Tab 1	SB	126 by I	Bradley; Sim	ilar to H 00101 Prescription	n Hearing Aids	
848922	D	S	LRCS	CM, Bradley	Delete everything after	03/03 02:45 PM
Tab 2	SB	232 by I	Rodriguez; I	dentical to H 00147 Debt (Collection	
109918	D	S	UNFAV	CM, Rodriguez	Delete everything after	03/03 03:37 PM
706006	AA	S	FAV	CM, Gruters	Delete L.83 - 85:	03/03 03:37 PM
357150	Α	S	RCS	CM, Gruters	Delete L.93 - 95:	03/03 03:37 PM
Tab 3	SB	600 by ⁻	Truenow; Ide	entical to H 00561 Manufa	cturing	
Tab 4	SB	602 by	Truenow; Ide	entical to H 00563 Fees/Flo	orida Manufacturing Promotional C	Campaign
		001 0				
Tab 5	SB	92 by G	ruters; Ident	ical to H 00807 Motor Veh	icle Repair Work	
442480	Α	S	RCS	CM, Gruters	Delete L.59 - 65:	03/03 03:38 PM
Tab 6	SB	412 by 9	Smith; Simila	r to H 00311 Repair of Mo	torized Wheelchairs	

The Florida Senate

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

COMMERCE AND TOURISM Senator Leek, Chair Senator Arrington, Vice Chair

MEETING DATE: Monday, March 3, 2025

TIME: 1:00—3:00 p.m.

PLACE: Toni Jennings Committee Room, 110 Senate Building

MEMBERS: Senator Leek, Chair; Senator Arrington, Vice Chair; Senators Davis, DiCeglie, Gruters, McClain,

Smith, Wright, and Yarborough

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
1	SB 126 Bradley (Similar H 101)	Prescription Hearing Aids; Authorizing the sale and distribution of prescription hearing aids to consumers through the mail if certain conditions are met before the sale, etc. HP 02/18/2025 Favorable CM 03/03/2025 Fav/CS	Fav/CS Yeas 8 Nays 0
2	SB 232 Rodriguez (Identical H 147)	Debt Collection; Revising prohibited practices for a person attempting to collect consumer debt, etc. CM 02/11/2025 Temporarily Postponed CM 03/03/2025 Fav/CS BI	Fav/CS Yeas 8 Nays 0
3	SB 600 Truenow (Identical H 561, Compare H 563, Linked S 602)	Manufacturing; Creating the Statewide Office of Manufacturing within the Department of Commerce for a certain purpose; requiring that the office be headed by a Chief Manufacturing Officer appointed by and serving at the pleasure of the Secretary of Commerce; requiring the department to biennially prepare a report regarding manufacturing efforts in this state; creating the Florida Manufacturers' Workforce Development Grant Program; requiring the department, the Chief Manufacturing Officer, and the state Manufacturing Extension Partnership to review applications submitted and to select specified projects, etc. CM 03/03/2025 Favorable ATD AP	Favorable Yeas 7 Nays 0

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

Commerce and Tourism Monday, March 3, 2025, 1:00—3:00 p.m.

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
4	SB 602 Truenow (Identical H 563, Compare H 561, Linked S 600)	Fees/Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign; Requiring the Department of Commerce to establish by rule registration and renewal fees sufficient to fund the costs of administering the Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign; requiring the department to assess and collect fees for the purpose of promoting the campaign; requiring that such fees be deposited into the Economic Development Trust Fund for a specified purpose, etc. CM 03/03/2025 Favorable ATD AP	Favorable Yeas 7 Nays 0
5	SB 92 Gruters (Identical H 807)	Motor Vehicle Repair Work; Citing this act as the "Lilly Glaubach Act"; requiring a motor vehicle repair shop to request a written crash report from a customer under certain circumstances; requiring a motor vehicle repair shop to prepare a transaction form under certain circumstances; authorizing the appropriate law enforcement agency to request an original transaction form from a motor vehicle repair shop under certain circumstances; providing criminal penalties, etc. CM 03/03/2025 Fav/CS AEG FP	Fav/CS Yeas 8 Nays 0
6	SB 412 Smith (Similar H 311)	Repair of Motorized Wheelchairs; Creating the "Motorized Wheelchair Right to Repair Act"; requiring an original equipment manufacturer to make available any documentation, parts, and tools required for the diagnosis, maintenance, or repair of a motorized wheelchair and parts for the motorized wheelchair; providing that violation of the act is an unlawful practice under the Florida Deceptive and Unfair Trade Practices Act; providing that an original equipment manufacturer is not required to divulge trade secrets, etc. CM 03/03/2025 Favorable AEG FP	Favorable Yeas 8 Nays 0
	Other Related Meeting Documents		

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared By	: The Prof	essional Staff of	the Committee on	Commerce and	Tourism		
BILL:	CS/SB 126	CS/SB 126						
INTRODUCER:	Commerce a	Commerce and Tourism and Senator Bradley						
SUBJECT:	Prescription Hearing Aids							
DATE:	March 4, 20)25	REVISED:					
ANAL	YST	STAF	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION		
1. Smith		Brown	1	HP	Favorable			
2. McMillan		McKay		CM	Fav/CS			
3.				RC				

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 126 authorizes licensed hearing aid specialists or licensed audiologists to sell and distribute prescription hearing aids through the mail to consumers who are 18 years of age or older.

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2025.

II. Present Situation:

Hearing Aids

Federal Regulations

The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) Reauthorization Act of 2017 (FDARA), s. 709, ¹ directed the FDA to establish a category of over-the-counter (OTC) hearing aids through rulemaking and set forth various requirements for OTC hearing aids, including defining general controls for reasonable assurance of safety and effectiveness, as well as Federal preemption provisions.

¹21 U.S.C. 301, Food and Drug Administration Reauthorization Act of 1917, s. 709, *Regulation of Over-The-Counter Hearing Aids*, available at https://www.congress.gov/115/plaws/publ52/PLAW-115publ52.pdf (last visited Feb. 28, 2025).

On August 17, 2022, the FDA finalized a rule revising 21 C.F.R. 800,² 801,³ and 874.⁴ The FDA's new rule establishes a new category for OTC hearing aids. An OTC hearing aid is an air-conduction hearing aid that does not require implantation or other surgical intervention and is intended for use by a person aged 18 or older to compensate for perceived mild to moderate hearing impairment. The device, through tools, tests, or software, allows the user to control the hearing aid and customize it to the user's hearing needs. The device may use wireless technology or may include tests for self-assessment of hearing loss.

The device is available OTC, without the supervision, prescription, or other order, involvement, or intervention of a licensed person, to consumers through in-person transactions, by mail, or online, provided that the device satisfies the requirements for consumers with "perceived mild to moderate hearing impairment" who wish to buy lower cost hearing aids not bundled with professional services and not requiring professional advice, fitting, adjustment, or maintenance. The rule became effective on October 16, 2022.⁵

The FDA rule includes provisions for simplified labeling, output limits, maximum insertion depth, and conditions for sale and distribution for both OTC and prescription hearing aids. The rule prohibits states from requiring the order, involvement, or intervention of a licensed person for consumers to access OTC hearing aids; a licensed person may service, market, sell, dispense, provide customer support for, or distribute OTC hearing aids.

Florida Regulations

In Florida, there are currently 1,289 licensed hearing aid specialists, and 1,654 licensed audiologists.⁶ In 2023, Florida's practice acts for hearing aid specialists and audiologists were amended to distinguish between prescription hearing aids and OTC hearing aids to conform to the new FDA rules.⁷ Under Florida law, prescription hearing aids are dispensed by hearing aid specialists and audiologists who are subject to the Department of Health (DOH) regulation under the Board of Hearing Aid Specialist (BHAS) and Board of Speech-Language Pathology and Audiology (BSLPA).⁸ Selling or distributing prescription hearing aids through the mail to the ultimate consumer is unlawful and is punishable as a misdemeanor of the second degree.⁹

Scope of Practice

Florida law defines the scope of practice for hearing aid specialists and audiologists and specifies the procedures which each health care practitioner is authorized to perform. Both hearing aid

² 21 CFR 800.30, available at https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-21/chapter-I/subchapter-H/part-800#800.30 (last visited Mar. 4, 2025).

³ 21 CFR 801.60 - 63, available at https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-21/chapter-I/subchapter-H/part-801/subpart-C (last visited Mar. 4, 2025).

⁴ 21 CFR 874.5300 available at https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-21/chapter-I/subchapter-H/part-874/subpart-F/section-874.5300 (last visited Mar. 4, 2025).

⁵ 21 CFR 800.30, available at https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-21/chapter-I/subchapter-H/part-800#800.30 (last visited Mar. 4, 2025).

⁶ Florida Department of Health, Division of Medical Quality Assurance, *Annual Report and Long Range Plan*, 2023 - 2024, available at https://mqawebteam.com/annualreports/2324/ (last visited Mar. 4, 2025).

⁷ Laws of Fla. 2023-71.

⁸ See Part II, ch. 484, and Part I, ch. 468, F.S., respectively.

⁹ Sections 468.1265 and 484.054, F.S.

specialists and audiologists may provide services through telehealth within this state. Out-of-state hearing aid specialists and audiologists may register to provide services through telehealth to patients located in this state. 11

Hearing Aid Specialists

Under s. 484.041, F.S., hearing aid specialists may dispense prescription hearing aids. Dispensing prescription hearing aids includes conducting and interpreting hearing tests for purposes of selecting suitable hearing aids, making earmolds or ear impressions for the fitting of hearing aids, and providing appropriate counseling regarding a suitable hearing aid device. This also includes all acts pertaining to the selling, renting, leasing, pricing, delivery, and warranty of hearing aids.¹²

Hearing aid specialists are licensed and regulated by the BHAS.¹³ Licensure for a hearing aid specialist is in accordance with s. 484.045, F.S., and includes the following requirements:

- Graduation of an accredited high school or its equivalent;
- Meeting one of the qualifying methods:
 - o Completing a Florida sponsored training program;
 - Having a valid, current license as a hearing aid specialist or its equivalent from another state and has been actively practicing ¹⁴ in such capacity for at least 12 months; or
 - o Is currently certified by the National Board for Certification in Hearing Instrument Sciences (NBC-HIS) and has been actively practicing for at least 12 months.
- Has successfully completed:
 - o International Licensing Examination (ILE); or
 - Active certification from the National Board for Certification in Hearing Instrument Sciences (NBC-HIS).
- Completion of a two-hour course relating to Florida laws and rules taught by an instructor approved by the BHAS.

Effective July 1, 2025, an applicant for licensure must also submit to a background screening test in accordance with s. 456.0135, F.S.

Audiologists

The practice of audiology includes the application of principles, methods, and procedures for the prevention, identification, evaluation, consultation, habilitation, rehabilitation, instruction, treatment, and research, relative to hearing and the disorders of hearing, and to related language and speech disorders. Licensed audiologists may offer, render, plan, direct, conduct, consult, or supervise services to individuals or groups of individuals who have or are suspected of having disorders of hearing, including prevention, identification, evaluation, treatment, consultation,

¹⁰ Section 456.47, F.S.

¹¹ *Id*.

¹² Section 484.041(3)(a), F.S.

¹³ Section 484.042, F.S.

¹⁴ See Fla. Admin. Code R. 64B6-2.002 (2025), which defines "actively practicing" as dispensing hearing aids directly to clients for at least 12 months, as shown by at least two sales receipts per month for at least 12 months, each receipt bearing the applicant's signature and address of place(s) of business.

¹⁵ Section 468.1125(6)(a), F.S.

habilitation, rehabilitation, instruction, and research.¹⁶ This includes the fitting and dispensing of hearing aids. They may also provide the following:

- Participate in hearing conservation, evaluation of noise environment, and noise control;
- Conduct and interpret tests of vestibular function and nystagmus, electrophysiologic auditory-evoked potentials, central auditory function, and calibration of measurement equipment used for such purposes;
- Habilitate and rehabilitate, including, but not limited to, hearing aid evaluation, prescription, preparation, fitting and dispensing, assistive listening device selection and orientation, auditory training, aural habilitation, aural rehabilitation, speech conservation, and speechreading;
- Fabricate earmolds:
- Evaluate tinnitus; and
- Conduct speech and language screening, limited to a pass-fail determination for identifying individuals with disorders of communication.¹⁷

Audiologists are licensed and regulated by the BSLPA.¹⁸ Licensure for audiologists includes, among other requirements, the following:

- Submission of an application and all required fees.
- A doctoral degree with a major emphasis in audiology and:
 - Applicants who have earned a doctoral degree from an approved program before January 1, 2008, must complete 60 semester hours, 24 of which must be in audiology.¹⁹
 - Applicants who earned a doctoral degree from an approved program after January 1, 2008, must complete 75 semester hours.
 - o 300 clock hours of supervised experience (clinical practicum) with at least 200 hours in the area of audiology.
- Eleven months of supervised clinical experience. This requirement may be met if the applicant holds a doctoral degree, meets the requirements of s. 468.1155, F.S., and can demonstrate one year of clinical work experience within the doctoral program.
- Applicants for licensure as an audiologist with a master's degree conferred before January 1, 2008, must document that, prior to licensure, the applicant completed one year of clinical work experience.
- Passing the licensure examination no more than three years prior to the date of the application.²⁰

Effective July 1, 2025, an applicant for licensure must also submit to a background screening test in accordance with s. 456.0135, F.S.

¹⁶ Section 468.1125(6)(b), F.S.

¹⁷ *Id*.

¹⁸ Section 468.1135, F.S.

¹⁹ Section 468.1155, F.S.

²⁰ Section 468.1185, F.S. and Fla. Admin. Code R. 64B20-2.005 (2022) The BSDPA has designated the Educational Testing Services Praxis Series Examination in Speech-Language Pathology or Audiology as the licensure examination.

Minimal Procedures and Equipment 21

Florida law requires hearing aid specialists, and audiologists only when indicated, to perform all of the following procedures to be used in the fitting and selling of prescription hearing aids:

- Pure tone audiometric testing by air and bone to determine the type and degree of hearing deficiency.
- Effective masking.
- Appropriate testing to determine speech reception thresholds, speech discrimination scores, the most comfortable listening levels, uncomfortable loudness levels, and the selection of the best fitting arrangement for maximum hearing aid benefit.

A wide range audiometer that meets the specifications of the American National Standards Institute for diagnostic audiometers, and a speech audiometer or a master hearing aid must be used by hearing aid specialists, and audiologists only when indicated, in the fitting and selling of prescription hearing aids.

A hearing aid specialist must make a final fitting ensuring physical and operational comfort of the prescription hearing aid. An audiologist must make such a final fitting only when indicated.

Each audiometric test must be made in a testing room that has been certified by the DOH and meets certain requirements established in statute and rule. However, this requirement may be waived by a client who has been provided written notice of the benefits and advantages of having the test conducted in a certified testing room.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill provides that prescription hearing aids may be distributed through the mail to a patient who is 18 years of age or older before the patient's scheduled telehealth appointment with a licensed audiologist. The prescription hearing aids may not be activated unless the audiologist has prescribed them. If prescribed, the audiologist must conduct a fitting during the telehealth appointment or a subsequent appointment to ensure the physical and operational comfort of the prescription hearing aids.

The bill provides that prescription hearing aids may be distributed through the mail to a patient who is 18 years of age or older before the patient's scheduled telehealth appointment with a licensed hearing aid specialist. The prescription hearing aids must not be activated unless the hearing aid specialist has determined that the patient should be fitted for prescription hearing aids. If that determination is made, the hearing aid specialist must conduct a fitting during the telehealth appointment or a subsequent appointment to ensure the physical and operational comfort of the prescription hearing aids.

The bill establishes that any person who sells or distributes prescription hearing aids through the mail to the ultimate consumer commits a misdemeanor of the second degree.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2025.

²¹ Sections 468.1225 and 484.0501, F.S. See also Fla. Admin. Code R. 64B6-6, 64B20-8, and 64B20-9.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A.	Municipal	ity/County	Mandates	Restrictions:
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None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None Identified.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

To implement the bill, the Department of Health would need to develop a communication plan to ensure compliance and operational readiness. The department anticipates that this would include updating websites and the Artificial Intelligence chatbot, notifying stakeholder groups, and communicating the statutory changes to staff through training.²²

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

²² Department of Health, Senate Bill 126 Legislative Analysis (Feb. 11, 2025) (on file with the Senate Committee on Health Policy).

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends sections 468.1265 and 484.054 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Commerce and Tourism on March 3, 2024

The committee substitute provides that prescription hearing aids may be distributed through the mail to a patient who is 18 years of age or older before the patient's scheduled telehealth appointment with a licensed audiologist. The prescription hearing aids may not be activated unless the audiologist has prescribed them. If prescribed, the audiologist must conduct a fitting during the telehealth appointment or a subsequent appointment to ensure the physical and operational comfort of the prescription hearing aids.

The committee substitute also provides that prescription hearing aids may be distributed through the mail to a patient who is 18 years of age or older before the patient's scheduled telehealth appointment with a licensed hearing aid specialist. The prescription hearing aids must not be activated unless the hearing aid specialist has determined that the patient should be fitted for prescription hearing aids. If that determination is made, the hearing aid specialist must conduct a fitting during the telehealth appointment or a subsequent appointment to ensure the physical and operational comfort of the prescription hearing aids.

Except in the above instances, any person who sells or distributes prescription hearing aids through the mail to the ultimate consumer commits a misdemeanor of the second degree.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

848922

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Comm: RCS 03/03/2025

The Committee on Commerce and Tourism (Bradley) recommended the following.

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 468.1265, Florida Statutes, is amended 468.1265 Sale or distribution of prescription hearing aids

through mail; penalty .-

(1) Except as provided in subsection (2) and in s. $\underline{484.054(2)_{1}}$ it is unlawful for \underline{a} any person to sell or

Page 1 of 4

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577-02083B-25

Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. SB 126

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT



the mail to a patient who is 18 years of age or older before the patient's scheduled telehealth appointment with a hearing aid specialist licensed under this part. The prescription hearing aids may not be activated unless the hearing aid specialist has determined that the patient should be fitted for prescription hearing aids. If the hearing aid specialist makes that determination, the hearing aid specialist must conduct a fitting during the telehealth appointment or a subsequent appointment to ensure the physical and operational comfort of the prescription hearing aids. (b) Prescription hearing aids may be sold through the mail

to a patient who is 18 years of age or older who has been fitted for those prescription hearing aids by a hearing aid specialist licensed under this part.

Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

----- TITLE AMENDMENT ------And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause

59 and insert:

> A bill to be entitled An act relating to prescription hearing aids; amending ss. 468.1265 and 484.054, F.S.; authorizing the distribution of prescription hearing aids through the mail to patients 18 years of age or older before a scheduled telehealth appointment with a Floridalicensed audiologist or hearing aid specialist, respectively, if certain requirements are met; authorizing the sale of prescription hearing aids

> > Page 3 of 4

577-02083B-25

Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. SB 126



distribute prescription hearing aids through the mail to the ultimate consumer. A Any person who violates this subsection section commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable 13 as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. 14

15 (2) (a) Prescription hearing aids may be distributed through 16 the mail to a patient who is 18 years of age or older before the patient's scheduled telehealth appointment with an audiologist 18 licensed under this part. The prescription hearing aids may not 19 be activated unless the audiologist has prescribed them. If the 20 audiologist prescribes prescription hearing aids to the patient, 21 the audiologist must conduct a fitting during the telehealth 22 appointment or a subsequent appointment to ensure the physical 23 and operational comfort of the prescription hearing aids.

2.4 (b) Prescription hearing aids may be sold through the mail 25 to a patient who is 18 years of age or older who has been fitted 26 for those prescription hearing aids by an audiologist licensed 27 under this part.

28 Section 2. Section 484.054, Florida Statutes, is amended to 29 read:

30 484.054 Sale or distribution of prescription hearing aids

31 through mail; penalty .-32 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) and in s.

468.1265(2), it is unlawful for a any person to sell or 34 distribute prescription hearing aids through the mail to the 35 ultimate consumer. A person who violates this subsection commits

36 Any violation of this section constitutes a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 37 38 775 083

(2)(a) Prescription hearing aids may be distributed through

Page 2 of 4

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577-02083B-25

Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. SB 126

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT



through the mail to patients 18 years of age or older who have been fitted for such hearing aids by a licensed audiologist or licensed hearing aid specialist, respectively; providing an effective date.

