By Senator Book

35-00970-24 2024442

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to damages recoverable in wrongful death actions; providing a short title; amending ss. 400.023, 400.0235, and 429.295, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 768.21, F.S.; removing a provision that prohibits adult children and parents of adult children from recovering certain damages in medical negligence suits; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Keith Davis Family Protection Act."

Section 2. Subsection (9) of section 400.023, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.023 Civil enforcement.-

(9) An action under this part for a violation of rights or negligence recognized herein is not a claim for medical malpractice, and s. 768.21(8) does not apply to a claim alleging death of the resident.

Section 3. Section 400.0235, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

400.0235 Certain provisions not applicable to actions under this part.—An action under this part for a violation of rights or negligence recognized under this part is not a claim for medical malpractice, and the provisions of s. 768.21(8) do not apply to a claim alleging death of the resident.

Section 4. Section 429.295, Florida Statutes, is amended to

35-00970-24 2024442

read:

429.295 Certain provisions not applicable to actions under this part.—An action under this part for a violation of rights or negligence recognized herein is not a claim for medical malpractice, and the provisions of s. 768.21(8) do not apply to a claim alleging death of the resident.

Section 5. Subsection (8) of section 768.21, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsections (3) and (4) of that section are republished, to read:

768.21 Damages.—All potential beneficiaries of a recovery for wrongful death, including the decedent's estate, shall be identified in the complaint, and their relationships to the decedent shall be alleged. Damages may be awarded as follows:

- (3) Minor children of the decedent, and all children of the decedent if there is no surviving spouse, may also recover for lost parental companionship, instruction, and guidance and for mental pain and suffering from the date of injury. For the purposes of this subsection, if both spouses die within 30 days of one another as a result of the same wrongful act or series of acts arising out of the same incident, each spouse is considered to have been predeceased by the other.
- (4) Each parent of a deceased minor child may also recover for mental pain and suffering from the date of injury. Each parent of an adult child may also recover for mental pain and suffering if there are no other survivors.
- (8) The damages specified in subsection (3) shall not be recoverable by adult children and the damages specified in subsection (4) shall not be recoverable by parents of an adult child with respect to claims for medical negligence as defined

2024442___ 35-00970-24 59 by s. 766.106(1). Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024. 60