## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES STAFF ANALYSIS

## BILL \#: CS/CS/CS/HB 505 License Plates

SPONSOR(S): State Affairs Committee, Transportation \& Tourism Appropriations Subcommittee, Transportation \& Infrastructure Subcommittee, Grant, J. and others
TIED BILLS: CS/HB 201 IDEN./SIM. BILLS: CS/SB 1104

| REFERENCE | ACTION | ANALYST | STAFF DIRECTOR or <br> BUDGET/POLICY CHIEF |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1) Transportation \& Infrastructure Subcommittee | $15 \mathrm{Y}, 0 \mathrm{~N}, \mathrm{As}$ | Johnson | Vickers |
| 2) Transportation \& Tourism Appropriations | CS | $12 \mathrm{Y}, 0 \mathrm{~N}, \mathrm{As}$ | Cobb |
| Subcommittee | CS | Davis |  |
| 3) State Affairs Committee | $19 \mathrm{Y}, 3 \mathrm{~N}, \mathrm{As}$ | Johnson | Williamson |

## SUMMARY ANALYSIS

There are over 120 specialty license plates available to any motor vehicle owner or lessee who is willing to pay the annual use fee for such plate. The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles (DHSMV) distributes the collected fees to statutorily designated organizations in support of a particular cause or charity. DHSMV must discontinue the issuance of an approved specialty license plate if it fails to meet certain requirements.

Current law provides for the establishment of a digital proof of driver license and requires DHSMV to begin to review and prepare for the development of a secure and uniform system for issuing an optional digital proof of driver license.

The bill makes several changes related to specialty and special license plates. The bill:

- Establishes a cap of 125 specialty license plates and provides a process for the discontinuation of low performing specialty license plates and the addition of new specialty license plates.
- Authorizes DHSMV to issue specialty license plates for fleet and motor vehicle dealer vehicles.
- Creates 18 new specialty license plates and specifies the design of the plate and the distribution of the associated annual use fees.
- Revises provisions regarding existing specialty license plates and discontinues specified specialty license plates.
- Creates special use plates for recipients of the Purple Heart and Bronze Star.
- Removes the statutory authorization for special license plates for former legislators and members of Congress.

The bill changes the term "digital proof of driver license" to "electronic credential." The bill requires DHSMV to establish a pilot project for the implementation of a software-as-a-service technology solution with secure and uniform protocols that comply with national standards for issuing an optional electronic credential. The bill requires DHSMV to procure the technology solution through a competitive solicitation process, in consultation with the Agency for State Technology, and requires the procurement to meet certain requirements. The bill requires the terms of the contract to pay for the value on a per-data-call basis and provides that there can be no cost to DHSMV or law enforcement for using the services provided by a credential service provider.

The pilot project has a duration of 24 months and begins when DHSMV has competitively procured and entered into agreements with a credential service provider and at least two, but no more than eight, electronic credential providers. Upon completion of the pilot project, DHSMV must submit a report to the Governor and Legislature regarding the continued implementation of electronic credential services.

According to DHSMV, the bill will have a negative, though likely insignificant, fiscal impact associated with the programming effort required for the specialty and special license plates provisions. The electronic credentialing provision may have an indeterminate fiscal impact on state government. See Fiscal Analysis for details.

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## FULL ANALYSIS

## I. SUBSTANTIVE ANALYSIS

## A. EFFECT OF PROPOSED CHANGES:

## Specialty License Plates

## Background

The first Florida specialty license plates were enacted in 1986 and included the creation of the Challenger plate and 10 Florida collegiate plates. Today, there are over 120 specialty license plates available to any owner or lessee of a motor vehicle who is willing to pay the additional use fee for the privilege, typically $\$ 25$ annually. ${ }^{1}$ Currently, there is no limit on the number of specialty license plates the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles (DHSMV) may issue nor the number of specialty license plates the Legislature may approve.

## Requirements for Establishing Specialty License Plates

Section 320.08053 , F.S., provides the statutory requirements to establish a specialty license plate. If a specialty license plate requested by an organization is approved by law, the organization submits its proposed art design to DHSMV as soon as practicable, but no later than 60 days after the act approving such plate becomes a law. ${ }^{2}$

Within 120 days following the specialty license plate becoming law, DHSMV establishes a method to issue a specialty license plate voucher allowing for the presale of such plate. The $\$ 5$ processing fee, ${ }^{3}$ the service charge and branch fee, ${ }^{4}$ and the annual use fee for the specialty license plate ${ }^{5}$ are charged for the voucher. All other applicable fees are charged at the time the license plate is issued. ${ }^{6}$

Within 24 months after establishing a presale specialty license plate voucher, the approved specialty license plate must record with DHSMV a minimum of 1,000 voucher sales before the license plate may be manufactured. If, at the conclusion of the 24-month presale period, the minimum sales requirement is not met, the specialty license plate is deauthorized and DHSMV discontinues the plate's development and the issuance of the presale vouchers. Upon deauthorization of the specialty license plate, a purchaser of the specialty license plate voucher may use the annual use fee collected as a credit towards any other specialty license plate or apply to DHSMV for a refund. ${ }^{7}$

## Specialty License Plates, Generally

DHSMV is responsible for developing specialty license plates authorized in s. 320.08053 , F.S. ${ }^{8}$ DHSMV must issue a specialty license plate to the owner or lessee of any motor vehicle, except a vehicle registered under the International Registration Plan, a commercial truck required to display two license plates, or a truck tractor, upon request and payment of the appropriate license tax and fees. ${ }^{9}$

Each request for a specialty license plate must annually be made to DHSMV or its authorized agent ${ }^{10}$ accompanied by the following tax and fees: the vehicle's required license tax, ${ }^{11}$ a processing fee of

[^1]$\$ 5,{ }^{12}$ a license plate fee, ${ }^{13}$ and a license plate annual use fee as required for the specialty license plate. ${ }^{14}$

A request for a specialty license plate may be made any time during a vehicle's registration period. If a request is made for a specialty license plate to replace a current valid license plate, the specialty license plate must be issued with the appropriate decals attached with no license tax for the plate; however, all fees and service charges must be paid. If a request is made for a specialty license plate at the beginning of the registration period, the tax, together with all applicable fees and service charges, must be paid.

If a vehicle owner or lessee to whom DHSMV has issued a specialty license plate acquires a replacement vehicle within the owner's registration period, DHSMV authorizes a transfer of the specialty license plate to the replacement vehicle. ${ }^{15}$ The annual use fee or processing fee may not be refunded. ${ }^{16}$

Specialty license plates must bear the design required by law for the appropriate specialty license plate, and must conform to DHSMV's design specifications. All specialty license plates must be the same material and size as standard license plates issued for any registration period and may bear an appropriate slogan, emblem, or logo in a size and placement that conforms to DHSMV's design specifications. ${ }^{17}$

DHSMV annually retains from the first proceeds derived from the annual use fees collected an amount sufficient to defray each specialty license plate's pro rata share of DHSMV's costs directly related to the specialty license plate program. Such costs include inventory costs, distribution costs, direct costs to DHSMV, costs associated with reviewing each organization's compliance with audit and attestation requirements, ${ }^{18}$ and any applicable increased costs of manufacturing the specialty license plate. The Department of Management Services must verify any cost increase to DHSMV related to the actual cost of the plate, including a reasonable vendor profit. The balance of the proceeds from the annual use fees collected for that specialty license plate are distributed as provided by law. ${ }^{19}$

DHSMV must discontinue the issuance of an approved specialty license plate if the number of valid specialty license plate registrations falls below 1,000 plates for at least 12 consecutive months. A warning letter is mailed to the sponsoring organization following the first month in which the total number of registrations falls below 1,000 plates. This does not apply to collegiate license plates. ${ }^{20,} 21$

DHSMV may discontinue the issuance of a specialty license plate and distribution of associated annual use fee proceeds if the organization no longer exists, if the organization has stopped providing services authorized to be funded from the annual use fee proceeds, if the organization does not meet the presale requirements, ${ }^{22}$ or pursuant to an organizational recipient's request. Organizations must notify DHSMV immediately to stop all warrants for plate sales if any of these conditions exist and must meet certain audit and attestation requirements for any period of operation during a fiscal year. ${ }^{23}$

[^2]The organization that requested the specialty license plate may not redesign the specialty license plate unless the inventory of those plates has been depleted. However, the organization may purchase the remaining inventory of the specialty license plate from DHSMV at cost. ${ }^{24}$

A specialty license plate annual use fee collected and distributed, or any interest earned from those fees, may not be used for commercial or for-profit activities or for general or administrative expenses (except as authorized by law), and may not be used to pay the cost of the required audit or report. The fees, and any interest earned, may be expended only for use in this state unless the annual use fee is derived from the sale of United States Armed Forces and veterans-related specialty license plates. ${ }^{25}$

The term "administrative expenses" means those expenditures considered direct operating costs of the organization, and include, but are not limited to:

- Administrative salaries of employees and officers of the organization who do not or cannot prove, via detailed daily time sheets that they actively participate in program activities.
- Bookkeeping and support services of the organization.
- Office supplies and equipment not directly utilized for the specified program.
- Travel time, per diem, mileage reimbursement, and lodging expenses not directly associated with a specified program purpose.
- Paper, printing, envelopes, and postage not directly associated with a specified program purpose.
- Miscellaneous expenses such as food, beverage, entertainment, and conventions. ${ }^{26}$

