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10	SENATE SPECIAL SESSION - REAPPORTIONMENT
11	AUGUST 11, 2014
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21	CLARA C. ROTRUCK
22	Court Reporter
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	FOR THE RECORD REPORTING TALLAHASSEE FLORIDA 850.222.5491

PROCEEDINGS 1 2 SECRETARY: Quorum call, please, all Senators 3 indicate your presence. All unauthorized persons 4 will please leave the Gallery. All Senators and 5 guests in the Gallery, please silence all 6 electronic devices. 7 All Senators, please indicate your presence. 8 A quorum is present, Mr. President. 9 PRESIDENT GAETZ: The Senate will be in order. 10 READING CLERK: The quorum is present for the conducting of business. 11 12 PRESIDENT GAETZ: The Senators and guests in 13 the Gallery will please rise for the opening prayer 14 that will be given this afternoon by the Senator of 15 the 16th, Senator Altman, and following Senator 16 Altman's invocation, please remain standing for the 17 Pledge of Allegiance, and the Pledge will be led 18 this afternoon by the Senator of the 22nd, one of 19 our military veterans, Senator Brandes. Senator 20 Altman.

21 SENATOR ALTMAN: Heavenly Father, we come to 22 you with humility. We give you thanks, we thank 23 you especially for this precious place we call 24 Florida and for those who dwell and visit here. We 25 represent them. May the decisions we make here for

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them reflect your love, for we know that you are the God of love and we serve you by loving one another.

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Let us also give thanks to those who serve to protect our freedoms and to those who have come before us and have secured our freedoms. We pray this in your Holy Name, Amen.

8 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Amen. Senator Brandes,
9 thank you for your service, sir, and you are
10 recognized.

11 (Whereupon, the Pledge of Allegiance was12 recited.)

PRESIDENT GAETZ: You may be seated. Thank
you all for your presence today and for your
service last week and this week during the special
session.

17 We have some Senators who are absent today and 18 are excused. Senator Stargel, who is out of the 19 continental United States, Senator Latvala, who has 20 a serious medical condition, he is seeing a 21 physician today. Please, it is not life 2.2 threatening, but it is orthopedic in nature. 23 Please keep Senator Latvala in your prayers. 24 Senator Evers and Senator Joyner are on their way 25 here, but they have been held up by inclimate

weather. Therefore, they will be here, we hope, before the end of the day, but we do have Senators who are absent for reasons that are legitimate and valid.

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At the suggestion, and it was a good one, of our Democratic Leader, Senator Smith, we delayed the session today to attempt to accommodate Senators who are grounded from air travel, and therefore, had to arrive a little later than they had planned, because they drove long distances, a couple of them are still in the car.

I am grateful for the cooperation and the coordination of Leader Smith and Leader Benacquisto in working with us and in working with our partners in the House of Representatives on scheduling and procedures for this week.

I certainly want to thank Chairman Galvano and
the members of his committee, Leader Smith,
Senators Bradley, Montford, Gibson, Lee and Simmons
and the Apportionment Committee staff for the work
that they have been doing.

A few words about our schedule for this week, how we will proceed today. We want everyone to be informed, we want everybody to stay involved. The first thing we will do today is take up the Bill

that has been filed, which is the work product of the Reapportionment Committee, including the traveling amendment by Senator Galvano, that is the first thing we will do today.

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We will have a full explanation of the 5 6 Committee's recommendations to this body, 7 recommendations which came to this body with the 8 unanimous bipartisan vote. We want a full 9 understanding of those recommendations or 10 implications and consequences. We will take all 11 the time necessary to make sure that we can do 12 that.

Then as is customary and according to rules we will take up other amendments which have been filed. Now, I would tell the Senate that we have a couple of late filed amendments that are not in their proper filing posture yet and we are going to be accommodating to the Senators who have filed those amendments, to the committee's work.

20 So therefore, it may be necessary for us 21 because of the schedule and Bill drafting, and they 22 are working very hard with the sponsors of these 23 amendments, it may be necessary for us to take a 24 short recess, and if so, I ask your indulgence, but 25 we want to be respectful to any Senator who has an

idea, and we want to take all the time that is necessary.

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Today our objective is to proceed forward into second reading. Perhaps we will get through second reading. As I noted, we have amendments, including a couple that have not been filed yet and will be late filed. Perhaps we will get further, but we will be pacing along side our partners in the House, and therefore, we want to make sure that we complete our business in tandem with our partners in the House.

12 The members of the Senate will set the pace 13 for the Senate. There is not a leadership pace or 14 a requirement or expectation from either of the 15 caucuses as to how we will proceed in terms of 16 schedule. We are here until Friday noon, and we 17 will be here for every minute of that time if 18 necessary to make sure that everyone has the 19 opportunity to share their ideas and to be heard. 20 The special session has us here on the floor for as 21 long as we need to be here today, tomorrow, 2.2 Wednesday, Thursday, and until 11:59 a.m. on 23 Friday.

If at any time, because we are certainlydealing with issues here that may cause questions,

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we want questions. If at any time any Senator needs explanation about the process or about any matter of substance, please feel free to seek out the Rule's Chair, seek out your Caucus Leader and to make inquiries of the Presiding Officer, and we will make sure that before we proceed we deal with any questions having to do with either process or substance.

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9 Our method of operation today and for the 10 remainder of the week is to take all the time 11 necessary for a complete explanation of every 12 amendment. Time for questions of the amendment 13 sponsor, time or every Senator who wants debate, to 14 debate any and every issue.

Let me stop there and ask if there are any questions about scheduling or about the process that we will follow as we go forward this week. Any questions by any Senator?

19 If not, then let's continue with the regular20 order. Are there reports of committees?

21 READING CLERK: None on the desk, Mr.
22 President.

23PRESIDENT GAETZ: Are there motions relating24to committee reference?

READING CLERK: None on the desk, Mr.

President.

2	PRESIDENT GAETZ: Are there messages from the
3	Governor and other Executive communications?
4	READING CLERK: None on the desk, Mr.
5	President.
6	PRESIDENT GAETZ: Are there messages from our
7	friends in the House of Representatives?
8	READING CLERK: None on the desk, Mr.
9	President.
10	PRESIDENT GAETZ: Are there matters on
11	reconsideration?
12	READING CLERK: None on the desk, Mr.
13	President.
14	PRESIDENT GAETZ: If not, take up the special
15	order calendar and read the first Bill.
16	READING CLERK: Senate Bill 2-A, a Bill
17	entitled and relating to the establishment of a
18	Congressional Districts of the state.
19	PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Galvano, the Senator
20	of the 26, the Chair of the Reapportionment
21	Committee is recognized to explain the Bill.
22	SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President,
23	and if I may, I would go into the traveling
24	amendment and then I guess when the substitute
25	amendment that is in process arrives, then I can
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make the distinction between the traveling amendment and the substitute amendment, which is technical in nature.

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PRESIDENT GAETZ: All right, Senator Galvano, let's just get ourselves in proper posture. Take up and read the traveling amendment to which Senator Galvano refers.

READING CLERK: Bar Code 726240 by Senator Galvano. Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert amendment.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Galvano.

12 SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President. 13 Mr. President, Senators, this amendment is the 14 amendment that was adopted unanimously in the 15 Senate Reapportionment Committee last Friday.

The amendment contains the remedial plan known as 9057 and you can see 9057 on the map behind you, and it was also part of the staff analysis and has been available now since last Thursday.

The idea behind 9057 was, first and foremost was to continue to meet the requirements of the Federal Constitution, Federal laws, the State Constitution, and then pursuant to the call to meet the requirements and address the concerns enunciated by the Circuit Court in *Romo versus*

Detzner.

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Just by way of recap the Court found concern with two of the 27 Congressional Districts that were enacted by the Legislature. The two districts that the Court had concern with were District No. 5 and District No. 10.

7 The concern that the Court had with District 5 8 was that there was an appendage that went off from 9 District 5 into Seminole County capturing Sanford. 10 The Court found that this appendage made the 11 district not compact. The Court also recognized 12 that there was some irregularity in the shape of 13 this district.

14 The Court found that the appendage which 15 captured Sanford elevated the BVAP or black voting 16 age population over 50 percent to make it a 17 majority/minority district and the Court felt like 18 that move was not justified.

With regard to District 10, the Court's specific concern was an appendage that wrapped around the bottom and went in between Districts 5 and 9, and the Court found that that appendage which would have created a Hispanic opportunity district in No. 9, again, was not justified, and from those two appendages the Court inferred a

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violation of Tier 1 and 10.

2 So the question was, how do we address the concerns of the Court. Well, at the end of the day 3 4 the Court's concerns were captured within Tier 2. 5 What I mean by Tier 2 is, once you get passed 6 intent, in other words, that you are not benefiting 7 an incumbent or a party or reducing the ability of 8 a racial minority to elect a candidate of its 9 choice, then you go into the physical characteristics of the district, which include 10 11 compactness and population and following geographic 12 and political lines.

13 There were three approaches that were looked 14 at. The first approach was more of a minimal 15 approach. Do we just go in and take the very 16 specific language that was in the July 10th Final 17 Judgment, being about the appendages, and just 18 those and regain population solely on the 19 appendages.

The next approach was to look at 9043, and 9043 as you will recall was the last iteration from the House in the process before the enacted map. And the reason that even became part of the discussion was because the Court in its opinion did use a reference 9043 as a model while impeaching

9047. Also the Plaintiffs in the case had referenced 9043.

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The problem that arose with 9043 is that it would have impacted nine districts in total, and we didn't feel like it was an absolute safe harbor. The language that the Court used was not so strong as to give us confidence that if it were that map then all would be okay.

9 So ultimately what was done as an approach was 10 to address the specific concerns of the Court, to 11 very carefully study the Final Judgment and then 12 cull out any instructive information that we could 13 to use the Judgment, the Order that came afterwards 14 to see if we could make things better across the 15 board and to continue to improve all of the Tier 2 16 scores for District 5 and District 10.

So to begin with District 5. The very first thing that was done was to remove the Sanford appendage. The Sanford appendage contained about 30,000 people. When that appendage came out Seminole County was then rendered full. We had to regain population though for CD 5.

23 Remember I mentioned the irregular shape. One 24 of the things that was done to regain population 25 was in Putnam County. The western or eastern

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boundary of CD 5 was along Alachua County, that was moved to the St. Johns River which is a geographical boundary.

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In doing so it improved the compactness of the district, picked up roughly 23,000 voters and addressed the concerns with the serpentine nature. In addition, some additional voting population was picked in in Marion County, moving to the west and to the south, about 8,000 people.

After having adjusted CD 5 we did a functional 10 11 analysis with regard to the BVAP. We didn't have a 12 goal going in, but we wanted to make sure that in 13 making the adjustments we didn't diminish and 14 violate Tier 1 in Federal law. When we did the 15 functional analysis we found that the black voting 16 age population was now at 48.03. It is down from 17 the benchmark, the benchmark being the map prior to 18 the enacted map that was 49.9. Obviously it was 19 less than over the 50 percent which the Judge found 20 objectionable and not constitutional.

21 So with that BVAP score a functional analysis 22 was run. All of you have seen it in the staff 23 analysis that was put forward, and at the end of 24 the analysis the conclusions of staff and counsel 25 and the Committee was that the impact did not

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diminish.

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In other words, this district still performs in such a way that the minority population can elect a candidate of its choice and there is not retrogression.

6 With regard to Congressional District 10, that 7 is the one as I mentioned that has the appendage 8 that went up through the bottom and split 5 and 9. 9 That appendage was removed. That appendage has 10 about 105,000 people in it. The population that 11 was contained in that appendage was regained in 12 Orange, Osceola and Polk County by moving the line 13 of 10 more eastward.

In impacting 9 we were also able to then lift CD 17 up so that the northern boundary would run along the southern boundary of Osceola. The districts impacted 6, 7, 9, 11 and 17 were all adjusted and frankly they all came out after the adjustment more compatible both visually and mathematic.

21 So as a result of the new map, 9057 or I 22 should say the proposed map that includes the 23 amendments to 5 and 10, in CD 5 first and foremost 24 you have an improved visual compactness, because 25 this is important, because both the Supreme Court

as well as the Circuit Court uses this as a guidance. It is just as valid a criteria as anything else.

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You can look at it and see that you now have a more compact district. Several areas of the serpentine curves have been removed and it also has a new mathematical compactness that exceeds where it was. Its Reock score, and for those of you who do remember and some of you who don't, the Reock is essentially the test which takes a circle, the smallest circle that can encompass and circumscribe the district, and then you do a ratio of the land mass that is in that circle to the overall area of that circle.

