House

Florida Senate - 2021 Bill No. CS for SB 76

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LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RS 03/10/2021

The Committee on Judiciary (Boyd and Brandes) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Subsections (3) and (4) are added to section 626.9373, Florida Statutes, to read: 626.9373 Attorney's fees.-

(3) In an award of attorney fees under this section for a claim arising under a property insurance policy, a strong presumption is created that a lodestar fee is sufficient and

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11	reasonable. Such presumption may be rebutted only in a rare and
12	exceptional circumstance with evidence that competent counsel
13	could not be retained in a reasonable manner.
14	(4)(a) As used in this subsection, the term:
15	1. "Claimant" means an insured or assignee who is filing
16	suit under a property insurance policy.
17	2. "Demand" means the specific amount alleged to be owed by
18	the insurer to the claimant under the property insurance policy.
19	3. "Demand-judgment quotient" means the quotient obtained
20	by dividing the judgment by the demand.
21	4. "Incurred attorney fees" means the total amount of
22	attorney fees supported by sufficient evidence and determined by
23	the court to have been incurred by the claimant in bringing the
24	action.
25	5. "Judgment" means damages recovered, if any, but does not
26	include any amount awarded for attorney fees, costs, or
27	interest.
28	(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in a suit
29	arising under a residential or commercial property insurance
30	policy, attorney fees and costs may be recovered by a claimant
31	only pursuant to s. 57.105 and this subsection. Attorney fees
32	may be awarded to a claimant under this section as follows:
33	1. If the demand-judgment quotient is greater than or equal
34	to 0.8, the full amount of incurred attorney fees may be
35	awarded.
36	2. If the demand-judgment quotient is equal to or greater
37	than 0.2 but less than 0.8, the attorney fees must equal the
38	product of multiplying the incurred attorney fees by the demand-
39	judgment quotient.

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40	3. If the demand-judgment quotient is less than 0.2,
41	attorney fees may not be awarded.
42	Section 2. Subsection (4) is added to section 627.428,
43	Florida Statutes, to read:
44	627.428 Attorney fees
45	(4) In an award of attorney fees under this section for a
46	claim arising under a property insurance policy, a strong
47	presumption is created that a lodestar fee is sufficient and
48	reasonable. Such presumption may be rebutted only in a rare and
49	exceptional circumstance with evidence that competent counsel
50	could not be retained in a reasonable manner.
51	Section 3. Paragraphs (f), (g), and (h) are added to
52	subsection (5) of section 627.7011, Florida Statutes, to read:
53	627.7011 Homeowners' policies; offer of replacement cost
54	coverage and law and ordinance coverage
55	(5) This section does not:
56	(f) Prohibit an insurer, notwithstanding paragraph (1)(a),
57	from providing limited coverage on a personal lines residential
58	property insurance policy by including a roof surface
59	reimbursement schedule. If included in the policy, a roof
60	surface reimbursement schedule must do all of the following:
61	1. Provide reimbursement for repair, replacement, and
62	installation based on the annual age of a roof surface type.
63	2. Provide full replacement coverage for any roof surface
64	type less than 10 years old.
65	3. Unless otherwise demonstrated to the office to be
66	actuarially justified, provide for reimbursement amounts of no
67	less than:
68	a. Seventy percent for a metal roof type.

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69	b. Forty percent for a concrete tile and clay tile roof
70	type.
71	c. Forty percent for a wood shake and wood shingle roof
72	type.
73	d. Twenty-five percent for all other roof types.
74	4. Include at the top of the schedule, in bold type no
75	smaller than 12 points, the following statement:
76	
77	"PLEASE DISCUSS WITH YOUR INSURANCE AGENT. YOU ARE ELECTING TO
78	PURCHASE COVERAGE ON YOUR ROOF ACCORDING TO A ROOF SURFACE
79	REIMBURSEMENT SCHEDULE. IF YOUR ROOF IS DAMAGED BY A COVERED
80	PERIL, YOU WILL RECEIVE A PAYMENT AMOUNT FOR YOUR ROOF ACCORDING
81	TO THE SCHEDULE BELOW. BE ADVISED THAT THIS MAY RESULT IN YOU
82	HAVING TO PAY SIGNIFICANT COSTS TO REPAIR OR REPLACE YOUR ROOF.
83	PLEASE DISCUSS WITH YOUR INSURANCE AGENT."
84	
85	5. Allow for all actuarially sound methods of s. 627.062 to
86	apply.
87	6. Be approved by the office.
88	7. Be provided to the insured with the policy documents at
89	issuance and renewal.
90	
91	A roof surface reimbursement schedule may not be applied to a
92	roof if there is a total loss to a primary structure in
93	accordance with the valued policy law under s. 627.702 which is
94	caused by a covered peril.
95	(g) Prohibit an insurer that provides roof reimbursement on
96	the basis of a roof surface reimbursement schedule from also
97	offering roof reimbursement on the basis of replacement costs.

