By Senator Jones

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to pregnant women in custody; providing a short title; creating s. 907.033, F.S.; requiring that, upon her request, every female arrested and not released on bond within 72 hours after arrest be administered a pregnancy test within a specified timeframe; requiring each municipal detention facility or county detention facility to notify each arrested female upon booking at the facility of her right to request a pregnancy test; providing for the types of pregnancy tests that may be given; defining the term "female"; creating s. 925.13, F.S.; defining the term "pregnant woman"; authorizing a sentencing court to stay the beginning of the period of incarceration for up to a certain amount of time for a pregnant woman convicted of any offense; requiring the court to consider specified factors in determining whether to grant a pregnant woman's request to stay the beginning of the period of incarceration; requiring the court to explain in writing its reasons for granting a stay of incarceration; authorizing a sentencing court to order a pregnant woman to comply with specified terms and conditions during the stay of incarceration; requiring that, within 10 days after the end of the stay and the commencement of the woman's incarceration, she be offered and, upon her request, receive a specified assessment and services; authorizing a judge to impose specified sanctions for another criminal conviction or 34-00190-24 2024100

a violation of the terms and conditions ordered by the judge; requiring municipal detention facilities and county detention facilities to collect and report to the Department of Corrections, and the department to collect from its own institutions, specified information; requiring the department to quarterly compile and publish the information on its public website; providing requirements for publishing such information; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. This act may be cited as "Ava's Law."

Section 2. Section 907.033, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

907.033 Pregnancy testing of female arrestees.—Upon her request, every female arrested and not released on bond within 72 hours after arrest must be administered a pregnancy test by the municipal detention facility or county detention facility, as those terms are defined in s. 951.23, where she is being held within 24 hours after the request. During booking into the facility, the facility must notify each such arrestee of her right to request that she be administered a pregnancy test within 72 hours after arrest if she is still in custody. The pregnancy test may be administered by collection of urine or blood samples, by ultrasound scan, or by any other standard pregnancy testing protocols adopted by the facility. As used in this section, the term "female" means a juvenile girl or an adult woman.

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Section 3. Section 925.13, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

925.13 Staying of sentence for pregnant women.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term "pregnant woman" means a juvenile girl or an adult woman whose pregnancy has been verified by a pregnancy test or through a medical examination conducted by a health care practitioner.
- (2) Notwithstanding any other law, when a pregnant woman is convicted of any offense and the sentencing court pronounces a sentence of incarceration, the court has the discretion to stay the beginning of the period of incarceration for up to 12 weeks after the pregnant woman gives birth or is no longer pregnant.

 In determining whether to grant a pregnant woman's request to stay the beginning of the period of incarceration, the court shall consider all of the following:
- (a) The severity of the offense for which the defendant is convicted.
- (b) Whether the defendant was previously convicted of a felony.
- (c) Whether other felony charges are pending against the defendant.
- (d) The state's interest in deterring and punishing criminal activity and protecting the public.
- (e) The rights of the victim of the defendant's crime, consistent with s. 16, Art. I of the State Constitution and s. 960.0021.
- (f) Whether staying the incarceration is consistent with protecting the life, health, and safety of the unborn child and its life during the first 12 weeks after birth. In considering

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this factor, the court shall consider the existence of any prior substance abuse by the defendant, whether any other children of the defendant have been adjudicated dependent, and any other information relevant to the health and safety of the unborn child.

If the court grants a request to stay incarceration, it must explain its reasons in writing.

- (3) The sentencing court may order a pregnant woman whose incarceration is stayed to comply with any of the terms and conditions specified in s. 948.03 until such time as she is incarcerated.
- (4) Within 10 days after the end of the stay of incarceration and the commencement of the woman's incarceration to serve the sentence, she must be offered an appropriate assessment by a licensed health care practitioner or a telehealth provider as defined in s. 456.47 who, upon her request, shall provide a postpartum assessment, including the need for any necessary medical tests, procedures, lactation support, mental health support, or treatments associated with her postpartum condition. The Department of Corrections, municipal detention facilities, and county detention facilities shall develop and offer such assessments and treatments in consultation with community support organizations, licensed health care practitioners, social services programs, and local and state governmental agencies, including nonprofit organizations.
- (5) If, during the stay of incarceration, the pregnant woman is convicted of another crime or violates any of the

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conditions imposed by the sentencing judge, the judge may impose
any sanction under s. 948.06, including an order requiring the
incarceration of the pregnant woman for the purpose of serving
the sentence for which the stay was granted.

- (6) (a) The Department of Corrections shall collect from its own institutions, and each municipal detention facility and county detention facility as those terms are defined in s.

 951.23 shall collect and report to the department, all of the following information, which the department shall compile and publish quarterly on its public website:
- 1. The total number of pregnant women whose sentences are stayed under subsection (2);
- 2. The total number of births, including the number of live births and stillbirths, to women whose sentences are stayed, and the gestational age and birth weight of each infant at the time of birth or stillbirth;
- 3. The total number of women who experience complications during pregnancy and the type of complications experienced;
- 4. The total number of women who experience miscarriages; and
- 5. The total number of women who refuse to provide information regarding the outcome of their pregnancies as indicated in subparagraphs 2., 3., and 4.
- (b) The information published pursuant to paragraph (a) must exclude personal identifying information and must comply with state and federal confidentiality laws.
 - Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2024.