15 Well, the Reock for CD 5 in 9057 represented 16 by this amendment goes from .13 from a point .09. 17 A significant increase. The convex hull score, and 18 this is what we call the rubber band test, because 19 you create a polygon around the district and you 20 use the areas inside of the straight lines that are 21 a calculated area that is not filled with district 2.2 to come up with that score.

The convex hull went from .29 to .42. The district results, though shorten, albeit modestly, but the perimeter now has decreased by 124 miles.

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With regard to CD 10 the Reock score went to .42 from .39. The convex hull went to .83 from .73.

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And again, the impacts to surrounding districts were minimized. A total of seven districts were impacted, including 5 and 10, and from the standards set forth in the Final Judgment, as well as the existing law in the cull, I am confident that these amendments in the remedial plan meets the requirements.

10 The other point I wanted to make is that the 11 Bill has an applicability date, the applicability 12 date is after the general election in 2014. This 13 is not to somehow create an issue for the Judge. 14 Instead it is consistent with where the Judge has 15 been in the August 1st Order, trying to decide 16 where he would go in terms of an election, but it 17 does ensure that the votes that have taken place 18 now, the military ballots, the absentee ballots, 19 the preparation will continue until the general 20 Should there be a special election post that 2014. 21 date, then the new maps will apply. And that is a 2.2 general overview, Mr. President and Senators.

23 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Thank you very much, Mr.
24 Chairman. Are there questions? Leader Smith.
25 LEADER SMITH: Thank you, Mr. President. My

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question would be about your last comment and the concerns that I have is the election process.

Under this map, say if the map were to pass today and the Judge approve it, will you have people voting in one race, but immediately being represented by someone in another district?

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Galvano.

SENATOR GALVANO: No, if we pass this map, the election that is pending right now would remain undisturbed. It would only be if another election were to occur post the general in November.

For example, if the Judge decided when we go back on the 20th of August, said, you know what, I think we can enact these maps, I am going to call a special election or extend the existing election, then these maps would be addressed. Otherwise the existing maps would control through the end of this general.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Leader Smith.

LEADER SMITH: Just so I understand. So currently there are districts that are being deemed unconstitutional. A Judge has said that they are unconstitutional, and people are voting in those districts that are unconstitutional.

So if we vote on this today and this map

passes, we will continue to elect people and count votes in unconstitutional districts. In essence, that is what we will be doing.

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PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Galvano.

SENATOR GALVANO: You will have votes continuing in CD 5 and CD 10. We have had already votes, military votes and otherwise, and this is also, Leader Smith, not a unique situation in American law. Oftentimes when you have a case such as this it actually runs to the next cycle.

But given where we are in the process, and we had to have a start date, while at the same time giving the Judge the discretion and leeway that he has begun to opine about, that is why we ended up with this date.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Further in questions?
Questions for the Chairman? Further in questions?
Senator Clemens for a question.

SENATOR CLEMENS: Thank you, Mr. President.
Can you talk a little bit about how the map was
developed in terms of staff usage and your role and
others' roles in developing the map?
PRESIDENT GAETZ: Chairman Galvano.

SENATOR GALVANO: Yes, thank you, Mr.
President. Well, first let me explain the backdrop

that we are in. We convened this session under a Joint Approximation that specifically referenced a Court Order. That Court Order created a time constraint for us to gather and complete a remedial plan by next Friday.

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So with that backdrop, immediately upon appointment of the Committee, both Chairs Corcoran and myself directed staff to work in collaboration with each other, as well as with legal counsel to begin to develop a remedial plan.

Last Wednesday myself and Chair Corcoran spent pretty much from dawn until midnight going over the Court Orders, looking at possible ways to address the map and putting together a map that was eventually finalized early afternoon on that next Thursday.

After that map was filed, which was an amendment under my name to the Senate Bill 2-A, the hearing was held on Friday, where it was discussed and testimony was taken and voted and here we are today.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Clemens to follow up.

SENATOR CLEMENS: Thank you, Mr. President. So the map was developed all with in-house staff,

in-house attorneys, no outside consultants of any nature?

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PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Galvano.

SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President. We had in-house staff. We did have contract counsel there. Justice Cantero, Meros, Bardos from the House, but there were no consultants and there were no other political interests that participated in the process.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Clemens to follow up.

Thank you, Mr. President. 12 SENATOR CLEMENS: 13 Just a question about the map specifically. In 14 order to accommodate the Judge's Order you had 15 mentioned earlier that you moved the, I guess it is 16 the eastern boundary near the southern end of 17 District 10 to the east to increase the population 18 there.

19 That border now that lies under this new map 20 between 10 and 9, is there a geographic nature to 21 that boundary? I know you had said northern that 22 there was a St. Johns River issue that you used as 23 a boundary. But is there a geographical boundary 24 to that portion of the map?

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Chairman Galvano.

SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President. Yes, there is both geographical and a political boundary. In Osceola it is the western boundary of Kissimmee, I believe, and then in Polk I believe it runs along a roadway.

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PRESIDENT GAETZ: Before we go to further questions, Madam Secretary, please unlock Senator Evers' button. Thank you for being here, Senator Evers. I know you had to go through some bad weather, and we appreciate you being here, sir.

11 Further in questions for Chairman Galvano?12 Senator Gibson.

SENATOR GIBSON: Thank you, Mr. President. And because we didn't go over this a lot in committee, we dealt mostly with the boundaries and the numbers, I want to make sure I understand the special election piece, because I am a little confused on that part.

19So when we make the effective date, what did20you say the date is, I am sorry?

PRESIDENT GAETZ:

SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President.
The applicability date of these maps is for any
election held after the 2014 general election.
PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Gibson.

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Senator Galvano.

SENATOR GIBSON: Thank you, Mr. President. So if the Judge as he has indicated decides that he wants to call a special for those affected districts, it would be after November 4th, and then qualifying starts all over.

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And so those Congressional candidates who had already qualified and paid the filing fees for the current unconstitutional districts and those that were constitutional, but certainly impacted, would then have to requalify and pay the filing fees all over again?

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Galvano.

SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President.
Yes, and I think therein lies the whole rub and that is why the Court has not decided that it actually can or will have an extension of the 2014 election, or have a general election.

18 When you look at the mechanics of that, and 19 you nailed it, the qualifying, reopening, it just 20 becomes extremely difficult. But in deference to 21 the Judge we wanted to make sure that nothing we 2.2 did indicated anything but the utmost respect for 23 the Order, we established the date at post-2014, as 24 opposed to the next cycle so that if there were 25 some decision by the Court, his hands wouldn't be

1 tied legislatively. I can't comment on legally. 2 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Gibson, does that 3 exhaust your questions for the moment? Senator 4 Sobel for a question. 5 SENATOR SOBEL: Thank you, Mr. President, and 6 Senator Galvano for your hard work. 7 You mentioned that Congressional Districts 5, 8 10, 6, 7, 9, 11 and 17 would be impacted with your 9 revised map. How many voters are we actually 10 talking about in all those districts? Chairman Galvano. 11 PRESIDENT GAETZ: 12 SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President. 13 If you are talking about voters who are moving, you 14 have, well, if you start with Sanford there is 15 30,000 there. Then you go to CD 10, that is 16 another 105,000. With Putnam County you are 17 talking about 23,000 and with Marion you are 18 talking about 8,000, and then you have a couple of 19 line moves that have tens, total, tens of 20 thousands. 21 So there is a significant number of voter 2.2 change. Twenty-three counties are involved. So 23 you can't really go in and make any adjustments on

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others, but understand that great care was taken to

just a couple of districts without impacting

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minimize the impact on the other districts, because 1 2 frankly the Court upheld 25 out of 27 districts. 3 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Sobel. 4 SENATOR SOBEL: Quick math, about 170,000 5 voters? 6 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Chair Galvano. 7 SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President. 8 Yes, based on your math. 9 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Sobel, are you 10 finished for the moment? Senator Soto. SENATOR SOTO: 11 Thank you, Mr. President. 12 Senator Galvano, what was the reduction in Hispanic 13 voting age population in District 9? 14 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Galvano. 15 SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President. 16 Senator Soto, we only did one functional analysis. 17 We didn't do a performance or functional analysis 18 on any of the other districts, because the Court 19 had recognized that CD 5 was, in fact, a minority 20 district, albeit he didn't feel we were justified 21 in bringing it to a minority/majority district. 2.2 With regard to CD 9 when we put the appendage 23 in, in the enacted map it did create a Hispanic 24 opportunity district, but the Judge said again that 25 was not justified. So when we moved population, we

didn't come back into CD 9 to do a functional 1 2 analysis on Hispanic voting nor did we do a 3 performance analysis. 4 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 5 SENATOR SOTO: Thank you, Mr. President. Was 6 it a reduction? 7 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Chair Galvano. 8 SENATOR GALVANO: Again, without seeing the 9 exact numbers I can't tell you, but we did pull the 10 appendage that came up in Orange County out and picked up voters in Polk and Osceola. So most 11 12 likely there would be a reduction. 13 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 14 SENATOR SOTO: Thank you, Mr. President. Why 15 was Osceola split in half between Districts 9 and 16 17?17 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Galvano. 18 SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President. 19 CD 9 had really a significant impact with regard to 20 I mean, there was a large number that had CD 10. 21 moved in that area. So it picked up a significant 2.2 amount of population. When we looked at the total impacts of CD 9 23 24 and then the opportunity to in adjusting population 25 bring the northern end of 17 up which picked up OR THE RECORD REPORTING TALLAHASSEE FLORIDA 850.222.5491

maybe 1,000 people in a rural community, and at the 1 2 same time it would increase the compactness score 3 of 9, which certainly the Judge will find 4 favorable, we decided that that was an appropriate 5 step to take. 6 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 7 SENATOR SOTO: Thank you, Mr. President. Why was downtown Orlando included in District 9? 8 9 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Galvano. 10 SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President. 11 Again, the concern that the Circuit Court brought 12 out specifically, and a lot we had to cull out, but 13 one was specific, was the appendage into CD 9. 14 That is where therein lies that area. 15 So we knew at a minimum that the Court found 16 the appendage objectionable, the Court found that 17 it negatively impacted compact scores, compactness 18 scores, and we knew that that was a starting point. 19 President Margolis. PRESIDENT GAETZ: 20 PRESIDENT MARGOLIS: Senator, when you were 21 talking about District 4 and explaining what 2.2 happened with District 4 because it had gained population, I am sorry, District 5, because it had 23 gained population and you then said, so we had to 24 25 diminish population.

And then you kind of said something about like 1 2 it is like less 45,000 voting people. You didn't 3 say whether they were blacks or not blacks. You 4 really didn't give us a breakout of who this 45,000 5 And in the percentage of that black was. 6 population, certainly was diminished. 7 So perhaps you can be very specific about how 8 many blacks you have taken out and who is 9 diminished, were they voting age population people. Who was diminished? 10 Chairman Galvano. 11 PRESIDENT GAETZ: 12 SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President. 13 President Margolis, let's start with the benchmark. 14 The benchmark map which is the map prior to the 15 enacted map, had a BVAP, a black voting age 16 occupation of 49.9 percent. In the enacted map in 17 2012, that BVAP was brought from 49.9 to 50.05. So 18 it actually became a majority/minority district. 19 The Court deemed that moving from 49.9 to a 20 50.05 majority/minority was not justified and 21 instead found that the result was an appendage that 2.2 went into Seminole County that impacted Tier 2 23 considerations, the compactness, et cetera. So when we went back and redrew these maps 24 25 there wasn't any particular goal. It was just a

question of recreating a more compact district, but at the same time we had to be aware of and avoid diminution, a retrogression, and that is not an exact science even legally. There are standards that the Supreme Court put forth to determine whether retrogression has occurred or hasn't occurred.

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8 In the after situation we had a 48.11 percent 9 BVAP, black voting age population. The staff ran a 10 functional analysis looking as far back as '08 11 election, '10 election, '12 elections, and it was 12 determined that this would not result in a 13 retrogression of the minorities ability to elect a 14 candidate of its choice.

Also we took guidance from map 9043, which had a 48.03 BVAP and the Court had not found that number objectionable. So at the end of the day you are at 48.11 percent.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: President Margolis.

20 PRESIDENT MARGOLIS: You said something about 21 losing, going down to 45 percent. Not to 22 48 percent, but going down to 45 percent from the 23 49 percent I think, and I just -- I just want you 24 to be very specific about what happened. I am not 25 complaining about it, I am just saying what

1 happened? 2 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Chairman Galvano. 3 SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President. 4 There is no 45 percent. If I led you to understand 5 that, then that is my mistake. It is 6 48.11 percent. I think if you got to 45 percent 7 then we would start to have some legal issues with 8 regard to diminution. 9 PRESIDENT GAETZ: President Margolis. 10 PRESIDENT MARGOLIS: If you will listen to the 11 tape you will hear that. 12 PRESIDENT GAETZ: President, did you have any 13 other comments at this point, any other questions? 14 If not, Senator Montford. 15 SENATOR MONTFORD: Thank you, Mr. President. 16 First of all, Senator Galvano, thank you for your 17 hard work. I know it was early mornings, late 18 evenings, and your staff as well.