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(h) Prohibit an insurer, notwithstanding paragraph (1) (a), from providing coverage on a personal lines residential property insurance policy by limiting coverage for a roof to a stated value sublimit of coverage.

Section 4. Section 627.70132, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

104 627.70132 Notice of property insurance windstorm or 105 hurricane claim.-A claim, supplemental claim, or reopened claim 106 under an insurance policy that provides property insurance, as 107 defined in s. 624.604, for loss or damage caused by the peril of 108 windstorm or hurricane is barred unless notice of the claim, 109 supplemental claim, or reopened claim is was given to the 110 insurer in accordance with the terms of the policy within 2  $\frac{3}{2}$ 111 years after the date of loss hurricane first made landfall or 112 the windstorm caused the covered damage. For purposes of this 113 section, the term "supplemental claim" or "reopened claim" means 114 any additional claim for recovery from the insurer for losses 115 from the same hurricane or windstorm which the insurer has 116 previously adjusted pursuant to the initial claim. This section 117 does not affect any applicable limitation on civil actions 118 provided in s. 95.11 for claims, supplemental claims, or 119 reopened claims timely filed under this section.

120 Section 5. Subsection (9) of section 627.7015, Florida 121 Statutes, is amended, and subsection (10) is added to that 122 section, to read:

123 627.7015 Alternative procedure for resolution of disputed 124 property insurance claims.—

125 (9) For purposes of this section, the term "claim" refers126 to any dispute between an insurer and a policyholder relating to



