### SB 634 by Stargel; (Similar to H 0161) Responsibilities of Health Care Facilities

CS/SB 7000	6 by CA, EI	D (CO-INT	RODUCERS	<b>5) Legg</b> ; (Compai	re to CS/H 7017) Early Learning	
389596 A	S	RCS	AHS,	Grimsley	Delete L.1868 - 1894.	04/16 04:12 PM
219806 A	S	RCS	AHS,	Grimsley	Delete L.1908 - 1915.	04/16 04:12 PM
CS/SB 478	by <b>HP, Be</b>	an, Joyne	<b>r</b> ; (Similar to	CS/H 0545) Telel	health	

CS/SB	<b>478</b> by <b>H</b>	P, Be	an, Joyne	er; (Similar to CS/H 0545) Tele	ehealth	
620994	Α	S	RS	AHS, Bean	Delete L.63 - 75:	04/16 04:12 PM
596394	SA	SI	L RCS	AHS, Bean	Delete L.63 - 75:	04/16 04:12 PM
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CS/SB 790 by HP, Sobel; (Similar to H 0807) Hair Restoration or Transplant

SB 438 by Sobel (CO-INTRODUCERS) Garcia, Flores, Bullard, Smith; (Similar to H 0511) Palliative Care

#### The Florida Senate

### **COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA**

# APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE ON HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Senator Garcia, Chair Senator Smith, Vice Chair

MEETING DATE: Tuesday, April 14, 2015

**TIME:** 1:30 —3:30 p.m.

PLACE: James E. "Jim" King, Jr. Committee Room, 401 Senate Office Building

MEMBERS: Senator Garcia, Chair; Senator Smith, Vice Chair; Senators Abruzzo, Bean, Benacquisto, Grimsley,

Richter, and Sobel

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
1	SB 634 Stargel (Similar H 161, Compare CS/CS/S 614)	Responsibilities of Health Care Facilities; Repealing provisions relating to practice parameters for physicians performing Caesarean section deliveries in provider hospitals; requiring a hospital to notify certain obstetrical physicians within a specified timeframe before the hospital closes its obstetrical department or ceases to provide obstetrical services, etc.  HP 03/17/2015 Favorable AHS 04/14/2015 Favorable FP	Favorable Yeas 7 Nays 0
2	CS/SB 7006 Community Affairs / Education Pre-K - 12 (Compare CS/H 7017)	Early Learning; Including large family child care homes in local zoning regulation requirements; revising certain minimum standards for child care facilities; providing for the inspection of programs regulated by the department; providing exemptions from child care facility licensing standards; revising restrictions on residential property insurance coverage to include coverage for large family child care homes; authorizing a district school board or charter school governing board to adopt a policy to allow a child to be admitted to a public kindergarten if the child meets certain requirements, etc.  CA 02/17/2015 Fav/CS AHS 04/14/2015 Fav/CS AP	Fav/CS Yeas 7 Nays 0
3	CS/SB 478 Health Policy / Bean / Joyner (Similar CS/H 545)	Telehealth; Providing certain practice standards for telehealth providers; authorizing telehealth providers to use telehealth to prescribe controlled substances, with an exception; prohibiting the use of telehealth or specified computer-controlled devices to prescribe optical devices, etc.  HP 02/17/2015 Fav/CS AHS 04/14/2015 Fav/CS AP	Fav/CS Yeas 7 Nays 0

### **COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA**

Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services Tuesday, April 14, 2015, 1:30 —3:30 p.m.

BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
CS/SB 790 Health Policy / Sobel (Similar H 807)	Hair Restoration or Transplant; Authorizing the Board of Medicine, the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, and the Department of Health to deny a license to or to discipline a physician for improperly delegating certain tasks; authorizing a physician to delegate to a physician assistant and an advanced registered nurse practitioner certain tasks; requiring a physician to document the licensure, education, training, and experience of an individual when the physician delegates certain tasks, etc.  HP 04/07/2015 Fav/CS AHS 04/14/2015 Favorable FP	Favorable Yeas 7 Nays 0
SB 438 Sobel (Similar H 511)	Palliative Care; Requiring the Department of Health to establish a palliative care consumer and professional information and education program; requiring the department to publish certain educational information and referral materials about palliative care on the department website; requiring the department to consult with the Palliative Care and Quality of Life Interdisciplinary Task Force; creating the Palliative Care and Quality of Life Interdisciplinary Task Force within the Department of Health; specifying the purpose of the task force; requiring the task force to meet at least twice each year, etc.  HP 04/07/2015 Favorable AHS 04/14/2015 Favorable	Favorable Yeas 7 Nays 0
	CS/SB 790 Health Policy / Sobel (Similar H 807)  SB 438 Sobel	Hair Restoration or Transplant; Authorizing the Board of Medicine, the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, and the Department of Health to deny a license to or to discipline a physician for improperly delegating certain tasks; authorizing a physician to delegate to a physician assistant and an advanced registered nurse practitioner certain tasks; requiring a physician to document the licensure, education, training, and experience of an individual when the physician delegates certain tasks, etc.  HP 04/07/2015 Fav/CS AHS 04/14/2015 Favorable  FP  Palliative Care; Requiring the Department of Health to establish a palliative care consumer and professional information and education program; requiring the department to publish certain educational information and referral materials about palliative care on the department to consult with the Palliative Care and Quality of Life Interdisciplinary Task Force; creating the Palliative Care and Quality of Life Interdisciplinary Task Force within the Department of Health; specifying the purpose of the task force; requiring the task force to meet at least twice each year, etc.



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:

Higher Education, Chair Appropriations Subcommittee on Education Fiscal Policy Judiciary
Military and Veterans Affairs, Space, and Domestic

Regulated Industries

JOINT COMMITTEE: Joint Committee on Public Counsel Oversight

SENATOR KELLI STARGEL 15th District

March 18, 2015

The Honorable Rene Garcia Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services, Chair 310 Senate Office Building 404 S. Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399

Dear Chair Garcia:

I am respectfully requesting that SB 634, related to Responsibilities of Health Care Facilities, be placed on the committee agenda at your earliest convenience.

Thank you for your consideration and please do not hesitate to contact me should you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Kelli Stargel

State Senator, District 15

Cc: Scarlet Pigott/ Staff Director

Robin Auber/ AA

REPLY TO:

☐ 2033 East Edgewood Drive, Suite 1, Lakeland, Florida 33803

324 Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5015

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

### **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional S	taff conducting the meeting) SB634
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic REPONSIBILITIES OF HEALTH CARE PALLITIES	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name_STEPHEN R. WIND	
Job Title EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR	,
Address 2544 BARSTONE AND DR	Phone 878-7364
TAUAHASSEE FL 32301	Email
	peaking: X In Support Against r will read this information into the record.)
Representing FLOWIDA OSTEPATHIC INTO 1412 ASS	OCHATION!
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist register	ered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

### **APPEARANCE RECORD**

4/14/15 (Deliver BOTH	copies of this form to the Sena	tor or Senate Professional S	Staff conducting	the meeting) SB 634
Meeting Date				Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic			_	Amendment Barcode (if applicable
Name Jeff Sau	· · .		-	
Job Title			-	
Address 1430 Predmont	Dr, E		Phone_	OS0 221-6492
Street  Jalkhaled  City	Pt.	32308	Email_	IT WHO Medone, OVE
Speaking: For Against	State Information			In Support Against his information into the record.)
Representing Florida	Medical Asso	ciation		
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes No	Lobbyist regist	tered with	Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

# The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepared	d By: The Profe	essional Sta	aff of the Approp	riations Subcommit	tee on Health an	d Human Services	
BILL:	SB 634						
INTRODUCER:	Senator Stargel						
SUBJECT:	Responsibilities of Health Care Facilities						
DATE:	April 13, 2	015	REVISED:				
ANAL	YST	STAFF	DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION	
. Looke		Stoval	l	HP	Favorable		
2. Brown		Pigott		AHS	Favorable		
				FP			

### I. Summary:

SB 634 requires a hospital to notify obstetrical physicians at least 120 days before closing its obstetrical department or ceasing to provide obstetrical services.

The bill also repeals s. 383.336, F.S., which designates certain hospitals as "provider hospitals" and requires physicians in those hospitals to follow additional practice parameters when providing cesarean sections paid for by the state. Provider hospitals must also establish a peer review board to review all cesarean sections performed by the hospital and paid for by the state.

The bill has no fiscal impact on state government.

The effective date of the bill is July 1, 2015.

### **II.** Present Situation:

### **Obstetrical Departments in Hospitals**

Hospitals are required to report the services which will be provided by the hospital as a requirement of licensure, and these services are listed on the hospital's license. A hospital must notify the Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA) of any change of service that affects information on the hospital's license by submitting a revised licensure application between 60 and 120 days in advance of the change. The list of services is also used for the AHCA's inventory of hospital emergency services. According to the AHCA's website, there are currently 141 hospitals in Florida that offer emergency obstetrical services.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> AHCA, *Senate Bill 380 Analysis* (December 20, 2013) (on file with Senate Committee on Health Policy). See also ss. 408.806(2)(c) and 395.1041(2), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Report generated by floridahealthfinder.gov on March 12, 2015 (on file with the Senate Committee on Health Policy).

BILL: SB 634 Page 2

### **Provider Hospitals**

Currently, s. 383.336, F.S., defines the term "provider hospital" and creates certain requirements for such hospitals. A provider hospital is a hospital in which 30 or more births occur annually that are paid for partly or fully by state funds or federal funds administered by the state. Physicians in such hospitals are required to comply with additional practice parameters designed to reduce the number of unnecessary cesarean sections performed within the hospital. These parameters must be followed by physicians when performing cesarean sections partially or fully paid for by the state. The section also requires provider hospitals to establish a peer review board consisting of obstetric physicians and other persons with credentials to perform cesarean sections within the hospital. The board is required to review, on a monthly basis, all cesarean sections performed within the hospital that were partially or fully funded by the state.

These provisions are not currently implemented and Department of Health rules regarding provider hospitals were repealed by ch. 2012-31, ss. 9 and 10, L.O.F.

### Closure of an Obstetrical Department in Bartow, Florida

In June 2007, Bartow Regional Medical Center in Polk County announced to patients and physicians that it would close its obstetrics department at the end of July of the same year.<sup>5</sup> Although many obstetrical physicians could continue to see patients in their offices, they would no longer be able to deliver babies at the hospital.<sup>6</sup> Physicians and the local community protested the short timeframe for ceasing to offer obstetrical services. According to the Florida Medical Association and several physicians who worked at the hospital, the short notice "endangered pregnant women who [were] too close to delivery for obstetricians at other hospitals to want them as patients."<sup>7</sup>

### III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

**Section 1** repeals s. 383.336, F.S., relating to provider hospitals.

**Section 2** amends s. 395.1051, F.S., to require a hospital to give advance notice of at least 120 days to each obstetrical physician with clinical privileges at the hospital if the hospital intends to close its obstetrical department or cease providing obstetrical services.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Section 383.336 (1), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> These parameters are established by the Office of the State Surgeon General in consultation with the Board of Medicine and the Florida Obstetric and Gynecologic Society and are required to address, at a minimum, the feasibility of attempting a vaginal delivery, dystocia, fetal distress, and fetal malposition.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Jennifer Starling, *Community Unites Against OB Closure*, THE POLK DEMOCRAT, July 12, 2007, available at <a href="http://ufdc.ufl.edu/UF00028292/00258/1x?vo=12">http://ufdc.ufl.edu/UF00028292/00258/1x?vo=12</a>, (last visited Mar. 12, 2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Robin W. Adams, *Bartow Hospital Plan Criticized*, THE LEDGER, July 11, 2007, available at <a href="http://www.theledger.com/article/20070711/NEWS/707110433?p=1&tc=pg&tc=ar">http://www.theledger.com/article/20070711/NEWS/707110433?p=1&tc=pg&tc=ar</a>. (last visited Mar. 12, 2015). 

<sup>7</sup> Id.

BILL: SB 634 Page 3

Although specific penalties are not listed for violating the notification provisions, the AHCA has authority to fine a health care facility up to \$500 for a non-designated violation, including the violation of any provision of that health care facility's authorizing statute.

**Section 3** provides an effective date of July 1, 2015.

I۱	/	Con	Stitu	itions	al le	sues:
	<i>,</i> -	CULI	อแเน	ILIVIIC	มเอ	SUES.

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

### V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

SB 634 may have a positive fiscal impact for obstetrical physicians who receive the notice to allow them adequate time to ensure that they obtain privileges at another hospital. Advance notice will also allow the patient to adequately plan for delivery at another location. The bill may have a negative fiscal impact on hospitals that fail to comply due to potential administrative fines.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

### VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> A non-designated violation is any violation that is not designated as class I-IV. See s. 408.813(3), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Section 408.813(3)(b), F.S.

BILL: SB 634 Page 4

### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 395.1051 of the Florida Statutes.

This bill repeals section 383.336 of the Florida Statutes.

### IX. Additional Information:

### A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

### B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2015 SB 634

By Senator Stargel

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15-00530-15 2015634

A bill to be entitled
An act relating to responsibilities of health care
facilities; repealing s. 383.336, F.S., relating to
practice parameters for physicians performing
Caesarean section deliveries in provider hospitals;
amending s. 395.1051, F.S.; requiring a hospital to
notify certain obstetrical physicians within a
specified timeframe before the hospital closes its
obstetrical department or ceases to provide
obstetrical services; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

Section 1. <u>Section 383.336</u>, <u>Florida Statutes</u>, <u>is repealed</u>. Section 2. Section 395.1051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

395.1051 Duty to notify patients  $\underline{\text{and physicians}}$ .-

- (1) An appropriately trained person designated by each licensed facility shall inform each patient, or an individual identified pursuant to s. 765.401(1), in person about adverse incidents that result in serious harm to the patient. Notification of outcomes of care that result in harm to the patient under this section does shall not constitute an acknowledgment or admission of liability and may not, nor can it be introduced as evidence.
- (2) A hospital shall notify each obstetrical physician who has privileges at the hospital at least 120 days before the hospital closes its obstetrical department or ceases to provide obstetrical services.

Page 1 of 2

 ${\tt CODING:}$  Words  ${\tt stricken}$  are deletions; words  ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$  are additions.

Florida Senate - 2015 SB 634

15-00530-15 2015634\_ Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

Page 2 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES:
Education Pre-K - 12, Chair
Ethics and Elections, Vice Chair
Appropriations Subcommittee on Education
Fiscal Policy
Government Oversight and Accountability
Higher Education

Legg.John.web@FLSenate.gov

SENATOR JOHN LEGG 17th District

March 5, 2015

The Honorable Rene Garcia
Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services Chair
201 The Capitol
404 South Monroe Street
Tallahassee, FL 32399

RE: CS/SB 7006 - Early Learning

Dear Chair Garcia:

CS/SB 7006 - Early Learning has been referred to your committee. I respectfully request that it be placed on the Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services Agenda, at your convenience. Your leadership and consideration are appreciated.

Sincerely,

John Legg

State Senator, District 17

cc: Scarlet Pigott, Staff Director

JL/jb

### APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable) Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Address State Information Waive Speaking: Aln Support Speaking: For Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing Appearing at request of Chair: Lobbyist registered with Legislature: No While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

### **APPEARANCE RECORD**

3-14-17 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)  Meeting Date    Bill Num	06
Tonia Health Stall Early Leavis	ber (if applicable)  ode (if applicable)
Job Title Director / Child Care Conter	
Address $\frac{1361 \text{ Catalina}}{\text{Street}}$ Phone $\frac{109-87}{200}$ Email $\frac{109-87}{200}$ Email $\frac{109-87}{200}$	1-2852 ves rand
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support (The Chair will read this information into	On.cast, no Against the record.)
Representing	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist registered with Legislature:	Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be hear	heard at this ard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

### **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Bill Number (if applicable) Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Job Title <u>V</u>₽ Address Phone State For Speaking: Information Against Waive Speaking: | | In Support (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing Appearing at request of Chair: Lobbyist registered with Legislature: While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. This form is part of the public record for this meeting. S-001 (10/14/14)

### **APPEARANCE RECORD**

2 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator of	or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
91,1113	7000
Meeting Pate	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Early Flaring	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Ellyn Blogdanoff	
Job Title Exec NIXI(fin)	
Address 908 S. Andrews Ave	Phone
Street C+ LAUD City State	$\frac{33319}{Zip}$ Email
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing HORIDA ASSN FOV	Child Care Hgt
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No

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### **APPEARANCE RECORD**

3/14/15 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Meeting Date	Staff conducting the meeting)  Bill Number (if applicable)
)	pili Number (ii applicable)
Topic _ Early Learinive	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Dr. Britany Birken	
Job Title CEO, Florica Children's Council	
Address White Address Street	Phone
$\frac{TaU}{City} \frac{FL}{State} \frac{5230}{Zip}$	Email
Speaking: For Against Information Waive S	Speaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
Representing Early Learning Consortium	Wn
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regis	tered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

### **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Address 7 State Speaking: Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Appearing at request of Chair: Lobbyist registered with Legislature:

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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### APPEARANCE RECORD

APPEARANCE RECOR (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional State)  Meeting Date	
Topic Education	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Jaleesa Howie Fears	,
Job Title Communications Coordinates	
Address 1819 Alexandra Drive	Phone
5 2771V	Email
Speaking: For Against Information Waive Speaking: (The Chair	eaking: In Support Against will read this information into the record.)
Representing DWal Carly Learning Di	vector Network
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist register	red with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

### **APPEARANCE RECORD**

4/14/15	this form to the Senator	or Senate Professional S	taff conducting the meeting) 7006
Meeting Date			Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Education			Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Lonna Hale			
Job Title Director Childcare	Center		
Address 14800 Easerton rd Street			Phone (904) 7/0 - 5983
<u>Jacksonille</u> City	Flc. State	32718 Zip	Email TLC-Director & Concast. net
Speaking: For Against Ir	nformation	Waive Sp (The Chai	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing DWAL EARL	4 Leamin	x Direction	Netwar
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes	s No	Lobbyist registe	ered with Legislature: Yes No
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S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

### **APPEARANCE RECORD**

4.14.15	(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Sena	ate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)	7006
Meeting Date	<del>-</del> -		Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Bau	cotion	Amend	lment Barcode (if applicable)
Name //RYUJA	LH10.	187	
Job Title DIRGO			
Address Street	ARlinston Rd	Phone <u>404</u>	613-7995
City	F/A 325	211 Email Hittle	Octhoathdic, co
Speaking: For	Against Information	Zip  Waive Speaking: \( \sum \) In Sup  (The Chair will read this information)	oport Against ation into the record.)
Representing	DUAL EAVLY LEARNING DI	rectos	
Appearing at request	<b>"</b>	byist registered with Legislati	ure: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition meeting. Those who do sp	on to encourage public testimony, time may beak may be asked to limit their remarks so	not permit all persons wishing to sp that as many persons as possible o	peak to be heard at this can be heard.
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### **APPEARANCE RECORD**

H-14-15 (Deliver BOTH copie	es of this form to the Se	nator or Senate Professional	Staff conducting the meeting)	70010
Meeting Date				Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic			Amend	ment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Hope Henry	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	11 <del>2</del> 47 W	_	
Job Title Diection			_	
Address Street	p Dr.		_ Phone <u>(904) 7</u>	28-3032
Jacksonville city	FL State	30225 Zip	_ Email_hnhhei	my@ Blomcast, res
Speaking: For Against	Information	Waive S (The Ch	Speaking: ( In Supair will read this information	oport Against
Representing WH EAV	4 CLAMM	1	·	
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes No	o Lobbyist regis	stered with Legislatu	ıre: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage meeting. Those who do speak may be ask	public testimony, sed to limit their rei	time may not permit a marks so that as man	all persons wishing to sp y persons as possible o	eak to be heard at this an be heard.
This form is part of the public record fo	r this meeting.			S-001 (10/14/14)

### **APPEARANCE RECORD**

4/14/15 (De	liver BOTH copies of this fo	rm to the Senator or Se	enate Professional Sta	aff conducting the meeting)	7006
Meeting Date					Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Health +	Safety			Amendr	nent Barcode (if applicable)
Name Cathy Pa	rKer	12			
Job Title Director ?	Provider Sen	rvices EL(	Cof Duva		
Address 280/ Cy	press Plaza	Or.		Phone 904-2	108-2040Ex201
Street Jackson u City		Pl 3	2256 Zip	Email Cparkero	Pelchuvalorg
Speaking: For A	gainst Inforn	nation		eaking: In Sup	
Representing <u>each</u>	ly leaning	Communit	jut Duval	Entries .	
Appearing at request of C	Chair: Yes	No Lo	obbyist registe	red with Legislatu	re: Yes No
While it is a Senate trad <b>itio</b> n to meeting. Those who do <b>spe</b> ak	o encourage public te may be asked to lim	estimony, time ma it their remarks s	ny not permit all p o that as many p	persons wishing to spe persons as possible ca	eak to be heard at this an be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

### **APPEARANCE RECORD**

4/14/15 (Deliver BOTH of	copies of this form to the Senat	or or Senate Professional S	taff conducting the meeting) 700 6
Meeting Date			Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Health & Safe	ety Early	Learning	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Barbara L	Inh		
Job Title Preshor Dir	ector		
Address 1621 Bentin	n Dr.S.		Phone 904-307-0344
Jax. Paach	F-C State	32250 Zip	Email burbara elynnegmail.
Speaking: For Against	Information	Waive Sr	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing Duval Ea	rly learnin	rg Direc	tors Network
Appearing at request of Chair:	, , ,	U	ered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encoura	ge public testimony, tin	ne may not permit all	persons wishing to speak to be heard at this

meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

# The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepare	d By: The Prof	fessional Staff of the Approp	riations Subcommi	ttee on Health and Human Services
BILL:	PCS/SB 70	006 (462756)		
INTRODUCER:	11 1	tions Subcommittee on Fe; and Education Pre-K -		n Services; Community Affairs
SUBJECT:	Early Lear	rning		
DATE:	April 16, 2	REVISED:		
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
Scott		Klebacha		<b>ED Submitted as Committee Bill</b>
. Stearns		Yeatman	CA	Fav/CS
2. Brown		Pigott	AHS	Recommend: Fav/CS
3.			AP	

### Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

**COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes** 

### I. Summary:

PCS/SB 7006 increases the health and safety standards and personnel requirements for Voluntary Prekindergarten Programs Education (VPK) programs and School Readiness programs. The bill:

- Requires licensure or, if the provider is a license-exempt faith-based provider or nonpublic school, a certificate of substantial compliance with specified child care licensing standards and submission to inspections by the Department of Children and Families (DCF);
- Requires providers of child care and VPK instructional services to notify parents of disciplinary action and conspicuously post Class I violation citations and inspection reports that result in disciplinary action, on the premises;
- Denies initial eligibility for programs to certain providers that had a Class I violation within the preceding 12 months prior to seeking eligibility and, if cited for a Class I violation, prevents an existing provider from renewing its eligibility for 12 months;
- Requires certain personnel to be at least 18 years of age and hold a high school diploma by January 1, 2017;
- Provides requirements for certain employees to be trained in first aid and cardiopulmonary resuscitation;
- Requires personnel to be trained in developmentally appropriate practices aligned to the age and needs of children served by the personnel;
- Requires the Office of Early Learning (OEL) to develop online training regarding School Readiness performance standards and requires provider personnel to complete the training;

- Requires OEL to conduct a pilot project assessing the early literacy skills of VPK participants who are English language learners;
- Provides that failure to report child abuse is a disqualifying offense for child care employment;
- Prohibits an operator of a program, who has been disciplined for serious licensing violations, from transferring ownership of a program to relatives;
- Authorizes Early Learning Coalitions (ELCs) to allow private providers to accept applications and determine child eligibility for the VPK program;
- Expands the DCF's authority to conduct abbreviated inspections to include family day care homes and large family child care homes; and
- Requires the Division of Law Revision and Information to change the terms "family day care" to "family child care" and "family day care home" to "family child care home."

The bill has a significant negative fiscal impact on the DCF. According to the DCF, the bill creates the need in Fiscal Year 2015-2016 for \$1,252,441 and 18 full-time equivalent positions in order for the DCF to perform its required duties.

The effective date of the bill is July 1, 2015.

### **II.** Present Situation:

### The Office of Early Learning

The Office of Early Learning (OEL), which is within the Office of Independent Education and Parental Choice, and which is accountable to the Commissioner of Education, administers the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program (VPK) and the School Readiness program at the state level. The Florida Department of Children and Families (DCF) regulates child care providers who offer early learning because the DCF is the agency responsible for the state's child care provider licensing.

### Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program

The VPK program is available to each child residing in the state who is four years old on or before September 1 of the school year, and VPK remains available to the child until the child is eligible for admission to public school kindergarten or is admitted to kindergarten, whichever occurs sooner.<sup>3</sup> Parents may choose either a school-year or summer VPK program offered by a public school or private prekindergarten provider, or a specialized instructional services program for a child with disabilities who is eligible for such a program.<sup>4</sup> A parent enrolling a child in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 1001.213, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See ss. 402.301-402.319, F.S.; Parts V and VI, ch. 1002, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Section 1002.53, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Section 1002.53(3), F.S. To be eligible for a specialized instructional services program, a child must be evaluated and determined to be eligible, have a current individual educational plan developed by the local school board, and be eligible under s. 1002.66, F.S., for the program. Section 1002.53(3)(d), F.S.

VPK must complete and submit an application to the early learning coalition (ELC),<sup>5</sup> not the individual program provider, which oversees the program.<sup>6</sup>

VPK may be offered by either a private prekindergarten provider or a public school. Local oversight of individual VPK providers is split with ELCs, which provide administration over programs delivered by private prekindergarten providers, and school districts, which administer public school VPK. Each district school board determines which district schools will offer the school-year and summer VPK programs, and such schools must register with the ELC. 8

A private prekindergarten VPK provider must register with the ELC and be a:

- Licensed child care facility;
- Licensed family day care home (FDCH);
- Licensed large family child care home (LFCCH);
- Nonpublic school; or
- License-exempt faith-based child care provider.<sup>9</sup>

### In addition, a private prekindergarten provider must:

- Be accredited by an accrediting association that is a member of either the National Council for Private School Accreditation or the Florida Association of Academic Nonpublic Schools, or be accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, the Western Association of Colleges and Schools, the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, the Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools, or the New England Association of Colleges and Schools; and have written accreditation standards that meet the state's licensing requirements and require at least one on-site visit before accreditation is granted; 10
- Hold a current Gold Seal Quality Care designation;<sup>11</sup> or
- Be licensed and demonstrate that the ELC has verified that the provider meets the VPK program's statutory requirements.<sup>12</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> An "early learning coalition" or "coalition" is described in s. 1002.83, F.S. Section 1002.51(4), F.S. Throughout the 67 counties, there are to be 31 or fewer early learning coalitions to provide access to enhancement services at the local level. Each coalition must consist of 15-30 members and have members who meet specific requirements described in statute. *See* s. 1002.83, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Section 1002.53(4), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> See ss. 1002.53(6), 1002.55(1), 1002.61(1), and 1002.63(1), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Sections 1002.61(3)(a) and (8); 1002.63(3) and (8), F.S. Each school district is able to limit the number of students enrolled in the school-year program at a public school, however, the school district must admit every eligible child, enrolled by a parent, within the district for the summer prekindergarten program. Section 1002.53(6)(b).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Section 1002.55(3)(a) and (h), F.S.; *see also* s. 402.305, F.S. (regarding licensing standards for child care facilities); s. 402.3025, F.S. (regarding public and nonpublic schools); s. 402.313, F.S. (providing for family day care home licensing and requirements); s. 402.3131, F.S. (regarding licensure of large family child care homes); s. 402.316, F.S. (providing a licensure exemption for faith-based providers).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Section 1002.55(3)(b)1., F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Section 1005(3)(b)2., F.S.; see s. 402.281, F.S.; rule 65C-22.009, F.A.C.; see also Florida Department of Children and Family Services, Gold Seal Accreditation Process for Child Care Providers, <a href="http://myflfamilies.com/service-programs/child-care/goldseal-acredprocess">http://myflfamilies.com/service-programs/child-care/goldseal-acredprocess</a> (last visited Jan. 15, 2015). DCF issues the Gold Seal Quality Care designation to child care facilities, LFCCHs, and FDCHs that are accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting association with standards that meet or exceed DCF-adopted standards. DCF's standards are based upon those of the National Association for the Education of Young Children, National Association of Family Child Care, and National Early Childhood Program Accreditation Commission. Section 402.281(1)-(3), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Section 1002.55(3)(b)3., F.S.