The annual use fee from the sale of specialty license plates, the interest earned from those fees, or any fees received by an agency as a result of the sale of specialty license plates may not be used for the purpose of marketing to or lobbying, entertaining, or rewarding an employee of a governmental agency responsible for the sale and distribution of specialty license plates, or an elected member or employee of the Legislature. ${ }^{27}$

The application form for a specialty license plate must provide the applicant the option to instruct DHSMV to provide his or her name, address, and renewal date to the sponsoring organization. ${ }^{28}$

## Audits and Attestations

All organizations receiving annual use fee proceeds from DHSMV are responsible for ensuring that proceeds are used in accordance with state law. ${ }^{29}$ Any organization not subject to audit pursuant to the Florida Single Audit Act ${ }^{30}$ must annually attest, under penalties of perjury, that such proceeds were used in compliance with applicable state laws. ${ }^{31}$

Any organization subject to audit pursuant to the Florida Single Audit Act must submit an audit report in accordance with the Auditor General's rules. The annual attestation must be submitted to DHSMV for review within nine months after the end of the organization's fiscal year. ${ }^{32}$

Within 120 days after receiving an organization's audit or attestation, DHSMV must determine which recipients of revenues from specialty license plate annual use fees have not complied with the appropriate statutory provisions. In determining compliance, DHSMV may commission an independent

[^3]actuarial consultant, or an independent certified public accountant, who has expertise in nonprofit and charitable organizations. ${ }^{33}$

DHSMV must discontinue the distribution of revenues to any organization failing to submit the required documentation, but may resume distribution of the revenues upon receipt of the required information. ${ }^{34}$

If DHSMV or its designee determines that an organization has not complied with or has failed to use the revenues in accordance with applicable law, DHSMV must discontinue the distribution of the revenues to the organization. DHSMV must notify the organization of its findings and direct the organization to make the changes necessary in order to comply. If the officers of the organization sign an affidavit under penalties of perjury stating they acknowledge the findings of DHSMV and attest they have taken corrective action and that the organization will submit to a follow-up review by DHSMV, then DHSMV may resume the distribution of revenues. ${ }^{35}$

If an organization fails to comply with DHSMV's recommendations and corrective actions, the revenue distributions must be discontinued until completion of the next regular session of the Legislature. DHSMV must notify the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by the first day of the next regular session of any organization whose revenues have been withheld. If the Legislature does not provide direction to the organization and DHSMV regarding the status of the undistributed revenues, DHSMV must deauthorize the plate and the undistributed revenues are immediately deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund. ${ }^{36}$

DHSMV or its designee has the authority to examine all records pertaining to the use of funds from the sale of specialty license plates. ${ }^{37}$

## Fleet/Dealer Specialty License Plates

Section 320.06, F.S., provides requirements for the design of various license plates and requires dealer license plates to be imprinted with "Florida" at the top and "Dealer" at the bottom.

Current law provides for permanent registration for fleet license plates. ${ }^{38}$ The term "fleet" means nonapportioned motor vehicles owned or leased by a company and used for business purposes. ${ }^{39}$ According to DHSMV, in order to participate in the fleet vehicle program the company must have a minimum of 200 vehicles or a minimum of 25 trailers or semitrailers used exclusively to haul agricultural products. ${ }^{40}$

The owner or lessee of a fleet of motor vehicles must, upon application in the manner and at the time prescribed, and upon DHSMV approval and payment of the appropriate license tax, be issued permanent fleet license plates. All vehicles with a fleet license plate must have the company's name or logo and unit number displayed so that they are readily identifiable. ${ }^{41}$

Fleet license plates must have the word "Fleet" appearing at the bottom and the word "Florida" appearing at the top. The plates must conform in all respects to Ch. 320, F.S., except as specified. ${ }^{42}$

[^4]
## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill increases the required number of voucher sales from 1,000 to 3,000 prior to DHSMV manufacturing a specialty license plate, and requires an out-of-state college or university license plate to meet a minimum sale of 4,000 vouchers.

The bill provides that new specialty license plates that have been approved by law but are awaiting issuance will be issued in the order they appear in s. 320.08056(4), F.S., ${ }^{43}$ provided all requirements, including the presale requirement, have been met. If the next awaiting specialty license plate has not met the presale requirement, DHSMV must proceed in the order provided in law to identify the next qualified specialty license plate that has met the presale requirement. DHSMV must cycle through the list in statutory order.

If the Legislature has approved 125 or more specialty license plates, DHSMV may not make any new specialty license plates available for design or issuance until a sufficient number of plates are discontinued ${ }^{44}$ so that the number of plates being issued is reduced to fewer than 125 . The 125 -license plate limit applies to all specialty license plates, including those above the minimum sales threshold and those exempt from the threshold.

The bill removes existing $\$ 25$ annual use fees for various specialty license plates because PCS/HB 201 (2019), which is linked to this bill, establishes an annual use fee of $\$ 25$ for all specialty license plates, unless otherwise stated.

The bill allows a vehicle owner or lessee issued a specialty license plate that has been discontinued by DHSMV to keep the discontinued specialty license plate for the remainder of the 10-year license plate replacement period ${ }^{45}$ and requires the owner or lessee to pay all other applicable registration fees. However, the owner or lessee is exempt from paying the applicable specialty license plate fee for the remainder of the 10 -year license plate replacement period.

If DHSMV discontinues issuance of a specialty license plate, all annual use fees held or collected by the department must be distributed within 180 days after the date the specialty license plate is discontinued. Of those fees, DHSMV must retain an amount sufficient to defray the applicable administrative and inventory closeout costs associated with discontinuing the plate. The remaining funds are distributed to the appropriate organization or organizations. ${ }^{46}$ If an organization no longer exists, DHSMV must deposit any undistributed funds into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund.

The bill requires, on January 1 of each year, DHSMV to discontinue the specialty license plate with the fewest number of plates in circulation, including license plates exempt from a statutory sales requirement. The bill requires DHSMV to mail a warning letter to the sponsoring organizations of the 10 percent of specialty license plates with the lowest number of valid, active registrations as of December 1 of each year.

Effective July 1, 2022, the bill requires DHSMV to discontinue the issuance of approved specialty license plates if the number of valid registrations falls below 3,000 plates for 12 consecutive months, instead of the current 1,000-plate threshold. The threshold for out-of-state college or university license plates is 4,000 . In addition to the existing exemption from this requirement for in-state collegiate license plates, the bill provides exceptions for institutions in and entities of the State University System, specialty license plates with statutory eligibility limitations for purchase, specialty license plates for

[^5]which the annual use fees are distributed by a foundation for student and teacher leadership programs and teacher recruitment and retention, or Florida Professional Sports Team license plates. ${ }^{47}$

The bill authorizes specialty license plate fees for out-of-state college or university specialty license plates be spent outside of Florida. Additionally, the bill provides that for out-of-state college or university license plates, the recipient organization must have established an endowment based in Florida for the purpose of providing scholarships to Florida residents meeting the statutory requirements, and provide documentation to DHSMV that the organization obtained the college's or university's consent to use an appropriate image on a license plate.

The bill prohibits any entity from using specialty license plate revenue for lobbying. The current prohibition is limited to agencies.

The bill requires DHSMV to audit any specialty license plate revenue recipient every three years if the organization is not subject to the Florida Single Audit Act. The purpose of this audit is to ensure that specialty license plate proceeds have been used in compliance with Florida Statutes.

The bill authorizes "Dealer" and "Fleet" specialty license plates. It provides that a dealer specialty license plate is not required to say "dealer" at the bottom of the license plate.

The bill provides that for the additional annual use fee for the specific specialty license plate, fleet companies may purchase specialty license plates in lieu of the standard fleet license plates. Fleet companies are responsible for all costs associated with the specialty license plates, including all annual use fees, processing fees, fees associated with switching license plate types, and other applicable fees. The bill establishes similar requirements for dealer specialty license plates.

The bill allows DHSMV to authorize dealer and fleet specialty license plates and provides that, with the permission of the sponsoring specialty license plate organization, a dealer or fleet company may purchase specialty license plates for use on dealer or fleet vehicles. Notwithstanding s. 320.08058, F.S., a dealer or fleet specialty license plate must include the letters "DLR" or "FLT" on the right side of the license plate. Dealer and fleet specialty license plates must be ordered directly through DHSMV.

The bill removes the American Red Cross plate, Donate Organs Pass It On plate, St. Johns River plate, and Hispanic Achievers plate from law as these plates have been discontinued.

## Existing and New Specialty License Plates

## Special Olympics Florida License Plate

## Present Situation

Section 320.08058(7), F.S., creates the Special Olympics Florida specialty license plate with an annual use fee of $\$ 15$. The license plate contains the official Special Olympics Florida logo with "Florida" centered at the bottom of the plate, and "Everyone Wins" centered at the top of the plate.

## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill redesigns the Special Olympics Florida specialty license plate with "Florida" centered at the top of the plate and "Be a Fan" centered at the bottom of the plate.