134material misrepresentation of fact which is relevant to the135claim, and the entire request for payment of a loss has been136denied on the basis of the material misrepresentation;137(d) With respect to which the amount in controversy is 1138than \$500, unless the parties agree to mediate a dispute139involving a lesser amount; or140(e) With respect to a windstorm or hurricane loss that of141not comply with s. 627.70132.142(10) A property insurance policy may require the143policyholder as a first-party claimant and a third party as a144assignee of the policy benefits to participate in mediation145pursuant to this section if requested by the insurer.146Section 6. Section 627.70152, Florida Statutes, is creat147to read:148 <u>627.70152 Suits arising under a property insurance policy</u> 149(1) APPLICATIONThis section applies to all suits under150property insurance policy, including actions brought by an151assignee.	127	a material issue of fact other than a dispute:
<ul> <li>(b) When, based on agreed-upon facts as to the cause of</li> <li>loss, there is no coverage under the policy;</li> <li>(c) With respect to which the insurer has a reasonable</li> <li>basis to believe that the policyholder has intentionally made</li> <li>material misrepresentation of fact which is relevant to the</li> <li>claim, and the entire request for payment of a loss has been</li> <li>denied on the basis of the material misrepresentation;</li> <li>(d) With respect to which the amount in controversy is 1</li> <li>than \$500, unless the parties agree to mediate a dispute</li> <li>involving a lesser amount; or</li> <li>(e) With respect to a windstorm or hurricane loss that of</li> <li>not comply with s. 627.70132.</li> <li>(10) A property insurance policy may require the</li> <li>policyholder as a first-party claimant and a third party as a</li> <li>assignee of the policy benefits to participate in mediation</li> <li>pursuant to this section if requested by the insurer.</li> <li>Section 6. Section 627.70152, Florida Statutes, is creat</li> <li>to read:</li> <li><u>627.70152 Suits arising under a property insurance polic</u></li> <li>(1) APPLICATIONThis section applies to all suits under</li> <li>property insurance policy, including actions brought by an</li> <li>assignee.</li> </ul>	128	(a) With respect to which the insurer has a reasonable
131 loss, there is no coverage under the policy; (c) With respect to which the insurer has a reasonable basis to believe that the policyholder has intentionally made material misrepresentation of fact which is relevant to the claim, and the entire request for payment of a loss has been denied on the basis of the material misrepresentation; (d) With respect to which the amount in controversy is 1 than \$500, unless the parties agree to mediate a dispute involving a lesser amount; or (e) With respect to a windstorm or hurricane loss that of not comply with s. 627.70132. (10) A property insurance policy may require the policyholder as a first-party claimant and a third party as a assignee of the policy benefits to participate in mediation pursuant to this section if requested by the insurer. Section 6. Section 627.70152, Florida Statutes, is creat to read: (1) APPLICATIONThis section applies to all suits under property insurance policy, including actions brought by an assignee.	129	basis to suspect fraud;
<ul> <li>(c) With respect to which the insurer has a reasonable</li> <li>basis to believe that the policyholder has intentionally made</li> <li>material misrepresentation of fact which is relevant to the</li> <li>claim, and the entire request for payment of a loss has been</li> <li>denied on the basis of the material misrepresentation;</li> <li>(d) With respect to which the amount in controversy is 1</li> <li>than \$500, unless the parties agree to mediate a dispute</li> <li>involving a lesser amount; or</li> <li>(e) With respect to a windstorm or hurricane loss that of</li> <li>not comply with s. 627.70132.</li> <li>(10) A property insurance policy may require the</li> <li>policyholder as a first-party claimant and a third party as a</li> <li>assignee of the policy benefits to participate in mediation</li> <li>pursuant to this section 627.70152, Florida Statutes, is creat</li> <li>to read:</li> <li><u>627.70152 Suits arising under a property insurance police</u></li> <li><u>11 APPLICATIONThis section applies to all suits under</u></li> <li>property insurance policy, including actions brought by an</li> <li>assignee.</li> </ul>	130	(b) When, based on agreed-upon facts as to the cause of
basis to believe that the policyholder has intentionally made material misrepresentation of fact which is relevant to the claim, and the entire request for payment of a loss has been denied on the basis of the material misrepresentation; (d) With respect to which the amount in controversy is 1 than \$500, unless the parties agree to mediate a dispute involving a lesser amount; or (e) With respect to a windstorm or hurricane loss that do not comply with s. 627.70132. (10) A property insurance policy may require the policyholder as a first-party claimant and a third party as a assignee of the policy benefits to participate in mediation pursuant to this section if requested by the insurer. Section 6. Section 627.70152, Florida Statutes, is creat to read: (1) APPLICATION.—This section applies to all suits under property insurance policy, including actions brought by an assignee.	131	loss, there is no coverage under the policy;
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135 claim, and the entire request for payment of a loss has been 136 denied on the basis of the material misrepresentation; 137 (d) With respect to which the amount in controversy is 1 138 than \$500, unless the parties agree to mediate a dispute 139 involving a lesser amount; or 140 (e) With respect to a windstorm or hurricane loss that of 141 not comply with s. 627.70132. 142 (10) A property insurance policy may require the 143 policyholder as a first-party claimant and a third party as a 144 assignee of the policy benefits to participate in mediation 145 pursuant to this section if requested by the insurer. 146 Section 6. Section 627.70152, Florida Statutes, is creat 147 to read: 148 <u>627.70152 Suits arising under a property insurance policy</u> 149 (1) APPLICATION.—This section applies to all suits under 150 property insurance policy, including actions brought by an 151 <u>assignee.</u>	133	basis to believe that the policyholder has intentionally made a
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144 <u>assignee of the policy benefits to participate in mediation</u> 145 <u>pursuant to this section if requested by the insurer.</u> 146 Section 6. Section 627.70152, Florida Statutes, is creat 147 to read: 148 <u>627.70152 Suits arising under a property insurance police</u> 149 <u>(1) APPLICATIONThis section applies to all suits under</u> 150 <u>property insurance policy, including actions brought by an</u> 151 <u>assignee.</u>	142	(10) A property insurance policy may require the
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149 (1) APPLICATION.—This section applies to all suits under 150 property insurance policy, including actions brought by an 151 assignee.	147	to read:
<pre>150 property insurance policy, including actions brought by an 151 assignee.</pre>	148	627.70152 Suits arising under a property insurance policy
151 <u>assignee.</u>	149	(1) APPLICATIONThis section applies to all suits under a
	150	property insurance policy, including actions brought by an
	151	assignee.
(2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:	152	(2) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
153 (a) "Assignee" has the same meaning as in s. 627.7152.	153	(a) "Assignee" has the same meaning as in s. 627.7152.
154 (b) "Claimant" means an insured or assignee who is filin	154	(b) "Claimant" means an insured or assignee who is filing
155 suit under a property insurance policy.	155	suit under a property insurance policy.