By Senator Bradley

6-00498-25 2025126 A bill to be entitled

An act relating to prescription hearing aids; amending ss. 468.1265 and 484.054, F.S.; authorizing the sale and distribution of prescription hearing aids to consumers through the mail if certain conditions are

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> 23 24

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met before the sale; providing an effective date. Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 1. Section 468.1265, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 12 468.1265 Sale or distribution of prescription hearing aids through mail; penalty.-It is unlawful for any person to sell or distribute prescription hearing aids through the mail to the ultimate consumer. However, prescription hearing aids may be sold and distributed to a consumer through the mail if, before the sale, all required testing procedures as outlined in s. 17 468.1225 or s. 484.0501 are conducted by an audiologist licensed under s. 468.1185 or a hearing aid specialist licensed under s. 484.045, respectively. Any person who violates this section commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as 22 provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Section 2. Section 484.054, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 25 484.054 Sale or distribution of prescription hearing aids through mail; penalty.-It is unlawful for any person to sell or distribute prescription hearing aids through the mail to the ultimate consumer. However, prescription hearing aids may be sold and distributed to a consumer through the mail if, before

Page 1 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Florida Senate - 2025 SB 126

2025126

	0-00498-23
30	the sale, all required testing procedures as outlined in s.
31	468.1225 or s. 484.0501 are conducted by an audiologist licensed
32	under s. 468.1185 or a hearing aid specialist licensed under s.
33	484.045, respectively. Any violation of this section constitutes
34	a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s.
35	775.082 or s. 775.083.
36	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

C 00400 0E

Page 2 of 2

THE FLORIDA SENATE



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:
Regulated Industries, Chair
Appropriations Committee on Higher
Education, Vice Chair
Appropriations Committee on Pre-K - 12 Education
Criminal Justice
Ethics and Elections
Fiscal Policy
Rules

JOINT COMMITTEES: Joint Committee on Public Counsel Oversight, Alternating Chair

SENATOR JENNIFER BRADLEY 6th District

February 19, 2025

Senator Thomas Leek, Chairman Senate Committee on Commerce and Tourism 310 Senate Building 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1100

Dear Chairman Leek:

I respectfully request that SB 126 be placed on the committee's agenda at your earliest convenience. This bill relates to prescription hearing aids.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

Jennifer Bradley

nnifer Bradley

cc: Todd McKay, Staff Director

Renita Hayes, Committee Administrative Assistant

The Florida Senate

3.3-25	APPEARANCE RECOR	D 3B-124
Commerce S Tours	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	010100
Name	Eve-tz Phone_	Amendment Barcode (if applicable) 365 850 3627
Address 3036 W	27 nd See Email	alexander everte @ hear. rom
Street City	CO 862 11 State Zip	
Speaking: For Ag	gainst Information OR Waive Speak	ting: In Support Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWIN	NG:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (08/10/2021)

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Name	e	Kommittee X	me	Lew-	ers		Phone _		Ame	endment Barco	ode (if applicable)
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	Street City	Orane	W	State		Zip				OW	9
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		aring without ation or sponsorship).	PI		KONE OF TH gistered lobbyist, ting:		NG:	some (trave	not a lobbyist, thing of value el, meals, lodgi sored by:	for my appearance

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (08/10/2021)

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepared By: The	e Professional Staff of	the Committee on	Commerce and	d Tourism			
CS/SB 232							
Committee on C	Commerce and Tou	rism and Senator	Rodriguez				
Debt Collection							
March 3, 2025	REVISED:						
YST :	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION			
M	lcKay	CM	Fav/CS				
	_	BI					
		RC					
	CS/SB 232 Committee on C Debt Collection March 3, 2025	CS/SB 232 Committee on Commerce and Tou Debt Collection March 3, 2025 REVISED:	CS/SB 232 Committee on Commerce and Tourism and Senator Debt Collection March 3, 2025 REVISED: YST STAFF DIRECTOR McKay CM BI	Committee on Commerce and Tourism and Senator Rodriguez Debt Collection March 3, 2025 REVISED: YST STAFF DIRECTOR REFERENCE McKay CM Fav/CS BI			

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 232 revises the Florida Consumer Collection Practices Act (FCCPA) to allow any person attempting to collect on a debt to communicate with a debtor via email between 9 p.m. and 8 a.m.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2025.

II. Present Situation:

The Florida Consumer Collection Practices Act

The FCCPA¹ prohibits certain practices by any person when attempting to collect on a debt.² This law is the counterpart to the federal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act (FDCPA) with the purpose of eliminating "abusive and harassing tactics in the collection of debts." When

¹ Sections 559.55-559.785, F.S.

² "Debt collector" means any person who uses any instrumentality of commerce within this state, whether initiated from within or outside this state, in any business the principal purpose of which is the collection of debts, or who regularly collects or attempts to collect, directly or indirectly, debts owed or due or asserted to be owed or due another. The term "debt collector" includes any creditor who, in the process of collecting her or his own debts, uses any name other than her or his own which would indicate that a third person is collecting or attempting to collect such debts. Section 559.55(7), F.S.

³ The Consumer Prot. Law Commerce of the Florida Part. The Consumer Law Parely Par

³ The Consumer Prot. Law Comm. of the Florida Bar, *The Consumer Law Bench Book*, p. 46, available at https://www.floridabar.org/about/cmtes/cmte-cm410/cplc-bench-manual/ (last visited Feb. 10, 2025).

collecting consumer debts,⁴ collectors are not allowed to use or threaten violence,⁵ use profane or vulgar language,⁶ or attempt to enforce an illegitimate debt.⁷ Among the list of prohibited practices, a collector is not allowed to "communicate with the debtor between the hours of 9 p.m. and 8 a.m. in the debtor's time zone without the prior consent of the debtor." The current version of the statute does not specify what type of communication is prohibited between these hours.

A debtor⁹ may bring a civil action against a consumer collection agency¹⁰ or any person attempting to collect on a debt in a manner prohibited by law within two years of the date the alleged violation occurred.¹¹ The debtor may file such action "in the county in which the alleged violator resides or has his or her principal place of business or in the county where the alleged violation occurred."¹² If a collector does not comply with the provisions of s. 559.72, F.S., they are liable for actual and statutory damages up to \$1000, court costs and attorney's fees that are incurred by the plaintiff, ¹³ and punitive damages or other equitable relief the court finds necessary or proper. ¹⁴ Additionally, if there is an inconsistency between the FCCPA and the FDCPA, the provision which is more protective of the debtor will prevail. ¹⁵

The Fair Debt Collection Practices Act

The federal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act (FDCPA) (15 USC 1692 et seq.), which became effective in March 1978, was designed to eliminate abusive, deceptive, and unfair debt collection practices. ¹⁶ Pursuant to 12 CFR s. 1006.06(b)(1)(i), with certain exceptions (prior consent, or permission by a court), a debt collector must not communicate or attempt to communicate with a consumer in connection with the collection of any debt at any unusual time, or at a time that the debt collector knows or should know is inconvenient to the consumer. In the absence of the debt collector's knowledge of circumstances to the contrary, a time before 8:00 a.m. and after 9:00

⁴ "Debt" or "consumer debt" means any obligation or alleged obligation of a consumer to pay money arising out of a transaction in which the money, property, insurance, or services which are the subject of the transaction are primarily for personal, family, or household purposes, whether or not such obligation has been reduced to judgement. Section 559.55(6), F.S.

⁵ Section 559.72(2), F.S.

⁶ Section 559.72(8), F.S.

⁷ Section 559.72(9), F.S.

⁸ Section 559.72(17), F.S.

⁹ "Debtor" or "consumer" means any natural person obligated or allegedly obligated to pay any debt. Section 559.55(8), F.S. ¹⁰ "Consumer collection agency" means any debt collector or business entity engaged in the business of soliciting consumer debts for collection or of collecting consumer debts, which debt collector or business is not expressly exempted as set forth in s. 559.553(3). Section 559.55(3), F.S.

¹¹ Section 559.77(4), F.S.

¹² Section 559.77(1), F.S.

¹³ Section 559.77(2), F.S.

¹⁴ *Id*.

¹⁵ Section 559.552, F.S.

¹⁶ The Fed. Rsrv., *Consumer Compliance Handbook*, available at https://www.federalreserve.gov/boarddocs/supmanual/cch/fairdebt.pdf, (last visited Feb. 10, 2025).

p.m. local time at the consumer's location is inconvenient. Email and text communications¹⁷ are permitted, but the consumer must be offered a reasonable and simple method for opting out.¹⁸

Recent Litigation

The U.S. District Court for the Southern District of Florida recently interpreted what it means to "communicate with" a consumer under the FCCPA. ¹⁹ In this case, plaintiff sued a debt collector for sending her an e-mail at 8:23 p.m. which was delivered to her at 10:14 p.m. and which she did not open or read until 11:44 a.m. the next day. ²⁰ Plaintiff argued that this constituted a communication in violation of s. 559.72(17), F.S. ²¹ Without legal precedent on point, the court determined that "no e-mail communication "with" the customer takes place until the consumer reads the message, or at least receives it." ²² Under this interpretation, the court found that the debt collector did not communicate with plaintiff until 11:44 a.m. because that was when she read the message, and as such, defendant's motion for summary judgment was granted. ²³

As this case was one of first impression, there is a chance that Florida courts or other federal district courts could deviate from this interpretation. Moreover, this interpretation diverges from the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau's interpretation of what it means to "communicate with" a debtor under the FDCPA.²⁴ Without statutory clarification, Florida courts are open to litigation over debt collection e-mails received and read after 9 p.m. and before 8 a.m.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Prohibited Practices for Debt Collection

Section 1 amends s. 559.72, F.S., to allow any person attempting to collect on a debt to communicate with a debtor between 9 p.m. and 8 a.m. via email.

Incorporating Related Statutes

Sections 2-6 reenact ss. 559.565, 559.725, 559.77, 648.44, and 817.7001, F.S., respectively, for the purpose of incorporating the amendments to s. 559.72, F.S., in section 1 of the bill.

¹⁷ According to a recent news release, email communications are used by 74% of debt collectors, and use of text messaging grew by 5% between 2023 and 2024. TransUnion, *More Than Half of Debt Collection Companies Saw Increased Volume of Accounts in Past 12 Months*, available at <a href="https://newsroom.transunion.com/more-than-half-of-debt-collection-companies-saw-increased-volume-of-accounts-in-past-12-months/#t-stoyt-Usa% 20of% 20toyt% 2ESMS% 20massasing angage% 20consumers% 20recarding% 20of% 20dobt. (lest visited)

months/#:~:text=Use%20of%20text%2FSMS%20messaging,engage%20consumers%20regarding%20a%20debt, (last visited Feb 10, 2025).

¹⁸ The Consumer Fin. Prot. Bureau, *What laws limit what debt collectors can say or do?*, available at https://www.consumerfinance.gov/ask-cfpb/what-laws-limit-what-debt-collectors-can-say-or-do-en-329/, (last visited Feb. 10, 2025).

¹⁹ Quinn-Davis v. TrueAccord Corp., Case No. 1:23-cv-23590-LEIBOWITZ/REID (S.D. Fla. Nov. 20, 2024).

²⁰ *Id*. at 2.

²¹ *Id*.

²² *Id*.

²³ *Id.* at 14.

²⁴ *Id.* at 8 ("The CFPB interprets "communicate with" under the FDCPA to mean that a debt collector communicates with a customer when the debt collector "sends" an electronic communication.").

Effective Date

Section 7 pr	rovides an	effective	date of .	July 1,	2025.
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A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None identified.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends s. 559.72, F.S.

For the purpose of incorporating the amendments to s. 559.72, F.S., the bill reenacts the following sections: 559.72, 559.565, 559.725, 559.77, 648.44, 817.7001.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Commerce and Tourism Committee on March 3, 2025:

The committee substitute allows any person collecting debts to communicate with debtors via email between 9 p.m. and 8 a.m.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

109918

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Comm: UNFAV 03/03/2025

The Committee on Commerce and Tourism (Rodriguez) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Section 559.72, Florida Statutes, is amended to

559.72 Prohibited practices generally.-Unless otherwise authorized by law, in collecting consumer debts, a debt collector may not no person shall:

(1) Simulate in any manner a law enforcement officer or a

Page 1 of 9

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577-01897-25

Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. SB 232

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT



of the dispute to each person to whom disclosure of the debt without notice of the dispute was made within the preceding 90 davs.

- (7) Willfully communicate with the debtor or any member of her or his family with such frequency as can reasonably be expected to harass the debtor or her or his family, or willfully engage in other conduct which can reasonably be expected to abuse or harass the debtor or any member of her or his family.
- (8) Use profane, obscene, vulgar, or willfully abusive language in communicating with the debtor or any member of her or his family.
- (9) Claim, attempt, or threaten to enforce a debt when such debt collector person knows that the debt is not legitimate, or assert the existence of some other legal right $\underline{\text{to enforce the}}$ <u>debt</u> when such <u>debt collector</u> <u>person</u> knows that the right <u>to</u> such enforcement does not exist.
- (10) Use a communication that simulates in any manner legal or judicial process or that gives the appearance of being authorized, issued, or approved by a government, governmental agency, or attorney at law, when it is not.
- (11) Communicate with a debtor under the guise of an attorney by using the stationery of an attorney or forms or instruments that only attorneys are authorized to prepare.
- (12) Orally communicate with a debtor in a manner that gives the false impression or appearance that such debt collector person is or is associated with an attorney.
- (13) Advertise or threaten to advertise for sale any debt as a means to enforce payment except under court order or when acting as an assignee for the benefit of a creditor.

Page 3 of 9

577-01897-25

Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. SB 232

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representative of any governmental agency.

- (2) Use or threaten force or violence.
- (3) Tell a debtor who disputes a consumer debt that she or he or any person employing her or him will disclose to another, orally or in writing, directly or indirectly, information affecting the debtor's reputation for credit worthiness without also informing the debtor that the existence of the dispute will also be disclosed as required by subsection (6).
- (4) Communicate or threaten to communicate with a debtor's employer before obtaining final judgment against the debtor, unless the debtor gives her or his permission in writing to contact her or his employer or acknowledges in writing the existence of the debt after the debt has been placed for collection. However, this does not prohibit a $\underline{\text{debt collector}}$ person from telling the debtor that her or his employer will be contacted if a final judgment is obtained.
- 27 (5) Disclose to a person other than the debtor or her or 28 his family information affecting the debtor's reputation, 29 whether or not for credit worthiness, with knowledge or reason to know that the other person does not have a legitimate 30 31 business need for the information or that the information is 32 false.
- 33 (6) Disclose information concerning the existence of a debt 34 known to be reasonably disputed by the debtor without disclosing 35 that fact. If a disclosure is made before such dispute has been 36 asserted and written notice is received from the debtor that any part of the debt is disputed, and if such dispute is reasonable, 37 3.8 the $\underline{\text{debt collector}}$ $\underline{\text{person}}$ who made the original disclosure must 39 reveal upon the request of the debtor within 30 days the details

Page 2 of 9

2/7/2025 5:29:15 PM

577-01897-25

Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. SB 232

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT



- (14) Publish or post, threaten to publish or post, or cause to be published or posted before the general public individual names or any list of names of debtors, commonly known as a deadbeat list, for the purpose of enforcing or attempting to enforce collection of consumer debts.
- (15) Refuse to provide adequate identification of herself or himself or her or his employer or other entity whom she or he represents if requested to do so by a debtor from whom she or he is collecting or attempting to collect a consumer debt.
- (16) Mail any communication to a debtor in an envelope or postcard with words typed, written, or printed on the outside of the envelope or postcard calculated to embarrass the debtor. An example of this would be an envelope addressed to "Deadbeat, Jane Doe" or "Deadbeat, John Doe."
- (17) Communicate with the debtor $\underline{\text{by telephone call}}$ between the hours of 9 p.m. and 8 a.m. in the debtor's time zone without the prior consent of the debtor.
- (a) The debt collector person may presume that the time a telephone call is received conforms to the local time zone assigned to the area code of the number called, unless the <u>debt</u> collector person reasonably believes that the debtor's telephone is located in a different time zone.
- (b) If, such as with toll-free numbers, an area code is not 92 assigned to a specific geographic area, the debt collector 93 person may presume that the time a telephone call is received conforms to the local time zone of the debtor's last known place of residence, unless the <u>debt collector</u> person reasonably 9.5 96 believes that the debtor's telephone is located in a different time zone.

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(18) Communicate with a debtor, other than communicating purely for informational communications, regular billing statements, or notices required by law, if the debt collector person knows that the debtor is represented by an attorney with respect to such debt and has knowledge of, or can readily ascertain, such attorney's name and address, unless the debtor's attorney fails to respond within 30 days to a communication from the <u>debt collector</u> person, unless the debtor's attorney consents to a direct communication with the debtor, or unless the debtor initiates the communication.

(19) Cause a debtor to be charged for communications by concealing the true purpose of the communication, including collect telephone calls and telegram fees.

Section 2. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 559.72, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 559.565, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

559.565 Enforcement action against out-of-state consumer debt collector. - The remedies of this section are cumulative to other sanctions and enforcement provisions of this part for any violation by an out-of-state consumer debt collector, as defined in s. 559.55(11).

(2) A person, whether or not exempt from registration under this part, who violates s. 559.72 is subject to sanctions the same as any other consumer debt collector, including imposition of an administrative fine. The registration of a duly registered out-of-state consumer debt collector is subject to revocation or suspension in the same manner as the registration of any other registrant under this part.

Page 5 of 9

2/7/2025 5:29:15 PM

577-01897-25

Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. SB 232

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT



the extent to which the noncompliance was intentional. In a class action lawsuit brought under this section, the court may award additional statutory damages of up to \$1,000 for each named plaintiff and an aggregate award of additional statutory damages up to the lesser of \$500,000 or 1 percent of the defendant's net worth for all remaining class members; however, the aggregate award may not provide an individual class member with additional statutory damages in excess of \$1,000. The court may award punitive damages and may provide such equitable relief as it deems necessary or proper, including enjoining the defendant from further violations of this part. If the court finds that the suit fails to raise a justiciable issue of law or fact, the plaintiff is liable for court costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred by the defendant.

Section 5. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 559.72, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (o) of subsection (1) of section 648.44, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

648.44 Prohibitions; penalty.-

- (1) A bail bond agent or bail bond agency may not:
- (o) Attempt to collect, through threat or coercion, amounts due for the payment of any indebtedness related to the issuance of a bail bond in violation of s. 559.72.

Section 6. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 559.72, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 817.7001, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

817.7001 Definitions.-As used in this part:

Page 7 of 9

577-01897-25

Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. SB 232

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Section 3. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 559.72, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 559.725, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

559.725 Consumer complaints; administrative duties.-

132 (2) The office shall inform and furnish relevant information to the appropriate regulatory body of the state or 134 the Federal Government, or The Florida Bar in the case of 135 attorneys, if a person has been named in a consumer complaint 136 pursuant to subsection (3) alleging violations of s. 559.72. The 137 Attorney General may take action against any person in violation of this part. 138

Section 4. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 559.72, Florida Statutes, in references thereto, subsections (1) and (2) of section 559.77, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

559.77 Civil remedies.-

144 (1) A debtor may bring a civil action against a person 145 violating the provisions of s. 559.72 in the county in which the 146 alleged violator resides or has his or her principal place of 147 business or in the county where the alleged violation occurred.

(2) Any person who fails to comply with any provision of s. 149 559.72 is liable for actual damages and for additional statutory 150 damages as the court may allow, but not exceeding \$1,000, 1.51 together with court costs and reasonable attorney's fees 152 incurred by the plaintiff. In determining the defendant's 153 liability for any additional statutory damages, the court shall 154 consider the nature of the defendant's noncompliance with s. 155 559.72, the frequency and persistence of the noncompliance, and

Page 6 of 9

2/7/2025 5:29:15 PM

577-01897-25

Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. SB 232

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT



- (b) "Credit service organization" does not include:
- 1. Any person authorized to make loans or extensions of credit under the laws of this state or the United States who is subject to regulation and supervision by this state or the United States or a lender approved by the United States Secretary of Housing and Urban Development for participation in any mortgage insurance program under the National Housing Act;
- 2. Any bank, savings bank, or savings and loan association whose deposits or accounts are eligible for insurance by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or a subsidiary of such bank, savings bank, or savings and loan association;
- 3. Any credit union, federal credit union, or out-of-state credit union doing business in this state;
- 4. Any nonprofit organization exempt from taxation under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code;
- 5. Any person licensed as a real estate broker by this state if the person is acting within the course and scope of that license;
- 6. Any person collecting consumer claims pursuant to ${\bf s}$.
- 7. Any person licensed to practice law in this state if the person renders services within the course and scope of his or her practice as an attorney and does not engage in the credit service business on a regular and continuing basis;
- 8. Any broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission or the Commodity Futures Trading Commission if the broker-dealer is acting within the course and scope of that regulation; or



9. Any consumer reporting agency as defined in the Federal $\,$ Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. ss. 1681-1681t. Section 7. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

----- TITLE AMENDMENT-----

And the title is amended as follows:

Delete everything before the enacting clause

221 and insert:

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to debt collection; amending s. 559.72, F.S.; revising prohibited practices for a debt collector attempting to collect consumer debt; making technical changes; reenacting ss. 559.565(2), 559.725(2), 559.77(1) and (2), 648.44(1)(o), and 817.7001(2)(b), F.S., relating to enforcement action against out-of-state consumer debt collector, consumer complaints and administrative duties, civil remedies, prohibitions and penalties, and definitions, respectively, to incorporate the amendment made to s. 559.72, F.S., in references thereto; providing an

WHEREAS, the Legislature finds that technical changes to s. 559.72, Florida Statutes, are necessary to clarify that existing law prohibiting communication between a debtor and a debt collector between the hours of 9 p.m. and 8 a.m. applies only to telephone calls, NOW, THEREFORE,

Page 9 of 9

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effective date.

