The Florida Senate

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

BUDGET SUBCOMMITTEE ON TRANSPORTATION,
TOURISM, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
APPROPRIATIONS
Senator Gaetz, Chair
Senator Margolis, Vice Chair

MEETING DATE: Friday, March 11, 2011 **TIME:** 10:15 a.m.—12:15 p.m.

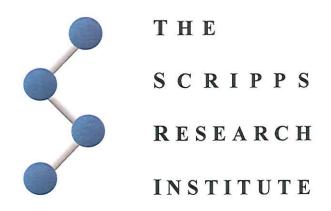
PLACE: Toni Jennings Committee Room, 110 Senate Office Building

MEMBERS: Senator Gaetz, Chair; Senator Margolis, Vice Chair; Senators Alexander, Benacquisto, Bennett,

Bogdanoff, Bullard, Dean, Diaz de la Portilla, Evers, Fasano, Hill, Latvala, Norman, Sachs, Smith,

and Sobel

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION	
	Introduction of Mr. F. Gray Swoope, Jr., designated President of Enterprise Florida, Inc.			
1	Presentation by Scripps Florida			
2	Budget Work Session			





Scripps Florida On the Front Lines of Hope

11 March 2011

Harry W. Orf, PhD
Vice President for Scientific Operations
and Professor of Chemistry
Scripps Florida

Scripps Research Institute - 2011. All rights reserved.

Scripps Florida – Agenda

- 1. Introduction to Scripps Research Institute and Scripps Florida
- 2. Scripps Florida Organization What Makes Us Unique?
- 3. Brief Virtual Tour of Campus and Departments
- 4. Education Programs
- 5. By The Numbers Agreement Milestones
- 6. Toward the Future Scientific Highlights and Accomplishments



Research that Fuels Hope

As the nation's largest independent non-profit biomedical research facility,

TSRI's mission is to remain a leader in the discovery and application of biomedical breakthroughs

that improve human health and expand the frontiers of science that create hope for millions



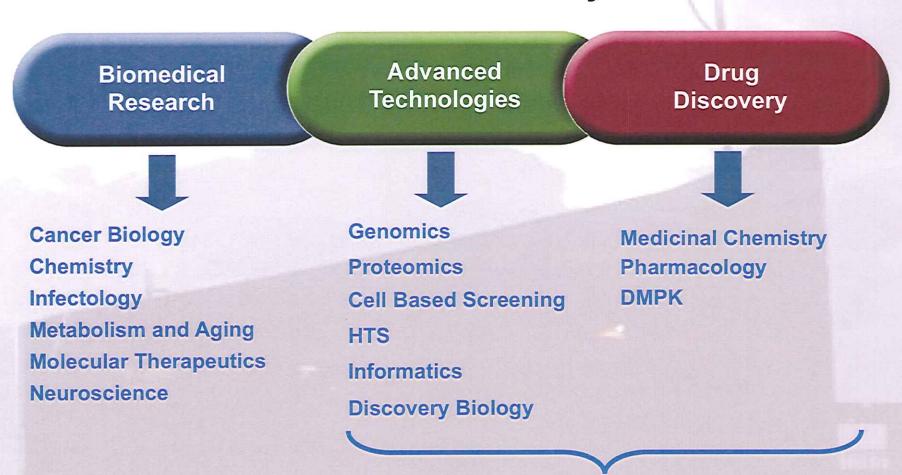
Pioneering New Discoveries

As a division of TSRI, Scripps Florida is dedicated to basic biomedical research,

developing cutting-edge technologies,

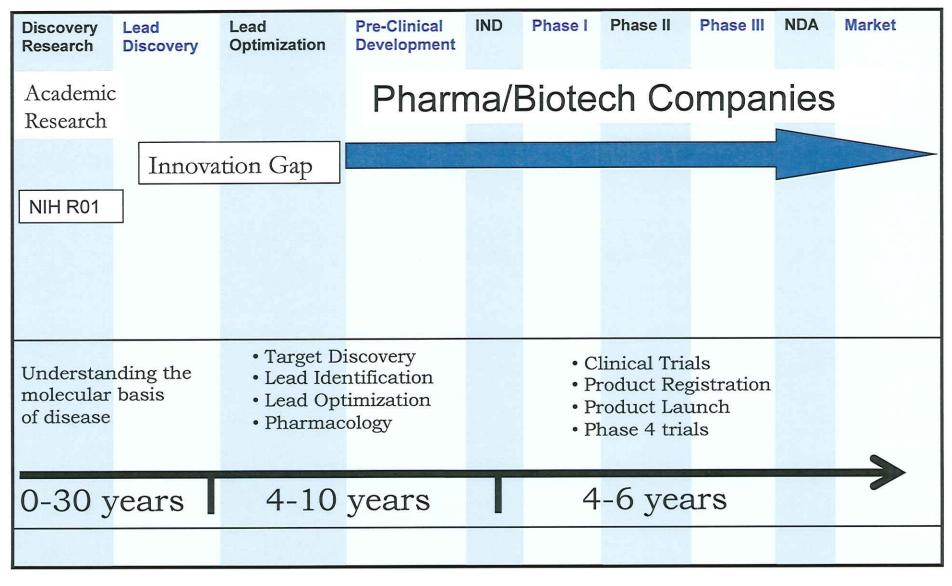
and applying discoveries towards finding new and better potential treatments for a variety of devastating human diseases

Interdisciplinary Themes of Scripps Florida Collaboration is Key

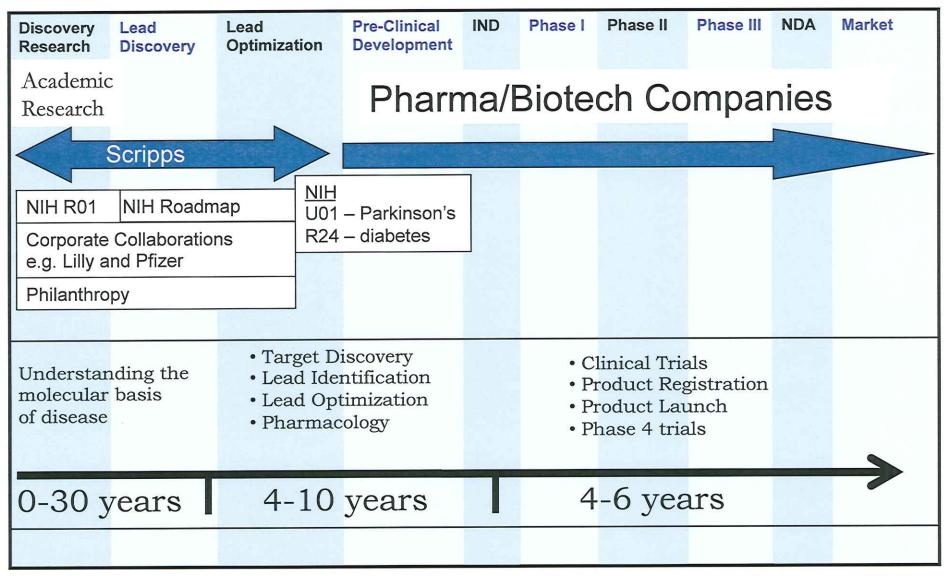


Translational Research Institute (TRI)

Scripps Florida: From the lab bench to the patient's bedside



Scripps Florida: From the lab bench to the patient's bedside



NIH Funding of Translational Programs at Scripps Florida



Examples of Translational NIH Grants at Scripps Florida

NIDDK

Regulation of Brown Fat: Toward New Therapy for Human Obesity

NIDDK

Seeding Collaborative Interdisciplinary Team Science in Diabetes Endocrine Metabolic Diseases

NIDA

Development of GABAB Receptor Compounds for Nicotine Dependence

NINDS

Preclinical Development of JNK3 Inhibitors to Treat Parkinson's Disease

NIDDK

Development of Second Messenger, Trafficking, and Functional Assays for GPR119 (Diabetes)

NCI

Development of HTS assays to discovery novel modulators of LRH-1 (Cancer)

NIDA

Development of orexin-1 receptor antagonists to prevent drug relapse



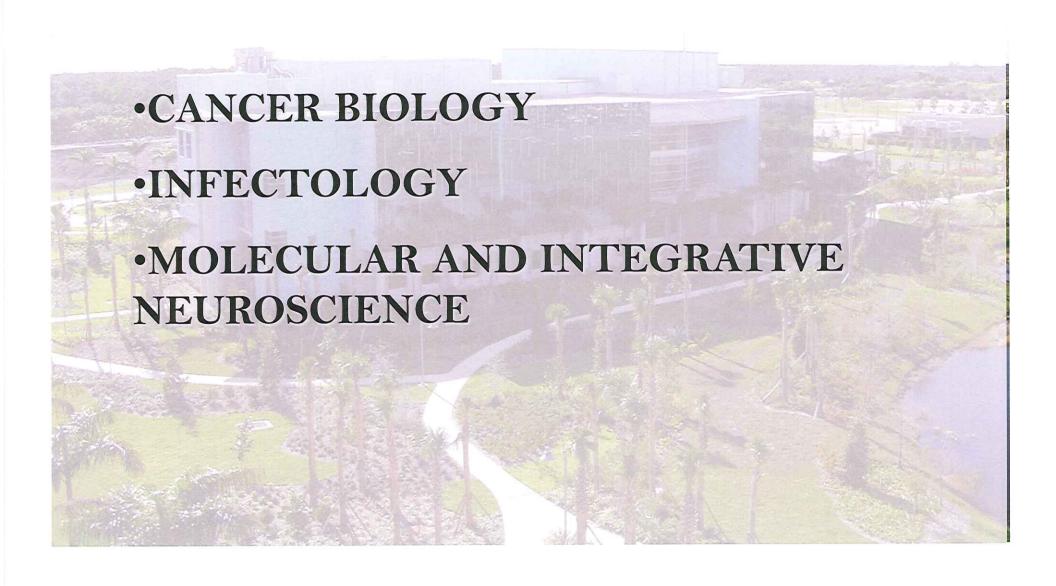


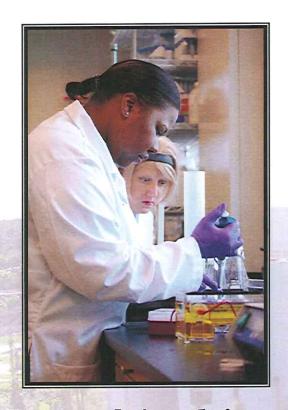
Scripps Florida

Print# 81027165 Date: 10/27/08

Aerial Photography, Inc. 954-568-0484

BUILDING C





Neuroscience

A multidisciplinary approach to drug discovery in diseases of the brain and CNS

Research involving
Alzheimer's disease,
Parkinson's disease,
depression, alcohol addiction,
fragile X syndrome, autism,
and aging.



BUILDING B

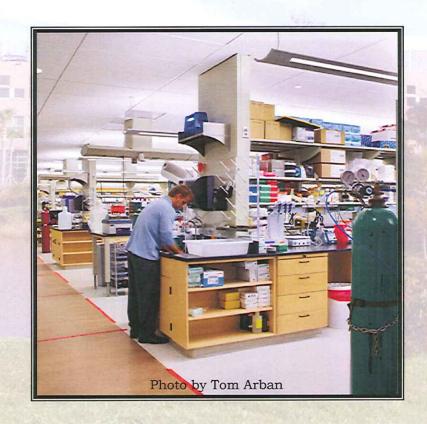
- CORE LABORATORIES
 - •Genomics
 - Proteomics
 - •Cell Based Screening
- •METABOLISM AND AGING
- •INFORMATICS AND IT
- AUDITORIUM, CLASSROOMS, CAFETERIA, LIBRARY



Genomics

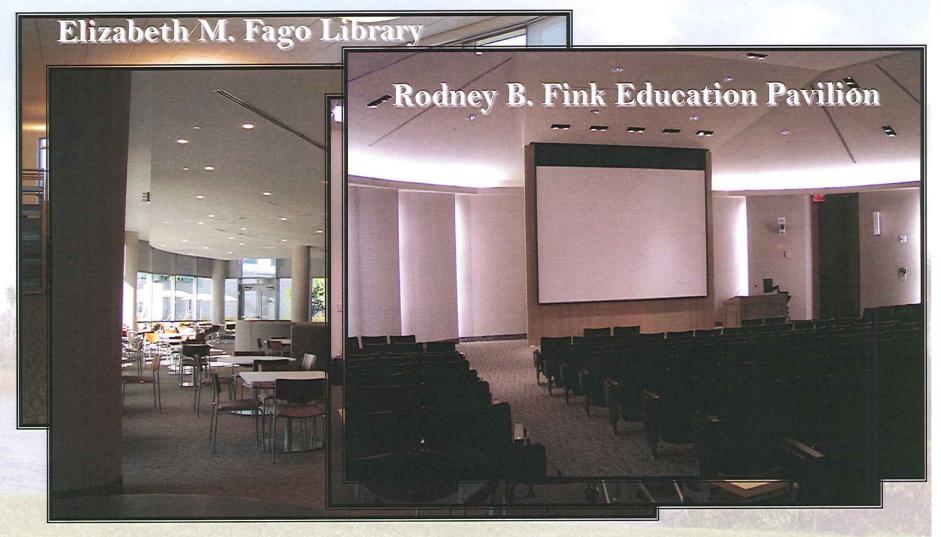
The latest technologies for gene expression analysis and high-throughput genotyping

The interrogation and comparison of the role genetics play in the disease state at the global level, or at specified locations in the genome.



Library

Auditorium



Cafeteria

Education Classrooms

BUILDING A

- CHEMISTRY
 - Synthetic and Bioorganic Chemistry
 - Energy and Materials Laboratories
- MOLECULAR THERAPEUTICS
- •TRANSLATIONAL RESEARCH INST.
 - Medicinal Chemistry
 - •High Throughput Screening
 - DMPK and Pharmacology

High Throughput Screening (Robotics)

Identifying "lead" compounds to drive drug discovery research forward

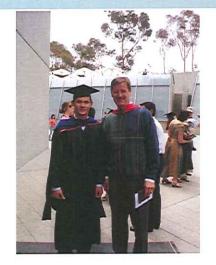
HTS robotics accelerate drug discovery by using automation and sophisticated technologies that test large chemical libraries for potential future therapeutics.





FAU Medical School Joint MD/PhD Program With Scripps Accredited Feb 2011 Over 1000 Applicants





Ph.D. Graduate Program in Chemistry and Biology

46 GS's, 7 PhD's

EDUCATION



Post Doctoral Research

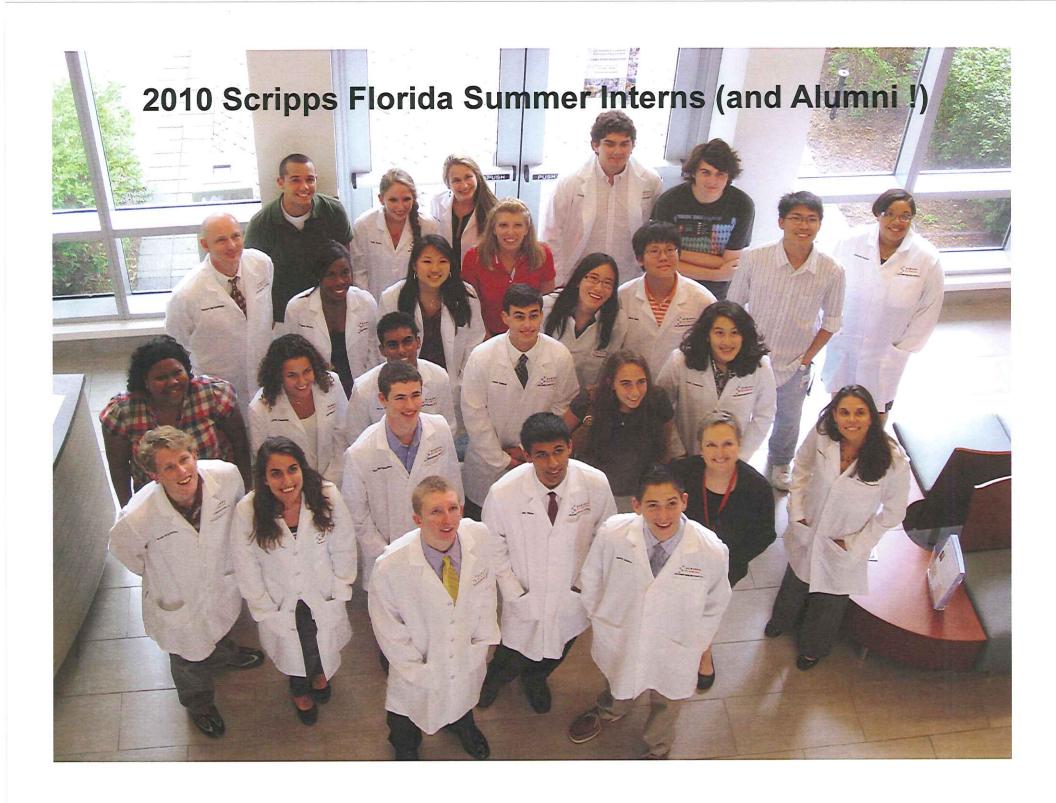
140 PD's in FL



K-12 Education and Community Outreach

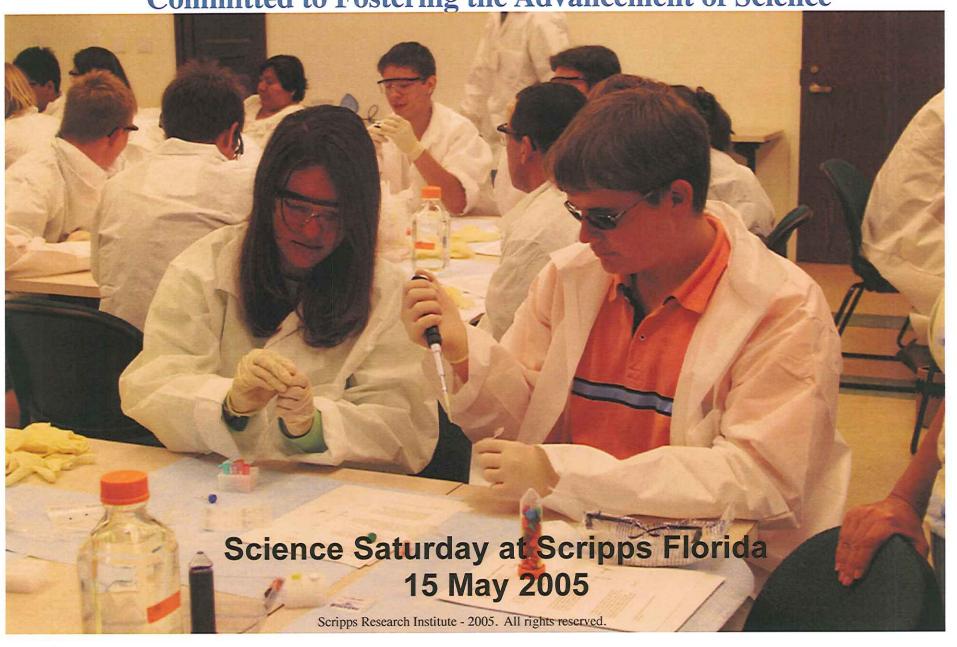
K-12 Education and Community Outreach

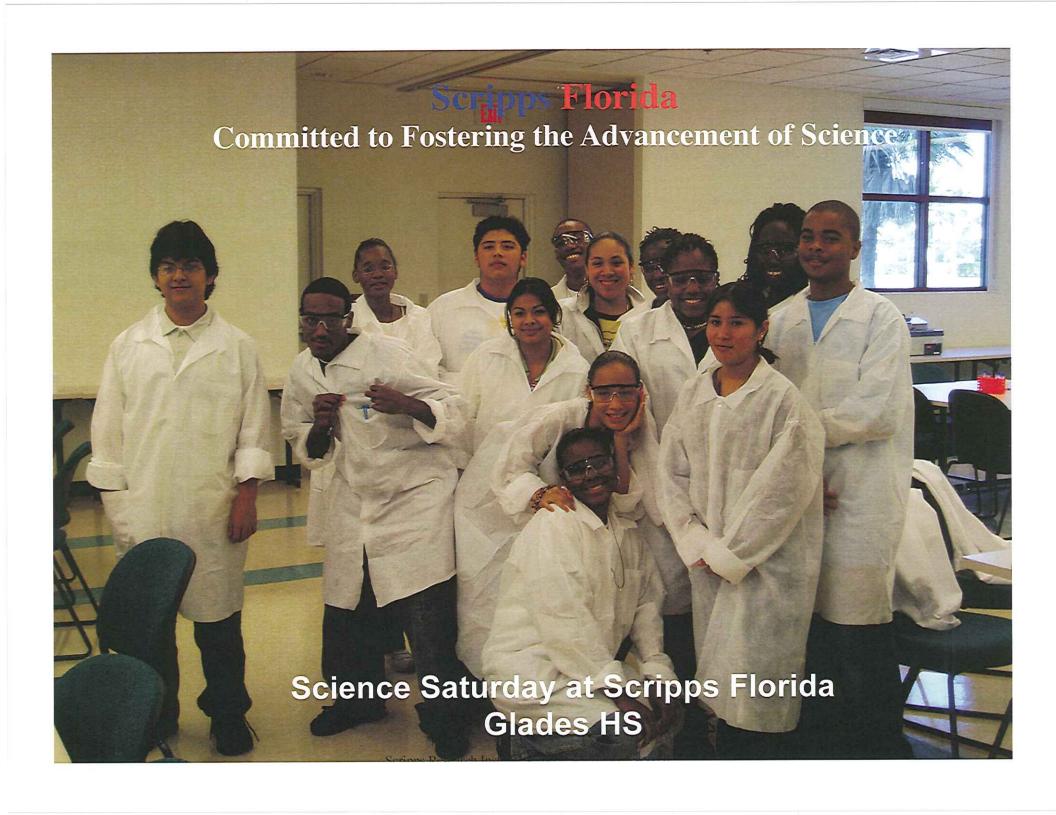
- Generous Support from William R. Kenan, Jr. Charitable Trust
- Scripps Florida Outreach 2005-10 Highlights
 - Kenan Summer Research Intern Program HS Teachers and Students (7 wks)
 - 7 Summer 2005, 10 in 2006, 12 in 2007, 14 in 2008, 17 in 2009, **20 in 2010**
 - Additional Programs for High School Students
 - Science Saturdays DNA Isolation and "CSI" Crime Solution
 - Scripps Florida Biotechnology Tours & Careers in Biosciences Visits/Videos
 - Expanding with New Summer Programs for Teachers
 - Kenan Teacher Scholar Program for MS and HS Teachers, started 2009
 - Extending Educational Outreach to Middle School
 - Introduction to Science Lesson
 - Follow-on lessons in Chemistry, Physics, Biology, Math
 - Teaching Partnerships with
 - Max Planck Florida Institute
 - Palm Beach County School District

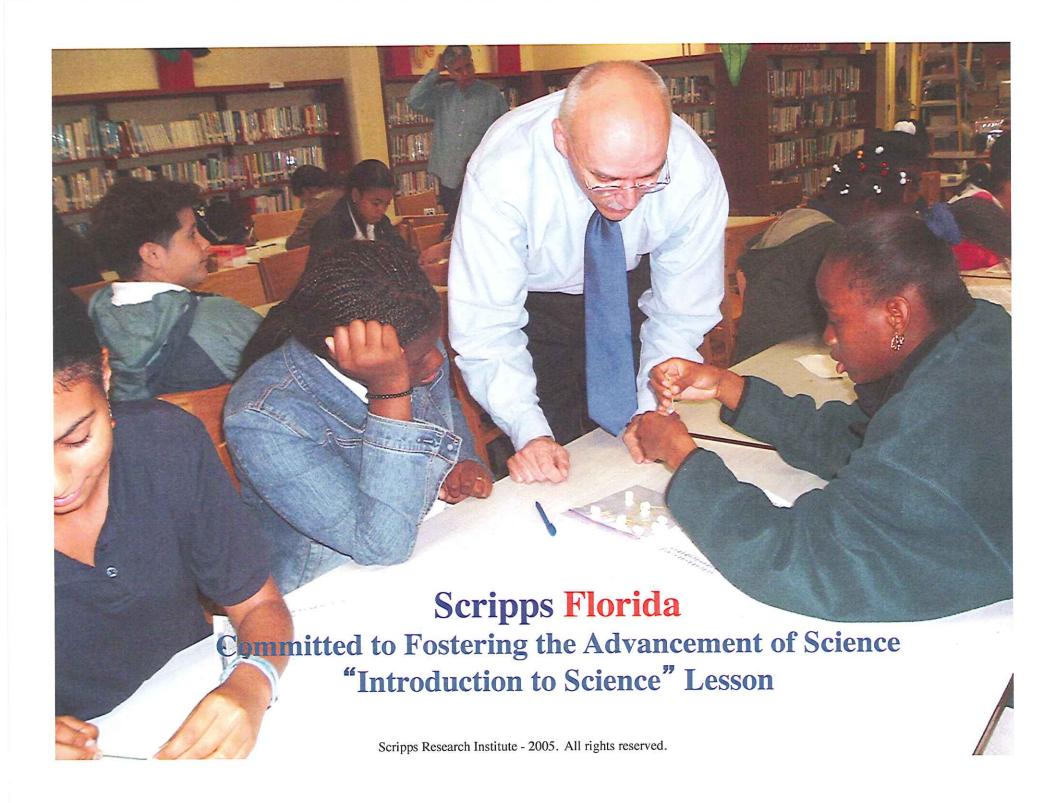


Scripps Florida

Committed to Fostering the Advancement of Science







Scripps Florida – By The Numbers

- •Over 400 staff, 40 faculty and directors, and growing! Sep 2010 Milestone: 367 Actual: 397 75.1% of non-PhD jobs to FL Residents
- •Total non-State \$ awarded to date: \$199.1 million Sep 2010 Annual Milestone: \$3.8 million Actual: \$45.4 million
- •34 verified academic collaborations every FL research univ. involved
- •Over 100 patents filed with 47 technology licenses issued
- Over 30 therapeutic candidates in product development pipeline
- •4 start-up companies created, 10 others expanded or relocated to FL
- •46 graduate students with 7 PhD's awarded
 US News & World Report 2010 Graduate School Rankings
 Biology: 7, Biochem: 4, Organic Chem: 3, Chemistry: 7
- •K-12 educational programs brought to over 8000 PB County students with 80+ summer HS student and teacher research internships

Scripps Florida – Scientific Milestones

- •Named 1 of only 4 NIH National Screening Centers (\$80+ million)

 First w/clinical trial MS drug that halts disease progression
- •Recipient of first national NIH drug development grant (\$7.6 million)

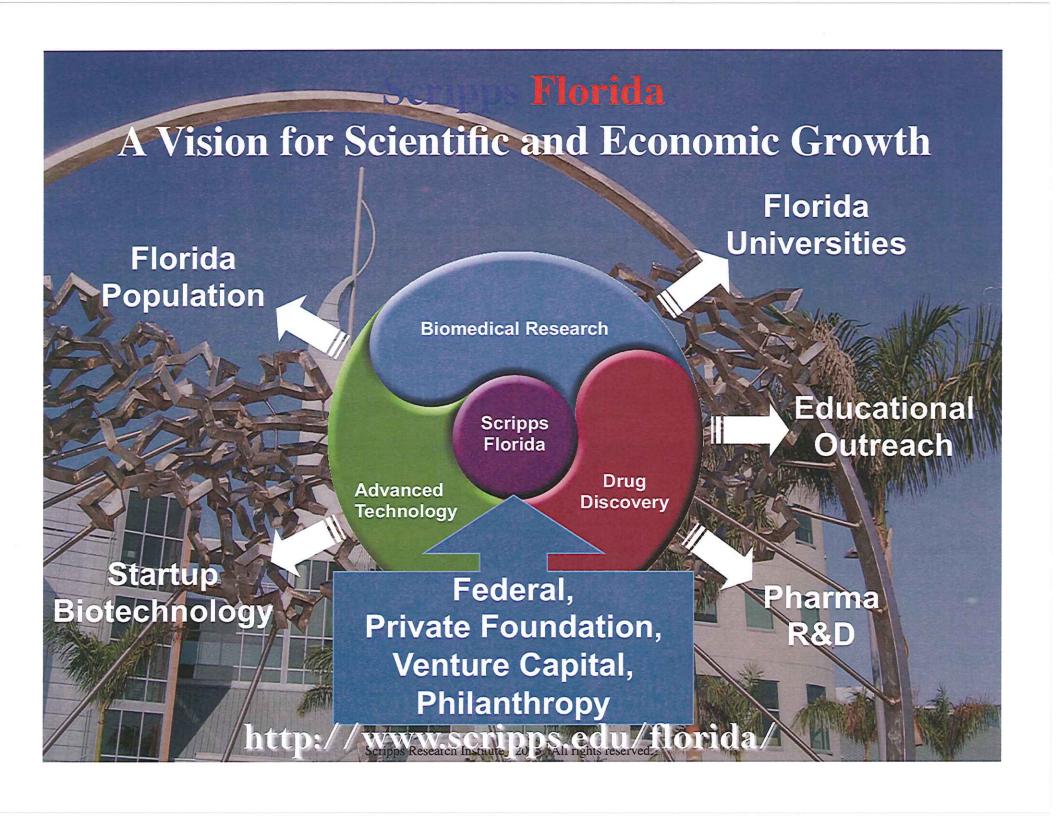
 Parkinson's drug candidate entered clinical trials Feb 2011

•2010 Grant Highlights

- \$3.9 million NIH grant to develop new screening technologies
- \$1.2 million NIH grant for breast cancer and heart disease res.
- \$2 million NCI grant with Moffitt for immunotherapy
- \$1.3 million NIH grant for obesity and Type 2 diabetes res.
- \$2 million BRP grant to develop advanced cancer therapies
- \$2.3 million NIH grant for new treatment of drug addiction

•2010 Research Highlights

Novel Hepatitis C inhibitors and memory genes discovered Prions (lifeless proteins) shown to evolve w/o DNA or RNA New compounds for neuro disease that cross blood-brain barrier Brain control mechanism for addiction & obesity discovered



Scripps Florida Funding Corporation Seventh Annual Report

For the Year Ended September 30, 2010





2010 BOARD OF DIRECTORS

DAVID J. GURY, CHAIRMAN · DR. PAMELLA DANA, VICE CHAIRMAN ANNE CHINODA · ANDY CRAWFORD · T. MICHAEL CROOK C. GERALD GOLDSMITH · EDWARD SABIN · CHRIS SULLIVAN DR. JOSEPH J. THOMAS · CHRIS HART, IV, EX-OFFICIO JENNI GARRISON, PROJECT DIRECTOR

Scripps Florida Funding Corporation Seventh Annual Report

For Year Ended September 30, 2010

INTRODUCTION

Florida Statute 288.955 (the "Enabling Statute") created Scripps Florida Funding Corporation ("SFFC") to facilitate the establishment and operation of a biomedical research institution for the purposes of enhancing education and research and promoting economic development and diversity. In addition, the Enabling Statute charged SFFC with the obligation to assure the compliance by The Scripps Research Institute ("TSRI") with the Enabling Statute and the agreement between SFFC and TSRI (the "Operating and Funding Agreement"). The Enabling Statute provides that SFFC shall prepare or obtain certain reports, audits, and evaluations of TSRI's compliance with the performance expectations and disbursement conditions contained in the Enabling Statute. As such, SFFC is submitting this Annual Report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House, as required by the Enabling Statute to be submitted by December 1 of each year. This SFFC Annual Report addresses the activities and outcomes of SFFC and Scripps Florida ("Scripps") for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010 ("Fiscal 2010"). The Scripps Florida Annual Report addressed the activities and outcomes of Scripps Florida for the year ended June 30, 2010, and SFFC received the Scripps Florida Annual Report on August 28, 2010. The information in the Scripps Florida Annual Report was informally updated for this SFFC Annual Report.

This SFFC Seventh Annual Report is presented in two parts: first, a summary that highlights the substantial events that have occurred during the year ended September 30, 2010; and second, an itemized report that corresponds with the applicable sections of the Enabling Statute.

About the Scripps Florida Funding Corporation

In November 2003, Governor Bush signed into law an historic piece of legislation that laid the framework for The Scripps Research Institute to expand its world-renowned scientific research and endeavors into Florida. The bill, passed by the Florida Legislature during special session, provided a one-time investment of \$310 million from federal economic stimulus monies to create Scripps Florida and pay certain expenses for the first seven years, specifically salaries and equipment purchases. In June 2006, The Scripps Research Institute revised the Scripps Florida business plan and scheduled disbursements from the State, which expanded their grant funding to ten years, or through 2014.

To oversee the investment and spending of the State's investment in Scripps Florida, the Florida Legislature created the Scripps Florida Funding Corporation, hereto referred to as SFFC, a non-profit entity comprised of a nine-member Board of Directors and one exofficio member. The role of SFFC was enunciated by Governor Bush:

"My vision for this board is that it manages the financial portion of our partnership, but lets Scripps do what it does best – conduct biomedical research."

This report serves to report on both the requirements and the aspirations as set forth by the State in the Operating and Funding Agreement with Scripps.

About the Scripps Research Institute

The Scripps Research Institute, headquartered in La Jolla, California, in 15 buildings on 22 acres overlooking the Pacific Ocean, is one of the world's largest independent, non-profit biomedical research organizations. It stands at the forefront of basic biomedical science that seeks to comprehend the most fundamental processes of life. Scripps is internationally recognized for its research into immunology, molecular and cellular biology, chemistry, neurosciences, autoimmune, cardiovascular and infectious diseases, and synthetic vaccine development. Established in its current configuration in 1961, it employs approximately 3,000 scientists, postdoctoral fellows, scientific and other technicians, doctoral degree graduate students and administrative and technical support personnel.

About Scripps Florida

Scripps Florida, in the Town of Jupiter in Palm Beach County, Florida, sits on 100 acres adjoining the Florida Atlantic University campus. Over 370 scientists, technicians, and administrative staff work in the 345,000 square-foot, state-of-the-art biomedical research facility which opened in March 2009. Scripps Florida focuses on basic biomedical science, drug discovery and technology development. In addition to the one-time grant from the State of Florida, Palm Beach County provided an economic package that included funding for land and construction of the current permanent facility and related costs.

Scripps Florida Funding Corporation Board of Directors and Meetings

Of the nine-member Board of Directors, three Directors are appointed by each of the Governor, House Speaker and the Senate President. The terms of the directors initially ranged from one to four years and expire on a staggered schedule.

Mr. David Gury of Boca Raton serves as Chair of the Board of Directors and Dr. Pamella Dana of Destin as Vice-Chair. Both were elected to that capacity in November 2008 and subsequently re-elected. Mr. C. Gerald (Gerry) Goldsmith was appointed to the Board by Senate President Jeff Atwater on November 15, 2009 and Mr. Chris Hart, IV, replaced Dr. Dale Brill in an ex-officio capacity upon his appointment as Interim Director of the Office of Tourism, Trade and Economic Development on January 1, 2010.

Other SFFC Directors who served during the fiscal year include: Mr. F. Andy Crawford, Mr. T. Michael Crook, Mr. Ed Sabin, Mr. Chris Sullivan, Dr. Joseph Thomas, and Ms. Anne Chinoda until her resignation on March 10, 2010.

From October 1, 2009 through September 30, 2010, the SFFC Board of Directors ("BOD") held four meetings, one of which was in-person. At the November 25, 2009 meeting, the Board reviewed and approved the annual report. On January 27, 2010 the Board approved the 2010 SFFC budget and renewed insurance policies for the Board. The Board of Directors met on March 5, 2010 in-person at Scripps Florida and unanimously approved the grant request for Scripps Florida's funding for Year 7. On August 3, 2010, the Board of Directors heard reports from the Audit and Investment Committees and approved an amendment to the SBA Trust Agreement.

Scripps Florida Institutional Milestones

Over the past year, Scripps Florida continued to progress as a world-class research institute. The scientists worked to discover new technologies, attract significant amounts of funding from sources other than the State of Florida, including Federal stimulus funds, establish educational programs and collaborate with other scientists both within Florida and around the world. As of September 30, 2010, Scripps Florida employed 377 people and had received over \$188 million in research support from non-state sources. Over 100 patent applications have been filed by Scripps Florida, four spin-out businesses have been established and Scripps Florida technology has been licensed 47 times.

- * In October 2009, Scripps scientists were awarded a \$3.9 Million "Transformative" Federal grant to develop a new compound screening platform. A pair of scientists from The Scripps Research Institute, one on each coast, were awarded a five-year \$3.9 million grant from the National Institutes of Health (NIH) to develop a new technology to accelerate the search for new protein ligands compounds that bind to proteins and alter their function. The grant was awarded as part of the NIH's new Roadmap Transformative R01 Program, which was launched in 2009 to support exceptionally innovative, high risk, original, and/or unconventional research projects that have the potential to create or overturn fundamental scientific paradigms.
- The National Institutes of Health has awarded a three-year grant of more than \$1.2 million to The Scripps Research Institute to develop a series of high-throughput screening tests that will help speed the discovery of potential small molecule therapies for breast cancer and cardiovascular disease. Patrick Griffin, chair of the Scripps Research Department of Molecular Therapeutics and director of the Translational Research Institute at Scripps Florida, will lead the project as principal investigator. The grant began in January 2010.
- ❖ In February 2010, Scripps Florida celebrated its one year anniversary of the opening of the permanent research facility. A public celebration was hosted by The Gardens Mall at Palm Beach Gardens, with a series of special events which culminated in a day of public education and interactive science exhibits on February 6, 2010.
- Scripps Florida announced a collaboration with Moffitt Cancer Center in March 2010 with a grant award. Moffitt Cancer Center, in collaboration with researchers at Scripps Florida was awarded a five-year, nearly \$2 million grant from the National Cancer Institute to design lymph nodes for cancer immunotherapy. A patient diagnosed with cancer has a dysfunctional immune system either because of the tumor or the treatment being used to eradicate the tumor. These designer lymph nodes will help rebuild a patient's immune system in order to help fight disease. Researchers also hope to increase the potency of vaccines. The Moffitt researchers are partnering with John Cleveland, Ph.D., and Juliana Conkright, Ph.D., at Scripps Florida, who will be using high-throughput screening technologies to rapidly select the candidate genes to use in creating the human lymph nodes.

- ❖ In March 2010, Scripps Florida received three new grants from the Philadelphiabased Margaret Q. Landenberger Research Foundation, totaling more than \$400,000. The new funds will support scientific research by Professor Donny Strosberg and Assistant Professor Nagi Ayad, as well as a special conference for non-profit organizations hosted by Scripps Florida.
- ❖ In April 2010, The Scripps Research Institute announced it was awarded a \$1.3 million grant by the NIH to develop a series of tests at its Florida campus to help explore the potential of a protein that has emerged as a highly attractive target for the treatment of obesity and Type 2 diabetes. Patricia McDonald, an associate scientific director in the Translational Research Institute at Scripps Florida and an assistant professor in the Department of Molecular Therapeutics, is the principal investigator for the three-year project funded by the NIH's National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases (NIDDK).
- ❖ In May 2010, Scripps Florida announced that it had been **awarded a pair of grants totaling \$6 million by the NIH** to develop new therapeutic approaches to alcohol addiction and Fragile X syndrome, a form of inherited mental retardation that has often been linked to autism. Claes Wahlestedt, M.D., Ph.D., a professor in the Departments of Neuroscience and Molecular Therapeutics at Scripps Florida, is the principal investigator for both projects.

"The majority of the work in our laboratory is about drug discovery," Wahlestedt said. "So even though we have targeted two completely different disorders, both grants focus on expanding our drug discovery platforms significantly. The NIH has become very attuned to the drug discovery potential of places like Scripps Research. Since the pharmaceutical industry has shown little interest in disorders like alcoholism, even Fragile X syndrome, if we want better drugs to treat these conditions, they will have to come from academic institutes like ours."

❖ Beginning in July 2010, The Florida Biomedical Research Program awarded \$2 million in biomedical research grants to three scientists from the Florida campus of The Scripps Research Institute. The multi-year funding will help fuel development of advanced cancer therapies. This year's awards went to Glenn Micalizio, an associate professor in the Scripps Research Department of Chemistry, who will receive \$1,199,600 over five years; Thomas Bannister, assistant professor of medicinal chemistry and associate scientific director of Scripps Florida's Translational Research Institute, who won a grant of \$400,000 over three years; and Douglas Kojetin, an assistant professor in the Molecular Therapeutics Department, who also won \$400,000 over three years.

The highly competitive grants from the Florida Biomedical Research Program support innovative research into the prevention, diagnosis, treatment, and/or cure of cancer and tobacco-related diseases. Funding comes primarily from taxes collected from the sale of tobacco products.

Also in July 2010, Scripps announced that a pair of scientists on the Florida campus had been awarded a \$2.3 million grant by the National Institutes of Health to conduct research relevant to developing new treatments for drug addiction. Patricia McDonald, an associate scientific director in the Translational Research Institute at Scripps Florida and an assistant professor in the Department of Molecular Therapeutics, and Theodore Kamenecka, an associate scientific director in the Translational Research Institute, are co-principal investigators for the five-year project funded by the NIH's National Institute on Drug Abuse (NIDA).

The research will focus on identifying compounds that affect the Neurotensin receptor (NTSR1), a receptor that appears to play a significant role in drug addiction because of its ability to alter levels of the neurotransmitter dopamine in the brain.

Scripps announced several philanthropic successes throughout the year.

The Richard and Helen DeVos Foundation donated \$100,000 to The Scripps Research Institute that will be used to jump start a new philanthropic drive to expand the graduate school program at Scripps Florida, which is part of Scripps Research's Kellogg School of Science and Technology. The new funding initiative offers donors the chance to name a seat in the Rodney B. Fink Education Pavilion on the Jupiter campus and is spearheaded by a committee made up of Scripps Florida Council members and other friends of Scripps Research and chaired by Jane Halbritter, a well-known New York-Florida businesswoman and philanthropist.

Phillip Frost, a Miami physician, businessman, and philanthropist, and his wife, Patricia Frost, gave \$1 million to Scripps Florida. This donation, announced in December 2009, is the second million-dollar gift the Frosts have made to Scripps Florida. The Frosts are long-time supporters of the arts and education.

Elizabeth M. Fago, a successful Palm Beach Gardens business executive and philanthropist, donated \$1 million to Scripps Florida. Announced in December 2009, this was the second million-dollar gift by Fago, one of the earliest and strongest supporters of the Institute. In 2004, she was the first to pledge \$1 million to support Alzheimer's disease research at the institute. In recognition of her generous gifts and her longstanding support, Fago was given the title Scripps Florida Founder, and the library in the new biomedical facility will be named The Elizabeth M. Fago Library.

Scripps Florida's Ph.D. program, part of the Kellogg School of Science and Technology, had seven new graduate students entered the program in fall 2010. Of the seven students who entered the program, one has an undergraduate degree from the University of Miami and a second has an undergraduate degree from Florida State University. Of the 30 students in the Scripps Florida graduate program as of September 2010, eight have a Florida connection, meaning they earned an undergraduate degree from a Florida college or university or are a native Floridian who earned an undergraduate degree out of state.

❖ In June 2010, Scripps finalized an agreement with Florida Atlantic University (FAU) to establish an innovative MD-Ph.D. program. It is predicted that the first applications for admission into this program will be accepted upon accreditation of the program, anticipated to occur in February 2011. The first students will take classes in fall 2011. Students will spend their first three years as medical students at FAU, then begin the doctorate program at Scripps in the fourth year of the medical program. During the first three years, medical students will take two to three special topics courses with Scripps Florida faculty members to enable the students to identify research mentors and to make a smooth transition into the Ph.D. program.

Scripps Florida Research Milestones

Scripps Research Scientists Identify Novel Hepatitis C Inhibitors

In December 2009, scientists from Scripps Florida and their colleagues at Boston University announced their discovery of several novel drug-like inhibitors of the hepatitis C virus (HCV). These new inhibitors have the potential to substantially widen the current options to treat HCV infection.

The research, from the laboratory of Professor Donny Strosberg, Ph.D., of Scripps Florida, supported by members of the Scripps Florida Lead Discovery Division directed by Peter Hodder, Ph.D., and colleagues from Boston University, was published in the December 2009 edition of the journal *ASSAY and Drug Development Technologies* and appears in the December 15, 2009 print edition of the journal *Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters*.

With more than 130 million people infected worldwide by HCV, new therapeutic strategies are urgently needed for this blood-borne disease, which is the main cause, with hepatitis B, of liver cancer, according to the National Cancer Institute.

Using a new fluorescence-based assay, the scientists were able to identify four small-molecule inhibitors of dimerization of the viral core protein. In this process, which is essential to the survival of the virus, the core protein binds to itself and related proteins to form the viral capsid, the outer lipid-encapsulated protein shell that protects the virus's genetic material like an eggshell protects its yolk sack.

Scientists Show "Lifeless" Prions Capable of Evolutionary Change and Adaptation

Scientists from The Scripps Research Institute have determined for the first time that prions, bits of infectious protein devoid of DNA or RNA that can cause fatal neurodegenerative disease, are capable of Darwinian evolution.

The study from Scripps Florida in Jupiter shows that prions can develop large numbers of mutations at the protein level and, through natural selection, these mutations can eventually bring about such evolutionary adaptations as drug resistance, a phenomenon previously known to occur only in bacteria and viruses. These breakthrough findings also

suggest that the normal prion protein—which occurs naturally in human cells—may prove to be a more effective therapeutic target than its abnormal toxic relation.

The study was published in the December 31, 2009 issue of the journal *Science Express*, an advance, online edition of the prestigious journal *Science*.

LoGrasso Lab Develops the First New Class of Potential Therapies for Neurodegenerative Disease to Pass the Blood-Brain Barrier

In a new study published in the January 7, 2010 print edition of *Journal of Medicinal Chemistry*, LoGrasso, an associate professor and senior director for drug discovery at Scripps Florida, and his team have developed a number of potent and highly selective small molecules that not only pass the blood-brain barrier but are very good at inhibiting a key kinase that plays an essential role in neurodegenerative disorders.

The blood-brain barrier was first noticed by Paul Ehrlich, a 19th century German scientist, who, after injecting dyes into the bloodstream, discovered that they leaked out everywhere except into the brain. He pushed the experiment a bit further, injecting the dye directly into the brain itself. This time, while the brain picked up the dye, nothing else did. Still, it would be well into the 1960s for the existence of the blood-brain barrier to be confirmed.

The blood-brain barrier will, however, let through small soluble molecules, like the kind just produced by Phil LoGrasso and his colleagues in the Translational Research Institute at Scripps Florida, a division of The Scripps Research Institute.

Top Scientists Explore the Origin of Life in Annual Lasker Lecture at Scripps Research Institute Florida Campus

In March 2010, biologist Jack Szostak and chemist Brian Paegel presented at the annual Lasker Foundation Lecture on the Florida campus of the Scripps Research Institute. Recent laboratory experiments which seek to recreate the formation of the first living cells from the basic chemical building blocks of nature are shedding new light on how life may have occurred on earth and on other planets, they said. The presenters offered new insight into answering two fundamental questions: How did living cells first form on earth and could they form the same way on other planets?

The Lasker Lecture is part of a series of forums presented by the Lasker Foundation designed to support and promote a public dialogue over critical issues involving the biological sciences. The lectures were followed by a public discussion moderated by Robert Bazell, chief science and health correspondent of NBC News.

Team Shows Therapy-Induced Inflammatory Response Speeds Up Development of Therapy-Resistant Prostate Cancer

In a study involving an international cast of researchers, including those from the Florida campus of The Scripps Research Institute, a team has solved the mystery of why prostate cancer almost always develops into dangerous hormone-refractory cancer after androgen-deprivation therapy—a standard treatment for advanced prostate cancer. Hormone-refractory prostate cancer is responsible for most deaths from the disease.

The study was published in the March 11, 2010 edition of the journal *Nature*.

The scientists found that the progression of hormone-refractory prostate cancer is associated with an inflammatory response triggered by the death of the hormone-deprived primary cancer, according to Jun-Li Luo, Ph.D., an assistant professor in the Department of Cancer Biology at Scripps Florida who is the co-first author of the study. In addition, other critical elements of this response are tumor-infiltrating B cells, part of the immune system, which help stimulate hormone-independent cancer growth. According to the data collected from animal models, the interruption of this inflammatory response could delay the onset of hormone-refractory prostate cancer by up to three years.

Scientists Uncover Previously Unknown Natural Mechanism that Controls Cocaine Use

Scientists from The Scripps Research Institute have found that a particular type of genetic material plays a key role in determining vulnerability to cocaine addiction and may offer an entirely new direction for the development of anti-addiction therapies. In animal studies, the scientists found that a molecule called microRNA-212 was increased in the brains of test animals that had extended access to cocaine. MicroRNA-212 controlled how much cocaine the animals consumed.

The study was published on July 8, 2010, in an advance, online edition of the prestigious journal *Nature*.

"The key question that the study may answer is why one person is more vulnerable to the effects of cocaine than another," said team leader Paul Kenny, Ph.D., an associate professor in the Department of Molecular Therapeutics at Scripps Florida. "What we found is that a specific microRNA exerts enormous control over the response to the drug. When it is increased in the brain, it protects against addictive behavior, while a reduction raises vulnerability to addictive behaviors. The practical outcome of increased microRNA-212 expression is that it slams the brakes on any desire to take the drug."

Scripps Research Institute and Dana-Farber Scientists Uncover Novel Anti-Diabetes Mechanism

In a joint study, scientists from The Scripps Research Institute and the Dana-Farber Cancer Institute at Harvard University uncovered a novel mechanism that dramatically increases insulin sensitivity and reduces the risk of developing type II diabetes and cardiovascular disease. These findings offer a potent new target in the continuing search for new and improved anti-diabetic treatments. Currently, nearly 24 million children and

adults in the United States have some form of the disease, according to the America Diabetes Association.

The new study, which focuses on controlling a fat-regulating protein known as PPAR γ , was published July 22, 2010, in the journal *Nature*.

"The field has become interested in finding drugs that can promote increased insulin sensitization but not activate the classical fat cell generating pathway of PPAR γ ," said Patrick R. Griffin, Ph.D., chair of the Department of Molecular Therapeutics at Scripps Florida who headed up the Scripps Research part of the study. "We examined the mechanism of action of compounds that bind to PPAR γ that improve insulin sensitivity but have minimal induction of fat. It was clear from the studies that these compounds have a unique but overlapping mechanism with the class of drugs used clinically that target PPAR γ ."

Adipose or fat tissue lies at the center of the metabolic syndrome, a cluster of risk factors that increases the possibility of type II diabetes, as well as stroke, coronary artery disease, even certain cancers. Of those risk factors, excessive body fat is considered the most problematic. $PPAR\gamma$ can be considered the master gene of fat cell biology because it drives the conversion of cellular precursors into fat cells.

Team Led by Scripps Research Scientist Identifies New Gene for Memory

Scripps Florida announced in September 2010 that a team led by a Scripps Research Institute scientist has for the first time identified a new gene that is required for memory formation in Drosophila, the common fruit fly. The gene may have similar functions in humans, shedding light on neurological disorders such as Alzheimer's disease or human learning disabilities. The study was published in the September 9, 2010 edition of the journal *Neuron*.

"This is the first time we have a new memory and learning gene that lies outside what has been considered the most fundamental signaling pathway that underlies learning in the fruit fly," said Ron Davis, chair of Scripps Research Department of Neuroscience who led the study. "Since many of the learning and memory genes originally identified in the fruit fly are clearly involved in human neurological or psychiatric diseases, this discovery may offer significant new insights into multiple neurological disorders. We're definitely in the right ballpark."

Scripps Florida Faculty Milestones

Courtney Miller, Nationally Known Memory Researcher, Appointed to Metabolism and Aging Faculty

In November 2009, Scripps Florida appointed Courtney Miller, Ph.D. as an assistant professor in the Department of Metabolism and Aging and the Department of Neuroscience. Miller is focused on research that seeks to understand the neurobiology of memory disorders, ranging from aberrations closely associated with drug addiction to age-related memory decline, with the goal of developing novel therapeutics. She was a scientific director and instructor in the Department of Neurobiology and McKnight Brain Institute at the University of Alabama before arriving at Scripps Florida.

In addition to her work at Scripps Florida, Miller is a biopharmaceutical consultant, helping companies design studies to test lead compounds in models of memory, addiction, and mental illness. She and her husband, who also joined the Scripps Florida faculty, live in Jupiter.

Scripps Research Names Noted Learning and Memory Scientist to Neuroscience Department

Gavin Rumbaugh, Ph.D. was named as an assistant professor in the Department of Neuroscience at Scripps Florida in February 2010. Rumbaugh, who was an assistant professor at the University of Alabama, Birmingham, is known for his work on the brain mechanisms of information storage, learning, and memory, with a particular emphasis on the plasticity of neural circuits—the ability of neurons to adapt in the face of both developmental and environmental change.

Rumbaugh is the first new faculty member to join the Department of Neuroscience. The department was created less than a year ago with the appointment of Ron Davis as chair. Rumbaugh received a Young Investigator Award in 2009 from National Alliance for Research on Schizophrenia and Depression (NARSAD), the world's leading charity dedicated to mental health research. He is married to Courtney Miller who joined Scripps Florida's faculty in November.

Aging and Nutrition Investigator William Ja Joins Scripps Florida

The Scripps Research Institute has named William Ja, Ph.D., as an assistant professor in the Department of Metabolism and Aging on the institute's Florida campus.

Ja, who was a NIH postdoctoral fellow in biology at the California Institute of Technology in Pasadena before joining Scripps Florida, is focused on researching various longevity-enhancing manipulations and their impact on aging and metabolism in *Drosophila*, the common fruit fly and one of the most widely used laboratory models. Among these manipulations are dietary restriction, and the effects on their hosts of certain types of bacteria that live in the gastrointestinal tract.

Ja, who is 32 and lives in Jupiter, officially joined the Scripps Florida faculty in January 2010.

Noted Biochemist Paul Thompson Joins Department of Chemistry

In May 2010, Paul R. Thompson, Ph.D., joined Scripps Florida as an associate professor in the Department of Chemistry on the Scripps Florida campus. Thompson was previously on faculty at the University of South Carolina.

Thompson's primary area of interest is the phenomenon of gene expression, particularly the study of histones—small, basic proteins that play a vital role in gene regulation. Thompson is noted as a rising star in biochemistry and is known to work through various methodologies—biology, chemistry, pharmacology—to develop the best compounds.

Distinguished University of Michigan Chemist Joins Scripps Florida Faculty

The Scripps Research Institute appointed distinguished chemist Kate Carroll, formerly at the University of Michigan, as associate professor beginning in July 2010.

Carroll's research bridges the fields of chemistry and biology, focusing on what is known as reduction-oxidation reaction or redox – a chemical reaction in the body that results in damage to healthy cells and contributes to diseases ranging from Alzheimer's and heart disease. Much of her work is concentrated on defining the importance of these oxidative changes on major signaling pathways inside the cell, and how that knowledge can be used to identify novel therapeutic targets for the treatment of human disease.

Another aspect of her work is the continued development and improvement of various technologies she has developed, many of which are already in use in labs around the world.

Noted Biochemist Appointed to Scripps Research Faculty

Scripps Florida appointed Katrin Karbstein as an assistant professor in the Department of Cancer Biology. Karbstein was an assistant professor of chemistry and biological chemistry at the University of Michigan before joining the Scripps Florida faculty in July 2010.

Her research uses a number of different approaches – everything from biochemistry to protein engineering – to study ribosome assembly at the molecular level. Ribosomes, large macromolecular machines that are required for cell growth of all organisms, translate RNA into proteins within cells. The ultimate goal of the Karbstein laboratory is to define the mechanisms that direct the assembly of large RNA-protein complexes, with implications not only for the ribosome but also for the signal recognition particle, a protein-RNA complex involved in recognition of proteins as they exit the ribosome.

Scripps Research Appoints Douglas Kojetin to Florida Faculty

The Scripps Research Institute has appointed Douglas J. Kojetin as an assistant professor in the Department of Molecular Therapeutics. Kojetin was a research associate in the laboratory of Thomas Burris, a professor in the Department of Molecular Therapeutics at Scripps Florida, before being named to the faculty in early August 2010.

A major focus of Kojetin's new laboratory will be to understand how the structure and atomic motion (dynamics) of proteins contribute to their biological function. Modulation of a protein's conformation or shape represents a potential avenue for drug discovery. Kojetin will be concentrating on what are known as nuclear receptor transcription factor proteins, important drug discovery targets for a variety of human diseases, including cancer and metabolic conditions such as type II diabetes.

Earlier this year, Kojetin was awarded a \$400,000, three-year grant from the James and Esther King Biomedical Research Program, part of the Florida Biomedical Research Program. The highly competitive grants are for innovative research into the prevention, diagnosis, treatment, and/or cure of cancer and tobacco-related diseases. Funding comes primarily from taxes collected from the sale of tobacco products.

Additional Life Science and Biotechnology Activities

BIO 2010

In May 2010, the Biotechnology Industry Organization (BIO) hosted its international convention in Chicago, Illinois. BIO is the international industry association and its statewide affiliate, BioFlorida, organized a display booth. Scripps Florida again participated in partnership with fifteen Florida-based companies, including economic development organizations, research institutions and universities to further promote the growing life science and biotechnology industry in Florida. This four-day conference was attended by over 15,000 industry leaders from 65 different countries and 49 states.

Innovation Incentive Fund

The research institutes funded by the Innovation Incentive Fund (Max Planck Florida Institute, Burnham Institute for Medical Research, etcetera) continued to progress in establishing Florida campuses. In addition to meeting many of their contract requirements related to jobs and equipment purchases, several institutes celebrated the grand opening or ground breaking of their permanent facilities and significant funding and scientific breakthroughs. The annual report for the Innovation Incentive Fund is due to the Governor's Office on January 5. The Legislature appropriated \$75 million in funding for 2010-2011 to the Innovation Incentive Fund.

In 2010 Session, the Legislature also created a Federal grants matching program and seeded it with \$3 million. The Institute for Commercialization of Public Research will administer the program and allows Phase I and Phase II companies to leverage Federal dollars by leveraging them with State funds.

Max Planck Florida Institute

The Max Planck Florida Institute celebrated several milestones in 2010. In June, the Institute broke ground on its design for a 100,000 square foot biomedical research center scheduled for completion in early 2012 on the Florida Atlantic University campus in Jupiter, adjacent to Scripps Florida. The design and implementation of the construction of the building are complete and the science laboratories and administrative offices are currently housed on FAU's campus. The Institute also announced key science leaders for its four research areas—Dr. Bert Sakmann for Digital Neuroanatomy; Dr. Jason Christie for Synapse Physiology; Dr. Samuel Young, Jr. for Molecular Neurobiology; and Dr. James Schummers for Cortical Circuits.

For detailed information about the contributions of individual organizations to Florida's growing biotechnology cluster for this fiscal year, please review Appendix 2.

Conclusion

Scripps Florida Funding Corporation is pleased to report another successful year of operations for Scripps Florida. Scripps Florida continues to advance its scientific discoveries, secure grants and awards from outside sources, collaborate with Florida universities and colleges, and interact with businesses and the community through its outreach activities.

Scripps Florida Funding Corporation Seventh Annual Report

Itemized Report for the Year Ended September 30, 2010

INTRODUCTION

Florida Statute 288.955, referred to as the Enabling Statute, sets forth certain information that is required to be included in the SFFC Annual Report. The information that follows has been organized to correspond to the sections of the Enabling Statute that address information to be included in the SFFC Annual Report. As not every section of the Enabling Statute relates to the SFFC Annual Report, only the sections of the Enabling Statute that apply are referenced herein. For convenience, the text of the Enabling Statue that describes the information to be reported in the SFFC Annual Report is set forth next to each Enabling Statute section reference.

Scripps Florida Funding Corporation Seventh Annual Report

Itemized Report for the Year Ended September 30, 2010

Florida Statute 288.955

Subsection (14) ANNUAL REPORT

By December 1 of each year, the corporation shall prepare a report of the activities and outcomes under this section for the preceding fiscal year. The report, at a minimum, must include:

Subsection (14) (a) A description of the activities of the corporation in managing and enforcing the contract with the grantee.

Scripps Florida Funding Corporation Board of Directors Meetings

Purpose: To oversee the disbursement of the State's funds invested in Scripps Florida, the Florida Legislature created the Scripps Florida Funding Corporation, hereto referred to as SFFC, a non-profit entity governed by a nine-member Board of Directors and one ex-officio member.

Membership: Of the Board of Directors, three members were appointed by each of the Governor, the House Speaker and the Senate President. Former Governor Bush's appointees are: Mr. David Gury, former President and CEO of Nabi Pharmaceuticals, of Boca Raton; Mr. Andy Crawford, retired Chairman and CEO of Advanced Disposal Systems, of Jacksonville; and Dr. Pamella Dana, Senior Strategic Advisor for Institute for Human & Machine Cognition, of Destin. Governor Crist re-appointed Mr. David Gury in March 2008 and Dr. Pamella Dana in February 2009. Former Speaker Byrd's appointees are: Dr. Joseph Thomas, dentist, of Vero Beach; and Mr. Chris Sullivan, Chairman of Outback Steakhouse, Inc. of Tampa. The term of Mr. Chris Sullivan expired on November 17, 2008 and his replacement has not been named; also, the terms of Mr. Andy Crawford and Dr. Joseph Thomas expired in November 2009 and they continue to serve until their replacements are named. Former House Speaker Marco Rubio named Ms. Anne K. Chinoda, former President and CEO of Florida's Blood Centers, of Orlando to the Board of Directors on March 3, 2008. She resigned the position on March 10, 2010 and her seat remains vacant. Former Senate President Ken Pruitt named Mr. T. Michael Crook, a C.P.A. with Proctor, Crook and Crowder, P.A., of Stuart, to the Board on September 5, 2008. Senate President Jeff Atwater named Mr. Ed Sabin, Vice-President Biomet, Inc., of Palm Beach Gardens, to the Board on February 9, 2009 and Mr. Gerry Goldsmith, Chairman of First Bank of the Palm Beaches, of Palm Beach, on November 15, 2009. Dr. Dale Brill, Director of the Governor's Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development ("OTTED"), served as an ex-officio member until January 1, 2010 when Mr. Chris Hart, IV, assumed his position as the Interim Director of OTTED.

Meetings and activities: From October 1, 2009 through September 30, 2010, the SFFC Board of Directors ("BOD") held three teleconference meetings and one in-person meeting. At the November 25, 2009 meeting, Chairman Gury introduced the newest director, Mr. Gerry Goldsmith and heard a report from the Audit Committee. The Board reviewed and approved the SFFC Sixth Annual Report, authorizing the transmission of the report to the Governor, Speaker of the House and the President of the Senate on December 1, 2009. At the January 27, 2010 meeting, the Audit Committee reported the SFFC had a clean audit in 2009. The Board reviewed committee assignments, approved the 2010 SFFC operating budget in the amount of \$197,000 and agreed to purchase Directors & Officers and Crime Liability insurance policies for the Board. On March 5, 2010, the BOD held its in-person annual grant request meeting at Scripps Florida in Jupiter. This meeting involved the annual grant request and SFFC Board members were joined by representatives from TSRI – Ms. Donna Weston, Mr. Tom Northrup, Mr. Jared Machado and Ms. Carol Licko - and Scripps Florida – Dr. Harry Orf and Ms. Barbara Noble. The agenda included an update from the Audit Committee, a presentation by Dr. Harry Orf on Scripps Florida's progress over the year, and the annual grant request. In order to prepare the Board for the annual grant request, SFFC counsel reviewed the six requirements that Scripps had to meet for the grant request. Those requirements are: a completed grant request letter, receipt of TSRI and Scripps Florida annual audited financial statements, the Scripps Florida scientific report, an update to the Scripps Florida annual report, the legal opinion and the satisfaction of disbursement conditions. All items were properly received with a minor exception which was waived and after discussion, the 2010 annual grant request for \$22.3 million was approved unanimously. The Board met again on August 3, 2010 to hear reports from the Investment and Audit Committees and to approve an amendment to the SBA Trust Agreement.

SFFC Committee Meetings

<u>Investment Committee</u>

Purpose: The Investment Committee receives and reviews monthly investment reports from the State Board of Administration (SBA) to ensure that SFFC's investments are consistent with the objectives established in the Trust Agreement and that the SFFC is able to make the disbursements anticipated in the Operating and Funding Agreement between SFFC and TSRI.

Membership: Dr. Thomas became Chairman of the Investment Committee in November 2008 and was re-elected chair in January 2010. Mr. Ed Sabin remained a member of the Committee through the fiscal year. Mr. Gerry Goldsmith was appointed to the Board in November 2009 and joined the Investment Committee in January 2010. Mr. Rob Smith, Mr. Ben Latham and occasionally Mr. Mike McCauley from the SBA participate in the Committee meetings.

Meetings and activities: During the 2010 fiscal year, the Investment Committee held two meetings at which they reviewed the monthly reports from the SBA and closely monitored the investments of the SFFC. On February 24, 2010, the Investment Committee reviewed the monthly investment reports from the SBA. The Committee also considered restructuring the interest earned on prior investments to match the laddered portfolio and quarterly disbursements to TSRI. At the request of TSRI, the Investment Committee discussed with the SBA a move into Treasury Inflation Protected Securities (TIPS) to ensure the preservation of earnings. It was determined further information would be gathered and the Committee requested a revised portfolio projection from the SBA. The Committee met again on July 20, 2010 to review the monthly SBA statements and further explore laddering the interest to match the maturity dates of the principal payments. The Committee then voted to recommend to the full SFFC Board that the SFFC ladder the interest in TIPS to align all maturity and disbursement dates.

Audit Committee

Purpose: The Audit Committee reviews financial information and monitors the financial condition of TSRI and Scripps Florida. The Audit Committee also engages the SFFC auditor, provides oversight for the annual audit of SFFC and compliance monitoring of TSRI and Scripps Florida with the terms of the Operating and Funding Agreement. The Audit Committee provides direction on the scope of the audit engagements and reviews any finding or recommendations related to the audits. The Audit Committee, in turn, reports its recommendations on the reports to the full Board.

The Scripps Florida Funding Corporation receives and the Audit Committee reviews the following reports:

- TSRI and Scripps Florida unaudited quarterly financial statements
- TSRI and Scripps Florida audited annual financial reports
- TSRI and Scripps Florida annual budgets
- Scripps Florida Annual Report
- Scripps Florida Annual Scientific Report

There are three types of annual audit reports that are received and reviewed by the Audit Committee as follows:

- 1. Scripps Florida and TSRI provide three annual audit reports to SFFC:
 - a) Audited financial statements of TSRI, including the operations of Scripps Florida.
 - b) Audited financial statements of Scripps Florida as a separate division, including a report on internal control and compliance in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
 - c) A Federal Single Audit of TSRI in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

The audits are prepared by Deloitte and Touche ("D&T"), the independent auditors for TSRI. SFFC's independent auditor has been granted access to the D&T workpapers in order to assess the application of generally accepted

accounting principles and the significant assumptions made by TSRI management in the preparation of its financial statements.

- 2. SFFC receives two annual audit reports completed by an independent auditor contracted by the SFFC:
 - a) Audited financial statements of SFFC, including a report on internal controls and compliance in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
 - b) A Federal Single Audit of SFFC in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.
- 3. A contractual monitoring and compliance audit of the Operating and Funding Agreement between TSRI and SFFC ("contractual monitoring and compliance audit") to address the *Monitoring Checklist* (Exhibit A-1 to the Funding and Program Agreement between OTTED and SFFC). The contractual monitoring and compliance audit is completed by an independent auditor contracted by the SFFC who verifies many of the items covered in this Annual Report, including, but not limited to:
 - a) the number of jobs created
 - b) the salaries and their consistency with the approved Business Plan
 - c) designation of a person to assist in collaborative efforts with OTTED and compliance with OTTED's requests for cooperation
 - d) purchase of equipment consistent with the approved budget
 - e) achievement of collaborative efforts with Florida universities

The independent auditor contracted by the SFFC also prepares the annual not-for-profit organization tax return (Form 990) for SFFC, which is reviewed by the Audit Committee prior to submission to the Internal Revenue Service.

Membership: Mr. Mike Crook has served as Chairman of the Audit Committee since January 2009. Mr. Crawford, a former Committee Chairman, remained on the Committee, as did Dr. Pamella Dana, for the entire fiscal year. Other participants in the Audit Committee meetings include SFFC's auditor, Mr. Scott Porter from Caler, Donten, Levine, Druker, Porter & Veil, P.A.; Scripps Florida's outside legal counsel, Ms. Carol Licko; and TSRI's Chief Financial Officer, Ms. Donna Weston.

Meetings and activities: From October 1, 2009 through September 30, 2010, the Audit Committee held five meetings to review, discuss and approve several financial reports provided by TSRI and the auditing and compliance matters of SFFC. At the October 16, 2009 meeting, the Audit Committee accepted the Scripps Florida 2010 Budget and agreed to engage Caler, Donten, Levine et al to conduct the 2009 SFFC financial audit and the compliance audit of Scripps Florida. The Committee also reviewed the June 30, 2009 unaudited financial statements of TSRI and Scripps Florida. At the January 6, 2010 meeting, Mr. Porter presented the SFFC financial audit to the committee. The audit was clean and Mr. Porter stated the Management Letter had no significant control or compliance matters to address. At the February 19, 2010 meeting, the Committee reviewed a draft of the SFFC tax return and agreed to update the Audit Committee

Charter. The Committee also adopted a task matrix which will be used throughout the year to ensure required committee tasks are completed on a timely basis. On March 4, 2010, the Committee heard a presentation from Ms. Weston on the 2009 TSRI Audit Report, as well as to review the report of the contractual Monitoring and Compliance Audit presented by Mr. Porter. He also presented the 2009 SFFC complete single audit. The committee approved the compliance report and the single audit. On July 19, 2010, the Committee reviewed the TSRI and Scripps Florida unaudited financials for the quarter ended March 31, 2010, and agreed to engage Caler, Donten, Levine for the 2010 SFFC financial and compliance audits.

Reports Committee

Purpose: The predominant purpose of the Reports Committee is to review, edit and approve the Annual Report before it is reviewed and approved by the SFFC Board of Directors.

Membership: Ms. Anne Chinoda, Mr. David Gury, Dr. Brill and his replacement, Mr. Chris Hart, IV, were Committee Members during fiscal year 2010.

Meetings and Activities: The Reports Committee received drafts of the annual report during November 2009. The Committee met on November 23, 2009 to review the content of the annual report before it was submitted to the full Board of Directors.

Subsection (14) (b) An accounting of the amount of funds disbursed during the preceding fiscal year to the grantee.

Disbursement Date	Principal	Interest	TOTAL
December 15, 2009	\$8,169,750	\$ 1,694,979.68	\$ 9,864,729.68
March 15, 2010	\$5,591,250	\$ 1,296,894.66	\$ 6,888,144.66
June 15, 2010	\$5,591,250	\$ 1,296,894.66	\$ 6,888,144.66
September 15, 2010	\$5,591,250	\$ 1,296,894.66	\$ 6,888,144.66
TOTAL	\$24,943,500	\$ 5,585,663.66	\$ 30,529,163.66

This disbursement schedule became effective in November 2006 when the SFFC accepted the revised business plan of Scripps Florida.

Since inception, the total amount of interest which has been disbursed to Scripps Florida is \$ 27,257,950.

Subsection (14) (c) An accounting of the expenditures by the grantee during the fiscal year of funds disbursed under this section.

Report of SFFC Grant Disbursements from October 1, 2009 to September 30, 2010

Category	Amount
Scientific Salaries & Benefits	\$ 6,907,498
Supplies	\$ 2,677,568
Scientific Equipment	\$ 5,748,559
External Affairs & Other Program Support	\$ 1,351,032
Project Commencement, Facilities,	
Administration and Capital Expenditures	\$ 8,158,237
Total	\$ 24,842,894

This schedule reflects cash expenditures charged to the grant from the State of Florida from October 1, 2009 through September 30, 2010. The expense categories set forth above reflect those used by Scripps to report grant activity to grantors. This schedule excludes: unpaid commitments; unspent grant funds received of approximately \$92 million (including interest income) and expenditures funded by other sources.

Subsection (14)(d) Information on the number and salary level of jobs created by the grantee, including the number and salary level of jobs created for residents of this state.

Report of Scripps Florida Employees Count

Position	Employee Count As of September 30, 2010	Year 7 Target
Faculty	39	≥ 25
Scientific Staff	248	≥ 184
Administration	90	≥ 67
	Current Total 377	Job Creations Target 367

In the above chart, Faculty includes tenure track Professors, Associate Professors and Assistant Professors. Scientific Staff includes non-tenure track scientists (Research Faculty and Staff Scientists), Research Associates/ post-docs, lab technicians, and Scripps paid graduate students. Administration includes all other support personnel.

The job creations target number is to be measured on December 31, 2010, the end of the seventh employee hire year. SFFC may allow a downward deviation of 25% as satisfaction of the job creation deliverable. Scripps Florida management anticipates that the target head count will be met on December 31, 2010.

Scripps Florida hired 119 employees between October 1, 2009 and September 30, 2010. Of those new hires, 43 were Florida residents of which 22 were Palm Beach County residents.

Category (as set forth in Revised Business Plan)	Required Salary Range (using CPI 09.30.10)	Hired in fiscal 2010	Actual Salary in fiscal 2010	Florida Residents	Palm Beach Co. Residents
Professors/ Chairs	\$148,537 - \$355,197	0	N/A	0	0
Associate Professors	\$90,414 - \$190,515	3	\$140,004 - \$160,014	0	0
Assistant Professors	\$77,498 - \$138,850	7	\$102,003 - \$115,003	0	0
Research Faculty	\$77,498 - \$285,234	0	N/A	0	0
Staff Scientists	\$58,123 - \$121,628	2	\$60,008 - \$70,012	0	0
Research Associates	\$36,596 - \$59,199	53	\$37,000 - \$50,003	7	2
Administration*	\$51,988 average	54	\$43,321 average **	36	20
TOTAL		119		43	22

^{*} Administration is a combination of Scientific Support (non-Ph.D.) and Administrative Support positions. The average expected salary for this employee category is given, rather than the range that would result in combining all Administrative position salaries. An expected average salary, rather than a range, is a better representation because the various job classifications and range of salaries are broad.

^{**} This average salary represents the amount for new hires only, not for all Administration employees. When all Administration employees are counted, the average

is approximately \$58,532, which exceeds the required amount. This amount does not include graduate student stipends.

Breakdown of Administration Category	Hired in fiscal 2010	Average Salary
Administrative Support	23	\$ 51,575
Scientific Support	31	\$ 41,517

The required salary range is adjusted annually from that stated in the revised Business Plan based on increases in the CPI for the annual period. The base salary of all persons employed in a particular category falls within the range for that category, as adjusted by the cumulative change to the CPI. The CPI adjustment to salary ranges for 2010 was 2%. Certain employees of Scripps Florida may receive additional compensation for assuming administrative responsibilities beyond their scientific duties. For example, a faculty member who also serves as an Associate Dean of the Graduate School will receive additional compensation for that service. The ranges set forth above do not incorporate such additional compensation.

Subsection (14) (e) Information on the amount and nature of economic activity generated through the activities of the grantee.

See Appendix 1, "The Economic Impact of Scripps Florida on Florida's Economy," prepared by The Business Development Board of Palm Beach County in November 2010.

Subsection (14) (f) An assessment of factors affecting the progress toward achieving the projected biotech industry cluster associated with the grantee's operations, as projected by economists on behalf of the Executive Office of the Governor.

See Appendix 2, "An Assessment of Factors Affecting the Progress Toward Achieving the Projected Biotech Industry Cluster," prepared through information provided by local economic development organizations, community colleges and BioFlorida.

Subsection (14) (g) A compliance and financial audit of the accounts and records of the corporation at the end of the preceding fiscal year conducted by an independent certified public accountant in accordance with the rules of the Auditor General.

See Appendix 3, The "Audited Financial Statements and Supplementary Financial Information" for SFFC for the year ended September 30, 2010.

Subsection (14) (h) A description of the status of performance expectations under subsection (9) and the disbursement conditions under subsection (10).

Subsection (9) PERFORMANCE EXPECTATIONS

Subsection (9) (a) The number and dollar value of research grants obtained from the Federal Government or sources other than this state.

Between October 1, 2009 and September 30, 20010, forty (40) research funding grants from non-Florida sources were awarded to Scripps Florida scientists. The total amount of these awards is \$35,921,364. To date, Scripps Florida scientists have received about 182 research grants totaling \$188.2 million from non-Florida sources for support of research.

Subsection (9) (b) The percentage of total research dollars received by TSRI from sources other than this state which is used to conduct research activities by the grantee in this state.

For fiscal 2010, the percent of research funding from sources other than SFFC is 54.06% and these amounts were used for this purpose. In 2009, this ratio was 42.96%.

Subsection (9) (c) The number or value of patents obtained by the grantee.

Between October 1, 2009 and September 30, 2010, 23 foreign and domestic patent applications were filed. Since inception, 107 foreign and domestic patent applications have been filed on Scripps Florida technology. No value has been assigned to these patents, as the applications are under review by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

Subsection (9) (d) The number or value of licensing agreements executed by the grantee.

No license agreements were executed between October 1, 2009 and September 30, 2010 with respect to Scripps Florida technologies. To date, Scripps Florida technology has been licensed in forty-seven (47) licenses agreements. No value has been assigned to those licenses and no revenue has been generated from the licenses. Each licensing agreement defines when and how revenues will arrive. Those financial terms are confidential due to the unpredictability of the industry.

Subsection (9) (e) The extent to which research conducted by the grantee results in commercial applications.

Because of the early stage of the technology being developed at Scripps Florida and the time delay attendant to further development, no commercial applications and revenue have emerged to date.

Subsection (9)(f) The number of collaborative agreements reached and maintained with colleges and universities in this state and with research institutions in this state, including agreements that foster participation in research opportunities by public and private colleges and universities and research institutions in

this state with significant minority populations, including historically black colleges and universities.

The Scripps Research Institute developed a Joint Cooperation Agreement ("JCA") to encourage and support research collaborations with Florida institutions. Provisions are included to make it easier to collaborate on filing patents for jointly developed technologies and to share revenues from commercialized innovations. By executing these agreements in advance, the scientific collaboration process between Florida organizations and Scripps Florida is streamlined as they work together on biomedical research. To date, nine Florida institutions have executed this formal agreement with TSRI: Florida International University, University of Florida, Florida Atlantic University, University of Central Florida, University of Miami, Florida State University, Nova Southeastern University, University of South Florida and Max Planck Florida Institute. Efforts to reach historically black colleges and universities are ongoing. Florida A&M has an active bioresearch program and Dr. Harry Orf has met with pharmacology researchers from the program to discuss potential collaboration.

In fiscal year 2010, there were 35 scientific meetings between Scripps Florida scientists and their colleagues at colleges and universities within the State of Florida. See Appendix 4, "Scripps Florida Outreach Activities" for a detailed listing of these scientific Meetings with Florida Colleges and Universities.

Subsection (9) (g) The number of collaborative partnerships established and maintained with businesses in this state.

During the past year, Scripps Florida has established many partnerships with small businesses throughout the State of Florida. See Appendix 4, "Scripps Florida Outreach Activities" for a detailed listing of business outreach meetings.

Scripps Florida alsomaintains collaborative relationships with four Florida-based biotechnology companies which license Scripps Florida technology: Envoy Therapeutics, Dyadic International, Inc., cuRNA and Protix. The relationship between Envoy Therapeutics and Scripps Florida was established in July 2010. The existing agreement between Scripps Florida and Dyadic has expired; however, they continue to work in scientific collaboration.

Six Palm Beach County companies have Scripps Florida scientists involved on their scientific advisory boards, thus playing a key role in the company. They are: Dyadic Internationl, Xcovery, cuRNA, Protix, Envoy and OPKO.

Envoy Therapeutics

Envoy Therapeutics is a drug discovery company located in Jupiter. Envoy was founded by scientists from Rockefeller University and investors from 5AM Ventures in Menlo Park, California. Driven in part by the desire to facilitate collaboration with the faculty

of Scripps Florida, Envoy established its laboratories near Scripps Florida in Jupiter. Scripps Florida Professors Patrick Griffin and Philip LoGrasso serve as scientific advisors to Envoy. This interaction has fostered a series of collaborations starting in July 2010, with further expansion in October 2010. These collaborations are focused on identifying new drugs for neurological and psychiatric diseases and employ Scripps Florida's high-throughput screening capabilities to discover compounds that modulate target proteins identified by Envoy.

Envoy Therapeutics' mission is to discover new drugs with superior efficacy and fewer side effects than existing treatments. The company's bacTRAP® technology enables the identification of proteins *in vivo* that are produced by specific cell types without requiring the isolation of those cells. The technology is especially powerful in tissues of the brain, where many hundreds of cell types are intermingled. Because therapeutically modulating the activity of a specific cell type has until now been prevented by the inability to determine which proteins are uniquely expressed by that cell type, Envoy brings a new day in drug discovery.