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156	(c) "Demand" means the specific amount alleged to be owed
157	by the insurer to the claimant under the property insurance
158	policy.
159	(d) "Demand-judgment quotient" means the quotient obtained
160	by dividing the judgment by the demand.
161	(e) "Incurred attorney fees" means the total amount of
162	attorney fees supported by sufficient evidence and determined by
163	the court to have been incurred by the claimant in bringing the
164	action.
165	(f) "Judgment" means damages recovered, if any, but does
166	not include any amount awarded for attorney fees, costs, or
167	interest.
168	(3) NOTICE
169	(a) As a condition precedent to filing a suit under a
170	property insurance policy, a claimant must provide the insurer a
171	written notice of intent to initiate litigation in accordance
172	with this section. Such notice must be served by certified mail,
173	return receipt requested, or electronic delivery at least 60
174	days before filing suit. However, such notice may not be served
175	before the insurer has made a determination of coverage under s.
176	627.70131. An attorney or other representative of the claimant
177	who provides such notice must provide a copy of the notice to
178	the claimant. The notice and any copy must specify:
179	1. That the notice is being provided pursuant to this
180	section;
181	2. The alleged acts or omissions of the insurer giving rise
182	to the action;
183	3. The demand;
184	4. The amount of reasonable and necessary attorney fees

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185	incurred by the claimant, to be calculated by multiplying the
186	number of hours actually worked on the claim as of the date of
187	the notice by the claimant's attorney by a reasonable hourly
188	rate; and
189	5. If provided by an attorney or other representative, that
190	a copy of the notice was provided to the claimant.
191	(b) As a precondition to filing suit, an assignee also
192	must:
193	1. Comply with s. 627.7152; and
194	2. Concurrent with the notice, provide the named insured,
195	the insurer, and the assignor, if not the named insured, a
196	detailed written invoice or estimate of services, including
197	itemized information on equipment, materials, and supplies; the
198	number of labor hours; and, in the case of work performed, proof
199	that the work has been performed in accordance with accepted
200	industry standards.
201	(c) A notice of intent to initiate litigation must be
202	served within the time limits provided in s. 95.11 and is not
203	required if the action is a counterclaim. Service of a notice
204	tolls the time limits provided in s. 95.11 for 60 days if such
205	time limits will expire before the end of the 60-day notice
206	period.
207	(d) A court must dismiss without prejudice any action
208	relating to a claim for which a notice of intent to initiate
209	litigation is given as required by this subsection if such
210	action is commenced before the expiration of the 60-day notice
211	period, is brought by an insurer to whom notice was given, and
212	is against the claimant giving notice.
213	(4) ADMISSIBILITY OF NOTICE AND RESPONSE The notice