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Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. SB 232

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT



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    And the title is amended as follows:
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        Delete line 225
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        collector attempting to collect consumer debt;
        providing applicability; making
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Page 2 of 2

577-02082-25

Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. SB 232

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LEGISLATIVE ACTION House Comm: FAV 03/03/2025

The Committee on Commerce and Tourism (Gruters) recommended the following.

1 Senate Amendment to Amendment (109918) (with title amendment) 2

3 4 Delete lines 83 - 85

and insert:

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(17) Communicate with the debtor between the hours of 9 p.m. and 8 a.m. in the debtor's time zone without the prior

consent of the debtor. This subsection does not apply to an email communication that is sent to an e-mail address and that otherwise complies with this section.

Page 1 of 2

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577-02082-25

Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. SB 232

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT



LEGISLATIVE ACTION House Comm: RCS 03/03/2025

The Committee on Commerce and Tourism (Gruters) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete lines 93 - 95 4 and insert:

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(17) Communicate with the debtor between the hours of 9p.m. and 8 a.m. in the debtor's time zone without the prior consent of the debtor. This subsection does not apply to an email communication that is sent to an e-mail address and which otherwise complies with this section.

Page 1 of 2

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577-02060-25

Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. SB 232

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT



11	T I T L E A M E N D M E N T
12	And the title is amended as follows:
13	Delete line 4
14	and insert:
15	person attempting to collect consumer debt; providing
16	applicability; making a

Page 2 of 2

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577-02060-25

By Senator Rodriguez

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A bill to be entitled
An act relating to debt collection; amending s.
559.72, F.S.; revising prohibited practices for a
person attempting to collect consumer debt; making a
technical change; reenacting ss. 559.565(2),
559.725(2), 559.77(1) and (2), 648.44(1)(0), and
817.7001(2)(b), F.S., relating to enforcement action
against out-of-state consumer debt collector, consumer
complaints and administrative duties, civil remedies,
prohibitions and penalties, and definitions,
respectively, to incorporate the amendment made to s.
559.72, F.S., in references thereto; providing an
effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 559.72, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

559.72 Prohibited practices generally.—<u>Unless otherwise</u>
<u>authorized by law,</u> in collecting consumer debts, <u>a</u> no person may not shall:

- (1) Simulate in any manner a law enforcement officer or a representative of any governmental agency.
 - (2) Use or threaten force or violence.
- (3) Tell a debtor who disputes a consumer debt that she or he or any person employing her or him will disclose to another, orally or in writing, directly or indirectly, information affecting the debtor's reputation for credit worthiness without also informing the debtor that the existence of the dispute will

Page 1 of 8

 ${\bf CODING:}$ Words ${\bf stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\bf \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2025 SB 232

40-00388-25 2025232

also be disclosed as required by subsection (6).

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- (4) Communicate or threaten to communicate with a debtor's employer before obtaining final judgment against the debtor, unless the debtor gives her or his permission in writing to contact her or his employer or acknowledges in writing the existence of the debt after the debt has been placed for collection. However, this does not prohibit a person from telling the debtor that her or his employer will be contacted if a final judgment is obtained.
- (5) Disclose to a person other than the debtor or her or his family information affecting the debtor's reputation, whether or not for credit worthiness, with knowledge or reason to know that the other person does not have a legitimate business need for the information or that the information is false.
- (6) Disclose information concerning the existence of a debt known to be reasonably disputed by the debtor without disclosing that fact. If a disclosure is made before such dispute has been asserted and written notice is received from the debtor that any part of the debt is disputed, and if such dispute is reasonable, the person who made the original disclosure must reveal upon the request of the debtor within 30 days the details of the dispute to each person to whom disclosure of the debt without notice of the dispute was made within the preceding 90 days.
- (7) Willfully communicate with the debtor or any member of her or his family with such frequency as can reasonably be expected to harass the debtor or her or his family, or willfully engage in other conduct which can reasonably be expected to abuse or harass the debtor or any member of her or his family.

Page 2 of 8

40-00388-25 2025232

(8) Use profane, obscene, vulgar, or willfully abusive language in communicating with the debtor or any member of her or his family.

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- (9) Claim, attempt, or threaten to enforce a debt when such person knows that the debt is not legitimate, or assert the existence of some other legal right when such person knows that the right does not exist.
- (10) Use a communication that simulates in any manner legal or judicial process or that gives the appearance of being authorized, issued, or approved by a government, governmental agency, or attorney at law, when it is not.
- (11) Communicate with a debtor under the guise of an attorney by using the stationery of an attorney or forms or instruments that only attorneys are authorized to prepare.
- (12) Orally communicate with a debtor in a manner that gives the false impression or appearance that such person is or is associated with an attorney.
- (13) Advertise or threaten to advertise for sale any debt as a means to enforce payment except under court order or when acting as an assignee for the benefit of a creditor.
- (14) Publish or post, threaten to publish or post, or cause to be published or posted before the general public individual names or any list of names of debtors, commonly known as a deadbeat list, for the purpose of enforcing or attempting to enforce collection of consumer debts.
- (15) Refuse to provide adequate identification of herself or himself or her or his employer or other entity whom she or he represents if requested to do so by a debtor from whom she or he is collecting or attempting to collect a consumer debt.

Page 3 of 8

 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2025 SB 232

40-00388-25 2025232

(16) Mail any communication to a debtor in an envelope or postcard with words typed, written, or printed on the outside of the envelope or postcard calculated to embarrass the debtor. An example of this would be an envelope addressed to "Deadbeat, Jane Doe" or "Deadbeat, John Doe."

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- (17) Communicate with the debtor <u>by telephone call</u> between the hours of 9 p.m. and 8 a.m. in the debtor's time zone without the prior consent of the debtor.
- (a) The person may presume that the time a telephone call is received conforms to the local time zone assigned to the area code of the number called, unless the person reasonably believes that the debtor's telephone is located in a different time zone.
- (b) If, such as with toll-free numbers, an area code is not assigned to a specific geographic area, the person may presume that the time a telephone call is received conforms to the local time zone of the debtor's last known place of residence, unless the person reasonably believes that the debtor's telephone is located in a different time zone.
- (18) Communicate with a debtor if the person knows that the debtor is represented by an attorney with respect to such debt and has knowledge of, or can readily ascertain, such attorney's name and address, unless the debtor's attorney fails to respond within 30 days to a communication from the person, unless the debtor's attorney consents to a direct communication with the debtor, or unless the debtor initiates the communication.
- (19) Cause a debtor to be charged for communications by concealing the true purpose of the communication, including collect telephone calls and telegram fees.

Section 2. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment

Page 4 of 8

40-00388-25 2025232

made by this act to section 559.72, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 559.565, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

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559.565 Enforcement action against out-of-state consumer debt collector.—The remedies of this section are cumulative to other sanctions and enforcement provisions of this part for any violation by an out-of-state consumer debt collector, as defined in s. 559.55(11).

(2) A person, whether or not exempt from registration under this part, who violates s. 559.72 is subject to sanctions the same as any other consumer debt collector, including imposition of an administrative fine. The registration of a duly registered out-of-state consumer debt collector is subject to revocation or suspension in the same manner as the registration of any other registrant under this part.

Section 3. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 559.72, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, subsection (2) of section 559.725, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

559.725 Consumer complaints; administrative duties.-

(2) The office shall inform and furnish relevant information to the appropriate regulatory body of the state or the Federal Government, or The Florida Bar in the case of attorneys, if a person has been named in a consumer complaint pursuant to subsection (3) alleging violations of s. 559.72. The Attorney General may take action against any person in violation of this part.

Section 4. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 559.72, Florida Statutes, in

Page 5 of 8

 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2025 SB 232

40-00388-25 2025232__

references thereto, subsections (1) and (2) of section 559.77, Florida Statutes, are reenacted to read:

559.77 Civil remedies.-

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- (1) A debtor may bring a civil action against a person violating the provisions of s. 559.72 in the county in which the alleged violator resides or has his or her principal place of business or in the county where the alleged violation occurred.
- (2) Any person who fails to comply with any provision of s. 559.72 is liable for actual damages and for additional statutory damages as the court may allow, but not exceeding \$1,000, together with court costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred by the plaintiff. In determining the defendant's liability for any additional statutory damages, the court shall consider the nature of the defendant's noncompliance with s. 559.72, the frequency and persistence of the noncompliance, and the extent to which the noncompliance was intentional. In a class action lawsuit brought under this section, the court may award additional statutory damages of up to \$1,000 for each named plaintiff and an aggregate award of additional statutory damages up to the lesser of \$500,000 or 1 percent of the defendant's net worth for all remaining class members; however, the aggregate award may not provide an individual class member with additional statutory damages in excess of \$1,000. The court may award punitive damages and may provide such equitable relief as it deems necessary or proper, including enjoining the defendant from further violations of this part. If the court finds that the suit fails to raise a justiciable issue of law or fact, the plaintiff is liable for court costs and reasonable attorney's fees incurred by the defendant.

Page 6 of 8

40-00388-25 2025232

Section 5. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 559.72, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (o) of subsection (1) of section 648.44, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

648.44 Prohibitions; penalty.-

- (1) A bail bond agent or bail bond agency may not:
- (o) Attempt to collect, through threat or coercion, amounts due for the payment of any indebtedness related to the issuance of a bail bond in violation of s. 559.72.

Section 6. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment made by this act to section 559.72, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 817.7001, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:

817.7001 Definitions.—As used in this part:

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- (b) "Credit service organization" does not include:
- 1. Any person authorized to make loans or extensions of credit under the laws of this state or the United States who is subject to regulation and supervision by this state or the United States or a lender approved by the United States

 Secretary of Housing and Urban Development for participation in any mortgage insurance program under the National Housing Act;
- 2. Any bank, savings bank, or savings and loan association whose deposits or accounts are eligible for insurance by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, or a subsidiary of such bank, savings bank, or savings and loan association;
- 3. Any credit union, federal credit union, or out-of-state credit union doing business in this state;

Page 7 of 8

 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2025 SB 232

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i	40-00300-23
204	4. Any nonprofit organization exempt from taxation under s .
205	501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code;
206	5. Any person licensed as a real estate broker by this
207	state if the person is acting within the course and scope of
208	that license;
209	6. Any person collecting consumer claims pursuant to s.
210	559.72;
211	7. Any person licensed to practice law in this state if the
212	person renders services within the course and scope of his or
213	her practice as an attorney and does not engage in the credit
214	service business on a regular and continuing basis;
215	8. Any broker-dealer registered with the Securities and
216	Exchange Commission or the Commodity Futures Trading Commission
217	if the broker-dealer is acting within the course and scope of
218	that regulation; or
219	9. Any consumer reporting agency as defined in the Federal
220	Fair Credit Reporting Act, 15 U.S.C. ss. 1681-1681t.
221	Section 7. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

Page 8 of 8

Senate



LEGISLATIVE ACTION House

Comm: FAV 03/03/2025

The Committee on Commerce and Tourism (Gruters) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment to Amendment (109918) (with title amendment)

Delete lines 83 - 85

and insert:

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(17) Communicate with the debtor between the hours of 9 p.m. and 8 a.m. in the debtor's time zone without the prior consent of the debtor. This subsection does not apply to an email communication that is sent to an e-mail address and that otherwise complies with this section.



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12	======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =========					
13	And the title is amended as follows:					
14	Delete line 225					
15	and insert:					
16	collector attempting to collect consumer debt;					
17	providing applicability; making					

0	12/20	The Florida Senat	e	$CD \cap 2 \cap$	
21	2/ 202	APPEARANCE RE	ECORD	2000	
	/ Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of this form	m to	Bill Number or Topic	
Tou	irism & Con	nmecce Senate professional staff conducting t			
	Committee			Amendment Barcode (if applicable)	
Name	hevin Ra	abales	Phone 305	5-710-5328	1
Addres	s 6245 N	Fed. Hwy you	Email 100	in a debtshiel	d
	Fort Leud	archall, FL 33308 State State	'law	v-Com	
Processor Association and Control of Control	Speaking: For	Against Information OR Wai	ive Speaking:] In Support [] Against	***************************************
		PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FO	OLLOWING:		
	n appearing without impensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	8	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:	2

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (08/10/2021)

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79	3/2/25	APPEARANCE	RECORD	252	
	Com on & Diles	Deliver both copies of th Senate professional staff conduc		Bill Number or Topio	C
	Committee			Amendment Barcode (if ap	plicable)
	Name Victoria Z	epp	Phone	3.618.3818	D
	Address 310W. College	Ave.	Email Vict	DRIACTEAM 180.	com
	Street 0 TLH FL City State	32301 e 37in			
	Speaking: For Against		Waive Speaking:	In Support Against	
		PLEASE CHECK ONE OF TH	E FOLLOWING:		
	I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing: Va h	inal	I am not a lobbyist, but rece something of value for my a (travel, meals, lodging, etc.),	appearance
	ζ	Self-Storag	je AssN	sponsored by:	,

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all person's wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (08/10/2021)

The Florida Senate

SB 232 **APPEARANCE RECORD** Bill Number or Topic Meeting Date Deliver both copies of this form to Commerce & Tourson Senate professional staff conducting the meeting Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Committee Phone 727-656-3316 Josef Burkett Name Josha Consollanderson.com Address Street Tallahassee State Waive Speaking: In Support Against OR Information Against Speaking: PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: I am not a lobbyist, but received I am a registered lobbyist,

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (flsenate.gov)

Monagers (managers)

representing:

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

Community Association

I am appearing without

compensation or sponsorship.

S-001 (08/10/2021)

something of value for my appearance

(travel, meals, lodging, etc.),

sponsored by:

The Florida Senate

APPEARANCE RECORD Bill Number or Topic Meeting Date Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Committee Email LYDMAUSE My fig. 6/5 OR Waive Speaking: In Support Information Against Speaking: Against PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: I am a registered lobbyist, I am not a lobbyist, but received I am appearing without representing: something of value for my appearance compensation or sponsorship.

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (flsenate.gov)

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S-001 (08/10/2021)

(travel, meals, lodging, etc.),

sponsored by:

The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECORD Bill Number or Topic Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Street Information Waive Speaking: PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: I am not a lobbyist, but received I am appearing without I am a registered lobbyist, compensation or sponsorship. something of value for my appearance representing: (travel, meals, lodging, etc.),

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (flsenate.gov)

Financial Services Association

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (08/10/2021)

sponsored by:

The Florida Senate

March 3, 2025		APPEA	APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting 232 109918		232		
Meeting Date Commerce and Tourism							
Name	Committee Victoria Zepp			_ Phone _	33.6	Amendment Barcode (if applicable) 18.8180	
Address	310 W. College	e Avenue		Email \	/ictor	ria@team180.com	
	Tallahassee	FL State	32301	_			
	Speaking: For	Against Informat	ion OR w	aive Speaki	ing:	In Support Against	
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:						
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.		repres	I am a registered lobbyist, representing: Self Storage Association		I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:		

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022JointRules.pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (08/10/2021)

APPEARANCE RECORD

SB 232		
	Bill Number or Topic	

Commerce and Tourism		Senat	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting		109918	mber or Topic	
	Committee	exemple at the many former and the factors.		-	-	Amendment B	Barcode (if applicable)
Name	James A. Kowals	ki Jr.		Phone	904 35	6 8371 x 325	
Address	Address 126 West Adams Street		t Email jim.kow		/alski@jaxlegalaid.org		
	Jacksonville	FL	32202				Reset Form
	City	State	Zip	dangkan neg dibancakan nganinagan			
	Speaking: For	Against Info	rmation OR	Waive Spea	nking:	In Support	Against
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	n appearing without npensation or sponsorship.		am a registered lobbyis representing:	st,			yist, but received alue for my appearance odging, etc.),

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March 3, 2025

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	Bill Number or Topic
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I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance
PLE	ASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING	i:
Speaking: For Against I	nformation OR Waive Speakin	g: In Support Against
Street TCH FC City State	3730 1 Zip	
Address 2016. Park Aues	le. 2008 Email =	Zottedach.com
Name Scott Jerkens	Phone	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
S. Connecce, Tourson s	Deliver both copies of this form to enate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

3/3/25 Meeting Date	APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	232 Bill Number or Topic 109918
Committee	joo ("Fay-Jew") Phone	Amendment Barcode (if applicable) 305 720 7099
Address 108 5 Monro		grfeijoo 6 & Flapsimer
City Sta	-L 3230 l te Zip	
Speaking: For Against	Information OR Waive Speaking:	In Support Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

Meeting Date Commerce Committee	APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	232 - Debt Collectors Bill Number or Topic 109918 Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name LAURA YOUMANS	Phone	850-294-1838
Address 218 N MONRUE 5	Email C	YOUMUSE My fja.org
TAL FO State Speaking: For 1 Against		ı g:
Speaking		у
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING	i:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	representing: Plane OA JUSTICE ACYCL	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

March	3, 2025	APPI	EARANCE F	RECORD	SB 232
Comm	Meeting Date nerce and Tourism		Deliver both copies of this professional staff conducting	form to	109918 Number or Topic
	Committee				Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name	Thomas M. Bonar	1		Phone	21-2 347
Address	2124 W Kennedy Street	Blvd. Suite A		Email tbona	n@seraphlegal.com
	Tampa	FL	33606		Reset Form
	City	State	Zip		
	Speaking: For	Against Inform	nation OR V	Vaive Speaking:	In Support Against
	9	PLEASE	CHECK ONE OF THE	FOLLOWING:	
	m appearing without mpensation or sponsorship.		m a registered lobbyist, presenting:		I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

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	3-3-25	APPEARANCE RECORD	232- DEBT WEETON
	Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of this form to	Bill Number or Topic
		Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	35 1150)
0	Committee		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
	Name LAURA YOUMAN	5 Phone 6	50) 294-1838
	Address 218 5 MONRUE	57 Email ()	Journangemy Garas
	Street	/	
	TAC City	P 32301	
	City	State Zip	
	Speaking: For Aga	ainst Information OR Waive Speaking:	☐ In Support ☐ Against
200002000000000000000000000000000000000	· .	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
	I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.



Committee Agenda Request

То:	Senator Thomas Leek, Chair Committee on Commerce and Tourism		
Subject: Committee Agenda Request			
Date:	January 30, 2025		
I respectfully	request that Senate Bill #232, relating to Debt Collection, be placed on the:		
	committee agenda at your earliest possible convenience.		
\boxtimes	next committee agenda.		
	Amil		

Senator Ana Maria Rodriguez Florida Senate, District 40

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared B	y: The Prof	essional Staff of	the Committee on	Commerce and 7	Tourism
BILL:	SB 600					
INTRODUCER:	Senator Truenow					
SUBJECT:	Manufacturing					
DATE:	February 2	8, 2025	REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAFF	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
1. Renner		McKay	7	CM	Favorable	
2.				ATD		
3.				AP		

I. Summary:

SB 600 creates the Statewide Office of Manufacturing (Office) within the Department of Commerce (department) to promote manufacturing statewide. The Chief Manufacturing Officer, who is appointed by the Secretary of Commerce, heads the program and, among other duties, is responsible for promoting, supporting, and coordinating manufacturing efforts in the state. In consultation with the Chief Manufacturing Officer and the state Manufacturing Extension Partnership, the department must report on manufacturing efforts in the state and submit the report by December 15, 2026, and every two years thereafter to the Governor and the Legislature.

The bill creates the Florida Manufacturers' Workforce Development Grant Program (program) within the department to fund proposed projects, subject to appropriation by the Legislature, that support small manufacturers in the state with the deployment of new technologies or cybersecurity infrastructure and provide training support to the workforce. Grants would be funded from the Economic Development Trust Fund. The department must provide a list of each awarded project annually and include such information in its annual incentives report.

The bill creates the Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign (campaign), a marketing program to promote manufacturing products and businesses in the state. Participants must register with the department. The campaign would be funded by fees acquired by the department from campaign participants.

The bill authorizes the department to adopt rules to administer the program and establish, by rule, the logos or product identifiers to be depicted for use in the campaign.

The bill will have an impact on state expenditures. It does not appear to impact local government revenues and expenditures. *See* Section V, Fiscal Impact Statement.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2025.

II. Present Situation:

Manufacturing

Florida has over 422,000 manufacturing jobs and ranks as the nation's 10th largest manufacturing employer. Since 2014, Florida has increased manufacturing employment by 23.3 percent, which outpaced the other 11 states in the top 12 for manufacturing. Manufacturing jobs generally pay higher wages than those in other industries. In 2022, the average annual wage for manufacturing jobs was over \$74,000, a 6.6 percent increase from 2021.