#### School Readiness Program

The School Readiness program provides subsidized child care services and early childhood education for children of low-income families, children in protective services who are at risk of abuse, neglect, or abandonment, and children with disabilities. <sup>13</sup> The School Readiness program is a state/federal partnership between the OEL and the Office of Child Care of the United States Department of Health and Human Services. 14 The School Readiness program receives funding from various state and federal sources, including the federal Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) block grant, the federal Temporary Assistance for Needy Families block grant, and general revenue and other state funds. 15 The program is administered by ELCs. 16

To deliver the School Readiness program, a provider must be:

- A licensed child care facility;
- A licensed or registered family day care home (FDCH);
- A licensed large family child care home (LFCCH);
- A public school or nonpublic school;
- A license-exempt, faith-based child care provider;
- A before-school or after-school program; or
- An informal child care provider authorized in the state's CCDF plan. 17

The present situation for the relevant provisions of the bill is discussed in the "Effect of Proposed Changes" section of this bill analysis.

#### III. **Effect of Proposed Changes:**

The bill increases the health and safety standards and personnel requirements for Voluntary Prekindergarten Programs Education (VPK) programs and School Readiness programs.

#### **Requirements of the Office of Early Learning**

### Powers and Duties of the Office of Early Learning

Present Situation: The Office of Early Learning (OEL) is required to: independently exercise powers, duties, and functions prescribed by law; adopt rules for the establishment and operation of VPK and School Readiness programs; administer the VPK and School Readiness programs,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Section 1002.87, F.S.; see s. 1002.81(1), F.S. (defining what it means to be an "at-risk child").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> 42 U.S.C ss. 618, 9858-9858q; 45 C.F.R. ss. 98, 99; Part VI, ch. 1002, F.S.; U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Child Care Fact Sheet, available at http://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/assets/FS\_OCC\_0.pdf. <sup>15</sup> Specific Appropriations 78A and 79, s. 2, ch. 2013-40, L.O.F.; see also U.S. Department of Health and Human Services,

Office of Child Care Fact Sheet, available at http://www.acf.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/assets/FS OCC 0.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Sections 1002.83-1002.85, F.S. There are currently 31 ELCs, which is the maximum permitted by law. Section 1002.83(1), F.S.; see Florida's Office of Early Learning, Early Learning Coalition Directory (Jan. 7, 2015), available at http://www.floridaearlylearning.com/sites/www/Uploads/files/Parents/CoalitionDirectory.pdf.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Section 1002.88(1)(a), F.S. Generally speaking, informal child care is care provided by a relative. See Florida's Office of Early Learning, Child Care and Development Fund (CCDF) Plan for Florida FFY 2014-15, at 71 (Oct. 1, 2013), available at http://www.floridaearlylearning.com/sites/www/Uploads/files/Oel%20Resources/2014-2015 CCDF Plan %20Optimized.pdf.

and the operational requirements of the child care resource and referral network, at the state level; and minimize administrative staff to those needed to administer the duties of the office.<sup>18</sup>

Effect of the Bill: The bill adds additional requirements to the duties of the OEL. The additional duties are to: hire a general counsel who reports directly to the executive director of the office; hire an inspector general who reports directly to the executive director of the office and to the Chief Inspector General; and by July 1, 2017, develop and implement best practices for providing parental notification in the parent's native language to a parent whose native language is not English. The bill also requires the OEL to conduct a two-year pilot project studying the impact of assessing the early literacy skills of VPK participants who are English language learners, in both English and Spanish, and report its findings to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by July 1, 2016, and July 1, 2017.

### The Standardized Voluntary Prekindergarten Contract

<u>Present Situation</u>: Through adopted rules, the OEL is required to have a standard, statewide provider contract for VPK that includes provisions on: provider probation, termination for cause and emergency termination; due-process procedures; and provide that during the pendency of an appeal, a provider may not continue to offer services.<sup>19</sup>

<u>Effect of the Bill</u>: The bill, in addition to current-law requirements, requires the standard statewide contract to:

- Mandate that each private VPK provider and each School Readiness provider must conspicuously post each citation for a Class I violation in an area visible to parents. The posting must use simple language to describe each violation with specificity and include a copy of the citation, as well as contact information for the Department of Children and Families (DCF) or the local licensing agency. Such posting must occur within 24 hours of receipt of the Class I violation citation. Additionally, the provider must post each inspection report on the premises until the next report is available; and
- Specify that child care personnel employed by the provider who are responsible for supervising children in care must be trained in appropriate practices, through DCF courses, aligned to the age and needs of children the employee oversees within 30 days of being assigned to children for which the personnel has not previously completed the training.

Additionally, the bill creates a new requirement for the OEL to develop and implement an online training course on the performance standards for School Readiness program provider personnel, and the bill requires personnel to complete the on-line training course.

#### Provider, Instructor, and Child Care Personnel Qualifications

### **Background Screening**

<u>Present Situation</u>: Personnel at child care facilities must meet a minimum standard of having good moral character as determined by the requirement of level 2 employment screening under ch. 435, F.S.<sup>20</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Section 1001.213, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Section 1002.75, F.S. (regarding VPK programs); s. 1002.82(2)(m), F.S. (regarding School Readiness Programs).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Section 402.305(2), F.S.

Effect of the Bill: The bill adds that in addition to the list of offenses in s. 435.04, F.S., pertaining to level 2 screening, child care personnel undergoing background screening may not have an arrest awaiting final disposition and may not have been found guilty of, or entered a plea of nolo contendre or guilty to, and may not have been adjudicated delinquent and have a record that has been sealed or expunged, for an offense specified in s. 39.205, F.S., which relates to penalties associated with the absence of reporting of child abuse, abandonment, or neglect.

The bill applies the background screening requirement and language of s. 402.305(2)(a), F.S., as amended by the bill and described above, to each VPK instructor employed by a private VPK provider delivering a summer VPK program. As noted above, the bill amends the statute to add more prohibited offenses that are not included in current law, and current law does not address those offenses because the statute specifically refers to s. 435.04, F.S., without referencing s. 39.205, F.S.<sup>21</sup>

The bill also adds the requirement that before employing child care personnel, an employer must conduct employment history checks and document the findings.

#### **Instructor Credentials**

<u>Present Situation</u>: A private VPK instructor must hold a child development associate credential issued by the National Credentialing Program of the Council for Professional Recognition or a credential deemed equivalent by the DCF.<sup>22</sup> Currently, s. 1002.55, F.S., does not explicitly delineate requirements for VPK instructors relating to first aid and infant and child cardiopulmonary resuscitation, nor does the statute address a minimum age or high school diploma requirement for employment.

Effect of the Bill: The bill retains the current-law options that satisfy the minimum credential requirement and provides new credentials that would also satisfy the requirement. The additional credentials added to the list include associate and baccalaureate degrees in child-oriented focus areas and associate and baccalaureate degrees in unrelated areas with additional hours of experience in teaching or child care services.

The bill requires at least 50 percent of a private VPK provider's instructors at each location and at least 50 percent of child care personnel at each School Readiness provider location to be trained in first aid and child cardiopulmonary resuscitation, demonstrated by documentation of course completion, unless the instructor or personnel are not responsible for supervising children in care, by January 1, 2016. Additionally, instructors and personnel hired on or after January 1, 2016, must complete the training within 60 days of employment.

The bill also adds that, as of January 1, 2017, private VPK providers must employ child care personnel who have a high school diploma or its equivalent and are at least 18 years old, unless the personnel are not responsible for supervising children in care or are under direct supervision.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> See s. 1002.61(5), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Section 1002.55(3)(c), F.S.

### Transfer of Ownership

<u>Present Situation</u>: One week before the transfer of ownership of a child care facility, the transferor must notify the parent or caretaker of each child of the transfer. The DCF must establish rules relating to the methods by which such notice will occur and the minimum standards for implementing the notification and transfer.<sup>23</sup>

Effect of the Bill: The bill prohibits the transfer of a child care facility or a large family child care home to a relative of the operator if the license of the operator has been suspended or revoked by the DCF, the operator received notice from the DCF that reasonable cause existed to suspend or revoke the operator's license, or the operator has been placed on the United States Department of Agriculture National Disqualified List. The bill provides a definition of "relative," which includes immediate family members, grandparents, uncles, aunts, nephews, nieces, fathers-in-law, mothers-in-law, step-parents, step-siblings, and half-siblings.

# Course Requirements for Operators and Substitute Operators of Family Day Care Homes and Large Family Child Care Homes

<u>Present Situation</u>: Operators of family day care homes must complete an approved 30-clock-hour introductory course in child care and demonstrate successful completion through passage of a competency examination before caring for children.<sup>24</sup>

Operators of large family child care homes must complete an approved 40-clock-hour introductory course in group child care and demonstrate successful completion through passage of a competency examination.<sup>25</sup>

<u>Effect of the Bill</u>: The bill adds that *substitute* operators must also meet the 30-clock-hour requirement that is currently in law for operators. Additionally, the bill states specific topics that must be included in the course, which are:

- State and local rules and regulations governing child care;
- Health, safety, and nutrition;
- Identifying and reporting child abuse and neglect;
- Child development;
- Observation of developmental behaviors; and
- Specialized areas including numeracy, early literacy, and language development of children from birth to five years of age.

The bill adds requirements to the 40-clock-hour introductory course that an operator of a large family child care home must complete. In addition to the existing requirement that the course focus on group child care, the course must include numeracy, early literacy, and language development of children from birth to five years of age.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Section 402.305(18), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Section 402.313(4), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Section 402.3131(3), F.S.

#### **Health and Safety**

### Inspection and Substantial Compliance with Licensing Standards

<u>Present Situation</u>: Licensing requirements, except for the requirements regarding screening of child care personnel, do not currently apply to a faith-based facility or educational programs accredited by (or by a member of) an organization that publishes and requires compliance with its standards for health, safety, and sanitation.<sup>26</sup> Nonpublic schools which are not licensed under ss. 402.301-402.319, F.S., are required to substantially comply with the minimum child care standards adopted pursuant to ss. 402.305-402.3057, F.S.<sup>27</sup>

Effect of the Bill: The bill requires child care facilities that are exempt from licensure requirements pursuant to s. 402.316, F.S., and which operate or apply to operate as a VPK or School Readiness provider, to substantially comply with the adopted minimum standards for child care facilities pursuant to ss. 402.305-402.3057, F.S., and obtain a certificate of substantial compliance from the DCF. Nonpublic schools which are not licensed are also required to obtain a certificate of substantial compliance. Such facilities must allow the DCF or the local licensing agency to monitor and enforce compliance. The bill adds that the DCF must establish a fee for inspection and compliance activities in an amount sufficient to cover costs, but the amount may not exceed the fee established for child care licensure under s. 402.315, F.S. The bill also provides penalties for the misrepresentation and misuse of certain information. The effect of this provision is that all providers will either be licensed or must be substantially compliant with existing licensing standards.

<u>Present Situation</u>: A licensed child care facility must allow the DCF to inspect facilities and personnel at reasonable times during regular business hours to ensure statutory compliance. An application for a license or the advertisement to the public for the provision of child care allows the DCF to enter or inspect a facility seeking licensure or renewal of licensure.<sup>28</sup>

DCF and local governmental agencies that license child care facilities must develop a plan to eliminate duplicative and unnecessary inspections of child care facilities and conduct abbreviated inspections for child care facilities that have no Class I or Class II deficiencies.

Effect of the Bill: The bill provides that the DCF's authority to inspect a licensed child care facility is expanded to include inspection of a "program regulated by" the DCF. This includes a child care facility which is exempted from licensure under s. 402.316, F.S., and which is a VPK or School Readiness provider or which seeks to become a VPK or School Readiness provider. Additionally, the bill provides that an application for authorization to operate a child care program that must substantially comply with child care standards under ch. 402, F.S., or renewal of such a license or authorization, also constitutes permission for the DCF to enter and inspect the premises.

The bill adds licensed family day care homes and licensed large family child care homes without a Class I or Class II violation to the facilities eligible for abbreviated inspections by the DCF and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Section 402.316(1), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Section 402.3025(2)(d)1., F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Section 402.311, F.S.

the local licensing agency. The bill also requires the DCF to adopt rules establishing criteria and procedures for abbreviated inspections and inspection schedules for announced and unannounced inspections.

### Eligibility of a Private Provider to Deliver the Voluntary Prekindergarten Program

<u>Present Situation</u>: A private VPK provider must meet one of the following: be accredited by a particular accrediting body, <sup>29</sup> hold a Gold Seal Quality Care designation, or be licensed under particular statutes. <sup>30</sup> School Readiness facilities are also required to provide basic health and safety of its premises. <sup>31</sup>

<u>Effect of the Bill</u>: The bill adds an additional option for a private VPK provider's required status and states that the private VPK provider may be a child development center located on a military installation that is certified by the United States Department of Defense.

The bill also adds that each private VPK provider must provide basic health and safety on its premises and in its facilities. The bill provides standards that satisfy the requirement for specific VPK and School Readiness programs as follows:

- For a public school, compliance with s. 1003.22, F.S., (school-entry health examinations and immunizations) and s. 1013.12, F.S., (casualty, safety, sanitation, fire safety standards and inspection of property), is sufficient;
- For a nonpublic school, compliance with s. 402.3025(2)(d), F.S., (substantial compliance with statutory licensing standards) is sufficient;
- For a child care facility, a licensed family day care home, or a large family child care home, compliance with s. 402.305, F.S., (licensing standards), s. 402.313, F.S., (licensing of family day care homes requirements), or s. 402.3131, F.S., (licensing of large family child care homes requirements), is sufficient; and
- For a facility exempt from licensure, compliance with s. 402.316(4), F.S., (which is created by this bill) is sufficient.

In effect, this provision ensures that all providers are licensed or substantially compliant with existing statutory licensing standards.

### Display of License or Registration by Family Day Care Homes

<u>Present Situation</u>: A licensed or registered family day care home is not required to display its license or registration.<sup>32</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Section 1002.55(3)(b)1., F.S. A private VPK provider must be accredited by: "an accrediting association that is a member of the National Council for Private School Accreditation, or the Florida Association of Academic Nonpublic Schools, or be accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, or Western Association of Colleges and Schools, or North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, or Middle States Association of Colleges and Schools, or New England Association of Colleges and Schools; and have written accreditation standards that meet or exceed the state's licensing requirements under ss. 402.305, 402.313, or 402.3131, F.S., and require at least one onsite visit to the provider or school before accreditation is granted." *Id.* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Section 1002.55, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> Section 1002.88(1)(c), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> See s. 402.313, F.S.

<u>Effect of the Bill</u>: The bill requires each licensed or registered family day care home to conspicuously display its license or registration in the common area of the home.

The bill also creates specific requirements for the DCF to verify certain information upon receipt of registration from a family day care home. The DCF must verify that the home is in compliance with the background screening requirements and that the operator and the designated substitute have completed 30-clock-hour training courses (demonstrated through passage of a competency examination and required continuing education units or clock-hours).

### Rulemaking Authority

<u>Present Situation</u>: Rulemaking authority is not provided to the DCF with regard to defining and enforcing substantial compliance with minimum standards for child care facilities for programs operating under s. 1002.55, F.S., (private school-year VPK programs), s. 1002.61, F.S., (public school and private VPK summer programs), and s. 1002.88, F.S., (School Readiness programs).<sup>33</sup>

<u>Effect of the Bill</u>: The bill provides the DCF with rulemaking authority to define and enforce substantial compliance with the minimum standards for child care facilities operating programs under the aforementioned statutes.

### Eligibility to Deliver the Voluntary Prekindergarten Program

<u>Present Situation</u>: Denial of initial eligibility based upon a Class I violation within 12 months of seeking eligibility to deliver a VPK program and preventing renewal of such eligibility for a Class I violation, are not currently in law.

Effect of the Bill: The bill denies initial eligibility to a private provider seeking eligibility to deliver the VPK program if the provider has been cited for a Class I violation in the 12 months prior to seeking such eligibility. The bill also prevents an existing provider from renewing its eligibility for 12 months if cited for a Class I violation. This provision inhibits the growth of a provider's program if the provider has received a citation for the most severe grouping of violations within the past year.

### **Participant-Related Provisions**

### Voluntary Prekindergarten Eligibility and Enrollment

<u>Present Situation</u>: Each parent enrolling a child in the VPK program must complete and submit an application to the early learning coalition (ELC).<sup>34</sup>

Effect of the Bill: The bill allows application submission to a private VPK provider if the provider is authorized by the ELC to determine student eligibility for VPK enrollment, which is a new authority for private VPK providers. The bill also provides the actions a provider must take upon receipt of an application, requires retention of the original application and certified birth certificate of the child for five years, and provides that the ELC may audit applications in its

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> See s. 402.305, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Section 1002.53(4)(a), F.S.

service area to determine whether children enrolled and reported for funding by the provider have met the eligibility criteria. The bill provides a check on the newly authorized ability of some private VPK providers to accept applications and determine eligibility and enrollment.

### School Readiness Eligibility

<u>Present Situation</u>: For the purposes of establishing eligibility for the School Readiness program, the terms "at-risk child," "family income," and "working family" are defined in statute.<sup>35</sup>

<u>Effect of the Bill</u>: The bill amends the definition of an "at-risk child" to provide that a designated lead agency on the homeless assistance continuum of care established under ss. 420.622-420.624, F.S., must determine whether a child is in the custody of a parent who is considered homeless, as opposed to current law which requires the DCF to make the determination.

The bill adds to the list of types of income that are not included in the definition of "family income." The new language provides that the following types are not considered family income:

- Income earned by a teen parent residing in the same residence as a separate family unit; and
- Selected items from the state's Child Care and Development Fund Plan, including documented child support and alimony payments paid out of the home.

The bill expands the definition of a "working family" to include a single-parent family in which the parent with whom the child resides is exempt from work requirements due to age or disability and a two-parent family with whom the child resides in which both parents are exempt from work requirements due to age or disability.

#### **Provider-Related Provisions**

#### Reviser's Bill for the 2016 Regular Session

<u>Present Situation</u>: The terms "family day care" and "family day care home" are currently used in statute.

Effect of the Bill: The bill directs the Division of Law Revision and Information to prepare a reviser's bill for the 2016 regular session that will change the term "family day care" to "family child care," and the term "family day care home" to "family child care home" throughout the Florida Statutes.

#### Zoning, Utility Rates, and Residential Property Insurance Coverage

<u>Present Situation</u>: The operation of a residence as a family day care home is a valid residential use for local zoning regulation purposes.<sup>36</sup> Large family child care homes are not included in this provision.

<u>Effect of the Bill</u>: The bill provides that the operation of a residence as a family day care home or as a large family child care home is a valid residential use for local zoning regulation purposes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> Section 1002.81, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> Sections 125.0109 and 166.0445, F.S.

Additionally, the bill provides that, despite any other state or local law or ordinance, any licensed large family child care home may not be charged commercial utility rates and must be charged the rates accorded to a residential home.

<u>Present Situation</u>: Family day care homes may not have residential property insurance canceled, denied, or non-renewed solely because child care services are provided on the premises.<sup>37</sup>

Effect of the Bill: The bill adds large family child care homes to this provision, which currently only includes family day care homes.

### Applicability of Requirements to Nonpublic Schools

<u>Present Situation</u>: Requirements under s. 402.3025, F.S., apply to nonpublic programs for children at least three years of age, but under five years of age, that are not licensed under ss. 402.301-402.319, F.S.<sup>38</sup>

<u>Effect of the Bill:</u> The bill removes the specific age range in current law of three to five years of age and states that the provision is applicable to nonpublic schools delivering school-year and summer VPK programs and School Readiness programs.

### Voluntary Prekindergarten and School Readiness Funding and Attendance Reporting

<u>Present Situation</u>: Each parent enrolling a child in VPK must comply with the attendance policy of the private VPK provider or public school board. Each provider must supply a child's parent with a copy of the attendance policy.<sup>39</sup> For a School Readiness program, if a child is absent for five consecutive days without notification from the parent of such an absence, the provider is required to report the absence to the ELC.<sup>40</sup>

<u>Effect of the Bill</u>: The bill, in addition to the requirements that a parent comply with the VPK provider's attendance policy and that the provider give the policy to each child's parent, adds that each private VPK provider, public school, and School Readiness provider must supply each child's parent with information regarding child development, parent engagement expectations, a daily schedule, and procedures for contacting a parent if a child has been absent for two consecutive days without a known reason.

The bill amends the requirements of the attendance reporting requirement for the School Readiness program to add an additional responsibility of the provider to contact the parent of a child who has been absent for two consecutive days to determine the reason for the absence. This requirement is in addition to the provider being required to contact the ELC if a child is absent for five consecutive days.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> Section 627.70161, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> Section 402.3025(2)(c), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> Section 1002.71(6)(a), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> Section 1002.87(8), F.S.

## School Readiness Program Eligibility Requirements

<u>Present Situation</u>: The eligibility of each child for the School Readiness program must be determined annually, and a child who is no longer eligible may not continue to receive services.<sup>41</sup>

Effect of the Bill: The bill adds additional language stating that if a child is no longer eligible for the program, the ELC must immediately notify the child's parent and the provider that funding will end two weeks after the date on which the child's ineligibility was determined or when the current School Readiness authorization expires, whichever is sooner.

# School Readiness Investigations of Fraud or Overpayment

<u>Present Situation</u>: The ELC may not contract with a School Readiness or VPK provider who is on the United States Department of Agriculture National Disqualified List.<sup>42</sup>

Effect of the Bill: The bill adds that an ELC may not contract with an individual on the United States Department of Agriculture National Disqualified List.

#### **Effective Date**

The bill takes effect on July 1, 2015.

## IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

# V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

Section 12 of PCS/SB 7006 requires the Department of Children and Families (DCF) to establish a fee for inspection and compliance activities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> Section 1002.87(6), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> Section 1002.91(7), F.S.

# B. Private Sector Impact:

Some of the bill's provisions may have an indeterminate negative fiscal impact on the private sector. Those provisions relate to the following: certification requirements, training requirements, notification requirements, and a fee for inspection and compliance.

# C. Government Sector Impact:

According to the Department of Children and Families (DCF), the bill would require the department to monitor over 768 additional child care facilities to ensure substantial compliance with health and safety standards. For Fiscal Year 2015-2016, the DCF's Office of Child Care Regulation and Background Screening and the Office of the General Counsel would require \$1,252,441 and 18 full-time equivalent positions to perform these functions, according to the DCF.

The DCF expects to receive approximately \$52,093 in additional revenue for the Operations and Maintenance Trust Fund in Fiscal Year 2015-2016 under the bill, due to fees collected from approximately 244 currently exempt child care facilities and 336 non-public schools that would need to be inspected under the bill, in addition to licensure fees collected from 188 currently registered child care facilities that would need to become licensed under the bill.

## VI. Technical Deficiencies:

Under current law, s. 402.316(1), F.S., provides that certain child care facilities are exempt from the licensure and regulatory provisions of ss. 402.301-402.319, F.S., except for requirements regarding screening of child care personnel. However, the bill creates s. 402.316(4), F.S., to require that such an exempt facility that also operates as a VPK or School Readiness provider must substantially comply with minimum standards for child care facilities adopted pursuant to ss. 402.305-402.3057, F.S., while leaving in force the provision under s. 402.316(1), F.S., that such facilities are exempt from those same standards, except for the standards regarding screening of child care personnel.

## VII. Related Issues:

None.

## VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 125.0109, 166.0445, 402.302, 402.3025, 402.305, 402.311, 402.3115, 402.313, 402.3131, 402.316, 627.70161, 1001.213, 1002.53, 1002.55, 1002.59, 1002.61, 1002.63, 1002.71, 1002.75, 1002.77, 1002.81, 1002.82, 1002.84, 1002.87, 1002.88, 1002.89, 1002.91, 1002.94, and 1003.21.

This bill creates section 402.3085 of the Florida Statutes.

#### IX. Additional Information:

# A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

# Recommended CS by Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services on April 14, 2015:

The proposed committee substitute:

- Removes provisions allowing a district school board or charter school governing board to permit certain four-year-old children to attend public kindergarten under specified conditions; and
- Removes provisions for appropriations to be made to the Department of Children and Families for the purpose of implementing the bill.

# CS by Community Affairs on February 17, 2015:

Amends s. 1003.21(1)(a)2., F.S., to allow a district school board or charter school governing board to permit certain four-year-old children to attend public kindergarten. The board must adopt a policy that requires the child to pass:

- The kindergarten readiness assessment pursuant to s. 1002.69, F.S.; and
- A social assessment developed or selected by the school district or charter school.

