House

Florida Senate - 2021 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 1954



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate

Floor: 1/AD/2R 04/07/2021 05:02 PM

Senator Rodrigues moved the following:

Senate Amendment

Delete lines 115 - 323

and insert:

(c) A vulnerability assessment conducted pursuant to paragraph (b) must encompass the entire county or municipality; include all critical assets owned or maintained by the grant applicant; and use the most recent publicly available Digital Elevation Model and generally accepted analysis and modeling

techniques. An assessment may encompass a smaller geographic

area or include only a portion of the critical assets owned or

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Florida Senate - 2021 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 1954



12	maintained by the grant applicant with appropriate rationale and
13	upon approval by the department. Locally collected elevation
14	data may also be included as part of the assessment as long as
15	it is submitted to the department pursuant to this paragraph.
16	1. The assessment must include an analysis of the
17	vulnerability of and risks to critical assets, including
18	regionally significant assets, owned or managed by the county or
19	municipality.
20	2. Upon completion of a vulnerability assessment, the
21	county or municipality shall submit to the department the
22	following:
23	a. A report detailing the findings of the assessment.
24	b. All electronic mapping data used to illustrate flooding
25	and sea level rise impacts identified in the assessment. When
26	submitting such data, the county or municipality shall include:
27	(I) Geospatial data in an electronic file format suitable
28	for input to the department's mapping tool.
29	(II) Geographic information system data that has been
30	projected into the appropriate Florida State Plane Coordinate
31	System and that is suitable for the department's mapping tool.
32	The county or municipality must also submit metadata using
33	standards prescribed by the department.
34	c. A list of critical assets, including regionally
35	significant assets, that are impacted by flooding and sea level
36	rise.
37	(d) A vulnerability assessment conducted pursuant to
38	paragraph (b) must include all of the following, if applicable:
39	1. Peril of flood comprehensive plan amendments that
40	address the requirements of s. 163.3178(2)(f), if the county or

Florida Senate - 2021 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 1954

132074

41	municipality is subject to such requirements and has not
42	complied with such requirements as determined by the Department
43	of Economic Opportunity.
44	2. The depth of:
45	a. Tidal flooding, including future high tide flooding,
46	which must use thresholds published and provided by the
47	department. To the extent practicable, the analysis should also
48	geographically display the number of tidal flood days expected
49	for each scenario and planning horizon.
50	b. Current and future storm surge flooding using publicly
51	available National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration or
52	Federal Emergency Management Agency storm surge data. The
53	initial storm surge event used must equal or exceed the current
54	100-year flood event. Higher frequency storm events may be
55	analyzed to understand the exposure of a critical asset.
56	c. To the extent practicable, rainfall-induced flooding
57	using spatiotemporal analysis or existing hydrologic and
58	hydraulic modeling results. Future boundary conditions should be
59	modified to consider sea level rise and high tide conditions.
60	d. To the extent practicable, compound flooding or the
61	combination of tidal, storm surge, and rainfall-induced
62	flooding.
63	3. The following scenarios and standards:
64	a. All analyses in the North American Vertical Datum of
65	<u>1988.</u>
66	b. At least two local sea level rise scenarios, which must
67	include the 2017 National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
68	intermediate-low and intermediate-high sea level rise
69	projections.

Page 3 of 9

Florida Senate - 2021 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 1954

132074

70	c. At least two planning horizons that include planning
71	horizons for the years 2040 and 2070.
72	d. Local sea level data that has been interpolated between
73	the two closest National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
74	tide gauges. Local sea level data may be taken from one such
75	gauge if the gauge has a higher mean sea level. Data taken from
76	an alternate tide gauge may be used with appropriate rationale
77	and department approval, as long as it is publicly available or
78	submitted to the department pursuant to paragraph (b).
79	(4) COMPREHENSIVE STATEWIDE FLOOD VULNERABILITY AND SEA
80	LEVEL RISE DATA SET AND ASSESSMENT
81	(a) By July 1, 2022, the department shall complete the
82	development of a comprehensive statewide flood vulnerability and
83	sea level rise data set sufficient to conduct a comprehensive
84	statewide flood vulnerability and sea level rise assessment. In
85	developing the data set, the department shall compile, analyze,
86	and incorporate, as appropriate, information related to
87	vulnerability assessments submitted to the department pursuant
88	to subsection (3) or any previously completed assessments that
89	meet the requirements of subsection (3).
90	1. The Chief Science Officer shall, in coordination with
91	necessary experts and resources, develop statewide sea level
92	rise projections that incorporate temporal and spatial
93	variability, to the extent practicable, for inclusion in the
94	data set. This subparagraph does not supersede regionally
95	adopted projections.
96	2. The data set must include information necessary to
97	determine the risks to inland and coastal communities,
98	including, but not limited to, elevation, tidal levels, and