[^6]
## Florida Golf License Plate

## Present Situation

Section 320.08058(35), F.S., creates the Florida Golf specialty license plate with an annual use fee of \$25. DHSMV distributes the license plate's annual use fee to the Dade Amateur Golf Association to be allocated annually as follows:

- Up to 15 percent of the proceeds may be used by the Dade Amateur Golf Association for the administration of the Florida Junior Golf Program.
- The Dade Amateur Golf Association must receive the first $\$ 80,000$ in proceeds for the operation of youth golf programs in Miami-Dade County. Thereafter, 15 percent of the proceeds must be provided to the Dade Amateur Golf Association for the operation of youth golf programs in Miami-Dade County.
- The remaining proceeds must be made available for grants to nonprofit organizations to operate youth golf programs and for marketing the Florida Golf license plate.


## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill provides that 30 percent of the proceeds, instead of the current 15 percent, is provided to the Dade Amateur Golf Association for operating youth golf programs in Miami-Dade County and authorizes the use of these proceeds for expenditures necessary to comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act.

## Live the Dream License Plate

## Present Situation

Section 320.08058(48), F.S., creates the Live the Dream specialty license plate with an annual use fee of $\$ 25$. Proceeds from the Live the Dream specialty license plate are distributed to the Dream Foundation, Inc., which retained the first $\$ 60,000$ in proceeds from the annual use fees as reimbursement for administrative costs, startup costs, and costs incurred in the specialty license plate approval process. After those costs are reimbursed, up to 25 percent of the proceeds must be used for continuing promotion and marketing of the license plate and concept. The remaining funds must be distributed as follows:

- Twenty-five percent equally among the sickle cell organizations that are Florida members of the Sickle Cell Disease Association of America, Inc., for programs providing research, care, and treatment for sickle cell disease.
- Twenty-five percent to the Florida chapter of the March of Dimes for programs and services improving the health of babies through preventing birth defects and infant mortality.
- Ten percent to the Florida Association of Healthy Start Coalitions to decrease racial disparity in infant mortality and to increase healthy birth outcomes. Funding will be used by local Healthy Start Coalitions to provide services and increase screening rates for high-risk pregnant women, children under four years of age, and women of childbearing age.
- Ten percent to the Community Partnership for Homeless, Inc., for programs that provide relief from poverty, hunger, and homelessness.
- Five percent to the Dream Foundation, Inc., for administrative costs directly associated with operations relating to the management and distribution of the proceeds.


## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill revises the distribution of funds for the Live the Dream specialty license plate. The bill provides that the proceeds from the annual use fees are distributed to the Dream Foundation, Inc., to be used as follows:

- Up to 5 percent may be used to administer, promote, and market the license plate.
- At least 30 percent must be distributed equally among the sickle cell organizations that are Florida members of the Sickle Cell Disease Association of America, Inc.
- At least 30 percent must be distributed to the Florida chapter of the March of Dimes.
- At least 15 percent must be distributed to the Florida Association of Healthy Start Coalitions.
- At least 15 percent must be distributed to Chapman Partnership, Inc. ${ }^{48}$
- Up to 5 percent may be distributed by DHSMV on behalf of The Dream Foundation, Inc. to the Martin Luther King, Jr. Center for Nonviolent Social Change, Inc., as a royalty for the use of the image of Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr.


## Lighthouse Association License Plate

## Present Situation

Section 320.08058, F.S., creates the Lighthouse Association specialty license plate with an annual use fee of $\$ 25$. The license plate currently features the term "Visit Our Lights" on the bottom of the plate.

## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill changes the wording on the bottom of the Lighthouse Association specialty license plate from "Visit Our Lights" to "SaveOurLighthouses.org."

## In God We Trust License Plate

## Present Situation

Section 320.08058(66), F.S., creates an In God We Trust specialty license plate with an annual use fee of $\$ 25$. The annual use fees are distributed to the In God We Trust Foundation, Inc., to fund educational scholarships for the children of Florida residents who are members of the United States Armed Forces, the National Guard, and the United States Armed Forces Reserve and for the children of public safety employees who have died in the line of duty who are not covered by existing state law. In addition, funds must be distributed to other non-profit organizations that may apply for grants and scholarships and to provide educational grants to public and private schools to promote the historical and religious significance of American and Florida history. The In God We Trust Foundation, Inc., must distribute the license plate annual use fees in the following manner:

- The In God We Trust Foundation, Inc., retains all revenues from the sale of the license plates until all startup costs for developing and establishing the license plate have been recovered.
- Ten percent of the funds received by the In God We Trust Foundation, Inc., must be spent on administrative costs, promotion, and marketing of the license plate directly associated with the operations of the In God We Trust Foundation, Inc.
- All remaining funds must be expended by the In God We Trust Foundation, Inc., for programs.


## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill revises the distribution of the annual use fees to allow the foundation to use up to 10 percent of the proceeds to offset marketing, administration, and promotion, and the remainder of the proceeds to address the needs of the military community; provide educational grants and scholarships to foster selfreliance and stability in Florida's children; and provide education in public and private schools regarding the historical significance of religion in American and Florida History.

## Fallen Law Enforcement Officer License Plate

## Present Situation

Section 320.08058(80), F.S., creates the Fallen Law Enforcement Officers license plate with an annual use fee of $\$ 25$. The annual use fees are distributed to the Police and Kids Foundation, Inc., which may use a maximum of 10 percent of the proceeds to promote and market the plate. The remainder of the proceeds must be used by the Police and Kids Foundation, Inc., to invest and reinvest, and the interest earnings must be used for the operation of the Police and Kids Foundation, Inc.

[^7]
## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill maintains the 10 percent cap on the use of the proceeds for marketing the license plate, and requires the remaining proceeds be used for the operations, activities, programs, and projects of the Police and Kids Foundation, Inc.

## Beat Childhood Cancer License Plate

## Present Situation

Neuroblastoma (nb) is a cancer that affects children. It is among the most common childhood tumors, and typically affects children under five years old. The majority of childhood neuroblastoma cases are aggressive, showing survival rates of less than 60 percent with standard chemotherapy, and a 50 percent relapse rate. Once relapsed, there is currently no curative treatment, and for those under five years old, the survival rate is less than 10 percent. ${ }^{49}$ Beat Nb's mission is to drive neuroblastoma cancer research and to raise awareness of the disease. ${ }^{50}$

No Kid Should Know Cancer, Inc., is a not-for-profit organization based in Melbourne, Florida, that is organized to bring awareness to childhood cancer and help families who have been affected by childhood cancer financially and spiritually. Additionally, the organization sponsors, hosts, and participates in events that benefit clinical trials and improved treatment plans. ${ }^{51}$

## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill creates the Beat Childhood Cancer specialty license plate, bearing DHSMV-approved colors and design. The word "Florida" appears at the top of the plate and "Beat Childhood Cancer" appears at the bottom of the plate. The annual use fees from the Beat Childhood Cancer license plate are to be distributed as follows:

- Eighty percent of the proceeds are distributed to Beat Nb, Inc., which may use up to 10 percent of its proceeds for administrative costs directly associated with the operation of the corporation and for marketing and promoting the plate. All remaining proceeds must be used by Beat Nb , Inc., to fund pediatric cancer treatment and research.
- Twenty percent of the proceeds are distributed to No Kid Should Know Cancer, Inc., which may use up to 5 percent of its proceeds for administrative costs and for the marketing of the plate. The balance of the fees must be used by No Kid Should Know Cancer, Inc., to:
- Support families who have a child recently diagnosed with cancer;
- Hold events that raise awareness about childhood cancer; and
- Support clinical trials that work to provide better treatment plans for children diagnosed with cancer and, ultimately, a better prognosis.


## Auburn University License Plate

## Present Situation

The Tampa Bay Auburn Club is an officially chartered group of Auburn University Alumni and Friends. Its stated mission is to encourage more top Tampa Bay area students to attend Auburn University and to foster the spirit of Auburn University throughout the Tampa Bay Area. ${ }^{52}$ The Tampa Bay Auburn Club currently administers an endowed scholarship. ${ }^{53}$

[^8]
## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill creates the Auburn University specialty license plate, bearing DHSMV-approved colors and design. The word "Florida" appears at the top of the plate and "War Eagle" appears at the bottom of the plate. The bill distributes the annual use fees from the Auburn University specialty license plates to the Tampa Bay Auburn Club for awarding scholarships to Florida residents attending Auburn University. Students receiving these scholarships must be eligible for the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program ${ }^{54}$ and must use the scholarship funds for tuition and other expenses related to attending Auburn University.

## Ducks Unlimited License Plate

## Present Situation

Ducks Unlimited is a waterfowl and wetlands conservation organization founded in 1937. The mission of Ducks Unlimited is habitat conservation. ${ }^{55}$ Since 1985, Ducks Unlimited has worked to conserve more than 26,000 acres of Florida wetlands. ${ }^{56}$

## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill creates a Ducks Unlimited license plate, bearing DHSMV-approved colors and design. The word "Florida" appears at the top of the plate and "Conserving Florida Wetlands" appears at the bottom of the plate. The annual use fee is distributed to Ducks Unlimited, Inc., to be used as follows:

- Up to 5 percent of the proceeds may be used for administrative costs and marketing of the plate.
- At least 95 percent of the proceeds must be used in Florida to support Ducks Unlimited's mission and efforts to conserve, restore, and manage Florida wetlands and associated habitats for the benefit of waterfowl, other wildlife, and people.