## B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

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Delete lines 18	68 - 1894.	
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And the title is ame	anded as follows:	

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an early learning coalition; requiring the Office

and insert:

Delete lines 90 - 94

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By the Committees on Community Affairs; and Education Pre-K - 12; and Senator Legg

578-01654-15 20157006c1

A bill to be entitled An act relating to early learning; providing a directive to the Division of Law Revision and Information to change the term "family day care home" to "family child care home," and the term "family day care" to "family child care"; amending ss. 125.0109 and 166.0445, F.S.; including large family child care homes in local zoning regulation requirements; amending s. 402.302, F.S.; redefining the term "substantial compliance"; requiring the Department of Children and Families to adopt rules for compliance by certain programs regulated, but not licensed, by the department; amending s. 402.3025, F.S.; revising requirements for nonpublic schools delivering certain voluntary prekindergarten education programs and school readiness programs; amending s. 402.305, F.S.; revising certain minimum standards for child care facilities; prohibiting the transfer of ownership of such facilities to specified individuals; creating s. 402.3085, F.S.; requiring nonpublic schools or providers seeking to operate certain programs to annually obtain a certificate from the department or a local licensing agency; providing for issuance of the certificate upon examination of the applicant's premises and records; prohibiting a provider from participating in the programs without a certificate; authorizing local licensing agencies to apply their own minimum child care standards under certain circumstances; amending s. 402.311, F.S.; providing

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for the inspection of programs regulated by the department; amending s. 402.3115, F.S.; providing for abbreviated inspections of specified child care homes; requiring rulemaking; amending s. 402.313, F.S.; revising provisions for licensure, registration, and operation of family child care homes; amending s. 402.3131, F.S.; revising requirements for large family child care homes; amending s. 402.316, F.S.; providing exemptions from child care facility licensing standards; requiring a child care facility operating as a provider of certain voluntary prekindergarten education programs or child care programs to comply with minimum standards; providing penalties for failure to disclose or for use of certain information; requiring the department to establish a fee for inspection and compliance activities; amending s. 627.70161, F.S.; revising restrictions on residential property insurance coverage to include coverage for large family child care homes; amending s. 1001.213, F.S.; providing additional duties of the Office of Early Learning; amending s. 1002.53, F.S.; revising requirements for application and determination of eligibility to enroll in the Voluntary Prekindergarten (VPK) Education Program; amending s. 1002.55, F.S.; revising requirements for a school-year prekindergarten program delivered by a private prekindergarten provider, including requirements for providers, instructors, and child care personnel; providing requirements in the case of provider	1	578-01654-15 20157006c1
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requirements for application and determination of eligibility to enroll in the Voluntary Prekindergarten (VPK) Education Program; amending s. 1002.55, F.S.; revising requirements for a school-year prekindergarten program delivered by a private prekindergarten provider, including requirements for providers, instructors, and child care personnel;	49	F.S.; providing additional duties of the Office of
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(VPK) Education Program; amending s. 1002.55, F.S.; revising requirements for a school-year prekindergarten program delivered by a private prekindergarten provider, including requirements for providers, instructors, and child care personnel;	51	requirements for application and determination of
revising requirements for a school-year  prekindergarten program delivered by a private  prekindergarten provider, including requirements for  providers, instructors, and child care personnel;	52	eligibility to enroll in the Voluntary Prekindergarten
prekindergarten program delivered by a private prekindergarten provider, including requirements for providers, instructors, and child care personnel;	53	(VPK) Education Program; amending s. 1002.55, F.S.;
prekindergarten provider, including requirements for providers, instructors, and child care personnel;	54	revising requirements for a school-year
providers, instructors, and child care personnel;	55	prekindergarten program delivered by a private
	56	prekindergarten provider, including requirements for
providing requirements in the case of provider	57	providers, instructors, and child care personnel;
	58	providing requirements in the case of provider

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violations; amending s. 1002.59, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference to changes made by the act; amending ss. 1002.61 and 1002.63, F.S.; revising employment requirements and educational credentials of certain instructional personnel; amending s. 1002.71, F.S.; revising information that must be provided to parents; amending s. 1002.75, F.S.; revising provisions included in the standard statewide VPK program provider contract; amending s. 1002.77, F.S.; revising the purpose and meetings of the Florida Early Learning Advisory Council; amending s. 1002.81, F.S.; revising certain program definitions; amending s. 1002.82, F.S.; revising the powers and duties of the Office of Early Learning; revising provisions included in the standard statewide school readiness provider contract; amending s. 1002.84, F.S.; revising the powers and duties of early learning coalitions; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; amending s. 1002.87, F.S.; revising student eligibility and enrollment requirements for the school readiness program; amending s. 1002.88, F.S.; revising eligibility requirements for program providers that want to deliver the school readiness program; providing conditions for denial of initial eligibility; providing child care personnel requirements; amending s. 1002.89, F.S.; revising the use of funds for the school readiness program; amending s. 1002.91, F.S.; prohibiting an early learning coalition from contracting with specified

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88	persons; amending s. 1002.94, F.S.; revising
89	establishment of a community child care task force by
90	an early learning coalition; amending s. 1003.21,
91	F.S.; authorizing a district school board or charter
92	school governing board to adopt a policy to allow a
93	child to be admitted to a public kindergarten if the
94	child meets certain requirements; requiring the Office
95	of Early Learning to conduct a pilot project to study
96	the impact of assessing the early literacy skills of
97	certain VPK program participants; requiring the office
98	to report its findings to the Governor and Legislature
99	by specified dates; providing an appropriation;
100	providing an effective date.
101	
102	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
103	
104	Section 1. The Division of Law Revision and Information is
105	directed to prepare a reviser's bill for the 2016 Regular
106	Session of the Legislature to change the term "family day care
107	<pre>home" to "family child care home" and the term "family day care"</pre>
108	to "family child care" wherever the terms appear in the Florida
109	Statutes.
110	Section 2. Section 125.0109, Florida Statutes, is amended
111	to read:
112	125.0109 Family <u>child</u> day care homes <u>and large family child</u>
113	<pre>care homes; local zoning regulation.—The operation of a</pre>
114	residence as a family <u>child</u> <del>day</del> care home <u>or large family child</u>
115	care home, as defined in s. 402.302, licensed or registered

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pursuant to s. 402.313 or s. 402.3131, as applicable,

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constitutes, as defined by law, registered or licensed with the Department of Children and Families shall constitute a valid residential use for purposes of any local zoning regulations, and no such regulation may not shall require the owner or operator of such family child day care home or large family child care home to obtain any special exemption or use permit or waiver, or to pay any special fee in excess of \$50, to operate in an area zoned for residential use.

Section 3. Section 166.0445, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

166.0445 Family child day care homes and large family child care homes; local zoning regulation.—The operation of a residence as a family child day care home or large family child care home, as defined in s. 402.302, licensed or registered pursuant to s. 402.313 or s. 402.3131, as applicable, constitutes, as defined by law, registered or licensed with the Department of Children and Families shall constitute a valid residential use for purposes of any local zoning regulations, and no such regulations may not regulation shall require the owner or operator of such family child day care home or large family child care home to obtain any special exemption or use permit or waiver, or to pay any special fee in excess of \$50, to operate in an area zoned for residential use.

Section 4. Subsection (17) of section 402.302, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

402.302 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

(17) "Substantial compliance" means, for purposes of programs operating under s. 1002.55, s. 1002.61, or s. 1002.88, that level of adherence to adopted standards which is sufficient

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146	to safeguard the health, safety, and well-being of all children
147	under care. The standards must address the requirements of s.
148	402.305 and must be limited to supervision, transportation,
149	access, health-related requirements, food and nutrition,
150	personnel screening, records, and enforcement of these
151	standards. The standards must not limit or exclude the
152	curriculum provided by a faith-based provider or nonpublic
153	school. The department, in consultation with the Office of Early
154	Learning, must adopt rules to define and enforce substantial
155	compliance with minimum standards for child care facilities for
156	programs operating under s. 1002.55, s. 1002.61, or s. 1002.88
157	which are regulated, but not licensed, by the department
158	Substantial compliance is greater than minimal adherence but not
159	to the level of absolute adherence. Where a violation or
160	variation is identified as the type which impacts, or can be
161	reasonably expected within 90 days to impact, the health,
162	safety, or well-being of a child, there is no substantial
163	compliance.
164	Section 5. Paragraphs (d) and (e) of subsection (2) of
165	section 402.3025, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
166	402.3025 Public and nonpublic schools.—For the purposes of
167	ss. 402.301-402.319, the following shall apply:
168	(2) NONPUBLIC SCHOOLS.—
169	(d)1. Nonpublic schools delivering programs under s.
170	1002.55, s. 1002.61, or s. 1002.88 Programs for children who are
171	at least 3 years of age, but under 5 years of age, which are not
172	licensed under ss. 402.301-402.319 shall substantially comply
173	with the minimum child care standards adopted promulgated
174	pursuant to ss. 402.305-402.3057.

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- 2. The department or local licensing agency shall enforce compliance with such standards, where possible, to eliminate or minimize duplicative inspections or visits by staff enforcing the minimum child care standards and staff enforcing other standards under the jurisdiction of the department.
- 3. The department or local licensing agency may inspect programs operating under this paragraph and pursue administrative or judicial action under ss. 402.310-402.312 against nonpublic schools operating under this paragraph commence and maintain all proper and necessary actions and proceedings for any or all of the following purposes:
- $rac{a.}{c}$  to protect the health, sanitation, safety, and wellbeing of all children under care.
  - b. To enforce its rules and regulations.

- c. To use corrective action plans, whenever possible, to attain compliance prior to the use of more restrictive enforcement measures.
- d. To make application for injunction to the proper circuit court, and the judge of that court shall have jurisdiction upon hearing and for cause shown to grant a temporary or permanent injunction, or both, restraining any person from violating or continuing to violate any of the provisions of ss. 402.301-402.319. Any violation of this section or of the standards applied under ss. 402.305-402.3057 which threatens harm to any child in the school's programs for children who are at least 3 years of age, but are under 5 years of age, or repeated violations of this section or the standards under ss. 402.305-402.3057, shall be grounds to seek an injunction to close a program in a school.

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204 e. To impose an administrative fine, not to exceed \$100,
205 for each violation of the minimum child care standards

promulgated pursuant to ss. 402.305-402.3057.

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- 4. It is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, for any person willfully, knowingly, or intentionally to:
- a. Fail, by false statement, misrepresentation,
  impersonation, or other fraudulent means, to disclose in any
  required written documentation for exclusion from licensure
  pursuant to this section a material fact used in making a
  determination as to such exclusion; or
  - b. Use information from the criminal records obtained under s. 402.305 or s. 402.3055 for any purpose other than screening that person for employment as specified in those sections or release such information to any other person for any purpose other than screening for employment as specified in those sections.
  - 5. It is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, for any person willfully, knowingly, or intentionally to use information from the juvenile records of any person obtained under s. 402.305 or s. 402.3055 for any purpose other than screening for employment as specified in those sections or to release information from such records to any other person for any purpose other than screening for employment as specified in those sections.
  - 6. The inclusion of nonpublic schools within options
    available under ss. 1002.55, 1002.61, and 1002.88 does not
    expand the regulatory authority of the state, its officers, any

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local licensing agency, or any early learning coalition to impose any additional regulation of nonpublic schools beyond those reasonably necessary to enforce requirements expressly specified in this paragraph.

2.57

(c) The department and the nonpublic school accrediting agencies are encouraged to develop agreements to facilitate the enforcement of the minimum child care standards as they relate to the schools which the agencies accredit.

Section 6. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (2), paragraph (b) of subsection (9), and subsections (10) and (18) of section 402.305, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

402.305 Licensing standards; child care facilities.—

(2) PERSONNEL.—Minimum standards for child care personnel shall include minimum requirements as to:

(a) Good moral character based upon screening, according to the level 2 screening requirements of. This screening shall be conducted as provided in chapter 435, using the level 2 standards for screening set forth in that chapter. In addition to the offenses specified in s. 435.04, all child care personnel required to undergo background screening pursuant to this section may not have an arrest awaiting final disposition for, may not have been found guilty of, regardless of adjudication, or entered a plea of nolo contendere or guilty to, and may not have been adjudicated delinquent and have a record that has been sealed or expunged for an offense specified in s. 39.205. Before employing child care personnel subject to this section, the employer must conduct employment history checks of each of the personnel's previous employers and document the findings. If unable to contact a previous employer, the employer must

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262	document efforts to contact the previous employer.
263	(d) Minimum training requirements for child care personnel.
264	1. Such minimum standards for training shall ensure that
265	all child care personnel take an approved 40-clock-hour
266	introductory course in child care, which course covers at least
267	the following topic areas:
268	a. State and local rules and regulations which govern child
269	care.
270	b. Health, safety, and nutrition.
271	c. Identifying and reporting child abuse and neglect.
272	d. Child development, including typical and atypical
273	language, cognitive, motor, social, and self-help skills
274	development.
275	e. Observation of developmental behaviors, including using
276	a checklist or other similar observation tools and techniques to
277	determine the child's developmental age level.
278	f. Specialized areas, including computer technology for
279	professional and classroom use and $\underline{\text{numeracy,}}$ early literacy, and
280	language development of children from birth to 5 years of age,
281	as determined by the department, for owner-operators and child
282	care personnel of a child care facility.
283	g. Developmental disabilities, including autism spectrum
284	disorder and Down syndrome, and early identification, use of
285	available state and local resources, classroom integration, and
286	positive behavioral supports for children with developmental

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Within 90 days after employment, child care personnel shall begin training to meet the training requirements pursuant to

disabilities.

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this paragraph. Child care personnel shall successfully complete such training within 1 year after the date on which the training began, as evidenced by passage of a competency examination. Successful completion of the 40-clock-hour introductory course shall articulate into community college credit in early childhood education, pursuant to ss. 1007.24 and 1007.25. Exemption from all or a portion of the required training shall be granted to child care personnel based upon educational credentials or passage of competency examinations. Child care personnel possessing a 2-year degree or higher that includes 6 college credit hours in early childhood development or child growth and development, or a child development associate credential or an equivalent state-approved child development associate credential, or a child development associate waiver certificate shall be automatically exempted from the training requirements in sub-subparagraphs b., d., and e.

- 2. The introductory course in child care shall stress, to the extent possible, an interdisciplinary approach to the study of children.
- 3. The introductory course shall cover recognition and prevention of shaken baby syndrome; prevention of sudden infant death syndrome; recognition and care of infants and toddlers with developmental disabilities, including autism spectrum disorder and Down syndrome; and early childhood brain development within the topic areas identified in this paragraph.
- 4. On an annual basis in order to further their child care skills and, if appropriate, administrative skills, child care personnel who have fulfilled the requirements for the child care training shall be required to take an additional 1 continuing

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education unit of approved inservice training, or 10 clock hours of equivalent training, as determined by the department.

- 5. Child care personnel shall be required to complete 0.5 continuing education unit of approved training or 5 clock hours of equivalent training, as determined by the department, in <a href="numeracy">numeracy</a>, early literacy, and language development of children from birth to 5 years of age one time. The year that this training is completed, it shall fulfill the 0.5 continuing education unit or 5 clock hours of the annual training required in subparagraph 4.
- 6. Procedures for ensuring the training of qualified child care professionals to provide training of child care personnel, including onsite training, shall be included in the minimum standards. It is recommended that the state community child care coordination agencies (central agencies) be contracted by the department to coordinate such training when possible. Other district educational resources, such as community colleges and career programs, can be designated in such areas where central agencies may not exist or are determined not to have the capability to meet the coordination requirements set forth by the department.
- 7. Training requirements  $\underline{do}$  shall not apply to certain occasional or part-time support staff, including, but not limited to, swimming instructors, piano teachers, dance instructors, and gymnastics instructors.
- 8. The department shall evaluate or contract for an evaluation for the general purpose of determining the status of and means to improve staff training requirements and testing procedures. The evaluation shall be conducted every 2 years. The

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evaluation <u>must</u> <u>shall</u> include, but not be limited to, determining the availability, quality, scope, and sources of current staff training; determining the need for specialty training; and determining ways to increase inservice training and ways to increase the accessibility, quality, and cost-effectiveness of current and proposed staff training. The evaluation methodology <u>must</u> <u>shall</u> include a reliable and valid survey of child care personnel.

- 9. The child care operator shall be required to take basic training in serving children with disabilities within 5 years after employment, either as a part of the introductory training or the annual 8 hours of inservice training.
  - (9) ADMISSIONS AND RECORDKEEPING.-

- (b) During the months of August and September of each year, Each child care facility shall provide parents of children enrolling enrolled in the facility detailed information regarding the causes, symptoms, and transmission of the influenza virus in an effort to educate those parents regarding the importance of immunizing their children against influenza as recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
- (10) TRANSPORTATION SAFETY.—Minimum standards <u>must</u> <u>shall</u> include requirements for child restraints or seat belts in vehicles used by child care facilities, <u>and</u> large family child care homes, <u>and licensed family child care homes</u> to transport children, requirements for annual inspections of the vehicles, limitations on the number of children in the vehicles, and accountability for children being transported.
  - (18) TRANSFER OF OWNERSHIP.-

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378	(a) One week <u>before</u> <del>prior to</del> the transfer of ownership of a
379	child care facility <u>,</u> <del>or</del> family <u>child</u> <del>day</del> care home, <u>or large</u>
380	family child care home, the transferor shall notify the parent
381	or caretaker of each child of the impending transfer.
382	(b) The owner of a child care facility, family child care
383	home, or large family child care home may not transfer ownership
384	to a relative of the operator if the operator has had his or her
385	license suspended or revoked by the department pursuant to s.
386	402.310, has received notice from the department that reasonable
387	cause exists to suspend or revoke his or her license, or has
388	been placed on the United States Department of Agriculture
389	National Disqualified List. For purposes of this paragraph, the
390	term "relative" means father, mother, son, daughter,
391	grandfather, grandmother, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, cousin,
392	nephew, niece, husband, wife, father-in-law, mother-in-law, son-
393	in-law, daughter-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law,
394	stepfather, stepmother, stepson, stepdaughter, stepbrother,
395	stepsister, half brother, or half sister.
396	(c) (b) The department shall, by rule, establish methods by
397	which notice will be achieved and minimum standards by which to
398	implement this subsection.
399	Section 7. Section 402.3085, Florida Statutes, is created
400	to read:
401	402.3085 Certificate of substantial compliance with minimum
402	child care standards.—Each nonpublic school or provider seeking
403	to operate a program pursuant to s. 402.3025(2)(d) or s.
404	402.316(4), respectively, shall annually obtain a certificate
405	from the department or local licensing agency in the manner and
406	on the forms prescribed by the department or local licensing

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agency. An annual certificate or a renewal of an annual certificate shall be issued upon an examination of the applicant's premises and records to determine that the applicant is in substantial compliance with the minimum child care standards. A provider may not participate in these programs without this certification. Local licensing agencies may apply their own minimum child care standards if the department determines that such standards meet or exceed department standards as provided in s. 402.307.

Section 8. Section 402.311, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

402.311 Inspection.-A licensed child care facility or program regulated by the department shall accord to the department or the local licensing agency, whichever is applicable, the privilege of inspection, including access to facilities and personnel and to those records required in s. 402.305, at reasonable times during regular business hours, to ensure compliance with the provisions of ss. 402.301-402.319. The right of entry and inspection shall also extend to any premises which the department or local licensing agency has reason to believe are being operated or maintained as a child care facility or program without a license, but no such entry or inspection of any premises shall be made without the permission of the person in charge thereof unless a warrant is first obtained from the circuit court authorizing same. Any application for a license, application for authorization to operate a child care program which must maintain substantial compliance with child care standards adopted under this chapter, or renewal of such license or authorization, made pursuant to

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578-01654-15 20157006c1 436 this act or the advertisement to the public for the provision of 437 child care as defined in s. 402.302 constitutes shall constitute 438 permission for any entry to or inspection of the subject 439 premises for which the license is sought in order to facilitate verification of the information submitted on or in connection 440 441 with the application. In the event a <del>licensed</del> facility or 442 program refuses permission for entry or inspection to the 443 department or local licensing agency, a warrant shall be 444 obtained from the circuit court authorizing same before prior to 445 such entry or inspection. The department or local licensing 446 agency may institute disciplinary proceedings pursuant to s.  $402.310_{-}$  for such refusal. 447 448 Section 9. Section 402.3115, Florida Statutes, is amended 449 to read: 450 402.3115 Elimination of duplicative and unnecessary inspections; Abbreviated inspections. The Department of Children 451 452 and Families and local governmental agencies that license child 453 care facilities shall develop and implement a plan to climinate 454 duplicative and unnecessary inspections of child care 455 facilities. In addition, The department and the local licensing governmental agencies shall conduct develop and implement an 456 457 abbreviated inspections of inspection plan for child care 458 facilities licensed under s. 402.305, family child care homes 459 licensed under s. 402.313, and large family child care homes 460 licensed under s. 402.3131 that have had no Class I  $\pm$  or Class 461 II violations 2 deficiencies, as defined by rule, for at least 2 462 consecutive years. The abbreviated inspection must include those 463 elements identified by the department and the local licensing

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governmental agencies as being key indicators of whether the

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child care facility continues to provide quality care and

programming. The department shall adopt rules establishing

criteria and procedures for abbreviated inspections and

inspection schedules that provide for both announced and

unannounced inspections.

Section 10. Section 402.313, Florida Statutes, is amended to road:

402.313 Family child day care homes.-

- (1)  $\underline{\underline{A}}$  family  $\underline{\underline{child}}$  day care  $\underline{\underline{home}}$  must  $\underline{\underline{homes}}$  shall be licensed under this  $\underline{\underline{section}}$  act if  $\underline{\underline{it}}$  is  $\underline{\underline{they}}$  are presently being licensed under an existing county licensing ordinance, or  $\underline{\underline{if}}$  the board of county commissioners passes a resolution that requires licensure of family  $\underline{\underline{child}}$  day care homes, or the family  $\underline{\underline{child}}$  care home is operating a program under s. 1002.55, s.  $\underline{1002.61}$ , or s.  $\underline{1002.88}$  be licensed. Each licensed or registered family  $\underline{\underline{child}}$  care home must conspicuously display its license or registration in the common area of the home.
- (a) If not subject to license, <u>a</u> family <u>child</u> <u>day</u> care <u>home</u> <u>must comply with this section and homes shall</u> register annually with the department, providing the following information:
  - 1. The name and address of the home.
  - 2. The name of the operator.
  - 3. The number of children served.
- 4. Proof of a written plan to identify a provide at least one other competent adult who has met the screening and training requirements of the department to serve as a designated to be available to substitute for the operator in an emergency. This plan must shall include the name, address, and telephone number of the designated substitute who will serve in the absence of

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494	the operator.
495	5. Proof of screening and background checks.
496	6. Proof of successful completion of the 30-hour training
497	course, as evidenced by passage of a competency examination,
498	which shall include:
499	a. State and local rules and regulations that govern child
500	eare.
501	b. Health, safety, and nutrition.
502	c. Identifying and reporting child abuse and neglect.
503	d. Child development, including typical and atypical
504	language development; and cognitive, motor, social, and self-
505	help skills development.
506	e. Observation of developmental behaviors, including using
507	a checklist or other similar observation tools and techniques to
508	determine a child's developmental level.
509	f. Specialized areas, including early literacy and language
510	development of children from birth to 5 years of age, as
511	determined by the department, for owner-operators of family day
512	eare homes.
513	$\underline{5.7.}$ Proof that immunization records are kept current.
514	8. Proof of completion of the required continuing education
515	units or clock hours.
516	
517	Upon receipt of registration information submitted by a family
518	child care home pursuant to this paragraph, the department shall
519	verify that the home is in compliance with the background
520	screening requirements in subsection (3) and that the operator
521	and the designated substitute are in compliance with the
522	applicable training requirements of subsection (4).

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(b) A family <u>child</u> <u>day</u> care home may volunteer to be licensed <u>under this act</u>.

- (c) The department may provide technical assistance to counties and <u>operators of family child day care homes</u> home providers to enable counties and <u>operators family day care providers</u> to achieve compliance with family <u>child day care home homes</u> standards.
- (2) This information shall be included in a directory to be published annually by the department to inform the public of available child care facilities.
- (3) Child care personnel in family child day care homes are shall be subject to the applicable screening provisions contained in ss. 402.305(2) and 402.3055. For purposes of screening in family child day care homes, the term "child care personnel" includes the operator, the designated substitute, any member over the age of 12 years of a family child day care home operator's family, or persons over the age of 12 years residing with the operator in the family child day care home. Members of the operator's family, or persons residing with the operator, who are between the ages of 12 years and 18 years may shall not be required to be fingerprinted, but shall be screened for delinquency records.
- (4) (a) Before licensure and before caring for children, operators of family child day care homes and an individual serving as a designated substitute for the operator who works 40 hours or more per month on average must:
- 1. Successfully complete an approved 30-clock-hour introductory course in child care, as evidenced by passage of a competency examination, before earing for children. The course

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552	must include:
553	a. State and local rules and regulations that govern child
554	care.
555	b. Health, safety, and nutrition.
556	c. Identifying and reporting child abuse and neglect.
557	d. Child development, including typical and atypical
558	language development, and cognitive, motor, social, and
559	executive functioning skills development.
560	e. Observation of developmental behaviors, including using
561	checklists or other similar observation tools and techniques to
562	determine a child's developmental level.
563	f. Specialized areas, including numeracy, early literacy,
564	and language development of children from birth to 5 years of
565	age, as determined by the department, for operators of family
566	<pre>child care homes.</pre>
567	(5) In order to further develop their child care skills
568	and, if appropriate, their administrative skills, operators of
569	family day care homes shall be required to complete an
570	additional 1 continuing education unit of approved training or
571	10 clock hours of equivalent training, as determined by the
572	department, annually.
573	2.(6) Operators of family day care homes shall be required
574	$to$ Complete $\underline{a}$ 0.5 continuing education unit of approved training
575	in $\underline{\text{numeracy,}}$ early literacy, and language development of
576	children from birth to 5 years of age one time. For an operator,
577	the year that this training is completed, it shall fulfill the
578	0.5 continuing education unit or 5 clock hours of the annual
579	training required in paragraph (c) subsection (5).
580	3. Complete training in first aid and infant and child

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cardiopulmonary resuscitation as evidenced by current
documentation of course completion.

- (b) Before licensure and before caring for children, family child care home designated substitutes who work less than 40 hours per month on average must complete the department's 6-clock-hour Family Child Care Home Rules and Regulations training, as evidenced by successful completion of a competency examination and first aid and infant and child cardiopulmonary resuscitation training required under subparagraph (a)3. A designated substitute who has successfully completed the 3-clock-hour Fundamentals of Child Care training established by rules of the department or the 30-clock-hour training under subparagraph (a)1. is not required to complete the 6-clock-hour Family Child Care Home Rules and Regulations training.
- (c) Operators of family child care homes must annually complete an additional 1 continuing education unit of approved training regarding child care and administrative skills or 10 clock hours of equivalent training, as determined by the department.
- (5)(7) Operators of family child day care homes must shall be required annually to complete a health and safety home inspection self-evaluation checklist developed by the department in conjunction with the statewide resource and referral program. The completed checklist shall be signed by the operator of the family child day care home and provided to parents as certification that basic health and safety standards are being met.
- (6) (8) Operators of family child day care homes home operators may avail themselves of supportive services offered by

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610 the department.

62.3

- (7)(9) The department shall prepare a brochure on family child day care for distribution by the department and by local licensing agencies, if appropriate, to family child day care homes for distribution to parents using utilizing such child care, and to all interested persons, including physicians and other health professionals; mental health professionals; school teachers or other school personnel; social workers or other professional child care, foster care, residential, or institutional workers; and law enforcement officers. The brochure shall, at a minimum, contain the following information:
- (a) A brief description of the requirements for family <a href="https://day.com/day.co
- (b) A listing of those counties that require licensure of family child day care homes. Such counties shall provide an addendum to the brochure that provides a brief description of the licensure requirements or may provide a brochure in lieu of the one described in this subsection, provided it contains all the required information on licensure and the required information in the subsequent paragraphs.
- (c) A statement indicating that information about the family child day care home's compliance with applicable state or local requirements can be obtained from by telephoning the department office or the office of the local licensing agency, including the, if appropriate, at a telephone number or numbers and website address for the department or local licensing agency, as applicable which shall be affixed to the brochure.
  - (d) The statewide toll-free telephone number of the central

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abuse hotline, together with a notice that reports of suspected and actual child physical abuse, sexual abuse, and neglect are received and referred for investigation by the hotline.

- (e) Any other information relating to competent child care that the department or local licensing agency, if preparing a separate brochure, considers deems would be helpful to parents and other caretakers in their selection of a family child day care home.
- (8) (10) On an annual basis, the department shall evaluate the registration and licensure system for family <u>child</u> day care homes. Such evaluation shall, at a minimum, address the following:
- (a) The number of family <u>child</u> <u>day</u> care homes registered and licensed and the dates of such registration and licensure.
- (b) The number of children being served in both registered and licensed family  $\underline{\text{child}}$  day care homes and any available slots in such homes.
- (c) The number of complaints received concerning family  $\underline{\mathrm{child}}$   $\underline{\mathrm{day}}$  care, the nature of the complaints, and the resolution of such complaints.
- (d) The training activities  $\underline{used}$  utilized by child care personnel in family  $\underline{child}$  day care homes for meeting the state or local training requirements.

The evaluation, pursuant to this subsection, shall be <u>used</u> utilized by the department in any administrative modifications or adjustments to be made in the registration of family <u>child</u> day care homes or in any legislative requests for modifications to the system of registration or to other requirements for

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668 family child day care homes.

(11) In order to inform the public of the state requirement for registration of family day care homes as well as the other requirements for such homes to legally operate in the state, the department shall institute a media campaign to accomplish this end. Such a campaign shall include, at a minimum, flyers, newspaper advertisements, radio advertisements, and television advertisements.