The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) is the standard used by federal statistical agencies to classify businesses by industry type for the purpose of statistical data collection and analysis related to the U.S. economy. NAICS Sector Codes 311-339 include unique manufacturing industries in Florida that have outpaced the nation in job growth, which include, but are not limited to, the following:³

- Food manufacturing
- Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing
- Textile mills and textile product mills
- Apparel manufacturing
- Leather and allied product manufacturing
- Wood product and paper manufacturing
- Printing and related support activities
- Petroleum and coal products manufacturing
- Chemical manufacturing
- Plastics and rubber products manufacturing
- Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing
- Primary metal manufacturing
- Fabricated metal product manufacturing
- Machinery manufacturing
- Computer and electronic product manufacturing
- Electrical equipment and appliances
- Transportation equipment manufacturing
- Furniture and related product manufacturing
- Miscellaneous manufacturing

Additionally, manufacturing sectors with a high value-added component, such as aviation and aerospace, defense, microelectronics, medical devices and equipment, marine, fabricated metal products, and industrial machinery, have helped Florida's small and mid-size manufacturers grow quickly.⁴

¹ Department of Commerce, 2023 Florida Manufacturing, 7, available at https://www.floridajobs.org/docs/default-source/communicationsfiles/2023-florida-manufacturing-report.pdf (last visited Feb. 28, 2025).

² *Id.* at 10.

³ *Id*. at 114.

⁴ *Id*. at 47

Under the Local Manufacturing Development Program, a local government may adopt an ordinance establishing a local manufacturing development program through which the local government may grant master development approval for developing or expanding sites operated by manufacturers.⁵ Local governments may establish a manufacturing master development plan review process that allows new or expanding manufacturing businesses to go through a single local-level master development plan process and, upon approval, proceed to development without requiring additional approvals or permits, except for building permits. ⁶ The approval process must be coordinated with the department. ⁷ Additionally, the department has developed a model local manufacturing development program ordinance to guide local governments that intend to establish a local manufacturing development program. ⁸ Currently, only Manatee and Volusia County have adopted an ordinance. ⁹

Workforce Training Programs

CareerSource Florida, a not-for-profit corporation administratively housed within the department, ¹⁰ is the statewide workforce policy and investment board comprised of business and government leaders that helps Floridians enter, remain in, and advance in the workplace so that they may become more highly skilled and successful. The program also connects employers with qualified and skilled employees. ¹¹ Workforce training is administered through the 21 local workforce development boards.

The Florida Job Growth Grant Fund is an economic development program that promotes public infrastructure and workforce training across the state. Proposals are reviewed by the department and chosen by the Governor to meet the demand for workforce or infrastructure needs in the communities they are awarded to.¹²

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Statewide Office of Manufacturing

The bill creates s. 14.37, F.S., to establish the Statewide Office of Manufacturing (Office) within the department to support manufacturing within the state. The Office must be headed by the Chief Manufacturing Officer (Officer) who serves at the pleasure of the Secretary of the department. Duties of the Officer include:

• Serving as the subject-matter expert on manufacturing;

⁵ Section 163.3252, F.S.

⁶ *Id*.

⁷ Section 163.3253, F.S.

⁸ Section 163.3252, F.S.

⁹ Department of Commerce, *Manufacturing Competitiveness Act Development Approval Program*, available at https://floridajobs.org/community-planning-and-development/programs/community-planning-table-of-contents/manufacturing-competitiveness-act-development-approval-program (last visited Feb. 28, 2025).

¹⁰ Section 445.004(1), F.S.

¹¹ See CareerSource Florida, About Us, available at https://careersourceflorida.com/ (last visited Feb. 28, 2025).

¹² See s. 288.101, F.S.

• Promoting and coordinating manufacturing efforts in the state and identifying gaps across state-supported activities;

- Working with federal, state, regional, and local governmental entities and nongovernmental entities to align manufacturing priorities; and
- Engaging with state agencies and water management districts to innovate processes, programs, decision frameworks, and reporting mechanisms intended to support manufacturing in the state.

All state and local governmental agencies must assist the Officer to the extent such assistance is consistent with law and budgetary constraints.

In consultation with the Officer and the state Manufacturing Extension Partnership, ¹³ the department must prepare a report on manufacturing efforts in the state, including information regarding the strength and economic importance of the manufacturing industry, and submit the report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 15, 2026, and every two years thereafter.

Florida Manufacturer's Workforce Development Grant Program

The bill creates s. 288.103, F.S., to establish the Florida Manufacturers' Workforce Development Grant Program (program) within the department. The program will fund proposed projects, subject to appropriation by the Legislature, that support small manufacturers in the state in deploying new technologies or cybersecurity infrastructure and providing training support to the workforce.

The department, in coordination with the Officer and the state Manufacturing Extension Partnership, must review applicants and select projects for awards that create strategic investments in workforce training to facilitate the deployment of new technologies or cybersecurity infrastructure. Priority must be given to projects with innovative plans, advanced technologies, and development strategies focusing on workforce development for small manufacturers across the state.

Grants awarded under the program must be administered by the department from the Economic Development Trust Fund under s. 288.095, F.S. Applicants are authorized to seek workforce development and operations funding. However, grant funding may not be used to pay salary, benefits, or general business or office expenses.

Each year, the department must provide the public with a list of all awarded projects, detailing how each project benefits the program's goals and objectives and the project's current status. This information must be included in the department's annual incentives report under s. 288.0065, F.S. The department may adopt rules to implement this provision.

¹³ FloridaMakes is the official representative of the Manufacturing Extension Partnership (MEP) in Florida. The MEP, which provides U.S. manufacturers with access to resources, is a public-private partnership comprised of the National Institute of Standards and Technology's Manufacturing Extension Partnership, 51 MEP centers located in all 50 states and Puerto Rico, and over 1,300 advisors and experts at more than 400 MEP service locations. *See* https://www.floridamakes.com/about-us/how-we-help (last visited Feb. 28, 2025).

Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign

The Legislature finds that there is a need for the Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign (campaign) to do the following in the state:

- Increase consumer awareness of manufacturing;
- Expand market exposure for manufactured products and goods; and
- Inspire future generations of entrepreneurs, fabricators, and skilled workers to build and grow domestic businesses and manufacturing operations.

The Legislature also finds that the campaign is a partnership between industry and the state to promote and advertise such products efficiently.

The bill defines the following terms:

- "Campaign" means the Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign.
- "Department" means the Department of Commerce.
- "Manufactured product" means any tangible personal property fabricated or produced, often through industrial or mechanical processes. The term includes items sold or leased to consumers.
- "Person" means an individual, firm, partnership, corporation, association, business, trust, legal representative, or any other business unit.

The bill creates s. 559.973, F.S., to establish the campaign within the department, under the Office's supervision, and in coordination with the state Manufacturing Extension Partnership. The campaign's purpose is to serve as a marketing program to promote manufacturing products and businesses in the state. In promoting the campaign, the department must do the following:

- Develop logos for the campaign and authorize the use of such logos as provided by rule;
- Register campaign participants;
- Collect rental receipts for industry promotions;
- Develop in-kind advertising programs; and
- Contract with media representatives to disperse promotional materials.

The bill creates s. 559.974, F.S., to establish campaign registration requirements. Campaign participants must register annually with the department in a form and manner as prescribed by the department.

The bill creates s. 559.976, F.S., to authorize the department to adopt rules to implement the campaign. The department is authorized to establish the logos or product identifiers to be depicted for use in the campaign for advertising, publicizing, and promoting the sale of manufactured products in the state. The department is authorized to adopt any other necessary rules to ensure compliance with the provision, including, but not limited to, rules governing participant registration, registration renewal, membership classes, application forms, and other forms and enforcement measures.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2025.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None identified.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

The promotional campaign created by this bill is funded by a fee authorized in SB 602, a linked bill.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Manufacturing businesses may see increased demand due to receiving a Florida Manufacturers' Workforce Development Grant and/or participating in the Manufacturing Promotional Campaign.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The department¹⁴ estimates the bill will have a total cost of \$251,021 for the hiring of the following personnel to implement the bill:

- Chief Manufacturing Officer \$163,300
- Professional employee expense package \$11,664
- Government Operations Consultant II \$71,000
- Support employee expense package \$5,057

The bill does not appear to impact local government revenues and expenditures.

¹⁴ Department of Commerce analysis for SB 600. On file with Senate Commerce and Tourism Committee.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

The bill creates the Office in s. 14.37, F.S. However, s. 20.60, F.S., which creates and provides the organization and duties of the department, where the Office is to be located, may be preferable for organizational clarity.

The biennial reporting on manufacturing efforts could potentially be integrated into the department's annual report required by s. 20.60(10), F.S.

The Legislature may wish to clarify whether the workforce development grant awards will be made solely at the discretion of the department.

To avoid duplication of effort and funds in workforce training, the Legislature could consider requiring coordination with CareerSource Florida in the consideration and award of grants.

The Legislature could consider whether the grant program and promotional campaign should be included in the economic development program reviews conducted by the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability and the Office of Economic & Demographic Research pursuant to s. 288.0001, F.S.

The promotional campaign is created in Chapter 559, F.S., Regulation of Trade, Commerce, and Investments, Generally. The promotional campaign could potentially be created in Chapter 288, F.S., Commercial Development and Capital Improvements.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill creates sections 14.37, 288.103, 559.971, 559.976, 559.972, 559.973, and 559.974 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2025 SB 600

By Senator Truenow

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13-00614A-25 2025600

A bill to be entitled An act relating to manufacturing; creating s. 14.37, F.S.; creating the Statewide Office of Manufacturing within the Department of Commerce for a certain purpose; requiring that the office be headed by a Chief Manufacturing Officer appointed by and serving at the pleasure of the Secretary of Commerce; providing responsibilities for the Chief Manufacturing Officer; directing all state and local governmental entities to assist the Chief Manufacturing Officer; requiring the department to biennially prepare a report regarding manufacturing efforts in this state; requiring the department to submit its report on a specified date and biennially thereafter to the Governor and the Legislature; requiring that the report include certain information; creating s. 288.103, F.S.; creating the Florida Manufacturers' Workforce Development Grant Program; providing that the grant program is created within the Department of Commerce and under the direction of the Chief Manufacturing Officer; providing a specified purpose for the grant program; requiring the department, the Chief Manufacturing Officer, and the state Manufacturing Extension Partnership to review applications submitted and to select specified projects; requiring that priority be given to projects that meet certain criteria; authorizing applicants to seek funding for a specified purpose; requiring the department to administer the grant awards from the

Page 1 of 7

 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2025 SB 600

	13-00614A-25 2025600
30	Economic Development Trust Fund; requiring the
31	department to include certain information in its
32	annual incentives report; authorizing the department
33	to adopt rules; creating part XIV of ch. 559, F.S., to
34	be entitled "Florida Manufacturing Promotional
35	Campaign"; creating s. 559.971, F.S.; providing
36	legislative findings; creating s. 559.972, F.S.;
37	defining terms; creating s. 559.973, F.S.; creating
38	the Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign within
39	the Department of Commerce; providing the purpose of
40	the campaign; requiring the department to take certain
41	actions in promoting the campaign; creating s.
42	559.974, F.S.; requiring persons that participate in
43	the campaign to register annually with the department;
44	creating s. 559.976, F.S.; authorizing the department
45	to adopt rules; authorizing the department to
46	establish, by rule, the logos or product identifiers
47	to be depicted for use in the campaign; providing an
48	effective date.
49	
50	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
51	
52	Section 1. Section 14.37, Florida Statutes, is created to
53	read:
54	14.37 Statewide Office of Manufacturing.—
55	(1) The Statewide Office of Manufacturing is established
56	within the Department of Commerce for the purpose of supporting
57	the manufacturing ecosystem statewide. The office shall be
58	headed by a Chief Manufacturing Officer, who is appointed by and

Page 2 of 7

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Florida Senate - 2025 SB 600 Florida Se

13-00614A-25 2025600

serves at the pleasure of the Secretary of Commerce.

- (2) The Chief Manufacturing Officer shall:
- (b) Be responsible for promoting and coordinating manufacturing efforts in this state and identifying gaps across state-supported activities.
- (c) Provide strategic direction for interagency and cross-disciplinary initiatives to promote and support manufacturing in this state.
- $\underline{\text{(d)}} \ \ \text{Work with federal, state, regional, and local} \\ \underline{\text{governmental entities and nongovernmental entities to align} \\ \underline{\text{manufacturing priorities.}}$
- (e) Engage with state agencies and water management districts to innovate processes, programs, decision frameworks, and reporting mechanisms intended to support manufacturing in this state.
- (4) The department shall prepare a report, in consultation with the Chief Manufacturing Officer and the state Manufacturing Extension Partnership, regarding manufacturing efforts in this state. The department shall submit the report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 15, 2026, and every 2 years thereafter. The report must include information regarding the strength and economic importance of the manufacturing industry in this state.

Page 3 of 7

 ${\bf CODING:}$ Words ${\bf stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\bf \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2025 SB 600

	13-00614A-25 2025600
88	Section 2. Section 288.103, Florida Statutes, is created to
89	read:
90	288.103 Florida Manufacturers' Workforce Development Grant
91	Program.—
92	(1) The Florida Manufacturers' Workforce Development Grant
93	Program is created within the Department of Commerce, under the
94	direction of the Chief Manufacturing Officer and in consultation
95	with the state Manufacturing Extension Partnership, to fund
96	proposed projects, subject to appropriation by the Legislature,
97	which support small manufacturers in this state with the
98	deployment of new technologies or cybersecurity infrastructure
99	and to provide training support to the workforce.
00	(2) The department, in coordination with the Chief
01	Manufacturing Officer and the state Manufacturing Extension
02	Partnership, shall review applications submitted and select
03	projects for awards which create strategic investments in
04	workforce training to facilitate the deployment of new
05	technologies or cybersecurity infrastructure.
06	(3) Priority must be given to projects with innovative
07	plans, advanced technologies, and development strategies that
8 0	focus on workforce development for small manufacturers across
09	<pre>this state.</pre>
10	(4) Applicants may seek funding for workforce development
11	and operations, but grant funding awarded under this section may
12	not be used to pay salary and benefits or general business or
13	office expenses. Grants awarded under the program shall be
14	administered by the department from the Economic Development
15	Trust Fund established in s. 288.095.

Page 4 of 7

(5) The department shall annually provide a list available

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Florida Senate - 2025 SB 600

13-00614A-25

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.17	to the public of each project awarded, the benefit of each						
.18	project in meeting the goals and objectives of the program, and						
.19	the current status of each project. The department must include						
20	such information in its annual incentives report required under						
.21	s. 288.0065.						
.22	(6) The department may adopt rules to implement this						
.23	section.						
24	Section 3. Part XIV of chapter 559, Florida Statutes,						
.25	consisting of ss. 559.971-559.976, Florida Statutes, is created						
26	and entitled "Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign."						
27	Section 4. Section 559.971, Florida Statutes, is created to						
28	read:						
29	559.971 Legislative findings.—The Legislature finds that						
.30	there is a need for the Florida Manufacturing Promotional						
.31	Campaign to increase consumer awareness of manufacturing						
.32	activities in this state, to expand market exposure for						
.33	manufactured products and goods in this state, and to inspire						
.34	future generations of entrepreneurs, fabricators, and skilled						
.35	workers to build and grow domestic businesses and manufacturing						
.36	operations in this state. The Legislature further finds that the						
.37	campaign is a partnership between industry and the state to						
.38	promote and advertise such products efficiently.						
.39	Section 5. Section 559.972, Florida Statutes, is created to						
40	read:						
41	559.972 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:						
42	(1) "Campaign" means the Florida Manufacturing Promotional						
43	Campaign.						
44	(2) "Department" means the Department of Commerce.						
45	(3) "Manufactured product" means any tangible personal						

Page 5 of 7

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Florida Senate - 2025 SB 600

	13-00614A-25 2025600
146	property that has been fabricated or produced, often through
147	industrial or mechanical processes. The term includes items sold
148	or leased to consumers.
149	(4) "Person" means an individual, a firm, a partnership, a
150	corporation, an association, a business, a trust, a legal
151	representative, or any other business unit.
152	Section 6. Section 559.973, Florida Statutes, is created to
153	read:
154	559.973 Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign;
155	purpose; duties of the department.—There is created within the
156	department, under the supervision of the Chief Manufacturing
157	Officer and in coordination with the state Manufacturing
158	Extension Partnership, the Florida Manufacturing Promotional
159	Campaign. The purpose of the campaign is to serve as a marketing
160	program to promote manufacturing products and businesses in this
161	state. In promoting the campaign, the department shall do all of
162	<pre>the following:</pre>
163	(1) Develop logos for the campaign and authorize the use of
164	such logos as provided by rule.
165	(2) Register campaign participants.
166	(3) Collect rental receipts for industry promotions.
167	(4) Develop in-kind advertising programs.
168	(5) Contract with media representatives for the purpose of
169	dispersing promotional materials.
170	Section 7. Section 559.974, Florida Statutes, is created to
171	read:
172	559.974 Registration.—A person that participates in the
173	$\underline{\text{campaign must register annually with the department in a form}}$
174	and manner as prescribed by the department.

Page 6 of 7

 ${f CODING:}$ Words ${f stricken}$ are deletions; words ${f underlined}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2025 SB 600

2025600 175 Section 8. Section 559.976, Florida Statutes, is created to 176 read: 177 559.976 Rulemaking authority.—The department may adopt 178 rules that implement and administer this part. By rule, the department may establish the logos or product identifiers to be 179 180 depicted for use in the campaign for advertising, publicizing, 181 and promoting the sale of manufactured products in this state. 182 The department may also adopt any other rules as deemed 183 necessary to ensure compliance with this part, including, but not limited to, rules governing participant registration, 184 185 renewal of registration, classes of membership, application 186 forms, and other forms and enforcement measures. 187 Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

13-00614A-25

Page 7 of 7

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2025 AGENCY LEGISLATIVE BILL ANALYSIS Department of Commerce

BILL INFORMATION		
BILL NUMBER:	SB 600	
BILL TITLE:	<u>Manufacturing</u>	
BILL SPONSOR:	Truenow	
EFFECTIVE DATE:	7/1/2025	

N/A

SPONSOR:

COMMITTEES OF REFERENCE
1) Senate Commerce and Tourism
2) Senate Appropriations on TED
3) Senate Appropriations
4)
5)

	SIMILAR BILLS	
BILL NUMBER:	SB 602	

Truenow

CURRENT COMMITTEE

PREVIOUS LEGISLATION			
BILL NUMBER:	N/A		
SPONSOR:			
YEAR:			
LAST ACTION:			

IDENTICAL BILLS					
BILL NUMBER:	HB 561				
SPONSOR:	Cobb				

Is this	bill	part	of a	ın	agency	package?	
No							

BILL ANALYSIS INFORMATION				
DATE OF ANALYSIS: 2/26/25				
LEAD AGENCY ANALYST:	Stephen Marante			
ADDITIONAL ANALYST(S): Chad Corriveau, Jason Mahon, Abigail Mainor, Paul Forrester				
LEGAL ANALYST: Karen Gates				
FISCAL ANALYST:	Caroline Womack, Janis Timmons			

POLICY ANALYSIS

1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This bill establishes new initiatives to bolster manufacturing in the state, including the creation of the Statewide Office of Manufacturing within the Department of Commerce ("FloridaCommerce").

2. SUBSTANTIVE BILL ANALYSIS

1. PRESENT SITUATION:

Manufacturing in Florida

Florida's manufacturing output (GDP) has grown from \$43.5 billion in 2014 to \$73 billion in 2022, a 67.8% growth rate over nine years. This rate of growth has significantly outpaced all other leading manufacturing states. Florida's manufacturing employment reached 422,800 in September 2023, passing both Georgia and New York to become the 10th largest state in the country for manufacturing employment. Manufacturing employment has grown by 23.3% since 2014. Based on September 2023 data, Florida added an additional 13,605 manufacturing jobs over nine months of 2023. Manufacturing jobs tend to pay relatively higher wages, increase productivity, and are economically resilient against downturns. Furthermore, in Florida, manufacturing benefits small and large employers alike, each playing a role in the success of the industry, and all regions of the state, urban and rural.

Manufacturing Extension Partnership

The Manufacturing Extension Partnership (MEP) National Network is a public-private partnership that delivers comprehensive solutions to U.S. manufacturers, fueling growth and advancing U.S. manufacturing. MEP is part of the U.S. Department of Commerce's National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). The MEP National Network, whose mission is to strengthen and empower U.S. manufacturers, comprises NIST's Manufacturing Extension Partnership (NIST MEP), the 51 MEP Centers located in all 50 states and Puerto Rico, the MEP Advisory Board, MEP Center boards, and the Foundation for Manufacturing Excellence, as well as over 1,440 trusted advisors and experts at approximately 460 MEP service locations, providing any U.S. manufacturer with access to resources they need to succeed.

