House



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 04/18/2019

The Committee on Rules (Powell) recommended the following:

## Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Present subsections (4) through (11) of section 394.4615, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (5) through (12), respectively, paragraph (a) of subsection (3) is amended, and a new subsection (4) is added to that section, to read: 394.4615 Clinical records; confidentiality.-

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(3) Information from the clinical record may be released in

Florida Senate - 2019 Bill No. CS for SB 1418

923424

12 the following circumstances: 13 (a) When a patient has communicated to a service provider a 14 specific threat to cause serious bodily injury or death to an 15 identified or a readily available person, if the service 16 provider reasonably believes, or should reasonably believe 17 according to the standards of his or her profession, that the patient has the apparent intent and ability to imminently or 18 19 immediately carry out such threat declared an intention to harm 20 other persons. When such communication declaration has been 21 made, the administrator may authorize the release of sufficient 22 information to provide adequate warning to the person threatened 23 with harm by the patient. 24 25 For the purpose of determining whether a person meets the 26 criteria for involuntary outpatient placement or for preparing 27 the proposed treatment plan pursuant to s. 394.4655, the 28 clinical record may be released to the state attorney, the 29 public defender or the patient's private legal counsel, the 30 court, and to the appropriate mental health professionals, 31 including the service provider identified in s. 32 394.4655(7)(b)2., in accordance with state and federal law. 33 (4) Information from the clinical record must be released 34 when a patient has communicated to a service provider a specific 35 threat to cause serious bodily injury or death to an identified 36 or a readily available person, if the service provider 37 reasonably believes, or should reasonably believe according to the standards of his or her profession, that the patient has the 38 39 apparent intent and ability to imminently or immediately carry out such threat. When such communication has been made, the 40

Page 2 of 16

923424

41	administrator must sutherize the release of sufficient
41 42	administrator must authorize the release of sufficient
	information to communicate the threat to law enforcement. A law
43	enforcement agency that receives notification of a specific
44	threat under this subsection must take appropriate action to
45	prevent the risk of harm, including, but not limited to,
46	notifying the intended victim of such threat or initiating a
47	risk protection order. A service provider's authorization to
48	release information from a clinical record when communicating a
49	threat pursuant to this section may not be the basis of any
50	legal action or criminal or civil liability against the service
51	provider.
52	Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section
53	394.463, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (4) is
54	added to that section, to read:
55	394.463 Involuntary examination
56	(2) INVOLUNTARY EXAMINATION
57	(a) An involuntary examination may be initiated by any one
58	of the following means:
59	1. A circuit or county court may enter an ex parte order
60	stating that a person appears to meet the criteria for
61	involuntary examination and specifying the findings on which
62	that conclusion is based. The ex parte order for involuntary
63	examination must be based on written or oral sworn testimony
64	that includes specific facts that support the findings. If other
65	less restrictive means are not available, such as voluntary
66	appearance for outpatient evaluation, a law enforcement officer,
67	or other designated agent of the court, shall take the person
68	into custody and deliver him or her to an appropriate, or the
69	nearest, facility within the designated receiving system
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923424

70 pursuant to s. 394.462 for involuntary examination. The order of 71 the court shall be made a part of the patient's clinical record. 72 A fee may not be charged for the filing of an order under this 73 subsection. A facility accepting the patient based on this order 74 must send a copy of the order to the department within 5 the 75 next working days day. The order may be submitted electronically 76 through existing data systems, if available. The order shall be 77 valid only until the person is delivered to the facility or for 78 the period specified in the order itself, whichever comes first. 79 If no time limit is specified in the order, the order shall be 80 valid for 7 days after the date that the order was signed.

81 2. A law enforcement officer shall take a person who appears to meet the criteria for involuntary examination into 82 83 custody and deliver the person or have him or her delivered to 84 an appropriate, or the nearest, facility within the designated 85 receiving system pursuant to s. 394.462 for examination. The 86 officer shall execute a written report detailing the 87 circumstances under which the person was taken into custody, 88 which must be made a part of the patient's clinical record. Any facility accepting the patient based on this report must send a 89 90 copy of the report to the department within 5 the next working 91 days <del>day</del>.