Envoy has three highly recognized scientific founders, including Nobel Laureate and National Academy of Sciences member Paul Greengard, Ph.D..; Howard Hughes Medical Institute Investigator Nathaniel Heintz, Ph.D; and National Academy of Sciences member, Lasker award winner and Howard Hughes Medical Institute Investigator, Jeffrey Friedman, M.D., Ph.D.. These scientific founders bring great expertise in disciplines vital to Envoy's missions including the biochemical regulation of brain cells and neurotransmitter receptors, the molecular mechanisms involved in obesity, body weight, appetite and fat storage, and the engineering of bacteria artificial chromosomes (BACs) by homologous recombination and transgenic technology.

The company also has a senior management team with extensive experience in the biopharmaceutical industry. CEO Brad Margus, is a seasoned executive with a strong track record in starting and building science based organizations, protecting new discoveries, raising capital, and partnering repeatedly with many of the world's largest pharmaceutical companies. Senior Vice President of Drug Discovery, Stephen Hitchcock, Ph.D., is a leader in medicinal chemistry who previously led drug discovery projects at Eli Lilly and Amgen targeting diseases of the central nervous system.

Dyadic International, Inc.

Founded in 1979, Dyadic utilizes its integrated, proprietary fungal expression technology platform for the discovery, development, manufacturing and commercialization of specialty enzymes and chemicals for the textile, animal feed, energy and paper and pulp industries. Since 2006, the company has engaged with scientists at Scripps Florida in a collaboration involving Dyadic's novel technology platform.

This collaborative effort between scientists at Scripps Florida and Dyadic was established to provide a complete annotation of the genome of Dyadic's proprietary fungal organism, Chrysosporium lucknowense ("C1"). The knowledge gained from this effort is expected

to facilitate further development of the C1 Host Technology as a robust platform for the discovery, development and production of various materials for medical and industrial applications. Furthermore, this collaboration promotes the development of a successful biotechnology cluster in South Florida.

Over the past several years, Dyadic has continued to accelerate its activities utilizing its proprietary technology platform. The company reports success in the raising of capital, recruitment of a strengthened management team and progress with respect to licensing of its technology for use in various industries. The fact that Dyadic and scientists at Scripps Florida continue to work together four years after initiation of the relationship is testimony itself to the successful role the collaboration has played in the company's development.

<u>cuRNA</u>

cuRNA is a therapeutics company, located in Jupiter, Florida, that was founded in 2008 by Scripps Florida Professor Claes Wahlestedt and South Florida entrepreneur Joseph Collard as a Scripps Florida spinoff. cuRNA is utilizing novel non-coding RNA technology exclusively licensed from Scripps Florida to develop therapies for many important diseases for which no cure is currently available.

cuRNA has licensed a novel technology from Scripps Florida based on the therapeutic potential of non-coding RNAs that do not produce protein. Dr. Wahlestedt's work at the Scripps Institute has shown that non-coding RNAs play a critical role in the regulation of gene expression. The potential therapeutic applications of these non-coding RNA's may be useful for the treatment of a wide range of diseases including neurologic disease, cancer, cardiovascular disease, diabetes, metabolic diseases and certain rare genetic conditions. The non-coding RNA technology may also be useful as diagnostic markers or tools. Since its inception, cuRNA has been diligently exploring the potential of this novel technology and amassing a significantly expanded intellectual property portfolio.

In addition to the relationship cuRNA has with the Wahlestedt lab at Scripps Florida, cuRNA is currently working with Florida Atlantic University and Palm Beach State College to provide intern training and practical laboratory experience for students.

Protix

In July 2009, Scripps Florida reached a license agreement with Protix. Protix is a start-up company located in Palm Beach County that has platform technology for the identification of amino-acids sites on protein targets. The company is utilizing this technology to identify sites on proteins that play a role in cellular processes, such as mitotic entry, which can be further exploited as targets for therapeutic and diagnostic applications in a broad range of diseases, including cancer and neurodegenerative disorders. The company was founded by Scripps Florida professors Nagi Ayad and Donny Strosberg and is based on an invention made in the laboratory of Professor Ayad at Scripps Florida.

Subsection (9) (h) The total amount of funding received by the grantee from sources other than the State of Florida.

Since inception, Scripps Florida has been awarded approximately \$191 million from non-State funds including Federal agencies such as the NIH, foundations, pharmaceutical companies and other grantors. During fiscal 2010, Scripps Florida received the following grants:

GRANT AWARDS (\$190,877,345 since inception) *	\$ 47,658,365
OTHER REVENUE SOURCES **	\$ 16,450,823
CONTRIBUTIONS AT NET PRESENT VALUE ***	\$ 2,804,048
PALM BEACH COUNTY (\$210,069,431 since inception) ****	\$ 0
TOTAL	\$ 66,913,236

^{*} This amount includes NIH funding of \$35,488,133 for fiscal 2010. Other sources include \$3.9 million from pharmaceutical and/or biotech companies; \$4 million in private donations, including foundations; and \$4 million passed through other organizations in subcontracts.

** OTHER REVENUE SOURCES:

Other	\$ 67,500
Pfizer	\$6,758,085
Investment Income on Florida funds	\$9,625,238
Total	\$16,450,823

^{***} Contributions include gifts not dedicated to a specific type of research; grants typically have a dedicated area of research or are awarded to a specific scientist.

**** COUNTY FUNDS EXPENDED TO DATE BY FISCAL YEAR

2004	\$ 1,713,494
2005	11,419,527
2006	12,557,455
2007	59,215,156
2008	90,353,050
2009	34,810,750
Total	\$ 210,069,431

Palm Beach County has completed work and payments on the permanent facilities so the total amount of funds expended by the County remains unchanged from prior years.

Subsection (9) (i) The number or value of spin-off businesses created in this state as a result of commercialization of the research of the grantee.

The three Florida companies that spun off from Scripps Florida, and the additional Florida company located in Jupiter to access Scripps Florida, are described above in Subsection (9)(g). No attempt has been made by Scripps to assign a value to these spin offs. They are not public companies, thus it is impossible to determine the value of these spin-offs.

Subsection (9) (j) The number or value of businesses recruited to this state by the grantee.

According to the Bureau of Labor Statistics, there are 192 companies in the state of Florida conducting research and development related to biotechnology, of which 19 are located in Palm Beach County. This is an increase from 11 companies in Palm Beach County reported in 2007. It is impossible to say with any certainty that this explosion of biotech companies is the direct result of Scripps, but the notoriety of Palm Beach County in biotechnology has been achieved only since the expansion of Scripps to the county.

Anecdotally, in the past year, the Business Development Board announced two biotechnology companies which are expanding or relocating to Palm Beach County directly or indirectly because of the Scripps Florida campus. CHS Pharma is moving its headquarters to Palm Beach County to be closer to Florida Atlantic University's Center for Molecular Biology and Biotechnology in Jupiter. CHS Pharma is committed to the research and development of new treatments for a pre-cancerous skin condition called Actinic Keratosis. The company plans to develop a prescription drug treatment for the pre-cancerous skin condition and an over-the-counter preventative lotion. CHS Pharma's technology is the result of research conducted by renowned scientist, Dr.Herbert Weissbach of FAU and has been licensed to the company by FAU. Weissbach, a member of the National Academy of Science, also recently expanded his own laboratory and research to FAU's MacArthur campus in Jupiter, filling out the growing cluster of research and development concentrated on Scripps Florida and the Max Planck Florida Institute.

GLG Pharma, LLC is expanding its research and development company to Palm Beach County because of its need to be closer to the growing biomedical activity in southeast Florida. The company conducts pharmaceutical research and development, analytical chemistry and drug formulation development in an effort to advance the development of new targeted anti-cancer drugs. GLG intends to begin research collaboration with Scripps Florida scientists as soon as possible. GLG will continue its R & D work in Tampa, Florida and will expand operations to Palm Beach County, hiring 4 people in the short-

term at its new location in the Alexandria Innovation Center in Jupiter. The Town of Jupiter is providing a \$250,000 loan guarantee to the company from its Economic Development Fund and the company is also receiving a \$250,000 equity investment from the Paragon Foundation of Palm Beach County. The company has negotiated a preclinical development collaboration valued at approximately \$500,000 with a leading preclinical CRO.

In June 2010, The Max Planck Florida Institute broke ground on its permanent facility, located on six acres at Florida Atlantic University's (FAU) John D. MacArthur Campus in Jupiter, across the street from Scripps Florida. Dr. Peter Gruss, President of Germany's Max Planck Society, presided at the official groundbreaking ceremony for the new 100,000-square-foot biomedical research facility – the first Max Planck Institute in the United States.

As Scripps Florida and Max Planck progress with their expansions to Florida, Palm Beach County continues to be a global destination for companies in the discovery and advancement of drugs and pharmaceuticals, medical devices and equipment, research and development.

Subsection (9)(k) The establishment and implementation of policies to promote supplier diversity using the guidelines developed by the Office of Supplier Diversity under s. 287.09451 and to comply with the ordinances, enacted by the County and which are applicable to this biomedical research institution and campus located in this state.

Scripps Florida has adopted the following Mission and Vision Statements for Supplier Diversity.

<u>Mission</u>: Scripps Florida's Supplier Relations and Diversity Program will integrate small and diverse businesses into the procurement process - creating awareness, ownership, and an understanding of the principals of a competitive supply base. These partnerships will maximize cost savings and efficiencies within Scripps Florida's internal processes and supply chain.

<u>Vision</u>: Scripps Florida recognizes the importance of a diverse supply chain and strives to develop relationships with small and diverse life science and service suppliers who can assist in achieving Scripps Florida's biomedical research goals. Also, Scripps Florida expects its strategic suppliers to establish business opportunities for small and diverse suppliers.

TSRI Procurement and the Supplier Diversity Coordinator at Scripps Florida continue to pursue opportunities to partner with the diverse business community. Scripps Florida maintains a dynamic web-based application for potential vendors and suppliers to register their business to receive announcements for bid opportunities. As in years past, Scripps Florida also participates in local and statewide supplier shows. These shows help Scripps Florida to identify diverse businesses that can provide goods and services to the Institute

at a competitive price. Participation in these shows resulted in partnerships with local companies that provided furniture, pipette calibrations, refrigeration services, temporary staffing, building maintenance services, interior design services, printer supplies, printing services, office supplies, computer supplies, computer peripherals and more.

Subsection (9) (1) The designation by the grantee of a representative to coordinate with the Office of Supplier Diversity.

Mr. Francisco Carpio was named as the Scripps Florida Supplier Diversity Coordinator in March 2009 and he continues to represent Scripps Florida in working with small and minority business enterprises in the State of Florida. Mr. Carpio is actively involved in many state and local supplier diversity outreach programs.

Subsection (9) (m) The establishment and implementation of a program to conduct workforce recruitment activities at public and private colleges and universities and community colleges in this state which request the participation of the grantee.

Ms. Hollie Alkema, Scripps Florida's Human Resource Analyst and Recruiter, and other Scripps personnel participated in 5 Career Fair and Expositions at institutions throughout the State during fiscal 2010. See Appendix 4, "Scripps Florida Outreach Activities" for a detailed listing of the Workforce Recruitment efforts.

Subsection (10) DISBURSEMENT CONDITIONS

Subsection (10)(a) Demonstrate creation of jobs and report on the average salaries paid.

See reply to Subsection (14) (d).

Subsection (10)(b) Beginning 18 months after the grantee's occupancy of its permanent facility, the grantee shall annually obtain \$100,000 of non-state funding for each full-time equivalent tenured-track faculty member employed at the Florida facility.

Scripps Florida occupied its Permanent Facility on March 31, 2009, thus making this condition relevant beginning September 30, 2010. Scripps Florida met and exceeded the required amount well ahead of the specified time. By September 30, 2010, Scripps Florida reported its total awards from non-SFFC sources were approximately \$188 million. There were 39 tenure-track faculty at that same date. Considering the average grant award is between three and four years, the amount of funding per faculty member is about \$1.2 million per year. This greatly exceed the required amount of \$100,000 per tenure-track faculty member per year.

Subsection (10) (c) No later than 3 years after the grantee's occupancy of its permanent facility, the grantee shall apply to the relevant

accrediting agency for accreditation of its Florida graduate program.

Scripps occupied its Permanent Facility on March 31, 2009. Thus, no report is due until the report following March 31, 2012.

Subsection (10) (d) The grantee shall purchase equipment for its Florida facility as scheduled in its contract with the corporation.

Scripps Florida reports that approximately \$ 5,748,559 of equipment – acquired with SFFC grant funds – was purchased between October 1, 2009 and September 30, 2010. Additionally, \$1,612,888 of equipment was purchased with non-SFFC funds for the twelve months ending September 30, 2010. Building improvements funded by the State grant funds totaled \$566,782 from October 1, 2009 through September 30, 2010. The Revised Business Plan requires \$10 million in equipment purchases within 18 months of occupancy of the permanent facility. Scripps occupied the permanent facility on March 31, 2009, so the effective date for the \$10 million required equipment purchase is September 30, 2010. The estimated amount of equipment purchased from March 2009 through September 2010 is \$10.7 million, thereby meeting the required amount. The Revised Business Plan also requires that \$6.158 million in equipment be purchased over the last five years of funding.

Subsection (10)(e) No later than 18 months after occupying its permanent facility, the grantee shall establish a program for qualified graduate students from Florida universities permitting them access to the facility for doctoral, thesis-related research.

Scripps Florida established a Ph. D. program as part of Scripps' Kellogg School of Science and Technology, well ahead of the September 2010 deadline.

There were 24 students enrolled in the graduate program in 2009-10, one of whom completed his Ph. D. thesis and was awarded his doctorate degree in May 2010. There are five students who have now completed Ph. D. degrees at Scripps Florida. In August 2010, seven new graduate students entered the program. Efforts are made to identify and recruit highly qualified students from Florida colleges and universities to join the Scripps Florida graduate program. The Scripps Florida graduate admissions committee reviews all applications submitted by Florida residents, or students from Florida colleges and universities, who submit applications to TRSI's La Jolla campus, but who did not specifically apply to Scripps Florida. Offers have been made to qualified individuals from this pool each of the past four years. As the faculty ranks at Scripps Florida grow over the next several years, additional efforts will be made to recruit highly qualified Florida students to the Scripps Florida doctorate program. Of the seven students entering the program, one has an undergraduate degree from the University of Miami and a second has an undergraduate degree from Florida State University. Of the 30 students in the Scripps Florida graduate program as of September 2010, eight will have a Florida connection, meaning they earned an undergraduate degree from a Florida college or university or are a native Floridian who earned an undergraduate degree out of state. Thus, the graduate program is off to a successful start, ahead of scheduled in state requirements.

In June 2010, Scripps finalized an agreement with Florida Atlantic University (FAU) to establish an innovative MD-Ph.D. program. It is predicted that the first applications for admission into this program will be accepted upon accreditation of the program, anticipated to occur in February 2011. The first students will take classes in fall 2011. Students will spend their first three years as medical students at FAU, then begin the doctorate program at Scripps in the fourth year of the medical program. During the first three years, the medical students will take two to three special topics courses with Scripps Florida faculty members to enable the students to identify research mentors and to make a smooth transition into the Ph.D. program. After successful completion of the first year at Scripps Florida, the students will then be awarded their M.D. degrees. The Ph.D. component of this degree program will proceed according to the Kellogg School policies and procedures, but provision will be made to avoid duplication of coursework to minimize the time students spend in the Ph.D. program.

The re-accreditation of the Scripps Doctorate program remains on schedule. The Kellogg School of Science in Technology is a bi-coastal Ph.D. program, reflecting the "one institution/ two campus" makeup of TSRI. The re-accreditation process is facilitated by the Western Association of Schools and Colleges accreditation commission and the final components are expected to be complete in fall 2010.

See Appendix 4, "Scripps Florida Outreach Activities" for a detailed listing of Education Outreach.

Subsection (10) (f) No later than 18 months after occupancy of the permanent facility, the grantee shall establish a summer internship for high school students.

Since 2005, seventy high school students, teachers, and university undergraduates have been provided an opportunity to work with world class scientists at Scripps Florida. The program continues to expand each year. Twenty interns were invited to participate in the Scripps Florida 2010 summer program, working in the Departments of Cancer Biology, Infectology, Neuroscience, Metabolism and Aging, Chemistry, Molecular Therapeutics, and the High Throughput Screening laboratories.

In the summer of 2010, thirteen high school juniors and seniors participated in the internship program. The internship exposes students to a variety of contemporary issues in basic biomedical research, providing hands-on laboratory experience, thus motivating and preparing students for continuing education in the sciences. Internships were awarded on a competitive basis to students beginning their junior or senior years in a Palm Beach County high school in the fall of 2010. Interested students must have a minimum grade point average of 3.0 and be at least 16 years of age; the online

application was submitted with letters of recommendation, transcripts, resumes and other ancillary material. Special emphasis was placed on identifying and recruiting students who are underrepresented in the sciences. Students were given a gross compensation of \$8.00 per hour for the six-week summer program. See Appendix 4, "Scripps Florida Outreach Activities" for a detailed listing of High School Student, Teacher and Legacy Interns for summer 2010.

The internship program began in the summer of 2005 with a grant from the William R. Kenan, Jr. Charitable Trust, a North Carolina foundation with a special interest in education. In May 2010, Scripps Florida proudly announced that the Kenan Trust renewed its support for the Education Outreach program by awarding a three year, \$600,000 grant to help Scripps Florida sustain this highly successful program.

Scripps Florida Undergraduate Internships

In addition to high school internships, Scripps Florida provides internship opportunities for a variety of undergraduate students. Those who attend school at nearby colleges and universities, as well as out-of-state schools who are looking for research opportunities over the summer months, have been accepted as interns, depending on space available. Four specific examples are listed below.

Scripps Florida Undergraduate "Legacy" Summer Internship Program

The undergraduate component of the "Kenan Fellow" summer internship program initiated in 2009 was expanded in 2010. Four students participated in 2010, as compared to two students in 2009. The goal of this component is to provide additional research opportunities for those students who participated in the program as high school students, are now attending college, and are majoring in the sciences. The "legacy" program's research experience is also intended to be an additional resource for the undergraduates as they look toward acceptance in competitive graduate programs. The undergraduates in the 2010 summer intern program participated as high school students in 2006, 2007, and 2008 and worked in the Scripps Florida Departments of Molecular Therapeutics, Metabolism and Aging, Chemistry, and the High Throughput Screening laboratory.

<u>FAU Wilkes Honors College Program</u> In 2005-06 Scripps Florida established an intern program for FAU Honors College students to perform research in the laboratories of Scripps Florida faculty members. The students can receive FAU academic credit or a stipend (if research funds are available from the Scripps Florida faculty member) for research performed during the school term or summer months. During the period of October 1, 2009 – September 30, 2010, fifteen FAU Wilkes Honors College undergraduate students participated in research internships at Scripps Florida. See Appendix 4, "Scripps Florida Outreach Activities" for a detailed listing of Honors College Student Interns for summer 2010.

<u>Palm Beach State College (PBSC) Program</u> PBSC offers two degree programs in biotechnology in response to the community need for research technicians and associates. Students enrolled in the PBSC program can receive academic credit for additional experience in the laboratory. To help students gain this experience, internships have been made available at the Scripps Florida facility as space has been available. Four students from PBSC participated throughout the 2009-10 school year.

Summer Research Opportunities Numerous undergraduate students from Florida colleges and universities, and students from Florida who are attending college out of state, contact Scripps Florida for research opportunities during the summer months and the campus accommodates as many of these students as possible, depending on the availability of laboratory space and research funding on the part of interested faculty. Summer internships for students attending colleges and universities out of State provide opportunities and incentives for students to return to Florida after graduation for employment or graduate opportunities in biomedical research. This year, sixteen undergraduates from across the country spent part of their summer in the Scripps Florida laboratories. Representative universities range from the University of Florida and Nova Southeastern to Columbia and Cornell.

See Appendix 4, "Scripps Florida Outreach Activities" for a detailed listing of Student Researchers for summer 2010.

Subsection (10) (g) No later than 3 years after occupancy of the permanent facility, the grantee shall establish a research program for middle and high school teachers.

Scripps Florida began its teacher intern program in the summer of 2005 through support of the Kenan Trust grant. The research program exposes teachers to current laboratory techniques and procedures, provides information on a variety of contemporary issues in basic biomedical research, creates ties and linkages to working scientists who can assist them in curriculum development and creates opportunities for teachers to share information and knowledge with their peers. As an adjunct to their day-to-day responsibilities, participants are required to attend specially-designed seminars throughout the course of the summer. For the summer 2010 program, the application procedure was similar to the high school summer internship program and teachers were given a gross compensation of \$20.00 per hour for the six-week summer program. To extend information about the summer program to all PBC eligible high school teachers, the Scripps Florida Education Administrator, Ms. Leach-Scampavia, supplied program information flyers to each of the PBC high school principals for display at the schools and gave an information presentation about the summer intern program to a meeting of the high school science supervisors. In addition, working through the PBC school district's science coordinator, flyers were e-mailed to each of the science teachers in the district.

This year, the Scripps Florida teacher intern program placed three high school science teachers in the Chemistry and Molecular Therapeutic research laboratories. Last year, there was one participant, which prompted Scripps to look for other opportunities to reach classroom teachers. The result was the Secondary School Teacher Institutes, described below.

Scripps Florida Secondary School Teacher Institutes

Scripps Florida is directing greater efforts to address the needs of the classroom science teacher by establishing Teacher Institutes in basic science and laboratory skills. The program offers direct interaction with the bioscience researchers at Scripps Florida and provides greater professional development opportunities for pre-service and in-service middle and high school science teachers in a supportive engaging environment. Institutes are designed around curriculum units that integrate lessons, activities and laboratory-based biological and chemical experiments designed by research scientists at Scripps Florida. Portability of the lessons allows teachers to leverage the institute curriculum to their own classrooms during the course of the school year.

The program provides opportunities for teachers from all of the secondary schools within the Palm Beach County school district to attend the Teacher Institutes. Through its partnership with the school district, Scripps Florida emphasizes teacher recruitment from schools with limited resources in rural and urban Palm Beach County, particularly in areas with large underrepresented and disadvantaged student populations.

Ten secondary science teachers in the Palm Beach County school district continue to be involved in the alignment and presentation of the science skills curriculum. Teachers are paid a stipend of \$20.00 per hour. Content review and 60 hours of professional development credit are provided by the Palm Beach County School District.

Additional Education Outreach Programs at Scripps Florida

In addition to its required student and teacher internships, Scripps Florida provides outreach to Palm Beach County students through its K-12 education programs. The William R. Kenan, Jr Charitable Trust continues to supply funding for these programs which were developed through the efforts of Scripps Florida faculty and staff.

Scripps Florida Science Saturday Program

The hands-on Saturday program for high school classes focuses on providing science education opportunities for Title 1 schools in Palm Beach County. Students participate in a DNA-based lesson and tour the Scripps Florida research laboratories. The program invites 15 to 30 high school sophomores and juniors to learn how to isolate their own DNA and to execute DNA fingerprinting exercises (as performed in forensic and research laboratories).

Through the Science Saturday program in the 2009-10 academic year, Scripps Florida's Education Outreach continued to train and provide a "service learning" experience to college students attending FAU's Honors College in Jupiter, Florida. The participating FAU students are part of the FAU Kenan Scholars Program. Service learning provides opportunities to combine academic classroom curriculum with meaningful service by participating in the Science Saturday program. Trained and supervised by Scripps Florida Education Outreach, the Kenan Scholars helped in the teaching process. Closer in age to high school students, college undergraduates served as role models to the younger students while receiving training in their own efforts of becoming future teachers and scientists. Each Saturday experience was hosted by Scripps Florida scientists and tours of the research laboratories were provided to both visiting high school students and FAU undergraduate scholars.

Scripps Florida Introduction to Science Program

This interactive middle school lesson serves to tie together the basics of Math, Chemistry, Biology, and Physics for a student age group found to be at academic risk in math and science. Using inexpensive, everyday objects, Scripps Florida Education Outreach has leveraged its Introduction to Science program to community education partners creating a significant expansion of the middle school lesson in Palm Beach County.

The Scripps Florida Biotechnology Tour

An up-close view of the biomedical technologies used in the battle against human diseases at Scripps Florida continues to be presented to Science Saturday high school students. The "Biotechnology Tour" provides students an opportunity to see basic biology and chemistry research laboratories. As students move through the laboratories, they gain an understanding of how genomics based research and the processes of organic synthesis lead contemporary efforts in the therapeutic drug discovery process.

The Scripps Florida – Middle School Wow Chemistry

This after-school activity allows middle school classes to visit Scripps Florida for demonstrations in chemistry. Presented by Ph.D. graduate students and post docs, a series of chemistry experiments are demonstrated to the students (i.e. chemical clock reactions, vacuum experiments with eggs, freezing and shattering objects with liquid nitrogen, and exploding hydrogen balloons). Student interaction is encouraged.

The Scripps Florida High School Career Panel

This is an after-school interactive panel with Scripps Florida Ph.D. graduate students and post-doc fellows. Scripps scientists share experiences about their

undergraduate and graduate careers and the type of research they are conducting at Scripps. The intent is to demystify the higher education/science process, encourage relationships, and answer student questions. The panel concludes with a tour of the Scripps Florida research laboratories.

Subsection (10) (h) No later than 18 months after occupancy of the permanent facility, the grantee shall establish a program for adjunct professors.

Many of the current Scripps Florida faculty have received adjunct faculty appointments with the University of Florida, University of Miami and/ or Florida Atlantic University. Such adjunct appointments are intended to provide a mechanism for graduate students enrolled in Florida research universities to collaborate with, to be co-mentored by and to perform research in the laboratories of a Scripps Florida faculty member.

A mechanism has been established for faculty members at Florida institutions who have established collaborative research programs with Scripps Florida faculty to be appointed to an Adjunct Professor position. The process is initiated by a Scripps Florida faculty member who submits a nomination to his/her department chair. If the chair concurs, the chair submits the nomination to the Office of the President for review and approval.

Current Adjunct Faculty include Dr. Chris Liang of Xcovery in West Palm Beach, Florida and Dr. Andrew Hodge of The BioMotion Institute for Mobility and Longevity in West Palm Beach, Florida.

Subsection (10) (i) No later than 6 months after commissioning its high throughput technology, the grantee shall establish a program to allow open access for qualified science projects.

Launched in January 2006, the 'Access to Technologies' program continues to invite scientists from Florida universities and other academic research institutions to use state-of-the-art screening technologies at Scripps Florida facilities in Jupiter. A key purpose of Scripps Florida is to interface cutting-edge high throughput technologies with pioneering research programs. To that end, it is imperative that Scripps scientists develop dynamic relationships with Florida institutions to transcend traditional barriers to moving scientific discoveries into the clinic. Florida scientists who may not have these technologies available at their respective institutions are encouraged to participate in the Access to Technologies program. The technologies are primarily for users within the State of Florida; however, Scripps Florida scientists collaborate with researchers at universities and institutes across the country. The 'cores', or basic technologies, are available for access for qualifying projects. Two years ago, Scripps had four cores available; in 2010, Scripps Florida added its seventh core platform.

The Macromolecular X-ray Crystallography Facility Established in 2010, this core offers state-of-the-art equipment and resources to scientists by providing crystallographic

analysis of their chosen biological macromolecules. The core facility offers and operates as a full-service core by performing protein crystallization, I-ray diffraction data collection (both in-house and at Argonne National Laboratory) and processing, phasing, crystallographic refinement, model building, and visualization. The structural data obtained by the core will provide scientists with a wealth of information, including but not limited to biological functions, 3D-folding, ligand binding or mutational effect of target macromolecules of their interests.

The Flow Cytometry Core Flow cytometry measures and analyzes the characteristics of single particles, normally cells, as they move in a stream and are passed through a laser. Thousands of cells can be analyzed by a flow cytometer in a single second. Among the measurements derived from flow cytometry are the size, relative fluorescence and complexity of the particle. The Flow Cytometry group uses two state-of-the-art multiple laser cell sorting, purification, and cloning flow systems (the Becton-Dickinson FACSAria and LSRII) to perform analyses on up to fourteen fluorescence parameters as well as light scatter discrimination experiments (cell size, organelle composition and density, doublet discrimination). In addition, a Leica LMD laser dissection microscope is available for the precise and contamination-free isolation of specific areas of tissue (e.g. tumor material) from single cells or cell groups according to morphological criteria.

The Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Core Nuclear magnetic resonance, known as NMR, uses the magnetic properties of certain nuclei to study molecular structure. A wide variety of information can be gathered using NMR including protein and nuclei acid structure and function. At present, Scripps Florida has two nuclear magnetic resonance instruments. The two machines run 24 hours a day, 365 days of the year. By connecting one of these highly sensitive instruments to the internet via a proprietary Scripps Florida server, scientists can access the data produced from their office or the laboratory. NMR spectroscopy, one of the most widely used types of nuclear magnetic resonance, is used to study the physical, chemical and biological properties of matter.

Genomics Core The Scripps Florida Genomics Core was established to enable access by Scripps Florida and external investigators to the latest technologies for gene expression analysis and high-throughput genotyping. These technologies allow for interrogation and subsequent comparison of the role genetics play in disease state at the global level, or at specified locations in the genome. Gene expression analysis provides a profile of active and inactive genes in a given tissue sample or cell type. The technologies used in the Genomics Core allow for a wide range of cost-effective options for discovery on multiple platforms.

<u>Cell Based Screening Core</u> Researchers in the Cell-Based Screening (CBS) Core leverage high-throughput technologies towards a systematic description of the function of genes encoded by the human genome and a more comprehensive understanding of the genetic basis for human disease. The CBS group provides Scripps investigators, as well as select outside collaborators, with access to genome-wide collections of cDNAs and siRNAs that can be used to interrogate cellular models of signal transduction pathways and phenotypes.

<u>The Proteomics Core</u> The Proteomics Core at Scripps Florida conducts research in the field that examines the expression and action of proteins and other gene products. Its faculty and staff focus on such questions as how proteins are modified by cells in certain diseases. In particular, the scientists concentrate on developing and applying the techniques of mass spectrometry for proteomic analysis. There are nine users throughout Florida institutes of the Proteomics Core.

<u>High Throughput Screening Core</u> High Throughput Screening (HTS) is a drug-discovery process widely used in the pharmaceutical industry. It leverages automation to quickly assay the biological or biochemical activity of a large number of drug-like compounds. It is useful for discovering ligands for receptors, enzymes, ion-channels or other pharmacological targets, or pharmacologically profiling a cellular or biochemical pathway of interest. Typically, HTS assays are performed in "automation-friendly" microtiter plates with a 96, 384 or 1536 well format.

Subsection (10) (j) Beginning June 2004, the grantee shall commence collaborative efforts with Florida public and private colleges and universities, and shall continue cooperative collaboration through the term of the agreement.

See the reply to Subsection (9) (f).

Subsection (10) (k) Beginning 18 months after the grantee occupies the permanent facility, the grantee shall establish an annual seminar series featuring a review of the science work done by the grantee and its collaborators at the Florida facility.

Scripps Florida continues to host two seminar series year round and one abbreviated series for the summer interns. Established in 2005, the Scripps Florida Collaborative Seminar Series features prominent Florida-based speakers from the academic, biotechnology or pharmaceutical community. The following year, 2006, Scripps began External Seminars as part of the Institute Series, inviting prominent researchers from national and international institutions. Both seminars serve as a major foundation for creating knowledge and technology-sharing opportunities, team building and collaborations among biomedical researchers at Scripps Florida and other Florida research and academic institutions and companies. The sessions are open to interested professionals within the Scripps Florida and Florida scientific communities.

The weekly summer intern series, an adjunct to summer intern day-to-day responsibilities, features faculty members from Scripps Florida. High school and college undergraduate interns attend specially designed seminars throughout the summer.

See Appendix 4, "Scripps Florida Outreach Activities" for a detailed listing of the Seminar Series.

Subsection (10) (1) Beginning June 2004, the grantee shall commence collaboration efforts with the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development (OTTED) by complying with reasonable requests for cooperation in economic development efforts in the biomed/biotech industry. No later than July 2004, the grantee shall designate a person who shall be charged with assisting in these collaborative efforts.

Scripps Florida has designated Mr. Douglas Bingham as its designee to assist OTTED regarding collaborative economic development efforts between Scripps and OTTED. Scripps has worked, directly and indirectly, with OTTED to foster biotechnology economic development growth in Florida.

Scripps Florida is responsive to requests from OTTED to participate in or assist with meetings, presentations or other activities involving the Governor's Office. Additionally, Scripps is often proactive in recruitment discussions or otherwise related business to which OTTED is eventually party to.

Business outreach efforts include participation in meetings facilitated by local business and government agencies such as the OTTED, the Palm Beach County Business Development Board, Enterprise Florida, Inc. and the Technology, Entrepreneurship & Capital Committee meetings. Additionally, Dr. Harry Orf is active in the Florida Research Consortium, BioFlorida and the South Florida Science Museum. Similarly, local efforts involve presentations to community groups, various cultural organizations, and specialty groups. Numerous educational programs such as the Summer Research Internship, Science Saturday and Introduction to Science series have been ongoing including presentations to elementary, secondary and high schools; selecting high school students as interns and hands-on workshops. Scientific outreach spans a variety of regional, state and international interactions from conferences, seminars and workshops to peer-to-peer discussions. See Appendix 4, "Scripps Florida Outreach Activities" for a detailed listing of the Business, Science and Community Outreach activities by Scripps Florida.

Appendix 1
Subsection (14) (e)
Information on the amount and nature of economic activity generated through the activities of the grantee.

The Economic Impacts of Scripps Florida on Florida's Economy

October 1, 2009 - September 30, 2010

Prepared by the
Business Development Board of
Palm Beach County, Inc.
for the
Scripps Florida Funding Corporation



The Economic Impacts of Scripps Florida on Florida's Economy October 1, 2009 - September 30, 2010

Introduction

This analysis is designed to fulfill the requirements of Subsection 14(e) of the 2010 Scripps Florida Funding Corporation Annual Report to the State of Florida Governor and Legislature.

Purpose: Estimate the economic impacts of the activities of the Scripps Florida facility on the State of Florida during its seventh fiscal year of operation that covers the period October 1, 2009 to September 30, 2010.

The analyses for the first four fiscal years were conducted by Enterprise Florida, Inc. (EFI), while the fifth and sixth fiscal years analyses were conducted by the Business Development Board of Palm Beach County, Inc. (BDB), and this analysis will follow a similar format as that established by EFI to address Subsection 14(e) of the Scripps Florida Funding Corporation's (SFFC) Annual Report to the Florida Governor and Legislature. This analysis was conducted by the staff of the BDB at the request of SFFC. It is based on information and data provided to the BDB from SFFC and uses the IMPLAN economic impact model, as was used in prior analyses by EFI and the BDB. The purpose of this analysis was to estimate the quantifiable economic impacts of Scripps Florida's activities in the State of Florida during its seventh fiscal year in operation, based on the expenditures made by Scripps Florida or its partners, Palm Beach County and Florida Atlantic University.

This analysis makes no attempt to project future economic impacts or benefits on the State of Florida or Palm Beach County, nor does it attempt to estimate or project non-quantifiable benefits or impacts to Florida or Palm Beach County.

As previously stated, this report follows a similar format as the one established by EFI in initial analyses. As such, this report will include sections that provide information on economic impact analysis and the model, IMPLAN, used to estimate impacts, the methodology used to conduct this analysis, results of the IMPLAN model, and a brief description of the impacts that this analysis does not attempt to estimate.

Economic Impact Analysis Using IMPLAN

Economic impact analysis estimates the changes in economic output (gross domestic product), employment, personal income (labor compensation and proprietors' income), property income (rents), and tax revenues that result from changes in demand for products or services in a given study area (referred to as an event). Impacts can be measured for zip codes, counties, states, or the entire country.



Due to the importance of Scripps Florida to the State of Florida, as being a world class research institute that has positioned Florida as an emerging focal point for the life sciences, this analysis will estimate the economic impacts to the entire State of Florida resulting from Scripps Florida operations. However, the majority of the benefits from Scripps Florida are likely concentrated in Palm Beach County and the surrounding region.

The IMPLAN model is a recognized industry leader in the United States and is used by many organizations from federal agencies to private consultants for economic impact analysis.

This analysis uses many of the default settings and features of the standard IMPLAN model. In accordance with the circumstances stipulated by Scripps Florida and in keeping with the format of prior analyses by EFI, this analysis reports the economic impacts of Scripps Florida in two different categories.

First, the IMPLAN model quantifies four categories of impacts: *employment*; *personal income*; *economic output* (gross domestic product); and *tax revenues*. *Employment* refers to the number of full-time jobs created in the study area due to the presence of Scripps Florida. *Personal Income* includes all forms of labor compensation and proprietors' income that are injected into the economy of the study area as a result of Scripps Florida. *Economic Output* (*Gross Domestic Product*) is the increased amount of total economic output in the study area that results from the change in employment and value added created by the presence of Scripps. Lastly, *tax revenues* refer to the additional fiscal revenues generated by state and local governments (such as sales taxes, property taxes, and other excise taxes and fees) resulting from the increased economic activity due to Scripps.

Second, there are three rounds of effects that are analyzed. Each round is classified as a separate category or effect. The first round produces the *direct effects*, which include the economic impacts to the four categories stated above that result from the facilities-related activities and operations of Scripps Florida itself, such as the number of jobs created by Scripps to work in the new facility or the change in employment by the companies hired by Scripps to provide goods or services. Next come the *indirect effects*, which include interindustry changes in demand resulting from the facilities-related activities and operation of Scripps or the goods and services required by companies hired by Scripps for the facilities or operations. Lastly, the *induced effects* are measured, which are the increases in economic activity stemming from the expenditures by the households of the employees hired by Scripps or the companies used for the facilities-related activities and operations or businesses indirectly influenced by the presence of Scripps.



The presence of direct effects, indirect effects, and induced effects result from what is referred to as the *multiplier effect*. The multiplier effect occurs, because every time a purchase is made in any sector of the economy, additional spending is created through direct, indirect, and induced effects. This happens over and over many times. Essentially, when one person or company spends money, it enables another person or company to spend money and so on, creating a chain of new spending by other people or companies.

Previous analyses estimated a third category that distinguished between the Scripps Florida's Operational Impacts and Facility-Related Impacts. However, this analysis focuses only on the operations, since construction was completed prior to the beginning of the fiscal year under analysis.

Scripps Florida's Operational Impacts. These impacts result from the operations of Scripps Florida during its seventh fiscal year. The operational impacts include Scripps payroll expenditures (for scientists and professional and support staff), expenditures for laboratory equipment, office supplies, information technology, utilities, and various other business services and operational expenses.

Methodology

The results of an economic impact analysis are reliant upon the primary data and assumptions used in the model. In this analysis, the BDB has relied on data provided by the Scripps Florida Funding Corporation. The data provided include all known expenditures by Scripps Florida and its partners (Palm Beach County and Florida Atlantic University) during the fiscal year October 1, 2009 to September 30, 2010.

All expenditures data obtained were input into the IMPLAN model, with the appropriate NAICS-based IMPLAN industry codes for each line item expenditure. The line items were then aggregated based on their features to achieve the quantifiable impacts mentioned in the previous section.



No data on actual job creation by Scripps Florida's activities were provided, and therefore no employment data were input into the IMPLAN model. However, expenditures for salaries and benefits were provided by Scripps, and these were included in the model using the IMPLAN industry code for payroll compensation, which allowed the model to estimate direct employment levels throughout the fiscal year. Therefore the estimated employment impacts generated by IMPLAN should be interpreted as the average annual full-time employment created in the State of Florida in various occupations and companies due to the presence of Scripps Florida, and may in fact not be the actual employment of Scripps Florida or any other entity affected by the presence of Scripps at any time during the fiscal year analyzed.

Since this analysis is focused on the single fiscal year of October 1, 2009 to September 30, 2010, the IMPLAN model does not attempt to differentiate between recurring and one-time impacts. As stated previously, Scripps moved into its permanent facilities during the 2008-2009 fiscal year, so any jobs or other impacts associated with the construction and design of Scripps permanent facility will likely diminish or disappear entirely in future years. Additionally, impacts associated with the operations of the Scripps facility can recur each year. However, this study is only concerned with impacts in fiscal year 2009-10.

This analysis relied upon the default assumptions built into the IMPLAN model. This analysis used the assumptions in the IMPLAN model to determine the amount of expenditures and activity that affected the State of Florida due to the presence of Scripps Florida by estimating the amount of goods and services that are demanded from domestic sources versus sources in other states. The data used for the IMPLAN model's assumptions are derived from US Federal Government databases.

Fiscal impacts were also estimated by the IMPLAN model, which differentiates between federal and state and local tax revenues. This analysis maintains the state and local tax revenue impacts established in the previous analyses by EFI. In previous analyses, EFI assumed that all tax revenues obtained through vehicle licensing fees go to the State of Florida, whereas property taxes are paid to local governments. The sales tax receipts are split between the state and local governments, where the State of Florida receives 92.3 percent of all sales tax revenue and the local governments receive anything above that due to the local option of an additional 0.5 percent above the six percent State of Florida Sales and Use Tax. The IMPLAN model does not differentiate the split in sales tax, so it is possible that the amount of sales tax collected is overstated for the State of Florida and understated for the counties and municipalities.



The primary expenditures data provided by Scripps Florida Funding Corporation (SFFC) for use in the IMPLAN model are provided in the table below.

Scripps Florida - Related Expenditures, SFFC's FY 2009-2010					
Expenditure Line Item	Amount				
Operational:					
Scientist Salaries & Benefits	\$6,907,498				
Supplies	\$2,677,568				
Scientific Equipment	\$5,748,559				
External Affairs & Other Program Support	\$1,351,032				
Salaries & Benefits (non-scientist)	\$7,694,408				
Professional Services	\$849,927				
Supplies	\$860,777				
Purchased Services	\$3,016,299				
Business Meetings	\$276,019				
Subscriptions	\$186,419				
Other	\$2,050				
Allocations from California	\$1,641,474				
Facilities (Insurance, Utilities, Maintenance)	\$5,094,611				
Other Capital Expenditures	\$846,045				
Administrative Expenses Recovered from Third Parties (IDC)	-\$12,309,792				
Subtotal Operational	\$24,842,894				
Total Scripps-Related Expenditures in FY 2009-2010	\$24,842,894				

Source: Scripps Florida Funding Corporation

IMPLAN Model Results

The table below summarizes the results of the IMPLAN economic impact model that was run for Scripps Florida, SFFC's fiscal year 2009-2010. The results that follow illustrate the total economic impacts to the State of Florida due to the presence of Scripps Florida in Palm Beach County, based on the data provided by the SFFC.



The Economic Impacts of Scripps Florida on the State of Florida, SFFC's FY 2009-2010									
Type of Impact	Direct	Indirect	Induced	Total					
Employment Impact	69	40	181	290					
Operational	69	40	181	290					
Personal Income Impact	\$7,936,882	\$2,781,982	\$11,995,116	\$22,713,979					
Operational	\$7,936,882	\$2,781,982	\$11,995,116	\$22,713,979					
Output (Gross Domestic Product)	\$13,256,032	\$4,899,257	\$21,997,300	\$40,152,589					
Operational	\$13,256,032	\$4,899,257	\$21,997,300	\$40,152,589					
Tax Revenues	\$821,701	\$169,763	\$1,290,268	\$2,281,732					
Operational	\$821,701	\$169,763	\$1,290,268	\$2,281,732					
Breakdown of Tax Revenues Between State & Local Gov't									
State of Florida	\$300,737	\$64,313	\$460,050	\$825,100					
Local Governments (County & Municipal)	\$520,962	\$105,450	\$830,218	\$1,456,630					

Note: The estimated totals may not add up exactly due to rounding off to the nearest whole dollar or employee.

Each of the impact types are summarized below.

Employment Impact. The presence of Scripps Florida assisted in sustaining an estimated 290 jobs statewide. It is important to note that those jobs were not necessarily created during the FY 2009-2010, where some may have carried over from previous fiscal years, while some were also created during the fiscal year of the study. Therefore, it would not be correct to add results from previous fiscal years' analyses to this one. It is also important to note that many of the scientists at Scripps Florida get outside funding for salaries and staff that do not appear in this analysis, therefore there are likely more jobs that are sustained by Scripps Florida than what appear in this analysis.

Direct. This analysis reports the total direct impacts. During the SFFC's Fiscal Year 2009-2010, Scripps Florida had a total direct employment impact of 69 full-time jobs.

Indirect and Induced. An additional 221 jobs were supported throughout Florida as a result of indirect and induced effects from Scripps Florida's operations.

Income Impact. The total personal income impact of Scripps in the SFFC's seventh fiscal year was \$22,713,979.

Direct. The activities of Scripps Florida and the companies it hired for services were directly responsible for contributing to an influx of \$7,936,882 of personal income into Florida's economy.

Indirect and Induced. The multiplier effect led to an additional \$14,777,097 in personal income in the Florida economy.



Output (Gross Domestic Product) Impact. Scripps Florida added \$40,152,589 to Florida's gross domestic product (GDP).

Direct. The operational activities of Scripps Florida directly contributed to adding \$13,256,032 to Florida's GDP.

Indirect and Induced. The multiplier effect led to the addition of \$26,896,557 to Florida's GDP.

Fiscal Impact. The total *estimated* fiscal revenues to State and local governments due to the presence of Scripps Florida in its seventh fiscal year amounted to \$2,281,732.

Direct. The operational activities of Scripps Florida directly contributed to an estimated \$821,701 in tax revenues to state and local governments.

Indirect and Induced. The multiplier effect from the activities of Scripps Florida led to an additional \$1,460,031 in estimated tax revenues for state and local governments.

The approximate breakdown between estimated tax revenues for the State of Florida and the local governments was:

State Taxes. The estimated tax revenues that went to the State of Florida as a result of Scripps Florida were \$825,100.

Local Taxes. The estimated tax revenues that went to the local governments (county and municipal) in Florida as a result of Scripps Florida were \$1,456,632.

Economic Impacts Outside of the Model

This analysis has focused on the economic impacts of Scripps Florida on the economy of the State of Florida during SFFC's seventh fiscal year of activities, October 1, 2009 - September 30, 2010. It is important to note that the IMPLAN model can only estimate the quantifiable economic impacts, such as employment, personal income, output, and tax revenues, to a geographical area based on changes in demand for goods or services caused by an event. Therefore, the model is not capable of measuring the qualitative economic benefits of an event, such as the presence of Scripps Florida, that could positively affect the economy of Florida. While the qualitative benefits are important, they may only become evident after a number of years or may influence quantifiable impacts in future analyses.



Appendix 2

Subsection (14) (f)

An assessment of factors affecting the progress toward achieving the projected biotech industry cluster associated with the grantee's operations, as projected by economists on behalf of the Executive Office of the Governor

This subsection was completed with information provided by:

BioFlorida is Florida's bioscience industry association, operating as a 501(c)(6) not-for-profit organization and representing the biotechnology, pharmaceutical and medical device industries. The association serves to advance innovations in healthcare, agriculture and energy with more than 200 members. Members of the association include research and development companies and institutions, drug delivery and diagnostic companies, clinics and hospitals, academia and service providers such as law firms, economic development organizations and financial corporations. BioFlorida is the state affiliate of the Biotechnology Industry Organization (BIO) and partners with numerous state and international organizations.

Workforce Alliance, Inc. is a nonprofit corporation chartered by the State of Florida. The organization operates a workforce development system in Palm Beach County that is responsive to the needs of both business customers and job seekers. Together with leaders from business, government, education and community agencies, Workforce Alliance links businesses in need of qualified employees with individuals seeking employment opportunities. Workforce Alliance operates three Career Centers (South, Central and West) and two Professional Placement Network locations in Palm Beach County. The organization administers an annual budget of approximately \$20 million.

Institute for Commercialization of Public Research ("Institute") was founded in 2007 as a non-profit organization. The Institute is Florida's One-Stop-Shop for investors and entrepreneurs who seek to identify new opportunities based on technologies developed through publicly-funded research. The Institute facilitates new venture creation through commercially-viable technologies in major industries that are driving the global economy. The Institute also administers the Florida Research Commercialization Matching Grant Program.

Enterprise Florida, Inc. ("EFI") is the public-private partnership responsible for leading Florida's statewide economic development efforts. The organization's mission is to diversify Florida's economy and create better paying jobs for its citizens by supporting, attracting and helping to create businesses in innovative, high-growth industries. EFI focuses on high-value sectors such as: life sciences, information technology, aviation/aerospace, homeland security/ defense and financial/ professional services. EFI works with a statewide network of regional and local economic development organizations to continually improve Florida's business climate and ensure its global competitiveness.

The Business Development Board of Palm Beach County, Inc. ("BDB") is a public-private partnership established in 1982 to be the official economic development organization for Palm Beach County. It is a non-profit organization that is funded in part by the Palm Beach County Board of County Commissioners and in part by private corporate members. BDB is the official partner of Enterprise Florida, Inc. in Palm Beach County.

Palm Beach State College ("PBSC") is Florida's first public community college. Established in 1933, PBSC has been recognized as a premier two-year institution, lauded for achievement at the local, state and national level. PBSC has over 48,000 students enrolled in over 100 programs of study. Currently, PBSC offers an Associate in Science degree, Associate in Arts degree and a College Credit Certificate in Biotechnology. PBSC has four campuses in Palm Beach County: Belle Glade, Boca Raton, Lake Worth and Palm Beach Gardens.

Town of Jupiter ("TOJ") is located in northern Palm Beach County and is the home of Scripps Florida's permanent facility. In 2006, the town established a \$3 million economic development fund in support of an interlocal agreement with Palm Beach County. TOJ also established an advisory board, which provides recommendations regarding the distribution of the funds. The Board oversees funding for the Northern Palm Beaches including Mangonia Park, Riviera Beach, Jupiter, North Palm Beach, Palm Beach Gardens and Lake Park.

Following is a summary of contributions submitted by organizations responsible for developing the biotech cluster in South Florida in 2009-2010.

BioFlorida

525 Okeechobee Blvd, Ste. 1500 West Palm Beach, FL 33401

(561) 653-3839 www.bioflorida.com

About BioFlorida

BioFlorida is Florida's bioscience industry association, operating as a 501(c)(6) not-for-profit organization and represents the biotechnology, pharmaceutical and medical device industries. The organization was established in 1997 to unite and support a small group of biotechnology entrepreneurs. Today, the organization has grown to represent a broad range of companies and institutions in various sectors of bioscience technology. Membership within the organization includes dozens of partner organizations committed to supporting the industry. BioFlorida's programs and events are designed to bring like minds together. Statewide activities offer a platform for discussion of industry issues, a forum for peer discussions, and networking for enhancement of existing businesses.

As the voice of Florida's bioscience industry, BioFlorida represents more than 200 member companies and research organizations in the biotechnology, pharmaceutical and medical device fields. Members include biomedical R&D companies, medical device manufacturing, clinics and hospitals, academia, government and non-profit organizations, and industry services/products. In 2010, the BioFlorida Institute was established to provide support for K-12 science education, workforce development programs, professional training, and industry and research information.

Supporting the Industry

As the catalyst for growth -- and the central resource for the Florida bioscience industry -- BioFlorida provides its members with access to the resources needed to succeed in the state, a strong marketing presence and a voice for issues related to the bioscience industry. The association's initiatives serve to support and/or improve:

- · Research and Commercialization
- · Access to Capital
- · Infrastructure (Real Estate, Facilities Permitting, Environmental Concerns)
- · Education and Workforce Development
- · Access to Industry Products & Services
- · Public Policy

Accomplishments/ Milestones

BioFlorida upholds Florida's vibrant bioscience community by providing advocacy, business development and networking forums. The association's six regional chapters spanning the state are led by chairs serving in eight cities. BioFlorida's policy efforts are well established in Tallahassee and DC with a comprehensive set of legislative priorities, a well-attended BioFlorida Day held in the state capital, district tours for policymakers and fly-ins for advocacy at the federal level. Continued support from the State Legislature is led by the Biotechnology Caucus co-chaired in 2010 by Senator Thad Altman and Representative Bill Galvano. Numerous BioFlorida legislative priorities passed in 2010 to assist the growing bioscience industry including a small business matching grants program, funding for the Innovation Incentive Fund and funding for biomedical research grants. At the federal level, BioFlorida supported the

Qualified Therapeutic Discovery Project, which awarded more than \$26M in grants to 77 Florida-based bioscience companies.

BioFlorida hosted the Florida Pavilion at the BIO International Convention held May 3-6 in Chicago. More than 15 Florida-based companies and organizations were represented in the Florida Pavilion and the conference boasted more than 15,000 attendees from 65 countries and 49 states.

And in October 2010, BioFlorida had its Annual Conference in Ft. Lauderdale with over 450 individuals in attendance. BioFlorida's regional chapters hold quarterly networking events with scientific presentations showcasing Florida research and developments. These events facilitate business and financial partnering opportunities, research collaborations and industry advancements.

BioFlorida Institute for Science Education & Workforce Development

In early 2010, BioFlorida's Board of Directors approved the formation of the BioFlorida Institute as a 501(c)(3) foundation to build on the state's existing infrastructure and services to the bioscience industry. The launch of the Institute will connect Florida's life science assets through a shared resource center. This center will offer science workshops in conjunction with local school districts, continuing education programs, teacher and student internships, CEO roundtables, an industry library and resource center, and business planning workshops.

The Institute steering committee, led by Dr. Harry Orf from Scripps Florida, is finalizing the initial paperwork and putting programs and directors in place. Funding for the Institute will come from state and federal grants, corporate and private philanthropy, national, state and community foundations, and BioFlorida individual/company donations.

With the establishment of the Institute, Florida's life science cluster will continue to flourish. The BioFlorida Institute will leverage the current investment of the life sciences industry and its available expertise. Ultimately, the result of a successful education foundation will be the creation of a unified, cohesive environment that can sustain Florida's investments in the life science industry.

Workforce Alliance, Inc.

326 Fern Street, Suite 301 West Palm Beach, FL 33401 (561) 340-1061 www.pbcalliance.com

During the period October 1, 2009 to September 30, 2010, Workforce Alliance continued its work engaging and promoting the life sciences industry in Palm Beach County and the greater Southeast Florida region. We accomplished this by targeting the industry as part of our mission to drive economic growth.

Work we have accomplished to this end:

- 1. Provided customized training grants for life science companies such as Sancilio & Company, Cytonics, Anspach Effort and Biotest.
- 2. Served on the Conference Planning Committee for BioFlorida's Annual Conference held in Ft. Lauderdale, FL.
- 3. Worked with Scripps Florida to coordinate two pre-conference sessions one for post-docs & Ph.D. students and a second for employers at the 2010 BioFlorida Conference.
- 4. Work with Scripps Florida and local life science companies to post job openings.
- 5. Established a repository of personality, skill and trait assessments to assist life science and other employers with candidate screenings.
- 6. Recruit and match executive, mid- and entry level talent for open positions at life science companies.
- 7. Served on the FAU's Advisory Council for the Master's in Business Biotechnology Degree, a terminal degree being planned for those majoring in the biological sciences who prefer to pursue the business side of the life sciences.
- 8. Served as member of the Banner Center for Biotechnology's Advisory Council until the Center's contract expiration on June 30th, 2010. The Banner Center was an initiative of the Agency for Workforce Innovation and was located at the University of Florida in Gainesville, FL.
- 9. Serve as member of the BioFlorida Southeast Chapter Leadership Team. This team plans events to unite and promote the life sciences industry in Palm Beach County and Southeast Florida from the Treasure Coast to Miami-Dade County.

Florida Institute for the Commercialization of Public Research

3701 FAU Blvd. Suite 210 (561) 368-8889 Boca Raton, FL 33431 www.florida-institute.com

Institute Background and Programs

The Institute was formed during the 2007 legislative session to create new companies and high-skill, high-wage jobs based on publicly-funded research throughout the State of Florida. The Institute supports universities and research institutes as drivers of economic growth by leveraging \$1.8B research investment (2009) for maximum impact – new companies and jobs created in Florida's targeted industries.

- The Institute has a strong technical capacity and activities well underway and producing results.
 - Efficient process in place that identifies promising technologies and matches them with experienced management.
 - 18-member Investor Advisory Board screens Institute projects to determine commercial viability and qualification for acceptance into Institute programs.
- Extensive connectivity to the state's public universities, private research institutions, state economic development leadership and entrepreneur networks.
- Designated by the Florida Legislature in 2010 to administer \$3 million *Commercialization Matching Grant Program* which matches Federal SBIR and STTR awards with State funding. The Institute began collecting applications in summer 2010 and the program launched officially in fall 2010. One-time awards of up to \$50,000 for Phase I and up to \$250,000 for Phase II grants are awarded for qualifying applicants who have previously received Federal SBIR or STTR Phase I or Phase II grant awards. Grants for Phase I applicants must have been awarded on or after January 1, 2010. Grants for Phase II applicants must have been awarded on or after January 1, 2009, and all applicants must have an active grant project underway.

The Matching Grant Program is designed to be a catalyst for small or start-up companies that can take advantage of federal and state grant funding in order to accelerate their growth and market penetration by helping to overcome the funding gap faced by many small companies. The grant, established by Florida's Office of Tourism, Trade and Economic Development (OTTED) and Enterprise Florida, is administered by the Florida Institute for the Commercialization of Public Research.

• Selected by Enterprise Florida, Inc. (EFI) in 2010 as the primary organization to screen potentially qualified companies for EFI's \$1M Seed Funding Program. Program launched August 2010.

 Complements existing programs that focus on early research & development activities or later-stage company growth (SURCAG, Bankhead-Coley & King, Economic Gardening, etc.).

Outcomes

- Increased number of high-wage, high-skill jobs 5,700 direct jobs; 19,950 indirect jobs; \$36M in tax revenue
- Increased external capital flowing into Florida
- Increased investment in Florida-based companies (Florida currently attracts less than 5% overall VC investment)
- Attraction and retention of top business talent and companies

Representative Projects

- Technologies are paired with management and capital throughout the state, resulting in connectivity between Gainesville, Orlando, Tampa, Tallahassee, Jacksonville, Jupiter, Boca Raton, and Miami.
- <u>Nanophotonica</u> technology developed at University of Florida paired with a CEO in Orlando. Company has raised in excess of \$300,000 in public and private funds.
- <u>GLG Pharma</u> technology developed at H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center & Research Institute paired with CEO in Jacksonville. Company has raised in excess of \$1.5M in public and private funds research activities re-located to Town of Jupiter.
- <u>Powers Device Technologies</u> technology developed at Florida State University paired with a CEO in Jacksonville. Company has raised in excess of \$300,000.
- Over 2 dozen active projects underway, connecting technologies, entrepreneurs and funding sources across the state.

Business Development Board of Palm Beach County

310 Evernia Street 561-835-1008 West Palm Beach, FL 33401 www.bdb.org

During 2009-2010 the Business Development Board (BDB) maintained strong links to the life science industry, ensuring that issues that arose that would adversely affect Palm Beach County's attractiveness were addressed. The BDB's Life Science Strategic Steering Group (LSSSG) met several times throughout the year to monitor the development of the industry, to begin to articulate a value proposition for Palm Beach County's cluster of companies and to learn about new funding sources that became available throughout the year. BDB made companies throughout the region aware of an initiative under the health reform that passed Congress that awarded companies R&D tax credits or grants for innovative programs that could contribute to the curing of cancer, or the lowering of the price of pharmaceuticals.

BDB staff attended BIO 2010 in Chicago, IL in collaboration with BioFlorida, Enterprise Florida and area companies. Meetings were held with companies from many different countries and regions of the US to discuss the possibility of relocation or expansion into Palm Beach County. The trend of this trade show/convention has been toward more economic development officials being represented on the floor of the convention as opposed to scientists and corporate leaders and thus, the BDB is looking for more effective ways of reaching its target audience for 2011 and beyond.

BDB staff took part in the planning of BioFlorida's annual conference to take place in Fort Lauderdale in October 2010.

The Business Development Board's continuous efforts in making Palm Beach County an attractive place for life science companies to relocate to and expand in paid off in 2010. The BDB worked with six companies established their corporate offices in Palm Beach County in the life science space:

Institute for Healthy Living, Life Science & Research	Jupiter	220 jobs
ChemPep	Wellington	5 jobs
Woodfield Distribution	Boca Raton	39 jobs
CHS Pharma	Jupiter	25 jobs
GLG Pharma	Jupiter	4 jobs
SurgiTrace	Boca Raton	39 jobs

Throughout Palm Beach County the county and municipal governments have maintained their interest in developing a sustainable life science cluster and the BDB has engaged with many partners to ensure that infrastructure is developed to create an attractive environment for entrepreneurs to establish their life science (and other) companies while creating high paying jobs and creating new inventions to better the human condition. In particular, BDB staff continued to support the staff of the Town of Jupiter in its efforts to nurture the life sciences around Scripps Florida and Max Planck. The Town established a \$3 million fund in 2006 and has loaned money to companies in the industry after an application process and review by an

Advisory Board. BDB has worked with staff to analyze applications and provide economic impact analyses of the plans.

Palm Beach Community College

Eissey Location 3160 PGA Boulevard Palm Beach Gardens, FL 33410 www.pbcc.edu Dr. Libby Handel, Biotech Program Director (561) 207-5059

Biotechnology Program

Palm Beach State College (PBSC) presently offers an Associate in Science degree, Associate in Arts degree and a College Credit Certificate in Biotechnology. The Biotechnology Program is embarking on its fifth year with over 118 biotechnology majors. The program continues to work closely with industry and institutional partners to deliver an innovative work-force specific curriculum. The faculty is comprised of experienced scientists involved in academic research or local bioscience companies. Several Scripps Florida scientists serve as Adjunct Professors in the Biotechnology Program and provide valuable input regarding curriculum development. PBSC continues its paid internship program where students complete a research project in a research or industrial laboratory. The program currently offers over thirty different internship opportunities for its graduates and has successfully placed graduates in full-time employment.

Workforce Training and Education: Employ Florida Banner Center for Life Sciences With funding from Workforce Florida, Inc., Palm Beach State College (PBSC) has been chosen to establish the Employ Florida Banner Center for Life Sciences. Banner Centers are part of Workforce Florida's strategic plan to modernize its workforce to meet current and future needs of the state. As a Banner Center for Life Sciences, PBSC will develop state-of-the-art, industry-driven curriculum products and services to be deployed statewide in various training and education centers. Modules will be developed with the guidance of representatives from life science industry sectors to support the pipeline of workers needed for current and future employment demands. The overall objective is to create a workforce that is strategically educated to become leaders in a 21st century global economy. The Banner Center for Life Sciences will function as a resource for all educational institutions, economic development organizations, and Regional Workforce Boards in the state, and will provide leadership in the ongoing process of developing products and services to enable Florida's workforce increased competitiveness in the identified Life Sciences industry.

Math and Science Summer Institute

PBSC has expanded its Math and Science Summer Institute (MSI) for high-achieving high school students. The Biotechnology Track integrates honors-level Biotechnology and Biostatistics and infuses real-world applications and hands-on laboratory experience. Notable MSI activities include guest lectures, tours of Scripps Florida research laboratories, career panel discussions, and participation in the Astronaut Training Experience at NASA's Kennedy Space Center. The Math and Science Summer Institute was awarded the 2010 Florida Best Practices Award by the Florida State College System.

Economic Development

PBSC's Biotechnology Program is embarking on its second economic development project with the Town of Jupiter. PBSC acquired funding from the Town of Jupiter Economic Development Fund to create a technology incubator at PBSC's Palm Beach Gardens campus. Under this pilot program, the College provides laboratory space and equipment for scientists to perform proof-of-concept experiments and conduct business start-up activities. PBSC hosted its first tenant, ACAM Laboratories, a microbiology food testing service provider in 2009 and is presently negotiating its second contract with a local biotechnology company.

Town of Jupiter Economic Development Fund

In 2006, the Town of Jupiter established a \$3 million economic development fund in support of an interlocal agreement with Palm Beach County. The fund's purpose is to support economic development and growth that generates jobs for north county residents. Following the establishment of the fund, Jupiter's Town Council also established an advisory board, which provides recommendations regarding the distribution of the funds. The Board oversees funding for the Northern Palm Beaches (Mangonia Park, Riviera Beach, Jupiter, North Palm Beach, Palm Beach Gardens, Lake Park).

The eight member Board meets monthly to review applications and monitor progress on companies which were supported by the fund. To date, the fund has loaned \$2,107,500 to nine companies. Three additional loans are pending. Thirteen companies were reviewed by the Board and were rejected or are on hold.

Appendix 3 Subsection (14) (e) A compliance and financial audit of the accounts and records of the corporation at the end of the preceding fiscal year conducted by an independent certified public accountant in accordance with rules of the Auditor General.

Audited Financial Statements and **Supplementary Information**

Scripps Florida Funding Corporation

A Component Unit of the State of Florida

September 30, 2010

SCRIPPS FLORIDA FUNDING CORPORATION – A COMPONENT UNIT OF THE STATE OF FLORIDA

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

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MEMBERS
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FLORIDA INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors Scripps Florida Funding Corporation West Palm Beach, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and major fund of Scripps Florida Funding Corporation, a component unit of the State of Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of Scripps Florida Funding Corporation as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of Scripps Florida Funding Corporation. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting of Scripps Florida Funding Corporation. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and major fund of Scripps Florida Funding Corporation as of September 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 22, 2010 on our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting of Scripps Florida Funding Corporation and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the *management's discussion and analysis* on pages 3 through 7 and the budgetary comparison information on pages 16 and 17 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Caler, Donten, Levine, Porter & Veil, P.A.

November 22, 2010

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Acting in our capacity as the management of Scripps Florida Funding Corporation ("SFFC"), we offer readers of SFFC's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of SFFC as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010. SFFC is governed by a nine member Board of Directors, three of whom are appointed by the Governor of the State of Florida, three of whom are appointed by the President of the Senate of the State of Florida, and three of whom are appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the State of Florida. For financial reporting purposes, management determined that SFFC should be reported as a governmental organization and a component unit of the State of Florida based on the appointment of the Board of Directors by officials of State government.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments* requires the presentation of certain comparative information for the current and prior year in the Management Discussion and Analysis.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of SFFC exceeded its liabilities at September 30, 2010 by \$68,039,221 (*net assets*).
- SFFC's total assets were \$73,633,308 at September 30, 2010. Net assets of \$68,000,002 are attributable to the unexpended portion of a federal grant of \$310 million and investment earnings thereon and are restricted for future grants to The Scripps Research Institute for development of a biomedical research center in Palm Beach County, Florida.
- As of September 30, 2010, the General Fund of SFFC reported ending fund balance of \$68,039,221. Of this total amount, \$68,000,002 is committed to funding The Scripps Research Institute project (*reserved fund balance*), \$13,199 is reserved for prepaid items and \$26,020 is designated for spending in the subsequent year's budget (*designated fund balance*).

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to SFFC's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements of SFFC include three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of SFFC's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all of SFFC's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of SFFC is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how SFFC's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net asset are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flow*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements present functions of SFFC that are principally supported by federal funds passed through from the State of Florida to finance SFFC's mission of promoting, developing and advancing the economic welfare of Florida through the establishment and operation of a

biomedical research institution and campus by The Scripps Research Institute (*governmental activities*). The governmental activities of SFFC include all General Fund functions.

SFFC has no business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 8 and 9 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. SFFC, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. SFFC utilizes only one fund, the *General Fund*, which is classified as a *governmental* fund and accounts for all financial resources of SFFC.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of SFFC's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the *governmental fund* and *governmental activities*.

SFFC adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided on page 16 for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 8 and 9 of this report. Explanations of the reconciling items between the governmental fund and the governmental activities can be found in Note D on page 15.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 10-15 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning SFFC's budget to actual results for the General Fund for the current year. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 16-17 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of SFFC, assets exceeded liabilities by \$68,039,221 at September 30, 2010.

By far, the largest portion of SFFC's total assets (99.6 percent) are restricted assets held by the State Board of Administration on behalf of SFFC for future disbursements to The Scripps Research Institute for the development of a biomedical research institution and campus in Palm Beach County, Florida.

Net Assets

	2010	2009
Assets		
Cash and other current assets	\$ 263,140	\$ 223,001
Investments and other restricted assets	73,370,168	102,353,741
Total assets	<u>\$ 73,633,308</u>	<u>\$ 102,576,742</u>
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	\$ 1,631	\$ 917
Liabilities payable from restricted assets	5,592,456	8,171,160
Total liabilities	\$ 5,594,087	<u>\$ 8,172,077</u>
Net assets		
Restricted	\$ 68,000,002	\$ 94,377,954
Unrestricted	39,219	26,711
Total net assets	\$ 68,039,221	\$ 94,404,665

The decrease in restricted investments is a result of payments to The Scripps Research Institute in 2010.

The largest portion of SFFC's net assets (*restricted* net assets) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. These restrictions require the funds to be used for the development of a biomedical research institution and campus by The Scripps Research Institute.

SFFC's unrestricted net assets of \$39,219 relate to the unspent portion of funds appropriated by the Florida Legislature for the administrative expenses of SFFC. At the end of the current fiscal year, SFFC reported positive balances in both categories of net assets.

Governmental activities. Governmental activities decreased SFFC's net assets by \$26,365,444 in 2010 and by \$34,205,588 in 2009. Key elements of this change are as follows.

Changes in Net Assets

		2010		2009
Revenues				
Investment income	\$	1,746,001	\$	5,675,826
Securities lending income		0		125,335
Contributed services		17,500		17,500
Total revenues		1,763,501		5,818,661
Expenses				
- General government	\$	178,281	\$	190,789
Economic development grant to				
The Scripps Research Institute		27,950,664		39,739,500
Total expenses		28,128,945		40,024,249
_				
Change in net assets		(26,365,444)	((34,205,588)
Net assets – beginning of year	_	94,404,665	1	28,610,253
Net assets - end of year	\$	68,039,221	\$	<u>94,404,665</u>

Investment income includes the earnings from the investment of the federal grant in U.S. Government securities, a money market mutual fund and securities lending income through the State Board of Administration (the "SBA"). During 2009 the SFFC Board of Directors requested that the SBA terminate the securities lending program for its investment portfolio. The securities lending program was terminated and the collateral pool securities were liquidated in February 2009. SFFC incurred a loss of approximately \$105,000 on the disposition of the collateral securities, which was included in investment income for 2009.

For the most part, general government expenses were primarily professional fees associated with the grant monitoring responsibilities of SFFC and administrative expenses, such as rent. The economic development expense includes the grant funding SFFC provided to The Scripps Research Institute in connection with the development of the biomedical research institution and campus in Palm Beach County, Florida.

Due to delays in finalizing a site for The Scripps Research Institute's permanent facilities in Palm Beach County, SFFC and The Scripps Research Institute agreed to amend the Operating and Funding Agreement in 2007 to modify the future annual amounts of the grant payments and extend the time period for disbursement of the grant funds from a term ending December 31, 2010 to a term ending December 31, 2013. The total disbursements to The Scripps Research Institute over the term of the Operating and Funding Agreement did not change.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, SFFC uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing SFFC's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. As noted previously, SFFC has only one governmental fund, the General Fund.

As of the end of the current period, SFFC's governmental fund reported ending fund balance of \$68,039,221. Substantially all of the ending fund balance (\$68,013,201) constitutes *reserved fund balance*, which is not available for new spending because it has already been committed to pay for development of the biomedical research institution and campus in Palm Beach County, Florida, and for prepaid items. The remainder of fund balance (\$26,020) is *unreserved* to indicate that it is available for spending at the discretion of SFFC, although all of the unreserved fund balance is designated for 2010-2011 budgeted expenditures.

Key factors to consider in analyzing the fund balance for the General Fund are as follows:

- The restricted investments with the SBA and the investment earnings thereon are required to be disbursed to The Scripps Research Institute through December 31, 2013.
- In future years, SFFC is limited to expenditures of \$200,000 annually for administrative expenses. All other funds are committed to The Scripps Research Institute project, including any unexpended portion of the annual administrative budget allocation of \$200,000.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were no differences between the original budget and the final amended budget for the year ended September 30, 2010.

During the year, revenue met budgetary estimates. Expenditures were less than budgetary estimates by approximately \$36,000, which was attributable primarily to lower professional fees incurred for the grant monitoring activities of SFFC.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. SFFC has not purchased any capital assets, but is renting equipment for the SFFC office.

Long-term debt. SFFC is not permitted to incur long-term debt.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

SFFC has a stable financial position and economic outlook, as indicated by:

- The investments with the State Board of Administration earned approximately \$1.7 million for 2010, including net realized and unrealized gains of approximately \$1.6 million and investment expenses of approximately \$18,000 on SBA accounts. At September 30, 2010 investments consist of a money market mutual fund and U.S. Government securities with fixed maturities corresponding with the annual payments to The Scripps Research Institute. SFFC anticipates holding the securities to maturity which will avoid realization of any market losses.
- Administrative expenditures are limited to \$200,000 annually in future years.

These factors were considered in preparing SFFC's budget for the 2010-2011 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of SFFC's finances for all those with an interest in the organization's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Scripps Project Director at 505 South Flagler Drive, Suite 1003, West Palm Beach, Florida, 33401.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET/STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

September 30, 2010

	Go	Fund General Fund	Adjustments (Note D)		tatement of Net Assets overnmental Activities
ASSETS Cash	\$	249,941	\$	\$	249,941
Restricted assets	Ψ	247,741	ψ	Ψ	247,741
Cash equivalents		782,392			782,392
Investments		72,587,559			72,587,559
Accrued investment income Prepaid items		217			217
repaid tients		13,199			13,199
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	73,633,308	0		73,633,308
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	1,631			1,631
Liabilities payable from restricted assets		1.206			1.207
Accrued investment expenses Economic development grant		1,206 5,591,250			1,206 5,591,250
TOTAL LIABILITIES		5,594,087	0	-	5,594,087
FUND BALANCE/NET ASSETS Fund balance					
Reserved for Scripps project		68,000,002	(68,000,002)		0
Reserved for prepaid items		13,199	(13,199)		0
Unreserved					
Designated for subsequent years' expenditures		26,020	(26,020)		0
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		68,039,221	(68,039,221)		0
TOTAL LIABILITIES					
AND FUND BALANCE	\$	73,633,308			
Net assets					
Restricted			68,000,002		68,000,002
Unrestricted			39,219		39,219
TOTAL NET ASSETS			\$ 0	\$	68,039,221

STATEMENT OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE/STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended September 30, 2010

	Governmental				Statement of		
	Fund				Activities		
		General	Adjust	ments	Governmental		
		Fund	(Not	e D)		Activities	
Revenues				<u> </u>			
Investment income	\$	1,746,001	\$		\$	1,746,001	
Contributions		17,500				17,500	
		1,763,501		0		1,763,501	
Expenditures/Expenses							
Current							
General government		178,281				178,281	
Economic development grant		27,950,664				27,950,664	
	·	28,128,945		0		28,128,945	
Revenues over (under) expenditures/		_					
Change in net assets		(26,365,444)		0		(26,365,444)	
Fund balance/Net assets at							
October 1, 2009		94,404,665				94,404,665	
Fund balance/Net assets at September 30, 2010	\$	68,039,221	\$	0	\$	68,039,221	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2010

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Scripps Florida Funding Corporation ("SFFC") is a Florida not-for-profit public benefit corporation created by Florida Statutes, Section 288.955 and was incorporated on December 8, 2003 for the purpose of enhancing education and research and promoting, developing and advancing the business prosperity and economic welfare of the State of Florida and its residents by facilitating and overseeing the establishment and operation of a state-of-the-art biomedical research institution and campus in the State by The Scripps Research Institute ("TSRI"). SFFC is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

SFFC is governed by a nine member Board of Directors, three of whom are appointed by the Governor of the State of Florida, three of whom are appointed by the President of the Senate of the State of Florida, and three of whom are appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the State of Florida.

Financial Reporting Entity: For financial reporting purposes, management determined that SFFC should be reported as a governmental organization and a component unit of the State of Florida based on the appointment of the Board of Directors by officials of State government. In considering potential component units to include in the SFFC financial reporting entity, management applied the criteria set forth in U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). As defined by GAAP, the financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Based upon the application of these criteria, SFFC found that there were no entities to consider as potential component units.

Government-wide/Governmental Fund Financial Statements: SFFC is a special-purpose government engaged in one primary governmental activity, to facilitate and oversee the establishment and operation of a state-of-the-art biomedical research institution and campus in the State by The Scripps Research Institute. SFFC accounts for all financial resources in one fund, the General Fund, which includes all *governmental activities* of SFFC, which are supported primarily by an annual appropriation established by the State of Florida. Accordingly, the Government-wide and Governmental Fund financial statements of SFFC are combined using a columnar format that reconciles individual line items of General Fund financial data to Government-wide data in separate columns on the face of the financial statements. The Governmental Fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance for the General Fund. The Government-wide financial statements consist of the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. Note D explains the reconciling items presented in the adjustments column of the combined Government-wide and Governmental Fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting: Financial reporting is based upon all pronouncements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), as well as the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) and its predecessors, including FASB Statements and Interpretations, APB Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2010

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. SFFC does not allocate indirect expenses.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement* focus and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they become both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. SFFC considers revenues to be available if collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred. Investment earnings are considered susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal year. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when received in cash by SFFC.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: Cash consists of amounts on deposit in a non-interest bearing checking account with a financial institution. Cash equivalents include amounts held in an institutional money market mutual fund through the State Board of Administration of the State of Florida (the "SBA").

<u>Investments</u>: Investments consist of deposits in an investment pool administered by the SBA pursuant to a trust agreement entered into January 30, 2004. All SFFC funds legally restricted to the TSRI project are required to be deposited in the SBA investment pool. Investments are presented in the financial statements at fair value as determined by the SBA.

<u>Prepaid Items</u>: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

<u>Net Assets/Fund Balance</u>: The government-wide financial statements utilize a net asset presentation. Net assets are categorized as follows:

Restricted – This component of net assets consists of constraints placed on the use of net assets by external restrictions imposed by vendors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted resources are used first to fund expenses incurred for restricted purposes.

Unrestricted – This component of net assets consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of *Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt* or *Restricted*.

The governmental fund financial statements utilize a fund balance presentation. Fund balance is categorized as follows:

Fund balance reserves indicate the portion of fund balance that is not available for subsequent expenditure, other than for the specific purpose for which the reserve was established.

Fund balance designations indicate management's intended future use of available resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2010

NOTE A - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Economic Development Grant: SFFC entered into an Operating and Funding Agreement (the "Agreement") with TSRI dated January 30, 2004. Pursuant to the terms of the Agreement, SFFC will provide an economic development grant to TSRI in the amount of \$310 million plus the net investment income thereon and less the annual administrative appropriation to SFFC. Subject to compliance by TSRI with the terms of the Agreement and annual approval of a grant request by SFFC, the economic development grant is payable to TSRI in quarterly installments on March 15th, June 15th, September 15th and December 15th of each year, unless there is a material default of the Agreement by TSRI. At September 30, 2010, TSRI was in compliance with the Agreement and the payment due on December 15, 2010 is accrued in the accompanying financial statements.

<u>In-Kind Contributions</u>: SFFC records in-kind contributions for contributed professional services. Contributed professional services are recognized if the services received (a) create or enhance long-lived assets or (b) require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation. The project director for SFFC was an employee of the State of Florida, Office of Tourism, Trade and Economic Development, which contributed to SFFC the portion of the professional time of the project director related to administering the operations of SFFC. For 2010, these in-kind professional services were valued at \$17,500 and recorded in the accompanying financial statements as contributions and offset by a like amount included in general government expenditures/expenses.

Property Taxes: SFFC receives no property taxes.

<u>Risk Management</u>: SFFC is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. SFFC purchases commercial insurance for the risks of losses to which it is exposed. Policy limits and deductibles are reviewed annually by management and established at amounts to provide reasonable protection from significant financial loss. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage since inception.

<u>Recent Accounting Pronouncement</u>: The GASB has issued Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements for all governmental funds and establishes criteria for classifying fund balances. The requirements of this statement will be effective for SFFC for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2011. Management has not completed its analysis of the effects of this statement, if any, on the financial statements of SFFC.

<u>Estimates</u>: Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenditures. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used.

NOTE B - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

<u>Cash</u>: At September 30, 2010, SFFC had deposits with financial institutions with a carrying value and bank balance of approximately \$250,000. The deposits with financial institutions were entirely covered by federal depository insurance and a collateral pool pledged to the State Treasurer of Florida by financial institutions that comply with the requirements of Florida Statutes and have been designated as a qualified public depository by the State Treasurer. Qualified public depositories are required to pledge collateral to the State

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2010

NOTE B - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Treasurer with a fair value equal to a percentage of the average daily balance of all government deposits in excess of any federal deposit insurance. In the event of a default by a qualified public depository, the amount of public funds would be covered by the proceeds of federal deposit insurance, pledged collateral of the public depository in default and, if necessary, a pro rata assessment to the other qualified public depositories in the collateral pool. Accordingly, all deposits with financial institutions are considered fully insured or collateralized in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 3.

<u>Cash Equivalents</u>: Cash equivalents include investments in the Dreyfus Government Cash Management money market mutual fund, an institutional money market fund held in the SBA investment pool for SFFC. All cash equivalents are legally restricted to the TSRI project.

