plans have been

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576-04136-18 2018840c1

prepared to ensure the health and safety of all covered game patrons.

- (2) All licenses for members and employees of the commission shall be issued according to the same standards and terms applicable to facility employees. The commission's officers shall be independent of the Tribal gaming operations, and shall be supervised by and accountable only to the commission. A commission officer shall be available to the facility during all hours of operation upon reasonable notice, and shall have immediate access to any and all areas of the facility for the purpose of ensuring compliance with the provisions of this compact. The commission shall investigate any suspected or reported violation of this part and shall officially enter into its files timely written reports of investigations and any action taken thereon, and shall forward copies of such investigative reports to the state compliance agency within 30 calendar days after such filing. The scope of such reporting shall be determined by the commission and the state compliance agency as soon as practicable after the effective date of this compact. Any such violations shall be reported immediately to the commission, and the commission shall immediately forward such reports to the state compliance agency. In addition, the commission shall promptly report to the state compliance agency any such violations which it independently discovers.
- (3) In order to develop and foster a positive and effective relationship in the enforcement of the provisions of this compact, representatives of the commission and the state compliance agency shall meet at least annually to review past

576-04136-18 2018840c1

practices and examine methods to improve the regulatory scheme created by this compact. The meetings shall take place at a location mutually agreed upon by the commission and the state compliance agency. The state compliance agency, before or during such meetings, shall disclose to the commission any concerns, suspected activities, or pending matters reasonably believed to constitute violations of the compact by any person, organization, or entity, if such disclosure will not compromise the interest sought to be protected.

PART VIII

STATE MONITORING OF COMPACT.-

- (1) It is the express intent of the Tribe and the state for the Tribe to regulate its own gaming activities.

 Notwithstanding, the state shall conduct random inspections as provided for in this part to ensure that the Tribe is operating in accordance with the terms of the compact. The state may secure an annual independent audit of the conduct of covered games subject to this compact and the Tribe shall cooperate with such audit. The audit shall:
- (a) Examine the covered games operated by the Tribe to ensure compliance with the Tribe's Internal Control Policies and Procedures and any other standards, policies, or procedures adopted by the Tribe, the commission, or the National Indian Gaming Commission which govern the play of covered games.
- (b) Examine revenues in connection with the conduct of covered games and include only those matters necessary to verify the determination of net win and the basis and amount of the

576-04136-18 2018840c1

payments the Tribe is required to make to the state pursuant to Part XI and as defined by this compact.

- (2) A copy of the audit report for the conduct of covered games shall be submitted to the commission and the state compliance agency within 30 calendar days after completion.

 Representatives of the state compliance agency may, upon request, meet with the Tribe and its auditors to discuss the audit or any matters in connection therewith; provided that such discussions are limited to covered games information. The annual independent audit shall be performed by an independent firm selected by the state which has experience in auditing casino operations, subject to the consent of the Tribe, which shall not be unreasonably withheld. The Tribe shall pay for the cost of the annual independent audit.
- (3) As provided herein, the state compliance agency may monitor the conduct of covered games to ensure that the covered games are conducted in compliance with the provisions of this compact. In order to properly monitor the conduct of covered games, agents of the state compliance agency shall have reasonable access, without prior notice, to all public areas of the facilities related to the conduct of covered games.
- (a) The state compliance agency may review whether the Tribe's facilities are in compliance with the provisions of this compact and the Tribe's rules and regulations applicable to covered games and may advise on such issues as it deems appropriate. In the event of a dispute or disagreement between Tribal and state compliance agency regulators, the dispute or disagreement shall be resolved in accordance with the dispute resolution provisions of Part XIII.

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576-04136-18 2018840c1

(b) In order to fulfill its oversight responsibilities, the state compliance agency may perform on a routine basis specific oversight testing procedures as set forth in paragraph (c).

(c) 1. The state compliance agency may inspect any covered games in operation at the facilities on a random basis, provided that such inspections may not exceed one inspection per facility per calendar month and the inspection may not exceed 16 hours spread over those two consecutive days, unless the state compliance agency determines that additional inspection hours are needed to address the issues of substantial noncompliance, provided that the state compliance agency provides the Tribe with written notification of the need for additional inspection hours and a written summary of the substantial noncompliance issues that need to be addressed during the additional inspection hours. The total number of hours of random inspections and audit reviews per year may not exceed 1,600 hours. Inspection hours shall be calculated on the basis of the actual amount of time spent by the state compliance agency conducting the inspections at a facility, without accounting for a multiple for the number of state compliance agency inspectors or agents engaged in the inspection activities. The purpose of the random inspections is to confirm that the covered games function properly pursuant to the manufacturer's technical standards and are conducted in compliance with the Tribe's Internal Control Policies and Procedures and any other standards, policies, or procedures adopted by the Tribe, the commission, or the National Indian Gaming Commission which govern the play of covered games. The state compliance agency shall provide notice to the commission of such inspection at or

576-04136-18 2018840c1

before the commencement of a random inspection and a commission agent may accompany the inspection.

- 2. For each facility, the state compliance agency may perform one annual review of the Tribe's slot machine compliance audit.
- 3. At least annually, the state compliance agency may meet with the Tribe's Internal Audit Department for Gaming to review internal controls and the record of violations for each facility.
- (d) The state compliance agency shall cooperate with and obtain the assistance of the commission in the resolution of any conflicts in the management of the facilities, and the state and the Tribe shall make their best efforts to resolve disputes through negotiation whenever possible. Therefore, to foster a spirit of cooperation and efficiency, the state compliance agency and Tribe shall resolve disputes between the state compliance agency staff and commission regulators about the day-to-day regulation of the facilities through meeting and conferring in good faith. Notwithstanding, the parties may seek other relief that may be available when circumstances require such relief. In the event of a dispute or disagreement between tribal and state compliance agency regulators, the dispute or disagreement shall be resolved in accordance with the dispute resolution provisions of Part XIII.
- (e) The state compliance agency shall have access to each facility during the facility's operating hours only. No advance notice is required when the state compliance agency inspection is limited to public areas of the facility; however, representatives of the state compliance agency shall provide

 576-04136-18 2018840c1

notice and photographic identification to the commission of their presence before beginning any such inspections.

- (f) The state compliance agency agents, to ensure that a commission officer is available to accompany the state compliance agency agents at all times, shall provide one hour notice and photographic identification to the commission before entering any nonpublic area of a facility. Agents of the state compliance agency shall be accompanied in nonpublic areas of the facility by a commission officer.
- (g) Any suspected or claimed violations of this compact or law shall be directed in writing to the commission. The state compliance agency, in conducting the functions assigned them under this compact, shall not unreasonably interfere with the functioning of any facility.
- (4) Subject to the provisions herein, the state compliance agency may review and request copies of documents of the facility related to its conduct of covered games during normal business hours unless otherwise allowed by the Tribe. The Tribe may not refuse said inspection and copying of such documents, provided that the inspectors do not require copies of documents in such volume that it unreasonably interferes with the normal functioning of the facilities or covered games. To the extent that the Tribe provides the state with information that the Tribe claims to be confidential and proprietary, or a trade secret, the Tribe shall clearly mark such information with the following designation: "Trade Secret, Confidential, and Proprietary." If the state receives a request under chapter 119 that would include such designated information, the state shall promptly notify the Tribe of such a request and the Tribe shall

576-04136-18 2018840c1

promptly notify the state about its intent to seek judicial protection from disclosure. Upon such notice from the Tribe, the state may not release the requested information until a judicial determination is made. This designation and notification procedure does not excuse the state from complying with the requirements of the state's public records law, but is intended to provide the Tribe the opportunity to seek whatever judicial remedy it deems appropriate. Notwithstanding the foregoing procedure, the state compliance agency may provide copies of tribal documents to federal law enforcement and other state agencies or state consultants that the state deems reasonably necessary in order to conduct or complete any investigation of suspected criminal activity in connection with the Tribe's covered games or the operation of the facilities or in order to assure the Tribe's compliance with this compact.

- inspection or investigation, the state compliance agency shall forward any written report thereof to the commission, containing all pertinent, nonconfidential, nonproprietary information regarding any violation of applicable laws or this compact which was discovered during the inspection or investigation unless disclosure thereof would adversely impact an investigation of suspected criminal activity. Nothing herein prevents the state compliance agency from contacting tribal or federal law enforcement authorities for suspected criminal wrongdoing involving the commission.
- (6) Except as expressly provided in this compact, nothing in this compact shall be deemed to authorize the state to regulate the Tribe's government, including the commission, or to

576-04136-18 2018840c1

PART IX

interfere in any way with the Tribe's selection of its
governmental officers, including members of the commission.

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JURISDICTION.—The obligations and rights of the state and the Tribe under this compact are contractual in nature and are to be construed in accordance with the laws of the state. This compact does not alter tribal, federal, or state civil adjudicatory or criminal jurisdiction in any way.

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LICENSING.—The Tribe and the commission shall comply with the licensing and hearing requirements set forth in 25 C.F.R. parts 556 and 558, as well as the applicable licensing and hearing requirements set forth in Articles IV, V, and VI of the Seminole Tribal Gaming Code. The commission shall notify the state compliance agency of any disciplinary hearings or revocation or suspension of licenses.

PART X

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PART XI

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1097 PAYMENTS TO THE STATE OF FLORIDA.—

1098 (1) The parties acknowledge and recognize that this compact
1099 provides the Tribe with partial but substantial exclusivity and
1100 other valuable consideration consistent with the goals of the
1101 Indian Gaming Regulatory Act, including special opportunities

for tribal economic development through gaming within the

Page 38 of 100

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576-04136-18 2018840c1

external boundaries of the state with respect to the play of covered games. In consideration thereof, the Tribe covenants and agrees, subject to the conditions agreed upon in Part XII, to make payments to the state derived from net win as set forth in subsections (2) and (7). The Tribe further agrees that it will not purchase or lease any new Class II video bingo terminals or their equivalents for use at its facilities after the effective date of this compact.