FloridaMakes is the official representative of the MEP National Network and NIST MEP in the state of Florida. FloridaCommerce collaborates with FloridaMakes to promote and support the growth of Florida's manufacturing sector by providing resources, data, and partnership opportunities to manufacturers, often highlighting the industry's economic impact through initiatives like the "Florida Manufacturing Report" which is developed jointly by both entities.

2. EFFECT OF THE BILL:

Section 1. Section 14.37, F.S., is created to read "Statewide Office of Manufacturing," which:

- 1. Establishes the Statewide Office of Manufacturing within FloridaCommerce to support Florida's manufacturing ecosystem and creates a Chief Manufacturing Officer position within FloridaCommerce.
- 2. Identifies the Chief Manufacturing Officer's duties, including:
 - a. Serving as a subject-matter expert for the state on issues related to manufacturing.
 - b. Being responsible for promoting and coordinating manufacturing efforts in this state and identifying gaps across state-supported activities.
 - c. Providing strategic direction for interagency and cross disciplinary initiatives to promote and support manufacturing in this state.
 - d. Working with federal, state, regional, and local governmental entities and nongovernmental entities to align manufacturing priorities.
 - e. Engaging with state agencies and water management districts to innovate processes, programs, decision frameworks, and reporting mechanisms intended to support manufacturing in this state.
- 3. Requires all state and local governmental entities to assist the Chief Manufacturing Officer to the extent such assistance is consistent with law and budgetary constraints.
- 4. Mandates FloridaCommerce to prepare a report, in consultation with the Chief Manufacturing Officer, regarding manufacturing efforts in this state, which shall be provided to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 15, 2026, and every 2 years thereafter. The report must include information regarding the strength and economic importance of the manufacturing industry in this state.

Section 2. Section 288.103, F.S., is created to read "Florida Manufacturers' Workforce Development Grant Program," which:

- 1. Creates the Florida Manufacturers' Workforce Development Grant within FloridaCommerce, under the direction of the Chief Manufacturing Officer and in consultation with the state Manufacturing Extension Partnership, to fund proposed projects, subject to appropriation by the Legislature, which support small manufacturers in this state with the deployment of new technologies or cybersecurity infrastructure and to provide training support to the workforce.
- 2. Mandates FloridaCommerce to review applications in coordination with the Chief Manufacturing Officer and select projects for awards which create strategic investments in workforce training to facilitate the deployment of new technologies or cybersecurity infrastructure.
- 3. Dictates priority must be given to projects with innovative plans, advanced technologies, and development strategies that focus on workforce development for small manufacturers across the state.
- 4. Allows applicants to seek funding for workforce development and operations, but grant funding awarded under this section may not be used to pay salary and benefits or general business or office expenses. Grants awarded under the program shall be administered by FloridaCommerce from the Economic Development Trust Fund established in section 288.095, F.S.
- 5. Requires FloridaCommerce to annually provide a public list of each project awarded, the benefit of each project in meeting the goals and objectives of the program, and the current status of each project. FloridaCommerce must include such information in its annual incentives report required under section 288.0065, F.S.
- 6. Gives FloridaCommerce authority to adopt rules to implement the program.

Section 3 Part XIV of chapter 559, F.S, consisting of ss. 559.971-559.976, F.S., is created and entitled "Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign."

Section 4. Section 559.971, F.S., is created to read "Legislative Finding" and finds that there is a need for the Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign to increase consumer awareness of manufacturing activities in this state, to expand market exposure for manufactured products and goods in this state, and to inspire future generations of entrepreneurs, fabricators, and skilled workers to build and grow domestic businesses and manufacturing operations in this state. The Legislature further finds that the campaign is a partnership between industry and the state to promote and advertise such products efficiently.

Section 5. Section 559.972, F.S., is created and defines:

- (1) "Campaign" means the Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign.
- (2) "Department" means the Department of Commerce.
- (3) "Manufactured product" means any tangible personal property that has been fabricated or produced, often through industrial or mechanical processes. The term includes items sold or leased to consumers.
- (4) "Person" means an individual, a firm, a partnership, a corporation, an association, a business, a trust, a legal representative, or any other business unit.

Section 6. Section 559.973, F.S., is created and mandates FloridaCommerce, under the supervision of the Chief Manufacturing Officer and in coordination with the state Manufacturing Extension Partnership, to execute the Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign and requires FloridaCommerce to:

- (1) Develop logos for the campaign and authorize the use of such logos as provided by rule.
- (2) Register campaign participants.
- (3) Collect rental receipts for industry promotions.
- (4) Develop in-kind advertising programs.
- (5) Contract with media representatives for the purpose of dispersing promotional materials.

Section 7. Section 559.974, F.S., is created and mandates that a person that participates in the campaign must register annually with FloridaCommerce in a form and manner prescribed by FloridaCommerce.

Section 8. Section 559.976, F.S., is created and gives FloridaCommerce rulemaking authority, allowing it to implement and administer the Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign.

Section 9. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

Statewide Office of Manufacturing

The bill creates the Statewide Office of Manufacturing within FloridaCommerce, which is led by a Chief Manufacturing Officer who serves as a subject-matter expert for the state on issues related to manufacturing.

Florida Manufacturers' Workforce Development Grant Program

The bill creates the Florida Manufacturers' Workforce Development Grant Program to support small manufacturers with new technologies, cybersecurity, and workforce training.

Reporting Requirements

The bill mandates biennial reports from FloridaCommerce regarding manufacturing efforts in the state. The report must be created in consultation with the Chief Manufacturing Officer and the state Manufacturing Extension Partnership (FloridaMakes).

Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign

The bill creates the Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign aimed at increasing consumer awareness and market exposure for state-manufactured products.

The bill specifies that the campaign will involve developing marketing logos, registering participants, and facilitating promotional activities.

Rulemaking

The bill provides FloridaCommerce with rulemaking authority to implement and administer the Florida Manufacturers' Workforce Development Grant Program and the Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign.

3. DOES THE LEGISLATION DIRECT OR ALLOW THE AGENCY/BOARD/COMMISSION/DEPARTMENT TO DEVELOP, ADOPT, OR ELIMINATE RULES, REGULATIONS, POLICIES, OR PROCEDURES?

If yes, explain:	The bill provides FloridaCommerce with rulemaking authority to implement and administer the Florida Manufacturers' Workforce Development Grant Program and the Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign.
What is the expected impact to the agency's core mission?	
Rule(s) impacted (provide references to F.A.C., etc.):	

4. WHAT IS THE POSITION OF AFFECTED CITIZENS OR STAKEHOLDER GROUPS?

List any known proponents and opponents:	None known at this time.
Provide a summary of the proponents' and opponents' positions:	

5. ARE THERE ANY REPORTS OR STUDIES REQUIRED BY THIS BILL?

If yes, provide a description:	The bill mandates biennial reports from FloridaCommerce regarding manufacturing efforts in the state. The report must be created in consultation with the Chief Manufacturing Officer and the state Manufacturing Extension Partnership (FloridaMakes).
Date Due:	December 15, 2026, and every two years thereafter
Bill Section Number(s):	Section 1

6. ARE THERE ANY GUBERNATORIAL APPOINTMENTS OR CHANGES TO EXISTING BOARDS, TASK FORCES, COUNCILS, COMMISSION, ETC. REQUIRED BY THIS BILL?

Board:	
	N/A
Board Purpose:	
Who Appointments:	
Appointee Term:	
Changes:	
Bill Section Number(s):	

FISCAL ANALYSIS

1. WHAT IS THE FISCAL IMPACT TO LOCAL GOVERNMENT?

Revenues:	
	N/A
Expenditures:	
Does the legislation increase local taxes or fees?	
If yes, does the legislation provide for a local referendum or local governing body public vote prior to implementation of the tax or fee increase?	

2. WHAT IS THE FISCAL IMPACT TO STATE GOVERNMENT?

Revenues:	
Expenditures:	The Department estimates the following expenditures related to hiring personnel to implement the bill: Chief Manufacturing Officer S/B \$163,300; rate 115,000 Professional employee expense package = \$11,664 Government Operations Consultant II S/B \$71,000; rate 50,000 Support employee expense package = \$5,057 Total costs = \$251,021; rate 165,000
Does the legislation contain a State Government appropriation?	No

If yes, was this	
appropriated last year?	

3. WHAT IS THE FISCAL IMPACT TO THE PRIVATE SECTOR?

Revenues:	
Expenditures:	
Other:	Indeterminant – the manufacturing sector in the state of Florida will benefit from the creation of an Office of Manufacturing and the increased investments made to bolster manufacturing, however, there are indeterminant fees that may be charged to participating manufacturers in the proposed manufacturing promotional campaign.

4. DOES THE BILL INCREASE OR DECREASE TAXES, FEES, OR FINES?

Does the bill increase taxes, fees or fines?	No
Does the bill decrease taxes, fees or fines?	No
What is the impact of the increase or decrease?	N/A
Bill Section Number:	

TECHNOLOGY IMPACT

Does the legislation impact the agency's technology systems (i.e., IT support, licensing software, data storage, etc.)?	The bill will have a minimal technological impact, however there are potential needs for software licensing and storage. The bill will require limited staff support.
If yes, describe the anticipated impact to the agency including any fiscal impact.	

FEDERAL IMPACT

Does the legislation have a federal impact (i.e. federal compliance, federal funding, federal agency involvement, etc.)?	N/A
If yes, describe the anticipated impact including any fiscal impact.	

ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

The bill mandates that the Department of Commerce establish a promotional campaign with specific directives, including contracting out certain components. This prescriptive approach, and the rationale behind requiring FloridaCommerce to outsource aspects of the promotional campaign, is not clearly articulated. This may limit the Department's flexibility to administer the program in more cost-efficient and effective ways, such as utilizing internal resources or collaborating with Agency partners.

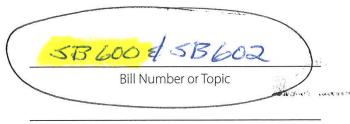
Additionally, the establishment of the Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign within the Department of Commerce lacks clarity regarding its primary objective. It is unclear whether the campaign aims to market Florida's manufacturing industry as a whole or to promote only those manufacturers who choose to participate in the campaign. This ambiguity could lead to inconsistent messaging and mixed support among manufacturers. Clearly defining the campaign's scope and target audience is essential to ensure the Department meets the needs for all stakeholders within Florida's manufacturing ecosystem.

LEGAL - GENERAL COUNSEL'S OFFICE REVIEW

Issues/concerns/comments and recommended action:	Since the Statewide Office of Manufacturing is created within FloridaCommerce, the office should be referenced in section 20.60, F.S., instead of section 14.37, F.S.
	F.G.
	A.

APPEARANCE RECORD

Deliver both copies of this form to



Senate professional staff conducting the meeting Amendment Barcode (if applicable) KEVIN Phone Name **Address** Street OR Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support Against PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: I am not a lobbyist, but received I am appearing without I am a registered lobbyist, compensation or sponsorship. something of value for my appearance representing: (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (flsenate.gov)

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Meeting Date

2/3/25 Meeting Date Cowwexce	APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic
Name Chris Dawson	Phone 407	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address 301 E. Pine Street Orlando FL City State	?2801	s. Jawson Egray-volinson-con
Speaking: For Against	☐ Information OR Waive Speaking:] In Support Against
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: I am a registered lobbyist, representing: Florida Makes	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (flsenate.gov)

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APPEARANCE RECORD

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Bill Number o	or Topic	

Meeting Date

13		NAME OF THE PARTY		
Commerce	2	low	115	an
	nmitte	26		

Deliver both copies of this form to

Com	merce I Tour	Senate professional staff conc	lucting the meeting	
	Committee			Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name	TONY CAR	EVASAL	Phone	850 566 6232
	/			
Address	3396 Deer	Lane Da	Email	Tonge conflorila.com
	Street			/
	Tallahass	ee & 32312		
	City	State Zip		
	Speaking: For	Against Information OR	Waive Speakii	ng: In Support Against
		PLEASE CHECK ONE OF	THE FOLLOWING	G:
1	n appearing without npensation or sponsorship.	l am a registered lobbyi representing:	st,	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

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(08/10/2021) S-001

The Florida Senate 3/3/2025

ADDEADANCE DECODD

SB 600

		API	PEARAITE		CURU	
S Co	Meeting Date mmerce and To	urism Sena	Deliver both copies of ate professional staff con			Bill Number or Topic
	Committee					Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
la sa a	Cameron Finl	<			Phone 850)-933-4665
Name					rnone	
Address	516 North Ad	ams St	er.		Email cfin	k@aif.com
	Street					
	Tallahassee	FL	3230	1		
	City	State	Zip			
	Speaking: For	Against Info	ormation OR	Wai	ive Speaking:	In Support Against
angle goods (ext 90, extensión from Proposition) en proposition (extensión from Proposition) en proposition		PLEAS	SE CHECK ONE OF	THE FO	OLLOWING:	
	n appearing without npensation or sponsorship.		I am a registered lobby representing:	ist,		I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance
		Λ ο.	accipted Indust	rioo o	f Elorida	(travel, meals, lodging, etc.),

Associated industries of Florida

sponsored by:

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APPEARANCE RECORD

600

March 3, 2025

Comr	Meeting Date nerce & Tourisn	Deliver Senate profess	both copies of this for ional staff conducting t		Bill Number or Topic g
Name	Committee Barney Bisho	p III		Phone	Amendment Barcode (if applicable) 850-510-9922
Address		arre Drive		Email	Barney@BarneyBishop.com
	Tallahassee	FL	32308		
	City	State	Zip		possesses.
	Speaking: For	Against Information	o OR Wa	ive Spea	king: In Support Against
		PLEASE CHEC	CK ONE OF THE F	OLLOW	NG:
	n appearing without npensation or sponsorship.	represen	gistered lobbyist, ting: lorida Space	Coast	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:
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71-1	THE HOHGA SE
3/3/2025	APPEARANCE
Meeting Date	

5/3/2025	APPEARANCE RECORD	33600
Meeting, Date	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic
Commerce and Course	7	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Colton Maclill	Phone(850) 766 - 7983
Address 136 S. Bronough	Street Email C	madilaflambez.com
Tallahassee, FL	3230(Zip	
Speaking: For Against	☐ Information OR Waive Speakin	g: 🔽 In Support 🗌 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING	i:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing: Florida Chamber of Commo	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (flsenate.gov)

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		1110		10.10	
3/3/2	25	APPEAR	RANCE	RECORD	SB 0600
Comi	Meeting Date merce & Tourism	Deliver I	both copies of this	s form to	Bill Number or Topic
Comi	nerce & rounsin	Seriale profession	orial stail coriduct	ing the meeting	
	Committee	representing organ	ization:		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name	Beth Cicchetti	/ FL Economic Dev	Council	Phone850-21	2-1056
Address	3551 Blairstor	ne Rd, Ste. 105-138		Email BKirkla	and@FEDConline.org
	Street				
	Tallahassee	FL	32301		
	City	State	Zip		
	Speaking: For	Against Information	OR	Waive Speaking: 🚺	In Support Against
		PLEASE CHEC	K ONE OF TH	E FOLLOWING:	
1 I W I	n appearing without mpensation or sponsorship.	I am a regi representi	istered lobbyist, ing:		I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:
8					

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (flsenate.gov)

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3/3/25 Meeting Date

APPEARANCE RECORD

SB 600

Bill Number or Topic

Deliver both copies of this form to

Sena	ite Commerce		professional staff conducting		ng
Name approximation devices the second	Committee	Amendment of the property of the control of the con			Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name	John Ray			Phone	850.445.5044

Address	P.O. Box 7683			_ Email	director@floridamedtech.com
	Street				
	Tallahassee	FL	32314		
	City	State	Zip		
	Speaking: For	Against Inform	nation OR W	aive Spe	aking: 🔽 In Support 🔲 Against
		PLEASE	CHECK ONE OF THE I	FOLLOW	ING:
	m appearing without mpensation or sponsorship.		m a registered lobbyist, presenting:		I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance
CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON OF TH		Florid	da Medical Manuf	facture	(travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (flsenate.gov)

Consortium (FMMC)

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3/3/2025 **APPEARANCE RECORD**

SB 600

Meeting Date	Deliv	er both copies of this form to	Bill Number or Topic
Commerce & Tourism	Senate profe	ssional staff conducting the meeting	
Committee			Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name FL First Capita	l Finance Corp-Mic	chelle Griggs Phone (85	50) 681-3601
Address 1351 N. Gads	den Street	Email Mic	chelle@ffcfc.com
Street			
Tallahassee	FL	32303	
City	State	Zip	
Speaking: For	Against Information	on OR Waive Speaking:	In Support Against
	PLEASE CHE	ECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	l am a r represe	registered lobbyist, enting:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

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THE FLORIDA SENATE



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:
Agriculture, Chair
Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government
Appropriations Committee on Transportation,
Tourism, and Economic Development
Banking and Insurance
Fiscal Policy
Military and Veterans Affairs, Space, and
Domestic Security
Transportation

SENATOR KEITH TRUENOW

13th District

February 24, 2025

Senator Tom Leek 310 Senate Office Building Tallahassee, FL 32399

Dear Chairman Leek,

I am requesting that SB 600 Manufacturing be placed on the next available Commerce and Tourism Committee meeting.

This good bill establishes The Statewide Office of Manufacturing within the Department of Commerce for the purpose of supporting the manufacturing ecosystem statewide. The office shall be headed by a Chief Manufacturing Officer, who is appointed by and serves at the pleasure of the Secretary of Commerce. They shall serve as a subject-matter expert for the state on issues related to manufacturing, be responsible for promoting and coordinating manufacturing efforts in this state and identifying gaps across state-supported activities, provide strategic direction for interagency and cross-disciplinary initiatives to promote and support manufacturing in this state, work with federal, state, regional, and local governmental entities and nongovernmental entities to align manufacturing priorities and engage with state agencies and water management districts to innovate processes, programs, decision frameworks, and reporting mechanisms intended to support manufacturing in this state.

I appreciate your favorable consideration.

Sincerely,

Senator Keith Truenow

Senate District 13

KT/dd

cc: Todd McKay, Staff Director

Renita Hayes, Administrative Assistant

REPLY TO:

☐ Lake County Agricultural Center, 1951 Woodlea Road, Tavares, Florida 32778 (352) 750-3133

☐ 16207 State Road 50, Suite 401, Clermont, Florida 34711

□ 304 Senate Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5013

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared E	By: The Prof	essional Staff of	the Committee on	Commerce and 1	ourism
BILL:	SB 602					
INTRODUCER:	Senator Tr	ruenow				
SUBJECT:	Fees/Florio	da Manufa	cturing Promo	otional Campaign		
DATE:	February 2	28, 2025	REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAFI	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
1. Renner		McKa	y	CM	Favorable	
2				ATD		
3.				AP		<u> </u>

I. Summary:

SB 602 requires the Department of Commerce (department) to establish registration and renewal fees sufficient to fund the costs of administering the Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign (campaign). The department must assess and collect fees to promote the campaign and fees must be deposited into the Economic Development Trust Fund to be used solely for administering the campaign.

SB 600 (Manufacturing), is a linked bill that creates the Statewide Office of Manufacturing within the department to promote the manufacturing ecosystem statewide. The bill also creates the campaign to serve as a marketing program to promote manufacturing products and businesses in the state. In promoting the campaign, the department must develop logos for the campaign, register campaign participants, collect rental receipts for industry promotions, develop in-kind advertising programs, and contract with media representatives to disperse promotional materials. A person who participates in the campaign must register annually with the department.

The bill may have an indeterminate fiscal impact on the department for collecting fees to promote the campaign. There is no impact expected on local government revenues and expenditures. *See* Section V, Fiscal Impact Statement.

The bill is effective on the same date that SB 600 (Manufacturing) or similar legislation takes effect if adopted in the same legislative session or any extension and becomes law.

II. Present Situation:

Florida has over 422,000 manufacturing jobs and ranks as the nation's 10th largest manufacturing employer. Since 2014, Florida has increased manufacturing employment by 23.3 percent, which

BILL: SB 602 Page 2

outpaced the other 11 states in the top 12 for manufacturing. Manufacturing jobs generally pay higher wages than those in other industries. In 2022, the average annual wage for manufacturing jobs was over \$74,000, a 6.6 percent increase from 2021.

The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) is the standard used by federal statistical agencies to classify businesses by industry type for the purpose of statistical data collection and analysis related to the U.S. economy. NAICS Sector Codes 311-339 include unique manufacturing industries in Florida that have outpaced the nation in job growth, which include, but are not limited to, the following:³

- Food manufacturing
- Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing
- Textile mills and textile product mills
- Apparel manufacturing
- Leather and allied product manufacturing
- Wood product and paper manufacturing
- Printing and related support activities
- Petroleum and coal products manufacturing
- Chemical manufacturing
- Plastics and rubber products manufacturing
- Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing
- Primary metal manufacturing
- Fabricated metal product manufacturing
- Machinery manufacturing
- Computer and electronic product manufacturing
- Electrical equipment and appliances
- Transportation equipment manufacturing
- Furniture and related product manufacturing
- Miscellaneous manufacturing

Under the Local Manufacturing Development Program, a local government may adopt an ordinance establishing a local manufacturing development program through which the local government may grant master development approval for developing or expanding sites operated by manufacturers.⁴ Local governments may establish a manufacturing master development plan review process that allows new or expanding manufacturing businesses to go through a single local-level master development plan process and, upon approval, proceed to development without requiring additional approvals or permits, except for building permits.⁵ The approval process must be coordinated with the department.⁶ Additionally, the department has developed a model local manufacturing development program ordinance to guide local governments that

¹ Department of Commerce, 2023 Florida Manufacturing, 7, available at https://www.floridajobs.org/docs/default-source/communicationsfiles/2023-florida-manufacturing-report.pdf (last visited Feb. 28, 2025).

