

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate

House

Senator Bradley moved the following:

Senate Amendment to House Amendment (601895) (with title amendment) After line 74 insert: Section 3. Present subsection (10) of section 893.13, Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (11), and a new subsection (10) is added to that section, to read: 893.13 Prohibited acts; penalties.-(10) Notwithstanding chapter 921, any provision of this section, or any other law relating to the punishment for

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12	possessing, purchasing, or possessing with the intent to
13	purchase a controlled substance, a person who possesses,
14	purchases, or possesses with the intent to purchase any of the
15	following substances may not be imprisoned for a term longer
16	than 12 months:
17	(a) One gram or less of a mixture or substance containing a
18	detectable amount of heroin;
19	(b) One gram or less of a mixture or substance containing a
20	detectable amount of:
21	1. Coca leaves, except coca leaves and extracts of coca
22	leaves from which cocaine, ecgonine, and derivations of ecgonine
23	or their salts have been removed;
24	2. Cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and
25	salts of its isomers;
26	3. Ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers, and
27	salts of their isomers; or
28	4. Any compound, mixture, or preparation of any of the
29	substances described in subparagraph 1., subparagraph 2., or
30	subparagraph 3.;
31	(c) One-tenth gram or less of a mixture or substance
32	containing a detectable amount of phencyclidine (PCP);
33	(d) Five-hundred micrograms or less of a mixture or
34	substance containing a detectable amount of lysergic acid
35	diethylamide (LSD); or
36	(e) One gram or less of methamphetamine, its salts,
37	isomers, and salts of its isomers, or one gram of a mixture or
38	substance containing a detectable amount of methamphetamine, its
39	salts, isomers, or salts of its isomers.
40	Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section

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41	961.03, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (c) is added
42	to that subsection, to read:
43	961.03 Determination of status as a wrongfully incarcerated
44	person; determination of eligibility for compensation
45	(1)
46	(b) The person must file the petition with the court:
47	1. Within 2 years after the order vacating a conviction and
48	sentence becomes final and the criminal charges against the
49	person are dismissed or the person is retried and acquitted, if
50	the person's conviction and sentence is vacated on or after July
51	<u>1, 2020.</u>
52	2. By July 1, 2022, if the person's conviction and sentence
53	was vacated and the criminal charges against the person were
54	dismissed or the person was retried and acquitted on or after
55	January 1, 2006, but before July 1, 2020, and he or she
56	previously filed a petition under this section that was
57	dismissed or did not file a petition under this section because
58	the:
59	a. Date when the criminal charges against the person were
60	dismissed or the date the person was acquitted upon retrial
61	occurred more than 90 days after the date of the final order
62	vacating the conviction and sentence; or
63	b. Person was convicted of an unrelated felony before or
64	during his or her wrongful conviction and incarceration and was
65	ineligible for compensation under former s. 961.04.
66	(c) A deceased person's heirs, successors, or assigns do
67	not have standing to file a petition on the deceased person's
68	behalf under this section.
69	1. Within 90 days after the order vacating a conviction and



70	sentence becomes final if the person's conviction and sentence
71	is vacated on or after July 1, 2008.
72	2. By July 1, 2010, if the person's conviction and sentence
73	was vacated by an order that became final prior to July 1, 2008.
74	Section 5. Section 961.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to
75	read:
76	961.04 Eligibility for compensation for wrongful
77	incarcerationA wrongfully incarcerated person is not eligible
78	for compensation under the act for any period of incarceration
79	during which the person was concurrently serving a sentence for
80	a conviction of another crime for which such person was lawfully
81	incarcerated if:
82	(1) Before the person's wrongful conviction and
83	incarceration, the person was convicted of, or pled guilty or
84	nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, any violent
85	felony, or a crime committed in another jurisdiction the
86	elements of which would constitute a violent felony in this
87	state, or a crime committed against the United States which is
88	designated a violent felony, excluding any delinquency
89	disposition;
90	(2) Before the person's wrongful conviction and
91	incarceration, the person was convicted of, or pled guilty or
92	nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, more than one
93	felony that is not a violent felony, or more than one crime
94	committed in another jurisdiction, the elements of which would
95	constitute a felony in this state, or more than one crime
96	committed against the United States which is designated a
97	felony, excluding any delinquency disposition;
98	(3) During the person's wrongful incarceration, the person