## Donate Life Florida License Plate

## Present Situation

Donate Life Florida is a non-profit organization contracted by the Agency for Health Care Administration to create the state's organ, tissue, and eye donor registry. ${ }^{57}$

## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill creates the Donate Life Florida license plate, bearing DHSMV-approved colors and design. The word "Florida" appears at the top of the plate, and "Donors Save Lives" appears at the bottom of the plate. The annual use fees from the Donate Life Florida license plate are distributed to Donate Life Florida, which may use up to 10 percent of the proceeds for marketing and administrative costs. The remaining proceeds must be used by Donate Life Florida to educate Florida residents on the importance of organ, tissue, and eye donation and for the continued maintenance of the Joshua Abbott Organ and Tissue Donor Registry, which is Florida's official donor registry.

[^9]
## Florida State Beekeepers Association License Plate

## Present Situation

The Florida State Beekeepers Association is dedicated to keeping Florida apiculture strong and healthy and is the major voice for the state's beekeeping industry. Its mission is to:

- Provide resources for the improvement of beekeeping by using proven techniques and procedures in the management of honeybees and shares this knowledge with everyone interested in the art of beekeeping.
- Promote the development of practical beekeeping methods in the state of Florida.
- Act in the interest of Florida beekeepers in advocating for and carrying on statewide beekeeping affairs.
- Act as a medium for and to aid in cooperative and mutual beekeeping methods.
- Act as the representative of the Florida beekeepers in state and national beekeeping affairs. ${ }^{58}$


## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill creates the Florida State Beekeepers Association specialty license plate, bearing DHSMVapproved colors and design. The word "Florida" appears at the top of the plate and "Save the Bees" appears at the bottom of the plate. The annual use fees from the sale of the Florida State Beekeepers license plate are distributed to the Florida States Beekeepers Association, which may use up to 10 percent of the proceeds for administrative, promotional, and marketing costs of the plate. The remainder of the proceeds must be used to fund outreach and education to raise awareness of the importance of beekeeping to Florida agriculture, and to fund honeybee research and husbandry. The association's board of managers must approve and is accountable for all such expenditures.

## Rotary License Plate

## Present Situation

Rotary is a global network of 1.2 million neighbors, friends, leaders, and problem-solvers who come together to make positive, lasting change in communities at home and abroad. ${ }^{59}$ Founded in 1990, the Community Foundation of Tampa Bay is dedicated to helping individuals in Hillsborough, Pinellas, Pasco, and Hernando counties. The Foundation functions as a partnership between donors, nonprofits, community and business leaders, professional advisors, volunteers, and the residents of its four-county region. ${ }^{60}$

## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill creates the Rotary license plate, bearing DHSMV-approved colors and design. The word "Florida" appears at the top of the plate and "Rotary" appears at the bottom of the plate. The license plate will also bear the Rotary International wheel emblem.

The annual use fees from the sale of the Rotary license plate are distributed to the Community Foundation of Tampa Bay, Inc., to be distributed as follows:

- Up to 10 percent of the proceeds for administrative costs and for marketing the plate;
- Ten percent of the proceeds to Rotary's Camp Florida for direct support to all programs and services provided to special needs children who attend the camp; and
- The remainder of the proceeds distributed, proportionally based on sales, to each Rotary district in the state to support Rotary youth programs in Florida.

[^10]
## Florida Bay Forever License Plate

## Present Situation

The Florida National Parks Association, Inc., (FNPA) is the official not for profit entity of Everglades National Park, Biscayne National Park, Dry Tortugas National Park, and Big Cypress National Preserve. The purpose of the FNPA is to generate additional revenues to help supplement the park service's budget as well as support educational, interpretive, and historical and scientific research. The FNPA also operates bookstores within the parks to help generate revenues as well as providing a visitor information services function on behalf of the National Park Service. ${ }^{61}$

## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill creates the Florida Bay Forever license plate, bearing DHSMV-approved colors and design. The word "Florida" appears at the top of the plate and "Florida Bay Forever" appears at the bottom of the plate. The annual use fees from the sale of the Florida Bay Forever license plate are distributed to the FNPA, which may use up to 10 percent of the proceeds for administrative costs and marketing the plate. The remainder of the funds must be used to supplement the Everglades National Park budget and to support educational, interpretive, historical, and scientific research relating to the Everglades National Park.

## Bonefish and Tarpon Trust License Plate

## Present Situation

The Bonefish and Tarpon Trust's mission is to conserve and restore bonefish and tarpon fisheries and habitats through research, stewardship, education, and advocacy. ${ }^{62}$

## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill creates a Bonefish and Tarpon Trust license plate, bearing DHSMV-approved colors and designs. The word "Florida" appears at the top of the plate, and "Bonefish and Tarpon Trust" appears at the bottom of the plate. The annual use fees from the sale of the Bonefish and Tarpon Trust license plate are distributed to the Bonefish and Tarpon Trust, which may use up to 10 percent of the proceeds to promote and market the license plate. The remainder of the proceeds must be used to conserve and enhance Florida bonefish and tarpon fisheries and their respective environments through stewardship, research, education, and advocacy.

## Medical Professionals Who Care License Plate

## Present Situation

Based in Gainesville, Florida Benevolent Group, Inc., assists students in obtaining a medical education through a college or certificate program. The organization's desire is to offer assistance to individuals struggling to make it into school or to stay in school. ${ }^{63}$

## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill creates a Medical Professionals Who Care specialty license plate, bearing DHSMV-approved colors and design. The word "Florida" appears at the top of the plate and "Medical Professionals Who Care" appears at the bottom of the plate. The annual use fees from the sale of the Medical Professionals Who Care license plate are distributed to Florida Benevolent Group, Inc., which may use up to 10 percent of the proceeds for administrative costs, marketing, and promoting the license plate. The remainder of proceeds must be used to assist low-income individuals in obtaining a medical education and career through scholarships, support, and guidance.

[^11]
## University of Georgia License Plate

## Present Situation

Founded in 1946 as the Georgia Alumni Association of Jacksonville, the Georgia Bulldog Club of Jacksonville is America's largest bulldog club. ${ }^{64}$ In 1988, the club established the Vince Dooley Scholarship Fund to award scholarships to attend the University of Georgia for students from Duval, Nassau, St. Johns, Clay, or Baker counties based on academic and economic need. ${ }^{65}$

## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill creates a University of Georgia specialty license plate, bearing DHSMV-approved colors and design. The word "Florida" appears at the top of the plate and "University of Georgia" appears at the bottom of the plate. The annual use fees from the University of Georgia specialty license plate are distributed to the Georgia Bulldog Club of Jacksonville, which must distribute the proceeds received for awarding scholarships to Florida residents attending the University of Georgia. Students receiving the scholarship must be eligible for the Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program and use the scholarship funds for tuition and other expenses related to attending the University of Georgia.

## Highwaymen License Plate

## Present Situation

From the early 1950s through the 1980s, a group of 26 African-American artists, known as the "Florida Highwaymen," used vivid and bright colors to display the beautiful untouched Florida landscape. They painted from their garages and backyards on inexpensive Upson board and, on the weekends, traveled and sold their paintings to hotels, offices, businesses, and individuals who appreciated the artwork for approximately $\$ 25$ apiece. Currently, the market for an original work of art by a Florida Highwayman can bring $\$ 5,000$ or more. Some of the Highwaymen who are still living have resumed painting to meet the continuing demand for their work. ${ }^{66}$

In 1984, the Florida Legislature authorized school districts to create local education foundations to raise private funds for programs to support students, teachers, and public schools in their respective districts. In 1990, the St. Lucie County Education Foundation was organized as a direct-support organization of the St. Lucie County School Board. The St. Lucie County Education Foundation is a non-profit organization that advances K-12 public education in St. Lucie County by increasing the capacity and resources of the district in partnership with key stakeholders. ${ }^{67}$

## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill creates a Highwaymen specialty license plate, bearing DHSMV-approved colors and design. The word "Florida" appears at the top of the plate and "Highwaymen" appears at the bottom of the plate. The annual use fees from the Highwaymen specialty license plate are distributed to the City of Fort Pierce, subject to a city resolution designating the city as the license plate's fiscal agent. The city may use up to 10 percent of the fees for administrative costs and marketing the license plate and must use the remainder of the fees as follows:

- Before completion of the construction of the Highwaymen Museum and African-American Cultural Center, the city must distribute at least 15 percent of the proceeds to the St. Lucie Education Foundation, Inc., to fund art education and art projects in public schools within St. Lucie County. The remainder of the fees must be used by the city to fund the construction of the Highwaymen Museum and African-American Cultural Center.

[^12]- Upon completion of construction of the Highwaymen Museum and African American Cultural Center, the city must distribute at least 10 percent to the St. Lucie Education Foundation, Inc., to fund area education and art projects within St. Lucie County. The remainder of the fees must be used by the city to fund the day-to-day operations of the Highwaymen Museum and AfricanAmerican Cultural Center.