- (2) The Tribe shall make periodic revenue share payments to the state derived from net win as set forth in this subsection, and any such payments shall be made to the state via electronic funds transfer. Of the amounts paid by the Tribe to the state, three percent shall be distributed to local governments, including both counties and municipalities, in the state affected by the Tribe's operation of covered games. Revenue share payments by the Tribe to the state shall be calculated as follows:
- (a) During the initial payment period, the Tribe agrees to pay the state a revenue share payment in accordance with this subparagraph.
- 1. 13 percent of all amounts up to \$2 billion of net win received by the Tribe from the operation and play of covered games during each revenue sharing cycle;
- 2. 17.5 percent of all amounts greater than \$2 billion up to and including \$3.5 billion of net win received by the Tribe from the operation and play of covered games during each revenue sharing cycle;
- 3. 20 percent of all amounts greater than \$3.5 billion up to and including \$4 billion of net win received by the Tribe

576-04136-18 2018840c1

from the operation and play of covered games during each revenue sharing cycle;

- 4. 22.5 percent of all amounts greater than \$4 billion up to and including \$4.5 billion of net win received by the Tribe from the operation and play of covered games during each revenue sharing cycle; or
- 5. 25 percent of all amounts greater than \$4.5 billion of net win received by the Tribe from the operation and play of covered games during each revenue sharing cycle.
- (b) During the guarantee payment period, the Tribe agrees to make fixed payments in accordance with this paragraph. In addition, within 90 days after the end of the guarantee payment period, the Tribe shall make an additional payment to the state equal to the amount above \$3 billion, if any, that would have been owed by the Tribe to the state had the percentages set forth in paragraph (c) been applicable during the guarantee payment period.
- 1. A payment of \$325 million during the first revenue sharing cycle;
- 2. A payment of \$350 million during the second revenue sharing cycle;
- 3. A payment of \$375 million during the third revenue sharing cycle;
- 4. A payment of \$425 million during the fourth revenue sharing cycle;
- 5. A payment of \$475 million during the fifth revenue sharing cycle;
- 1159 <u>6. A payment of \$500 million during the sixth revenue</u>
 1160 sharing cycle; and

576-04136-18 2018840c1

1161 7. A payment of \$550 million during the seventh revenue sharing cycle.

- (c) During the regular payment period, the Tribe agrees to pay a revenue share payment, for each revenue sharing cycle, to the state equal to the amount calculated in accordance with this paragraph.
- 1. 13 percent of all amounts up to \$2 billion of net win received by the Tribe from the operation and play of covered games during each revenue sharing cycle;
- 2. 17.5 percent of all amounts greater than \$2 billion up to and including \$3.5 billion of net win received by the Tribe from the operation and play of covered games during each revenue sharing cycle;
- 3. 20 percent of all amounts greater than \$3.5 billion up to and including \$4 billion of net win received by the Tribe from the operation and play of covered games during each revenue sharing cycle;
- 4. 22.5 percent of all amounts greater than \$4 billion up to and including \$4.5 billion of net win received by the Tribe from the operation and play of covered games during each revenue sharing cycle; or
- 5. 25 percent of all amounts greater than \$4.5 billion of net win received by the Tribe from the operation and play of covered games during each revenue sharing cycle.
 - (3) The Tribe shall remit monthly payments as follows:
- (a) On or before the 15th day of the month following each month of the revenue sharing cycle, the Tribe will remit to the state or its assignee the monthly payment. For purposes of this section, the monthly payment shall be 8.3333 percent of the

576-04136-18 2018840c1

estimated revenue share payment to be paid by the Tribe during such revenue sharing cycle.

- (b) The Tribe shall make available to the state at the time of the monthly payment the basis for the calculation of the payment.
- (c) The Tribe shall, on a monthly basis, reconcile the calculation of the estimated revenue share payment based on the Tribe's unaudited financial statements related to covered games.
 - (4) The Tribe shall have an audit conducted as follows:
- (a) On or before the 45th day after the third month, sixth month, ninth month, and twelfth month of each revenue sharing cycle, provided that the 12-month period does not coincide with the Tribe's fiscal year end date as indicated in paragraph (c), the Tribe shall provide the state with an audit report by its independent auditors as to the annual revenue share calculation.
- (b) For each quarter within revenue sharing cycle, the

 Tribe shall engage its independent auditors to conduct a review

 of the unaudited net revenue from covered games. On or before

 the 120th day after the end of the Tribe's fiscal year, the

 Tribe shall require its independent auditors to provide an audit

 report with respect to net win for covered games and the related

 payment of the annual revenue share.
- (c) If the twelfth month of the revenue sharing cycle does not coincide with the Tribe's fiscal year, the Tribe shall deduct net win from covered games for any of the months outside of the revenue sharing cycle and include net win from covered games for those months outside of the Tribe's audit period but within the revenue sharing cycle, before issuing the audit report.

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576-04136-18 2018840c1

(d) No later than 30 calendar days after the day the audit report is issued, the Tribe shall remit to the state any underpayment of the annual revenue share, and the state shall either reimburse to the Tribe any overpayment of the annual revenue share or authorize the overpayment to be deducted from the next successive monthly payment or payments.

- (5) If, after any change in state law to affirmatively allow internet or online gaming, or any functionally equivalent remote gaming system that permits a person to play from home or any other location that is remote from a casino or other commercial gaming facility, but excluding any fantasy contest conducted pursuant to s. 546.13, the Tribe's net win from the operation of covered games at all of its facilities combined drops more than five percent below its net win from the previous 12-month period, the Tribe shall no longer be required to make payments to the state based on the guaranteed minimum compact term payment and shall not be required to make the guaranteed minimum compact term payment. However, the Tribe shall continue to make payments based on the percentage revenue share amount. The Tribe shall resume making the guaranteed minimum compact term payment for any subsequent revenue sharing cycle in which its net win rises above the level described in this subsection. This subsection does not apply if:
- (a) The decline in net win is due to acts of God, war, terrorism, fires, floods, or accidents causing damage to or destruction of one or more of its facilities or property necessary to operate the facility of facilities; or
- (b) The Tribe offers internet or online gaming or any functionally equivalent remote gaming system that permits a

576-04136-18 2018840c1

person to game from home or any other location that is remote from any of the Tribe's facilities, as authorized by law.

- (6) The annual oversight assessment, which shall not exceed \$250,000 per year, indexed for inflation as determined by the Consumer Price Index, shall be determined and paid in quarterly installments within 30 calendar days after receipt by the Tribe of an invoice from the state compliance agency. The Tribe reserves the right to audit the invoices on an annual basis, a copy of which will be provided to the state compliance agency, and any discrepancies found therein shall be reconciled within 45 calendar days after receipt of the audit by the state compliance agency.
- (7) The Tribe shall make an annual donation to the Florida Council on Compulsive Gaming as an assignee of the state in an amount not less than \$250,000 per facility.
- (8) Except as expressly provided in this part, nothing in this compact shall be deemed to require the Tribe to make payments of any kind to the state or any of its agencies.

PART XII

REDUCTION OF TRIBAL PAYMENTS BECAUSE OF LOSS OF EXCLUSIVITY OR OTHER CHANGES IN STATE LAW.—The intent of this compact is to provide the Tribe with the right to operate covered games on an exclusive basis throughout the state, subject to the exceptions and provisions in this part.

(1) For purposes of this part, the terms "Class III gaming" or "other casino-style gaming" include, but are not limited to, slot machines, electronically assisted bingo, electronically

576-04136-18 2018840c1

assisted pull-tab games, noncard table games, video lottery terminals, or any similar games, whether or not such games are determined through the use of a random number generator. For the purposes of this part, the terms "Class III gaming" and "other casino-style gaming" do not include fantasy contests conducted pursuant to s. 546.13 or designated player games of poker authorized pursuant to s. 849.086, as those statutes are in effect on January 1, 2019.

- (a) If, after January 1, 2019, state law is amended, implemented, or interpreted to allow the operation of Class III gaming or other casino-style gaming at any location under the jurisdiction of the state that was not in operation as of January 1, 2019, or a new form of Class III gaming or other casino-style gaming that was not in operation as of January 1, 2019, and such gaming is offered to the public as a result of the amendment, implementation, or interpretation, the Tribe, no fewer than 30 days after the commencement of such new gaming or 90 days after the state's receipt of written notice from the Tribe pursuant to paragraph (b), whichever occurs later, may elect to begin making the affected portion of its payments due to the state pursuant to subsections (2) and (7) of Part XI, into an escrow account.
- (b) In order to exercise the provisions of paragraph (a), the Tribe must first notify the state, within 90 days after such amendment, implementation, or interpretation of state law, of the Tribe's objections to such action or interpretation and further specify the basis for the Tribe's contention that such action or interpretation infringes upon the substantial exclusivity afforded under this compact. As part of its written

576-04136-18 2018840c1

notice, the Tribe must also indicate, if applicable, its intention to begin making the affected portion of its payments due to the state into an escrow account.

- (c) Upon receipt of written notice from the Tribe, the state may elect to:
- 1. Invoke the dispute resolution provisions of Part XIII to determine whether the Tribe's contention is well-founded. In such proceeding, the Tribe carries the burden of proof and persuasion. The pendency of such proceeding tolls the time periods set forth in paragraph (1) (a) of Part XII for the duration of the dispute or litigation; or
- 2. Seek through enforcement action, legislation, or other means to stop the conduct of such new games.
- (d)1. If, within 15 months following the state's receipt of written notice from the Tribe, the Tribe's contention is deemed not to be well-founded at the conclusion of dispute resolution or new gaming is made illegal and is halted, then all funds being held in the escrow account shall be released to the state and all further payments due to the state pursuant to subsections (2) and (7) of Part XI shall promptly resume.
- 2. If, after 15 months following the state's receipt of written notice from the Tribe, the Tribe's contention is deemed to be well-founded at the conclusion of dispute resolution and such gaming is not made illegal and halted, then all funds being held in escrow shall be returned to the Tribe and all further payments due to the state pursuant to subsections (2) and (7) of Part XI shall cease or be reduced as provided in subsection (2) until such gaming is no longer operated, in which event the payments shall promptly resume.

576-04136-18 2018840c1

(2) The following are exceptions to the exclusivity provisions of subsection (1):

- (a) Any Class III gaming authorized by a compact between the state and any other federally recognized tribe pursuant to Indian Gaming Regulatory Act, provided that the tribe has land in federal trust in the state as of January 1, 2018.
- (b) The operation of slot machines, which does not include any game played with tangible playing cards, at:
- 1. Each of the four currently operating licensed parimutuel facilities in Broward County and the four currently operating licensed pari-mutuel facilities in Miami-Dade County, whether or not currently operating slot machines, provided that such licenses are not transferred or otherwise used to move or operate such slot machines at any other location; or
- 2. Licensed pari-mutuel facilities in counties, other than Broward County or Miami-Dade County, which have been authorized by referendum in each of those counties after January 1, 2012, and on or before September 1, 2018, pursuant to state law as of January 1, 2019.
- (c)1. If state law is amended to allow for the play of any additional type of Class III or other casino-style gaming at any of the presently operating licensed pari-mutuel facilities in Broward and Miami-Dade Counties, the Tribe may be entitled to a reduction in the revenue sharing payment as described in subparagraph 2.
- 2. If the Tribe's annual net win from its facilities located in Broward County for the 12 month period after the gaming specified in subparagraph 1. begins to be offered for public or private use is less than the net revenue base, the

576-04136-18 2018840c1

revenue share payments due to the state, pursuant to paragraph (2) (b) of Part XI, for the next revenue sharing cycle and future revenue sharing cycles shall be calculated by reducing the Tribe's payment on revenue generated from its facilities in Broward County by 50 percent of that reduction in annual net win from its facilities in Broward County. This paragraph does not apply if the decline in net win is due to acts of God, war, terrorism, fires, floods, or accidents causing damage to or destruction of one or more of its facilities or property necessary to operate the facility or facilities.