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214	provided pursuant to subsection (3) and the submissions provided
215	pursuant to subparagraph (3)(b)2.:
216	(a) Are admissible as evidence in a civil action or an
217	alternative dispute resolution proceeding relating to the claim
218	for which the notice is given;
219	(b) Do not limit the evidence of attorney fees, damages, or
220	loss which may be offered at trial; and
221	(c) Do not relieve any obligation that an insured or
222	assignee has to give notice under any other provision of law.
223	(5) INSPECTIONWithin 30 days after an insurer receives
224	notice pursuant to subsection (3), the insurer may send a
225	written request to the insured or assignee to inspect,
226	photograph, or evaluate, in a reasonable manner and at a
227	reasonable time, the property that is the subject of the claim.
228	If reasonably possible, the insurer must complete the
229	inspection, photography, and evaluation not later than 60 days
230	after the insurer receives the presuit notice. After completing
231	the inspection, the insurer must conduct an internal review by a
232	duly-qualified claims adjuster to fairly and promptly evaluate
233	the claim. This section does not limit any right provided in a
234	property insurance policy or contract to inspect property.
235	(6) ABATEMENT
236	(a) In addition to taking any other action allowed by an
237	insurance policy or a contract or by any other provision of law,
238	an insurer may file a motion to abate a suit under a property
239	insurance policy if the insurer:
240	1. Files the motion no later than the 30th day after the
241	insurer filed an original answer in the court in which the
242	action is pending; and

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243	2. Did not receive notice required pursuant to subsection
244	(3) or requested an inspection pursuant to subsection (5) but
245	was not provided a reasonable opportunity to inspect,
246	photograph, or evaluate the property that is the subject of the
247	claim.
248	(b) The court shall abate the action if the court finds
249	that the insurer did not receive the notice required by
250	subsection (3) or requested an inspection pursuant to subsection
251	(5) but was not provided a reasonable opportunity to inspect,
252	photograph, or evaluate the property that is the subject of the
253	claim.
254	(c) The action is abated without a court order beginning on
255	the 11th day after the motion to abate is filed if the motion to
256	abate:
257	1. Is verified and states that the insurer did not receive
258	the notice required by subsection (3) or requested an inspection
259	pursuant to subsection (5) but was not provided a reasonable
260	opportunity to inspect, photograph, or evaluate the property
261	that is the subject of the claim; and
262	2. Is not controverted by an affidavit filed by the insured
263	or assignee within 10 days after the date the plea in abatement
264	is filed.
265	(d) An affidavit filed pursuant to subparagraph (c)2. must
266	include as an attachment a copy of the written notice sent
267	pursuant to subsection (3) and state the date on which such
268	notice was given.
269	(e) Abatement under this subsection continues until the
270	later of:
271	1. Sixty days after the claimant provides notice to the
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272	insurer in compliance with subsection (3); or
273	2. Fifty days after the insurer completes the requested
274	inspection, photographing, or evaluating of the property
275	pursuant to subsection (5).
276	(f) If an action is abated pursuant to this subsection, a
277	court may not compel during the abatement period participation
278	in mediation pursuant to s. 627.7015 or neutral evaluation
279	pursuant to s. 627.7074.
280	(7) ATTORNEY FEES.—
281	(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in a suit
282	arising under a residential or commercial property insurance
283	policy, attorney fees and costs may be recovered by a claimant
284	only pursuant to s. 57.105 and this subsection. Attorney fees
285	may be awarded to a claimant under this section as follows:
286	1. If the demand-judgment quotient is greater than or equal
287	to 0.8, the full amount of incurred attorney fees may be
288	awarded.
289	2. If the demand-judgment quotient is equal to or greater
290	than 0.2 but less than 0.8, the attorney fees must equal the
291	product of multiplying the incurred attorney fees by the demand-
292	judgment quotient.
293	3. If the demand-judgment quotient is less than 0.2,
294	attorney fees may not be awarded.
295	(b) If an insurer pleads and proves that it did not receive
296	notice that complies with subsection (3) and files such pleading
297	no later than the 30th day after the insurer files an original
298	answer in the court in which the action is pending, the court
299	may not award to the claimant any incurred attorney fees for
300	services rendered after the date on which the insurer files such
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301	pleading with the court.
302	(c) If a claimant commences an action in any court of this
303	state based upon or including the same claim against the same
304	adverse party that such insured or assignee has previously
305	voluntarily dismissed in a court of this state, the court may
306	order the insured or assignee to pay the attorney fees and costs
307	of the adverse party resulting from the action previously
308	voluntarily dismissed. The court shall stay the proceedings in
309	the subsequent action until the insured or assignee has complied
310	with the order.
311	Section 7. Section 627.70153, Florida Statutes, is created
312	to read:
313	627.70153 Consolidation of residential property insurance
314	actionsEach party that is aware of ongoing multiple actions
315	involving coverage provided under the same residential property
316	insurance policy for the same property with the same owners must
317	provide written notice to the court of the multiple actions.
318	Upon notification of any party, the court may order that the
319	actions be consolidated and transferred to the court having
320	jurisdiction based on the total amount in controversy of all
321	consolidated claims. If multiple cases are pending in circuit
322	courts, the cases may be consolidated based on the date on which
323	the first case was filed.
324	Section 8. Paragraphs (d) through (g) of subsection (1),
325	paragraph (a) of subsection (2), and subsections (5), (9), and
326	(10) of section 627.7152, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
327	627.7152 Assignment agreements
328	(1) As used in this section, the term:
329	(d) "Disputed amount" means the difference between the