## Dan Marino Campus License Plate

## Present Situation

Based in Fort Lauderdale, The Dan Marino Foundation, Inc., is a nonprofit organization dedicated to improving the lives of persons with autism or other developmental disabilities. ${ }^{68}$

## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill creates a Dan Marino Campus license plate, bearing DHSMV-approved colors and design. The word "Florida" appears at the top of the plate and "Marino Campus" appears at the bottom of the plate. The annual use fees from the sale of the Dan Marino Campus license plate are distributed to the Dan Marino Foundation, Inc., which may use up to 10 percent of the proceeds for administrative costs and marketing the plate. The remainder of the proceeds must be used to assist Floridians with developmental disabilities in becoming employed, independent, and productive; to promote awareness of such services; and to promote and fund education scholarships related to such services.

## Orlando City Soccer License Plate

## Present Situation

Section 320.08058(9), F.S., provides that Florida Professional Sports Team license plates must bear DHSMV-approved colors and design and must include the official league or team logo or both, as appropriate, for each team. The word "Florida" must appear at the top of the plate. The annual use fee is distributed as follows:

- Fifty-five percent of the proceeds must be deposited into the Professional Sports Development Trust Fund within the Department of Economic Opportunity (DEO), to be used solely to attract and support major sports events in this state.
- The remaining proceeds must be allocated to Enterprise Florida, Inc. and must be deposited into the Professional Sports Development Trust Fund within DEO. These funds must be used by Enterprise Florida, Inc., to:
- Promote the economic development of the sports industry;
- Distribute licensing and royalty fees to participating professional sports teams;
- Promote education programs in Florida schools that provide an awareness of the benefits of physical activity and nutrition standards;
- Partner with the Department of Education and the Department of Health to develop a program that recognizes schools whose students demonstrate excellent physical fitness or fitness improvement;
- Institute a grant program for communities bidding on minor sporting events that create an economic impact for the state;
- Distribute funds to Florida-based charities designated by Enterprise Florida, Inc., and the participating professional sports teams; and
- Fulfill the sports promotion responsibilities of DEO.

The proceeds from the Professional Sports Development Trust Fund may be used for operational expenses of Enterprise Florida, Inc., and financial support of the Sunshine State Games.

There are nine Florida Professional Sports Team specialty license plates available for purchase:
Florida Panthers, Miami Heat, Tampa Bay Buccaneers, Jacksonville Jaguars, Miami Marlins, Tampa Bay Lightning, Miami Dolphins, Orlando Magic, and Tampa Bay Rays. ${ }^{69}$

[^13]Orlando City Soccer Club was formed in 2010 and was awarded a Major League Soccer franchise in November 2013. ${ }^{70}$

## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill creates an Orlando City Soccer Club specialty license plate, bearing DHSMV-approved colors and design. The new license plates will display the word "Florida" at the top of the plate and must include the official league or team logo, or both. The annual use fee from the Orlando City Soccer specialty license plate is distributed pursuant to the distribution of Florida Professional Sports Team license plates provided in current law.

## Coastal Conservation Association License Plate

Present Situation
Coastal Conservation Association Florida (CCAF) is a statewide, non-profit marine organization working in an advocacy role to protect the state's marine resources and the interests of saltwater anglers. It is comprised of 30 local chapters from Key West to Pensacola and it supports resourcebased law enforcement, access to recreational fishing, and fishery regulations to protect state and federal fish stocks. CCAF is one of the 17 state chapters of the Coastal Conservation Association. ${ }^{71}$

## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill directs DHSMV to develop the Coastal Conservation Association specialty license plate bearing DHSMV-approved colors and design. The new license plates will display the word "Florida" at the top of the plate and "Conserve Florida's Fisheries" at the bottom of the plate. The annual use fee is distributed to CCAF to support the mission and efforts of CCAF for habitat enhancement and restoration, saltwater fisheries conservation, and education; to advise the public on the conservation of marine resources; and to promote and enhance the present and future availability of those coastal resources for the benefit and enjoyment of the public. CCAF may use up to 10 percent of the proceeds for administrative costs and up to 10 percent of the proceeds to promote and market the plate.

## Blue Angels License Plate

## Present Situation

At the end of World War II, Chief of Naval Operations Admiral Chester W. Nimitz ordered the formation of a flight demonstration team to keep the public interested in naval aviation. Within three months, the Navy Flight Exhibition Team performed its first flight demonstration on June 15, 1946, at their home base, Naval Air Station (NAS) Jacksonville, Florida. Lt. Commander Roy "Butch" Voris led the team and flew the Grumman F6F-5 Hellcat. ${ }^{72}$

The new Navy Flight Exhibition team was only the second formal flying demonstration team to have been created in the world. The team was introduced as the "Blue Angels" at a show in Omaha, Nebraska in July 1946. Right Wing Pilot Lt. Maurice "Wick" Wickendoll came across the name in the New Yorker Magazine in a column called Goings On About Town. Voris said, "That sounds great! The Blue Angels. Navy, Blue, and Flying!"73

Today, 16 officers voluntarily serve with the Blue Angels. Each year the team typically selects three tactical (fighter or fighter/attack) jet pilots, two support officers, and one Marine Corps C-130 pilot to relieve departing members. ${ }^{74}$ Since 1946, the Blue Angels have performed for nearly 500 million fans. ${ }^{75}$

[^14]
## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill creates the Blue Angels license plate, bearing the DHSMV-approved colors and design. The word "Florida" appears at the top of the plate and "Home of the Blue Angels" appears at the bottom of the plate. The annual use fees are distributed to the Naval Aviation Museum Foundation to fund the maintenance, programs, marketing, and projects of the foundation, including the National Naval Aviation Museum and the National Flight Academy in Pensacola as follows;

- Up to 10 percent of the proceeds may be used for marketing the plate and costs directly associated with the administration of the foundation;
- Fifty percent of the proceeds must be distributed to eligible programs and projects associated with the National Flight Academy; and
- All remaining proceeds must be distributed to eligible programs and projects associated with the National Naval Aviation Museum.


## Daughters of the American Revolution License Plate

## Present Situation

The National Society Daughters of the American Revolution (DAR) was founded October 11, 1890, by a group of women in Washington, D.C., because of being excluded from the men's organizations to celebrate the women's ancestors who fought during the Revolutionary War. The objectives of the DAR are to continue the memory and spirit of men and women who achieved America's independence, to educate the public, and to foster patriotism and love of county. Since its founding in 1890, DAR has admitted more than 950,000 members. ${ }^{76}$

## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill creates the Daughters of the American Revolution license plate. The license plate must bear the DHSMV-approved colors and design. The word "Florida" appears at the top of the plate and "Daughters of the American Revolution" appears at the bottom of the plate. The annual use fees are distributed to the Daughters of the American Revolution. Up to 10 percent of the proceeds may be used for promoting and marketing the plate. The remaining proceeds must be used by the organization to promote patriotism, preserve American history, and secure America's future through educational programs for local public and private K-12 students and scholarships and other educational funding for underprivileged children.

## Gadsden Flag License Plate

## Present Situation

During the American Revolution, Colonel Christopher Gadsden of South Carolina had seen and liked a bright yellow banner with a hissing, coiled rattlesnake rising up in the center, and beneath the serpent the same words that appeared on the Striped Rattlesnake Flag - Don't Tread On Me. Colonel Gadsden made a copy of this flag and submitted the design to the Provincial Congress in South Carolina ${ }^{77}$

The Florida Veterans Foundation is the direct support organization of the Florida Department of Veterans' Affairs. The Foundation's mission is to provide educational and outreach programs that will seek out and help veterans with suicide prevention and veterans with an opioid addiction recovery, provide a statewide veterans charity registry, and register veterans for U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs benefits. ${ }^{78}$

## Effect of Proposed Changes

[^15]The bill creates the Gadsden Flag license plate, which must replicate the color, layout, and design of the Gadsden Flag. The word "Florida" must appear at the top of the plate, and the words "Don't Tread on Me " must appear at the bottom of the plate. The annual use fees are distributed to the Florida Veterans Foundation, Inc., and must be used to benefit veterans. Up to 10 percent of the proceeds may be used for continuing promotion and marketing of the license plate.

## America the Beautiful License Plate

## Present Situation

The America the Beautiful Fund is the fictitious name of Live Laugh Love Give, Inc. ${ }^{79}$ Based in Tampa, this organization is a registered Florida nonprofit corporation. ${ }^{80}$ The mission statement of Live Laugh Love Give, Inc., is "[e]mpowering children and families against dependency. Animal assistance, sanctuaries, and wildlife preservation. Education grants to better the world. Enhancing lives of military families." ${ }^{81}$

## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill creates the America the Beautiful license plate, bearing DHSMV-approved design and colors. The word "Florida" appears at the top of the plate and "America the Beautiful" appears at the bottom of the plate. The annual use fees are distributed to the America the Beautiful Fund to be used as follows:

- Ten percent to offset administrative, marketing, and promotion costs.
- Ninety percent for projects and programs teaching character, leadership, and service to Florida youth; the provision of support services and assistance to the military community; outdoor education advancing self-sufficiency; wildlife conservation; the maintenance of historic or culturally important sites, buildings, structures, or objects; and the development and modification of playgrounds, recreational areas, or other outdoor amenities.


