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By the Committee on Criminal Justice; and Senators Calatayud and Book

591-02982-24 2024852c1 A bill to be entitled

An act relating to interpersonal violence injunction petitions; amending ss. 741.30, 784.046, and 784.0485, F.S.; revising a requirement that petitions for injunction for protection against domestic violence, repeat violence, sexual violence, or dating violence, and stalking, respectively, be verified, rather than sworn to; revising the form for such petitions for injunction to require a person to verify, rather than swear to, certain statements; requiring the clerk of

the court to include an injunction in the Driver and Vehicle Information Database; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; reenacting ss. 39.301(9)(b) and (10) (a), 39.504 (4) (b) and (5), 61.45 (4) and (7) (b), 741.29(1), 741.2902(2), and 741.31(4), F.S., relating to initiation of protective investigations, injunctions and penalties, court-ordered parenting plans, investigation of domestic violence incidents, legislative intent with respect to the judiciary's role in domestic violence cases, and violation of an injunction for protection against domestic violence, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 741.30, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 61.1825(3)(a), 61.1827(1), 394.4597(2)(e), 394.4598(2)(q) and (h), 397.6978(2)(q) and (h), 784.048(4), 790.065(2)(c), 901.15(6), (7), and (13), 921.141(6)(p), and 921.1425(7)(j), F.S., relating to the State Case Registry, identifying information concerning applicants for and recipients of child

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support services, persons to be notified for involuntary patients, quardian advocates, quardian advocates for patients incompetent to consent, penalties for stalking, the sale and delivery of firearms, arrest by an officer without a warrant, the sentence of death or life imprisonment for capital felonies, and the sentence of death or life imprisonment for capital sexual battery, respectively, to incorporate the amendments made to ss. 741.30 and 784.046, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting ss. 28.2221(8)(a), (b), and (c), 57.105(8), 741.315(2), 790.401(2)(e) and (3)(c) and (e), 934.03(2)(1), and 934.425(3), F.S., relating to electronic access to official records, attorney fees and sanctions, recognition of foreign protection orders, petitions for a risk protection order, prohibited interception and disclosure of wire, oral, or electronic communications, and installation of tracking devices or tracking applications, respectively, to incorporate the amendments made to ss. 741.30, 784.046, and 784.0485, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 790.233(1), F.S., relating to prohibited possession of a firearm or ammunition for certain persons subject to an injunction, to incorporate the amendments made in ss. 741.30 and 784.0485, F.S., in references thereto; reenacting s. 784.047(1), F.S., relating to penalties for violating protective injunctions against violators, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 784.046, F.S., in a reference thereto; reenacting s.

784.0487(4)(a), F.S., relating to violation of an injunction for protection against stalking or cyberstalking, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 784.0485, F.S., in a reference thereto; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), subsection (3), and paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 741.30, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

741.30 Domestic violence; injunction; powers and duties of court and clerk; petition; notice and hearing; temporary injunction; issuance of injunction; statewide verification system; enforcement; public records exemption.—

(1) There is created a cause of action for an injunction for protection against domestic violence.

(a) Any person described in paragraph (e), who is either the victim of domestic violence as defined in s. 741.28 or has reasonable cause to believe he or she is in imminent danger of becoming the victim of any act of domestic violence, has standing in the circuit court to file a <u>verified sworn</u> petition for an injunction for protection against domestic violence.

(3) (a) The $\underline{\text{verified}}$ $\underline{\text{sworn}}$ petition must allege the existence of such domestic violence and must include the specific facts and circumstances upon the basis of which relief is sought.

(b) The $\underline{\text{verified}}$ $\underline{\text{sworn}}$ petition shall be in substantially the following form:

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89	PETITION FOR										
90	INJUNCTION FOR PROTECTION										
91	AGAINST DOMESTIC VIOLENCE										
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93	Before me, The undersigned authority, personally appeared										
94	Petitioner(Name), declares under penalty of perjury $\frac{1}{2}$										
95	has been sworn and says that the following statements are true:										
96	(a) Petitioner resides at:(address)										
97	(Petitioner may furnish address to the court in a separate										
98	confidential filing if, for safety reasons, the petitioner										
99	requires the location of the current residence to be										
100	confidential.)										
101	(b) Respondent resides at:(last known address)										
102	(c) Respondent's last known place of employment: (name										
103	of business and address)										
104	(d) Physical description of respondent:										
105	Race										
106	Sex										
107	Date of birth										
108	Height										
109	Weight										
110	Eye color										
111	Hair color										
112	Distinguishing marks or scars										
113	(e) Aliases of respondent:										
114	(f) Respondent is the spouse or former spouse of the										
115	petitioner or is any other person related by blood or marriage										
116	to the petitioner or is any other person who is or was residing										

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117	within a single dwelling unit with the petitioner, as if a
118	family, or is a person with whom the petitioner has a child in
119	common, regardless of whether the petitioner and respondent are
120	or were married or residing together, as if a family.
121	(g) The following describes any other cause of action
122	currently pending between the petitioner and respondent:
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124	The petitioner should also describe any previous or pending
125	attempts by the petitioner to obtain an injunction for
126	protection against domestic violence in this or any other
127	circuit, and the results of that attempt:
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129	Case numbers should be included if available.
130	(h) Petitioner is either a victim of domestic violence or
131	has reasonable cause to believe he or she is in imminent danger
132	of becoming a victim of domestic violence because respondent
133	has: (mark all sections that apply and describe in the spaces
134	below the incidents of violence or threats of violence,
135	specifying when and where they occurred, including, but not
136	limited to, locations such as a home, school, place of
137	employment, or visitation exchange)
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140	committed or threatened to commit domestic violence
141	defined in s. 741.28, Florida Statutes, as any assault,
142	aggravated assault, battery, aggravated battery, sexual assault,
143	sexual battery, stalking, aggravated stalking, kidnapping, false
144	imprisonment, or any criminal offense resulting in physical
145	injury or death of one family or household member by another.

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591-02982-24 2024852c1 With the exception of persons who are parents of a child in common, the family or household members must be currently residing or have in the past resided together in the same single dwelling unit.previously threatened, harassed, stalked, or physically abused the petitioner.attempted to harm the petitioner or family members or individuals closely associated with the petitioner.threatened to conceal, kidnap, or harm the petitioner's child or children.intentionally injured or killed a family pet.used, or has threatened to use, against the petitioner any weapons such as guns or knives.physically restrained the petitioner from leaving the home or calling law enforcement.a criminal history involving violence or the threat of violence (if known).another order of protection issued against him or her previously or from another jurisdiction (if known).destroyed personal property, including, but not limited to, telephones or other communication equipment, clothing, or other items belonging to the petitioner.engaged in a pattern of abusive, threatening, intimidating, or controlling behavior composed of a series of acts over a period of time, however short.engaged in any other behavior or conduct that leads the petitioner to have reasonable cause to believe he or she is in imminent danger of becoming a victim of domestic violence.