Investments: Pursuant to a trust agreement with the SBA entered into on January 30, 2004, SFFC is required to invest all funds legally restricted to the TSRI project in an investment pool administered by the SBA. The objective of the SBA investment pool is to provide liquidity to fund the anticipated disbursements for the TSRI project through 2013. All investment policies are established by the SBA, except for those specifically set forth in the trust agreement. The trust agreement requires investments to be made in marketable securities rated investment grade (BBB for Standard and Poor's or Baa for Moody's Investor Services) by at least one Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization (NRSRO), or if not rated, deemed by the SBA to be the equivalent of investment grade. Short-term investments must be rated in the highest two categories by at least one NRSRO. All investments are required to mature within six months of the anticipated date of disbursement to TSRI. During the year ended September 30, 2010 the SBA investment pool for SFFC included U.S. Government Treasury inflation protected securities (TIPS), U.S. Treasury interest only and principal only strip securities, and the Dreyfus Government Cash Management money market mutual fund.

Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments of the SBA pool are structured to mature within six months of the scheduled SFFC annual grant disbursement dates. The weighted average maturity of the Dreyfus Government Cash Management money market mutual fund (Dreyfus) is limited to ninety days pursuant to the requirements of Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended. The weighted average maturity of Dreyfus was approximately 50 days at September 30, 2010. For purposes of calculating a weighted average maturity, the maturity date is assumed to be the next interest rate reset date rather than the stated maturity date. The table below summarizes the scheduled maturities of investment securities at September 30, 2010.

		Scheduled	d Maturities
	Fair	Less Than	One to
	Value	One Year	Five Years
U.S. Government Securities (cost \$71,085,397) Treasury interest only strips Treasury principal only strips	\$ 45,120,274 27,467,285	\$ 9,591,072 27,467,285	\$ 35,529,202 0
	<u>\$ 72,587,559</u>	\$ 37,058,357	\$ 35,529,202

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2010

NOTE B - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

<u>Credit Risk</u>: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer will not fulfill its obligations. All investments must be rated investment grade by at least one Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization (NRSRO), or if not rated, deemed by the SBA to be the equivalent of investment grade. An investment grade rating is at least BBB for Standard and Poor's (S&P) or Baa for Moody's Investor Services (Moody's). At September 30, 2010 the credit quality ratings by S&P and Moody's for the Dreyfus Government Cash Management money market mutual fund were AAAm and Aaa, respectively.

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk is defined as the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. For investments other than the Dreyfus Government Cash Management money market mutual fund, there is no specific policy for concentration of credit risk. The Dreyfus Government Cash Management money market mutual fund is structured to comply with the requirements of Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and for 75% of the total assets, securities of a single issuer are limited to no more than 5% and voting securities of a single issuer are limited to no more than 10% of the amortized cost of the portfolio (excluding securities of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities).

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>: Custodial credit risk is defined as the risk that the investment pool may not recover the securities held by another party in the event of a financial failure. The SBA investment pool does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk. The assets in the SFFC investment pool were classified by the SBA pursuant to the custodial credit risk categories of GASB Statement No. 3 to give an indication of the level of custodial credit risk for the SFFC investment pool at September 30, 2010. Category 1 includes investments that are insured or registered or for which the securities are held by the SBA or its agent in the SBA's name for the SFFC account. At September 30, 2010, the U. S. Government securities are classified as *Category 1*. The Dreyfus Government Cash Management money market mutual fund is a commingled pool of investments that cannot be classified.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk</u>: Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. There was no exposure to foreign currency risk at September 30, 2010.

Administrative Expense: The SBA receives an administrative investment fee in the amount of two basis points annualized, calculated and charged monthly based on the end-of-month fair value of the investments, with an annual minimum fee of \$2,500. The SBA administrative fee expense for the year ended September 30, 2010 was approximately \$18,000 and is netted with investment income received from the SBA.

NOTE C - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCY

<u>Contract Commitment</u>: Pursuant to the terms of the Operating and Funding Agreement, SFFC will provide an economic development grant to TSRI of \$310 million plus the investment income thereon and less an annual allocation to SFFC for administrative expenses of \$200,000 for each contract year. The grant funds are to be used by TSRI to establish and operate a state-of-the-art biomedical research institution and campus in Florida. Subject to a material default by TSRI under the agreement, SFFC will disburse the grant funds to TSRI in quarterly installments over the term of the Agreement. During 2007 SFFC and TSRI agreed to amend the Agreement to modify the future annual amounts of the grant payments and extend the time period for disbursement of the grant funds from a term ending December 31, 2010 to a term ending December 31, 2013.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2010

NOTE C - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCY (Continued)

The future anticipated annual disbursements under the revised Agreement, exclusive of investment earnings on invested funds, are as follows:

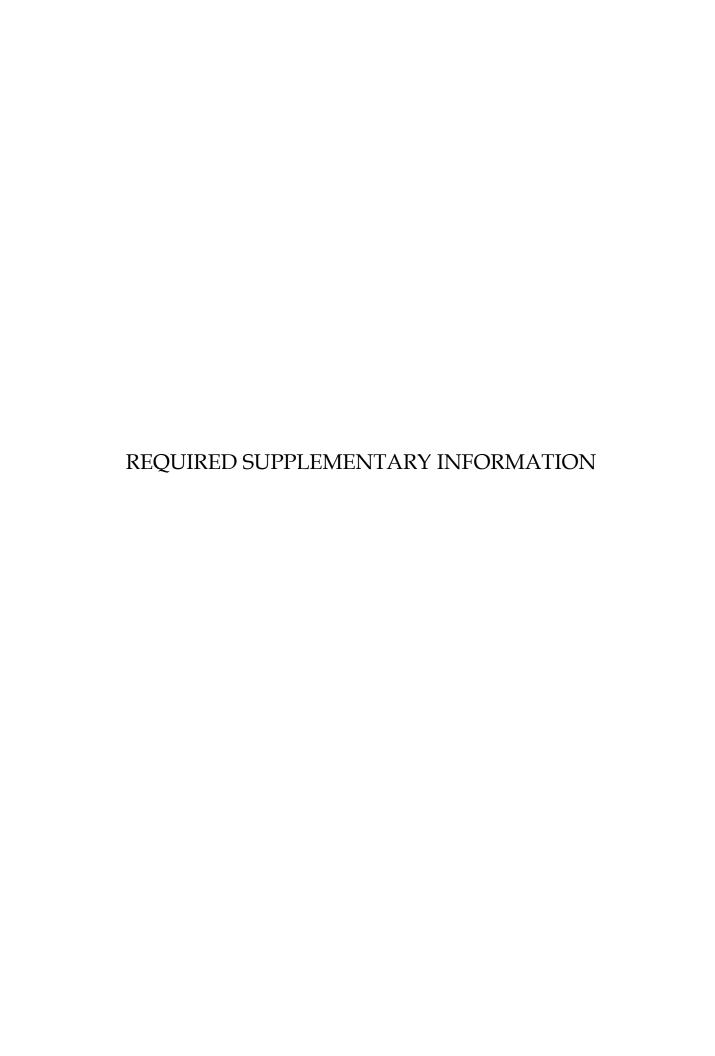
Year Ending					
September 30,		Amount			
2011		\$	30,180,750		
2012			19,271,000		
2013			7,441,500		
2014			1,250,000		
	Total	\$	58,143,250		

<u>Lease Commitment</u>: SFFC leases office space under an operating lease expiring January 31, 2011. Annual rent increases are based on changes in the consumer price index. Rent expense under this lease was \$13,262 for the year ended September 30, 2010. The minimum future lease payments at September 30, 2010 were \$4,470 due in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2011.

<u>Grants</u>: Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by those agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already received, might constitute a liability of SFFC for the return of those funds.

NOTE D - EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND AND GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENT AMOUNTS

The only difference between the Governmental Fund financial statements and the Government-wide financial statements is the reclassification of the *Fund Balance* reported for SFFC's General Fund into the *Net Assets* categories reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets. There were no differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND - NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS

Year Ended September 30, 2010

	Budgeted	d Amo	ounts		Actual	Fina	ance with al Budget ositive
	Original	Final		Α	Amounts	(No	egative)
							<u> </u>
Revenues							
Investment income allocation							
for administrative expenses	\$ 200,000	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$	0
TOTAL REVENUES	200,000		200,000		200,000		0
General Government							
Insurance	38,923		38,923		39,108		(185)
Licenses and fees	100		100		0		100
Meeting expenses	600		600		160		440
Office supplies	2,200		2,200		2,004		196
Postage	400		400		365		35
Professional fees							
Legal	45,000		45,000		22,054		22,946
Accounting and auditing	67,100		67,100		73,460		(6,360)
Bookkeeping	840		840		960		(120)
Consulting	15,000		15,000		2,387		12,613
Research	2,400		2,400		0		2,400
Public meeting notices	1,000		1,000		672		328
Rent	13,415		13,415		13,262		153
Seminars	800		800		20		780
Telephone	3,000		3,000		2,823		177
Travel							
Board members	2,000		2,000		1,275		725
Staff	 4,000		4,000		2,231		1,769
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	196,778		196,778		160,781		35,997
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES -							
BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 3,222	\$	3,222	\$	39,219	\$	35,997

NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

September 30, 2010

NOTE A - BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

An appropriated budget is legally required and has been legally adopted for the General Fund on the same modified-accrual basis used to reflect actual revenues and expenditures, except that for budgetary purposes, investment income from the SBA, excluding the annual administrative allocation, and in-kind, contributed professional services are not budgeted in revenues and SBA investment expenses, in-kind, contributed professional services and economic development grant are not budgeted in expenditures. The Board of Directors must approve all changes or amendments to the budgeted expenditures of Scripps Florida Funding Corporation (SFFC). Total expenditures may not legally exceed total budgeted appropriations at the fund level. During 2010 SFFC made no supplemental appropriations.

The General Fund budget amounts presented in the accompanying budgetary comparison schedule reflect the original budget and the amended budget based on legally authorized revisions to the original budget during the year. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

NOTE B - BUDGET TO ACTUAL COMPARISONS

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) require that the General Fund budgetary comparison schedule be prepared under the basis of accounting used in preparing the budget. As a result, General Fund revenues and expenditures reported in the budgetary comparison schedule differ from the revenues and expenditures reported on the GAAP basis. The difference can be reconciled as follows:

	 Revenues	E	<u>kpenditures</u>
Budgetary basis	\$ 200,000	\$	160,781
GAAP basis adjustments:			
SBA investment income	1,546,001		0
Economic development grant	0		27,950,664
In-kind contribution of professional services	 17,500		17,500
GAAP Basis	\$ 1,763,501	\$	28,128,945

Expenditures for general government purposes are legally limited by Florida Statutes to \$300,000 for the first contract year of operations, ending on December 15, 2004 and \$200,000 for each contract year thereafter. For purposes of this limitation, the budgetary basis expenditures for general government purposes of \$160,781 through September 30, 2010 were within the \$200,000 limitation for the contract period ending December 15, 2010. The limitation of \$200,000 for the contract period ended December 15, 2009 was also met.

COMPLIANCE REPORT AND MANAGEMENT LETTER

WILLIAM K CALER, JR, CPA LOUIS M COHEN, CPA JOHN C COURTNEY, CPA, JD DAVID S DONTEN, CPA JAMES B HUTCHISON, CPA JOEL H LEVINE, CPA JAMES F MULLEN, IV, CPA THOMAS A PENCE, JR, CPA SCOTT L PORTER, CPA MARK D VEIL, CPA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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MEMBERS
AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF
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FLORIDA INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Directors Scripps Florida Funding Corporation West Palm Beach, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and major fund of Scripps Florida Funding Corporation, a component unit of the State of Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements of Scripps Florida Funding Corporation and have issued our report thereon dated November 22, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the internal control over financial reporting of Scripps Florida Funding Corporation as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting of Scripps Florida Funding Corporation. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting of Scripps Florida Funding Corporation.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of Scripps Florida Funding Corporation are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and

material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, Audit Committee and management of Scripps Florida Funding Corporation, and the State of Florida Office of the Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Caler, Donten, Levine, Porter & Veil, P.A.

November 22, 2010

WILLIAM K CALER, JR, CPA LOUIS M COHEN, CPA JOHN C COURTNEY, CPA, JD DAVID S DONTEN, CPA JAMES B HUTCHISON, CPA JOEL H LEVINE, CPA JAMES F MULLEN, IV, CPA THOMAS A PENCE, JR, CPA SCOTT L PORTER, CPA MARK D VEIL, CPA CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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Management Letter

To the Board of Directors Scripps Florida Funding Corporation West Palm Beach, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of Scripps Florida Funding Corporation, a component unit of the State of Florida, as of September 30, 2010 and for the year then ended, and have issued our report thereon dated November 22, 2010.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in that report, which is dated November 22, 2010, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with Chapter 10.700, Rules of the Auditor General, which governs the conduct of certain nonprofit organizations audits performed in the State of Florida and requires disclosure in the management letter of violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but more than inconsequential. In addition, for matters that have an inconsequential effect on the financial statements, considering both quantitative and qualitative factors, the following may be reported based on professional judgment: (1) violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements, fraud, illegal acts, or abuse, and (2) control deficiencies that are not significant deficiencies. In connection with our audit, we noted no matters that are required to be disclosed. There were no prior year comments.

Pursuant to Chapter 119, Florida Statutes, this management letter is a public record and its distribution is not limited. U.S. generally accepted auditing standards require us to indicate that this letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, Audit Committee and management of Scripps Florida Funding Corporation, and the Florida Auditor General, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Cales, Donten, Levine, Porter & Veil, P.A.

November 22, 2010

Appendix 4

Detailed Listing of Scripps Florida Outreach Activities

- 1. Scientific Collaborations with Florida colleges, universities and other research institutes
- 2. High School Students, Teachers and Legacy Interns for Summer 2010
- 3. Undergraduate Student Researchers and Interns
- 4. Education Outreach
- 5. Community Outreach
- 6. Science Meetings with Florida colleges and universities
- 7. Workforce Recruitment Activities
- 8. Seminar Series
- 9. Business Outreach
- 10. Science Outreach

1. Scientific Collaborations with Florida colleges, universities and other research institutions

Scripps Florida Collaborator	Institutional Collaborator(s)	Institution	Description of Collaboration
Timothy Tellinghuisen	Hengli Tang	FSU	Hepatitis C Virus replication in Cyclophilin
Timothy Tellinghuisen	Eugene Schiff	U Miami School of Medicine	HCV induced hepatocellular carcinoma
Pat Griffin	Stephan Schurer	U Miami	 Modeling of ligand binding to orphan nuclear receptors Modeling partial agonist binding to PPAR gamma
Pat Griffin Scott Busby	David Silverman	UF	HD-exchange to study protein dynamics
Jennifer Busby	Cynthia Battie	UF	Identification of bacteria based upon isolation of membrane proteins
Jennifer Busby	Keith Webster	U Miami	Identification of phosphorylation sites on Insulin Receptor, specifically pY
Jennifer Busby	Irina Agoulnik	FIU	Phosphorylation site mapping
Jennifer Busby	Lewis Hanna	Cytonics Corporation, Jupiter, FL	Sequence characterization of bovine aggrecan
Jennifer Busby	Ralf Landgraf	Univ of Miami	Phosphorylation site mapping
Jennifer Busby	Ray Johnson	Cytonics Corp.	Identification of protein isoforms
Jennifer Busby	Jang-Yen (John) Wu	FAU	GAD65 phosphomapping
Jennifer Busby	Alessia Fornoni	U Miami	
Jennifer Busby	Max Caputi	FAU	RNA binding proteins
Jennifer Busby	Peter Sayeski	UF	Characterization of unknown post- translational modifications on Jak2
Jennifer Busby	Prentiu Radulovic	FAU	Differential analysis of brain/liver
Jennifer Busby	Marc Giulianotti	Torrey Pines Institute for Molecular Studies	Characterization of synthetic, cyclic peptides
Claes Wahlestedt	Steven Younkin	Mayo Clinic, Jacksonville, FL	Beta-amyloid mechanisms.
Claes Wahlestedt	George Inana	U Miami	Genetics/genomics
Claes Wahlestedt	Dennis Steindler	U Florida	Cell Biology
Peter Hodder	Elliott Richelson	Mayo Clinic, Jacksonville FL	High Throughput Screening
Peter Hodder	Daiqing Liao	UF	Development of P53 dependent histone modifications assay 1) Developing assays for methionine
Peter Hodder	Herb Weissbach	FAU	sulfoxide reductase inhibitors 2) High throughput assay for MrsA
Peter Hodder	Antonis Zervos	UCF	High Throughput Screening
Peter Hodder	Gregg Fields	TPIMS	High Throughput Screening

Peter Hodder	James Potter	U Miami	High Throughput Screening Advisory committee for brain
John Cleveland	Dennis Steindler	UF	tumor research and institutional collaborations on brain tumor research in the state of Florida
John Cleveland	James Mule	H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Center & Research Inst.	Designing Lymph Nodes for Cancer Immunotherapy
Paul Kenny	Barbara Krantz	Hanley Center	Human studies on addiction
Paul Kenny	Karen Dodge	Hanley Center	Human studies on addiction
Michael Conkright	A. Massimo Caputi	FAU	Post-translational gene regulation.
Michael Conkright	B. Glen Barber	U Miami Sylvester Cancer Center	Identification of molecules involved in innate immunity
William Roush	Gregg Fields	TPIMS	Design and synthesis of inhibitors of metallomatrix proteinases (MMP's)
William Roush	Arthur Edison	U Florida	Structure determination, synthesis, and biological evaluation of natural products from insects
William Roush	Stephan Schurer	U Miami	Modeling of ligand binding to orphan nuclear receptors and modeling inhibitors targeting kinases involved in regulation of cell cycle

2. High School Students, Teachers and Legacy Interns for Summer 2010

Name	Ethnicity	School	Student
Sergine Brutus	African American	Palm Beach Gardens High	Senior
Lauren Casaus	Hispanic	The Benjamin School	Senior
John Cassel	Caucasian	Wellington High	Senior
Tucker Elliott	Caucasian	Suncoast High	Senior
Aaron Harripersad	African American	Suncoast High	Junior
Stephanie Heung	Asian	Atlantic High	Senior
Alec McBee	Caucasian	Jupiter High	Senior
Justin Molina	Hispanic	The Kings Academy	Senior
Max Morgenstern	Caucasian	Spanish River High	Senior
Jay Patel	East Indian	West Boca Raton High	Senior
Emily Pawa	Pacific Islander	Santaluces High	Junior
Aline Yonezawa	Asian	Florida Atlantic Univ High	Senior
Valeda Yong	Asian	Spanish River High	Junior
Arielle Abovich	Caucasian	Univ. Pennsylvania	Undergraduate
Dhruv Bellapu	East Indian	University of Florida	Undergraduate
Vuong Dang	Asian	Swarthmore	Undergraduate
Albert Fernandez	Hispanic	Princeton Univ.	Undergraduate
William Bartenslager	Caucasian	Palm Beach Central High	Biology Teacher
Kristin Perez	Hispanic	Dreyfoos High School for the Arts	Biology Teacher
Xaviera Pernell	African American	Atlantic High	Chemistry Teacher

3. Undergraduate Student Researchers and Interns

First Name	Last Name	Start Date	Term Date	Scripps Fla P.I.	School
Melissa	Bacchus	5/17/10		Dr. Don Phinney	FAU Honors College
Sophia	Banton	6/16/10		Dr.Donny Strosberg	FAU Honors College
Alexa	Billow	2/3/10		Dr. Courtney Miller	FAU Honors College
Eric	Bishop	2/1/10		Dr. Peter Hodder	FAU Honors College
Nibal	Eid	5/10/10		Dr. Don Phinney	FAU Honors College
Nicholas	Esker	10/21/09	5/10/10	Dr. Roy Periana	FAU Honors College
lan	Gerstel	1/20/10		Dr. Ron Davis	FAU Honors College
Olsi	Gjyshi	9/4/09		Dr. Kendall Nettles	FAU Honors College
Manesh	Gopaldas	8/24/09	4/30/10	Dr. Howard Petrie	FAU Honors College
Dana	Kuruvilla	9/8/09		Dr. Pat Griffin	FAU Honors College
Alejandro	Landa	5/19/10		Dr. Roy Smith	FAU Honors College
Nisha	Nagarsheth	6/14/10		Dr. Susana Valente	FAU Honors College
John	Odom	12/18/09		Dr. Courtney Miller	FAU Honors College
Michael	Webster-Gardiner	5/20/10		Dr. Roy Periana	FAU Honors College
Benjamin	Saef	5/26/10		Dr. Howard Petrie	FAU Honors College
Laura	Baker	1/5/10	4/30/10	Dr. Jun-li Luo	PBSC
Jonathan	Bourque	7/27/09	1/6/10	Dr. Peter Hodder	PBSC
Graell	Pujantell	1/25/10	4/28/10	Dr. Jun-li Luo	PBSC
Michael	Stefano	9/21/09	2/19/10	Dr. Howard Petrie	PBSC
Browdy	Hayley	6/1/10		Dr. Glenn Micalizio	Brandeis
Cohen	Madeline	6/1/10		Dr. Courtney Miller	Columbia
Dunham	Geoffrey	6/1/10		Dr. Tom Kodadek	Yale
Gavin	Caitlin	5/10/10		Dr. Courtney Miller	Nova Southeastern
Griffin	Casey	5/24/10		Dr. Scott Busby	NYU
Heiman	Joshua	6/30/10		Dr.Howard Petrie	U Michigan
Kelly	Kimberly	6/28/10		Dr. Michael Conkright	Keiser U
Kempe	Kirby	5/24/10		Dr. Ron Davis	Rice
Lovell	Kimberly	9/21/09		Dr. Laura Bohn	U Kansas
Orrolenghi	Joseph	5/19/10		Dr. Laura Bohn	Harvard
Peterson Policastro	Julie Daniel	6/21/10 5/10/10		Dr. Tom Kodadek	UCF UF
Policastro	Jonathan	5/10/10 5/24/10		Dr. Jennifer Busby Dr. Kendall Nettles	UF
Spunberg	Daniel	6/1/10		Dr. Claes Wahlestedt	Columbia
Tranquil	Elizabeth	5/18/10		Dr. Gavin Rumbaugh	Carnegie Mellon
Wagner	Gabriella	6/1/09	8/14/09	Dr. Chs. Weissmann	Cornell
-					

4. <u>EDUCATION OUTREACH</u>

<u>DATE</u>	<u>PARTICIPANTS</u>	PURPOSE
3-Oct-09	Becky Mercer, Tim Spicer, Louis Scampavia, Brian Paegel, Jeremy Pyle	Teacher Institute
10-Oct-09	Louis Scampavia, Jeremy Pyle, Deborah Leach-Scampavia	Science Saturday
29-Oct-09	Tim Spicer	St. Mark's Science Fair
3-Nov-09	Jennifer Busby	Ideal Sch. Science Fair
5-Nov-09	Christine Crumbley, John Whitaker, Steven Bishoff, Deborah Leach-Scampavia	Kings Academy-Career Panel
12-Nov-09	Harry Orf, Deborah Leach-Scampavia	FL State Board of Ed, Council of 100, and Governor Crist
13-Nov-09	Harry Orf	Ideal Sch Science Fair
24-Nov-09	Deborah Leach-Scampavia	FAU-Kenan Scholars
3-Dec-09	Harry Orf, Deborah Leach-Scampavia	The Benjamin School
17-Dec-09	Harry Orf	Education Commission
11-Jan-10	Deborah Leach-Scampavia	PB Co. Sch. Dist.
12-Jan-10	Harry Orf	So FL Sci Museum
14-Jan-10	Harry Orf	FL Council of 100 Education Conf.
22-Jan-10	Tim Spicer	Marsh Pt. Elementary
6-Feb-10	Scripps-wide	Community Science Education Day
0 Fab 40	House Out	-Gardens Mall Education Commission
8-Feb-10 11-Feb-10	Harry Orf Tim Spicer	St. Mark's Career Fair
12-Feb-10	Pierre Baillergeon, Deborah Leach-Scampavia	Suncoast High School
23-Feb-10	Deb Leach Scampavia, Harry Orf, Jeremy Pyle,	Wm. R. Kenan, Jr. Charitable Trust
	Peter Hodder	
22-Mar-10	Paul Johnson, Briana Weiser, John Whitaker, Christine Crumbley, Deborah Leach-Scampavia	PB Gardens HS-Career Panel
27-Mar-10	Deborah Leach-Scampavia, Brian Paegel, Jeremy Pyle, Tim Spicer	Teacher Institute
13-Apr-10	Deborah Leach-Scampavia, Louis Scampavia, Jeremy Pyle	Teacher Institute
15-Apr-10	Tim Spicer	Timber Trace Elementary
15-Apr-10	Harry Orf	Education Commission
19-Apr-10	Harry Orf	STEM Florida
28-Apr-10	Becky Mercer, Michael Tarcelli	Virtual Career Fair-FL State Dept of Education
29-Apr-10	Barbara Noble, Deborah Leach-Scampavia Briana Weiser, Christine Nguyen, Christine	BDB Education
4-May-10	Crumbley, Alex Brasher, Deb Leach-Scampavia	Career Panel-Seminole Ridge HS
12-May-10	Harry Orf	Taurus Org/Jupiter HS
21-May-10	Tim Spicer	Marsh Pt. Elementary
25-May-10	Harry Orf	Freedom Shores Science Awards
27-May-10	Ann Griffith, Deb Leach-Scampavia	Montessori-fun science
10-Jun-10	Deb Leach-Scampavia, Louis Scampavia, Peter	Summer Intern Mentor Program
to 30-Jun-	Hodder, Patricia McDonald, Laura Bohn, Donald	
10	Phinney, Thomas Kodadek, Donny Strosberg,	
	Susana Valente, Jun-Li Luo, Ronald Davis, Courtney Miller, William Ja, Roy Smith, Bruce	
	Pascal, Kendall Nettles, Jennifer Busby,	
	i accai, itoliaali itollice, eelilliel bacby,	

15-Jun-10 15-Jun-10 16-Jun-10 22-Jun-10 29-Jun-10 30-Jun-10 1-July-10 to 23-Jul-10	Brian Paegel, Pat Griffin Brian Paegel Tom Bannister Deborah Leach-Scampavia Tim Tellinghuisen Peter Hodder Harry Orf Deb Leach-Scampavia, Louis Scampavia, Peter Hodder, Patricia McDonald, Donny Strosberg, Roy Smith, Bruce Pascal, Kendall Nettles, Jennifer Busby, Brian Paegel, Pat Griffin, Claes Wahlstedt, Laura Bohn, Donald Phinney, Thomas Kodadek, Susana Valente, Jun- Li-Luo, Ronald Davis, Courtney Miller, William Ja, Jeremy Pyle	HS Intern Seminar PB Sch Dist Science Text Book Review PB Sch Dist Science Text Book Review HS Intern Seminar HS Intern Seminar 6 Pillar Caucus Summer Intern Mentor Program
6-Jul-10	Jennifer Busby	HS Intern Seminar PBSC Career Panel
8-Jul-10 12-Jul-10	Deb Leach-Scampavia Tom Bannister, Deb Leach-Scampavia	PBCo. School District Science Textbook
12-Jul-10 13-Jul-10	Kendall Nettles	Review
20-Jul-10	Paul Kenny	HS Intern Seminar
21-Jul-10	Harry Orf, Deb Leach-Scampavia	HS Intern Seminar
23-Jul-10	Scripps Florida campus	PBSC Summer Youth College
23-Jul-10	Harry Orf, Deb Leach-Scampavia	Keenan Fellows Presentations
25-Jul-10	Harry Orf, Deb Leach-Scampavia, Jeremy Pyle	PBSC Summer Youth College
1-Aug-10	Susana Valente	STEM Conference, Orlando
13-Aug-10	Deb Leach-Scampavia, Jeremy Pyle	Palm Beach Atlantic University
19-Aug-10	Harry Orf	PBCo. School District Symposium
1-Sep-10	Harry Orf	Education Commission Mtg.
2-Sep-10	Brian Paegel	Univ of Florida NSF Science Master's Program Furman University (Spartanburg, SC)

5. **COMMUNITY OUTREACH**

DATE	<u>PARTICIPANTS</u>	PURPOSE
1-Oct-09 1-Oct-09 1-Oct-09 6-Oct-09 12-Oct-09 14-Oct-09 21-Oct-09 30-Oct-09 31-Oct-09 3-Nov-09 4-Nov-09	PARTICIPANTS Harry Orf Deborah Leach-Scampavia, Harry Orf Paul Kenny Roy Smith Alex Bruner Scripps-wide Harry Orf, Deborah Leach-Scampavia Harry Orf Harry Orf, Deborah Leach-Scampavia Deborah Leach-Scampavia Harry Orf Alex Bruner Harry Orf	PURPOSE PB Co Medical Society American Cancer Society Hanley Center Life Science on Aging Women's Club of River Bridge Blood Mobile Urban League Rotary Club Boca Raton Northern PB Co Chambers of Commerce Girl Scouts Lake Park Baptist Church Women's League-Temple Emanu-El PB Sail and Power Squadron
17-Nov-09	Ron Davis, Alfonso Martin-Pena, Ayako Tonoki- Yamaguchi, Charlie Gilman, Germain Busto, Isaac Cervantes-Sandoval, Jacob Berry,	Alzheimer's Assn, Epilepsy Foundation, Mental Health Assn

18-Nov-09 18-Nov-09 18-Nov-09 19-Nov-09 20-Nov-09	Seth Tomchik, Sonal Harbaran, Trina Miles, Ben Starling Harry Orf Bill Roush Harry Orf Harry Orf, Andrew Butler Ron Davis, Alfonso Martin-Pena, Ayako Tonoki- Yamaguchi, Charlie Gilman, Germain Busto, Isaac Cervantes-Sandoval, Jacob Berry, Seth Tomchik, Sonal Harbaran, Trina Miles, Ben	Abacoa Property Owners Assn Frontlines of Hope So FL Science Museum Harvard, MIT, U Penn, Yale Alumni Assn. Area Agency on Aging, Autism Soc.
23-Nov-09	Starling Deborah Leach-Scampavia	BDB – Senator Lemieux
30-Nov-09	Harry Orf	Veterans Group
2-Dec-09	Alec Bruner	Brandeis Study Group
6-Dec-09	John Cleveland, Barbara Noble	Israel Cancer Assn.
7-Dec-09	Alex Bruner, Roy Smith	"A Breakfast Club" , Boca Raton
8-Dec-09 9-Dec-09	W. Mark Crowell Ron Davis, Alfonso Martin-Pena, Ayako Tonoki-	Frontlines of Hope Palm Beach County Ambassadors
9-Dec-09	Yamaguchi, Charlie Gilman, Germain Busto, Isaac Cervantes-Sandoval, Jacob Berry, Seth Tomchik, Sonal Harbaran, Trina Miles	Faim Beach County Ambassadors
14-Dec-09	John Cleveland, Howard Petrie, Kendall Nettles, Barbara Noble, Deborah Leach-Scampavia, Peter Chase, Lina DeLuca, Louis Scampavia	Frenchman's Creek "Women for Cancer Research"
15-Dec-09	Harry Orf	WPB Rotary Club
16-Dec-09	Alex Bruner	Bellagio, Lake Worth
1-Jan-10	Roy Smith	SVP – talk on aging
14-Jan-10	Donny Strosberg	Art for Children
6-Jan-10	Harry Orf, Barbara Noble, Deborah Leach-	PB Commission Legislative Delegation
40 1 40	Scampavia	Group of 100, Leadership Business Council
10-Jan-10	Ron Davis	PB Co Roundtable
12-Jan-10 13-Jan-10	Alex Bruner Lisa Huertas	Aberdeen Group Brandeis Women's Study Group
14-Jan-10	Laura Bohn, Alex Bruner	Asset Advisory Services
15-Jan-10	Roy Smith	Hadassah Women's Group
15-Jan-10	Harry Orf	PB Co/Treasure Coast Leadership
19-Jan-10	Barbara Noble	Frenchman's Creek "Women for Cancer Research"
19-Jan-10	Harry Orf	PB Business Group
19-Jan-10	Deborah Leach-Scampavia	Israeli Cancer Alliance tour
20-Jan-10	John Cleveland, Donny Strosberg, Michael Conkright, Kendall Nettles, Jun-Li Luo Donny Strosberg	Israeli Cancer Alliance
21-Jan-10	Claes Wahlestedt	Frontlines of Hope
22-Jan-10	Alex Bruner	Mirabella Group
25-Jan-10	Deborah Leach-Scampavia	PBCC Lifelong Learning
26-Jan-10	Paul Kenny	FAU Lifelong Learning
2-Feb-10	Deborah Leach-Scampavia	BDB Tour
2-Feb-10	Harry Orf	So. PB Co
3-Feb-10	Harry Orf	So. PB Co Vision
4-Feb-10 9-Feb-10	Gerald Joyce, Harry Orf, Barbara Noble John Cleveland, Alex Bruner	Garden's Mall Cellebrates Science
9-L6D-10	John Olevelanu, Alex Diunei	World President's Organization

17-Feb-10	Alex Bruner	Aberdeen County Club Group
22-Feb-10	Laura Bohn	Morse Life Jewish Ret. Cntr.
24-Feb-10	Peter Hodder	NYU Polytechnic Alum.
24-Feb-10	Kendall Nettles	Frontlines of Hope
26-Feb-10	Ron Davis	Hospice by the Sea
28-Feb-10	Ron Davis, Alfonso Martin-Pena, Ayako Tonoki-	PB Chapter AKIM
20 1 00 10	Yamaguchi, Charlie Gilman, Germain Busto,	1 B Chapter / trains
	Isaac Cervantes-Sandoval, Jacob Berry, Seth	
	Tomchik, Sonal Harbaran, Trina Miles	
9-Mar-10	Donny Strosberg, Tom Kodadek, Will Melton	Landenberger Research Foundation
10-Mar-10	Briana Weiser, Barbara Noble	Juno Beach-Ballen Isles-Mirasol
11-Mar-10	Claes Wahlestedt	Alzheimer's Disease Community Lecture
16-Mar-10	Brian Paegel, Harry Orf, Gerald Joyce	Lasker Foundation Lecture
17-Mar-10	Ron Davis	Christ Fellowship Church speaker series
20-Mar-10	Kendall Nettles, Barbara Noble, Harry Orf	Ingall's Foundation
22-Mar-10	Roy Smith, Andrew Butler, Courtney Miller,	Frontlines of Hope
	Andrew Hodge	•
23-Mar-10	Roy Smith, Ron Davis, Charles Weissmann,	Palm Health Partners
	Harry Orf	
25-Mar-10	Ron Davis, Ben Starling	PB Co Realtors Assn
25-Mar-10	Peter Hodder	FMSA Advisory Council
26-Mar-10	Alex Bruner	Community Virtual Exploration of Scripps
27-Mar-10	Peter Hodder	Brain Cancer Walk
14-Apr-10	Ron Davis, Alfonso Martin-Pena, Ayako Tonoki-	Executive Women of the Palm Beaches
	Yamaguchi, Charlie Gilman, Germain Busto,	
	Isaac Cervantes-Sandoval, Jacob Berry, Seth	
	Tomchik, Sonal Harbaran, Trina Miles	
14-Apr-10	Harry Orf	Mexico FAM Tour
15-Apr-10	Harry Orf, Jennifer Busby	PB Co Youth Leadership
17-Apr-10	Nagi Ayad, Alex Bruner	Leukemia and Lymphoma Society
18-Apr-10	Roy Smith	Bellagio Adult Comm.
19-Apr-10 20-Apr-10	Harry Orf Harry Orf	Jupiter/Tequesta Rotary Club The Waterfront Community
21-Apr-10	Barbara Noble, Harry Orf, Deborah Leach-	Loblolly Community
21-Αρι-10	Scampavia, Jennifer Busby	Eddiony Community
27-Apr-10	Andrew Butler	Sailfish Club
27-Apr-10	Alex Bruner	Aberdeen Golf Club
29-Apr-10	Shuji Kishi	Florida Oceanographic Coastal Sci. Center
30-Apr-10	Ben Starling	Community Exploration of Scripps
6-May-10	Harry Orf	Village Baptist Church
7-May-10	John Cleveland	"ThinkPinkKids" for Cancer Research
7-May-10	Harry Orf	PGA Corridor Members
12-May-10	Jennifer Busby, Deb Leach-Scampavia	Leadership PB Co
20-May-10	Harry Orf	PB Co/Treasure Coast Leadership
24-May-10	Ron Davis, Ben Starling	Jonathan's Landing County Club
25-May-10	Ron Davis, Alfonso Martin-Pena, Ayako Tonoki-	Admiral's Cove
	Yamaguchi, Charlie Gilman, Germain Busto,	
	Isaac Cervantes-Sandoval, Jacob Berry, Seth	
	Tomchik, Sonal Harbaran, Trina Miles	
26-May-10	Kendall Nettles, Ben Starling	Boca Radiology Group
26-May-10	Alex Bruner	Community Virtual Exploration of Scripps
27-May-10	Ron Davis, Alfonso Martin-Pena, Ayako Tonoki-	Harbor Ridge County Club

2-Jun-10	Yamaguchi, Charlie Gilman, Germain Busto, Isaac Cervantes-Sandoval, Jacob Berry, Seth Tomchik, Sonal Harbaran, Trina Miles, Ben Starling Ron Davis, Alfonso Martin-Pena, Ayako Tonoki- Yamaguchi, Charlie Gilman, Germain Busto, Isaac Cervantes-Sandoval, Jacob Berry, Seth Tomchik, Sonal Harbaran, Trina Miles, Ben Starling	Jonathan's Landing Community Tour
3-Jun-10	Tom Kodadek	Alzheimer's Education Conference
8-Jun-10	Deborah Leach-Scampavia, Harry	Quantum Foundation
	Orf, Jeremy Pyle	
9-Jun-10	Harry Orf	PB Co Leadership
21-Jun-10	Ron Davis	Friends of Neuroscience
25-Jun-10	Will Melton	Community Virtual Exploration of Scripps
14-Jul-10	Scripps Fla campus	Blood Drive
21-Jul-10	Ron Davis	Friends of Neuroscience Philanthropy
10-Aug-10	Courtney Miller	St. Mary's Hospital
16-Sep-10	Will Melton, Alex Bruner, Lisa Huertas	Literacy Coalition
24-Sep-10	Lisa Huertas	Scripps Florida Virtual Tour

6. Science Meetings at Florida Colleges and Universities

<u>DATE</u>	<u>PARTICIPANTS</u>	SCHOOL/ INSTITUTION
15-Oct-09	Bill Roush	UCF-seminar
16-Oct-09	Bill Roush	USF-Plenary lecture-Drug Design
16-Oct-09	Laura Bohn	Palm Beach Atlantic Univ-School of Pharmacy
20-Oct-09	Deborah Leach-Scampavia	FAU Boca
22-Oct-09	Peter Hodder	UCF
27-Oct-09	Ron Davis	FAU Boca-Neuroscience seminar
13-Nov-09	Bill Roush	Rollins College, Tampa
5-Dec-09	Paul Kenny	ACNP Conf
9-Dec-09	Peter Hodder	H. Lee Moffitt Cancer Cntr.
	Adrian Saldanha, Peter Hodder	Mayo Clinic, Jacksonville FL
12-Jan-10	Peter Hodder	Univ of Miami
	Peter Hodder	FAU Boca
	Peter Hodder	Univ of Fla
	Pat Griffin	U Miami
	William Ja	Max Planck FL Inst
12-Feb-10	Tom Kodadek, Paul Kenny, Patricia	Burnham Institute-FL
18-Feb-10	McDonald	FAU Boca-Human cellular factors that restrict HIV-
	Susana Valente	1 activity
21-Feb-10		Miami Winter Symposium
	John Cleveland, Kendall Nettles, Joanne	
	Doherty, Frank Dorsey, Meredith	
9-Mar-10	Steeves, Jerome Nwachukwu	UF-Plenary lecture-Florida Heterocyclic & Synth.
	Bill Roush	Conference
16-Mar-10		Lasker/Nobel Science Lecture at Scripps
16-Mar-10	Brian Paegel, Harry Orf, Gerald Joyce	FAU Boca-Protein-protein interactions in HCV
24-Mar-10	Donny Strosberg	FAU Boca-Dept Bio. Sci.

25-Mar-10 15-Apr-10	Shuji Kishi Bill Roush	UF-plenary lecture TMPS
17-Apr-10	Peter Hodder	Univ of Miami-Flies on the Beach mtg.
,	Ron Davis, Seth Tomchik, Germain	China chinianin i nee chi une Deach inig.
	Busto, Sonal Harbaran, Ayako Tonoki-	
19-Apr-10	Yamaguchi, Alfonso Martin-Pena, William	FAU
18-May-10	Ja	Max Planck FL Institute
21-May-10	Peter Hodder	FAU-Herb Weissbach
3-Jun-10	William Ja	SBIR workshop, Miami
22-Jun-10	Roy Smith	USDA-ARS US Horticultural Soc, FL
16-Aug-10	Patricia McDonald	Florida Atlantic University
20-Aug-10	Peter Hodder	Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation—Orlando, FL
15-Sep-10	Roy Smith	University of South Florida, Tampa
22-Sep-10	Susana Valenta, Donny Strosberg	American Federation for Aging Research
28-Sep-10	Glenn Micalizio	FAU/ Max Planck Florida Symposium—Boca
	Roy Smith, Harry Orf	Raton, FL
	Ron Davis, Seth Tomchik, Ayako Tonoki-	
	Yamguchi, Cori MacMullen, Tugba	
	Guven-Ozkan, Gavin Rumbaugh, Cristin	
	Gavin, Emin Ozkan, Massimiliano Aceti,	
	Cris Creson, James Chelliah, Camilo	
	Rojas	

7. Workforce Recruitment Activities

Event	Location/ Institution	Date	Lead/Rep
Career Fair	Suncoast High School, Rivera Beach FL	1/8/10	Hollie Alkema
Career Fair	FAMU	1/27/10	Hollie Alkema
Expo	FGLSAMP	2/25/10	Hollie Alkema
Dare to Prepare-Jobs Conference	FAU	5/10/10	Hollie Alkema
FL Statewide Job Fair	Orlando	5/13/10	Hollie Alkema

8. Seminar Series—external seminars

November 13, 2009	Speaker: Regina Carelli, Ph.D. Professor and Director of Behavioral Neuroscience Program Department of Psychology, UNC-CH
	Lecture – "Dynamics of Brain Reward Processing during Behavior"
November 20, 2009	Speaker: Jeff Benovic, Ph.D. Professor and Chair Department of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology Thomas Jefferson University Lecture – "Regulation of G protein-coupled receptor signaling and trafficking"
December 4, 2009	Speaker: Bruce Maryanoff, Ph.D. Distinguished Research Fellow and a Team Leader

	Johnson & Johnson Dharmacourtical Decearch & Davidsonment
	Johnson & Johnson Pharmaceutical Research & Development Lecture – "An Odyssey in Drug Discovery through Serine-Protease
	Space"
January 8, 2010	Speaker: William Bishai, Ph.D.
	Co-Director of the Johns Hopkins Center for Tuberculosis Research
1	Lecture – "TB: Host-exploitation by an unwelcome houseguest"
January 15, 2010	Speaker: Michael Rosbash, Ph.D.
	Professor of Biology
	Investigator, Howard Hughes Medical Institute
	Molecular Genetics of RNA Processing and Behavior
	Ph.D., Massachusetts Institute of Technology
	Lecture – "Circadian Rhythms and Sleep in Flies: Molecules, Neurons
January 00, 0040	and Circuitry"
January 22, 2010	Speaker: Klaus Rajewsky, Ph.D.
	Division of Pathology, Department of Medicine Harvard Medical School
	Lecture –"How the B cell antigen receptor controls B cell maintenance
	and mitogenic response"
January 29, 2010	Speaker: Myriam Gorospe, Ph.D.
January 23, 2010	Senior Investigator, RNA Regulation Section
	Laboratory of Cellular and Molecular Biology
	National Institute on Aging
	National Institutes of Health Biomedical Research Center
	Lecture – "HuR: post-transcriptional paths to malignancy"
	Lookare Trank. poor transcriptional patrio to manginarity
February 16, 2010	Speaker: Donald Hunt, Ph.D.
	University Professor of Chemistry and Pathology
	Lecture – "ETD for the Identification of Protein Post-Translational
	Modifications."
February 19, 2010	Speaker: William Jacobs, Ph.D.
	Investigator and Professor
	Howard Hughes Medical Institute
	Albert Einstein College of Medicine
	Price Translational Research Center
<u> </u>	Lecture –"A Sweet New Way to Kill Mycobacterium tuberculosis"
February 26, 2010	Speaker: Alex Rich, Ph.D.
	Investigator and Professor
	Howard Hughes Medical Institute
	Albert Einstein College of Medicine
	Price Translational Research Center
	Lecture – "Proteins that bind to Z-DNA and their role in Immunity & Infection"
March 5, 2010	Speaker: Tom Maniatis, Ph.D.
	Jeremy R. Knowles Professor of Molecular and Cellular Biology
	Harvard University
	Lecture –"Using Pluripotent Stem Cells to Study ALS Disease
	Mechanisms"
March 12, 2010	Speaker: Mary Jeanne Kreek, Ph.D.
	Senior Attending Physician
	Patrick E. and Beatrice M. Haggerty Professor
	Laboratory of Biology of Addictive Diseases
	j

Rockefeller University
Lecture – "Opioids, SNPs, and Stress Responsivity: Implications for
Heroin, Cocaine, and Alcohol Addictions"
Speaker: Eric Ravussin, Ph.D.
Clinical Nutrition Research Unit, Director
Pennington Biomedical Research Center
Louisiana State University
Lecture – "Caloric Restriction in Humans: From Physiology to Molecular
Mechanisms"
John Collinge, M.D., FRCP, FRS
Head of the Department of Neurodegenerative Disease
Director of the MRC Prion Unit
Institute of Neurology, University College London
Lecture – "Kuru, prions and evolution: from the South Fore to South
Florida"
Speaker: Iannis Aifantis, Ph.D.
Associate Professor
Howard Hughes Medical Institute
Department of Pathology,
NYU School of Medicine
Lecture –"Oncogenic and tumor suppressor properties of the Notch
signaling pathway"
Speaker: Kim D. Janda, Ph.D.
Professor, Departments of Chemistry & Immunology
The Scripps Research Institute
Lecture - "Antibiotics and the Perfect Storm; New Approaches for
Survival"
Speaker: Richard Axel, M.D.
University Professor/Investigator
Howard Hughes Medical Institute, Columbia University
Lecture -"Internal Representations of the Olfactory World"
Speaker: Richard Flavell, Ph.D.
Department of Immunobiology
Howard Hughes Medical Institute
Yale University School of Medicine
Lecture -"The inflammasome in infection, inflammation and cancer"
Speaker: Michael Glickman, Ph.D.
Associate Member - Memorial Sloan-Kettering Cancer Center
Dept of Medicine/Immunology Program
Lecture - "Molecular Insights into Mycobacterium tuberculosis
pathogenesis"

Summer Intern Seminars

June 15, 2010	Brian Paegel, Ph.D.
	Assistant Professor, Department of Chemistry
	TSRI-Scripps Florida
	Lecture - "Oceans & Archipelagos: Landscapes for Extracellular
	Darwinian Evolution"
June 22, 2010	Timothy Tellinghuisen, Ph.D.

	Assistant Professor, Department of Infectology TSRI-Scripps Florida Lecture - "A Brief Introduction to Hepatitis C Infection"
June 29, 2010	Peter Hodder, Ph.D. Scientific Director, Sr. Director, Lead Identification Translational Research Institute, TSRI-Scripps Florida Lecture - "Introduction to High Throughput Screening"

9. Business Outreach

<u>Date</u> 1-Oct-09 13-Oct-09	<u>Speaker/Lead Rep</u> Harry Orf Harry Orf	Organization PB Co Medical Society FL Chamber/FL Research
16-Oct-09 20-Oct-09	Harry Orf Bill Roush	Consortium BioFlorida Board Meeting Pfizer
21-Oct-09	Harry Orf	Economic Council of Martin Co.
30-Oct-09	Harry Orf	No. PB Chamber of Commerce
1-Nov-09	Roy Smith	Jackson Labs
4-Nov-09	Peter Hodder, Harry Orf	BioFlorida Conference
6-Nov-09	Harry Orf	BioFlorida Board Meeting
11-Nov-09	Harry Orf, Peter Hodder	BioFlorida Exec. Committee
16-Nov-09	Peter Hodder	Gabriel Bioconsulting LLC
23-Nov-09	Roy Smith	Hankamer Foundation
13-Nov-09	Harry Orf	FL Research Consortium
		Exec Meeting
17-Nov-09	Harry Orf	BioFlorida Exec. Committee
		Meeting
2-Dec-09	Barbara Noble	Florida's Future-Biotech Vision, Miami Chamber Comm
4-Dec-09	Roy Periana	BioFuels Conference, Miami
9-Dec-09	Harry Orf	BioFlorida Exec. Committee Meeting
15-Dec-09	Will Melton, Barbara Noble, Ben Starling	Forum Club
17-Dec-09	Barbara Noble	Women In Power
8-Jan-10	Harry Orf	FL Research Consortium Exec. Meeting
8-Jan-10	Roy Periana	Center for Catalytic Hydrocarbon Fictionalization Meeting
8-Jan-10	Barbara Noble, Will Melton, Ben Starling	Forum Club
11-Jan-10	Donny Strosberg	JP Morgan Healthcare Conf.
13-Jan-10	Barbara Noble	West Palm Beach-State of the City
13-Jan-10	Roy Periana	Chevron

14-Jan-20	Peter Hodder, Tim Spicer, Sanjay Saldanha, Dmitriy Minod, Franck Madoux, Anna Knapinska, Melissa Crisp, Claude-Henry Volmar, Virneliz Fernandez-Vega	Promega
22-Jan-10	Harry Orf	FL Research Coast Region
26-Jan-10	Harry Orf	PB Co BDB
27-Jan-10	Harry Orf	FL Research Consortium
		Exec – Meeting with
		Enterprise FL
28-Jan-10	Ben Starling, Barbara Noble, Will	Forum Club
. =	Melton	
1-Feb-10	Roy Periana	Saudi Basic Industries Corp.
2-Feb-10	Harry Orf	BDB/Global Emerging
5 Fab 10	Horn, Orf	Technology
5-Feb-10	Harry Orf	FL Research Consortium Exec Meeting
11-Feb-10	Roy Smith	Bankers Club, Miami
16-Feb-10	Barbara Noble	BDB
23-Feb-10	Ron Davis	BDB
25-Feb-10	Peter Hodder	Lycera
5-Mar-10	Harry Orf	FL Research Consortium
		Exec. Meeting
10-Mar-10	Roy Smith	MERCK
17-Mar-10	Gavin Rumbaugh	BioFlorida
17-Mar-10	Harry Orf	FL State Board of Governors
10-Mar-10	Courtney Miller	BioFlorida
12-Mar-10	Peter Hodder	Envoy Therapeutics
16-Mar-10	Peter Hodder	Bristol-Myers Squibb
19-Mar-10	Alex Bruner, Barbara Noble, Will	Forum Club
	Melton, Ben Starling	
19-Mar-10	Harry Orf	BioFlorida Exec. Committee
19-Mar-10	Harry Orf	Ingalls Foundation
22-Mar-10	Peter Hodder	BASF
31-Mar-10	Harry Orf Harry Orf	BioFlorida Board Meeting FL Research Consortium
2-Apr-10	пану Он	Exec Meeting
7-Apr-10	Harry Orf	FL State Board of Governors
9-Apr-10	Harry Orf	FL Research Consortium
0 / Ipi 10	riarry on	Exec. Meeting
12-Apr-10	Lisa Huertas, Alex Bruner, Ben	Forum Club
'	Starling	
14-Apr-10	Roy Smith	Pfizer
14-Apr-10	Ron Davis	Exec. Women of the Palm
		Beaches
6-May-10	John Cleveland	Agios
7-May-10	Harry Orf	FL Research Consortium
		Exec. Meeting
14-May-10	Will Melton, Ben Starling, Barbara	Forum Club
47 M - 40	Noble	El Escardo Bordo
17-May-10	Harry Orf	FL Economic Development
		Council

20-May-10 23-May-10	Harry Orf Jennifer Busby	FL Research Consortium Advion
27-May-10	Harry Orf	Israeli Consulate of Miami
4-Jun-10	Harry Orf	FL Research Consortium Exec. Meeting
8-Jun-10	Roy Periana	FPL
14-Jun-10	Roy Periana	Chevron
22-Jun-10	Peter Hodder	GNF
25-Jun-10	Peter Hodder	Constellation Pharmaceuticals
09-Jul-10	Harry Orf	Florida Research Consortium
15-Jul-10	Harry Orf	Fla Chamber 6 Pillars Caucus
28-Jul-10	Harry Orf	No. Palm Beach Chamber
03-Aug-10	Barbara Noble	Bank Atlantic
10-Aug-10	Harry Orf	BioFlorida Board of Directors
20-Aug-10	Harry Orf	Fla Chamber 6 Pillars Caucus
26-Aug-10	Harry Orf	Florida Research Consortium
01-Sep-10	Roy Smith	Palm Health Partners
03-Sep-10	Harry Orf	Florida Research Consortium
07-Sep-10	Harry Orf	Bavarian Trade Minister
09-Sep-10	Roy Smith, Andrew Butler, Courtney Miller	Max Planck
14-Sep-10	Roy Smith, Courtney Miller	Max Planck
15-Sep-10	Harry Orf	BioFlorida Exec Committee
16-Sep-10	Roy Smith, Courtney Miller	Max Planck
16-Sep-10	Barbara Suflas Noble, Harry Orf, Susan Rode, Deborah Leach	South Florida Business Journal
47.0 - 40	Scampavia	Maria Data di sala
17-Sep-10	Barbara Noble	Women Professionals
20-Sep-10	Roy Smith, Courtney Miller	Max Planck
22-Sep-10	Harry Orf	BioFlorida Education & Workforce Committee
23-Sep-10	Roy Smith, Courtney Miller	Max Planck

10. Science Outreach			
<u>Date</u>	Speaker/Lead Rep	<u>Organization</u>	
2-Oct-09	Bill Roush	UC San Francisco	
2-Oct-09	John Cleveland	NCRI Cancer Conf., UK	
15-Oct-09	Paul Kenny	Soc. for Neuroscience,	
		Chicago	
24-Oct-09	Andrew Butler	Obesity Society Meeting	
26-Oct-09	Pat Griffin, Patricia McDonald	Duke Univ.	
7-Oct-09	Roy Smith	AFAR-Biochem & Mol. Bio.	
12-Oct-09	Laura Bohn	MNPS, DC	
15-Oct-09	Tom Kodadek	PPG Meeting TX	
16-Oct-09	Courtney Miller	Natl. Inst. on Drug Abuse IL	
17-Oct-09	Seth Tomchik, Gavin Rumbaugh	Society for Neuroscience,	

		Chicago IL
22-Oct-09	Laura Bohn	U Penn
27-Oct-09	Bill Roush	Pfizer San Diego-research
00.0.1.00	D. D. Jan	seminar
28-Oct-09	Roy Periana	Dalian Institute of Chemical
00.0-4.00	Datas Haddan	Physics, Dalian China
30-Oct-09	Peter Hodder	NY Medical College
2-Nov-09	Tom Kodadek	Cleveland Clinic OH
2-Nov-09	Don Phinney	NYSTEM, DC
4-Nov-09	Paul Kenny Ron Davis	WPCG
9-Nov-09	Ron Davis	U Tokyo/Inst Molecular & Cellular Bioscience
0 Nov 00	Pat Griffin	U Penn
9-Nov-09 9-Nov-09	Tom Kodadek	Biochemistry Sem., Indiana U
11-Nov-09	Adrian Saldanha, Shaun	Disc. on Target, Boston
11-1404-09	Brothers, Tim Spicer, Peter	Disc. on Target, Doston
	Chase, Claes Wahlestedt, Peter	
	Hodder	
12-Nov-09	Paul Kenny	U Penn
13-Nov-09	Don Phinney	MSC Conf TX
17-Nov-09	Roy Periana	Advanced Energy
17 1407 00	rtoy i onana	Conference, Hauppauge NY
17-Nov-09	Peter Hodder	FRSTMH Queensland Inst. of
11 1101 00	. 5.5 5445.	Med. Res., Australia
18-Nov-09	Roy Smith	Intl. Conf. On Ghrelin- Tokyo
18-Nov-09	John Cleveland	Penn State
18-Nov-09	Don Phinney	3 rd Congress Non-
	20	Hematopoietic Stem Cell,
		Germany
19-Nov-09	Andrew Butler	Yale/UPenn/Harvard/MIT-DC
20-Nov-09	Bill Roush	City of Hope
20-Nov-09	John Cleveland	Lymphoma Conf., Germany
1-Dec-09	Melissa Crisp, Peter Hodder	Atlanta
3-Dec-09	Paul Kenny	Ohio State U
4-Dec-09	Gavin Rumbaugh	Dept. of Cell & Molecular
		Biol., Tulane Univ, LA
7-Dec-09	Peter Hodder	FHCRC
16-Dec-09	Roy Smith	Baylor College TX
22-Dec-09	Peter Hodder	Cornell
Jan-10	Courtney Miller	Neurobiology of Learning &
		Memory-UT
1-Jan-10	Donny Strosberg	Israel Cancer Assn.
		Symposium
7-Jan-10	Gavin Rumbaugh	Neurobiology of Memory and
		Learning ConfPark City
		Utah
11-Jan-10	Stephan Schuerer	Center for Drug Res. and
45 1 40	A 1 D 11	Dev., San Francisco
15-Jan-10	Andrew Butler	Obesity Society Annual Pgm.
18-Jan-10	Roy Smith	Vanderbilt Science
40 Jan 40	David Kanana	Chancellors
18-Jan-10	Paul Kenny	NIDA

21-Jan-10	Pat Griffin	UBC
25-Jan-10	Roy Periana	SABIC, Texas
3-Feb-10	Laura Bohn	MNPS, DC
9-Feb-10	Peter Hodder	NIH
10-Feb-10	Courtney Miller	UNC
10-Feb-10	Peter Hodder	UMD NJ
11-Feb-10	Paul Kenny	U Mass
17-Feb-10	Don Phinney	NYSTEM, VA
22-Feb-10	Paul Kenny	SRNT, MD
24-Feb-10	John Cleveland	Arizona Cancer Cntr.
27-Feb-10	Jennifer Busby	PITTCON
2-Mar-10	Roy Smith	Duke Univ.
3-Mar-10	Peter Hodder	Univ. WA Sch of Med
4-Mar-10	Paul Kenny	NIDA review
9-Mar-10	William Ja	LSU
11-Mar-10	Peter Hodder	NIH/IMST Wash. DC
12-Mar-10	John Cleveland, Frank Dorsey,	Keystone Symp., Canada
	Meredith Steeves	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
18-Mar-10	Andrew Butler	LSU
18-Mar-10	Peter Hodder	Albert Einstein College of
		Medicine
19-Mar-10	Don Phinney	STEPS2 Conf., TX
20-Mar-10	John Cleveland	Ingalls Prostate Seminar
21-Mar-10	Douglas Kojetin	Symposia on Mol and Cell
		Biology, CO
26-Mar-10	Roy Smith	Intl. Congress of
	,	Endocrinology Tokyo
29-Mar-10	Laura Bohn	NIH, DC
1-Apr-10	Bill Roush	U Arizona-res. seminar
7-Apr-10	Ron Davis, Ayako Tonki-	Genetics Soc. of Amer-DC
'	Yamaguchi, Germain Busto,	
	Isaac Cervantes-Sandoval	
7-Apr-10	Patricia McDonald	Symposia on Mol. and Cell
·		Biology, CO
7-Apr-10	Roy Smith	Breckenridge CO
8-Apr-10	William Ja	4th Intl Symp. Non-surgical
·		Anim. Contraceptive Methods - TX
10-Apr-10	Courtney Miller	NIA Exper. Aging Research
το Αρι το	Courties Willer	UT
11-Apr-10	Gavin Rumbaugh	Keystone Symposia
1174β110	Caviii Kambaagii	Molecular and Cellular Biol,
		UT
12-Apr-10	Bill Roush	NY Academy of SciPlenary
12 / (β) 10	Diii 1 (Odol)	lecture
14-Apr-10	Roy Smith	Amer. Fed. on Aging Res.
17-Apr-10	Melissa Crisp, Peter Hodder, A.	SBS Conf. AZ
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Knapinska, F. Madoux, P. Chase,	
	C. Eberhart, T. Spicer, B. Mercer,	
	C-H. Volmar, A. Saldanha	
19-Apr-10	Gavin Rumbaugh	Neuroscience Institute
•	•	IRCCS, Rome

21-Apr-10	Peter Hodder	U. Wash
24-Apr-10	Laura Bohn	EB 2010, CA
26-Apr-10	Paul Kenny	U Penn
27-Apr-10	Roy Periana	U Delaware, Newark DE
28-Apr-10	Donny Strosberg	CHI:HCV Drug Discovery, San Diego CA
28-Apr-10	Roy Smith	Baylor College TX
29-Apr-10	Susana Valente	2010 Centennial Retrovirus
		Meeting, Inst Mol Genetics Prague
3-May-10	Tom Kodadek	Rhett Syndrome Rsh. NY
4-May-10	William Ja	Division of Aging Biol, MD
5-May-10	Harry Orf	Bio International Conference
13-May-10	Andrew Butler	Univ. Utah Sch Med
17-May-10	Laura Bohn	NIH SUAA, MD
20-May-10	Tom Kodadek	NAGMS council meet-MD
22-May-10	Jennifer Busby	ASMS
22-May-10	Andrew Butler	SRBR
22-May-10	Tom Kodadek	Texas A&M
26-May-10	Shuji Kishi	Longevity Consortium Symp.
·	•	DC
26-May-10	Roy Periana	UVA, Charlottesville
1-Jun-10	Roy Periana	Annapolis, MD
2-Jun-10	John Cleveland	Moffitt Cancer Center
5-Jun-10	Roy Periana	BES CCHF (DOE) Baltimore MD
6-Jun-10	William Ja	Glenn Foundation CA
9-Jun-10	Laura Bohn	MNPS, IL
10-Jun-10	Franck Madoux	Endocrine Society, DC
10-Jun-10	Ron Davis	McKnight Neuroscience Conf
10 Jun 10	Day Smith	Aspen CO CMAD San Francisco
10-Jun-10 13-Jun-10	Roy Smith	
13-3411-10	Roy Periana	USC-Caltech, Los Angeles CA
18-Jun-10	Paul Kenny	CPDD Arizona
19-Jun-10	Roy Smith, Andrew Butler	Endocrine Society Annual
07 lun 40	Ban Bayin	Meet
27-Jun-10	Ron Davis	Neurogenetics and
		Neurogeonomics-1st World
04 1 1 4 0	5. 5	Congress, Singapore
01-Jul-10	Brian Paegel	NIST, Gaithersburg, MD International Narcotics
01-Jul-10	Laura Bohn	Research Conference, Philip
		Jauzac Memorial Symposium Speaker.
		Collaboration with
03-Jul-10	C. Wahlestedt	Researchers at Univ. of Lund,
		Sweden
00 1 1 40		Melanocortin Conference,
08-Jul-10	Andrew Butler	Utrechts, The Netherlands

13-Jul-10	Andrew Butler	Society of Suggestive Ingestive Behavior in Pittsburgh, PA
21-Jul-10	Z. Zeier	Fragile X Conference, Detroit, MI
10-Aug-10	Ron Davis	Ellison Biology of Aging Colliquim - Woods Hole, Mass
13-Aug-10	Courtney Miller	Amerian Psychological Association Meeting, San Diego, CA Carnegie Centenary Professorship Award,
23-Aug-10	C. Wahlestedt	Carnegie Trust for the Universities of Scotland, Edinburgh, UK
26-Aug-10	Andrew Butler	Pennington Biomedical Research Center
01-Sep-10	Glenn Micalizio	Emory University, Atlanta, GA
01-Sep-10	Laura Bohn	Neurobiology Seminar Series, University of Alabama, 12th Annual Learning and
04-Sep-10	Ron Davis	Memory Meeting, Magdeburg, Germany
10-Sep-10	Roy Smith	Baylor College of Medicine, Houston, TX
14-Sep-10	Ron Davis	QBI Brain Plasticity Meeting, Queensland, Australia
27-Sep-10	Andrew Butler	Meeting at Pennington Biomedical Research Center, Baton Rouge, LA NIH: The Integrative
30-Sep-10	Andrew Butler	Physiology of Obesity and Diabetes (IPOD), San Diego, CA

JOBS FLORIDA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY AFFAIRS

AGENCY FOR WORKFORCE INNOVATION

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR

Office of Tourism, Trade and Economic Development

Public-Private
Partners - EFI, Space,
Visit FL, BBIB, FL
Sports Foundation, FI
Institute for the
Commercialization of
Public Research

NEW AGENCY - Consolidate
& possibly restructure
existing functions

Transfer to other agencies

Eliminate

Executive Direction and Support Services

Land Administration (Transfer to DEP)

Community Planning

Emergency Management (Transfer to EOG)

Housing and Community Development

Building Code Compliance and Hazard Mitigation (Transfer to DBPR)

Florida Housing Finance Corporation Executive Direction and Support Services

Agency Support Services

Workforce Services -Program Support

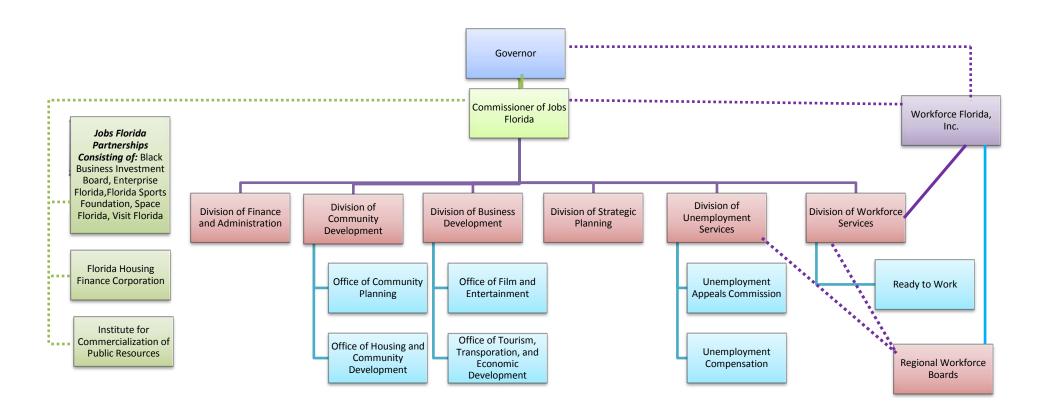
Workforce Florida, Inc.

Unemployment Compensation

Unemployment Appeals Commission

Early Learning (School Readiness & VPK) (Transfer to DOE) **OTHER AGENCIES**

DOE - Workforce Programs



Draft of bill creating "Jobs Florida" and making conforming changes

SECTION BY SECTION ANALYSIS

An act relating to governmental reorganization

TRANSFERS

the contract.

- Section 1: Transfers from the Agency for Workforce Innovation: the Office of Early Learning Services to the Department of Education; the Offices of Unemployment Compensation and Workforce Services to Jobs Florida; and trust funds as appropriate. Provides for the continuation of existing contracts or interagency agreements in existence on or before July 1, 2011, for the reminder of the term of
- Section 2: Transfers from the Department of Community Affairs: the Florida Housing Finance Corporation, the Division of Housing and Community Development, and the Division of Community Planning to Jobs Florida; the Division of Emergency Management to the Executive Office of the Governor and renaming it as the "Office of Emergency Management"; the Florida Building Commission to the Department of Business and Professional Regulation; the responsibilities under the Florida Communities Trust and the responsibilities under the Stan Mayfield Working Waterfronts program to the Department of Environmental Protection; the responsibilities under the special district information program to the Department of Financial Services; and trust funds as appropriate. Provides for the continuation of existing contracts or interagency agreements in existence on or before July 1, 2011, for the reminder of the term of the contract.
- Section 3: Transfers functions and trust funds of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development in the Executive Office of the Governor to Jobs Florida, and trust funds as appropriate. Provides for the continuation of existing contracts or interagency agreements in existence on or before July 1, 2011, for the reminder of the term of the contract.
- Section 4: Authorizes the Governor to transfer funds and positions between agencies upon approval from the Legislative Budget Commission to implement the act.
- Section 5: Directs to the Division of Statutory Revision to prepare conforming legislation.

STATUTORY AMENDMENTS & CREATIONS

- Section 6: Creates s. 14.2016, F.S., which establishes the Office of Emergency Management within the Executive Office of the Governor.
- Section 7: Amends s. 20.15, F.S., which establishes the Division of Early Learning within the Department of Education and provides for the division to administer the school readiness system and the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program.

- Section 8: Creates s. 20.60, F.S., which establishes Jobs Florida as a new department of state government. This section provides for the commissioner of Jobs Florida to be appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate; establishes divisions of Jobs Florida and specifies their responsibilities; specifies the responsibilities of the Commissioner of Jobs Florida; limits the amount of the commissioner's public remuneration; authorizes the commissioner to receive privately funded performance bonuses from certain entities; and specifies powers and responsibilities of the Chief Inspector General in the Executive Office of the Governor with respect to Jobs Florida.
- Section 9: Requires the commissioner of Jobs Florida to submit a report to the Legislature relating to the effectiveness of the state's public-private partnerships and recommend any changes to improve the effectiveness of the public-private partnerships or any other state effort to promote economic development.
- Section 10: Updates an obsolete reference in s. 112.044, F.S., to the former Department of Labor and Employment Security.
- Sections11-14: Amend ss. 163.3164, 163.3177, 163.3180, and 163.3184, F.S., to conform to changes made by the act, conform cross-references, and delete obsolete provisions.
- Section 15: Amends s. 163.3191, F.S. related to the evaluation and appraisal report (EAR) process:
 - Creates an exemption from the EAR process for local governments that have not experiences significant growth;
 - Makes the issues in the EAR process optional for the local government to include:
 - Does not require local governments to adopt the EAR reports and Jobs Florida does not review them, they are simply supporting data for any EAR amendments;
 - Jobs Florida no longer has to report on the EAR process.
- Section 16: Amends s. 163.3245, F.S., to remove the pilot program status of the optional sector planning process:
 - Authorizes a local government or more than one local government to adopt a sector plan for long-term conservation and development, without advance approval by Jobs Florida. Removes the limit on the number of such plans.
 - Increases the minimum acreage requirement from 5,000 to 15,000.
 - Elaborates on the planning standards for a long-term master plan for the entire planning area. Requires the master plan to have a planning period longer than the maximum 20-year period used today in most comprehensive plans.
 - Retains the current Jobs Florida plan amendment review process for master plans.
 - Retains the general 1,000-acre threshold for a detailed specific area plan ("DSAP") for development to implement a portion of the master plan, but

- provides the DSAP shall be adopted by local development order, not plan amendment.
- Requires that a DSAP must be consistent with the long-term master plan but eliminates the requirement for it to have "a full range of land uses."
- Grants Jobs Florida new powers to seek judicial review of a DSAP which is not consistent with the adopted long-term master plan.
- Elaborates on the planning standards for the DSAP and allows it to have a planning period longer than the maximum 20-year period used in most plans.
- Provides that the master plan and the DSAP do not have to show "need".
- Requires Jobs Florida to consult with DEP, FWCC and water management districts concerning the design of conservation areas.
- Requires an MPO to make its transportation plans consistent with an adopted master plan, to the maximum extent feasible.
- Requires a water management district to incorporate a master plan's water resources and water supply projects into its regional water supply plan.
- Adds to an adopted DSAP the down-zoning protection required by law for DRIs.
- Authorizes a local government and developer to enter into a development agreement for lands with a master plan or DSAP, under certain conditions.
- Allows previously adopted large-area plans which meet the planning requirements of section 163.3245 to be governed by the revised statute.
- Protects the right to continue agricultural or silvicultural uses, and to establish new such uses, in areas governed by a master plan or DSAP.
- Section 17: Amends s. 163.3246, F.S., to conform to changes made by the act.
- Section 18: Amends 163.32465, F.S., to expand the alternative state review pilot program to the entire state. The program decreases the amount of time it takes to review comprehensive plan amendments by limiting state review in the process.
- Section 19: Creates s. 288.048, F.S., to transfer the incumbent worker training program, currently administered by Workforce Florida, Inc., within Jobs Florida. The bill provides for the administration of the program by Jobs Florida in conjunction with Workforce Florida, Inc.
- Section 20: Amends s. 288.061, F.S., to modify the review and approval process for applications by businesses seeking state economic incentives. Specifically:
 - The Jobs Florida commissioner will coordinate with EFI at the beginning of the process the review of each application.
 - The application review is broadened from simply determining whether the application is complete to an evaluation of what types of state and local permits might be required and whether the permits can be waived, and what type and amount of state incentives might be available for the applicant.
 - With the Jobs Florida commissioner involved at the very beginning of the application review process, the current 34-day schedule from EFI review to

commissioner's approval is collapsed to 24 days. The proposed schedule would be:

- Within 10 business days after receiving the application, the commissioner and EFI will inform the business applicant that the application is complete, as well as a discussion of the permitting issues, types of incentive available and amount of incentives available.
- Within <u>14 business days</u> after the initial review and communication with the applicant, the Jobs Florida commissioner will issue a letter either approving or denying the applicant.
- The commissioner may enter into one agreement or final order with an applicant for all of the incentives offered.
- The release of incentive funds still is guided by the statutory requirements for each incentive program.
- Section 21: Makes a number of changes to s. 288.095, F.S., including:
 - Replaces references to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development with Jobs Florida.
 - Transforms the Economic Development Trust Fund into an "incentives pot," by moving in the appropriations for quick response training, incumbent worker training, the "road fund," the quick action closing fund, brownfield redevelopment bonus refunds, high-impact sector performance grants, and the Innovation Incentive grants, to join the current qualified target industry business and the qualified defense contractor and spaceflight business refund programs.
 - Removes a listing of what the annual incentives report required of Enterprise Florida, Inc., should include.
- Sections 22-23: Amend ss. 380.06, and 380.115, F.S., to conform to changes made by the act.
- Section 24: Amends s. 409.942, F.S., to conform to changes made by the act, including requiring the Department of Education to establish an electronic transfer benefit program for the use and management of child care.
- Section 25: Amends s. 411.0102, F.S., to conform to changes made by the act, and includes a provision of s. 19, ch. 2010-210, L.O.F., requiring each early learning coalition board to develop a plan for the use of child care purchasing pool funds.
- Section 26: Amends s. 1002.73, F.S., to incorporate the operational and administrative responsibilities of the Agency for Workforce Innovation for the Voluntary Prekindergarten Program. This also includes requiring the Department of Education to adopt procedures for the distribution of funds to early learning coalitions.
- Sections 27-45: Amend ss. 443.211, 433.221, 445.002, 445.003, 445.004, 445.007, 445.009, 445.016, 445.024, 445.0325, 445.038, 445.045, 445.048,

445.049, 445.051, 445.056, 446.41, 446.50, 446.52, F.S., to conform to changes made by the act, conform cross-references, and delete obsolete provisions.

Sections 46-47: Amend ss. 448.109 448.110, F.S., to conform to provisions made by the act, including designating the Department of Revenue as the "state Agency for Workforce Innovation" to implement s. 24, Art. X of the State Constitution for purposes of calculating the minimum wage.

Sections 48, 51, 53-56, 60, 61, 70:
Amend ss. 450.161, 464.203, 469.002, 469.003, 489.1455, 489.5335, 553.62, 597.006, 944.012, F.S., to update obsolete references to the former Department of Labor and Employment Security.

Sections 49, 50, 52, 57-59, 61-69, 71-96:
 Amend ss. 450.191, 450.31, 468.529, 526.143, 526.144, 551.104, 597.006, 624.5105, 627.0628, 768.13, 943.03, 943.03101, 943.0311, 943.0312, 943.0313, 944.708, 944.801, 945.10, 985.601, 1002.375, 1002.53, 1002.55, 1002.61, 1002.63, 1002.67, 1002.69, 1002.71, 1002.72, 1002.77, 1002.79, 1003.491, 1003.492, 1003.493, 1003.575, 1003.4285, 1003.493, 1008.39, 1008.41, 1011.76, 1012.2251, F.S., to conform to changes made by the act, conform cross-references, and delete obsolete provisions.

- Section 96: In order to conform to changes made by the bill, this section authorizes the Auditor General to conduct audits to verify that distributions used for a facility for a sports franchise are used in accordance with the law (s. 288.1162, F.S. 2010).
- Section 97: In order to conform to changes made by the bill, this section authorizes the Department of Revenue to conduct audits to verify that distributions for the Professional Golf Hall of Fame are used in accordance with the law (s. 288.1168, F.S. 2010).
- Sections 102, 103, 157, 159, 162, 170, 171, 172, 177, 178, 199, 206, 259, 261, 262, 275, 290, 291, 298, 299:

Amend ss. 45.031, 69.041, 252.85, 252.87, 252.937, 287.09431, 287.09451, 287.0947, 288.021, 288.035, 288.1169, 288.1229, 331.369, 377.711, 377.712, 409.2576, 414.24, 414.40, 440.385, and 440.49, , F.S., to update obsolete references to the former Department of Labor and Employment Security or the former Department of Commerce.

Sections 98-101, 103-169, 173-258, 260, 263- 274, 276, 277- 289, 292-297, 300-326:

Amend ss. 14.20195, 15.182, 16.615, 39.001, 69.041, 112.3135, 119.071, 120.80, 125.0104, 125.01045, 159.803, 159.8081, 159.8083, 163.03, 163.3178, 163.360, 166.0446, 175.021, 186.505, 212.08, 212.096, 212.097, 212.098, 212.20, 213.053, 215.5586, 216.136, 216.292, 216.231, 218.64, 220.03, 220.183, 220.191, 222.15, 250.06, 252.32, 252.34, 252.35, 252.355, 252.3568, 252.36, 252.365, 252.37,

252.371, 252.373, 252.38, 252.385, 252.40, 252.41, 252.42, 252.43, 252.44, 252.46, 252.55, 252.60, 252.61, 252.82, 252.83, 252.85, 252.86, 252.87, 252.88, 252.936, 252.937, 252.943, 252.946, 255.099, 259.035, 260.0142, 282.34, 282.709, 288.012, 288.017, 288.018, 288.019, 28.021, 288.035, 288.047, 288.0656, 288.063, 288.065, 288.0655, 288.06561, 288.0657, 288.0659, 288.075, 288.1045, 288.106, 288.107, 288.108, 288.1081, 288.1082, 288.1083, 288.1088, 288.1089, 288.1095, 288.11621, 288.1169, 288.1171, 288.122, 288.1223, 288.1224, 288.1226, 288.1227, 288.1229, 288.124, 288.1251, 288.1252, 288.1253, 288.1254, 288.386, 288.7011, 288.705, 288.706, 288.707, 288.7091, 288.7094, 288.7102, 288.714, 288.816, 288.809, 288.826, 288.9015, 288.90151, 288.905, 288.9415, 288.95155, 288.955, 288.9625, 288.975, 288.980, 288.984, 288.9913, 288.9914, 288.9916, 288.9917, 288.9918, 288.9919, 288.9920, 288.9921, 290.004, 290.0055, 290.0056, 290.0065, 290.0066, 290.00710, 290.0072, 290.00725, 290.0073, 290.0074, 290.0077, 290.014, 311.09, 311.11, 311.115, 311.115, 311.22, 331.3051, 339.135, 380.285, 381.0086, 381.7354, 383.14, 402.281, 402.45, 402.56, 403.7032, 709.017, 409.1451, 380.06, 380.115, 409.944, 409.946, 411.01, 411.0101, 411.01013, 411.01014, 411.01015, 411.0102, 411.0103, 411.0104, 411.0106, 411.011, 411.226, 411.227, 414.295, 414.411, 429.907, 440.12, 440.15, 440.381, 443.012, 443.036, 443.041, 443.051, 443.071, 443.091, 443.101, 443.111, 443.1113, 443.1115, 443.1116, 443.1215, 443.1216, 443.1217, 443.131, 443.1312, 443.1313, 443.1315, 443.1316, 443.1317, 443.141, 443.151, 443.163, 443.171, 443.1715, 443.181, and 443.191, F.S., to conform to changes made by the act, conform cross-references, and delete obsolete provisions.

In addition to conforming to changes made by the act, the following section specifically: Section 195: Amends s. 288.1088, F.S. to:

- Specifies "joint review" of quick action closing fund applications by the Jobs Florida commissioner and Enterprise Florida, Inc.
- Reduces from 22 days to 7 days the time-frame when the Jobs Florida commissioner will recommend to the Governor a business project for quick action closing funding.
- Section 198: Amends s. 288.11621, F.S. to update provisions relating to development of a one-time Spring Training strategic plan, to require an update every 5 years, beginning in 2015. Also, clarifies that the updated plan should explore "alternatives" for financing spring training facilities.
- Section 277: Amends s. 409.946, F.S., to:
 - Reduces the Inner City Review Panel from 7 to 6 members. This is recommended for 2 reasons:
 - There is no need for OTTED to appoint the board and serve on it:
 - o DCA is removed from the board; and
 - Taking OTTED's place is a "local economic development agency."

- Replaces references to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development with "Jobs Florida."
- Replaces references to the OTTED director with the Jobs Florida "commissioner."
- Deletes reference to DCA.

Section 327-329: Amend ss. 161.54, 163.3221, and 380.031, F.S., to conform to changes made by the act – changes references to the Department of Community Affairs as the "state land planning agency" to Jobs Florida.