Florida Senate - 2021 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 1954

132074

99	precipitation.
100	(b) By July 1, 2023, the department shall complete a
101	comprehensive statewide flood vulnerability and sea level rise
102	assessment that identifies inland and coastal infrastructure,
103	geographic areas, and communities in the state that are
104	vulnerable to flooding and sea level rise and the associated
105	risks.
106	1. The department shall use the comprehensive statewide
107	flood vulnerability and sea level rise data set to conduct the
108	assessment.
109	2. The assessment must incorporate local and regional
110	analyses of vulnerabilities and risks, including, as
111	appropriate, local mitigation strategies and postdisaster
112	redevelopment plans.
113	3. The assessment must include an inventory of critical
114	assets, including regionally significant assets, that are
115	essential for critical government and business functions,
116	national security, public health and safety, the economy, flood
117	and storm protection, water quality management, and wildlife
118	habitat management, and must identify and analyze the
119	vulnerability of and risks to such critical assets. When
120	identifying critical assets for inclusion in the assessment, the
121	department shall also take into consideration the critical
122	assets identified by local governments and submitted to the
123	department pursuant to subsection (3).
124	(c) The department shall update the comprehensive statewide
125	flood vulnerability and sea level rise data set and assessment
126	every 5 years. The department may update the data set and
127	assessment more frequently if it determines that updates are

Florida Senate - 2021 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 1954

132074

128 necessary to maintain the validity of the data set and 129 assessment. 130 (5) STATEWIDE FLOODING AND SEA LEVEL RISE RESILIENCE PLAN.-131 (a) By December 1, 2021, and each December 1 thereafter, 132 the department shall develop a Statewide Flooding and Sea Level 133 Rise Resilience Plan on a 3-year planning horizon and submit it 134 to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of 135 the House of Representatives. The plan must consist of ranked 136 projects that address risks of flooding and sea level rise to 137 coastal and inland communities in the state. 138 (b) The plan submitted by December 1, 2021, before the 139 comprehensive statewide flood vulnerability and sea level rise 140 assessment is completed, will be a preliminary plan that 141 addresses risks of flooding and sea level rise identified in 142 available local government vulnerability assessments. The plan 143 submitted by December 1, 2022, will be an update to the 144 preliminary plan. The plan submitted by December 1, 2023, and 145 each plan submitted by December 1 thereafter, shall address 146 risks of flooding and sea level rise identified in the 147 comprehensive statewide flood vulnerability and sea level rise 148 assessment. 149 (c) Each plan submitted by the department pursuant to this 150 subsection must include the following information for each 151 recommended project: 152 1. A description of the project. 153 2. The location of the project. 154 3. An estimate of how long the project will take to 155 complete. 156 4. An estimate of the cost of the project.

Page 6 of 9

Florida Senate - 2021 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 1954

132074

157	5. The cost-share percentage available for the project.
158	6. A summary of the priority score assigned to the project.
159	7. The project sponsor.
160	(d)1. By September 1, 2021, and each September 1
161	thereafter, counties and municipalities may submit to the
162	department a list of proposed projects that address risks of
163	flooding or sea level rise identified in vulnerability
164	assessments that meet the requirements of subsection (3). A
165	regional resilience entity may also submit such proposed
166	projects to the department on behalf of one or more member
167	counties or municipalities.
168	2. By September 1, 2021, and each September 1 thereafter,
169	each water management district and flood control district may
170	submit to the department a list of any proposed projects that
171	mitigate the risks of flooding or sea level rise on water
172	supplies or water resources of the state and a corresponding
173	evaluation of each project.
174	3. Each project submitted to the department by a county,
175	municipality, regional resilience entity, water management
176	district, or flood control district for consideration by the
177	department for inclusion in the plan must include:
178	a. A description of the project.
179	b. The location of the project.
180	c. An estimate of how long the project will take to
181	complete.
182	d. An estimate of the cost of the project.
183	e. The cost-share percentage available for the project.
184	f. The project sponsor.
185	(e) Each project included in the plan must have a minimum

Page 7 of 9

Florida Senate - 2021 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 1954

132074

50 percent cost-share unless the project assists or is within a 186 financially disadvantaged small community. For purposes of this 187 188 section, the term "financially disadvantaged small community" 189 means: 190 1. A municipality that has a population of 10,000 or fewer, according to the most recent April 1 population estimates posted 191 on the Office of Economic and Demographic Research's website, 192 193 and a per capita annual income that is less than the state's per capita annual income as shown in the most recent release from 194 195 the Bureau of the Census of the United States Department of 196 Commerce that includes both measurements; or 197 2. A county that has a population of 50,000 or fewer, 198 according to the most recent April 1 population estimates posted 199 on the Office of Economic and Demographic Research's website, 200 and a per capita annual income that is less than the state's per 201 capita annual income as shown in the most recent release from 202 the Bureau of the Census of the United States Department of 203 Commerce that includes both measurements. 204 (f) To be eligible for inclusion in the plan, a project 205 must have been submitted by a county, municipality, regional 206 resilience entity, water management district, or flood control 207 district pursuant to paragraph (d) or must have been identified 208 in the comprehensive statewide flood vulnerability and sea level 209 rise assessment, as applicable. 210 (g) Expenses ineligible for inclusion in the plan include, 211 but are not limited to, expenses associated with: 212 1. Aesthetic vegetation. 213 2. Recreational structures such as piers, docks, and 214 boardwalks.

Florida Senate - 2021 Bill No. CS for CS for SB 1954



215	3. Water quality components of stormwater and wastewater
216	management systems, except for expenses to mitigate water
217	quality impacts caused by the project or expenses related to
218	water quality which are necessary to obtain a permit for the
219	project.