 $\underline{(9)}$  (12) Notwithstanding any other state or local law or ordinance, any family  $\underline{\text{child}}$  day care home licensed pursuant to this chapter or pursuant to a county ordinance shall be charged the utility rates accorded to a residential home. A licensed family  $\underline{\text{child}}$  day care home may not be charged commercial utility rates.

(10)(13) The department shall, by rule, establish minimum standards for family child day care homes that are required to be licensed by county licensing ordinance or county licensing resolution or that voluntarily choose to be licensed. The standards should include requirements for staffing, training, maintenance of immunization records, minimum health and safety standards, reduced standards for the regulation of child care during evening hours by municipalities and counties, and enforcement of standards. Additionally, the department shall, by rule, adopt procedures for verifying a registered family child care home's compliance with background screening and training requirements.

(11)(14) During the months of August and September of each year, Each family child day care home shall provide parents of children enrolling enrolled in the home detailed information

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regarding the causes, symptoms, and transmission of the influenza virus in an effort to educate those parents regarding the importance of immunizing their children against influenza as recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

Section 11. Subsections (1), (3), (5), and (9) of section 402.3131, Florida Statutes, are amended, and subsection (10) is added to that section, to read:

402.3131 Large family child care homes.-

- (1)  $\underline{A}$  large family child care  $\underline{home}$  must  $\underline{homes}$  shall be licensed under this section  $\underline{and}$  conspicuously display its license in the common area of the home.
- (3) Operators of large family child care homes must successfully complete an approved 40-clock-hour introductory course in group child care, including numeracy, early literacy, and language development of children from birth to 5 years of age, as evidenced by passage of a competency examination. Successful completion of the 40-clock-hour introductory course shall articulate into community college credit in early childhood education, pursuant to ss. 1007.24 and 1007.25.
- (5) Operators of large family child care homes shall be required to complete 0.5 continuing education unit of approved training or 5 clock hours of equivalent training, as determined by the department, in <a href="mailto:numeracy">numeracy</a>, early literacy, and language development of children from birth to 5 years of age one time. The year that this training is completed, it shall fulfill the 0.5 continuing education unit or 5 clock hours of the annual training required in subsection (4).
  - (9) During the months of August and September of each year,

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726	Each large family child care home shall provide parents of
727	children enrolling enrolled in the home detailed information
728	regarding the causes, symptoms, and transmission of the
729	influenza virus in an effort to educate those parents regarding
730	the importance of immunizing their children against influenza as
731	recommended by the Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices
732	of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.
733	(10) Notwithstanding any other state or local law or
734	ordinance, a large family child care home licensed pursuant to
735	this chapter or pursuant to a county ordinance shall be charged
736	the utility rates accorded to a residential home. Such a home
737	may not be charged commercial utility rates.
738	Section 12. Subsections $(4)$ , $(5)$ , and $(6)$ are added to
739	section 402.316, Florida Statutes, to read:
740	402.316 Exemptions.—
741	(4) A child care facility operating under subsection (1)
742	which is applying to operate or is operating as a provider of a
743	<pre>program described in s. 1002.55, s. 1002.61, or s. 1002.88 must</pre>
744	substantially comply with the minimum standards for child care
745	facilities adopted pursuant to ss. 402.305-402.3057 and must
746	allow the department or local licensing agency access to monitor
747	and enforce compliance with such standards.
748	(a) The department or local licensing agency may pursue
749	administrative or judicial action under ss. 402.310-402.312 and
750	the rules adopted under those sections against any child care
751	facility operating under this subsection to enforce substantial
752	compliance with child care facility minimum standards or to
753	protect the health, safety, and well-being of any child in the
754	facility's care. A child care facility operating under this

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subsection is subject to ss. 402.310-402.312 and the rules adopted under those sections to the same extent as a child care facility licensed under ss. 402.301-402.319.

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- (b) It is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083, for a person willfully, knowingly, or intentionally to:
- 1. Fail, by false statement, misrepresentation, impersonation, or other fraudulent means, to disclose in any required written documentation for exclusion from licensure pursuant to this section a material fact used in making a determination as to such exclusion; or
- 2. Use information from the criminal records obtained under s. 402.305 or s. 402.3055 for a purpose other than screening the subject of those records for employment as specified in those sections or to release such information to any other person for a purpose other than screening for employment as specified in those sections.
- (c) It is a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084, for a person willfully, knowingly, or intentionally to use information from the juvenile records of a person obtained under s. 402.305 or s. 402.3055 for a purpose other than screening for employment as specified in those sections or to release information from such records to any other person for a purpose other than screening for employment as specified in those sections.
- (5) The department shall establish a fee for inspection and compliance activities performed pursuant to this section in an amount sufficient to cover costs. However, the amount of such fee for the inspection of a program may not exceed the fee

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imposed for child care licensure pursuant to s. 402.315. 785 (6) The inclusion of a child care facility operating under 786 subsection (1) as a provider of a program described in s. 787 1002.55, s. 1002.61, or s. 1002.88 does not expand the 788 regulatory authority of the state, its officers, any local 789 licensing agency, or any early learning coalition to impose any additional regulation of child care facilities beyond those 791 reasonably necessary to enforce requirements expressly included 792 in this section.

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Section 13. Section 627.70161, Florida Statutes, is amended

627.70161 Residential property insurance coverage; family child day care homes and large family child care homes insurance.-

(1) PURPOSE AND INTENT. - The Legislature recognizes that family child day care homes and large family child care homes fulfill a vital role in providing child care in Florida. It is the intent of the Legislature that residential property insurance coverage should not be canceled, denied, or nonrenewed solely because child on the basis of the family day care services are provided at the residence. The Legislature also recognizes that the potential liability of residential property insurers is substantially increased by the rendition of child care services on the premises. The Legislature therefore finds that there is a public need to specify that contractual liabilities associated that arise in connection with the operation of a the family child day care home or large family child care home are excluded from residential property insurance policies unless they are specifically included in such coverage.

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(2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:

- (a) "Child care" means the care, protection, and supervision of a child, for a period of <u>up to less than</u> 24 hours a day on a regular basis, which supplements parental care, enrichment, and health supervision for the child, in accordance with his or her individual needs, and for which a payment, fee, or grant is made for care.
- (b) "Family child day care home" has the same meaning as provided in s. 402.302 means an occupied residence in which child care is regularly provided for children from at least two unrelated families and which receives a payment, fee, or grant for any of the children receiving care, whether or not operated for a profit.
- (c) "Large family child care home" has the same meaning as provided in s. 402.302.
- (3) FAMILY CHILD DAY CARE; COVERAGE.—A residential property insurance policy may shall not provide coverage for liability for claims arising out of, or in connection with, the operation of a family child day care home or large family child care home, and the insurer shall be under no obligation to defend against lawsuits covering such claims, unless:
  - (a) Specifically covered in a policy; or
- (b) Covered by a rider or endorsement for business coverage attached to a policy.
- (4) DENIAL, CANCELLATION, REFUSAL TO RENEW PROHIBITED.—An insurer may not deny, cancel, or refuse to renew a policy for residential property insurance solely on the basis that the policyholder or applicant operates a family <u>child</u> <u>day</u> care home or a large family child care home. In addition to other lawful

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842	reasons for refusing to insure, an insurer may deny, cancel, or
843	refuse to renew a policy of a family $\underline{\text{child}}\ \frac{\text{day}}{\text{care home}}\ \underline{\text{or}}$
844	large family child care home provider if one or more of the
845	following conditions occur:
846	(a) The policyholder or applicant provides care for more
847	children than authorized for family $\underline{\text{child}}$ $\underline{\text{day}}$ care homes $\underline{\text{or}}$
848	<pre>large family child care homes by s. 402.302;</pre>
849	(b) The policyholder or applicant fails to maintain a
850	separate commercial liability policy or an endorsement providing
851	liability coverage for the family $\underline{\text{child}}$ $\underline{\text{day}}$ care home $\underline{\text{or large}}$
852	<pre>family child care home operations;</pre>
853	(c) The policyholder or applicant fails to comply with the
854	family <a href="mailto:child">child</a> day care home licensure and registration
855	requirements specified in s. 402.313 or the large family child
856	care home licensure requirements specified in s. 402.3131; or
857	(d) Discovery of willful or grossly negligent acts or
858	omissions or any violations of state laws or regulations
859	establishing safety standards for family $\underline{\text{child}}$ $\underline{\text{day}}$ care homes
860	$\underline{\text{and large family child care homes}}$ by the named insured or his or
861	her representative which materially increase any of the risks
862	insured.
863	Section 14. Subsections (7), (8), and (9) are added to
864	section 1001.213, Florida Statutes, to read:
865	1001.213 Office of Early Learning.—There is created within
866	the Office of Independent Education and Parental Choice the
867	Office of Early Learning, as required under s. 20.15, which
868	shall be administered by an executive director. The office shall
869	be fully accountable to the Commissioner of Education but shall:

(7) Hire a general counsel who reports directly to the

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executive director of the office.

- (8) Hire an inspector general who reports directly to the executive director of the office and to the Chief Inspector General pursuant to s. 14.32.
- (9) By July 1, 2017, develop and implement, in consultation with early learning coalitions and providers of the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program and the school readiness program, best practices for providing parental notifications in the parent's native language to a parent whose native language is a language other than English.

Section 15. Subsection (4) of section 1002.53, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.53 Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program; eligibility and enrollment.—

- (4) (a) Each parent enrolling a child in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program must complete and submit an application to the early learning coalition through the single point of entry established under s. 1002.82 or to a private prekindergarten provider if the provider is authorized by the early learning coalition to determine student eligibility for enrollment in the program.
- (b) The application must be submitted on forms prescribed by the Office of Early Learning and must be accompanied by a certified copy of the child's birth certificate. The forms must include a certification, in substantially the form provided in s. 1002.71(6)(b)2., that the parent chooses the private prekindergarten provider or public school in accordance with this section and directs that payments for the program be made to the provider or school. The Office of Early Learning may

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900	authorize alternative methods for submitting proof of the
901	child's age in lieu of a certified copy of the child's birth
902	certificate.
903	(c) If a private prekindergarten provider has been
904	authorized to determine child eligibility and enrollment, upon
905	receipt of an application, the provider must:
906	1. Determine the child's eligibility for the program and be
907	responsible for any errors in such determination.
908	2. Retain the original application and certified copy of
909	the child's birth certificate or authorized alternative proof of
910	age on file for at least 5 years.
911	
912	Pursuant to this paragraph, the early learning coalition may
913	audit applications held by a private prekindergarten provider in
914	the coalition's service area to determine whether children
915	enrolled and reported for funding by the provider have met the
916	eligibility criteria in subsection (2).
917	(d) (c) Each early learning coalition shall coordinate with
918	each of the school districts within the coalition's county or
919	multicounty region in the development of procedures for
920	enrolling children in prekindergarten programs delivered by
921	public schools, including procedures for making child
922	eligibility determinations and auditing enrollment records to
923	confirm that enrolled children have met eligibility
924	requirements.
925	Section 16. Section 1002.55, Florida Statutes, is amended
926	to read:
927	1002.55 School-year prekindergarten program delivered by
928	private prekindergarten providers

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- (1) Each early learning coalition shall administer the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program at the county or regional level for students enrolled under s. 1002.53(3)(a) in a school-year prekindergarten program delivered by a private prekindergarten provider. Each early learning coalition shall cooperate with the Office of Early Learning and the Child Care Services Program Office of the Department of Children and Families to reduce paperwork and to avoid duplicating interagency activities, health and safety monitoring, and acquiring and composing data pertaining to child care training and credentialing.
- (2) Each school-year prekindergarten program delivered by a private prekindergarten provider must comprise at least 540 instructional hours.
- (3) To be eligible to deliver the prekindergarten program, a private prekindergarten provider must meet each of the following requirements:
- (a) The private prekindergarten provider must be a child care facility licensed under s. 402.305, family day care home licensed under s. 402.313, large family child care home licensed under s. 402.3131, nonpublic school exempt from licensure under s. 402.3025(2), or faith-based child care provider exempt from licensure under s. 402.316.
  - (a) (b) The private prekindergarten provider must:
- 1. Be accredited by an accrediting association that is a member of the National Council for Private School Accreditation, or the Florida Association of Academic Nonpublic Schools, or be accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools, or Western Association of Colleges and Schools, or North Central

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958	Association of Colleges and Schools, or Middle States
959	Association of Colleges and Schools, or New England Association
960	of Colleges and Schools; and have written accreditation
961	standards that meet or exceed the state's licensing requirements
962	under s. 402.305, s. 402.313, or s. 402.3131 and require at
963	least one onsite visit to the provider or school before
964	accreditation is granted;
965	2. Hold a current Gold Seal Quality Care designation under
966	s. 402.281; <del>or</del>
967	3. Be licensed under s. 402.305, s. 402.313, or s.
968	402.3131 <u>; or</u>
969	4. Be a child development center located on a military
970	installation that is certified by the United States Department
971	of Defense.
972	(b) The private prekindergarten provider must provide basic
973	$\underline{\text{health}}$ and safety on its premises and in its facilities. For $\underline{\text{a}}$
974	<pre>public school, compliance with ss. 1003.22 and 1013.12 satisfies</pre>
975	this requirement. For a nonpublic school, compliance with s.
976	402.3025(2)(d) satisfies this requirement. For a child care
977	facility, a licensed family child care home, or a large family
978	child care home, compliance with s. 402.305, s. 402.313, or s.
979	402.3131, respectively, satisfies this requirement. For a
980	facility exempt from licensure, compliance with s. 402.316(4)
981	<pre>satisfies this requirement and demonstrate, before delivering</pre>
982	the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program, as verified by
983	the early learning coalition, that the provider meets each of
984	the requirements of the program under this part, including, but
985	not limited to, the requirements for credentials and background
986	screenings of prekindergarten instructors under paragraphs (c)

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and (d), minimum and maximum class sizes under paragraph (f), prekindergarten director credentials under paragraph (g), and a developmentally appropriate curriculum under s. 1002.67(2)(b).

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- (c) The private prekindergarten provider must have, for each prekindergarten class of 11 children or fewer, at least one prekindergarten instructor who meets each of the following requirements:
- The prekindergarten instructor must hold, at a minimum, one of the following credentials:
- a. A child development associate credential issued by the National Credentialing Program of the Council for Professional Recognition;  $\frac{\partial \mathbf{r}}{\partial t}$
- b. A credential approved by the Department of Children and Families, pursuant to s. 402.305(3)(c), as being equivalent to or greater than the credential described in sub-subparagraph a.;
  - c. An associate or higher degree in child development;
- d. An associate or higher degree in an unrelated field, at least 6 credit hours in early childhood education or child development, and at least 480 hours of experience in teaching or providing child care services for children of any age from birth through 8 years of age;
- e. A baccalaureate or higher degree in early childhood education, prekindergarten or primary education, preschool education, or family and consumer science;
- f. A baccalaureate or higher degree in family and child science and at least 480 hours of experience in teaching or providing child care services for children of any age from birth through 8 years of age;
  - g. A baccalaureate or higher degree in elementary education

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1016	if the prekindergarten instructor has been certified to teach
1017	children of any age from birth through grade 6, regardless of
1018	whether the instructor's educator certificate is current, and if
1019	the instructor is not ineligible to teach in a public school
1020	because his or her educator certificate is suspended or revoked;
1021	<u>or</u>
1022	h. A credential approved by the department as being
1023	equivalent to or greater than a credential described in sub-
1024	subparagraphs af. The department may adopt criteria and
1025	procedures for approving such equivalent credentials.
1026	
1027	The Department of Children and Families may adopt rules under
1028	ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 which provide criteria and procedures
1029	for approving equivalent credentials under sub-subparagraph b.
1030	2. The prekindergarten instructor must successfully
1031	complete an emergent literacy training course and a student
1032	performance standards training course approved by the office as
1033	meeting or exceeding the minimum standards adopted under ${\sf s.}$
1034	1002.59. The requirement for completion of the standards
1035	training course shall take effect July 1, $\underline{2016}$ $\underline{2014}$ , and the
1036	course shall be available online.
1037	(d) Each prekindergarten instructor employed by the private
1038	prekindergarten provider must be of good moral character, must
1039	undergo background screening pursuant to s. 402.305(2)(a) be
1040	screened using the level 2 screening standards in s. 435.04
1041	before employment, must be and rescreened at least once every 5
1042	years, must be denied employment or terminated if required under
1043	s. 435.06, and must not be ineligible to teach in a public
1044	school because his or her educator certificate is suspended or

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1045 revoked.

- (e) A private prekindergarten provider may assign a substitute instructor to temporarily replace a credentialed instructor if the credentialed instructor assigned to a prekindergarten class is absent, as long as the substitute instructor meets the requirements of paragraph (d) is of good moral character and has been screened before employment in accordance with level 2 background screening requirements in chapter 435. The Office of Early Learning shall adopt rules to implement this paragraph which shall include required qualifications of substitute instructors and the circumstances and time limits for which a private prekindergarten provider may assign a substitute instructor.
- (f) Each of the private prekindergarten provider's prekindergarten classes must be composed of at least 4 students but may not exceed 20 students. In order to protect the health and safety of students, each private prekindergarten provider must also provide appropriate adult supervision for students at all times and, for each prekindergarten class composed of 12 or more students, must have, in addition to a prekindergarten instructor who meets the requirements of paragraph (c), at least one adult prekindergarten instructor who is not required to meet those requirements but who must meet each requirement of s.

  402.305(2) paragraph (d). This paragraph does not supersede any requirement imposed on a provider under ss. 402.301-402.319.
- (g) The private prekindergarten provider must have a prekindergarten director who has a prekindergarten director credential that is approved by the office as meeting or exceeding the minimum standards adopted under s. 1002.57.

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Successful completion of a child care facility director credential under s. 402.305(2)(f) before the establishment of the prekindergarten director credential under s. 1002.57 or July 1, 2006, whichever occurs later, satisfies the requirement for a prekindergarten director credential under this paragraph.

- (h) The private prekindergarten provider must register with the early learning coalition on forms prescribed by the Office of Early Learning.
- (i) The private prekindergarten provider must execute the statewide provider contract prescribed under s. 1002.75, except that an individual who owns or operates multiple private prekindergarten providers within a coalition's service area may execute a single agreement with the coalition on behalf of each provider.
- (i) The private prekindergarten provider must maintain general liability insurance and provide the coalition with written evidence of general liability insurance coverage, including coverage for transportation of children if prekindergarten students are transported by the provider. A provider must obtain and retain an insurance policy that provides a minimum of \$100,000 of coverage per occurrence and a minimum of \$300,000 general aggregate coverage. The office may authorize lower limits upon request, as appropriate. A provider must add the coalition as a named certificateholder and as an additional insured. A provider must provide the coalition with a minimum of 10 calendar days' advance written notice of cancellation of or changes to coverage. The general liability insurance required by this paragraph must remain in full force and effect for the entire period of the provider contract with

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- (k) The private prekindergarten provider must obtain and maintain any required workers' compensation insurance under chapter 440 and any required reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation coverage under chapter 443, unless exempt under state or federal law.
- (1) Notwithstanding paragraph (j), for a private prekindergarten provider that is a state agency or a subdivision thereof, as defined in s. 768.28(2), the provider must agree to notify the coalition of any additional liability coverage maintained by the provider in addition to that otherwise established under s. 768.28. The provider shall indemnify the coalition to the extent permitted by s. 768.28.
- (m) The private prekindergarten provider shall be denied initial eligibility to offer the program if the provider has been cited for a Class I violation in the 12 months before seeking eligibility. An existing provider that is cited for a Class I violation may not have its eligibility renewed for 12 months. This paragraph does not apply if the Department of Children and Families or local licensing agency upon final disposition of a Class I violation has rescinded its initial citation in accordance with the criteria for consideration outlined in s. 1002.75(1)(b).
- (n) (m) The private prekindergarten provider must deliver the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program in accordance with this part and have child disciplinary policies that prohibit children from being subjected to discipline that is severe, humiliating, frightening, or associated with food, rest, toileting, spanking, or any other form of physical punishment as

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1132	provided in s. 402.305(12).
1133	(o) Beginning January 1, 2016, at least 50 percent of the
1134	instructors employed by a prekindergarten provider at each
1135	location, who are responsible for supervising children in care,
1136	must be trained in first aid and infant and child
1137	cardiopulmonary resuscitation, as evidenced by current
1138	documentation of course completion. As a condition of
1139	employment, instructors hired on or after January 1, 2016, must
1140	complete this training within 60 days after employment.
1141	(p) Beginning January 1, 2017, the private prekindergarten
1142	provider must employ child care personnel who hold a high school
1143	diploma or its equivalent and are at least 18 years of age,
1144	unless the personnel are not responsible for supervising
1145	children in care or are under direct supervision.
1146	(4) A prekindergarten instructor, in lieu of the minimum
1147	credentials and courses required under paragraph (3)(c), may
1148	hold one of the following educational credentials:
1149	(a) A bachelor's or higher degree in early childhood
1150	education, prekindergarten or primary education, preschool
1151	education, or family and consumer science;
1152	(b) A bachelor's or higher degree in elementary education,
1153	if the prekindergarten instructor has been certified to teach
1154	children any age from birth through 6th grade, regardless of
1155	whether the instructor's educator certificate is current, and if
1156	the instructor is not ineligible to teach in a public school
1157	because his or her educator certificate is suspended or revoked;
1158	(c) An associate's or higher degree in child development;
1159	(d) An associate's or higher degree in an unrelated field,
1160	at least 6 credit hours in early childhood education or child

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578-01654-15 20157006c1 development, and at least 480 hours of experience in teaching or providing child care services for children any age from birth through 8 years of age; or

(c) An educational credential approved by the department as being equivalent to or greater than an educational credential described in this subsection. The department may adopt criteria and procedures for approving equivalent educational credentials under this paragraph.

(5) Notwithstanding paragraph (3) (b), a private prekindergarten provider may not participate in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program if the provider has child disciplinary policies that do not prohibit children from being subjected to discipline that is severe, humiliating, frightening, or associated with food, rest, toileting, spanking, or any other form of physical punishment as provided in s. 402.305(12).

Section 17. Subsection (1) of section 1002.59, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.59 Emergent literacy and performance standards training courses.—

(1) The office shall adopt minimum standards for one or more training courses in emergent literacy for prekindergarten instructors. Each course must comprise 5 clock hours and provide instruction in strategies and techniques to address the ageappropriate progress of prekindergarten students in developing emergent literacy skills, including oral communication, knowledge of print and letters, phonemic and phonological awareness, and vocabulary and comprehension development. Each course must also provide resources containing strategies that

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1190	allow students with disabilities and other special needs to
1191	derive maximum benefit from the Voluntary Prekindergarten
1192	Education Program. Successful completion of an emergent literacy
1193	training course approved under this section satisfies
1194	requirements for approved training in early literacy and
1195	language development under ss. 402.305(2)(d)5., 402.313(4)(a)2.
1196	<del>402.313(6)</del> , and 402.3131(5).
1197	Section 18. Subsections (4) through (7) of section 1002.61,
1198	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1199	1002.61 Summer prekindergarten program delivered by public
1200	schools and private prekindergarten providers
1201	(4) Notwithstanding ss. 1002.55(3)(c)1. and 1002.63(4),
1202	Each public school and private prekindergarten provider $\underline{\text{that}}$
1203	delivers the summer prekindergarten program must have, for each
1204	prekindergarten class, at least one prekindergarten instructor
1205	who is a certified teacher or holds one of the educational
1206	credentials specified in $\underline{\text{s. }1002.55(3)(c)1.eh.}$ s.
1207	1002.55(4)(a) or $(b)$ . As used in this subsection, the term
1208	"certified teacher" means a teacher holding a valid Florida
1209	educator certificate under s. 1012.56 who has the qualifications
1210	required by the district school board to instruct students in
1211	the summer prekindergarten program. In selecting instructional
1212	staff for the summer prekindergarten program, each school
1213	district shall give priority to teachers who have experience or
1214	coursework in early childhood education.
1215	(5) Each prekindergarten instructor employed by a <del>public</del>
1216	school or private prekindergarten provider delivering the summer
1217	prekindergarten program must be of good moral character, must
1218	undergo background screening pursuant to s. 402.305(2)(a) be

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before employment, <u>must be</u> and rescreened at least once every 5 years, <u>and</u> must be denied employment or terminated if required under s. 435.06. Each prekindergarten instructor employed by a public school delivering the summer prekindergarten program, and must <u>satisfy the</u> not be ineligible to teach in a public school because his or her educator certificate is suspended or revoked. This subsection does not supersede employment requirements for instructional personnel in public schools <u>as provided in s.</u> 1012.32 which are more stringent than the requirements of this subsection.

- (6) A public school or private prekindergarten provider may assign a substitute instructor to temporarily replace a credentialed instructor if the credentialed instructor assigned to a prekindergarten class is absent, as long as the substitute instructor meets the requirements of subsection (5) is of good moral character and has been screened before employment in accordance with level 2 background screening requirements in chapter 435. This subsection does not supersede employment requirements for instructional personnel in public schools which are more stringent than the requirements of this subsection. The Office of Early Learning shall adopt rules to implement this subsection which must shall include required qualifications of substitute instructors and the circumstances and time limits for which a public school or private prekindergarten provider may assign a substitute instructor.
- (7) Notwithstanding <u>ss. 1002.55(3)(e)</u> <u>ss. 1002.55(3)(f)</u> and 1002.63(7), each prekindergarten class in the summer prekindergarten program, regardless of whether the class is a

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1248	public school's or private prekindergarten provider's class,
1249	must be composed of at least 4 students but may not exceed 12
1250	students <del>beginning with the 2009 summer session</del> . In order to
1251	protect the health and safety of students, each public school or
1252	private prekindergarten provider must also provide appropriate
1253	adult supervision for students at all times. This subsection
1254	does not supersede any requirement imposed on a provider under
1255	ss. 402.301-402.319.
1256	Section 19. Subsections (5) and (6) of section 1002.63,
1257	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1258	1002.63 School-year prekindergarten program delivered by
1259	public schools.—
1260	(5) Each prekindergarten instructor employed by a public
1261	school delivering the school-year prekindergarten program must
1262	satisfy the be of good moral character, must be screened using
1263	the level 2 screening standards in s. 435.04 before employment
1264	and rescreened at least once every 5 years, must be denied
1265	employment or terminated if required under s. 435.06, and must
1266	not be ineligible to teach in a public school because his or her
1267	educator certificate is suspended or revoked. This subsection
1268	does not supersede employment requirements for instructional
1269	personnel in public schools <u>as provided in s. 1012.32</u> which are
1270	more stringent than the requirements of this subsection.
1271	(6) A public school prekindergarten provider may assign a
1272	substitute instructor to temporarily replace a credentialed
1273	instructor if the credentialed instructor assigned to a
1274	prekindergarten class is absent, as long as the substitute
1275	instructor $\underline{\text{meets the requirements of subsection (5)}}$ is of $\underline{\text{good}}$
1276	moral character and has been screened before employment in

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1277 accordance with level 2 background screening requirements in 1278 chapter 435. This subsection does not supersede employment 1279 requirements for instructional personnel in public schools which 1280 are more stringent than the requirements of this subsection. The 1281 Office of Early Learning shall adopt rules to implement this 1282 subsection which must shall include required qualifications of 1283 substitute instructors and the circumstances and time limits for 1284 which a public school prekindergarten provider may assign a 1285 substitute instructor.

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Section 20. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 1002.71, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.71 Funding; financial and attendance reporting.-

(6) (a) Each parent enrolling his or her child in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program must agree to comply with the attendance policy of the private prekindergarten provider or district school board, as applicable. Upon enrollment of the child, the private prekindergarten provider or public school, as applicable, must provide the child's parent with program information, including, but not limited to, child development, expectations for parent engagement, the daily schedule, and the a copy of the provider's or school district's attendance policy, which must include procedures for contacting a parent on the second consecutive day a child is absent for which the reason is unknown as applicable.