(i) Petitioner alleges the following additional specific

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175 facts: ... (mark appropriate sections) ... 176 A minor child or minor children reside with the 177 petitioner whose names and ages are as follows: 178 179Petitioner needs the exclusive use and possession of 180 the dwelling that the parties share. 181Petitioner is unable to obtain safe alternative housing 182 because: 183Petitioner genuinely fears that respondent imminently 184 185 will abuse, remove, or hide the minor child or children from 186 petitioner because: 187 188 (j) Petitioner genuinely fears imminent domestic violence 189 by respondent. 190 (k) Petitioner seeks an injunction: ... (mark appropriate 191 section or sections) ... 192 Immediately restraining the respondent from committing 193 any acts of domestic violence. 194 Restraining the respondent from committing any acts of 195 domestic violence. 196 Awarding to the petitioner the temporary exclusive use 197 and possession of the dwelling that the parties share or 198 excluding the respondent from the residence of the petitioner. 199Providing a temporary parenting plan, including a 200 temporary time-sharing schedule, with regard to the minor child 201 or children of the parties which might involve prohibiting or 202 limiting time-sharing or requiring that it be supervised by a 203 third party.

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.... Establishing temporary support for the minor child or children or the petitioner.

-Directing the respondent to participate in a batterers' intervention program.
-Providing any terms the court deems necessary for the protection of a victim of domestic violence, or any minor children of the victim, including any injunctions or directives to law enforcement agencies.
- (c) Every petition for an injunction against domestic violence must contain, directly above the signature line, a statement in all capital letters and bold type not smaller than the surrounding text, as follows:
 - I HAVE READ EVERY STATEMENT MADE IN THIS PETITION AND EACH STATEMENT IS TRUE AND CORRECT. I UNDERSTAND THAT THE STATEMENTS MADE IN THIS PETITION ARE BEING MADE UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY, PUNISHABLE AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 92.525 837.02, FLORIDA STATUTES.
 - ...(initials)...
- (d) If the <u>verified</u> <u>sworn</u> petition seeks to determine a parenting plan and time-sharing schedule with regard to the minor child or children of the parties, the <u>verified</u> <u>sworn</u> petition must be accompanied by or must incorporate the allegations required by s. 61.522 of the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act.
- (8)(a)1. Within 24 hours after the court issues an injunction for protection against domestic violence, the clerk of the court shall electronically transmit a copy of the

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petition, financial affidavit, Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act affidavit, if any, notice of hearing, and temporary injunction, if any, to the sheriff or a law enforcement agency of the county where the respondent resides or can be found, who shall serve it upon the respondent as soon thereafter as possible on any day of the week and at any time of the day or night. An electronic copy of an injunction must be certified by the clerk of the court, and the electronic copy must be served in the same manner as a certified copy. Upon receiving an electronic copy of the injunction, the sheriff must verify receipt with the sender before attempting to serve it upon the respondent. In addition, if the sheriff is in possession of an injunction for protection that has been certified by the clerk of the court, the sheriff may electronically transmit a copy of that injunction to a law enforcement officer who shall serve it in the same manner as a certified copy. The clerk of the court is responsible for furnishing to the sheriff such information on the respondent's physical description and location as is required by the department to comply with the verification procedures set forth in this section. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the chief judge of each circuit, in consultation with the appropriate sheriff, may authorize a law enforcement agency within the jurisdiction to effect service. A law enforcement agency serving injunctions pursuant to this section must use service and verification procedures consistent with those of the sheriff.

2. For an injunction issued after July 1, 2025, the clerk of the court must provide to the Department of Highway Safety

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and Motor Vehicles that such an injunction was issued, and must update the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles when such an injunction in no longer in place. Such information must be included in the Driver and Vehicle Information Database.

3.2. When an injunction is issued, if the petitioner requests the assistance of a law enforcement agency, the court may order that an officer from the appropriate law enforcement agency accompany the petitioner and assist in placing the petitioner in possession of the dwelling or residence, or otherwise assist in the execution or service of the injunction. A law enforcement officer must accept a copy of an injunction for protection against domestic violence, certified by the clerk of the court, from the petitioner and immediately serve it upon a respondent who has been located but not yet served.

4.3. All orders issued, changed, continued, extended, or vacated subsequent to the original service of documents enumerated under subparagraph 1. must be certified by the clerk of the court and delivered to the parties at the time of the entry of the order. The parties may acknowledge receipt of such order in writing on the face of the original order. In the event a party fails or refuses to acknowledge the receipt of a certified copy of an order, the clerk shall note on the original order that service was effected. If delivery at the hearing is not possible, the clerk shall mail certified copies of the order to the parties at the last known address of each party. Service by mail is complete upon mailing. When an order is served pursuant to this subsection, the clerk shall prepare a written certification to be placed in the court file specifying the time, date, and method of service and shall notify the sheriff.

If the respondent has been served previously with the temporary injunction and has failed to appear at the initial hearing on the temporary injunction, any subsequent petition for injunction seeking an extension of time may be served on the respondent by the clerk of the court by certified mail in lieu of personal service by a law enforcement officer.

Section 2. Subsections (2), (4), and paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 784.046, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

784.046 Action by victim of repeat violence, sexual violence, or dating violence for protective injunction; dating violence investigations, notice to victims, and reporting; pretrial release violations; public records exemption.—

- (2) There is created a cause of action for an injunction for protection in cases of repeat violence, there is created a separate cause of action for an injunction for protection in cases of dating violence, and there is created a separate cause of action for an injunction for protection in cases of sexual violence.
- (a) Any person who is the victim of repeat violence or the parent or legal guardian of any minor child who is living at home and who seeks an injunction for protection against repeat violence on behalf of the minor child has standing in the circuit court to file a <u>verified</u> sworn petition for an injunction for protection against repeat violence.
- (b) Any person who is the victim of dating violence and has reasonable cause to believe he or she is in imminent danger of becoming the victim of another act of dating violence, or any

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person who has reasonable cause to believe he or she is in imminent danger of becoming the victim of an act of dating violence, or the parent or legal guardian of any minor child who is living at home and who seeks an injunction for protection against dating violence on behalf of that minor child, has standing in the circuit court to file a <u>verified sworn</u> petition for an injunction for protection against dating violence.

- (c) A person who is the victim of sexual violence or the parent or legal guardian of a minor child who is living at home who is the victim of sexual violence has standing in the circuit court to file a verified sworn petition for an injunction for protection against sexual violence on his or her own behalf or on behalf of the minor child if:
- 1. The person has reported the sexual violence to a law enforcement agency and is cooperating in any criminal proceeding against the respondent, regardless of whether criminal charges based on the sexual violence have been filed, reduced, or dismissed by the state attorney; or
- 2. The respondent who committed the sexual violence against the victim or minor child was sentenced to a term of imprisonment in state prison for the sexual violence and the respondent's term of imprisonment has expired or is due to expire within 90 days following the date the <u>verified</u> petition is filed.
- (d) A cause of action for an injunction may be sought whether or not any other petition, complaint, or cause of action is currently available or pending between the parties.
- (e) A cause of action for an injunction does not require that the petitioner be represented by an attorney.