My question, I believe you said there were 22 counties impacted. And I know in the testimony the other day, by the way, thank you for your memo in terms of how sensitive we should be as to who we talk to and I think that was exceptionally good advice. For myself, I know it kept me out of trouble and I appreciate that.

In terms of those 22 counties, I know you have been pressed for time, but has there been any input from those Supervisors of Elections? I know we had one that testified before the Committee last week and his answer to my question, is it doable, and I believe he said no.

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But I am wondering if there has been any input in any way from the Supervisors of Elections which would give support to the recommendation that this take effect after the November 14 election?

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Chairman Galvano.

12 SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President. 13 It is actually 23 counties. And the testimony that 14 we heard was heard in committee by the whole 15 Committee. There has not been separate 16 communication with Supervisors of Elections, but I 17 think we had a very thorough explanation of the 18 hardships of conducting an election immediately 19 after the general, before the sitting of the next 20 Congress.

21 So that is the testimony that we have. The 22 call did not require us to make a determination on 23 that and the Court has reserved jurisdiction to 24 make its decision.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Montford, is that it FOR THE RECORD REPORTING TALLAHASSEE FLORIDA 850.222.5491 for now? Senator Thompson, you are recognized for questions of the sponsor.

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SENATOR THOMPSON: Thank you, Mr. President. Senator Galvano, one of the concerns that the Judge had with regard to the constitutionality of the maps was whether or not they were drawn to benefit one party over another.

8 Does the map that you are proposing here 9 address that, and does it change anything with 10 regard to whether one party benefits from the way 11 the lines are drawn compared to another?

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Chairman Galvano.

13 SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President. 14 The map that is before you, we took guidance from 15 the Court. Ultimately the Court's inference of 16 intent, which would have the Tier 1 violation was 17 based mainly on what he deemed manifestation in 18 Tier 2, the appendages, et cetera.

So we addressed those Tier 2 considerations. The catch-22 is this. If we were to go back and say, let's reengineer these districts so they perform differently, then we have once again or we have then violated Tier 1. The requirements of Tier 1 is that there not be intent irrespective of the effect.

So I guess to answer your question, to the extent the Court identified certain features of these districts that gave the Court guidance in inferring intent, yes, we addressed those features.

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PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Thompson.

SENATOR THOMPSON: Thank you, Mr. President. Senator, so in term of the outcome, the map that we are going to vote on today, would you say leaves in place the outcome of benefiting one party over another?

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Galvano.

SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President. The only functional analysis that was done was a functional analysis with regard to the minority performance in CD 5, because the Court had recognized that as a minority district we did no other functional analysis for any of the other districts.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Further in questions?
Further in questions? Speaker Thrasher for a
question.

SPEAKER THRASHER: Thank you, Mr. President.
Senator Galvano, I was not on the committee and
thank you, Mr. President for that.

But could you just kind of give us an overview

of the committee structure and the process you went through? I don't mean to belabor it, but I think it is important for everybody to know, because many of us weren't here to hear the committee deliberations, but how you actually approached it, what your process was? What was voted on the committee for the Bill that we are discussing now. That sort of thing. Could you just give us an overview of that?

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PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Galvano.

11 SENATOR GALVANO: Yes, thank you, Mr. 12 President. Again, what occurred is the Court 13 issued an Order on August the 1st. That Order 14 required that the Legislature submit a remedial 15 revised plan no later than noon this Friday.

So immediately we were in a different world than traditionally. The Joint Proclamation followed the Court Order and ordered or required us to convene a special session for the sole and exclusive purpose of addressing the concerns raised by the Court in *Romo v. Detzner* with regard CD 5, CD 10.

23 Understanding the short time frame both Chair 24 Corcoran in the House and myself reached out to our 25 staff, which by the way, the President and the

staff has been unbelievable in this process. What we said, began to collaborate with your counterparts as well as legal counsel, but that is it. We didn't want any other influences in the process given how we got here and the short time constrains.

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Once the staff began to lay the background on Wednesday, we began doing some map drawing and that included legal counsel for the House, George Meros and Andy Bardos and legal counsel for the Senate, Justice Raoul Cantero, as well as respective staff.

12 And we looked at different approaches to take, 13 and not to belabor it either, but again we said we 14 can start with the very specific things that the 15 Judge has pointed out, the appendages in 5 and 10. 16 We could go back and look at 9043, because even the 17 Plaintiffs used that to try to impeach 9047, but 18 then ultimately we decided let's address the 19 specific concerns of the Judge, continue to make 20 these districts better in Tier 2 considerations 21 across the board, and impact as few districts as 2.2 possible.

That process went through the day and frankly until midnight and beyond on Wednesday, and then on Thursday, it was finished and early afternoon a map

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was put out in the House and the Senate for the members to see and review that with a possible amendment deadline for the next day for our committee hearing on Friday.

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On Friday the committee with Vice Chair Leader Smith, Senator Montford, Senator Gibson, President Lee, Senator Simmons and Senator Bradley convened at 10:15a.m. We had reserved a block until 6:00 We discussed the Bill, we heard public p.m. testimony, we voted and adopted the amendment that I am discussing now. The Bill was incidentally 12 unanimously and then we prepared to come in here for special order, and here we are.

> Speaker Thrasher. PRESIDENT GAETZ:

15 SPEAKER THRASHER: In the testimony that you 16 referred to either on Thursday or Friday in your 17 committee, was there any testimony from the 18 Supervisors of Elections? I know Senator Montford 19 asked that, but I would be curious to know if there 20 was any actual testimony.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Chairman Galvano.

2.2 SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President. 23 Yes, we did have testimony from the Seminole County 24 Supervisor, who appeared before the committee and I 25 frankly paraphrased this, he said, if there is

going to be an election that takes place before the seating of the next Congress, that I think he used the phrase, some Federal and State laws are going to have to change. He didn't see how it was practical.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Mr. Speaker.

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SPEAKER THRASHER: 7 In reference to the 8 applicability issue, that testimony I presume was 9 somewhat persuasive in terms of how they, because 10 they had actually as I understand it testified in 11 the Court case that brought us to where we are, but 12 they raised some serious and substantial concerns 13 about the implications of the new election prior to 14 the end of the general election cycle this year, 15 did they not?

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Galvano.

17 SENATOR GALVANO: Yes, they did. And I think 18 the Court, itself, if you read the August 1st Order 19 by Judge Terry Lewis, he does not conclude he can 20 or will conduct an extended or special election. 21 He recognizes the challenges that take place, but 2.2 he said he feels as though he at least needed to 23 consider it and that is why he directed in his 24 Order the Department of State to come forward with 25 their recommendations.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Further in questions? Senator Simmons for a question.

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SENATOR SIMMONS: Thank you, Mr. President, and also thank you for appointing me to the committee.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Well, I love both you and Speaker Thrasher.

SENATOR SIMMONS: I do in a way, also, Your Honor, in a way.

10 Chairman Galvano, at the committee meeting on 11 Friday, there was a testimony by the NAACP and they 12 had two individuals who were leaders of the NAACP, 13 long time leaders of the NAACP, and they spoke very 14 eloquently about the need to retain Congressional 15 District No. 5 in the form that you had kept it in 16 your Bill as amended.

17 And they spoke about the historical 18 cohesiveness of the district and they, of course, 19 spoke about the creation of the district by Federal 20 Judges rather than the Legislature. And the idea 21 of going from Duval County down to Orange County 2.2 being something that was, in fact, created by 23 Federal Judges for the purposes of compliance with 24 the Voting Rights Act.

Could you explain to us why you felt it was

important to maintain the general location, as well as the black voting age population of 48 percent in the Congressional District in your map?

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PRESIDENT GAETZ: Chairman Galvano.

SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President. And I think you enunciated several of the characteristics, the cohesiveness, the historical nature.

9 Remember the benchmark which is CD 3 as I 10 recall came to us in the '90s, in really a 11 bipartisan at the time the Florida House of 12 Representative was controlled by Democrats. I 13 believe the Senate had a very narrow Republican 14 margin and Lawton Chiles was the Governor and that 15 is when it came together.

16 The testimony was very compelling in committee 17 with regard to the cohesive nature of the 18 north/south district. And incidentally the Judge 19 made no objection to the north/south configuration. 20 Why it was important not to diminish is very 21 simple, that is part of Tier 1, it is part of 2.2 Federal law and we wanted to, while addressing the 23 Judge's concern that it wasn't necessary to go to a 24 majority/minority district, we didn't want to 25 impact the performance of the district, such that

the minority population could not elect a candidate of its choice. That is why we did the functional analysis.

Our comfort level at the 48 percent when we ran the numbers was based first on the idea that 9043 which was discussed was by the Court, the Court didn't find that was a diminution, but when we ran the functional test later that was confirmed.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Hays for a question. SENATOR HAYS: Thank you, Mr. President. 12 Senator Galvano, back to the potential opportunity for a special election. I am concerned because I 14 was contacted by two Supervisors of Elections.

15 In the remarks to the Committee the other day, 16 did the Supervisor from Seminole County point out 17 the difficulty in securing polling locations for a 18 special election that may conflict with venues that 19 are already obligated?

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PRESIDENT GAETZ: Chairman Galvano.

21 Thank you, Mr. President. SENATOR GALVANO: Ι 2.2 think very specifically the testimony involved the 23 timing, which would if you were looking at where 24 you would have a primary for example would be in 25 that block of time in December, which are commonly

the holidays.

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He raised an antidotal concern about the availability of polls, many being of church properties, and then also poll workers, the availability of poll workers.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Hays.

7 SENATOR HAYS: Is there any allowance going to be made for financial considerations? 8 Because one 9 of the Supervisors who contacted me is from a 10 relatively small county, and if I understood you 11 correctly, you said this impacts 23 different 12 counties, and this small county said just one 13 special election would impact their budget to more 14 than \$375,000.

15 If we multiply that alone times 23 we are 16 looking at some serious money, and that particular 17 county is already considering an 18 percent 18 increase in their property taxes this year. So who 19 is going to fund the special election?

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Chairman Galvano.

21 SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President. 22 And all of these are valid concerns. I would just 23 remind all of the Senators that that decision in 24 terms of having an extended special election has 25 not been determined. And when I read the Court

Order, I don't believe that the Court feels very confident about the ability to do that, but the Court did not want to just summarily dismiss it.

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With regard to the cost ultimately, that would be part of the Court Order and it would seem that the Legislature would probably be making that payment, but again the Order has not been issued.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Further in questions? Senator Bradley for a question.

10 SENATOR BRADLEY: Thank you, Mr. President, 11 and I also wanted to thank you for putting me on 12 the Committee. I was not going to comment about 13 matters of the heart, but thank you.

Senator Simmons was very correct that we received compelling testimony at Committee from our friends in the NAACP regarding the history of CD 5, why it exist and how it has progressed over time.

We also heard from legal counsel, both for the House and the Senate regarding our legal obligations both under these newly adopted amendments to our State Constitution, as well as Federal law, in that we have an obligation to prevent retrogression.

24 So what I would like you to discuss with the 25 Senate because I found it very compelling, was our

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consideration and discussion of a map that the League of Women Voters had offered that included a horizontal District 5. It was a different way of drawing CD 5, in that it did not go north/south, but instead went east/west, and within it was an impact on the BVAP of going from the benchmark of 49.9 in the League map to 49.1.

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8 We had a discussion with our lawyers at 9 Committee about whether if the BVAP was reduced to 10 45.1 would that put this map in danger of being 11 subject to challenge and thrown out by a State 12 Court or a Federal Court. Could you discuss that 13 discussion with our lawyers?

PRESIDENT GAETZ: And Senator Galvano, before you respond to Senator Bradley. Senator Joyner, thank you for going through storms and bad weather and changing modes of transportation and doing everything you could to get here. We welcome you and we are glad you are here safely. Thank you very much.

21 Chair Galvano to respond to Senator Bradley's22 question, please.

23 SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President. 24 Yes, that discussion did occur in Committee and 25 counsel was specifically referring to it in terms

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of being the Plaintiffs' map as we looked at the status of the litigation and what had been put before the Court.

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And the number in BVAP reduction from the benchmark to the proposed Plaintiff or League map is correct as you have enunciated, too, at the 45 percent. The testimony that we heard was not just with regard to the percentage reduction, but the cohesiveness and the historical characteristics of the community that runs back and forth which are all considerations to take into that you look at when you do a functional analysis.