92 3. A physician, clinical psychologist, psychiatric nurse, 93 mental health counselor, marriage and family therapist, or 94 clinical social worker may execute a certificate stating that he 95 or she has examined a person within the preceding 48 hours and 96 finds that the person appears to meet the criteria for 97 involuntary examination and stating the observations upon which 98 that conclusion is based. If other less restrictive means, such

Florida Senate - 2019 Bill No. CS for SB 1418



99 as voluntary appearance for outpatient evaluation, are not 100 available, a law enforcement officer shall take into custody the 101 person named in the certificate and deliver him or her to the 102 appropriate, or nearest, facility within the designated 103 receiving system pursuant to s. 394.462 for involuntary 104 examination. The law enforcement officer shall execute a written 105 report detailing the circumstances under which the person was 106 taken into custody. The report and certificate shall be made a 107 part of the patient's clinical record. Any facility accepting 108 the patient based on this certificate must send a copy of the 109 certificate to the department within 5 the next working days 110 day. The document may be submitted electronically through 111 existing data systems, if applicable. 112 113 When sending the order, report, or certificate to the 114 department, a facility shall at a minimum provide information 115 about which action was taken regarding the patient under 116 paragraph (g), which information shall also be made a part of 117 the patient's clinical record. 118 (4) DATA ANALYSIS.-Using data collected under paragraph 119 (2) (a), the department shall, at a minimum, analyze data on the 120 initiation of involuntary examinations of children, identify any 121 patterns or trends and cases in which involuntary examinations 122 are repeatedly initiated on the same child, study root causes 123 for such patterns, trends, or repeated involuntary examinations, 124 and make recommendations for encouraging alternatives to and 125 eliminating inappropriate initiations of such examinations. The

126 department shall submit a report on its findings and

127 recommendations to the Governor, the President of the Senate,

923424

128 and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by November 1 of 129 each odd numbered year. Section 3. Subsection (2) of section 394.917, Florida 130 131 Statutes, is amended to read: 132 394.917 Determination; commitment procedure; mistrials; 133 housing; counsel and costs in indigent appellate cases.-134 (2) If the court or jury determines that the person is a 135 sexually violent predator, upon the expiration of the 136 incarcerative portion of all criminal sentences and disposition 137 of any detainers, the person shall be committed to the custody 138 of the Department of Children and Families for control, care, 139 and treatment, and rehabilitation of criminal offenders, until 140 such time as the person's mental abnormality or personality 141 disorder has so changed that it is safe for the person to be at 142 large. At all times, persons who are detained or committed under 143 this part shall be kept in a secure facility segregated from 144 patients of the department who are not detained or committed 145 under this part. Section 4. Section 456.059, Florida Statutes, is amended to 146 147 read: 148 456.059 Communications confidential; exceptions.-Communications between a patient and a psychiatrist, as defined 149 150 in s. 394.455, shall be held confidential and may shall not be 151 disclosed except upon the request of the patient or the 152 patient's legal representative. Provision of psychiatric records 153 and reports are shall be governed by s. 456.057. Notwithstanding 154 any other provision of this section or s. 90.503, when where: 155 (1) A patient is engaged in a treatment relationship with a 156 psychiatrist;

Florida Senate - 2019 Bill No. CS for SB 1418

166

923424

157 (2) Such patient has communicated to the psychiatrist a 158 specific threat to cause serious bodily injury or death to an 159 identified or a readily available person made an actual threat 160 to physically harm an identifiable victim or victims; and

161 (3) The treating psychiatrist makes a clinical judgment 162 that the patient has the apparent intent and ability to 163 imminently or immediately carry out such threat capability to commit such an act and that it is more likely than not that in 164 165 the near future the patient will carry out that threat,