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330	assignee's presuit settlement demand and the insurer's presuit
331	settlement offer.
332	(e) "Judgment obtained" means damages recovered, if any,
333	but does not include any amount awarded for attorney fees,
334	costs, or interest.
335	(f) "Presuit settlement demand" means the demand made by
336	the assignee in the written notice of intent to initiate
337	litigation as required by paragraph (9)(a).
338	(g) "Presuit settlement offer" means the offer made by the
339	insurer in its written response to the notice of intent to
340	initiate litigation as required by paragraph (9)(b).
341	(2)(a) An assignment agreement must:
342	1. Be in writing and executed by and between the assignor
343	and the assignee.
344	2. Contain a provision that allows the assignor to rescind
345	the assignment agreement without a penalty or fee by submitting
346	a written notice of rescission signed by the assignor to the
347	assignee within 14 days after the execution of the agreement, at
348	least 30 days after the date work on the property is scheduled
349	to commence if the assignee has not substantially performed, or
350	at least 30 days after the execution of the agreement if the
351	agreement does not contain a commencement date and the assignee
352	has not begun substantial work on the property.
353	3. Contain a provision requiring the assignee to provide a
354	copy of the executed assignment agreement to the insurer and the
355	named insured within 3 business days after the date on which the
356	assignment agreement is executed or the date on which work
357	begins, whichever is earlier. Delivery of the copy of the
358	assignment agreement to the insurer and the named insured may be



359	made:
360	a. By personal service, overnight delivery, or electronic
361	transmission, with evidence of delivery in the form of a receipt
362	or other paper or electronic acknowledgment by the insurer or
363	named insured, as applicable; or
364	b. To the location designated for <u>the insurer's</u> receipt of
365	such agreements as specified in the policy.
366	4. Contain a written, itemized, per-unit cost estimate of
367	the services to be performed by the assignee.
368	5. Relate only to work to be performed by the assignee for
369	services to protect, repair, restore, or replace a dwelling or
370	structure or to mitigate against further damage to such
371	property.
372	6. Contain the following notice in 18-point uppercase and
373	boldfaced type:
374	
375	YOU ARE AGREEING TO GIVE UP CERTAIN RIGHTS YOU HAVE
376	UNDER YOUR INSURANCE POLICY TO A THIRD PARTY, WHICH
377	MAY RESULT IN LITIGATION AGAINST YOUR INSURER. PLEASE
378	READ AND UNDERSTAND THIS DOCUMENT BEFORE SIGNING IT.
379	YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO CANCEL THIS AGREEMENT WITHOUT
380	PENALTY WITHIN 14 DAYS AFTER THE DATE THIS AGREEMENT
381	IS EXECUTED, AT LEAST 30 DAYS AFTER THE DATE WORK ON
382	THE PROPERTY IS SCHEDULED TO COMMENCE IF THE ASSIGNEE
383	HAS NOT SUBSTANTIALLY PERFORMED, OR AT LEAST 30 DAYS
384	AFTER THE EXECUTION OF THE AGREEMENT IF THE AGREEMENT
385	DOES NOT CONTAIN A COMMENCEMENT DATE AND THE ASSIGNEE
386	HAS NOT BEGUN SUBSTANTIAL WORK ON THE PROPERTY.
387	HOWEVER, YOU ARE OBLIGATED FOR PAYMENT OF ANY
	1 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I



388 CONTRACTED WORK PERFORMED BEFORE THE AGREEMENT IS
389 RESCINDED. THIS AGREEMENT DOES NOT CHANGE YOUR
390 OBLIGATION TO PERFORM THE DUTIES REQUIRED UNDER YOUR
391 PROPERTY INSURANCE POLICY.