When you get, go from a 49.9 down to a 45, I think you then do go into the dubious area of retrogression and it certainly would be a concern.

Senator Bradley, follow up.

17 SENATOR BRADLEY: Thank you, Mr. President. 18 Senator Galvano, isn't it also correct that in 19 Judge Lewis' opinion he spoke approvingly of 20 testimony from Alex Kelly who is a staff member 21 with the House regarding the BVAP performance of 22 particular House iterations of CD 5 that included 23 BVAPs of 47 to 48 percent?

PRESIDENT GAETZ:

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Chairman Galvano. SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President.

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Yes, you are correct. Again, that is when I reference 9043, that is the map we are talking about, and the BVAP in 9043 was 48.03. The BVAP in 9057, which is in the amendment here is 48.11.

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PRESIDENT GAETZ: Further in questions for Chairman Galvano? Further in questions? Further in questions?

8 My understanding, Chairman, is that you have a 9 substitute amendment which maintains all of the 10 provisions that you have described to the Senate, 11 but makes a couple of clarifications. Take up and 12 read the Galvano substitute amendment.

13 READING CLERK: Late filed Bar Code 642398 by
14 Senator Galvano. To delete everything after the
15 enacting clause and insert amendment.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Galvano, on the substitute, would you please let the Senate know where the clarifications are and any differences between what you have just explained and the substitute.

21 SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President. 22 First of all, there is no substantive differences 23 with regard to the lines and where they are drawn, 24 nor is there any difference with regard to the 25 applicability date.

What was adjusted was language within the whereas clause with regard to CD 5 to make it more conforming. And then with regard to the sections we create a new section in the substitute that enacts these maps where we don't find ourselves in a legally precarious position of having competing or no set of enacted maps.

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PRESIDENT GAETZ: Questions on the substitute? Questions on the substitute?

If not, Senators, if I may have your attention. There is a strike hold amendment that is late filed that is being prepared by Bill drafting right now. It is on behalf of Senator Soto.

15 Our commitment is that we are going to be fair 16 to every Senator, we are going to have a thorough 17 and complete discussion of every option. However, 18 because of the fact that it is late filed and it 19 came in rather late, it is not prepared yet for 20 everyone to see.

21 So therefore, I ask the Senate in deference to 22 the fairness that this body is known for and in 23 deference to Senator Soto that you bear with us on 24 a short recess.

Therefore, the Senate will stand in recess FOR THE RECORD REPORTING TALLAHASSEE FLORIDA 850.222.5491

until, what time do you want to stand in recess to? 1 2 We will stand in recess until, informal recess, 3 until 3:00 and we ask Senators to remain close to 4 the floor in case Senator Soto's amendment is 5 available sooner. 6 (Whereupon, the Senate was in recess.) 7 SECRETARY: Quorum call, quorum call, all 8 Senators indicate your presence, all Senators 9 indicate your presence. Quorum call, quorum call, 10 all Senators indicate your presence. 11 A quorum is present, Mr. President. 12 PRESIDENT GAETZ: I would ask all Senators to 13 take their seats, please. 14 When last we tuned in the Galvano substitute 15 amendment 642398 was pending when we went. Mr. 16 Reading Clerk, please read the amendment. 17 READING CLERK: Late filed Bar Code 642398 by 18 Senator Galvano, delete everything after the 19 enacting clause and insert amendment. 20 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Galvano moved to 21 postpone action on his amendment so that we may 2.2 take up to the Soto amendment. Show that motion 23 adopted without objection. Read the next 24 amendment. 25 READING CLERK: Late filed Bar Code 671078 by

Senator Soto, delete everything after the enacting clause and insert amendment.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto, you are recognized on your amendment, sir.

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SENATOR SOTO: Thank you, Mr. President. Senators, as you know we are here in special session because of the Order of Judge Lewis striking down as unlawful the previous map. And there were two findings in that Order.

10 One was that District 5 was boosted up above 11 50 percent black voting age population. And the 12 second, that it contained two unusual appendages, 13 one consisting of Sanford and the other going deep 14 into Orange County.

15 The other ruling was that District 10 was 16 drawn to favor a party and an incumbent. So I, 17 along with my assistant, Christine Byron, my 18 legislative assistant, drew a map that affects 19 three districts, 5, 10 and 7 and it affects three 20 counties, Orange, Seminole and Lake.

We used the District Builder program, as well as Judge Lewis' Order as our resources. And from there what we had to do was address a few things.

First, we had to adjust the appendage that was in Seminole County which contained Sanford and we

had to adjust the appendage that went down into Orange County. Those have been shaved back in accordance with the Order.

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Second, we had to make sure under the top tier standards that we weren't diminishing of the minority electorate to elect the candidate of their choice. In that order the Judge quoted Dr. Brunell by saying that they would at least have a 50/50 chance if the black voting age population was at 43.6 percent, and this puts it at 43.7 percent, and for the reason being that African-Americans make up 12 68 percent of the primary and 55 percent of the total -- and Democrats make up 55 percent of the 14 total electorate.

So I believe that their ability to elect their candidate of choice is still equal, and that even Dr. Brunell's estimate was a conservative one.

18 The second part was dealing with Congressional 19 District 10, which again, the Judge held was 20 drafted to benefit a party and an incumbent. And 21 so that district had to be adjusted in accordance 2.2 with the top tier standard to not benefit a party 23 or incumbent. And as a result the only other 24 district we had to affect because of the Sanford 25 appendage was District 7, which also then complies

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now with the top tier factor which is to not 1 2 benefit or favor one party or incumbent over other 3 and that is the amendment, Mr. President. 4 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Thank you, Senator Soto. 5 Questions for the Senator? Questions for the 6 amendment sponsor? Senator Simmons. SENATOR SIMMONS: 7 Thank you, Mr. President. 8 Senator Soto, my questions to you are if you 9 compare your amendment to Senator Galvano's Bill as 10 amended, I am looking at the numbers and I see that for yours for District 5 the black voting age 11 12 population is 43.71, right? 13 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 14 SENATOR SOTO: Sorry about that, Mr. 15 President. Correct. 16 PRESIDENT GAETZ: And Senator Simmons, before 17 you ask your next question, I would like to 18 acknowledge Senator Latvala being on the floor, who 19 is here at some personal inconvenience to himself, 20 but came because he is serious about his 21 constitutional duties. So thank you for driving 2.2 all the way up here after a medical appointment 23 today, Senator Latvala. Senator Simmons. 24 SENATOR SIMMONS: Thank you, Mr. President, 25 for a series of questions.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Let's take them one at a 1 2 time. 3 SENATOR SIMMONS: All right. Then for yours, 4 for District 5, the black voting age population is 5 43.71 percent. 6 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 7 SENATOR SOTO: Yes. 8 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Simmons. That is a reduction of about 9 SENATOR SIMMONS: 10 four and-a-half percent, five percent? 11 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 12 SENATOR SOTO: It is a reduction down to 43.7 13 percent. 14 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Simmons. 15 SENATOR SIMMONS: All right, now, for the 16 surrounding districts what happens is that the 17 black voting age population in the two other 18 districts that you affect which are 7 and 10, 19 Senator Galvano had for District 7, 10.87 percent 20 black voting age population and you have 21 10.73 percent black voting age population, correct? 2.2 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 23 SENATOR SOTO: If that is what the analysis 24 suggest, then yes. 25 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Simmons. OR THE RECORD REPORTING TALLAHASSEE FLORIDA 850.222.5491

Then for District 10 the 1 SENATOR SIMMONS: 2 other affected district, the black voting age 3 population for Senator Galvano is 12.21 percent and 4 for yours for District 10, is 15.34 percent, is 5 that right? 6 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 7 SENATOR SOTO: If the analysis suggest that, 8 then yes. 9 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Simmons. 10 SENATOR SIMMONS: It is fair to say then that 11 probably that results in the reduction from the 12 original 50 percent down to 48 percent? 13 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 14 SENATOR SOTO: Thank you, Mr. President. As 15 you know the Judge told us that we had to unpack 16 District 5 because it was unconstitutionally packed 17 and reduce it above 50 percent. So as a result 18 certain African-American communities by necessity 19 of the Order had to be absorbed into other 20 districts. In Senator Galvano's map there were seven districts, in my map there are two and those 21 2.2 were the resulting percentages. 23 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Simmons. 24 SENATOR SIMMONS: So the affect then, Senator Soto, is that if you look, other than that one 25 OR THE RECORD REPORTING TALLAHASSEE FLORIDA 850.222.5491

change, the surrounding districts insofar as black 1 2 voting age population is concerned really is 3 negligible, as a matter of fact, very similar 4 between yours and Senator Galvano's, is that right? 5 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 6 SENATOR SOTO: My understanding is that it is 7 boosted to 20 percent in Congressional District --8 sorry, it is not a huge difference in the 9 African-American population difference between both 10 Senator Galvano and my map. Senator Simmons. 11 PRESIDENT GAETZ: 12 SENATOR SIMMONS: It is basically the same 13 other than the little two percent that we talked 14 about, right? 15 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 16 SENATOR SOTO: There would be a difference, 17 because I don't take in those other five districts, 18 and not African-Americans in those districts, and 19 that was based again upon the Order that it was 20 unlawful packing in the Congressional District 5. 21 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Simmons. 2.2 SENATOR SIMMONS: So the effect is there is no 23 reasoning that would justify creating minority 24 access districts in 7 and 10. You clearly have not 25 created a minority access district in 7 and 10, but OR THE RECORD REPORTING TALLAHASSEE FLORIDA 850.222.5491 you have, in fact, reduced minority access in District 5, is that right?

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PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto.

SENATOR SOTO: District 5 required us through Judge Lewis' Order to reduce the African-American vote because there was unlawful packing, and Judge Lewis also said that Congressional District 10 was unlawful because it was there to benefit an incumbent and a party.

And it also said that Sanford which was in 10 Congressional District 7 was an unlawful appendage. 11 12 The other appendage being in Congressional District 13 So necessarily by his Order there were certain 10. 14 populations of African-Americans that had to be 15 absorbed in those two seats, and they are in fact 16 in Senator Galvano's seat, Congressional District 7 17 absorbs Sanford because it is in that Seminole 18 County seat, and then Webster's seat, Congressional 19 District 10 held by Webster currently, absorbed 20 part of that African-American population. 21 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Simmons. SENATOR SIMMONS: So then the answer to my 2.2

question is, yes, you have not created a minority access district out of 7 and 10, is that correct? PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto.

SENATOR SOTO: It was not my intent to create 1 2 minority access seats in either of those. 3 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Simmons. 4 SENATOR SIMMONS: Therefore, we know that the 5 purpose of what you have done is not to create 6 minority access districts in 7 and 10, but there 7 has been a diminution of voting access rights for African-Americans in 5. 8 9 Let's look at the Reock scores between yours 10 and Senators Galvano's. Now, Senator Galvano's map has a Reock score of .127, is that right? 11 12 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 13 SENATOR SOTO: Whatever Senator Galvano said 14 his Reock score was, I am certain he is correct. 15 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Simmons. 16 SENATOR SIMMONS: You have a significant 17 reduction in the Reock score from his, and your 18 Reock score is .099, is that right? 19 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 20 SENATOR SOTO: Thank you, Mr. President. Ι 21 applied Tier 1 standards primarily which require 2.2 that you cannot favor a party or an incumbent. So 23 therefore, the only compactness I looked at was 24 visual. Also we were given strict rules about what 25 resources we were allowed to use.

So I didn't have anything other than visual 1 2 compactness from the tools that I described and 3 utilized. But I applied Tier 1 factors primarily 4 of not benefiting a party or an incumbent in 5 Congressional District 10. So it didn't get to 6 Tier 2 factors. 7 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Simmons. 8 SENATOR SIMMONS: So what you did do is you 9 did not consider the Reock scores, right? 10 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 11 SENATOR SOTO: Yes. 12 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Simmons. 13 SENATOR SIMMONS: Not only with respect to the 14 convex hull scores, Senator Galvano's convex hull 15 score is .417, is that right? 16 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 17 SENATOR SOTO: Whatever he had stated in his I 18 am sure is correct, but his map does not correct 19 the fact that Congressional District 10 was found 20 by the Court to be drawn to the benefit of the 21 Republican Party and the incumbent on page 34. 2.2 Therefore, I didn't get to the Tier 2 compactness 23 standards for Congressional District 10 because I 24 was complying with the Tier 1 standards that were 25 iterated in Judge Lewis' opinion.

