

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
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Floor: 1/AD/2R	•	
04/21/2021 10:55 AM	•	
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Senator Berman moved the following:

Senate Amendment

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Delete lines 862 - 1063

and insert:

- (b) Entry of a decree of legal separation maintenance by a court of competent jurisdiction in another state that recognizes legal separation or maintenance under its laws.
- (5) "During marriage" means a period that begins at marriage and ends upon the dissolution of marriage or upon the death of a spouse.
 - (6) "Qualified trustee" means either:



12 (a) A natural person who is a resident of the state; or 13 (b) A company authorized to act as a trustee in the state. 14 15 A qualified trustee's powers include, but are not limited to, 16 maintaining records for the trust on an exclusive or a 17 nonexclusive basis and preparing or arranging for the preparation of, on an exclusive or a nonexclusive basis, any 18 19 income tax returns that must be filed by the trust. 20 (7) "Settlor spouses" means a married couple who 21 establishes a community property trust pursuant to this part. 22 Section 31. Section 736.1503, Florida Statutes, is created 23 to read: 24 736.1503 Requirements for community property trust.—An 25 arrangement is a community property trust if one or both settlor 26 spouses transfer property to a trust that: 27 (1) Expressly declares that the trust is a community 28 property trust within the meaning of this part. 29 (2) Has at least one trustee who is a qualified trustee, 30 provided that both spouses or either spouse also may be a 31 trustee. 32 (3) Is signed by both settlor spouses consistent with the 33 formalities required for the execution of a trust under this 34 chapter. 35 (4) Contains substantially the following language in 36 capital letters at the beginning of the community property trust 37 agreement: 38 39 THE CONSEQUENCES OF THIS COMMUNITY PROPERTY TRUST MAY 40 BE VERY EXTENSIVE, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, YOUR



RIGHTS WITH RESPECT TO CREDITORS AND OTHER THIRD PARTIES, AND YOUR RIGHTS WITH YOUR SPOUSE DURING THE COURSE OF YOUR MARRIAGE, AT THE TIME OF A DIVORCE, AND UPON THE DEATH OF YOU OR YOUR SPOUSE. ACCORDINGLY, THIS TRUST AGREEMENT SHOULD BE SIGNED ONLY AFTER CAREFUL CONSIDERATION. IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS ABOUT THIS TRUST AGREEMENT, YOU SHOULD SEEK COMPETENT AND INDEPENDENT LEGAL ADVICE. ALTHOUGH NOT A REQUIREMENT, IT IS STRONGLY ADVISABLE THAT EACH SPOUSE OBTAIN THEIR OWN SEPARATE LEGAL COUNSEL PRIOR TO THE EXECUTION OF THIS TRUST.

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Section 32. Section 736.1504, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

736.1504 Agreement establishing community property trust; amendments and revocation. -

- (1) In the agreement establishing a community property trust, the settlor spouses may agree upon:
- (a) The rights and obligations in the property transferred to the trust, notwithstanding when and where the property is acquired or located.
- (b) The management and control of the property transferred into the trust.
- (c) The disposition of the property transferred to the trust on dissolution, death, or the occurrence or nonoccurrence of another event, subject to ss. 736.1507 and 736.1508.
 - (d) Whether the trust is revocable or irrevocable.
- (e) Any other matter that affects the property transferred to the trust and does not violate public policy or general law

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imposing a criminal penalty, or result in the property not being treated as community property under the laws of a relevant jurisdiction.

- (2) In the event of the death of a settlor spouse, the surviving spouse may amend a community property trust regarding the disposition of that spouse's one-half share of the community property, regardless of whether the agreement provides that the community property trust is irrevocable.
- (3) A community property trust may be amended or revoked by the settlor spouses unless the agreement itself specifically provides that the community property trust is irrevocable.
- (4) Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, the settlor spouses shall be deemed to be the only qualified beneficiaries of a community property trust until the death of one of the settlor spouses, regardless of whether the trust is revocable or irrevocable. After the death of one of the settlor spouses, the surviving spouse shall be deemed to be the only qualified beneficiary as to his or her share of the community property trust.

Section 33. Section 736.1505, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

736.1505 Classification of property as community property; enforcement; duration; management and control; effect of distributions.-

(1) Whether both, one, or neither is domiciled in the state, settlor spouses may classify any or all of their property as community property by transferring that property to a community property trust and providing in the trust that the property is community property pursuant to this part.



99 (2) A community property trust is enforceable without 100 consideration. (3) All property owned by a community property trust is 101 102 community property under the laws of the state during the 103 marriage of the settlor spouses. 104 (4) The right to manage and control property that is transferred to a community property trust is determined by the 105 106 terms of the trust agreement. 107 (5) When property is distributed from a community property 108 trust, the property shall no longer constitute community 109 property within the meaning of this part, provided that 110 community property as classified by a jurisdiction other than 111 the state retains its character as community property to the 112 extent otherwise provided by ss. 732.216-732.228. 113 Section 34. Section 736.1506, Florida Statutes, is created 114 to read: 115 736.1506 Satisfaction of obligations.—Except as provided in 116 s. 4, Art. X of the State Constitution: 117 (1) An obligation solely incurred by one settlor spouse 118 before or during the marriage may be satisfied from that settlor 119 spouse's one-half share of a community property trust, unless 120 otherwise provided in the community property trust agreement. 121 (2) An obligation incurred by both spouses during the 122 marriage may be satisfied from a community property trust of the 123 settlor spouses. 124 Section 35. Section 736.1507, Florida Statutes, is created 125 to read: 126 736.1507 Death of a spouse. - Upon the death of a spouse, 127 one-half of the aggregate value of the property held in a

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community property trust established by the settlor spouses reflects the share of the surviving spouse and is not subject to testamentary disposition by the decedent spouse or distribution under the laws of succession of the state. The other one-half of the value of that property reflects the share of the decedent spouse and is subject to testamentary disposition or distribution under the laws of succession of the state. Unless provided otherwise in the community property trust agreement, the trustee has the power to distribute assets of the trust in divided or undivided interests and to adjust resulting differences in valuation. A distribution in kind may be made on the basis of a non-pro rata division of the aggregate value of the trust assets, on the basis of a pro rata division of each individual asset, or by using both methods. The decedent's spouse's one-half share shall not be included in the elective estate.