STATUTORY TRANSFERS

- Section 330: Transfers, renumbers, and amends s. 20.505, F.S., as 20.605, F.S., to conform to changes made by the act.
- Section 331: Transfers, renumbers, and amends s. 1004.99, F.S., as 445.06, F.S., to transfer administration of the Florida Ready to Work Certification Program to Jobs Florida.

STATUTORY REPEALS

- Section 332: Repeals . 14.2015, F.S., which relates to the creation of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- Section 333: Repeals s. 20.18, F.S., which relates to the creation of the Department of Community Affairs.
- Section 334: Repeals s. 20.50, F.S., which relates to the creation of the Agency for Workforce Innovation.
- Section 335: Repeals obsolete ss. 255.551, 255.552, 255.553, 255.553, 255.555, 255.556, 255.557, 255.5576, 255.558, 255.559, 255.561, 255.562, and 255.563, F.S., which relates to the abatement of asbestos in state buildings.
- Section 336: Repeals obsolete s. 287.115, F.S., which relates to a requirement for the Chief Financial Officer to submit a report on contractual service contracts disallowed.
- Section 337: Repeals obsolete s. 288.038, F.S., which relates to agreements appointing county tax collectors as an agent of the Department of Labor and Employment Security for licenses and other similar registrations
- Section 338: Repeals s. 288.1162, F.S., which relates to the certification of a facility for a new or professional sports franchise.
- Section 339: Repeals s. 288.1168, F.S., which relates to the certification of the professional golf hall of fame facility.

- Section 340: Repeals s. 288.9618, F.S., which relates to an economic development program for microenterprises.
- Section 341: Repeals s. 288.982, F.S., which relates to a public records exemption for certain records relating to the United States Department of Defense Base Realignment and Closure 2005 process.
- Section 342: Repeals s. 288.99, F.S., which relates to the Certified Capital Company Act.
- Section 343: Repeals s. 411.0105, F.S., which designates the Agency for Workforce Innovation as the lead agency to administer specified federal laws related to early learning and school readiness.
- Section 344: Repeals obsolete s. 446.60, F.S., which relates to assistance for displaced local exchange telecommunications company workers.
- Section 345: Repeals s. 1002.75, F.S., which relates to responsibilities of the Agency for Workforce Innovation in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Program.

EFFECTIVE DATE

Section 346: Provides an effective date of July 1, 2011.

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A bill to be entitled

An act relating to governmental reorganization; transferring the functions and trust funds of the Agency for Workforce Innovation to other agencies; transferring the Office of Early Learning Services to the Department of Education; transferring the Office of Unemployment Compensation to Jobs Florida; transferring the Office of Workforce Services to Jobs Florida; transferring the functions and trust funds of the Department of Community Affairs to other agencies; transferring the Florida Housing Finance Corporation to Jobs Florida; transferring the Division of Housing and Community Development to Jobs Florida; transferring the Division of Community Planning to Jobs Florida; transferring the Division of Emergency Management to the Executive Office of the Governor and renaming it as the "Office of Emergency Management"; transferring the Florida Building Commission to the Department of Business and Professional Regulation; transferring the responsibilities under the Florida Communities Trust to the Department of Environmental Protection; transferring the responsibilities under the Stan Mayfield Working Waterfronts program to the Department of Environmental Protection; transferring the responsibilities under the special district information program to the Department of Financial Services; transferring functions and trust funds of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development in the Executive Office of the Governor to Jobs

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Florida; authorizing the Governor to transfer funds and positions between agencies upon approval from the Legislative Budget Commission to implement the act; providing a directive to the Division of Statutory Revision to prepare conforming legislation; creating s. 14.2016, F.S.; establishing the Office of Emergency Management within the Executive Office of the Governor; providing for the director of the office to serve at the pleasure of the Governor; amending s. 20.15, F.S.; establishing the Division of Early Learning within the Department of Education; providing for the division to administer the school readiness system and the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program; providing for the division to be headed by the Deputy Director for Early Learning; amending s. 20.60, F.S.; creating Jobs Florida as a new department of state government; providing for the commissioner of Jobs Florida to be appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate; establishing divisions of Jobs Florida and specifying their responsibilities; providing for Jobs Florida to serve as the designated agency for the purposes of federal workforce development grants; authorizing Jobs Florida to contract for training for employees of administrative entities and case managers of contracted providers; specifying that the Unemployment Appeals Commission is not subject to control, supervision, or direction from Jobs Florida; specifying the responsibilities of the Commissioner of Jobs Florida; limiting the amount of

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the commissioner's public remuneration; authorizing the commissioner to receive privately funded performance bonuses from certain entities; specifying powers and responsibilities of the Chief Inspector General in the Executive Office of the Governor with respect to Jobs Florida; providing for Jobs Florida to have an official seal; providing for Jobs Florida to administer the role of state government with respect to laws relating to housing; authorizing Jobs Florida to adopt rules; requiring the commissioner of Jobs Florida to submit a report to the Legislature relating to the effectiveness of the state's public-private partnerships; amending s. 112.044, F.S., requiring an employer, employment agency, and labor organization to post notices required by the United States Department of Labor and the United States Equal Employment Opportunity Commission; amending s. 163.3164, F.S.; redefining the term "optional sector plans" as "sector plans"; amending ss. 163.3177, and 163.3180, F.S.; deleting the word "optional" from the phrase "optional sector plans" to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 163.3184, F.S.; creating exceptions to requirements for comprehensive plan amendments to be reviewed by the state land planning agency; requiring the state land planning agency to submit a copy of a comprehensive plan or plan amendment that relates to or includes a public schools facilities element to the Department of Education; amending s. 163.3191, F.S.; creating exceptions to requirements for a local

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government to prepare an evaluation and appraisal report to assess progress in implementing the local government's comprehensive plan; deleting requirements for a local government to include in an evaluation and appraisal report certain statements to update a comprehensive plan; deleting a requirement for a local government to provide a proposed evaluation and appraisal report to certain entities and interested citizens; deleting provisions relating to a requirement for a local government to adopt an evaluation and appraisal report; providing for the report to be submitted as data and analysis in support of amendments based on evaluation and appraisal report; deleting provisions relating to the delegation of the review of evaluation and appraisal reports; authorizing the state land planning agency to establish a phased schedule for adoption of amendments based on an evaluation and appraisal report; deleting a requirement for the state land planning agency to review the evaluation and appraisal report process and submit a report to the Governor and the Legislature regarding its findings; amending s. 163.3245, F.S.; renaming optional sector plans as sector plans; increasing the minimum size of geographic areas that qualify for the use of sector plans; revising terminology relating to such plans; deleting obsolete provisions; renaming long-term conceptual buildout overlays as long-term master plans; revising the content required to be included in long-term master

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plans and detailed specified area plans; requiring identification of water development projects and transportation facilities to serve future development needs; exempting certain developments from the requirement to develop a detailed specific area plan; providing that detailed specific area plans shall be adopted by local development orders; requiring that detailed specific area plans include a buildout date and precluding certain changes in the development until after that date; authorizing certain development agreements between the developer and the local government; providing for continuation of certain existing land uses; amending s. 163.3246, F.S.; deleting the word "optional" from the phrase "optional sector plans" to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 163.32465, F.S.; making the alternative state review of comprehensive plan amendments applicable statewide; creating s. 288.048, F.S.; creating the incumbent worker training program within Jobs Florida; providing for the program to provide preapproved, direct, training-related costs; providing for the administration of the program by Jobs Florida in conjunction with Workforce Florida, Inc.; amending s. 288.061, F.S.; providing for Jobs Florida to review applications for state economic development incentives; authorizing the commissioner of Jobs Florida to enter into an agreement with an applicant relating to all incentives offered by the state; amending s. 288.095, F.S.; providing for the Economic

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Development Incentives account to be used for certain economic development incentives programs; providing for Jobs Florida to approve applications for certification or requests for participation in certain economic development programs; amending s. 380.06, F.S.; revising an exemption for certain developments from requirements relating to developments of regional impact; amending s. 380.115, F.S.; deleting the word "optional" from the phrase "optional sector plans" to conform to changes made by the act; amending s. 409.942, F.S.; requiring the Department of Education to establish an electronic transfer benefit program for the use and management of child care; amending s. 411.0102, F.S.; requiring each early learning coalition board to develop a plan for the use of child care purchasing pool funds; amending s. 1002.73, F.S.; requiring the Department of Education to administer the operational requirements of the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program; requiring the Department of Education to adopt procedures governing the administration of the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program by the early learning coalitions and school districts; requiring the Department of Education to adopt procedures for the distribution of funds to early learning coalitions; authorizing the auditor general to conduct audits to verify that distributions used for a facility for a new or retained sports franchise are used in accordance with the law; authorizing the Department of Revenue to

175 conduct audits to verify that distributions for the 176 Professional Golf Hall of Fame are used in accordance 177 with the law; amending ss. 14.20195, 15.182, 16.615, 39.001, 45.031 69.041, 112.3135, 119.071, 120.80, 178 179 125.0104, 125.01045, 159.803, 159.8081, 159.8083, 180 163.03, 163.3178, 163.360, 166.0446, 175.021, 186.505, 212.08,212.096, 212.097, 212.098, 212.20, 213.053, 181 215.5586, 216.136, 216.292, 216.231, 218.64, 220.03, 182 220.183, 220.191, 222.15, 250.06, 252.32, 252.34, 183 184 252.35, 252.355, 252.3568, 252.36, 252.365, 252.37, 185 252.371, 252.373, 252.38, 252.385, 252.40, 252.41, 252.42, 252.43, 252.44, 252.46, 252.55, 252.60, 186 187 252.61, 252.82, 252.83, 252.85, 252.86, 252.87, 188 252.88, 252.936, 252.937, 252.943, 252.946, 255.099, 189 259.035, 260.0142, 282.34, 282.709, 287.09431, 190 287.09451, 287.0947, 288.012, 288.017, 288.018, 191 288.019, 288.021, 288.035, 288.047, 288.0656, 288.063, 192 288.065, 288.0655 288.0656, 288.06561, 288.0657, 288.0659, 288.075, 288.1045, 288.106, 288.107, 193 288.108, 288.1081, 288.1082, 288.1083, 288.1088, 194 195 288.1089, 288.1095, 288.11621, 288.1169, 288.1171, 196 288.122, 288.1223, 288.1224, 288.1226, 288.1227, 288.1229, 288.124, 288.1251, 288.1252, 288.1253, 197 288.1254, 288.386, 288.7011, 288.705, 288.706, 198 199 288.707, 288.7091, 288.7094, 288.7102, 288.714, 288.816, 288.809, 288.826, 288.9015, 288.90151, 200 288.905, 288.9415, 288.95155, 288.955, 288.9625, 201 288.975, 288.980, 288.984, 288.9913, 288.9914, 202 203 288.9916, 288.9917, 288.9918, 299.9919, 288.9920,

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          1003.575, 1003.4285, 1003.493, 1008.39, 1008.41,
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          1011.76, and 1012.2251, F.S.; conforming provisions to
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          changes made by the act; conforming cross-references;
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deleting obsolete provisions; transferring, renumbering, and amending ss. 20.505 and 1004.99, F.S.; conforming provisions to changes made by the act; repealing s. 14.2015, F.S., which relates to the creation of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development; repealing s. 20.18, F.S., which relates to the creation of the Department of Community Affairs; repealing s. 20.50, F.S., which relates to the creation of the Agency for Workforce Innovation; repealing ss. 255.551, 255.552, 255.553, 255.5535, 255.555, 255.556, 255.557, 255.5576, 255.558, 255.559, 255.56, 255.561, 255.562, and 255.563, F.S., which relates to the abatement of asbestos in state buildings; repealing s. 287.115, F.S., which relates to a requirement for the Chief Financial Officer to submit a report on contractual service contracts disallowed; repealing s. 288.038, F.S., which relates to agreements appointing county tax collectors as an agent of the Department of Labor and Employment Security for licenses and other similar registrations; repealing s. 288.1162, F.S., which relates to the certification of a facility for a new or professional sports franchise; repealing s. 288.1168, F.S., which relates to the certification of the professional golf hall of fame facility; repealing s. 288.9618, F.S., which relates to an economic development program for microenterprises; repealing s. 288.982, F.S., which relates to a public records exemption for certain records relating to the United States Department of

262 Defense Base Realignment and Closure 2005 process; 263 repealing s. 288.99, F.S., which relates to the 264 Certified Capital Company Act; repealing s. 411.0105, 265 F.S., which designates the Agency for Workforce 266 Innovation as the lead agency to administer specified federal laws; repealing s. 446.60, F.S., which relates 267 268 to assistance for displaced local exchange telecommunications company workers; repealing s. 269 270 1002.75, F.S., which relates to responsibilities of 271 the Agency for Workforce Innovation; providing an 272 effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Type two transfers from the Agency for Workforce Innovation.—

- (1) All powers, duties, functions, records, offices, personnel, property, pending issues, and existing contracts, administrative authority, administrative rules, and unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, and other funds relating to the following programs in the Agency for Workforce Innovation are transferred by a type two transfer, as defined in s. 20.06(2), Florida Statutes, as follows:
- (a) The Office of Early Learning Services is transferred to the Department of Education.
- (b) The Office of Unemployment Compensation is transferred to Jobs Florida.
- (c) The Office of Workforce Services is transferred to Jobs Florida.

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- 291 (2) The following trust funds are transferred:
- 292 (a) From the Agency for Workforce Innovation to the
 293 Department of Education, the Child Care and Development Block
 294 Grant Trust Fund.
 - (b) From the Agency for Workforce Innovation to Jobs Florida:
 - 1. The Administrative Trust Fund.
 - 2. The Employment Security Administration Trust Fund.
 - $\underline{\mbox{3. The Special Employment Security Administration Trust}}$ Fund.
 - 4. The Unemployment Compensation Benefit Trust Fund.
 - 5. The Unemployment Compensation Clearing Trust Fund.
 - 6. The Revolving Trust Fund.
 - 7. The Welfare Transition Trust Fund.
 - 8. The Displaced Homemaker Trust Fund.
 - (3) Any binding contract or interagency agreement existing on or before July 1, 2011, between the Agency for Workforce

 Innovation, or an entity or agent of the agency, and any other agency, entity, or person shall continue as a binding contract or agreement for the remainder of the term of such contract or agreement with the successor department, agency, or entity responsible for the program, activity, or functions relative to the contract or agreement.
 - Section 2. Type two transfers from the Department of Community Affairs.—
 - (1) All powers, duties, functions, records, offices, personnel, property, pending issues, and existing contracts, administrative authority, administrative rules, and unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, and other funds

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320	relating to the following programs in the Department of
321	Community Affairs are transferred by a type two transfer, as
322	defined in s. 20.06(2), Florida Statutes, as follows:

- (a) The Florida Housing Finance Corporation is transferred to Jobs Florida.
- (b) The Division of Housing and Community Development is transferred to Jobs Florida.
- (c) The Division of Community Planning is transferred to Jobs Florida.
- (d) The Division of Emergency Management is transferred to the Executive Office of the Governor, and is renamed the Office of Emergency Management.
- (e) The Florida Building Commission is transferred to the Department of Business and Professional Regulation.
- (f) The responsibilities under the Florida Communities

 Trust, part III of chapter 380, Florida Statutes, are

 transferred to the Department of Environmental Protection.
- (g) The responsibilities under the Stan Mayfield Working
 Waterfronts program authorized in s. 380.5105, Florida Statutes,
 are transferred to the Department of Environmental Protection.
- (h) The responsibilities of the Special District

 Information Program under chapter 189, Florida Statutes, are transferred to the Department of Financial Services.
 - (2) The following trust funds are transferred:
- 344 (a) From the Department of Community Affairs to Jobs 345 Florida:
 - 1. The Administrative Trust Fund.
 - 2. The State Housing Trust Fund.
 - 3. The Community Services Block Grant Trust Fund.

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- 4. The Local Government Housing Trust Fund.
- 5. The Florida Small Cities Community Development Block
 Grant Trust Fund.
 - 6. The Federal Grants Trust Fund.
 - 7. The Grants and Donations Trust Fund.
 - 8. The Energy Consumption Trust Fund.
 - 9. The Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Trust Fund.
 - (b) From the Department of Community Affairs to the Executive Office of the Governor:
 - $\underline{\text{1. The Emergency Management Preparedness and Assistance}}$ Trust Fund.
 - - 3. The U.S. Contributions Trust Fund.
 - (c) From the Department of Community Affairs to the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, the Operating Trust Fund of the Florida Building Commission.
 - (d) From the Department of Community Affairs to the Department of Environmental Protection:
 - 1. The Florida Forever Program Trust Fund.
 - 2. The Florida Communities Trust Fund.
 - (3) Any binding contract or interagency agreement existing on or before July 1, 2011, between the Department of Community Affairs or Division of Emergency Management, or an entity or agent of the department or division, and any other agency, entity, or person shall continue as a binding contract or agreement for the remainder of the term of such contract or agreement with the successor department, agency, or entity responsible for the program, activity, or functions relative to

378 the contract or agreement.

Section 3. Type two transfers from Executive Office of the Governor.—

- (1) All powers, duties, functions, records, offices, personnel, property, pending issues, and existing contracts, administrative authority, administrative rules, and unexpended balances of appropriations, allocations, and other funds relating to the Office of Tourism, Trade and Economic Development in the Executive Office of the Governor are transferred by a type two transfer, as defined in s. 20.06(2), Florida Statutes, to Jobs Florida.
- (2) The following trust funds are transferred from the Executive Office of the Governor to Jobs Florida:
 - 1. The Grants and Donations Trust Fund.
 - 2. The Economic Development Trust Fund.
 - 3. The Economic Development Transportation Trust Fund.
 - 4. The Tourism Promotional Trust Fund.
 - 5. The Professional Sports Development Trust Fund.
- $\underline{\text{6. The Florida International Trade and Promotion Trust}}$ Fund.
- (3) Any binding contract or interagency agreement existing on or before July 1, 2011, between the Office of Tourism, Trade and Economic Development in the Executive Office of the Governor, or an entity or agent of the office, and any other agency, entity, or person shall continue as a binding contract or agreement for the remainder of the term of such contract or agreement with the successor department, agency, or entity responsible for the program, activity, or functions relative to the contract or agreement.

Section 4. Notwithstanding ss. 216.292 and 216.351, Florida Statutes, upon approval by the Legislative Budget Commission, the Executive Office of the Governor may transfer funds and positions between agencies to implement this act.

Section 5. The Legislature recognizes that there is a need to conform the Florida Statutes to the policy decisions reflected in this act and that there is a need to resolve apparent conflicts between any other legislation that has been or may be enacted during the 2011 Regular Session of the Legislature and the transfer of duties made by this act.

Therefore, in the interim between this act becoming law and the 2012 Regular Session of the Legislature or an earlier special session addressing this issue, the Division of Statutory Revision shall prepare draft legislation to conform the Florida Statutes and any legislation enacted during 2011 to the provisions of this act.

Section 6. Section 14.2016, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

14.2016 Office of Emergency Management.—The Office of Emergency Management is established within the Executive Office of the Governor. The office shall be a separate budget entity, as provided in the General Appropriations Act. The office shall be responsible for all professional, technical, and administrative support functions necessary to carry out its responsibilities under part I of chapter 252. The director of the office shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the Governor, and shall be the head of the office for all purposes. Under the direction of the Governor, the office shall administer programs to apply rapidly all available aid to

436	communities stricken by an emergency as defined in s. 252.34
437	and, for this purpose, shall provide liaison with federal
438	agencies and other public and private agencies.

- Section 7. Section 6. Paragraph (h) is added to subsection (3) and subsection (9) is added to section 20.15, Florida Statutes, to read:
- 20.15 Department of Education.—There is created a Department of Education.
- (3) DIVISIONS.—The following divisions of the Department of Education are established:
- (h) The Division of Early Learning, which shall administer the school readiness system in accordance with s. 411.01 and the operational requirements of the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program in accordance with part V of chapter 1002. The Division shall be directed by the Deputy Director for Early Learning, who shall be appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the commissioner.
- (9) The department may provide or contract for training for employees of administrative entities and case managers of any contracted providers to ensure they have the necessary competencies and skills to provide adequate administrative oversight and delivery of the full array of client services.
- Section 8. Section 20.60, Florida Statutes, is created to read:
 - 20.60 Jobs Florida; creation; powers and duties.-
- (1) There is created a department that, notwithstanding the provisions of s. 20.04(1), shall be called Jobs Florida.
- (2) The head of Jobs Florida is the commissioner of Jobs Florida, who shall be appointed by the Governor, subject to

confirmation by the Senate. The commissioner shall serve at the pleasure of and report to the Governor.

- (3) The following divisions of Jobs Florida are established:
 - (a) The Division of Business Development.
 - (b) The Division of Strategic Planning.
 - (c) The Division of Community Development.
 - (d) The Division of Unemployment Services.
 - (e) The Division of Workforce Services.
 - (f) The Division of Finance and Administration.
- (4) The purpose of Jobs Florida is to assist the Governor in working with the Legislature, state agencies, business leaders, and economic development professionals to formulate and implement coherent and consistent policies and strategies designed to promote economic opportunities for all Floridians.

 To accomplish such purposes, Jobs Florida shall:
- (a) Facilitate the direct involvement of the Governor and the Lieutenant Governor in economic development and workforce development projects designed to create, expand, and retain businesses in this state, to recruit business from around the world, and to facilitate other job-creating efforts.
- (b) Recruit new businesses to this state and promote the expansion of existing businesses by expediting permitting and location decisions, worker placement and training, and incentive awards.
- (c) Ensure that, to the maximum extent possible, there is a link between the economic development and workforce development goals and strategies of the state.
 - (d) Manage the activities of public-private partnerships

and state agencies in order to avoid duplication and promote coordinated and consistent implementation of programs in areas including, but not limited to, tourism; international trade and investment; business recruitment, creation, retention, and expansion; minority and small business development; rural community development; commercialization of products, services, or ideas developed in public universities or other public institutions; and the development and promotion of professional and amateur sporting events.

- (5) The divisions within Jobs Florida have specific responsibilities to achieve the duties, responsibilities, and goals of Jobs Florida. Specifically:
 - (a) The Division of Business Development shall:
- 1. Administer the tax refund and tax credit programs created in law, including, but limited to, the Quick Response Training and Incumbent Worker Training incentives, the Quick Action Closing Fund incentive, the Qualified Target Industry Tax Refund incentive, the High-Impact Industry Grant incentive, the Qualified Defense Contractor and Spaceflight Business tax refund incentive, the Innovation Incentive Program, the Economic Development Transportation Fund, the Capital Investment Tax Credit incentive, the Community Contribution Tax Credit incentive, and the Local Government Distressed Area Matching Grant program;
- 2. Administer the Rural Community Development Revolving Loan Fund, the Rural Infrastructure Fund, the Rural Economic Development Strategy Grants, and other incentive or business development programs targeting rural Florida;
 - 3. Administer the military grant and related programs under

523 part XI of chapter 288;

- 4. Administer grants and programs related to minority business and small business, under part IV of chapter 288; and
- 5. Assist Enterprise Florida, Inc., Space Florida, and the Florida Commission on Tourism, in preparing an annual report to the Legislature on the state of the business climate in Florida and on the state of economic development in Florida which includes the identification of problems and the recommendation of solutions. This report shall be submitted to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Senate Minority Leader, and the House Minority Leader by January 1 of each year, and shall be in addition to the Governor's message to the Legislature required by the State Constitution and any other economic reports required by law, including the annual incentives report prepared by Enterprise Florida, Inc.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, Jobs Florida may expend interest earned from the investment of program funds deposited in the Grants and Donations Trust Fund to contract for the administration of those programs, or portions of the programs, enumerated in this paragraph or assigned to Jobs Florida by law, by the appropriations process, or by the Governor. Such expenditures shall be subject to review under chapter 216.

- (b) The Division of Community Development shall administer:
 - 1. The Community Services Block Grant Program;
- 2. The Community Block Grant Program in chapter 290;
- 3. The Low-Income Energy Assistance Program in chapter 409;
 - 4. The Weatherization Assistance Program in chapter 409;

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- 5. The Neighborhood Stabilization Program;
- 6. The local comprehensive planning process and the development of regional impact process; and
 - 7. Any other related programs.
 - (c) The Division of Strategic Planning shall administer the following activities:
 - 1. Statewide strategic planning, with the assistance of the governing boards of Enterprise Florida, Inc., Space Florida,

 Visit Florida, Workforce Florida, Inc., and the Florida

 Entertainment Advisory Council; and
 - 2. Developing measurement protocols for the state incentive programs and for the contracted entities which will be used to determine their performance and competitive value to the state. Performance measures, benchmarks, and sanctions must be developed in consultation with the legislative appropriations committees and the appropriate substantive committees, and are subject to the review and approval process provided in s. 216.177. The approved performance measures, standards, and sanctions shall be included and made a part of the strategic plan for contracts entered into for delivery of programs authorized by this section.
 - (d) The Division of Workforce Services shall:
 - 1. Prepare and submit as a separate budget entity a unified budget request for workforce in accordance with chapter 216 for, and in conjunction with, Workforce Florida, Inc., and its board.
 - 2. Jobs Florida shall ensure that the state appropriately administers federal and state workforce funding by administering plans and policies of Workforce Florida, Inc., under contract

with Workforce Florida, Inc. The operating budget and midyear amendments thereto must be part of such contract.

- a. All program and fiscal instructions to regional workforce boards shall emanate from Jobs Florida pursuant to plans and policies of Workforce Florida, Inc. Workforce Florida, Inc., shall be responsible for all policy directions to the regional workforce boards.
- b. Unless otherwise provided by agreement with Workforce Florida, Inc., administrative and personnel policies of Jobs Florida shall apply.
- 3. Jobs Florida is the administrative agency designated for receipt of federal workforce development grants and other federal funds. Jobs Florida shall administer the duties and responsibilities assigned by the Governor under each federal grant assigned to Jobs Florida. Jobs Florida shall expend each revenue source as provided by federal and state law and as provided in plans developed by and agreements with Workforce Florida, Inc. Jobs Florida may serve as the contract administrator for contracts entered into by Workforce Florida, Inc., pursuant to s. 445.004(5), as directed by Workforce Florida, Inc., pursuant to s. 445.004(5), as directed by Workforce Florida, Inc.
- (e) The Division of Unemployment Services shall implement the state's unemployment compensation program. Jobs Florida shall ensure that the state appropriately administers the unemployment compensation program pursuant to state and federal law.
- (6) Jobs Florida shall serve as the designated agency for purposes of each federal workforce development grant assigned to it for administration. Jobs Florida shall carry out the duties

assigned to it by the Governor, under the terms and conditions of each grant. Jobs Florida shall have the level of authority and autonomy necessary to be the designated recipient of each federal grant assigned to it, and shall disburse such grants pursuant to the plans and policies of Workforce Florida, Inc.

The commissioner may, upon delegation from the Governor and pursuant to agreement with Workforce Florida, Inc., sign contracts, grants, and other instruments as necessary to execute functions assigned to Jobs Florida. Notwithstanding other provision of law, Jobs Florida shall administer other programs funded by federal or state appropriations, as determined by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act or by law.

- (7) Jobs Florida may provide or contract for training for employees of administrative entities and case managers of any contracted providers to ensure they have the necessary competencies and skills to provide adequate administrative oversight and delivery of the full array of client services.
- (8) The Unemployment Appeals Commission, authorized by s. 443.012, is not subject to control, supervision, or direction by Jobs Florida in the performance of its powers and duties but shall receive any and all support and assistance from Jobs Florida that is required for the performance of its duties.
 - (9)(a) The commissioner of Jobs Florida shall:
- 1. Manage all activities and responsibilities of the department.
- 2. Serve as the Governor's chief negotiator for business recruitment and business expansion.
- 3. Serve as the manager for the state with respect to contracts with Enterprise Florida, Inc., the Florida Commission

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- 639 on Tourism, Space Florida, the Institute for the 640 Commercialization of Public Research, and all applicable direct-641 support organizations. To accomplish the provisions of this 642 section and applicable provisions of chapter 288, and 643 notwithstanding the provisions of part I of chapter 287, the 644 commissioner shall enter into specific contracts with Enterprise 645 Florida, Inc., the Florida Commission on Tourism, Space Florida, 646 the Institute for the Commercialization of Public Research, and 647 other appropriate direct-support organizations. Such contracts 648 may be for multiyear terms and shall include specific 649 performance measures for each year.
 - 4. Serve as the state protocol officer. In consultation with the Governor and other governmental officials, the commissioner shall develop, maintain, publish, and distribute the state protocol manual.
 - (b)1. Notwithstanding any other law, resolution, or rule to the contrary, the commissioner may not receive more in public remuneration annually than \$130,000, pursuant to the General Appropriations Act, and for the purposes of the Florida Retirement System, only the commissioner's public remuneration may be considered.
 - 2. Notwithstanding s. 112.313(7), the commissioner also may receive privately-funded performance bonuses from Enterprise Florida, Inc., VISIT Florida, The Florida Sports Foundation, and Space Florida.
 - (10) The Chief Inspector General in the Executive Office of the Governor:
 - (a) Shall advise public-private partnerships in their development, utilization, and improvement of internal control

measures necessary to ensure fiscal accountability.

- (b) May conduct, direct, and supervise audits relating to the programs and operations of public-private partnerships.
- (c) Shall receive and investigate complaints of fraud, abuses, and deficiencies relating to programs and operations of public-private partnerships.
- (d) May request and have access to any records, data, and other information of public-private partnerships that the Chief Inspector General deems necessary to carry out his or her responsibilities with respect to accountability.
- (e) Shall monitor public-private partnerships for compliance with the terms and conditions of contracts with the department and report noncompliance to the Governor.
- (f) Shall advise public-private partnerships in the development, utilization, and improvement of performance measures for the evaluation of their operations.
- (g) Shall review and make recommendations for improvements in the actions taken by public-private partnerships to meet performance standards.
- (11) Jobs Florida shall have an official seal by which its records, orders, and proceedings are authenticated. The seal shall be judicially noticed.
- (12) Jobs Florida shall administer the role of state government under part I of chapter 421, relating to public housing, chapter 422, relating to housing cooperation law, and chapter 423, tax exemption of housing authorities. Jobs Florida is the agency of state government responsible for the state's role in housing and urban development.
 - (13) Jobs Florida may adopt rules to administer the

provisions of law conferring duties upon it.

Section 9. By January 1, 2012, the commissioner of Jobs
Florida shall submit to the President of the Senate and the
Speaker of the House of Representatives an assessment of the
effectiveness of the state's public-private partnerships related
to economic development, to include Enterprise Florida, Inc.,
the Florida Commission on Tourism, the Florida Sports
Foundation, Space Florida, and the Institute for the
Commercialization of Public Research. The Commissioner shall
also submit any recommendations to improve the effectiveness of
these public-private partnerships, or any other measures to
improve the effectiveness of state efforts to promote economic
development in this state.

Section 10. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) and subsection (5) of section 112.044, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

112.044 Public employers, employment agencies, labor organizations; discrimination based on age prohibited; exceptions; remedy.—

- (2) DEFINITIONS.—For the purpose of this act:
- (d) "Department" means the Department of Labor and Employment Security.
- (5) NOTICE TO BE POSTED.—Each employer, employment agency, and labor organization shall post and keep posted in conspicuous places upon its premises notices a notice to be prepared or approved by the department setting forth such information as required by the United States Department of Labor and the United States Equal Employment Opportunity Commission department deems appropriate to effectuate the purposes of this act.
 - Section 11. Subsections (20) and (31) of section 163.3164,

726 Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 163.3164 Local Government Comprehensive Planning and Land Development Regulation Act; definitions.—As used in this act:
- (20) "State land planning agency" means <u>Jobs Florida</u> the <u>Department of Community Affairs</u>.
- (31) "Optional Sector plan" means the an optional process authorized by s. 163.3245 in which one or more local governments engage in long-term planning for a large area and by agreement with the state land planning agency are allowed to address regional development of regional impact issues through adoption of detailed specific area plans within the planning area within certain designated geographic areas identified in the local comprehensive plan as a means of fostering innovative planning and development strategies in s. 163.3177(11)(a) and (b), furthering the purposes of this part and part I of chapter 380, reducing overlapping data and analysis requirements, protecting regionally significant resources and facilities, and addressing extrajurisdictional impacts. The term includes an optional sector plan that was adopted pursuant to the Optional Sector Plan program.

Section 12. Paragraph (d) of subsection (15) of section 163.3177, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.3177 Required and optional elements of comprehensive plan; studies and surveys.—

(15)

(d) This subsection does not apply to \underline{a} an optional sector plan adopted pursuant to s. 163.3245, a rural land stewardship area designated pursuant to subsection (11), or any comprehensive plan amendment that includes an inland port

terminal or affiliated port development.

Section 13. Paragraph (a) of subsection (12) of section 163.3180, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.3180 Concurrency.-

- (12)(a) A development of regional impact may satisfy the transportation concurrency requirements of the local comprehensive plan, the local government's concurrency management system, and s. 380.06 by payment of a proportionate-share contribution for local and regionally significant traffic impacts, if:
- 1. The development of regional impact which, based on its location or mix of land uses, is designed to encourage pedestrian or other nonautomotive modes of transportation;
- 2. The proportionate-share contribution for local and regionally significant traffic impacts is sufficient to pay for one or more required mobility improvements that will benefit a regionally significant transportation facility;
- 3. The owner and developer of the development of regional impact pays or assures payment of the proportionate-share contribution; and
- 4. If the regionally significant transportation facility to be constructed or improved is under the maintenance authority of a governmental entity, as defined by s. 334.03(12), other than the local government with jurisdiction over the development of regional impact, the developer is required to enter into a binding and legally enforceable commitment to transfer funds to the governmental entity having maintenance authority or to otherwise assure construction or improvement of the facility.

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The proportionate-share contribution may be applied to any transportation facility to satisfy the provisions of this subsection and the local comprehensive plan, but, for the purposes of this subsection, the amount of the proportionateshare contribution shall be calculated based upon the cumulative number of trips from the proposed development expected to reach roadways during the peak hour from the complete buildout of a stage or phase being approved, divided by the change in the peak hour maximum service volume of roadways resulting from construction of an improvement necessary to maintain the adopted level of service, multiplied by the construction cost, at the time of developer payment, of the improvement necessary to maintain the adopted level of service. For purposes of this subsection, "construction cost" includes all associated costs of the improvement. Proportionate-share mitigation shall be limited to ensure that a development of regional impact meeting the requirements of this subsection mitigates its impact on the transportation system but is not responsible for the additional cost of reducing or eliminating backlogs. This subsection also applies to Florida Quality Developments pursuant to s. 380.061 and to detailed specific area plans implementing optional sector plans pursuant to s. 163.3245.

Section 14. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 163.3184, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 163.3184 Process for adoption of comprehensive plan or plan amendment.—
- (2) COORDINATION.—Each comprehensive plan or plan amendment proposed to be adopted pursuant to this part, except amendments adopted pursuant to ss. 163.32465 or 163.3187(1)(c) and (3),

shall be transmitted, adopted, and reviewed in the manner prescribed in this section. The state land planning agency shall have responsibility for plan review, coordination, and the preparation and transmission of comments, pursuant to this section, to the local governing body responsible for the comprehensive plan. The state land planning agency shall maintain a single file concerning any proposed or adopted plan amendment submitted by a local government for any review under this section. Copies of all correspondence, papers, notes, memoranda, and other documents received or generated by the state land planning agency must be placed in the appropriate file. Paper copies of all electronic mail correspondence must be placed in the file. The file and its contents must be available for public inspection and copying as provided in chapter 119.

(4) INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVIEW.—The governmental agencies specified in paragraph (3)(a) shall provide comments to the state land planning agency within 30 days after receipt by the state land planning agency of the complete proposed plan amendment. If the plan or plan amendment includes or relates to the public school facilities element pursuant to s.

163.3177(12), the state land planning agency shall submit a copy to the Department of Education Office of Educational Facilities of the Commissioner of Education for review and comment. The appropriate regional planning council shall also provide its written comments to the state land planning agency within 30 days after receipt by the state land planning agency of the complete proposed plan amendment and shall specify any objections, recommendations for modifications, and comments of any other regional agencies to which the regional planning

council may have referred the proposed plan amendment. Written comments submitted by the public within 30 days after notice of transmittal by the local government of the proposed plan amendment will be considered as if submitted by governmental agencies. All written agency and public comments must be made part of the file maintained under subsection (2).

- (11) ADMINISTRATION COMMISSION.-
- (c) The sanctions provided by paragraphs (a) and (b) \underline{do} shall not apply to a local government regarding any plan amendment, except for plan amendments that amend plans that have not been finally determined to be in compliance with this part, and except as provided in s. 163.3189(2) or \underline{s} . 163.3191(9) \underline{s} .

Section 15. Section 163.3191, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 163.3191 Evaluation and appraisal of comprehensive plan.
- (1) The planning program shall be a continuous and ongoing process. Each local government shall <u>prepare</u> adopt an evaluation and appraisal report once every 7 years assessing the progress in implementing the local government's comprehensive planunless:
- (a) The local government has issued development orders for residential units composing less than 10 percent of the local government's residential development capacity at the time it last submitted amendments based on the evaluation and appraisal report pursuant to subsection (8); and
- (b) The local government has not adopted amendments to its comprehensive plan which increase the local government's residential development capacity by 10 percent or more since it

last submitted amendments based on the evaluation and appraisal
report pursuant to subsection (8); and

- (c) Based upon resident population estimates supplied by the University of Florida, Bureau of Economic and Business

 Research, or the Executive Office of Governor, the local government demonstrates that its population has not increased by more than 10 percent since it last submitted amendments based on the evaluation and appraisal report pursuant to subsection (8).

 Furthermore,
 - (2) It is the intent of this section that:
- (a) Adopted comprehensive plans be reviewed through such evaluation process to respond to changes in state, regional, and local policies on planning and growth management and changing conditions and trends, to ensure effective intergovernmental coordination, and to identify major issues regarding the community's achievement of its goals.
- (b) After completion of the initial evaluation and appraisal report and any supporting plan amendments, each subsequent evaluation and appraisal report must evaluate the comprehensive plan in effect at the time of the initiation of the evaluation and appraisal report process.
- (c) Local governments identify the major issues, if applicable, with input from state agencies, regional agencies, adjacent local governments, and the public in the evaluation and appraisal report process. It is also the intent of this section to establish minimum requirements for information to ensure predictability, certainty, and integrity in the growth management process. The report is intended to serve as a summary audit of the actions that a local government has undertaken and

identify changes that it may need to make. The report should be based on the local government's analysis of major issues to further the community's goals consistent with statewide minimum standards. The report is not intended to require a comprehensive rewrite of the elements within the local plan, unless a local government chooses to do so.

- (3)(2) The report shall present an evaluation and assessment of the comprehensive plan and the local government is encouraged to include shall contain appropriate statements to update the comprehensive plan, including, but not limited to, words, maps, illustrations, or other media, related to:
- (a) Population growth and changes in land area, including annexation, since the adoption of the original plan or the most recent update amendments.
 - (b) The extent of vacant and developable land.
- (c) The financial feasibility of implementing the comprehensive plan and of providing needed infrastructure to achieve and maintain adopted level-of-service standards and sustain concurrency management systems through the capital improvements element, as well as the ability to address infrastructure backlogs and meet the demands of growth on public services and facilities.
- (d) The location of existing development in relation to the location of development as anticipated in the original plan, or in the plan as amended by the most recent evaluation and appraisal report update amendments, such as within areas designated for urban growth.
- (e) An identification of the major issues for the jurisdiction and, where pertinent, the potential social,

economic, and environmental impacts.

- (f) Relevant changes to the state comprehensive plan, the requirements of this part, the minimum criteria contained in chapter 9J-5, Florida Administrative Code, and the appropriate strategic regional policy plan since the adoption of the original plan or the most recent evaluation and appraisal report update amendments.
- (g) An assessment of whether the plan objectives within each element, as they relate to major issues, have been achieved. The report shall include, as appropriate, an identification as to whether unforeseen or unanticipated changes in circumstances have resulted in problems or opportunities with respect to major issues identified in each element and the social, economic, and environmental impacts of the issue.
- (h) A brief assessment of successes and shortcomings related to each element of the plan.
- (i) The identification of any actions or corrective measures, including whether plan amendments are anticipated to address the major issues identified and analyzed in the report. Such identification shall include, as appropriate, new population projections, new revised planning timeframes, a revised future conditions map or map series, an updated capital improvements element, and any new and revised goals, objectives, and policies for major issues identified within each element. This paragraph shall not require the submittal of the plan amendments with the evaluation and appraisal report.
- (j) A summary of the public participation program and activities undertaken by the local government in preparing the report.

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- (k) The coordination of the comprehensive plan with existing public schools and those identified in the applicable educational facilities plan adopted pursuant to s. 1013.35. The assessment shall address, where relevant, the success or failure of the coordination of the future land use map and associated planned residential development with public schools and their capacities, as well as the joint decisionmaking processes engaged in by the local government and the school board in regard to establishing appropriate population projections and the planning and siting of public school facilities. For those counties or municipalities that do not have a public schools interlocal agreement or public school facilities element, the assessment shall determine whether the local government continues to meet the criteria of s. 163.3177(12). If the county or municipality determines that it no longer meets the criteria, it must adopt appropriate school concurrency goals, objectives, and policies in its plan amendments pursuant to the requirements of the public school facilities element, and enter into the existing interlocal agreement required by ss. 163.3177(6)(h)2. and 163.31777 in order to fully participate in the school concurrency system.
- (1) The extent to which the local government has been successful in identifying alternative water supply projects and traditional water supply projects, including conservation and reuse, necessary to meet the water needs identified in s. 373.709(2)(a) within the local government's jurisdiction. The report must evaluate the degree to which the local government has implemented the work plan for building public, private, and regional water supply facilities, including development of

alternative water supplies, identified in the element as necessary to serve existing and new development.

- (m) If any of the jurisdiction of the local government is located within the coastal high-hazard area, an evaluation of whether any past reduction in land use density impairs the property rights of current residents when redevelopment occurs, including, but not limited to, redevelopment following a natural disaster. The property rights of current residents shall be balanced with public safety considerations. The local government must identify strategies to address redevelopment feasibility and the property rights of affected residents. These strategies may include the authorization of redevelopment up to the actual built density in existence on the property prior to the natural disaster or redevelopment.
- (n) An assessment of whether the criteria adopted pursuant to s. 163.3177(6)(a) were successful in achieving compatibility with military installations.
- (o) The extent to which a concurrency exception area designated pursuant to s. 163.3180(5), a concurrency management area designated pursuant to s. 163.3180(7), or a multimodal transportation district designated pursuant to s. 163.3180(15) has achieved the purpose for which it was created and otherwise complies with the provisions of s. 163.3180.
- (p) An assessment of the extent to which changes are needed to develop a common methodology for measuring impacts on transportation facilities for the purpose of implementing its concurrency management system in coordination with the municipalities and counties, as appropriate pursuant to s. 163.3180(10).

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(4)(3) Voluntary scoping meetings may be conducted by each local government or several local governments within the same county that agree to meet together. Joint meetings among all local governments in a county are encouraged. All scoping meetings shall be completed at least 1 year prior to the established adoption date of the report. The purpose of the meetings shall be to distribute data and resources available to assist in the preparation of the report, to provide input on major issues in each community that should be addressed in the report, and to advise on the extent of the effort for the components of subsection (3)(2). If scoping meetings are held, the local government is encouraged to shall invite each state and regional reviewing agency, as well as adjacent and other affected local governments. A preliminary list of new data and major issues that have emerged since the adoption of the original plan, or the most recent evaluation and appraisal report-based update amendments, should be developed by state and regional entities and involved local governments for distribution at the scoping meeting. For purposes of this subsection, a "scoping meeting" is a meeting conducted to determine the scope of review of the evaluation and appraisal report by parties to which the report relates.

(5)(4) The local planning agency shall prepare the evaluation and appraisal report and shall make recommendations to the governing body regarding adoption of the proposed report. The local planning agency shall prepare the report in conformity with its public participation procedures adopted as required by s. 163.3181. To further public participation in the evaluation and appraisal process During the preparation of the proposed

report and prior to making any recommendation to the governing body, the local planning agency shall hold at least one public hearing, with public notice, on the proposed report. At a minimum, the format and content of the proposed report shall include a table of contents; numbered pages; element headings; section headings within elements; a list of included tables, maps, and figures; a title and sources for all included tables; a preparation date; and the name of the preparer. Where applicable, maps shall include major natural and artificial geographic features; city, county, and state lines; and a legend indicating a north arrow, map scale, and the date.

(5) Ninety days prior to the scheduled adoption date, the local government may provide a proposed evaluation and appraisal report to the state land planning agency and distribute copies to state and regional commenting agencies as prescribed by rule, adjacent jurisdictions, and interested citizens for review. All review comments, including comments by the state land planning agency, shall be transmitted to the local government and state land planning agency within 30 days after receipt of the proposed report.

(6) The governing body, after considering the review comments and recommended changes, if any, shall adopt the evaluation and appraisal report by resolution or ordinance at a public hearing with public notice. The governing body shall adopt the report in conformity with its public participation procedures adopted as required by s. 163.3181. The local government shall submit to the state land planning agency three copies of the report, a transmittal letter indicating the dates of public hearings, and a copy of the adoption resolution or

ordinance. The local government shall provide a copy of the report to the reviewing agencies which provided comments for the proposed report, or to all the reviewing agencies if a proposed report was not provided pursuant to subsection (5), including the adjacent local governments. Within 60 days after receipt, the state land planning agency shall review the adopted report and make a preliminary sufficiency determination that shall be forwarded by the agency to the local government for its consideration. The state land planning agency shall issue a final sufficiency determination within 90 days after receipt of the adopted evaluation and appraisal report.

(6)(7) The intent of the evaluation and appraisal process is the preparation of a plan update that clearly and concisely achieves the purpose of this section. The evaluation and appraisal report shall be submitted as data and analysis in support of the evaluation and appraisal report based amendments. Toward this end, the sufficiency review of the state land planning agency shall concentrate on whether the evaluation and appraisal report sufficiently fulfills the components of subsection (2). If the state land planning agency determines that the report is insufficient, the governing body shall adopt a revision of the report and submit the revised report for review pursuant to subsection (6).

(8) The state land planning agency may delegate the review of evaluation and appraisal reports, including all state land planning agency duties under subsections (4)-(7), to the appropriate regional planning council. When the review has been delegated to a regional planning council, any local government in the region may elect to have its report reviewed by the

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regional planning council rather than the state land planning agency. The state land planning agency shall by agreement provide for uniform and adequate review of reports and shall retain oversight for any delegation of review to a regional planning council.

(7) The state land planning agency may establish a phased schedule for adoption of evaluation and appraisal report based amendments reports. The schedule shall provide each local government at least 7 years from plan adoption or last established adoption date for evaluation and appraisal report based amendments a report and shall allot approximately oneseventh of the reports to any 1 year. In order to allow the municipalities to use data and analyses gathered by the counties, the state land planning agency shall schedule municipal evaluation and appraisal report based amendment report adoption dates between 1 year and 18 months later than the evaluation and appraisal report based am<u>endment</u> report adoption date for the county in which those municipalities are located. A local government may adopt its report no earlier than 90 days prior to the established adoption date. Small municipalities which were scheduled by chapter 9J-33, Florida Administrative Code, to adopt their evaluation and appraisal report after February 2, 1999, shall be rescheduled to adopt their report together with the other municipalities in their county as provided in this subsection.

(8) (10) The governing body shall amend its comprehensive plan based on the recommendations in the report and shall update the comprehensive plan based on the components of subsection (3) (2), pursuant to the provisions of ss. 163.3184, 163.3187,

1132 and 163.3189. Amendments to update a comprehensive plan based on 1133 the evaluation and appraisal report shall be adopted during a 1134 single amendment cycle within the time period established by the 1135 state land planning agency's schedule authorized in subsection 1136 (7) 18 months after the report is determined to be sufficient by 1137 the state land planning agency, except the state land planning 1138 agency may grant an extension for adoption of a portion of such 1139 amendments. The state land planning agency may grant a 6-month extension for the adoption of such amendments if the request is 1140 1141 justified by good and sufficient cause as determined by the agency. An additional extension may also be granted if the 1142 1143 request will result in greater coordination between 1144 transportation and land use, for the purposes of improving 1145 Florida's transportation system, as determined by the agency in 1146 coordination with the Metropolitan Planning Organization 1147 program. Except for local governments exempted from preparing 1148 evaluation and appraisal reports pursuant to subsection (1), beginning July 1, 2006, failure to timely adopt and transmit 1149 update amendments to the comprehensive plan based on the 1150 1151 evaluation and appraisal report shall result in a local government being prohibited from adopting amendments to the 1152 1153 comprehensive plan until the evaluation and appraisal report 1154 update amendments have been adopted and transmitted to the state land planning agency. The prohibition on plan amendments shall 1155 1156 commence when the update amendments to the comprehensive plan 1157 are past due. The comprehensive plan as amended shall be in compliance as defined in s. 163.3184(1)(b). Within 6 months 1158 1159 after the effective date of the update amendments to the 1160 comprehensive plan, the local government shall provide to the

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state land planning agency and to all agencies designated by rule a complete copy of the updated comprehensive plan.

(9)(11) The Administration Commission may impose the sanctions provided by s. 163.3184(11) against any local government that fails to adopt and submit a report, or that fails to implement its report through timely and sufficient amendments to its local plan, except for reasons of excusable delay or valid planning reasons agreed to by the state land planning agency or found present by the Administration Commission. Sanctions for untimely or insufficient plan amendments shall be prospective only and shall begin after a final order has been issued by the Administration Commission and a reasonable period of time has been allowed for the local government to comply with an adverse determination by the Administration Commission through adoption of plan amendments that are in compliance. The state land planning agency may initiate, and an affected person may intervene in, such a proceeding by filing a petition with the Division of Administrative Hearings, which shall appoint an administrative law judge and conduct a hearing pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57(1) and shall submit a recommended order to the Administration Commission. The affected local government shall be a party to any such proceeding. The commission may implement this subsection by rule.

(10) (12) The state land planning agency may shall not adopt rules to implement this section, other than procedural rules.

(13) The state land planning agency shall regularly review the evaluation and appraisal report process and submit a report to the Governor, the Administration Commission, the Speaker of

the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, and the respective community affairs committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives. The first report shall be submitted by December 31, 2004, and subsequent reports shall be submitted every 5 years thereafter. At least 9 months before the due date of each report, the Secretary of Community Affairs shall appoint a technical committee of at least 15 members to assist in the preparation of the report. The membership of the technical committee shall consist of representatives of local governments, regional planning councils, the private sector, and environmental organizations. The report shall assess the effectiveness of the evaluation and appraisal report process.

(11)(14) The requirement of subsection (8)(10) prohibiting a local government from adopting amendments to the local comprehensive plan until the evaluation and appraisal report update amendments have been adopted and transmitted to the state land planning agency does not apply to a plan amendment proposed for adoption by the appropriate local government as defined in s. 163.3178(2)(k) in order to integrate a port comprehensive master plan with the coastal management element of the local comprehensive plan as required by s. 163.3178(2)(k) if the port comprehensive master plan or the proposed plan amendment does not cause or contribute to the failure of the local government to comply with the requirements of the this section evaluation and appraisal report.

Section 16. Section 163.3245, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 163.3245 Optional Sector plans.
- (1) In recognition of the benefits of conceptual long-range

1219 planning for the buildout of an area, and detailed planning for 1220 specific areas, as a demonstration project, the requirements of s. 380.06 may be addressed as identified by this section for up 1221 1222 to five local governments or combinations of local governments 1223 may which adopt into their the comprehensive plans a plan an optional sector plan in accordance with this section. This 1224 1225 section is intended to promote and encourage long-term planning for conservation, development, and agriculture on a landscape 1226 1227 scale; to further the intent of s. 163.3177(11), which supports 1228 innovative and flexible planning and development strategies, and the purposes of this part, and part I of chapter 380, to 1229 facilitate protection of regionally significant water courses 1230 1231 and wildlife corridors; and to avoid duplication of effort in 1232 terms of the level of data and analysis required for a 1233 development of regional impact, while ensuring the adequate 1234 mitigation of impacts to applicable regional resources and 1235 facilities, including those within the jurisdiction of other 1236 local governments, as would otherwise be provided. Optional Sector plans are intended for substantial geographic areas that 1237 1238 include including at least 15,000 5,000 acres of one or more local governmental jurisdictions and are to emphasize urban form 1239 1240 and protection of regionally significant resources and public facilities. The state land planning agency may approve optional 1241 sector plans of less than 5,000 acres based on local 1242 1243 circumstances if it is determined that the plan would further the purposes of this part and part I of chapter 380. Preparation 1244 1245 of an optional sector plan is authorized by agreement between 1246 the state land planning agency and the applicable local governments under s. 163.3171(4). An optional sector plan may be 1247

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adopted through one or more comprehensive plan amendments under s. 163.3184. However, an optional \underline{A} sector plan may not be adopted authorized in an area of critical state concern.

(2) Upon the request of a local government having jurisdiction, The state land planning agency may enter into an agreement to authorize preparation of an optional sector plan upon the request of one or more local governments based on consideration of problems and opportunities presented by existing development trends; the effectiveness of current comprehensive plan provisions; the potential to further the state comprehensive plan, applicable strategic regional policy plans, this part, and part I of chapter 380; and those factors identified by s. 163.3177(10)(i). the applicable regional planning council shall conduct a scoping meeting with affected local governments and those agencies identified in s. 163.3184(4) before preparation of the sector plan execution of the agreement authorized by this section. The purpose of this meeting is to assist the state land planning agency and the local government in the identification of the relevant planning issues to be addressed and the data and resources available to assist in the preparation of the sector plan. If a scoping meeting is conducted, subsequent plan amendments. the regional planning council shall make written recommendations to the state land planning agency and affected local governments, on the issues requested by the local government. The scoping meeting shall be noticed and open to the public. If the entire planning area proposed for the sector plan is within the jurisdiction of two or more local governments, some or all of them may enter into a joint planning agreement pursuant to s. 163.3171 with

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respect to including whether a sustainable sector plan would be appropriate. The agreement must define the geographic area to be subject to the sector plan, the planning issues that will be emphasized, procedures requirements for intergovernmental coordination to address extrajurisdictional impacts, supporting application materials including data and analysis, and procedures for public participation, or other issues. An agreement may address previously adopted sector plans that are consistent with the standards in this section. Before executing an agreement under this subsection, the local government shall hold a duly noticed public workshop to review and explain to the public the optional sector planning process and the terms and conditions of the proposed agreement. The local government shall hold a duly noticed public hearing to execute the agreement. All meetings between the department and the local government must be open to the public.

- adoption <u>pursuant to under</u> s. 163.3184 of a <u>conceptual</u> long-term <u>master plan for the entire planning area as part of the comprehensive plan; and adoption by local development order of two or more buildout overlay to the comprehensive plan, having no immediate effect on the issuance of development orders or the applicability of s. 380.06, and adoption under s. 163.3184 of detailed specific area plans that implement the <u>conceptual</u> long-term <u>master plan</u> <u>buildout overlay and authorize issuance of development orders</u>, and within which s. 380.06 is waived. Until such time as a detailed specific area plan is adopted, the underlying future land use designations apply.</u>
 - (a) In addition to the other requirements of this chapter,

- a <u>long-term master plan pursuant to this section</u> conceptual long-term buildout overlay must include <u>maps</u>, illustrations, and text supported by data and analysis to address the following:
 - 1. A long range conceptual framework map that:
- <u>a.</u> At a minimum, generally depicts identifies anticipated areas of urban, agricultural, rural, and conservation land use:

 and
- b. Identifies allowed uses in various parts of the planning area, specifies maximum and minimum densities and intensities of use, and provides the conceptual framework for the development pattern in developed areas with graphic illustrations based on a hierarchy of places and functional place-making components.
- 2. A general identification of the water supplies needed and available sources of water, including water resource development and water supply development projects, and water conservation measures needed to meet the projected demand of the future land uses in the long-term master plan.
- 3. A general identification of the transportation facilities to serve the future land uses in the long-term master plan, including guidelines to be used to establish each modal component intended to optimize mobility.
- 4.2. A general identification of other regionally significant public facilities consistent with chapter 9J-2, Florida Administrative Code, irrespective of local governmental jurisdiction necessary to support buildout of the anticipated future land uses, which may include central utilities provided on-site within the planning area, and policies setting forth the procedures to be used to mitigate the impacts of future land uses on public facilities.

5.3. A general identification of regionally significant natural resources within the planning area and policies setting forth the procedures for protection or conservation of specific resources consistent with the overall conservation and development strategy for the planning area consistent with chapter 9J-2, Florida Administrative Code.

6.4. General principles and guidelines addressing that address the urban form and the interrelationships of anticipated future land uses, the protection and, as appropriate, restoration and management of lands identified for permanent preservation, and a discussion, at the applicant's option, of the extent, if any, to which the plan will address restoring key ecosystems, achieving a more clean, healthy environment, limiting urban sprawl, providing a range of housing types, protecting wildlife and natural areas, advancing the efficient use of land and other resources, and creating quality communities of a design that promotes travel by multiple transportation modes, and enhancing the prospects for the creation of jobs.

7.5. Identification of general procedures <u>and policies</u> to <u>facilitate</u> <u>ensure</u> intergovernmental coordination to address extrajurisdictional impacts from the <u>future land uses</u> <u>long range</u> <u>conceptual framework map</u>.

A long-term master plan adopted pursuant to this section must be based upon a planning period longer than the generally applicable planning period of the local comprehensive plan, must specify the projected population within the planning area during the chosen planning period, and may include a phasing or staging

schedule that allocates a portion of the local government's future growth to the planning area through the planning period.

A long-term master plan adopted pursuant to this section is not required to demonstrate need based upon projected population growth or on any other basis.

- (b) In addition to the other requirements of this chapter, including those in paragraph (a), the detailed specific area plans shall be consistent with the long-term master plan and must include conditions and commitments that provide for:
- 1. Development or conservation of an area of adequate size to accommodate a level of development which achieves a functional relationship between a full range of land uses within the area and to encompass at least 1,000 acres consistent with the long-term master plan. The local government state land planning agency may approve detailed specific area plans of less than 1,000 acres based on local circumstances if it is determined that the detailed specific area plan furthers the purposes of this part and part I of chapter 380.
- 2. Detailed identification and analysis of the <u>maximum and minimum densities and intensities of use</u>, and the distribution, extent, and location of future land uses.
- 3. Detailed identification of water resource development and water supply development projects and related infrastructure, and water conservation measures to address water needs of development in the detailed specific area plan.
- 4. Detailed identification of the transportation facilities to serve the future land uses in the detailed specific area plan.
 - 5. Detailed identification of other regionally significant

public facilities, including public facilities outside the jurisdiction of the host local government, anticipated impacts of future land uses on those facilities, and required improvements consistent with the long-term master plan chapter 9J-2, Florida Administrative Code.

- <u>6.4.</u> Public facilities necessary to serve development in the detailed specific area plan for the short term, including developer contributions in a financially feasible 5-year capital improvement schedule of the affected local government.
- 7.5. Detailed analysis and identification of specific measures to assure the protection or conservation of lands identified in the long-term master plan to be permanently preserved and, as appropriate, restored or managed, of regionally significant natural resources and other important resources both within and outside the host jurisdiction, including those regionally significant resources identified in chapter 9J-2, Florida Administrative Code.
- 8.6. Detailed principles and guidelines addressing that address the urban form and the interrelationships of anticipated future land uses; and a discussion, at the applicant's option, of the extent, if any, to which the plan will address restoring key ecosystems, achieving a more clean, healthy environment; limiting urban sprawl; providing a range of housing types; protecting wildlife and natural areas; advancing the efficient use of land and other resources; and creating quality communities of a design that promotes travel by multiple transportation modes; and enhancing the prospects for the creation of jobs.
 - 9.7. Identification of specific procedures to <u>facilitate</u>

ensure intergovernmental coordination to address extrajurisdictional impacts <u>from</u> of the detailed specific area plan.

- A detailed specific area plan adopted by local development order pursuant to this section may be based upon a planning period longer than the generally applicable planning period of the local comprehensive plan and must specify the projected population within the specific planning area during the chosen planning period. A detailed specific area plan adopted pursuant to this section is not required to demonstrate need based upon projected population growth or on any other basis.
- (c) In its review of a long-term master plan, the state land planning agency shall consult with the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Department of Environmental Protection, the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, and the applicable water management district regarding the design of areas for protection and conservation of regionally significant natural resources and for the protection and, as appropriate, restoration and management of lands identified for permanent preservation.
- (d) The state land planning agency may initiate a civil action pursuant to s. 163.3215 with respect to a detailed specific area plan that is not consistent with a long-term master plan adopted pursuant to this section. For purposes of such a proceeding, the state land planning agency shall be deemed an aggrieved and adversely affected party. Regardless of whether the local government has adopted an ordinance that establishes a local process which meets the requirements of s.

163.3215(4), judicial review of a detailed specific area plan initiated by the state land planning agency shall be de novo pursuant to s. 163.3215(3) and not by petition for writ of certiorari pursuant to s. 163.3215(4). Any other aggrieved or adversely affected party is subject to s. 163.3215 in all respects when initiating a consistency challenge to a detailed specific area plan.

- (e) This subsection does may not be construed to prevent preparation and approval of the optional sector plan and detailed specific area plan concurrently or in the same submission.
- (4) Upon the long-term master plan becoming legally effective:
- (a) Any long-range transportation plan developed by a metropolitan planning organization pursuant to s. 339.175(7) shall be consistent, to the maximum extent feasible, with the long-term master plan, including but not limited to the projected population, the approved uses and densities and intensities of use and their distribution within the planning area; and the transportation facilities identified in adopted plans pursuant to subparagraphs (3)(a)3. And (3)(b)4.
- (b) The water needs, sources and water resource development and water supply development projects identified in adopted plans pursuant to sub-subparagraphs (3)(a)2. and (3)(b)3. shall be incorporated into the applicable district and regional water supply plans adopted in accordance with ss. 373.036 and 373.709. Accordingly, and notwithstanding the permit durations stated in s. 373.236, an applicant may request and the applicable district may issue consumptive use permits for durations commensurate

with the long-term master plan. The permitting criteria in s. 373.223 shall be applied based upon the projected population, the approved densities and intensities of use and their distribution in the long-term master plan. The host local government shall submit a monitoring report to the state land planning agency and applicable regional planning council on an annual basis after adoption of a detailed specific area plan. The annual monitoring report must provide summarized information on development orders issued, development that has occurred, public facility improvements made, and public facility improvements anticipated over the upcoming 5 years.

- (5) When a plan amendment adopting a detailed specific area plan has become effective for a portion of the planning area governed by a long-term master plan adopted pursuant to this section under ss. 163.3184 and 163.3189(2), the provisions of s. 380.06 do not apply to development within the geographic area of the detailed specific area plan. However, any development-of-regional-impact development order that is vested from the detailed specific area plan may be enforced pursuant to under s. 380.11.
- (a) The local government adopting the detailed specific area plan is primarily responsible for monitoring and enforcing the detailed specific area plan. Local governments shall not issue any permits or approvals or provide any extensions of services to development which that are not consistent with the detailed sector area plan.
- (b) If the state land planning agency has reason to believe that a violation of any detailed specific area plan, or of any agreement entered into under this section, has occurred or is

about to occur, it may institute an administrative or judicial proceeding to prevent, abate, or control the conditions or activity creating the violation, using the procedures in s. 380.11.

- (c) In instituting an administrative or judicial proceeding involving \underline{a} an optional sector plan or detailed specific area plan, including a proceeding pursuant to paragraph (b), the complaining party shall comply with the requirements of s. 163.3215(4), (5), (6), and (7), except as provided in paragraph (3)(d).
- (d) The detailed specific area plan must establish a buildout date until which the approved development is not subject to downzoning, unit density reduction, or intensity reduction, unless the local government can demonstrate that implementation of the plan is not continuing in good faith based on standards established by plan policy, or that substantial changes in the conditions underlying the approval of the detailed specific area plan have occurred, or that the detailed specific area plan was based on substantially inaccurate information provided by the applicant, or that the change is clearly established to be essential to the public health, safety, or welfare.
- (6) Concurrent with or subsequent to review and adoption of a long-term master plan pursuant to subsection (3)(a), an applicant may apply for master development approval pursuant to s. 380.06(21) for the entire planning area in order to establish a buildout date until which the approved uses and densities and intensities of use of the master plan are not subject to downzoning, unit density reduction, or intensity reduction,

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unless the local government can demonstrate that implementation of the master plan is not continuing in good faith based on standards established by plan policy, or that substantial changes in the conditions underlying the approval of the master plan have occurred, or that the master plan was based on substantially inaccurate information provided by the applicant, or that change is clearly established to be essential to the public health, safety, or welfare. Review of the application for master development approval shall be at a level of detail appropriate for the long-term and conceptual nature of the longterm master plan and, to the maximum extent possible, shall only consider information provided in the application for a long-term master plan. Notwithstanding any provision of s. 380.06 to the contrary, an increment of development in such an approved master development plan shall be approved by a detailed specific area plan pursuant to subsection (3)(b) and is exempt from review pursuant to s 380.06. Beginning December 1, 1999, and each year thereafter, the department shall provide a status report to the Legislative Committee on Intergovernmental Relations regarding each optional sector plan authorized under this section.

(7) A developer within an area subject to a long-term master plan that meets the requirements of paragraph (3)(a) and subsection (6) or a detailed specific area plan that meets the requirements of paragraph (3)(b) may enter into a development agreement with a local government pursuant to ss. 163.3220-163.3243. The duration of such a development agreement may be through the planning period of the long-term master plan or the detailed specific area plan, as the case may be, notwithstanding the limit on the duration of a development agreement pursuant to

1567 s. 163.3229.

- (8) Any owner of property within the planning area of a proposed long-term master plan may withdraw his consent to the master plan at any time prior to local government adoption, and the local government shall exclude such parcels from the adopted master plan. Thereafter, the long-term master plan, any detailed specific area plan, and the exemption from development-of-regional-impact review under this section do not apply to the subject parcels. After adoption of a long-term master plan, an owner may withdraw his or her property from the master plan only with the approval of the local government by plan amendment.
- (9) The adoption of a long-term master plan or a detailed specific area plan pursuant to this section shall not limit the right to continue existing agricultural or silvicultural uses or other natural resource-based operations or to establish similar new uses that are consistent with the plans approved pursuant to this section.
- (10) Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary of s. 380.06; chapter 163, part II; or any planning agreement or plan policy, a landowner or developer who has received approval of a master development of regional impact development order pursuant to s. 380.06(21) may apply to implement this order by filing one or more applications to approve a detailed specific area plan pursuant to paragraph (3)(b).
- (11) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, a detailed specific area plan to implement a conceptual long-term buildout overlay, adopted by a local government and found in compliance before July 1, 2011, shall be governed by the provisions of this section.

(12) This section may not be construed to abrogate the rights of any person under this chapter.

Section 17. Subsection (9) of section 163.3246, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.3246 Local government comprehensive planning certification program.—

- (9)(a) Upon certification all comprehensive plan amendments associated with the area certified must be adopted and reviewed in the manner described in ss. 163.3184(1), (2), (7), (14), (15), and (16) and 163.3187, such that state and regional agency review is eliminated. The department may not issue any objections, recommendations, and comments report on proposed plan amendments or a notice of intent on adopted plan amendments; however, affected persons, as defined by s. 163.3184(1)(a), may file a petition for administrative review pursuant to the requirements of s. 163.3187(3)(a) to challenge the compliance of an adopted plan amendment.
- (b) Plan amendments that change the boundaries of the certification area; propose a rural land stewardship area pursuant to s. 163.3177(11)(d); propose a an optional sector plan pursuant to s. 163.3245; propose a school facilities element; update a comprehensive plan based on an evaluation and appraisal report; impact lands outside the certification boundary; implement new statutory requirements that mandate require specific comprehensive plan amendments; or increase hurricane evacuation times or the need for shelter capacity on lands within the coastal high-hazard area shall be reviewed pursuant to ss. 163.3184 and 163.3187.

Section 18. Section 163.32465, Florida Statutes, is amended

to read:

163.32465 State review of local comprehensive plans in urban areas.—

- (1) LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS.-
- (a) The Legislature finds that local governments in this state have a wide diversity of resources, conditions, abilities, and needs. The Legislature also finds that comprehensive planning has been implemented throughout the state and that it is appropriate for local governments to have the primary role in planning for their growth. the needs and resources of urban areas are different from those of rural areas and that different planning and growth management approaches, strategies, and techniques are required in urban areas. The state role in overseeing growth management should reflect this diversity and should vary based on local government conditions, capabilities, needs, and extent of development. Thus, the Legislature recognizes and finds that reduced state oversight of local comprehensive planning is justified for some local governments in urban areas.
- (b) The Legislature finds and declares that this state's local governments with areas require a reduced level of state oversight because of their high degree of urbanization and the planning capabilities and resources of many of their local governments. An alternative state review process that is adequate to protect issues of regional or statewide importance should be created for appropriate local governments in these areas. Further, the Legislature finds that development, including urban infill and redevelopment, should be encouraged in these urban areas. The Legislature finds that an alternative

Accordingly, the process provided by this section for amending local comprehensive plans is in these areas should be established with the an objective of streamlining the process and recognizing local responsibility and accountability.

- (c) The Legislature finds a pilot program will be beneficial in evaluating an alternative, expedited plan amendment adoption and review process. Pilot local governments shall represent highly developed counties and the municipalities within these counties and highly populated municipalities.
- PROGRAM.—Pinellas and Broward Counties, and the municipalities within these counties, and Jacksonville, Miami, Tampa, and Hialeah shall follow an alternative state review process provided in this section. The process for amending a comprehensive plan described in this section is applicable statewide. Municipalities within the pilot counties may elect, by super majority vote of the governing body, not to participate in the pilot program. In addition to the pilot program jurisdictions, any local government may use the alternative state review process to designate an urban service area as defined in s. 163.3164(29) in its comprehensive plan.
- (3) PROCESS FOR ADOPTION OF COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AMENDMENTS UNDER THE PILOT PROGRAM.—
- (a) Plan amendments adopted by the <u>local governments</u> pilot program jurisdictions shall follow the alternate, are subject to the expedited process in subsections (4) and (5), except as set forth in paragraphs (b)-(e) of this subsection.
- (b) Amendments that qualify as small-scale development amendments may continue to be adopted by the pilot program

jurisdictions pursuant to s. 163.3187(1)(c) and (3).

- (c) Plan amendments that propose a rural land stewardship area pursuant to s. 163.3177(11)(d); propose an optional sector plan; update a comprehensive plan based on an evaluation and appraisal report; implement new statutory requirements; or new plans for newly incorporated municipalities are subject to state review as set forth in s. 163.3184.
- (d) <u>Local governments are</u> Pilot program jurisdictions shall be subject to the frequency and timing requirements for plan amendments set forth in ss. 163.3187 and 163.3191, except where otherwise stated in this section.
- (e) The mediation and expedited hearing provisions in s. 163.3189(3) apply to all plan amendments adopted <u>pursuant to</u> this section by the pilot program jurisdictions.
- (4) INITIAL HEARING ON COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AMENDMENT FOR PILOT PROGRAM.—
- (a) The local government shall hold its first public hearing on a comprehensive plan amendment on a weekday at least 7 days after the day the first advertisement is published pursuant to the requirements of chapter 125 or chapter 166. Upon an affirmative vote of not less than a majority of the members of the governing body present at the hearing, the local government shall immediately transmit the amendment or amendments and appropriate supporting data and analyses to the state land planning agency; the appropriate regional planning council and water management district; the Department of Environmental Protection; the Department of State; the Department of Transportation; in the case of municipal plans, to the appropriate county; the Fish and Wildlife Conservation

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Commission; the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; and in the case of amendments that include or impact the public school facilities element, the Office of Educational Facilities of the Commissioner of Education. The local governing body shall also transmit a copy of the amendments and supporting data and analyses to any other local government or governmental agency that has filed a written request with the governing body.

(b) The agencies and local governments specified in paragraph (a) may provide comments regarding the amendment or amendments to the local government. The regional planning council review and comment shall be limited to effects on regional resources or facilities identified in the strategic regional policy plan and extrajurisdictional impacts that would be inconsistent with the comprehensive plan of the affected local government. A regional planning council shall not review and comment on a proposed comprehensive plan amendment prepared by such council unless the plan amendment has been changed by the local government subsequent to the preparation of the plan amendment by the regional planning council. County comments on municipal comprehensive plan amendments shall be primarily in the context of the relationship and effect of the proposed plan amendments on the county plan. Municipal comments on county plan amendments shall be primarily in the context of the relationship and effect of the amendments on the municipal plan. State agency comments may include technical guidance on issues of agency jurisdiction as it relates to the requirements of this part. Such comments shall clearly identify issues that, if not resolved, may result in an agency challenge to the plan amendment. For the purposes of this pilot program, Agencies are

encouraged to focus potential challenges on issues of regional or statewide importance. Agencies and local governments must transmit their comments to the affected local government such that they are received by the local government not later than thirty days from the date on which the agency or government received the amendment or amendments.

- (5) ADOPTION OF COMPREHENSIVE PLAN AMENDMENT FOR PILOT
- (a) The local government shall hold its second public hearing, which shall be a hearing on whether to adopt one or more comprehensive plan amendments, on a weekday at least 5 days after the day the second advertisement is published pursuant to the requirements of chapter 125 or chapter 166. Adoption of comprehensive plan amendments must be by ordinance and requires an affirmative vote of a majority of the members of the governing body present at the second hearing.
- (b) All comprehensive plan amendments adopted by the governing body along with the supporting data and analysis shall be transmitted within 10 days of the second public hearing to the state land planning agency and any other agency or local government that provided timely comments under paragraph (4)(b).
- (6) ADMINISTRATIVE CHALLENGES TO PLAN AMENDMENTS FOR PILOT PROCRAM.—
- (a) Any "affected person" as defined in s. 163.3184(1)(a) may file a petition with the Division of Administrative Hearings pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57, with a copy served on the affected local government, to request a formal hearing to challenge whether the amendments are "in compliance" as defined in s. 163.3184(1)(b). This petition must be filed with the

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Division within 30 days after the local government adopts the amendment. The state land planning agency may intervene in a proceeding instituted by an affected person.

- (b) The state land planning agency may file a petition with the Division of Administrative Hearings pursuant to ss. 120.569 and 120.57, with a copy served on the affected local government, to request a formal hearing. This petition must be filed with the Division within 30 days after the state land planning agency notifies the local government that the plan amendment package is complete. For purposes of this section, an adopted amendment package shall be deemed complete if it contains a full, executed copy of the adoption ordinance or ordinances; in the case of a text amendment, a full copy of the amended language in legislative format with new words inserted in the text underlined, and words to be deleted lined through with hyphens; in the case of a future land use map amendment, a copy of the future land use map clearly depicting the parcel, its existing future land use designation, and its adopted designation; and a copy of any data and analyses the local government deems appropriate. The state land planning agency shall notify the local government of any deficiencies within 5 working days of receipt of an amendment package.
- (c) The state land planning agency's challenge shall be limited to those issues raised in the comments provided by the reviewing agencies pursuant to paragraph (4)(b). The state land planning agency may challenge a plan amendment that has substantially changed from the version on which the agencies provided comments. For the purposes of this pilot program, The Legislature strongly encourages the state land planning agency

to focus any challenge on issues of regional or statewide importance.

- (d) An administrative law judge shall hold a hearing in the affected local jurisdiction. The local government's determination that the amendment is "in compliance" is presumed to be correct and shall be sustained unless it is shown by a preponderance of the evidence that the amendment is not "in compliance."
- (e) If the administrative law judge recommends that the amendment be found not in compliance, the judge shall submit the recommended order to the Administration Commission for final agency action. The Administration Commission shall enter a final order within 45 days after its receipt of the recommended order.
- (f) If the administrative law judge recommends that the amendment be found in compliance, the judge shall submit the recommended order to the state land planning agency.
- 1. If the state land planning agency determines that the plan amendment should be found not in compliance, the agency shall refer, within 30 days of receipt of the recommended order, the recommended order and its determination to the Administration Commission for final agency action. If the commission determines that the amendment is not in compliance, it may sanction the local government as set forth in s. 163.3184(11).
- 2. If the state land planning agency determines that the plan amendment should be found in compliance, the agency shall enter its final order not later than 30 days from receipt of the recommended order.
 - (g) An amendment adopted under the expedited provisions of

this section shall not become effective until 31 days after adoption. If timely challenged, an amendment shall not become effective until the state land planning agency or the Administration Commission enters a final order determining the adopted amendment to be in compliance.

- (h) Parties to a proceeding under this section may enter into compliance agreements using the process in s. 163.3184(16). Any remedial amendment adopted pursuant to a settlement agreement shall be provided to the agencies and governments listed in paragraph (4)(a).
- (7) APPLICABILITY OF PILOT PROGRAM IN CERTAIN LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.—Local governments and specific areas that have been designated for alternate review process pursuant to ss. 163.3246 and 163.3184(17) and (18) are not subject to this section.
- (8) RULEMAKING AUTHORITY FOR PILOT PROGRAM.—Agencies shall not promulgate rules to implement this pilot program.
- (9) REPORT.—The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 1, 2008, a report and recommendations for implementing a statewide program that addresses the legislative findings in subsection (1) in areas that meet urban criteria. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability in consultation with the state land planning agency shall develop the report and recommendations with input from other state and regional agencies, local governments, and interest groups. Additionally, the office shall review local and state actions and correspondence relating to the pilot program to identify issues

of process and substance in recommending changes to the pilot program. At a minimum, the report and recommendations shall include the following:

- (a) Identification of local governments beyond those participating in the pilot program that should be subject to the alternative expedited state review process. The report may recommend that pilot program local governments may no longer be appropriate for such alternative review process.
- (b) Changes to the alternative expedited state review process for local comprehensive plan amendments identified in the pilot program.
- (c) Criteria for determining issues of regional or statewide importance that are to be protected in the alternative state review process.
- (d) In preparing the report and recommendations, the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall consult with the state land planning agency, the Department of Transportation, the Department of Environmental Protection, and the regional planning agencies in identifying highly developed local governments to participate in the alternative expedited state review process. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Governmental Accountability shall also solicit citizen input in the potentially affected areas and consult with the affected local governments and stakeholder groups.

Section 19. Section 288.048, Florida Statutes, is created to read:

288.048 Incumbent worker training for economic development.—

(1) The Incumbent Worker Training Program is created within

 Jobs Florida for the purpose of providing grant funding for continuing education and training of incumbent employees at existing Florida businesses. The program will provide reimbursement grants to businesses that pay for preapproved, direct, training-related costs.

- (2) The Incumbent Worker Training Program is administered by Jobs Florida in conjunction with Workforce Florida, Inc. Jobs Florida, at its discretion, may contract with a private business organization to serve as the grant administrator.
- (3) To be eligible for the program's grant funding, a business must have been in operation in this state for at least 1 year before applying for grant funding; have at least one full-time employee; demonstrate financial viability; and be current on all state tax obligations. Priority for funding shall be given to businesses having 25 or fewer employees, businesses in rural areas, businesses in distressed inner-city areas, businesses in a qualified targeted industry, businesses whose grant proposals represent a significant upgrade in employee skills, or businesses whose grant proposals represent a significant layoff avoidance strategy.
- (4) All costs reimbursed by the program must be preapproved by Jobs Florida or the grant administrator. The program will not reimburse businesses for trainee wages, the purchase of capital equipment, or the purchase of any item or service that may be used outside the training project. A business approved for a grant may be reimbursed for preapproved, direct, training-related costs including tuition, fees, books and training materials, and overhead or indirect costs not to exceed 5 percent of the grant amount.

- (5) A business that is selected to receive grant funding must provide a matching contribution to the training project, including, but not limited to, wages paid to trainees or the purchase of capital equipment used in the training project; must sign an agreement with Jobs Florida or the grant administrator to complete the training project as proposed in the application; must keep accurate records of the project's implementation process; and must submit monthly or quarterly reimbursement requests with required documentation.
- (6) All Incumbent Worker Training Program grant projects shall be performance-based with specific measurable performance outcomes, including completion of the training project and job retention. Jobs Florida or the grant administrator shall withhold the final payment to the grantee until a final grant report is submitted and all performance criteria specified in the grant contract have been achieved.
- (7) Jobs Florida may establish guidelines, in conjunction with Workforce Florida, Inc., necessary to implement the Incumbent Worker Training Program.
- (8) No more than 10 percent of the Incumbent Worker

 Training Program's total appropriation may be used for overhead or indirect purposes. Federal funds available for the program are limited as set forth in s. 443.003(3).
- Section 20. Section 288.061, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 288.061 Economic development incentive application process.—
- (1) Within 10 business days after receiving a submitted economic development incentive application, the commissioner of

Jobs Florida and designated staff of Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall review the application and inform the applicant business whether or not its application is complete, whether and what type of state and local permits may be necessary for the applicant's project, whether it is possible to waive such permits, and what state incentives and amounts of such incentives may be available to the applicant. Within 10 business days after the application is deemed complete, Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall evaluate the application and recommend approval or disapproval of the application to the director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development. In recommending an applicant business for approval, Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall include in its evaluation a recommended grant award amount and a review of the applicant's ability to meet specific program criteria.