167 the psychiatrist may disclose patient communications to the 168 extent necessary to warn any potential victim or and must 169 disclose patient communications to the extent necessary to 170 communicate the threat to a law enforcement agency. A law 171 enforcement agency that receives notification of a specific 172 threat under this subsection must take appropriate action to prevent the risk of harm, including, but not limited to, 173 174 notifying the intended victim of such threat or initiating a risk protection order. A psychiatrist's disclosure of 175 176 confidential communications when communicating a threat pursuant 177 to this section may not be the basis of any legal action or 178 criminal or civil liability against the psychiatrist No civil or 179 criminal action shall be instituted, and there shall be no 180 liability on account of disclosure of otherwise confidential 181 communications by a psychiatrist in disclosing a threat pursuant 182 to this section. Section 5. Section 490.0147, Florida Statutes, is amended 183 184 to read: 185

490.0147 Confidentiality and privileged communications.-

923424

186 (1) Any communication between a psychologist any person 187 licensed under this chapter and her or his patient or client is 188 shall be confidential. This privilege may be waived under the 189 following conditions:

(a) (1) When the psychologist person licensed under this 191 chapter is a party defendant to a civil, criminal, or 192 disciplinary action arising from a complaint filed by the patient or client, in which case the waiver shall be limited to 193 that action-;

(b) (2) When the patient or client agrees to the waiver, in writing, or when more than one person in a family is receiving therapy, when each family member agrees to the waiver, in writing-; or

199 (c) (3) When a patient or client has communicated to the 200 psychologist a specific threat to cause serious bodily injury or 201 death to an identified or readily available person, and the 202 psychologist makes a clinical judgment that the patient or 203 client has the apparent intent and ability to imminently or 204 immediately carry out such threat and the psychologist there is 205 a clear and immediate probability of physical harm to the 206 patient or client, to other individuals, or to society and the 207 person licensed under this chapter communicates the information 208 only to the potential victim, appropriate family member, or law 209 enforcement or other appropriate authorities. A disclosure of 210 confidential communications by a psychologist when communicating 211 a threat pursuant to this subsection may not be the basis of any 212 legal action or criminal or civil liability against the 213 psychologist.

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(2) Such privilege must be waived, and the psychologist

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215 shall disclose patient or client communications to the extent 216 necessary to communicate the threat to a law enforcement agency, 217 if a patient or client has communicated to the psychologist a 218 specific threat to cause serious bodily injury or death to an 219 identified or readily available person, and the psychologist 220 makes a clinical judgment that the patient or client has the 221 apparent intent and ability to imminently or immediately carry 222 out such threat. A law enforcement agency that receives 223 notification of a specific threat under this subsection must 224 take appropriate action to prevent the risk of harm, including, 225 but not limited to, notifying the intended victim of such threat 226 or initiating a risk protection order. A psychologist's 227 disclosure of confidential communications when communicating a 228 threat pursuant to this subsection may not be the basis of any 229 legal action or criminal or civil liability against the 230 psychologist. 231 Section 6. Section 491.0147, Florida Statutes, is amended 232 to read: 233 491.0147 Confidentiality and privileged communications.-Any 234 communication between any person licensed or certified under 235 this chapter and her or his patient or client is shall be 236 confidential. 237 (1) This privilege secrecy may be waived under the 2.38 following conditions: 239 (a) (1) When the person licensed or certified under this 240 chapter is a party defendant to a civil, criminal, or 241 disciplinary action arising from a complaint filed by the 242 patient or client, in which case the waiver shall be limited to 243 that action.