## Preserve Vision

## Present Situation

Preserve Vision Florida, formerly Prevent Blindness Florida, is a non-profit organization offering vision education and services to Florida's children and adults. Its focus is promoting a lifetime of healthy vision care through advocacy, education, screening, and research. Its mission is to promote healthy vision through vision awareness and education, vision screening, assistance to receive medical eye care, and advocacy for vision and medical eye care health service. ${ }^{82}$ In May 2016, the organization Prevent Blindness Florida changed its name to Preserve Vision Florida. ${ }^{83}$

The annual use fee is distributed to The Able Trust as custodial agent. After paying administrative costs, The Able Trust distributes 20 percent of the proceeds to Prevent Blindness Florida. ${ }^{84}$

## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill changes the statutory reference from "Prevent Blindness Florida" to "Preserve Vision Florida" to reflect the change in the organization's name.

## Special License Plates for Former Federal and State Legislators

## Present Situation

[^16]Section 320.0807, F.S., provides for special license plates for the Governor and federal and state legislators. Section 320.0807(5), F.S., provides that upon application by any current or former President of the Senate or current or former Speaker of the House of Representatives, and payment of the appropriate fees, ${ }^{85}$ DHSMV may issue a license plate stamped "Senate President" or "House Speaker" followed by the number assigned by DHSMV or chosen by the applicant if it is not already in use.

Upon application by any former member of Congress or former member of the state Legislature and payment of the appropriate registration fees, plus a one-time fee of $\$ 500$, DHSMV may issue a former member of Congress, State Senator, or State Representative a license plate stamped "Retired Congress," "Retired Senate," or "Retired House," as appropriate, for a vehicle owned by the former member. To qualify for a Retired Congress, Retired Senate, or Retired House prestige license plate, a former member must have served at least four years as a member of Congress, State Senator, or State Representative. Four hundred fifty dollars of the one-time $\$ 500$ fee collected is distributed to the Florida Historic Capitol's direct-support organization ${ }^{86}$ to benefit the Florida Historic Capitol Museum, and the remaining $\$ 50$ is deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund.

## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill repeals the authorization for the "Senate President" or "House Speaker" special license plate and special license plates for former members of Congress, former State Senators, and former State Representatives. Current members of Congress and legislators would still be authorized to receive special license plates indicating he or she is a member of Congress, State Senator, or State Representative.

## Military Special License Plates

## Present Situation

There are currently 21 special use license plates for motor vehicles authorized in s. 320.089, F.S. These special license plates are available to military service members or veterans for various types of service. Examples of military service special license plates include Veteran of the U.S. Armed Forces, World War II Veteran, and Woman Veteran. While anyone who pays the appropriate fees may purchase most specialty license plates, one must provide proof of eligibility to obtain a special license plate.

Special license plates are each stamped with words consistent with the type of special license plate issued. A likeness of the related campaign medal or badge appears on the plate followed by the license plate serial number.

Applicants for special license plates are required to pay the annual license tax ${ }^{87}$ with the exception of certain disabled veterans who qualify for the Pearl Harbor, Purple Heart, or Prisoner of War plate, to whom such plates are issued at no cost. ${ }^{88}$ The first $\$ 100,000$ in general revenue annually generated from the issuance of special use plates is deposited into the Grants and Donations Trust Fund under the Veterans' Nursing Homes of Florida Act. ${ }^{89}$ Any additional general revenue is deposited into the State Homes for Veterans Trust Fund and used to construct, operate, and maintain domiciliary and nursing homes for veterans. ${ }^{90}$

There are currently no special license plates authorized for motorcycles.

## Purple Heart

[^17]The Purple Heart is awarded to members of the U.S. Armed Forces who are wounded by an instrument of war in the hands of the enemy and posthumously to the next of kin in the name of those who are killed in action or die of wounds received in action. ${ }^{91}$

## Bronze Star

The Bronze Star Medal is awarded to any person who, after December 6, 1941, while serving in any capacity with the U.S. Armed Forces, distinguishes himself or herself by heroic or meritorious achievement or service not involving participation in aerial flight. ${ }^{92}$

## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill creates the Purple Heart motorcycle special license plate. Upon application to DHSMV and payment of the motorcycle license tax, ${ }^{93}$ a resident who owns or leases a motorcycle that is not used for-hire or commercial use must be issued a Purple Heart motorcycle license plate if he or she provides documentation acceptable to DHSMV that he or she is a recipient of the Purple Heart medal. The Purple Heart motorcycle special license plate will be stamped with the term "Combat-wounded Veteran." The license plate may have the term "Purple Heart" stamped on the plate and the likeness of the Purple Heart Medal stamped on the license plate.

The bill authorizes DHSMV to create the Bronze Star special use license plate for recipients of the Bronze Star medal who provide proof of their qualification. The license plate will be stamped with the term "Bronze Star" and a likeness of the related campaign medal. Revenue generated from the sale of the Bronze Star special use license plate will be administered the same as the existing special use license plates, and deposited into the Grants and Donations Trust Fund and the State Homes for Veterans Trust Fund to support the State Veterans Homes Program.

## Digital Driver License

## Present Situation

Current law provides for the establishment of a digital proof of driver license. Specifically, current law requires DHSMV to begin to review and prepare for the development of a secure and uniform system for issuing an optional digital proof of driver license. ${ }^{94}$ The statute authorizes DHSMV to contract with one or more private entities to develop a digital proof of driver license system. ${ }^{95}$

The digital proof of driver license developed by DHSMV or by an entity contracted by DHSMV must be in such a format as to allow law enforcement to verify the authenticity of the digital proof of driver license..$^{96}$ DHSMV may adopt rules to ensure valid authentication of digital driver licenses by law enforcement ${ }^{97}$ A person may not be issued a digital proof of driver license until he or she has satisfied all of the statutory requirements relating to the issuance of a physical driver license. ${ }^{98}$

[^18]Current law also establishes certain penalties for a person who manufacturers or possesses a false digital proof of driver license. ${ }^{99}$ Specifically, a person who:

- Manufactures a false digital proof of driver license commits a felony of the third degree, punishable by up to five years in prison ${ }^{100}$ and a fine not to exceed $\$ 5,000,{ }^{101}$ or punishable under the habitual felony offender statute. ${ }^{102}$
- Possesses a false digital proof of driver license commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable by up to 60 days in prison ${ }^{103}$ and a fine not to exceed $\$ 500 .{ }^{104}$


## Effect of Proposed Changes

The bill defines the following terms:

- "Credential service provider" means a provider competitively procured by DHSMV to provide secure identity management and verification services based on open standards to electronic credential providers.
- "Electronic credential" means an electronic representation of a physical driver license or identification card that is viewable in an electronic format and is capable of being verified and authenticated.
- "Electronic credential provider" means a qualified entity contracted with DHSMV to provide electronic credentials to eligible driver license or identification card holders.

The bill requires DHSMV to establish a pilot project for the implementation of a software-as-a-service technology solution with secure and uniform protocols that comply with national standards for issuing an optional electronic credential. The bill requires DHSMV to procure the technology solution through a competitive solicitation process, in consultation with the Agency for State Technology, and requires the procurement to meet certain requirements. The bill requires the terms of the contract to pay for the value on a per-data-call ${ }^{105}$ basis and provides that there can be no cost to DHSMV or law enforcement for using the services provided by a credential service provider.

The bill requires DHSMV to enter into agreements with electronic credential providers that have the technological capabilities necessary to:

- Integrate with the credential service provide.
- Ensure secure validation and authentication of data.
- Meet usage criteria.
- Agree to terms and conditions, privacy policy, and uniform remittance terms relating to the consumption of an electronic credential.
- Include clear, enforceable, and significant penalties for violations of the agreements.

The bill provides that revenue generated from use of the electronic credential technology solution must be collected by DHSMV and deposited into the Motor Vehicle Licenses Clearing Trust Fund for distribution pursuant to a legislative appropriation and department agreements with the credential service provider and the electronic credential providers. The bill provides for terms of the agreements and prohibits provider revenues from being derived from any other transactions that generate revenue for DHSMV outside of the per-data-call charges.

The pilot project has a duration of 24 months and begins when DHSMV has competitively procured and entered into agreements with a credential service provider and at least two, but no more than eight,

[^19]electronic credential providers. Upon completion of the pilot project, DHSMV must submit a report to the Governor and Legislature regarding the continued implementation of electronic credential services.

The bill clarifies that the act of presenting a law enforcement officer an electronic device displaying an electronic credential does not constitute consent for the officer to access any information on the device other than the electronic credential. Furthermore, the person who presents the electronic device to a law enforcement officer assumes liability for any resulting damage to the device.

## B. SECTION DIRECTORY:

Section 1 amends s. 320.06, F.S., relating to registration certificates, license plates, and validation stickers.