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99 was convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, regardless of adjudication, any violent felony; 100 101 (4) During the person's wrongful incarceration, the person was convicted of, or pled guilty or nolo contendere to, 102 103 regardless of adjudication, more than one felony that is not a 104 violent_felony; or 105 (5) During the person's wrongful incarceration, the person 106 was also serving a concurrent sentence for another felony for 107 which the person was not wrongfully convicted. 108 Section 6. Section 961.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to 109 read: 110 961.06 Compensation for wrongful incarceration.-111 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this act and subject to 112 the limitations and procedures prescribed in this section, a 113 person who is found to be entitled to compensation under the 114 provisions of this act is entitled to: 115 (a) Monetary compensation for wrongful incarceration, which shall be calculated at a rate of \$50,000 for each year of 116 117 wrongful incarceration, prorated as necessary to account for a 118 portion of a year. For persons found to be wrongfully 119 incarcerated after December 31, 2005 2008, the Chief Financial 120 Officer may adjust the annual rate of compensation for inflation 121 using the change in the December-to-December "Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers" of the Bureau of Labor Statistics 122 123 of the Department of Labor; 124 (b) A waiver of tuition and fees for up to 120 hours of 125 instruction at any career center established under s. 1001.44, 126 any Florida College System institution as defined in s.

127 | 1000.21(3), or any state university as defined in s. 1000.21(6),

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128 if the wrongfully incarcerated person meets and maintains the 129 regular admission requirements of such career center, Florida 130 College System institution, or state university; remains 131 registered at such educational institution; and makes 132 satisfactory academic progress as defined by the educational 133 institution in which the claimant is enrolled;

(c) The amount of any fine, penalty, or court costs imposed and paid by the wrongfully incarcerated person;

(d) The amount of any reasonable <u>attorney</u> attorney's fees and expenses incurred and paid by the wrongfully incarcerated person in connection with all criminal proceedings and appeals regarding the wrongful conviction, to be calculated by the department based upon the supporting documentation submitted as specified in s. 961.05; and

142 (e) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in s. 143 943.0583 or s. 943.0585, immediate administrative expunction of 144 the person's criminal record resulting from his or her wrongful 145 arrest, wrongful conviction, and wrongful incarceration. The Department of Legal Affairs and the Department of Law 146 147 Enforcement shall, upon a determination that a claimant is 148 entitled to compensation, immediately take all action necessary 149 to administratively expunge the claimant's criminal record 150 arising from his or her wrongful arrest, wrongful conviction, 151 and wrongful incarceration. All fees for this process shall be 152 waived.

154 The total compensation awarded under paragraphs (a), (c), and 155 (d) may not exceed \$2 million. No further award for <u>attorney</u> 156 attorney's fees, lobbying fees, costs, or other similar expenses

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157 shall be made by the state.

> (2) In calculating monetary compensation under paragraph (1) (a), a wrongfully incarcerated person who is placed on parole or community supervision while serving the sentence resulting from the wrongful conviction and who commits no more than one felony that is not a violent felony which results in revocation of the parole or community supervision is eligible for compensation for the total number of years incarcerated. A wrongfully incarcerated person who commits one violent felony or more than one felony that is not a violent felony that results in revocation of the parole or community supervision is ineligible for any compensation under subsection (1).

> (2) (3) Within 15 calendar days after issuing notice to the claimant that his or her claim satisfies all of the requirements under this act, the department shall notify the Chief Financial Officer to draw a warrant from the General Revenue Fund or another source designated by the Legislature in law for the purchase of an annuity for the claimant based on the total amount determined by the department under this act.

(3) (4) The Chief Financial Officer shall issue payment in 177 the amount determined by the department to an insurance company or other financial institution admitted and authorized to issue 179 annuity contracts in this state to purchase an annuity or annuities, selected by the wrongfully incarcerated person, for a term of not less than 10 years. The Chief Financial Officer is 182 directed to execute all necessary agreements to implement this 183 act and to maximize the benefit to the wrongfully incarcerated 184 person. The terms of the annuity or annuities shall:

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(a) Provide that the annuity or annuities may not be sold,

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186 discounted, or used as security for a loan or mortgage by the 187 wrongfully incarcerated person.