Senator Simmons. 1 PRESIDENT GAETZ: 2 SENATOR SIMMONS: Are you aware that the 3 convex hull result for yours is .329 and for 4 Senator Galvano is .417? 5 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 6 SENATOR SOTO: Thank you, Mr. President. Ι 7 did not do a convex or Reock analysis, so I wouldn't know. 8 9 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Simmons. 10 SENATOR SIMMONS: For the perimeters of Congressional District 5, are you aware that the 11 12 perimeter for Senator Galvano's Congressional 13 District 5 is 582.7 miles, therefore, being more 14 compact and the perimeter on yours is 661.8 miles? 15 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 16 SENATOR SOTO: If that is what the facts bear 17 out, then sure. 18 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Simmons. 19 SENATOR SIMMONS: So if we look at all of 20 these issues and bring them to a culmination, we 21 know then, Senator Soto, that there was no 2.2 appreciable change in the black voting age 23 population for surrounding counties and Districts 24 10 and 7 as a result of what you have done. 25 We know that there has been a diminution in FOR THE RECORD REPORTING TALLAHASSEE FLORIDA 850.222.5491 the Reock scores. We know that there has been a diminution in the convex hull scores and an increase in the perimeters.

Senator Soto, that only leaves political considerations. Did you make any political considerations with respect to the changes that you made?

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PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto.

9 SENATOR SOTO: No. What I did is apply the 10 Tier 1 standards. First you had to deal with the 11 packing issue of Congressional District 5. And 12 then second, you had to deal with the Tier 1 13 violation for Congressional District 10, and what 14 came about is two seats that neither favor a party 15 or an incumbent in compliance with the Order, 16 unlike the original map which is still in violation 17 of the Order because it still has not changed 18 Congressional District 10 to change from what Judge 19 Lewis says.

I also find that District 10 was drawn to the benefit of the Republican Party and the incumbent. So my map considered those Tier 1 standards in order to correct those, and so it did not go to the Tier 2 standard with regard to compactness other than visual compactness.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Simmons.

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SENATOR SIMMONS: So because although I disagree with what the Judge said about our duty to inquire, I strongly disagree with the duty that is imposed upon us to make a thorough and complete inquiry into any map that is presented to us, and I will discuss that more in my, in my debate.

8 But is it fair to say then, you did not look 9 and have anyone in your staff to analyze whether or 10 not there were any changes in the voting age 11 populations of either Democrats or Republicans in 12 the surrounding districts?

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto.

SENATOR SOTO: We applied Tier 1 factors which require us to look at whether or not a party or an incumbent is favored or not, and that as I said before, the resources we used were the information on District Builder, as well as Judge Lewis' opinion.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Simmons.

21 SENATOR SIMMONS: Because we are required 22 under the Judge's Order to make this inquiry, is it 23 then true that someone on your staff or on behalf 24 of your staff did an analysis as to the voting age 25 populations and the particular political parties in

1 District 7 and 10?

2 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. SENATOR SOTO: We looked at the voting age, 3 4 the black voting age populations in District 5 per 5 the Order, and then as I said, I applied the Tier 1 6 standards to both 7 and 10 as a result. 7 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Simmons. 8 SENATOR SIMMONS: One last question then, 9 Mr. President, and that is, I am not sure I 10 understand. 11 Did you have or did you ask anyone to do an 12 analysis in 7 and 10 of the actual party 13 participation or performance? 14 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 15 SENATOR SOTO: Again, it was a Tier 1 standard 16 that we applied to make sure that both of these 17 districts are not favoring either party or

18 incumbent, and that was my direction to the one 19 staff member who helped me out, Christine Byron.

There were no other parties who participated in it per the very strict instructions with regard to Senator Galvano and Representative Corcoran. And so that was my instruction to my staff, to apply those standards.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: For the moment, are you

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finished, Senator Simmons? All right. In that case, Senator Bradley, you are recognized for a question of the sponsor.

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SENATOR BRADLEY: Thank you, Mr. President. Senator Soto, so am I to understand you modified the boundaries of District 10 and District 7 so that it would be more likely that a Democrat would be elected in Districts 7 and 10, isn't that correct?

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto.

SENATOR SOTO: No, I modified it to apply the Tier 1 standard that it would not favor either party or an incumbent.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Bradley.

15 SENATOR BRADLEY: Is District 10 and District 16 7 under your map configured so that it is now more 17 likely for a Democrat to be elected than they would 18 be under the prior configuration of District 10 and 19 District 7?

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto.

21SENATOR SOTO: I couldn't tell you because I22didn't run projections based upon voting trends.23PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Bradley.

SENATOR BRADLEY: Senator Soto, haven't you said on social media, for instance, that your

districts are drawn so that they are equally split 1 2 between Democrats and Republicans? 3 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 4 SENATOR SOTO: Correct, and that is to apply 5 the Tier 1 standards that make sure that neither 6 party is favorable or an incumbent. PRESIDENT GAETZ: 7 Senator Bradley. 8 SENATOR BRADLEY: Okay, that is what I thought 9 you were getting at. So what you are saying is, you knew that District 10 and District 7 under the 10 current configurations have a certain 11 12 Republican/Democrat split and that the map that you 13 filed has more Democrats than the map that 14 currently exists, correct? 15 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 16 SENATOR SOTO: Judge Lewis required us under 17 Congressional District 10 to do just that, to make 18 sure we applied the Tier 1 standards and not favor 19 a party or an incumbent, because he previously 20 found that it was drawn to benefit a party and an 21 incumbent. So under the Order we were required to 2.2 do that. 23 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Bradley. 24 SENATOR BRADLEY: Thank you, Mr. President. 25 So it is your understanding of Judge Lewis' Order OR THE RECORD REPORTING TALLAHASSEE FLORIDA 850.222.5491

and the law that it is our job to look at districts 1 2 and make sure that there are equal numbers of 3 Democrats and Republicans? 4 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 5 SENATOR SOTO: It is our job to apply the Tier 6 1 standard that says that you are not supposed to 7 benefit a particular party or incumbent, and 8 because the Judge said, I also find that District 9 10 was drawn to benefit the Republican Party and 10 the incumbent, that required us under this Order to 11 look at District 10 and apply the Tier 1 standard. 12 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Bradley. 13 SENATOR BRADLEY: I will take that as a yes. 14 Going to a Congressional District 5 which Senator 15 Simmons referred to, isn't it true that the 16 benchmark district has a 49.9 BVAP percentage, and 17 the Soto plan has a 43.71 BVAP? 18 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 19 Thank you, Mr. President. SENATOR SOTO: The 20 plan does have a 43.7 percent BVAP. The other 21 reference of 48 is not anywhere in the Judge's 2.2 Order. It has been a legal conclusion that we are 23 bound to this benchmark, but it is not said 24 anywhere in that Order that we are bound by that. 25 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Bradley.

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1	SENATOR BRADLEY: Perhaps you didn't
2	understand my question. What I asked was, isn't
3	the benchmark district, the 49.9 percent BVAP and
4	the Soto plan, 43.71 percent BVAP?
5	PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto.
6	SENATOR SOTO: Please clarify what you mean by
7	benchmark district.
8	PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Bradley.
9	SENATOR BRADLEY: The benchmark district is
10	District 3, 2002.
11	PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto.
12	SENATOR SOTO: The benchmark district as you
13	are referring to would be what it is then.
14	PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Bradley.
15	SENATOR BRADLEY: Thank you, Mr. President.
16	Okay. Assuming that you are accepting that the
17	benchmark district is 49.9 BVAP and the Soto plan
18	you have acknowledged is 43.71 BVAP, does your map
19	decrease the ability of African-Americans to elect
20	a candidate of their choice in CD 5, which used to
21	be numbered in the benchmark district CD 3?
22	PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto.
23	SENATOR SOTO: No. According to page 20 of
24	the analysis by the Judge, Dr. Brunell, an expert
25	retained by the House, suggested that there would
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be a 50/50 ability to elect a minority candidate of 1 2 choice with a BVAP as low as 43.6 percent. 3 We put it up 43.7 percent and I assert that 4 that is a conservative estimate. And the reason is 5 is that African-Americans make up 68 percent of a 6 primary of the Democratic primary and they are also 7 55 percent, Democrats are 55 percent of the general 8 election. So I assert that they have an equal 9 ability to pick the candidate of their choice. 10 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Bradley. 11 SENATOR BRADLEY: Thank you, Mr. President. 12 So you do not accept the testimony that they only 13 have a 50/50 chance of selecting the candidate of 14 their choice? 15 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 16 SENATOR SOTO: We exceeded that and I believe 17 it to be a conservative estimate. 18 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Further in questions, 19 Senator Bradley? 20 SENATOR BRADLEY: You exceeded it by going to 21 43.7 instead of 43.6, is that what you are 2.2 describing as exceeding that? 23 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 24 SENATOR SOTO: Yes. 25 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Yes, sir, Senator Bradley OR THE RECORD REPORTING TALLAHASSEE FLORIDA 850.222.5491

1 for a question.

2	SENATOR BRADLEY: So you, so you don't accept
3	the testimony contained in Judge Lewis' Order,
4	instead you dismiss it as being quote, unquote,
5	conservative?
6	PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto.
7	SENATOR SOTO: I looked at it and considered
8	it as a factor, but not the only and dispositive
9	factor.
10	PRESIDENT GAETZ: Further in questions?
11	Senator Bradley.
12	SENATOR BRADLEY: Thank you for allowing me to
13	ask several questions. I really appreciate the
14	courtesy, Mr. President.
15	What other factors then did you consider?
16	PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto.
17	SENATOR SOTO: I just briefly discussed the
18	primary aspect.
19	PRESIDENT GAETZ: Further in question, further
20	in questions for the sponsor? Senator Bradley.
21	SENATOR BRADLEY: One more question,
22	Mr. President, and again, thank you for your
23	courtesies.
24	I thought, I thought and maybe I
25	misunderstood, that you had made some statements
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publicly that you did not feel like you had 1 sufficient access to Senate staff, and that you 2 3 were an a lone wolf having to prepare this with you 4 and your aid, and if I misunderstood that statement 5 to the House, please clarify it. 6 But my question to you is, did you have any 7 requests that were made of Senate staff with 8 regards to preparation of this map that were 9 denied? 10 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 11 SENATOR SOTO: I make no allegation that I was

denied any access to Senate staff. Everybody has been wonderful here. I just merely, because of the instructions given by Senator Galvano and Representative Corcoran to identify the resources and those who helped out in it, suggested that that was the only resource I used because that seemed to be the cleanest way to do this.

What you are referencing is a response to whether I did a Reock or convex analysis and, no, I did not do those analysis, but I don't allege that at any point that I was denied access to any staff if I wanted to have those analysis done whatsoever, everybody has been great.

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PRESIDENT GAETZ: Speaker Thrasher for a

question.

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SENATOR THRASHER: Thank you, Mr. President. This is just a real simple question, not as complex as the ones you have been asked, Senator Soto, because this is really coming from me, but it is really out of curiosity, okay.

The President put together this committee and three members of your political party were on the committee, Senator Smith, Senator Montford, Senator Gibson.

I was just curious why you didn't offer this amendment in the committee or have one of those members offer it for you given the fact that you obviously don't like Senator Galvano's amendment that was before us right now.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto.

17 SENATOR SOTO: I discussed it with my Leader 18 and because I was the one who drafted the amendment 19 he felt it more appropriate that I present it on 20 the floor directly.

21 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Further questions, further
22 questions for the amendment sponsor? Yes, Senator
23 Sobel for a question.

24 SENATOR SOBEL: Thank you, Mr. President, and 25 thank you, Senator Galvano for your very hard work.

So I asked Senator Galvano how many voters are 1 2 impacted by his plan, and my math was wrong. I did 3 it too quickly and I added up it was about 207,000, 4 and I had asked about voters. I am not sure if he 5 includes the voters rather than population so that 6 is still up in the air. 7 How many voters actually are impacted by you, 8 how many Congressional Districts and how many 9 voters might be impacted by your plan? 10 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 11 SENATOR SOTO: Thank you, Mr. President. 12 There are three districts and three counties 13 impacted. I do not know the exact number of voters 14 that are impacted. 15 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Further questions for the 16 sponsor? Questions for the sponsor? 17 Leader Smith. 18 LEADER SMITH: How many as compared to the 19 Galvano plan, how many are impacted by your plan 20 and Senator Galvano's plan? I am interested 21 because if we do have special elections, which one 2.2 would impact those Supervisors of Elections more? 23 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto. 24 SENATOR SOTO: Thank you, Mr. President. My 25 plan affects three districts in three counties, his OR THE RECORD REPORTING TALLAHASSEE FLORIDA 850.222.5491

affects, I believe, seven districts and seven counties. So I would reasonably conclude that there would be seven special elections under the Galvano plan and three special elections under my plan.