- (2) Within 14 business 10 calendar days after the initial review and communication with the applicant, the commissioner shall the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development receives the evaluation and recommendation from Enterprise Florida, Inc., the Office shall notify Enterprise Florida, Inc., whether or not the application is reviewable. Within 22 calendar days after the Office receives the recommendation from Enterprise Florida, Inc., the director of the Office shall review the application and issue a letter of certification to the applicant that approves or disapproves an applicant business and includes a justification of that decision, unless the business requests an extension of that time.
- (a) The <u>commissioner's</u> final order <u>or agreement with the applicant</u> shall specify the total amount of the award, the

performance conditions that must be met to obtain the award, and the schedule for payment. The commissioner may enter into one agreement or issue one final order covering all of the state incentives that are being provided to the applicant.

(b) The release of funds for the incentive or incentives awarded to the applicant depends upon the statutory requirements of the particular incentive program.

Section 21. Section 288.095, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.095 Economic Development Trust Fund: incentives account; uses.—

- (1) The Economic Development Trust Fund is created within Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development. Moneys deposited into the fund must be used only to support the authorized activities and operations of Jobs Florida the Office.
- (2) There is created, within the Economic Development Trust Fund, the Economic Development Incentives Account. The Economic Development Incentives Account consists of moneys appropriated to the account for purposes of the economic development tax incentives programs authorized under ess.288.047, 288.048, 288.1045, 288.106, 288.1088, and 288.1045 and local financial support provided under ess.288.1045 and 288.106, Moneys in the Economic Development Incentives Account shall be subject to the provisions of ess.216.301(1)(a).
- (3)(a) Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may approve applications for certification or requests for participation pursuant to ss. 288.047, 288.048,

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288.063, 288.1045(3),288.016, 288.107, 288.108, 288.1088, and 288.1089 ss. 288.1045(3) and 288.106. However, the total state share of incentive program tax refund payments scheduled in all active certifications or approved requests for fiscal year 2001—2002 may not exceed \$30 million. The total for each subsequent fiscal year may not exceed \$35 million. Federal funds set aside for the incumbent worker training program under s. 288.048 may not be used for any other purpose.

(b) The total amount of tax refund or other program claims approved for payment by Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development based on actual project performance may not exceed the amount appropriated to the Economic Development Incentives Account for such purposes for the fiscal year. Claims for tax refunds or other payments under ss. 288.047, 288.048, 288.063, 288.1045, 288.106, 288.107, 288.108, 288.1088, and 288.1089, ss. 288.1045 and 288.106 shall be paid in the order the claims are approved by Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development. In the event the Legislature does not appropriate an amount sufficient to satisfy the tax refunds or other payments under ss. 288.047, 288.048, 288.063, 288.1045, 288.106, 288.107, 288.108, 288.1088, and 288.1089, ss. 288.1045 and 288.106 in a fiscal year, Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall pay the tax refunds or other payments from the appropriation for the following fiscal year. By March 1 of each year, Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall notify the legislative appropriations committees of the Senate and House of Representatives of any anticipated shortfall in the amount of funds needed to satisfy

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claims for tax refunds from the appropriation for the current fiscal year.

(c) By December 31 of each year, Jobs Florida Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall submit a complete and detailed annual report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on the state's economic development incentive programs, and the director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development of all applications received, recommendations made to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, final decisions issued, tax refund agreements executed, and tax refunds paid or other payments made under all programs funded out of the Economic Development Incentives Account, including analyses of benefits and costs, types of projects supported, and employment and investment created. Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall also include a separate analysis of the impact of such tax refunds on state enterprise zones designated pursuant to s. 290.0065, rural communities, brownfield areas, and distressed urban communities. The report must also discuss the efforts made by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to amend tax refund agreements to require tax refund claims to be submitted by January 31 for the net new full time equivalent jobs in this state as of December 31 of the preceding calendar year. The report must also list the name and tax refund amount for each business that has received a tax refund under s. 288.1045 or s. 288.106 during the preceding fiscal year. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall assist Enterprise Florida, Inc., in the collection of data related to business performance and incentive payments.

- (d) Moneys in the Economic Development Incentives Account may be used only to pay tax refunds and <u>make</u> other payments authorized <u>for the incentive programs identified in paragraph</u> (a) under s. 288.1045, s. 288.106, or s. 288.107.
- (e) <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may adopt rules necessary to carry out the provisions of this subsection, including rules providing for the use of moneys in the Economic Development Incentives Account and for the administration of the Economic Development Incentives Account.

Section 22. Paragraph (s) of subsection (24) of section 380.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 380.06 Developments of regional impact.-
- (24) STATUTORY EXEMPTIONS.-
- (s) Any development in a <u>detailed</u> specific area plan which is prepared <u>and adopted</u> pursuant to s. 163.3245 and adopted into the comprehensive plan is exempt from this section.

If a use is exempt from review as a development of regional impact under paragraphs (a)-(s), but will be part of a larger project that is subject to review as a development of regional impact, the impact of the exempt use must be included in the review of the larger project, unless such exempt use involves a development of regional impact that includes a landowner, tenant, or user that has entered into a funding agreement with the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development under the Innovation Incentive Program and the agreement contemplates a state award of at least \$50 million.

Section 23. Subsection (3) of section 380.115, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

380.115 Vested rights and duties; effect of size reduction, changes in guidelines and standards.—

(3) A landowner that has filed an application for a development-of-regional-impact review prior to the adoption of \underline{a} an optional sector plan pursuant to s. 163.3245 may elect to have the application reviewed pursuant to s. 380.06, comprehensive plan provisions in force prior to adoption of the sector plan, and any requested comprehensive plan amendments that accompany the application.

Section 24. Subsection (4) of section 409.942, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (5) is added to that section, to read:

409.942 Electronic benefit transfer program.-

Agency for Workforce Innovation, shall establish an electronic benefit transfer program for the use and management of education, training, child care, transportation, and other program benefits under its direction. The workforce electronic benefit transfer program shall fulfill all federal and state requirements for Individual Training Accounts, Retention Incentive Training Accounts, Individual Development Accounts, and Individual Services Accounts. The workforce electronic benefit transfer program shall be designed to enable an individual who receives an electronic benefit transfer card under subsection (1) to use that card for purposes of benefits provided under the workforce development system as well. The Department of Children and Family Services shall assist Workforce Florida, Inc., in developing an electronic benefit

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transfer program for the workforce development system that is fully compatible with the department's electronic benefit transfer program. Jobs Florida The agency shall reimburse the department for all costs incurred in providing such assistance and shall pay all costs for the development of the workforce electronic benefit transfer program.

(5) The Department of Education shall establish an electronic benefit transfer program for the use and management of child care. The child care electronic benefit transfer program shall fulfill all federal and state requirements. The child care electronic benefit transfer program shall be designed to enable an individual who receives an electronic benefit transfer card under subsection (1) to use that card for purposes of benefits provided under the child care development system as well. The Department of Children and Family Services shall assist the Department of Education in developing an electronic benefit transfer program for the child care development system that is fully compatible with the department's electronic benefit transfer program. Jobs Florida shall reimburse the department for all costs incurred in providing such assistance and shall pay all costs for the development of the child care electronic benefit transfer program.

Section 25. Section 411.0102, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 411.0102 Child Care Executive Partnership Act; findings and intent; grant; limitation; rules.—
- (1) This section may be cited as the "Child Care Executive Partnership Act."
 - (2)(a) The Legislature finds that when private employers

provide onsite child care or provide other child care benefits, they benefit by improved recruitment and higher retention rates for employees, lower absenteeism, and improved employee morale. The Legislature also finds that there are many ways in which private employers can provide child care assistance to employees: information and referral, vouchering, employer contribution to child care programs, and onsite care. Private employers can offer child care as part of a menu of employee benefits. The Legislature recognizes that flexible compensation programs providing a child care option are beneficial to the private employer through increased productivity, to the private employee in knowing that his or her children are being cared for in a safe and nurturing environment, and to the state in more dollars being available for purchasing power and investment.

- (b) It is the intent of the Legislature to promote public/private partnerships to ensure that the children of the state be provided safe and enriching child care at any time, but especially while parents work to remain self-sufficient. It is the intent of the Legislature that private employers be encouraged to participate in the future of this state by providing employee child care benefits. Further, it is the intent of the Legislature to encourage private employers to explore innovative ways to assist employees to obtain quality child care.
- (c) The Legislature further recognizes that many parents need assistance in paying the full costs of quality child care. The public and private sectors, by working in partnership, can promote and improve access to quality child care and early education for children of working families who need it.

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Therefore, a more formal mechanism is necessary to stimulate the establishment of public-private partnerships. It is the intent of the Legislature to expand the availability of scholarship options for working families by providing incentives for employers to contribute to meeting the needs of their employees' families through matching public dollars available for child care.

- (3) There is created a body politic and corporate known as the Child Care Executive Partnership which shall establish and govern the Child Care Executive Partnership Program. The purpose of the Child Care Executive Partnership Program is to utilize state and federal funds as incentives for matching local funds derived from local governments, employers, charitable foundations, and other sources so that Florida communities may create local flexible partnerships with employers. The Child Care Executive Partnership Program funds shall be used at the discretion of local communities to meet the needs of working parents. A child care purchasing pool shall be developed with the state, federal, and local funds to provide subsidies to lowincome working parents whose family income does not exceed the allowable income for any federally subsidized child care program with a dollar-for-dollar match from employers, local government, and other matching contributions. The funds used from the child care purchasing pool must be used to supplement or extend the use of existing public or private funds.
- (4) The Child Care Executive Partnership, staffed by the <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation, shall consist of a representative of the Executive Office of the Governor, a representative of Jobs Florida, and nine members of

the corporate or child care community, appointed by the Governor.

- (a) Members shall serve for a period of 4 years, except that the representative of the Executive Office of the Governor shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor, and the representative of Jobs Florida shall serve at the pleasure of the commissioner of Jobs Florida.
- (b) The Child Care Executive Partnership shall be chaired by a member chosen by a majority vote and shall meet at least quarterly and at other times upon the call of the chair. The Child Care Executive Partnership may use any method of telecommunications to conduct meetings, including establishing a quorum through telecommunications, only if the public is given proper notice of a telecommunications meeting and reasonable access to observe and, when appropriate, participate.
- (c) Members shall serve without compensation, but may be reimbursed for per diem and travel expenses in accordance with s. 112.061.
- (d) The Child Care Executive Partnership shall have all the powers and authority, not explicitly prohibited by statute, necessary to carry out and effectuate the purposes of this section, as well as the functions, duties, and responsibilities of the partnership, including, but not limited to, the following:
- 1. Assisting in the formulation and coordination of the state's child care policy.
 - 2. Adopting an official seal.
- 3. Soliciting, accepting, receiving, investing, and expending funds from public or private sources.

- 4. Contracting with public or private entities as necessary.
 - 5. Approving an annual budget.
- 6. Carrying forward any unexpended state appropriations into succeeding fiscal years.
- 7. Providing a report to the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate, on or before December 1 of each year.
- (5)(a) The Legislature shall annually determine the amount of state or federal low-income child care moneys which shall be used to create Child Care Executive Partnership Program child care purchasing pools in counties chosen by the Child Care Executive Partnership, provided that at least two of the counties have populations of no more than 300,000. The Legislature shall annually review the effectiveness of the child care purchasing pool program and reevaluate the percentage of additional state or federal funds, if any, that can be used for the program's expansion.
- (b) To ensure a seamless service delivery and ease of access for families, an early learning coalition or the Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation shall administer the child care purchasing pool funds.
- (c) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce

 Innovation, in conjunction with the Child Care Executive

 Partnership, shall develop procedures for disbursement of funds through the child care purchasing pools. In order to be considered for funding, an early learning coalition or the <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation must commit to:

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- 1. Matching the state purchasing pool funds on a dollar-for-dollar basis; and
- 2. Expending only those public funds which are matched by employers, local government, and other matching contributors who contribute to the purchasing pool. Parents shall also pay a fee, which may not be less than the amount identified in the early learning coalition's school readiness program sliding fee scale.
- (d) Each early learning coalition shall establish a community child care task force for each child care purchasing pool. The task force must be composed of employers, parents, private child care providers, and one representative from the local children's services council, if one exists in the area of the purchasing pool. The early learning coalition is expected to recruit the task force members from existing child care councils, commissions, or task forces already operating in the area of a purchasing pool. A majority of the task force shall consist of employers.
- (e) Each early learning coalition board shall develop a plan for the use of child care purchasing pool funds. The plan must show how many children will be served by the purchasing pool, how many will be new to receiving child care services, and how the early learning coalition intends to attract new employers and their employees to the program.
- (6) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt any rules necessary for the implementation and administration of this section.
- Section 26. Section 1002.73, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 1002.73 Department of Education; powers and duties;

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2292 accountability requirements; operational requirements.-

- (1) The department shall administer the accountability requirements and operational requirements of the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program at the state level.
 - (2) The department shall adopt procedures for its:
- (a) Approval of prekindergarten director credentials under ss. 1002.55 and 1002.57.
- (b) Approval of emergent literacy training courses under ss. 1002.55 and 1002.59.
- (c) Administration of the statewide kindergarten screening and calculation of kindergarten readiness rates under s. 1002.69.
- (d) Approval of specialized instructional services providers under s. 1002.66.
- (e) Granting of a private prekindergarten provider's or public school's request for a good cause exemption under s. 1002.69(7).
- (3) The department shall adopt procedures governing the administration of the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education

 Program by the early learning coalitions and school districts for:
- 2313 (a) Enrolling children in and determining the eligibility
 2314 of children for the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program
 2315 under s. 1002.53.
 - (b) Providing parents with profiles of private prekindergarten providers and public schools under s. 1002.53.
- 2318 (c) Registering private prekindergarten providers and public schools to deliver the program under ss. 1002.55, 2320 1002.61, and 1002.63.

- (d) Determining the eligibility of private prekindergarten providers to deliver the program under ss. 1002.55 and 1002.61.
 - (e) Verifying the compliance of private prekindergarten providers and public schools and removing providers or schools from eligibility to deliver the program due to noncompliance or misconduct as provided in s. 1002.67.
 - (f) Paying private prekindergarten providers and public schools under s. 1002.71.
 - (g) Documenting and certifying student enrollment and student attendance under s. 1002.71.
 - (h) Reconciling advance payments in accordance with the uniform attendance policy under s. 1002.71.
 - (i) Reenrolling students dismissed by a private prekindergarten provider or public school for noncompliance with the provider's or school district's attendance policy under s. 1002.71.
 - (4) The department shall adopt procedures governing the administration of the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education

 Program by the early learning coalitions and school districts for:
 - (a) Approving improvement plans of private prekindergarten providers and public schools under s. 1002.67.
 - (b) Placing private prekindergarten providers and public schools on probation and requiring corrective actions under s. 1002.67.
 - (c) Removing a private prekindergarten provider or public school from eligibility to deliver the program due to the provider's or school's remaining on probation beyond the time permitted under s. 1002.67.

- (d) Enrolling children in and determining the eligibility of children for the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program under s. 1002.66.
- (e) Paying specialized instructional services providers under s. 1002.66.
- (5) The department shall also adopt procedures for the distribution of funds to early learning coalitions under s. 1002.71.
- $\underline{(6)(3)}$ Except as provided by law, the department may not impose requirements on a private prekindergarten provider \underline{or} $\underline{public\ school}$ that does not deliver the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program or receive state funds under this part.
- Section 27. Section 443.211, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 443.211 Employment Security Administration Trust Fund; appropriation; reimbursement.—
- (1) EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ADMINISTRATION TRUST FUND.—There is created in the State Treasury the "Employment Security Administration Trust Fund." All moneys deposited into this fund remain continuously available to Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation for expenditure in accordance with this chapter and do not revert at any time and may not be transferred to any other fund. All moneys in this fund which are received from the Federal Government or any federal agency or which are appropriated by this state under ss. 443.171 and 443.181, except money received under s. 443.191(5)(c), must be expended solely for the purposes and in the amounts found necessary by the authorized cooperating federal agencies for the proper and

2379 efficient administration of this chapter. The fund consists of: 2380 all moneys appropriated by this state; all moneys received from 2381 the United States or any federal agency; all moneys received 2382 from any other source for the administration of this chapter; 2383 any funds collected for enhanced, specialized, or value-added 2384 labor market information services; any moneys received from any 2385 agency of the United States or any other state as compensation 2386 for services or facilities supplied to that agency; any amounts received from any surety bond or insurance policy or from other 2387 2388 sources for losses sustained by the Employment Security Administration Trust Fund or by reason of damage to equipment or 2389 2390 supplies purchased from moneys in the fund; and any proceeds 2391 from the sale or disposition of such equipment or supplies. All 2392 money requisitioned and deposited in this fund under s. 2393 443.191(5)(c) remains part of the Unemployment Compensation 2394 Trust Fund and must be used only in accordance with s. 2395 443.191(5). All moneys in this fund must be deposited, 2396 administered, and disbursed in the same manner and under the 2397 same conditions and requirements as provided by law for other 2398 trust funds in the State Treasury. These moneys must be secured 2399 by the depositary in which they are held to the same extent and 2400 in the same manner as required by the general depositary law of 2401 the state, and collateral pledged must be maintained in a separate custody account. All payments from the Employment 2402 2403 Security Administration Trust Fund must be approved by Jobs 2404 Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or by an authorized 2405 agent and must be made by the Chief Financial Officer. Any 2406 balances in this fund do not revert at any time and must remain 2407 continuously available to Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce

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Innovation for expenditure consistent with this chapter.

(2) SPECIAL EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ADMINISTRATION TRUST FUND. -There is created in the State Treasury the "Special Employment Security Administration Trust Fund," into which shall be deposited or transferred all interest on contributions and reimbursements, penalties, and fines or fees collected under this chapter. Interest on contributions and reimbursements, penalties, and fines or fees deposited during any calendar quarter in the clearing account in the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund shall, as soon as practicable after the close of that calendar quarter and upon certification of Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, be transferred to the Special Employment Security Administration Trust Fund. The amount certified by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation as required under this chapter to pay refunds of interest on contributions and reimbursements, penalties, and fines or fees collected and erroneously deposited into the clearing account in the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund shall, however, be withheld from this transfer. The interest and penalties certified for transfer are deemed as being erroneously deposited in the clearing account, and their transfer to the Special Employment Security Administration Trust Fund is deemed to be a refund of the erroneous deposits. All moneys in this fund shall be deposited, administered, and disbursed in the same manner and under the same requirements as provided by law for other trust funds in the State Treasury. These moneys may not be expended or be available for expenditure in any manner that would permit their substitution for, or permit a corresponding reduction in, federal funds that would, in the absence of these moneys, be

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available to finance expenditures for the administration of this chapter. This section does not prevent these moneys from being used as a revolving fund to cover lawful expenditures for which federal funds are requested but not yet received, subject to the charging of the expenditures against the funds when received. The moneys in this fund, with the approval of the Executive Office of the Governor, shall be used by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation for paying administrative costs that are not chargeable against funds obtained from federal sources. All moneys in the Special Employment Security Administration Trust Fund shall be continuously available to Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation for expenditure in accordance with this chapter and do not revert at any time. All payments from the Special Employment Security Administration Trust Fund must be approved by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or by an authorized agent and shall be made by the Chief Financial Officer. The moneys in this fund are available to replace, as contemplated by subsection (3), expenditures from the Employment Security Administration Trust Fund which the United States Secretary of Labor, or other authorized federal agency or authority, finds are lost or improperly expended because of any action or contingency. The Chief Financial Officer is liable on her or his official bond for the faithful performance of her or his duties in connection with the Special Employment Security Administration Trust Fund.

(3) REIMBURSEMENT OF FUND.—If any moneys received from the United States Secretary of Labor under 42 U.S.C. ss. 501-504, any unencumbered balances in the Employment Security Administration Trust Fund, any moneys granted to this state

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under the Wagner-Peyser Act, or any moneys made available by this state or its political subdivisions and matched by the moneys granted to this state under the Wagner-Peyser Act, are after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing, found by the United States Secretary of Labor, because of any action or contingency, to be lost or expended for purposes other than, or in amounts in excess of, those allowed by the United States Secretary of Labor for the administration of this chapter, these moneys shall be replaced by moneys appropriated for that purpose from the General Revenue Fund to the Employment Security Administration Trust Fund for expenditure as provided in subsection (1). Upon receipt of notice of such a finding by the United States Secretary of Labor, Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall promptly report the amount required for replacement to the Governor. The Governor shall, at the earliest opportunity, submit to the Legislature a request for the appropriation of the replacement funds.

(4) RESPONSIBILITY FOR TRUST FUNDS.—In connection with its duties under s. 443.181, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation is responsible for the deposit, requisition, expenditure, approval of payment, reimbursement, and reporting in regard to the trust funds established by this section.

Section 28. Section 443.221, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 443.221 Reciprocal arrangements.-
- (1)(a) <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider may enter into reciprocal arrangements with other states or with the Federal Government, or both, for considering services performed by an individual for

a single employing unit for which services are performed by the individual in more than one state as services performed entirely within any one of the states:

- 1. In which any part of the individual's service is performed;
 - 2. In which the individual has her or his residence; or
- 3. In which the employing unit maintains a place of business.
- (b) For services to be considered as performed within a state under a reciprocal agreement, the employing unit must have an election in effect for those services, which is approved by the agency charged with the administration of such state's unemployment compensation law, under which all the services performed by the individual for the employing unit are deemed to be performed entirely within that state.
- (c) Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall participate in any arrangements for the payment of compensation on the basis of combining an individual's wages and employment covered under this chapter with her or his wages and employment covered under the unemployment compensation laws of other states, which are approved by the United States Secretary of Labor, in consultation with the state unemployment compensation agencies, as reasonably calculated to assure the prompt and full payment of compensation in those situations and which include provisions for:
- 1. Applying the base period of a single state law to a claim involving the combining of an individual's wages and employment covered under two or more state unemployment compensation laws; and

- 2. Avoiding the duplicate use of wages and employment because of the combination.
- (d) Contributions or reimbursements due under this chapter with respect to wages for insured work are, for the purposes of ss. 443.131, 443.1312, 443.1313, and 443.141, deemed to be paid to the fund as of the date payment was made as contributions or reimbursements therefor under another state or federal unemployment compensation law, but an arrangement may not be entered into unless it contains provisions for reimbursement to the fund of the contributions or reimbursements and the actual earnings thereon as <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider finds are fair and reasonable as to all affected interests.
- (2) Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider may make to other state or federal agencies and receive from these other state or federal agencies reimbursements from or to the fund, in accordance with arrangements entered into under subsection (1).
- (3) Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider may enter into reciprocal arrangements with other states or the Federal Government, or both, for exchanging services, determining and enforcing payment obligations, and making available facilities and information.

 Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider may conduct investigations, secure and transmit information, make available services and facilities, and exercise other powers provided under this chapter to facilitate the administration of any unemployment compensation or public employment service law and, in a similar

manner, accept and use information, services, and facilities made available to this state by the agency charged with the administration of any other unemployment compensation or public employment service law.

(4) To the extent permissible under federal law, <u>Jobs</u>

<u>Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation may enter into or cooperate in arrangements whereby facilities and services provided under this chapter and facilities and services provided under the unemployment compensation law of any foreign government may be used for the taking of claims and the payment of benefits under the employment security law of the state or under a similar law of that government.

Section 29. Section 445.002, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

445.002 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:
(1) "Agency" means the Agency for Workforce Innovation.

(1)(2) "Services and one-time payments" or "services," when used in reference to individuals who are not receiving temporary cash assistance, means nonrecurrent, short-term benefits designed to deal with a specific crisis situation or episode of need and other services; work subsidies; supportive services such as child care and transportation; services such as counseling, case management, peer support, and child care information and referral; transitional services, job retention, job advancement, and other employment-related services; nonmedical treatment for substance abuse or mental health problems; teen pregnancy prevention; two-parent family support, including noncustodial parent employment; court-ordered supervised visitation, and responsible fatherhood services; and

any other services that are reasonably calculated to further the purposes of the welfare transition program. Such terms do not include assistance as defined in federal regulations at 45 C.F.R. s. 260.31(a).

(2) "Welfare transition services" means those workforce services provided to current or former recipients of temporary cash assistance under chapter 414.

Section 30. Subsection (3) of section 445.003, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

445.003 Implementation of the federal Workforce Investment Act of 1998.—

(3) FUNDING.—

445.003 Implementation of the federal Workforce Investment Act of 1998.—

- (a) Title I, Workforce Investment Act of 1998 funds; Wagner-Peyser funds; and NAFTA/Trade Act funds will be expended based on the 5-year plan of Workforce Florida, Inc. The plan shall outline and direct the method used to administer and coordinate various funds and programs that are operated by various agencies. The following provisions shall also apply to these funds:
- 1. At least 50 percent of the Title I funds for Adults and Dislocated Workers that are passed through to regional workforce boards shall be allocated to Individual Training Accounts unless a regional workforce board obtains a waiver from Workforce Florida, Inc. Tuition and fees qualify as an Individual Training Account expenditure, as do other programs developed by regional workforce boards in compliance with policies of Workforce Florida, Inc.

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2. Fifteen percent of Title I funding shall be retained at the state level and shall be dedicated to state administration and used to design, develop, induce, and fund innovative Individual Training Account pilots, demonstrations, and programs. Of such funds retained at the state level, \$2 million shall be reserved for the Incumbent Worker Training Program, created under s. 288.048 subparagraph 3. Eligible state administration costs include the costs of: funding for the board and staff of Workforce Florida, Inc.; operating fiscal, compliance, and management accountability systems through Workforce Florida, Inc.; conducting evaluation and research on workforce development activities; and providing technical and capacity building assistance to regions at the direction of Workforce Florida, Inc. Notwithstanding s. 445.004, such administrative costs shall not exceed 25 percent of these funds. An amount not to exceed 75 percent of these funds shall be allocated to Individual Training Accounts and other workforce development strategies for other training designed and tailored by Workforce Florida, Inc., including, but not limited to, programs for incumbent workers, displaced homemakers, nontraditional employment, and enterprise zones. Workforce Florida, Inc., shall design, adopt, and fund Individual Training Accounts for distressed urban and rural communities.

3. The Incumbent Worker Training Program is created for the purpose of providing grant funding for continuing education and training of incumbent employees at existing Florida businesses. The program will provide reimbursement grants to businesses that pay for preapproved, direct, training related costs.

a. The Incumbent Worker Training Program will be

administered by Workforce Florida, Inc. Workforce Florida, Inc., at its discretion, may contract with a private business organization to serve as grant administrator.

b. To be eligible for the program's grant funding, a business must have been in operation in Florida for a minimum of 1 year prior to the application for grant funding; have at least one full time employee; demonstrate financial viability; and be current on all state tax obligations. Priority for funding shall be given to businesses with 25 employees or fewer, businesses in rural areas, businesses in distressed inner city areas, businesses in a qualified targeted industry, businesses whose grant proposals represent a significant upgrade in employee skills, or businesses whose grant proposals represent a significant layoff avoidance strategy.

c. All costs reimbursed by the program must be preapproved by Workforce Florida, Inc., or the grant administrator. The program will not reimburse businesses for trainee wages, the purchase of capital equipment, or the purchase of any item or service that may possibly be used outside the training project. A business approved for a grant may be reimbursed for preapproved, direct, training-related costs including tuition; fees; books and training materials; and overhead or indirect costs not to exceed 5 percent of the grant amount.

d. A business that is selected to receive grant funding must provide a matching contribution to the training project, including, but not limited to, wages paid to trainees or the purchase of capital equipment used in the training project; must sign an agreement with Workforce Florida, Inc., or the grant administrator to complete the training project as proposed in

the application; must keep accurate records of the project's implementation process; and must submit monthly or quarterly reimbursement requests with required documentation.

e. All Incumbent Worker Training Program grant projects shall be performance-based with specific measurable performance outcomes, including completion of the training project and job retention. Workforce Florida, Inc., or the grant administrator shall withhold the final payment to the grantee until a final grant report is submitted and all performance criteria specified in the grant contract have been achieved.

f. Workforce Florida, Inc., may establish guidelines necessary to implement the Incumbent Worker Training Program.

g. No more than 10 percent of the Incumbent Worker Training
Program's total appropriation may be used for overhead or
indirect purposes.

3.4. At least 50 percent of Rapid Response funding shall be dedicated to Intensive Services Accounts and Individual Training Accounts for dislocated workers and incumbent workers who are at risk of dislocation. Workforce Florida, Inc., shall also maintain an Emergency Preparedness Fund from Rapid Response funds which will immediately issue Intensive Service Accounts and Individual Training Accounts as well as other federally authorized assistance to eligible victims of natural or other disasters. At the direction of the Governor, for events that qualify under federal law, these Rapid Response funds shall be released to regional workforce boards for immediate use. Funding shall also be dedicated to maintain a unit at the state level to respond to Rapid Response emergencies around the state, to work with state emergency management officials, and to work with

regional workforce boards. All Rapid Response funds must be expended based on a plan developed by Workforce Florida, Inc., and approved by the Governor.

(b) The administrative entity for Title I, Workforce Investment Act of 1998 funds, and Rapid Response activities, shall be <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation, which shall provide direction to regional workforce boards regarding Title I programs and Rapid Response activities pursuant to the direction of Workforce Florida, Inc.

Section 31. Subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (3), and paragraphs (b), (c), (d), (e), and (g) of subsection (5) of section 445.004, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

445.004 Workforce Florida, Inc.; creation; purpose; membership; duties and powers.—

(1) There is created a not-for-profit corporation, to be known as "Workforce Florida, Inc.," which shall be registered, incorporated, organized, and operated in compliance with chapter 617, and which shall not be a unit or entity of state government and shall be exempt from chapters 120 and 287. Workforce Florida, Inc., shall apply the procurement and expenditure procedures required by federal law for the expenditure of federal funds. Workforce Florida, Inc., shall be administratively housed within Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation; however, Workforce Florida, Inc., shall not be subject to control, supervision, or direction by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation in any manner. The Legislature determines, however, that public policy dictates that Workforce Florida, Inc., operate in the most open and accessible manner consistent with its public purpose. To this

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end, the Legislature specifically declares that Workforce Florida, Inc., its board, councils, and any advisory committees or similar groups created by Workforce Florida, Inc., are subject to the provisions of chapter 119 relating to public records, and those provisions of chapter 286 relating to public meetings.

- (3)(a) Workforce Florida, Inc., shall be governed by a board of directors, the number of directors to be determined by the Governor, whose membership and appointment must be consistent with Pub. L. No. 105-220, Title I, s. 111(b), and contain one member representing the licensed nonpublic postsecondary educational institutions authorized as individual training account providers, one member from the staffing service industry, at least one member who is a current or former recipient of welfare transition services as defined in s. 445.002(2) s. 445.002(3) or workforce services as provided in s. 445.009(1), and five representatives of organized labor who shall be appointed by the Governor. Members described in Pub. L. No. 105-220, Title I, s. 111(b)(1)(C)(vi) shall be nonvoting members. The importance of minority, gender, and geographic representation shall be considered when making appointments to the board.
- (5) Workforce Florida, Inc., shall have all the powers and authority, not explicitly prohibited by statute, necessary or convenient to carry out and effectuate the purposes as determined by statute, Pub. L. No. 105-220, and the Governor, as well as its functions, duties, and responsibilities, including, but not limited to, the following:
 - (b) Providing oversight and policy direction to ensure that

the following programs are administered by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the
Agency for Workforce Innovation in compliance with approved
plans and under contract with Workforce Florida, Inc.:

- 1. Programs authorized under Title I of the Workforce Investment Act of 1998, Pub. L. No. 105-220, with the exception of programs funded directly by the United States Department of Labor under Title I, s. 167.
- 2. Programs authorized under the Wagner-Peyser Act of 1933, as amended, 29 U.S.C. ss. 49 et seq.
- 3. Activities authorized under Title II of the Trade Act of 2002, as amended, 19 U.S.C. ss. 2272 et seq., and the Trade Adjustment Assistance Program.
- 4. Activities authorized under 38 U.S.C., chapter 41, including job counseling, training, and placement for veterans.
- 5. Employment and training activities carried out under funds awarded to this state by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- 6. Welfare transition services funded by the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families Program, created under the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996, as amended, Pub. L. No. 104-193, and Title IV, s. 403, of the Social Security Act, as amended.
 - 7. Displaced homemaker programs, provided under s. 446.50.
- 8. The Florida Bonding Program, provided under Pub. L. No. 97-300, s. 164(a)(1).
- 9. The Food Assistance Employment and Training Program, provided under the Food and Nutrition Act of 2008, 7 U.S.C. ss. 2011-2032; the Food Security Act of 1988, Pub. L. No. 99-198; and the Hunger Prevention Act, Pub. L. No. 100-435.

- 10. The Quick-Response Training Program, provided under ss. 288.046-288.047. Matching funds and in-kind contributions that are provided by clients of the Quick-Response Training Program shall count toward the requirements of s. 288.90151(5)(d), pertaining to the return on investment from activities of Enterprise Florida, Inc.
- 11. The Work Opportunity Tax Credit, provided under the Tax and Trade Relief Extension Act of 1998, Pub. L. No. 105-277, and the Taxpayer Relief Act of 1997, Pub. L. No. 105-34.
- 12. Offender placement services, provided under ss. 944.707-944.708.
- (c) Jobs Florida the agency may adopt rules necessary to administer the provisions of this chapter which relate to implementing and administering the programs listed in paragraph (b) as well as rules related to eligible training providers and auditing and monitoring subrecipients of the workforce system grant funds.
- (d) Contracting with public and private entities as necessary to further the directives of this section. All contracts executed by Workforce Florida, Inc., must include specific performance expectations and deliverables. All Workforce Florida, Inc., contracts, including those solicited, managed, or paid by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation pursuant to s. $\underline{20.60(5)(d)}$ $\underline{20.50(2)}$ are exempt from s. 112.061, but shall be governed by subsection (1).
- (e) Notifying the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of noncompliance by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation or other agencies or obstruction of the board's efforts by such agencies.

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Upon such notification, the Executive Office of the Governor shall assist agencies to bring them into compliance with board objectives.

(g) Establish a dispute resolution process for all memoranda of understanding or other contracts or agreements entered into between <u>Jobs Florida</u> the agency and regional workforce boards.

Section 32. Subsection (1) of section 445.007, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

445.007 Regional workforce boards.-

(1) One regional workforce board shall be appointed in each designated service delivery area and shall serve as the local workforce investment board pursuant to Pub. L. No. 105-220. The membership of the board shall be consistent with Pub. L. No. 105-220, Title I, s. 117(b), and contain one representative from a nonpublic postsecondary educational institution that is an authorized individual training account provider within the region and confers certificates and diplomas, one representative from a nonpublic postsecondary educational institution that is an authorized individual training account provider within the region and confers degrees, and three representatives of organized labor. The board shall include one nonvoting representative from a military installation if a military installation is located within the region and the appropriate military command or organization authorizes such representation. It is the intent of the Legislature that membership of a regional workforce board include persons who are current or former recipients of welfare transition assistance as defined in s. 445.002(2) s. 445.002(3) or workforce services as provided in

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s. 445.009(1) or that such persons be included as ex officio members of the board or of committees organized by the board. The importance of minority and gender representation shall be considered when making appointments to the board. The board, its committees, subcommittees, and subdivisions, and other units of the workforce system, including units that may consist in whole or in part of local governmental units, may use any method of telecommunications to conduct meetings, including establishing a quorum through telecommunications, provided that the public is given proper notice of the telecommunications meeting and reasonable access to observe and, when appropriate, participate. Regional workforce boards are subject to chapters 119 and 286 and s. 24, Art. I of the State Constitution. If the regional workforce board enters into a contract with an organization or individual represented on the board of directors, the contract must be approved by a two-thirds vote of the entire board, and the board member who could benefit financially from the transaction must abstain from voting on the contract. A board member must disclose any such conflict in a manner that is consistent with the procedures outlined in s. 112.3143.

Section 33. Subsections (3) and (9) of section 445.009, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

445.009 One-stop delivery system.-

- (3) Beginning October 1, 2000, Regional workforce boards shall enter into a memorandum of understanding with Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation for the delivery of employment services authorized by the federal Wagner-Peyser Act. This memorandum of understanding must be performance based.
 - (a) Unless otherwise required by federal law, at least 90

percent of the Wagner-Peyser funding must go into direct customer service costs.

- (b) Employment services must be provided through the onestop delivery system, under the guidance of one-stop delivery system operators. One-stop delivery system operators shall have overall authority for directing the staff of the workforce system. Personnel matters shall remain under the ultimate authority of Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation. However, the one-stop delivery system operator shall submit to Jobs Florida the agency information concerning the job performance of agency employees of Jobs Florida who deliver employment services. Jobs Florida The agency shall consider any such information submitted by the one-stop delivery system operator in conducting performance appraisals of the employees.
- (c) Jobs Florida The agency shall retain fiscal responsibility and accountability for the administration of funds allocated to the state under the Wagner-Peyser Act. An agency employee of Jobs Florida who is providing services authorized under the Wagner-Peyser Act shall be paid using Wagner-Peyser Act funds.
- (9)(a) Workforce Florida, Inc., working with <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation, shall coordinate among the agencies a plan for a One-Stop Electronic Network made up of one-stop delivery system centers and other partner agencies that are operated by authorized public or private for-profit or not-for-profit agents. The plan shall identify resources within existing revenues to establish and support this electronic network for service delivery that includes Government Services Direct. If necessary, the plan shall identify additional funding

needed to achieve the provisions of this subsection.

- (b) The network shall assure that a uniform method is used to determine eligibility for and management of services provided by agencies that conduct workforce development activities. The Department of Management Services shall develop strategies to allow access to the databases and information management systems of the following systems in order to link information in those databases with the one-stop delivery system:
- 1. The Unemployment Compensation Program <u>under chapter 443</u> of the Agency for Workforce Innovation.
 - 2. The public employment service described in s. 443.181.
- 3. The FLORIDA System and the components related to temporary cash assistance, food assistance, and Medicaid eligibility.
- 4. The Student Financial Assistance System of the Department of Education.
 - 5. Enrollment in the public postsecondary education system.
- 6. Other information systems determined appropriate by Workforce Florida, Inc.
- Section 34. Subsection (5) of section 445.016, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 445.016 Untried Worker Placement and Employment Incentive Act.-
- (5) Incentives must be paid according to the incentive schedule developed by Workforce Florida, Inc., <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Development, and the Department of Children and Family Services which costs the state less per placement than the state's 12-month expenditure on a welfare recipient.
 - Section 35. Subsection (1) of section 445.024, Florida

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Statutes, is amended to read:

445.024 Work requirements.-

- (1) WORK ACTIVITIES.—Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation may develop activities under each of the following categories of work activities. The following categories of work activities, based on federal law and regulations, may be used individually or in combination to satisfy the work requirements for a participant in the temporary cash assistance program:
 - (a) Unsubsidized employment.
 - (b) Subsidized private sector employment.
 - (c) Subsidized public sector employment.
 - (d) On-the-job training.
 - (e) Community service programs.
 - (f) Work experience.
 - (g) Job search and job readiness assistance.
 - (h) Vocational educational training.
 - (i) Job skills training directly related to employment.
 - (j) Education directly related to employment.
- (k) Satisfactory attendance at a secondary school or in a course of study leading to a graduate equivalency diploma.
 - (1) Providing child care services.

2951 Section 36. Subsection (1) of section 445.0325, Florida 2952 Statutes, is amended to read:

445.0325 Welfare Transition Trust Fund.-

(1) The Welfare Transition Trust Fund is created in the State Treasury, to be administered by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation. Funds shall be credited to the trust fund to be used for the purposes of the welfare transition program set forth in ss. 445.017-445.032.

Section 37. Section 445.038, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

445.038 Digital media; job training.—Workforce Florida, Inc., through Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, may use funds dedicated for Incumbent Worker Training for the digital media industry. Training may be provided by public or private training providers for broadband digital media jobs listed on the targeted occupations list developed by the Workforce Estimating Conference or Workforce Florida, Inc. Programs that operate outside the normal semester time periods and coordinate the use of industry and public resources should be given priority status for funding.

Section 38. Subsection (2), paragraph (b) of subsection (4), and subsection (6) of section 445.045, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

445.045 Development of an Internet-based system for information technology industry promotion and workforce recruitment.—

- (2) Workforce Florida, Inc., shall coordinate with the Agency for Enterprise Information Technology and <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation to ensure links, where feasible and appropriate, to existing job information websites maintained by the state and state agencies and to ensure that information technology positions offered by the state and state agencies are posted on the information technology website.
 - (4)
- (b) Workforce Florida, Inc., may enter into an agreement with the Agency for Enterprise Information Technology, <u>Jobs</u>

 <u>Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation, or any other public

agency with the requisite information technology expertise for the provision of design, operating, or other technological services necessary to develop and maintain the website.

(6) In fulfilling its responsibilities under this section, Workforce Florida, Inc., may enlist the assistance of and act through <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation. <u>Jobs Florida</u> The agency is authorized and directed to provide the services that Workforce Florida, Inc., and <u>Jobs Florida</u> the agency consider necessary to implement this section.

Section 39. Subsection (1), paragraph (b) of subsection (4), and subsection (5) of section 445.048, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

445.048 Passport to Economic Progress program.-

- (1) AUTHORIZATION.—Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, Workforce Florida, Inc., in conjunction with the Department of Children and Family Services and Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, shall implement a Passport to Economic Progress program consistent with the provisions of this section. Workforce Florida, Inc., may designate regional workforce boards to participate in the program. Expenses for the program may come from appropriated revenues or from funds otherwise available to a regional workforce board which may be legally used for such purposes. Workforce Florida, Inc., must consult with the applicable regional workforce boards and the applicable local offices of the Department of Children and Family Services which serve the program areas and must encourage community input into the implementation process.
 - (4) INCENTIVES TO ECONOMIC SELF-SUFFICIENCY.-
 - (b) Workforce Florida, Inc., in cooperation with the

Department of Children and Family Services and Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, shall offer performance-based incentive bonuses as a component of the Passport to Economic Progress program. The bonuses do not represent a program entitlement and shall be contingent on achieving specific benchmarks prescribed in the self-sufficiency plan. If the funds appropriated for this purpose are insufficient to provide this financial incentive, the board of directors of Workforce Florida, Inc., may reduce or suspend the bonuses in order not to exceed the appropriation or may direct the regional boards to use resources otherwise given to the regional workforce to pay such bonuses if such payments comply with applicable state and federal laws.

(5) EVALUATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS.—Workforce Florida, Inc., in conjunction with the Department of Children and Family Services, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation, and the regional workforce boards, shall conduct a comprehensive evaluation of the effectiveness of the program operated under this section. Evaluations and recommendations for the program shall be submitted by Workforce Florida, Inc., as part of its annual report to the Legislature.

Section 40. Subsection (2) of section 445.49, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

445.049 Digital Divide Council.-

- (2) DIGITAL DIVIDE COUNCIL.—The Digital Divide Council is created in the Department of Education. The council shall consist of:
- (a) A representative from the information technology industry in this state appointed by the Governor.

- (b) The commissioner of Jobs Florida, or his or her

 designee The director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and

 Economic Development in the Executive Office of the Governor.
 - (c) The president of Workforce Florida, Inc.
 - (d) The director of the Agency for Workforce Innovation.
 - (d)(e) The chair of itflorida.com, Inc.
 - (e) (f) The Commissioner of Education.
- $\underline{(f)}$ A representative of the information technology industry in this state appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives.
- $\underline{(g)}$ (h) A representative of the information technology industry in this state appointed by the President of the Senate.
- (h)(i) Two members of the House of Representatives, who shall be ex officio, nonvoting members of the council, appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives, one of whom shall be a member of the Republican Caucus and the other of whom shall be a member of the Democratic Caucus.
- (i)(j) Two members of the Senate, who shall be ex officio, nonvoting members of the council, appointed by the President of the Senate, one of whom shall be a member of the Republican Caucus and the other of whom shall be a member of the Democratic Caucus.
- Section 41. Subsection (13) of section 445.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 445.051 Individual development accounts.-
- 3071 (13) Pursuant to policy direction by Workforce Florida,
 3072 Inc., Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall
 3073 adopt such rules as are necessary to implement this act.
 - Section 42. Section 445.056, Florida Statutes, is amended

to read:

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445.056 Citizen Soldier Matching Grant Program.—Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall implement the establish a matching grant program established by the former Agency for Workforce Innovation to award matching grants to private sector employers in this state that provide wages to employees serving in the United States Armed Forces Reserves or the Florida National Guard while those employees are on federal active duty. A grant may not be provided for federal active duty served before January 1, 2005. Each grant shall be awarded to reimburse the employer for not more than one-half of the monthly wages paid to an employee who is a resident of this state for the actual period of federal active duty. The monthly grant per employee may not exceed one-half of the difference between the amount of monthly wages paid by the employer to the employee at the level paid before the date the employee was called to federal active duty and the amount of the employee's active duty base pay, housing and variable allowances, and subsistence allowance. Jobs Florida shall implement the plan administered by the former Agency for Workforce Innovation The agency shall develop a plan by no later than October 1, 2005, subject to the notice, review, and objection procedures of s. 216.177, to administer the application and payment procedures for the matching grant program. The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall not award any matching grants prior to the approval of the plan.

Section 43. Section 446.41, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

446.41 Legislative intent with respect to rural workforce

training and development; establishment of Rural Workforce Services Program.—In order that the state may achieve its full economic and social potential, consideration must be given to rural workforce training and development to enable its rural citizens as well as urban citizens to develop their maximum capacities and participate productively in our society. It is, therefore, the policy of the state to make available those services needed to assist individuals and communities in rural areas to improve their quality of life. It is with a great sense of urgency that a Rural Workforce Services Program is established within Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, under the direction of Workforce Florida, Inc., to provide equal access to all manpower training programs available to rural as well as urban areas.

Section 44. Section 446.50, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

446.50 Displaced homemakers; multiservice programs; report to the Legislature; Displaced Homemaker Trust Fund created.—

- (1) INTENT.—It is the intent of the Legislature to require Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation to enter into contracts with, and make grants to, public and nonprofit private entities for purposes of establishing multipurpose service programs to provide necessary training, counseling, and services for displaced homemakers so that they may enjoy the independence and economic security vital to a productive life.
 - (2) DEFINITIONS.—For the purposes of this section the term÷ (a) "Displaced homemaker" means an individual who:
 - (a) 1. Is 35 years of age or older;
 - (b) 2. Has worked in the home, providing unpaid household

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- 3133 services for family members;
- 3134 (c)3. Is not adequately employed, as defined by rule of the 3135 agency;
 - (d)4. Has had, or would have, difficulty in securing adequate employment; and
 - $\underline{\text{(e)}_{5}}$. Has been dependent on the income of another family member but is no longer supported by such income, or has been dependent on federal assistance.
 - (b) "Agency" means the Agency for Workforce Innovation.
 - (3) AGENCY POWERS AND DUTIES OF JOBS FLORIDA.-
 - (a) <u>Jobs Florida</u> The agency, under plans established by Workforce Florida, Inc., shall establish, or contract for the establishment of, programs for displaced homemakers which shall include:
 - 1. Job counseling, by professionals and peers, specifically designed for a person entering the job market after a number of years as a homemaker.
 - 2. Job training and placement services, including:
 - a. Training programs for available jobs in the public and private sectors, taking into account the skills and job experiences of a homemaker and developed by working with public and private employers.
 - b. Assistance in locating available employment for displaced homemakers, some of whom could be employed in existing job training and placement programs.
 - c. Utilization of the services of the state employment service in locating employment opportunities.
 - 3. Financial management services providing information and assistance with respect to insurance, including, but not limited

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- to, life, health, home, and automobile insurance, and taxes, estate and probate problems, mortgages, loans, and other related financial matters.
 - 4. Educational services, including high school equivalency degree and such other courses as <u>Jobs Florida</u> the agency determines would be of interest and benefit to displaced homemakers.
 - 5. Outreach and information services with respect to federal and state employment, education, health, and unemployment assistance programs which <u>Jobs Florida</u> the agency determines would be of interest and benefit to displaced homemakers.
 - (b)1. Jobs Florida The agency shall enter into contracts with, and make grants to, public and nonprofit private entities for purposes of establishing multipurpose service programs for displaced homemakers under this section. Such grants and contracts shall be awarded pursuant to chapter 287 and based on criteria established in the state plan developed pursuant to this section. Jobs Florida The agency shall designate catchment areas which together shall comprise the entire state, and, to the extent possible from revenues in the Displaced Homemaker Trust Fund, Jobs Florida the agency shall contract with, and make grants to, entities which will serve entire catchment areas so that displaced homemaker service programs are available statewide. These catchment areas shall be coterminous with the state's workforce development regions. Jobs Florida The agency may give priority to existing displaced homemaker programs when evaluating bid responses to the agency's request for proposals.
 - 2. In order to receive funds under this section, and unless

specifically prohibited by law from doing so, an entity that provides displaced homemaker service programs must receive at least 25 percent of its funding from one or more local, municipal, or county sources or nonprofit private sources. Inkind contributions may be evaluated by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the agency and counted as part of the required local funding.

- 3. Jobs Florida The agency shall require an entity that receives funds under this section to maintain appropriate data to be compiled in an annual report to Jobs Florida the agency. Such data shall include, but shall not be limited to, the number of clients served, the units of services provided, designated client-specific information including intake and outcome information specific to each client, costs associated with specific services and program administration, total program revenues by source and other appropriate financial data, and client followup information at specified intervals after the placement of a displaced homemaker in a job.
- (c) Jobs Florida The agency shall consult and cooperate with the Commissioner of Education, the United States Commissioner of the Social Security Administration, and such other persons in the executive branch of the state government as Jobs Florida the agency considers appropriate to facilitate the coordination of multipurpose service programs established under this section with existing programs of a similar nature.
- (d) Supervisory, technical, and administrative positions relating to programs established under this section shall, to the maximum extent practicable, be filled by displaced homemakers.
 - (e) Jobs Florida The agency shall adopt rules establishing

minimum standards necessary for entities that provide displaced homemaker service programs to receive funds from the agency and any other rules necessary to administer this section.

- (4) STATE PLAN.-
- (a) Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall develop a 3-year state plan for the displaced homemaker program which shall be updated annually. The plan must address, at a minimum, the need for programs specifically designed to serve displaced homemakers, any necessary service components for such programs in addition to those enumerated in this section, goals of the displaced homemaker program with an analysis of the extent to which those goals are being met, and recommendations for ways to address any unmet program goals. Any request for funds for program expansion must be based on the state plan.
- (b) Each annual update must address any changes in the components of the 3-year state plan and a report which must include, but need not be limited to, the following:
 - 1. The scope of the incidence of displaced homemakers;
- 2. A compilation and report, by program, of data submitted to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the agency pursuant to subparagraph 3. by funded displaced homemaker service programs;
- 3. An identification and description of the programs in the state that receive funding from <u>Jobs Florida</u> the agency, including funding information; and
- 4. An assessment of the effectiveness of each displaced homemaker service program based on outcome criteria established by rule of Jobs Florida the agency.
- (c) The 3-year state plan must be submitted to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of

Representatives, and the Governor on or before January 1, 2001, and annual updates of the plan must be submitted by January 1 of each subsequent year.

- (5) DISPLACED HOMEMAKER TRUST FUND.-
- (a) There is established within the State Treasury a Displaced Homemaker Trust Fund to be used by Jobs Florida the agency for its administration of the displaced homemaker program and to fund displaced homemaker service programs according to criteria established under this section.
- (b) The trust fund shall receive funds generated from an additional fee on marriage license applications and dissolution of marriage filings as specified in ss. 741.01(3) and 28.101, respectively, and may receive funds from any other public or private source.
- (c) Funds that are not expended by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the agency at the end of the budget cycle or through a supplemental budget approved by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the agency shall revert to the trust fund.

Section 45. Section 446.52, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

446.52 Confidentiality of information.—Information about displaced homemakers who receive services under ss. 446.50 and 446.51 which is received through files, reports, inspections, or otherwise, by Jobs Florida the division or by its authorized employees of the division, by persons who volunteer services, or by persons who provide services to displaced homemakers under ss. 446.50 and 446.51 through contracts with the division is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1). Such information may not be disclosed publicly in such a manner

as to identify a displaced homemaker, unless such person or the person's legal guardian provides written consent.

Section 46. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 448.109, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

448.109 Notification of the state minimum wage.-

(3)(a) Each year the <u>Department of Revenue</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation shall, on or before December 1, create and make available to employers a poster in English and in Spanish which reads substantially as follows:

NOTICE TO EMPLOYEES

The Florida minimum wage is \$...(amount)... per hour, with a minimum wage of at least \$...(amount)... per hour for tipped employees, in addition to tips, for January 1, ...(year)..., through December 31, ...(year)....

The rate of the minimum wage is recalculated yearly on September 30, based on the Consumer Price Index. Every year on January 1 the new Florida minimum wage takes effect.

An employer may not retaliate against an employee for exercising his or her right to receive the minimum wage. Rights protected by the State Constitution include the right to:

1. File a complaint about an employer's alleged noncompliance with lawful minimum wage requirements.

enforcement.-

- 2. Inform any person about an employer's alleged noncompliance with lawful minimum wage requirements.
- 3. Inform any person of his or her potential rights under Section 24, Article X of the State Constitution and to assist him or her in asserting such rights.

An employee who has not received the lawful minimum wage after notifying his or her employer and giving the employer 15 days to resolve any claims for unpaid wages may bring a civil action in a court of law against an employer to recover back wages plus damages and attorney's fees.

An employer found liable for intentionally violating minimum wage requirements is subject to a fine of \$1,000 per violation, payable to the state.

The Attorney General or other official designated by the Legislature may bring a civil action to enforce the minimum wage.

For details see Section 24, Article X of the State Constitution.

Section 47. Subsections (2), (4), and (11) of section 448.110, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 448.110 State minimum wage; annual wage adjustment;

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- (2) The purpose of this section is to provide measures appropriate for the implementation of s. 24, Art. X of the State Constitution, in accordance with authority granted to the Legislature pursuant to s. 24(f), Art. X of the State Constitution. To implement s. 24, Art. X of the State Constitution, the Department of Revenue is designated as the state Agency for Workforce Innovation.
- (4)(a) Beginning September 30, 2005, and annually on September 30 thereafter, the <u>Department of Revenue Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> shall calculate an adjusted state minimum wage rate by increasing the state minimum wage by the rate of inflation for the 12 months prior to September 1. In calculating the adjusted state minimum wage, the <u>department agency</u> shall use the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers, not seasonally adjusted, for the South Region or a successor index as calculated by the United States Department of Labor. Each adjusted state minimum wage rate shall take effect on the following January 1, with the initial adjusted minimum wage rate to take effect on January 1, 2006.
- (b) The Agency for Workforce Innovation and the Department of Revenue shall annually publish the amount of the adjusted state minimum wage and the effective date. Publication shall occur by posting the adjusted state minimum wage rate and the effective date on the Internet home pages of the agency and the department by October 15 of each year. In addition, to the extent funded in the General Appropriations Act, the department agency shall provide written notice of the adjusted rate and the effective date of the adjusted state minimum wage to all employers registered in the most current unemployment

compensation database. Such notice shall be mailed by November 15 of each year using the addresses included in the database. Employers are responsible for maintaining current address information in the unemployment compensation database. The department is agency shall not be responsible for failure to provide notice due to incorrect or incomplete address information in the database. The agency shall provide the Department of Revenue with the adjusted state minimum wage rate information and effective date in a timely manner.

(11) Except for calculating the adjusted state minimum wage and publishing the initial state minimum wage and any annual adjustments thereto, the authority of the <u>Department of Revenue Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> in implementing s. 24, Art. X of the State Constitution, pursuant to this section, shall be limited to that authority expressly granted by the Legislature.

Section 48. Section 450.161, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

450.161 Chapter not to affect career education of children; other exceptions.—Nothing in this chapter shall prevent minors of any age from receiving career education furnished by the United States, this state, or any county or other political subdivision of this state and duly approved by the Department of Education or other duly constituted authority, nor any apprentice indentured under a plan approved by the Department of Education Division of Jobs and Benefits, or prevent the employment of any minor 14 years of age or older when such employment is authorized as an integral part of, or supplement to, such a course in career education and is authorized by regulations of the district school board of the district in

which such minor is employed, provided the employment is in compliance with the provisions of ss. 450.021(4) and 450.061. Exemptions for the employment of student learners 16 to 18 years of age are provided in s. 450.061. Such an exemption shall apply when:

- (1) The student learner is enrolled in a youth vocational training program under a recognized state or local educational authority.
- (2) Such student learner is employed under a written agreement which provides:
- (a) That the work of the student learner in the occupation declared particularly hazardous shall be incidental to the training.
- (b) That such work shall be intermittent and for short periods of time and under the direct and close supervision of a qualified and experienced person.
- (c) That safety instructions shall be given by the school and correlated by the employer with on-the-job training.
- (d) That a schedule of organized and progressive work processes to be performed on the job shall have been prepared.

Each such written agreement shall contain the name of the student learner and shall be signed by the employer, the school coordinator and principal, and the parent or legal guardian. Copies of each agreement shall be kept on file by both the school and the employer. This exemption for the employment of student learners may be revoked in any individual situation when it is found that reasonable precautions have not been observed for the safety of minors employed thereunder. A high school

graduate may be employed in an occupation in which he or she has completed training as a student learner, as provided in this section, even though he or she is not yet 18 years of age.

Section 49. Paragraph (j) of subsection (1) of section 450.191, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

450.191 Executive Office of the Governor; powers and duties.—

- (1) The Executive Office of the Governor is authorized and directed to:
- (j) Cooperate with <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation in the recruitment and referral of migrant laborers and other persons for the planting, cultivation, and harvesting of agricultural crops in Florida.

Section 50. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 450.31, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 450.31 Issuance, revocation, and suspension of, and refusal to issue or renew, certificate of registration.—
- (2) The department may revoke, suspend, or refuse to issue or renew any certificate of registration when it is shown that the farm labor contractor has:
- (e) Failed to pay unemployment compensation taxes as determined by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation; or

Section 51. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 464.203, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 464.203 Certified nursing assistants; certification requirement.—
- (1) The board shall issue a certificate to practice as a certified nursing assistant to any person who demonstrates a

minimum competency to read and write and successfully passes the required background screening pursuant to s. 400.215 and meets one of the following requirements:

(d) Has completed the curriculum developed by the Department of Education under the Enterprise Florida Jobs and Education Partnership Grant and achieved a minimum score, established by rule of the board, on the nursing assistant competency examination, which consists of a written portion and skills-demonstration portion, approved by the board and administered at a site and by personnel approved by the department.

Section 52. Subsection (3) of section 468.529, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

468.529 Licensee's insurance; employment tax; benefit plans.—

(3) A licensed employee leasing company shall within 30 days after initiation or termination notify its workers' compensation insurance carrier, the Division of Workers' Compensation of the Department of Financial Services, and the state agency providing unemployment tax collection services under contract with Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation through an interagency agreement pursuant to s. 443.1316 of both the initiation or the termination of the company's relationship with any client company.

Section 53. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section 469.002, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

469.002 Exemptions.

- (1) This chapter does not apply to:
- (e) An authorized employee of the United States, this

state, or any municipality, county, or other political subdivision who has completed all training required by NESHAP and OSHA or by ASHARA for the activities described in this paragraph, while engaged in asbestos related activities set forth in s. 255.5535 and asbestos-related activities involving the demolition of a building owned by that governmental unit, where such activities are within the scope of that employment and the employee does not hold out for hire or otherwise engage in asbestos abatement, contracting, or consulting.

Section 54. Subsection (2) of section 469.003, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

469.003 License required.-

- (2)(a) \underline{A} No person may <u>not</u> prepare asbestos abatement specifications unless trained and licensed as an asbestos consultant as required by this chapter.
- (b) Any person engaged in the business of asbestos surveys prior to October 1, 1987, who has been certified by the Department of Labor and Employment Security as a certified asbestos surveyor, and who has complied with the training requirements of s. 469.013(1)(b), may provide survey services as described in s. 255.553(1), (2), and (3). The Department of Labor and Employment Security may, by rule, establish violations, disciplinary procedures, and penalties for certified asbestos surveyors.

Section 55. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 489.1455, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

489.1455 Journeyman; reciprocity; standards.-

(1) An individual who holds a valid, active journeyman license in the plumbing/pipe fitting, mechanical, or HVAC trades

issued by any county or municipality in this state may work as a journeyman in the trade in which he or she is licensed in any county or municipality of this state without taking an additional examination or paying an additional license fee, if he or she:

(b) Has completed an apprenticeship program registered with a registration agency defined in 29 C.F.R. 29.2 the Department of Labor and Employment Security and demonstrates 4 years' verifiable practical experience in the trade for which he or she is licensed, or demonstrates 6 years' verifiable practical experience in the trade for which he or she is licensed;

Section 56. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 489.5335, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

489.5335 Journeyman; reciprocity; standards.-

- (1) An individual who holds a valid, active journeyman license in the electrical trade issued by any county or municipality in this state may work as a journeyman in any other county or municipality of this state without taking an additional examination or paying an additional license fee, if he or she:
- (b) Has completed an apprenticeship program registered with a registration agency defined in 29 C.F.R. 29.2 the Department of Labor and Employment Security and demonstrates 4 years' verifiable practical experience in the electrical trade, or demonstrates 6 years' verifiable practical experience in the electrical trade;

Section 57. Subsections (1) and (2), paragraph (b) of subsection (3), and paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 526.143, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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526.143 Alternate generated power capacity for motor fuel dispensing facilities.—

- (1) By June 1, 2007, Each motor fuel terminal facility, as defined in s. 526.303(16), and each wholesaler, as defined in s. 526.303(17), which sells motor fuel in this state must be capable of operating its distribution loading racks using an alternate generated power source for a minimum of 72 hours. Pending a postdisaster examination of the equipment by the operator to determine any extenuating damage that would render it unsafe to use, the facility must have such alternate generated power source available for operation within no later than 36 hours after a major disaster as defined in s. 252.34. Installation of appropriate wiring, including a transfer switch, shall be performed by a certified electrical contractor. Each business that is subject to this subsection must keep a copy of the documentation of such installation on site or at its corporate headquarters. In addition, each business must keep a written statement attesting to the periodic testing and ensured operational capacity of the equipment. The required documents must be made available, upon request, to the Office Division of Emergency Management and the director of the county emergency management agency.
- (2) Each newly constructed or substantially renovated motor fuel retail outlet, as defined in s. 526.303(14), for which a certificate of occupancy is issued on or after July 1, 2006, shall be prewired with an appropriate transfer switch, and capable of operating all fuel pumps, dispensing equipment, lifesafety systems, and payment-acceptance equipment using an alternate generated power source. As used in this subsection,

the term "substantially renovated" means a renovation that results in an increase of greater than 50 percent in the assessed value of the motor fuel retail outlet. Local building inspectors shall include this equipment and operations check in the normal inspection process before issuing a certificate of occupancy. Each retail outlet that is subject to this subsection must keep a copy of the certificate of occupancy on site or at its corporate headquarters. In addition, each retail outlet must keep a written statement attesting to the periodic testing of and ensured operational capability of the equipment. The required documents must be made available, upon request, to the Office Division of Emergency Management and the director of the county emergency management agency.

(3)

(b) Installation of appropriate wiring and transfer switches must be performed by a certified electrical contractor. Each retail outlet that is subject to this subsection must keep a copy of the documentation of such installation on site or at its corporate headquarters. In addition, each retail outlet must keep a written statement attesting to the periodic testing of and ensured operational capacity of the equipment. The required documents must be made available, upon request, to the Office Division of Emergency Management and the director of the county emergency management agency.

(4)

- (b) Subsections (2) and (3) do not apply to:
- 1. An automobile dealer;
- 2. A person who operates a fleet of motor vehicles;
- 3. A person who sells motor fuel exclusively to a fleet of

motor vehicles; or

4. A motor fuel retail outlet that has a written agreement with a public hospital, in a form approved by the Office Division of Emergency Management, wherein the public hospital agrees to provide the motor fuel retail outlet with an alternative means of power generation onsite so that the outlet's fuel pumps may be operated in the event of a power outage.

Section 58. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section 526.144, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

526.144 Florida Disaster Motor Fuel Supplier Program. -

(1)(a) There is created the Florida Disaster Motor Fuel Supplier Program within the Office of Emergency Management Department of Community Affairs.

(4)

- (b) Notwithstanding any other law or other ordinance and for the purpose of ensuring an appropriate emergency management response following major disasters in this state, the regulation of all other retail establishments participating in such response is shall be as follows:
- 1. Regulation of retail establishments that meet the standards created by the Office Division of Emergency Management in the report required in s. 8, chapter 2006-71, Laws of Florida, by July 1, 2007, is preempted to the state and until such standards are adopted, the regulation of these retail establishments is preempted to the state;
- 2. The <u>office</u> division shall provide written certification of such preemption to retail establishments that qualify and

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3626 shall provide such information to local governments upon 3627 request; and

3. Regulation of retail establishments that do not meet the operational standards is subject to local government laws or ordinances.

Section 59. Paragraph (i) of subsection (4) of section 551.104, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

551.104 License to conduct slot machine gaming.-

- (4) As a condition of licensure and to maintain continued authority for the conduct of slot machine gaming, the slot machine licensee shall:
 - (i) Create and file with the division a written policy for:
- 1. Creating opportunities to purchase from vendors in this state, including minority vendors.
- 2. Creating opportunities for employment of residents of this state, including minority residents.
- 3. Ensuring opportunities for construction services from minority contractors.
- 4. Ensuring that opportunities for employment are offered on an equal, nondiscriminatory basis.
- 5. Training for employees on responsible gaming and working with a compulsive or addictive gambling prevention program to further its purposes as provided for in s. 551.118.
- 6. The implementation of a drug-testing program that includes, but is not limited to, requiring each employee to sign an agreement that he or she understands that the slot machine facility is a drug-free workplace.

The slot machine licensee shall use the Internet-based job-

listing system of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce <u>Innovation</u> in advertising employment opportunities. Beginning in June 2007, each slot machine licensee shall provide an annual report to the division containing information indicating compliance with this paragraph in regard to minority persons.

Section 60. Section 553.62, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

553.62 State standard.—The Occupational Safety and Health Administration's excavation safety standards, 29 C.F.R. s. 1926.650 Subpart P, are hereby incorporated as the state standard. The Department of Labor and Employment Security may, by rule, adopt updated or revised versions of those standards, provided that the updated or revised versions are consistent with the intent expressed in this act and s. 553.72, and are not otherwise inconsistent with state law. Any rule adopted as provided in this section shall be complied with upon its effective date.

Section 61. Subsection (1) of section 597.006, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

597.006 Aquaculture Interagency Coordinating Council.-

(1) CREATION.—The Legislature finds and declares that there is a need for interagency coordination with regard to aquaculture by the following agencies: the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; Jobs Florida; the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development; the Department of Community Affairs; the Department of Environmental Protection; the Department of Labor and Employment Security; the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission; the statewide consortium of universities under the Florida Institute of Oceanography;

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Florida Agricultural and Mechanical University; the Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences at the University of Florida; and the Florida Sea Grant Program. It is therefore the intent of the Legislature to hereby create an Aquaculture Interagency Coordinating Council to act as an advisory body as defined in s. 20.03(9).

Section 62. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section 624.5105, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

624.5105 Community contribution tax credit; authorization; limitations; eligibility and application requirements; administration; definitions; expiration.—

- (2) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.-
- (d) The project shall be located in an area designated as an enterprise zone or a Front Porch Community pursuant to s. 20.18(6). Any project designed to construct or rehabilitate housing for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) is exempt from the area requirement of this paragraph.

Section 63. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 627.0628, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

627.0628 Florida Commission on Hurricane Loss Projection Methodology; public records exemption; public meetings exemption.—

- (2) COMMISSION CREATED.-
- 3708 (b) The commission shall consist of the following 11 3709 members:
 - 1. The insurance consumer advocate.
 - 2. The senior employee of the State Board of Administration responsible for operations of the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe

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- 3. The Executive Director of the Citizens Property
 3715 Insurance Corporation.
 - 4. The Director of the Office Division of Emergency Management of the Department of Community Affairs.
 - 5. The actuary member of the Florida Hurricane Catastrophe Fund Advisory Council.
 - 6. An employee of the office who is an actuary responsible for property insurance rate filings and who is appointed by the director of the office.
 - 7. Five members appointed by the Chief Financial Officer, as follows:
 - a. An actuary who is employed full time by a property and casualty insurer which was responsible for at least 1 percent of the aggregate statewide direct written premium for homeowner's insurance in the calendar year preceding the member's appointment to the commission.
 - b. An expert in insurance finance who is a full-time member of the faculty of the State University System and who has a background in actuarial science.
 - c. An expert in statistics who is a full-time member of the faculty of the State University System and who has a background in insurance.
 - d. An expert in computer system design who is a full-time member of the faculty of the State University System.
 - e. An expert in meteorology who is a full-time member of the faculty of the State University System and who specializes in hurricanes.
 - Section 64. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section

3742 768.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

768.13 Good Samaritan Act; immunity from civil liability.-

(2)

(d) Any person whose acts or omissions are not otherwise covered by this section and who participates in emergency response activities under the direction of or in connection with a community emergency response team, local emergency management agencies, the Office Division of Emergency Management of the Department of Community Affairs, or the Federal Emergency Management Agency is not liable for any civil damages as a result of care, treatment, or services provided gratuitously in such capacity and resulting from any act or failure to act in such capacity in providing or arranging further care, treatment, or services, if such person acts as a reasonably prudent person would have acted under the same or similar circumstances.

Section 65. Subsection (14) of section 943.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

943.03 Department of Law Enforcement.-

efforts, responses to acts of terrorism within or affecting this state, and other matters related to the domestic security of Florida as it relates to terrorism, shall coordinate and direct the law enforcement, initial emergency, and other initial responses. The department shall work closely with the Office Division of Emergency Management, other federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies, fire and rescue agencies, first-responder agencies, and others involved in preparation against acts of terrorism in or affecting this state and in the response to such acts. The executive director of the department, or

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another member of the department designated by the director, shall serve as Chief of Domestic Security for the purpose of directing and coordinating such efforts. The department and Chief of Domestic Security shall use the regional domestic security task forces as established in this chapter to assist in such efforts.

Section 66. Section 943.03101, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

943.03101 Counter-terrorism coordination.—The Legislature finds that with respect to counter-terrorism efforts and initial responses to acts of terrorism within or affecting this state, specialized efforts of emergency management which that are unique to such situations are required and that these efforts intrinsically involve very close coordination of federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies with the efforts of all others involved in emergency-response efforts. In order to best provide this specialized effort with respect to counterterrorism efforts and responses, the Legislature has determined that such efforts should be coordinated by and through the Department of Law Enforcement, working closely with the Office Division of Emergency Management and others involved in preparation against acts of terrorism in or affecting this state, and in the initial response to such acts, in accordance with the state comprehensive emergency management plan prepared pursuant to s. 252.35(2)(a).

Section 67. Subsection (7) of section 943.0311, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

943.0311 Chief of Domestic Security; duties of the department with respect to domestic security.—

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(7) As used in this section, the term "state agency" includes the Agency for Health Care Administration, Jobs Florida, the Agency for Workforce Innovation, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Department of Business and Professional Regulation, the Department of Children and Family Services, the Department of Citrus, the Department of Community Affairs, the Department of Corrections, the Department of Education, the Department of Elderly Affairs, the Department of Environmental Protection, the Department of Financial Services, the Department of Health, the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Department of Law Enforcement, the Department of Legal Affairs, the Department of Management Services, the Department of Military Affairs, the Department of Revenue, the Department of State, the Department of the Lottery, the Department of Transportation, the Department of Veterans' Affairs, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, the Parole Commission, the State Board of Administration, and the Executive Office of the Governor.

Section 68. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) and subsection (3) of section 943.0312, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

943.0312 Regional domestic security task forces.—The Legislature finds that there is a need to develop and implement a statewide strategy to address prevention, preparation, protection, response, and recovery efforts by federal, state, and local law enforcement agencies, emergency management agencies, fire and rescue departments, first-responder personnel and others in dealing with potential or actual terrorist acts within or affecting this state.

- (1) To assist the department and the Chief of Domestic Security in performing their roles and duties in this regard, the department shall establish a regional domestic security task force in each of the department's operational regions. The task forces shall serve in an advisory capacity to the department and the Chief of Domestic Security and shall provide support to the department in its performance of functions pertaining to domestic security.
- (d) The co-chairs of each task force may appoint subcommittees and subcommittee chairs as necessary in order to address issues related to the various disciplines represented on the task force, except that subcommittee chairs for emergency management shall be appointed with the approval of the director of the <u>Office Division</u> of Emergency Management. A subcommittee chair shall serve at the pleasure of the co-chairs.
- (3) The Chief of Domestic Security, in conjunction with the Office Division of Emergency Management, the regional domestic security task forces, and the various state entities responsible for establishing training standards applicable to state law enforcement officers and fire, emergency, and first-responder personnel shall identify appropriate equipment and training needs, curricula, and materials related to the effective response to suspected or actual acts of terrorism or incidents involving real or hoax weapons of mass destruction as defined in s. 790.166. Recommendations for funding for purchases of equipment, delivery of training, implementation of, or revision to basic or continued training required for state licensure or certification, or other related responses shall be made by the Chief of Domestic Security to the Domestic Security Oversight

Council, the Executive Office of the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives as necessary to ensure that the needs of this state with regard to the preparing, equipping, training, and exercising of response personnel are identified and addressed. In making such recommendations, the Chief of Domestic Security and the Office Division of Emergency Management shall identify all funding sources that may be available to fund such efforts.

Section 69. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraph (b) of subsection (2), and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (4) of section 943.0313, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

943.0313 Domestic Security Oversight Council.—The
Legislature finds that there exists a need to provide executive
direction and leadership with respect to terrorism prevention,
preparation, protection, response, and recovery efforts by state
and local agencies in this state. In recognition of this need,
the Domestic Security Oversight Council is hereby created. The
council shall serve as an advisory council pursuant to s.
20.03(7) to provide guidance to the state's regional domestic
security task forces and other domestic security working groups
and to make recommendations to the Governor and the Legislature
regarding the expenditure of funds and allocation of resources
related to counter-terrorism and domestic security efforts.

- (1) MEMBERSHIP.-
- (a) The Domestic Security Oversight Council shall consist of the following voting members:
- 1. The executive director of the Department of Law Enforcement.
 - 2. The director of the Office Division of Emergency

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3887 Management within the Department of Community Affairs.

- 3888 3. The Attorney General.
- 3889 4. The Commissioner of Agriculture.
 - 5. The State Surgeon General.
 - 6. The Commissioner of Education.
- 3892 7. The State Fire Marshal.
- 3893 8. The adjutant general of the Florida National Guard.
- 9. The state chief information officer.
- 3895 10. Each sheriff or chief of police who serves as a co-3896 chair of a regional domestic security task force pursuant to s. 3897 943.0312(1)(b).
- 3898 11. Each of the department's special agents in charge who 3899 serve as a co-chair of a regional domestic security task force.
- 3900 12. Two representatives of the Florida Fire Chiefs 3901 Association.
- 3902 13. One representative of the Florida Police Chiefs 3903 Association.
 - 14. One representative of the Florida Prosecuting Attorneys Association.
- 3906 15. The chair of the Statewide Domestic Security 3907 Intelligence Committee.
 - 16. One representative of the Florida Hospital Association.
- 3909 17. One representative of the Emergency Medical Services 3910 Advisory Council.
- 3911 18. One representative of the Florida Emergency 3912 Preparedness Association.
- 3913 19. One representative of the Florida Seaport 3914 Transportation and Economic Development Council.
 - (2) ORGANIZATION.—

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- (b) The executive director of the Department of Law Enforcement shall serve as chair of the council, and the director of the Office Division of Emergency Management within the Department of Community Affairs shall serve as vice chair of the council. In the absence of the chair, the vice chair shall serve as chair. In the absence of the vice chair, the chair may name any member of the council to perform the duties of the chair if such substitution does not extend beyond a defined meeting, duty, or period of time.
 - (4) EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.-
- (a) The council shall establish an executive committee consisting of the following members:
- 1. The executive director of the Department of Law Enforcement.
- 2. The director of the Office Division of Emergency Management within the Department of Community Affairs.
 - 3. The Attorney General.
 - 4. The Commissioner of Agriculture.
 - 5. The State Surgeon General.
 - 6. The Commissioner of Education.
 - 7. The State Fire Marshal.
- (b) The executive director of the Department of Law Enforcement shall serve as the chair of the executive committee, and the director of the Office Division of Emergency Management within the Department of Community Affairs shall serve as the vice chair of the executive committee.
- 3942 Section 70. Subsection (5) of section 944.012, Florida 3943 Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 944.012 Legislative intent.—The Legislature hereby finds

and declares that:

(5) In order to make the correctional system an efficient and effective mechanism, the various agencies involved in the correctional process must coordinate their efforts. Where possible, interagency offices should be physically located within major institutions and should include representatives of the public employment service the Florida State Employment Service, the vocational rehabilitation programs of the Department of Education, and the Parole Commission. Duplicative and unnecessary methods of evaluating offenders must be eliminated and areas of responsibility consolidated in order to more economically utilize present scarce resources.

Section 71. Section 944.708, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

944.708 Rules.—The Department of Corrections and the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt rules to implement the provisions of ss. 944.701-944.707.

Section 72. Paragraph (h) of subsection (3) of section 944.801, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

944.801 Education for state prisoners.-

- (3) The responsibilities of the Correctional Education Program shall be to:
- (h) Develop a written procedure for selecting programs to add to or delete from the vocational curriculum. The procedure shall include labor market analyses which demonstrate the projected demand for certain occupations and the projected supply of potential employees. In conducting these analyses, the department shall evaluate the feasibility of adding vocational education programs which have been identified by Jobs Florida,

the Department of Education, the Agency for Workforce Innovation or a regional coordinating council as being in undersupply in this state. The department shall periodically reevaluate the vocational education programs in major institutions to determine which of the programs support and provide relevant skills to inmates who could be assigned to a correctional work program that is operated as a Prison Industry Enhancement Program.

Section 73. Paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section 945.10, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

945.10 Confidential information.-

- (3) Due to substantial concerns regarding institutional security and unreasonable and excessive demands on personnel and resources if an inmate or an offender has unlimited or routine access to records of the Department of Corrections, an inmate or an offender who is under the jurisdiction of the department may not have unrestricted access to the department's records or to information contained in the department's records. However, except as to another inmate's or offender's records, the department may permit limited access to its records if an inmate or an offender makes a written request and demonstrates an exceptional need for information contained in the department's records and the information is otherwise unavailable. Exceptional circumstances include, but are not limited to:
- (d) The requested records contain information required to process an application or claim by the inmate or offender with the Internal Revenue Service, the Social Security Administration, Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, or any other similar application or claim with a state agency or federal agency.

 Section 74. Subsection (4) of section 985.601, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

985.601 Administering the juvenile justice continuum.-

(4) The department shall maintain continuing cooperation with the Department of Education, the Department of Children and Family Services, the Agency for Workforce Innovation, Jobs Florida, and the Department of Corrections for the purpose of participating in agreements with respect to dropout prevention and the reduction of suspensions, expulsions, and truancy; increased access to and participation in GED, vocational, and alternative education programs; and employment training and placement assistance. The cooperative agreements between the departments shall include an interdepartmental plan to cooperate in accomplishing the reduction of inappropriate transfers of children into the adult criminal justice and correctional systems.

Section 75. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 1002.375, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1002.375 Alternative credit for high school courses; pilot project.—

(1) The Commissioner of Education shall implement a pilot project in up to three school districts beginning in the 2008-2009 school year which allows school districts to award alternative course credit for students enrolled in nationally or state-recognized industry certification programs, as defined by the <u>former</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation <u>or Jobs Florida</u>, in accordance with the criteria described in s. 1003.492(2). The Commissioner of Education shall establish criteria for districts that participate in the pilot program. School districts

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4059 4060 interested in participating in the program must submit a letter of interest by July 15, 2008, to the Commissioner of Education identifying up to five nationally or state-recognized industry certification programs, as defined by the former Agency for Workforce Innovation or Jobs Florida, in accordance with the criteria described in s. 1003.492(2), under which the district would like to award alternative credit for the eligible courses identified in subsection (2). The Commissioner of Education shall select up to three participating school districts by July 30, 2008. The Commissioner of Education shall submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives identifying the number of students choosing to earn alternative credit, the number of students that received alternative credit, and legislative recommendations for expanding the use of alternative credit for core academic courses required for high school graduation. The report shall be submitted by January 1, 2010.

(2) For purposes of designing and implementing a successful pilot project, eligible alternative credit courses include Algebra 1a, Algebra 1b, Algebra 1, Geometry, and Biology. Alternative credits shall be awarded for courses in which a student is not enrolled, but for which the student may earn academic credit by enrolling in another course or sequence of courses required to earn a nationally or state-recognized industry certificate, as defined by the former Agency for Workforce Innovation or Jobs Florida, in accordance with the criteria described in s. 1003.492(2), of which the majority of the standards-based content in the course description is consistent with the alternative credit course description

4061 approved by the Department of Education.