Section 2 amends s. 320.0657, F.S., relating to permanent registration for fleet license plates.
Section 3 amends s. 320.08, F.S., relating to license taxes.
Section 4 amends s. 320.08053 , F.S., relating to the establishment of specialty license plates.
Section 5 amends s. 320.08056, F.S., relating to specialty license plates.
Section 6 amends s. 320.08056, F.S., relating to specialty license plates, effective July 1, 2022.
Section 7 amends s. 320.08058 , F.S., relating to specialty license plates.
Section 8 amends s. 320.08062, F.S., relating to audits and attestations required; annual use fees of specialty license plates.

Section 9 amends s. 320.08068, F.S., relating to motorcycle specialty license plates.
Section 10 amends s. 320.0807, F.S., relating to special license plates for Governor and federal and state legislators.

Section 11 creates s. 320.0875, F.S., relating to the Purple Heart special motorcycle license plate.
Section 12 amends s. 320.089, F.S., relating to certain special license plates.
Section 13 amends s. 322.01, F.S., relating to definitions.
Section 14 amends s. 322.032, F.S., relating to electronic credentials.
Sections 15 through 17 amend ss. 322.059, 322.15, and 322.61, F.S., making conforming changes.
Section 18 provides that except as otherwise expressly provided in this act, the act takes effect October 1,2019 , but only if HB 201 or similar legislation takes effect.

## II. FISCAL ANALYSIS \& ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT

## A. FISCAL IMPACT ON STATE GOVERNMENT:

1. Revenues:

Proceeds from the sale of the Orlando City Soccer Club specialty license plate will be deposited into the Professional Sports Development Trust Fund within DEO. To the extent that individuals choose to purchase this specialty license plate, there may be a positive, but indeterminate impact to the Professional Sports Development Trust Fund.

General revenue collected from the sale of the Purple Heart Motorcycle plate and the Bronze Star plate will be deposited into the Grants and Donations Trust Fund and the State Homes for Veterans Trust Fund within the Department of Veterans' Affairs. To the extent eligible individuals choose to purchase these plates, there may be an indeterminate, positive fiscal impact on the aforementioned trust funds.

The Florida Historic Capitol and the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund may see a reduction in revenues due to the repeal of the authorization for "Senate President" or "House Speaker" special license plates and special license plates for former Members of Congress, former State Senators, and former State Representatives. However, the amount of revenue is likely insignificant.

The bill authorizes revenue-sharing arrangements between the state and the credential service provider and electronic credential providers. This applies solely to the optional transaction for purchasing an electronic credential. Only in these circumstances, revenues will be collected by DHSMV at the point of sale, deposited into the Motor Vehicle License Clearing Trust Fund, and then distributed as necessary to a credential provider pursuant to an appropriation and DHSMV agreements. While positive, the fiscal impacts of this provision cannot be quantified and are indeterminate at this time.
2. Expenditures:

According to DHSMV, creation or modification of specialty and special license plates require system programming to implement. Depending on the number of distributions tied to the plate, the amount of programming may vary as will the resources needed to complete the changes. The average specialty/special license plate with a single distribution requires approximately 200-250 hours of programming, at a rate of $\$ 35$ to $\$ 40$ per hour. ${ }^{106}$ Additional distributions generally require an additional five to 10 hours per distribution. The bill creates 20 new license plates and amends the distribution of some other license plates. However, based upon other provisions in the bill, not all new license plates will be created at the same time. Therefore, the negative fiscal impact associated with DHSMV's programming efforts is indeterminate, but likely insignificant, and can be absorbed within existing resources.

DHSMV states the cost to perform an audit every three years of each specialty license plate may result in an insignificant workload impact that can be absorbed within existing resources.

The bill has an indeterminate impact on state expenditures relating to the:

- Development and implementation of protocols and standards for issuing electronic credentials.
- Procurement of a credential service provider as well as at least two but no more than five electronic credential providers.
- Processing requests to access any application-programming interface necessary.

[^20]
## B. FISCAL IMPACT ON LOCAL GOVERNMENTS:

1. Revenues:

The bill does not appear to have a fiscal impact on local government revenues.
2. Expenditures:

The bill does not appear to have a fiscal impact on local government expenditures.
C. DIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT ON PRIVATE SECTOR:

Organizations receiving specialty license plate revenue may experience additional revenues associated with the sale of specialty license plates.

Persons who wish to obtain an electronic credential will incur costs associated with its purchase, but the cost is unknown at this time. An entity that contracts with DHSMV to produce an electronic credential would share revenues with the state when individuals purchase a credential. The positive impact of this provision is also unknown at this time.
D. FISCAL COMMENTS:

Current law prohibits the redesign of a specialty license plate unless the inventory of the license plate has been depleted. However, the organization may purchase the remaining inventory of the specialty license plate from DHSMV at the department's cost. ${ }^{107}$ Special Olympics Florida and the Florida Lighthouse Association may be required to purchase the remaining inventory of its specialty license plate at DHSMV's cost prior to the authorized redesign of these license plates.

## III. COMMENTS

A. CONSTITUTIONAL ISSUES:

1. Applicability of Municipality/County Mandates Provision:

Not applicable. This bill does not appear to affect county or municipal governments.
2. Other:

None.
B. RULE-MAKING AUTHORITY:

None.
C. DRAFTING ISSUES OR OTHER COMMENTS:

None.

## IV. AMENDMENTS/ COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE CHANGES

On February 13, 2019, the Transportation \& Infrastructure Subcommittee adopted four amendments and reported the bill favorably as a committee substitute. The amendments made technical changes to the bill, removed the creation of the America the Beautiful license plate, removed provisions regarding the payment of withheld fees from the Live the Dream Foundation, and authorized the creation of a digital credential.

[^21]On March 26, 2019, the Transportation \& Tourism Appropriations Subcommittee adopted an amendment and reported the bill favorably as a committee substitute. The amendment removed the provisions relating to the electronic credentials.

On April 18, 2019, the State Affairs Committee adopted a proposed committee substitute (PCS) and reported the bill favorably as a committee substitute. In summary, the PCS, created the Blue Angels, Daughters of the American Revolution, Gadsden Flag, and America the Beautiful license plates; removed the authorization for special license plates for former members of Congress and the Legislature; and changed the term "digital proof of driver license" to "electronic credential" and required DHSMV to establish a pilot project regarding electronic credentials.

This analysis is drafted to the committee substitute as approved by the State Affairs Committee.


[^0]:    This document does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill sponsor or House of Representatives.
    STORAGE NAME: h0505d.SAC
    DATE: 4/18/2019

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ The annual use fees for specific specialty license plates are provided in s. 320.08056(4), F.S.
    ${ }^{2}$ Section $320.08053(1)$, F.S.
    ${ }^{3}$ The processing fee is prescribed in s. 320.08056 , F.S.
    ${ }_{5}^{4}$ Service charges and branch fees are prescribed in s. 320.04, F.S.
    ${ }^{5}$ The annual use fees for each specialty license plate are prescribed in s. 320.8056 , F.S.
    ${ }^{6}$ Section $320.08053(2)($ a), F.S.
    ${ }^{7}$ Section 320.08053 (2)(b), F.S.
    ${ }^{8}$ Section 320.08056(1), F.S.
    ${ }^{9}$ Section $320.08056(2)$, F.S.
    ${ }^{10}$ DHSMV's authorized agents are the county tax collectors.
    ${ }^{11}$ Motor vehicle license taxes are set forth in s. 320.08, F.S.

[^2]:    ${ }^{12}$ The $\$ 5$ processing fee is deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund.
    ${ }^{13}$ Section $320.06(1)(b)$, F.S., provides for a $\$ 2.80$ annual license plate replacement fee to defray the cost of replacing the license plate every 10 years.
    ${ }^{14}$ Section 320.08056(3), F.S.
    ${ }^{15}$ This is in accordance with s. 320.0609 , F.S.
    ${ }^{16}$ Section 320.08056(5), F.S.
    ${ }^{17}$ Section 320.08056 (6), F.S.
    ${ }^{18}$ Specialty license plate audit and attestations requirements are in s. 320.08062, F.S.
    ${ }^{19}$ Section 320.08056 (7), F.S.
    ${ }^{20}$ Collegiate license plates are established under s. 320.08058(3), F.S.
    ${ }^{21}$ Section 320.08056(8)(a), F.S.
    ${ }_{22}^{22}$ Presale requirements are prescribed in s. 320.08053 , F.S.
    ${ }^{23}$ Section 320.08056(8)(b), F.S.

[^3]:    ${ }^{24}$ Section $320.08056(9)$, F.S.
    ${ }^{25}$ Section 320.08056(10)(a), F.S.
    ${ }^{26}$ Section 320.08056(10)(b), F.S.
    ${ }^{27}$ Section $320.08056(11)$, F.S
    ${ }^{28}$ Section $320.08056(12)$, F.S.
    ${ }^{29}$ Section 320.08062(1)(a), F.S.
    ${ }^{30}$ Section 215.97, F.S.
    ${ }^{31}$ Section 320.08062(1)(b), F.S.
    ${ }^{32}$ Section 320.08062(1)(c), F.S.