- 3. If the Tribe's annual net win from its facilities located in Broward County subsequently equals or exceeds the net revenue base, then the Tribe's payments due to the state pursuant to paragraph (2)(b) of Part XI shall again be calculated without any reduction, but may be reduced again under the provisions set forth in subparagraph 2.
- (d) If state law is amended to allow the play of Class III gaming or other casino-style gaming, as defined in this part, at any location in Miami-Dade County or Broward County under the jurisdiction of the state that is not presently licensed for the play of such games at such locations, other than those facilities set forth in paragraph (c) and this paragraph, and such games were not in play as of January 1, 2018, and such gaming begins to be offered for public or private use, the payments due the state pursuant to subparagraph (c)2., shall be calculated by excluding the net win from the Tribe's facilities in Broward County.
- (e) The operation of a combined total of not more than 350 historic racing machines, connected to a central server at that

576-04136-18 2018840c1

facility, and electronic bingo machines at each pari-mutuel facility licensed as of January 1, 2018, and not located in either Broward County or Miami-Dade County.

- (f) The operation of pari-mutuel wagering activities at pari-mutuel facilities licensed by the state.
- (g) The operation by the Department of the Lottery of those types of lottery games authorized under chapter 24 as of January 1, 2018, but not including any player-activated or operated machine or device other than a lottery vending machine or any banked or banking card or table game. However, not more than ten lottery vending machines may be installed at any facility or location and no lottery vending machine that dispenses electronic instant tickets may be installed at any licensed pari-mutuel facility.
- (h) The operation of games of poker, including designated player games of poker, as authorized by chapter 849 as of January 1, 2019.
- (i) The operation of games permitted by chapters 546 and 849, Florida Statutes, as of January 1, 2019.
- (j) The following events shall not trigger any remedy under this compact and do not affect the exclusivity provisions of this compact:
- 1. Any change to the tax rate paid to the state by the licensed pari-mutuel permitholders for the operation of slot machines, provided the effective tax rate is not less than 25 percent. If the effective tax rate is less than 25 percent, then the Tribe shall be relieved of its obligations to make the guaranteed minimum compact term payment and any further guaranteed revenue sharing cycle payment, but instead shall make

576-04136-18 2018840c1

payments to the state for all future revenue sharing cycles
based on the percentage payments set forth in paragraph (2)(c)
of Part XI, but shall be permitted to exclude all revenue
generated by slot machines at its facilities in Broward County;
and

- 2. Any change in state law that removes the requirement for pari-mutuel permitholders to conduct performances of live races or games in order to operate other authorized gaming activities.
- (3) To the extent that the exclusivity provisions of this part are breached or otherwise violated and the Tribe's ongoing payment obligations to the state pursuant to subsections (2) and (7) of Part XI cease, any outstanding payments that would have been due the state from the Tribe's facilities before the breach or violation shall be made within 30 business days after the breach or violation.
- (4) The breach of this part's exclusivity provisions and the cessation of payments pursuant to subsections (2) and (7) of Part XI shall not excuse the Tribe from continuing to comply with all other provisions of this compact, including continuing to pay the state the annual oversight assessment as set forth in subsection (6) of Part XI.

PART XIII

DISPUTE RESOLUTION.—In the event that the Tribe or State believes that the other party has failed to comply with any requirements of this compact, or in the event of any dispute hereunder, including, but not limited to, a dispute over the proper interpretation of the terms and conditions of this

576-04136-18 2018840c1

compact, the goal of the parties is to resolve all disputes

amicably and voluntarily whenever possible. In pursuit of this

goal, the following procedures may be invoked:

- (1) A party asserting noncompliance or seeking an interpretation of this compact first shall serve written notice on the other party. The notice shall identify the specific compact provision alleged to have been violated or in dispute and shall specify in detail the asserting party's contention and any factual basis for the claim. Representatives of the Tribe and state shall meet within 30 calendar days after receipt of notice in an effort to resolve the dispute, unless they mutually agree to extend this period.
- (2) A party asserting noncompliance or seeking an interpretation of this compact under this part shall be deemed to have certified that to the best of the party's knowledge, information, and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the claim of noncompliance or the request for interpretation of this compact is warranted and made in good faith and not for any improper purpose, such as to harass or to cause unnecessary delay or the needless incurring of the cost of resolving the dispute.
- (3) If the parties are unable to resolve a dispute through the process specified in subsections (1) and (2), either party may call for mediation under the Commercial Mediation Procedures of the American Arbitration Association or any successor procedures, provided that such mediation does not last more than 60 calendar days, unless an extension to this time limit is negotiated by the parties. Only matters arising under the terms of this compact may be available for resolution through

576-04136-18 2018840c1

mediation. If the parties are unable to resolve a dispute through the process specified in this part, notwithstanding any other provision of law, either party may bring an action in a United States District Court having venue regarding a dispute arising under this compact. If the court declines to exercise jurisdiction, or federal precedent exists that holds that the court would not have jurisdiction over such a dispute, either party may bring the action in the appropriate court of the Seventeenth Judicial Circuit in Broward County, Florida. The parties are entitled to all rights of appeal permitted by law in the court system in which the action is brought.

- (4) For purposes of actions based on disputes between the state and the Tribe that arise under this compact and the enforcement of any judgment resulting from such action, the Tribe and the state each expressly waive the right to assert sovereign immunity from suit and from enforcement of any ensuing judgment, and further consent to be sued in federal or state court, including the right of appeal specified above, as the case may be, provided that:
- (a) The dispute is limited solely to issues arising under this compact.
- (b) There is no claim for monetary damages, except that payment of any money required by the terms of this compact, as well as injunctive relief or specific performance enforcing a provision of this compact requiring the payment of money to the state may be sought.
- (c) Nothing herein shall be construed to constitute a waiver of the sovereign immunity of the Tribe with respect to any third party that is made a party or intervenes as a party to

576-04136-18 2018840c1

the action. In the event that intervention, joinder, or other participation by any additional party in any action between the state and the Tribe would result in the waiver of the Tribe's sovereign immunity as to that additional party, the waiver of the Tribe may be revoked.

- (5) The state may not be precluded from pursuing any mediation or judicial remedy against the Tribe on the grounds that the state has failed to exhaust its Tribal administrative remedies.
- (6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, any failure of the Tribe to remit the payments pursuant to the terms of Part XI entitles the state to seek injunctive relief in federal or state court, at the state's election, to compel the payments after the dispute resolution process in subsections (1) and (2) is exhausted.

CONSTRUCTION OF COMPACT; SEVERANCE; FEDERAL APPROVAL.-

PART XIV

(1) Each provision of this compact shall stand separate and independent of every other provision. In the event that a federal district court in Florida or other court of competent jurisdiction shall find any provision of this compact to be invalid, the remaining provisions shall remain in full force and effect, provided that severing the invalidated provision does not undermine the overall intent of the parties in entering into this compact. However, if subsection (6) of Part III, Part XI, or Part XII are held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, this compact will become null and void.

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576-04136-18 2018840c1

(2) It is understood that Part XII, which provides for a cessation of the payments to the state under Part XI, does not create any duty on the state but only a remedy for the Tribe if gaming under state jurisdiction is expanded.

- (3) This compact is intended to meet the requirements of the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act as it reads on the effective date of this compact, and where reference is made to the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act, or to an implementing regulation thereof, the reference is deemed to have been incorporated into this document. Subsequent changes to the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act that diminish the rights of the state or Tribe may not be applied retroactively to alter the terms of this compact, except to the extent that federal law validly mandates that retroactive application without the respective consent of the state or the Tribe. In the event that a subsequent change in the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act, or to an implementing regulation thereof, mandates retroactive application without the respective consent of the state or the Tribe, the parties agree that this compact is voidable by either party if the subsequent change materially alters the provisions in the compact relating to the play of covered games, revenue sharing payments, suspension or reduction of payments, or exclusivity.
- (4) Neither the presence of language that is not included in this compact, nor the absence in this compact of language that is present in another state-tribal compact shall be a factor in construing the terms of this compact.
- (5) The Tribe and the state shall defend the validity of this compact.
 - (6) The parties shall cooperate in seeking approval of this

576-04136-18 2018840c1

compact from the Secretary of the Department of the Interior.

1569 PART XV

NOTICES.—All notices required under this compact shall be given by certified mail, return receipt requested, commercial overnight courier service, or personal delivery, to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Chairman and General Counsel of the Seminole Tribe of Florida.

PART XVI

EFFECTIVE DATE AND TERM.-

- (1) This compact, if identical to the version ratified by the Legislature in s. 285.710(3)(c), Florida Statutes, in 2018, shall become effective upon its approval as a tribal-state compact within the meaning of the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act either by action of the Secretary of the Department of the Interior or by operation of law under 25 U.S.C. s. 2710(d)(8) upon publication of a notice of approval in the Federal Register under 25 U.S.C. s. 2710(d)(8)(D).
- (2) This compact shall have a term of twenty-two years beginning on the first day of the month following the month in which the compact becomes effective under subsection (1).
- (3) The Tribe's authorization to offer covered games under this compact shall automatically terminate twenty-two years after the effective date unless renewed by an affirmative act of the Legislature.

576-04136-18 2018840c1

PART XVII

AMENDMENT OF COMPACT AND REFERENCES.—

- (1) Amendment of this compact may only be made by written agreement of the parties, subject to approval by the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, either by publication of the notice of approval in the Federal Register or by operation of law under 25 U.S.C. s. 2710(d)(8).
- (2) Legislative ratification is required for any amendment to the compact that alters the provisions relating to covered games, the amount of revenue sharing payments, suspension or reduction in payments, or exclusivity.
- (3) Changes in the provisions of tribal ordinances, regulations, and procedures referenced in this compact may be made by the Tribe with 30 days' advance notice to the state. If the state has an objection to any change to the tribal ordinance, regulation, or procedure which is the subject of the notice on the ground that its adoption would be a violation of the Tribe's obligations under this compact, the state may invoke the dispute resolution provisions provided in Part XIII.

PART XVIII

MISCELLANEOUS.-

(1) Except to the extent expressly provided in this compact, this compact is not intended to, and shall not be construed to, create any right on the part of a third party to bring an action to enforce any of its terms.

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576-04136-18 2018840c1

enters into a compact with any other Tribe that contains more favorable terms with respect to the provisions of this Compact and the Secretary of the Department of the Interior approves such compact, either by publication of the notice of approval in the Federal Register or by operation of law under 25 U.S.C. s. 2710(d)(8), upon tribal notice to the state and the Secretary, this compact shall be deemed amended to contain the more favorable terms, unless the state objects to the change and can demonstrate, in a proceeding commenced under Part XIII, that the terms in question are not more favorable.

