LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
	House
•	
•	
•	
•	
	· · · · ·

The Committee on Rules (Collins) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

1 2 3

4

5

6

8

9

10

11

Delete lines 29 - 146

and insert:

paragraphs (b) through (e), respectively, new paragraphs (a), (f), and (g) are added to that subsection, and subsection (5) is added to that section, to read:

163.3162 Agricultural Lands and Practices.-

- (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Agricultural worker" means a person who is seasonally or annually employed in bona fide agricultural production; is

13

14

15

16

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28 29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

38

39

40



lawfully present in the United States; is authorized to work at the time of employment and remains so throughout the duration of that employment; and has been verified through the process provided in s. 448.095. The term includes a migrant farmworker as defined in s. 381.008 and a worker with an H-2A visa.

- (f) "Housing site" means the totality of development supporting authorized housing, including buildings, mobile homes, barracks, dormitories used as living quarters, parking areas, common areas such as athletic fields or playgrounds, storage structures, and other related structures.
- (g) "Nonimmigrant agricultural employee" means a person who is working in this state pursuant to 8 U.S.C. s. 1188.
- (5) HOUSING FOR NONIMMIGRANT AGRICULTURAL EMPLOYEES WITH AN H-2A VISA.-
- (a) A governmental entity may not adopt or enforce any legislation to inhibit the construction or installation of housing for nonimmigrant agricultural employees with an H-2A visa on land classified as agricultural land pursuant to s. 193.461 which is operated as a bona fide farm except as provided in this subsection. However, a local government may adopt land use regulations relating to the construction or installation of housing for agricultural workers on lands classified as agricultural if such regulations are less restrictive than those provided in this section.
- (b) Construction or installation of housing units for nonimmigrant agricultural employees with an H-2A visa on parcels of land classified as agricultural land under s. 193.461 must satisfy all of the following criteria:
 - 1. The dwelling units must meet federal, state, and local

43

44

45

46

47

48

49 50

51

52

53

54

55

56

57

58

59

60

61

62

63

64

65

66

67

68 69



building standards, including H-2A farmworker housing standards regulated by the Department of Health and federal standards for H-2A visa housing. If written notice of intent is required to be submitted to the Department of Health pursuant to s. 381.0083, the appropriate governmental entity with jurisdiction over the agricultural lands may also require submittal of a copy of the written notice.

- 2. The housing site must be maintained in a neat, orderly, and safe manner.
- 3. All structures containing dwelling units must be located a minimum of 10 feet apart.
- 4. The square footage of the housing site's climatecontrolled facilities may not exceed 1.5 percent of the property's area or 35,000 square feet, whichever is less.
- 5. A housing site must provide front, side, and rear yard setbacks of at least 50 feet. However, an internal project driveway may be located in the required yard space if the yard is adjacent to a public roadway or to property that is under common ownership with the housing site.
- 6. A housing site may not be located less than 250 feet from a property line adjacent to property zoned for residential use. If the housing site is located less than 500 feet from any property line, screening must be provided between the housing site and any residentially developed adjacent parcels that are under different ownership. The screening may be designed in any of the following ways:
- a. Evergreen plants that, at the time of planting, are at least 6 feet in height and provide an overall screening opacity of 75 percent;

71

72

73

74

75

76 77

78

79

80

81

82

83

84

85

86

87 88

89

90

91 92

93 94

95 96

97

98



- b. A masonry wall at least 6 feet in height and finished on all sides with brick, stone, or painted or pigmented stucco;
- c. A solid wood or PVC fence at least 6 feet in height with the finished side of the fence facing out;
- d. A row of evergreen shade trees that, at the time of planting, are at least 10 feet in height, a minimum of 2-inch caliper, and spaced no more than 20 feet apart; or
- e. A berm made with a combination of the materials listed in sub-subparagraphs a.-d., which is at least 6 feet in height and provides an overall screening capacity of 75 percent at the time of installation.
- 7. All access drives that serve the housing site must be made of packed shell, gravel, or a similar material that will provide a relatively dust-free surface.
- (c) Any local ordinance adopted pursuant to this subsection must comply with all state and federal regulations for migrant farmworker housing, as applicable, including rules adopted by the Department of Health pursuant to ss. 381.008-381.00897 and federal regulations under the Migrant and Seasonal Agricultural Worker Protection Act or the H-2A visa program.
- (d) Beginning July 1, 2024, a property owner must maintain records of all approved permits, including successor permits, for migrant labor camps or residential migrant housing as required under s. 381.0081. A property owner must maintain such records for at least 3 years and make the records available for inspection within 14 days after receipt of a request for records by a governmental entity.
- (e) A housing site may not continue to be used and may be required to be removed under the following circumstances:

100

101

102 103

104

105

106

107

108

109

110

111

112

113

114

115

116

117 118

119

120

121

122

123

124

125



- 1. If, for any reason, a housing site is not being used for nonimmigrant agricultural employees with an H-2A visa for longer than 365 days, any structures used as living quarters must be removed from the housing site within 180 days after receipt of written notification from the county unless the property owner can demonstrate that use of the site for housing nonimmigrant agricultural employees with an H-2A visa will occur within 90 days
- 2. If the property on which the housing site is located ceases to be classified as agricultural land, housing authorized under this section ceases to be eliqible for residential uses unless and until it is approved under the zoning and land use regulations of the governmental entity.
- 3. If the permit authorized by the Department of Health for the housing site is revoked, any structures must be removed from the housing site within 180 days after receipt of written notification from the county unless the permit is reinstated by the Department of Health.
- (f) Notwithstanding this subsection, the construction or installation of housing for seasonal agricultural employees in the Florida Keys Area of Critical State Concern and the City of Key West Area of Critical State Concern is subject to the permit allocation systems of the Florida Keys Area of Critical State Concern and City of Key West Area of Critical State Concern, respectively.
 - (g) A housing site that was constructed and in use before

======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= 126 127 And the title is amended as follows:

128 Delete lines 2 - 14



129	and insert:
130	An act relating to housing for nonimmigrant
131	agricultural employees; amending s. 163.3162, F.S.;
132	defining terms; prohibiting a governmental entity from
133	adopting or enforcing any legislation to inhibit the
134	construction of housing for nonimmigrant agricultural
135	employees with an H-2A visa on agricultural land
136	operated as a bona fide farm; requiring that the
137	construction or installation of such housing units on
138	agricultural lands satisfy certain criteria; requiring
139	that local ordinances comply with certain regulations;
140	requiring property