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PRESIDENT GAETZ: Further in questions for the sponsor, further in questions? All right, we will go into debate on the amendment.

9 Debate on the Soto amendment. Who wishes to 10 be heard in debate? Senator Simmons in debate, you 11 are recognized, sir.

SENATOR SIMMONS: Thank you, Mr. President.
Senator Soto, I rise in opposition to your
amendment for two reasons.

The first is that the Judge was very clear about retrogression, and he specifically said that there should not be any retrogression. He did not take any flexible standard that results and the Constitution says, and I will just quote from his own opinion, his Order and his Final Judgment on page 4.

The second minority protection prohibits a plan or district from diminishing their ability to elect representatives of their choice. Commonly referred to as retrogression, this clause tracks

Section V of the Voting Rights Act and prohibits backsliding in the ability of minority groups to elect candidates of their choice."

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So on its face what I see is as you have stated, a plan that significantly backslides because it goes from approximately 49 percent black voting age population to 43.71 percent black voting age population, and to me, and I think anyone else that when there is a prohibition against diminution, that means just what it says, a prohibition against diminution.

And only in I guess the Florida Legislature can a, when somebody diminishes from 49 percent to 43 percent, can that not be a diminution? So I believe that the amendment that you have proposed is, is unconstitutional because our fair amendments, contrary to the suggestions of some people, does protect the access of minorities.

Just like the NAACP spoke about at the time of the Committee meeting last Friday, and the fact of it is, is we are not supposed to diminish the ability of, in this case, African-Americans, to have access, and when I look around this Chamber I see that the Voting Rights Act has done what it is supposed to do.

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Not only have individuals who are African-Americans or Hispanics be able to vote for somebody, but, in fact, be able to be part of the process here with us, and that is the reason that this was done. This was a decision by Federal Judges to create what it is now Congressional District 5, and we are prohibited from diminishing the ability of those individuals, those minorities to elect candidates of their choice, and yours does not do that.

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11 Secondly, we are still operating under Judge 12 Lewis' Order, and his Order says that we are 13 supposed to, in fact, thoroughly vet any kind of 14 plan that is presented to us. As a matter of fact, 15 if we don't do that, then we are subject to the 16 criticism of having this transferred intent. Ι 17 call it the doctrine of transferred intent, that 18 the bad intent of somebody else is transferred to 19 the Legislature.

And if anyone has any doubts about what he ruled, if you turn to page 25, he says, "The reality and the irony is that there would be absolutely nothing wrong about the attendees at those meetings submitting proposed maps or partial maps. The difference is, if done in the open, then

those reviewing the submissions could take into 1 2 account the source in evaluating whether it was 3 neutral or whether it might tend to favor or 4 disfavor a political party or an incumbent. One of 5 the political consultants lamented that if he had 6 submitted maps in his own name he would probably 7 have come under attack, accused of trying to favor 8 his party or its incumbents. Well, of course, his 9 submission might be closely scrutinized in the same 10 way that a map proposed, a proposed map submitted 11 by the Florida Democratic Party might be taken with 12 a grain of salt. That is how it should be if one 13 is concerned about improper partisan intent 14 influencing the drawing of the map."

Then he goes on and says that he thinks that staff and legislative leaders would find it extremely strange and that they might ask why not, as to a person in a public hearing, why somebody didn't appear.

20 And then he goes on and says, "And the 21 Defendants point out, all of this was open, 22 transparent and on the record. Although that 23 sounds like a good idea, who can argue that 24 openness and transparency are not good things when 25 it comes to government. It provided the means by

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which partisan maps secretly drawn and submitted by political operatives can be incorporated into the enacted map."

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He goes on and says that, "If so, relying upon publicly submitted maps may not be the best way to protect against partisan influence."

7 And finally results and concludes that we are 8 supposed to thoroughly inquire. That is the sum 9 and substance of it, that we are supposed to 10 thoroughly inquire. And, of course, just as Senator Thrasher said, we probably could have done 11 12 a much better job of thoroughly inquiring if at 13 least this had been presented in the Committee 14 meetings in which we could thoroughly analyze and 15 question rather than here on the floor of the 16 Senate in which we cannot do that.

17 And do I disagree with the Judge's 18 conclusions? I definitely disagree with any kind 19 of disdain for, for the right of the public to have 20 any kind of input into our maps. And I say to you 21 that our Constitution says that the people have the 2.2 right peaceably to assemble, to instruct their representatives and to petition for redress of 23 24 grievances.

25 This was even cited in the Florida Supreme FOR THE RECORD REPORTING TALLAHASSEE FLORIDA 850.222.5491 Court's decision on redistricting in 2012, the right to instruct our representatives. So every citizen, no matter who that citizen is, has the right to be here, to petition us no matter who it is. And we don't have the right to keep that from occurring.

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As a matter of fact, the United States Supreme Court said that under our Constitution, anonymous pamphleteering is not a pernicious fraudulent practice, but an honorable tradition of efficacy and a dissent, anonymity is a shield from the tyranny of the majority.

13 The Supreme Court went on to say, it thus, 14 exemplifies the purpose behind the Bill of Rights 15 and the First Amendment in particular to protect 16 unpopular individuals from retaliation and their 17 ideas from suppression.

18 Members, the sum and substance of it is, is 19 that the suppression of expression inevitably leads 20 to oppression. So as much as I disagree with the 21 Judge, as much as I believe that his opinion and 2.2 his ruling is unconstitutional on its face, we are 23 here in this dilemma in which we are required to 24 thoroughly, completely vet any kind of proposal and 25 we have got a proposal here on the floor of the

Senate that cannot be adequately and appropriately vetted. We just can't.

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Waited too late, had an opportunity at least to do a good vetting of it or a decent vetting of it in Committee meetings. But we can't do it here. As a matter of fact, you have seen, if anyone questions the obligation that this Court has placed upon us to thoroughly vet a map that is submitted to us, you can see the millions of dollars in legal fees that have been spent and the depositions taken of people just to see who actually prepared a map.

12 Those same people being constitutionally 13 protected in their ability to present a map to us, 14 but we are where we are, and that is here today 15 with a map that is given to us that we have no 16 ability to thoroughly vet, simply ask questions, 17 ask questions and then get an answer, because when 18 the Reock score is reduced the convex hull score is 19 reduced, the perimeter is inappropriately 20 increased, there can only be one other conclusion 21 that is reached, members.

The conclusion that is reached is that just as Senator Bradley pointed out, that the purpose of this map is for political purposes, because all of the standards that the courts continue to use have

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been violated here by this proposed map. But most of all, members, most of all, the citizens of Congressional District number 5 have become the collateral damage, the collateral damage to a political war. That is what it is.

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That is the reason the Constitution is put in place, to protect their rights. We are bound not to diminish the ability of the minorities in Congressional District number 5 to elect the candidates of their choice, that in and of itself answers the question for us, because this amendment by Senator Soto violates that requirement.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Further in debate, debate onthe Soto amendment.

Further in debate, Leader Smith.

16 LEADER SMITH: Thank you, Mr. President, and I 17 guess there are a couple of things that were said 18 that was surprising to me.

First, members, as we look at this and we talk about the Reock score and the convex hull score, those are not dispositive of whether a map is constitutional or not. Those are factors the Judge looks at, as well as the factors that Senator Soto took into consideration.

So this map, along with the map by Senator

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Galvano will be looked at, can be looked at by a Judge and those are only factors, it is not dispositive that is unconstitutional.

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And second, we have had a chance to look at this map. This map was actually filed before we went into session. This map was filed last week before we went into session. You have had all weekend to look at this map, but at the same time we have had to look at the Galvano map with this map.

11 So we have had a time to vet this map and I 12 think it is a good map and I think it still 13 complies, it complies with the Judge's Order, and I 14 think if that is the reason that we are looking to 15 vote for this map or not vote for this map. I 16 don't think we have heard anything dispositive that 17 the map is unconstitutional.

18 We have had time to fully vet this map as we 19 have vetted, the same time we have had to vet both 20 maps. Look at this map, consider all of the 21 districts, I think Senator Soto has done a great 2.2 job, he and his aid only, of putting that map 23 together after reading the Judge's decision and 24 trying to do what the Judge said to do, and I 25 appreciate him for putting the time and effort at

1 this and I support this map.

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PRESIDENT GAETZ: Further in debate, further in debate? Senator Galvano.

SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President, and Leader Smith, you are right. The Soto map was filed and I think I mentioned it on Wednesday, when I was going through the schedule. And so it was out there and there was opportunity to look at it.

9 My concern with the map is this. We have come 10 to session based on a Joint Proclamation that asked 11 us to comply specifically with the Court Order and 12 more specifically with the concerns raised by Judge 13 Lewis with regard to CD 5 and CD 10.

14 With regard to CD 10, I think the Judge made 15 it very clear that the appendage that came up in 16 between CD 5 and CD 9 was not acceptable. 17 Unfortunately, in the Soto iteration that appendage 18 is not cured, and I would think that if we went in 19 the very first thing the Court is going to do, 20 because at the end of the day we can talk about the 21 Tier 1 considerations, but the Judge had to base 2.2 his Tier 1 findings, in fact, he used the word 23 inferred Tier 1 violations from Tier 2 24 manifestations, the compactness, the appendages, et 25 So right out of the gate we have not cured cetera.

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1 the CD 10 appendage.

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Then with regard to CD 5, if you look at the map, the 9057 which is the underlying amendment, we have increased the compactness and cured that serpentine like nature that existed through and against Alachua County by bringing the line eastward. The Soto map does not address that aspect of CD 5.

9 And then lastly, I think Senator Simmons makes 10 some very salient points with regard to 11 retrogression. I know 48 percent is not a magic 12 number, it was a number though that existed in 13 9043, which was a map that the Court held out as a 14 model and the Plaintiffs used as a reference in 15 order to impeach 9047. And so that was a rule of 16 thumb that was used.

So, and lastly, I would say it is a tricky business this, because Tier 1 considerations are really about intent. It is a specific intent prohibition, it is not about effect, and the courts have made it clear that without ill intent the effect is not going to negate the map.

And so you can't draw a map based upon effect, you can only look towards intent, and like the Judge in this case did, as I mentioned earlier,

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found an inference for that intent through the Tier 2 manifestations that in the map before us under Senator Soto's name has not been cured.

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PRESIDENT GAETZ: Further in debate? Senator Soto to close on the amendment.

SENATOR SOTO: Thank you, Mr. President. And I want to thank both you, Mr. President, and Senator Thrasher and Senator Galvano for your courtesy in allowing us to have a straight up debate on this, and I appreciate that. Map making is not easy to do.

12 This amendment has some clear differences. I 13 affect three districts, the other proposal affects 14 seven. I affect three counties. The other 15 proposal affects seven. I deal specifically with 16 the appendages.

Sanford was required to be pulled out because they, Judge Lewis said that this district was boosted. Another way of describing it is packing. And so it was required for us to look at District 7.

He also said, I find that District 10 was drawn to benefit the Republican Party and the incumbent. I reached this conclusion based in part on the inference of the Florida Supreme Court

suggested could be drawn from oddly shaped appendages that had no legal justification. That was the argument that was just discussed by Senator Galvano.

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But he says this inference is also buttressed by the general evidence and improper intent outlined by my analysis of District 5 and the following evidence related specifically to the drawing of District 10. I won't belabor you with the rest of it. I am sure all of you have looked at that opinion.

But it is, he is saying that there is a violation of Tier 1 with regard to favoring one party and one incumbent in District 10, and so one of our duties here is to fix that, and my map does fix that.

17 What I also want to discuss is diminishment. 18 There are many factors that the Court will apply 19 when dealing with a diminishment of the 20 African-American's ability, in this case with 21 District 5 to elect the candidate of their choice. 2.2 Black voting age population is one of them. We 23 have the testimony of Dr. Brunell about 24 43.6 percent and I already went through the issue 25 of the primary, with 68 percent being

African-American and that every election has favored the Democrat in District 5 because of the overwhelming advantage of 55 to 20.

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4 My map and Senator Galvano's map doesn't 5 change that. So based upon that there isn't a 6 diminishment. However, there was a reference to whether a numerical reduction, whether a numerical 7 8 reduction is in fact a diminishment. If that is 9 true then the other map also has that same problem, 10 because this is an African-American opportunity seat just like District 9 was drawn to be a 11 12 Hispanic opportunity seat, and District 9 is 13 reduced numerically.

Now, I believe that the Judge will apply many
factors, not only to this map but to the other map
if it was considered. If the numerical reduction
analysis applies, then both maps would be invalid.
The Judge asked us to do a few specific things.

19My map takes care of it and I thank everybody20for the opportunity to be able to present it today.