- (3) Upon the occurrence of certain events beyond the Tribe's control, including acts of God, war, terrorism, fires, floods, or accidents causing damage to or destruction of one or more of its facilities or property necessary to operate the facility or facilities, the Tribe's obligation to pay the guaranteed minimum compact term payment described in Part XI shall be reduced pro rata to reflect the percentage of the total net win lost to the Tribe from the impacted facility or facilities and the net win specified under subsection (2) of Part XII for purposes of determining whether the Tribe's payments described in Part XI shall cease, shall be reduced pro rata to reflect the percentage of the total net win lost to the Tribe from the impacted facility or facilities. The foregoing shall not excuse any obligations of the Tribe to make payments to the state as and when required hereunder or in any related document or agreement.
- (4) The Tribe and the state recognize that opportunities to engage in gaming in smoke-free or reduced-smoke environments

576-04136-18 2018840c1

provides both health and other benefits to patrons, and the

Tribe has instituted a nonsmoking section at its Seminole Hard

Rock Hotel & Casino-Hollywood Facility. As part of its

continuing commitment to this issue, the Tribe shall:

- (a) Install and utilize a ventilation system at all new construction at its facilities, which system exhausts tobacco smoke to the extent reasonably feasible under existing state-of-the-art technology.
- (b) Designate a smoke-free area for slot machines at all new construction at its facilities.
- (c) Install nonsmoking, vented tables for table games installed in its facilities sufficient to reasonably respond to demand for such tables.
- (d) Designate a nonsmoking area for gaming within all of its facilities within five years after the effective date of the compact.
- (5) The annual average minimum pay-out of all slot machines in each facility may not be less than 85 percent.
- (6) Nothing in this compact shall alter any of the existing memoranda of understanding, contracts, or other agreements entered into between the Tribe and any other federal, state, or local governmental entity.
- (7) The Tribe currently has, as set forth in its Employee
 Fair Treatment and Dispute Resolution Policy, and agrees to
 maintain, standards that are comparable to the standards
 provided in federal laws and state laws forbidding employers
 from discrimination in connection with the employment of persons
 working at the facilities on the basis of race, color, religion,
 national origin, gender, age, disability, or marital status.

576-04136-18 2018840c1

Nothing herein shall preclude the Tribe from giving preference in employment, promotion, seniority, lay-offs, or retention to members of the Tribe and other federally recognized tribes.

(8) The Tribe shall, with respect to any facility where covered games are played, adopt and comply with tribal requirements that meet the same minimum state requirements applicable to businesses in the state with respect to environmental and building standards.

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PART XIX

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EXECUTION.—The Governor of the State of Florida affirms that he has authority to act for the state in this matter and that, provided that this compact is identical to the compact ratified by the Legislature pursuant to s. 285.710(3)(c), Florida Statutes, no further action by the state or any state official is necessary for this compact to take effect upon federal approval by action of the Secretary of the Department of the Interior or by operation of law under 25 U.S.C. s. 2710(d)(8) by publication of the notice of approval in the Federal Register. The Governor affirms that he will proceed with obtaining such federal approval and take all other appropriate action to effectuate the purposes and intent of this Compact. The undersigned Chairman of the Tribal Council of the Seminole Tribe of Florida affirms that he is duly authorized and has the authority to execute this Compact on behalf of the Tribe. The Chairman also affirms that he will assist in obtaining federal approval and take all other appropriate action to effectuate the purposes and intent of this Compact.

576-04136-18 2018840c1

Section 2. Subsection (4) of section 285.712, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

285.712 Tribal-state gaming compacts.

(4) Upon execution receipt of an act ratifying a tribal-state compact entered pursuant to s. 285.710(3)(b), the Governor shall provide a copy to the Secretary of State who shall forward a copy of the executed compact and the ratifying act to the United States Secretary of the Interior for his or her review and approval, in accordance with 25 U.S.C. s. 2710(d)(8) (2710(8)(d).

Section 3. Section 546.13, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

- 546.13 Fantasy contests and fantasy contest operators.-
- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Entry fee" means cash or a cash equivalent that is required to be paid by a participant in order to participate in a fantasy contest.
- (b) "Fantasy contest" means a fantasy or simulated game or contest in which:
- 1. The value of all prizes and awards offered to winning participants is established and made known to the participants in advance of the contest and is unrelated to the number of participants in the contest;
- 2. All winning outcomes reflect the relative knowledge and skill of the participants and are determined predominantly by accumulated statistical results of the performance of individuals, including athletes in the case of sporting events;
- 3. No winning outcome is based on the score, point spread, or any performance or performances of any single actual team or

576-04136-18 2018840c1

combination of such teams, solely on any single performance of
an individual athlete or player in any single actual event, or
on the performances of participants in collegiate, high school,
or youth sporting events; and

- 4. No casino graphics, themes, or titles, including, but not limited to, depictions of slot machine-style symbols, cards, craps, roulette, or lotto, are displayed or depicted.
- (c) "Fantasy contest operator" means a person or an entity, including any employee or agent, that offers or conducts a fantasy contest with an entry fee for a cash prize or award and that is not a participant in the fantasy contest.
- (2) EXEMPTIONS.—The Department of Business and Professional Regulation may not regulate and the offenses established in ss. 849.01, 849.08, 849.09, 849.11, 849.14, and 849.25 do not include or apply to a fantasy contest operated or conducted by a:
 - (a) Fantasy contest operator.
- (b) Natural person who is a participant in the fantasy contest, serves as the commissioner of not more than 10 fantasy contests in a calendar year, and distributes all entry fees for the fantasy contest as prizes or awards to the participants in that fantasy contest.
- Section 4. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 550.01215, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 550.01215 License application; periods of operation; bond, conversion of permit.—
- (1) Each permitholder shall annually, during the period between December 15 and January 4, file in writing with the division its application for an operating $\frac{1}{2}$ license to conduct

576-04136-18 2018840c1

pari-mutuel wagering during the next state fiscal year, including intertrack and simulcast race wagering for greyhound racing permitholders, jai alai permitholders, harness horse racing permitholders, and quarter horse racing permitholders that do not to conduct live performances during the next state fiscal year. Each application for live performances must shall specify the number, dates, and starting times of all live performances that which the permitholder intends to conduct. It must shall also specify which performances will be conducted as charity or scholarship performances.

- (a) In addition, Each application for an operating a license also must shall include:
- $\underline{\text{1.}}$ For each permitholder, whether the permitholder intends to accept wagers on intertrack or simulcast events.
- 2. For each permitholder that elects which elects to operate a cardroom, the dates and periods of operation the permitholder intends to operate the cardroom. $\frac{1}{100}$
- 3. For each thoroughbred <u>racing</u> permitholder <u>that</u> which elects to receive or rebroadcast out-of-state races after 7 p.m., the dates for all performances which the permitholder intends to conduct.
- (b) A greyhound racing permitholder that conducted a full schedule of live racing for a period of at least 10 consecutive state fiscal years after the 1996-1997 state fiscal year, or that converted its permit to a permit to conduct greyhound racing after the 1996-1997 state fiscal year, irrevocably may elect not to conduct live racing if the election is made within 36 months after the effective date of this act. A greyhound racing permitholder that makes such election retains its permit;

576-04136-18

1827

2018840c1

is a pari-mutuel facility as defined in s. 550.002(23); if such 1799 1800 permitholder has been issued a slot machine license, the 1801 facility where such permit is located remains an eligible 1802 facility as defined in s. 551.102(4), continues to be eligible 1803 for a slot machine license, and is exempt from ss. 551.104(3) 1804 and (4)(c)1. and 551.114(2) and (4); is eligible, but not 1805 required, to be a guest track for purposes of intertrack 1806 wagering and simulcasting pursuant to ss. 550.3551, 550.615, and 1807 550.6305; and remains eligible for a cardroom license notwithstanding any requirement in s. 849.086 for the conduct of 1808 1809 live performances. A greyhound racing permitholder may receive 1810 an operating license to conduct pari-mutuel wagering activities 1811 at another permitholder's greyhound racing facility pursuant to 1812 s. 550.475. 1813 (c) A jai alai permitholder, harness horse racing 1814 permitholder or a quarter horse racing permitholder that has 1815 conducted live racing or games for at least 5 years irrevocably 1816 may elect not to conduct live racing or games if the election is 1817 made within 36 months after the effective date of this act. A 1818 permitholder that makes such election retains its permit; is a 1819 pari-mutuel facility as defined in s. 550.002(23); if such 1820 permitholder has been issued a slot machine license, the 1821 facility where such permit is located remains an eligible 1822 facility as defined in s. 551.102(4), continues to be eligible for a slot machine license, and is exempt from ss. 551.104(3) 1823 1824 and (4)(c)1. and 551.114(2) and (4); is eligible, but not 1825 required, to be a guest track and, if the permitholder is a 1826 harness horse racing permitholder, to be a host track for

purposes of intertrack wagering and simulcasting pursuant to ss.

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576-04136-18 2018840c1

550.3551, 550.615, 550.625, and 550.6305; and remains eligible for a cardroom license notwithstanding any requirement in s. 849.086 to conduct live performances.

- (d) Permitholders may shall be entitled to amend their applications through February 28.
- (3) The division shall issue each license no later than March 15. Each permitholder shall operate all performances at the date and time specified on its license. The division shall have the authority to approve minor changes in racing dates after a license has been issued. The division may approve changes in racing dates after a license has been issued when there is no objection from any operating permitholder located within 50 miles of the permitholder requesting the changes in operating dates. In the event of an objection, the division shall approve or disapprove the change in operating dates based upon the impact on operating permitholders located within 50 miles of the permitholder requesting the change in operating dates. In making the determination to change racing dates, the division shall take into consideration the impact of such changes on state revenues. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, and for the 2018-2019 fiscal year only, the division may approve changes in racing dates for permitholders if the request for such changes is received before May 31, 2018.

Section 5. Subsections (9), (13), (14), and paragraph (a) of subsection (11) of section 550.054, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.054 Application for permit to conduct pari-mutuel wagering.—

(9) (a) After a permit has been granted by the division and

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576-04136-18 2018840c1

has been ratified and approved by the majority of the electors participating in the election in the county designated in the permit, the division shall grant to the lawful permitholder, subject to the conditions of this chapter, a license to conduct pari-mutuel operations under this chapter, and, except as provided in s. 550.5251, the division shall fix annually the time, place, and number of days during which pari-mutuel operations may be conducted by the permitholder at the location fixed in the permit and ratified in the election. After the first license has been issued to the holder of a ratified permit for racing in any county, all subsequent annual applications for a license by that permitholder must be accompanied by proof, in such form as the division requires, that the ratified permitholder still possesses all the qualifications prescribed by this chapter and that the permit has not been recalled at a later election held in the county.

(b) The division may revoke or suspend any permit or license issued under this chapter upon a the willful violation by the permitholder or licensee of any provision of chapter 551, chapter 849, or this chapter or rules of any rule adopted pursuant to those chapters. With the exception of the revocation of permits required in paragraphs (c) and (e) under this chapter. In lieu of suspending or revoking a permit or license, the division, in lieu of suspending or revoking a permit or license, may impose a civil penalty against the permitholder or licensee for a violation of this chapter or rules adopted pursuant thereto any rule adopted by the division. The penalty so imposed may not exceed \$1,000 for each count or separate offense. All penalties imposed and collected must be deposited

576-04136-18 2018840c1

1886 with the Chief Financial Officer to the credit of the General 1887 Revenue Fund.