7. Contain a provision requiring the assignee to indemnify and hold harmless the assignor from all liabilities, damages, losses, and costs, including, but not limited to, attorney fees, should the policy subject to the assignment agreement prohibit, in whole or in part, the assignment of benefits.

(5) An assignment agreement and this section do not modify or eliminate:

(a) Any term, condition, or defense relating to any managed repair arrangement provided in the policy.

(b) The right of an insurer to communicate directly with the named insured if such insured is not represented by counsel.

(9) (a) An assignce must provide the named insured, insurer, and the assignor, if not the named insured, with a written notice of intent to initiate litigation before filing suit under the policy. Such notice must be served by certified mail, return receipt requested, or electronic delivery at least 10 business days before filing suit, but may not be served before the insurer has made a determination of coverage under s. 627.70131. The notice must specify the damages in dispute, the amount claimed, and a presuit settlement demand. Concurrent with the notice, and as a precondition to filing suit, the assignee must provide the named insured, insurer, and the assignor, if not the named insured, a detailed written invoice or estimate of services, including itemized information on equipment,

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417	materials, and supplies; the number of labor hours; and, in the
418	case of work performed, proof that the work has been performed
419	in accordance with accepted industry standards.
420	(b) An insurer must respond in writing to the notice within
421	10 business days after receiving the notice specified in
422	paragraph (a) by making a presuit settlement offer or requiring
423	the assignee to participate in appraisal or other method of
424	alternative dispute resolution under the policy. An insurer must
425	have a procedure for the prompt investigation, review, and
426	evaluation of the dispute stated in the notice and must
427	investigate each claim contained in the notice in accordance
428	with the Florida Insurance Code.
429	(10) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, in a suit
430	related to an assignment agreement for post-loss claims arising
431	under a residential or commercial property insurance policy,
432	attorney fees and costs may be recovered by an assignee only
433	under s. 57.105 and this subsection.
434	(a) If the difference between the judgment obtained by the
435	assignee and the presuit settlement offer is:
436	1. Less than 25 percent of the disputed amount, the insurer
437	is entitled to an award of reasonable attorney fees.
438	2. At least 25 percent but less than 50 percent of the
439	disputed amount, no party is entitled to an award of attorney
440	fees.
441	3. At least 50 percent of the disputed amount, the assignee
442	is entitled to an award of reasonable attorney fees.
443	(b) If the insurer fails to inspect the property or provide
444	written or oral authorization for repairs within 7 calendar days
445	after the first notice of loss, the insurer waives its right to



446 an award of attorney fees under this subsection. If the failure 447 to inspect the property or provide written or oral authorization 448 for repairs is the result of an event for which the Governor had 449 declared a state of emergency under s. 252.36, factors beyond 450 the control of the insurer which reasonably prevented an 451 inspection or written or oral authorization for repairs, or the 452 named insured's failure or inability to allow an inspection of 453 the property after a request by the insurer, the insurer does 454 not waive its right to an award of attorney fees under this 455 subsection. 456 (c) If an assignce commences an action in any court of this 457 state based upon or including the same claim against the same 458 adverse party that such assignee has previously voluntarily 459 dismissed in a court of this state, the court may order the 460 assignee to pay the attorney fees and costs of the adverse party resulting from the action previously voluntarily dismissed. The 461 462 court shall stay the proceedings in the subsequent action until 463 the assignce has complied with the order. 464 Section 9. The Supreme Court of Florida is requested to 465 amend the Rules of Professional Conduct of the Rules Regulating 466 The Florida Bar to require that, when a recovery judgment has 467 been awarded in a residential or commercial residential property 468 claim, each participating lawyer or law firm must provide 469 closing statements itemizing the amount of the fee received by each participating lawyer or law firm, costs, and expenses to 470 471 the Department of Financial Services. Section 10. This act shall take effect July 1, 2021. 472 473 474 