(b) Contain beneficiary provisions for the continued
disbursement of the annuity or annuities in the event of the
death of the wrongfully incarcerated person.

191 (4) (5) If, at the time monetary compensation is determined 192 under paragraph (1)(a), a court has previously entered a 193 monetary judgment in favor of the claimant in a civil action 194 related to the claimant's wrongful incarceration, or the 195 claimant has entered into a settlement agreement with the state 196 or any political subdivision thereof related to the claimant's 197 wrongful incarceration, the amount of the damages in the civil 198 action or settlement agreement, less any sums paid for attorney 199 fees or for costs incurred in litigating the civil action or 200 obtaining the settlement agreement, shall be deducted from the 201 total monetary compensation to which the claimant is entitled 202 under this section Before the department approves the 203 application for compensation, the wrongfully incarcerated person 204 must sign a release and waiver on behalf of the wrongfully 205 incarcerated person and his or her heirs, successors, and 206 assigns, forever releasing the state or any agency, 207 instrumentality, or any political subdivision thereof, or any other entity subject to s. 768.28, from all present or future 208 209 claims that the wrongfully incarcerated person or his or her 210 heirs, successors, or assigns may have against such entities 211 arising out of the facts in connection with the wrongful 212 conviction for which compensation is being sought under the act. 213 (5) If subsection (4) does not apply, and if after the time 214 monetary compensation is determined under paragraph (1)(a) the

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215 court enters a monetary judgment in favor of the claimant in a 216 civil action related to the claimant's wrongful incarceration, 217 or the claimant enters into a settlement agreement with the 218 state or any political subdivision thereof related to the 219 claimant's wrongful incarceration, the claimant shall reimburse 220 the state for the monetary compensation in paragraph (1)(a), 221 less any sums paid for attorney fees or for costs incurred in 222 litigating the civil action or obtaining the settlement 223 agreement. A reimbursement required under this subsection shall 224 not exceed the amount of the monetary award the claimant 225 received for damages in a civil action or settlement agreement. 226 In the order of judgment, the court shall award to the state any 227 amount required to be deducted under this subsection. 228 (6) (a) The claimant shall notify the department upon filing 229 a civil action against the state or any political subdivision 230 thereof in which the claimant is seeking monetary damages 231 related to the claimant's wrongful incarceration for which he or 232 she previously received or is applying to receive compensation 233 under paragraph (1)(a). 234 (b) Upon notice of the claimant's civil action, the 235 department shall file in the case a notice of payment of 236 monetary compensation to the claimant under paragraph (1)(a). 237 The notice shall constitute a lien upon any monetary judgment or 2.38 settlement recovered under the civil action that is equal to the 239 sum of monetary compensation paid to the claimant under 240 paragraph (1)(a), less any attorney fees and costs incurred in 241 litigating the civil action or obtaining the settlement 242 agreement A wrongfully incarcerated person may not submit an 243 application for compensation under this act if the person has a



244 lawsuit pending against the state or any agency, 245 instrumentality, or any political subdivision thereof, or any 246 other entity subject to the provisions of s. 768.28, in state or 247 federal court requesting compensation arising out of the facts 248 in connection with the claimant's conviction and incarceration.

(7) (a) (b) A wrongfully incarcerated person may not submit an application for compensation under this act if the person is the subject of a claim bill pending for claims arising out of the facts in connection with the claimant's conviction and incarceration.

(b)(c) Once an application is filed under this act, a wrongfully incarcerated person may not pursue recovery under a claim bill until the final disposition of the application.

(c) (d) Any amount awarded under this act is intended to provide the sole compensation for any and all present and future claims arising out of the facts in connection with the claimant's conviction and incarceration. Upon notification by the department that an application meets the requirements of this act, a wrongfully incarcerated person may not recover under a claim bill.