Section 21. Subsection (1) of section 1002.75, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.75 Office of Early Learning; powers and duties.-

(1) The Office of Early Learning shall adopt by rule a standard statewide provider contract to be used with each

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1306	Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program provider, with
1307	standardized attachments by provider type. The office shall
1308	publish a copy of the standard statewide provider contract on
1309	its website. The standard statewide contract <u>must</u> shall include,
1310	at a minimum, provisions that:
1311	(a) Govern for provider probation, termination for cause,
1312	and emergency termination for those actions or inactions of a
1313	provider that pose an immediate and serious danger to the
1314	health, safety, or welfare of children. The standard statewide
1315	contract <u>must</u> shall also include appropriate due process
1316	procedures. During the pendency of an appeal of a termination,
1317	the provider may not continue to offer its services.
1318	(b) Require each private prekindergarten provider to notify
1319	the parent of each child in care if it is cited for a Class I
1320	violation as defined by rule of the Department of Children and
1321	Families. Notice shall be initiated only upon final disposition
1322	of a Class I violation. The provider shall notify the department
1323	within 24 hours of its intent to appeal the Class I violation
1324	issued, and final disposition shall occur within 15 calendar
1325	days. In determining the final disposition, the department shall
1326	consider the entire licensing history of the provider, whether
1327	the provider promptly reported the incident upon actual notice,
1328	and whether the employee responsible for the violation was
1329	terminated or the violation was corrected by the provider. If a
1330	<pre>provider does not file its intent to appeal the Class I</pre>
1331	$\underline{\text{violation,}}$ the provider must provide notice of a Class I
1332	violation electronically or in writing to the parent within 48
1333	hours after receipt of the Class I violation. Such notice shall
1334	describe each violation with specificity in simple language and

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578-01654-15 20157006c1 1335 include a copy of the citation and the contact information of 1336 the Department of Children and Families or local licensing 1337 agency where the parent may obtain additional information regarding the citation. Notice of a Class I violation by the 1338 1339 provider must be provided electronically or in writing to the 1340 parent within 24 hours after receipt of the final disposition of 1341 the Class I violation. A private prekindergarten provider must 1342 conspicuously post each citation for a violation that results in 1343 disciplinary action on the premises in an area visible to 1344 parents pursuant to s. 402.3125(1)(b). Additionally, such a 1345 provider must post each inspection report on the premises in an 1346 area visible to parents, and such report must remain posted 1347 until the next inspection report is available. 1348 (c) Specify that child care personnel employed by the 1349 provider who are responsible for supervising children in care 1350 must be trained in developmentally appropriate practices aligned 1351 to the age and needs of children over which the personnel are

must be trained in developmentally appropriate practices aligned to the age and needs of children over which the personnel are assigned supervision duties. This requirement is met by the completion of developmentally appropriate practice courses administered by the Department of Children and Families under s. 402.305(2)(d)1. within 30 days after being assigned such children if the child care personnel has not previously completed the training.

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Any provision imposed upon a provider that is inconsistent with, or prohibited by, law is void and unenforceable.

Section 22. Subsections (1), (3), and (5) of section

1002.77, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1002.77 Florida Early Learning Advisory Council.—

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i i	5/8-01654-15 2015/006c
1364	(1) There is created the Florida Early Learning Advisory
1365	Council within the Office of Early Learning. The purpose of the
1366	advisory council is to provide written input submit
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1368	learning best practices, including <del>recommendations relating to</del>
1369	the most effective program administration; of the Voluntary
1370	Prekindergarten Education Program under this part and the school
1371	readiness program under part VI of this chapter. The advisory
1372	council shall periodically analyze and provide recommendations
1373	to the office on the effective and efficient use of local,
1374	state, and federal funds; the content of professional
1375	development training programs; and best practices for the
1376	$\frac{\mbox{development}}{\mbox{and implementation of}}$ coalition plans pursuant to s.
1377	1002.85.
1378	(3) The advisory council shall meet at least quarterly upon
1379	the call of the executive director but may meet as often as

the call of the executive director but may meet as often as necessary to carry out its duties and responsibilities. The executive director is encouraged to advisory council may use communications media technology any method of telecommunications to conduct meetings in accordance with s. 120.54(5)(b) r including establishing a quorum through telecommunications, only if the public is given proper notice of a telecommunications meeting and reasonable access to observe and, when appropriate, participate.

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(5) The Office of Early Learning shall provide staff and administrative support for the advisory council <u>as determined by</u> the executive director.

Section 23. Paragraph (f) of subsection (1) and subsections (8) and (16) of section 1002.81, Florida Statutes, are amended

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to read:

1002.81 Definitions.—Consistent with the requirements of 45 C.F.R. parts 98 and 99 and as used in this part, the term:

- (1) "At-risk child" means:
- (f) A child in the custody of a parent who is considered homeless as verified by a <u>designated lead agency on the homeless assistance continuum of care established under ss. 420.622-420.624</u>

  Department of Children and Families certified homeless shelter.
- (8) "Family income" means the combined gross income, whether earned or unearned, that is derived from any source by all family or household members who are 18 years of age or older who are currently residing together in the same dwelling unit. The term does not include:
- (a) Income earned by a currently enrolled high school student who, since attaining the age of 18 years, or a student with a disability who, since attaining the age of 22 years, has not terminated school enrollment or received a high school diploma, high school equivalency diploma, special diploma, or certificate of high school completion.
- (b) Income earned by a teen parent residing in the same residence as a separate family unit.
- (c) Selected items from the state's Child Care and Development Fund Plan, such as The term also does not include food stamp benefits, documented child support and alimony payments paid out of the home, or federal housing assistance payments issued directly to a landlord or the associated utilities expenses.
  - (16) "Working family" means:

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1422	(a) A single-parent family in which the parent with whom
1423	the child resides is employed or engaged in eligible work or
1424	education activities for at least 20 hours per week or is exempt
1425	from work requirements due to age or disability, as determined
1426	and documented by a physician licensed under chapter 458 or
1427	chapter 459;
1428	(b) A two-parent family in which both parents with whom the
1429	child resides are employed or engaged in eligible work or
1430	education activities for a combined total of at least 40 hours
1431	per week; <del>or</del>
1432	(c) A two-parent family in which one of the parents with
1433	whom the child resides is exempt from work requirements due to
1434	age or disability, as determined and documented by a physician
1435	licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459, and one parent is
1436	employed or engaged in eligible work or education activities at
1437	least 20 hours per week <u>; or</u>
1438	(d) A two-parent family in which both of the parents with
1439	whom the child resides are exempt from work requirements due to
1440	age or disability, as determined and documented by a physician
1441	licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459.
1442	Section 24. Paragraphs (b), (j), (m), and (p) of subsection
1443	(2) of section 1002.82, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1444	1002.82 Office of Early Learning; powers and duties.—
1445	(2) The office shall:
1446	(b) Preserve parental choice by permitting parents to
1447	choose from a variety of child care categories <u>authorized in s.</u>
1448	1002.88(1)(a), including center-based care, family child care,
1449	and informal child care to the extent authorized in the state's
1450	Child Care and Development Fund Plan as approved by the United

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States Department of Health and Human Services pursuant to 45 C.F.R. s. 98.18. Care and curriculum by a faith-based provider may not be limited or excluded in any of these categories.

- (j) Develop and adopt standards and benchmarks that address the age-appropriate progress of children in the development of school readiness skills. The standards for children from birth to 5 years of age in the school readiness program must be aligned with the performance standards adopted for children in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program and must address the following domains:
  - 1. Approaches to learning.
  - 2. Cognitive development and general knowledge.
  - 3. Numeracy, language, and communication.
  - 4. Physical development.
  - 5. Self-regulation.

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By July 1, 2016, the office shall develop and implement an

online training course on the performance standards for school

readiness program provider personnel specified in this paragraph.

- (m) Adopt by rule a standard statewide provider contract to be used with each school readiness program provider, with standardized attachments by provider type. The office shall publish a copy of the standard statewide provider contract on its website. The standard statewide contract  $\underline{\text{must}}$   $\underline{\text{shall}}$  include, at a minimum, provisions that:
- $1.\ \, {\hbox{Govern}}\ \, {\hbox{for}}\ \, {\hbox{provider}}\ \, {\hbox{probation, termination for cause,}}$  and emergency termination for those actions or inactions of a provider that pose an immediate and serious danger to the

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1480	health, safety, or welfare of the children. The standard
1481	statewide provider contract <u>must</u> shall also include appropriate
1482	due process procedures. During the pendency of an appeal of a
1483	termination, the provider may not continue to offer its
1484	services.
1485	2. Require each provider that is eligible to provide the
1486	program pursuant to s. 1002.88(1)(a) to notify the parent of
1487	each child in care if it is cited for a Class I violation as
1488	defined by rule of the Department of Children and Families.
1489	Notice shall be initiated only upon final disposition of a Class
1490	I violation. The provider shall notify the department within 24
1491	hours of its intent to appeal the Class I violation issued, and
1492	final disposition shall occur within 15 calendar days. In
1493	determining the final disposition, the department shall consider
1494	the entire licensing history of the provider, whether the
1495	provider promptly reported the incident upon actual notice, and
1496	whether the employee responsible for the violation was
1497	terminated or the violation was corrected by the provider. If a
1498	$\underline{\text{provider}}$ does not file its intent to appeal the Class I
1499	$\underline{\text{violation, the provider must provide notice of a Class I}}$
1500	$\underline{\text{violation electronically or in writing to the parent within } 48}$
1501	hours after receipt of the Class I violation. Such notice shall
1502	describe each violation with specificity in simple language and
1503	$\underline{\text{include a copy of the citation and the contact information of}}$
1504	the Department of Children and Families or local licensing
1505	agency where the parent may obtain additional information
1506	$\underline{\text{regarding the citation.}}$ Notice of a Class I violation by the
1507	provider must be provided electronically or in writing to the
1508	parent within 24 hours after receipt of the final disposition of

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the Class I violation. A provider must conspicuously post each citation for a violation that results in disciplinary action on the premises in an area visible to parents pursuant to s.

402.3125(1)(b). Additionally, such a provider must post each inspection report on the premises in an area visible to parents, and such report must remain posted until the next inspection

report is available.

- 3. Specify that child care personnel employed by the provider who are responsible for supervising children in care must be trained in developmentally appropriate practices aligned to the age and needs of children over which the personnel are assigned supervision duties. This requirement is met by completion of developmentally appropriate practice courses administered by the Department of Children and Families under s. 402.305(2)(d)1. within 30 days after being assigned such children if the child care personnel has not previously completed the training.
- $\frac{\text{4. Require child care personnel who are employed by the}}{\text{provider to complete an online training course on the}}$  performance standards adopted pursuant to paragraph (j).

Any provision imposed upon a provider that is inconsistent with, or prohibited by, law is void and unenforceable.

(p) Monitor and evaluate the performance of each early learning coalition in administering the school readiness program and the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program, ensuring proper payments for school readiness program and Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program services, and implementing the coalition's school readiness program plan, and administering the

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1538	Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program. These monitoring
1539	and performance evaluations must include, at a minimum, onsite
1540	monitoring of each coalition's finances, management, operations,
1541	and programs.
1542	Section 25. Subsections (8) and (20) of section 1002.84,
1543	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1544	1002.84 Early learning coalitions; school readiness powers
1545	and duties.—Each early learning coalition shall:
1546	(8) Establish a parent sliding fee scale that requires a
1547	parent copayment to participate in the school readiness program.
1548	Providers are required to collect the parent's copayment. A
1549	coalition may, on a case-by-case basis, waive the copayment for
1550	an at-risk child or temporarily waive the copayment for a child
1551	whose $\underline{\text{family's income is at or below the federal poverty level}}$
1552	$\underline{\text{and}}$ family experiences a natural disaster or an event that
1553	limits the parent's ability to pay, such as incarceration,
1554	placement in residential treatment, or becoming homeless, or an
1555	emergency situation such as a household fire or burglary, or
1556	while the parent is participating in parenting classes. A parent
1557	may not transfer school readiness program services to another
1558	school readiness program provider until the parent has submitted
1559	documentation from the current school readiness program provider
1560	to the early learning coalition stating that the parent has
1561	satisfactorily fulfilled the copayment obligation.
1562	(20) To increase transparency and accountability, comply
1563	with $\frac{1}{2}$ this section before contracting with a
1564	member of the coalition, an employee of the coalition, or a
1565	relative, as defined in s. 112.3143(1) $\frac{\text{(c)}}{\text{(c)}}$ , of a coalition member

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or of an employee of the coalition. Such contracts may not be

578-01654-15 20157006c1 1567 executed without the approval of the office. Such contracts, as 1568 well as documentation demonstrating adherence to this section by 1569 the coalition, must be approved by a two-thirds vote of the 1570 coalition, a quorum having been established; all conflicts of 1571 interest must be disclosed before the vote; and any member who 1572 may benefit from the contract, or whose relative may benefit 1573 from the contract, must abstain from the vote. A contract under 1574 \$25,000 between an early learning coalition and a member of that 1575 coalition or between a relative, as defined in s. 1576 112.3143(1) (e), of a coalition member or of an employee of the 1577 coalition is not required to have the prior approval of the 1578 office but must be approved by a two-thirds vote of the 1579 coalition, a quorum having been established, and must be 1580 reported to the office within 30 days after approval. If a 1581 contract cannot be approved by the office, a review of the 1582 decision to disapprove the contract may be requested by the 1583 early learning coalition or other parties to the disapproved 1584

Section 26. Paragraphs (c) and (h) of subsection (1) and subsections (6) through (8) of section 1002.87, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1002.87 School readiness program; eligibility and enrollment.—

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- (1) Effective August 1, 2013, or upon reevaluation of eligibility for children currently served, whichever is later, each early learning coalition shall give priority for participation in the school readiness program as follows:
- (c) Priority shall be given next to a child from birth to the beginning of the school year for which the child is eligible

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578-01654-15 20157006c1 1596 for admission to kindergarten in a public school under s. 1597 1003.21(1)(a)2. who is from a working family that is 1598 economically disadvantaged, and may include such child's 1599 eligible siblings, beginning with the school year in which the sibling is eligible for admission to kindergarten in a public 1600 1601 school under s. 1003.21(1)(a)2. until the beginning of the 1602 school year in which the sibling enters is eligible to begin 6th 1603 grade, provided that the first priority for funding an eligible 1604 sibling is local revenues available to the coalition for funding 1605 direct services. However, a child eligible under this paragraph 1606 ceases to be eligible if his or her family income exceeds 200 1607 percent of the federal poverty level. 1608 (h) Priority shall be given next to a child who has special 1609 needs, has been determined eligible as an infant or toddler from 1610 birth to 3 years of age with an individualized family support 1611 plan receiving early intervention services or to as a student 1612 with a disability with, has a current individual education plan 1613 with a Florida school district, and is not younger than 3 years 1614 of age. A special needs child eligible under this paragraph 1615 remains eligible until the child is eligible for admission to 1616 kindergarten in a public school under s. 1003.21(1)(a)2. 1617 (6) Eligibility for each child must be reevaluated 1618 annually. Upon reevaluation, a child may not continue to receive

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funding will end 2 weeks after the date on which the child was

determined to be ineligible or when the current child care

school readiness program services if he or she has ceased to be

eligible under this section. If a child no longer meets

eligibility or program requirements, the coalition must immediately notify the child's parent and the provider that

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#### authorization expires, whichever occurs first.

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- (7) If a coalition disenrolls children from the school readiness program due to lack of funding or a change in eligibility priorities, the coalition must disenroll the children in reverse order of the eligibility priorities listed in subsection (1) beginning with children from families with the highest family incomes. A notice of disenrollment must be sent to the parent and school readiness program provider at least 2 weeks before disenrollment or the expiration of the current child care authorization, whichever occurs first, to provide adequate time for the parent to arrange alternative care for the child. However, an at-risk child receiving services from the Child Welfare Program Office of the Department of Children and Families may not be disenrolled from the program without the written approval of the Child Welfare Program Office of the Department of Children and Families or the community-based lead agency.
- (8) If a child is absent from the program for 2 consecutive days without parental notification to the program of such absence, the school readiness program provider shall contact the parent and determine the cause for the absence and the expected date of return. If a child is absent from the program for 5 consecutive days without parental notification to the program of such absence, the school readiness program provider shall report the absence to the early learning coalition for a determination of the need for continued care.
- Section 27. Paragraphs (a) through (c) and (l) through (q) of subsection (l) of section 1002.88, Florida Statutes, are amended, present subsections (2) and (3) are redesignated as

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	578-01654-15 20157006c1
1654	subsections $(4)$ and $(5)$ , respectively, present subsection $(2)$ is
1655	amended, and new subsections (2) and (3) are added to that
1656	section, to read:
1657	1002.88 School readiness program provider standards;
1658	eligibility to deliver the school readiness program.—
1659	(1) To be eligible to deliver the school readiness program,
1660	a school readiness program provider must:
1661	(a) $\underline{1.}$ Be $\underline{a}$ nonpublic school in substantial compliance with
1662	$\underline{\text{s. 402.3025(2)(d)}}_{\text{c}}$ a child care facility licensed under s.
1663	402.305, a family child day care home licensed or registered
1664	under s. 402.313, a large family child care home licensed under
1665	s. 402.3131, or a child care facility exempt from licensure
1666	operating under s. 402.316(4);
1667	2. Be an entity that is part of Florida's education system
1668	<pre>identified in s. 1000.04(1); a public school or nonpublic school</pre>
1669	exempt from licensure under s. 402.3025, a faith-based child
1670	care provider exempt from licensure under s. 402.316, a before-
1671	school or after-school program described in s. 402.305(1)(c) $_{\it T}$ or
1672	$\underline{\text{3. Be}}$ an informal child care provider to the extent
1673	authorized in the state's Child Care and Development Fund Plan
1674	as approved by the United States Department of Health and Human
1675	Services pursuant to 45 C.F.R. s. 98.18.
1676	(b) Provide instruction and activities to enhance the age-
1677	appropriate progress of each child in attaining the child
1678	development standards adopted by the office pursuant to s.
1679	1002.82(2)(j). A provider should include activities to foster
1680	brain development in infants and toddlers; provide an
1681	environment that is rich in language and music and filled with
1682	objects of various colors, shapes, textures, and sizes to

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578-01654-15 20157006c1 stimulate visual, tactile, auditory, and linguistic senses; and include 30 minutes of reading to children each day. A provider must provide parents information on child development, expectations for parent engagement, the daily schedule, and the

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attendance policy.

(c) Provide basic health and safety of its premises and facilities in accordance with applicable licensing and inspection requirements and compliance with requirements for age-appropriate immunizations of children enrolled in the school readiness program. For a child care facility, a large family child care home, or a licensed family child day care home, compliance with s. 402.305, s. 402.3131, or s. 402.313 satisfies this requirement. For a public or nonpublic school, compliance with ss. s. 402.3025 or s. 1003.22 and 1013.12 satisfies this requirement. For a nonpublic school, compliance with s. 402.3025(2)(d) satisfies this requirement. For a facility exempt from licensure, compliance with s. 402.316(4) satisfies this requirement. For an informal provider, substantial compliance as defined in s. 402.302(17) satisfies this requirement. A provider shall be denied initial eligibility to offer the program if the provider has been cited for a Class I violation in the 12 months before seeking eligibility. An existing provider that is cited for a Class I violation may not have its eligibility renewed for 12 months. A provider that is cited for a Class I violation may remain eligible to deliver the program if the Department of Children and Families or local licensing agency upon final disposition of a Class I violation has rescinded its initial citation in accordance with the criteria for consideration outlined in s. 1002.82(2)(m)2 A faith-based child care provider,

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1712 an informal child care provider, or a nonpublic school, exempt 1713 from licensure under s. 402.316 or s. 402.3025, shall annually 1714 complete the health and safety checklist adopted by the office, post the checklist prominently on its premises in plain sight 1716 for visitors and parents, and submit it annually to its local early learning coalition.

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(1) For a provider that is not an informal provider, Maintain general liability insurance and provide the coalition with written evidence of general liability insurance coverage, including coverage for transportation of children if school readiness program children are transported by the provider. A private provider must obtain and retain an insurance policy that provides a minimum of \$100,000 of coverage per occurrence and a minimum of \$300,000 general aggregate coverage. The office may authorize lower limits upon request, as appropriate. A provider must add the coalition as a named certificateholder and as an additional insured. A private provider must provide the coalition with a minimum of 10 calendar days' advance written notice of cancellation of or changes to coverage. The general liability insurance required by this paragraph must remain in full force and effect for the entire period of the provider contract with the coalition.

(m) For a provider that is an informal provider, comply with the provisions of paragraph (1) or maintain homeowner's liability insurance and, if applicable, a business rider. If an informal provider chooses to maintain a homeowner's policy, the provider must obtain and retain a homeowner's insurance policy that provides a minimum of \$100,000 of coverage per occurrence and a minimum of \$300,000 general aggregate coverage. The office

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may authorize lower limits upon request, as appropriate. An informal provider must add the coalition as a named certificateholder and as an additional insured. An informal provider must provide the coalition with a minimum of 10

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calendar days' advance written notice of cancellation of or changes to coverage. The general liability insurance required by this paragraph must remain in full force and effect for the

(m) (n) Obtain and maintain any required workers' compensation insurance under chapter 440 and any required reemployment assistance or unemployment compensation coverage under chapter 443, unless exempt under state or federal law.

entire period of the provider's contract with the coalition.

 $\underline{\text{(n)}}$  (o) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), for a provider that is a state agency or a subdivision thereof, as defined in s. 768.28(2), agree to notify the coalition of any additional liability coverage maintained by the provider in addition to that otherwise established under s. 768.28. The provider shall indemnify the coalition to the extent permitted by s. 768.28.

 $\underline{\text{(o)}}$  Execute the standard statewide provider contract adopted by the office.

 $\underline{\text{(p)}}$  Operate on a full-time and part-time basis and provide extended-day and extended-year services to the maximum extent possible without compromising the quality of the program to meet the needs of parents who work.

(2) Beginning January 1, 2016, at least 50 percent of the child care personnel employed by a school readiness provider at each location, who are responsible for supervising children in care, must be trained in first aid and infant and child cardiopulmonary resuscitation, as evidenced by current

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1770	documentation of course completion. As a condition of
1771	employment, personnel hired on or after January 1, 2016, must
1772	complete this training within 60 days after employment.
1773	(3) Beginning January 1, 2017, child care personnel
1774	employed by a school readiness program provider must hold a high
1775	school diploma or its equivalent and be at least 18 years of
1776	age, unless the personnel are not responsible for supervising
1777	children in care or are under direct supervision.
1778	(4) (2) If a school readiness program provider fails or
1779	refuses to comply with this part or any contractual obligation
1780	of the statewide provider contract under s. 1002.82(2)(m), the
1781	coalition may revoke the provider's eligibility to deliver the
1782	school readiness program or receive state or federal funds under
1783	this chapter for a period of 5 years.
1784	Section 28. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) and subsection
1785	(7) of Section 1002.89, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1786	1002.89 School readiness program; funding.—
1787	(6) Costs shall be kept to the minimum necessary for the
1788	efficient and effective administration of the school readiness
1789	program with the highest priority of expenditure being direct
1790	services for eligible children. However, no more than 5 percent
1791	of the funds described in subsection (5) may be used for
1792	administrative costs and no more than 22 percent of the funds
1793	described in subsection (5) may be used in any fiscal year for
1794	any combination of administrative costs, quality activities, and
1795	nondirect services as follows:
1796	(b) Activities to improve the quality of child care as
1797	described in 45 C.F.R. s. 98.51, which $\underline{\text{must}}$ $\underline{\text{shall}}$ be limited to
1798	the following:

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1. Developing, establishing, expanding, operating, and coordinating resource and referral programs specifically related to the provision of comprehensive consumer education to parents and the public to promote informed child care choices specified in 45 C.F.R. s. 98.33 regarding participation in the school readiness program and parental choice.

- 2. Awarding grants and providing financial support to school readiness program providers and their staffs to assist them in meeting applicable state requirements for child care performance standards, implementing developmentally appropriate curricula and related classroom resources that support curricula, providing literacy supports, obtaining a license or accreditation, and providing professional development, including scholarships and other incentives. Any grants awarded pursuant to this subparagraph shall comply with the requirements of ss. 215.971 and 287.058.
- 3. Providing training, and technical assistance, and financial support for school readiness program providers, staff, and parents on standards, child screenings, child assessments, developmentally appropriate curricula, character development, teacher-child interactions, age-appropriate discipline practices, health and safety, nutrition, first aid, cardiopulmonary resuscitation, the recognition of communicable diseases, and child abuse detection and prevention.
- 4. Providing from among the funds provided for the activities described in subparagraphs 1.-3., adequate funding for infants and toddlers as necessary to meet federal requirements related to expenditures for quality activities for infant and toddler care.

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1828	5. Improving the monitoring of compliance with, and
1829	enforcement of, applicable state and local requirements as
1830	described in and limited by 45 C.F.R. s. 98.40.
1831	6. Responding to Warm-Line requests by providers and
1832	parents <del>related to school readiness program children</del> , including
1833	providing developmental and health screenings to school
1834	readiness program children.
1835	(7) Funds appropriated for the school readiness program may
1836	not be expended for the purchase or improvement of land; for the
1837	purchase, construction, or permanent improvement of any building
1838	or facility; or for the purchase of buses. However, funds may be
1839	expended for minor remodeling <u>necessary for the administration</u>
1840	$\underline{\text{of the program}}$ and upgrading of child care facilities to ensure
1841	that providers meet state and local child care standards,
1842	including applicable health and safety requirements.
1843	Section 29. Subsection (7) of section 1002.91, Florida
1844	Statutes, is amended to read:
1845	1002.91 Investigations of fraud or overpayment; penalties.—
1846	(7) The early learning coalition may not contract with a
1847	school readiness program provider <u>,</u> <del>or</del> a Voluntary
1848	Prekindergarten Education Program provider, or an individual who
1849	is on the United States Department of Agriculture National
1850	Disqualified List. In addition, the coalition may not contract
1851	with any provider that shares an officer or director with a
1852	provider that is on the United States Department of Agriculture
1853	National Disqualified List.
1854	Section 30. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section
1855	1002.94. Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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1002.94 Child Care Executive Partnership Program.-

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(3)

(d) Each early learning coalition shall establish a community child care task force for each child care purchasing pool. The task force must be composed of employers, parents, private child care providers, and one representative from the local children's services council, if one exists in the area of the purchasing pool. The early learning coalition is expected to recruit the task force members from existing child care councils, commissions, or task forces already operating in the area of a purchasing pool. A majority of the task force shall consist of employers.

Section 31. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 1003.21, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.21 School attendance.-

(1) (a)1. All children who have attained the age of 6 years or who will have attained the age of 6 years by February 1 of any school year or who are older than 6 years of age but who have not attained the age of 16 years, except as otherwise provided, are required to attend school regularly during the entire school term.

