

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS		
04/08/2019		
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The Committee on Health Policy (Mayfield) recommended the following:

## Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 627.42393, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

627.42393 Health insurance policies; changes to prescription drug formularies; requirements.-

(1) At least 60 days before the effective date of any change to a prescription drug formulary during a policy year, an

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insurer issuing individual or group health insurance policies in this state shall:

- (a) Provide general notification of the change in the formulary to current and prospective insureds in a readily accessible format on the insurer's website; and
- (b) Notify, electronically or by first-class mail, any insured currently receiving coverage for a prescription drug for which the formulary change modifies coverage and the insured's treating physician, including information on the specific drugs involved and a statement that the submission of a notice of medical necessity by the insured's treating physician to the insurer at least 30 days before the effective date of the formulary change will result in continuation of coverage at the existing level.
- (2) The notice provided by the treating physician to the insurer must include a completed one-page form in which the treating physician certifies to the insurer that coverage of the prescription drug for the insured is medically necessary. The treating physician shall submit the notice electronically or by first-class mail. The insurer may provide the treating physician with access to an electronic portal through which the treating physician may electronically file the notice. The commission shall prescribe a form by rule for the notice.
- (3) If the treating physician certifies to the insurer, in accordance with subsection (2), that the prescription drug is medically necessary for the insured, the insurer:
- (a) Must authorize coverage for the prescribed drug based solely on the treating physician's certification that coverage is medically necessary; and



40	(b) May not modify the coverage related to the covered drug
41	by:
42	1. Increasing the out-of-pocket costs for the covered drug;
43	2. Moving the covered drug to a more restrictive tier; or
44	3. Denying an insured coverage of the drug for which the
45	insured has been previously approved for coverage by the
46	<u>insurer.</u>
47	(4) This section does not:
48	(a) Prohibit the addition of prescription drugs to the list
49	of drugs covered under the policy during the policy year.
50	(b) Apply to a grandfathered health plan as defined in s.
51	627.402 or to benefits specified in s. $627.6513(1)-(14)$ .
52	(c) Alter or amend s. 465.025, which provides conditions
53	under which a pharmacist may substitute a generically equivalent
54	drug product for a brand name drug product.
55	(d) Alter or amend s. 465.0252, which provides conditions
56	under which a pharmacist may dispense a substitute biological
57	product for the prescribed biological product.
58	(e) Apply to a Medicaid managed care plan under part IV of
59	chapter 409.
60	Section 2. Paragraph (e) of subsection (5) of section
61	627.6699, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
62	627.6699 Employee Health Care Access Act.—
63	(5) AVAILABILITY OF COVERAGE.—
64	(e) All health benefit plans issued under this section must
65	comply with the following conditions:
66	1. For employers who have fewer than two employees, a late
67	enrollee may be excluded from coverage for no longer than 24
68	months if he or she was not covered by creditable coverage

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continually to a date not more than 63 days before the effective date of his or her new coverage.

- 2. Any requirement used by a small employer carrier in determining whether to provide coverage to a small employer group, including requirements for minimum participation of eligible employees and minimum employer contributions, must be applied uniformly among all small employer groups having the same number of eligible employees applying for coverage or receiving coverage from the small employer carrier, except that a small employer carrier that participates in, administers, or issues health benefits pursuant to s. 381.0406 which do not include a preexisting condition exclusion may require as a condition of offering such benefits that the employer has had no health insurance coverage for its employees for a period of at least 6 months. A small employer carrier may vary application of minimum participation requirements and minimum employer contribution requirements only by the size of the small employer group.
- 3. In applying minimum participation requirements with respect to a small employer, a small employer carrier shall not consider as an eligible employee employees or dependents who have qualifying existing coverage in an employer-based group insurance plan or an ERISA qualified self-insurance plan in determining whether the applicable percentage of participation is met. However, a small employer carrier may count eligible employees and dependents who have coverage under another health plan that is sponsored by that employer.
- 4. A small employer carrier shall not increase any requirement for minimum employee participation or any

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requirement for minimum employer contribution applicable to a small employer at any time after the small employer has been accepted for coverage, unless the employer size has changed, in which case the small employer carrier may apply the requirements that are applicable to the new group size.