(d) (e) Any compensation awarded under a claim bill shall be the sole redress for claims arising out of the facts in connection with the claimant's conviction and incarceration and, upon any award of compensation to a wrongfully incarcerated person under a claim bill, the person may not receive compensation under this act.

(8) (7) Any payment made under this act does not constitute a waiver of any defense of sovereign immunity or an increase in the limits of liability on behalf of the state or any person

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273 subject to the provisions of s. 768.28 or other law.

274 Section 7. Section 961.07, Florida Statutes, is amended to 275 read:

961.07 Continuing appropriation.-

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(1) Beginning in the 2020-2021 2008-2009 fiscal year and continuing each fiscal year thereafter, a sum sufficient to pay the approved payments under <u>s. 961.03(1)(b)1</u>. this act is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund to the Chief Financial Officer, which sum is further appropriated for expenditure pursuant to the provisions of this act.

(2) Payments for petitions filed pursuant to s. 961.03(1)(b)2. are subject to specific appropriation.

Section 8. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 961.04, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (4) of section 961.02, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

961.02 Definitions.-As used in ss. 961.01-961.07, the term:

(4) "Eligible for compensation" means that a person meets the definition of the term "wrongfully incarcerated person" and is not disqualified from seeking compensation under the criteria prescribed in s. 961.04.

294 Section 9. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 295 made by this act to section 961.04, Florida Statutes, in 296 references thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and 297 subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section 961.03, Florida 298 Statutes, are reenacted to read:

299 961.03 Determination of status as a wrongfully incarcerated 300 person; determination of eligibility for compensation.-

(1)(a) In order to meet the definition of a "wrongfully

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302 incarcerated person" and "eligible for compensation," upon entry 303 of an order, based upon exonerating evidence, vacating a conviction and sentence, a person must set forth the claim of 304 305 wrongful incarceration under oath and with particularity by 306 filing a petition with the original sentencing court, with a 307 copy of the petition and proper notice to the prosecuting authority in the underlying felony for which the person was 308 incarcerated. At a minimum, the petition must: 309

310 1. State that verifiable and substantial evidence of actual 311 innocence exists and state with particularity the nature and 312 significance of the verifiable and substantial evidence of 313 actual innocence; and

2. State that the person is not disqualified, under the provisions of s. 961.04, from seeking compensation under this act.

(2) The prosecuting authority must respond to the petitionwithin 30 days. The prosecuting authority may respond:

(a) By certifying to the court that, based upon the petition and verifiable and substantial evidence of actual innocence, no further criminal proceedings in the case at bar can or will be initiated by the prosecuting authority, that no questions of fact remain as to the petitioner's wrongful incarceration, and that the petitioner is not ineligible from seeking compensation under the provisions of s. 961.04; or

(b) By contesting the nature, significance, or effect of the evidence of actual innocence, the facts related to the petitioner's alleged wrongful incarceration, or whether the petitioner is ineligible from seeking compensation under the provisions of s. 961.04.

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331 (3) If the prosecuting authority responds as set forth in 332 paragraph (2)(a), the original sentencing court, based upon the 333 evidence of actual innocence, the prosecuting authority's 334 certification, and upon the court's finding that the petitioner 335 has presented clear and convincing evidence that the petitioner 336 committed neither the act nor the offense that served as the basis for the conviction and incarceration, and that the 337 338 petitioner did not aid, abet, or act as an accomplice to a person who committed the act or offense, shall certify to the 339 340 department that the petitioner is a wrongfully incarcerated 341 person as defined by this act. Based upon the prosecuting 342 authority's certification, the court shall also certify to the 343 department that the petitioner is eligible for compensation 344 under the provisions of s. 961.04.

345 (4) (a) If the prosecuting authority responds as set forth 346 in paragraph (2)(b), the original sentencing court shall make a 347 determination from the pleadings and supporting documentation 348 whether, by a preponderance of the evidence, the petitioner is ineligible for compensation under the provisions of s. 961.04, 349 350 regardless of his or her claim of wrongful incarceration. If the 351 court finds the petitioner ineligible under the provisions of s. 352 961.04, it shall dismiss the petition.