- c) 1. The division shall revoke the permit of any permitholder that fails to make payments due pursuant to chapter 550, chapter 551, or s. 849.086 for more than 24 consecutive months unless such failure was the direct result of fire, strike, war, or other disaster or event beyond the permitholder's control. Financial hardship to the permitholder does not, in and of itself, constitute just cause for failure to make payments.
- 2. The division shall revoke the permit of any permitholder that has not obtained an operating license in accordance with s. 550.01215 for a period of more than 24 consecutive months after June 30, 2012. The division shall revoke the permit upon adequate notice to the permitholder. Financial hardship to the permitholder does not, in and of itself, constitute just cause for failure to operate.
- (d) A new permit to conduct pari-mutuel wagering may not be approved or issued after January 1, 2018.
- (e) A permit revoked under this subsection is void and may not be reissued.
- (11) (a) A permit granted under this chapter may not be transferred or assigned except upon written approval by the division pursuant to s. 550.1815, except that the holder of any permit that has been converted to a jai alai permit may lease or build anywhere within the county in which its permit is located.
- (13) (a) Notwithstanding any provisions of this chapter or chapter 551, a pari-mutuel no thoroughbred horse racing permit or license issued under this chapter may not shall be

576-04136-18 2018840c1

transferred, or reissued when such reissuance is in the nature of a transfer so as to permit or authorize a licensee to change the location of a pari-mutuel facility, or a cardroom or slot machine facility, except through the relocation of the pari-mutuel permit pursuant to s. 550.0555 thoroughbred horse racetrack except upon proof in such form as the division may prescribe that a referendum election has been held:

- 1. If the proposed new location is within the same county as the already licensed location, in the county where the licensee desires to conduct the race meeting and that a majority of the electors voting on that question in such election voted in favor of the transfer of such license.
- 2. If the proposed new location is not within the same county as the already licensed location, in the county where the licensee desires to conduct the race meeting and in the county where the licensee is already licensed to conduct the race meeting and that a majority of the electors voting on that question in each such election voted in favor of the transfer of such license.
- (b) Each referendum held under the provisions of this subsection shall be held in accordance with the electoral procedures for ratification of permits, as provided in s. 550.0651. The expense of each such referendum shall be borne by the licensee requesting the transfer.
- (14) (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a parimutuel permit, cardroom, or slot machine facility may not be relocated, and a pari-mutuel permit may not be converted to another class of permit. Any holder of a permit to conduct jai alai may apply to the division to convert such permit to a

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576-04136-18 2018840c1

permit to conduct greyhound racing in lieu of jai alai if:

1. Such permit is located in a county in which the division has issued only two pari-mutuel permits pursuant to this section;

- 2. Such permit was not previously converted from any other class of permit; and
- 3. The holder of the permit has not conducted jai alai games during a period of 10 years immediately preceding his or her application for conversion under this subsection.

(b) The division, upon application from the holder of a jai alai permit meeting all conditions of this section, shall convert the permit and shall issue to the permitholder a permit to conduct greyhound racing. A permitholder of a permit converted under this section shall be required to apply for and conduct a full schedule of live racing each fiscal year to be eligible for any tax credit provided by this chapter. The holder of a permit converted pursuant to this subsection or any holder of a permit to conduct greyhound racing located in a county in which it is the only permit issued pursuant to this section who operates at a leased facility pursuant to s. 550.475 may move the location for which the permit has been issued to another location within a 30-mile radius of the location fixed in the permit issued in that county, provided the move does not cross the county boundary and such location is approved under the zoning regulations of the county or municipality in which the permit is located, and upon such relocation may use the permit for the conduct of pari-mutuel wagering and the operation of a cardroom. The provisions of s. 550.6305(9)(d) and (f) shall apply to any permit converted under this subsection and shall

576-04136-18 2018840c1

continue to apply to any permit which was previously included under and subject to such provisions before a conversion pursuant to this section occurred.

Section 6. <u>Section 550.0745</u>, <u>Florida Statutes</u>, <u>is repealed</u>. Section 7. Subsection (3) of section 550.09512, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.09512 Harness horse taxes; abandoned interest in a permit for nonpayment of taxes.—

(3) (a) The division shall revoke the permit of a harness horse racing permitholder who does not pay tax on handle for live harness horse performances for a full schedule of live races for more than 24 consecutive months during any 2 consecutive state fiscal years shall be void and shall escheat to and become the property of the state unless such failure to operate and pay tax on handle was the direct result of fire, strike, war, or other disaster or event beyond the ability of the permitholder to control. Financial hardship to the permitholder does shall not, in and of itself, constitute just cause for failure to operate and pay tax on handle. A permit revoked under this subsection is void and may not be reissued.

(b) In order to maximize the tax revenues to the state, the division shall reissue an escheated harness horse permit to a qualified applicant pursuant to the provisions of this chapter as for the issuance of an initial permit. However, the provisions of this chapter relating to referendum requirements for a pari-mutuel permit shall not apply to the reissuance of an escheated harness horse permit. As specified in the application and upon approval by the division of an application for the permit, the new permitholder shall be authorized to operate a

576-04136-18 2018840c1

harness horse facility anywhere in the same county in which the escheated permit was authorized to be operated, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 550.054(2) relating to mileage limitations.

Section 8. Subsections (3) and (7) of section 550.09515, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.09515 Thoroughbred horse taxes; abandoned interest in a permit for nonpayment of taxes.—

(3) (a) The <u>division shall revoke the permit of a</u> thoroughbred <u>racing horse</u> permitholder <u>that who</u> does not pay tax on handle for live thoroughbred horse performances for a full schedule of live races <u>for more than 24 consecutive months</u> during any 2 consecutive state fiscal years shall be void and shall escheat to and become the property of the state unless such failure to operate and pay tax on handle was the direct result of fire, strike, war, or other disaster or event beyond the ability of the permitholder to control. Financial hardship to the permitholder <u>does shall</u> not, in and of itself, constitute just cause for failure to operate and pay tax on handle. <u>A</u> permit revoked under this subsection is void and may not be reissued.

(b) In order to maximize the tax revenues to the state, the division shall reissue an escheated thoroughbred horse permit to a qualified applicant pursuant to the provisions of this chapter as for the issuance of an initial permit. However, the provisions of this chapter relating to referendum requirements for a pari-mutuel permit shall not apply to the reissuance of an escheated thoroughbred horse permit. As specified in the application and upon approval by the division of an application for the permit, the new permitholder shall be authorized to

576-04136-18 2018840c1

operate a thoroughbred horse facility anywhere in the same county in which the escheated permit was authorized to be operated, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 550.054(2) relating to mileage limitations.

(7) If a thoroughbred permitholder fails to operate all performances on its 2001-2002 license, failure to pay tax on handle for a full schedule of live races for those performances in the 2001-2002 fiscal year does not constitute failure to pay taxes on handle for a full schedule of live races in a fiscal year for the purposes of subsection (3). This subsection may not be construed as forgiving a thoroughbred permitholder from paying taxes on performances conducted at its facility pursuant to its 2001-2002 license other than for failure to operate all performances on its 2001-2002 license. This subsection expires July 1, 2003.

Section 9. Section 550.3345, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

550.3345 Conversion of quarter horse permit to a Limited thoroughbred racing permit.—

(1) In recognition of the important and long-standing economic contribution of the thoroughbred horse breeding industry to this state and the state's vested interest in promoting the continued viability of this agricultural activity, the state intends to provide a limited opportunity for the conduct of live thoroughbred horse racing with the net revenues from such racing dedicated to the enhancement of thoroughbred purses and breeders', stallion, and special racing awards under this chapter; the general promotion of the thoroughbred horse breeding industry; and the care in this state of thoroughbred

576-04136-18 2018840c1

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(2) A limited thoroughbred racing permit previously converted from Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the holder of a quarter horse racing permit pursuant to chapter 2010-29, Laws of Florida, issued under s. 550.334 may only be held by, within 1 year after the effective date of this section, apply to the division for a transfer of the quarter horse racing permit to a not-for-profit corporation formed under state law to serve the purposes of the state as provided in subsection (1). The board of directors of the not-for-profit corporation must be composed comprised of 11 members, 4 of whom shall be designated by the applicant, 4 of whom shall be designated by the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, and 3 of whom shall be designated by the other 8 directors, with at least 1 of these 3 members being an authorized representative of another thoroughbred racing permitholder in this state. A limited thoroughbred racing The not-for-profit corporation shall submit an application to the division for review and approval of the transfer in accordance with s. 550.054. Upon approval of the transfer by the division, and notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, the not-for-profit corporation may, within 1 year after its receipt of the permit, request that the division convert the quarter horse racing permit to a permit authorizing the holder to conduct pari-mutuel wagering meets of thoroughbred racing. Neither the transfer of the quarter horse racing permit nor its conversion to a limited thoroughbred permit shall be subject to the mileage limitation or the ratification election as set forth under s. 550.054(2) or s. 550.0651. Upon receipt of the request for such conversion, the

576-04136-18 2018840c1

division shall timely issue a converted permit. The converted permit and the not-for-profit corporation <u>are</u> shall be subject to the following requirements:

- (a) All net revenues derived by the not-for-profit corporation under the thoroughbred horse racing permit, after the funding of operating expenses and capital improvements, shall be dedicated to the enhancement of thoroughbred purses and breeders', stallion, and special racing awards under this chapter; the general promotion of the thoroughbred horse breeding industry; and the care in this state of thoroughbred horses retired from racing.
- (b) From December 1 through April 30, no live thoroughbred racing may not be conducted under the permit on any day during which another thoroughbred racing permitholder is conducting live thoroughbred racing within 125 air miles of the not-for-profit corporation's pari-mutuel facility unless the other thoroughbred racing permitholder gives its written consent.
- (c) After the conversion of the quarter horse racing permit and the issuance of its initial license to conduct pari-mutuel wagering meets of thoroughbred racing, the not-for-profit corporation shall annually apply to the division for a license pursuant to s. 550.5251.
- (d) Racing under the permit may take place only at the location for which the original quarter horse racing permit was issued, which may be leased by the not-for-profit corporation for that purpose; however, the not-for-profit corporation may, without the conduct of any ratification election pursuant to s. 550.054(13) or s. 550.0651, move the location of the permit to another location in the same county provided that such

576-04136-18 2018840c1

relocation is approved under the zoning and land use regulations of the applicable county or municipality.

- (e) A limited thoroughbred racing No permit may not be transferred converted under this section is eligible for transfer to another person or entity.
- (3) Unless otherwise provided in this section, after conversion, the permit and the not-for-profit corporation shall be treated under the laws of this state as a thoroughbred racing permit and as a thoroughbred racing permitholder, respectively, with the exception of $\underline{ss.}$ 550.054(9)(c) and 550.09515(3) $\underline{s.}$ 550.09515(3).

Section 10. Subsections (1), (4), and (5) of section 550.6308, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

550.6308 Limited intertrack wagering license.—In recognition of the economic importance of the thoroughbred breeding industry to this state, its positive impact on tourism, and of the importance of a permanent thoroughbred sales facility as a key focal point for the activities of the industry, a limited license to conduct intertrack wagering is established to ensure the continued viability and public interest in thoroughbred breeding in Florida.