Section 76. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) and subsection (5) of section 1002.53, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1002.53 Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program; eligibility and enrollment.—

(4)

- (b) The application must be submitted on forms prescribed by the <u>department Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> and must be accompanied by a certified copy of the child's birth certificate. The forms must include a certification, in substantially the form provided in s. 1002.71(6)(b)2., that the parent chooses the private prekindergarten provider or public school in accordance with this section and directs that payments for the program be made to the provider or school. The <u>department Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> may authorize alternative methods for submitting proof of the child's age in lieu of a certified copy of the child's birth certificate.
- (5) The early learning coalition shall provide each parent enrolling a child in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program with a profile of every private prekindergarten provider and public school delivering the program within the county where the child is being enrolled. The profiles shall be provided to parents in a format prescribed by the <u>department Agency for Workforce Innovation</u>. The profiles must include, at a minimum, the following information about each provider and school:
- (a) The provider's or school's services, curriculum, instructor credentials, and instructor-to-student ratio; and
- (b) The provider's or school's kindergarten readiness rate calculated in accordance with s. 1002.69, based upon the most

recent available results of the statewide kindergarten screening.

Section 77. Paragraphs (e) and (h) of subsection (3) of section 1002.55, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1002.55 School-year prekindergarten program delivered by private prekindergarten providers.—

- (3) To be eligible to deliver the prekindergarten program, a private prekindergarten provider must meet each of the following requirements:
- (e) A private prekindergarten provider may assign a substitute instructor to temporarily replace a credentialed instructor if the credentialed instructor assigned to a prekindergarten class is absent, as long as the substitute instructor is of good moral character and has been screened before employment in accordance with level 2 background screening requirements in chapter 435. The <u>department Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> shall adopt rules to implement this paragraph which shall include required qualifications of substitute instructors and the circumstances and time limits for which a private prekindergarten provider may assign a substitute instructor.
- (h) The private prekindergarten provider must register with the early learning coalition on forms prescribed by the department Agency for Workforce Innovation.

Section 78. Subsections (6) and (8) of section 1002.61, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 1002.61 Summer prekindergarten program delivered by public schools and private prekindergarten providers.—
 - (6) A public school or private prekindergarten provider may

assign a substitute instructor to temporarily replace a credentialed instructor if the credentialed instructor assigned to a prekindergarten class is absent, as long as the substitute instructor is of good moral character and has been screened before employment in accordance with level 2 background screening requirements in chapter 435. This subsection does not supersede employment requirements for instructional personnel in public schools which are more stringent than the requirements of this subsection. The department Agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt rules to implement this subsection which shall include required qualifications of substitute instructors and the circumstances and time limits for which a public school or private prekindergarten provider may assign a substitute instructor.

- (8) Each public school delivering the summer prekindergarten program must also:
- (a) Register with the early learning coalition on forms prescribed by the <u>department</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation; and
- (b) Deliver the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program in accordance with this part.
- Section 79. Subsections (6) and (8) of section 1002.63, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 1002.63 School-year prekindergarten program delivered by public schools.—
 - (6) A public school prekindergarten provider may assign a substitute instructor to temporarily replace a credentialed instructor if the credentialed instructor assigned to a prekindergarten class is absent, as long as the substitute

instructor is of good moral character and has been screened before employment in accordance with level 2 background screening requirements in chapter 435. This subsection does not supersede employment requirements for instructional personnel in public schools which are more stringent than the requirements of this subsection. The department Agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt rules to implement this subsection which shall include required qualifications of substitute instructors and the circumstances and time limits for which a public school prekindergarten provider may assign a substitute instructor.

- (8) Each public school delivering the school-year prekindergarten program must:
- (a) Register with the early learning coalition on forms prescribed by the <u>department</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation; and
- (b) Deliver the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program in accordance with this part.

Section 80. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 1002.67, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 1002.67 Performance standards; curricula and accountability.—
- (1) By April 1, 2005, The department shall develop and adopt performance standards for students in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program. The performance standards must address the age-appropriate progress of students in the development of:
- (a) The capabilities, capacities, and skills required under s. 1(b), Art. IX of the State Constitution; and
 - (b) Emergent literacy skills, including oral communication,

knowledge of print and letters, phonemic and phonological awareness, and vocabulary and comprehension development.

- (3)(a) Each early learning coalition shall verify that each private prekindergarten provider delivering the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program within the coalition's county or multicounty region complies with this part. Each district school board shall verify that each public school delivering the program within the school district complies with this part.
- (b) If a private prekindergarten provider or public school fails or refuses to comply with this part, or if a provider or school engages in misconduct, the <u>department</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation shall require the early learning coalition to remove the provider <u>or</u>, and the Department of Education shall require the school district to remove the school, from eligibility to deliver the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program and receive state funds under this part.
- (c)1. If the kindergarten readiness rate of a private prekindergarten provider or public school falls below the minimum rate adopted by the State Board of Education as satisfactory under s. 1002.69(6), the early learning coalition or school district, as applicable, shall require the provider or school to submit an improvement plan for approval by the coalition or school district, as applicable, and to implement the plan.
- 2. If a private prekindergarten provider or public school fails to meet the minimum rate adopted by the State Board of Education as satisfactory under s. 1002.69(6) for 2 consecutive years, the early learning coalition or school district, as applicable, shall place the provider or school on probation and

must require the provider or school to take certain corrective actions, including the use of a curriculum approved by the department under paragraph (2)(c).

- 3. A private prekindergarten provider or public school that is placed on probation must continue the corrective actions required under subparagraph 2., including the use of a curriculum approved by the department, until the provider or school meets the minimum rate adopted by the State Board of Education as satisfactory under s. 1002.69(6).
- 4. If a private prekindergarten provider or public school remains on probation for 2 consecutive years and fails to meet the minimum rate adopted by the State Board of Education as satisfactory under s. 1002.69(6) and is not granted a good cause exemption by the department pursuant to s. 1002.69(7), the department Agency for Workforce Innovation shall require the early learning coalition or the Department of Education shall require the school district to remove, as applicable, the provider or school from eligibility to deliver the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program and receive state funds for the program.
- (d) Each early learning coalition, the Agency for Workforce Innovation, and the department shall coordinate with the Child Care Services Program Office of the Department of Children and Family Services to minimize interagency duplication of activities for monitoring private prekindergarten providers for compliance with requirements of the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program under this part, the school readiness programs under s. 411.01, and the licensing of providers under ss. 402.301-402.319.

 Section 81. Paragraph (f) of subsection (7) of section 1002.69, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.69 Statewide kindergarten screening; kindergarten readiness rates.—

(7)

(f) The State Board of Education shall notify the department Agency for Workforce Innovation of any good cause exemption granted to a private prekindergarten provider under this subsection. If a good cause exemption is granted to a private prekindergarten provider who remains on probation for 2 consecutive years, the department Agency for Workforce Innovation shall notify the early learning coalition of the good cause exemption and direct that the coalition, notwithstanding s. 1002.67(3)(c)4., not remove the provider from eligibility to deliver the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program or to receive state funds for the program, if the provider meets all other applicable requirements of this part.

Section 82. Paragraph (c) of subsection (3), subsection (4), paragraph (b) of subsection (5), and subsections (6) and (7) of section 1002.71, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1002.71 Funding; financial and attendance reporting.—

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- (c) The initial allocation shall be based on estimated student enrollment in each coalition service area. The department Agency for Workforce Innovation shall reallocate funds among the coalitions based on actual full-time equivalent student enrollment in each coalition service area.
 - (4) Notwithstanding s. 1002.53(3) and subsection (2):
 - (a) A child who, for any of the prekindergarten programs

listed in s. 1002.53(3), has not completed more than 70 percent of the hours authorized to be reported for funding under subsection (2), or has not expended more than 70 percent of the funds authorized for the child under s. 1002.66, may withdraw from the program for good cause and reenroll in one of the programs. The total funding for a child who reenrolls in one of the programs for good cause may not exceed one full-time equivalent student. Funding for a child who withdraws and reenrolls in one of the programs for good cause shall be issued in accordance with the <u>department's agency's</u> uniform attendance policy adopted pursuant to paragraph (6)(d).

(b) A child who has not substantially completed any of the prekindergarten programs listed in s. 1002.53(3) may withdraw from the program due to an extreme hardship that is beyond the child's or parent's control, reenroll in one of the summer programs, and be reported for funding purposes as a full-time equivalent student in the summer program for which the child is reenrolled.

A child may reenroll only once in a prekindergarten program under this section. A child who reenrolls in a prekindergarten program under this subsection may not subsequently withdraw from the program and reenroll. The <u>department Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> shall establish criteria specifying whether a good cause exists for a child to withdraw from a program under paragraph (a), whether a child has substantially completed a program under paragraph (b), and whether an extreme hardship exists which is beyond the child's or parent's control under paragraph (b).

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(b) The <u>department</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation shall
adopt procedures for the payment of private prekindergarten
providers and public schools delivering the Voluntary
Prekindergarten Education Program. The procedures shall provide
for the advance payment of providers and schools based upon
student enrollment in the program, the certification of student
attendance, and the reconciliation of advance payments in
accordance with the uniform attendance policy adopted under
paragraph (6)(d). The procedures shall provide for the monthly
distribution of funds by the <u>department</u> Agency for Workforce
Innovation to the early learning coalitions for payment by the
coalitions to private prekindergarten providers and public
schools. The department shall transfer to the Agency for
Workforce Innovation at least once each quarter the funds
available for payment to private prekindergarten providers and
public schools in accordance with this paragraph from the funds
appropriated for that purpose.

- (6)(a) Each parent enrolling his or her child in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program must agree to comply with the attendance policy of the private prekindergarten provider or district school board, as applicable. Upon enrollment of the child, the private prekindergarten provider or public school, as applicable, must provide the child's parent with a copy of the provider's or school district's attendance policy, as applicable.
- (b)1. Each private prekindergarten provider's and district school board's attendance policy must require the parent of each student in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program to

verify, each month, the student's attendance on the prior month's certified student attendance.

2. The parent must submit the verification of the student's attendance to the private prekindergarten provider or public school on forms prescribed by the <u>department</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation. The forms must include, in addition to the verification of the student's attendance, a certification, in substantially the following form, that the parent continues to choose the private prekindergarten provider or public school in accordance with s. 1002.53 and directs that payments for the program be made to the provider or school:

VERIFICATION OF STUDENT'S ATTENDANCE AND CERTIFICATION OF PARENTAL CHOICE

I, ...(Name of Parent)..., swear (or affirm) that my child, ...(Name of Student)..., attended the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program on the days listed above and certify that I continue to choose ...(Name of Provider or School)... to deliver the program for my child and direct that program funds be paid to the provider or school for my child.

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...(Signature of Parent)...
...(Date)...
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3. The private prekindergarten provider or public school must keep each original signed form for at least 2 years. Each private prekindergarten provider must permit the early learning coalition, and each public school must permit the school district, to inspect the original signed forms during normal

business hours. The <u>department</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt procedures for early learning coalitions and school districts to review the original signed forms against the certified student attendance. The review procedures shall provide for the use of selective inspection techniques, including, but not limited to, random sampling. Each early learning coalition and the school districts must comply with the review procedures.

- (c) A private prekindergarten provider or school district, as applicable, may dismiss a student who does not comply with the provider's or district's attendance policy. A student dismissed under this paragraph is not removed from the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program and may continue in the program through reenrollment with another private prekindergarten provider or public school. Notwithstanding s. 1002.53(6)(b), a school district is not required to provide for the admission of a student dismissed under this paragraph.
- (d) The <u>department</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt, for funding purposes, a uniform attendance policy for the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program. The attendance policy must apply statewide and apply equally to all private prekindergarten providers and public schools. The attendance policy must include at least the following provisions:
- 1. Beginning with the 2009-2010 fiscal year for school-year programs, A student's attendance may be reported on a pro rata basis as a fractional part of a full-time equivalent student.
- 2. At a maximum, 20 percent of the total payment made on behalf of a student to a private prekindergarten provider or a public school may be for hours a student is absent.

3. A private prekindergarten provider or public school may not receive payment for absences that occur before a student's first day of attendance or after a student's last day of attendance.

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The uniform attendance policy shall be used only for funding purposes and does not prohibit a private prekindergarten provider or public school from adopting and enforcing its attendance policy under paragraphs (a) and (c).

4389 (7) The department Agency for Workforce Innovation shall 4390 require that administrative expenditures be kept to the minimum 4391 necessary for efficient and effective administration of the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program. Administrative 4392 4393 policies and procedures shall be revised, to the maximum extent 4394 practicable, to incorporate the use of automation and electronic 4395 submission of forms, including those required for child 4396 eligibility and enrollment, provider and class registration, and 4397 monthly certification of attendance for payment. A school 4398 district may use its automated daily attendance reporting system 4399 for the purpose of transmitting attendance records to the early 4400 learning coalition in a mutually agreed-upon format. In 4401 addition, actions shall be taken to reduce paperwork, eliminate 4402 the duplication of reports, and eliminate other duplicative activities. Beginning with the 2010-2011 fiscal year, each early 4403 4404 learning coalition may retain and expend no more than 4.5 4405 percent of the funds paid by the coalition to private 4406 prekindergarten providers and public schools under paragraph

(5)(b). Funds retained by an early learning coalition under this

subsection may be used only for administering the Voluntary

Prekindergarten Education Program and may not be used for the school readiness program or other programs.

Section 83. Subsection (1) of section 1002.72, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.72 Records of children in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program.—

- (1)(a) The records of a child enrolled in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program held by an early learning coalition, the <u>department Agency for Workforce Innovation</u>, or a Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program provider are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. For purposes of this section, such records include assessment data, health data, records of teacher observations, and personal identifying information of an enrolled child and his or her parent.
- (b) This exemption applies to the records of a child enrolled in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program held by an early learning coalition, the <u>department Agency for Workforce Innovation</u>, or a Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program provider before, on, or after the effective date of this exemption.

Section 84. Subsections (1) and (5) of section 1002.77, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1002.77 Florida Early Learning Advisory Council.-

(1) There is created the Florida Early Learning Advisory Council within the <u>department</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation. The purpose of the advisory council is to submit recommendations to the department and the Agency for Workforce Innovation on the early learning policy of this state, including recommendations

relating to administration of the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program under this part and the school readiness programs under s. 411.01.

(5) The <u>department</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation shall provide staff and administrative support for the advisory council.

Section 85. Section 1002.79, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1002.79 Rulemaking authority.-

- (1) The State Board of Education shall adopt rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer the provisions of this part conferring duties upon the department.
- (2) The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer the provisions of this part conferring duties upon the agency.

Section 86. Subsection (2), paragraph (a) of subsection (3), paragraph (c) of subsection (4), and subsection (5) of section 1003.491, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

1003.491 Florida Career and Professional Education Act.—The Florida Career and Professional Education Act is created to provide a statewide planning partnership between the business and education communities in order to attract, expand, and retain targeted, high-value industry and to sustain a strong, knowledge-based economy.

(2) Beginning with the 2007 2008 school year, Each district school board shall develop, in collaboration with local workforce boards and postsecondary institutions approved to operate in the state, a strategic 5-year plan to address and meet local and regional workforce demands. If involvement of the

local workforce board in the strategic plan development is not feasible, the local school board, with the approval of <u>Jobs</u>

<u>Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation, shall collaborate with the most appropriate local business leadership board. Two or more school districts may collaborate in the development of the strategic plan and offer a career and professional academy as a joint venture. Such plans must describe in detail provisions for efficient transportation of students, maximum use of shared resources, and access to courses through the Florida Virtual School when appropriate. Each strategic plan shall be completed no later than June 30, 2008, and shall include provisions to have in place at least one operational career and professional academy, pursuant to s. 1003.492, no later than the beginning of the 2008-2009 school year.

- (3) The strategic 5-year plan developed jointly between the local school district, local workforce boards, and state-approved postsecondary institutions shall be constructed and based on:
- (a) Research conducted to objectively determine local and regional workforce needs for the ensuing 5 years, using labor projections of the United States Department of Labor and <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation;
- (4) The State Board of Education shall establish a process for the continual and uninterrupted review of newly proposed core secondary courses and existing courses requested to be considered as core courses to ensure that sufficient rigor and relevance is provided for workforce skills and postsecondary education and aligned to state curriculum standards. The review of newly proposed core secondary courses shall be the

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responsibility of a curriculum review committee whose membership is approved by the Workforce Florida Board as described in s. 445.004, and shall include:

- (c) Three workforce representatives recommended by <u>Jobs</u> Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation.
- (5) The submission and review of newly proposed core courses shall be conducted electronically, and each proposed core course shall be approved or denied within 60 days. All courses approved as core courses for high school graduation purposes shall be immediately added to the Course Code Directory. Approved core courses shall also be reviewed and considered for approval for dual enrollment credit. The Board of Governors and the Commissioner of Education shall jointly recommend an annual deadline for approval of new core courses to be included for purposes of postsecondary admissions and dual enrollment credit the following academic year. The State Board of Education shall establish an appeals process in the event that a proposed course is denied which shall require a consensus ruling by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation and the Commissioner of Education within 15 days. The curriculum review committee must be established and operational no later than September 1, 2007.

Section 87. Subsection (2) of section 1003.492, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.492 Industry-certified career education programs.-

(2) The State Board of Education shall use the expertise of Workforce Florida, Inc., and Enterprise Florida, Inc., to develop and adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 for implementing an industry certification process. Industry

Certification shall be defined by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation, based upon the highest available national standards for specific industry certification, to ensure student skill proficiency and to address emerging labor market and industry trends. A regional workforce board or a career and professional academy may apply to Workforce Florida, Inc., to request additions to the approved list of industry certifications based on high-demand job requirements in the regional economy. The list of industry certifications approved by Workforce Florida, Inc., and the Department of Education shall be published and updated annually by a date certain, to be included in the adopted rule.

Section 88. Paragraph (f) of subsection (4) of section 1003.493, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.493 Career and professional academies.

- (4) Each career and professional academy must:
- (f) Provide instruction in careers designated as high growth, high demand, and high pay by the local workforce development board, the chamber of commerce, or <u>Jobs Florida</u> the <u>Agency for Workforce Innovation</u>.

Section 89. Subsection (3) of section 1003.575, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.575 Assistive technology devices; findings; interagency agreements.—Accessibility, utilization, and coordination of appropriate assistive technology devices and services are essential as a young person with disabilities moves from early intervention to preschool, from preschool to school, from one school to another, and from school to employment or independent living. To ensure that an assistive technology

device issued to a young person as part of his or her individualized family support plan, individual support plan, or an individual education plan remains with the individual through such transitions, the following agencies shall enter into interagency agreements, as appropriate, to ensure the transaction of assistive technology devices:

(3) The Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program administered by the Department of Education and the Agency for Workforce Innovation.

Interagency agreements entered into pursuant to this section shall provide a framework for ensuring that young persons with disabilities and their families, educators, and employers are informed about the utilization and coordination of assistive technology devices and services that may assist in meeting transition needs, and shall establish a mechanism by which a young person or his or her parent may request that an assistive technology device remain with the young person as he or she moves through the continuum from home to school to postschool.

Section 90. Subsection (4) of section 1003.4285, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.4285 Standard high school diploma designations.—Each standard high school diploma shall include, as applicable:

(4) A designation reflecting a Florida Ready to Work Credential in accordance with s. 445.06 1004.99.

Section 91. Paragraph (j) of subsection (4) of section 1003.493, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1003.493 Career and professional academies.-

(4) Each career and professional academy must:

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4610 4611 (j) Provide opportunities for students to obtain the Florida Ready to Work Certification pursuant to s. $\underline{445.06}$ $\underline{1004.99}$.

Section 92. Subsection (3) of section 1008.39, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.39 Florida Education and Training Placement Information Program.—

(3) The Florida Education and Training Placement Information Program must not make public any information that could identify an individual or the individual's employer. The Department of Education must ensure that the purpose of obtaining placement information is to evaluate and improve public programs or to conduct research for the purpose of improving services to the individuals whose social security numbers are used to identify their placement. If an agreement assures that this purpose will be served and that privacy will be protected, the Department of Education shall have access to the unemployment insurance wage reports maintained by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, the files of the Department of Children and Family Services that contain information about the distribution of public assistance, the files of the Department of Corrections that contain records of incarcerations, and the files of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation that contain the results of licensure examination.

Section 93. Subsection (3) of section 1008.41, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1008.41 Workforce education; management information system.—

- (3) Planning and evaluation of job-preparatory programs shall be based on standard sources of data and use standard occupational definitions and coding structures, including, but not limited to:
 - (a) The Florida Occupational Information System;
- (b) The Florida Education and Training Placement Information Program;
 - (c) Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation;
 - (d) The United States Department of Labor; and
- (e) Other sources of data developed using statistically valid procedures.
- Section 94. Subsections (2), (3), (4), (5), and (6) of section 1011.76, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 1011.76 Small School District Stabilization Program. -
- district must be located in a rural area of critical economic concern designated by the Executive Office of the Governor, and the district school board must submit a resolution to Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development requesting participation in the program. A rural area of critical economic concern must be a rural community, or a region composed of such, that has been adversely affected by an extraordinary economic event or a natural disaster or that presents a unique economic development concern or opportunity of regional impact. The resolution must be accompanied with documentation of the economic conditions in the community, provide information indicating the negative impact of these conditions on the school district's financial stability, and the school district must participate in a best financial management

practices review to determine potential efficiencies that could be implemented to reduce program costs in the district.

- Obs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, in consultation with the Department of Education, shall review the resolution and other information required by subsection (2) and determine whether the school district is eligible to participate in the program. Factors influencing the office's determination may include, but are not limited to, reductions in the county tax roll resulting from business closures or other causes, or a reduction in student enrollment due to business closures or impacts in the local economy.
- (4) Effective July 1, 2000, and thereafter, When Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development authorizes a school district to participate in the program, the Legislature may give priority to that district for a best financial management practices review in the school district, subject to approval pursuant to s. 1008.35(7), to the extent that funding is provided annually for such purpose in the General Appropriations Act. The scope of the review shall be as set forth in s. 1008.35.
- (5) Effective July 1, 2000, and thereafter, The Department of Education may award the school district a stabilization grant intended to protect the district from continued financial reductions. The amount of the grant will be determined by the Department of Education and may be equivalent to the amount of the decline in revenues projected for the next fiscal year. In addition, Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may implement a rural economic development initiative to identify the economic factors that are negatively

impacting the community and may consult with Enterprise Florida, Inc., in developing a plan to assist the county with its economic transition. The grant will be available to the school district for a period of up to 5 years to the extent that funding is provided for such purpose in the General Appropriations Act.

(6) Based on the availability of funds, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development or the Department of Education may enter into contracts or issue grants necessary to implement the program.

Section 95. Section 1012.2251, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

1012.2251 End-of-course examinations for Merit Award Program.—Beginning with the 2007-2008 school year, School districts that participate in the Merit Award Program under s. 1012.225 must be able to administer end-of-course examinations based on the Sunshine State Standards in order to measure a student's understanding and mastery of the entire course in all grade groupings and subjects for any year in which the districts participate in the program. The statewide standardized assessment, College Board Advanced Placement Examination, International Baccalaureate examination, Advanced International Certificate of Education examination, or examinations resulting in national or state industry certification recognized by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation satisfy the requirements of this section for the respective grade groupings and subjects assessed by these examinations and assessments.

Section 96. The Auditor General may conduct audits as provided in s. 11.45 to verify that the distributions under s.

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288.1162, Florida Statutes 2010, are expended as required in
that section. If the Auditor General determines that the
distributions under s. 288.1162, Florida Statutes 2010, are not
expended as required, the Auditor General shall notify the
Department of Revenue, which may pursue recovery of the funds
under the laws and rules governing the assessment of taxes.

Section 97. The Department of Revenue may audit as provided in s. 213.34 to verify that the contributions pursuant to s. 288.1168, Florida Statutes 2010, have been expended as required by that section.

Section 98. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 14.20195, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

14.20195 Suicide Prevention Coordinating Council; creation; membership; duties.—There is created within the Statewide Office for Suicide Prevention a Suicide Prevention Coordinating Council. The council shall develop strategies for preventing suicide.

- (2) MEMBERSHIP.—The Suicide Prevention Coordinating Council shall consist of 28 voting members.
- (b) The following state officials or their designees shall serve on the coordinating council:
 - 1. The Secretary of Elderly Affairs.
 - 2. The State Surgeon General.
 - 3. The Commissioner of Education.
 - 4. The Secretary of Health Care Administration.
- 5. The Secretary of Juvenile Justice.
 - 6. The Secretary of Corrections.
- 7. The executive director of the Department of Law Enforcement.

- 8. The executive director of the Department of Veterans' Affairs.
 - 9. The Secretary of Children and Family Services.
- 10. The <u>commissioner</u> <u>director</u> of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation.

Section 99. Section 15.182, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 15.182 International travel by state-funded musical, cultural, or artistic organizations; notification to <u>Jobs</u>
 Florida Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.—
- (1) If a musical, cultural, or artistic organization that receives state funding is traveling internationally for a presentation, performance, or other significant public viewing, including an organization associated with a college or university, such organization shall notify <u>Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism</u>, <u>Trade</u>, and <u>Economic Development</u> of its intentions to travel, together with the date, time, and location of each appearance.
- Development, in conjunction with Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall act as an intermediary between performing musical, cultural, and artistic organizations and Florida businesses to encourage and coordinate joint undertakings. Such coordination may include, but is not limited to, encouraging business and industry to sponsor cultural events, assistance with travel of such organizations, and coordinating travel schedules of cultural performance groups and international trade missions.
- (3) An organization shall provide the notification to the Department of State required by this section at least 30 days

<u>before</u> prior to the date the international travel is to commence or, when an intention to travel internationally is not formed at least 30 days in advance of the date the travel is to commence, as soon as feasible after forming such travel intention. The Department of State shall take an active role in informing such groups of the responsibility to notify the department of travel intentions.

Section 100. Paragraph (j) of subsection (1) of section 16.615, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 16.615 Council on the Social Status of Black Men and Boys.-
- (1) The Council on the Social Status of Black Men and Boys is established within the Department of Legal Affairs and shall consist of 19 members appointed as follows:
- (j) The <u>commissioner</u> <u>director</u> of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation or his or her designee.

Section 101. Paragraph (a) of subsection (8) and paragraph (a) of subsection (9) of section 39.001, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 39.001 Purposes and intent; personnel standards and screening.—
 - (8) PLAN FOR COMPREHENSIVE APPROACH.-
- (a) The office shall develop a state plan for the promotion of adoption, support of adoptive families, and prevention of abuse, abandonment, and neglect of children and shall submit the state plan to the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate, and the Governor no later than December 31, 2008. The Department of Children and Family Services, the Department of Corrections, the Department of Education, the Department of Health, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the

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Department of Law Enforcement, and the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, and the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall participate and fully cooperate in the development of the state plan at both the state and local levels. Furthermore, appropriate local agencies and organizations shall be provided an opportunity to participate in the development of the state plan at the local level. Appropriate local groups and organizations shall include, but not be limited to, community mental health centers; guardian ad litem programs for children under the circuit court; the school boards of the local school districts; the Florida local advocacy councils; community-based care lead agencies; private or public organizations or programs with recognized expertise in working with child abuse prevention programs for children and families; private or public organizations or programs with recognized expertise in working with children who are sexually abused, physically abused, emotionally abused, abandoned, or neglected and with expertise in working with the families of such children; private or public programs or organizations with expertise in maternal and infant health care; multidisciplinary child protection teams; child day care centers; law enforcement agencies; and the circuit courts, when guardian ad litem programs are not available in the local area. The state plan to be provided to the Legislature and the Governor shall include, as a minimum, the information required of the various groups in paragraph (b).

- (9) FUNDING AND SUBSEQUENT PLANS.-
- (a) All budget requests submitted by the office, the department, the Department of Health, the Department of Education, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Department of

Corrections, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, the Agency for Workforce Innovation, or any other agency to the Legislature for funding of efforts for the promotion of adoption, support of adoptive families, and prevention of child abuse, abandonment, and neglect shall be based on the state plan developed pursuant to this section.

Section 102. Paragraph (a) of subsection (7) of section 45.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

45.031 Judicial sales procedure.—In any sale of real or personal property under an order or judgment, the procedures provided in this section and ss. 45.0315-45.035 may be followed as an alternative to any other sale procedure if so ordered by the court.

- (7) DISBURSEMENTS OF PROCEEDS.—
- (a) On filing a certificate of title, the clerk shall disburse the proceeds of the sale in accordance with the order or final judgment and shall file a report of such disbursements and serve a copy of it on each party, and on the Department of Revenue if the department was named as a defendant in the action or if <u>Jobs Florida or</u> the <u>former</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation or the former Department of Labor and Employment Security was named as a defendant while the Department of Revenue was providing unemployment tax collection services under contract with <u>Jobs Florida or</u> the <u>former</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation through an interagency agreement pursuant to s. 443.1316.

Section 103. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 69.041, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

69.041 State named party; lien foreclosure, suit to quiet title.—

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(4)(a) The Department of Revenue has the right to participate in the disbursement of funds remaining in the registry of the court after distribution pursuant to s. 45.031(7). The department shall participate in accordance with applicable procedures in any mortgage foreclosure action in which the department has a duly filed tax warrant, or interests under a lien arising from a judgment, order, or decree for support, as defined in s. 409.2554, or interest in an unemployment compensation tax lien under contract with Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation through an interagency agreement pursuant to s. 443.1316, against the subject property and with the same priority, regardless of whether a default against the department, Jobs Florida, or the former Agency for Workforce Innovation, or the former Department of Labor and Employment Security has been entered for failure to file an answer or other responsive pleading.

Section 104. Subsection (3) of section 112.3135, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 112.3135 Restriction on employment of relatives.
- (3) An agency may prescribe regulations authorizing the temporary employment, in the event of an emergency as defined in s. 252.34(3), of individuals whose employment would be otherwise prohibited by this section.

Section 105. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) and paragraph (f) of subsection (5) of section 119.071, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 119.071 General exemptions from inspection or copying of public records.—
 - (2) AGENCY INVESTIGATIONS.-

- (d) Any information revealing surveillance techniques or procedures or personnel is exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. Any comprehensive inventory of state and local law enforcement resources compiled pursuant to part I, chapter 23, and any comprehensive policies or plans compiled by a criminal justice agency pertaining to the mobilization, deployment, or tactical operations involved in responding to an emergency emergencies, as defined in s. 252.34(3), are exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution and unavailable for inspection, except by personnel authorized by a state or local law enforcement agency, the office of the Governor, the Department of Legal Affairs, the Department of Law Enforcement, or Jobs Florida the Department of Community Affairs as having an official need for access to the inventory or comprehensive policies or plans.
 - (5) OTHER PERSONAL INFORMATION. -
- (f) Medical history records and information related to health or property insurance provided to Jobs Florida the Department of Community Affairs, the Florida Housing Finance Corporation, a county, a municipality, or a local housing finance agency by an applicant for or a participant in a federal, state, or local housing assistance program are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. Governmental entities or their agents shall have access to such confidential and exempt records and information for the purpose of auditing federal, state, or local housing programs or housing assistance programs. Such confidential and exempt records and information may be used in any administrative or judicial proceeding, provided such records

are kept confidential and exempt unless otherwise ordered by a court.

Section 106. Subsection (10) of section 120.80, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

120.80 Exceptions and special requirements; agencies.-

- (10) JOBS FLORIDA AGENCY FOR WORKFORCE INNOVATION. -
- (a) Notwithstanding s. 120.54, the rulemaking provisions of this chapter do not apply to unemployment appeals referees.
- (b) Notwithstanding s. 120.54(5), the uniform rules of procedure do not apply to appeal proceedings conducted under chapter 443 by the Unemployment Appeals Commission, special deputies, or unemployment appeals referees.
- (c) Notwithstanding s. 120.57(1)(a), hearings under chapter 443 may not be conducted by an administrative law judge assigned by the division, but instead shall be conducted by the Unemployment Appeals Commission in unemployment compensation appeals, unemployment appeals referees, and <u>Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> or its special deputies under s. 443.141.

Section 107. Paragraph (n) of subsection (3) of section 125.0104, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

125.0104 Tourist development tax; procedure for levying; authorized uses; referendum; enforcement.—

- (3) TAXABLE PRIVILEGES; EXEMPTIONS; LEVY; RATE.-
- (n) In addition to any other tax that is imposed under this section, a county that has imposed the tax under paragraph (1) may impose an additional tax that is no greater than 1 percent on the exercise of the privilege described in paragraph (a) by a majority plus one vote of the membership of the board of county

commissioners in order to:

- 1. Pay the debt service on bonds issued to finance:
- a. The construction, reconstruction, or renovation of a facility either publicly owned and operated, or publicly owned and operated by the owner of a professional sports franchise or other lessee with sufficient expertise or financial capability to operate such facility, and to pay the planning and design costs incurred prior to the issuance of such bonds for a new professional sports franchise as defined in s. 288.1162, Florida Statutes 2010.
- b. The acquisition, construction, reconstruction, or renovation of a facility either publicly owned and operated, or publicly owned and operated by the owner of a professional sports franchise or other lessee with sufficient expertise or financial capability to operate such facility, and to pay the planning and design costs incurred prior to the issuance of such bonds for a retained spring training franchise.
- 2. Promote and advertise tourism in the State of Florida and nationally and internationally; however, if tax revenues are expended for an activity, service, venue, or event, the activity, service, venue, or event shall have as one of its main purposes the attraction of tourists as evidenced by the promotion of the activity, service, venue, or event to tourists.

A county that imposes the tax authorized in this paragraph may not expend any ad valorem tax revenues for the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, or renovation of a facility for which tax revenues are used pursuant to subparagraph 1. The provision of paragraph (b) which prohibits any county authorized

to levy a convention development tax pursuant to s. 212.0305 from levying more than the 2-percent tax authorized by this section shall not apply to the additional tax authorized by this paragraph in counties which levy convention development taxes pursuant to s. 212.0305(4)(a). Subsection (4) does not apply to the adoption of the additional tax authorized in this paragraph. The effective date of the levy and imposition of the tax authorized under this paragraph is the first day of the second month following approval of the ordinance by the board of county commissioners or the first day of any subsequent month specified in the ordinance. A certified copy of such ordinance shall be furnished by the county to the Department of Revenue within 10 days after approval of the ordinance.

Section 108. Subsection (1) of section 125.01045, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

125.01045 Prohibition of fees for first responder services.—

(1) A county may not impose a fee or seek reimbursement for any costs or expenses that may be incurred for services provided by a first responder, including costs or expenses related to personnel, supplies, motor vehicles, or equipment in response to a motor vehicle accident, except for costs to contain or clean up hazardous materials in quantities reportable to the Florida State Warning Point at the Office Division of Emergency Management, and costs for transportation and treatment provided by ambulance services licensed pursuant to s. 401.23(4) and (5).

Section 109. Subsection (11) of section 159.803, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

159.803 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

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(11) "Florida First Business project" means any project which is certified by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development as eligible to receive an allocation from the Florida First Business allocation pool established pursuant to s. 159.8083. <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may certify those projects meeting the criteria set forth in s. 288.106(4)(b) or any project providing a substantial economic benefit to this state.

Section 110. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 159.8081, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

159.8081 Manufacturing facility bond pool.-

(2)(a) The first 75 percent of this pool shall be available on a first come, first served basis, except that 15 percent of the state volume limitation allocated to this pool shall be available as provided in paragraph (b). Before Prior to issuing any written confirmations for the remaining 25 percent of this pool, the director shall forward all notices of intent to issue which are received by the division for manufacturing facility projects to Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development. Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development and the Department of Community Affairs shall decide, after receipt of the notices of intent to issue, which notices will receive written confirmations. Such decision shall be communicated in writing by Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to the director within 10 days of receipt of such notices of intent to issue. Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, in consultation with the Department of Community Affairs, may develop rules to ensure that allocation of the remaining 25

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5018 percent is consistent with the state's economic development 5019 policy.

Section 111. Section 159.8083, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

159.8083 Florida First Business allocation pool.—The Florida First Business allocation pool is hereby established. The Florida First Business allocation pool shall be available solely to provide written confirmation for private activity bonds to finance Florida First Business projects certified by Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development as eligible to receive a written confirmation. Allocations from such pool shall be awarded statewide pursuant to procedures specified in s. 159.805, except that the provisions of s. 159.805(2), (3), and (6) do not apply. Florida First Business projects that are eligible for a carryforward shall not lose their allocation pursuant to s. 159.809(3) on October 1, or pursuant to s. 159.809(4) on November 16, if they have applied for and have been granted a carryforward by the division pursuant to s. 159.81(1). In issuing written confirmations of allocations for Florida First Business projects, the division shall use the Florida First Business allocation pool. If allocation is not available from the Florida First Business allocation pool, the division shall issue written confirmations of allocations for Florida First Business projects pursuant to s. 159.806 or s. 159.807, in such order. For the purpose of determining priority within a regional allocation pool or the state allocation pool, notices of intent to issue bonds for Florida First Business projects to be issued from a regional allocation pool or the state allocation pool shall be

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considered to have been received by the division at the time it is determined by the division that the Florida First Business allocation pool is unavailable to issue confirmation for such Florida First Business project. If the total amount requested in notices of intent to issue private activity bonds for Florida First Business projects exceeds the total amount of the Florida First Business allocation pool, the director shall forward all timely notices of intent to issue, which are received by the division for such projects, to Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development which shall render a decision as to which notices of intent to issue are to receive written confirmations. Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, in consultation with the division, shall develop rules to ensure that the allocation provided in such pool is available solely to provide written confirmations for private activity bonds to finance Florida First Business projects and that such projects are feasible and financially solvent.

Section 112. Section 163.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 163.03 <u>Commissioner of Jobs Florida</u> <u>Secretary of Community</u> <u>Affairs</u>; powers and duties; function of <u>Jobs Florida</u> Department of Community Affairs with respect to federal grant-in-aid programs.—
- (1) The <u>Commissioner of Jobs Florida</u> Secretary of Community Affairs shall:
- (a) Supervise and administer the activities of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the department and shall advise the Governor, the Cabinet, and the Legislature with respect to matters affecting community

affairs and local government and participate in the formulation of policies which best <u>use utilize</u> the resources of state government for the benefit of local government.

- (b) Render services to local governments by assisting, upon request, in applying for and securing federal and state funds and by assisting the Executive Office of the Governor in coordinating the activities of the state with federal programs for assistance in and solution of urban problems.
- (c) Under the direction of the Governor, administer programs to apply rapidly all available aid to communities stricken by an emergency as defined in s. 252.34(3) and, for this purpose, provide liaison with federal agencies and other public and private agencies.
- $\underline{(c)}$ When requested, administer programs which will assist the efforts of local governments in developing mutual and cooperative solutions to their common problems.
- $\underline{(d)}$ (e) Conduct programs to encourage and promote the involvement of private enterprise in the solution of urban problems.
- (e)(f) Conduct continuing programs of analysis and evaluation of local governments and recommend to the Governor programs and changes in the powers and organization of local government as may seem necessary to strengthen local governments.
- $\underline{(f)}(g)$ Assist the Governor and the Cabinet in coordinating and making more effective the activities and services of those departments and agencies of the state which may be of service to units of local government.
 - (g)(h) Provide consultative services and technical

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assistance to local officials in the fields of housing, redevelopment and renewal, local public improvement programs, planning and zoning, and other local programs and collect and disseminate information pertaining thereto, including information concerning federal, state, and private assistance programs and services.

- $\underline{\text{(h)}}$ (i) Conduct research and studies, and prepare model ordinances and codes relating to the areas referred to herein.
- (i)(j) Cooperate with other state agencies in the preparation of statewide plans relating to housing, redevelopment and renewal, human resources development, local planning and zoning, transportation and traffic, and other matters relating to the purposes of this section.
- $\underline{(j)}$ (k) Accept funds from all sources to be \underline{used} $\underline{utilized}$ in programs designed to combat juvenile crime, including the making of contributions to the National Youth Emergency Corps.
- (k) (1) Be authorized to accept and disburse funds from all sources in order to carry out the following programs:
- 1. Advisory and informational services to local governments.
- 2. Community development training under Title VIII of the Housing Act of 1964.
- 3. Local planning assistance under s. 701 of the Housing Act of 1954.
- 4. Statewide planning assistance under s. 701 of the Housing Act of 1954.
- 5. Model cities technical assistance under s. 701 of the Housing Act of 1954.
 - (1)(m) Perform such other functions, duties, or

responsibilities as may be hereafter assigned to him or her by law.

- (2) It is the intent of this section, with respect to federal grant-in-aid programs, that Jobs Florida the department serve as the agency for disseminating information to local governments regarding the availability of federal grant-in-aid assistance to local governments in their efforts to secure federal grant-in-aid assistance, but only upon the request of such local governments, and for assisting local governments in maintaining liaison and communications with federal agencies concerning federal grant-in-aid programs. Nothing contained herein shall be construed to require consent, approval, or authorization from Jobs Florida the department as a condition to any application for or acceptance of grants-in-aid from the United States Government.
- (3) <u>Jobs Florida</u> The department is authorized to adopt rules implementing the following grant programs, which rules shall be consistent with the laws, regulations, or guidelines governing the grant to Jobs Florida the department:
- (a) Criminal justice grant programs administered by the Bureau of Criminal Justice Assistance.
- (b) Grants under the federal Outer Continental Shelf Program administered by the Bureau of Land and Water Management.
 - (c) Federal housing assistance programs.
 - (d) Community Services Block Grant programs.
 - (e) Federal weatherization grant programs.
- 5160 (f) The Jobs Impact Program of the federal Community 5161 Development Block Grant.
 - Section 113. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) and subsection

- 5163 (3) of section 163.3178, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 5164 163.3178 Coastal management.—
 - (2) Each coastal management element required by s. 163.3177(6)(g) shall be based on studies, surveys, and data; be consistent with coastal resource plans prepared and adopted pursuant to general or special law; and contain:
 - (d) A component which outlines principles for hazard mitigation and protection of human life against the effects of natural disaster, including population evacuation, which take into consideration the capability to safely evacuate the density of coastal population proposed in the future land use plan element in the event of an impending natural disaster. The Office Division of Emergency Management shall manage the update of the regional hurricane evacuation studies, ensure such studies are done in a consistent manner, and ensure that the methodology used for modeling storm surge is that used by the National Hurricane Center.
 - (3) Expansions to port harbors, spoil disposal sites, navigation channels, turning basins, harbor berths, and other related inwater harbor facilities of ports listed in s. 403.021(9); port transportation facilities and projects listed in s. 311.07(3)(b); intermodal transportation facilities identified pursuant to s. 311.09(3); and facilities determined by Jobs Florida the Department of Community Affairs and applicable general-purpose local government to be port-related industrial or commercial projects located within 3 miles of or in a port master plan area which rely upon the use of port and intermodal transportation facilities shall not be designated as developments of regional impact if such expansions, projects, or

facilities are consistent with comprehensive master plans that are in compliance with this section.

Section 114. Subsection (10) of section 163.360, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

163.360 Community redevelopment plans.

when the governing body certifies that an area is in need of redevelopment or rehabilitation as a result of an emergency as defined in under s. 252.34(3), with respect to which the Governor has certified the need for emergency assistance under federal law, that area may be certified as a "blighted area," and the governing body may approve a community redevelopment plan and community redevelopment with respect to such area without regard to the provisions of this section requiring a general plan for the county or municipality and a public hearing on the community redevelopment.

Section 115. Subsection (1) of section 166.0446, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

166.0446 Prohibition of fees for first responder services.-

(1) A municipality may not impose a fee or seek reimbursement for any costs or expenses that may be incurred for services provided by a first responder, including costs or expenses related to personnel, supplies, motor vehicles, or equipment in response to a motor vehicle accident, except for costs to contain or clean up hazardous materials in quantities reportable to the Florida State Warning Point at the Office Division of Emergency Management, and costs for transportation and treatment provided by ambulance services licensed pursuant to s. 401.23(4) and (5).

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Section 116. Subsection (1) of section 175.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

175.021 Legislative declaration.-

(1) It is hereby declared by the Legislature that firefighters, as hereinafter defined, perform state and municipal functions; that it is their duty to extinguish fires, to protect life, and to protect property at their own risk and peril; that it is their duty to prevent conflagration and to continuously instruct school personnel, public officials, and private citizens in the prevention of fires and firesafety; that they protect both life and property from local emergencies as defined in s. 252.34(3); and that their activities are vital to the public safety. It is further declared that firefighters employed by special fire control districts serve under the same circumstances and perform the same duties as firefighters employed by municipalities and should therefore be entitled to the benefits available under this chapter. Therefore, the Legislature declares that it is a proper and legitimate state purpose to provide a uniform retirement system for the benefit of firefighters as hereinafter defined and intends, in implementing the provisions of s. 14, Art. X of the State Constitution as they relate to municipal and special district firefighters' pension trust fund systems and plans, that such retirement systems or plans be managed, administered, operated, and funded in such manner as to maximize the protection of the firefighters' pension trust funds. Pursuant to s. 18, Art. VII of the State Constitution, the Legislature hereby determines and declares that the provisions of this act fulfill an important state interest.

Section 117. Subsection (11) of section 186.505, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

186.505 Regional planning councils; powers and duties.—Any regional planning council created hereunder shall have the following powers:

(11) To cooperate, in the exercise of its planning functions, with federal and state agencies in planning for emergency management as defined in under s. 252.34(4).

Section 118. Paragraph (p) of subsection (5) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions.—The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

- (5) EXEMPTIONS; ACCOUNT OF USE.-
- (p) Community contribution tax credit for donations.-
- 1. Authorization.—Persons who are registered with the department under s. 212.18 to collect or remit sales or use tax and who make donations to eligible sponsors are eligible for tax credits against their state sales and use tax liabilities as provided in this paragraph:
- a. The credit shall be computed as 50 percent of the person's approved annual community contribution.
- b. The credit shall be granted as a refund against state sales and use taxes reported on returns and remitted in the 12 months preceding the date of application to the department for the credit as required in sub-subparagraph 3.c. If the annual

credit is not fully used through such refund because of insufficient tax payments during the applicable 12-month period, the unused amount may be included in an application for a refund made pursuant to sub-subparagraph 3.c. in subsequent years against the total tax payments made for such year. Carryover credits may be applied for a 3-year period without regard to any time limitation that would otherwise apply under s. 215.26.

- c. A person may not receive more than \$200,000 in annual tax credits for all approved community contributions made in any one year.
- d. All proposals for the granting of the tax credit require the prior approval of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- e. The total amount of tax credits which may be granted for all programs approved under this paragraph, s. 220.183, and s. 624.5105 is \$10.5 million annually for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) and \$3.5 million annually for all other projects.
- f. A person who is eligible to receive the credit provided for in this paragraph, s. 220.183, or s. 624.5105 may receive the credit only under the one section of the person's choice.
 - 2. Eligibility requirements.-
- a. A community contribution by a person must be in the following form:
 - (I) Cash or other liquid assets;
 - (II) Real property;
 - (III) Goods or inventory; or
 - (IV) Other physical resources as identified by Jobs Florida

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the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.

- b. All community contributions must be reserved exclusively for use in a project. As used in this sub-subparagraph, the term "project" means any activity undertaken by an eligible sponsor which is designed to construct, improve, or substantially rehabilitate housing that is affordable to low-income or verylow-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28); designed to provide commercial, industrial, or public resources and facilities; or designed to improve entrepreneurial and jobdevelopment opportunities for low-income persons. A project may be the investment necessary to increase access to high-speed broadband capability in rural communities with enterprise zones, including projects that result in improvements to communications assets that are owned by a business. A project may include the provision of museum educational programs and materials that are directly related to any project approved between January 1, 1996, and December 31, 1999, and located in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to s. 290.0065. This paragraph does not preclude projects that propose to construct or rehabilitate housing for low-income or very-low-income households on scattered sites. With respect to housing, contributions may be used to pay the following eligible low-income and very-lowincome housing-related activities:
- (I) Project development impact and management fees for low-income or very-low-income housing projects;
- (II) Down payment and closing costs for eligible persons, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28);
- (III) Administrative costs, including housing counseling and marketing fees, not to exceed 10 percent of the community

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5337 contribution, directly related to low-income or very-low-income 5338 projects; and

- (IV) Removal of liens recorded against residential property by municipal, county, or special district local governments when satisfaction of the lien is a necessary precedent to the transfer of the property to an eligible person, as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28), for the purpose of promoting home ownership. Contributions for lien removal must be received from a nonrelated third party.
- c. The project must be undertaken by an "eligible sponsor," which includes:
 - (I) A community action program;
- (II) A nonprofit community-based development organization whose mission is the provision of housing for low-income or very-low-income households or increasing entrepreneurial and job-development opportunities for low-income persons;
 - (III) A neighborhood housing services corporation;
 - (IV) A local housing authority created under chapter 421;
 - (V) A community redevelopment agency created under s.
- 5356 163.356;
- 5357 (VI) The Florida Industrial Development Corporation;
- 5358 (VII) A historic preservation district agency or 5359 organization;
- 5360 (VIII) A regional workforce board;
- 5361 (IX) A direct-support organization as provided in s.
- 5362 1009.983;
- (X) An enterprise zone development agency created under s.
- 5364 290.0056;
- 5365 (XI) A community-based organization incorporated under

chapter 617 which is recognized as educational, charitable, or scientific pursuant to s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and whose bylaws and articles of incorporation include affordable housing, economic development, or community development as the primary mission of the corporation;

- (XII) Units of local government;
- (XIII) Units of state government; or
- (XIV) Any other agency that <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development designates by rule.

In no event may a contributing person have a financial interest in the eligible sponsor.

- d. The project must be located in an area designated an enterprise zone or a Front Porch Florida Community pursuant to s. 20.18(6), unless the project increases access to high-speed broadband capability for rural communities with enterprise zones but is physically located outside the designated rural zone boundaries. Any project designed to construct or rehabilitate housing for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) is exempt from the area requirement of this sub-subparagraph.
- e.(I) If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for less than the annual tax credits available for those projects, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-

come, first-served basis for any subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for more than the annual tax credits available for those projects, Jobs Florida the office shall grant the tax credits for those applications as follows:

- (A) If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor do not exceed \$200,000 in total, the credits shall be granted in full if the tax credit applications are approved.
- (B) If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor exceed \$200,000 in total, the amount of tax credits granted pursuant to sub-sub-sub-subparagraph (A) shall be subtracted from the amount of available tax credits, and the remaining credits shall be granted to each approved tax credit application on a pro rata basis.
- (II) If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for less than the annual tax credits available for those projects, <u>Jobs Florida the office</u> shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for any subsequent eligible applications received before the end of

the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for more than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the office shall grant the tax credits for those applications on a pro rata basis.

- 3. Application requirements.-
- a. Any eligible sponsor seeking to participate in this program must submit a proposal to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development which sets forth the name of the sponsor, a description of the project, and the area in which the project is located, together with such supporting information as is prescribed by rule. The proposal must also contain a resolution from the local governmental unit in which the project is located certifying that the project is consistent with local plans and regulations.
- b. Any person seeking to participate in this program must submit an application for tax credit to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office which sets forth the name of the sponsor, a description of the project, and the type, value, and purpose of the contribution. The sponsor shall verify the terms of the application and indicate its receipt of the contribution, which verification must be in writing and accompany the application for tax credit. The person must submit a separate tax credit application to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office for each individual contribution that it makes to each individual project.
 - c. Any person who has received notification from Jobs

Florida the office that a tax credit has been approved must apply to the department to receive the refund. Application must be made on the form prescribed for claiming refunds of sales and use taxes and be accompanied by a copy of the notification. A person may submit only one application for refund to the department within any 12-month period.

- 4. Administration.—
- a. <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 necessary to administer this paragraph, including rules for the approval or disapproval of proposals by a person.
- b. The decision of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office must be in writing, and, if approved, the notification shall state the maximum credit allowable to the person. Upon approval, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office shall transmit a copy of the decision to the Department of Revenue.
- c. <u>Jobs Florida</u> The office shall periodically monitor all projects in a manner consistent with available resources to ensure that resources are used in accordance with this paragraph; however, each project must be reviewed at least once every 2 years.
- d. <u>Jobs Florida</u> The office shall, in consultation with the Department of Community Affairs and the statewide and regional housing and financial intermediaries, market the availability of the community contribution tax credit program to community-based organizations.
- 5. Expiration.—This paragraph expires June 30, 2015; however, any accrued credit carryover that is unused on that date may be used until the expiration of the 3-year carryover

5482 period for such credit.

Section 119. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 212.096, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

212.096 Sales, rental, storage, use tax; enterprise zone jobs credit against sales tax.—

- (1) For the purposes of the credit provided in this section:
- (d) "Job" means a full-time position, as consistent with terms used by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation and the United States Department of Labor for purposes of unemployment compensation tax administration and employment estimation resulting directly from a business operation in this state. This term may not include a temporary construction job involved with the construction of facilities or any job that has previously been included in any application for tax credits under s. 220.181(1). The term also includes employment of an employee leased from an employee leasing company licensed under chapter 468 if such employee has been continuously leased to the employer for an average of at least 36 hours per week for more than 6 months.

A person shall be deemed to be employed if the person performs duties in connection with the operations of the business on a regular, full-time basis, provided the person is performing such duties for an average of at least 36 hours per week each month. The person must be performing such duties at a business site located in the enterprise zone.

Section 120. Paragraphs (a) and (e) of subsection (1) and subsections (6), (7), and (10) of section 212.097, Florida

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Statutes, are amended to read:

212.097 Urban High-Crime Area Job Tax Credit Program.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Eligible business" means any sole proprietorship, firm, partnership, or corporation that is located in a qualified county and is predominantly engaged in, or is headquarters for a business predominantly engaged in, activities usually provided for consideration by firms classified within the following standard industrial classifications: SIC 01-SIC 09 (agriculture, forestry, and fishing); SIC 20-SIC 39 (manufacturing); SIC 52-SIC 57 and SIC 59 (retail); SIC 422 (public warehousing and storage); SIC 70 (hotels and other lodging places); SIC 7391 (research and development); SIC 781 (motion picture production and allied services); SIC 7992 (public golf courses); and SIC 7996 (amusement parks). A call center or similar customer service operation that services a multistate market or international market is also an eligible business. In addition, Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may, as part of its final budget request submitted pursuant to s. 216.023, recommend additions to or deletions from the list of standard industrial classifications used to determine an eligible business, and the Legislature may implement such recommendations. Excluded from eligible receipts are receipts from retail sales, except such receipts for SIC 52-SIC 57 and SIC 59 (retail) hotels and other lodging places classified in SIC 70, public golf courses in SIC 7992, and amusement parks in SIC 7996. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "predominantly" means that more than 50 percent of the business's gross receipts from all sources is generated by those

activities usually provided for consideration by firms in the specified standard industrial classification. The determination of whether the business is located in a qualified high-crime area and the tier ranking of that area must be based on the date of application for the credit under this section. Commonly owned and controlled entities are to be considered a single business entity.

- (e) "Qualified high-crime area" means an area selected by Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development in the following manner: every third year, Jobs Florida the Office shall rank and tier those areas nominated under subsection (7), according to the following prioritized criteria:
- 1. Highest arrest rates within the geographic area for violent crime and for such other crimes as drug sale, drug possession, prostitution, vandalism, and civil disturbances;
- 2. Highest reported crime volume and rate of specific property crimes such as business and residential burglary, motor vehicle theft, and vandalism;
- 3. Highest percentage of reported index crimes that are violent in nature;
 - 4. Highest overall index crime volume for the area; and
- 5. Highest overall index crime rate for the geographic area.

Tier-one areas are ranked 1 through 5 and represent the highest crime areas according to this ranking. Tier-two areas are ranked 6 through 10 according to this ranking. Tier-three areas are ranked 11 through 15. Notwithstanding this definition,

"qualified high-crime area" also means an area that has been designated as a federal Empowerment Zone pursuant to the Taxpayer Relief Act of 1997. Such a designated area is ranked in tier three until the areas are reevaluated by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.

- (6) Any county or municipality, or a county and one or more municipalities together, may apply to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development for the designation of an area as a high-crime area after the adoption by the governing body or bodies of a resolution that:
- (a) Finds that a high-crime area exists in such county or municipality, or in both the county and one or more municipalities, which chronically exhibits extreme and unacceptable levels of poverty, unemployment, physical deterioration, and economic disinvestment;
- (b) Determines that the rehabilitation, conservation, or redevelopment, or a combination thereof, of such a high-crime area is necessary in the interest of the health, safety, and welfare of the residents of such county or municipality, or such county and one or more municipalities; and
- (c) Determines that the revitalization of such a high-crime area can occur if the public sector or private sector can be induced to invest its own resources in productive enterprises that build or rebuild the economic viability of the area.
- (7) The governing body of the entity nominating the area shall provide to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the <u>Office of Tourism</u>, <u>Trade</u>, and <u>Economic Development</u> the following:
 - (a) The overall index crime rate for the geographic area;
 - (b) The overall index crime volume for the area;

- (c) The percentage of reported index crimes that are violent in nature;
- (d) The reported crime volume and rate of specific property crimes such as business and residential burglary, motor vehicle theft, and vandalism; and
- (e) The arrest rates within the geographic area for violent crime and for such other crimes as drug sale, drug possession, prostitution, disorderly conduct, vandalism, and other public-order offenses.
- (10)(a) In order to claim this credit, an eligible business must file under oath with <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development a statement that includes the name and address of the eligible business and any other information that is required to process the application.
- (b) Applications shall be reviewed and certified pursuant to s. 288.061.
- (c) The maximum credit amount that may be approved during any calendar year is \$5 million, of which \$1 million shall be exclusively reserved for tier-one areas. The Department of Revenue, in conjunction with Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, shall notify the governing bodies in areas designated as urban high-crime areas when the \$5 million maximum amount has been reached. Applications must be considered for approval in the order in which they are received without regard to whether the credit is for a new or existing business. This limitation applies to the value of the credit as contained in approved applications. Approved credits may be taken in the time and manner allowed pursuant to this section.

Section 121. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (1) and

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subsections (6), and (7), of section 212.098, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

212.098 Rural Job Tax Credit Program.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Eligible business" means any sole proprietorship, firm, partnership, or corporation that is located in a qualified county and is predominantly engaged in, or is headquarters for a business predominantly engaged in, activities usually provided for consideration by firms classified within the following standard industrial classifications: SIC 01-SIC 09 (agriculture, forestry, and fishing); SIC 20-SIC 39 (manufacturing); SIC 422 (public warehousing and storage); SIC 70 (hotels and other lodging places); SIC 7391 (research and development); SIC 781 (motion picture production and allied services); SIC 7992 (public golf courses); SIC 7996 (amusement parks); and a targeted industry eligible for the qualified target industry business tax refund under s. 288.106. A call center or similar customer service operation that services a multistate market or an international market is also an eliqible business. In addition, Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may, as part of its final budget request submitted pursuant to s. 216.023, recommend additions to or deletions from the list of standard industrial classifications used to determine an eligible business, and the Legislature may implement such recommendations. Excluded from eligible receipts are receipts from retail sales, except such receipts for hotels and other lodging places classified in SIC 70, public golf courses in SIC 7992, and amusement parks in SIC 7996. For purposes of this paragraph, the term "predominantly" means that

more than 50 percent of the business's gross receipts from all sources is generated by those activities usually provided for consideration by firms in the specified standard industrial classification. The determination of whether the business is located in a qualified county and the tier ranking of that county must be based on the date of application for the credit under this section. Commonly owned and controlled entities are to be considered a single business entity.

- (c) "Qualified area" means any area that is contained within a rural area of critical economic concern designated under s. 288.0656, a county that has a population of fewer than 75,000 persons, or a county that has a population of 125,000 or less and is contiguous to a county that has a population of less than 75,000, selected in the following manner: every third year, Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall rank and tier the state's counties according to the following four factors:
- 1. Highest unemployment rate for the most recent 36-month period.
- 2. Lowest per capita income for the most recent 36-month period.
- 3. Highest percentage of residents whose incomes are below the poverty level, based upon the most recent data available.
- 4. Average weekly manufacturing wage, based upon the most recent data available.
- (6)(a) In order to claim this credit, an eligible business must file under oath with <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development a statement that includes the name and address of the eligible business, the starting salary

or hourly wages paid to the new employee, and any other information that the Department of Revenue requires.

- (b) Within 30 working days after receipt of an application for credit, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and <u>Economic Development</u> shall review the application to determine whether it contains all the information required by this subsection and meets the criteria set out in this section. Subject to the provisions of paragraph (c), <u>Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism</u>, Trade, and Economic Development shall approve all applications that contain the information required by this subsection and meet the criteria set out in this section as eligible to receive a credit.
- (c) The maximum credit amount that may be approved during any calendar year is \$5 million. The Department of Revenue, in conjunction with Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, shall notify the governing bodies in areas designated as qualified counties when the \$5 million maximum amount has been reached. Applications must be considered for approval in the order in which they are received without regard to whether the credit is for a new or existing business. This limitation applies to the value of the credit as contained in approved applications. Approved credits may be taken in the time and manner allowed pursuant to this section.
- (d) A business may not receive more than \$500,000 of tax credits under this section during any one calendar year.
- (7) If the application is insufficient to support the credit authorized in this section, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall deny the credit and notify the business of that fact. The business may reapply

5714 for this credit within 3 months after such notification.

Section 122. Paragraph (d) of subsection (6) of section 212.20, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 212.20 Funds collected, disposition; additional powers of department; operational expense; refund of taxes adjudicated unconstitutionally collected.—
- (6) Distribution of all proceeds under this chapter and s. 202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) shall be as follows:
- (d) The proceeds of all other taxes and fees imposed pursuant to this chapter or remitted pursuant to s. 202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) shall be distributed as follows:
- 1. In any fiscal year, the greater of \$500 million, minus an amount equal to 4.6 percent of the proceeds of the taxes collected pursuant to chapter 201, or 5.2 percent of all other taxes and fees imposed pursuant to this chapter or remitted pursuant to s. 202.18(1)(b) and (2)(b) shall be deposited in monthly installments into the General Revenue Fund.
- 2. After the distribution under subparagraph 1., 8.814 percent of the amount remitted by a sales tax dealer located within a participating county pursuant to s. 218.61 shall be transferred into the Local Government Half-cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund. Beginning July 1, 2003, the amount to be transferred shall be reduced by 0.1 percent, and the department shall distribute this amount to the Public Employees Relations Commission Trust Fund less \$5,000 each month, which shall be added to the amount calculated in subparagraph 3. and distributed accordingly.
- 3. After the distribution under subparagraphs 1. and 2., 0.095 percent shall be transferred to the Local Government Half-

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5743 cent Sales Tax Clearing Trust Fund and distributed pursuant to 5744 s. 218.65.

- 4. After the distributions under subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3., 2.0440 percent of the available proceeds shall be transferred monthly to the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Counties pursuant to s. 218.215.
- 5. After the distributions under subparagraphs 1., 2., and 3., 1.3409 percent of the available proceeds shall be transferred monthly to the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities pursuant to s. 218.215. If the total revenue to be distributed pursuant to this subparagraph is at least as great as the amount due from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities and the former Municipal Financial Assistance Trust Fund in state fiscal year 1999-2000, no municipality shall receive less than the amount due from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities and the former Municipal Financial Assistance Trust Fund in state fiscal year 1999-2000. If the total proceeds to be distributed are less than the amount received in combination from the Revenue Sharing Trust Fund for Municipalities and the former Municipal Financial Assistance Trust Fund in state fiscal year 1999-2000, each municipality shall receive an amount proportionate to the amount it was due in state fiscal year 1999-2000.
 - 6. Of the remaining proceeds:
- a. In each fiscal year, the sum of \$29,915,500 shall be divided into as many equal parts as there are counties in the state, and one part shall be distributed to each county. The distribution among the several counties must begin each fiscal year on or before January 5th and continue monthly for a total

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of 4 months. If a local or special law required that any moneys accruing to a county in fiscal year 1999-2000 under the thenexisting provisions of s. 550.135 be paid directly to the district school board, special district, or a municipal government, such payment must continue until the local or special law is amended or repealed. The state covenants with holders of bonds or other instruments of indebtedness issued by local governments, special districts, or district school boards before July 1, 2000, that it is not the intent of this subparagraph to adversely affect the rights of those holders or relieve local governments, special districts, or district school boards of the duty to meet their obligations as a result of previous pledges or assignments or trusts entered into which obligated funds received from the distribution to county governments under then-existing s. 550.135. This distribution specifically is in lieu of funds distributed under s. 550.135 before July 1, 2000.

b. The department shall distribute \$166,667 monthly pursuant to s. 288.1162, Florida Statutes 2010, to each applicant certified as a facility for a new or retained professional sports franchise pursuant to s. 288.1162, Florida Statutes 2010. Up to \$41,667 shall be distributed monthly by the department to each certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11621 for a facility for a spring training franchise. However, not more than \$416,670 may be distributed monthly in the aggregate to all certified applicants for facilities for spring training franchises. Distributions begin 60 days after such certification and continue for not more than 30 years, except as otherwise provided in s. 288.11621. A certified

applicant identified in this sub-subparagraph may not receive more in distributions than expended by the applicant for the public purposes provided for in s. 288.1162(5), Florida Statutes 2010, or s. 288.11621(3).

- c. Beginning 30 days after notice by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to the Department of Revenue that an applicant has been certified as the professional golf hall of fame pursuant to s. 288.1168, Florida Statutes 2010, and is open to the public, \$166,667 shall be distributed monthly, for up to 300 months, to the applicant.
- d. Beginning 30 days after notice by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to the Department of Revenue that the applicant has been certified as the International Game Fish Association World Center facility pursuant to s. 288.1169, and the facility is open to the public, \$83,333 shall be distributed monthly, for up to 168 months, to the applicant. This distribution is subject to reduction pursuant to s. 288.1169. A lump sum payment of \$999,996 shall be made, after certification and before July 1, 2000.
- 7. All other proceeds must remain in the General Revenue Fund.

Section 123. Subsection (4) and paragraphs (k) and (w) of subsection (8) of section 213.053, Florida Statutes, as amended by chapter 2010-280, Laws of Florida, are amended to read:

- 213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing.-
- (4) The department, while providing unemployment tax collection services under contract with <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation through an interagency agreement pursuant to s. 443.1316, may release unemployment tax rate

information to the agent of an employer, which agent provides payroll services for more than $\underline{100}$ 500 employers, pursuant to the terms of a memorandum of understanding. The memorandum of understanding must state that the agent affirms, subject to the criminal penalties contained in ss. 443.171 and 443.1715, that the agent will retain the confidentiality of the information, that the agent has in effect a power of attorney from the employer which permits the agent to obtain unemployment tax rate information, and that the agent shall provide the department with a copy of the employer's power of attorney upon request.

- (8) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the department may provide:
- (k)1. Payment information relative to chapters 199, 201, 202, 212, 220, 221, and 624 to Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, or its employees or agents that are identified in writing by Jobs Florida the office to the department, in the administration of the tax refund program for qualified defense contractors and space flight business contractors authorized by s. 288.1045 and the tax refund program for qualified target industry businesses authorized by s. 288.106.
- 2. Information relative to tax credits taken by a business under s. 220.191 and exemptions or tax refunds received by a business under s. 212.08(5)(j) to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, or its employees or agents that are identified in writing by <u>Jobs Florida</u> to the department, in the administration and evaluation of the capital investment tax credit program authorized in s. 220.191 and the semiconductor, defense, and space tax exemption program

authorized in s. 212.08(5)(j).

3. Information relative to tax credits taken by a taxpayer pursuant to the tax credit programs created in ss. 193.017; 212.08(5)(g),(h),(n),(o) and (p); 212.08(15); 212.096; 212.097; 212.098; 220.181; 220.182; 220.183; 220.184; 220.1845; 220.185; 220.1895; 220.19; 220.191; 220.192; 220.193; 288.0656; 288.99; 290.007; 376.30781; 420.5093; 420.5099; 550.0951; 550.26352; 550.2704; 601.155; 624.509; 624.510; 624.5105; and 624.5107 to Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, or its employees or agents that are identified in writing by Jobs Florida the office to the department, for use in the administration or evaluation of such programs.

Disclosure of information under this subsection shall be pursuant to a written agreement between the executive director and the agency. Such agencies, governmental or nongovernmental, shall be bound by the same requirements of confidentiality as the Department of Revenue. Breach of confidentiality is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided by s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(w) Tax registration information to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation for use in the conduct of its official duties, which information may not be redisclosed by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation.

Disclosure of information under this subsection shall be pursuant to a written agreement between the executive director and the agency. Such agencies, governmental or nongovernmental, shall be bound by the same requirements of confidentiality as

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the Department of Revenue. Breach of confidentiality is a misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as provided by s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

Section 124. Paragraph (j) of subsection (4) of section 215.5586, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

215.5586 My Safe Florida Home Program.—There is established within the Department of Financial Services the My Safe Florida Home Program. The department shall provide fiscal accountability, contract management, and strategic leadership for the program, consistent with this section. This section does not create an entitlement for property owners or obligate the state in any way to fund the inspection or retrofitting of residential property in this state. Implementation of this program is subject to annual legislative appropriations. It is the intent of the Legislature that the My Safe Florida Home Program provide trained and certified inspectors to perform inspections for owners of site-built, single-family, residential properties and grants to eligible applicants as funding allows. The program shall develop and implement a comprehensive and coordinated approach for hurricane damage mitigation that may include the following:

- (4) ADVISORY COUNCIL.—There is created an advisory council to provide advice and assistance to the department regarding administration of the program. The advisory council shall consist of:
- (j) The director of the $\underline{\text{Office}}$ Florida Division of Emergency Management.

Members appointed under paragraphs (a)-(d) shall serve at the

pleasure of the Financial Services Commission. Members appointed under paragraphs (e) and (f) shall serve at the pleasure of the appointing officer. All other members shall serve as voting ex officio members. Members of the advisory council shall serve without compensation but may receive reimbursement as provided in s. 112.061 for per diem and travel expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties.

Section 125. Paragraph (b) of subsection (8) of section 216.136, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

216.136 Consensus estimating conferences; duties and principals.—

- (8) EARLY LEARNING PROGRAMS ESTIMATING CONFERENCE. -
- (b) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation shall provide information on needs and waiting lists for school readiness programs, and information on the needs for the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program, as requested by the Early Learning Programs Estimating Conference or individual conference principals in a timely manner.

Section 126. Paragraph (a) of subsection (6) of section 216.292, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 216.292 Appropriations nontransferable; exceptions.-
- (6) The Chief Financial Officer shall transfer from any available funds of an agency or the judicial branch the following amounts and shall report all such transfers and the reasons therefor to the legislative appropriations committees and the Executive Office of the Governor:
- (a) The amount due to the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund which is more than 90 days delinquent on reimbursements due to the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund. The amount

transferred shall be that certified by the state agency providing unemployment tax collection services under contract with <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation through an interagency agreement pursuant to s. 443.1316.

Section 127. Subsection (1) of section 216.231, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

216.231 Release of certain classified appropriations.-

- (1)(a) Any appropriation to the Executive Office of the Governor which is classified as an *emergency," as defined in s. 252.34(3), may be released only with the approval of the Governor. The state agency, or the judicial branch, desiring the use of the emergency appropriation shall submit to the Executive Office of the Governor application therefor in writing setting forth the facts from which the alleged need arises. The Executive Office of the Governor shall, at a public hearing, review such application promptly and approve or disapprove the applications as the circumstances may warrant. All actions of the Executive Office of the Governor shall be reported to the legislative appropriations committees, and the committees may advise the Executive Office of the Governor relative to the release of such funds.
- (b) The release of appropriated funds classified as "emergency" shall be approved only if when an act or circumstance caused by an act of God, civil disturbance, natural disaster, or other circumstance of an emergency nature threatens, endangers, or damages the property, safety, health, or welfare of the state or its residents citizens, which condition has not been provided for in appropriation acts of the Legislature. Funds allocated for this purpose may be used to pay

overtime pay to personnel of agencies called upon to perform extra duty because of any civil disturbance or other emergency as defined in s. 252.34(3) and to provide the required state match for federal grants under the federal Disaster Relief Act.

Section 128. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 218.64, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

218.64 Local government half-cent sales tax; uses; limitations.—

- (3) Subject to ordinances enacted by the majority of the members of the county governing authority and by the majority of the members of the governing authorities of municipalities representing at least 50 percent of the municipal population of such county, counties may use up to \$2 million annually of the local government half-cent sales tax allocated to that county for funding for any of the following applicants:
- (a) A certified applicant as a facility for a new or retained professional sports franchise under s. 288.1162, Florida Statutes 2010, or a certified applicant as defined in s. 288.11621 for a facility for a spring training franchise. It is the Legislature's intent that the provisions of s. 288.1162, Florida Statutes 2010, including, but not limited to, the evaluation process by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development except for the limitation on the number of certified applicants or facilities as provided in that section and the restrictions set forth in s. 288.1162(8), Florida Statutes 2010, shall apply to an applicant's facility to be funded by local government as provided in this subsection.

Section 129. Paragraph (ff) of subsection (1) of section 220.03, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

220.03 Definitions.-

- (1) SPECIFIC TERMS.—When used in this code, and when not otherwise distinctly expressed or manifestly incompatible with the intent thereof, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
- (ff) "Job" means a full-time position, as consistent with terms used by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation and the United States Department of Labor for purposes of unemployment compensation tax administration and employment estimation resulting directly from business operations in this state. The term may not include a temporary construction job involved with the construction of facilities or any job that has previously been included in any application for tax credits under s. 212.096. The term also includes employment of an employee leased from an employee leasing company licensed under chapter 468 if the employee has been continuously leased to the employer for an average of at least 36 hours per week for more than 6 months.
- Section 130. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1), paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of subsection (2), and subsections (3), and (4) of section 220.183, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 220.183 Community contribution tax credit.—
- (1) AUTHORIZATION TO GRANT COMMUNITY CONTRIBUTION TAX CREDITS; LIMITATIONS ON INDIVIDUAL CREDITS AND PROGRAM SPENDING.—
- (d) All proposals for the granting of the tax credit shall require the prior approval of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of <u>Tourism</u>, <u>Trade</u>, and <u>Economic Development</u>.
 - (2) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.-

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- (b)1. All community contributions must be reserved exclusively for use in projects as defined in s. 220.03(1)(t).
- 2. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-lowincome households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for less than the annual tax credits available for those projects, Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a firstcome, first-served basis for any subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects that provide homeownership opportunities for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for more than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the office shall grant the tax credits for those applications as follows:
- a. If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor do not exceed \$200,000 in total, the credit shall be granted in full if the tax credit applications are approved.
- b. If tax credit applications submitted for approved projects of an eligible sponsor exceed \$200,000 in total, the amount of tax credits granted under sub-subparagraph a. shall be subtracted from the amount of available tax credits, and the remaining credits shall be granted to each approved tax credit application on a pro rata basis.

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- 3. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for lowincome or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for less than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the office shall grant tax credits for those applications and shall grant remaining tax credits on a first-come, first-served basis for any subsequent eligible applications received before the end of the state fiscal year. If, during the first 10 business days of the state fiscal year, eligible tax credit applications for projects other than those that provide homeownership opportunities for lowincome or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) are received for more than the annual tax credits available for those projects, the office shall grant the tax credits for those applications on a pro rata basis.
- (c) The project must be undertaken by an "eligible sponsor," defined here as:
 - 1. A community action program;
- 2. A nonprofit community-based development organization whose mission is the provision of housing for low-income or very-low-income households or increasing entrepreneurial and job-development opportunities for low-income persons;
 - 3. A neighborhood housing services corporation;
- 4. A local housing authority, created pursuant to chapter 421;
- 5. A community redevelopment agency, created pursuant to s. 6089 163.356;
 - 6. The Florida Industrial Development Corporation;

- 7. An historic preservation district agency or organization;
 - 8. A regional workforce board;
 - A direct-support organization as provided in s.
 1009.983;
 - 10. An enterprise zone development agency created pursuant to s. 290.0056;
 - 11. A community-based organization incorporated under chapter 617 which is recognized as educational, charitable, or scientific pursuant to s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and whose bylaws and articles of incorporation include affordable housing, economic development, or community development as the primary mission of the corporation;
 - 12. Units of local government;
 - 13. Units of state government; or
 - 14. Such other agency as <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may, from time to time, designate by rule.

In no event shall a contributing business firm have a financial interest in the eligible sponsor.

(d) The project shall be located in an area designated as an enterprise zone or a Front Porch Florida Community pursuant to s. 20.18(6). Any project designed to construct or rehabilitate housing for low-income or very-low-income households as defined in s. 420.9071(19) and (28) is exempt from the area requirement of this paragraph. This section does not preclude projects that propose to construct or rehabilitate housing for low-income or very-low-income households on

scattered sites. Any project designed to provide increased access to high-speed broadband capabilities which includes coverage of a rural enterprise zone may locate the project's infrastructure in any area of a rural county.

- (3) APPLICATION REQUIREMENTS.-
- (a) Any eligible sponsor wishing to participate in this program must submit a proposal to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development which sets forth the sponsor, the project, the area in which the project is located, and such supporting information as may be prescribed by rule. The proposal shall also contain a resolution from the local governmental unit in which it is located certifying that the project is consistent with local plans and regulations.
- (b) Any business wishing to participate in this program must submit an application for tax credit to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, which application sets forth the sponsor; the project; and the type, value, and purpose of the contribution. The sponsor shall verify the terms of the application and indicate its receipt of the contribution, which verification must be in writing and accompany the application for tax credit.
- (c) The business firm must submit a separate application for tax credit for each individual contribution that it makes to each individual project.
 - (4) ADMINISTRATION. -
- (a) <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development has authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this section, including rules for the approval or disapproval of

proposals by business firms.

- (b) The decision of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall be in writing, and, if approved, the notification must state the maximum credit allowable to the business firm. A copy of the decision shall be transmitted to the executive director of the Department of Revenue, who shall apply such credit to the tax liability of the business firm.
- (c) <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall periodically monitor all projects in a manner consistent with available resources to ensure that resources are utilized in accordance with this section; however, each project shall be reviewed no less often than once every 2 years.
- (d) The Department of Revenue has authority to adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this section.
- (e) Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall, in consultation with the Department of Community Affairs, the Florida Housing Finance Corporation, and the statewide and regional housing and financial intermediaries, market the availability of the community contribution tax credit program to community-based organizations.

Section 131. Paragraphs (e) and (h) of subsection (1) of section 220.191, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

220.191 Capital investment tax credit.-

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this section:
- (e) "Jobs" means full-time equivalent positions, as that term is consistent with terms used by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation and the United States Department of

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Labor for purposes of unemployment tax administration and employment estimation, resulting directly from a project in this state. The term does not include temporary construction jobs involved in the construction of the project facility.

- (h) "Qualifying project" means:
- 1. A new or expanding facility in this state which creates at least 100 new jobs in this state and is in one of the high-impact sectors identified by Enterprise Florida, Inc., and certified by the office pursuant to s. 288.108(6), including, but not limited to, aviation, aerospace, automotive, and silicon technology industries;
- 2. A new or expanded facility in this state which is engaged in a target industry designated pursuant to the procedure specified in s. 288.106(2) s. 288.106(2)(t) and which is induced by this credit to create or retain at least 1,000 jobs in this state, provided that at least 100 of those jobs are new, pay an annual average wage of at least 130 percent of the average private sector wage in the area as defined in s. 288.106(2), and make a cumulative capital investment of at least \$100 million after July 1, 2005. Jobs may be considered retained only if there is significant evidence that the loss of jobs is imminent. Notwithstanding subsection (2), annual credits against the tax imposed by this chapter shall not exceed 50 percent of the increased annual corporate income tax liability or the premium tax liability generated by or arising out of a project qualifying under this subparagraph. A facility that qualifies under this subparagraph for an annual credit against the tax imposed by this chapter may take the tax credit for a period not to exceed 5 years; or

3. A new or expanded headquarters facility in this state which locates in an enterprise zone and brownfield area and is induced by this credit to create at least 1,500 jobs which on average pay at least 200 percent of the statewide average annual private sector wage, as published by <u>Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its successor</u>, and which new or expanded headquarters facility makes a cumulative capital investment in this state of at least \$250 million.

Section 132. Subsection (2) of section 222.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 222.15 Wages or unemployment compensation payments due deceased employee may be paid spouse or certain relatives.—
- (2) It is also lawful for <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation, in case of death of any unemployed individual, to pay to those persons referred to in subsection (1) any unemployment compensation payments that may be due to the individual at the time of his or her death.

Section 133. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 250.06, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

250.06 Commander in chief.-

(3) The Governor may, in order to preserve the public peace, execute the laws of the state, suppress insurrection, repel invasion, respond to an emergency as defined in s. 252.34(3) or imminent danger thereof, or, in case of the calling of all or any portion of the militia of this state Florida into the services of the United States, may increase the Florida National Guard and organize it in accordance with rules and regulations governing the Armed Forces of the United States. Such organization and increase may be pursuant to or in advance

of any call made by the President of the United States. If the Florida National Guard is activated into service of the United States, another organization may not be designated as the Florida National Guard.

(4) The Governor may, in order to preserve the public peace, execute the laws of the state, enhance domestic security, respond to terrorist threats or attacks, respond to an emergency as defined in s. 252.34(3) or imminent danger thereof, or respond to any need for emergency aid to civil authorities as specified in s. 250.28, order into state active duty all or any part of the militia which he or she deems proper.