- 5. If a small employer carrier offers coverage to a small employer, it must offer coverage to all the small employer's eligible employees and their dependents. A small employer carrier may not offer coverage limited to certain persons in a group or to part of a group, except with respect to late enrollees.
- 6. A small employer carrier may not modify any health benefit plan issued to a small employer with respect to a small employer or any eligible employee or dependent through riders, endorsements, or otherwise to restrict or exclude coverage for certain diseases or medical conditions otherwise covered by the health benefit plan.
- 7. An initial enrollment period of at least 30 days must be provided. An annual 30-day open enrollment period must be offered to each small employer's eligible employees and their dependents. A small employer carrier must provide special enrollment periods as required by s. 627.65615.
- 8. A small employer carrier shall comply with s. 627.42393 for any change to a prescription drug formulary.
- Section 3. Subsection (36) of section 641.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
  - 641.31 Health maintenance contracts.
- (36) Except as provided in paragraphs (a), (b), and (c), a health maintenance organization may increase the copayment for

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any benefit, or delete, amend, or limit any of the benefits to which a subscriber is entitled under the group contract only, upon written notice to the contract holder at least 45 days in advance of the time of coverage renewal. The health maintenance organization may amend the contract with the contract holder, with such amendment to be effective immediately at the time of coverage renewal. The written notice to the contract holder must shall specifically identify any deletions, amendments, or limitations to any of the benefits provided in the group contract during the current contract period which will be included in the group contract upon renewal. This subsection does not apply to any increases in benefits. The 45-day notice requirement does shall not apply if benefits are amended, deleted, or limited at the request of the contract holder.

- (a) At least 60 days before the effective date of any change to a prescription drug formulary during a contract year, the health maintenance organization shall:
- 1. Provide general notification of the change in the formulary to current and prospective subscribers in a readily accessible format on the health maintenance organization's website; and
- 2. Notify, electronically or by first-class mail, any subscriber currently receiving coverage for a prescription drug for which the formulary change modifies coverage and the subscriber's treating physician, including information on the specific drugs involved and a statement that the submission of a notice of medical necessity by the subscriber's treating physician to the health maintenance organization at least 30 days before the effective date of the formulary change will

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result in continuation of coverage at the existing level. (b) The notice provided by the treating physician to the insurer must include a completed one-page form in which the treating physician certifies to the health maintenance organization that coverage of the prescription drug for the subscriber is medically necessary. The treating physician shall submit the notice electronically or by first-class mail. The health maintenance organization may provide the treating physician with access to an electronic portal through which the treating physician may electronically file the notice. The commission shall prescribe a form by rule for the notice. (c) If the treating physician certifies to the health maintenance organization, in accordance with paragraph (b), that the prescription drug is medically necessary for the subscriber, the health maintenance organization:

- 1. Must authorize coverage for the prescribed drug based solely on the treating physician's certification that coverage is medically necessary; and
- 2. May not modify the coverage related to the covered drug by:
  - a. Increasing the out-of-pocket costs for the covered drug;
  - b. Moving the covered drug to a more restrictive tier; or
- c. Denying a subscriber coverage of the drug for which the subscriber has been previously approved for coverage by the health maintenance organization.
  - (d) Paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) do not:
- 1. Prohibit the addition of prescription drugs to the list of drugs covered under the contract during the contract year.
  - 2. Apply to a grandfathered health plan as defined in s.



185	627.402 or to benefits specified in s. 627.6513(1)-(14).
186	3. Alter or amend s. 465.025, which provides conditions
187	under which a pharmacist may substitute a generically equivalent
188	drug product for a brand name drug product.
189	4. Alter or amend s. 465.0252, which provides conditions
190	under which a pharmacist may dispense a substitute biological
191	product for the prescribed biological product.
192	5. Apply to a Medicaid managed care plan under part IV of
193	chapter 409.
194	Section 4. The Legislature finds that this act fulfills an
195	important state interest.
196	Section 5. This act shall take effect January 1, 2020.
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198	======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========
199	And the title is amended as follows:
200	Delete everything before the enacting clause
201	and insert:
202	A bill to be entitled
203	An act relating to prescription drug formulary
204	consumer protection; creating s. 627.42393, F.S.;
205	requiring insurers issuing individual or group health
206	insurance policies to provide certain notices to
207	current and prospective insureds within a certain
208	timeframe before the effective date of any change to a
209	prescription drug formulary during a policy year;
210	specifying requirements for a notice of medical
211	necessity that an insured's treating physician may
212	submit to the insurer within a certain timeframe;

specifying means by which the notice is to be

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submitted; requiring the Financial Services Commission to adopt a certain rule; specifying a requirement and prohibited acts relating to coverage changes by an insurer if the treating physician provides certain certification; providing construction and applicability; amending s. 627.6699, F.S.; requiring small employer carriers to comply with certain requirements for any change to a prescription drug formulary under the health benefit plan; amending s. 641.31, F.S.; requiring health maintenance organizations to provide certain notices to current and prospective subscribers within a certain timeframe before the effective date of any change to a prescription drug formulary during a contract year; specifying requirements for a notice of medical necessity that a subscriber's treating physician may submit to the health maintenance organization within a certain timeframe; specifying means by which the notice is to be submitted; requiring the commission to adopt a certain rule; specifying a requirement and prohibited acts relating to coverage changes by a health maintenance organization if the treating physician provides certain certification; providing construction and applicability; providing a declaration of important state interest; providing an effective date.