21 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Thank you, Senator Soto.
22 Senator Soto, having closed on his amendment, all
23 favoring the Soto amendment say aye.

(Chorus of ayes.)

PRESIDENT GAETZ: All opposed, say nay.

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(Chorus of nays.)

PRESIDENT GAETZ: The amendment fails. I see one, two, three, four, five, I see five hands, we will go to the board. All favoring the Soto amendment will vote yes, the green button, all opposed vote no with the red button.

The Secretary will open the board and the Senators prepare to vote.

Have all Senators voted? Have all Senators voted? We will ask the Clerk to record the vote.

READING CLERK: Twelve 12 yeas, 25 nays, Mr. President.

THE COURT: And so the amendment is defeated. Please take up and read the postponed amendment.

READING CLERK: Late filed Bar Code 642398 by
 Senator Galvano, delete everything after the
 enacting clause and insert amendment.

18 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Galvano, we are back 19 on your amendment. And my understanding is that 20 there is another Soto amendment and there may be 21 another Galvano amendment.

Do you have any further comment before we go further in the amendatory process, Senator Galvano? SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President.

No, I do not at this time. There won't be another

1 Galvano amendment. 2 PRESIDENT GAETZ: All right, take and read the 3 next amendment. 4 READING CLERK: Late filed Bar Code 599060 by 5 Senator Soto, delete lines 39 through 6003, 381 and 6 insert amendment. 7 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Soto, on the 8 amendment. 9 SENATOR SOTO: Thank you, Mr. President. Ι 10 withdraw this amendment. PRESIDENT GAETZ: Show the amendment 11 12 withdrawn. Take and read the next amendment. 13 READING CLERK: No further amendments, 14 Mr. President. 15 PRESIDENT GAETZ: All right, we are now on the 16 Galvano substitute which is 642398, is that 17 correct, Mr. Reading clerk? 18 READING CLERK: Yes, Mr. President. 19 PRESIDENT GAETZ: All right. Is there a 20 debate on the amendment? Debate on the pending, on 21 the amendment that is pending, which is 642398. Is 2.2 there a debate? Is there a debate? 23 Senator Galvano, I apologize. Senator Gibson 24 in debate. 25 SENATOR GIBSON: I was lost, Mr. President,

for a minute.

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PRESIDENT GAETZ: I apologize, let's catch up. We are on, we are Amendment 642398, which is the Galvano substitute.

Do you wish to have Senator Galvano explain the essence of it, or are you caught up or how would you like to proceed, ma'am?

SENATOR GIBSON: I am caught up, Mr. President.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: All right, then you are recognized in debate if you would like to be.

SENATOR GIBSON: Thank you, Mr. President. Certainly I want to thank you for the appointment to the Committee. I certainly studied all of the information that we were privy to, and support the map that Senator Galvano has put forward for us today.

And I do that because, number one, we are here because of a Judge who ordered certain districts to be unconstitutional, and we as a body then have to fix that.

And the other reason I support the map has to do with the protection of the rights of many people who are impacted by even a minimal change. Some of those people live in Senate District 9.

I also support what is being put forward, because it is not about the number of districts that are Congressional Districts that are impacted, it is about the people and the families who live in those districts. And so if we have to change even one district to make sure that a population of people gets to choose their representative of their choice, for not only themselves as voters, but for entire families.

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A certain level of sensitivity that exists by a member who represents a particular district, not to say that someone else not of color couldn't, but there is a certain level of sensitivity and an understanding of certain issues within certain communities.

16 And so I believe that we have done what we 17 were sent here or called here to do. The map that 18 is before us or the plan that is before us 19 certainly meets the compactness level test, 20 particularly given where we started from with the 21 benchmark, which I believe was 0.9 or .09 and we 2.2 are at a compactness Reock score now of .13, which makes the district more compact. 23

24 When you look at the map it is also visually 25 compact to the eye. That is the other test the

Judge talked about in his Order, and we have done that, and we have the black VAP at 48 percent, which is less than the 50 percent that the Judge had an issue with, but it is still within the realm that those persons within particularly District 5, I know we are here about more than District 5, but those persons in District 5 can still potentially elect the representative of their choice.

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9 And let me, while I am on the percentages 10 segment, when you talk about percentages and you 11 talk about VAP or BVAP or any VAP for that matter, 12 it is not so much what that figure does just in 13 black and white, but it is also those folks who may 14 not even turn out and vote. And so when you are 15 looking at 43 percent, let's say 10 or 20 percent 16 of those folks don't even bother to turn out.

17 That further reduces the opportunities for a 18 choice in the representative of that district. And 19 so I have looked at all of the numbers, I think 20 many of my colleagues know that I do my homework, I 21 take home my notes, I draw lots of lines, I make 2.2 lots of points before I come to a final decision, 23 and I believe that is how many of us, I hope all of 24 us in this Chamber operate.

And so I want to thank the Chair also for his

hard work, his availability for questions and answers, the way the Committee was run, and I certainly look forward to supporting this amendment.

Thank you, Mr. President.

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6 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Thank you, Senator Gibson. 7 Just so that we all understand where we are, we are 8 now on the Galvano substitute amendment, 642398. 9 We are going to take as much debate as the Senators 10 would like to take on that amendment. Then we will vote on that amendment and then we will be back on 11 12 the main Bill.

All right, further in debate on the Galvano
amendment. Further in debate, further in debate.
Senator Galvano to close on the amendment.

SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President. I think I have explained it, so I will waive close on the substitute amendment.

19PRESIDENT GAETZ: Senator Galvano having20closed on the amendment, all favoring the Galvano21amendment, 642398 say aye.

(Chorus of ayes.)

PRESIDENT GAETZ: All opposed, say nay.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: The amendment passes without objection. Take up and read the next amendment.

READING CLERK: No further amendments, 1 2 Mr. President. 3 PRESIDENT GAETZ: All right, we are back on 4 the main Bill. Read the Bill. 5 READING CLERK: Senate Bill 2-A, a Bill to be 6 entitled an act relating to the establishment of 7 the Congressional Districts of the state. 8 PRESIDENT GAETZ: All right, you have the Bill 9 before you. And my understanding, Leader Smith, 10 and Leader Benacquisto, is that an agreement has been made between the two Leaders to roll the third 11 12 reading on this Bill. And so consequently we are 13 on third reading, and we are in debate. 14 Debate on the Bill? I apologize, Senator Gibson in debate. 15 16 SENATOR GIBSON: Mr. President, I don't know 17 what is going on. 18 PRESIDENT GAETZ: We will stop until everybody 19 does. 20 SENATOR GIBSON: I am just not used to being 21 here in August, I don't think, but the heat has 2.2 gotten to me. All of my comments that I previously 23 made are applicable right now. 24 Thank you, Mr. President. 25 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Yes, ma'am. Yes, ma'am. FOR THE RECORD REPORTING TALLAHASSEE FLORIDA 850.222.5491

Further in debate on the main Bill. Leader Smith in debate.

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LEADER SMITH: Thank you, Mr. President. I rise in opposition for a specific reason. It may not be cost effective and it may not be what the Supervisors want, but I just fundamentally believe that you shouldn't have people voting in unconstitutional districts.

9 Once the Judge ruled, once the Judge ruled and 10 we haven't appealed, and when I say that the 11 districts are unconstitutional, why have people 12 vote in those unconstitutional districts? I was 13 looking up close and I found it great when 14 sometimes inefficiency is the price we pay for 15 democracy.

16 It may not be efficient. It may not be cost 17 effective, but democracy costs, and if the 18 districts are unconstitutional we should stop the 19 voting. If we have to send out more ballots to 20 military overseas and we have to pick new dates, we 21 have done special elections. Florida ain't new to 22 doing different stuff when it comes to elections.

23 We can do new elections, but just the mere 24 fact that if we were doing this map because we 25 agreed or we haven't objected or haven't appealed

that these districts are unconstitutional, how can we rightly have people vote in unconstitutional districts?

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Now, I ask that question in the Committee when we were vetting it and I received a huge binder and I appreciate it from our legal staff, put in a lot of work to give me a lot of cases saying that we should do this, but not really any of these cases are dispositive in Florida.

10 They are cases from all over, North Dakota, 11 South Dakota, Texas, everywhere saying you could do 12 it, you know, for convenience, but this isn't about 13 convenience. This is about democracy. If someone 14 is going to vote in a district they should be 15 voting for their representative. Not voting for 16 someone who is not really their representative 17 until the next time there is an election there. Τf 18 they are going to vote it should be their representative. 19

20 So within this map, without going into all of 21 the scores and everything that Senator Simmons can 22 so eloquently talk about, I just look at the mere 23 fact that we are voting today to say, people, vote 24 in unconstitutional districts and we are just going 25 to let it ride will until the next election. If

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1 they are unconstitutional, they are 2 unconstitutional. We should have subsequent 3 elections and so that is why I rise against this 4 Thank you. map. Further in debate? 5 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Further 6 in debate, Sheriff Dean from the Fifth. 7 SENATOR DEAN: May I direct to my colleague a question I would like to ask about? 8 9 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Which colleague would you 10 like to direct this to, please? 11 SENATOR DEAN: Yes, sir, going back to the 12 issue of these districts, these two districts that 13 are being unconstitutional, the record that I have 14 seen they were directed to be drawn by two Federal 15 Judges by a Special Master. 16 If that was acceptable at that time and that 17 place, and we haven't basically done anything, 18 except try to follow the lead of those districts, 19 explain why we feel that they are unconstitutional. 20 PRESIDENT GAETZ: All right, we are in debate 21 here, but we will, in the interest of fairness we 2.2 have asked that we have Sheriff Dean to ask the 23 question. 24 Leader Smith, do you care to comment or 25 Senator Soto, either one, I would be happy to hear

your comment?

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2 LEADER SMITH: Thank you, Mr. President. Ι 3 always get nervous when Sheriffs ask me questions. 4 I am just basing it under the Order that we are 5 going under. The Judge, Judge Lewis said these are 6 unconstitutional and that is why we are here today. 7 Circuit Judge, a Circuit Judge said, I looked 8 at these and they are unconstitutional, 9 Legislature, go back and vote and change the maps 10 because of the way they are currently done, they 11 are unconstitutional and that is what I am going 12 off of, the current opinion that we are working 13 under now. 14 PRESIDENT GAETZ: All right, we are in debate. We are in debate on the main Bill. Further in 15 16 debate, President Margolis. 17 SENATOR MARGOLIS: I was here, as a matter of 18 fact, I was President of the Senate when we passed 19 this, this Bill that said we were going to give 20 minorities every opportunity that they could have 21 to vote in the state of Florida. Every 2.2 opportunity. 23 Well, guess what? If I describe the people in 24 the audience and the black members of this body,

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they were ecstatic. It was like they found

themselves. They feel like they are the real people of this, of this state. I will never forget that. I will never forget that, and I, every time I looked at this district I would say, oh, this looks awful, it looks awful, but it made a lot of people happy.

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7 It made a lot of people know that they were 8 voting for somebody they knew, somebody they went 9 to church with. They knew that it was important 10 that that happen. And I tell you that, that 11 although it might look weird to you or some of you, 12 it has been a boom. It has been a boom to the 13 people who now vote and have their voices heard.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Thank you, Madam President.
Speaker Thrasher in debate.

16 SENATOR THRASHER: Thank you, Mr. President. 17 I have to tell you, I am, obviously I am going to 18 vote for Senator Galvano's amendment and the Bill 19 that was worked on in Committee. But I have to 20 tell my good friend, the Leader, and Senator Soto, 21 I am a little confused about where you guys are to 22 be honest with you.

You wrote an amendment that you think that was
a good amendment, obviously better than Senator
Galvano's and you presented it to the House, but

you don't get somebody to present it to one of our committees so it can be vetted and heard. I am confused about that.

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4 And Leader, you, on the committee, and I 5 understand you voted to quote, end quote, get the Bill out of committee. I got a feeling it was going to get out of committee anyway, but you 8 should have, this is serious business, and you 9 should have rejected. If you had an objection to this Bill in committee when we had the staff and we 10 11 had the people there to talk about these issues, 12 they should have been, they should have been 13 objected to then.

14 It is a little late now to do that. I think 15 the reason we ought to vote for his Bill today is 16 because it has been vetted. Just as Senator 17 Simmons said, the Court is looking at us to make 18 sure that we have gone through a Bill that has gone 19 through all of those statistical analysis that 20 David knows, or Senator Simmons knows better than 21 probably anybody and Senator Galvano, and they all 2.2 work.