(1) Upon application to the division on or before January 31 of each year, any person that is licensed to conduct public sales of thoroughbred horses pursuant to s. 535.01 and, that has conducted at least 8 15 days of thoroughbred horse sales at a permanent sales facility in this state for at least 3 consecutive years, and that has conducted at least 1 day of nonwagering thoroughbred racing in this state, with a purse structure of at least \$250,000 per year for 2 consecutive years

576-04136-18 2018840c1

before such application, shall be issued a license, subject to the conditions set forth in this section, to conduct intertrack wagering at such a permanent sales facility during the following periods:

- (a) Up to 21 days in connection with thoroughbred sales;
- (b) Between November 1 and May 8;
- (c) Between May 9 and October 31 at such times and on such days as any thoroughbred, jai alai, or a greyhound permitholder in the same county is not conducting live performances; provided that any such permitholder may waive this requirement, in whole or in part, and allow the licensee under this section to conduct intertrack wagering during one or more of the permitholder's live performances; and
- (d) During the weekend of the Kentucky Derby, the Preakness, the Belmont, and a Breeders' Cup Meet that is conducted before November 1 and after May 8.

Only No more than one such license may be issued, and no such license may be issued for a facility located within 50 miles of any for-profit thoroughbred permitholder's track.

- (4) Intertrack wagering under this section may be conducted only on thoroughbred horse racing, except that intertrack wagering may be conducted on any class of pari-mutuel race or game conducted by any class of permitholders licensed under this chapter if all thoroughbred, jai alai, and greyhound permitholders in the same county as the licensee under this section give their consent.
- (4) (5) The licensee shall be considered a guest track under this chapter. The licensee shall pay 2.5 percent of the total

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576-04136-18 2018840c1

contributions to the daily pari-mutuel pool on wagers accepted at the licensee's facility on greyhound races or jai alai games to the thoroughbred permitholder that is conducting live races for purses to be paid during its current racing meet. If more than one thoroughbred permitholder is conducting live races on a day during which the licensee is conducting intertrack wagering on greyhound races or jai alai games, the licensee shall allocate these funds between the operating thoroughbred permitholders on a pro rata basis based on the total live handle at the operating permitholders' facilities.

Section 11. Subsections (4), (10), and (11) of section 551.102, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

551.102 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

(4) "Eligible facility" means any licensed pari-mutuel facility located in Miami-Dade County or Broward County existing at the time of adoption of s. 23, Art. X of the State Constitution that has conducted live racing or games during calendar years 2002 and 2003 and has been approved by a majority of voters in a countywide referendum to have slot machines at such facility in the respective county; any licensed pari-mutuel facility located within a county as defined in s. 125.011, provided such facility has conducted live racing for 2 consecutive calendar years immediately preceding its application for a slot machine license, pays the required license fee, and meets the other requirements of this chapter; or any licensed pari-mutuel facility in any other county in which a majority of voters have approved slot machines at such facilities in a countywide referendum held pursuant to a statutory or constitutional authorization after the effective date of this

576-04136-18 2018840c1

section in the respective county, provided such facility has conducted a full schedule of live racing for 2 consecutive calendar years immediately preceding its application for a slot machine license, pays the required licensed fee, and meets the other requirements of this chapter.

- (10) "Slot machine license" means a license issued by the division authorizing a pari-mutuel permitholder to place and operate slot machines as provided $\underline{\text{in}}$ by s. 23, Art. X of the State Constitution, the provisions of this chapter, and $\underline{\text{by}}$ division rule $\underline{\text{rules}}$.
- (11) "Slot machine licensee" means a pari-mutuel permitholder which who holds a license issued by the division pursuant to this chapter which that authorizes such person to possess a slot machine within facilities specified in s. 23, Art. X of the State Constitution and allows slot machine gaming.

Section 12. Subsections (1) and (2) and paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 551.104, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

551.104 License to conduct slot machine gaming.-

(1) Upon application, and a finding by the division after investigation that the application is complete and that the applicant is qualified, and payment of the initial license fee, the division may issue a license to conduct slot machine gaming in the designated slot machine gaming area of the eligible facility. Once licensed, slot machine gaming may be conducted subject to the requirements of this chapter and rules adopted pursuant thereto. The division may not issue a slot machine license to any pari-mutuel permitholder that includes, or previously included within its ownership group, an ultimate

576-04136-18 2018840c1

equitable owner that was also an ultimate equitable owner of a

pari-mutuel permitholder whose permit was voluntarily or

involuntarily surrendered, suspended, or revoked by the division

within 10 years before the date of the permitholder's filing of

an application for a slot machine license.

- (2) An application may be approved by the division only after:
- (a) The voters of the county where the applicant's facility is located have authorized by referendum slot machines within pari-mutuel facilities located in: that county as specified in state Constitution
- 1. Miami-Dade County or Broward County existing at the time of adoption of s. 23, Art. X of the State Constitution which conducted live racing or games during calendar years 2002 and 2003, if such permitholder pays the required license fee and meets the other requirements of this chapter.
- 2. A county as defined in s. 125.011, provided such facility has conducted live racing for 2 consecutive calendar years immediately preceding its application for a slot machine license, pays the required license fee, and meets the other requirements of this chapter.
 - 3. Any other county, provided:
- a. Such facility has conducted a full schedule of live racing or games, as defined in s. 550.002(11), for 2 consecutive calendar years immediately preceding its application for a slot machine license, pays the required license fee, and meets the other requirements of this chapter, and such referendum was conducted after January 1, 2012, and on or before September 1, 2018; or

576-04136-18 2018840c1

b. Such facility is located on or contiguous with property of the qualified project of a public-private partnership between the permitholder and a responsible public entity in accordance with s. 255.065 and for which a comprehensive agreement has been executed pursuant to s. 255.065 (7), has conducted a full schedule of live racing or games, as defined in s. 550.002(11), for 2 consecutive calendar years immediately preceding its application, pays the required license fee and meets the other requirements of this chapter, and such referendum is conducted after the effective date of this act and on or before September 1, 2018.

- (b) The applicant, for a facility described in subparagraph (a)3., irrevocably surrenders to the division one greyhound racing permit or one jai alai permit issued pursuant to chapter 550 and, after surrendering such permit, continues to hold the permit authorizing pari-mutuel wagering activities at the location at which the applicant intends to operate slot machine gaming. For a permit to be qualified for surrender by an applicant under this paragraph, the holder of such greyhound racing permit or jai alai permit, including any previous owner of such permit, must have conducted a full schedule of live racing or games, as defined in s. 550.002(11), under such permit for not less than the 5 state fiscal years immediately prior to state fiscal year 2018-2019. Upon the surrender of such greyhound racing permit or jai alai permit, the surrendered permit is void and may not be reissued.
- (4) As a condition of licensure and to maintain continued authority for the conduct of slot machine gaming, \underline{a} the slot machine licensee shall:

576-04136-18 2018840c1

(c) 1. Conduct no less fewer than a full schedule of live racing or games as defined in s. 550.002(11), unless conducting less than a full schedule of live racing or games pursuant to s. 550.01215(1)(b) or (c). A permitholder's responsibility to conduct a full schedule such number of live races or games, as defined in s. 550.002(11), shall be reduced by the number of races or games that could not be conducted due to the direct result of fire, war, hurricane, or other disaster or event beyond the control of the permitholder. A permitholder may conduct live races or games at another pari-mutuel facility pursuant to s. 550.475 if such permitholder has operated its live races or games by lease for at least 5 consecutive years immediately prior to the permitholder's application for a slot machine license.

2.a. If not licensed to conduct a full schedule of live racing or games, as defined in s. 550.002(11), pursuant to s. 550.01215(1) (b) or (c), remit each month to each qualified thoroughbred permitholder, by electronic funds transfer, an amount equal to one-twelfth of the lesser of \$1.5 million or 2.75 percent of its slot machine revenues from the previous state fiscal year, divided by the total number of qualified thoroughbred permitholders for the applicable state fiscal year. Qualified thoroughbred permitholders shall use such payments exclusively for purses and awards for live thoroughbred horse races held at the qualified thoroughbred permitholder's racing facility. For the purposes of this subparagraph, the term "qualified thoroughbred permitholder" means a thoroughbred permitholder conducting, in the applicable state fiscal year, no less than a full schedule of live racing or games, as defined in

576-04136-18 2018840c1

s. 550.002(11), and no fewer live thoroughbred horse racing performances than such permitholder conducted in state fiscal year 2017-2018. The term does not include a permitholder whose permit was issued pursuant to s. 550.3345 or a permitholder leasing at another thoroughbred permitholder's facility pursuant to s. 550.475.

- b. The division shall notify each slot machine licensee required to remit such payments, not later than 15 days after issuing the slot machine license, of the qualified thoroughbred permitholders to which such payments must be paid. Each qualified thoroughbred permitholder shall provide each slot machine licensee required to remit payments pursuant to this subparagraph with written instructions for transmitting such electronic payments. Such payments shall be remitted to each qualified thoroughbred permitholder on the fifth day of each calendar month. If the fifth day of the calendar month falls on a weekend, such payment shall be remitted on the first Monday following the weekend.
- c. A qualified thoroughbred permitholder receiving funds under this subparagraph shall remit, within 10 days after receipt, 10 percent of those funds to the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, Inc., for the payment of breeders', stallion, and special racing awards, subject to the fee authorized in s. 550.2625(3).

Section 13. Subsections (3) and (5) of section 551.106, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (4) and (6), respectively, a new subsection (3) is added to that section, and subsections (1), (2), and present subsection (4) of that section are amended, to read:

551.106 License fee; tax rate; penalties.-

(1) LICENSE FEE.-

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- (a) Upon submission of the initial application for a slot machine license, and annually thereafter, on the anniversary date of the issuance of the initial license, the licensee must pay to the division a nonrefundable license fee of \$3 million for the succeeding 12 months of licensure. In the 2010-2011 fiscal year, the licensee must pay the division a nonrefundable license fee of \$2.5 million for the succeeding 12 months of licensure. In the 2011-2012 fiscal year and for every fiscal year thereafter, the licensee must pay the division a nonrefundable license fee of \$2 million for the succeeding 12 months of licensure. The license fee must shall be deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation to be used by the division and the Department of Law Enforcement for investigations, regulation of slot machine gaming, and enforcement of slot machine gaming provisions under this chapter. These payments must shall be accounted for separately from taxes or fees paid pursuant to the provisions of chapter 550.
- (b) Prior to January 1, 2007, the division shall evaluate the license fee and shall make recommendations to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives regarding the optimum level of slot machine license fees in order to adequately support the slot machine regulatory program.
 - (2) TAX ON SLOT MACHINE REVENUES.—
- (a) $\underline{1}$. The tax rate on slot machine revenues at each facility \underline{i} s \underline{s} hall be 35 percent. Effective January 1, 2019, the tax rate on slot machine revenues at each facility is 30

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576-04136-18 2018840c1

percent. Effective July 1, 2020, the tax rate on slot machine revenues at each facility is 25 percent.