 $2.\underline{a.}$  Children who will have attained the age of 5 years on or before September 1 of the school year are eligible for admission to public kindergartens during that school year under rules adopted by the district school board.

b. A district school board or charter school governing board may adopt a policy that allows a child who has attained the age of 4 years on or before September 1 of the school year to be eligible for admission to public kindergarten during that school year. The policy must include, but is not limited to, a

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1886	requirement that the child complete and pass the following
1887	assessments:
1888	(I) The kindergarten readiness assessment pursuant to s.
1889	1002.69. The child must meet the minimum readiness rate adopted
1890	pursuant to s. 1002.69(6); and
1891	(II) A social assessment developed or selected by the
1892	school district or charter school. The child must meet the
1893	minimum readiness score identified in the district school
1894	board's or charter school governing board's policy.
1895	Section 32. The Office of Early Learning shall conduct a 2-
1896	year pilot project to study the impact of assessing the early
1897	literacy skills of Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program
1898	participants who are English Language Learners, in both English
1899	and Spanish. The assessments must include, at a minimum, the
1900	first administration of the Florida Assessments for Instruction
1901	in Reading in kindergarten and an appropriate alternative
1902	assessment in Spanish. The study must include a review of the
1903	kindergarten screening results for 2009-2010 and 2010-2011
1904	program participants and their subsequent Florida Comprehensive
1905	Assessment Test scores. The office shall report its findings to
1906	the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of
1907	the House of Representatives by July 1, 2016, and July 1, 2017.
1908	Section 33. For the 2015-2016 fiscal year, the sums of
1909	\$1,034,965 in recurring funds and \$11,319 in nonrecurring funds
1910	from the General Revenue Fund, and \$70,800 in recurring funds
1911	from the Operations and Maintenance Trust Fund are appropriated
1912	to the Department of Children and Families, and 18 full-time
1913	equivalent positions with associated salary rate of 608,446 are
1914	authorized, for the purpose of implementing the regulatory

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1915 provisions of this act.

1916 Section 34. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

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## The Florida Senate

# **Committee Agenda Request**

То:	Senator Rene Garcia, Chair Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services
Subject:	Committee Agenda Request
Date:	March 2, 2015
I respectfull	y request that <b>Senate Bill # 478</b> , relating to Telehealth, be placed on the:
	committee agenda at your earliest possible convenience.
	next committee agenda.

Senator Aaron Bean Florida Senate, District 4

Daron Blan



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

**COMMITTEES:** 

Appropriations Subcommittee on Criminal and Civil Justice, Vice Chair Appropriations Health Policy Higher Education Judiciary Rules

JOINT COMMITTEE:
Joint Legislative Budget Commission

#### **SENATOR ARTHENIA L. JOYNER**

Democratic Leader 19th District

April 6, 2015

Senator Rene Garcia, Chair Senate Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services 201 Capitol 404 S. Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1100

Dear Chairman Garcia:

This is to request that CS/Senate Bill 478, Telemedicine Services, for which Senator Bean and I are co-prime sponsors, be placed on the agenda for the Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services. Your consideration of this request is greatly appreciated.

Sincerely,

Arthenia L. Joyner

Withenin o

State Senator, District 19

# **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or S	enate Professional Staff conducting	g the meeting) $58478$
Meeting Date		Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Jeff Son	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Job Title		
Address 1430 Predmont Dr. E.	Phone	850 724-6496
City State	3730 <u>8</u> Email_	JS cott @ Medone. Of
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: (The Chair will read	In Support Against this information into the record.)
Representing Florida Medical Association	The state of the s	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No L	bbyist registered with	Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

# **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date				Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic				396394  Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Cocinn Mison	·:			
Job Title				
Address 19 F Pach Aug Street		·	Phone_	850-222-2591
Tallaheusee City	FL State	3230/ Zip	Email	
Speaking: For Against	Information			In Support Against his information into the record.)
Representing Florida	Mintal Health	Coupsolor		
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No		Lobbyist regist	ered with	Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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# APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

4/14/2015	478
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Telehealth	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Layne Smith	
Job Title Director, State Government Relations	
Address 4500 San Pablo Road	Phone 904-953-7334
Street Jacksonville FL	32224 Email smith.layne@mayo.edu
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Mayo Clinic	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes Vo	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimon meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their	y, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting	S-001 (10/14/14

# **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Telehealth	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Sorrick SurseGhee	
Job Title	
Address	Phone (250) 331-6489
	Email
Speaking: Against Information	Zip  Waive Speaking: In Support Against  (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing FL Chamber of	Comerce
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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# **APPEARANCE RECORD**

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH c	opies of this form to the Senator	or Senate Professional S	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic <u>Telehealth</u>			Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Anna Baznik	<del>.</del>		
Job Title Pres / CEO			
Address 3/57 N Ala-	Fayn Trail		Phone 407 4910965
Street Orland City	Fi_ State	32824 Zip	Email abazni'k@ Impowerflig
Speaking: For Against	Information	•	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing   M Pou	IER		
Appearing at request of Chair:	Yes No	Lobbyist regist	ered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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# **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senator Meeting Date	e Professional Staff conducting the meeting)  CS/SB 47B  Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Teleheatth	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Larry Gonzaler	
Job Title General Coursel	
Address 223 S. Gadsfew ST3	Phone 50-6307
Street  Iallehasee FL 323  City State	201 Email /angovz Cearth/mk. net
Speaking: For Against Information  Florida Society of Healty-Systemal Representing Florida Occupational Theraps	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Honda Occopytional Therapy	ASSN
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobb	oyist registered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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# **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senato	r or Senate Professional S	taff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date		Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic	- 100 Grant 100	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Chris Niland		
Job Title		
Address 1000 Riverside Ave		Phone 904-233-3051
Jacksonulle A 32209 City State	Zip	Email nuland lawe acl-com
Speaking: For Against Information	The second secon	peaking: In Support Against ir will read this information into the record.)
Representing Gorida Chapter, American	College of 1	Physicians.
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registe	ered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their reman	e may not permit all ks so that as many	persons wishing to speak to be heard at this persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.		S-001 (10/14/14)

# APPEARANCE RECORD

H. 14-2015 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator	or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic TELEHEALIH	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name STEPHEN R. WINN	·
Job Title EXECUTIVE PIRECTOR	
Address 2544 BLARSIDOVE PINKS DR	Phone 878-7364
Street FL IALIAHASSE FL	3230/ Email
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing FLORIDA OSTEODATHCI	MEDIER ASSOCIATION
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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# APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

April 14	4, 2015	(Deliver DOTTI Cop	ies of this form to the ochator	or contact i locoloror	, and the country of the country,	SB 478
Me	eeting Date					Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic	Telehealth				Amend	dment Barcode (if applicable)
Name	Chris Snow			<u>:</u>	<del></del>	
Job Tit	le Contracted Lo	bbyist	1		<del></del>	
Addres	2568 Centervi	ile Court			Phone 850-556-	0203
	Street				-	
	Tallahassee		Florida	32308	Email chris@sno	wstrategies.com
	City		State	Zip	<u> </u>	
Speakir	ng: For	]Against [	Information	<ul> <li>A second problem for the first of the first</li></ul>	Speaking:	upport Against ation into the record.)
Rep	oresenting Flori	ida Associatio	on of Speech-Langua	ge Pathologists	and Audiologists	<u> </u>
Appea	ring at request o	of Chair:	Yes ✓ No	Lobbyist regis	tered with Legislat	ture: Yes No
While it meeting	is a Senate traditio . Those who do sp	n to encourag eak may be as	e public testimony, time ked to limit their reman	may not permit a ks so that as many	ll persons wishing to s persons as possible	speak to be heard at this can be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

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# **APPEARANCE RECORD**

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senat	of of Seliate Froiessional S	tan conducting	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic TELEHEALTH			Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
NameSAL_NUZZO			
Job Title VP OF Poucf			
Address 100 N Dura ST	•	Phone_	850-322-994/
Street  TALL  City  State	3230 j Zip	Email_	
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive S <sub>l</sub>		In Support Against this information into the record.)
Representing THE TAMES MADISON	INSTITUTE		
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist regist	ered with	Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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# APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Job Title Speaking: Against Information Waive Speaking: In Support (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing Appearing at request of Chair: Lobbyist registered with Legislature:

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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# **APPEARANCE RECORD**

$\frac{H - (H - 2015)}{\text{Meeting Date}}$ (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator	or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)  Staff conducting the meeting)  Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Teleheath  Name Toy Ryan	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Job Title	
Address $325\%$ . College Ave.  Street  City  State  Speaking: For Against Information	Phone 125-1000  312 Email Joy @ Meenan law from  Zip Cem  Waive Speaking: In Support Against  (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Deladoc	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remark	may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this ks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

S-001 (10/14/14)

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# APPEARANCE RECORD (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff cope

4/14/2015 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Pro	418
Topic Telemedicine	Bill Number (if applicable)
Name Molissa Fouse	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
	•
Job Title Policy Analyst	
Address 200 W College Lye, Str 113	Phone <u>850-408-1218</u>
City State Zip	Email MAGUSE & M. P.M. Bry
Speaking: For Against Information	Vaive Speaking: In Support Against The Chair will read this information into the record.)
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Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyis	t registered with Legislature: Yes No
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This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

# **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Bill Number (if applicable) Against

Meeting Date Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Nurehdra iam, chi) dren's Heal Phone **Email** Zip Speaking: Against Information Waive Speaking: | In Support (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing \( \sqrt{} \) Appearing at request of Chair: Lobbyist registered with Legislature:

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

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# **APPEARANCE RECORD**

4 4 15 Meeting Date

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

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Topic Telemedicine	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name MORGAN MCCORD	
Job Title	
Address 106 N Brenough	Phone 212-5052
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This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

# The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepared	d By: The Profe	ssional Staff of the Appro	priations Subcommi	ttee on Health and Human Services
BILL:	PCS/SB 478	3 (545714)		
INTRODUCER:	Health Polic	y Committee and Sen	nators Bean and Jo	pyner
SUBJECT:	Telehealth			
DATE:	April 16, 20	15 REVISED:		
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
. Lloyd		Stovall	HP	Fav/CS
2. Brown		Pigott	AHS	Recommend: Fav/CS
B			AP	

# Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

# I. Summary:

PCS/SB 478 creates s. 456.4501, F.S., relating to the provision of telehealth services. The bill defines telehealth services and telehealth provider. The bill establishes that the standard of care for a telehealth service is the same as the standard of care for a health professional providing inperson services. A telehealth provider is not required to research the patient's medical history or conduct a physical examination if the telehealth provider conducts an evaluation sufficient to diagnose and treat the patient. Additionally, a telehealth provider must document health care services in the patient's medical record under the same standard as for in-person care.

The bill specifies that a non-physician telehealth provider who is using telehealth and acting within the relevant scope of practice is not practicing medicine without a license.

The bill prohibits a telehealth provider from prescribing lenses, spectacles, eyeglasses, contact lenses, or other optical lenses based solely on the use of computer controlled device through telehealth. Additionally, controlled substances may not be prescribed through telehealth for chronic non-malignant pain. However, this provision does not preclude specified practitioners from using telehealth to order a controlled substance for a hospital inpatient or for a hospice patient.

The bill provides that telehealth products regulated under s. 456.47, F.S., are not included in the definition of "discount medical plan" under s. 636.202, F.S.

The bill has an indeterminate fiscal impact.

The effective date of the bill is July 1, 2015.

#### II. Present Situation:

Telemedicine utilizes various advances in communications technology to provide health care services through a variety of electronic media. Telemedicine is not a separate medical specialty and does not change what constitutes proper medical treatment and services. According to the American Telemedicine Association, services provided through telemedicine include:<sup>1</sup>

- Primary care and specialist referral services that involve a primary care or allied health
  professional providing consultation with a patient or specialist assisting the primary care
  physician with a diagnosis;
- Remote patient monitoring;
- Consumer medical and health information that offers consumers specialized health information and online discussion groups for peer-to-peer support; and
- Medical education that provides continuing medical education credits.

The term telehealth is sometimes used interchangeably with telemedicine. Telehealth, however, generally refers to a wider range of health care services that may or may not include clinical services.<sup>2</sup> Telehealth often collectively defines the telecommunications equipment and technology that is used to collect and transmit the data for a telemedicine consultation or evaluation.

The federal Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) defines telehealth as:

The use of telecommunications and information technology to provide access to health assessment, diagnosis, intervention, consultation, supervision and information across distance. Telehealth includes such technologies such as telephones, facsimile machines, electronic mail systems, and remote patient monitoring devises which are used to collect and transmit data for monitoring and interpretation.<sup>3</sup>

#### **Board of Medicine Rulemaking**

Florida's Board of Medicine (board) convened a Telemedicine Workgroup in 2013 to review its rules on telemedicine, which had not been amended since 2003. The 2003 rules focused on standards for the prescribing of medicine via the Internet. On March 12, 2014, the board's new

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> American Telemedicine Association, *What is Telemedicine?* <a href="http://www.americantelemed.org/about-telemedicine/what-is-telemedicine#.VN5LgU0cSpp">http://www.americantelemed.org/about-telemedicine/what-is-telemedicine#.VN5LgU0cSpp</a> (last visited Feb. 10, 2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Anita Majerowicz and Susan Tracy, "Telemedicine: Bridging Gaps in Healthcare Delivery," Journal of AHIMA 81, no. 5, (May 2010); 52-53, 56.

http://library.ahima.org/xpedio/groups/public/documents/ahima/bok1\_047324.hcsp?dDocName=bok1\_047324 (last visited Feb. 10, 2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, *Telemedicine*, <a href="http://www.medicaid.gov/medicaid-chip-program-information/by-topics/delivery-systems/telemedicine.html">http://www.medicaid.gov/medicaid-chip-program-information/by-topics/delivery-systems/telemedicine.html</a> (last visited Feb. 17, 2015).

Telemedicine Rule, 64B8-9.0141, became effective for Florida-licensed physicians. The new rule defined telemedicine, established standards of care, prohibited the prescription of controlled substances, permitted the establishment of a doctor-patient relationship via telemedicine, and exempted emergency medical services.<sup>4</sup>

An emergency rule followed shortly after the initial rule's implementation to address concerns that the prohibition on physicians ordering controlled substances may also preclude physicians from prescribing controlled substances via telemedicine for hospitalized patients. The board indicated such a prohibition was not intended.<sup>5</sup> The emergency rule went into effect on April 30, 2014, and was later incorporated during the regular rulemaking process.

Subsequent changes have also been made to the telemedicine rules to clarify medical record requirements and the relationship between consulting or cross-coverage physicians.

#### **Telemedicine in Other States**

As of February 2015, at least 23 states and the District of Columbia have mandated that private insurance plans cover telemedicine services at reimbursement rates equal to an in-person consultation.<sup>6</sup> Such laws require insurance companies and health plans to reimburse providers the same amount for the same visit regardless of whether the visit was conducted face-to-face or via electronic communications.

Forty-six state Medicaid programs also reimburse for some form of telemedicine via live video, according to a state survey completed in September 2014.<sup>7</sup> A smaller number of states offer reimbursement for other types of telemedicine services, such as store-and-forward activities;<sup>8</sup> facility fees for hosting either the telemedicine provider, patient, or both; and remote patient monitoring.<sup>9</sup>

Hospitals in rural counties have utilized telemedicine to provide specialty care in their emergency rooms and to avoid costly and time-consuming transfers of patients from smaller hospitals to the larger tertiary centers for care.

In a California project, rural hospital emergency rooms received video conference equipment to facilitate the telemedicine consultations. The rural hospital physicians and nurses were linked with pediatric critical care medicine specialists at the University of California, Davis.<sup>10</sup> As a

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Rule 64B15-14.0081, F.A.C., also went into effect March 12, 2014 for osteopathic physicians.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Florida Board of Medicine, *Latest News - Emergency Rule Related to Telemedicine*, <a href="http://flboardofmedicine.gov/latest-news/emergency-rule-related-to-telemedicine/">http://flboardofmedicine.gov/latest-news/emergency-rule-related-to-telemedicine/</a> (last visited Feb. 10, 2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> American Telemedicine Association, 2015 State Telemedicine Legislation Tracking (as of 2/6/2015), <a href="http://www.americantelemed.org/docs/default-source/policy/2015-ata-state-legislation-matrixEF9F3AD41F02.pdf?sfvrsn=18">http://www.americantelemed.org/docs/default-source/policy/2015-ata-state-legislation-matrixEF9F3AD41F02.pdf?sfvrsn=18</a> (last visited Feb. 10, 2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Center for Connected Health Policy, *Telehealth Medicaid & State Policy*, <a href="http://cchpca.org/telehealth-medicaid-state-policy">http://cchpca.org/telehealth-medicaid-state-policy</a> (last visited Feb 10, 2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Store and forward technology refers to the electronic transmission of medical information and data such as digital images, documents and pre-recorded images for review by a physician or specialist at a later date, not simultaneously with the patient. <sup>9</sup> *Supra, Note 7*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Futurity, *In Rural ERs, Kids Get Better Care with Telemedicine*, <a href="http://www.futurity.org/in-rural-ers-kids-get-better-care-with-telemedicine/">http://www.futurity.org/in-rural-ers-kids-get-better-care-with-telemedicine/</a> (last visited Feb. 10, 2015).

*Futurity* article notes, "while 21 percent of children in the United States live in rural areas, only 3 percent of pediatric critical-care medicine specialists practice in such areas." <sup>11</sup>

#### Federal Provisions for Telemedicine

Federal laws and regulations address telemedicine from several angles, including prescriptions for controlled substances, hospital emergency room guidelines, and reimbursement rates for the Medicare program.

### Prescribing Via the Internet

Federal law specifically prohibits the prescribing of controlled substances via the Internet without an in-person evaluation. Federal regulation 21 CFR §829 specifically states:

No controlled substance that is a prescription drug as determined under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act may be delivered, distributed or dispensed by means of the Internet without a valid prescription.

A valid prescription is further defined under the same regulation as one issued by a practitioner who has conducted an in-person evaluation. The in-person evaluation requires that the patient be in the physical presence of the provider without regard to the presence or conduct of other professionals. However, the Ryan Haight Online Pharmacy Consumer Protection Act, signed into law in October 2008, created an exception for the in-person medical evaluation for telemedicine practitioners. The practitioner is still subject to the requirement that all controlled substances be issued for a legitimate purpose by a practitioner acting in the usual course of professional practice.

The Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) of the federal Department of Justice issued its own definition of telemedicine in April 2009 as required under the Haight Act.<sup>14</sup> The federal regulatory definition of telemedicine under the DEA includes, but is not limited to, the following elements:

- The patient and practitioner are located in separate locations;
- Patient and practitioner communicate via a telecommunications system;
- The practitioner must meet other registration requirements for the dispensing of controlled substances via the Internet; and
- Certain practitioners (Department of Veterans Affairs' employees, for example) or practitioners in certain situations (public health emergencies) may be exempted from registration requirements.<sup>15</sup>

<sup>11</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> 21 CFR §829(e)(2).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Ryan Haight Online Consumer Protection Act of 2008, Public Law 110-425 (H.R. 6353).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Id., at sec. 3(j).

<sup>15 21</sup> CFR §802(54).

## Medicare Coverage

Specific telehealth services delivered at designated sites are covered under Medicare. Regulations of federal CMS require both a distant site (location of physician delivering the service via telecommunications) and an originating site (location of the patient).

To qualify for Medicare reimbursement, the Medicare beneficiary must be located at an originating site that meets one of three qualifications. These three qualifications are:

- A rural health professional shortage area (HPSA) that is either outside of a metropolitan statistical area (MSA) or in a rural census tract;
- A county outside of a MSA; or
- Participation in a federal telemedicine demonstration project approved by the Secretary of Health and Human Services as of December 31, 2000.<sup>16</sup>

Additionally, federal requirements provide that an originating site must be one of the following location types as further defined in federal law and regulation:

- The offices of physicians or practitioners;
- Hospitals;
- Critical access hospitals (CAH);
- Rural health clinics;
- Federally qualified health centers;
- Hospital-based or CAH-based renal dialysis centers (including satellite offices);
- Skilled nursing facilities; and
- Community mental health centers. 17

Distant site practitioners are limited, subject also to state law, under Medicare to:

- Physicians;
- Nurse practitioners;
- Physician assistants;
- Nurse-midwives;
- Clinical nurse specialists;
- Certified registered nurse anesthetists;
- Clinical psychologists and clinical social workers; and
- Registered dietitians and nutrition professionals.

For 2015, Medicare added four new services under telehealth:

- Annual wellness visits;
- Psychoanalysis;
- Psychotherapy; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, *Telehealth Services-Rural Health Fact Sheet* (Dec. 2014), <a href="http://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNProducts/downloads/TelehealthSrvcsfctsht.pdf">http://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNProducts/downloads/TelehealthSrvcsfctsht.pdf</a> (last visited Feb. 10, 2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> See 42 U.S.C. sec. 1395(m)(m)(4)(C)(ii).

• Prolonged evaluation and management services. 18

Reimbursement for the distant site is established as "an amount equal to the amount that such physician or practitioner would have been paid under this title had such service been furnished without the use of a telecommunications system." Federal law also provides for a facility fee for the originating site of \$20 through December 31, 2002, and then, by law, the facility fee is subsequently increased each year by the percentage increase in the Medicare Economic Index (MEI). For calendar year 2015, the originating fee for telehealth is 80 percent of the lesser of the actual charge or \$24.83.

#### **Telemedicine Services in Florida**

### University of Miami

The University of Miami (UM) initiated telehealth services in 1973 and claims the first telehealth service in Florida, the first use of nurse practitioners in telemedicine in the nation, and the first telemedicine program in correctional facilities.<sup>21</sup> Today, UM has several initiatives in the area of telehealth, including:

- Tele-dermatology;
- Tele-trauma;
- Humanitarian and disaster response relief;
- School telehealth services; and
- Acute tele-neurology or telestroke.

While some of UM's activities reach its local community, others reach outside of Florida, including providing Haiti earthquake relief and tele-dermatology to cruise line employees. Telehealth communications are also used for monitoring hospital patients and conducting training exercises.

### Florida Medicaid Program

Florida's Medicaid program reimburses only physicians for telemedicine services when there is two-way, real-time interactive communication between the patient and the physician at a distant site. <sup>22</sup> Equipment is also required to meet specific technical safeguards under 45 CFR 164.312, where applicable, which require implementation of procedures for protection of health information, including unique user identifications, automatic log-offs, encryption, authentication of users, and transmission security. Telemedicine services must also comply with all other state and federal laws regarding patient privacy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, *MLN Matters - News Flash #MM9034* (Dec. 24, 2014), <a href="http://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNMattersArticles/Downloads/MM9034.pdf">http://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNMattersArticles/Downloads/MM9034.pdf</a> (last visited Feb. 10, 2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> See 42 U.S.C. s. 1395(m)(m)(2)(A).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Supra, Note 18.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> University of Miami, Miller School of Medicine, *UM Telehealth - Our History*, <a href="http://telehealth.med.miami.edu/about-us/our-history">http://telehealth.med.miami.edu/about-us/our-history</a> (last visited Feb. 10, 2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Agency for Health Care Administration, *Practitioner Services Handbook - Telemedicine Services (April 2014)* p.136, <a href="http://portal.flmmis.com/FLPublic/Portals/0/StaticContent/Public/HANDBOOKS/Practitioner%20Services%20Handbook Adoption.pdf">http://portal.flmmis.com/FLPublic/Portals/0/StaticContent/Public/HANDBOOKS/Practitioner%20Services%20Handbook Adoption.pdf</a> (last visited Feb. 10, 2015).

For Medicaid, the distant or hub site is where the consulting physician delivering the telemedicine service is located. The spoke site is the location of the Medicaid recipient at the time the service occurs. The spoke site does not receive any reimbursement unless the provider located at the spoke site performs a separate service for the Medicaid recipient on the same day as the telemedicine consultation. The telemedicine referral consultation requires the presence of the referring practitioner and the Medicaid recipient.<sup>23</sup>

Under Medicaid fee-for-service, Medicaid reimbursement for telemedicine services is limited to certain services and settings. The following services are currently covered:<sup>24</sup>

#### • Behavioral Health

- Telepsychiatry services for psychiatric medication management by practitioners licensed under ch. 458 or 459, F.S.; and
- Telebehavioral health services for provision of individual and family behavioral health therapy services by qualified practitioners licensed under ch. 490 or 491, F.S.

#### • Dental Services

 Services provided using video conferencing between a registered dental hygienist employed by and under contract with a Medicaid-enrolled group provider and supervising dentist, including oral prophylaxis, topical fluoride application, and oral hygiene instructions.

# • Physician Services

- Services provided using audio and video equipment that allow for two-way, real-time, interactive communication between the physician and patient;
- o Consultation services provided via telemedicine;
- o Interpretation of diagnostic testing results through telecommunications and information technology; and
- o Synchronous emergency services provided under parts III and IV of ch. 409, F.S., using an all-inclusive rate.

Medicaid does not reimburse for the following telemedicine services:

- Telephone conversations;
- Video cell phone conversations;
- E-mail messages;
- Facsimile transmission;
- Telecommunication with recipient at a location other than the spoke; and
- "Store and forward" consultations that are transmitted after the recipient or physician is no longer available.<sup>25</sup>

Medicaid also does not reimburse providers for the costs of any equipment related to telemedicine services.

Coverage of telemedicine services under Medicaid includes specific documentation requirements. The clinical record must include the following information:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Supra, Note 21 at 137.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Agency for Health Care Administration, *Senate Bill 478 Analysis* (Feb. 4, 2015) p. 3, (on file with the Senate Committee on Health Policy).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Id.

- A brief explanation of why the services were not provided face-to-face;
- Documentation of telemedicine services provided, including the results of the assessment; and
- A signed statement from the recipient (parent or guardian, if a child), indicating his or her choice to receive services through telemedicine. <sup>26</sup>

Under the Managed Medical Assistance (MMA) component of Statewide Medicaid Managed Care, managed care plans may use telemedicine for behavioral health, dental services, and physician services.<sup>27</sup> The AHCA may approve of other services to be provided by telemedicine in the MMA component.

#### Child Protection Teams

The Child Protection Team (CPT) program under the Children's Medical Services Network utilizes a telemedicine network to perform child assessments. The CPT is a medically-directed, multi-disciplinary program that works with local sheriff's offices and the Department of Children and Families in cases of child abuse and neglect to supplement investigative activities. The CPT patient is seen at a remote site and a registered nurse assists with the medical exam. A physician or Advanced Registered Nurse Practitioner (ARNP) is located at the hub site and has responsibility for directing the exam. <sup>29</sup>

Hub sites are comprehensive medical facilities that offer a wide range of medical and interdisciplinary staff, whereas the remote sites tend to be smaller facilities that may lack medical diversity. Twenty-four hub sites throughout the state facilitate these child abuse assessments and the evaluation of suspected cases of child abuse. The University of Florida Child Abuse Protection Team, for example, serves a 12-county area and, for the first six months of 2012, provided over 250 telemedicine examinations with medical community partners. <sup>31</sup>

#### Compliance with Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA)

The federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) protects personal health information (PHI). Privacy rules were initially issued in 2000 by the federal Department of Health and Human Services and later modified in 2002. These rules address the use and disclosure of an individual's health information and create standards for privacy rights. Additional privacy and security measures were adopted in 2009 with the Health Information Technology for Economic Clinical Health (HITECH) Act.

<sup>27</sup> Agency for Health Care Administration, 2012-2015 Medicaid Health Plan Model Agreement Attachment II - Exhibit II-A, <a href="http://ahca.myflorida.com/medicaid/statewide-mc/pdf/mma/Attachment II Exhibit II-A MMA Model 2014-01-31.pdf">http://ahca.myflorida.com/medicaid/statewide-mc/pdf/mma/Attachment II Exhibit II-A MMA Model 2014-01-31.pdf</a>, p. 63-64 (Last visited Feb. 10, 2015).

<u>Kids/families/child\_protection\_safety/documents/cpt\_telemedicine\_fact\_sheet.pdf</u> (Last visited Feb. 10, 2015) <sup>30</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Id

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Florida Department of Health, *Child Protection Teams*, <a href="http://www.floridahealth.gov/AlternateSites/CMS-Kids/families/child protection safety/child protection teams.html">http://www.floridahealth.gov/AlternateSites/CMS-Kids/families/child protection safety/child protection teams.html</a> (Last visited Feb. 10, 2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Florida Department of Health, *Children Protection Team - Telemedicine Network* http://www.floridahealth.gov/AlternateSites/CMS-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> Sunshine Arnold and Debra Esernio-Jenssen, *Telemedicine: Reducing Trauma in Evaluating Abuse*, pp. 105-107, <a href="http://cdn.intechopen.com/pdfs-wm/41847.pdf">http://cdn.intechopen.com/pdfs-wm/41847.pdf</a> (Last visited Feb. 14, 2015).