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(4) (a) The <u>verified</u> sworn petition shall allege the incidents of repeat violence, sexual violence, or dating violence and shall include the specific facts and circumstances that form the basis upon which relief is sought. With respect to a minor child who is living at home, the parent or legal guardian seeking the protective injunction on behalf of the minor child must:

- 1. Have been an eyewitness to, or have direct physical evidence or affidavits from eyewitnesses of, the specific facts and circumstances that form the basis upon which relief is sought, if the party against whom the protective injunction is sought is also a parent, stepparent, or legal guardian of the minor child; or
- 2. Have reasonable cause to believe that the minor child is a victim of repeat violence, sexual violence, or dating violence to form the basis upon which relief is sought, if the party against whom the protective injunction is sought is a person other than a parent, stepparent, or legal guardian of the minor child.
- (b) The <u>verified</u> sworn petition must be in substantially the following form:

PETITION FOR INJUNCTION FOR PROTECTION

AGAINST REPEAT VIOLENCE, SEXUAL

VIOLENCE, OR DATING VIOLENCE

Before me, The undersigned authority, personally appeared Petitioner ... (Name)..., declares under penalty of perjury who has been sworn and says that the following statements are true:

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378 379 1. Petitioner resides at ... (address) ... (A petitioner for 380 an injunction for protection against sexual violence may furnish 381 an address to the court in a separate confidential filing if, 382 for safety reasons, the petitioner requires the location of his 383 or her current residence to be confidential pursuant to s. 384 119.071(2)(j), Florida Statutes.) 2. Respondent resides at ... (address) 385 386 3.a. Petitioner has suffered repeat violence as 387 demonstrated by the fact that the respondent has: ... (enumerate incidents of violence)... 388 389 390 391 392 393 394 b. Petitioner has suffered sexual violence as demonstrated 395 by the fact that the respondent has: ... (enumerate incident of 396 violence and include incident report number from law enforcement 397 agency or attach notice of inmate release)... 398 399 400 401 402 403 c. Petitioner is a victim of dating violence and has 404 reasonable cause to believe that he or she is in imminent danger 405 of becoming the victim of another act of dating violence or has 406 reasonable cause to believe that he or she is in imminent danger

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of becoming a victim of dating violence, as demonstrated by the fact that the respondent has: ...(list the specific incident or incidents of violence and describe the length of time of the relationship, whether it has been in existence during the last 6 months, the nature of the relationship of a romantic or intimate nature, the frequency and type of interaction, and any other facts that characterize the relationship)...

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- 4. Petitioner genuinely fears repeat violence by the respondent.
- 5. Petitioner seeks: an immediate injunction against the respondent, enjoining him or her from committing any further acts of violence; an injunction enjoining the respondent from committing any further acts of violence; and an injunction providing any terms the court deems necessary for the protection of the petitioner and the petitioner's immediate family, including any injunctions or directives to law enforcement agencies.
- (c) Every petition for an injunction against repeat violence, sexual violence, or dating violence must contain the following statement directly above the signature line, in all capital letters and bold type not smaller than the surrounding text:

I HAVE READ EVERY STATEMENT MADE IN THIS PETITION AND

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EACH STATEMENT IS TRUE AND CORRECT. I UNDERSTAND THAT

THE STATEMENTS MADE IN THIS PETITION ARE BEING MADE

UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY, PUNISHABLE AS PROVIDED IN

SECTION 92.525, FLORIDA STATUTES.

(8) (a) 1. Within 24 hours after the court issues an injunction for protection against repeat violence, sexual violence, or dating violence, the clerk of the court shall electronically transmit a copy of the petition, notice of hearing, and temporary injunction, if any, to the sheriff or a law enforcement agency of the county where the respondent resides or can be found, who shall serve it upon the respondent as soon thereafter as possible on any day of the week and at any time of the day or night. An electronic copy of an injunction must be certified by the clerk of the court, and the electronic copy must be served in the same manner as a certified copy. Upon receiving an electronic copy of the injunction, the sheriff must verify receipt with the sender before attempting to serve it upon the respondent. In addition, if the sheriff is in possession of an injunction for protection that has been certified by the clerk of the court, the sheriff may electronically transmit a copy of that injunction to a law enforcement officer who shall serve it in the same manner as a certified copy. The clerk of the court is responsible for furnishing to the sheriff such information on the respondent's physical description and location as is required by the department to comply with the verification procedures set forth in this section. Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the chief judge of each circuit, in consultation with the appropriate sheriff, may authorize a law enforcement agency

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within the chief judge's jurisdiction to effect this type of service and to receive a portion of the service fee. A person may not serve or execute an injunction issued under this section unless the person is a law enforcement officer as defined in chapter 943.

- 2. For an injunction issued after July 1, 2025, the clerk of the court must provide to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles that such an injunction was issued, and must update the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles when such an injunction in no longer in place. Such information must be included in the Driver and Vehicle Information Database.
- 3.2. When an injunction is issued, if the petitioner requests the assistance of a law enforcement agency, the court may order that an officer from the appropriate law enforcement agency accompany the petitioner and assist in the execution or service of the injunction. A law enforcement officer must accept a copy of an injunction for protection against repeat violence, sexual violence, or dating violence, certified by the clerk of the court, from the petitioner and immediately serve it upon a respondent who has been located but not yet served.

Section 3. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraphs (a), (b), and (f) of subsection (3), and paragraph (a) of subsection (8) of section 784.0485, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

784.0485 Stalking; injunction; powers and duties of court and clerk; petition; notice and hearing; temporary injunction; issuance of injunction; statewide verification system; enforcement.—

(1) There is created a cause of action for an injunction for protection against stalking. For the purposes of injunctions

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for protection against stalking under this section, the offense of stalking shall include the offense of cyberstalking.

- (a) A person who is the victim of stalking or the parent or legal guardian of a minor child who is living at home who seeks an injunction for protection against stalking on behalf of the minor child has standing in the circuit court to file a verified sworn petition for an injunction for protection against stalking.
- (3) (a) The <u>verified sworn</u> petition shall allege the existence of such stalking and shall include the specific facts and circumstances for which relief is sought.
- (b) The $\underline{\text{verified}}$ $\underline{\text{sworn}}$ petition shall be in substantially the following form:

PETITION FOR INJUNCTION
FOR PROTECTION AGAINST STALKING

Before me, The undersigned authority, personally appeared Petitioner ...(Name)..., declares under penalty of perjury who has been sworn and says that the following statements are true:

- 1. Petitioner resides at: ...(address)...