[^4]:    ${ }^{33}$ Section 320.08062(2)(a), F.S.
    ${ }^{34}$ Section 320.08062(2)(b), F.S.
    ${ }^{35}$ Section 320.08062(2)(c), F.S.
    ${ }_{37}^{36}$ Section 320.08062(2)(d), F.S.
    ${ }^{37}$ Section 320.08062 (3), F.S.
    ${ }^{38}$ Section 320.0657, F.S.
    ${ }^{39}$ Section 320.0657(1), F.S.
    ${ }^{40}$ Email from Kevin Jacobs, Deputy Director of Legislative Affairs, Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, RE: HB 505Transportation Credentials, (January 30, 2019)
    ${ }^{41}$ Section 320.0657(2)(a), F.S.
    ${ }^{42}$ Section $320.0657(2)(b)$, F.S.

[^5]:    ${ }^{43}$ Section 320.08056(4), F.S., lists specific specialty license plates and their annual use fees.
    ${ }^{44}$ Specialty license plates will be discontinued pursuant to s. $320.08056(8)$, F.S.
    ${ }^{45}$ License plates are issued for a 10-year period pursuant to $\mathrm{s} .320 .06(1)(b) 1$., F.S.
    ${ }^{46}$ Distributions to recipient organizations are pursuant to s. 320.08058 , F.S.

[^6]:    ${ }^{47}$ Florida Professional Sports Team license plates are established in s. 320.08058(9), F.S.

[^7]:    ${ }^{48}$ In 2011, Community Partnership for the Homeless changed its name to Chapman Partnership.

[^8]:    ${ }^{49}$ Beat Nb, Inc. Neuroblastoma, https://beatnb.org/neuroblastoma/ (Last visited January 25, 2019).
    ${ }^{50}$ Beat Nb, Inc. Our Mission and Vison, https://beatnb.org/about-us/ (Last visited January 25, 2019).
    ${ }^{51}$ See Florida Department of State - Division of Corporations, No Kid Should Know Cancer Inc., Articles of Incorporation (March 10, 2017), available at
    http://search.sunbiz.org/Inquiry/CorporationSearch/ConvertTiffToPDF?storagePath=COR\%5C2017\%5C0310\%5C10507351.tif\&doc umentNumber=N17000002637 (Last visited January 29, 2017).
    ${ }_{53}^{52}$ Tampa Bay Auburn Club, Inc., Tampa Bay Auburn Club, http://tampabayauburnclub.com/ (Last visited January 25, 2019).
    ${ }^{53}$ Tampa Bay Auburn Club, Scholarships, http://tampabayauburnclub.com/scholarships/ (Last visited February 25, 2018)

[^9]:    ${ }_{55}^{54}$ The Florida Bright Futures Scholarship Program is created pursuant to s. 1009.531, F.S.
    ${ }^{55}$ Ducks Unlimited, About Ducks Unlimited, http://www.ducks.org/about-du?poe=hometxt (last visited January 25, 2019).
    ${ }^{56}$ Ducks Unlimited, Florida Conservation Projects, http://www.ducks.org/florida/florida-conservation-projects (Last visited January 25, 2019).
    ${ }^{57}$ Donate Life Florida, About the Joshua Abbott Organ and Tissue Donor Registry, https://www.donatelifeflorida.org/content/about/ (Last visited January 25, 2019).

[^10]:    ${ }^{58}$ Florida State Beekeepers Association, http://apisenterprises.com/fsba/fsbamission.htm (Last visited March 29, 2019).
    ${ }^{59}$ Rotary, Who We Are, https://www.rotary.org/en/about-rotary (Last visited January 25, 2019).
    ${ }^{60}$ Community Foundation of Tampa Bay, What We Do, https://www.cftampabay.org/what-we-do// (Last visited January 25, 2019).

[^11]:    ${ }^{61}$ Proposal for Florida Bay Forever Specialty License Plate. (Copy on file with Transportation \& Infrastructure Subcommittee).
    ${ }^{62}$ Bonefish and Tarpon Trust, BTT Mission, https://www.bonefishtarpontrust.org/btt-mission (Last visited January 25, 2019).
    ${ }^{63}$ Florida Benevolent Group, About, https://www.floridabenevolentgroup.org/ (Last visited January 25, 2019).

[^12]:    ${ }^{64}$ Georgia Bulldog Club of Jacksonville, Welcome to the Home of the Georgia Bulldog Club of Jacksonville, https://jaxbulldogs.com/ (Last visited January 25, 2019)
    ${ }^{65}$ Georgia Bulldog Club of Jacksonville, Scholarship, https://jaxbulldogs.com/scholarship-fund/ (Last visited January 25, 2019).
    ${ }^{66}$ Florida Highwaymen, available at http://www.floridahighwaymenpaintings.com/ (last visited January 25, 2019).
    ${ }^{67}$ Education Foundation, About Us, available at https://www.educationfoundationstlucie.org/p/3/about-us\#.WjFxDGhSyUk (last visited January 25, 2019).

[^13]:    ${ }^{68}$ Dan Marino Foundation Website. https://danmarinofoundation.org/ (Last visited January 25, 2019).

[^14]:    ${ }^{69}$ Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, 2017 Specialty License Plate Rankings, available at http://www.flhsmv.gov/specialtytags/tagsales.pdf (last visited January 25, 2019).
    ${ }^{70}$ Orlando City Soccer Club Website, History, https://www.orlandocitysc.com/club/history (Last visited April 4, 2019).
    ${ }^{71}$ Coastal Conservation Association Florida, https://www.ccaflorida.org/ (last visited January 25, 2019).
    ${ }^{72}$ U.S. Navy Blue Angels, History of the Blue Angels, https://www.blueangels.navy.mil/history/ (last visited April 15, 2019).
    ${ }^{73}$ Id.
    ${ }^{74}$ U.S. Navy Blue Angels, The 2019 Blue Angels Team, https://www.blueangels.navy.mil/team/ (last visited April 15, 2019).

[^15]:    ${ }^{75}$ U.S. Navy Blue Angels, History of the Blue Angels.
    ${ }^{76}$ Daughters of the American Revolution, DAR History, https://www.dar.org/national-society/about-dar/dar-history (last visited April 8, 2019).
    ${ }_{78}^{77} \mathrm{http}: / /$ www.usflag.org/history/gadsden.html (Last visited April 15, 2019).
    ${ }^{78}$ Florida Veterans Foundation, About Florida Veterans Foundation, https://helpflvets.org/about/ (Last visited April 15, 2019).

[^16]:    ${ }^{79}$ Department of State, Sunbiz.org, Fictitious Name Detail, America the Beautiful Fund, Registration No. G15000109272.
    ${ }^{80}$ Department of State, Sunbiz.org, Detail by Entity Name, Live Laugh Love Give, Inc., Document No. N15000007314.
    ${ }^{81}$ See Live Laugh Love website, About Us, https://www.livelaughlove.com/give (Last visited April 15, 2019).
    ${ }^{82}$ Preserve Vision Florida Website, http://pvfla.org/about-us/ (Last visited January 25, 2019).
    ${ }^{83}$ Department of State, Division of Corporations - Sunbiz.org, Preserve Vision Florida, Inc. (May 4, 2016), http://search.sunbiz.org/Inquiry/CorporationSearch/ConvertTiffToPDF?storagePath=COR\%5C2016\%5C0509\%5C84865905.Tif\&doc umentNumber=706503 (last visited January 25, 2019).
    ${ }^{84}$ Section 320.08068(4), F.S.

[^17]:    ${ }^{85}$ The fees are prescribed in s. 320.0805 , F.S.,
    ${ }^{86}$ The Florida Historic Capitol direct support organization is established pursuant to s. 272.136, F.S.
    ${ }^{87}$ The annual license tax is provided in s. 320.08 , F.S.
    ${ }^{88}$ Section 320.089(2)(a), F.S.
    ${ }^{89}$ Section 320.089(1)(b), F.S.
    ${ }^{90}$ Id.

[^18]:    ${ }^{91}$ http://www.purpleheart.org/HistoryOrder.aspx (Last visited January 28, 2019).
    ${ }_{93}^{92}$ Bronze Star Metal, https://www.thebalance.com/bronze-star-medal-3344939 (Last visited January 25, 2019).
    ${ }^{93}$ The license tax is provided in s. 320.08 , F.S.,
    ${ }^{94}$ Section 322.032(1), F.S.
    ${ }^{95}$ Section 322.032(2), F.S.
    ${ }^{96}$ Id.
    ${ }^{97}$ Id.
    ${ }^{98}$ Section 322.032(3), F.S.

[^19]:    ${ }^{99}$ Section 322.032(4), F.S.
    ${ }^{100}$ Section 775.082 , F.S.
    ${ }^{101}$ Section 775.083(1)(c), F.S.
    ${ }^{102}$ Section 775.084, F.S.
    ${ }^{103}$ Section 775.082, F.S.
    ${ }^{104}$ Section 775.083(1)(e), F.S.
    105 "Data-call" means an electronic transaction with the credential service provider that verifies the authenticity of an electronic credential by querying DHSMV data.

[^20]:    ${ }^{106}$ Email from Kevin Jacobs, Deputy Director of Legislative Affairs, Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles., RE., HBs 273/275 and 199/201, (January 24, 2019)

[^21]:    ${ }^{107}$ S. $320.08056(9)$, F.S.

