LEGISLATIVE ACTION

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Senate

House

The Committee on Health Policy (Bean) recommended the following:
Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
Delete everything after the enacting clause
and insert:
Section 1. Section 627.4301, Florida Statutes, is amended
to read:
627.4301 Genetic information for insurance purposes
(1) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
(a) "Genetic information" means information derived from
genetic testing to determine the presence or absence of
variations or mutations, including carrier status, in an

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12 individual's genetic material or genes that are scientifically 13 or medically believed to cause a disease, disorder, or syndrome, 14 or are associated with a statistically increased risk of 15 developing a disease, disorder, or syndrome, which is asymptomatic at the time of testing. Such testing does not 16 17 include routine physical examinations or chemical, blood, or urine analysis, unless conducted purposefully to obtain genetic 18 19 information, or questions regarding family history. (b) "Genetic test results" includes, but is not limited to, 20 21 results of direct-to-consumer commercial genetic testing. 22 (c) "Health insurer" means an authorized insurer offering 23 health insurance as defined in s. 624.603, a self-insured plan 24 as defined in s. 624.031, a multiple-employer welfare 25 arrangement as defined in s. 624.437, a prepaid limited health 26 service organization as defined in s. 636.003, a health 27 maintenance organization as defined in s. 641.19, a prepaid health clinic as defined in s. 641.402, a fraternal benefit 28 29 society as defined in s. 632.601, or any health care arrangement 30 whereby risk is assumed. (d) "Life insurer" has the same meaning as provided in s. 31 32 624.602 and includes an insurer issuing life insurance contracts 33 that grant additional benefits in the event of an insured's 34 disability. (e) "Long-term care insurer" means an insurer that issues 35 36 long-term care insurance policies as described in s. 627.9404. 37 (2) RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF GENETIC INFORMATION BY 38 HEALTH INSURERS.-39

(a) In the absence of a diagnosis of a condition related to genetic information, no health insurer authorized to transact

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41 insurance in this state may cancel, limit, or deny coverage, or 42 establish differentials in premium rates, based on such 43 information.

(b) Health insurers may not require or solicit genetic
information, use genetic test results, or consider a person's
decisions or actions relating to genetic testing in any manner
for any insurance purpose.

(c) This subsection section does not apply to the 48 49 underwriting or issuance of a life insurance policy, disability income policy, long-term care policy, accident-only policy, 50 51 hospital indemnity or fixed indemnity policy, dental policy, or 52 vision policy or any other actions of an insurer directly 53 related to a life insurance policy, disability income policy, 54 long-term care policy, accident-only policy, hospital indemnity 55 or fixed indemnity policy, dental policy, or vision policy.

(3) RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF GENETIC INFORMATION BY LIFE INSURERS, LONG-TERM CARE INSURERS, AND DISABILITY INCOME INSURERS.—

(a) A life insurer, long-term care insurer, or disability income insurer may not:

1. Require an applicant to take a genetic test;

2. Collect an applicant's genetic information or genetic test results without the applicant's authorization; or

3. Consider the results of a genetic test that is designed to share information with an individual concerning the applicant's race, ethnicity, or national origin and that is not related to an applicant's medical condition or future health risk.

(b) A life insurer, long-term care insurer, or disability

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70	income insurer may only consider genetic test results included
71	in an individual's medical record if the tests have been
72	reviewed and confirmed by the individual's physician and the
73	insurer complies with paragraph (c).
74	(c) A life insurer, long-term care insurer, or disability
75	income insurer may not cancel, limit, or deny coverage, or
76	establish differentials in premium rates, based on genetic
77	information unless such action is based on objective statistical
78	evidence related to actual or anticipated loss experience that
79	is relevant to an individual's life expectancy or health. A life
80	insurer, long-term care insurer, or disability income insurer
81	shall document the rationale for such action and provide the
82	documentation to the office upon request.
83	(d) Genetic information, including genetic test results, is
84	nonpublic, private health information and is subject to the
85	privacy protections under ss. 626.9651 and 760.40.
86	(e) This subsection does not relieve the obligation of a
87	life insurer, long-term care insurer, or disability income
88	insurer to comply with ss. 626.9706 and 626.9707.
89	(f) This subsection does not apply to health insurers.
90	(g) This subsection applies to policies entered into or
91	renewed on or after January 1, 2020.
92	Section 2. Section 760.40, Florida Statutes, is amended to
93	read:
94	760.40 Genetic testing; informed consent; confidentiality;
95	penalties; notice of use of results
96	(1) As used in this section, the term "DNA analysis" means
97	the medical and biological examination and analysis of a person
98	to identify the presence and composition of genes in that
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99 person's body. The term includes DNA typing and genetic testing.
100 which includes direct-to-consumer commercial genetic testing.

101 (2) (a) Except for purposes of criminal prosecution, except 102 for purposes of determining paternity as provided in s. 409.256 103 or s. 742.12(1), and except for purposes of acquiring specimens 104 as provided in s. 943.325, DNA analysis may be performed only 105 with the informed consent of the person to be tested, and the 106 results of such DNA analysis, whether held by a public or 107 private entity, are the exclusive property of the person tested, 108 are confidential, and may not be disclosed without the consent 109 of the person tested. Such information held by a public entity 110 is exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. 111

(b) A person who violates paragraph (a) is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s.775.082 or s. 775.083.

115 (3) A person, including an entity providing direct-to-116 consumer commercial genetic testing, who performs DNA analysis 117 or receives records, results, or findings of DNA analysis must 118 provide the person tested with notice that the analysis was 119 performed or that the information was received. The notice must 120 state that, upon the request of the person tested, the 121 information will be made available to his or her physician. The 122 notice must also state whether the information was used in any 123 decision to grant or deny any insurance, employment, mortgage, 124 loan, credit, or educational opportunity. If the information was 125 used in any decision that resulted in a denial, the analysis 126 must be repeated to verify the accuracy of the first analysis, 127 and if the first analysis is found to be inaccurate, the denial

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128	must be reviewed.
129	(4) A person, including a company providing direct-to-
130	consumer commercial genetic testing, may not sell, release, or
131	share any personal identifying health information about a
132	consumer with a life or health insurance company without a prior
133	written authorization and a written request from the consumer
134	for release of the information.
135	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.
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138	And the title is amended as follows:
139	Delete everything before the enacting clause
140	and insert:
141	A bill to be entitled
142	An act relating to the use of genetic information;
143	amending s. 627.4301, F.S.; defining the terms
144	"genetic test results," "life insurer," and "long-term
145	care insurer"; prohibiting life insurers, long-term
146	care insurers, and disability income insurers from
147	certain actions relating to genetic information or
148	genetic testing of applicants; providing that such
149	insurers may consider an individual's genetic test
150	results only under certain circumstances; prohibiting
151	such insurers from taking certain actions relating to
152	coverage or rates unless certain conditions are met;
153	providing that genetic information is nonpublic,
154	private health information and is subject to certain
155	privacy protections; providing construction and
156	applicability; amending s. 760.40, F.S.; revising the

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definition of the term "DNA analysis"; specifying that certain requirements relating to DNA analysis apply to entities providing direct-to-consumer commercial genetic testing; prohibiting certain actions by such entities without a prior written authorization and request from the consumer for release of certain information; providing an effective date.