

LEGISLATIVE ACTION House Senate

Floor: WD/2R

03/05/2024 01:59 PM

Senator Calatayud moved the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Delete lines 63 - 128

and insert:

- 3. A requirement that the pharmacist maintain records for any HIV postexposure prophylaxis drugs ordered and dispensed under the collaborative practice agreement.
- 4. The physician's instructions for obtaining relevant patient medical history for the purpose of identifying disqualifying health conditions, adverse reactions, and contraindications to the use of HIV postexposure prophylaxis



drugs.

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- 5. A process and schedule for the physician to review the pharmacist's records and actions under the practice agreement.
- 6. Evidence of the pharmacist's current certification by the board as provided in subsection (6).
- 7. Any other requirements as established by the board with the approval of the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine.
- (b) A physician who has entered into a written collaborative practice agreement pursuant to this section is responsible for reviewing the pharmacist's records and actions to ensure compliance with the agreement.
- (c) The pharmacist shall submit a copy of the written collaborative practice agreement to the board.
- (5) A pharmacist who orders and dispenses HIV postexposure prophylaxis drugs pursuant to subsection (4) must provide the patient with written information advising the patient to seek follow-up care from his or her primary care physician. If the patient indicates that he or she lacks regular access to primary care, the pharmacist must comply with the procedures of the pharmacy's approved access-to-care plan as provided in subsection (7).
- (6) To provide services under a collaborative practice agreement pursuant to this section, a pharmacist must be certified by the board, according to rules adopted by the board with the approval of the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine. To be certified, a pharmacist must, at a minimum, meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) Hold an active and unencumbered license to practice



pharmacy under this chapter.

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- (b) Be engaged in the active practice of pharmacy.
- (c) Have earned a degree of doctor of pharmacy or have completed at least 3 years of experience as a licensed pharmacist.
- (d) Maintain at least \$250,000 of liability coverage. A pharmacist who maintains liability coverage pursuant to s. 465.1865 or s. 465.1895 satisfies this requirement.
- (e) Have completed a course approved by the board, in consultation with the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, which includes, at a minimum, instruction on all of the following:
 - 1. Performance of patient assessments.
 - 2. Point-of-care testing procedures.
- 3. Safe and effective treatment of HIV exposure with HIV infection prevention drugs, including, but not limited to, consideration of the side effects of the drug dispensed and the patient's diet and activity levels.
 - 4. Identification of contraindications.
- 5. Identification of patient comorbidities in individuals with HIV requiring further medical evaluation and treatment, including, but not limited to, cardiovascular disease, lung and liver cancer, chronic obstructive lung disease, and diabetes mellitus.
- (7) (a) A pharmacy in which a pharmacist is providing services under a written collaborative practice agreement pursuant to subsection (4) must submit an access-to-care plan to the board and department annually. If the board or the department determines that a pharmacy has failed to submit an



access-to-care plan required under this section or if a pharmacy's access-to-care plan does not comply with this section or applicable rules of the board, the board must notify the pharmacy of its noncompliance and the pharmacy must submit an access-to-care plan that brings the pharmacy into compliance according to parameters provided in board rule. The board may fine a pharmacy that fails to comply with this paragraph or may prohibit such pharmacy from allowing its pharmacists to screen adults for HIV exposure or order and dispense HIV postexposure prophylaxis drugs under this section until the pharmacy complies with this paragraph.

(b) An access-to-care plan shall assist patients in gaining access to appropriate care settings when they present to a pharmacist for HIV screening and indicate that they lack regular access to primary care. An access-to-care plan must include, but need not be limited to:

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======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= And the title is amended as follows:

Delete lines 5 - 13

90 and insert:

> screen adults for HIV exposure and provide the results to such adults, with advice to consult with or seek treatment from a physician; authorizing pharmacists to dispense HIV preexposure prophylaxis drugs pursuant to a prescription; authorizing pharmacists to order and dispense HIV postexposure prophylaxis drugs pursuant to a written collaborative practice agreement with a physician; specifying requirements for the practice

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agreements; requiring the supervising physician to review the pharmacist's records and actions in accordance with the practice agreement; requiring pharmacists who enter into such practice agreements to submit the agreements to the Board of Pharmacy; requiring such pharmacists to provide certain written information when dispensing such drugs to patients; requiring pharmacists to comply with certain procedures under certain circumstances; requiring pharmacists, before ordering and dispensing HIV postexposure prophylaxis drugs, to be certified by the Board of Pharmacy in accordance with rules adopted by the board and approved by the Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine; specifying minimum requirements for the certification; requiring certain pharmacies to submit an access-to-care plan to the Board of Pharmacy and the Department of Health annually; authorizing the board to fine or place certain prohibitions on a pharmacy that does not comply with the requirements for access-to-care plans; specifying requirements for the plans; requiring the