 (Petitioner may furnish the address to the court in a separate confidential filing if, for safety reasons, the petitioner requires the location of the current residence to be confidential.)
- 2. Respondent resides at: ...(last known address)...
- 3. Respondent's last known place of employment:

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523 ... (name of business and address) ... 524 4. Physical description of respondent: 525 5. Race: 526 6. Sex: 527 7. Date of birth: 528 8. Height: 529 9. Weight: 530 10. Eye color: 11. Hair color: 531 532 12. Distinguishing marks or scars: 533 13. Aliases of respondent: 534 (f) Every petition for an injunction against stalking must 535 contain, directly above the signature line, a statement in all 536 capital letters and bold type not smaller than the surrounding 537 text, as follows: 538 539 I HAVE READ EVERY STATEMENT MADE IN THIS PETITION AND 540 EACH STATEMENT IS TRUE AND CORRECT. I UNDERSTAND THAT 541 THE STATEMENTS MADE IN THIS PETITION ARE BEING MADE 542 UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY, PUNISHABLE AS PROVIDED IN 543 SECTION 92.525 837.02, FLORIDA STATUTES. 544 545 ...(initials)... (8)(a)1. Within 24 hours after the court issues an 546 547 injunction for protection against stalking, the clerk of the 548 court shall electronically transmit a copy of the petition, 549 notice of hearing, and temporary injunction, if any, to the 550 sheriff or a law enforcement agency of the county where the 551 respondent resides or can be found, who shall serve it upon the

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respondent as soon thereafter as possible on any day of the week and at any time of the day or night. An electronic copy of an injunction must be certified by the clerk of the court, and the electronic copy must be served in the same manner as a certified copy. Upon receiving an electronic copy of the injunction, the sheriff must verify receipt with the sender before attempting to serve it on the respondent. In addition, if the sheriff is in possession of an injunction for protection that has been certified by the clerk of the court, the sheriff may electronically transmit a copy of that injunction to a law enforcement officer who shall serve it in the same manner as a certified copy. The clerk of the court shall furnish to the sheriff such information concerning the respondent's physical description and location as is required by the Department of Law Enforcement to comply with the verification procedures set forth in this section. Notwithstanding any other law, the chief judge of each circuit, in consultation with the appropriate sheriff, may authorize a law enforcement agency within the jurisdiction to effect service. A law enforcement agency serving injunctions pursuant to this section must use service and verification procedures consistent with those of the sheriff.

- 2. For an injunction issued after July 1, 2025, the clerk of the court must provide to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles that such an injunction was issued, and must update the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles when such an injunction in no longer in place. Such information must be included in the Driver and Vehicle Information Database.
- 3.2. If an injunction is issued and the petitioner requests the assistance of a law enforcement agency, the court may order

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that an officer from the appropriate law enforcement agency accompany the petitioner to assist in the execution or service of the injunction. A law enforcement officer must accept a copy of an injunction for protection against stalking, certified by the clerk of the court, from the petitioner and immediately serve it upon a respondent who has been located but not yet served.

4.3. An order issued, changed, continued, extended, or vacated subsequent to the original service of documents enumerated under subparagraph 1. must be certified by the clerk of the court and delivered to the parties at the time of the entry of the order. The parties may acknowledge receipt of such order in writing on the face of the original order. If a party fails or refuses to acknowledge the receipt of a certified copy of an order, the clerk shall note on the original order that service was effected. If delivery at the hearing is not possible, the clerk shall mail certified copies of the order to the parties at the last known address of each party. Service by mail is complete upon mailing. When an order is served pursuant to this subsection, the clerk shall prepare a written certification to be placed in the court file specifying the time, date, and method of service and shall notify the sheriff.

5.4. If the respondent has been served previously with a temporary injunction and has failed to appear at the initial hearing on the temporary injunction, any subsequent petition for injunction seeking an extension of time may be served on the respondent by the clerk of the court by certified mail in lieu of personal service by a law enforcement officer....(initials)...

Section 4. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 741.30, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (9) and paragraph (a) of subsection (10) of section 39.301, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

- 39.301 Initiation of protective investigations.-
- 616 (9)

- (b) For each report received from the central abuse hotline, the department shall determine the protective, treatment, and ameliorative services necessary to safeguard and ensure the child's safety and well-being and development, and cause the delivery of those services through the early intervention of the department or its agent. If a delay or disability of the child is suspected, the parent must be referred to a local child developmental screening program, such as the Child Find program of the Florida Diagnostic and Learning Resource System, for screening of the child. As applicable, child protective investigators must inform parents and caregivers how and when to use the injunction process under s. 741.30 to remove a perpetrator of domestic violence from the home as an intervention to protect the child.
- 1. If the department determines that the interests of the child and the public will be best served by providing the child care or other treatment voluntarily accepted by the child and the parents or legal custodians, the parent or legal custodian and child may be referred for such care, case management, or other community resources.
- 2. If the department determines that the child is in need of protection and supervision, the department may file a

petition for dependency.

3. If a petition for dependency is not being filed by the department, the person or agency originating the report shall be advised of the right to file a petition pursuant to this part.

- 4. At the close of an investigation, the department shall provide to the person who is alleged to have caused the abuse, neglect, or abandonment and the parent or legal custodian a summary of findings from the investigation and provide information about their right to access confidential reports in accordance with s. 39.202.
- (10)(a) The department's training program for staff responsible for responding to reports accepted by the central abuse hotline must also ensure that child protective responders:
- 1. Know how to fully inform parents or legal custodians of their rights and options, including opportunities for audio or video recording of child protective responder interviews with parents or legal custodians or children.
- 2. Know how and when to use the injunction process under s. 39.504 or s. 741.30 to remove a perpetrator of domestic violence from the home as an intervention to protect the child.
- 3. Know how to explain to the parent, legal custodian, or person who is alleged to have caused the abuse, neglect, or abandonment the results of the investigation and to provide information about his or her right to access confidential reports in accordance with s. 39.202, prior to closing the case.

Section 5. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 741.30, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (4) and subsection (5) of section 39.504, Florida Statutes, are

reenacted to read:

39.504 Injunction; penalty.-

- (4) If an injunction is issued under this section, the primary purpose of the injunction must be to protect and promote the best interests of the child, taking the preservation of the child's immediate family into consideration.
- (b) Upon proper pleading, the court may award the following relief in a temporary ex parte or final injunction:
- 1. Exclusive use and possession of the dwelling to the caregiver or exclusion of the alleged or actual offender from the residence of the caregiver.
 - 2. Temporary support for the child or other family members.
- 3. The costs of medical, psychiatric, and psychological treatment for the child incurred due to the abuse, and similar costs for other family members.

This paragraph does not preclude an adult victim of domestic violence from seeking protection for himself or herself under s. 741.30.

(5) Service of process on the respondent shall be carried out pursuant to s. 741.30. The department shall deliver a copy of any injunction issued pursuant to this section to the protected party or to a parent, caregiver, or individual acting in the place of a parent who is not the respondent. Law enforcement officers may exercise their arrest powers as provided in s. 901.15(6) to enforce the terms of the injunction.