Section 134. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) of section 252.32, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

252.32 Policy and purpose.-

- (1) Because of the existing and continuing possibility of the occurrence of emergencies and disasters resulting from natural, technological, or manmade causes; in order to ensure that preparations of this state will be adequate to deal with, reduce vulnerability to, and recover from such emergencies and disasters; to provide for the common defense and to protect the public peace, health, and safety; and to preserve the lives and property of the people of the state, it is hereby found and declared to be necessary:
- (a) To create a state emergency management agency to be known as the "Office Division of Emergency Management," to authorize the creation of local organizations for emergency management in the political subdivisions of the state, and to authorize cooperation with the Federal Government and the governments of other states.

(b) To confer upon the Governor, the <u>Office</u> Division of Emergency Management, and the governing body of each political subdivision of the state the emergency powers provided herein.

Section 135. Section 252.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

252.34 Definitions.—As used in this part ss. 252.31-252.60, the term:

- (1) "Disaster" means any natural, technological, or civil emergency that causes damage of sufficient severity and magnitude to result in a declaration of a state of emergency by a county, the Governor, or the President of the United States. Disasters <u>are shall be</u> identified by the severity of resulting damage, as follows:
- (a) "Catastrophic disaster" means a disaster that will require massive state and federal assistance, including immediate military involvement.
- (b) "Major disaster" means a disaster that will likely exceed local capabilities and require a broad range of state and federal assistance.
- (c) "Minor disaster" means a disaster that is likely to be within the response capabilities of local government and to result in only a minimal need for state or federal assistance.
- (2) "Division" means the Division of Emergency Management of the Department of Community Affairs, or the successor to that division.
- (2) "Emergency" means any occurrence, or threat thereof, whether natural, technological, or manmade, in war or in peace, which results or may result in substantial injury or harm to the population or substantial damage to or loss of property.

- (3)(4) "Emergency management" means the preparation for, the mitigation of, the response to, and the recovery from emergencies and disasters. Specific emergency management responsibilities include, but are not limited to:
- (a) Reduction of vulnerability of people and communities of this state to damage, injury, and loss of life and property resulting from natural, technological, or manmade emergencies or hostile military or paramilitary action.
- (b) Preparation for prompt and efficient response and recovery to protect lives and property affected by emergencies.
- (c) Response to emergencies using all systems, plans, and resources necessary to preserve adequately the health, safety, and welfare of persons or property affected by the emergency.
- (d) Recovery from emergencies by providing for the rapid and orderly start of restoration and rehabilitation of persons and property affected by emergencies.
- (e) Provision of an emergency management system embodying all aspects of preemergency preparedness and postemergency response, recovery, and mitigation.
- (f) Assistance in anticipation, recognition, appraisal, prevention, and mitigation of emergencies which may be caused or aggravated by inadequate planning for, and regulation of, public and private facilities and land use.
- (4)(5) "Local emergency management agency" means an organization created in accordance with the provisions of ss. 252.31-252.90 to discharge the emergency management responsibilities and functions of a political subdivision.
- (5) "Manmade emergency" means an emergency caused by an action against persons or society, including, but not limited

to, enemy attack, sabotage, terrorism, civil unrest, or other action impairing the orderly administration of government.

- (6) "Natural emergency" means an emergency caused by a natural event, including, but not limited to, a hurricane, a storm, a flood, severe wave action, a drought, or an earthquake.
- (7) "Office" means the Office of Emergency Management within the Executive Office of the Governor, or the successor to that office.
- (8) "Political subdivision" means any county or municipality created pursuant to law.
- (9) "Technological emergency" means an emergency caused by a technological failure or accident, including, but not limited to, an explosion, transportation accident, radiological accident, or chemical or other hazardous material incident.

Section 136. Section 252.35, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 252.35 Emergency management powers; Division of Emergency Management.—
- (1) The <u>office</u> <u>division</u> is responsible for maintaining a comprehensive statewide program of emergency management <u>and for coordinating the</u>. The <u>division is responsible for coordination</u> with efforts of the Federal Government with other departments and agencies of state government, with county and municipal governments and school boards, and with private agencies that have a role in emergency management.
- (2) The <u>office</u> <u>division</u> is responsible for carrying out the provisions of ss. 252.31-252.90. In performing its duties under ss. 252.31 252.90, the office <u>division</u> shall:
 - (a) Prepare a state comprehensive emergency management

plan, which shall be integrated into and coordinated with the emergency management plans and programs of the Federal Government. The office division must adopt the plan as a rule in accordance with chapter 120. The plan shall be implemented by a continuous, integrated comprehensive emergency management program. The plan must contain provisions to ensure that the state is prepared for emergencies and minor, major, and catastrophic disasters, and the office division shall work closely with local governments and agencies and organizations with emergency management responsibilities in preparing and maintaining the plan. The state comprehensive emergency management plan must shall be operations oriented and:

- 1. Include an evacuation component that includes specific regional and interregional planning provisions and promotes intergovernmental coordination of evacuation activities. This component must, at a minimum: contain guidelines for lifting tolls on state highways; ensure coordination pertaining to evacuees crossing county lines; set forth procedures for directing people caught on evacuation routes to safe shelter; establish strategies for ensuring sufficient, reasonably priced fueling locations along evacuation routes; and establish policies and strategies for emergency medical evacuations.
- 2. Include a shelter component that includes specific regional and interregional planning provisions and promotes coordination of shelter activities between the public, private, and nonprofit sectors. This component must, at a minimum: contain strategies to ensure the availability of adequate public shelter space in each region of the state; establish strategies for refuge-of-last-resort programs; provide strategies to assist

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local emergency management efforts to ensure that adequate staffing plans exist for all shelters, including medical and security personnel; provide for a postdisaster communications system for public shelters; establish model shelter guidelines for operations, registration, inventory, power generation capability, information management, and staffing; and set forth policy guidance for sheltering people with special needs.

3. Include a postdisaster response and recovery component that includes specific regional and interregional planning provisions and promotes intergovernmental coordination of postdisaster response and recovery activities. This component must provide for postdisaster response and recovery strategies according to whether a disaster is minor, major, or catastrophic. The postdisaster response and recovery component must, at a minimum: establish the structure of the state's postdisaster response and recovery organization; establish procedures for activating the state's plan; set forth policies used to guide postdisaster response and recovery activities; describe the chain of command during the postdisaster response and recovery period; describe initial and continuous postdisaster response and recovery actions; identify the roles and responsibilities of each involved agency and organization; provide for a comprehensive communications plan; establish procedures for monitoring mutual aid agreements; provide for rapid impact assessment teams; ensure the availability of an effective statewide urban search and rescue program coordinated with the fire services; ensure the existence of a comprehensive statewide medical care and relief plan administered by the Department of Health; and establish systems for coordinating

volunteers and accepting and distributing donated funds and goods.

- 4. Include additional provisions addressing aspects of preparedness, response, recovery, and mitigation as determined necessary by the office division.
- 5. Address the need for coordinated and expeditious deployment of state resources, including the Florida National Guard. In the case of an imminent major disaster, procedures should address predeployment of the Florida National Guard, and, in the case of an imminent catastrophic disaster, procedures should address predeployment of the Florida National Guard and the United States Armed Forces.
- 6. Establish a system of communications and warning to ensure that the state's population and emergency management agencies are warned of developing emergency situations and can communicate emergency response decisions.
- 7. Establish guidelines and schedules for annual exercises that evaluate the ability of the state and its political subdivisions to respond to minor, major, and catastrophic disasters and support local emergency management agencies. Such exercises <u>must shall</u> be coordinated with local governments and, to the extent possible, the Federal Government.
- 8. Assign lead and support responsibilities to state agencies and personnel for emergency support functions and other support activities.

The complete state comprehensive emergency management plan <u>must</u> shall be submitted to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Governor on February 1

of every even-numbered year.

- (b) Adopt standards and requirements for county emergency management plans. The standards and requirements must ensure that county plans are coordinated and consistent with the state comprehensive emergency management plan. If a municipality elects to establish an emergency management program, it must adopt a city emergency management plan that complies with all standards and requirements applicable to county emergency management plans.
- (c) Assist political subdivisions in preparing and maintaining emergency management plans.
- (d) Review periodically political subdivision emergency management plans for consistency with the state comprehensive emergency management plan and standards and requirements adopted under this section.
- (e) Cooperate with the President, the heads of the Armed Forces, the various federal emergency management agencies, and the officers and agencies of other states in matters pertaining to emergency management in the state and the nation and incidents thereof and, in connection therewith, take any measures that it deems proper to carry into effect any request of the President and the appropriate federal officers and agencies for any emergency management action, including the direction or control of:
- 1. Emergency management drills, tests, or exercises of whatever nature.
- 2. Warnings and signals for tests and drills, attacks, or other imminent emergencies or threats thereof and the mechanical devices to be used in connection with such warnings and signals.

- (f) Make recommendations to the Legislature, building code organizations, and political subdivisions for zoning, building, and other land use controls; safety measures for securing mobile homes or other nonpermanent or semipermanent structures; and other preparedness, prevention, and mitigation measures designed to eliminate emergencies or reduce their impact.
- (g) In accordance with the state comprehensive emergency management plan and program for emergency management, ascertain the requirements of the state and its political subdivisions for equipment and supplies of all kinds in the event of an emergency; plan for and either procure supplies, medicines, materials, and equipment or enter into memoranda of agreement or open purchase orders that will ensure their availability; and use and employ from time to time any of the property, services, and resources within the state in accordance with ss. 252.31-252.90.
- (h) Anticipate trends and promote innovations that will enhance the emergency management system.
- (i) Institute statewide public awareness programs. This shall include an intensive public educational campaign on emergency preparedness issues, including, but not limited to, the personal responsibility of individual citizens to be self-sufficient for up to 72 hours following a natural or manmade disaster. The public educational campaign <u>must shall</u> include relevant information on statewide disaster plans, evacuation routes, fuel suppliers, and shelters. All educational materials must be available in alternative formats and mediums to ensure that they are available to persons with disabilities.
 - (j) In cooperation with The Division of Emergency

Management and the Department of Education, shall coordinate with the Agency for Persons with Disabilities to provide an educational outreach program on disaster preparedness and readiness to individuals who have limited English skills and identify persons who are in need of assistance but are not defined under special-needs criteria.

- (k) Prepare and distribute to appropriate state and local officials catalogs of federal, state, and private assistance programs.
- (1) Coordinate federal, state, and local emergency management activities and take all other steps, including the partial or full mobilization of emergency management forces and organizations in advance of an actual emergency, to ensure the availability of adequately trained and equipped forces of emergency management personnel before, during, and after emergencies and disasters.
- (m) Establish a schedule of fees that may be charged by local emergency management agencies for review of emergency management plans on behalf of external agencies and institutions. In establishing such schedule, the office division shall consider facility size, review complexity, and other factors.
- (n) Implement training programs to improve the ability of state and local emergency management personnel to prepare and implement emergency management plans and programs. This <u>includes</u> shall include a continuous training program for agencies and individuals that will be called on to perform key roles in state and local postdisaster response and recovery efforts and for local government personnel on federal and state postdisaster

response and recovery strategies and procedures.

- (o) Review Periodically <u>review</u> emergency operating procedures of state agencies and recommend revisions as needed to ensure consistency with the state comprehensive emergency management plan and program.
- (p) Make such surveys of industries, resources, and facilities within the state, both public and private, as are necessary to carry out the purposes of ss. 252.31-252.90.
- (q) Prepare, in advance <u>if</u> whenever possible, such executive orders, proclamations, and rules for issuance by the Governor as are necessary or appropriate for coping with emergencies and disasters.
- (r) Cooperate with the Federal Government and any public or private agency or entity in achieving any purpose of ss. 252.31-252.90 and in implementing programs for mitigation, preparation, response, and recovery.
- Management shall Complete an inventory of portable generators owned by the state and local governments which are capable of operating during a major disaster. The inventory must identify, at a minimum, the location of each generator, the number of generators stored at each specific location, the agency to which each generator belongs, the primary use of the generator by the owner agency, and the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of persons having the authority to loan the stored generators as authorized by the office Division of Emergency Management during a declared emergency.
- (t) The division shall Maintain an inventory list of generators owned by the state and local governments. In

addition, the <u>office</u> division may keep a list of private entities, along with appropriate contact information, which offer generators for sale or lease. The list of private entities shall be available to the public for inspection in written and electronic formats.

- (u) Assist political subdivisions with the creation and training of urban search and rescue teams and promote the development and maintenance of a state urban search and rescue program.
- (v) Delegate, as necessary and appropriate, authority vested in it under ss. 252.31-252.90 and provide for the subdelegation of such authority.
- (w) Report biennially to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Governor, no later than February 1 of every odd-numbered year, the status of the emergency management capabilities of the state and its political subdivisions.
- (x) In accordance with chapter 120, create, implement, administer, adopt, amend, and rescind rules, programs, and plans needed to carry out the provisions of ss. 252.31-252.90 with due consideration for, and in cooperating with, the plans and programs of the Federal Government. In addition, the office division may adopt rules in accordance with chapter 120 to administer and distribute federal financial predisaster and postdisaster assistance for prevention, mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery.
- (y) Do other things necessary, incidental, or appropriate for the implementation of ss. 252.31-252.90.
 - Section 137. Subsection (2) of section 252.355, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

252.355 Registry of persons with special needs; notice.-

(2) The office Department of Community Affairs shall be the designated lead agency responsible for community education and outreach to the public, including special needs clients, regarding registration and special needs shelters and general information regarding shelter stays.

Section 138. Section 252.3568, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

252.3568 Emergency sheltering of persons with pets.—In accordance with s. 252.35, the office division shall address strategies for the evacuation of persons with pets in the shelter component of the state comprehensive emergency management plan and shall include the requirement for similar strategies in its standards and requirements for local comprehensive emergency management plans. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services shall assist the office division in determining strategies regarding this activity.

Section 139. Subsections (8) and (9) of section 252.36, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

252.36 Emergency management powers of the Governor.-

(8) The Governor shall delegate emergency responsibilities to the officers and agencies of the state and of the political subdivisions thereof prior to an emergency or threat of an emergency and shall utilize the services and facilities of existing officers and agencies of the state and of the political subdivisions thereof, including their personnel and other resources, as the primary emergency management forces of the state, and all such officers and agencies shall cooperate with

and extend their services and facilities to the <u>office</u> division, as it may require.

(9) The Governor and the <u>office</u> <u>division</u> shall establish agencies and offices and appoint executive, professional, technical, clerical, and other personnel as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of ss. 252.31-252.90.

Section 140. Subsections (2), (3), and (4) of section 252.365, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

252.365 Emergency coordination officers; disaster-preparedness plans.—

- (2) The emergency coordination officer is responsible for coordinating with the <u>office division</u> on emergency preparedness issues, preparing and maintaining emergency preparedness and postdisaster response and recovery plans for such agency, maintaining rosters of personnel to assist in disaster operations, and coordinating appropriate training for agency personnel.
- (3) These individuals shall be responsible for ensuring that each state agency and facility, such as a prison, office building, or university, has a disaster preparedness plan that is coordinated with the applicable local emergency-management agency and approved by the office division.
- (a) The disaster-preparedness plan must outline a comprehensive and effective program to ensure continuity of essential state functions under all circumstances. The plan must identify a baseline of preparedness for a full range of potential emergencies to establish a viable capability to perform essential functions during any emergency or other situation that disrupts normal operations.

- (b) The plan must include, at a minimum, the following elements: identification of essential functions, programs, and personnel; procedures to implement the plan and personnel notification and accountability; delegations of authority and lines of succession; identification of alternative facilities and related infrastructure, including those for communications; identification and protection of vital records and databases; and schedules and procedures for periodic tests, training, and exercises.
- (c) The <u>office</u> division shall develop and distribute guidelines for developing and implementing the plan. Each agency is encouraged to initiate and complete development of its plan immediately, but no later than July 1, 2003.
- (4) The head of each agency shall notify the Governor and the <u>office</u> division in writing of the person initially designated as the emergency coordination officer for such agency and her or his alternate and of any changes in persons so designated thereafter.

Section 141. Subsection (4) of section 252.37, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

252.37 Financing.-

(4)(a) Whenever the Federal Government or any agency or officer thereof offers to the state or, through the state, to any political subdivision thereof services, equipment, supplies, materials, or funds by way of gift, grant, or loan for the purposes of emergency management, the state, acting through the office division, or such political subdivision, acting with the consent of the Governor or the Governor's authorized representative, may accept such offer. Upon such acceptance, the

office division or the presiding officer or governing body of such political subdivision may authorize receipt of the gift, grant, or loan on behalf of the state or such political subdivision, subject to the terms of the offer and the rules and regulations of the agency making the offer.

(b) Whenever any person, firm, or corporation offers to the state or to any political subdivision thereof services, equipment, supplies, materials, or funds by way of gift, grant, loan, or other agreement for the purpose of emergency management, the state, acting through the office division, or such political subdivision, acting through its governing body or a local emergency management agency, may accept such offer. Upon such acceptance, the office division or the presiding officer or governing body of the political subdivision may authorize receipt of the gift, grant, or loan on behalf of the state or such political subdivision, subject to the terms of the offer.

Section 142. Section 252.371, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

252.371 Emergency Management, Preparedness, and Assistance Trust Fund.—There is created the Emergency Management, Preparedness, and Assistance Trust Fund to be administered by the office Department of Community Affairs.

Section 143. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 252.373, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

252.373 Allocation of funds; rules.-

(1) Funds appropriated from the Emergency Management, Preparedness, and Assistance Trust Fund shall be allocated by the <u>office</u> Department of Community Affairs for the following purposes:

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- (a) To implement and administer state and local emergency management programs, including administration, training, and operations.
- (b) For grants and loans to state or regional agencies, local governments, and private organizations to implement projects that will further state and local emergency management objectives. These projects must include, but need not be limited to, projects that will promote public education on disaster preparedness and recovery issues, enhance coordination of relief efforts of statewide private sector organizations, and improve the training and operations capabilities of agencies assigned lead or support responsibilities in the state comprehensive emergency management plan, including the State Fire Marshal's Office for coordinating the Florida fire services. The office division shall establish criteria and procedures for competitive allocation of these funds by rule. No more than 5 percent of any award made pursuant to this subparagraph may be used for administrative expenses. This competitive criteria must give priority consideration to hurricane evacuation shelter retrofit projects.
- (c) To meet any matching requirements imposed as a condition of receiving federal disaster relief assistance.
- (3) If adequate funds are available as determined by the <u>office division</u>, every county shall receive funds at least sufficient to fund a dedicated, full-time emergency preparedness officer position.
- Section 144. Paragraphs (a), (b), and (e) of subsection (1) of section 252.38, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 252.38 Emergency management powers of political

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subdivisions.—Safeguarding the life and property of its citizens is an innate responsibility of the governing body of each political subdivision of the state.

- (1) COUNTIES.-
- (a) In order to provide effective and orderly governmental control and coordination of emergency operations in emergencies within the scope of ss. 252.31-252.90, each county within this state shall be within the jurisdiction of, and served by, the office division. Except as otherwise provided in ss. 252.31-252.90, each local emergency management agency shall have jurisdiction over and serve an entire county. Unless part of an interjurisdictional emergency management agreement entered into pursuant to paragraph (3)(b) which is recognized by the Governor by executive order or rule, each county must establish and maintain such an emergency management agency and shall develop a county emergency management plan and program that is coordinated and consistent with the state comprehensive emergency management plan and program. Counties that are part of an interjurisdictional emergency management agreement entered into pursuant to paragraph (3)(b) which is recognized by the Governor by executive order or rule shall cooperatively develop an emergency management plan and program that is coordinated and consistent with the state comprehensive emergency management plan and program.
- (b) Each county emergency management agency created and established pursuant to ss. 252.31-252.90 shall have a director. The director must meet the minimum training and education qualifications established in a job description approved by the county. The director shall be appointed by the board of county

commissioners or the chief administrative officer of the county, as described in chapter 125 or the county charter, if applicable, to serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority, in conformance with applicable resolutions, ordinances, and laws. A county constitutional officer, or an employee of a county constitutional officer, may be appointed as director following prior notification to the division. Each board of county commissioners shall promptly inform the office division of the appointment of the director and other personnel. Each director has direct responsibility for the organization, administration, and operation of the county emergency management agency. The director shall coordinate emergency management activities, services, and programs within the county and shall serve as liaison to the office division and other local emergency management agencies and organizations.

(e) County emergency management agencies may charge and collect fees for the review of emergency management plans on behalf of external agencies and institutions. Fees must be reasonable and may not exceed the cost of providing a review of emergency management plans in accordance with fee schedules established by the office division.

Section 145. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 252.385, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

252.385 Public shelter space.-

(2)(a) The <u>office</u> division shall administer a program to survey existing schools, universities, community colleges, and other state-owned, municipally owned, and county-owned public buildings and any private facility that the owner, in writing, agrees to provide for use as a public hurricane evacuation

shelter to identify those that are appropriately designed and located to serve as such shelters. The owners of the facilities must be given the opportunity to participate in the surveys. The state university boards of trustees, district school boards, community college boards of trustees, and the Department of Education are responsible for coordinating and implementing the survey of public schools, universities, and community colleges with the office division or the local emergency management agency.

- (b) By January 31 of each even-numbered year, the office division shall prepare and submit a statewide emergency shelter plan to the Governor and Cabinet for approval, subject to the requirements for approval in s. 1013.37(2). The plan shall identify the general location and square footage of special needs shelters, by regional planning council region, during the next 5 years. The plan shall also include information on the availability of shelters that accept pets. The Department of Health shall assist the office division in determining the estimated need for special needs shelter space and the adequacy of facilities to meet the needs of persons with special needs based on information from the registries of persons with special needs and other information.
- (3) The office division shall annually provide to the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Governor a list of facilities recommended to be retrofitted using state funds. State funds should be maximized and targeted to regional planning council regions with hurricane evacuation shelter deficits. Retrofitting facilities in regions with public hurricane evacuation shelter

deficits shall be given first priority and should be completed by 2003. All recommended facilities should be retrofitted by 2008. The owner or lessee of a public hurricane evacuation shelter that is included on the list of facilities recommended for retrofitting is not required to perform any recommended improvements.

Section 146. Subsection (1) of section 252.40, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

252.40 Mutual aid arrangements.-

(1) The governing body of each political subdivision of the state is authorized to develop and enter into mutual aid agreements within the state for reciprocal emergency aid and assistance in case of emergencies too extensive to be dealt with unassisted. Copies of such agreements shall be sent to the office division. Such agreements shall be consistent with the state comprehensive emergency management plan and program, and in time of emergency it shall be the duty of each local emergency management agency to render assistance in accordance with the provisions of such mutual aid agreements to the fullest possible extent.

Section 147. Subsection (1) and paragraph (c) of subsection (2) of section 252.41, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

252.41 Emergency management support forces.—

(1) The <u>office</u> division is authorized to provide, within or without the state, such support from available personnel, equipment, and other resources of state agencies and the political subdivisions of the state as may be necessary to reinforce emergency management agencies in areas stricken by emergency. Such support shall be rendered with due consideration

of the plans of the Federal Government, this state, the other states, and of the criticalness of the existing situation. Emergency management support forces shall be called to duty upon orders of the <u>office</u> division and shall perform functions in any part of the state or, upon the conditions specified in this section, in other states.

- (2) Personnel of emergency management support forces while on duty, whether within or without the state, shall:
- (c) If they are not employees of the state or a political subdivision thereof, they shall be entitled to the same rights and immunities as are provided by law for the employees of this state and to such compensation as may be fixed by the office division. All personnel of emergency management support forces shall, while on duty, be subject to the operational control of the authority in charge of emergency management activities in the area in which they are serving and shall be reimbursed for all actual and necessary travel and subsistence expenses to the extent of funds available.

Section 148. Section 252.42, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

252.42 Government equipment, services, and facilities.—In the event of any emergency, the <u>office division</u> may make available any equipment, services, or facilities owned or organized by the state or its political subdivisions for use in the affected area upon request of the duly constituted authority of the area or upon the request of any recognized and accredited relief agency through such duly constituted authority.

Section 149. Subsections (2), (4), and (5) of section 252.43, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

252.43 Compensation.-

- (2) Compensation owed for personal services shall be only such as may be fixed by the office division.
- (4) Any person claiming compensation for the use, damage, loss, or destruction of property under ss. 252.31-252.60 shall file a claim therefor with the <u>office division</u> in the form and manner that the office <u>division</u> provides.
- (5) Unless the amount of compensation owed on account of property damaged, lost, or destroyed is agreed between the claimant and the <u>office</u> division, the amount of compensation shall be calculated in the same manner as compensation due for a taking of property pursuant to the condemnation laws of this state.

Section 150. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 252.44, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

252.44 Emergency mitigation.-

- (2) The appropriate state agencies, in conjunction with the <u>office division</u>, shall keep land uses and construction of structures and other facilities under continuing study and identify areas which are particularly susceptible to severe land shifting, subsidence, flood, or other catastrophic occurrence, manmade or natural. The studies under this subsection shall concentrate on means of reducing or avoiding the dangers caused by these occurrences or the consequences thereof.
- (3) If the <u>office</u> division believes, on the basis of the studies or other competent evidence, that an area is susceptible to an emergency of catastrophic proportions without adequate warning; that existing building standards and land use controls in that area are inadequate and could add substantially to the

 magnitude of the emergency; and that changes in zoning regulations, other land use regulations, or building requirements are essential in order to further the purposes of this section, it shall specify the essential changes to the Governor. If the Governor upon review of the recommendation finds after public hearing that changes are essential, she or he shall so recommend to the agencies or political subdivisions with jurisdiction over the area and subject matter. If no action, or insufficient action, pursuant to her or his recommendations is taken within the time specified by the Governor, she or he shall so inform the Legislature and request legislative action appropriate to mitigate the impact of such an emergency.

Section 151. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 252.46, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

252.46 Orders and rules.-

- (1) In accordance with the provisions of chapter 120, the political subdivisions of the state and other agencies designated or appointed by the Governor or in the state comprehensive emergency management plan are authorized and empowered to make, amend, and rescind such orders and rules as are necessary for emergency management purposes and to supplement the carrying out of the provisions of ss. 252.31-252.90, but which are not inconsistent with any orders or rules adopted by the office division or by any state agency exercising a power delegated to it by the Governor or the office division.
- (2) All orders and rules adopted by the <u>office</u> division or any political subdivision or other agency authorized by ss. 252.31-252.90 to make orders and rules have full force and

effect of law after adoption in accordance with the provisions of chapter 120 in the event of issuance by the <u>office division</u> or any state agency or, if promulgated by a political subdivision of the state or agency thereof, when filed in the office of the clerk or recorder of the political subdivision or agency promulgating the same. All existing laws, ordinances, and rules inconsistent with the provisions of ss. 252.31-252.90, or any order or rule issued under the authority of ss. 252.31-252.90, shall be suspended during the period of time and to the extent that such conflict exists.

Section 152. Subsection (5) of section 252.55, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

252.55 Civil Air Patrol, Florida Wing.-

(5) The wing commander of the Florida Wing of the Civil Air Patrol shall biennially furnish the office Bureau of Emergency Management a 2-year projection of the goals and objectives of the Civil Air Patrol which shall be reported in the office's division's biennial report submitted pursuant to s. 252.35.

Section 153. Subsection (3) and paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 252.60, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

252.60 Radiological emergency preparedness.—

(3) EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLANS.—In addition to the other plans required by this chapter, the <u>office division</u> shall develop, prepare, test, and implement as needed, in conjunction with the appropriate counties and the affected operator, such radiological emergency response plans and preparedness requirements as may be imposed by the United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission or the Federal Emergency Management Agency as a requirement for obtaining or continuing the appropriate

licenses for a commercial nuclear electric generating facility.

- (4) POWERS AND DUTIES.—In implementing the requirements of this section, the <u>director of the office</u> secretary of the <u>department</u>, or the <u>director's</u> secretary's designated representative, shall:
- (a) Negotiate and enter into such additional contracts and arrangements among the <u>office</u> division, appropriate counties, and each operator to provide for the level of funding and the respective roles of each in the development, preparation, testing, and implementation of the plans.

Section 154. Section 252.61, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

252.61 List of persons for contact relating to release of toxic substances into atmosphere.—The Office of Emergency

Management Department of Community Affairs shall maintain a list of contact persons after the survey pursuant to s. 403.771 is completed.

Section 155. Section 252.82, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

252.82 Definitions.—As used in this part:

- (1) "Commission" means the State Hazardous Materials Emergency Response Commission created pursuant to s. 301 of EPCRA.
- (2) "Committee" means any local emergency planning committee established in the state pursuant to s. 301 of EPCRA.
 - (3) "Department" means the Department of Community Affairs.
- $\underline{(3)}$ "Facility" means facility as defined in s. 329 of EPCRA. Vehicles placarded according to title 49 Code of Federal Regulations $\underline{\text{are}}$ shall not be considered a facility except for

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- (4) "Hazardous material" means any hazardous chemical, toxic chemical, or extremely hazardous substance, as defined in s. 329 of EPCRA.
- (5)(6) "EPCRA" means the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986, title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99 499, ss. 300-329, 42 U.S.C. ss. 11001 et seq.; and federal regulations adopted thereunder.
- (6) "Office" means the Office of Emergency Management within the Executive Office of the Governor.
- (7) "Trust fund" means the Operating Trust Fund of the office Department of Community Affairs.

Section 156. Section 252.83, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

252.83 Powers and duties of the department.

- (1) The office department shall have the authority:
- (a) To coordinate its activities under this part with its other emergency management responsibilities, including its responsibilities under part I of this chapter, and activities and with the related activities of other agencies, keeping separate accounts for all activities supported or partially supported from the Operating Trust Fund.
- (b) To make rules, with the advice and consent of the commission, to implement this part.
- (2) The <u>office</u> department shall provide administrative support, including staff, facilities, materials, and services, to the commission and shall provide funding to the committees to enable the commission and the committees to perform their

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functions under EPCRA and this part.

(3) The <u>office</u> department and the commission, to the extent possible, shall use the emergency planning capabilities of local governments to reduce duplication and paperwork to achieve the intent of this part. It is the intent of the Legislature that this part be implemented in the most cost-efficient manner possible, with the least possible financial impact on local government and the community.

Section 157. Subsections (1), (3), (4), and (5) of section 252.85, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

252.85 Fees.-

(1) Any owner or operator of a facility required under s. 302 or s. 312 of EPCRA, or by s. 252.87, to submit a notification or an annual inventory form to the commission shall be required to pay an annual registration fee. The fee for any company, including all facilities under common ownership or control, shall not be less than \$25 nor more than \$2,000. The office department shall establish a reduced fee, of not less than \$25 nor more than \$500, applicable to any owner or operator regulated under part I of chapter 368, chapter 527, or s. 376.303, which does not have present any extremely hazardous substance, as defined by EPCRA, in excess of a threshold planning quantity, as established by EPCRA. The office department shall establish a reduced fee of not less than \$25 nor more than \$1,000, applicable to any owner or operator of a facility with a Standard Industrial Classification Code of 01, 02, or 07, which is eligible for the "routine agricultural use" exemption provided in ss. 311 and 312 of EPCRA. The fee under this subsection shall be based on the number of employees

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employed within the state at facilities under the common ownership or control of such owner or operator, which number shall be determined, to the extent possible, in accordance with data supplied by Jobs Florida or its tax collection service provider the Department of Labor and Employment Security. In order to avoid the duplicative reporting of seasonal and temporary agricultural employees, fees applicable to owners or operators of agricultural facilities, which are eligible for the "routine agricultural use" reporting exemption provided in ss. 311 and 312 of EPCRA, shall be based on employee data which most closely reflects such owner or operator's permanent nonseasonal workforce. The office department shall establish by rule the date by which the fee is to be paid, as well as a formula or method of determining the applicable fee under this subsection without regard to the number of facilities under common ownership or control. The office department may require owners or operators of multiple facilities to demonstrate common ownership or control for purposes of this subsection.

- (3) Any owner or operator of a facility that is required to submit a report or filing under s. 313 of EPCRA shall pay an annual reporting fee not to exceed \$150 for those s. 313 EPCRA listed substances in effect on January 1, 2005. The office department shall establish by rule the date by which the fee is to be paid, as well as a formula or method of determining the applicable fee under this subsection.
- (4)(a) The <u>office</u> department may assess a late fee for the failure to submit a report or filing that substantially complies with the requirements of EPCRA or s. 252.87 by the specified date or for failure to pay any fee, including any late fee,

required by this section. This late fee shall be in addition to the fee otherwise imposed pursuant to this section. If the office department elects to impose a late fee, it shall provide the owner or operator with a written notice that identifies the specific requirements which have not been met and advises of its intent to assess a late fee.

- (b) The <u>office</u> department may impose a late fee, subject to the limitations set forth below:
- 1. If the report, filing, or fee is submitted within 30 days after the receipt of the <u>office's</u> department's notice, no late fee may be assessed.
- 2. If the report, filing, or fee is not submitted within 30 days after the receipt of the <u>office's</u> department's notice, the <u>office department</u> may impose a late fee in an amount equal to the amount of the annual registration fee, filing fee, or s. 313 fee due, not to exceed \$2,000.
- 3. If the report, filing, or fee is not submitted within 90 days after the receipt of the <u>office's</u> department's notice, the <u>office department</u> may issue a second notice. If the report, filing, or fee is not submitted within 30 days after receipt of the <u>office's department's</u> second notice, the <u>office department</u> may assess a second late fee in an amount equal to twice the amount of the annual registration fee, filing fee, or s. 313 fee due, not to exceed \$4,000.
- 4. The <u>office</u> department may consider, but is not limited to considering, the following factors in assessing late fees: good faith attempt to comply; history of noncompliance; ability to pay or continue in business; threat to health and safety posed by noncompliance; and degree of culpability.

(5) The <u>office</u> department shall establish by rule the dates by which the fee is to be paid, as well as a formula or method of determining the facility registration fee and late fee.

Section 158. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 252.86, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

252.86 Penalties and remedies.-

- (1) The owner or operator of a facility, an employer, or any other person submitting written information pursuant to EPCRA or this part to the commission, a committee, or a fire department shall be liable for a civil penalty of \$5,000 for each item of information in the submission that is false, if such person knew or should have known the information was false or if such person submitted the information with reckless disregard of its truth or falsity. The office department may institute a civil action in a court of competent jurisdiction to impose and recover a civil penalty for the amount indicated in this subsection. However, the court may receive evidence in mitigation.
- (3) Any provision of s. 325 or s. 326 of EPCRA which creates a federal cause of action shall create a corresponding cause of action under state law, with jurisdiction in the circuit courts. Any provision of s. 325 or s. 326 of EPCRA which imposes or authorizes the imposition of a civil penalty by the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, or which creates a liability to the United States, shall impose or authorize the imposition of such a penalty by the office department or create such a liability to and for the benefit of the state, to be paid into the Operating Trust Fund. Venue shall be proper in the county where the violation occurred or where

the defendant has its principal place of business.

Section 159. Subsections (4) and (7) of section 252.87, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

252.87 Supplemental state reporting requirements.-

- (4) Each employer that owns or operates a facility in this state at which hazardous materials are present in quantities at or above the thresholds established under ss. 311(b) and 312(b) of EPCRA shall comply with the reporting requirements of ss. 311 and 312 of EPCRA. Such employer shall also be responsible for notifying the office department, the local emergency planning committee, and the local fire department in writing within 30 days if there is a discontinuance or abandonment of the employer's business activities that could affect any stored hazardous materials.
- (7) The office department shall avoid duplicative reporting requirements by utilizing the reporting requirements of other state agencies that regulate hazardous materials to the extent feasible and shall request the information authorized under EPCRA. With the advice and consent of the State Emergency Response Commission for Hazardous Materials, the office department may require by rule that the maximum daily amount entry on the chemical inventory report required under s. 312 of EPCRA provide for reporting in estimated actual amounts. The office department may also require by rule an entry for the Federal Employer Identification Number on this report. To the extent feasible, the office department shall encourage and accept required information in a form initiated through electronic data interchange and shall describe by rule the format, manner of execution, and method of electronic

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transmission necessary for using such form. To the extent feasible, the Department of Financial Services, the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the Department of Environmental Protection, the Public Service Commission, the Department of Revenue, the Department of Labor and Employment Security, and other state agencies which regulate hazardous materials shall coordinate with the office department in order to avoid duplicative requirements contained in each agency's respective reporting or registration forms. The other state agencies that inspect facilities storing hazardous materials and suppliers and distributors of covered substances shall assist the office department in informing the facility owner or operator of the requirements of this part. The office department shall provide the other state agencies with the necessary information and materials to inform the owners and operators of the requirements of this part to ensure that the budgets of these agencies are not adversely affected.

Section 160. Subsection (4) of section 252.88, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

252.88 Public records.-

(4) The <u>office</u> department, the commission, and the committees shall furnish copies of public records submitted under EPCRA or this part, and may charge a fee of \$1 per page per person per year for over 25 pages of materials copied.

Section 161. Subsections (3), (8), (9), and (19) of section 252.936, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

252.936 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:

(3) "Audit" means a review of information at, a stationary source subject to s. 112(r)(7), or submitted by, a stationary

source subject to s. 112(r)(7), to determine whether that stationary source is in compliance with the requirements of this part and rules adopted to administer implement this part. Audits must include a review of the adequacy of the stationary source's Risk Management Plan, may consist of reviews of information submitted to the office department or the United States Environmental Protection Agency to determine whether the plan is complete or whether revisions to the plan are needed, and the reviews may be conducted at the stationary source to confirm that information onsite is consistent with reported information.

- (8) "Department" means the Department of Community Affairs.
- (8) "Inspection" means a review of information at a stationary source subject to s. 112(r)(7), including documentation and operating practices and access to the source and to any area where an accidental release could occur, to determine whether the stationary source is in compliance with the requirements of this part or rules adopted to administer implement this part.
- (9) "Office" means the Office of Emergency Management in the Executive Office of the Governor.
- (19) "Trust fund" means the Operating Trust Fund of the office established in the department's Division of Emergency Management.

Section 162. Section 252.937, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 252.937 Department powers and duties.-
- (1) The office department has the power and duty to:
- (a)1. Seek delegation from the United States Environmental Protection Agency to implement the Accidental Release Prevention

Program under s. 112(r)(7) of the Clean Air Act and the federal implementing regulations for specified sources subject to s.

112(r)(7) of the Clean Air Act. Implementation for all other sources subject to s. 112(r)(7) of the Clean Air Act shall will be performed by the United States Environmental Protection

Agency; and

- 2. Ensure the timely submission of Risk Management Plans and any subsequent revisions of Risk Management Plans.
- (b) Adopt, modify, and repeal rules, with the advice and consent of the commission, necessary to obtain delegation from the United States Environmental Protection Agency and to administer the s. 112(r)(7) Accidental Release Prevention Program in this state for the specified stationary sources with no expansion or addition of the regulatory program.
- (c) Make and execute contracts and other agreements necessary or convenient to the $\underline{\text{administration}}$ $\underline{\text{implementation}}$ of this part.
- (d) Coordinate its activities under this part with its other emergency management responsibilities, including its responsibilities and activities under parts I, II, and III of this chapter and with the related activities of other state and local agencies, keeping separate accounts for all activities conducted under this part which are supported or partially supported from the trust fund.
- (e) Establish, with the advice and consent of the commission, a technical assistance and outreach program on or before January 31, 1999, to assist owners and operators of specified stationary sources subject to s. 112(r)(7) in complying with the reporting and fee requirements of this part.

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This program is designed to facilitate and ensure timely submission of proper certifications or compliance schedules and timely submission and registration of Risk Management Plans and revised registrations and Risk Management Plans $\underline{\text{if}}$ when required for these sources.

- (f) Make a quarterly report to the State Emergency Response Commission on income and expenses for the state's Accidental Release Prevention Program under this part.
- (2) To ensure that this program is self-supporting, the office department shall provide administrative support, including staff, facilities, materials, and services to implement this part for specified stationary sources subject to s. 252.939 and shall provide necessary funding to local emergency planning committees and county emergency management agencies for work performed to implement this part. Each state agency with regulatory, inspection, or technical assistance programs for specified stationary sources subject to this part shall enter into a memorandum of understanding with the office department which specifically outlines how each agency's staff, facilities, materials, and services will be used utilized to support implementation. At a minimum, these agencies and programs include: the Department of Environmental Protection's Division of Air Resources Management and Division of Water Resource Management, and the Department of Labor and Employment Security's Division of Safety. It is the Legislature's intent to implement this part as efficiently and economically as possible, using existing expertise and resources, if available and appropriate.
 - (3) To prevent the duplication of investigative efforts and

resources, the <u>office</u> department, on behalf of the commission, shall coordinate with any federal agencies or agents thereof, including the federal Chemical Safety and Hazard Investigation Board, or its successor, which are performing accidental release investigations for specified stationary sources, and may coordinate with any agencies of the state which are performing accidental release investigations. This accidental release investigation coordination is not intended to limit or take the place of any individual agency accidental release investigation under separate authority.

(4) To promote efficient administration of this program and specified stationary sources, the only the office agency which may seek delegation from the United States Environmental Protection Agency for this program is the Florida Department of Community Affairs. Further, the office may Florida Department of Community Affairs shall not delegate this program to any local environmental agency.

Section 163. Section 252.943, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

252.943 Public records.-

(1) The office Department of Community Affairs shall protect records, reports, or information or particular parts thereof, other than release or emissions data, contained in a risk management plan from public disclosure pursuant to ss. 112(r) and 114(c) of the federal Clean Air Act and authorities cited therein, based upon a showing satisfactory to the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency, by any owner or operator of a stationary source subject to the Accidental Release Prevention Program, that public

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release of such records, reports, or information would divulge methods or processes entitled to protection as trade secrets as provided for in 40 C.F.R. part 2, subpart B. Such records, reports, or information held by the office department are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, unless a final determination has been made by the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency that such records, reports, or information are not entitled to trade secret protection, or pursuant to an order of court.

(2) The office department shall protect records, reports, or information or particular parts thereof, other than release or emissions data, obtained from an investigation, inspection, or audit from public disclosure pursuant to ss. 112(r) and 114(c) of the federal Clean Air Act and authorities cited therein, based upon a showing satisfactory to the Administrator of the United States Environmental Protection Agency, by any owner or operator of a stationary source subject to the Accidental Release Prevention Program, that public release of such records, reports, or information would divulge methods or processes entitled to protection as trade secrets as provided for in 40 C.F.R. part 2, subpart B. Such records, reports, or information held by the office department are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution, unless a final determination has been made by the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency that such records, reports, or information are not entitled to trade secret protection, or pursuant to a court an order of court.

 Section 164. Section 252.946, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

252.946 Public records.—With regard to information submitted to the United States Environmental Protection Agency under this part or s. 112(r)(7), the office department of Community Affairs, the State Hazardous Materials Emergency Response Commission, and any local emergency planning committee may assist persons in electronically accessing such information held by the United States Environmental Protection Agency in its centralized database. If requested, the office department, the commission, or a committee may furnish copies of such United States Environmental Protection Agency records.

Section 165. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 255.099, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

255.099 Preference to state residents.-

- (1) Each contract for construction that is funded by state funds must contain a provision requiring the contractor to give preference to the employment of state residents in the performance of the work on the project if state residents have substantially equal qualifications to those of nonresidents. A contract for construction funded by local funds may contain such a provision.
- (b) A contractor required to employ state residents must contact <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation to post the contractor's employment needs in the state's job bank system.

Section 166. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 259.035, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

259.035 Acquisition and Restoration Council.-

- (1) There is created the Acquisition and Restoration Council.
- (b) The five remaining appointees shall be composed of the Secretary of Environmental Protection, the director of the Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, the executive director of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, the director of the Division of Historical Resources of the Department of State, and the secretary of the Department of Community Affairs, or their respective designees.

Section 167. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of section 260.0142, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 260.0142 Florida Greenways and Trails Council; composition; powers and duties.—
- (1) There is created within the department the Florida Greenways and Trails Council which shall advise the department in the execution of the department's powers and duties under this chapter. The council shall be composed of 20 21 members, consisting of:
 - (d) The 10 remaining members shall include:
 - 1. The Secretary of Environmental Protection or a designee.
- 2. The executive director of the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission or a designee.
 - 3. The Secretary of Community Affairs or a designee.
 - 3.4. The Secretary of Transportation or a designee.
- $\underline{4.5.}$ The Director of the Division of Forestry of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services or a designee.
- $\underline{5.6.}$ The director of the Division of Historical Resources of the Department of State or a designee.

- $\underline{6.7.}$ A representative of the water management districts. Membership on the council shall rotate among the five districts. The districts shall determine the order of rotation.
- 7.8. A representative of a federal land management agency. The Secretary of Environmental Protection shall identify the appropriate federal agency and request designation of a representative from the agency to serve on the council.
- 8.9. A representative of the regional planning councils to be appointed by the Secretary of Environmental Protection in consultation with the Secretary of Community Affairs. Membership on the council shall rotate among the seven regional planning councils. The regional planning councils shall determine the order of rotation.
- 9.10. A representative of local governments to be appointed by the Secretary of Environmental Protection in consultation with the Secretary of Community Affairs. Membership shall alternate between a county representative and a municipal representative.
- Section 168. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 282.34, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
- 282.34 Statewide e-mail service.—A state e-mail system that includes the delivery and support of e-mail, messaging, and calendaring capabilities is established as an enterprise information technology service as defined in s. 282.0041. The service shall be designed to meet the needs of all executive branch agencies. The primary goals of the service are to minimize the state investment required to establish, operate, and support the statewide service; reduce the cost of current e-mail operations and the number of duplicative e-mail systems;

7425 and eliminate the need for each state agency to maintain its own 7426 e-mail staff.

- (4) All agencies must be completely migrated to the statewide e-mail service as soon as financially and operationally feasible, but no later than June 30, 2015.
- (a) The following statewide e-mail service implementation schedule is established for state agencies:
- 1. Phase 1.—The following agencies must be completely migrated to the statewide e-mail system by June 30, 2012: the Agency for Enterprise Information Technology; the Department of Community Affairs, including the Division of Emergency Management; the Department of Corrections; the Department of Health; the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles; the Department of Management Services, including the Division of Administrative Hearings, the Division of Retirement, the Commission on Human Relations, and the Public Employees Relations Commission; the Southwood Shared Resource Center; and the Department of Revenue.
- 2. Phase 2.—The following agencies must be completely migrated to the statewide e-mail system by June 30, 2013: the Department of Business and Professional Regulation; the Department of Education, including the Board of Governors; the Department of Environmental Protection; the Department of Juvenile Justice; the Department of the Lottery; the Department of State; the Department of Law Enforcement; the Department of Veterans' Affairs; the Judicial Administration Commission; the Public Service Commission; and the Statewide Guardian Ad Litem Office.
 - 3. Phase 3.—The following agencies must be completely

migrated to the statewide e-mail system by June 30, 2014: the Agency for Health Care Administration; the Agency for Workforce Innovation; the Department of Financial Services, including the Office of Financial Regulation and the Office of Insurance Regulation; the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; the Executive Office of the Governor, including the Office of Emergency Management; the Department of Transportation; the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission; the Agency for Persons With Disabilities; the Northwood Shared Resource Center; and the State Board of Administration.

4. Phase 4.—The following agencies must be completely migrated to the statewide e-mail system by June 30, 2015: the Department of Children and Family Services; the Department of Citrus; the Department of Elderly Affairs; and the Department of Legal Affairs.

Section 169. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (1) and subsection (4) of section 282.709, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 282.709 State agency law enforcement radio system and interoperability network.—
- (1) The department may acquire and administer a statewide radio communications system to serve law enforcement units of state agencies, and to serve local law enforcement agencies through mutual aid channels.
- (a) The department shall, in conjunction with the Department of Law Enforcement and the Office Division of Emergency Management of the Department of Community Affairs, establish policies, procedures, and standards to be incorporated into a comprehensive management plan for the use and operation

of the statewide radio communications system.

- (d) The department shall exercise its powers and duties under this part to plan, manage, and administer the mutual aid channels in the statewide radio communication system.
- 1. In implementing such powers and duties, the department shall consult and act in conjunction with the Department of Law Enforcement and the Office Division of Emergency Management of the Department of Community Affairs, and shall manage and administer the mutual aid channels in a manner that reasonably addresses the needs and concerns of the involved law enforcement agencies and emergency response agencies and entities.
- 2. The department may make the mutual aid channels available to federal agencies, state agencies, and agencies of the political subdivisions of the state for the purpose of public safety and domestic security.
- (4) The department may create and administer an interoperability network to enable interoperability between various radio communications technologies and to serve federal agencies, state agencies, and agencies of political subdivisions of the state for the purpose of public safety and domestic security.
- (a) The department shall, in conjunction with the Department of Law Enforcement and the Office Division of Emergency Management of the Department of Community Affairs, exercise its powers and duties pursuant to this chapter to plan, manage, and administer the interoperability network. The office may:
- 1. Enter into mutual aid agreements among federal agencies, state agencies, and political subdivisions of the state for the

use of the interoperability network.

- 2. Establish the cost of maintenance and operation of the interoperability network and charge subscribing federal and local law enforcement agencies for access and use of the network. The department may not charge state law enforcement agencies identified in paragraph (2)(a) to use the network.
- 3. In consultation with the Department of Law Enforcement and the Office Division of Emergency Management of the Department of Community Affairs, amend and enhance the statewide radio communications system as necessary to implement the interoperability network.
- (b) The department, in consultation with the Joint Task Force on State Agency Law Enforcement Communications, and in conjunction with the Department of Law Enforcement and the Office Division of Emergency Management of the Department of Community Affairs, shall establish policies, procedures, and standards to incorporate into a comprehensive management plan for the use and operation of the interoperability network.

Section 170. Section 287.09431, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

287.09431 Statewide and interlocal agreement on certification of business concerns for the status of minority business enterprise.—The statewide and interlocal agreement on certification of business concerns for the status of minority business enterprise is hereby enacted and entered into with all jurisdictions or organizations legally joining therein. If, within 2 years from the date that the certification core criteria are approved by the Department of Management Services Department of Labor and Employment Security, the agreement

included herein is not executed by a majority of county and municipal governing bodies that administer a minority business assistance program on the effective date of this act, then the Legislature shall review this agreement. It is the intent of the Legislature that if the agreement is not executed by a majority of the requisite governing bodies, then a statewide uniform certification process should be adopted, and that said agreement should be repealed and replaced by a mandatory state government certification process.

ARTICLE I

PURPOSE, FINDINGS, AND POLICY.-

- (1) The parties to this agreement, desiring by common action to establish a uniform certification process in order to reduce the multiplicity of applications by business concerns to state and local governmental programs for minority business assistance, declare that it is the policy of each of them, on the basis of cooperation with one another, to remedy social and economic disadvantage suffered by certain groups, resulting in their being historically underutilized in ownership and control of commercial enterprises. Thus, the parties seek to address this history by increasing the participation of the identified groups in opportunities afforded by government procurement.
 - (2) The parties find that the State of Florida presently certifies firms for participation in the minority business assistance programs of the state. The parties find further that some counties, municipalities, school boards, special districts, and other divisions of local government require a separate, yet

similar, and in most cases redundant certification in order for businesses to participate in the programs sponsored by each government entity.

- (3) The parties find further that this redundant certification has proven to be unduly burdensome to the minority-owned firms intended to benefit from the underlying purchasing incentives.
 - (4) The parties agree that:
- (a) They will facilitate integrity, stability, and cooperation in the statewide and interlocal certification process, and in other elements of programs established to assist minority-owned businesses.
- (b) They shall cooperate with agencies, organizations, and associations interested in certification and other elements of minority business assistance.
- (c) It is the purpose of this agreement to provide for a uniform process whereby the status of a business concern may be determined in a singular review of the business information for these purposes, in order to eliminate any undue expense, delay, or confusion to the minority-owned businesses in seeking to participate in the minority business assistance programs of state and local jurisdictions.

ARTICLE II

DEFINITIONS.—As used in this agreement and contracts made pursuant to it, unless the context clearly requires otherwise:

(1) "Awarding organization" means any political subdivision or organization authorized by law, ordinance, or agreement to

enter into contracts and for which the governing body has entered into this agreement.

- (2) "Department" means the <u>Department of Management</u> Services Department of Labor and Employment Security.
- (3) "Minority" means a person who is a lawful, permanent resident of the state, having origins in one of the minority groups as described and adopted by the <u>Department of Management Services</u> Department of Labor and Employment Security, hereby incorporated by reference.
- (4) "Minority business enterprise" means any small business concern as defined in subsection (6) that meets all of the criteria described and adopted by the <u>Department of Management Services</u> Department of Labor and Employment Security, hereby incorporated by reference.
- (5) "Participating state or local organization" means any political subdivision of the state or organization designated by such that elects to participate in the certification process pursuant to this agreement, which has been approved according to s. 287.0943(3) and has legally entered into this agreement.
- (6) "Small business concern" means an independently owned and operated business concern which is of a size and type as described and adopted by vote related to this agreement of the commission, hereby incorporated by reference.

ARTICLE III

STATEWIDE AND INTERLOCAL CERTIFICATIONS.-

(1) All awarding organizations shall accept a certification granted by any participating organization which has been

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approved according to s. 287.0943(3) and has entered into this agreement, as valid status of minority business enterprise.

- (2) A participating organization shall certify a business concern that meets the definition of minority business enterprise in this agreement, in accordance with the duly adopted eligibility criteria.
- (3) All participating organizations shall issue notice of certification decisions granting or denying certification to all other participating organizations within 14 days of the decision. Such notice may be made through electronic media.
- (4) No certification will be granted without an onsite visit to verify ownership and control of the prospective minority business enterprise, unless verification can be accomplished by other methods of adequate verification or assessment of ownership and control.
- (5) The certification of a minority business enterprise pursuant to the terms of this agreement shall not be suspended, revoked, or otherwise impaired except on any grounds which would be sufficient for revocation or suspension of a certification in the jurisdiction of the participating organization.
- (6) The certification determination of a party may be challenged by any other participating organization by the issuance of a timely written notice by the challenging organization to the certifying organization's determination within 10 days of receiving notice of the certification decision, stating the grounds therefor.
- (7) The sole accepted grounds for challenge shall be the failure of the certifying organization to adhere to the adopted criteria or the certifying organization's rules or procedures,

or the perpetuation of a misrepresentation or fraud by the firm.

- (8) The certifying organization shall reexamine its certification determination and submit written notice to the applicant and the challenging organization of its findings within 30 days after the receipt of the notice of challenge.
- (9) If the certification determination is affirmed, the challenging agency may subsequently submit timely written notice to the firm of its intent to revoke certification of the firm.

ARTICLE IV

APPROVED AND ACCEPTED PROGRAMS.—Nothing in this agreement shall be construed to repeal or otherwise modify any ordinance, law, or regulation of a party relating to the existing minority business assistance provisions and procedures by which minority business enterprises participate therein.

ARTICLE V

TERM.—The term of the agreement shall be 5 years, after which it may be reexecuted by the parties.

ARTICLE VI

AGREEMENT EVALUATION.—The designated state and local officials may meet from time to time as a group to evaluate progress under the agreement, to formulate recommendations for changes, or to propose a new agreement.

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ARTICLE VII

OTHER ARRANGEMENTS.—Nothing in this agreement shall be construed to prevent or inhibit other arrangements or practices of any party in order to comply with federal law.

ARTICLE VIII

EFFECT AND WITHDRAWAL.-

- (1) This agreement shall become effective when properly executed by a legal representative of the participating organization, when enacted into the law of the state and after an ordinance or other legislation is enacted into law by the governing body of each participating organization. Thereafter it shall become effective as to any participating organization upon the enactment of this agreement by the governing body of that organization.
- (2) Any party may withdraw from this agreement by enacting legislation repealing the same, but no such withdrawal shall take effect until one year after the governing body of the withdrawing party has given notice in writing of the withdrawal to the other parties.
- (3) No withdrawal shall relieve the withdrawing party of any obligations imposed upon it by law.

ARTICLE IX

FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY.-

(1) A participating organization shall not be financially

responsible or liable for the obligations of any other participating organization related to this agreement.

(2) The provisions of this agreement shall constitute neither a waiver of any governmental immunity under Florida law nor a waiver of any defenses of the parties under Florida law. The provisions of this agreement are solely for the benefit of its executors and not intended to create or grant any rights, contractual or otherwise, to any person or entity.

ARTICLE X

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7726 VENUE AND GOVERNING LAW. - The obligations of the parties to 7727 this agreement are performable only within the county where the 7728 participating organization is located, and statewide for the 7729 Office of Supplier Diversity, and venue for any legal action in 7730 connection with this agreement shall lie, for any participating 7731 organization except the Office of Supplier Diversity, 7732 exclusively in the county where the participating organization 7733 is located. This agreement shall be governed by and construed in

accordance with the laws and court decisions of the state.

ARTICLE XI

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7738 CONSTRUCTION AND SEVERABILITY .- This agreement shall be 7739 liberally construed so as to effectuate the purposes thereof. 7740 The provisions of this agreement shall be severable and if any 7741 phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of this agreement is 7742 declared to be contrary to the State Constitution or the United States Constitution, or the application thereof to any

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government, agency, person, or circumstance is held invalid, the validity of the remainder of this agreement and the applicability thereof to any government, agency, person, or circumstance shall not be affected thereby. If this agreement shall be held contrary to the State Constitution, the agreement shall remain in full force and effect as to all severable matters.

Section 171. Paragraphs (h) and (o) of subsection (4) of section 287.09451, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

287.09451 Office of Supplier Diversity; powers, duties, and functions.—

- (4) The Office of Supplier Diversity shall have the following powers, duties, and functions:
- (h) To develop procedures to investigate complaints against minority business enterprises or contractors alleged to violate any provision related to this section or s. 287.0943, that may include visits to worksites or business premises, and to refer all information on businesses suspected of misrepresenting minority status to the Department of Management Services for investigation. When an investigation is completed and there is reason to believe that a violation has occurred, the Department of Labor and Employment Security shall refer the matter shall be referred to the office of the Attorney General, Department of Legal Affairs, for prosecution.
- (o)1. To establish a system to record and measure the use of certified minority business enterprises in state contracting. This system shall maintain information and statistics on certified minority business enterprise participation, awards, dollar volume of expenditures and agency goals, and other

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appropriate types of information to analyze progress in the access of certified minority business enterprises to state contracts and to monitor agency compliance with this section. Such reporting must include, but is not limited to, the identification of all subcontracts in state contracting by dollar amount and by number of subcontracts and the identification of the utilization of certified minority business enterprises as prime contractors and subcontractors by dollar amounts of contracts and subcontracts, number of contracts and subcontracts, minority status, industry, and any conditions or circumstances that significantly affected the performance of subcontractors. Agencies shall report their compliance with the requirements of this reporting system at least annually and at the request of the office. All agencies shall cooperate with the office in establishing this reporting system. Except in construction contracting, all agencies shall review contracts costing in excess of CATEGORY FOUR as defined in s. 287.017 to determine if such contracts could be divided into smaller contracts to be separately solicited and awarded, and shall, when economical, offer such smaller contracts to encourage minority participation.

- 2. To report agency compliance with the provisions of subparagraph 1. for the preceding fiscal year to the Governor and Cabinet, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the secretary of the Department of Labor and Employment Security on or before February 1 of each year. The report must contain, at a minimum, the following:
 - a. Total expenditures of each agency by industry.
 - b. The dollar amount and percentage of contracts awarded to

certified minority business enterprises by each state agency.

- c. The dollar amount and percentage of contracts awarded indirectly to certified minority business enterprises as subcontractors by each state agency.
- d. The total dollar amount and percentage of contracts awarded to certified minority business enterprises, whether directly or indirectly, as subcontractors.
- e. A statement and assessment of good faith efforts taken by each state agency.
- f. A status report of agency compliance with subsection (6), as determined by the Minority Business Enterprise Office. Section 172. Subsections (1) and (5) of section 287.0947, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 287.0947 Florida Advisory Council on Small and Minority Business Development; creation; membership; duties.—
- Management Services the Department of Labor and Employment
 Security may create the Florida Advisory Council on Small and
 Minority Business Development with the purpose of advising and
 assisting the secretary in carrying out the secretary's duties
 with respect to minority businesses and economic and business
 development. It is the intent of the Legislature that the
 membership of such council include practitioners, laypersons,
 financiers, and others with business development experience who
 can provide invaluable insight and expertise for this state in
 the diversification of its markets and networking of business
 opportunities. The council shall initially consist of 19
 persons, each of whom is or has been actively engaged in small
 and minority business development, either in private industry,

in governmental service, or as a scholar of recognized achievement in the study of such matters. Initially, the council shall consist of members representing all regions of the state and shall include at least one member from each group identified within the definition of "minority person" in s. 288.703(3), considering also gender and nationality subgroups, and shall consist of the following:

- (a) Four members consisting of representatives of local and federal small and minority business assistance programs or community development programs.
- (b) Eight members composed of representatives of the minority private business sector, including certified minority business enterprises and minority supplier development councils, among whom at least two shall be women and at least four shall be minority persons.
- (c) Two representatives of local government, one of whom shall be a representative of a large local government, and one of whom shall be a representative of a small local government.
- (d) Two representatives from the banking and insurance industry.
- (e) Two members from the private business sector, representing the construction and commodities industries.
- (f) The chairperson of the Florida Black Business Investment Board or the chairperson's designee.

A candidate for appointment may be considered if eligible to be certified as an owner of a minority business enterprise, or if otherwise qualified under the criteria above. Vacancies may be filled by appointment of the secretary, in the manner of the

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original appointment.

(5) The powers and duties of the council include, but are not limited to: researching and reviewing the role of small and minority businesses in the state's economy; reviewing issues and emerging topics relating to small and minority business economic development; studying the ability of financial markets and institutions to meet small business credit needs and determining the impact of government demands on credit for small businesses; assessing the implementation of s. 187.201(21) $\frac{187.201(22)}{187.201(22)}$, requiring a state economic development comprehensive plan, as it relates to small and minority businesses; assessing the reasonableness and effectiveness of efforts by any state agency or by all state agencies collectively to assist minority business enterprises; and advising the Governor, the secretary, and the Legislature on matters relating to small and minority business development which are of importance to the international strategic planning and activities of this state.

Section 173. Section 288.012, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.012 State of Florida <u>international</u> foreign offices.—The Legislature finds that the expansion of international trade and tourism is vital to the overall health and growth of the economy of this state. This expansion is hampered by the lack of technical and business assistance, financial assistance, and information services for businesses in this state. The Legislature finds that these businesses could be assisted by providing these services at State of Florida <u>international</u> foreign offices. The Legislature further finds that the accessibility and provision of services at these offices can be

enhanced through cooperative agreements or strategic alliances between <u>private businesses and</u> state <u>entities</u>, local <u>entities</u>, <u>and international governmental</u> <u>foreign</u> entities, <u>and private</u> <u>businesses</u>.

- (1) Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development is authorized to:
- (a) Establish and operate offices in other foreign countries for the purpose of promoting the trade and economic development opportunities of the state, and promoting the gathering of trade data information and research on trade opportunities in specific countries.
- (b) Enter into agreements with governmental and private sector entities to establish and operate offices in <a href="https://otens.com/o
- (2) Each <u>international</u> <u>foreign</u> office shall have in place an operational plan approved by the participating boards or other governing authority, a copy of which shall be provided to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic <u>Development</u>. These operating plans shall be reviewed and updated each fiscal year and shall include, at a minimum, the following:
 - (a) Specific policies and procedures encompassing the

entire scope of the operation and management of each office.

- (b) A comprehensive, commercial strategic plan identifying marketing opportunities and industry sector priorities for the foreign country or area in which an international a foreign office is located.
- (c) Provisions for access to information for Florida businesses through the Florida Trade Data Center. Each international foreign office shall obtain and forward trade leads and inquiries to the center on a regular basis.
- (d) Identification of new and emerging market opportunities for Florida businesses. Each <u>international</u> <u>foreign</u> office shall provide the Florida Trade Data Center with a compilation of foreign buyers and importers in industry sector priority areas on an annual basis. In return, the Florida Trade Data Center shall make available to each <u>international</u> <u>foreign</u> office, and to Enterprise Florida, Inc., the Florida Commission on Tourism, <u>Space Florida</u>, the Florida Ports Council, the Department of State, the Department of Citrus, and the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, trade industry, commodity, and opportunity information. This information shall be provided to such offices and entities either free of charge or on a fee basis with fees set only to recover the costs of providing the information.
- (e) Provision of access for Florida businesses to the services of the Florida Trade Data Center, international trade assistance services provided by state and local entities, seaport and airport information, and other services identified by Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.

- (f) Qualitative and quantitative performance measures for each office, including, but not limited to, the number of businesses assisted, the number of trade leads and inquiries generated, the number of international foreign buyers and importers contacted, and the amount and type of marketing conducted.
- (3) By October 1 of each year, each <u>international</u> foreign office shall submit to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism,

 Trade, and Economic Development a complete and detailed report on its activities and accomplishments during the preceding fiscal year. In a format provided by Enterprise Florida, Inc., the report must set forth information on:
 - (a) The number of Florida companies assisted.
- (b) The number of inquiries received about investment opportunities in this state.
 - (c) The number of trade leads generated.
 - (d) The number of investment projects announced.
 - (e) The estimated U.S. dollar value of sales confirmations.
 - (f) The number of representation agreements.
 - (g) The number of company consultations.
- (h) Barriers or other issues affecting the effective operation of the office.
- (i) Changes in office operations which are planned for the current fiscal year.
 - (j) Marketing activities conducted.
- (k) Strategic alliances formed with organizations in the country in which the office is located.
- (1) Activities conducted with $\underline{Florida's}$ other $\underline{Florida}$ international $\underline{foreign}$ offices.

- (m) Any other information that the office believes would contribute to an understanding of its activities.
- Operation The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, in connection with the establishment, operation, and management of any of its offices located in another a foreign country, is exempt from the provisions of ss. 255.21, 255.25, and 255.254 relating to leasing of buildings; ss. 283.33 and 283.35 relating to bids for printing; ss. 287.001-287.20 relating to purchasing and motor vehicles; and ss. 282.003-282.0056 and 282.702-282.7101 relating to communications, and from all statutory provisions relating to state employment.
- (a) <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may exercise such exemptions only upon prior approval of the Governor.
- (b) If approval for an exemption under this section is granted as an integral part of a plan of operation for a specified international foreign office, such action shall constitute continuing authority for Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to exercise the exemption, but only in the context and upon the terms originally granted. Any modification of the approved plan of operation with respect to an exemption contained therein must be resubmitted to the Governor for his or her approval. An approval granted to exercise an exemption in any other context shall be restricted to the specific instance for which the exemption is to be exercised.
- (c) As used in this subsection, the term "plan of operation" means the plan developed pursuant to subsection (2).
 - (d) Upon final action by the Governor with respect to a

request to exercise the exemption authorized in this subsection, Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall report such action, along with the original request and any modifications thereto, to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives within 30 days.

- (5) Where feasible and appropriate, and subject to s. 288.1224(9), foreign offices established and operated under this section may provide one-stop access to the economic development, trade, and tourism information, services, and programs of the state. Where feasible and appropriate, and subject to s. 288.1224(9), such offices may also be collocated with other foreign offices of the state.
- Development is authorized to make and to enter into contracts with Enterprise Florida, Inc., Space Florida, and the Florida Commission on Tourism to carry out the provisions of this section. The authority, duties, and exemptions provided in this section apply to Enterprise Florida, Inc., Space Florida, and the Florida Commission on Tourism to the same degree and subject to the same conditions as applied to Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development. To the greatest extent possible, such contracts shall include provisions for cooperative agreements or strategic alliances between private businesses and state entities, international, foreign entities, and local governmental entities, and private businesses to operate international foreign offices.

Section 174. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 288.017, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.017 Cooperative advertising matching grants program.-

- (1) The Florida Commission on Tourism is authorized to establish a cooperative advertising matching grants program and, pursuant thereto, to make expenditures and enter into contracts with local governments and nonprofit corporations for the purpose of publicizing the tourism advantages of the state. Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, based on recommendations from the Florida Commission on Tourism, shall have final approval of grants awarded through this program. The commission may contract with its direct-support organization to administer the program.
- (3) The Florida Commission on Tourism shall conduct an annual competitive selection process for the award of grants under the program. In determining its recommendations for the grant awards, the commission shall consider the demonstrated need of the applicant for advertising assistance, the feasibility and projected benefit of the applicant's proposal, the amount of nonstate funds that will be leveraged, and such other criteria as the commission deems appropriate. In evaluating grant applications, <u>Jobs Florida the Office</u> shall consider recommendations from the Florida Commission on Tourism. <u>Jobs Florida the Office</u>, however, has final approval authority for any grant under this section.

Section 175. Section 288.018, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.018 Regional Rural Development Grants Program. -

(1) <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall establish a matching grant program to provide funding to regionally based economic development organizations

representing rural counties and communities for the purpose of building the professional capacity of their organizations. Such matching grants may also be used by an economic development organization to provide technical assistance to businesses within the rural counties and communities that it serves. Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development is authorized to approve, on an annual basis, grants to such regionally based economic development organizations. The maximum amount an organization may receive in any year will be \$35,000, or \$100,000 in a rural area of critical economic concern recommended by the Rural Economic Development Initiative and designated by the Governor, and must be matched each year by an equivalent amount of nonstate resources.

- (2) In approving the participants, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall consider the demonstrated need of the applicant for assistance and require the following:
- (a) Documentation of official commitments of support from each of the units of local government represented by the regional organization.
- (b) Demonstration that each unit of local government has made a financial or in-kind commitment to the regional organization.
- (c) Demonstration that the private sector has made financial or in-kind commitments to the regional organization.
- (d) Demonstration that the organization is in existence and actively involved in economic development activities serving the region.
 - (e) Demonstration of the manner in which the organization

is or will coordinate its efforts with those of other local and state organizations.

- Obs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may also contract for the development of an enterprise zone web portal or websites for each enterprise zone which will be used to market the program for job creation in disadvantaged urban and rural enterprise zones. Each enterprise zone web page should include downloadable links to state forms and information, as well as local message boards that help businesses and residents receive information concerning zone boundaries, job openings, zone programs, and neighborhood improvement activities.
- Overlopment may expend up to \$750,000 each fiscal year from funds appropriated to the Rural Community Development Revolving Loan Fund for the purposes outlined in this section. Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may contract with Enterprise Florida, Inc., for the administration of the purposes specified in this section. Funds released to Enterprise Florida, Inc., for this purpose shall be released quarterly and shall be calculated based on the applications in process.

Section 176. Subsection (4) of section 288.019, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.019 Rural considerations in grant review and evaluation processes.—Notwithstanding any other law, and to the fullest extent possible, the member agencies and organizations of the Rural Economic Development Initiative (REDI) as defined in s. 288.0656(6)(a) shall review all grant and loan application

evaluation criteria to ensure the fullest access for rural counties as defined in s. 288.0656(2) to resources available throughout the state.

(4) For existing programs, the modified evaluation criteria and scoring procedure must be delivered to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development for distribution to the REDI agencies and organizations. The REDI agencies and organizations shall review and make comments. Future rules, programs, evaluation criteria, and scoring processes must be brought before a REDI meeting for review, discussion, and recommendation to allow rural counties fuller access to the state's resources.

Section 177. Subsection (1) of section 288.021, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.021 Economic development liaison.

(1) The heads of the Department of Transportation, the Department of Environmental Protection and an additional member appointed by the secretary of the department, the Department of Labor and Employment Security, the Department of Education, the Department of Community Affairs, the Department of Management Services, the Department of Revenue, the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, each water management district, and each Department of Transportation District office shall designate a high-level staff member from within such agency to serve as the economic development liaison for the agency. This person shall report to the agency head and have general knowledge both of the state's permitting and other regulatory functions and of the state's economic goals, policies, and programs. This person shall also be the primary point of contact

for the agency with <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development on issues and projects important to the economic development of Florida, including its rural areas, to expedite project review, to ensure a prompt, effective response to problems arising with regard to permitting and regulatory functions, and to work closely with the other economic development liaisons to resolve interagency conflicts.

Section 178. Subsection (1) of section 288.035, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.035 Economic development activities.

(1) The Florida Public Service Commission may authorize public utilities to recover reasonable economic development expenses. For purposes of this section, recoverable "economic development expenses" are those expenses described in subsection (2) which are consistent with criteria to be established by rules adopted by Jobs Florida the Department of Commerce as of June 30, 1996, or as those criteria are later modified by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.

Section 179. Section 288.047, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.047 Quick-response training for economic development.

(1) The Quick-Response Training Program is created within Jobs Florida to meet the workforce-skill needs of existing, new, and expanding industries. The program shall be administered in conjunction with by Workforce Florida, Inc., in conjunction with Enterprise Florida, Inc., and the Department of Education. Workforce Florida, Inc., shall adopt guidelines for the administration of this program. Workforce Florida, Inc., shall provide technical services and shall help to identify businesses

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that seek services through the program. Workforce Florida, Inc., may contract with Enterprise Florida, Inc., or administer this program directly, if it is determined that such an arrangement maximizes the amount of the Quick Response grant going to direct services.

- (2) Jobs Florida Workforce Florida, Inc., shall ensure that instruction funded pursuant to this section is not available through the local community college or school district and that the instruction promotes economic development by providing specialized training to new workers or retraining for current employees to meet changing skill requirements caused by new technology or new product lines and to prevent potential layoffs. Such funds may not be expended to provide training for instruction related to retail businesses or to reimburse businesses for trainee wages. Funds made available pursuant to this section may not be expended in connection with the relocation of a business from one community to another community in this state unless Jobs Florida Workforce Florida, Inc., determines that without such relocation the business will move outside this state or determines that the business has a compelling economic rationale for the relocation which creates additional jobs.
- (3) Requests for funding through the Quick-Response Training Program may be produced through inquiries from a specific business or industry, inquiries from a school district director of career education or community college occupational dean on behalf of a business or industry, or through official state or local economic development efforts. In allocating funds for the purposes of the program, Jobs Florida Workforce Florida,

Inc., shall establish criteria for approval of requests for funding and shall select the entity that provides the most efficient, cost-effective instruction meeting such criteria. Program funds may be allocated to any career center, community college, or state university. Program funds may be allocated to private postsecondary institutions only upon a review that includes, but is not limited to, accreditation and licensure documentation and prior approval by Jobs Florida Workforce

Florida, Inc. Instruction funded through the program must terminate when participants demonstrate competence at the level specified in the request; however, the grant term may not exceed 24 months. Costs and expenditures for the Quick-Response

Training Program must be documented and separated from those incurred by the training provider.

- (4) For the first 6 months of each fiscal year, <u>Jobs</u>

 <u>Florida</u> Workforce Florida, Inc., shall set aside 30 percent of the amount appropriated for the Quick-Response Training Program by the Legislature to fund instructional programs for businesses located in an enterprise zone or brownfield area. Any unencumbered funds remaining undisbursed from this set-aside at the end of the 6-month period may be used to provide funding for any program qualifying for funding pursuant to this section.
- (5) Prior to the allocation of funds for any request pursuant to this section, <u>Jobs Florida</u> Workforce Florida, Inc., shall prepare a grant agreement between the business or industry requesting funds, the educational institution receiving funding through the program, and <u>Jobs Florida</u> Workforce Florida, Inc. Such agreement must include, but is not limited to:
 - (a) An identification of the personnel necessary to conduct

the instructional program, the qualifications of such personnel, and the respective responsibilities of the parties for paying costs associated with the employment of such personnel.

- (b) An identification of the estimated length of the instructional program.
- (c) An identification of all direct, training-related costs, including tuition and fees, curriculum development, books and classroom materials, and overhead or indirect costs, not to exceed 5 percent of the grant amount.
- (d) An identification of special program requirements that are not addressed otherwise in the agreement.
- (e) Permission to access information specific to the wages and performance of participants upon the completion of instruction for evaluation purposes. Information which, if released, would disclose the identity of the person to whom the information pertains or disclose the identity of the person's employer is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1). The agreement must specify that any evaluations published subsequent to the instruction may not identify the employer or any individual participant.
- (6) For the purposes of this section, <u>Jobs Florida</u>

 Workforce Florida, Inc., may accept grants of money, materials, services, or property of any kind from any agency, corporation, or individual.
- (7) In providing instruction pursuant to this section, materials that relate to methods of manufacture or production, potential trade secrets, business transactions, or proprietary information received, produced, ascertained, or discovered by employees of the respective departments, district school boards,

community college district boards of trustees, or other personnel employed for the purposes of this section is confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1). The state may seek copyright protection for all instructional materials and ancillary written documents developed wholly or partially with state funds as a result of instruction provided pursuant to this section, except for materials that are confidential and exempt from the provisions of s. 119.07(1).

- (8) There is created a Quick-Response Training Program for participants in the welfare transition program. Workforce Florida, Inc., in conjunction with Jobs Florida, may award quick-response training grants and develop applicable guidelines for the training of participants in the welfare transition program. In addition to a local economic development organization, grants must be endorsed by the applicable regional workforce board.
- (a) Training funded pursuant to this subsection may not exceed 12 months, and may be provided by the local community college, school district, regional workforce board, or the business employing the participant, including on-the-job training. Training will provide entry-level skills to new workers, including those employed in retail, who are participants in the welfare transition program.
- (b) Participants trained pursuant to this subsection must be employed at a wage not less than \$6 per hour.
- (c) Funds made available pursuant to this subsection may be expended in connection with the relocation of a business from one community to another community if approved by Workforce Florida, Inc.

- (9) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, eligible matching contributions received under the Quick-Response Training Program under this section may be counted toward the private sector support of Enterprise Florida, Inc., under s. 288.90151(5)(d).
- (10) Jobs Florida Workforce Florida, Inc., and Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall ensure maximum coordination and cooperation in administering this section, in such a manner that any division of responsibility between the two organizations which relates to marketing or administering the Quick-Response Training Program is not apparent to a business that inquires about or applies for funding under this section. The organizations shall provide such A business shall be provided with a single point of contact for information and assistance.

Section 180. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1), paragraphs (b) and (e) of subsection (2), paragraph (a) of subsection (6), and subsection (7) of section 288.0656, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.0656 Rural Economic Development Initiative. -

- (1)(b) The Rural Economic Development Initiative, known as "REDI," is created within <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, and the participation of state and regional agencies in this initiative is authorized.
 - (2) As used in this section, the term:
- (b) "Catalyst site" means a parcel or parcels of land within a rural area of critical economic concern that has been prioritized as a geographic site for economic development through partnerships with state, regional, and local organizations. The site must be reviewed by REDI and approved by

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324 Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic
325 Development for the purposes of locating a catalyst project.

- (e) "Rural community" means:
- 1. A county with a population of 75,000 or fewer.
- 2. A county with a population of 125,000 or fewer which is contiguous to a county with a population of 75,000 or fewer.
- 3. A municipality within a county described in subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2.
- 4. An unincorporated federal enterprise community or an incorporated rural city with a population of 25,000 or fewer and an employment base focused on traditional agricultural or resource-based industries, located in a county not defined as rural, which has at least three or more of the economic distress factors identified in paragraph (c) and verified by Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.

For purposes of this paragraph, population shall be determined in accordance with the most recent official estimate pursuant to s. 186.901.

- (6)(a) By August 1 of each year, the head of each of the following agencies and organizations shall designate a deputy secretary or higher-level staff person from within the agency or organization to serve as the REDI representative for the agency or organization:
 - 1. The Department of Community Affairs.
- 1.2. The Department of Transportation.
 - 2.3— The Department of Environmental Protection.
- 3.4. The Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services.
 - 4.5. The Department of State.

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- 8353 5.6. The Department of Health.
- 8354 6.7. The Department of Children and Family Services.
- 7.8. The Department of Corrections.
- 8356 9. The Agency for Workforce Innovation.
 - 8.10. The Department of Education.
 - 9.11. The Department of Juvenile Justice.
- 8359 10.12. The Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission.
- 8360 11.13. Each water management district.
- 8361 12.14. Enterprise Florida, Inc.
- 8362 13.15. Workforce Florida, Inc.
- 8363 14.16. The Florida Commission on Tourism or VISIT Florida.
- 8364 15.17. The Florida Regional Planning Council Association.
- 8365 16.18. The Agency for Health Care Administration.
- 8366 17.19. The Institute of Food and Agricultural Sciences 8367 (IFAS).

An alternate for each designee shall also be chosen, and the names of the designees and alternates shall be sent to the director of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and <u>Economic Development</u>.

(7)(a) REDI may recommend to the Governor up to three rural areas of critical economic concern. The Governor may by executive order designate up to three rural areas of critical economic concern which will establish these areas as priority assignments for REDI as well as to allow the Governor, acting through REDI, to waive criteria, requirements, or similar provisions of any economic development incentive. Such incentives shall include, but not be limited to: the Qualified Target Industry Tax Refund Program under s. 288.106, the Quick

Response Training Program under s. 288.047, the Quick Response Training Program for participants in the welfare transition program under s. 288.047(8), transportation projects under s. 288.063, the brownfield redevelopment bonus refund under s. 288.107, and the rural job tax credit program under ss. 212.098 and 220.1895.

- (b) Designation as a rural area of critical economic concern under this subsection shall be contingent upon the execution of a memorandum of agreement among Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development; the governing body of the county; and the governing bodies of any municipalities to be included within a rural area of critical economic concern. Such agreement shall specify the terms and conditions of the designation, including, but not limited to, the duties and responsibilities of the county and any participating municipalities to take actions designed to facilitate the retention and expansion of existing businesses in the area, as well as the recruitment of new businesses to the area.
- (c) Each rural area of critical economic concern may designate catalyst projects, provided that each catalyst project is specifically recommended by REDI, identified as a catalyst project by Enterprise Florida, Inc., and confirmed as a catalyst project by Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development. All state agencies and departments shall use all available tools and resources to the extent permissible by law to promote the creation and development of each catalyst project and the development of catalyst sites.