23 They all meet the objections of what the Judge 24 said he was concerned about for those two 25 districts, and yet we are sitting here talking

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about other amendments that were offered to another body, not to our own committee. I don't, I really don't quite understand where you all are coming from. But I do understand what our obligation is, and our obligation I believe has been met by Senator Galvano and the Committee to adjust those two districts that the Court found problems with, and I believe it is a plan that we all, every single one of us ought to support and vote for.

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PRESIDENT GAETZ: Further in debate? Further in debate. Senator Soto in debate.

12 SENATOR SOTO: Thank you, Mr. President. And 13 as everybody knows, the other map was available 14 since an hour before the session. I apologize if 15 Committee staff and others didn't feel like they 16 had the opportunity to review it beforehand.

17 The, and I know Senator Galvano, that is hard 18 so I appreciate all of your efforts. The reason 19 why I am voting against it is because if we are 20 going to apply to the map I propose that a 21 numerical reduction is, in fact, a diminishment, 2.2 then that would also apply to District 9 which is a 23 Congressional District of the folks that I 24 represent are in, and it splits Osceola in half and 25 so I just can't support this map as a result.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Further in debate? Further in debate? Senator Clemens in debate.

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SENATOR CLEMENS: Thank you, Mr. President. I am going to vote against this Bill and I am going to do so because the Judge has told us that we passed unconstitutional maps before. And we have come back now in my estimation personally we have done the least amount possible that we can to send another map back to the Judge that again in my estimation doesn't meet the goals that we need to meet.

We have talked a lot about BVAP today as is that is sort of Holy Grail of minority participation, but that really isn't, isn't it at all. The legal standard should be and is, does it allow minority participation and for the minority community to elect leaders of their choice.

18 And clearly we have gone beyond that standard, 19 and by doing so left the surrounding districts 20 unable to be able to do that in the same way. Ι 21 think this map, while it is a good effort and a 2.2 nice try by Senator Galvano, I don't think it does anything to change the Judge's determination that 23 24 the original map was drawn for political purposes, 25 because when you look at the map and you look at

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the numbers and how the Democrat versus Republican numbers play out, this is going to result probably in the exact same congressional makeup in terms of Democrats and Republicans that we have right now.

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So how does that deal in any way with the Judge's, the Judge's decision that the original map was dawn for political purposes. If we are going to come back with the exact same number of Republican and Democratic congressional members, what we have done is, is really just, just window dressing.

So to me this doesn't meet the Judge's Order in any way and I am sad to say that I am not going to be able to support it today.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Further in debate? Further in debate? Senator Thompson in debate.

17 SENATOR THOMPSON: Thank you, Mr. President. 18 I will not be voting for this Bill because we are 19 at the same place now than we were before when the 20 maps were drawn to benefit a political party.

21 And we are talking about a district where 22 minorities can vote for a person of their choice, a 23 district. And so we still have a one is enough 24 mentality it seems to me, and we are packing 25 individuals into a district while we are bleaching

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all of the districts around that particular district that we are talking about.

And I have here comments about the NAACP and their testimony, and of course, the NAACP addressed the issue of having a person, having one person and being concerned about having none, one versus none.

7 My concern is that, one, we should not be 8 talking about one is enough. We should be talking 9 about what Senator Margolis mentioned and having 10 minorities given every opportunity to vote for an 11 individual of their choice. This map does not do 12 that.

13 And I cannot be mollified, I cannot be quiet. 14 I cannot accept that we are talking about a single 15 district when the population of the state of 16 Florida, the population of the area that we are 17 talking about suggests that one is not enough, and 18 because these maps benefit a political party and 19 that is what the Judge addressed in the first 20 place, and we have not done anything to change 21 that, I will not be supporting the map. 2.2 Thank you, Mr. President. 23 PRESIDENT GAETZ: Further in debate? Further 24 in debate? Senator Abruzzo in debate. 25 SENATOR ABRUZZO: Thank you, Mr. President. Ι

would like to start off with my remarks, members, by just saying you know I have the greatest respect for the members in this Chamber, especially Chair Galvano who has put in his time and worked very hard on a lot of complicated issues, and there has been some great debate today on both sides, legal arguments, I have listened to it all.

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8 The reason I am not going to be supporting the 9 Bill or the amendment today is simply for this 10 I have never voted for any of the maps reason. over when I was in the House and I will not be 11 12 voting today. And when I look at Florida and that 13 is what I want to talk about for a minute, Florida, 14 this is a state in 2000, that decided a 15 Presidential election by 537 votes. A few years, 16 next term later for President it was decided by 17 236,000 votes. Governor Scott got elected by 18 61,000 votes and change and President Obama just 19 won Florida by 74,000 votes.

This is a 50/50 state. This is a battle ground state, this is the state, our state that the nation looks towards where we have a congressional delegation that is not anywhere near 50/50. We have a State House members there with 81 members to 39 members. Quite frankly, that is completely out

of order as well.

2	And here in the Senate, again I have the
3	greatest respect for the members in this Chamber,
4	but every single, every two years our fight
5	shouldn't be amongst a caucus for who is going to
6	be the Senate President, it should be between the
7	parties of who is going to be Senate President. We
8	are a 50/50 state, I cannot support a map unless it
9	looks more like what Florida is.
10	So members, Chair Galvano, again, I really
11	appreciate your work, but out of principle until we
12	get to a place where we represent Florida and our
13	districts look like Florida, I will not be
14	supporting it.
15	Thank you, Mr. President.
16	PRESIDENT GAETZ: Thank you, Senator Abruzzo.
17	Further in debate? Further in debate on the
18	motion? The main Bill?
19	Senator Thrasher, our Rules Chair moves that
20	the rules be waived to read the Bill a third time
21	by the required two-thirds. Show the motion
22	adopted without objection.
23	Read the Bill.
24	READING CLERK: Senate Bill 2-A, a Bill to be
25	entitled an act relating to the establishment of
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the Congressional Districts of the state.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: The Bill is now before you. It has been read a third time. You have heard the debate. Senator Galvano to close on the Bill.

SENATOR GALVANO: Thank you, Mr. President. Mr. President, first of all, thank you for the members appointed to the Committee. We did good work in a very short order under a very tight time constraint. And I would also like to personally thank the staff, Jay and John worked tirelessly to be able to put forth a product under that very short time constraint.

13 Senators, I can assure you that the Committee 14 on Reapportionment, including myself, took very 15 seriously the Joint Proclamation, and by taking the 16 Joint Proclamation very seriously, that meant we 17 took very seriously the Court Order that is the 18 substance of that Joint Proclamation, and that 19 Order was very clear to us.

It wanted us to address two districts, CD 5 and CD 10. The Court in his, in its instructive Final Judgment, found that there were appendages in both districts that needed to be revisited. The Court also decided that there was not justification for moving CD 5 to a majority/minority district,

and the Court felt like there was not a justification for creating a Hispanic opportunity district in CD 9.

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4 And so that is, that is where we began, and 5 the reality is that we had to deal with Tier 2 characteristics in order to address the findings of 6 7 the Court. What the Court did not do was tell us 8 to make a determination as the Legislature as to 9 whether or not he, Judge Lewis, could hold a 10 special election. That was not part of the call. That was not part of the Order, and the Judge 11 12 specifically reserved jurisdiction on that after 13 having a dissertation in his own Order in which he 14 was not confident that he could go one way or the 15 other.

16 In fact, if you read the Order it seems more 17 to the contrary that the Judge felt like it would 18 be impractical and difficult to go and have a 19 special election. And the Judge also recognized 20 that there are situations and there have been 21 throughout the country times when maps that have 2.2 had concerns or have been adjudged invalid were 23 maintained until the next cycle.

24 So what we did was what every reapportionment 25 Bill requires, we put in an effective date, and we

did so in such a way so that when it goes back to the Judge, who reserved jurisdiction to make that determination, the Judge's hands won't be tied. This is not rocket science, this is not a mystery here. We have a Bill that has an effective date for any election, including a special election held after the 2014 general election. Beyond that, that is all we can do. There is nothing beyond that we can do. It was not in the call, it was not in the Order and it is not a basis to hang your hat on a no vote today.

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12 With regard to non diminution. We understood 13 that the Court felt like it was not justified that 14 we go over 50 percent, but we had a benchmark. We 15 start with a benchmark and that benchmark of BVAP 16 was 49.9. So there is implicit guidance in the 17 process when you go forward, and that is a very 18 serious consideration. It is both Federal and 19 State, in our Constitution it is the Tier 1 20 consideration that we have to be aware of.

And so when we drew the map we didn't have a goal, we didn't set a goal. There was no magic number, we said, let's address the appendage, let's look at the compactness, let's address the serpentine like movement, but then we have to do a

functional analysis, just like the Florida Supreme Court told us we should do.

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And we had to ask a series of questions that the Florida Supreme Court felt were valid in determining whether or not we were impacting the ability of a minority population to elect a candidate of its choice. And that analysis was performed on the map that is before you for the vote, and the result of that analysis was that at 48.11 percent, we did not diminish.

There was reference to 48.03, again, that was 11 12 with regard to House Bill 9043 which we used as 13 instructive. Why, because the Court did. Why, 14 because the Plaintiffs did. When we put these 15 districts back together we had to impact other 16 I wish I could tell you we could do it districts. 17 in a vacuum, but you cannot do it in a vacuum and 18 if you are going to do a real job and if you 19 remember when I opened this morning we had 20 different paths to go and we chose the more 21 difficult path which was address the specific 2.2 concerns that you can read very clearly in the 23 Order, but at the same time make every effort to 24 improve the visual and mathematical Tier 2 scores of the districts in question, and the districts 25

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that will be impacted.

And frankly, Senators, across the board, we did it, in 6, 7, 9, 11 and 17. 9057, every district that was impacted by the amendment or the Bill before you has a better score than it did under the enacted map, and that is important, and that is something that the Court is going to look at.

9 And the Court finally is going to really 10 specifically look at 5 and 10, and I think any one 11 of you with knowing nothing about the background, 12 can walk back here, look at the 9047 districts, and 13 then take a few steps to the right and look at the 14 9057 districts and see that there is a marked 15 improvement.

16 Clearly, with regard to performance, you 17 cannot engineer the political performance. There 18 is no such thing as I will fix the performance. Ιf 19 you fix it you are violating the Constitution. 20 Tier 1 requires that there not be ill intent. Ιt 21 does not require that an outcome is one way or 2.2 another. When you start playing with the outcome 23 you are violating Tier 1 considerations.

24 That is why your Committee, Mr. President, did 25 not do a performance analysis on any of the

impacted districts. Only did a functional analysis on CD 5 to make sure we were complying with Federal and State law. So I am very confident that the product that the Committee put forward, that we are about to vote on is going to be approved by the Circuit Court, and I ask for you to support it.

PRESIDENT GAETZ: Thank you, Senator Galvano. Senator Galvano having closed on his Bill, the Secretary will open the board and Senators prepare to vote.

11Have all Senators had the opportunity to vote?12Then lock the board and record the vote.13READING CLERK: 25 yeas, 12 nays,

14 Mr. President.

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PRESIDENT GAETZ: Show the Bill passes. Thank
you very much, Senator Galvano and Leader Smith and
all of those who served on the Committee.

So that you will understand, members, in special session a Bill will be passed as immediately certified to the other chamber. And so, Madam Secretary, this Bill is immediately certified to our partners in the House of Representatives.

24 Members, it is our intent to stay in session 25 for a while longer for the House of Representatives FOR THE RECORD REPORTING TALLAHASSEE FLORIDA 850.222.5491

to consider the Bill we have just sent them. 1 Ι 2 recognize that some members have commitments of a 3 personal and business and even medical in nature 4 and I would simply ask you to be, to be patient 5 with the House of Representatives as they would 6 have been patient with us had the roles been 7 reversed. We simply completed our business ahead 8 of time. 9 (Whereupon, the Senate was in recess.) 10 SENATOR THRASHER: Mr. President, thank you 11 for the last two years, here, here, absolutely. 12 Mr. President, I move that the Senate adjourn, 13 sine die. 14 PRESIDENT GAETZ: We are adjourned, thank you, 15 Speaker. 16 (Whereupon, the proceedings were adjourned.) 17 18 19 20 21 2.2 23 24 25 OR THE RECORD REPORTING TALLAHASSEE FLORIDA 850.222.5491

1	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
	CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
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5	I, CLARA C. ROTRUCK, do hereby certify that I
6	was authorized to and did report the foregoing
7	proceedings, and that the transcript, pages 2 through
8	108, is a true and correct record of my stenographic
9	notes.
10	
11	Dated this 12th day of August, 2014, at
12	Tallahassee, Leon County, Florida.
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14	
15	CLARA C. ROTRUCK
16	Court Reporter
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	FOR THE RECORD REPORTING TALLAHASSEE FLORIDA 850.222.5491