Section 6. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 741.30, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (4) and paragraph (b) of

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subsection (7) of section 61.45, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

- 61.45 Court-ordered parenting plan; risk of violation; bond.—
- (4) In assessing the need for a bond or other security, the court may consider any reasonable factor bearing upon the risk that a party may violate a parenting plan by removing a child from this state or country or by concealing the whereabouts of a child, including but not limited to whether:
- (a) A court has previously found that a party previously removed a child from Florida or another state in violation of a parenting plan, or whether a court had found that a party has threatened to take a child out of Florida or another state in violation of a parenting plan;
- (b) The party has strong family and community ties to Florida or to other states or countries, including whether the party or child is a citizen of another country;
- (c) The party has strong financial reasons to remain in Florida or to relocate to another state or country;
- (d) The party has engaged in activities that suggest plans to leave Florida, such as quitting employment; sale of a residence or termination of a lease on a residence, without efforts to acquire an alternative residence in the state; closing bank accounts or otherwise liquidating assets; applying for a passport or visa; or obtaining travel documents for the respondent or the child;
- (e) Either party has had a history of domestic violence as either a victim or perpetrator, child abuse or child neglect evidenced by criminal history, including but not limited to,

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arrest, an injunction for protection against domestic violence issued after notice and hearing under s. 741.30, medical records, affidavits, or any other relevant information;

- (f) The party has a criminal record;
- (g) The party is likely to take the child to a country that:
- 1. Is not a party to the Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction and does not provide for the extradition of an abducting parent or for the return of an abducted child;
- 2. Is a party to the Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction, but:
- a. The Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction is not in force between this country and that country;
- b. Is noncompliant or demonstrating patterns of noncompliance according to the most recent compliance report issued by the United States Department of State; or
- c. Lacks legal mechanisms for immediately and effectively enforcing a return order under the Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction;
- 3. Poses a risk that the child's physical or emotional health or safety would be endangered in the country because of specific circumstances relating to the child or because of human rights violations committed against children;
 - 4. Has laws or practices that would:
- a. Enable the respondent, without due cause, to prevent the petitioner from contacting the child;
 - b. Restrict the petitioner from freely traveling to or

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exiting from the country because of the petitioner's gender, nationality, marital status, or religion; or

- c. Restrict the child's ability to legally leave the country after the child reaches the age of majority because of a child's gender, nationality, or religion;
- 5. Is included by the United States Department of State on a current list of state sponsors of terrorism;
- 6. Does not have an official United States diplomatic presence in the country; or
- 7. Is engaged in active military action or war, including a civil war, to which the child may be exposed;
- (h) The party is undergoing a change in immigration or citizenship status that would adversely affect the respondent's ability to remain in this country legally;
- (i) The party has had an application for United States citizenship denied;
- (j) The party has forged or presented misleading or false evidence on government forms or supporting documents to obtain or attempt to obtain a passport, a visa, travel documents, a social security card, a driver license, or other governmentissued identification card or has made a misrepresentation to the United States government;
- (k) The party has used multiple names to attempt to mislead or defraud;
- (1) The party has been diagnosed with a mental health disorder that the court considers relevant to the risk of abduction; or
- (m) The party has engaged in any other conduct that the court considers relevant to the risk of abduction.

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(b) This section, including the requirement to post a bond or other security, does not apply to a parent who, in a proceeding to order or modify a parenting plan or time-sharing schedule, is determined by the court to be a victim of an act of domestic violence or provides the court with reasonable cause to believe that he or she is about to become the victim of an act of domestic violence, as defined in s. 741.28. An injunction for protection against domestic violence issued pursuant to s. 741.30 for a parent as the petitioner which is in effect at the time of the court proceeding shall be one means of demonstrating sufficient evidence that the parent is a victim of domestic violence or is about to become the victim of an act of domestic violence, as defined in s. 741.28, and shall exempt the parent from this section, including the requirement to post a bond or other security. A parent who is determined by the court to be exempt from the requirements of this section must meet the requirements of s. 787.03(6) if an offense of interference with the parenting plan or time-sharing schedule is committed.

Section 7. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 741.30, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 741.29, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

- 741.29 Domestic violence; investigation of incidents; notice to victims of legal rights and remedies; reporting.—
- (1) Any law enforcement officer who investigates an alleged incident of domestic violence shall assist the victim to obtain medical treatment if such is required as a result of the alleged incident to which the officer responds. Any law enforcement

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officer who investigates an alleged incident of domestic violence shall advise the victim of such violence that there is a domestic violence center from which the victim may receive services. The law enforcement officer shall give the victim immediate notice of the legal rights and remedies available on a standard form developed and distributed by the department. As necessary, the department shall revise the Legal Rights and Remedies Notice to Victims to include a general summary of s. 741.30 using simple English as well as Spanish, and shall distribute the notice as a model form to be used by all law enforcement agencies throughout the state. The notice shall include:

- (a) The resource listing, including telephone number, for the area domestic violence center designated by the Department of Children and Families; and
- (b) A copy of the following statement: "IF YOU ARE THE VICTIM OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, you may ask the state attorney to file a criminal complaint. You also have the right to go to court and file a petition requesting an injunction for protection from domestic violence which may include, but need not be limited to, provisions which restrain the abuser from further acts of abuse; direct the abuser to leave your household; prevent the abuser from entering your residence, school, business, or place of employment; award you custody of your minor child or children; and direct the abuser to pay support to you and the minor children if the abuser has a legal obligation to do so."

Section 8. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 741.30, Florida Statutes, in a

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reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 741.2902, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

741.2902 Domestic violence; legislative intent with respect to judiciary's role.—

- (2) It is the intent of the Legislature, with respect to injunctions for protection against domestic violence, issued pursuant to s. 741.30, that the court shall:
- (a) Recognize that the petitioner's safety may require immediate removal of the respondent from their joint residence and that there can be inherent danger in permitting the respondent partial or periodic access to the residence.
- (b) Ensure that the parties have a clear understanding of the terms of the injunction, the penalties for failure to comply, and that the parties cannot amend the injunction verbally, in writing, or by invitation to the residence.
- (c) Ensure that the parties have knowledge of legal rights and remedies including, but not limited to, visitation, child support, retrieving property, counseling, and enforcement or modification of the injunction.
- (d) Consider temporary child support when the pleadings raise the issue and in the absence of other support orders.
- (e) Consider supervised visitation, withholding visitation, or other arrangements for visitation that will best protect the child and petitioner from harm.
- (f) Enforce, through a civil or criminal contempt proceeding, a violation of an injunction for protection against domestic violence.
- (g) Consider requiring the perpetrator to complete a batterers' intervention program. It is preferred that such

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program meet the requirements specified in s. 741.325.

Section 9. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 741.30, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 741.31, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

741.31 Violation of an injunction for protection against domestic violence.—

- (4) (a) A person who willfully violates an injunction for protection against domestic violence issued pursuant to s. 741.30, or a foreign protection order accorded full faith and credit pursuant to s. 741.315, by:
 - 1. Refusing to vacate the dwelling that the parties share;
- 2. Going to, or being within 500 feet of, the petitioner's residence, school, place of employment, or a specified place frequented regularly by the petitioner and any named family or household member;
- 3. Committing an act of domestic violence against the petitioner;
- 4. Committing any other violation of the injunction through an intentional unlawful threat, word, or act to do violence to the petitioner;
- 5. Telephoning, contacting, or otherwise communicating with the petitioner directly or indirectly, unless the injunction specifically allows indirect contact through a third party;
- 6. Knowingly and intentionally coming within 100 feet of the petitioner's motor vehicle, whether or not that vehicle is occupied;
- 7. Defacing or destroying the petitioner's personal property, including the petitioner's motor vehicle; or

8. Refusing to surrender firearms or ammunition if ordered to do so by the court $\frac{1}{2}$

commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, except as provided in paragraph (c).