² *Id.* at 10.

³ *Id*. at 114.

⁴ Section 163.3252, F.S.

⁵ *Id*.

⁶ Section 163.3253, F.S.

BILL: SB 602 Page 3

intend to establish a local manufacturing development program.⁷ Currently, only Manatee and Volusia County have adopted an ordinance.⁸

CareerSource Florida, a not-for-profit corporation administratively housed within the department, so is the statewide workforce policy and investment board comprised of business and government leaders that helps Floridians enter, remain in, and advance in the workplace so that they may become more highly skilled and successful. The program also connects employers with qualified and skilled employees. Workforce training is administered through the 21 local workforce development boards.

The Florida Job Growth Grant Fund is an economic development program that promotes public infrastructure and workforce training across the state. Proposals are reviewed by the department and chosen by the Governor to meet the demand for workforce or infrastructure needs in the communities they are awarded to.¹¹

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill requires the department to establish, by rule, registration and renewal fees sufficient to fund the costs of administering the Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign. Fees must be deposited into the Economic Development Trust Fund under s. 288.095, F.S., to be used solely for administering the campaign.

The bill is effective on the same date that SB 600 (Manufacturing) or similar legislation takes effect, if adopted in the same legislative session or any extension, and becomes law.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A.	Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

⁷ Section 163.3252, F.S.

⁸ Department of Commerce, *Manufacturing Competitiveness Act Development Approval Program*, available at https://floridajobs.org/community-planning-and-development/programs/community-planning-table-of-contents/manufacturing-competitiveness-act-development-approval-program (last visited Feb. 28, 2025).

⁹ Section 445.004(1), F.S.

¹⁰ See CareerSource Florida, About Us, available at https://careersourceflorida.com/ (last visited Feb. 28, 2025).

¹¹ See s. 288.101, F.S.

BILL: SB 602 Page 4

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

Section 19 of Article VII of the State Constitution requires a "state tax or fee imposed, authorized, or raised under this section must be contained in a separate bill that contains no other subject." A "fee" is defined by the Florida Constitution to mean "any charge or payment required by law, including any fee for service, fee or cost for licenses, and charge for service."¹²

Section 19 of Article VII of the State Constitution also requires that a tax or fee raised by the Legislature must be approved by two-thirds of the membership of each house of the Legislature.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None identified.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

The bill imposes a fee on manufacturing businesses who wish to participate in the Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Certain businesses registering with the campaign must pay a fee to promote their business through the Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign.

C. Government Sector Impact:

Creating the Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign may have a fiscal impact on the department. The department must do certain things to promote a manufacturing campaign, and additional FTEs may be required.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

On line 21, it is unclear who must pay the department fees to promote the Manufacturing Promotional Campaign.

The bill does not include criteria or standards for how the department will determine the amount of fees. In order to avoid a delegation issue, the fee language could require that campaign participants be accessed fees on a pro-rata basis, or by size of the business.

¹² FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 19(d)(1).

BILL: SB 602 Page 5

VIII. **Statutes Affected:**

This bill creates section 559.975 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. **Additional Information:**

A.

Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

By Senator Truenow

13-01254-25 2025602_ A bill to be entitled

An act relating to fees; creating s. 559.975, F.S.;

requiring the Department of Commerce to establish by rule registration and renewal fees sufficient to fund the costs of administering the Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign; requiring the department to assess and collect fees for the purpose of promoting the campaign; requiring that such fees be deposited into the Economic Development Trust Fund for a specified purpose; providing a contingent effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. Section 559.975, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

559.975 Fees.-

- (1) The department shall establish by rule registration and renewal fees sufficient to fund the costs of administering the Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign.
- (2) The department shall assess and collect fees for the purpose of promoting the campaign.
- (3) Fees must be deposited into the Economic Development

 Trust Fund established in s. 288.095 to be used solely for administering the campaign.
- Section 2. This act shall take effect on the same date that SB 600 or other similar legislation takes effect, if such legislation is adopted in the same legislative session or an extension thereof and becomes a law.

Page 1 of 1

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

3/3/2025

APPEARANCE RECORD

SB 602

Bill Number or Topic

Meeting Date

Deliver both copies of this form to

Comr	nerce & Tourisn	n Senate profess	ional staff conducting	the meeting
	Committee			Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name	FL First Capita	Il Finance Corp-Mich	elle Griggs	Phone (850) 681-3601
Address	1351 N. Gads	sden Street		Email michelle@ffcfc.com
	Tallahassee	FL	32303	
	City	State	Zip	
	Speaking: For	Against Information	OR Wa	aive Speaking: 🚺 In Support 🔲 Against
		PLEASE CHEC	K ONE OF THE F	OLLOWING:
	appearing without pensation or sponsorship.	l am a reg represent	gistered lobbyist, ing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (flsenate.gov)

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3.	-3.25	APPEARANCE	RECORD	602	
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200	Committee			Amendment Barcode (if ap	plicable)
Name	Carlecia Colli	NS	Phone	50 228 6271	
Address	201 P Pine Street		Email Ca	rlecia Collinso	2910y-
	Olloyd & 32g	∑ \		•	(4017)(15071·CV
	Speaking: For Against	☐ Information OR	Waive Speaking:	In Support Against	
		PLEASE CHECK ONE OF T	HE FOLLOWING:		
	n appearing without npensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist representing:	t,	I am not a lobbyist, but rece something of value for my a (travel, meals, lodging, etc.),	appearance

sponsored by:

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3/3/25 Meeting Date

APPEARANCE RECORD

SB 602

Waive Speaking: In Support Against

Bill Number or Topic

Senate Commerce

Speaking: For Against Information

Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting

	Committee			Amendment Barcode (IT applicable)
Name	John Ray			Phone850.445.5044
Address	P.O. Box 7683			Email director@floridamedtech.com
	Street			
	Tallahassee	FL	32314	
	City	State	Zip	

PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:

OR

I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship. I am a registered lobbyist, representing:

Florida Medical Manufacturers Consortium (FMMC)

I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

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March 3, 2025

The Florida Senate ADDEADANCE DECORD

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		AFF	LANAIVEL NI	COMP	
Com	Meeting Date merce & Tourisn	n Senate	Deliver both copies of this forr professional staff conducting t		Bill Number or Topic
Name	Committee Barney Bisho	p III		Phone	Amendment Barcode (if applicable) 1–510–9922
Address	1454 Vieux C	arre Drive		Email Bar	ney@BarneyBishop.com
	Tallahassee	FL State	32308 Zip		
	Speaking: For	proceducations and proceducates		ive Speaking:	In Support Against
111 11	n appearing without npensation or sponsorship.	V la re	CHECK ONE OF THE FO am a registered lobbyist, epresenting: Cof Florida Space (I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

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3/3/25	5	APPE/	ARANCE R	ECORD	SB 0602
Comm	Meeting Date nerce & Tourism		ver both copies of this fo essional staff conducting		Bill Number or Topic
and the second second second second	Committee	representing or	ganization:		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name _	Beth Cicchetti	/ FL Economic De	velopment	Phone 850-2	212-1056
Address	3551 Blairstor	ne Road, Ste. 105-	-138	Email BKirk	land@FEDConline.org
3	Street				
	Tallahassee	FL	32301		
(City	State	Zip	-	
	Speaking: For	Against Informati	ion OR Wa	aive Speaking:	In Support Against
	~	PLEASE CH	ECK ONE OF THE F	OLLOWING:	
III V	appearing without pensation or sponsorship.	14 1	registered lobbyist, enting:		I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

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APPEARANCE RECORD

SB 600 \$ 5B602	
Bill Number or Topic	

3-3-25	APPEARANCE F	RECORD (SB 600 4 515 602
Meeting Date CommERCE of TOURISM	Deliver both copies of this Senate professional staff conducti	form to ng the meeting	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name KEVIN CARR		Phone 240	0-344-7153
Address 201 E. PINES	7, SUITE 735	EmailKEVIN	1. CARRO FLORIDANAKES CO
ORLANDO F	- <u>Zip</u>		
Speaking: For Again	nst Information OR	Waive Speaking:	In Support Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE	FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:		I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

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THE FLORIDA SENATE



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES: Agriculture, Chair
Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government
Appropriations Committee on Transportation,
Tourism, and Economic Development Banking and Insurance Fiscal Policy Military and Veterans Affairs, Space, and Domestic Security
Transportation

SENATOR KEITH TRUENOW

13th District

February 24, 2025

Senator Tom Leek 310 Senate Office Building Tallahassee, FL 32399

Dear Chairman Leek,

I am requesting that SB 602 Fees/FL Manufacturing Promotional Campaign be placed on the next available Commerce and Tourism Committee meeting.

This bill requires the Department of Commerce to establish by rule registration and renewal fees sufficient to fund the costs of administering the Florida Manufacturing Promotional Campaign.

I appreciate your favorable consideration.

Sincerely,

Senator Keith Truenow Senate District 13

KT/dd

cc: Todd McKay, Staff Director

Renita Hayes, Administrative Assistant

REPLY TO:

☐ Lake County Agricultural Center, 1951 Woodlea Road, Tavares, Florida 32778 (352) 750-3133 ☐ 16207 State Road 50, Suite 401, Clermont, Florida 34711

□ 304 Senate Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5013

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared By	: The Professional Staff of	the Committee on	Commerce and	Tourism
BILL:	CS/SB 92				
INTRODUCER:	Commerce a	and Tourism and Senato	or Gruters		
SUBJECT:	Motor Vehi	cle Repair Work			
DATE:	March 4, 20	25 REVISED:			
ANAL	_YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
. McMillan		McKay	CM	Fav/CS	
•			AEG		
			FP		

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 92 creates the "Lilly Glaubach Act," which requires a motor vehicle repair shop to request that a customer provide a written crash report after providing the customer with a written repair estimate when the accident or collision repair work requested is estimated to cost \$5,000 or more. However, if the customer does not provide a written crash report, the motor vehicle repair shop must prepare an accident or collision repair work transaction form after preparing a written estimate. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (DACS) must approve the design and format of the transaction form. Additionally, the bill provides the framework for preparing and maintaining the transaction forms, as well as delivering the transaction forms to the appropriate law enforcement agency.

The bill provides that any person who violates these requirements commits a second-degree misdemeanor.

The bill adds "vehicle identification number" to the requirements that must be included in a written repair estimate.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2025.

II. Present Situation:

Motor Vehicle Repair

The Florida Motor Vehicle Repair Act¹ requires anyone who is paid to repair motor vehicles owned by other individuals to register with the DACS.² Registration applications are required to be accompanied by a registration fee calculated on a per-year basis.³ Additionally, each registration application must include the following:

- The name of the applicant;
- The name under which the applicant is doing business;
- The business address;
- Copies of all licenses, permits, and certifications; and
- The number of employees the applicant intends to employ or currently employs.⁴

For repairs costing more than \$150, motor vehicle repair shops are required to prepare a written repair estimate that includes the estimated cost of repair work, including diagnostic work, before beginning any diagnostic work or repair. Additionally, for repairs costing more than \$150, motor vehicle repair shops are required to provide a written disclosure statement to the customer. The written repair estimate must include the following:

- The name, address, and telephone number of the motor vehicle repair shop;
- The name, address, and telephone number of the customer;
- The date and time of the written repair estimate;
- The year, make, model, odometer reading, and license tag number of the motor vehicle;
- The proposed work completion date;
- A general description of the customer's problem or request for repair work or service relating to the motor vehicle;
- A statement as to whether the customer is being charged according to a flat rate or an hourly rate, or both;
- The estimated cost of repair which must include any charge for shop supplies or for hazardous or other waste removal;
- The charge for making a repair price estimate or, if the charge cannot be predetermined, the basis on which the charge will be calculated;
- The customer's intended method of payment;
- The name and telephone number of another person who may authorize repair work, if the customer desires to designate such person;
- A statement indicating what, if anything, is guaranteed in connection with the repair work and the time and mileage period for which the guarantee is effective;
- A statement allowing the customer to indicate whether replaced parts should be saved for inspection or return; and

¹ Section 559.901, F.S.

² Section 559.904(1), F.S.

³ Section 559.904(3)(a), F.S.

⁴ Section 559.904(1), F.S.

⁵ Section 559.905(1), F.S.

⁶ Section 559.905(2), F.S.

• A statement indicating the daily charge for storing the customer's motor vehicle after the customer has been notified that the repair work has been completed.⁷

If the customer leaves their motor vehicle at the motor vehicle repair shop during hours when the shop is not open or if the customer permits the shop or another person to deliver the motor vehicle to the shop, then there is an implied partial waiver of the written estimate. However, upon completion of diagnostic work necessary to estimate the cost of repair, the shop must properly notify the customer.⁸

In the following circumstances, the customer must be promptly notified by telephone, telegraph, mail, or other means of additional repair work and the estimated cost thereof:

- In the event that the written repair estimate contains only an estimate for diagnostic work necessary to estimate the cost of repair and such diagnostic work has been completed;
- If a determination is made by a motor vehicle repair shop that the actual charges for the repair work will exceed the written estimate by more than \$10 or 10 percent, whichever is greater, but not to exceed \$50; or
- If an implied partial waiver exists for diagnostic work, and such diagnostic work has been completed.⁹

Written Crash Reports

A Florida Traffic Crash Report, Long Form must be completed and submitted to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles (FLHSMV) within 10 days after an investigation is completed by the law enforcement officer who in the regular course of duty investigates a motor vehicle crash that:

- Resulted in the death of, personal injury to, or any indication of complaints of pain or discomfort by any of the parties or passengers involved in the crash;
- Involved a violation of s. 316.061(1), F.S., or s. 316.193, F.S.; ¹⁰
- Rendered a vehicle inoperable to a degree that required a wrecker to remove it from the scene of the crash; or
- Involved a commercial motor vehicle. 11

The Florida Traffic Crash Report, Long Form must include the following:

- The date, time, and location of the crash;
- A description of the vehicles involved;
- The names and addresses of the parties involved, including all drivers and passengers, and the identification of the vehicle in which each was a driver or a passenger;

⁷ Section 559.905(1), F.S.

⁸ Section 559.905(5), F.S.

⁹ Section 559.909(1), F.S.

¹⁰ Section 316.061(1), F.S., provides that the driver of any vehicle involved in a crash resulting only in damage to a vehicle or other property which is driven or attended by any person must immediately stop such vehicle at the scene of such crash or as close thereto as possible, and must forthwith return to, and in every event must remain at, the scene of the crash until he or she has fulfilled the requirements of s. 316.062, F.S. Section 316.193, F.S., provides regulations for a person driving under the influence of alcoholic beverages, any chemical substance set forth in s. 877.111, F.S., or any substance controlled under chapter 893, F.S., when affected to the extent that the person's normal faculties are impaired.

¹¹ Section 316.066(1)(a), F.S.

- The names and addresses of witnesses:
- The name, badge number, and law enforcement agency of the officer investigating the crash; and

• The names of the insurance companies for the respective parties involved in the crash. 12

In any crash where a Florida Traffic Crash Report, Long Form is not required and which occurs on the public roadways of Florida, the law enforcement officer must complete a Short Form Crash Report or provide a driver exchange-of-information form, to be completed by all drivers and passengers involved in the crash, which requires the identification of each vehicle that the drivers and passengers were in.¹³

The driver of a vehicle that was involved in a crash resulting in damage to a vehicle or other property which does not require a law enforcement report must, within 10 days after the crash, submit a written report of the crash to the FLHSMV. The report must be submitted on a form approved by the FLHSMV. Additionally, Long Form and Short Form Crash Reports prepared by law enforcement must be submitted to the FLHSMV and may be maintained by the law enforcement officer's agency.¹⁴

Crash reports may take up to 10 days to become available and may be requested online through the FLHSMV Crash Portal. 15 Alternatively, customers may receive a crash report by mail or in person if they compete a "Sworn Statement for Crash Report." Requests for 10 or fewer crash records may be fulfilled at the Florida Highway Patrol Station nearest to where the crash occurred. Requests for more than 10 records must include a request letter detailing the crash report that is being requesting and a "Sworn Statement for Crash Report," which must be mailed with payment to the FLHSMV "Crash Records" division. 18

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill amends ss. 559.905, 559.907, and 559.909, F.S., which may be cited as the "Lilly Glaubach Act."

The bill requires a crash report or transaction form for certain accident or collision repair work. If a customer requests that a motor vehicle repair shop perform work to restore a motor vehicle damaged in an accident or collision, and such work is estimated to cost \$5,000 or more, the motor vehicle repair shop must request that the customer provide a written crash report after preparing a written repair estimate.¹⁹

¹² Section 316.066(1)(b), F.S.

¹³ Section 316.066(1)(c), F.S.

¹⁴ Section 316.066(1)(e), F.S.

¹⁵ Florida Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, *Traffic Crash Reports, available at* https://www.flhsmv.gov/traffic-crash-reports/ (last visited Feb. 28, 2024).

¹⁶ *Id*.

¹⁷ *Id*.

¹⁸ Id

¹⁹ Section 316.066, F.S., provides the framework of a "written crash report."

The bill provides that if the customer does not provide a written crash report, the motor vehicle repair shop must prepare an accident or collision repair work transaction form after preparing a written repair estimate. The DACS must approve the design and format of the transaction form, which must be 8.5 inches by 11 inches in size. Additionally, the following information must be recorded by the motor vehicle repair shop when completing the transaction form:

- The name and address of the motor vehicle repair shop;
- The vehicle identification number, year, license tag number, make, model, and color of the damaged vehicle and the name, phone number, physical description, and address of the owner of the vehicle or the person in possession of the vehicle; and
- A detailed description of the damage to the vehicle.

The bill requires a motor vehicle repair shop to maintain a copy of each completed transaction form on its premises for at least 1 year after the date of the transaction. On or before the end of each business day, the motor vehicle repair shop must deliver the original transaction forms for each of the transactions occurring during the previous business day to the appropriate law enforcement agency, unless other arrangements have been agreed upon between the motor vehicle repair shop and the appropriate law enforcement agency. Additionally, if the original transaction form is lost or destroyed by the appropriate law enforcement agency, a copy may be used by the motor vehicle repair shop as evidence in court.

The bill requires transaction forms to be electronically transferred if the appropriate law enforcement agency supplies the necessary software and the motor vehicle repair shop has the computer capability. If a motor vehicle repair shop does not have the computer capability, the appropriate law enforcement agency may provide the shop with the necessary equipment for the purpose of electronically transferring accident or collision repair work transaction forms. Unless otherwise agreed upon, the appropriate law enforcement agency is required to retain ownership of the equipment. Additionally, the motor vehicle repair shop must maintain the equipment in good working order.

The bill provides that a motor vehicle repair shop is not required to deliver to the appropriate law enforcement agency the original or copies of the accident or collision repair work transaction forms if the shop transfers the forms electronically.

The bill authorizes the appropriate law enforcement agency to request that the motor vehicle repair shop produce the original transaction form that has been electronically transferred if it is for the purpose of a criminal investigation. The motor vehicle repair shop must deliver the requested form to the appropriate law enforcement agency within 24 hours of request.

The bill provides that any person who violates s. 559.905(1), F.S., commits a misdemeanor of the second degree.²⁰ Additionally, if the DACS finds a motor vehicle repair shop in violation of s. 559.905(1), F.S., it may revoke the motor vehicle repair shop's registration under s. 559.904, F.S.

²⁰ Section 775.082(4)(b), F.S., provides that a person who has been convicted of a misdemeanor of the second degree may be sentenced to a definite term of imprisonment not to exceed 60 days. Section 775.083(1)(e), F.S., provides that fines for a misdemeanor of the second degree may not exceed \$500.

The bill adds "vehicle identification number" to the requirements that must be included in a written repair estimate.