353 (b) If the prosecuting authority responds as set forth in 354 paragraph (2)(b), and the court determines that the petitioner 355 is eligible under the provisions of s. 961.04, but the 356 prosecuting authority contests the nature, significance or 357 effect of the evidence of actual innocence, or the facts related 358 to the petitioner's alleged wrongful incarceration, the court 359 shall set forth its findings and transfer the petition by

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360 electronic means through the division's website to the division 361 for findings of fact and a recommended determination of whether 362 the petitioner has established that he or she is a wrongfully 363 incarcerated person who is eligible for compensation under this 364 act. 365 366 367 And the title is amended as follows: Delete lines 78 - 85 368 369 and insert: Remove lines 2-27 and insert: 370 371 An act relating to criminal justice; amending s. 372 20.316, F.S.; revising the name of a program and 373 creating an additional program within the Department 374 of Juvenile Justice; conforming a provision to changes 375 made by the act; amending and reenacting s. 943.0585, 376 F.S.; expanding an exception to an eligibility 377 requirement for expunction of a criminal history 378 record to allow a prior expunction of a criminal 379 history record granted for an offense committed when 380 the person was a minor; providing an exception; 381 amending s. 893.13, F.S.; prohibiting the imprisonment 382 for longer than a certain time for persons who possess, purchase, or possess with the intent to 383 384 purchase less than specified amounts of certain 385 substances; providing exceptions; amending s. 961.03, 386 F.S.; extending the filing deadline for a petition 387 claiming wrongful incarceration; providing limited retroactivity for filing a petition claiming wrongful 388

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389 incarceration; providing that a deceased person's 390 heirs, successors, or assigns do not have standing to 391 file a claim related to the wrongful incarceration of 392 the deceased person; amending s. 961.04, F.S.; 393 revising eligibility for compensation for wrongful 394 incarceration for a wrongfully incarcerated person; 395 amending s. 961.06, F.S.; authorizing the Chief 396 Financial Officer to adjust compensation for inflation 397 for additional wrongfully incarcerated persons; 398 revising conditions for eligibility for compensation 399 for wrongful incarceration; requiring the state to 400 deduct the amount of a civil award from the state 401 compensation amount owed if the claimant first 402 receives a civil award; deleting a requirement that a 403 wrongfully incarcerated person sign a liability 404 release before receiving compensation; requiring a 405 claimant to reimburse the state for any difference 406 between state compensation and a civil award if the 407 claimant receives statutory compensation before a 408 civil award; deleting provisions prohibiting an 409 application for compensation if the applicant has a 410 pending civil suit requesting compensation; requiring 411 a claimant to notify the Department of Legal Affairs 412 upon filing a civil action; requiring the department 413 to file a notice of payment of monetary compensation 414 in the civil action; amending s. 961.07, F.S.; 415 specifying that payments for certain petitions filed 416 under the Victims of Wrongful Incarceration Act are 417 subject to specific appropriation; reenacting ss.

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418 961.02(4) and 961.03(1)(a), (2), (3), and (4), F.S., 419 all relating to eligibility for compensation for wrongfully incarcerated persons, to incorporate the 420 421 amendment made to s. 961.04, F.S., in references 422 thereto; repealing s. 985.686, F.S., relating to 423 shared county and state responsibility for juvenile 424 detention; amending s. 985.6865, F.S.; deleting 425 provisions relating to legislative findings and 42.6 legislative intent; deleting a provision requiring 427 each county that is not a fiscally constrained county 428 to pay its annual percentage share of the total shared 429 detention costs; requiring the Department of Juvenile 430 Justice to calculate and provide to each county that 431 is not a fiscally constrained county and that does not 432 provide its own detention care for juveniles its 433 annual percentage share; requiring each county that is 434 not a fiscally constrained county and that does not 435 provide its own detention care for juveniles to 436 incorporate into its annual budget sufficient funds to 437 pay its annual percentage share; conforming a 438 provision to changes made by the act; conforming a 439 cross-reference; amending s. 943.0582, F.S.; deleting 440 a requirement that limits diversion program expunction 441 to programs for misdemeanor offenses; amending s. 442 985.126, F.S.; conforming a provision to changes made 443 by the act; providing an effective date.