Section 10. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 741.30 and 784.046, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 61.1825, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

- 61.1825 State Case Registry.-
- (3) (a) For the purpose of this section, a family violence indicator must be placed on a record when:
- 1. A party executes a sworn statement requesting that a family violence indicator be placed on that party's record which states that the party has reason to believe that release of information to the Federal Case Registry may result in physical or emotional harm to the party or the child; or
- 2. A temporary or final injunction for protection against domestic violence has been granted pursuant to s. 741.30(6), an injunction for protection against domestic violence has been issued by a court of a foreign state pursuant to s. 741.315, or a temporary or final injunction for protection against repeat violence has been granted pursuant to s. 784.046; or
- 3. The department has received information on a Title IV-D case from the Domestic, Dating, Sexual, and Repeat Violence Injunction Statewide Verification System, established pursuant to s. 784.046(8)(b), that a court has granted a party a domestic violence or repeat violence injunction.

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Section 11. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 741.30 and 784.046, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (1) of section 61.1827, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

- 61.1827 Identifying information concerning applicants for and recipients of child support services.—
- (1) Any information that reveals the identity of applicants for or recipients of child support services, including the name, address, and telephone number of such persons, held by a non-Title IV-D county child support enforcement agency is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. The use or disclosure of such information by the non-Title IV-D county child support enforcement agency is limited to the purposes directly connected with:
- (a) Any investigation, prosecution, or criminal or civil proceeding connected with the administration of any non-Title IV-D county child support enforcement program;
- (b) Mandatory disclosure of identifying and location information as provided in s. 61.13(7) by the non-Title IV-D county child support enforcement agency when providing non-Title IV-D services;
- (c) Mandatory disclosure of information as required by ss. 409.2577, 61.181, 61.1825, and 61.1826 and Title IV-D of the Social Security Act; or
- (d) Disclosure to an authorized person, as defined in 45 C.F.R. s. 303.15, for purposes of enforcing any state or federal law with respect to the unlawful taking or restraint of a child or making or enforcing a parenting plan. As used in this

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paragraph, the term "authorized person" includes a parent with whom the child does not currently reside, unless a court has entered an order under s. 741.30, s. 741.31, or s. 784.046.

Section 12. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 741.30 and 784.046, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 394.4597, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

394.4597 Persons to be notified; patient's representative. -

- (2) INVOLUNTARY PATIENTS.-
- (e) The following persons are prohibited from selection as a patient's representative:
- 1. A professional providing clinical services to the patient under this part.
- 2. The licensed professional who initiated the involuntary examination of the patient, if the examination was initiated by professional certificate.
- 3. An employee, an administrator, or a board member of the facility providing the examination of the patient.
- 4. An employee, an administrator, or a board member of a treatment facility providing treatment for the patient.
- 5. A person providing any substantial professional services to the patient, including clinical services.
 - 6. A creditor of the patient.
- 7. A person subject to an injunction for protection against domestic violence under s. 741.30, whether the order of injunction is temporary or final, and for which the patient was the petitioner.
- 8. A person subject to an injunction for protection against repeat violence, stalking, sexual violence, or dating violence

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under s. 784.046, whether the order of injunction is temporary or final, and for which the patient was the petitioner.

Section 13. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 741.30 and 784.046, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraphs (g) and (h) of subsection (2) of section 394.4598, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

394.4598 Guardian advocate.

- (2) The following persons are prohibited from appointment as a patient's guardian advocate:
- (g) A person subject to an injunction for protection against domestic violence under s. 741.30, whether the order of injunction is temporary or final, and for which the patient was the petitioner.
- (h) A person subject to an injunction for protection against repeat violence, stalking, sexual violence, or dating violence under s. 784.046, whether the order of injunction is temporary or final, and for which the patient was the petitioner.

Section 14. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 741.30 and 784.046, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraphs (g) and (h) of subsection (2) of section 397.6978, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

397.6978 Guardian advocate; patient incompetent to consent; substance abuse disorder.—

- (2) The following persons are prohibited from appointment as a patient's guardian advocate:
 - (g) A person subject to an injunction for protection

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against domestic violence under s. 741.30, whether the order of injunction is temporary or final, and for which the individual was the petitioner.

(h) A person subject to an injunction for protection against repeat violence, stalking, sexual violence, or dating violence under s. 784.046, whether the order of injunction is temporary or final, and for which the individual was the petitioner.

Section 15. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 741.30 and 784.046, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (4) of section 784.048, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

784.048 Stalking; definitions; penalties.-

(4) A person who, after an injunction for protection against repeat violence, sexual violence, or dating violence pursuant to s. 784.046, or an injunction for protection against domestic violence pursuant to s. 741.30, or after any other court-imposed prohibition of conduct toward the subject person or that person's property, knowingly, willfully, maliciously, and repeatedly follows, harasses, or cyberstalks another person commits the offense of aggravated stalking, a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.

Section 16. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 741.30 and 784.046, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 790.065, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

790.065 Sale and delivery of firearms.-

(2) Upon receipt of a request for a criminal history record

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check, the Department of Law Enforcement shall, during the licensee's call or by return call, forthwith:

- (c)1. Review any records available to it to determine whether the potential buyer or transferee has been indicted or has had an information filed against her or him for an offense that is a felony under either state or federal law, or, as mandated by federal law, has had an injunction for protection against domestic violence entered against the potential buyer or transferee under s. 741.30, has had an injunction for protection against repeat violence entered against the potential buyer or transferee under s. 784.046, or has been arrested for a dangerous crime as specified in s. 907.041(5)(a) or for any of the following enumerated offenses:
 - a. Criminal anarchy under ss. 876.01 and 876.02.
- 1059 b. Extortion under s. 836.05.
 - c. Explosives violations under s. 552.22(1) and (2).
 - d. Controlled substances violations under chapter 893.
 - e. Resisting an officer with violence under s. 843.01.
 - f. Weapons and firearms violations under this chapter.
 - g. Treason under s. 876.32.
 - h. Assisting self-murder under s. 782.08.
 - i. Sabotage under s. 876.38.
 - j. Stalking or aggravated stalking under s. 784.048.

If the review indicates any such indictment, information, or arrest, the department shall provide to the licensee a conditional nonapproval number.

2. Within 24 working hours, the department shall determine the disposition of the indictment, information, or arrest and

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inform the licensee as to whether the potential buyer is prohibited from receiving or possessing a firearm. For purposes of this paragraph, "working hours" means the hours from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Monday through Friday, excluding legal holidays.