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475	And the title is amended as follows:
476	Delete everything before the enacting clause
477	and insert:
478	A bill to be entitled
479	An act relating to residential property insurance;
480	amending s. 626.9373, F.S.; providing that, for
481	certain attorney fees awarded for claims arising under
482	surplus lines property insurance policies, a strong
483	presumption is created that a lodestar fee is
484	sufficient and reasonable; providing that such
485	presumption may be rebutted only under certain
486	circumstances; defining terms; providing for an award
487	of attorney fees for certain claims under specified
488	circumstances; amending s. 627.428, F.S.; providing
489	that, for certain attorney fees awarded for claims
490	arising under property insurance policies, a strong
491	presumption is created that a lodestar fee is
492	sufficient and reasonable; providing that such
493	presumption may be rebutted only under certain
494	circumstances; amending s. 627.7011, F.S.; providing
495	that certain provisions relating to homeowners'
496	policies, offers of replacement cost coverage, and
497	offers of law and ordinance coverage do not prohibit
498	insurers from providing specified property insurance
499	policies by including roof surface reimbursement
500	schedules; providing requirements for roof surface
501	reimbursement schedules; prohibiting application of a
502	roof surface reimbursement schedule under certain
503	circumstances; providing that certain provisions

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504 relating to homeowners' policies, offers of 505 replacement cost coverage, and offers of law and ordinance coverage do not prohibit insurers from 506 507 providing specified property insurance policies by 508 offering roof reimbursement on the basis of 509 replacement costs; providing that certain provisions 510 relating to homeowners' policies, offers of 511 replacement cost coverage, and offers of law and ordinance coverage do not prohibit insurers from 512 513 providing coverage on specified property insurance 514 policies for a roof that is limited to a certain 515 value; amending s. 627.70132, F.S.; revising property 516 insurance coverages for which a notice of claim must 517 be given to the insurer within a specified timeframe; 518 revising the timeframe for providing notices of 519 property insurance claims; revising the definitions of 520 the terms "supplemental claim" and "reopened claim"; 521 amending s. 627.7015, F.S.; conforming a provision to 522 changes made by the act; authorizing property 523 insurance policies to require policyholders and 524 assignees to participate in mediation; creating s. 525 627.70152, F.S.; providing applicability; defining 526 terms; requiring notice of intent to initiate 527 litigation; specifying requirements for such notice; 528 specifying an assignee's presuit obligations; 529 specifying the timeframe within which a notice of 530 intent to initiate litigation must be served; requiring dismissal of certain actions under specified 531 532 circumstances; specifying the admissibility of certain

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533 evidence; providing construction; authorizing an 534 insurer to request to inspect, photograph, or evaluate 535 certain property; specifying requirements for such 536 inspections, photographs, and evaluations; authorizing 537 motions to abate suits under property insurance 538 policies; specifying conditions for abatement; 539 providing for an award of attorney fees for certain 540 claims under specified circumstances; providing for an 541 award of attorney fees following a voluntary dismissal 542 under certain circumstances; requiring the court to 543 stay proceedings under certain circumstances; creating 544 s. 627.70153, F.S.; requiring parties that are aware 545 of certain residential property insurance claims to 546 notify the court of multiple proceedings; authorizing 547 the court to consolidate certain residential property 548 insurance claims upon notification of any party; 549 amending s. 627.7152, F.S.; deleting definitions; 550 requiring assignment agreements to be provided to 551 named insureds; providing that assignment agreements 552 do not modify the right of insurers to communicate 553 directly with unrepresented named insureds; deleting a 554 requirement for a notice of intent to initiate 555 litigation; deleting requirements for such notice; 556 deleting a requirement for a written response to the 557 notice of intent to initiate litigation; deleting 558 requirements for such response; deleting a provision 559 related to an award of reasonable attorney fees and 560 costs for certain claims arising under an assignment 561 agreement; deleting a provision related to an award of

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562 reasonable attorney fees and costs following a 563 voluntary dismissal under certain circumstances; 564 deleting a requirement for the court to stay 565 proceedings under certain circumstances; requesting 566 the Florida Supreme Court to amend rules to require participating lawyers or firms to provide closing 567 568 statements to the department under certain 569 circumstances; providing an effective date.