Florida Senate - 2019 Bill No. CS for SB 1418

923424

244 (b) (2) When the patient or client agrees to the waiver, in 245 writing, or, when more than one person in a family is receiving 246 therapy, when each family member agrees to the waiver, in 247 writing. 248 (c) (3) When a patient or client has communicated to the 249 person licensed or certified under this chapter a specific 250 threat to cause serious bodily injury or death to an identified 251 or readily available person, and the person licensed or 2.52 certified under this chapter makes a clinical judgment that the 253 patient or client has the apparent intent and ability to 254 imminently or immediately carry out such threat, in the clinical 255 judgment of the person licensed or certified under this chapter, 256 there is a clear and immediate probability of physical harm to 257 the patient or client, to other individuals, or to society and 258 the person licensed or certified under this chapter communicates 259 the information only to the potential victim, appropriate family 260 member, or law enforcement or other appropriate authorities. 261 There shall be no liability on the part of, and no cause of 262 action of any nature shall arise against, a person licensed or 263 certified under this chapter for the disclosure of otherwise confidential communications under this subsection. A disclosure 264 265 of confidential communications by a person licensed or certified 266 under this chapter when communicating a threat pursuant to this 2.67 subsection may not be the basis of any legal action or criminal 268 or civil liability against such person. 269 (2) This privilege must be waived, and the person licensed 270 or certified under this chapter shall disclose patient or client

271 communications to the extent necessary to communicate the threat 272 to a law enforcement agency, if a patient or client has

Page 10 of 16

4/16/2019 8:47:45 AM

595-04094-19

923424

273 communicated to such person a specific threat to cause serious 274 bodily injury or death to an identified or readily available 275 person, and the person licensed or certified under this chapter 276 makes a clinical judgment that the patient or client has the 277 apparent intent and ability to imminently or immediately carry 278 out such threat. A law enforcement agency that receives 279 notification of a specific threat under this subsection must 280 take appropriate action to prevent the risk of harm, including, but not limited to, notifying the intended victim of such threat 2.81 282 or initiating a risk protection order. A disclosure of 283 confidential communications by a person licensed or certified under this chapter when communicating a threat pursuant to this 284 285 subsection may not be the basis of any legal action or criminal 286 or civil liability against such person.

Section 7. Section 1012.583, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.583 Continuing education and inservice training for youth suicide awareness and prevention.-

(1) By July 1, 2019 Beginning with the 2016-2017 school year, the Department of Education, in consultation with the 293 Statewide Office for Suicide Prevention and suicide prevention experts, shall develop a list of approved youth suicide awareness and prevention training materials and suicide screening instruments that may be used for training in youth suicide awareness, suicide and prevention, and suicide screening for instructional personnel in elementary school, middle school, 299 and high school. The approved list of materials:

300 (a) Must identify available standardized suicide screening 301 instruments appropriate for use with a school-age population and

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302	which have validity and reliability and include information
303	about obtaining instruction in the administration and use of
304	such instruments.
305	(b) (a) Must include training on how to identify appropriate
306	mental health services and how to refer youth and their families
307	to those services.
308	<u>(c)</u> May include materials currently being used by a
309	school district if such materials meet any criteria established
310	by the department.
311	<u>(d) (c)</u> May include programs that instructional personnel
312	can complete through a self-review of approved youth suicide
313	awareness and prevention materials.
314	(2) A school <del>that chooses to incorporate 2 hours of</del>
315	training offered pursuant to this section shall be considered a
316	"Suicide Prevention Certified School-" if it:
317	(a) Incorporates 2 hours of training offered pursuant to
318	this section. The training must be included in the existing
319	continuing education or inservice training requirements for
320	instructional personnel and may not add to the total hours
321	currently required by the department. A school that chooses to
322	participate in the training must require all instructional
323	personnel to participate.
324	(b) Has at least two school-based staff members certified
325	or otherwise deemed competent in the use of a suicide screening
326	instrument approved under subsection (1) and has a policy to use
327	such suicide risk screening instrument to evaluate a student's
328	suicide risk before requesting the initiation of, or initiating,
329	an involuntary examination due to concerns about that student's
330	suicide risk.
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Florida Senate - 2019 Bill No. CS for SB 1418

923424

331 (3) A school that meets the criteria in subsection (2) 332 participates in the suicide awareness and prevention training pursuant to this section must report its compliance 333 334 participation to the department. The department shall keep an 335 updated record of all Suicide Prevention Certified Schools and 336 shall post the list of these schools on the department's 337 website. Each school shall also post on its own website whether 338 it is a Suicide Prevention Certified School, and each school 339 district shall post on its district website a list of the 340 Suicide Prevention Certified Schools in that district.