- 3. The office of the clerk of court, at no charge to the department, shall respond to any department request for data on the disposition of the indictment, information, or arrest as soon as possible, but in no event later than 8 working hours.
- 4. The department shall determine as quickly as possible within the allotted time period whether the potential buyer is prohibited from receiving or possessing a firearm.
- 5. If the potential buyer is not so prohibited, or if the department cannot determine the disposition information within the allotted time period, the department shall provide the licensee with a conditional approval number.
- 6. If the buyer is so prohibited, the conditional nonapproval number shall become a nonapproval number.
- 7. The department shall continue its attempts to obtain the disposition information and may retain a record of all approval numbers granted without sufficient disposition information. If the department later obtains disposition information which indicates:
- a. That the potential buyer is not prohibited from owning a firearm, it shall treat the record of the transaction in accordance with this section; or
- b. That the potential buyer is prohibited from owning a firearm, it shall immediately revoke the conditional approval number and notify local law enforcement.
 - 8. During the time that disposition of the indictment,

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information, or arrest is pending and until the department is notified by the potential buyer that there has been a final disposition of the indictment, information, or arrest, the conditional nonapproval number shall remain in effect.

Section 17. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 741.30 and 784.046, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsections (6), (7), and (13) of section 901.15, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

901.15 When arrest by officer without warrant is lawful.—A law enforcement officer may arrest a person without a warrant when:

- (6) There is probable cause to believe that the person has committed a criminal act according to s. 790.233 or according to s. 741.31, s. 784.047, or s. 825.1036 which violates an injunction for protection entered pursuant to s. 741.30, s. 784.046, or s. 825.1035 or a foreign protection order accorded full faith and credit pursuant to s. 741.315, over the objection of the petitioner, if necessary.
- (7) There is probable cause to believe that the person has committed an act of domestic violence, as defined in s. 741.28, or dating violence, as provided in s. 784.046. The decision to arrest shall not require consent of the victim or consideration of the relationship of the parties. It is the public policy of this state to strongly discourage arrest and charges of both parties for domestic violence or dating violence on each other and to encourage training of law enforcement and prosecutors in these areas. A law enforcement officer who acts in good faith and exercises due care in making an arrest under this subsection, under s. 741.31(4) or s. 784.047, or pursuant to a

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foreign order of protection accorded full faith and credit pursuant to s. 741.315, is immune from civil liability that otherwise might result by reason of his or her action.

(13) There is probable cause to believe that the person has committed an act that violates a condition of pretrial release provided in s. 903.047 when the original arrest was for an act of domestic violence as defined in s. 741.28, or when the original arrest was for an act of dating violence as defined in s. 784.046.

Section 18. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 741.30 and 784.046, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (p) of subsection (6) of section 921.141, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

- 921.141 Sentence of death or life imprisonment for capital felonies; further proceedings to determine sentence.—
- (6) AGGRAVATING FACTORS.—Aggravating factors shall be limited to the following:
- (p) The capital felony was committed by a person subject to an injunction issued pursuant to s. 741.30 or s. 784.046, or a foreign protection order accorded full faith and credit pursuant to s. 741.315, and was committed against the petitioner who obtained the injunction or protection order or any spouse, child, sibling, or parent of the petitioner.

Section 19. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 741.30 and 784.046, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (j) of subsection (7) of section 921.1425, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

921.1425 Sentence of death or life imprisonment for capital sexual battery; further proceedings to determine sentence.—

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(7) AGGRAVATING FACTORS.—Aggravating factors shall be limited to the following:

(j) The capital felony was committed by a person subject to an injunction issued pursuant to s. 741.30 or s. 784.046, or a foreign protection order accorded full faith and credit pursuant to s. 741.315, and was committed against the petitioner who obtained the injunction or protection order or any spouse, child, sibling, or parent of the petitioner.

Section 20. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 741.30, 784.046, and 784.0485, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of subsection (8) of section 28.2221, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

28.2221 Electronic access to official records.-

- (8) (a) Each county recorder or clerk of the court must make the identity of each respondent against whom a final judgment for an injunction for the protection of a minor under s. 741.30, s. 784.046, or s. 784.0485 is entered, as well as the fact that a final judgment for an injunction for the protection of a minor under s. 741.30, s. 784.046, or s. 784.0485 has been entered against that respondent, publicly available on an Internet website for general public display, which may include the Internet website required by this section, unless the respondent is a minor.
- (b) Any information specified in this subsection not made available by the county recorder or clerk of the court on a publicly available Internet website for general public display before July 1, 2021, must be made publicly available on an Internet website if the affected party identifies the

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information and requests that such information be added to a publicly available Internet website for general public display. Such request must be in writing and delivered by mail, facsimile, or electronic transmission or in person to the county recorder or clerk of the court. The request must specify the case number assigned to the final judgment for an injunction for the protection of a minor under s. 741.30, s. 784.046, or s. 784.0485. A fee may not be charged for the addition of information pursuant to such request.

(c) No later than 30 days after July 1, 2021, notice of the right of any affected party to request the addition of information to a publicly available Internet website pursuant to this subsection shall be conspicuously and clearly displayed by the county recorder or clerk of the court on the publicly available Internet website on which images or copies of the county's public records are placed and in the office of each county recorder or clerk of the court. Such notice must contain appropriate instructions for making the addition of information request in person, by mail, by facsimile, or by electronic transmission. The notice must state, in substantially similar form, that any person has a right to request that a county recorder or clerk of the court add information to a publicly available Internet website if that information involves the identity of a respondent against whom a final judgment for an injunction for the protection of a minor under s. 741.30, s. 784.046, or s. 784.0485 is entered, unless the respondent is a minor. Such request must be made in writing and delivered by mail, facsimile, or electronic transmission or in person to the county recorder or clerk of the court. The request must specify

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the case number assigned to the final judgment for an injunction for the protection of a minor under s. 741.30, s. 784.046, or s. 784.0485. A fee may not be charged for the addition of a document pursuant to such request.

Section 21. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 741.30, 784.046, and 784.0485, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (8) of section 57.105, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

57.105 Attorney's fee; sanctions for raising unsupported claims or defenses; exceptions; service of motions; damages for delay of litigation.—

(8) Attorney fees may not be awarded under this section in proceedings for an injunction for protection pursuant to s. 741.30, s. 784.046, or s. 784.0485, unless the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the petitioner knowingly made a false statement or allegation in the petition or that the respondent knowingly made a false statement or allegation in an asserted defense, with regard to a material matter as defined in s. 837.011(3).

Section 22. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 741.30, 784.046, and 784.0485, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (2) of section 741.315, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

741.315 Recognition of foreign protection orders.-

(2) Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. s. 2265, an injunction for protection against domestic violence issued by a court of a foreign state must be accorded full faith and credit by the courts of this state and enforced by a law enforcement agency as if it were the order of a Florida court issued under s. 741.30,

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s. 741.31, s. 784.046, s. 784.047, s. 784.0485, or s. 784.0487, and provided that the court had jurisdiction over the parties and the matter and that reasonable notice and opportunity to be heard was given to the person against whom the order is sought sufficient to protect that person's right to due process. Ex parte foreign injunctions for protection are not eligible for enforcement under this section unless notice and opportunity to be heard have been provided within the time required by the foreign state or tribal law, and in any event within a reasonable time after the order is issued, sufficient to protect the respondent's due process rights.