Only certain entities are subject to HIPAA's provisions. These "covered entities" include:

- Health plans;
- Health care providers;
- Health care clearinghouses; and
- Business associates.

While not a covered entity as an individual, the patient still maintains his or her privacy and confidentiality rights regardless of the method in which the medical service is delivered. The HITECH Act specifically identified telemedicine as an area for review and consideration, and funding was provided to, in part, strengthen infrastructure and tools to promote telemedicine.<sup>32</sup>

Under the provisions of HIPAA and the HITECH Act, a health care provider or other covered entity participating in telemedicine is required to meet the same technical and physical HIPAA and HITECH requirements as would be required for a physical office visit. These requirements include ensuring that that the equipment and technology are HIPAA compliant.

# **Discount Medical Plans**

Discount medical plans and discount medical plan organizations (DMPOs) are regulated by the Office of Insurance Regulation under part II of ch. 636, F.S. DMPOs offer a variety of health care services to consumers through discount medical plans at a discounted rate. These plans are not health insurance and therefore do not pay for services on behalf of members; instead, the plans offer members access to specific health care products and services at a discounted fee. These health products and services may include, but are not limited to, dental services, emergency services, mental health services, vision care, chiropractic services, and hearing care. Generally, a DMPO has a contract with a provider network under which the individual providers render the medical services at a discount.

# III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill creates s. 456.4501, F.S., relating to the provision of telehealth services and designates which health care practitioners may provide such services. The telehealth provision covers all health care practitioners as defined under s. 456.001, F.S., 33 with the exception of naturopaths and nursing home administrators. The definition of a telehealth provider also includes radiological personnel, an emergency medical technician or a paramedic certified under part III of ch. 401, F.S, and behavior analysts certified under s. 393.17, F.S.

The bill defines telehealth as the use of synchronous or asynchronous telecommunications to perform services that include, but are not limited to:

• Patient assessment;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> Public Law 111-5, s. 3002(b)(2)(C)(iii) and s. 3011(a)(4).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> The definition of a "health care practitioner" includes 26 different disciplines: Acupuncture, medical practice, osteopathic medicine, chiropractic medicine, podiatry, naturopathy, optometry, nursing, pharmacy, dentistry, midwifery, speech-language-pathology-audiology, nursing home administration, occupational therapy, respiratory therapy, dietetics and nutrition practice, athletic trainers, orthotics, prosthetics, and pedorthotics, electrolysis, massage, clinical laboratory personnel, medical physicists, dispensing of optical devices and hearing aids, physical therapy, psychological services, and clinical, counseling, and psychotherapy.

- Diagnosis;
- Consultation;
- Treatment;
- Monitoring;
- Transfer of medical data; and
- Provision of patient and professional health related education.

The bill specifically excludes audio-only transmissions, email messages, and facsimile transmissions from the definition of telehealth. The term also does not include consultations between a telehealth provider located in this state and a provider lawfully licensed in another state when the Florida licensed provider maintains responsibility for the patient in this state.

A telehealth provider is prohibited from solely using telehealth to prescribe lenses, spectacles, eyeglasses, contact lenses, or other optical devices or prescribe based solely on the use of a computer-controlled device such as an autorefractor.

Controlled substances may not be prescribed through telehealth for chronic nonmalignant pain as defined under ss. 458.3265 and 459.0137, F.S.<sup>34</sup> However, Florida-licensed physicians and Florida-certified advanced registered nurse practitioners may use telehealth to order a controlled substance for an inpatient admitted to a hospital facility licensed under ch. 395, F.S., or a hospice patient under ch. 400, F.S.

The bill provides other practice standards for practicing via telehealth. The standards of care for services delivered via telehealth must be comparable to in-person health care services with a patient evaluation sufficient to diagnose and treat. The telehealth provider must maintain record-keeping that is also comparable to in-person health care services.

The bill clarifies that a non-physician practicing via telehealth within the applicable scope of practice for a telehealth provider is not deemed to be practicing medicine.

The bill also amends the definition of "discount medical plan" under s. 636.202(1), F.S., to provide that telehealth products regulated under s. 456.47, F.S., are not included in the definition.

The effective date of the bill is July 1, 2015.

## IV. Constitutional Issues:

A.	Municipality/County	Mandates	Restrictions:
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None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> "Chronic nonmalignant pain" is defined in s. 458.3265, F.S., as pain unrelated to cancer which persists beyond the usual course of disease or the injury that is the cause of the pain or more than 90 days after surgery. The term has an identical definition in s. 459.0137, F.S.

### C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

# V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

#### A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

## B. Private Sector Impact:

Under PCS/SB 478, telemedicine services are currently available in Florida. Health care technology companies that provide the equipment for these services may see an increase in demand under the bill from health care practitioners for new equipment and maintenance needs of any existing equipment. Patients in Florida may have greater access and more convenient access to health care services. Patients located in more rural areas or areas with physician workforce shortages that rely on county health departments, federally qualified health centers or rural health clinics may see an increased benefit in the use and availability of telehealth technology.

## C. Government Sector Impact:

To the same extent that privately funded health care facilities may experience a demand for the expanded use of health care technology, publicly funded facilities and providers may see an equivalent increase in demand from health care practitioners for new equipment and maintenance needs of any existing equipment under the bill. The extent of this potential effect is indeterminate.

# VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

#### VII. Related Issues:

None.

#### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill creates section 456.4501 of the Florida Statutes.

# IX. Additional Information:

# A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

# Recommended CS by Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services on April 14, 2015:

The proposed committee substitute:

- Includes behavioral analysts certified under s. 393.17, F.S., in the definition of "telehealth provider;"
- Provides that telehealth may not be used to prescribe a controlled substance to treat chronic nonmalignant pain as defined in ss. 458.3265 and 459.0137, F.S., as opposed to the underlying bill which relied exclusively on s. 458.3265, F.S., to define chronic nonmalignant pain;
- Adds advanced registered nurse practitioners to the list of practitioners who may use telehealth to order a controlled substance for an inpatient admitted to a hospital facility licensed under ch. 395, F.S., or a hospice patient under ch. 400, F.S.; and
- Amends the definition of "discount medical plan" under s. 636.202(1), F.S., to provide that the term does not include any telehealth product regulated under s. 456.47, F.S.

## CS by Health Policy on February 17, 2015:

The committee substitute:

- Changes the subject of the bill from telemedicine to telehealth;
- Specifies the practitioners who may be telehealth providers;
- Prohibits a telehealth provider from using telehealth to prescribe lenses, spectacles, eyeglasses, contact lenses, or other optical devises or prescribe based solely on a computer controlled device;
- Provides practice standards for practicing via telehealth; and
- Deletes from the bill:
  - A provision for Medicaid coverage parity;
  - Rulemaking authority for the Department of Health and its professional regulatory boards, as applicable; and
  - A protection clause for the delivery of emergency medical services.

## B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

620994

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RS	-	
04/16/2015	-	
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Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services (Bean) recommended the following:

## Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

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Delete lines 63 - 75

4 and insert:

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pain as defined in ss. 458.3265 and 459.0137. This paragraph does not preclude a physician from using telehealth to order a controlled substance for an inpatient admitted to a facility licensed under chapter 395 or a hospice patient under chapter 400.

(e) A telehealth provider may not use telehealth to



prescribe lenses, spectacles, eyeglasses, contact lenses, or other optical devices or prescribe based solely on the refractive error of the human eye generated by a computercontrolled device such as an autorefractor.

(3) RECORDS.—A telehealth provider shall document in the patient's medical record the health care services rendered using telehealth according to the same standard used for in-person health care services pursuant to ss. 395.3025(4) and 456.057.

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 636.202, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

636.202 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

(1) "Discount medical plan" means a business arrangement or contract in which a person, in exchange for fees, dues, charges, or other consideration, provides access for plan members to providers of medical services and the right to receive medical services from those providers at a discount. The term "discount medical plan" does not include any product regulated under chapter 627, chapter 641, or part I of this chapter or any telehealth product regulated under s. 456.47.

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======= T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ========= And the title is amended as follows:

Delete line 10

and insert:

confidentiality of medical records; amending s. 636.202, F.S.; excluding telehealth products from the definition of "discount medical plan"; providing an



	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate		House
Comm: RCS	•	
04/16/2015	•	
	•	
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Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services (Bean) recommended the following:

# Senate Substitute for Amendment (620994) (with title amendment)

Delete lines 63 - 75 4

and insert:

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pain as defined in ss. 458.3265 and 459.0137. This paragraph does not preclude a practitioner licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 or an advanced registered nurse practitioner certified under s. 464.012 from using telehealth to order a controlled substance for an inpatient admitted to a facility



licensed under chapter 395 or a hospice patient under chapter 400.

- (e) A telehealth provider may not use telehealth to prescribe lenses, spectacles, eyeglasses, contact lenses, or other optical devices or prescribe based solely on the refractive error of the human eye generated by a computercontrolled device such as an autorefractor.
- (3) RECORDS.—A telehealth provider shall document in the patient's medical record the health care services rendered using telehealth according to the same standard used for in-person health care services pursuant to ss. 395.3025(4) and 456.057.

Section 2. Subsection (1) of section 636.202, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

636.202 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

(1) "Discount medical plan" means a business arrangement or contract in which a person, in exchange for fees, dues, charges, or other consideration, provides access for plan members to providers of medical services and the right to receive medical services from those providers at a discount. The term "discount medical plan" does not include any product regulated under chapter 627, chapter 641, or part I of this chapter or any telehealth product regulated under s. 456.47.

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35 ======== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ==========

And the title is amended as follows:

Delete line 10

38 and insert:

confidentiality of medical records; amending s.



40	636.202, F.S.; excluding telehealth products from the
41	definition of "discount medical plan"; providing an

707614

	LEGISLATIVE ACTION	
Senate	•	House
Comm: RCS	•	
04/16/2015	•	
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Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services (Bean) recommended the following:

### Senate Amendment

Delete line 39

and insert:

of chapter 401 or s. 393.17.

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1 2 3 Florida Senate - 2015 CS for SB 478

By the Committee on Health Policy; and Senators Bean and Joyner

588-01661-15 2015478c1

A bill to be entitled An act relating to telehealth; creating s. 456.4501, F.S.; defining the terms "telehealth" and "telehealth

provider"; providing certain practice standards for telehealth providers; authorizing telehealth providers to use telehealth to prescribe controlled substances, with an exception; prohibiting the use of telehealth or specified computer-controlled devices to prescribe optical devices; providing for the maintenance and

11 effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

confidentiality of medical records; providing an

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Section 1. Section 456.4501, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

456.4501 Use of telehealth to provide services.-(1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:

(a) "Telehealth" means the use of synchronous or

asynchronous telecommunications technology by a telehealth provider to provide health care services, including, but not

limited to, patient assessment, diagnosis, consultation,

treatment, and monitoring; the transfer of medical data; patient

24 and professional health-related education; public health 25

services; and health care administration. The term does not

26 include audio-only transmissions, e-mail messages, facsimile

transmissions, or consultations between a telehealth provider in

this state and a provider lawfully licensed in another state

when the provider licensed in this state maintains

Page 1 of 3

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

Florida Senate - 2015 CS for SB 478

588-01661-15 2015478c1

30 responsibility for the care of a patient in this state. 31 (b) "Telehealth provider" means a person who provides 32 health care and related services using telehealth and who is 33 licensed under chapter 457; chapter 458; chapter 459; chapter 34 460; chapter 461; chapter 463; chapter 464; chapter 465; chapter 35 466; chapter 467; part I, part III, part IV, part V, part X, part XIII, or part XIV of chapter 468; chapter 478; chapter 480; 37 parts III and IV of chapter 483; chapter 484; chapter 486; 38 chapter 490; or chapter 491, or who is certified under part III 39 of chapter 401.

#### (2) PRACTICE STANDARDS.-

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(a) The standard of care for a telehealth provider providing medical care to a patient is the same as the standard of care generally accepted for a health care professional providing in-person health care services to a patient. If a telehealth provider conducts a patient evaluation sufficient to diagnose and treat the patient, the telehealth provider is not required to research the patient's medical history or conduct a physical examination of the patient before using telehealth to provide services to the patient. A telehealth provider may use telehealth to perform a patient evaluation.

- (b) A telehealth provider and a patient may be in separate locations when telehealth is used to provide health care services to the patient.
- (c) A nonphysician telehealth provider using telehealth and acting within the relevant scope of practice is not deemed to be practicing medicine without a license under any provision of law listed in paragraph (1)(b).
  - (d) A telehealth provider who is otherwise authorized to

Page 2 of 3

Florida Senate - 2015 CS for SB 478

588-01661-15 2015478c1
prescribe a controlled substance named or described in Schedules
I through V of s. 893.03 may use telehealth to prescribe the
controlled substance, except that telehealth may not be used to
prescribe a controlled substance to treat chronic nonmalignant
pain as defined in s. 458.3265. This paragraph does not preclude
a physician from using telehealth to order a controlled
substance for an inpatient admitted to a facility licensed under
chapter 395 or a hospice patient under chapter 400.
(e) A telehealth provider may not use telehealth to
prescribe lenses, spectacles, eyeglasses, contact lenses, or
other optical devices or prescribe based solely on the
refractive error of the human eye generated by a computer-
controlled device such as an autorefractor.
(3) RECORDS.—A telehealth provider shall document in the
patient's medical record the health care services rendered using
telehealth according to the same standard used for in-person
health care services pursuant to ss. 395.3025(4) and 456.057.
Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

Page 3 of 3



Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

#### COMMITTEES:

Children, Families, and Elder Affairs, Chair Ethics and Elections, Vice Chair Health Policy, Vice Chair Appropriations
Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services
Appropriations Subcommittee on Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development Regulated Industries

#### SELECT COMMITTEE:

Select Committee on Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Vice Chair

#### **SENATOR ELEANOR SOBEL**

33rd District

April 7, 2015

Senator Rene Garcia, Chair Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services 310 Senate Office Building 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1100

Dear Chair Garcia:

This letter is to request that SB790 relating to Hair Transplant Surgeries be placed on the agenda of the next scheduled meeting of the committee.

The proposed legislation would regulate hair restoration surgeries in Florida and require proper scope of practice and supervision when being performed by Physician's Assistants and Advanced Registered Nurse Practitioners. The issue is specifically that non-physicians and non-healthcare workers are practicing hair grafting, which requires cutting into the scalp of patients. This is obviously quite dangerous for consumers, especially as they engage in false advertising regarding their capabilities, background, and the risks of complications.

Thank you for your consideration of this request.

Respectfully,

Eleanor Sobel

State Senator, 33rd District

llann Sobel

Cc: Scarlet Pigott, Staff Director; Robin Auber, Committee Administrative Assistant

REPLY TO:

☐ The "Old" Library, First Floor, 2600 Hollywood Blvd., Hollywood, Florida 33020 (954) 924-3693 FAX: (954) 924-3695

□ 410 Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5033

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

# **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Profes  Meeting Date	790
wieeung Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Chris Mand	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Job Title	<del> </del>
Address 1000 Riverside Ave	Phone 904-233-3051
Jacksonville, FL 32204	Email notandlane a of com
Speaking: For Against Information Wai	ive Speaking: In Support Against e Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing Plantic Surda Society of Plantic Sur	geons
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist re	egistered with Legislature:  Yes  No
While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permeeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as	mit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this many persons as possible can be heard.
This form is part of the public record for this meeting.	S-001 (10/14/14)

# The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepare	d By: The Profe	ssional Staff of the App	ropriations Subcommi	ttee on Health and Human Services
BILL:	CS/SB 790			
INTRODUCER:	Health Police	cy Committee and Se	enator Sobel	
SUBJECT:	Hair Restora	ation or Transplant		
DATE:	April 13, 20	REVISED:		
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
. Looke		Stovall	HP	Fav/CS
2. Brown		Pigott	AHS	Favorable
3.			FP	

### Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

**COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes** 

# I. Summary:

CS/SB 790 restricts a physician from delegating certain aspects of a hair transplant or hair restoration surgery to anyone other than a physician assistant or an advanced registered nurse practitioner. The bill requires a physician to document the licensure, education, training, and experience of the person to whom he or she is delegating the procedure and requires health care practitioners who offer such procedures to inform the patient of the identity and training of all individuals involved in the patient's care.

The bill has no fiscal impact on state government.

The effective date of the bill is July 1, 2015.

#### II. Present Situation:

#### **Hair Restoration Procedures**

There are several techniques a physician can employ to restore hair to bald or balding portions of the human scalp. The most recently developed procedure is the follicular unit transplant. This procedure involves the removal of a strip of tissue from the donor area of the patient's scalp

which is then divided into a number of individual follicular units. The physician then grafts the individual follicular units into tiny holes made in the bald area of the scalp called recipient sites.<sup>1</sup>

Another type of hair restoration procedure is the bald scalp reduction procedure. As implied by the name, a bald scalp reduction procedure entails the removal of a bald area of the patient's scalp, and hair-producing areas of the scalp are stretched to cover the area removed. A similar procedure, the scalp flap surgery, involves the cutting and grafting of an entire flap of hair-producing scalp onto a bald area of the scalp. Both bald scalp reduction and scalp flap surgeries can have rapid results, but the follicular unit transplant surgery is generally preferred due to the more natural look produced by the follicular unit transplant surgery and the risk of scarring or failure inherent with bald scalp reduction and scalp flap surgeries.<sup>2</sup>

Tissue or scalp expansion procedures can also be used to restore bald areas of the scalp. Tissue expansion uses a balloon, called an expander, to stretch the skin in order to create extra skin which can be removed and grafted onto the bald area. Tissue expansion can be used for scalp repair since the stretched skin on the scalp retains normal hair growth.<sup>3</sup>

#### Regulation of Physician Assistants in Florida

Chapter 458, F.S., provides for the regulation of the practice of medicine by the Board of Medicine. Chapter 459, F.S., similarly provides for the regulation of the practice of osteopathic medicine by the Board of Osteopathic Medicine. Physician assistants (PAs) are regulated by both boards. Licensure of PAs is overseen jointly by the boards through the Council on Physician Assistants.<sup>4</sup>

Physician assistants are trained and required by statute to work under the supervision and control of medical physicians or osteopathic physicians.<sup>5</sup> The Board of Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine have adopted rules that set out the general principles a supervising physician must use in developing the scope of practice of the PA under both direct<sup>6</sup> and indirect<sup>7</sup> supervision. A supervising physician's decision to permit a PA to perform a task or procedure under direct or indirect supervision must be based on reasonable medical judgment regarding the probability of morbidity and mortality to the patient. The supervising physician must be certain that the PA is knowledgeable and skilled in performing the tasks and procedures assigned.<sup>8</sup> Each physician or group of physicians supervising a licensed PA must be qualified in the medical

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Bernstein Medical-Center for Hair Restoration, *Follicular Unit Transplant*, available at http://www.bernsteinmedical.com/fut-hair-transplant/, (last visited on April 3, 2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Bald Scalp Reduction and Scalp Flap Surgery, available at <a href="http://www.foundhair.com/pages/baldScalp.shtml">http://www.foundhair.com/pages/baldScalp.shtml</a>, (last visited on April 3, 2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Tissue Expansion, available at <a href="http://www.chp.edu/CHP/Tissue+Expansion">http://www.chp.edu/CHP/Tissue+Expansion</a>, (last visited on April 3, 2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> The council consists of three physicians who are members of the Board of Medicine; one physician who is a member of the Board of Osteopathic Medicine; and a physician assistant appointed by the State Surgeon General. (*See* ss. 458.347(9) and 459.022(9), F.S.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Sections 458.347(4) and 459.022(4), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> "Direct supervision" requires the physician to be on the premises and immediately available. (*See* Rules 64B8-30.001(4) and 64B15-6.001(4), F.A.C.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> "Indirect supervision" refers to the easy availability of the supervising physician to the physician assistant, which includes the ability to communicate by telecommunications, and requires the physician to be within reasonable physical proximity. (*See* Rules 64B8-30.001(5) and 64B15-6.001(5), F.A.C.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Rules 64B8-30.012(2) and 64B15-6.010(2), F.A.C.

areas in which the PA is to perform and must be individually or collectively responsible and liable for the performance and the acts and omissions of the PA.<sup>9</sup>

## Regulation of Advanced Registered Nurse Practitioners in Florida

Chapter 464, F.S., governs the licensure and regulation of nurses in Florida. Nurses are licensed by the Department of Health and are regulated by the Board of Nursing.<sup>10</sup>

An advanced registered nurse practitioner (ARNP) is a licensed nurse who is certified in advanced or specialized nursing. <sup>11</sup> Florida recognizes three types of ARNPs: nurse practitioner (NP), certified registered nurse anesthetist (CRNA), and certified nurse midwife (CNM). <sup>12</sup> To be certified as an ARNP, a nurse must hold a current license as a registered nurse <sup>13</sup> and submit proof to the Board of Nursing that he or she meets one of the following requirements: <sup>14</sup>

- Satisfactory completion of a formal post-basic educational program of specialized or advanced nursing practice;
- Certification by an appropriate specialty board; 15 or
- Graduation from a master's degree program in a nursing clinical specialty area with preparation in specialized practitioner skills.

Advanced or specialized nursing acts may only be performed under protocol of a supervising physician. Within the established framework of the protocol, an ARNP may: 16

- Monitor and alter drug therapies;
- Initiate appropriate therapies for certain conditions; and
- Order diagnostic tests and physical and occupational therapy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Sections 458.347(3) and 459.022(3), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> The Board of Nursing is comprised of 13 members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate who serve 4-year terms. Seven of the 13 members must be nurses who reside in Florida and have been engaged in the practice of professional nursing for at least 4 years. Of those seven members, one must be an advanced registered nurse practitioner, one a nurse educator at an approved nursing program, and one a nurse executive. Three members of the BON must be licensed practical nurses who reside in the state and have engaged in the practice of practical nursing for at least 4 years. The remaining three members must be Florida residents who have never been licensed as nurses and are in no way connected to the practice of nursing, any health care facility, agency, or insurer. Additionally, one member must be 60 years of age or older. (*See* s. 464.004(2), F.S.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> "Advanced or specialized nursing practice" is defined as the performance of advanced-level nursing acts approved by the Board of Nursing which, by virtue of postbasic specialized education, training and experience, are appropriately performed by an advanced registered nurse practitioner. (*See* s. 464.003(2), F.S.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Section 464.003(3), F.S. Florida certifies clinical nurse specialists as a category distinct from advanced registered nurse practitioners. (*See* ss. 464.003(7) and 464.0115, F.S.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Practice of professional nursing. (See s. 464.003(20), F.S.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Section 464.012(1), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Specialty boards expressly recognized by the Board of Nursing include: Council on Certification of Nurse Anesthetists, or Council on Recertification of Nurse Anesthetists; American College of Nurse Midwives; American Nurses Association (American Nurses Credentialing Center); National Certification Corporation for OB/GYN, Neonatal Nursing Specialties; National Board of Pediatric Nurse Practitioners and Associates; National Board for Certification of Hospice and Palliative Nurses; American Academy of Nurse Practitioners; Oncology Nursing Certification Corporation; American Association of Critical-Care Nurses Adult Acute Care Nurse Practitioner Certification. (*See* Rule 64B9-4.002(2), F.A.C.)

<sup>16</sup> Section 464.012(3), F.S.

The statute further describes additional acts that may be performed within an ARNP's specialty certification (CRNA, CNM, and NP).<sup>17</sup>

Advanced registered nurse practitioners must meet financial responsibility requirements, as determined by rule of the Board of Nursing and the practitioner profiling requirements. The Board of Nursing requires professional liability coverage of at least \$100,000 per claim with a minimum annual aggregate of at least \$300,000 or an unexpired irrevocable letter of credit in the same amounts payable to the ARNP. 19

# III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill amends chs. 458 and 459, F.S., to restrict a physician licensed under either chapter from delegating the incisional or excisional aspects of a follicular unit transplant, a scalp reduction surgery, a scalp flap surgery, or a scalp expansion surgery to anyone other than a PA licensed under ch. 458 or ch. 459, F.S., or an ARNP, certified under ch. 464, F.S. The bill also authorizes a physician to delegate the performance of these procedures to PAs and authorizes an ARNP to perform such procedures within the framework of an established protocol.

The bill creates ss. 458.352 and 459.027, F.S., to require that a physician must document the licensure, education, training, and experience of the individual to whom he or she delegates such a procedure and to require health care practitioners who provide such procedures to inform a patient who is undergoing the procedure of the identity and training of all individuals involved in the patient's care.

The effective date of the bill is July 1, 2015.

#### IV. Constitutional Issues:

A.	Municipality/Count	y Mandates Restrictions:
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None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

# V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Section 464.012(4), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Sections 456.0391 and 456.041, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Rule 64B9-4.002(5), F.A.C.

B.	Private	Sector	Impact:
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None.

## C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

#### VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

#### VII. Related Issues:

None.

#### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 458.331, 458.347, 459.015, 459.022, and 464.012

This bill creates the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 458.352 and 459.027

#### IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

#### CS by Health Policy on April 7, 2015:

The CS amends SB 790 to make numerous technical and conforming changes to more closely align the bill with the current regulatory structure. Provisions prohibiting a person other than a PA or ARNP from accepting a delegation of the listed hair restoration procedures are deleted from the bill in favor of provisions restricting a physician from making such delegations.

#### B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2015 CS for SB 790

By the Committee on Health Policy; and Senator Sobel

588-03638-15 2015790c1

A bill to be entitled An act relating to hair restoration or transplant; amending ss. 458.331 and 459.015, F.S.; authorizing the Board of Medicine, the Board of Osteopathic Medicine, and the Department of Health to deny a license to or to discipline a physician for improperly delegating certain tasks; amending ss. 458.347, 459.022, and 464.012, F.S.; authorizing a physician to delegate to a physician assistant and an advanced registered nurse practitioner certain tasks; creating ss. 458.352 and 459.027, F.S.; requiring a physician to document the licensure, education, training, and experience of an individual when the physician delegates certain tasks; requiring a health care practitioner who provides specified services to inform a patient of the identity and training status of all individuals involved in the patient's care; providing an effective date.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Paragraph (tt) is added to subsection (1) of section 458.331, Florida Statutes, to read:

 $458.331\ \mbox{Grounds}$  for disciplinary action; action by the board and department.—

(1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2):

Page 1 of 4

 ${\bf CODING:}$  Words  ${\bf stricken}$  are deletions; words  ${\bf \underline{underlined}}$  are additions.