Section 36. Section 736.1508, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

736.1508 Dissolution of marriage.

- (1) Upon the dissolution of the marriage of the settlor spouses, the community property trust shall terminate and the trustee shall distribute one-half of the trust assets to each spouse in accordance with subsection (3). For purposes of this act, s. 61.075 does not apply to the disposition of the assets and liabilities held in a community property trust.
- (2) The initiation of an action to dissolve the settlor spouses' marriage does not automatically terminate the community property trust unless otherwise agreed to by the settlor spouses in writing or otherwise ordered by the court having jurisdiction

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over the dissolution proceedings between the settlor spouses. However, if an action to dissolve the settlor spouses' marriage remains pending for 180 days, the trust automatically terminates and the trustee must distribute one-half of the trust assets to each spouse in accordance with subsection (3), unless any of the following apply:

- (a) A settlor spouse objects to the termination within 180 days following the filing of the dissolution action. At which time, either party may request that the court having jurisdiction over the dissolution proceedings between the settlor spouses determine if good cause exists to terminate the community property trust during the pendency of the dissolution of marriage action.
- (b) The court having jurisdiction over the dissolution proceedings between the settlor spouses enters an order directing otherwise.
- (c) The settlor spouses otherwise agree, in writing, while the dissolution of marriage action is pending.
- (d) The community property trust agreement provides otherwise.
- (3) Unless provided otherwise in the community property trust agreement, the trustee has the power to distribute assets of the trust in divided or undivided interests and to adjust resulting differences in valuation. A distribution in kind may be made on the basis of a non-pro rata division of the aggregate value of the trust assets, on the basis of a pro rata division of each individual asset, or by using both methods. A trustee may not distribute real property or business interests in a manner that would leave the settlor spouses as co-owners of such

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assets post dissolution of the settlor spouses' marriage or termination of the community property trust, unless otherwise agreed to by the settlor spouses in a separate written agreement executed during the dissolution of marriage action. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the community property trust agreement cannot be terminated, and the assets cannot be distributed, in a manner that could cause the trust assets to not be treated as community property. (4) The court having jurisdiction over the dissolution matter jurisdiction over the settlor spouses and the trustee of

proceedings between the settlor spouses has personal and subject the community property trust for the purpose of effectuating the distribution of the community property trust assets consistent with the terms of the community property trust agreement, in a manner ensuring that the trust assets retain their community property character.

Section 37. Section 736.1509, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

736.1509 Right of child to support.—A community property trust does not adversely affect the right of a child of the settlor spouses to support, pursuant to s. 61.30 or the applicable law of another jurisdiction, that either spouse would be required to give under the applicable laws of the settlor spouses' state of domicile.

Section 38. Section 736.151, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

736.151 Homestead property.-

(1) Property that is transferred to or acquired subject to a community property trust may continue to qualify or may



215 initially qualify as the settlor spouses' homestead within the meaning of s. 4(a)(1), Art. X of the State Constitution and for 216 all purposes of general law, provided that the property would 217 218 qualify as the settlor spouses' homestead if title was held in 219 one or both of the settlor spouses' individual names. 220 (2) The settlor spouses shall be deemed to have beneficial 221 title in equity to the homestead property held subject to a 222 community property trust for all purposes, including for 223 purposes of s. 196.031. Section 39. Section 736.1511, Florida Statutes, is created 224 225 to read: 226 736.1511 Application of Internal Revenue Code; community 227 property classified by another jurisdiction. - For purposes of the 228 application of s. 1014(b)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code of 229 1986, 26 U.S.C. s. 1014(b)(6), as of January 1, 2021, a 230 community property trust is considered a trust established under 231 the community property laws of the state. Community property, as 232 classified by a jurisdiction other than this state, which is 233 transferred to a community property trust retains its character 234 as community property while in the trust. If the trust is 235 revoked and property is transferred on revocation of the trust, the community property as classified by a jurisdiction other 236 237 than the state retains its character as community property to 238 the extent otherwise provided by ss. 732.216-732.228. 239 Section 40. Section 736.1512, Florida Statutes, is created 240 to read: 241 736.1512 Unenforceable trusts.-

not enforceable if the spouse against whom enforcement is sought Page 9 of 10

(1) A community property trust executed during marriage is

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244	proves that:
245	(a) The trust was unconscionable when made;
246	(b) The spouse against whom enforcement is sought did not
247	execute the community property trust agreement voluntarily;
248	(c) The community property trust agreement was the product
249	of fraud, duress, coercion, or overreaching; or
250	(d) Before execution of the community property trust
251	agreement, the spouse against whom enforcement is sought:
252	1. Was not given a fair and reasonable disclosure of the
253	property and financial obligations of the other spouse.
254	2. Did not voluntarily sign a written waiver expressly
255	waiving right to disclosure of the property and financial
256	obligations of the other spouse beyond the disclosure provided.
257	3. Did not have notice of the property or financial
258	obligations of the other spouse.
259	(2) Whether a community property trust is unconscionable
260	shall be determined by a court as a matter of law.
261	(3) A community property trust may not be deemed
262	unenforceable solely on the fact that the settlor spouses did
263	not have separate legal representation when executing the
264	community property trust agreement.