The bill amends s. 559.909, F.S., to provide that a customer must be promptly notified by the motor vehicle repair shop if an implied partial waiver exists for diagnostic work, as described in s. 559.905(6), F.S.²¹

The bill re-enacts s. 559.907, F.S., for the purpose of incorporating the amendment made to s. 559.905, F.S.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2025.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None Identified.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

If a customer requests that a motor vehicle repair shop perform work to restore a motor vehicle damaged in an accident or collision, the motor vehicle repair shop will be required to obtain a crash report or complete an accident or collision repair work

²¹ Section 559.905(5), F.S., which is redesignated to s. 559.905(6), F.S., in the bill, provides that if a customer leaves their motor vehicle at a motor vehicle repair shop during hours when the shop is not open or if the customer permits the shop or another person to deliver the motor vehicle to the shop, there is an implied partial waiver of the written estimate. However, upon completion of diagnostic work necessary to estimate the cost of repair, the shop must notify the customer.

transaction form for accident or collision repair work. Additionally, a motor vehicle repair shop will be required to prepare, maintain, and deliver the transaction forms to the appropriate law enforcement agency.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The DACS must approve the design and format of the accident or collision repair work transaction form.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

The bill does not define "appropriate law enforcement agency," which may affect compliance by motor vehicle repair shops.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends sections 559.905 and 559.909 of the Florida Statutes.

This bill re-enacts section 559.907 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Commerce and Tourism on March 3, 2024

The committee substitute changes the timeline for when a crash report must be requested from before the motor vehicle repair shop provides the customer with a written estimate to after the motor vehicle repair shop provides the customer with a written repair estimate. However, if the customer does not provide a written crash report, the motor vehicle repair shop must prepare an accident or collision repair work transaction form. The committee substitute changes the timeline for when the motor vehicle repair shop must prepare the transaction form before preparing the written estimate to after preparing the written estimate.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. SB 92



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Comm: RCS 03/03/2025

The Committee on Commerce and Tourism (Gruters) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment

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Delete lines 59 - 65

4 and insert:

5 \$5,000 or more, the motor vehicle repair shop must, after

preparing the written repair estimate required by subsection (2), request that the customer provide a written crash report as

specified under s. 316.066.

(b) If the customer does not provide a written crash report, the motor vehicle repair shop must prepare an accident

Page 1 of 2

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Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. SB 92 COMMITTEE AMENDMENT



11 or collision repair work transaction form after preparing the

Page 2 of 2

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By Senator Gruters

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22-00316-25 202592

A bill to be entitled An act relating to motor vehicle repair work; providing a short title; amending s. 559.905, F.S.; requiring a motor vehicle repair shop to request a written crash report from a customer under certain circumstances; requiring a motor vehicle repair shop to prepare a transaction form under certain circumstances; requiring the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services to approve the design and format of the transaction form; specifying requirements for the transaction form; requiring a motor vehicle repair shop to record specified information on the transaction form; requiring a motor vehicle repair shop to maintain a copy of the transaction form for a specified timeframe; requiring a motor vehicle repair shop to deliver transaction forms to the appropriate law enforcement agency within a specified timeframe; providing an exception; authorizing a motor vehicle repair shop to use certain evidence in court under certain circumstances; requiring the electronic transfer of transaction forms to the appropriate law enforcement agency by a motor vehicle repair shop under certain circumstances; authorizing the appropriate law enforcement agency to provide certain equipment to a motor vehicle repair shop; specifying ownership and maintenance of such equipment; specifying that a motor vehicle repair shop is not required to deliver original or copies of transaction forms under certain circumstances; authorizing the

Page 1 of 9

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Florida Senate - 2025 SB 92

	22-00316-25 202592
30	appropriate law enforcement agency to request an
31	original transaction form from a motor vehicle repair
32	shop under certain circumstances; requiring a motor
33	vehicle repair shop to respond to such request within
34	a certain timeframe; providing criminal penalties;
35	authorizing the department to revoke a motor vehicle
36	repair shop's registration under certain
37	circumstances; revising the items required in a
38	written repair estimate; making technical changes;
39	amending s. 559.909, F.S.; conforming a cross-
40	reference; making technical changes; reenacting s.
41	559.907(1)(b), F.S., relating to charges for motor
42	vehicle repair estimate and requirement of waiver of
43	rights prohibited, to incorporate the amendment made
44	to s. 559.905, F.S., in a reference thereto; providing
45	an effective date.
46	
47	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
48	
49	Section 1. This act may be cited as the "Lilly Glaubach
50	Act."
51	Section 2. Section 559.905, Florida Statutes, is amended to
52	read:
53	559.905 Crash report or transaction form required for
54	accident or collision repair work; written motor vehicle repair
55	estimate; and disclosure statement required
56	(1) (a) If a customer requests that a motor vehicle repair
57	shop perform work to restore a motor vehicle damaged in an
58	accident or a collision, and such work is estimated to cost

Page 2 of 9

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22-00316-25 202592

\$5,000 or more, the motor vehicle repair shop must, before preparing the written repair estimate required by subsection (2), request that the customer provide a written crash report as specified under s. 316.066.

8.3

- (b) If the customer does not provide a written crash report, the motor vehicle repair shop must prepare an accident or collision repair work transaction form before preparing the written repair estimate required by subsection (2). The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services must approve the design and format of the transaction form, which must be 8 1/2 inches by 11 inches in size and elicit the information required under this paragraph. In completing the transaction form, the motor vehicle repair shop shall record the following information, which must be typed or written indelibly and legibly in English:
 - 1. The name and address of the motor vehicle repair shop.
- 2. The vehicle identification number, year, license tag number, make, model, and color of the damaged vehicle and the name, phone number, physical description, and address of the owner of the vehicle or the person in possession of the vehicle.
 - 3. A detailed description of the damage to the vehicle.
- (c) A motor vehicle repair shop shall maintain a copy of each completed transaction form on its premises for at least 1 year after the date of the transaction. On or before the end of each business day, the motor vehicle repair shop shall deliver to the appropriate law enforcement agency the original transaction forms for each of the transactions occurring during the previous business day, unless other arrangements have been agreed upon between the motor vehicle repair shop and the

Page 3 of 9

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Florida Senate - 2025 SB 92

22-00316-25

88	appropriate law enforcement agency. If the original transaction
89	form is lost or destroyed by the appropriate law enforcement
90	agency, a copy may be used by the motor vehicle repair shop as
91	evidence in court.
92	(d) If the appropriate law enforcement agency supplies the
93	necessary software and the motor vehicle repair shop has the
94	computer capability, transaction forms must be electronically
95	transferred. If a motor vehicle repair shop does not have the
96	computer capability, the appropriate law enforcement agency may
97	provide the motor vehicle repair shop with the necessary
98	equipment for the purpose of electronically transferring
99	accident or collision repair work transaction forms. The
100	appropriate law enforcement agency shall retain ownership of the
101	equipment, unless otherwise agreed upon. The motor vehicle
102	repair shop shall maintain the equipment in good working order,
103	ordinary wear and tear excepted. If a motor vehicle repair shop
104	transfers accident or collision repair work transaction forms
105	electronically, the motor vehicle repair shop is not required to
106	also deliver to the appropriate law enforcement agency the
107	original or copies of the transaction forms. The appropriate law
108	enforcement agency may, for the purposes of a criminal
109	investigation, request that the motor vehicle repair shop
110	produce the original of a transaction form that has been
111	electronically transferred. The motor vehicle repair shop shall
112	deliver this form to the appropriate law enforcement agency
113	within 24 hours after the request.
114	(e) Any person who violates this subsection commits a
115	misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s.
116	775.082 or s. 775.083. If the department finds a motor vehicle

Page 4 of 9

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22-00316-25 202592

repair shop in violation of this subsection, it may revoke the motor vehicle repair shop's registration under s. 559.904.

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- (2) When any customer requests a motor vehicle repair shop to perform repair work on a motor vehicle, the cost of which repair work will exceed \$150 to the customer, the shop shall prepare a written repair estimate, which is a form setting forth the estimated cost of repair work, including diagnostic work, before effecting any diagnostic work or repair. The written repair estimate must also include all of the following items:
- (a) The name, address, and telephone number of the motor vehicle repair shop.
- (b) The name, address, and telephone number of the customer.
 - (c) The date and time of the written repair estimate.
- (d) The <u>vehicle identification number</u>, year, make, model, odometer reading, and license tag number of the motor vehicle.
 - (e) The proposed work completion date.
- (f) A general description of the customer's problem or request for repair work or service relating to the motor vehicle.
- (g) A statement as to whether the customer is being charged according to a flat rate or an hourly rate, or both.
- (h) The estimated cost of repair which must include any charge for shop supplies or for hazardous or other waste removal and, if a charge is included, the estimate must include the following statement:

"This charge represents costs and profits to the motor vehicle repair facility for miscellaneous shop

Page 5 of 9

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Florida Senate - 2025 SB 92

22-00316-25 202592 146 supplies or waste disposal." 147 If a charge is mandated by state or federal law, the estimate 148 149 must contain a statement identifying the law and the specific 150 amount charged under the law. 151 (i) The charge for making a repair price estimate or, if 152 the charge cannot be predetermined, the basis on which the 153 charge will be calculated. 154 (j) The customer's intended method of payment. 155 (k) The name and telephone number of another person who may 156 authorize repair work, if the customer desires to designate such 157 person. 158 (1) A statement indicating what, if anything, is guaranteed 159 in connection with the repair work and the time and mileage 160 period for which the guarantee is effective. 161 (m) A statement allowing the customer to indicate whether replaced parts should be saved for inspection or return. 162 163 (n) A statement indicating the daily charge for storing the 164 customer's motor vehicle after the customer has been notified 165 that the repair work has been completed. However, storage 166 charges may not accrue or be due and payable for a period of 3 working days from the date after such notification. 167 168 (3) (2) If the cost of repair work will exceed \$150, the shop must present to the customer a written notice conspicuously 169 170 disclosing, in a separate, blocked section, only the following 171 statement, in capital letters of at least 12-point type: 172 173 PLEASE READ CAREFULLY, CHECK ONE OF THE STATEMENTS BELOW, AND

Page 6 of 9

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SIGN:

22-00316-25 202592

I UNDERSTAND THAT, UNDER STATE LAW, I AM ENTITLED TO A WRITTEN ESTIMATE IF MY FINAL BILL WILL EXCEED \$150.

178 I REQUEST A WRITTEN ESTIMATE.

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.... I DO NOT REQUEST A WRITTEN ESTIMATE AS LONG AS THE REPAIR COSTS DO NOT EXCEED \$..... THE SHOP MAY NOT EXCEED THIS AMOUNT WITHOUT MY WRITTEN OR ORAL APPROVAL.

.... I DO NOT REQUEST A WRITTEN ESTIMATE.

SIGNEDDATE

(5) (4) Except as provided in subsection (6) (5), a copy of the written repair estimate required by subsection (2) (1) and the disclosure statement required by subsection (3) must (2) shall be given to the customer before repair work commences is begun. The disclosure statement may be provided on the same form as the written repair estimate.

(6) (5) If the customer leaves her or his motor vehicle at a motor vehicle repair shop during hours when the shop is not open or if the customer permits the shop or another person to deliver the motor vehicle to the shop, there <u>is</u> shall be an implied partial waiver of the written estimate; however, upon completion of diagnostic work necessary to estimate the cost of repair, the shop shall notify the customer as required in s. 559.909(1).

Page 7 of 9

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Florida Senate - 2025 SB 92

22-00316-25 202592 204 (7) (6) Nothing in This section may not shall be construed 205 to require a motor vehicle repair shop to give a written 206 estimated price if the motor vehicle repair shop does not agree 207 to perform the requested repair. 208 Section 3. Subsection (1) of section 559.909, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 209 559.909 Notification of charges in excess of repair 210 estimate; unlawful charges; refusal to return vehicle prohibited; inspection of parts.-212 213 (1) In the event that: 214 (a) The written repair estimate contains only an estimate for diagnostic work necessary to estimate the cost of repair and such diagnostic work has been completed; 216 217 (b) A determination is made by a motor vehicle repair shop that the actual charges for the repair work will exceed the written estimate by more than \$10 or 10 percent, whichever is 219 greater, but not to exceed \$50; or 220 221 (c) An implied partial waiver exists for diagnostic work, 222 as described in s. 559.905(6) s. 559.905(5), and such diagnostic 223 work has been completed, 224 the customer must shall be promptly notified by the motor 225 226 vehicle repair shop by telephone, telegraph, mail, or other 227 means of the additional repair work and estimated cost thereof. 228 A customer so notified shall, orally or in writing, authorize, 229 modify, or cancel the order for repair. 230 Section 4. For the purpose of incorporating the amendment 231 made by this act to section 559.905, Florida Statutes, in a reference thereto, paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 232

Page 8 of 9

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559.907, Florida Statutes, is reenacted to read:
559.907 Charges for motor vehicle repair estimate;
requirement of waiver of rights prohibited.—
(1) No motor vehicle repair shop shall charge for making a repair price estimate unless, prior to making the price estimate, the shop:

22-00316-25

(b) Obtains authorization on the written repair estimate, in accordance with s. 559.905, to prepare an estimate. No motor vehicle repair shop shall impose or threaten to impose any such charge which is clearly excessive in relation to the work involved in making the price estimate.

Section 5. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

Page 9 of 9

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3.3.25 Meeting Date Commerce	APPEARANCE Deliver both copies of the Senate professional staff conductions and the senate professional staff conductions are senated by the senated profession staff conductions are senated	is form to	92 Bill Number or Topic
Committee			Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Barney Bish	U	Phone	851.510.9922
Address 1454 Viery C	earre Dr	Email Born	reje Barney Bistop.com
Pall City	FL 32308 State Zip		
/	nst Information OR	Waive Speaking:	In Support Against
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE Tam a registered lobbyist, representing: Fla, Smart J Allians a		I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

The Flo	orida Senate
APPEARA	NCE RECORD
	copies of this form to staff conducting the meeting
Committee	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Ed Svodsky	Phone 941 720-3556
Address Z071 Ringking Blvd	Email ebrodsty esao 12.0
Sarasota FL 34 City State Zip	227
Speaking: For Against Information	OR Waive Speaking: In Support Against
PLEASE CHECK O	NE OF THE FOLLOWING:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship. I am a registered representing:	ed lobbyist, I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECORD Meeting Date Bill Number or Topic Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting -OMMGRC Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Committee 1)AVID RAMBA Phone Name **Email Address** Street Waive Speaking: Information In Support Against PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so
that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (flsenate.gov)

I am a registered lobbyist,

representing:

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I am appearing without

compensation or sponsorship.

S-001 (08/10/2021)

I am not a lobbyist, but received

(travel, meals, lodging, etc.),

sponsored by:

something of value for my appearance

APPEARANCE RECORD

Bill Number or Topic

Meeting Date	Deliver both copie
Commerce & Tourism	Senate professional staff of
Committee	

es of this form to conducting the meeting

Amendment Barcode (if applicable)

Name	Matt	Pick	ett		_ Phone	956-228-7744
Address	119 Street	South	Monroe	Street	_ Email	
	Telleha	sce	FC State	32301 Zip	_	•

Speaking:	For	Against	Information	OR	Waive Speaking:	In Support	Against
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PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:

I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship. I am a registered lobbyist, representing:

Florida Police Benevolent Association

I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (flsenate.gov)

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Committee Agenda Request

Senator Thomas Leek, Chair Committee on Commerce and Tourism
Committee Agenda Request
January 30, 2025
request that Senate Bill #92, relating to Motor Vehicle Repair Work, be placed on
committee agenda at your earliest possible convenience.
next committee agenda.

Senator Joe Gruters Florida Senate, District 22

for feuters

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

	Prepared By	: The Profe	essional Staff of	the Committee on	Commerce and	Tourism
BILL:	SB 412					
INTRODUCER: Senator S		ith				
SUBJECT:	Repair of M	otorized	Wheelchairs			
DATE:	February 28	, 2025	REVISED:			
ANAL	/ST	STAFF	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
1. Dike		McKay	•	CM	Favorable	
2				AEG		
3				FP		

I. Summary:

SB 412 creates the Motorized Wheelchair Right to Repair Act under ss. 559.971-559.976, F.S. The bill requires original equipment manufacturers of wheelchairs to provide documents, tools, and parts necessary to repair motorized wheelchairs to third party repair providers and owners of wheelchairs sold or used in this state.

This bill takes effect on July 1, 2025.

II. Present Situation:

Right to Repair Laws

In recent years, state legislatures across the country have been contemplating "right to repair" laws, requiring manufacturers to share repair information and tools so that consumers may repair their products more easily and less costly. This type of legislation is founded on the idea that consumers should be able to choose how to repair their products. Advocates are concerned due to the amount of products that are utilizing computer chips and advanced technology, which are becoming increasingly difficult to repair without sending the entire product back to the manufacturer. Many products, ranging from cars and appliances to wheelchairs, use proprietary tools and parts. Manufacturers may decline to publish documents necessary for a third party or

¹ Luyi Wang, et al., HARV. Bus. Rev., *Research: The Unintended Consequences of Right-to-Repair Laws*, available at https://hbr.org/2023/01/research-the-unintended-consequences-of-right-to-repair-laws (last visited Feb. 28, 2025).

² Mike Serra, *Looking Under the Hood on the Right to Repair*, 101 MICH. B.J. 34 (May 2022), available at https://www.michbar.org/journal/Details/Looking-under-the-hood-on-the-right-to-repair?ArticleID=4428 (last visited Feb. 28, 2025).

³ Thorin Klosowski, *What You Should Know About Right to Repair*, available at https://www.nytimes.com/wirecutter/blog/what-is-right-to-repair/ (last visited Feb. 28, 2025). ⁴ *Id*.

consumer to repair.⁵ The policy objectives of these laws are to ensure customers have access to manuals, schematics, and software updates, as well as diagnostic tools needed to service the product themselves.⁶

While there is a push for this type of legislation, manufacturers have been concerned about electronic privacy and preservation of intellectual property. Technological advances in electronic equipment, such as fitness monitors, home security devices, and smart home appliances, have led to consumer data being collected at a higher volume. Opponents of right to repair legislation are concerned that proprietary access to tools and information needed to repair these electronic products may undermine consumers' digital privacy, as diagnostic tools may provide access to an entire device and improper repair can disable security features. Additionally, there is a concern that unrestricted access into product software design may compromise intellectual property protections. If proprietary knowledge is embedded in the products they sell, some manufacturers worry that trade secrets will become public knowledge when required to disclose digital locks and other information.

Wheelchair Usage and Repairs

In the United States, millions of Americans rely on wheelchairs due to impaired mobility. ¹² As of 2014, about 21% of adults in the U.S. have difficulty or are unable to walk a quarter mile. ¹³ The use of mobility devices like wheelchairs provides independence to users who may otherwise have difficulty with physical functioning. ¹⁴

In the last decade, there has been a significant increase in the number of repairs that wheelchair users must make. ¹⁵ One survey of wheelchair users found that a result of wheelchair breakdown,

⁵ *Id*.

⁶ *Id*.

⁷ Ike Brannon, CATO INST., *A Criticism of Right to Repair Laws*, available at https://www.cato.org/regulation/spring-2024/criticism-right-repair-laws (last visited Feb. 28, 2025).

⁸ See id.

⁹ *Id*.

¹⁰ *Id*.

¹¹ Id.

¹² Sources vary on the exact number of wheelchair users. *See* Laura A. McClure, et al., *Wheelchair repairs, breakdown, and adverse consequences for people with traumatic spinal cord* injury, 90:12 ARCHIVES OF PHYSICAL MED. AND REHAB. 2034 (2009, available at https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/19969165/ (last visited Feb. 28, 2025) (citing more than 2.8 million wheelchair users); Danielle M. Taylor, U.S. DEPT. OF COM., *Americans With Disabilities: 2014*, available at https://www.census.gov/content/dam/Census/library/publications/2018/demo/p70-152.pdf (last visited Feb. 28, 2025) (citing more than 5.5 million wheelchair users).

¹³ Taylor, *supra* note 12, at 7.

¹⁴ Lynn Worobey, et al., *Increases in Wheelchair Breakdowns, Repairs, and Adverse Consequences for People with Traumatic Spinal Cord Injury*, 91:6 Am. J. of Physical Med. and Rehab. 463 (2012), available at https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC4886332/ (last visited Feb. 28, 2025).