Florida Senate - 2015 CS for SB 790

2015790c1

588-03638-15

30	chapter or chapter 459 or an advanced registered nurse
31	practitioner certified under chapter 464.
32	Section 2. Paragraph (h) is added to subsection (4) of
33	section 458.347, Florida Statutes, to read:
34	458.347 Physician assistants.—
35	(4) PERFORMANCE OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS
36	(h) A supervisory physician may delegate to a licensed
37	physician assistant the authority to conduct a procedure
38	specified in s. 458.352(1).
39	Section 3. Section 458.352, Florida Statutes, is created to
40	read:
41	458.352 Delegation of hair restoration or transplant
42	services
43	(1) If a physician delegates an incisional or excisional
44	aspect of a follicular unit transplant, a follicular unit
45	extraction, a scalp reduction surgery, a scalp flap surgery, or
46	a scalp expansion surgery to a physician assistant, licensed
47	under this chapter or chapter 459, or to an advanced registered
48	nurse practitioner, certified under chapter 464, the delegating
49	physician must document the licensure, education, training, and
50	experience of the individual to whom he or she is delegating the
51	procedure.
52	(2) A health care practitioner who provides a service
53	specified in subsection (1) must inform a patient who is
54	receiving such services of the identity and training status of
55	all individuals involved in the patient's care.
56	Section 4. Paragraph (vv) is added to subsection (1) of
57	section 459.015, Florida Statutes, to read:
58	459.015 Grounds for disciplinary action; action by the

Page 2 of 4

Florida Senate - 2015 CS for SB 790

2015790c1

588-03638-15

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59 board and department.-60 (1) The following acts constitute grounds for denial of a 61 license or disciplinary action, as specified in s. 456.072(2): 62 (vv) Delegating a procedure specified in s. 459.027(1) to a person other than a physician assistant licensed under this 63 chapter or chapter 458 or an advanced registered nurse 64 65 practitioner certified under chapter 464. 66 Section 5. Paragraph (g) is added to subsection (4) of 67 section 459.022, Florida Statutes, to read: 68 459.022 Physician assistants.-69 (4) PERFORMANCE OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS.-70 (g) A supervisory physician may delegate to a licensed 71 physician assistant the authority to conduct a procedure 72 specified in s. 459.027(1). 73 Section 6. Section 459.027, Florida Statutes, is created to 74 read: 75 459.027 Delegation of hair restoration or transplant 76 services .-77 (1) If a physician, licensed under this chapter or chapter 78 458, delegates an incisional or excisional aspect of a 79 follicular unit transplant, a follicular unit extraction, a 80 scalp reduction surgery, a scalp flap surgery, or a scalp 81 expansion surgery to a physician assistant, licensed under this 82 chapter or chapter 458, or to an advanced registered nurse 83 practitioner, certified under chapter 464, the delegating physician must document the licensure, education, training, and 85 experience of the individual to whom he or she is delegating the 86 procedure.

(2) A health care practitioner who provides a service

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 ${\tt CODING:}$  Words  ${\tt stricken}$  are deletions; words  ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$  are additions.

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88	specified in subsection (1) must inform a patient who is
89	receiving such services of the identity and training status of
90	all individuals involved in the patient's care.
91	Section 7. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section
92	464.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
93	464.012 Certification of advanced registered nurse
94	practitioners; fees
95	(4) In addition to the general functions specified in
96	subsection (3), an advanced registered nurse practitioner may
97	perform the following acts within his or her specialty:
98	(c) The nurse practitioner may perform any or all of the
99	following acts within the framework of established protocol:
100	1. Manage selected medical problems.
101	2. Order physical and occupational therapy.
102	3. Initiate, monitor, or alter therapies for certain
103	uncomplicated acute illnesses.
104	4. Monitor and manage patients with stable chronic
105	diseases.
106	5. Establish behavioral problems and diagnosis and make
107	treatment recommendations.
108	6. Conduct a procedure that includes the incisional or
109	excisional aspect of a follicular unit transplant, a follicular
110	unit extraction, a scalp reduction surgery, a scalp flap
111	surgery, or a scalp expansion surgery if a physician licensed
112	under chapter 458 or chapter 459 delegates such procedure.
113	Section 8. This act shall take effect July 1, 2015.

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Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

**COMMITTEES:** 

Children, Families, and Elder Affairs, Chair Ethics and Elections, Vice Chair Health Policy, Vice Chair Appropriations Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services Appropriations Subcommittee on Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development Regulated Industries

**SELECT COMMITTEE:** 

Select Committee on Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, Vice Chair

#### **SENATOR ELEANOR SOBEL**

33rd District

April 7, 2015

Senator Rene Garcia, Chair Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services 310 Senate Office Building 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1100

Dear Chair Garcia:

This letter is to request that SB 438 relating to Palliative Care be placed on the agenda of the next scheduled meeting of the committee.

The proposed legislation would create a Palliative Care and Quality of Life Interdisciplinary Advisory Council. It would also require the department to establish a palliative care consumer and professional information and education program. Palliative Care is about treating the whole patient, not just the disease; it has proven results in increasing quality of life, length of life, and decreasing costs of care.

Thank you for your consideration of this request.

Respectfully,

**Eleanor Sobel** 

State Senator, 33rd District

lleann Sobel

Cc: Scarlet Pigott, Staff Director; Robin Auber, Committee Administrative Assistant

☐ The "Old" Library, First Floor, 2600 Hollywood Blvd., Hollywood, Florida 33020 (954) 924-3693 FAX: (954) 924-3695

☐ 410 Senate Office Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5033

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

# **APPEARANCE RECORD**

4/14/15 (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator C	439
Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic Pallyative Care	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name David Francis	
Job Title Government Relations Di	
Address 2851 Remington Green Cir.	Stc C Phone 850-567-0598
Street  Tall  City  State	32308 Email Gauld. francis Cheart. org
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.)
Representing American Heart	Association
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

# APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting) 438 4/14/2015 Bill Number (if applicable) Meeting Date Topic Palliative Care Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Name Layne Smith Job Title Director, State Government Relations Phone 904-953-7334 Address 4500 San Pablo Road Street Email smith.layne@mayo.edu 32224 FL Jacksonville Citv State Zip Information Waive Speaking: In Support Speaking: (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing Mayo Clinic Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Appearing at request of Chair: While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

# APPEARANCE RECORD

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Bill Number (if applicable) Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Phone 🗦 State Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read this information into the record.) Representing 14 Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Appearing at request of Chair:

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

# **APPEARANCE RECORD**

Meeting Date (Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator	or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)  SB438
Topic <u>Palliative Colve</u>	Bill Number (if applicable)  Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Melanie Brown	
Job Title Johnson & Blanton	7
Address Po Box 10805	Phone 850 22 4 1900
Tall, Fi 32302 State	Email
Speaking: For Against Information	Waive Speaking: In Support Against (The Chair will read/this information into the record.)
Representing Flow da Hospia	& Palliature Coure
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No	Lobbyist registered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

# **APPEARANCE RECORD**

(Deliver BOTH copies of this form to the Senator or Senate Professional Staff conducting the meeting)

Meeting Date	Bill Number (if applicable)
Topic PALCIATIVE CARE	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name	_
Job Title	····
Address 200 W. COLLEGE ST # Jow	Phone <u>950-577-5687</u>
TLH FC 7230 1 City State Zip	_ Email jmcrape aarpos
Speaking: For Against Information Waive S	Speaking: In Support Against air will read this information into the record.)
RepresentingAARP	
Appearing at request of Chair: Yes No Lobbyist regis	stered with Legislature: Yes No

While it is a Senate tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this meeting. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard.

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

# The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Prepared	By: The Profe	essional Sta	aff of the Approp	riations Subcommit	tee on Health and	Human Services	
BILL:	SB 438						
INTRODUCER:	Senator Sobel and others						
SUBJECT:	Palliative Care						
DATE:	April 13, 20	015	REVISED:				
ANALYST		STAFF DIRECTOR		REFERENCE		ACTION	
. Lloyd		Stovall		HP	Favorable		
2. Brown		Pigott		AHS	Favorable		
3.				FP			

# I. Summary:

SB 438 establishes the Palliative Care Consumer and Professional Information and Education Program within the Department of Health (DOH) and also directs the department to house information and links on its website.

The bill creates the 11-member Florida Palliative Care and Quality of Life Interdisciplinary Task Force within the DOH. The primary purpose of the task force is to consult with and advise the DOH on matters relating to the establishment, maintenance, operation, and outcome evaluation of palliative care initiatives in this state. Members of the task force are appointed by the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The task force must produce a preliminary report by January 15, 2017, and a final report by December 31, 2018. The task force is dissolved December 31, 2018.

The DOH reports that implementation of the bill will require \$48,901 the first year and a recurring impact of \$45,019 in subsequent years. These costs may be absorbed within existing DOH resources.

The bill is effective upon becoming law.

#### **II.** Present Situation:

According to the Center to Advance Palliative Care, palliative care can be defined as specialized medical care for people with serious illnesses that focuses on providing those patients with relief from the symptoms, pain, and stress of that illness with a goal of improving quality of life for both the patient and the patient's family. Examples of serious illnesses helped by palliative care

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Center to Advance Palliative Care, *About Palliative Care*, <a href="https://www.capc.org/about/palliative-care/">https://www.capc.org/about/palliative-care/</a> (last visited April 2, 2015).

include cancer, cardiac diseases, kidney failure, Alzheimer's disease, HIV/AIDS, and Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS). Palliative care focuses on helping patients get relief from symptoms caused by serious illnesses. Given alone when other treatment is not working or along with curative treatment, palliative care can be given from time of diagnosis until end of life.<sup>2</sup>

Access to palliative care in the United States has more than doubled in the last five years.<sup>3</sup> Ten years ago, there were almost no palliative care programs in America's hospitals. State by state calculations show that 62 percent of Florida's hospitals having 50 or more beds provide a palliative care team.<sup>4</sup> Public opinion polls show that many Americans are not knowledgeable about palliative care; however, once explained, 92 percent reported they would be highly likely to consider palliative care for themselves or families if they had a serious illness.<sup>5</sup>

#### Palliative Care in Florida

Under s. 765.102(5) and (6), F.S., the Legislature has recognized the need to establish end-of-life care standards, including pain management and palliative care. The Department of Health, the Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA), and the Department of Elder Affairs (DOEA) are required to jointly develop an end-of-life care campaign. The focus is on planning for end-of-life care and includes:<sup>6</sup>

- An opportunity to discuss and plan for end-of-life care;
- Assurance that physical and mental suffering will be carefully attended to;
- Assurance that preferences for withholding and withdrawing life-sustaining interventions will be honored;
- Assurance that the personal goals of the dying person will be addressed;
- Assurance that the dignity of the dying person will be a priority;
- Assurance that health care providers will not abandon the dying person;
- Assurance that the burden to family and others will be addressed;
- Assurance that advance directives for care will be respected regardless of the location of care;
- Assurance that organizational mechanisms are in place to evaluate the availability and quality of end-of-life, palliative, and hospice care services, including the evaluation of administrative and regulatory barriers;
- Assurance that necessary health care services will be provided and that relevant reimbursement policies are available; and
- Assurance that the goals will be accomplished in a culturally-appropriate manner.

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2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> American Cancer Society, *A Guide to Palliative or Supportive Care* (last revised Sept. 23, 2014) <a href="http://www.cancer.org/treatment/treatmentsandsideeffects/palliativecare/supportive-care">http://www.cancer.org/treatment/treatmentsandsideeffects/palliativecare/supportive-care</a> (last visited April 2, 2015).

<sup>3</sup> Center to Advance Palliative Care, *Executive Summary*, <a href="http://www.capc.org/reportcard/summary">http://www.capc.org/reportcard/summary</a> (last visited April 2, 2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Center to Advance Palliative Care, *State by State Report Card - Florida*, <a href="http://www.capc.org/reportcard/home/FL/RC/Florida">http://www.capc.org/reportcard/home/FL/RC/Florida</a> (last visited: April 2, 2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> American Cancer Society, *Palliative Care at a Glance*, <a href="http://www.acscan.org/content/wp-content/uploads/2012/07/Palliative-Care-at-a-Glance.pdf">http://www.acscan.org/content/wp-content/uploads/2012/07/Palliative-Care-at-a-Glance.pdf</a> (last visited April 2, 2015).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Section 765.102(5)(b), F.S.

In 2013, the DOH's Cancer Program and Cancer Control and Research Advisory Council jointly sponsored a workshop and webinar on palliative care that included participants from Florida and other national organizations.

The AHCA, the DOH, and the DOEA have webpages devoted to end-of-life resources with links to mostly external websites. In 2005, the DOEA published *Making Choices: A Guide to End of Life Planning* to address strategies for advance care planning.<sup>7</sup> The guide is available on the DOEA's website.

The AHCA is responsible for the licensing and regulation of facilities that provide palliative care, including hospitals, long-term care facilities, nursing homes, home health agencies, hospices, intermediate care facilities, prescribed pediatric care centers, and assisted living facilities under chs. 395, 400, and 429, F.S.

The DOH is responsible for the regulation of health care professionals, which includes, among others, allopathic and osteopathic physicians, physician assistants, and nurses under chs. 458, 459, and 464, F.S.

### III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

**Section 1** creates s. 381.825, F.S., to establish the palliative care consumer and professional information and education program. The following terms are defined:

- "Appropriate" means consistent with applicable legal, health, and professional standards; consistent with the patient's clinical and other circumstances; and consistent with the patient's reasonably known wishes and beliefs;
- "Medical care" means services provided, requested, or supervised by a physician, a physician assistant, or an advanced registered nurse practitioner;
- "Palliative care" means patient- and family-centered medical care offered throughout the continuum of an illness which optimizes quality of life by anticipating, preventing, and treating the suffering caused by a serious illness, and also addresses:
  - o Physical needs;
  - o Emotional needs;
  - Social needs;
  - Spiritual needs;
  - o Autonomy;
  - Access to information;
  - o Choice; and
  - O Discussion of the patient's goals for treatment, appropriate options for the patient, including hospice care, and comprehensive pain and symptom management;
- "Serious illness" means a medical illness or physical injury or condition that substantially impacts quality of life for more than a short period of time, including, but not limited to:
  - o Cancer;
  - o Renal or liver failure:
  - Heart or lung disease; and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Department of Elder Affairs, *Making Choices: A Guide to End of Life Planning* (2005) <a href="http://elderaffairs.state.fl.us/doea/pubs/pubs/EOL.pdf">http://elderaffairs.state.fl.us/doea/pubs/pubs/EOL.pdf</a> (last visited April 2, 2015).

o Alzheimer's disease and related dementia.

The DOH is required to establish a palliative care consumer and professional information and education program to maximize the effectiveness of palliative care initiatives in the state. The DOH is directed to consult with the Palliative Care and Quality of Life Interdisciplinary Task Force in implementing the program. The program is required to:

- Make comprehensive and accurate information about palliative care available to the public, health care practitioners, and health care facilities; and
- Publish information and resources on the DOH website about continuing education
  opportunities for health care practitioners; information about palliative care delivery in the
  home and other health care settings, best practices for palliative care delivery; and consumer
  educational materials and referral information for palliative care, including hospice.

The DOH is also authorized to develop and implement other initiatives on palliative care that further the purposes of the program.

**Section 2** establishes the Palliative Care and Quality of Life Interdisciplinary Advisory Task Force. The task force<sup>8</sup> is established within the DOH and consists of 11 members. Five members are appointed by the Governor, three are appointed by the President of the Senate, and three are appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. All appointments must be made by December 31, 2015.

Task force members are to include, but are not limited to, professionals with expertise in different aspects of palliative care and patient and family caregivers or their advocates. The bill designates the representative groups for five of the appointments and directs the appointing officials to consult with the State Surgeon General to ensure broad representation on the task force. The specific designees to the task force are:

Task Force Designee	Appointing Official	
American Cancer Society	Governor	
Florida Hospice & Palliative Care	Governor	
Association		
Department of Veterans' Affairs	Governor	
2 - Board Certified Hospice and	1 - President of Senate	
Palliative Care Medicine Physicians,	1 - Speaker of the House of	
Physician Assistants, or Nurses	Representatives	

The bill directs the task force to adopt organizational procedures and to elect a chairman and vice chairman, whose duties will be established by the task force. The DOH is to provide support for the task force and establish a regular schedule of meetings which must include a minimum of two meetings per year. Members will serve without compensation; however, they may be reimbursed for travel expenditures in accordance with s. 112.061, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> A "committee" or "task force" is defined under s. 20.03(8), F.S., to mean "an advisory body created without specific statutory enactment for a time not to exceed 1 year or created by a specific statutory enactment for a time not to exceed 3 years and appointed to study a specific problem and recommend a solution or policy alternative with respect to that problem. Its existence terminates upon the completion of its assignment.

The task force must submit a preliminary report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, by January 15, 2017, with recommendations for palliative care initiatives in this state, including statutory changes for legislative consideration.

The task force must submit a follow-up report by December 31, 2018, with details of any implementation activities by the DOH or legislative action on the recommendations from the preliminary report.

The bill takes effect upon becoming law.

#### IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

### V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Private sector palliative care vendors and service providers may benefit through additional information and resources being posted to the new website as required under SB 438. The availability of these resources may result in additional public interest and increased use of services.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The Department of Health (DOH) has three main responsibilities under the bill: dissemination of information under the education program, development of website resources and linkages, and administrative support of the task force. The DOH has identified a fiscal impact to support these responsibilities of \$48,901 for the first year and \$45,019 in the second year. These costs may be absorbed within existing DOH resources.

Estimated Expenditures	1st Year	2nd Year Annualized/Recurring	
Salaries			
Other Personnel Services			
1 part-time OPS Health			
Educator.	\$13,963	\$13,963	
Benefits @1.45%	\$202	\$202	
Expenses			
1 - OPS			
Standard DOH professional	\$15,616	\$11,734	
package with limited travel			
Palliative Care Task Force			
Travel reimbursement for	\$11,000	\$11,000	
members - (11 members X			
\$500) for 2 meetings			
<b>Human Resources</b>			
Services	\$120	¢120	
Calculated with standard	\$120	\$120	
DOH OPS package			
<b>Contractual Services</b>	\$8,000	\$8,000	
TOTAL ESTIMATED	\$49.001	\$45.010	
EXPENDITURES	\$48,901	\$45,019	

#### VI. Technical Deficiencies:

Under s. 20.03, F.S., a "committee" or a "task force" is time-limited for a period not to exceed three years. SB 438 is effective upon becoming law and the section creating the task force expires December 31, 2018, which is a duration of more than three years.

#### VII. Related Issues:

None.

#### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill creates section 381.825 of the Florida Statutes.

This bill creates one undesignated section of law.

### IX. Additional Information:

### A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

#### B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2015 SB 438

By Senator Sobel

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33-00370A-15 2015438

A bill to be entitled An act relating to palliative care; creating s. 381.825, F.S.; defining terms; requiring the Department of Health to establish a palliative care consumer and professional information and education program; specifying the purpose of the program; requiring the department to publish certain educational information and referral materials about palliative care on the department website; authorizing the department to develop and implement other services and education initiatives regarding palliative care; requiring the department to consult with the Palliative Care and Quality of Life Interdisciplinary Task Force; creating the Palliative Care and Quality of Life Interdisciplinary Task Force within the Department of Health; specifying the purpose of the task force; providing for membership by a specified time; requiring the task force to adopt certain internal organizational procedures; requiring the department to provide staff, information, and other assistance, as necessary, to the task force; authorizing the reimbursement of task force members for certain expenses; requiring the department to set regular meeting times for the task force; requiring the task force to meet at least twice each year; requiring reports to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by specified dates; providing for future repeal of the task force; providing an

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 ${\tt CODING:}$  Words  ${\tt stricken}$  are deletions; words  ${\tt \underline{underlined}}$  are additions.

Florida Senate - 2015 SB 438

	33-00370A-15 2015438
30	effective date.
31	
32	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
33	
34	Section 1. Section 381.825, Florida Statutes, is created to
35	read:
36	381.825 Palliative care consumer and professional
37	information and education program.—
38	(1) As used in this section, the term:
39	(a) "Appropriate" means consistent with applicable legal,
40	health, and professional standards; consistent with the
41	patient's clinical and other circumstances; and consistent with
42	the patient's reasonably known wishes and beliefs.
43	(b) "Medical care" means services provided, requested, or
44	supervised by a physician, a physician assistant, or an advanced
45	registered nurse practitioner.
46	(c) "Palliative care" means patient- and family-centered
47	medical care offered throughout the continuum of an illness
48	which optimizes quality of life by anticipating, preventing, and
49	treating the suffering caused by a serious illness. Palliative
50	care involves addressing physical, emotional, social, and
51	spiritual needs and facilitating patient autonomy, access to
52	information, and choice. The term includes, but is not limited
53	to, discussions of the patient's goals for treatment; discussion
54	of treatment options appropriate to the patient, including, if
55	appropriate, hospice care; and comprehensive pain and symptom
56	management.
57	(d) "Serious illness" means a medical illness or physical
58	injury or condition that substantially impacts quality of life

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for more than a short period of time. The term includes, but is not limited to, cancer, renal or liver failure, heart or lung disease, and Alzheimer's disease and related dementias.

- (2) The department shall establish a palliative care consumer and professional information and education program. The purpose of the program is to maximize the effectiveness of palliative care initiatives in this state by making comprehensive and accurate information and education about palliative care available to the public, health care practitioners, and health care facilities.
- (3) The department shall publish on its website information and resources, including links to external resources, about palliative care which shall include, but not be limited to, continuing education opportunities for health care practitioners; information about palliative care delivery in the home and in primary, secondary, and tertiary care settings; best practices for palliative care delivery; and consumer educational materials and referral information for palliative care, including hospice.
- $\underline{\hbox{(4) The department may develop and implement other}} \\ \underline{\hbox{initiatives regarding palliative care services and education to} \\ \underline{\hbox{further the purposes of this section.}}$
- (5) The department shall consult with the Palliative Care and Quality of Life Interdisciplinary Task Force in implementing this section.

Section 2. Palliative Care and Quality of Life

Interdisciplinary Task Force.—There is established within the

Department of Health a Palliative Care and Quality of Life

Interdisciplinary Task Force, which is a task force as defined

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Florida Senate - 2015 SB 438

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88	in s. 20.03, Florida Statutes.
89	(1) The primary purpose of the task force is to consult
90	with and advise the department on matters relating to the
91	establishment, maintenance, operation, and outcome evaluation of
92	palliative care initiatives in this state.
93	(2) The task force shall consist of 11 members, 5 of whom
94	are appointed by the Governor, 3 of whom are appointed by the
95	President of the Senate, and 3 of whom are appointed by the
96	Speaker of the House of Representatives. All appointments shall
97	be made by December 31, 2015. The task force membership shall
98	include:
99	(a) Professionals who have expertise in various aspects of
100	palliative care, including, but not limited to,
101	interdisciplinary palliative care; medical, nursing, social
102	work, pharmacy, and spiritual expertise; and patient and family
103	caregivers or their advocates. The appointing officials, in
104	consultation with the State Surgeon General, shall ensure that
105	representation on the task force reflects a broad perspective of
106	palliative care in a variety of inpatient, outpatient, and
107	community settings, such as acute care, long-term care, and
108	hospice, and with a variety of populations, including pediatric,
109	youth, and adult.
110	(b) One member who is a designee of the American Cancer
111	Society, appointed by the Governor.
112	(c) One member who is a designee of the Florida Hospice and
113	Palliative Care Association, appointed by the Governor.
114	(d) One member who is a designee of the Department of
115	Veterans' Affairs, appointed by the Governor.

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(e) At least two members who are board-certified hospice

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and palliative medicine physicians, physician assistants, or nurses, one appointed by the President of the Senate and one appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

- (3) The task force shall adopt internal organizational procedures as necessary for its efficient organization which must, at a minimum, require the task force to elect a chair and vice chair whose duties shall be established by the task force.
- (4) The department shall provide such staff, information, and other assistance as are reasonably necessary to assist the task force in carrying out its responsibilities.
- (5) Members of the task force shall serve without compensation, but may receive reimbursement as provided in s.

  112.061, Florida Statutes, for travel and other necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties.
- (6) The department shall establish a time and place for regular meetings of the task force, which shall meet at least twice a year.
- (7) The task force shall submit a preliminary report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 15, 2017, detailing its recommendations for the establishment, maintenance, operation, and outcome evaluation of palliative care initiatives in this state and its recommendation for any statutory changes to be considered by the Legislature. The task force shall also submit a followup report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 31, 2018, detailing the implementation, by the department or by legislative action, of the recommendations in the preliminary report.

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(8) This section expires December 31, 2018.

Section 3. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

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# **CourtSmart Tag Report**

**Room: SB 401** Case: Type: Caption: Appropriations Subcommittee on Health and Human Services Judge: Started: 4/14/2015 1:43:28 PM Ends: 4/14/2015 2:17:48 PM Length: 00:34:21 1:43:30 PM Called to Order 1:43:37 PM Roll Call 1:44:00 PM TAB:2 CS/SB 7006 1:44:54 PM 389596 1:45:40 PM Adopted 1:46:11 PM 219806 1:46:47 PM **Public Testimony** Heather Mooney, Success Byle and Community Engagement Coordinator waives in support 1:46:53 PM 1:47:06 PM Mary Adams, Director/ Child Care Center waives in support 1:47:09 PM Angela Rolle, VPK-Teacher waives in support Ellyn Bogdanoff, Executive Director, FL Association for Child Care Management waives in support 1:47:13 PM 1:47:19 PM Dr. Brittney Birken, CEO, Early Learning Consortium waives in support 1:47:29 PM Gordon Tremuine, CEO ELC Aluchua, Association of Early Learning Coalition waives in support 1:47:44 PM Jaleesa Howie Fears, Communications Coordinator, Duval Early Learning Director Network waives in support 1:47:48 PM Lonna Hale, Director Childcare Center, Duval Early Learning Director Network waives in support 1:47:50 PM Teresa Little, Director, Duval Early Learning Center waives in support 1:47:54 PM Hope Henry, Director, Duval Early Learning Center waives in support 1:47:58 PM Cathy Parker, Director Provider Services, Early Learning Community of Duval waives in support Barbara Lynn, Preschool Director, Duval Early Learning Network waives in support 1:48:00 PM 1:48:22 PM Roll Call Favorable/CS 1:48:38 PM Sen. Sobel 1:48:46 PM 1:49:33 PM Sen. Bean 1:50:07 PM **TAB:3 CS/SB 478** 1:51:55 PM 620994 1:52:03 PM 596394 1:53:28 PM Adopted 1:53:32 PM 707614 1:54:08 PM **Public Testimony** 1:54:21 PM Layne Smith, Director, Mayo Clinic waives in support 1:54:26 PM Derrick McGhee, FL Chamber of Commerce waives in support Anna Baznik, President/CEO, IMPOWER 1:54:33 PM Larry Gonzalez, General Counsel, FL Occupational Therapy Association waives in support 1:57:56 PM 1:58:06 PM Chris Nuland, American College of Physicians waives in support 1:58:11 PM Stephen Winn, Executive Director, FL Osteopathic Medical Association waives in support 1:58:19 PM Chris Snow, Lobbyist, FL Association of Speech-Language Pathologists and Audiologists waives in support 1:58:29 PM Sal Nuzzo, Vice President of Policy, The James Madison Institute 2:00:03 PM Melissa Faust, Policy Analyst, Americans for Prosperity waives in support 2:03:12 PM Sen. Benacquisto 2:04:20 PM Sen. Sobel 2:05:32 PM Dr. Narendra Kini, CEO Miami Children's Health System 2:06:56 PM Morgan McCord, Florida TaxWatch 2:08:57 PM Roll Call 2:09:13 PM Favorable/CS 2:09:19 PM TAB:1 SB 634 2:10:03 PM **Public Testimony** 

2:10:23 PM Roll Call 2:10:43 PM Favorable

Stephen Winn waives in support

Jeff Scott waives in support

2:10:04 PM

2:10:09 PM

2:10:59 PM TAB:4 CS/SB 790 Chris Nuland waives in support 2:11:56 PM Roll Call 2:12:13 PM Favorable 2:12:28 PM TAB:5 SB438 2:12:33 PM David Francis, Government Relations Director, American Heart Association waives in support 2:13:41 PM Layne Smith, Director, Mayo Clinic waives in support 2:13:45 PM Heather Youmans, Director of Government Relations, American Cancer Society waives in support 2:13:52 PM Melanie Brown, Johnson & Blanton, FL Hospice & Palliative Care Association waives in support 2:14:02 PM Jack McRay, AARP waives in support 2:14:05 PM 2:14:22 PM Roll Call 2:14:37 PM Favorable 2:14:45 PM Sen. Smith 2:17:39 PM Adjourn