2.a. If, during any state fiscal year, the aggregate amount of tax paid to the state by all slot machine licensees in Broward and Miami-Dade Counties is less than the aggregate amount of tax paid to the state by all slot machine licensees in those counties in the 2017-2018 2008-2009 fiscal year, each slot machine licensee shall pay to the state within 45 days after the end of the state fiscal year a surcharge equal to its pro rata share of an amount equal to the difference between the aggregate amount of tax paid to the state by all slot machine licensees in the 2008-2009 fiscal year and the amount of tax paid during the fiscal year.

b. The amount of the surcharge to be paid by each such licensee must be calculated by dividing the aggregate amount of slot machine taxes paid to the state by all such slot machine licensees in the 2017-2018 fiscal year by the aggregate amount of slot machine taxes paid by all such licensees during the applicable state fiscal year, multiplying the result by the amount of slot machine taxes paid by the licensee during the applicable state fiscal year, and then subtracting from that product the amount of slot machine taxes paid by the licensee during the applicable state fiscal year. However, the sum of the taxes paid by a licensee pursuant to subparagraph 1. and any surcharge due from the licensee may not exceed 35 percent of the slot machine revenue of that licensee in the applicable state fiscal year Each licensee's pro rata share shall be an amount determined by dividing the number 1 by the number of facilities licensed to operate slot machines during the applicable fiscal

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576-04136-18 2018840c1

year, regardless of whether the facility is operating such machines.

- (b) The slot machine revenue tax imposed by this section on facilities licensed pursuant to s. 551.104(2)(a)1., 2., or 3.a. must shall be paid to the division for deposit into the Parimutuel Wagering Trust Fund for immediate transfer by the Chief Financial Officer for deposit into the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund of the Department of Education. Any interest earnings on the tax revenues must shall also be transferred to the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund. The slot machine revenue tax imposed by this section on facilities licensed pursuant to s. 551.104(2)(a)3.b. must be paid to the division for deposit into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund. The division must transfer 90 percent of such funds to be deposited by the Chief Financial Officer into the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund of the Department of Education and must transfer 10 percent of such funds to the responsible public entity for the public-private partnership of the slot machine licensee pursuant to ss. 551.104(2)(a)3.b. and 255.065.
- (c) 1. Funds transferred to the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund under paragraph (b) <u>must shall</u> be used to supplement public education funding statewide. <u>Funds transferred to a responsible public entity pursuant to paragraph (b) must be used in accordance with s. 255.065 to finance the qualifying project of such entity and the slot machine licensee, which established the licensee's eligibility for initial licensure pursuant to s. <u>551.104(2)(a)3.b.</u></u>
- 2. If necessary to comply with any covenant established pursuant to s. 1013.68(4), s. 1013.70(1), or s. 1013.737(3),

576-04136-18 2018840c1

funds transferred to the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund under paragraph (b) $\underline{\text{must}}$ $\underline{\text{shall}}$ first be available to pay debt service on lottery bonds issued to fund school construction in the event lottery revenues are insufficient for such purpose or to satisfy debt service reserve requirements established in connection with lottery bonds. Moneys available pursuant to this subparagraph are subject to annual appropriation by the Legislature.

(3) SLOT MACHINE GUARANTEE FEE; SURCHARGE.—

- (a) If a permitholder located within a county that has conducted a successful slot machine referendum after January 1, 2012, does not pay at least \$10 million in total slot machine taxes and license fees to the state in state fiscal year 2018-2019, the permitholder shall pay to the state within 45 days after the end of the state fiscal year a surcharge equal to the difference between the aggregate amount of slot machine taxes and license fees paid to the state in the fiscal year and \$10 million, regardless of whether the permitholder or licensee operated slot machines during the fiscal year.
- (b) If a permitholder located within a county that has conducted a successful slot machine referendum after January 1, 2012, does not pay at least \$20 million in total slot machine taxes and license fees to the state in state fiscal year 2019-2020 and any subsequent state fiscal year, the permitholder shall pay to the state within 45 days after the end of the state fiscal year a surcharge equal to the difference between the aggregate amount of slot machine taxes and license fees paid to the state in the fiscal year and \$20 million, regardless of whether the permitholder or licensee operated slot machines

during the fiscal year.

(5) (4) TO PAY TAX; PENALTIES.—A slot machine licensee who fails to make tax and any applicable surcharge payments as required under this section is subject to an administrative penalty of up to \$10,000 for each day the tax payment is not remitted. All administrative penalties imposed and collected must shall be deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation. If any slot machine licensee fails to pay penalties imposed by order of the division under this subsection, the division may deny, suspend, revoke, or refuse to renew the license of the permitholder or slot machine licensee.

Section 14. Subsections (1), (2), and (4) of section 551.114, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

551.114 Slot machine gaming areas.

- (1) (a) A slot machine licensee whose initial license was issued before January 1, 2018, may make available for play up to:
- 1. 1,600 2,000 slot machines within the property of the facilities of the slot machine licensee, if the licensee made available for play 1,250 or more slot machines during state fiscal year 2016-2017.
- 2. 1,200 slot machines within the property of the facilities of the slot machine licensee, if the licensee made available for play 1,000 or more slot machines, but less than 1,250 slot machines, during state fiscal year 2016-2017.
- 3. 1,000 slot machines within the property of the facilities of the slot machine licensee, if the licensee made available for play less than 1,000 slot machines during state

2495 fiscal year 2016-2017.

(b) 1. A slot machine licensee whose initial license was issued on or after January 1, 2018, may make available for play up to 750 slot machines within the property of the facilities of the slot machine licensee; provided however, the total number of slot machines which may be made available for play by all slot machine licensees whose initial license was issued after January 1, 2018, may not exceed 6,000 slot machines.

- 2. If the total number of slot machines which all licensees whose initial license was issued on or after January 1, 2018, would exceed 6,000 slot machines if each such licensee were to operate 750 slot machines, the maximum number of slot machines each such licensee may make available for play may not exceed 6,000 divided by the number of licensees whose initial license was issued after January 1, 2018.
- machine licensee, the slot machine licensee shall display parimutuel races or games within the designated slot machine gaming areas and offer patrons within the designated slot machine gaming areas the ability to engage in pari-mutuel wagering on any live, intertrack, and simulcast races conducted or offered to patrons of the licensed facility.
- (4) Designated slot machine gaming areas shall may be located anywhere within the property described in a slot machine licensee's pari-mutuel permit within the current live gaming facility or in an existing building that must be contiguous and connected to the live gaming facility. If a designated slot machine gaming area is to be located in a building that is to be constructed, that new building must be contiguous and connected

to the live gaming facility.

Section 15. Section 551.116, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

551.116 Days and hours of operation.—Slot machine gaming areas may be open 24 hours per day, 7 days a week daily throughout the year. The slot machine gaming areas may be open a cumulative amount of 18 hours per day on Monday through Friday and 24 hours per day on Saturday and Sunday and on those holidays specified in s. 110.117(1).

Section 16. Present subsections (9) through (17) of section 849.086, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (10) through (18), respectively, a new subsection (9) is added to that section, subsections (1) and (2) of that section are amended, paragraph (g) is added to subsection (4) of that section, and paragraph (b) of subsection (5), paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of subsection (7), paragraph (a) of subsection (8), present subsection (12), and paragraphs (d) and (h) of present subsection (13) are amended, to read:

849.086 Cardrooms authorized.-

(1) LEGISLATIVE INTENT.—It is the intent of the Legislature to provide additional entertainment choices for the residents of and visitors to the state, promote tourism in the state, provide revenues to support the continuation of live pari-mutuel activity, and provide additional state revenues through the authorization of the playing of certain games in the state at facilities known as cardrooms which are to be located at licensed pari-mutuel facilities. To ensure the public confidence in the integrity of authorized cardroom operations, this act is designed to strictly regulate the facilities, persons, and

576-04136-18 2018840c1

procedures related to cardroom operations. Furthermore, the Legislature finds that authorized games of poker and dominoes as herein defined are considered to be pari-mutuel style games and not casino gaming because the participants play against each other instead of against the house.

- (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:
- (a) "Authorized game" means a game or series of games of poker, including designated player games, played in conformance with this section and in a manner consistent with the rules and requirements specified in the 1974 edition of Hoyle's Modern Encyclopedia of Card Games: Rules of All the Basic Games and Popular Variations and including three card poker, or dominoes played in conformance with this section or dominoes which are played in a nonbanking manner.
- (b) "Banking game" means a game in which the house is a participant in the game, taking on players, paying winners, and collecting from losers or in which the cardroom establishes a bank against which participants play. A designated player game is not a banking game.
- (c) "Cardroom" means a facility where authorized games are played for money or anything of value and to which the public is invited to participate in such games and charged a fee for participation by the operator of such facility. Authorized games and cardrooms do not constitute casino gaming operations <u>if</u> conducted at an eligible facility.
- (d) "Cardroom management company" means any individual not an employee of the cardroom operator, any proprietorship, partnership, corporation, or other entity that enters into an agreement with a cardroom operator to manage, operate, or

576-04136-18 2018840c1

otherwise control the daily operation of a cardroom.

(e) "Cardroom distributor" means any business that distributes cardroom paraphernalia such as card tables, betting chips, chip holders, dominoes, dominoes tables, drop boxes, banking supplies, playing cards, card shufflers, and other associated equipment to authorized cardrooms.

- (f) "Cardroom operator" means a licensed pari-mutuel permitholder that which holds a valid permit and license issued by the division pursuant to chapter 550 and which also holds a valid cardroom license issued by the division pursuant to this section which authorizes such person to operate a cardroom and to conduct authorized games in such cardroom.
- (g) "Designated player" means the player identified for each game by a button that rotates clockwise before each hand begins as the player in the dealer position and seated at a traditional player position in a designated player game who pays winning players and collects from losing players.
- (h) "Designated player game" means a game in which the players compare their cards only to the cards of the designated player or to a combination of cards held by the designated player and cards common and available for play by all players.
- $\underline{\text{(i)-(g)}}$ "Division" means the Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.
- <u>(j) (h)</u> "Dominoes" means a game of dominoes typically played with a set of 28 flat rectangular blocks, called "bones," which are marked on one side and divided into two equal parts, with zero to six dots, called "pips," in each part. The term also includes larger sets of blocks that contain a correspondingly

576-04136-18 2018840c1

higher number of pips. The term also means the set of blocks used to play the game.

