A bill to be entitled
An act relating to consultant pharmacists; amending s. 465.003, F.S.; revising the definition of the term "practice of the profession of pharmacy"; amending s. 465.0125, F.S.; requiring a pharmacist to complete additional training to be licensed as a consultant pharmacist; authorizing a consultant pharmacist to perform specified services under certain conditions; prohibiting a consultant pharmacist from modifying or discontinuing medicinal drugs prescribed by a health care practitioner under certain conditions; revising the responsibilities of a consultant pharmacist; requiring a consultant pharmacist and a collaborating practitioner to maintain written collaborative practice agreements; requiring written collaborative practice agreements to be made available upon request from or upon inspection by the Department of Health; prohibiting a consultant pharmacist from diagnosing any disease or condition; defining the term "health care facility"; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Subsection (13) of section 465.003, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
465.003 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

(13) "Practice of the profession of pharmacy" includes compounding, dispensing, and consulting concerning contents, therapeutic values, and uses of any medicinal drug; consulting concerning therapeutic values and interactions of patent or proprietary preparations, whether pursuant to prescriptions or in the absence and entirely independent of such prescriptions or orders; and conducting other pharmaceutical services. For purposes of this subsection, the term "other pharmaceutical services" means the monitoring of the patient's drug therapy and assisting the patient in the management of his or her drug therapy, and includes reviewing, and making recommendations regarding, review of the patient's drug therapy and health care status in communication with the patient's prescribing health care provider as licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, or chapter 466, or a similar statutory provision in another jurisdiction, or such provider's agent or such other persons as specifically authorized by the patient, regarding the drug therapy. However, nothing in this subsection may not be interpreted to permit an alteration of a prescriber's directions, the diagnosis or treatment of any disease, the initiation of any drug therapy, the practice of medicine, or the practice of osteopathic medicine, unless otherwise permitted by law. The term "practice of the profession of pharmacy" also includes any other act, service, operation, research, or
transaction incidental to, or forming a part of, any of the
foregoing acts, requiring, involving, or employing the science
or art of any branch of the pharmaceutical profession, study, or
training, and shall expressly permit a pharmacist to transmit
information from persons authorized to prescribe medicinal drugs
to their patients. The practice of the profession of pharmacy
also includes the administration of vaccines to adults pursuant
to s. 465.189 and the preparation of prepackaged drug products
in facilities holding Class III institutional pharmacy permits.
The term also includes the ordering and evaluating of any
laboratory or clinical testing; conducting patient assessments;
and modifying, discontinuing, or administering medicinal drugs
pursuant to s. 465.0125 by a consultant pharmacist.

Section 2. Section 465.0125, Florida Statutes, is amended
to read:

465.0125 Consultant pharmacist license; application,
renewal, fees; responsibilities; rules.—

(1) The department shall issue or renew a consultant
pharmacist license upon receipt of an initial or renewal
application that conforms to the requirements for
consultant pharmacist initial licensure or renewal as adopted
promulgated by the board by rule and a fee set by the board not
to exceed $250. To be licensed as a consultant pharmacist, a
pharmacist must complete additional training as required by the
board.
(a) A consultant pharmacist may provide medication management services in a health care facility within the framework of a written collaborative practice agreement between the pharmacist and a health care facility medical director or a physician licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, a podiatric physician licensed under chapter 461, or a dentist licensed under chapter 466 who is authorized to prescribe medicinal drugs. A consultant pharmacist may only provide medication management services, conduct patient assessments, and order and evaluate laboratory or clinical testing for patients of the health care practitioner with whom the consultant pharmacist has a written collaborative practice agreement.

(b) A written collaborative practice agreement must outline the circumstances under which the consultant pharmacist may:

1. Order and evaluate any laboratory or clinical tests to promote and evaluate patient health and wellness, and monitor drug therapy and treatment outcomes.

2. Conduct patient assessments as appropriate to evaluate and monitor drug therapy.

3. Modify or discontinue medicinal drugs as outlined in the agreed upon patient-specific order or preapproved treatment protocol under the direction of a physician. However, a consultant pharmacist may not modify or discontinue medicinal drugs prescribed by a health care practitioner who does not have
a written collaborative practice agreement with the consultant pharmacist.

4. Administer medicinal drugs.

   (c) The consultant pharmacist shall be responsible for maintaining all drug, patient care, and quality assurance records as required by law and, with the collaborating practitioner, shall maintain written collaborative practice agreements that must be available upon request from or upon inspection by the department.

   (d) This subsection does not authorize a consultant pharmacist to diagnose any disease or condition.

   (e) For purposes of this subsection, the term "health care facility" means an ambulatory surgical center or hospital licensed under chapter 395, an alcohol or chemical dependency treatment center licensed under chapter 397, an inpatient hospice licensed under part IV of chapter 400, a nursing home licensed under part II of chapter 400, an ambulatory care center as defined in s. 408.07, or a nursing home component under chapter 400 within a continuing care facility licensed under chapter 651 for establishing drug handling procedures for the safe handling and storage of drugs. The consultant pharmacist may also be responsible for ordering and evaluating any laboratory or clinical testing when, in the judgment of the consultant pharmacist, such activity is necessary for the proper performance of the consultant pharmacist's responsibilities.
Such laboratory or clinical testing may be ordered only with regard to patients residing in a nursing home facility, and then only when authorized by the medical director of the nursing home facility. The consultant pharmacist must have completed such additional training and demonstrate such additional qualifications in the practice of institutional pharmacy as shall be required by the board in addition to licensure as a registered pharmacist.

(2) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (1), a consultant pharmacist or a doctor of pharmacy licensed in this state may also be responsible for ordering and evaluating any laboratory or clinical testing for persons under the care of a licensed home health agency when, in the judgment of the consultant pharmacist or doctor of pharmacy, such activity is necessary for the proper performance of his or her responsibilities and only when authorized by a practitioner licensed under chapter 458, chapter 459, chapter 461, or chapter 466. In order for the consultant pharmacist or doctor of pharmacy to qualify and accept this authority, he or she must receive 3 hours of continuing education relating to laboratory and clinical testing as established by the board.

(3) The board shall adopt rules necessary to implement and administer this section.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2020.