(4) A person has no cause of action for any loss or damage caused by an act or omission resulting from the implementation of this section or resulting from any training required by this section unless the loss or damage was caused by willful or wanton misconduct. This section does not create any new duty of care or basis of liability.

(5) The State Board of Education may adopt rules to implement this section.

Section 8. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 490.0147, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (u) of subsection (1) of section 490.009, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

490.009 Discipline.-

(1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):

(u) Failing to maintain in confidence a communication made by a patient or client in the context of such services, except as provided in s. 490.0147.

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Section 9. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment

Florida Senate - 2019 Bill No. CS for SB 1418

923424

360	made by this act to section 491.0147, Florida Statutes, in a
361	reference thereto, paragraph (u) of subsection (1) of section
362	491.009, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:
363	491.009 Discipline
364	(1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a
365	license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):
366	(u) Failure of the licensee, registered intern, or
367	certificateholder to maintain in confidence a communication made
368	by a patient or client in the context of such services, except
369	as provided in s. 491.0147.
370	Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.
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373	And the title is amended as follows:
374	Delete everything before the enacting clause
375	and insert:
376	A bill to be entitled
377	An act relating to mental health; amending s.
378	394.4615, F.S.; requiring service providers to
379	disclose information from a clinical record under
380	certain circumstances relating to threats to cause
381	seriously bodily injury or death; requiring a law
382	enforcement agency that receives notification of a
383	specific threat to take appropriate action; providing
384	immunity for service providers for certain actions;
385	amending s. 394.463, F.S.; revising deadlines for
386	submission of documentation regarding involuntary
387	examinations; requiring additional information be
388	included in reports to the department; requiring the

Page 14 of 16

595-04094-19



389 department to report to the Governor and Legislature 390 on data collected from such reports; amending s. 394.917, F.S.; revising the purpose of civil 391 392 commitment of sexually violent predators to the department after completion of their criminal 393 394 incarceration sentences; amending s. 456.059, F.S.; 395 requiring psychiatrists to disclose certain patient 396 communications for purposes of notifying law 397 enforcement agencies of certain threats; requiring the 398 notified law enforcement agency to take appropriate 399 action to prevent the risk of harm to the victim; 400 providing psychiatrists with immunity from specified 401 liability and actions under certain circumstances; 402 amending s. 490.0147, F.S.; requiring psychologists to 403 disclose certain patient or client communications for 404 purposes of notifying law enforcement agencies of 405 certain threats; requiring the notified law 406 enforcement agency to take appropriate action to 407 prevent the risk of harm to the victim; providing 408 psychologists with immunity from specified liability 409 and actions under certain circumstances; amending s. 410 491.0147, F.S.; requiring certain license holders and 411 certificate holders to disclose certain patient or 412 client communications for purposes of notifying law 413 enforcement agencies of certain threats; requiring the 414 notified law enforcement agency to take appropriate 415 action to prevent the risk of harm to the victim; 416 providing such persons with immunity from specified 417 liability and actions; amending s. 1012.583, F.S.;

Page 15 of 16

595-04094-19

Florida Senate - 2019 Bill No. CS for SB 1418



418 revising responsibilities of the Department of 419 Education and the Statewide Office for Suicide 420 Prevention; revising criteria for designation as a 421 Suicide Prevention Certified School; requiring that 422 the department, schools, and school districts post 423 certain information regarding such schools be posted 424 on their respective websites; reenacting ss. 490.009 425 and 491.009, F.S., relating to discipline of 42.6 psychologists and other licensed therapists, to 427 incorporate amendments made by the act; providing an 428 effective date.