Section 23. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 741.30, 784.046, and 784.0485, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (e) of subsection (2) and paragraphs (c) and (e) of subsection (3) of section 790.401, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

790.401 Risk protection orders.-

- (2) PETITION FOR A RISK PROTECTION ORDER.—There is created an action known as a petition for a risk protection order.
 - (e) A petition must:
- 1. Allege that the respondent poses a significant danger of causing personal injury to himself or herself or others by having a firearm or any ammunition in his or her custody or control or by purchasing, possessing, or receiving a firearm or any ammunition, and must be accompanied by an affidavit made under oath stating the specific statements, actions, or facts that give rise to a reasonable fear of significant dangerous acts by the respondent;
 - 2. Identify the quantities, types, and locations of all

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firearms and ammunition the petitioner believes to be in the respondent's current ownership, possession, custody, or control; and

- 3. Identify whether there is a known existing protection order governing the respondent under s. 741.30, s. 784.046, or s. 784.0485 or under any other applicable statute.
 - (3) RISK PROTECTION ORDER HEARINGS AND ISSUANCE.-
- (c) In determining whether grounds for a risk protection order exist, the court may consider any relevant evidence, including, but not limited to, any of the following:
- 1. A recent act or threat of violence by the respondent against himself or herself or others, whether or not such violence or threat of violence involves a firearm.
- 2. An act or threat of violence by the respondent within the past 12 months, including, but not limited to, acts or threats of violence by the respondent against himself or herself or others.
- 3. Evidence of the respondent being seriously mentally ill or having recurring mental health issues.
- 4. A violation by the respondent of a risk protection order or a no contact order issued under s. 741.30, s. 784.046, or s. 784.0485.
- 5. A previous or existing risk protection order issued against the respondent.
- 6. A violation of a previous or existing risk protection order issued against the respondent.
- 7. Whether the respondent, in this state or any other state, has been convicted of, had adjudication withheld on, or pled nolo contendere to a crime that constitutes domestic

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violence as defined in s. 741.28.

- 8. Whether the respondent has used, or has threatened to use, against himself or herself or others any weapons.
- 9. The unlawful or reckless use, display, or brandishing of a firearm by the respondent.
- 10. The recurring use of, or threat to use, physical force by the respondent against another person or the respondent stalking another person.
- 11. Whether the respondent, in this state or any other state, has been arrested for, convicted of, had adjudication withheld on, or pled nolo contendere to a crime involving violence or a threat of violence.
- 12. Corroborated evidence of the abuse of controlled substances or alcohol by the respondent.
- 13. Evidence of recent acquisition of firearms or ammunition by the respondent.
- 14. Any relevant information from family and household members concerning the respondent.
- 15. Witness testimony, taken while the witness is under oath, relating to the matter before the court.
- (e) In a hearing under this section, the rules of evidence apply to the same extent as in a domestic violence injunction proceeding under s. 741.30.
- Section 24. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 741.30, 784.046, and 784.0485, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, paragraph (1) of subsection (2) of section 934.03, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:
 - 934.03 Interception and disclosure of wire, oral, or

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1335 electronic communications prohibited.-

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(1) It is lawful under this section and ss. 934.04-934.09 for a person who is protected under an active temporary or final injunction for repeat violence, sexual violence, or dating violence under s. 784.046; stalking under s. 784.0485; domestic violence under s. 741.30; or any other court-imposed prohibition of conduct toward the person to intercept and record a wire, oral, or electronic communication received in violation of such injunction or court order. A recording authorized under this paragraph may be provided to a law enforcement agency, an attorney, or a court for the purpose of evidencing a violation of an injunction or court order if the subject of the injunction or court order prohibiting contact has been served the injunction or is on notice that the conduct is prohibited. A recording authorized under this paragraph may not be otherwise disseminated or shared.

Section 25. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 741.30, 784.046, and 784.0485, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (3) of section 934.425, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

934.425 Installation of tracking devices or tracking applications; exceptions; penalties.—

- (3) For purposes of this section, a person's consent is presumed to be revoked if:
- (a) The consenting person and the person to whom consent was given are lawfully married and one person files a petition for dissolution of marriage from the other; or
 - (b) The consenting person or the person to whom consent was

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given files an injunction for protection against the other person pursuant to s. 741.30, s. 741.315, s. 784.046, or s. 784.0485.

Section 26. For the purpose of incorporating the amendments made by this act to sections 741.30 and 784.0485, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsection (1) of section 790.233, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

790.233 Possession of firearm or ammunition prohibited when person is subject to an injunction against committing acts of domestic violence, stalking, or cyberstalking; penalties.—

(1) A person may not have in his or her care, custody, possession, or control any firearm or ammunition if the person has been issued a final injunction that is currently in force and effect, restraining that person from committing acts of domestic violence, as issued under s. 741.30 or from committing acts of stalking or cyberstalking, as issued under s. 784.0485.

Section 27. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 784.046, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (1) of section 784.047, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

784.047 Penalties for violating protective injunction against violators.—

- (1) A person who willfully violates an injunction for protection against repeat violence, sexual violence, or dating violence, issued pursuant to s. 784.046, or a foreign protection order accorded full faith and credit pursuant to s. 741.315 by:
 - (a) Refusing to vacate the dwelling that the parties share;
- (b) Going to, or being within 500 feet of, the petitioner's residence, school, place of employment, or a specified place

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frequented regularly by the petitioner and any named family or household member;

- (c) Committing an act of repeat violence, sexual violence, or dating violence against the petitioner;
- (d) Committing any other violation of the injunction through an intentional unlawful threat, word, or act to do violence to the petitioner;
- (e) Telephoning, contacting, or otherwise communicating with the petitioner directly or indirectly, unless the injunction specifically allows indirect contact through a third party;
- (f) Knowingly and intentionally coming within 100 feet of the petitioner's motor vehicle, whether or not that vehicle is occupied;
- (g) Defacing or destroying the petitioner's personal property, including the petitioner's motor vehicle; or
- (h) Refusing to surrender firearms or ammunition if ordered to do so by the court,

commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, except as provided in subsection (2).

Section 28. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 784.0485, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 784.0487, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

784.0487 Violation of an injunction for protection against stalking or cyberstalking.—

(4)(a) A person who willfully violates an injunction for

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protection against stalking or cyberstalking issued pursuant to s. 784.0485, or a foreign protection order accorded full faith and credit pursuant to s. 741.315, by:

- 1. Going to, or being within 500 feet of, the petitioner's residence, school, place of employment, or a specified place frequented regularly by the petitioner and any named family members or individuals closely associated with the petitioner;
 - 2. Committing an act of stalking against the petitioner;
- 3. Committing any other violation of the injunction through an intentional unlawful threat, word, or act to do violence to the petitioner;
- 4. Telephoning, contacting, or otherwise communicating with the petitioner, directly or indirectly, unless the injunction specifically allows indirect contact through a third party;
- 5. Knowingly and intentionally coming within 100 feet of the petitioner's motor vehicle, whether or not that vehicle is occupied;
- 6. Defacing or destroying the petitioner's personal property, including the petitioner's motor vehicle; or
- 7. Refusing to surrender firearms or ammunition if ordered to do so by the court,

commits a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, except as provided in paragraph (b).

Section 29. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024.