By the Committee on Health Policy; and Senators Bean and Benacquisto

588-04024-19 2019258c1

A bill to be entitled An act relating to the use of genetic information; amending s. 627.4301, F.S.; defining the terms "genetic test results," "life insurer," and "long-term care insurer"; prohibiting life insurers, long-term care insurers, and disability income insurers from certain actions relating to genetic information or genetic testing of applicants; providing that such insurers may consider an individual's genetic test results only under certain circumstances; prohibiting such insurers from taking certain actions relating to coverage or rates unless certain conditions are met; providing that genetic information is nonpublic, private health information and is subject to certain privacy protections; providing construction and applicability; amending s. 760.40, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "DNA analysis"; specifying that certain requirements relating to DNA analysis apply to entities providing direct-to-consumer commercial genetic testing; prohibiting certain actions by such entities without a prior written authorization and request from the consumer for release of certain information; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 627.4301, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.4301 Genetic information for insurance purposes.-

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(1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:

- (a) "Genetic information" means information derived from genetic testing to determine the presence or absence of variations or mutations, including carrier status, in an individual's genetic material or genes that are scientifically or medically believed to cause a disease, disorder, or syndrome, or are associated with a statistically increased risk of developing a disease, disorder, or syndrome, which is asymptomatic at the time of testing. Such testing does not include routine physical examinations or chemical, blood, or urine analysis, unless conducted purposefully to obtain genetic information, or questions regarding family history.
- (b) <u>"Genetic test results" includes, but is not limited to,</u> results of direct-to-consumer commercial genetic testing.
- (c) "Health insurer" means an authorized insurer offering health insurance as defined in s. 624.603, a self-insured plan as defined in s. 624.031, a multiple-employer welfare arrangement as defined in s. 624.437, a prepaid limited health service organization as defined in s. 636.003, a health maintenance organization as defined in s. 641.19, a prepaid health clinic as defined in s. 641.402, a fraternal benefit society as defined in s. 632.601, or any health care arrangement whereby risk is assumed.
- (d) "Life insurer" has the same meaning as provided in s. 624.602 and includes an insurer issuing life insurance contracts that grant additional benefits in the event of an insured's disability.
- (e) "Long-term care insurer" means an insurer that issues long-term care insurance policies as described in s. 627.9404.

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(2) RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF GENETIC INFORMATION $\underline{\rm BY}$ HEALTH INSURERS.—

- (a) In the absence of a diagnosis of a condition related to genetic information, no health insurer authorized to transact insurance in this state may cancel, limit, or deny coverage, or establish differentials in premium rates, based on such information.
- (b) Health insurers may not require or solicit genetic information, use genetic test results, or consider a person's decisions or actions relating to genetic testing in any manner for any insurance purpose.
- (c) This <u>subsection</u> <u>section</u> does not apply to the underwriting or issuance of a life insurance policy, disability income policy, long-term care policy, accident-only policy, hospital indemnity or fixed indemnity policy, dental policy, or vision policy or any other actions of an insurer directly related to a life insurance policy, disability income policy, long-term care policy, accident-only policy, hospital indemnity or fixed indemnity policy, dental policy, or vision policy.
- (3) RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF GENETIC INFORMATION BY LIFE INSURERS, LONG-TERM CARE INSURERS, AND DISABILITY INCOME INSURERS.—
- (a) A life insurer, long-term care insurer, or disability income insurer may not:
 - 1. Require an applicant to take a genetic test;
- 2. Collect an applicant's genetic information or genetic test results without the applicant's authorization; or
- 3. Consider the results of a genetic test that is designed to share information with an individual concerning the

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applicant's race, ethnicity, or national origin and that is not related to an applicant's medical condition or future health risk.

- (b) A life insurer, long-term care insurer, or disability income insurer may only consider genetic test results included in an individual's medical record if the tests have been reviewed and confirmed by the individual's physician and the insurer complies with paragraph (c).
- (c) A life insurer, long-term care insurer, or disability income insurer may not cancel, limit, or deny coverage, or establish differentials in premium rates, based on genetic information unless such action is based on objective statistical evidence related to actual or anticipated loss experience that is relevant to an individual's life expectancy or health. A life insurer, long-term care insurer, or disability income insurer shall document the rationale for such action and provide the documentation to the office upon request.
- (d) Genetic information, including genetic test results, is nonpublic, private health information and is subject to the privacy protections under ss. 626.9651 and 760.40.
- (e) This subsection does not relieve the obligation of a life insurer, long-term care insurer, or disability income insurer to comply with ss. 626.9706 and 626.9707.
 - (f) This subsection does not apply to health insurers.
- (g) This subsection applies to policies entered into or renewed on or after January 1, 2020.
- Section 2. Section 760.40, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 760.40 Genetic testing; informed consent; confidentiality;

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penalties; notice of use of results.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term "DNA analysis" means the medical and biological examination and analysis of a person to identify the presence and composition of genes in that person's body. The term includes DNA typing and genetic testing, which includes direct-to-consumer commercial genetic testing.
- (2) (a) Except for purposes of criminal prosecution, except for purposes of determining paternity as provided in s. 409.256 or s. 742.12(1), and except for purposes of acquiring specimens as provided in s. 943.325, DNA analysis may be performed only with the informed consent of the person to be tested, and the results of such DNA analysis, whether held by a public or private entity, are the exclusive property of the person tested, are confidential, and may not be disclosed without the consent of the person tested. Such information held by a public entity is exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.
- (b) A person who violates paragraph (a) is guilty of a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (3) A person, including an entity providing direct-toconsumer commercial genetic testing, who performs DNA analysis or receives records, results, or findings of DNA analysis must provide the person tested with notice that the analysis was performed or that the information was received. The notice must state that, upon the request of the person tested, the information will be made available to his or her physician. The notice must also state whether the information was used in any decision to grant or deny any insurance, employment, mortgage,

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loan, credit, or educational opportunity. If the information was used in any decision that resulted in a denial, the analysis must be repeated to verify the accuracy of the first analysis, and if the first analysis is found to be inaccurate, the denial must be reviewed.

(4) A person, including a company providing direct-to-consumer commercial genetic testing, may not sell, release, or share any personal identifying health information about a consumer with a life or health insurance company without a prior written authorization and a written request from the consumer for release of the information.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2019.