¹⁵ One study found that over half of all full-time wheelchair users had to repair their wheelchair at least once over a sixmonth period. Worobey, *supra* note 12; *see also* Lynn A. Worobey, et al., *Factors Influencing Incidence of Wheelchair Repairs and Consequences Among Individuals with Spinal Cord Injury*, 103:4 ARCHIVES OF PHYSICAL MED. AND REHAB. 779 (2022), available at

 $[\]frac{https://pmc.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/articles/PMC8501145/\#:\sim:text=The\%\,20primary\%\,20objectives\%\,20of\%\,20this\%\,20study\%\,20were\%\,20to, consequences\%\,20were\%\,20experienced\%\,2C\%\,20and\%\,20participant\%\,20and\%\,20wheelchair\%\,20charact}{Feb.\,28,\,2025).}$

out-of-pocket repair costs ranged from \$50-\$620. Wheelchair users experienced adverse consequences from wheelchair breakdown, with 27% stranded at home, 12% stuck in bed, and 9% stranded outside their home, anywhere from two to seventeen days. ¹⁷

A 2022 survey performed by PIRG of 141 wheelchair users found that 93% of respondents have needed at least one repair in the last year, with 68% of respondents needing two or more repairs in the last year. When asked how long these repairs take to complete, around 62% of respondents said the average repair took four or more weeks, while around 40% of respondents estimated it took seven or more weeks. 19

Typically, when a person with a motorized wheelchair experiences a repair issue, they cannot fix the wheelchair with parts not from the manufacturer without voiding the warranty on the wheelchair.²⁰ If a wheelchair user goes through the manufacturer for the repair, parts can take weeks to arrive to the user or repair provider.²¹ Moreover, a motorized wheelchair costs anywhere from \$1,000 to \$15,000, depending on the customizations tailored to that individual wheelchair user's needs.²² Custom and higher-end models, which may be necessary for more severe impairment, can cost upward of \$15,000 per wheelchair.²³

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Requirements for Repair

Section 4 creates s. 559.973, F.S., mandating that an original equipment manufacturer²⁴ must make available to independent repair providers²⁵ and owners²⁶ any documentation,²⁷ parts,²⁸ and

¹⁶ Lisa I. Iezzoni, HARV. HEALTH PUBL'G, *Millions rely on wheelchairs for mobility, but repair delays are hurting users*, available at https://www.health.harvard.edu/blog/millions-rely-on-wheelchairs-for-mobility-but-repair-delays-are-hurting-users-202207212785 (last visited Feb. 28, 2025).

¹⁷ Id.

¹⁸ PIRG, Stranded: Repair Restrictions Immobilize Wheelchair Users, available at https://publicinterestnetwork.org/wp-content/uploads/2022/05/USPIRGEF Stranded June2022.pdf (last visited Feb. 28, 2025).

¹⁹ Id.

²⁰ See Markian Hawryluk, KFF HEALTH NEWS, Despite a First-Ever 'Right-to-Repair' Law, There's No Easy Fix for Wheelchair Users, available at https://kffhealthnews.org/news/article/power-wheelchair-users-right-to-repair-law-no-easy-fix/ (last visited Feb. 28, 2025); Mass. Disability Law Center, Questions And Answers About The Wheelchair Repair Bill, available at https://www.dlc-ma.org/2022/06/09/questions-and-answers-about-the-wheelchair-repair-bill-s-2567/# ftnref2 (last visited Feb. 28, 2025).

²¹ Hawryluk, *supra* note 20.

²² Evan Drake, *Wheelchair Cost: A Breakdown of Value in 2025*, available at https://www.restoremobility.com/blogs/mobility/wheelchair-cost (last visited Feb. 28, 2025). ²³ *See id.*

²⁴ "Original equipment manufacturer" means a business engaged in selling, leasing, or supplying new motorized wheelchairs manufactured by, or on behalf of, the business to any individual or business.

²⁵ "Independent repair provider" means an individual or business operating in this state which is unaffiliated with an original equipment manufacturer that is engaged in the services of diagnosis, maintenance, or repair of motorized wheelchairs.

²⁶ "Owner" means an individual or business that owns or leases a motorized wheelchair purchased or used in this state.

²⁷ "Documentation" means any manual, diagram, reporting output, service code description, schematic diagram, security codes, passwords, or other guidance or information used in effecting the services of diagnosis, maintenance, or repair of a motorized wheelchair.

²⁸ "Part" means any replacement part, either new or used, made available by an original equipment manufacturer for purposes of effecting the services of maintenance or repair of a motorized wheelchair manufactured by or on behalf of, sold, or otherwise supplied by the original equipment manufacturer.

tools²⁹ required for diagnosis, maintenance, and repair of motorized wheelchairs and parts for the motorized wheelchair, if that wheelchair or parts were sold by the manufacturer in this state. The documentation, parts, and tools must be made available either directly by the original equipment manufacturer or via an authorized repair provider.³⁰

Regarding equipment that contains an electronic security lock or security-related function:

- The original equipment manufacturer must make certain information and items available to owners and independent repair providers.
- On fair and reasonable terms, the manufacturer must provide any special documentation, tools, and parts needed to access and reset the lock or function when disabled in the course of diagnosis, maintenance, or repair of the motorized wheelchair.
- The documentation, tools, and parts must be made available through appropriate secure release systems.

Limitations

Section 6 creates s. 559.975, F.S., providing that:

- This bill does not require that an original equipment manufacturer divulge a trade secret³¹ to an owner or independent repair provider.
- This bill does not alter the terms of an arrangement—other than those which limit or avoid compliance with this bill—between an authorized repair provider and an original equipment manufacturer.
- An original equipment manufacturer or authorized repair provider is not liable for any damage caused to a motorized wheelchair by an independent repair provider or any injury to an owner which occurs during repair, diagnosis, or maintenance.

Enforcement

Section 5 creates s. 559.974, F.S., providing that violations of this bill are punishable under the Florida Deceptive and Unfair Trade Practices Act (FDUTPA), ss. 501.201-501.213, F.S. It is unlawful under the FDUTPA for a party to take part in "unfair methods of competition, unconscionable acts or practices, and unfair or deceptive acts of practices in the conduct of any

²⁹ "Tool" means any software, hardware, or other apparatus used for the diagnosis, maintenance, or repair of a motorized wheelchair, including software or other mechanisms that program a new part, calibrate functionality, or perform any other function required to return the wheelchair to fully function condition, including any updates.

³⁰ "Authorized repair provider" means an individual or a business that has an arrangement with the original equipment manufacturer under which the original equipment manufacturer grants to the individual or business a license to use a trade name, service mark, or other proprietary identifier for the purposes of offering the services of diagnosis, maintenance, or repair of a motorized wheelchair under the name of the original equipment manufacturer, or other arrangement with the original equipment manufacturer to offer such services on behalf of the original equipment manufacturer. An original equipment manufacturer that offers the services of diagnosis, maintenance, or repair of its own motorized wheelchair, and that does not have an arrangement with an unaffiliated individual or business, must be considered an authorized repair provider with respect to motorized wheelchairs.

³¹ Trade secret means "information, including a formula, pattern, compilation, program, device, method, technique, or process that: (a) derives independent economic value, actual or potential, from not being generally known to, and not being readily ascertainable by proper means by, other persons who can obtain economic value from its disclosure or use; and (b) is the subject of efforts that are reasonable under the circumstances to maintain its secrecy." Section 688.002, F.S.

trade or commerce."³² Such practices include fraudulent billing,³³ misleading a consumer or misrepresenting a product's characteristics,³⁴ or other behavior determined to be unfair by a court.³⁵ Under the FDUTPA, the office of the state attorney or Department of Legal Affairs, either by their own inquiry or through complaints, may investigate violations of the FDUTPA.³⁶ In addition to other remedies under state and federal law, the enforcing authority may bring actions for declaratory judgment, injunctive relief, actual damages on behalf of consumers and businesses, cease and desist orders, and civil penalties up to \$10,000 per violation.³⁷ Moreover, consumers may bring private actions against parties for violating the FDUTPA, resulting in either:

- Declaratory judgment and injunctive relief when the consumer is aggrieved by a FDUTPA violation, or
- Actual damages, attorney fees, and court costs, when the consumer has suffered a loss due to the FDUTPA violation.³⁸

Other Provisions

Sections 1 and 2 creates Part XIV of ch. 559, F.S., "Repair of Motorized Wheelchairs," and provides that the part may be cited as the Motorized Wheelchair Right to Repair Act.

Section 3 creates s. 559.972, F.S., providing definitions for terms used throughout the bill.

Section 7 creates s. 559.976, F.S., clarifying that Part XIV of ch. 559, F.S., applies to motorized wheelchairs sold or in use on or after July 1, 2025.

Effective Date

Section 8 provides an effective date of July 1, 2025.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

³² Section 501.204, F.S.

³³ State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co. v. Medical Service Center of Florida, Inc., 103 F. Supp. 3d 1343 (S.D. Fla. 2015).

³⁴ Lewis v. Mercedes-Benz USA, LLC, 530 F. Supp. 3d 1183 (S.D. Fla. 2021); Marty v. Anheuser-Busch Companies, LLC, 43 F. Supp. 3d 1333 (S.D. Fla. 2014).

³⁵ See Siever v. BWGaskets, Inc., 669 F. Supp. 2d 1286, 1292-93 (M.D. Fla. 2009).

³⁶ The enforcing authority under the FDUTPA may "administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses or matter, and collect evidence." Section 501.206, F.S.

³⁷ Sections 501.207, 501.2077, 501.2075, 501.208, F.S.

³⁸ Sections 501.2105, 501.211, F.S.

\sim	Truct	Eundo	Restrictions:
().	111151	Tunus.	RESIDENCIA.

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None identified.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Indeterminate. Manufacturers may have to adjust costs due to making repair information and tools available to customers. Repair costs may be affected by increased competition for independent repair providers.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill creates the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 559.971, 559.972, 559.973, 559.974, 559.975, 559.976.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

By Senator Smith

29

17-01067-25 2025412

A bill to be entitled An act relating to repair of motorized wheelchairs; providing a directive to the Division of Law Revision; creating s. 559.971, F.S.; providing a short title; creating s. 559.972, F.S.; defining terms; creating s. 559.973, F.S.; requiring an original equipment manufacturer to make available any documentation, parts, and tools required for the diagnosis, maintenance, or repair of a motorized wheelchair and 10 parts for the motorized wheelchair; requiring an 11 original equipment manufacturer of a motorized 12 wheelchair with an electronic security lock to make 13 available any special documentation, parts, and tools 14 needed to access and reset the lock when disabled in 15 the course of diagnosis, maintenance, or repair of the 16 motorized wheelchair; creating s. 559.974, F.S.; 17 providing that violation of the act is an unlawful 18 practice under the Florida Deceptive and Unfair Trade 19 Practices Act; creating s. 559.975, F.S.; providing 20 that an original equipment manufacturer is not 21 required to divulge trade secrets; providing that the 22 act does not alter the terms of an arrangement between 23 an authorized repair provider and an original 24 equipment manufacturer; providing an exception; 25 limiting the liability of an original equipment 26 manufacturer or authorized repair provider in certain 27 circumstances; creating s. 559.976, F.S.; providing 28 applicability; providing an effective date.

Page 1 of 6

 ${\tt CODING:}$ Words ${\tt stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2025 SB 412

2025412

17-01067-25

30	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
31	
32	Section 1. Part XIV of chapter 559, Florida Statutes,
33	consisting of ss. 559.971-559.976, is created and entitled
34	"Repair of Motorized Wheelchairs."
35	Section 2. Section 559.971, Florida Statutes, is created to
36	read:
37	559.971 Short title.—This part may be cited as the
38	"Motorized Wheelchair Right to Repair Act."
39	Section 3. Section 559.972, Florida Statutes, is created to
40	read:
41	559.972 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:
42	(1) "Authorized repair provider" means an individual or a
43	business that has an arrangement with the original equipment
44	manufacturer under which the original equipment manufacturer
45	grants to the individual or business a license to use a trade
46	name, service mark, or other proprietary identifier for the
47	purposes of offering the services of diagnosis, maintenance, or
48	repair of a motorized wheelchair under the name of the original
49	equipment manufacturer, or other arrangement with the original
50	equipment manufacturer to offer such services on behalf of the
51	original equipment manufacturer. An original equipment
52	manufacturer that offers the services of diagnosis, maintenance,
53	or repair of its own motorized wheelchair, and that does not
54	have an arrangement with an unaffiliated individual or business,
55	$\underline{\text{must be considered an authorized repair provider with respect to}}$
56	<pre>motorized wheelchairs.</pre>
57	(2) "Documentation" means any manual, diagram, reporting
58	output, service code description, schematic diagram, security

Page 2 of 6

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17-01067-25 2025412_codes, passwords, or other quidance or information used in

codes, passwords, or other guidance or information used in effecting the services of diagnosis, maintenance, or repair of a motorized wheelchair.

(3) "Fair and reasonable terms" means making available parts, tools, or documentation as follows:

8.3

- (a) Documentation made available by the original equipment manufacturer at no charge, except that, when a physical copy is requested, a charge may be included for the reasonable actual costs of preparing and sending the copy.
- (b) Tools made available by the original equipment
 manufacturer at no charge and without requiring authorization or
 Internet access for use or operation of the tools; without
 imposing impediments to access or use the tools to diagnose,
 maintain, or repair and enable full functionality of digital
 electronic equipment; and not in a manner that impairs the
 efficient and cost-effective performance of any such diagnosis,
 maintenance, or repair, except that, when the tool is requested
 in physical form, a charge may be included for the reasonable,
 actual costs of preparing and sending the tool.
- (c) Parts made available by the original equipment
 manufacturer, either directly or through an authorized repair
 provider, to independent repair providers and owners at costs
 and terms that are equivalent to the most favorable costs and
 terms under which an original equipment manufacturer offers the
 parts to an authorized repair provider and that:
- 1. Accounts for any discount, rebate, convenient and timely means of delivery, means of enabling fully restored and updated functionality, rights of use, or other incentive and preference the original equipment manufacturer offers to an authorized

Page 3 of 6

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Florida Senate - 2025 SB 412

	17-01067-25 2025412_
88	repair provider; or any additional cost or impediment the
89	original equipment manufacturer imposes on an owner or
90	independent repair provider.
91	2. Is not conditioned upon or does not impose a substantial
92	obligation or restriction that is not reasonably necessary for
93	enabling the owner or independent repair provider to engage in
94	the diagnosis, maintenance, or repair of equipment made by or on
95	behalf of the original equipment manufacturer.
96	3. Is not conditioned upon an arrangement with the original
97	equipment manufacturer.
98	(4) "Independent repair provider" means an individual or
99	business operating in this state which is unaffiliated with an
100	original equipment manufacturer that is engaged in the services
101	of diagnosis, maintenance, or repair of motorized wheelchairs.
102	(5) "Original equipment manufacturer" means a business
103	engaged in selling, leasing, or supplying new motorized
104	wheelchairs manufactured by, or on behalf of, the business to
105	any individual or business.
106	(6) "Owner" means an individual or business that owns or
107	leases a motorized wheelchair purchased or used in this state.
108	(7) "Part" means any replacement part, either new or used,
109	made available by an original equipment manufacturer for
110	purposes of effecting the services of maintenance or repair of a
111	motorized wheelchair manufactured by or on behalf of, sold, or
112	otherwise supplied by the original equipment manufacturer.
113	(8) "Tools" means any software, hardware, or other
114	apparatus used for the diagnosis, maintenance, or repair of a
115	motorized wheelchair, including software or other mechanisms

that program a new part, calibrate functionality, or perform any

Page 4 of 6

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2025412

17-01067-25

117 other function required to return the wheelchair to fully 118 functional condition, including any updates. 119 (9) "Trade secret" has the same meaning as in s. 688.002. 120 Section 4. Section 559.973, Florida Statutes, is created to 121 read: 122 559.973 Requirements.-123 (1) For motorized wheelchairs and parts for motorized 124 wheelchairs that are sold or used in this state, an original 125 equipment manufacturer must make available to any independent 126 repair provider and owner by, on behalf of, or sold by such 127 original equipment manufacturer, on fair and reasonable terms, 128 any documentation, parts, and tools required for the diagnosis, 129 maintenance, or repair of such a motorized wheelchair and parts 130 for the motorized wheelchair, inclusive of any updates to 131 information. The documentation, parts, and tools must be made 132 available either directly by the original equipment manufacturer 133 or via an authorized repair provider. 134 (2) For equipment that contains an electronic security lock 135 or other security-related function, the original equipment 136 manufacturer must make available to an owner and independent 137 repair provider, on fair and reasonable terms, any special 138 documentation, tools, and parts needed to access and reset the 139 lock or function when disabled in the course of diagnosis, 140 maintenance, or repair of the motorized wheelchair. The 141 documentation, tools, and parts may be made available through 142 appropriate secure release systems. 143 Section 5. Section 559.974, Florida Statutes, is created to 144 read: 145 559.974 Enforcement.-A violation of this part is punishable

Page 5 of 6

 ${\bf CODING:}$ Words ${\bf stricken}$ are deletions; words ${\bf \underline{underlined}}$ are additions.

Florida Senate - 2025 SB 412

	17-01067-25 2025412
146	under the Florida Deceptive and Unfair Trade Practices Act.
147	Section 6. Section 559.975, Florida Statutes, is created to
148	read:
149	559.975 Limitations.—
150	(1) This part does not require an original equipment
151	manufacturer to divulge a trade secret to an owner or
152	independent repair provider.
153	(2) This part does not alter the terms of an arrangement
154	between an authorized repair provider and an original equipment
155	manufacturer, including, but not limited to, the performance or
156	provision of warranty or recall repair work by an authorized
157	repair provider on behalf of an original equipment manufacturer
158	and pursuant to such arrangement. However, any provision in the
159	terms which waives, avoids, restricts, or limits the original
160	$\underline{\text{equipment manufacturer's obligations to comply with this part } \underline{\text{is}}$
161	void.
162	(3) An original equipment manufacturer or authorized repair
163	provider is not liable for any damage caused to a motorized
164	wheelchair by an independent repair provider or any injury to an
165	owner which occurs during the course of repair, diagnosis, or
166	<pre>maintenance.</pre>
167	Section 7. Section 559.976, Florida Statutes, is created to
168	read:
169	559.976 Applicability.—This part applies with respect to
170	motorized wheelchairs sold or in use on or after July 1, 2025.
171	Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

Page 6 of 6

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3/2/25

The Florida Senate

APPEARANCE RECORD

412

S Co	Meeting Date mmerce and To		both copies of this for ional staff conducting		ЭС
***************************************	Committee			Amendment Barcode (if a	pplicable)
Name	Laura-Lee Minu	utello		Phone	
Address	2473 Care Driv	e, Suite 200		Email LauraM@DisabilityRightsFlo	rida.org
	Tallahassee	FL	32308		
	City	State	Zip		
	Speaking: For	Against Information	OR W	Vaive Speaking:	
		PLEASE CHEC	K ONE OF THE	FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.		represent	gistered lobbyist, ting: Rights FL	I am not a lobbyist, but re something of value for my (travel, meals, lodging, etc sponsored by:	appearance

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (flsenate.gov)

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(03 03 25	APPEA	RANCE	RECORD	36 412	
COV	Meeting Date MCCC & 7		er both copies of this ssional staff conduct		Bill Number or Topic	
Name	Committee JJ HOWN (25		Phone 407	Amendment Barcode (if applicab)	le)
Addres		AC.		Email HOLM	ESA BROAD@YAHOO	.(OV/
	LONGWOOD City	FL 3	32750 Zip			
	Speaking: For	Against Information	on OR	Waive Speaking:	In Support Against	
		PLEASE CHE	CK ONE OF TH	E FOLLOWING:		
	m appearing without mpensation or sponsorship.	l am a represe	egistered lobbyist, nting:		I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appear (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:	rance

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

03/03/25 Meeting Date

The Florida Senate

APPEARANCE RECORD

SB412

Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of this form to	Bill Number or Topic
COMMERCE & TOURISM	Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	
Name ALISON HOLME	Phone H	Amendment Barcode (if applicable) $07-405-2210$
Address 1620 RIDGE AVE	Email HOL	MESABROADQ YAHOO. (OV
LONGWOOD FL City State	32750 Zip	
Speaking: For Against [Information OR Waive Speaking:	☐ In Support ☐ Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

APPEARANCE RECORD

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4 I	

Meeting Date			Deliver both copies of this form to		Bill Number or Topic
Commerce and Tourism		ism Senate	Senate professional staff conducting the meeting		
	Committee				Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name	Tom Griffin			Phone <u>56189</u>	917122
					100
Address	215 N Monroe	St		_{Email} tom@	thegriffingroup.com
	Street				
	Tallahassee	FI	32303		
	City	State	Zip	• 1	
	Speaking: For	Against Inform	mation OR Wa	nive Speaking:	In Support Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:				
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.		11-11	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:		I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance
		AA H	AA Homecare		(travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:
8					

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This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

3/3/25



Committee Agenda Request

10:	Committee on Commerce and Tourism
Subject	Committee Agenda Request
Date:	February 11, 2025
I respect placed o	fully request that Senate Bill #412 , relating to Repair of Motorized Wheelchairs, be n the:
[committee agenda at your earliest possible convenience.
	next committee agenda.

Senator Carlos Guillermo Smith Florida Senate, District 17

THE FLORIDA SENATE



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:

Appropriations Committee on Health and Human Services, Vice Chair Appropriations Committee on Higher Education Commerce and Tourism Education Pre-K - 12 Fiscal Policy Health Policy Transportation

JOINT COMMITTEE:

Joint Legislative Auditing Committee

SENATOR TRACIE DAVIS

Democratic Leader Pro Tempore 5th District

March 3, 2025

The Honorable Thomas J. "Tom" Leek Commerce and Tourism, Chair 310 Knott Building 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1100

Dear Chair Leek,

I respectfully request an excused absence from the March 3, 2025, Commerce and Tourism Committee meeting.

Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

Tracie Davis State Senator District 05