- $\underline{\text{(k)}}$ "Gross receipts" means the total amount of money received by a cardroom from any person for participation in authorized games.
- $\underline{\text{(1)}}$ "House" means the cardroom operator and all employees of the cardroom operator.
- (m) (k) "Net proceeds" means the total amount of gross receipts received by a cardroom operator from cardroom operations less direct operating expenses related to cardroom operations, including labor costs, admission taxes only if a separate admission fee is charged for entry to the cardroom facility, gross receipts taxes imposed on cardroom operators by this section, the annual cardroom license fees imposed by this section on each table operated at a cardroom, and reasonable promotional costs excluding officer and director compensation, interest on capital debt, legal fees, real estate taxes, bad debts, contributions or donations, or overhead and depreciation expenses not directly related to the operation of the cardrooms.
- (n) (1) "Rake" means a set fee or percentage of the pot assessed by a cardroom operator for providing the services of a dealer, table, or location for playing the authorized game.
- (o) (m) "Tournament" means a series of games that have more than one betting round involving one or more tables and where the winners or others receive a prize or cash award.
- (4) AUTHORITY OF DIVISION.—The Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation shall administer this section and regulate the operation of cardrooms under this section and the rules adopted

576-04136-18 2018840c1

pursuant thereto, and is hereby authorized to:

- (g) Establish a reasonable period to respond to requests from a licensed cardroom; provided however, the division has a maximum of 45 days to approve:
- 1. A cardroom's internal controls or provide the cardroom with a list of deficiencies as to the internal controls.
- 2. Rules for a new authorized game submitted by a licensed cardroom or provide the cardroom with a list of deficiencies as to those rules.

No later than 10 days after the submission of revised internal controls or revised rules addressing the deficiencies identified by the division, the division must review and approve or reject the revised internal controls or revised rules.

- (5) LICENSE REQUIRED; APPLICATION; FEES.—No person may operate a cardroom in this state unless such person holds a valid cardroom license issued pursuant to this section.
- (b) After the initial cardroom license is granted, the application for the annual license renewal shall be made in conjunction with the applicant's annual application for its pari-mutuel license. If a permitholder has operated a cardroom during any of the 3 previous fiscal years and fails to include a renewal request for the operation of the cardroom in its annual application for license renewal, the permitholder may amend its annual application to include operation of the cardroom. In order for a cardroom license to be renewed the applicant must have requested, as part of its pari-mutuel annual license application, to conduct at least 90 percent of the total number of live performances conducted by such permitholder during

576-04136-18 2018840c1

either the state fiscal year in which its initial cardroom license was issued or the state fiscal year immediately prior thereto if the permitholder ran at least a full schedule of live racing or games in the prior year. If the application is for a harness permitholder cardroom, the applicant must have requested authorization to conduct a minimum of 140 live performances during the state fiscal year immediately prior thereto. If more than one permitholder is operating at a facility, each permitholder must have applied for a license to conduct a full schedule of live racing.

- (7) CONDITIONS FOR OPERATING A CARDROOM.-
- (a) A cardroom may be operated only at the location specified on the cardroom license issued by the division, and such location may only be the location at which the pari-mutuel permitholder is authorized to conduct pari-mutuel wagering activities pursuant to such permitholder's valid pari-mutuel permit or as otherwise authorized by law. Cardroom operations may not be allowed beyond the hours provided in paragraph (b) regardless of the number of cardroom licenses issued for permitholders operating at the pari-mutuel facility.
- (b) Any cardroom operator may operate a cardroom at the pari-mutuel facility daily throughout the year, if the permitholder meets the requirements under paragraph (5)(b). The cardroom may be open a cumulative amount of 18 hours per day on Monday through Friday and 24 hours per day on Saturday and Sunday and on the holidays specified in s. 110.117(1).
- (c) A cardroom operator must at all times employ and provide a nonplaying <u>live</u> dealer <u>at for</u> each table on which authorized card games which traditionally use a dealer are

576-04136-18 2018840c1

conducted at the cardroom. Such dealers may not have a participatory interest in any game other than the dealing of cards and may not have an interest in the outcome of the game. The providing of such dealers by a licensee does not constitute the conducting of a banking game by the cardroom operator.

- (8) METHOD OF WAGERS; LIMITATION.-
- (a) No Wagering may not be conducted using money or other negotiable currency. Games may only be played utilizing a wagering system whereby all players' money is first converted by the house to tokens or chips that may which shall be used for wagering only at that specific cardroom.
 - (9) DESIGNATED PLAYER GAMES AUTHORIZED.-
- (a) A cardroom operator may offer designated player games consisting of players making wagers against the designated player. However, not more than 50 percent of the total licensed tables in a cardroom may offer designated player games. The designated player must be licensed pursuant to paragraph (6)(b). Employees of a designated player also must be licensed, and the designated player shall pay, in addition to the business occupational fee established pursuant to paragraph (6)(i), an employee occupational license fee that may not exceed \$500 per employee for any 12-month period.
- (b) A cardroom operator may not serve as a designated player in any game. The cardroom operator may not have a financial interest in a designated player in any game. A cardroom operator may collect a rake in accordance with the rake structure posted at the table.
- (c) If there are multiple designated players at a table, the dealer button shall be rotated in a clockwise rotation after

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- (d) A cardroom operator may not allow a designated player to pay an opposing player who holds a lower-ranked hand.
- (e) A designated player may not be required by the rules of a game or by the rules of a cardroom to cover more than 10 times the maximum wager for players participating in any one game.
- (f) The cardroom, or any cardroom licensee, may not contract with, or receive compensation other than a posted table rake from, any player to participate in any game to serve as a designated player.
 - (13) (12) PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES.—
- (a) \underline{A} No person licensed to operate a cardroom may \underline{not} conduct any banking game or any game not specifically authorized by this section.
- (b) A No person who is younger than under 18 years of age may not be permitted to hold a cardroom or employee license, or to engage in any game conducted therein.
- (c) With the exception of mechanical card shufflers, No electronic or mechanical devices, except mechanical card shufflers, may not be used to conduct any authorized game in a cardroom.
- (d) No Cards, game components, or game implements may <u>not</u> be used in playing an authorized game unless <u>they have</u> such has been furnished or provided to the players by the cardroom operator.
 - (14) (13) TAXES AND OTHER PAYMENTS.-
- (d)1. Each greyhound and jai alai permitholder that operates a cardroom facility shall use at least 4 percent of such permitholder's cardroom monthly gross receipts to

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576-04136-18 2018840c1

supplement greyhound purses <u>and awards</u> or jai alai prize money, respectively, during the permitholder's next ensuing pari-mutuel meet.

2.a. Any permitholder with a cardroom license and conducting less than a full schedule of live racing or games, as defined in s. 550.002(11), pursuant to s. 550.01215(1)(b) or (c) shall remit each month to each qualified thoroughbred permitholder, by electronic funds transfer, an amount equal to 4 percent of its monthly cardroom gross receipts divided by the total number of qualified thoroughbred permitholders for a license year. Qualified thoroughbred permitholders shall use such payments exclusively for purses and awards for live thoroughbred horse races held at the qualified thoroughbred permitholder's racing facility. For the purposes of this subparagraph, the term "qualified thoroughbred permitholder" means a thoroughbred permitholder conducting, in the applicable state fiscal year, no less than a full schedule of live racing or games, as defined in s. 550.002(11), and no fewer live thoroughbred horse racing performances than such permitholder conducted in state fiscal year 2017-2018. The term does not include a permitholder whose permit was issued pursuant to s. 550.3345 or a permitholder leasing at another thoroughbred permitholder's facility pursuant to s. 550.475.

b. The division shall notify each cardroom licensee required to remit such payments, not later than 15 days after issuing the cardroom license, of the qualified thoroughbred permitholders to which such payments must be paid. Each qualified thoroughbred permitholder shall provide each cardroom licensee required to remit payments pursuant to this

576-04136-18 2018840c1

subparagraph with written instructions for transmitting such electronic payments. Such payments shall be remitted to each qualified thoroughbred permitholder on the fifth day of each calendar month and shall be based upon the preceding month's cardroom activities. If the fifth day of the calendar month falls on a weekend, such payment shall be remitted on the first Monday following the weekend.

- c. A qualified thoroughbred permitholder receiving funds under this subparagraph shall remit, within 10 days after receipt, 10 percent of those funds to the Florida Thoroughbred Breeders' Association, Inc., for the payment of breeders', stallion, and special racing awards, subject to the fee authorized in s. 550.2625(3).
- 3. Each thoroughbred and harness horse racing permitholder that operates a cardroom facility shall use at least 50 percent of such permitholder's cardroom monthly net proceeds as follows: 47 percent to supplement purses and 3 percent to supplement breeders' awards during the permitholder's next ensuing racing meet.
- 3. No cardroom license or renewal thereof shall be issued to an applicant holding a permit under chapter 550 to conduct pari-mutuel wagering meets of quarter horse racing unless the applicant has on file with the division a binding written agreement between the applicant and the Florida Quarter Horse Racing Association or the association representing a majority of the horse owners and trainers at the applicant's eligible facility, governing the payment of purses on live quarter horse races conducted at the licensee's pari-mutuel facility. The agreement governing purses may direct the payment of such purses

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576-04136-18 2018840c1

from revenues generated by any wagering or gaming the applicant is authorized to conduct under Florida law. All purses shall be subject to the terms of chapter 550.

(h) One-quarter of the moneys deposited into the Parimutuel Wagering Trust Fund pursuant to paragraph (g) shall, by October 1 of each year, be distributed to the local government that approved the cardroom under subsection (17) $\frac{(16)}{}$; however, if two or more pari-mutuel racetracks are located within the same incorporated municipality, the cardroom funds shall be distributed to the municipality. If a pari-mutuel facility is situated in such a manner that it is located in more than one county, the site of the cardroom facility shall determine the location for purposes of disbursement of tax revenues under this paragraph. The division shall, by September 1 of each year, determine: the amount of taxes deposited into the Pari-mutuel Wagering Trust Fund pursuant to this section from each cardroom licensee; the location by county of each cardroom; whether the cardroom is located in the unincorporated area of the county or within an incorporated municipality; and, the total amount to be distributed to each eligible county and municipality.

Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 849.16, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

849.16 Machines or devices which come within provisions of law defined.—

(1) As used in this chapter, the term "slot machine or device" means any machine or device or system or network of devices that is adapted for use in such a way that, upon activation, which may be achieved by, but is not limited to, the insertion of any piece of money, coin, account number, code, or

576-04136-18 2018840c1

other object or information, such device or system is directly or indirectly caused to operate or may be operated and if the user, whether by application of skill or by reason of any element of chance or any other outcome unpredictable by the user, regardless of whether the machine or device or system or networks of devices includes a preview of the outcome or whether the outcome is known, displayed, or capable of being known or displayed to the user, may:

- (a) Receive or become entitled to receive any piece of money, credit, allowance, or thing of value; , or any check, slug, token, or memorandum, whether of value or otherwise, which may be exchanged for any money, credit, allowance, or thing of value or which may be given in trade; or the opportunity to purchase a subsequently displayed outcome that may have a monetary value, regardless of whether such value is equal to, greater than, or less than the cost of purchasing such outcome; or
- (b) Secure additional chances or rights to use such machine, apparatus, or device, even though the device or system may be available for free play or, in addition to any element of chance or unpredictable outcome of such operation, may also sell, deliver, or present some merchandise, indication of weight, entertainment, or other thing of value. The term "slot machine or device" includes, but is not limited to, devices regulated as slot machines pursuant to chapter 551.

Section 18. The Division of Law Revision and Information is directed to replace the phrase "the effective date of this act" wherever it appears in this act with the date this act becomes a law.

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Page 100 of 100