Section 181. Subsections (1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (8), (9),

and (10) of section 288.063, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.063 Contracts for transportation projects.-

- (1) Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development is authorized to make, and based on a recommendation from Enterprise Florida, Inc., to approve, expenditures and enter into contracts for direct costs of transportation projects with the appropriate governmental body. Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall provide the Department of Transportation and, the Department of Environmental Protection, and the Department of Community Affairs with an opportunity to formally review and comment on recommended transportation projects, although Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development has final approval authority for any project under this section.
- (2) Any contract with a governmental body for construction of any transportation project executed by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall:
- (a) Specify and identify the transportation project to be constructed for a new or expanding business and the number of full-time permanent jobs that will result from the project.
- (b) Require that the appropriate governmental body award the construction of the particular transportation project to the lowest and best bidder in accordance with applicable state and federal statutes or regulations unless the project can be constructed with existing local government employees within the contract period specified by Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
 - (c) Require that the appropriate governmental body provide

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Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development with quarterly progress reports. Each quarterly progress report shall contain a narrative description of the work completed according to the project schedule, a description of any change orders executed by the appropriate governmental body, a budget summary detailing planned expenditures versus actual expenditures, and identification of minority business enterprises used as contractors and subcontractors. Records of all progress payments made for work in connection with such transportation projects, and any change orders executed by the appropriate governmental body and payments made pursuant to such orders, shall be maintained by that governmental body in accordance with accepted governmental accounting principles and practices and shall be subject to financial audit as required by law. In addition, the appropriate governmental body, upon completion and acceptance of the transportation project, shall make certification to Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development that the project has been completed in compliance with the terms and conditions of the contractual agreements between Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development and the appropriate governmental body and meets minimum construction standards established in accordance with s. 336.045.

(d) Specify that <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall transfer funds upon receipt of a request for funds from the local government, on no more than a quarterly basis, consistent with project needs. A contract totaling less than \$200,000 is exempt from this transfer requirement. Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and

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Economic Development shall not transfer any funds unless construction has begun on the facility of the business on whose behalf the award was made. Local governments shall expend funds in a timely manner.

- (e) Require that program funds be used only on those transportation projects that have been properly reviewed and approved in accordance with the criteria set forth in this section.
- (f) Require that the governing board of the appropriate local governmental body agree by resolution to accept future maintenance and other attendant costs occurring after completion of the transportation project if the project is construction on a county or municipal system.
- (3) a. With respect to any contract executed pursuant to this section, the term "transportation project" means a transportation facility as defined in s. 334.03(31) which is necessary in the judgment of Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to facilitate the economic development and growth of the state. Except for applications received prior to July 1, 1996, such Transportation projects shall be approved only as a consideration to attract new employment opportunities to the state or expand or retain employment in existing companies operating within the state, or to allow for the construction or expansion of a state or federal correctional facility in a county with a population of 75,000 or less that creates new employment opportunities or expands or retains employment in the county. Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall institute procedures to ensure that small and minority businesses have

equal access to funding provided under this section.

<u>b.</u> Funding for approved transportation projects may include any expenses, other than administrative costs and equipment purchases specified in the contract, necessary for new, or improvement to existing, transportation facilities. Funds made available pursuant to this section may not be expended in connection with the relocation of a business from one community to another community in this state unless <u>Jobs Florida the</u>

Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development determines that without such relocation the business will move outside this state or determines that the business has a compelling economic rationale for the relocation which creates additional jobs.

- <u>c.</u> Subject to appropriation for projects under this section, any appropriation greater than \$10 million shall be allocated to each of the districts of the Department of Transportation to ensure equitable geographical distribution. Such allocated funds that remain uncommitted by the third quarter of the fiscal year shall be reallocated among the districts based on pending project requests.
- Development may adopt criteria by which transportation projects are to be reviewed and certified in accordance with s. 288.061. In approving transportation projects for funding, Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall consider factors including, but not limited to, the cost per job created or retained considering the amount of transportation funds requested; the average hourly rate of wages for jobs created; the reliance on the program as an inducement for the project's location decision; the amount of capital investment to

be made by the business; the demonstrated local commitment; the location of the project in an enterprise zone designated pursuant to s. 290.0055; the location of the project in a spaceport territory as defined in s. 331.304; the unemployment rate of the surrounding area; the poverty rate of the community; and the adoption of an economic element as part of its local comprehensive plan in accordance with s. 163.3177(7)(j). Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may contact any agency it deems appropriate for additional input regarding the approval of projects.

- (5) No project that has not been specified and identified by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development in accordance with subsection (4) prior to the initiation of construction shall be eligible for funding.
- (8) Each local government receiving funds under this section shall submit to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development a financial audit of the local entity conducted by an independent certified public accountant. <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall develop procedures to ensure that audits are received and reviewed in a timely manner and that deficiencies or questioned costs noted in the audit are resolved.
- (9) Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall monitor on site each grant recipient, including, but not limited to, the construction of the business facility, to ensure compliance with contractual requirements.
- (10) In addition to the other provisions of this section, projects that the Legislature deems necessary to facilitate the economic development and growth of the state may be designated

and funded in the General Appropriations Act. Such transportation projects create new employment opportunities, expand transportation infrastructure, improve mobility, or increase transportation innovation. Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall enter into contracts with, and make expenditures to, the appropriate entities for the costs of transportation projects designated in the General Appropriations Act.

Section 182. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section 288.065, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.065 Rural Community Development Revolving Loan Fund.-

- (1) The Rural Community Development Revolving Loan Fund Program is established within Jobs Florida in the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to facilitate the use of existing federal, state, and local financial resources by providing local governments with financial assistance to further promote the economic viability of rural communities. These funds may be used to finance initiatives directed toward maintaining or developing the economic base of rural communities, especially initiatives addressing employment opportunities for residents of these communities.
- (2)(a) The program shall provide for long-term loans, loan guarantees, and loan loss reserves to units of local governments, or economic development organizations substantially underwritten by a unit of local government, within counties with populations of 75,000 or fewer, or within any county with a population of 125,000 or fewer which is contiguous to a county with a population of 75,000 or fewer, based on the most recent official population estimate as determined under s. 186.901,

including those residing in incorporated areas and those residing in unincorporated areas of the county, or to units of local government, or economic development organizations substantially underwritten by a unit of local government, within a rural area of critical economic concern.

- (b) Requests for loans shall be made by application to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.

 Loans shall be made pursuant to agreements specifying the terms and conditions agreed to between the applicant and <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development. The loans shall be the legal obligations of the applicant.
- (c) All repayments of principal and interest shall be returned to the loan fund and made available for loans to other applicants. However, in a rural area of critical economic concern designated by the Governor, and upon approval by Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, repayments of principal and interest may be retained by the applicant if such repayments are dedicated and matched to fund regionally based economic development organizations representing the rural area of critical economic concern.
- Obs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall manage the fund, establishing loan practices that must include, but are not limited to, procedures for establishing loan interest rates, uses of funding, application procedures, and application review procedures. Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall have final approval authority for any loan under this section.

Section 183. Subsections (1), (2), (3), and (4) of section 288.0655, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

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288.0655 Rural Infrastructure Fund.-

- (1) There is created within <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development the Rural Infrastructure Fund to facilitate the planning, preparing, and financing of infrastructure projects in rural communities which will encourage job creation, capital investment, and the strengthening and diversification of rural economies by promoting tourism, trade, and economic development.
- (2)(a) Funds appropriated by the Legislature shall be distributed by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office through grant programs that maximize the use of federal, local, and private resources, including, but not limited to, those available under the Small Cities Community Development Block Grant Program.
- (b) To facilitate access of rural communities and rural areas of critical economic concern as defined by the Rural Economic Development Initiative to infrastructure funding programs of the Federal Government, such as those offered by the United States Department of Agriculture and the United States Department of Commerce, and state programs, including those offered by Rural Economic Development Initiative agencies, and to facilitate local government or private infrastructure funding efforts, Jobs Florida the Office may award grants for up to 30 percent of the total infrastructure project cost. If an application for funding is for a catalyst site, as defined in s. 288.0656, Jobs Florida the Office may award grants for up to 40 percent of the total infrastructure project cost. Eligible projects must be related to specific job-creation or jobretention opportunities. Eligible projects may also include improving any inadequate infrastructure that has resulted in

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8643 regulatory action that prohibits economic or community growth or 8644 reducing the costs to community users of proposed infrastructure 8645 improvements that exceed such costs in comparable communities. 8646 Eligible uses of funds shall include improvements to public 8647 infrastructure for industrial or commercial sites and upgrades 8648 to or development of public tourism infrastructure. Authorized 8649 infrastructure may include the following public or public-8650 private partnership facilities: storm water systems; 8651 telecommunications facilities; broadband facilities; roads or 8652 other remedies to transportation impediments; nature-based 8653 tourism facilities; or other physical requirements necessary to 8654 facilitate tourism, trade, and economic development activities 8655 in the community. Authorized infrastructure may also include publicly or privately owned self-powered nature-based tourism 8656 8657 facilities, publicly owned telecommunications facilities, and 8658 broadband facilities, and additions to the distribution 8659 facilities of the existing natural gas utility as defined in s. 8660 366.04(3)(c), the existing electric utility as defined in s. 366.02, or the existing water or wastewater utility as defined 8661 8662 in s. 367.021(12), or any other existing water or wastewater 8663 facility, which owns a gas or electric distribution system or a 8664 water or wastewater system in this state where:

- 1. A contribution-in-aid of construction is required to serve public or public-private partnership facilities under the tariffs of any natural gas, electric, water, or wastewater utility as defined herein; and
- 2. Such utilities as defined herein are willing and able to provide such service.
 - (c) To facilitate timely response and induce the location

or expansion of specific job creating opportunities, <u>Jobs</u>

<u>Florida</u> the Office may award grants for infrastructure
feasibility studies, design and engineering activities, or other
infrastructure planning and preparation activities. Authorized
grants shall be up to \$50,000 for an employment project with a
business committed to create at least 100 jobs: up to \$150,000
for an employment project with a business committed to create at
least 300 jobs: and up to \$300,000 for a project in a rural
area of critical economic concern. Grants awarded under this
paragraph may be used in conjunction with grants awarded under
paragraph (b), provided that the total amount of both grants
does not exceed 30 percent of the total project cost. In
evaluating applications under this paragraph, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the
Office shall consider the extent to which the application seeks
to minimize administrative and consultant expenses.

- (d) Jobs Florida By September 1, 1999, the Office shall participate in pursue execution of a memorandum of agreement with the United States Department of Agriculture under which state funds available through the Rural Infrastructure Fund may be advanced, in excess of the prescribed state share, for a project that has received from the department a preliminary determination of eligibility for federal financial support. State funds in excess of the prescribed state share which are advanced pursuant to this paragraph and the memorandum of agreement shall be reimbursed when funds are awarded under an application for federal funding.
- (e) To enable local governments to access the resources available pursuant to s. 403.973(18), <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office may award grants for surveys, feasibility studies, and other

activities related to the identification and preclearance review of land which is suitable for preclearance review. Authorized grants under this paragraph shall not exceed \$75,000 each, except in the case of a project in a rural area of critical economic concern, in which case the grant shall not exceed \$300,000. Any funds awarded under this paragraph must be matched at a level of 50 percent with local funds, except that any funds awarded for a project in a rural area of critical economic concern must be matched at a level of 33 percent with local funds. If an application for funding is for a catalyst site, as defined in s. 288.0656, the requirement for local match may be waived pursuant to the process in s. 288.06561. In evaluating applications under this paragraph, the office shall consider the extent to which the application seeks to minimize administrative and consultant expenses.

- (3) Jobs Florida the office, in consultation with Enterprise Florida, Inc., VISIT Florida, the Department of Environmental Protection, and the Florida Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission, as appropriate, shall review and certify applications pursuant to s. 288.061. The review shall include an evaluation of the economic benefit of the projects and their long-term viability. Jobs Florida The office shall have final approval for any grant under this section.
- (4) By September 1, 2011 1999, Jobs Florida the office shall, in consultation with the organizations listed in subsection (3), and other organizations, re-evaluate existing develop guidelines and criteria governing submission of applications for funding, review and evaluation of such applications, and approval of funding under this section. Jobs

Florida The office shall consider factors including, but not limited to, the project's potential for enhanced job creation or increased capital investment, the demonstration and level of local public and private commitment, whether the project is located location of the project in an enterprise zone, the location of the project in a community development corporation service area, or in an urban high-crime area as the location of the project in a county designated under s. 212.097, the unemployment rate of the county in which the project would be located surrounding area, and the poverty rate of the community.

Section 184. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 288.06561, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.06561 Reduction or waiver of financial match requirements.—Notwithstanding any other law, the member agencies and organizations of the Rural Economic Development Initiative (REDI), as defined in s. 288.0656(6)(a), shall review the financial match requirements for projects in rural areas as defined in s. 288.0656(2).

- (2) Agencies and organizations shall ensure that all proposals are submitted to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development for review by the REDI agencies.
- (3) These proposals shall be delivered to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development for distribution to the REDI agencies and organizations. A meeting of REDI agencies and organizations must be called within 30 days after receipt of such proposals for REDI comment and recommendations on each proposal.

Section 185. Subsections (2) and (4) of section 288.0657, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.0657 Florida rural economic development strategy grants.—

- (2) <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may accept and administer moneys appropriated to the office for providing grants to assist rural communities to develop and implement strategic economic development plans.
- (4) Enterprise Florida, Inc., and VISIT Florida, shall establish criteria for reviewing grant applications. These criteria shall include, but are not limited to, the degree of participation and commitment by the local community and the application's consistency with local comprehensive plans or the application's proposal to ensure such consistency. The International Trade and Economic Development Board of Enterprise Florida, Inc., and VISIT Florida, shall review each application for a grant and shall submit annually to Jobs Florida the Office for approval a list of all recommended applications that are recommended by the board and VISIT Florida, arranged in order of priority. Jobs Florida The office may approve grants only to the extent that funds are appropriated for such grants by the Legislature.

Section 186. Section 288.0659, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.0659 Local Government Distressed Area Matching Grant Program.—

(1) The Local Government Distressed Area Matching Grant Program is created within Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development. The purpose of the program is to stimulate investment in the state's economy by providing grants to match demonstrated business assistance by local

governments to attract and retain businesses in this state.

- (2) As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Local government" means a county or municipality.
- (b) "Department Office" means Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- (c) "Qualified business assistance" means economic incentives provided by a local government for the purpose of attracting or retaining a specific business, including, but not limited to, suspensions, waivers, or reductions of impact fees or permit fees; direct incentive payments; expenditures for onsite or offsite improvements directly benefiting a specific business; or construction or renovation of buildings for a specific business.
- (3) Jobs Florida The Office may accept and administer moneys appropriated by the Legislature to the Office for providing grants to match expenditures by local governments to attract or retain businesses in this state.
- (4) A local government may apply for grants to match qualified business assistance made by the local government for the purpose of attracting or retaining a specific business. A local government may apply for no more than one grant per targeted business. A local government may only have one application pending with Jobs Florida the Office. Additional applications may be filed after a previous application has been approved or denied.
- (5) To qualify for a grant, the business being targeted by a local government must create at least 15 full-time jobs, must be new to this state, must be expanding its operations in this state, or would otherwise leave the state absent state and local

assistance, and the local government applying for the grant must expedite its permitting processes for the target business by accelerating the normal review and approval timelines. In addition to these requirements, <u>Jobs Florida the office</u> shall review the grant requests using the following evaluation criteria, with priority given in descending order:

- (a) The presence and degree of pervasive poverty, unemployment, and general distress as determined pursuant to s. 290.0058 in the area where the business will locate, with priority given to locations with greater degrees of poverty, unemployment, and general distress.
- (b) The extent of reliance on the local government expenditure as an inducement for the business's location decision, with priority given to higher levels of local government expenditure.
- (c) The number of new full-time jobs created, with priority given to higher numbers of jobs created.
- (d) The average hourly wage for jobs created, with priority given to higher average wages.
- (e) The amount of capital investment to be made by the business, with priority given to higher amounts of capital investment.
- (6) In evaluating grant requests, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office shall take into consideration the need for grant assistance as it relates to the local government's general fund balance as well as local incentive programs that are already in existence.
- (7) Funds made available pursuant to this section may not be expended in connection with the relocation of a business from one community to another community in this state unless Jobs

Florida the Office determines that without such relocation the business will move outside this state or determines that the business has a compelling economic rationale for the relocation which creates additional jobs. Funds made available pursuant to this section may not be used by the receiving local government to supplant matching commitments required of the local government pursuant to other state or federal incentive programs.

- (8) Within 30 days after Jobs Florida the Office receives an application for a grant, Jobs Florida the Office shall approve a preliminary grant allocation or disapprove the application. The preliminary grant allocation shall be based on estimates of qualified business assistance submitted by the local government and shall equal 50 percent of the amount of the estimated qualified business assistance or \$50,000, whichever is less. The preliminary grant allocation shall be executed by contract with the local government. The contract shall set forth the terms and conditions, including the timeframes within which the final grant award will be disbursed. The final grant award may not exceed the preliminary grant allocation. Jobs Florida the Office may approve preliminary grant allocations only to the extent that funds are appropriated for such grants by the Legislature.
- (a) Preliminary grant allocations that are revoked or voluntarily surrendered shall be immediately available for reallocation.
- (b) Recipients of preliminary grant allocations shall promptly report to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office the date on which the local government's permitting and approval process is completed

and the date on which all qualified business assistance is completed.

- (9) Jobs Florida the Office shall make a final grant award to a local government within 30 days after receiving information from the local government sufficient to demonstrate actual qualified business assistance. An awarded grant amount shall equal 50 percent of the amount of the qualified business assistance or \$50,000, whichever is less, and may not exceed the preliminary grant allocation. The amount by which a preliminary grant allocation exceeds a final grant award shall be immediately available for reallocation.
- (10) Up to 2 percent of the funds appropriated annually by the Legislature for the program may be used by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office for direct administrative costs associated with implementing this section.

Section 187. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 288.075, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.075 Confidentiality of records.-

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Economic development agency" means:
- 1. <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development;
- 2. Any industrial development authority created in accordance with part III of chapter 159 or by special law;
 - 3. Space Florida created in part II of chapter 331;
- 4. The public economic development agency of a county or municipality or, if the county or municipality does not have a public economic development agency, the county or municipal officers or employees assigned the duty to promote the general

business interests or industrial interests of that county or municipality or the responsibilities related thereto;

- 5. Any research and development authority created in accordance with part V of chapter 159; or
- 6. Any private agency, person, partnership, corporation, or business entity when authorized by the state, a municipality, or a county to promote the general business interests or industrial interests of the state or that municipality or county.

Section 188. Paragraphs (c), (h), (p), and (r) of subsection (1), paragraphs (a), (d), (e), (f), (h) of subsection (2), subsections (3) and (4), paragraphs (a), (d), (e), and (g) of subsection (5), paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of subsection (6), and subsections (7) and (8) of section 288.1045, Florida Statutes, are amended, and present paragraphs (r) through (u) of subsection (1) are redesignated as paragraphs (q) through (t), respectively, to read:

288.1045 Qualified defense contractor and space flight business tax refund program.—

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:
- (c) "Business unit" means an employing unit, as defined in s. 443.036, that is registered with <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation for unemployment compensation purposes or means a subcategory or division of an employing unit that is accepted by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation as a reporting unit.
- (h) "Commissioner Director" means the commissioner of Jobs Florida director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
 - (p) "Office" means the Office of Tourism, Trade, and

Economic Development.

- $\underline{(q)(r)}$ "Qualified applicant" means an applicant that has been approved by the <u>commissioner director</u> to be eligible for tax refunds pursuant to this section.
 - (2) GRANTING OF A TAX REFUND; ELIGIBLE AMOUNTS.-
- (a) There shall be allowed, from the Economic Development Trust Fund, a refund to a qualified applicant for the amount of eligible taxes certified by the <u>commissioner</u> <u>director</u> which were paid by such qualified applicant. The total amount of refunds for all fiscal years for each qualified applicant shall be determined pursuant to subsection (3). The annual amount of a refund to a qualified applicant shall be determined pursuant to subsection (5).
- (d) Contingent upon an annual appropriation by the Legislature, the <u>commissioner</u> <u>director</u> may approve not more in tax refunds than the amount appropriated to the Economic Development Trust Fund for tax refunds, for a fiscal year pursuant to subsection (5) and s. 288.095.
- (e) For the first 6 months of each fiscal year, the <u>commissioner</u> director shall set aside 30 percent of the amount appropriated for refunds pursuant to this section by the Legislature to provide tax refunds only to qualified applicants who employ 500 or fewer full-time employees in this state. Any unencumbered funds remaining undisbursed from this set-aside at the end of the 6-month period may be used to provide tax refunds for any qualified applicants pursuant to this section.
- (f) After entering into a tax refund agreement pursuant to subsection (4), a qualified applicant may:
 - 1. Receive refunds from the account for corporate income

taxes due and paid pursuant to chapter 220 by that business beginning with the first taxable year of the business which begins after entering into the agreement.

- 2. Receive refunds from the account for the following taxes due and paid by that business after entering into the agreement:
- a. Taxes on sales, use, and other transactions paid pursuant to chapter 212.
- b. Intangible personal property taxes paid pursuant to chapter 199.
 - c. Emergency excise taxes paid pursuant to chapter 221.
 - d. Excise taxes paid on documents pursuant to chapter 201.
- e. Ad valorem taxes paid, as defined in s. 220.03(1)(a) on June 1, 1996.
- f. State communications services taxes administered under chapter 202. This provision does not apply to the gross receipts tax imposed under chapter 203 and administered under chapter 202 or the local communications services tax authorized under s. 202.19.

However, a qualified applicant may not receive a tax refund pursuant to this section for any amount of credit, refund, or exemption granted such contractor for any of such taxes. If a refund for such taxes is provided by Jobs Florida the Office, which taxes are subsequently adjusted by the application of any credit, refund, or exemption granted to the qualified applicant other than that provided in this section, the qualified applicant shall reimburse the Economic Development Trust Fund for the amount of such credit, refund, or exemption. A qualified applicant must notify and tender payment to the office within 20

days after receiving a credit, refund, or exemption, other than that provided in this section. The addition of communications services taxes administered under chapter 202 is remedial in nature and retroactive to October 1, 2001. The Office may make supplemental tax refund payments to allow for tax refunds for communications services taxes paid by an eligible qualified defense contractor after October 1, 2001.

- (h) Funds made available pursuant to this section may not be expended in connection with the relocation of a business from one community to another community in this state unless <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development determines that without such relocation the business will move outside this state or determines that the business has a compelling economic rationale for the relocation which creates additional jobs.
- (3) APPLICATION PROCESS; REQUIREMENTS; AGENCY DETERMINATION.—
- (a) To apply for certification as a qualified applicant pursuant to this section, an applicant must file an application with <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office which satisfies the requirements of paragraphs (b) and (e), paragraphs (c) and (e), paragraphs (d) and (e), or paragraphs (e) and (j). An applicant may not apply for certification pursuant to this section after a proposal has been submitted for a new Department of Defense contract, after the applicant has made the decision to consolidate an existing Department of Defense contract in this state for which such applicant is seeking certification, after a proposal has been submitted for a new space flight business contract in this state, after the applicant has made the decision to consolidate

an existing space flight business contract in this state for which such applicant is seeking certification, or after the applicant has made the decision to convert defense production jobs to nondefense production jobs for which such applicant is seeking certification.

- (b) Applications for certification based on the consolidation of a Department of Defense contract or a new Department of Defense contract must be submitted to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office as prescribed by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office and must include, but are not limited to, the following information:
- 1. The applicant's federal employer identification number, the applicant's Florida sales tax registration number, and a signature of an officer of the applicant.
- 2. The permanent location of the manufacturing, assembling, fabricating, research, development, or design facility in this state at which the project is or is to be located.
- 3. The Department of Defense contract numbers of the contract to be consolidated, the new Department of Defense contract number, or the "RFP" number of a proposed Department of Defense contract.
- 4. The date the contract was executed or is expected to be executed, and the date the contract is due to expire or is expected to expire.
- 5. The commencement date for project operations under the contract in this state.
- 6. The number of net new full-time equivalent Florida jobs included in the project as of December 31 of each year and the average wage of such jobs.
 - 7. The total number of full-time equivalent employees

employed by the applicant in this state.

- 8. The percentage of the applicant's gross receipts derived from Department of Defense contracts during the 5 taxable years immediately preceding the date the application is submitted.
- 9. The number of full-time equivalent jobs in this state to be retained by the project.
- 10. A brief statement concerning the applicant's need for tax refunds, and the proposed uses of such refunds by the applicant.
- 11. A resolution adopted by the governing board of the county or municipality in which the project will be located, which recommends the applicant be approved as a qualified applicant, and which indicates that the necessary commitments of local financial support for the applicant exist. Prior to the adoption of the resolution, the county commission may review the proposed public or private sources of such support and determine whether the proposed sources of local financial support can be provided or, for any applicant whose project is located in a county designated by the Rural Economic Development Initiative, a resolution adopted by the county commissioners of such county requesting that the applicant's project be exempt from the local financial support requirement.
- 12. Any additional information requested by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office.
- (c) Applications for certification based on the conversion of defense production jobs to nondefense production jobs must be submitted to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the <u>Office</u> as prescribed by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the <u>Office</u> and must include, but are not limited to, the following information:

- 1. The applicant's federal employer identification number, the applicant's Florida sales tax registration number, and a signature of an officer of the applicant.
- 2. The permanent location of the manufacturing, assembling, fabricating, research, development, or design facility in this state at which the project is or is to be located.
- 3. The Department of Defense contract numbers of the contract under which the defense production jobs will be converted to nondefense production jobs.
- 4. The date the contract was executed, and the date the contract is due to expire or is expected to expire, or was canceled.
- 5. The commencement date for the nondefense production operations in this state.
- 6. The number of net new full-time equivalent Florida jobs included in the nondefense production project as of December 31 of each year and the average wage of such jobs.
- 7. The total number of full-time equivalent employees employed by the applicant in this state.
- 8. The percentage of the applicant's gross receipts derived from Department of Defense contracts during the 5 taxable years immediately preceding the date the application is submitted.
- 9. The number of full-time equivalent jobs in this state to be retained by the project.
- 10. A brief statement concerning the applicant's need for tax refunds, and the proposed uses of such refunds by the applicant.
- 11. A resolution adopted by the governing board of the county or municipality in which the project will be located,

which recommends the applicant be approved as a qualified applicant, and which indicates that the necessary commitments of local financial support for the applicant exist. Prior to the adoption of the resolution, the county commission may review the proposed public or private sources of such support and determine whether the proposed sources of local financial support can be provided or, for any applicant whose project is located in a county designated by the Rural Economic Development Initiative, a resolution adopted by the county commissioners of such county requesting that the applicant's project be exempt from the local financial support requirement.

- 12. Any additional information requested by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office.
- (d) Applications for certification based on a contract for reuse of a defense-related facility must be submitted to <u>Jobs</u>

 <u>Florida</u> the <u>Office</u> as prescribed by the office and must include, but are not limited to, the following information:
- 1. The applicant's Florida sales tax registration number and a signature of an officer of the applicant.
- 2. The permanent location of the manufacturing, assembling, fabricating, research, development, or design facility in this state at which the project is or is to be located.
- 3. The business entity holding a valid Department of Defense contract or branch of the Armed Forces of the United States that previously occupied the facility, and the date such entity last occupied the facility.
- 4. A copy of the contract to reuse the facility, or such alternative proof as may be prescribed by the office that the applicant is seeking to contract for the reuse of such facility.

- 5. The date the contract to reuse the facility was executed or is expected to be executed, and the date the contract is due to expire or is expected to expire.
- 6. The commencement date for project operations under the contract in this state.
- 7. The number of net new full-time equivalent Florida jobs included in the project as of December 31 of each year and the average wage of such jobs.
- 8. The total number of full-time equivalent employees employed by the applicant in this state.
- 9. The number of full-time equivalent jobs in this state to be retained by the project.
- 10. A brief statement concerning the applicant's need for tax refunds, and the proposed uses of such refunds by the applicant.
- 11. A resolution adopted by the governing board of the county or municipality in which the project will be located, which recommends the applicant be approved as a qualified applicant, and which indicates that the necessary commitments of local financial support for the applicant exist. Prior to the adoption of the resolution, the county commission may review the proposed public or private sources of such support and determine whether the proposed sources of local financial support can be provided or, for any applicant whose project is located in a county designated by the Rural Economic Development Initiative, a resolution adopted by the county commissioners of such county requesting that the applicant's project be exempt from the local financial support requirement.
 - 12. Any additional information requested by Jobs Florida

the Office.

- (e) To qualify for review by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office, the application of an applicant must, at a minimum, establish the following to the satisfaction of the office:
- 1. The jobs proposed to be provided under the application, pursuant to subparagraph (b)6., subparagraph (c)6., or subparagraph (j)6., must pay an estimated annual average wage equaling at least 115 percent of the average wage in the area where the project is to be located.
- 2. The consolidation of a Department of Defense contract must result in a net increase of at least 25 percent in the number of jobs at the applicant's facilities in this state or the addition of at least 80 jobs at the applicant's facilities in this state.
- 3. The conversion of defense production jobs to nondefense production jobs must result in net increases in nondefense employment at the applicant's facilities in this state.
- 4. The Department of Defense contract or the space flight business contract cannot allow the business to include the costs of relocation or retooling in its base as allowable costs under a cost-plus, or similar, contract.
- 5. A business unit of the applicant must have derived not less than 60 percent of its gross receipts in this state from Department of Defense contracts or space flight business contracts over the applicant's last fiscal year, and must have derived not less than an average of 60 percent of its gross receipts in this state from Department of Defense contracts or space flight business contracts over the 5 years preceding the date an application is submitted pursuant to this section. This

subparagraph does not apply to any application for certification based on a contract for reuse of a defense-related facility.

- 6. The reuse of a defense-related facility must result in the creation of at least 100 jobs at such facility.
- 7. A new space flight business contract or the consolidation of a space flight business contract must result in net increases in space flight business employment at the applicant's facilities in this state.
- (f) Each application meeting the requirements of paragraphs (b) and (e), paragraphs (c) and (e), paragraphs (d) and (e), or paragraphs (e) and (j) must be submitted to the office for a determination of eligibility. Jobs Florida the Office shall review and evaluate each application based on, but not limited to, the following criteria:
- 1. Expected contributions to the state strategic economic development plan adopted by Enterprise Florida, Inc., taking into account the extent to which the project contributes to the state's high-technology base, and the long-term impact of the project and the applicant on the state's economy.
- 2. The economic benefit of the jobs created or retained by the project in this state, taking into account the cost and average wage of each job created or retained, and the potential risk to existing jobs.
- 3. The amount of capital investment to be made by the applicant in this state.
- 4. The local commitment and support for the project and applicant.
- 5. The impact of the project on the local community, taking into account the unemployment rate for the county where the

9223 project will be located.

- 6. The dependence of the local community on the defense industry or space flight business.
- 7. The impact of any tax refunds granted pursuant to this section on the viability of the project and the probability that the project will occur in this state if such tax refunds are granted to the applicant, taking into account the expected long-term commitment of the applicant to economic growth and employment in this state.
- 8. The length of the project, or the expected long-term commitment to this state resulting from the project.
- (g) Applications shall be reviewed and certified pursuant to s. 288.061. If appropriate, the <u>commissioner</u> director shall enter into a written agreement with the qualified applicant pursuant to subsection (4).
- (h) The <u>commissioner</u> <u>director</u> may not certify any applicant as a qualified applicant when the value of tax refunds to be included in that letter of certification exceeds the available amount of authority to certify new businesses as determined in s. 288.095(3). A letter of certification that approves an application must specify the maximum amount of a tax refund that is to be available to the contractor for each fiscal year and the total amount of tax refunds for all fiscal years.
- (i) This section does not create a presumption that an applicant should receive any tax refunds under this section.
- (j) Applications for certification based upon a new space flight business contract or the consolidation of a space flight business contract must be submitted to the office as prescribed by the office and must include, but are not limited to, the

following information:

- 1. The applicant's federal employer identification number, the applicant's Florida sales tax registration number, and a signature of an officer of the applicant.
- 2. The permanent location of the space flight business facility in this state where the project is or will be located.
- 3. The new space flight business contract number, the space flight business contract numbers of the contract to be consolidated, or the request-for-proposal number of a proposed space flight business contract.
- 4. The date the contract was executed and the date the contract is due to expire, is expected to expire, or was canceled.
- 5. The commencement date for project operations under the contract in this state.
- 6. The number of net new full-time equivalent Florida jobs included in the project as of December 31 of each year and the average wage of such jobs.
- 7. The total number of full-time equivalent employees employed by the applicant in this state.
- 8. The percentage of the applicant's gross receipts derived from space flight business contracts during the 5 taxable years immediately preceding the date the application is submitted.
- 9. The number of full-time equivalent jobs in this state to be retained by the project.
- 10. A brief statement concerning the applicant's need for tax refunds and the proposed uses of such refunds by the applicant.
 - 11. A resolution adopted by the governing board of the

county or municipality in which the project will be located which recommends the applicant be approved as a qualified applicant and indicates that the necessary commitments of local financial support for the applicant exist. Prior to the adoption of the resolution, the county commission may review the proposed public or private sources of such support and determine whether the proposed sources of local financial support can be provided or, for any applicant whose project is located in a county designated by the Rural Economic Development Initiative, a resolution adopted by the county commissioners of such county requesting that the applicant's project be exempt from the local financial support requirement.

- 12. Any additional information requested by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office.
 - (4) QUALIFIED APPLICANT TAX REFUND AGREEMENT.-
- (a) A qualified applicant shall enter into a written agreement with <u>Jobs Florida</u> the <u>Office</u> containing, but not limited to, the following:
- 1. The total number of full-time equivalent jobs in this state that are or will be dedicated to the qualified applicant's project, the average wage of such jobs, the definitions that will apply for measuring the achievement of these terms during the pendency of the agreement, and a time schedule or plan for when such jobs will be in place and active in this state.
- 2. The maximum amount of a refund that the qualified applicant is eligible to receive for each fiscal year, based on the job creation or retention and maintenance schedule specified in subparagraph 1.
 - 3. An agreement with Jobs Florida the Office allowing Jobs

<u>Florida</u> the Office to review and verify the financial and personnel records of the qualified applicant to ascertain whether the qualified applicant is complying with the requirements of this section.

- 4. The date by which, in each fiscal year, the qualified applicant may file a claim pursuant to subsection (5) to be considered to receive a tax refund in the following fiscal year.
- 5. That local financial support shall be annually available and will be paid to the Economic Development Trust Fund.
- (b) Compliance with the terms and conditions of the agreement is a condition precedent for receipt of tax refunds each year. The failure to comply with the terms and conditions of the agreement shall result in the loss of eligibility for receipt of all tax refunds previously authorized pursuant to this section, and the revocation of the certification as a qualified applicant by the <u>commissioner director</u>, unless the qualified applicant is eligible to receive and elects to accept a prorated refund under paragraph (5)(g) or <u>Jobs Florida the Office</u> grants the qualified applicant an economic-stimulus exemption.
- 1. A qualified applicant may submit, in writing, a request to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office for an economic-stimulus exemption. The request must provide quantitative evidence demonstrating how negative economic conditions in the qualified applicant's industry, the effects of the impact of a named hurricane or tropical storm, or specific acts of terrorism affecting the qualified applicant have prevented the qualified applicant from complying with the terms and conditions of its tax refund agreement.

- 2. Upon receipt of a request under subparagraph 1., the commissioner director shall have 45 days to notify the requesting qualified applicant, in writing, if its exemption has been granted or denied. In determining if an exemption should be granted, the commissioner director shall consider the extent to which negative economic conditions in the requesting qualified applicant's industry, the effects of the impact of a named hurricane or tropical storm, or specific acts of terrorism affecting the qualified applicant have prevented the qualified applicant from complying with the terms and conditions of its tax refund agreement.
- 3. As a condition for receiving a prorated refund under paragraph (5)(g) or an economic-stimulus exemption under this paragraph, a qualified applicant must agree to renegotiate its tax refund agreement with <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office to, at a minimum, ensure that the terms of the agreement comply with current law and the Office procedures of Jobs Florida governing application for and award of tax refunds. Upon approving the award of a prorated refund or granting an economic-stimulus exemption, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office shall renegotiate the tax refund agreement with the qualified applicant as required by this subparagraph. When amending the agreement of a qualified applicant receiving an economic-stimulus exemption, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office may extend the duration of the agreement for a period not to exceed 2 years.
- 4. A qualified applicant may submit a request for an economic-stimulus exemption to the Office in lieu of any tax refund claim scheduled to be submitted after January 1, 2005, but before July 1, 2006.

- $\underline{4.5.}$ A qualified applicant that receives an economicstimulus exemption may not receive a tax refund for the period covered by the exemption.
- (c) The agreement shall be signed by the <u>commissioner</u> director and the authorized officer of the qualified applicant.
- (d) The agreement must contain the following legend, clearly printed on its face in bold type of not less than 10 points:

"This agreement is neither a general obligation of the State of Florida, nor is it backed by the full faith and credit of the State of Florida. Payment of tax refunds are conditioned on and subject to specific annual appropriations by the Florida Legislature of funds sufficient to pay amounts authorized in s. 288.1045, Florida Statutes."

(5) ANNUAL CLAIM FOR REFUND.-

qualified applicants who have entered into a written agreement with Jobs Florida the Office pursuant to subsection (4) and who have entered into a valid new Department of Defense contract, entered into a valid new space flight business contract, commenced the consolidation of a space flight business contract, commenced the consolidation of a Department of Defense contract, commenced the conversion of defense production jobs to nondefense production jobs, or entered into a valid contract for

(a) To be eligible to claim any scheduled tax refund,

reuse of a defense-related facility must apply by January 31 of

each fiscal year to Jobs Florida the Office for tax refunds

scheduled to be paid from the appropriation for the fiscal year that begins on July 1 following the January 31 claims-submission date. <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office may, upon written request, grant a 30-day extension of the filing date. The application must include a notarized signature of an officer of the applicant.

- (d) The <u>commissioner director</u>, with assistance from the Office, the Department of Revenue, and <u>Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation</u>, shall, by June 30 following the scheduled date for submitting the tax refund claim, specify by written order the approval or disapproval of the tax refund claim and, if approved, the amount of the tax refund that is authorized to be paid to the qualified applicant for the annual tax refund. The <u>commissioner Office</u> may grant an extension of this date upon the request of the qualified applicant for the purpose of filing additional information in support of the claim.
- (e) The total amount of tax refunds approved by the commissioner director under this section in any fiscal year may not exceed the amount authorized under s. 288.095(3).
- (g) A prorated tax refund, less a 5 percent penalty, shall be approved for a qualified applicant provided all other applicable requirements have been satisfied and the applicant proves to the satisfaction of the <u>commissioner director</u> that it has achieved at least 80 percent of its projected employment and that the average wage paid by the qualified applicant is at least 90 percent of the average wage specified in the tax refund agreement, but in no case less than 115 percent of the average private sector wage in the area available at the time of certification. The prorated tax refund shall be calculated by

multiplying the tax refund amount for which the qualified applicant would have been eligible, if all applicable requirements had been satisfied, by the percentage of the average employment specified in the tax refund agreement which was achieved, and by the percentage of the average wages specified in the tax refund agreement which was achieved.

- (6) ADMINISTRATION. -
- (a) Jobs Florida The Office may adopt rules pursuant to chapter 120 for the administration of this section.
- (b) Jobs Florida The Office may verify information provided in any claim submitted for tax credits under this section with regard to employment and wage levels or the payment of the taxes with the appropriate agency or authority including the Department of Revenue, Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, or any local government or authority.
- (c) To facilitate the process of monitoring and auditing applications made under this program, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office may provide a list of qualified applicants to the Department of Revenue, to the Agency for Workforce Innovation, or to any local government or authority. <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office may request the assistance of said entities with respect to monitoring jobs, wages, and the payment of the taxes listed in subsection (2).
- (7) Notwithstanding paragraphs (4)(a) and (5)(c), the Office may approve a waiver of the local financial support requirement for a business located in any of the following counties in which businesses received emergency loans administered by the Office in response to the named hurricanes of 2004: Bay, Brevard, Charlotte, DeSoto, Escambia, Flagler, Glades, Hardee, Hendry, Highlands, Indian River, Lake, Lee,

Martin, Okaloosa, Okeechobee, Orange, Osceola, Palm Beach, Polk, Putnam, Santa Rosa, Seminole, St. Lucie, Volusia, and Walton. A waiver may be granted only if the Office determines that the local financial support cannot be provided or that doing so would effect a demonstrable hardship on the unit of local government providing the local financial support. If the Office grants a waiver of the local financial support requirement, the state shall pay 100 percent of the refund due to an eligible business. The waiver shall apply for tax refund applications made for fiscal years 2004 2005, 2005 2006, and 2006 2007.

(7) (8) EXPIRATION.—An applicant may not be certified as qualified under this section after June 30, 2014. A tax refund agreement existing on that date shall continue in effect in accordance with its terms.

Section 189. Paragraphs (d), (f), (n), (p), (r), and (t) of subsection (2), paragraphs (a), (b), and (f) of subsection (3), subsection (4), paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of subsection (5), paragraphs (a), (c), (f), and (g) of subsection (6), and subsection (7) of section 288.106, Florida Statutes, are amended, and present paragraphs (o) through (u) of subsection (2) are redesignated as paragraphs (n) through (t), respectively, to read:

288.106 Tax refund program for qualified target industry businesses.—

- (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:
- (d) "Business" means an employing unit, as defined in s. 443.036, that is registered for unemployment compensation purposes with the state agency providing unemployment tax collection services under contract with the Agency for Workforce

9484 Innovation through an interagency agreement pursuant to s.
9485 443.1316, or a subcategory or division of an employing unit that
9486 is accepted by the state agency providing unemployment tax
9487 collection services as a reporting unit.

- (f) "Commissioner Director" means the commissioner of Jobs Florida Director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- (n) "Office" means the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- $\underline{\text{(o)}}$ "Qualified target industry business" means a target industry business approved by $\underline{\text{Jobs Florida}}$ the Office to be eligible for tax refunds under this section.
- $\underline{(q)}(r)$ "Rural city" means a city having a population of 10,000 or fewer, or a city having a population of greater than 10,000 but fewer than 20,000 that has been determined by \underline{Jobs} $\underline{Florida}$ the Office to have economic characteristics such as, but not limited to, a significant percentage of residents on public assistance, a significant percentage of residents with income below the poverty level, or a significant percentage of the city's employment base in agriculture-related industries.
- <u>(s)(t)</u> "Target industry business" means a corporate headquarters business or any business that is engaged in one of the target industries identified pursuant to the following criteria developed by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office in consultation with Enterprise Florida, Inc.:
- 1. Future growth.—Industry forecasts should indicate strong expectation for future growth in both employment and output, according to the most recent available data. Special consideration should be given to businesses that export goods

to, or provide services in, international markets and businesses that replace domestic and international imports of goods or services.

- 2. Stability.—The industry should not be subject to periodic layoffs, whether due to seasonality or sensitivity to volatile economic variables such as weather. The industry should also be relatively resistant to recession, so that the demand for products of this industry is not typically subject to decline during an economic downturn.
- 3. High wage.—The industry should pay relatively high wages compared to statewide or area averages.
- 4. Market and resource independent.—The location of industry businesses should not be dependent on Florida markets or resources as indicated by industry analysis, except for businesses in the renewable energy industry.
- 5. Industrial base diversification and strengthening.—The industry should contribute toward expanding or diversifying the state's or area's economic base, as indicated by analysis of employment and output shares compared to national and regional trends. Special consideration should be given to industries that strengthen regional economies by adding value to basic products or building regional industrial clusters as indicated by industry analysis. Special consideration should also be given to the development of strong industrial clusters that include defense and homeland security businesses.
- 6. Economic benefits.—The industry is expected to have strong positive impacts on or benefits to the state or regional economies.

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9542 The term does not include any business engaged in retail 9543 industry activities; any electrical utility company; any 9544 phosphate or other solid minerals severance, mining, or 9545 processing operation; any oil or gas exploration or production 9546 operation; or any business subject to regulation by the Division 9547 of Hotels and Restaurants of the Department of Business and 9548 Professional Regulation. Any business within NAICS code 5611 or 9549 5614, office administrative services and business support 9550 services, respectively, may be considered a target industry 9551 business only after the local governing body and Enterprise 9552 Florida, Inc., make a determination that the community where the 9553 business may locate has conditions affecting the fiscal and 9554 economic viability of the local community or area, including but 9555 not limited to, factors such as low per capita income, high 9556 unemployment, high underemployment, and a lack of year-round 9557 stable employment opportunities, and such conditions may be 9558 improved by the location of such a business to the community. By 9559 January 1 of every 3rd year, beginning January 1, 2011, Jobs 9560 Florida the Office, in consultation with Enterprise Florida, 9561 Inc., economic development organizations, the State University 9562 System, local governments, employee and employer organizations, 9563 market analysts, and economists, shall review and, as 9564 appropriate, revise the list of such target industries and 9565 submit the list to the Governor, the President of the Senate, 9566 and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

- (3) TAX REFUND; ELIGIBLE AMOUNTS.-
- (a) There shall be allowed, from the account, a refund to a qualified target industry business for the amount of eligible taxes certified by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office that were paid by the

business. The total amount of refunds for all fiscal years for each qualified target industry business must be determined pursuant to subsection (4). The annual amount of a refund to a qualified target industry business must be determined pursuant to subsection (6).

- (b)1. Upon approval by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office, a qualified target industry business shall be allowed tax refund payments equal to \$3,000 multiplied by the number of jobs specified in the tax refund agreement under subparagraph (5)(a)1., or equal to \$6,000 multiplied by the number of jobs if the project is located in a rural community or an enterprise zone.
- 2. A qualified target industry business shall be allowed additional tax refund payments equal to \$1,000 multiplied by the number of jobs specified in the tax refund agreement under subparagraph (5)(a)1. if such jobs pay an annual average wage of at least 150 percent of the average private sector wage in the area, or equal to \$2,000 multiplied by the number of jobs if such jobs pay an annual average wage of at least 200 percent of the average private sector wage in the area.
- 3. A qualified target industry business shall be allowed tax refund payments in addition to the other payments authorized in this paragraph equal to \$1,000 multiplied by the number of jobs specified in the tax refund agreement under subparagraph (5)(a)1. if the local financial support is equal to that of the state's incentive award under subparagraph 1.
- 4. In addition to the other tax refund payments authorized in this paragraph, a qualified target industry business shall be allowed a tax refund payment equal to \$2,000 multiplied by the number of jobs specified in the tax refund agreement under

subparagraph (5)(a)1. if the business:

- a. Falls within one of the high-impact sectors designated under s. 288.108; or
- b. Increases exports of its goods through a seaport or airport in the state by at least 10 percent in value or tonnage in each of the years that the business receives a tax refund under this section. For purposes of this sub-subparagraph, seaports in the state are limited to the ports of Jacksonville, Tampa, Port Everglades, Miami, Port Canaveral, Ft. Pierce, Palm Beach, Port Manatee, Port St. Joe, Panama City, St. Petersburg, Pensacola, Fernandina, and Key West.
- (f) Refunds made available under this section may not be expended in connection with the relocation of a business from one community to another community in the state unless <u>Jobs</u>

 <u>Florida</u> the Office determines that, without such relocation, the business will move outside the state or determines that the business has a compelling economic rationale for relocation and that the relocation will create additional jobs.
 - (4) APPLICATION AND APPROVAL PROCESS.-
- (a) To apply for certification as a qualified target industry business under this section, the business must file an application with <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office before the business decides to locate in this state or before the business decides to expand its existing operations in this state. The application must include, but need not be limited to, the following information:
- 1. The applicant's federal employer identification number and, if applicable, state sales tax registration number.
 - 2. The proposed permanent location of the applicant's

facility in this state at which the project is to be located.

- 3. A description of the type of business activity or product covered by the project, including a minimum of a five-digit NAICS code for all activities included in the project. As used in this paragraph, "NAICS" means those classifications contained in the North American Industry Classification System, as published in 2007 by the Office of Management and Budget, Executive Office of the President, and updated periodically.
- 4. The proposed number of net new full-time equivalent Florida jobs at the qualified target industry business as of December 31 of each year included in the project and the average wage of those jobs. If more than one type of business activity or product is included in the project, the number of jobs and average wage for those jobs must be separately stated for each type of business activity or product.
- 5. The total number of full-time equivalent employees employed by the applicant in this state, if applicable.
 - 6. The anticipated commencement date of the project.
- 7. A brief statement explaining the role that the estimated tax refunds to be requested will play in the decision of the applicant to locate or expand in this state.
- 8. An estimate of the proportion of the sales resulting from the project that will be made outside this state.
- 9. An estimate of the proportion of the cost of the machinery and equipment, and any other resources necessary in the development of its product or service, to be used by the business in its Florida operations which will be purchased outside this state.
 - 10. A resolution adopted by the governing board of the

county or municipality in which the project will be located, which resolution recommends that the project be approved as a qualified target industry business and specifies that the commitments of local financial support necessary for the target industry business exist. Before the passage of such resolution, the office may also accept an official letter from an authorized local economic development agency that endorses the proposed target industry project and pledges that sources of local financial support for such project exist. For the purposes of making pledges of local financial support under this subparagraph, the authorized local economic development agency shall be officially designated by the passage of a one-time resolution by the local governing board.

- 11. Any additional information requested by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office.
- (b) To qualify for review by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office, the application of a target industry business must, at a minimum, establish the following to the satisfaction of the office:
- 1.a. The jobs proposed to be created under the application, pursuant to subparagraph (a)4., must pay an estimated annual average wage equaling at least 115 percent of the average private sector wage in the area where the business is to be located or the statewide private sector average wage. The governing board of the county where the qualified target industry business is to be located shall notify Jobs Florida the Office and Enterprise Florida, Inc., which calculation of the average private sector wage in the area must be used as the basis for the business's wage commitment. In determining the average annual wage, Jobs Florida the Office shall include only

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new proposed jobs, and wages for existing jobs shall be excluded from this calculation.

- b. Jobs Florida the Office may waive the average wage requirement at the request of the local governing body recommending the project and Enterprise Florida, Inc. Jobs Florida the Office may waive the wage requirement for a project located in a brownfield area designated under s. 376.80, in a rural city, in a rural community, in an enterprise zone, or for a manufacturing project at any location in the state if the jobs proposed to be created pay an estimated annual average wage equaling at least 100 percent of the average private sector wage in the area where the business is to be located, only if the merits of the individual project or the specific circumstances in the community in relationship to the project warrant such action. If the local governing body and Enterprise Florida, Inc., make such a recommendation, it must be transmitted in writing, and the specific justification for the waiver recommendation must be explained. If Jobs Florida the Office elects to waive the wage requirement, the waiver must be stated in writing, and the reasons for granting the waiver must be explained.
- 2. The target industry business's project must result in the creation of at least 10 jobs at the project and, in the case of an expansion of an existing business, must result in a net increase in employment of at least 10 percent at the business. At the request of the local governing body recommending the project and Enterprise Florida, Inc., <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office may waive this requirement for a business in a rural community or enterprise zone if the merits of the individual project or

the specific circumstances in the community in relationship to the project warrant such action. If the local governing body and Enterprise Florida, Inc., make such a request, the request must be transmitted in writing, and the specific justification for the request must be explained. If <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office elects to grant the request, the grant must be stated in writing, and the reason for granting the request must be explained.

- 3. The business activity or product for the applicant's project must be within an industry identified by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office as a target industry business that contributes to the economic growth of the state and the area in which the business is located, that produces a higher standard of living for residents of this state in the new global economy, or that can be shown to make an equivalent contribution to the area's and state's economic progress.
- (c) Each application meeting the requirements of paragraph (b) must be submitted to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office for determination of eligibility. <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office shall review and evaluate each application based on, but not limited to, the following criteria:
- 1. Expected contributions to the state's economy, consistent with the state strategic economic development plan adopted by Enterprise Florida, Inc.
- 2. The return on investment of the proposed award of tax refunds under this section and the return on investment for state incentives proposed for the project. The Office of Economic and Demographic Research shall review and evaluate the methodology and model used to calculate the return on investment and report its findings by September 1 of every 3rd year,

beginning September 1, 2010, to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

- 3. The amount of capital investment to be made by the applicant in this state.
- 4. The local financial commitment and support for the project.
- 5. The effect of the project on the unemployment rate in the county where the project will be located.
- 6. The effect of the award on the viability of the project and the probability that the project would be undertaken in this state if such tax refunds are granted to the applicant.
- 7. The expected long-term commitment of the applicant to economic growth and employment in this state resulting from the project.
- 8. A review of the business's past activities in this state or other states, including whether such business has been subjected to criminal or civil fines and penalties. This subparagraph does not require the disclosure of confidential information.
- (d) Applications shall be reviewed and certified pursuant to s. 288.061. Jobs Florida the Office shall include in its review projections of the tax refunds the business would be eligible to receive in each fiscal year based on the creation and maintenance of the net new Florida jobs specified in subparagraph (a)4. as of December 31 of the preceding state fiscal year. If appropriate, Jobs Florida the Office shall enter into a written agreement with the qualified target industry business pursuant to subsection (5).
 - (e) Jobs Florida the Office may not certify any target

industry business as a qualified target industry business if the value of tax refunds to be included in that letter of certification exceeds the available amount of authority to certify new businesses as determined in s. 288.095(3). However, if the commitments of local financial support represent less than 20 percent of the eligible tax refund payments, or to otherwise preserve the viability and fiscal integrity of the program, the office may certify a qualified target industry business to receive tax refund payments of less than the allowable amounts specified in paragraph (3)(b). A letter of certification that approves an application must specify the maximum amount of tax refund that will be available to the qualified industry business in each fiscal year and the total amount of tax refunds that will be available to the business for all fiscal years.

- (f) This section does not create a presumption that an applicant will receive any tax refunds under this section. However, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the <u>Office</u> may issue nonbinding opinion letters, upon the request of prospective applicants, as to the applicants' eligibility and the potential amount of refunds.
 - (5) TAX REFUND AGREEMENT.-
- (a) Each qualified target industry business must enter into a written agreement with <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office that specifies, at a minimum:
- 1. The total number of full-time equivalent jobs in this state that will be dedicated to the project, the average wage of those jobs, the definitions that will apply for measuring the achievement of these terms during the pendency of the agreement, and a time schedule or plan for when such jobs will be in place

and active in this state.

- 2. The maximum amount of tax refunds that the qualified target industry business is eligible to receive on the project and the maximum amount of a tax refund that the qualified target industry business is eligible to receive for each fiscal year, based on the job creation and maintenance schedule specified in subparagraph 1.
- 3. That <u>Jobs Florida</u> the <u>Office</u> may review and verify the financial and personnel records of the qualified target industry business to ascertain whether that business is in compliance with this section.
- 4. The date by which, in each fiscal year, the qualified target industry business may file a claim under subsection (6) to be considered to receive a tax refund in the following fiscal year.
- 5. That local financial support will be annually available and will be paid to the account. <u>Jobs Florida the Office</u> may not enter into a written agreement with a qualified target industry business if the local financial support resolution is not passed by the local governing body within 90 days after <u>Jobs Florida the Office</u> has issued the letter of certification under subsection (4).
- 6. That <u>Jobs Florida</u> the <u>Office</u> may conduct a review of the business to evaluate whether the business is continuing to contribute to the area's or state's economy.
- 7. That in the event the business does not complete the agreement, the business will provide <u>Jobs Florida</u> the <u>Office</u> with the reasons the business was unable to complete the agreement.

- (b) Compliance with the terms and conditions of the agreement is a condition precedent for the receipt of a tax refund each year. The failure to comply with the terms and conditions of the tax refund agreement results in the loss of eligibility for receipt of all tax refunds previously authorized under this section and the revocation by <u>Jobs Florida the Office</u> of the certification of the business entity as a qualified target industry business, unless the business is eligible to receive and elects to accept a prorated refund under paragraph (6)(e) or <u>Jobs Florida the Office</u> grants the business an economic recovery extension.
- 1. A qualified target industry business may submit a request to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office for an economic recovery extension. The request must provide quantitative evidence demonstrating how negative economic conditions in the business's industry, the effects of a named hurricane or tropical storm, or specific acts of terrorism affecting the qualified target industry business have prevented the business from complying with the terms and conditions of its tax refund agreement.
- 2. Upon receipt of a request under subparagraph 1., <u>Jobs Florida the Office</u> has 45 days to notify the requesting business, in writing, whether its extension has been granted or denied. In determining whether an extension should be granted, <u>Jobs Florida the Office</u> shall consider the extent to which negative economic conditions in the requesting business's industry have occurred in the state or the effects of a named hurricane or tropical storm or specific acts of terrorism affecting the qualified target industry business have prevented the business from complying with the terms and conditions of its

tax refund agreement. <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office shall consider current employment statistics for this state by industry, including whether the business's industry had substantial job loss during the prior year, when determining whether an extension shall be granted.

- 3. As a condition for receiving a prorated refund under paragraph (6)(e) or an economic recovery extension under this paragraph, a qualified target industry business must agree to renegotiate its tax refund agreement with Jobs Florida the Office to, at a minimum, ensure that the terms of the agreement comply with current law and office procedures governing application for and award of tax refunds. Upon approving the award of a prorated refund or granting an economic recovery extension, Jobs Florida the Office shall renegotiate the tax refund agreement with the business as required by this subparagraph. When amending the agreement of a business receiving an economic recovery extension, Jobs Florida the Office may extend the duration of the agreement for a period not to exceed 2 years.
- 4. A qualified target industry business may submit a request for an economic recovery extension to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office in lieu of any tax refund claim scheduled to be submitted after January 1, 2009, but before July 1, 2012.
- 5. A qualified target industry business that receives an economic recovery extension may not receive a tax refund for the period covered by the extension.
- (c) The agreement must be signed by the <u>commissioner</u> director and by an authorized officer of the qualified target industry business within 120 days after the issuance of the

letter of certification under subsection (4), but not before passage and receipt of the resolution of local financial support. The <u>commissioner</u> Office may grant an extension of this period at the written request of the qualified target industry business.

- (6) ANNUAL CLAIM FOR REFUND.-
- (a) To be eligible to claim any scheduled tax refund, a qualified target industry business that has entered into a tax refund agreement with <u>Jobs Florida</u> the <u>Office</u> under subsection (5) must apply by January 31 of each fiscal year to the office for the tax refund scheduled to be paid from the appropriation for the fiscal year that begins on July 1 following the January 31 claims-submission date. <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office may, upon written request, grant a 30-day extension of the filing date.
- (c) Jobs Florida the Office may waive the requirement for proof of taxes paid in future years for a qualified target industry business that provides the office with proof that, in a single year, the business has paid an amount of state taxes from the categories in paragraph (3)(d) that is at least equal to the total amount of tax refunds that the business may receive through successful completion of its tax refund agreement.
- (f) Jobs Florida the Office, with such assistance as may be required from the Department of Revenue or the Agency for Workforce Innovation, shall, by June 30 following the scheduled date for submission of the tax refund claim, specify by written order the approval or disapproval of the tax refund claim and, if approved, the amount of the tax refund that is authorized to be paid to the qualified target industry business for the annual tax refund. Jobs Florida the Office may grant an extension of

this date on the request of the qualified target industry business for the purpose of filing additional information in support of the claim.

- (g) The total amount of tax refund claims approved by <u>Jobs</u>
 <u>Florida</u> the <u>Office</u> under this section in any fiscal year must not exceed the amount authorized under s. 288.095(3).
 - (7) ADMINISTRATION.—
- (a) Jobs Florida the Office may verify information provided in any claim submitted for tax credits under this section with regard to employment and wage levels or the payment of the taxes to the appropriate agency or authority, including the Department of Revenue, the Agency for Workforce Innovation, or any local government or authority.
- (b) To facilitate the process of monitoring and auditing applications made under this section, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office may provide a list of qualified target industry businesses to the Department of Revenue, to the Agency for Workforce <u>Innovation</u>, or to any local government or authority. <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office may request the assistance of those entities with respect to monitoring jobs, wages, and the payment of the taxes listed in subsection (3).
- (c) Funds specifically appropriated for tax refunds for qualified target industry businesses under this section may not be used by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the <u>Office</u> for any purpose other than the payment of tax refunds authorized by this section.
- (d) Beginning with tax refund agreements signed after July 1, 2010, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office shall attempt to ascertain the causes for any business's failure to complete its agreement and shall report its findings and recommendations to the Governor,

the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. The report shall be submitted by December 1 of each year beginning in 2011.

Section 190. Paragraphs (d) and (g) of subsection (1), subsection (2), paragraphs (a), (b), (f), (g), (h), and (i) of subsection (4), and subsection (5) of section 288.107, Florida Statutes, are amended, and present paragraph (h) of subsection (1) is redesignated as paragraph (g), to read:

288.107 Brownfield redevelopment bonus refunds.-

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section:
- (d) "Commissioner Director" means the commissioner of Jobs Florida director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- (g) "Office" means The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- (2) BROWNFIELD REDEVELOPMENT BONUS REFUND.—Bonus refunds shall be approved by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the <u>Office</u> as specified in the final order and allowed from the account as follows:
- (a) A bonus refund of \$2,500 shall be allowed to any qualified target industry business as defined in s. 288.106 for each new Florida job created in a brownfield area that is claimed on the qualified target industry business's annual refund claim authorized in s. 288.106(6).
- (b) A bonus refund of up to \$2,500 shall be allowed to any other eligible business as defined in subparagraph (1)(e)2. for each new Florida job created in a brownfield area that is claimed under an annual claim procedure similar to the annual refund claim authorized in s. 288.106(6). The amount of the refund shall be equal to 20 percent of the average annual wage

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for the jobs created.

- (4) PAYMENT OF BROWNFIELD REDEVELOPMENT BONUS REFUNDS.-
- (a) To be eligible to receive a bonus refund for new Florida jobs created in a brownfield area, a business must have been certified as a qualified target industry business under s. 288.106 or eligible business as defined in paragraph (1)(e) and must have indicated on the qualified target industry business tax refund application form submitted in accordance with s. 288.106(4) or other similar agreement for other eligible business as defined in paragraph (1)(e) that the project for which the application is submitted is or will be located in a brownfield area and that the business is applying for certification as a qualified brownfield business under this section, and must have signed a qualified target industry business tax refund agreement with Jobs Florida the Office that indicates that the business has been certified as a qualified target industry business located in a brownfield area and specifies the schedule of brownfield redevelopment bonus refunds that the business may be eligible to receive in each fiscal year.
- (b) To be considered to receive an eligible brownfield redevelopment bonus refund payment, the business meeting the requirements of paragraph (a) must submit a claim once each fiscal year on a claim form approved by Jobs Florida the Office which indicates the location of the brownfield, the address of the business facility's brownfield location, the name of the brownfield in which it is located, the number of jobs created, and the average wage of the jobs created by the business within the brownfield as defined in s. 288.106 or other eligible

business as defined in paragraph (1)(e) and the administrative rules and policies for that section.

- (f) Applications shall be reviewed and certified pursuant to s. 288.061. Jobs Florida The Office shall review all applications submitted under s. 288.106 or other similar application forms for other eligible businesses as defined in paragraph (1)(e) which indicate that the proposed project will be located in a brownfield and determine, with the assistance of the Department of Environmental Protection, that the project location is within a brownfield as provided in this act.
- (g) Jobs Florida The Office shall approve all claims for a brownfield redevelopment bonus refund payment that are found to meet the requirements of paragraphs (b) and (d).
- (h) The <u>commissioner</u> <u>director</u>, with such assistance as may be required from the Office and the Department of Environmental Protection, shall specify by written final order the amount of the brownfield redevelopment bonus refund that is authorized for the qualified target industry business for the fiscal year within 30 days after the date that the claim for the annual tax refund is received by the office.
- (i) The total amount of the bonus refunds approved by the <u>commissioner director</u> under this section in any fiscal year must not exceed the total amount appropriated to the Economic Development Incentives Account for this purpose for the fiscal year. In the event that the Legislature does not appropriate an amount sufficient to satisfy projections by <u>Jobs Florida the</u> Office for brownfield redevelopment bonus refunds under this section in a fiscal year, <u>Jobs Florida the Office</u> shall, not later than July 15 of such year, determine the proportion of

 each brownfield redevelopment bonus refund claim which shall be paid by dividing the amount appropriated for tax refunds for the fiscal year by the projected total of brownfield redevelopment bonus refund claims for the fiscal year. The amount of each claim for a brownfield redevelopment bonus tax refund shall be multiplied by the resulting quotient. If, after the payment of all such refund claims, funds remain in the Economic Development Incentives Account for brownfield redevelopment tax refunds, Jobs Florida the Office shall recalculate the proportion for each refund claim and adjust the amount of each claim accordingly.

- (5) ADMINISTRATION.-
- (a) Jobs Florida the Office may verify information provided in any claim submitted for tax credits under this section with regard to employment and wage levels or the payment of the taxes to the appropriate agency or authority, including the Department of Revenue, the Agency for Workforce Innovation, or any local government or authority.
- (b) To facilitate the process of monitoring and auditing applications made under this program, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office may provide a list of qualified target industry businesses to the Department of Revenue, to the Agency for Workforce Innovation, to the Department of Environmental Protection, or to any local government authority. <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office may request the assistance of those entities with respect to monitoring the payment of the taxes listed in s. 288.106(3).

Section 191. Paragraphs (a), (b), (c), and (d) of subsection (2), paragraphs (b), (d), and (e) of subsection (3), subsection (4), paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (5),

paragraphs (b), (e), (g), and (h) of subsection (6), and subsection (7) of section 288.108, Florida Statutes, are amended, and present paragraphs (d) through (j) of subsection (2) are redesignated as paragraphs (c) through (h), respectively, to read:

288.108 High-impact business.-

- (2) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Eligible high-impact business" means a business in one of the high-impact sectors identified by Enterprise Florida, Inc., and certified by Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development as provided in subsection (5), which is making a cumulative investment in the state of at least \$50 million and creating at least 50 new full-time equivalent jobs in the state or a research and development facility making a cumulative investment of at least \$25 million and creating at least 25 new full-time equivalent jobs. Such investment and employment must be achieved in a period not to exceed 3 years after the date the business is certified as a qualified high-impact business.
- (b) "Qualified high-impact business" means a business in one of the high-impact sectors that has been certified by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office as a qualified high-impact business to receive a high-impact sector performance grant.
- (c) "Office" means the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- <u>(c)(d) "Commissioner Director"</u> means the <u>commissioner of</u>
 <u>Jobs Florida</u> <u>director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and</u>
 <u>Economic Development</u>.
 - (3) HIGH-IMPACT SECTOR PERFORMANCE GRANTS; ELIGIBLE

AMOUNTS.-

- (b) The <u>commissioner</u> Office may, in consultation with Enterprise Florida, Inc., negotiate qualified high-impact business performance grant awards for any single qualified high-impact business. In negotiating such awards, the <u>commissioner</u> Office shall consider the following guidelines in conjunction with other relevant applicant impact and cost information and analysis as required in subsection (5).
- $\underline{1.}$ A qualified high-impact business making a cumulative investment of \$50 million and creating 50 jobs may be eligible for a total qualified high-impact business performance grant of \$500,000 to \$1 million.
- 2. A qualified high-impact business making a cumulative investment of \$100 million and creating 100 jobs may be eligible for a total qualified high-impact business performance grant of \$1 million to \$2 million.
- 3. A qualified high-impact business making a cumulative investment of \$800 million and creating 800 jobs may be eligible for a qualified high-impact business performance grant of \$10 million to \$12 million.
- $\underline{4.}$ A qualified high-impact business engaged in research and development making a cumulative investment of \$25 million and creating 25 jobs may be eligible for a total qualified high-impact business performance grant of \$700,000 to \$1 million.
- <u>5.</u> A qualified high-impact business engaged in research and development making a cumulative investment of \$75 million, and creating 75 jobs may be eligible for a total qualified high-impact business performance grant of \$2 million to \$3 million.
 - $\underline{6.}$ A qualified high-impact business engaged in research and

development making a cumulative investment of \$150 million, and creating 150 jobs may be eligible for a qualified high-impact business performance grant of \$3.5 million to \$4.5 million.

- (d) The balance of the performance grant award shall be paid to the qualified high-impact business upon the business's certification that full operations have commenced and that the full investment and employment goals specified in the qualified high-impact business agreement have been met and verified by Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development. The verification must occur not later than 60 days after the qualified high-impact business has provided the certification specified in this paragraph.
- (e) The <u>commissioner</u> office may, upon a showing of reasonable cause for delay and significant progress toward the achievement of the investment and employment goals specified in the qualified high-impact business agreement, extend the date for commencement of operations, not to exceed an additional 2 years beyond the limit specified in paragraph (2)(a), but in no case may any high-impact sector performance grant payment be made to the business until the scheduled goals have been achieved.
- (4) OFFICE OF TOURISM, TRADE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
 AUTHORITY TO APPROVE QUALIFIED HIGH-IMPACT BUSINESS PERFORMANCE
 GRANTS.—
- (a) The total amount of active performance grants scheduled for payment by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office in any single fiscal year may not exceed the lesser of \$30 million or the amount appropriated by the Legislature for that fiscal year for qualified high-impact business performance grants. If the

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scheduled grant payments are not made in the year for which they were scheduled in the qualified high-impact business agreement and are rescheduled as authorized in paragraph (3)(e), they are, for purposes of this paragraph, deemed to have been paid in the year in which they were originally scheduled in the qualified high-impact business agreement.

- (b) If the Legislature does not appropriate an amount sufficient to satisfy the qualified high-impact business performance grant payments scheduled for any fiscal year, Jobs Florida the Office shall, not later than July 15 of that year, determine the proportion of each grant payment which may be paid by dividing the amount appropriated for qualified high-impact business performance grant payments for the fiscal year by the total performance grant payments scheduled in all performance grant agreements for the fiscal year. The amount of each grant scheduled for payment in that fiscal year must be multiplied by the resulting quotient. All businesses affected by this calculation must be notified by August 1 of each fiscal year. If, after the payment of all the refund claims, funds remain in the appropriation for payment of qualified high-impact business performance grants, Jobs Florida the Office shall recalculate the proportion for each performance grant payment and adjust the amount of each claim accordingly.
 - (5) APPLICATIONS; CERTIFICATION PROCESS; GRANT AGREEMENT.-
- (a) Any eligible business, as defined in subsection (2), shall apply to Enterprise Florida, Inc., for consideration as a qualified high-impact business before the business has made a decision to locate or expand a facility in this state. The application, developed by Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism,

10180 Trade, and Economic Development, in consultation with Enterprise 10181 Florida, Inc., must include, but is not limited to, the 10182 following information:

- 1. A complete description of the type of facility, business operations, and product or service associated with the project.
- 2. The number of full-time equivalent jobs that will be created by the project and the average annual wage of those jobs.
- 3. The cumulative amount of investment to be dedicated to this project within 3 years.
- 4. A statement concerning any special impacts the facility is expected to stimulate in the sector, the state, or regional economy and in state universities and community colleges.
- 5. A statement concerning the role the grant will play in the decision of the applicant business to locate or expand in this state.
- 6. Any additional information requested by <u>Jobs Florida and</u> Enterprise Florida, Inc., and the Office of Tourism, Trade, and <u>Economic Development</u>.
- (c) The <u>commissioner</u> <u>director</u> and the qualified high-impact business shall enter into a performance grant agreement setting forth the conditions for payment of the qualified high-impact business performance grant. The agreement shall include the total amount of the qualified high-impact business facility performance grant award, the performance conditions that must be met to obtain the award, including the employment, average salary, investment, the methodology for determining if the conditions have been met, and the schedule of performance grant payments.

- (6) SELECTION AND DESIGNATION OF HIGH-IMPACT SECTORS.-
- (b) Jobs Florida the Office has authority, only after recommendation from Enterprise Florida, Inc., to designate a high-impact sector or to deauthorize a designated high-impact sector.
- (e) The study and its findings and recommendations and the recommendations gathered from the sector-business network must be discussed and considered during the <u>at least one</u> meeting <u>per calendar year of leaders in business, government, education, workforce development, and economic development called by the Governor to address the business climate in the state, develop a common vision for the economic future of the state, and identify economic development efforts to fulfill that vision required in s. 14.2015(2)(e).</u>
- (g) Upon receiving a recommendation from the board of directors of Enterprise Florida, Inc., together with the study required in paragraph (c) and a summary of the findings and recommendations of the sector-business network required in paragraph (d), including a list of all meetings of the sector network and participants in those meetings and the findings and recommendations from the quarterly meeting as required in paragraph (e), <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office shall after a thorough evaluation of the study and accompanying materials report its findings and either concur in the recommendation of Enterprise Florida, Inc., and designate the sector as a high-impact business sector or notify Enterprise Florida, Inc., that it does not concur and deny the board's request for designation or return the recommendation and study to Enterprise Florida, Inc., for further evaluation. In any case, Jobs Florida the director's

decision must be in writing and justify the reasons for the decision.

- (h) If <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office designates the sector as a high-impact sector, it shall, within 30 days, notify the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives of its decision and provide a complete report on its decision, including copies of the material provided by Enterprise Florida, Inc., and <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development's evaluation and comment on any statutory or policy changes recommended by Enterprise Florida, Inc.
- (7) RULEMAKING.—Jobs Florida the Office may adopt rules necessary to carry out the provisions of this section.

Section 192. Subsections (1), (5), (7), and (8) of section 288.1081, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.1081 Economic Gardening Business Loan Pilot Program. -

- (1) There is created within <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development the Economic Gardening Business Loan Pilot Program. The purpose of the pilot program is to stimulate investment in Florida's economy by providing loans to expanding businesses in the state. As used in this section, the term "office" means the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- (5)(a) <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office may designate one or more qualified entities to serve as loan administrators for the pilot program. A loan administrator must:
- 1. Be a Florida corporation not for profit incorporated under chapter 617 which has its principal place of business in the state.

- 2. Have 5 years of verifiable experience of lending to businesses in this state.
- 3. Submit an application to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office on forms prescribed by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office. The application must include the loan administrator's business plan for its proposed lending activities under the pilot program, including, but not limited to, a description of its outreach efforts, underwriting, credit policies and procedures, credit decision processes, monitoring policies and procedures, and collection practices; the membership of its board of directors; and samples of its currently used loan documentation. The application must also include a detailed description and supporting documentation of the nature of the loan administrator's partnerships with local or regional economic and business development organizations.
- (b) Jobs Florida The Office, upon selecting a loan administrator, shall enter into a grant agreement with the administrator to issue the available loans to eligible applicants. The grant agreement must specify the aggregate amount of the loans authorized for award by the loan administrator. The term of the grant agreement must be at least 4 years, except that Jobs Florida the Office may terminate the agreement earlier if the loan administrator fails to meet minimum performance standards set by Jobs Florida the Office. The grant agreement may be amended by mutual consent of both parties.
- (c) <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office shall disburse from the Economic Development Trust Fund to the loan administrator the appropriations provided for the pilot program. Disbursements to

the loan administrator must not exceed the aggregate amount of the loans authorized in the grant agreement. <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office may not disburse more than 50 percent of the aggregate amount of the loans authorized in the grant agreement until <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office verifies the borrowers' use of the loan proceeds and the loan administrator's successful credit decisionmaking policies.

- (e) A loan administrator, after collecting the servicing fee in accordance with paragraph (d), shall remit the borrower's collected interest, principal payments, and charges for late payments to the office on a quarterly basis. If the borrower defaults on the loan, the loan administrator shall initiate collection efforts to seek repayment of the loan. The loan administrator, upon collecting payments for a defaulted loan, shall remit the payments to the office but, to the extent authorized in the grant agreement, may deduct the costs of the administrator's collection efforts. Jobs Florida The Office shall deposit all funds received under this paragraph in the General Revenue Fund.
- (f) A loan administrator shall submit quarterly reports to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office which include the information required in the grant agreement. A quarterly report must include, at a minimum, the number of full-time equivalent jobs created as a result of the loans, the amount of wages paid to employees in the newly created jobs, and the locations and types of economic activity undertaken by the borrowers.
- (7) Jobs Florida The Office shall adopt rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this section. To the extent necessary to expedite implementation of the pilot program, the

 Office may adopt initial emergency rules for the pilot program in accordance with s. 120.54(4).

beginning in 2009, the Office shall submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives which describes in detail the use of the loan funds. The report must include, at a minimum, the number of businesses receiving loans, the number of full-time equivalent jobs created as a result of the loans, the amount of wages paid to employees in the newly created jobs, the locations and types of economic activity undertaken by the borrowers, the amounts of loan repayments made to date, and the default rate of borrowers.

Section 193. Subsections (1), (2), (7), (8), and (9) of section 288.1082, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.1082 Economic Gardening Technical Assistance Pilot Program.—

- (1) There is created within <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development the Economic Gardening Technical Assistance Pilot Program. The purpose of the pilot program is to stimulate investment in Florida's economy by providing technical assistance for expanding businesses in the state. As used in this section, the term "department Office" means <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- (2) <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office shall contract with one or more entities to administer the pilot program under this section.

 <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office shall award each contract in accordance with the competitive bidding requirements in s. 287.057 to an

entity that demonstrates the ability to implement the pilot program on a statewide basis, has an outreach plan, and has the ability to provide counseling services, access to technology and information, marketing services and advice, business management support, and other similar services. In selecting these entities, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office also must consider whether the entities will qualify for matching funds to provide the technical assistance.

- (7) Jobs Florida The Office shall review the progress of a contracted entity administering the pilot program at least once each 6 months and shall determine whether the contracted entity is meeting its contractual obligations for administering the pilot program. Jobs Florida The Office may terminate and rebid a contract if the contracted entity does not meet its contractual obligations.
- (8) On December 31 of each year, <u>Jobs Florida</u> beginning in 2009, the Office shall submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives which describes in detail the progress of the pilot program. The report must include, at a minimum, the number of businesses receiving assistance, the number of full-time equivalent jobs created as a result of the assistance, if any, the amount of wages paid to employees in the newly created jobs, and the locations and types of economic activity undertaken by the businesses.
- (9) <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office may adopt rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer this section.
- Section 194. Subsection (1), paragraph (f) of subsection (2), and subsections (4), (5), and (9) of section 288.1083,

 Florida Statutes, are amended, and present paragraph (g) of subsection (2) is redesignated as paragraph (f), to read:

288.1083 Manufacturing and Spaceport Investment Incentive Program.—

- (1) The Manufacturing and Spaceport Investment Incentive Program is created within <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development. The purpose of the program is to encourage capital investment and job creation in manufacturing and spaceport activities in this state.
 - (2) As used in this section, the term:
- (f) "Office" means The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- (4) To receive a refund, a business entity must first apply to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office for a tax refund allocation. The entity shall provide such information in the application as reasonably required by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office. Further, the business entity shall provide such information as is required by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office to establish the cost incurred and actual sales and use tax paid to purchase eligible equipment located and placed into service in this state during its taxable year that began in 2008.
- (a) Within 30 days after <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office receives an application for a refund, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office shall approve or disapprove the application.
- (b) Refund allocations made during the 2010-2011 fiscal year shall be awarded in the same order in which applications are received. Eligible entities may apply to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office beginning July 1, 2010, for refunds attributable to eligible equipment purchases made during the 2010-2011 fiscal

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year. For the 2010-2011 fiscal year, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office shall allocate the maximum amount of \$50,000 per entity until the entire \$19 million available for refund in state fiscal year 2010-2011 has been allocated. If the total amount available for allocation during the 2010-2011 fiscal year is allocated, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office—shall continue taking applications. Each applicant shall be informed of its place in the queue and whether the applicant received an allocation of the eligible funds.

(c) Refund allocations made during the 2011-2012 fiscal year shall first be given to any applicants remaining in the queue from the prior fiscal year. Jobs Florida The Office shall allocate the maximum amount of \$50,000 per entity, first to those applicants that remained in the queue from 2010-2011 for eligible purchases in 2010-2011, then to applicants for 2011-2012 in the order applications are received for eligible purchases in 2011-2012. Jobs Florida The Office shall allocate the maximum amount of \$50,000 per entity until the entire \$24 million available to be allocated for refund in the 2011-2012 fiscal year is allocated. If the total amount available for refund in 2011-2012 has been allocated, Jobs Florida The Office shall continue to accept applications from eligible entities in the 2011-2012 fiscal year for refunds attributable to eligible equipment purchases made during the 2011-2012 fiscal year. Refund allocations made during the 2011-2012 fiscal year shall be awarded in the same order in which applications are received. Upon submitting an application, each applicant shall be informed of its place in the queue and whether the applicant has received an allocation of the eligible funds.

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- 10441 (5) Upon completion of eligible equipment purchases, a 10442 business entity that received a refund allocation from Jobs 10443 Florida the Office must apply to the office for certification of 10444 a refund. For eligible equipment purchases made during the 2010-10445 2011 fiscal year, the application for certification must be made no later than September 1, 2011. For eligible equipment 10446 10447 purchases made during the 2011-2012 fiscal year, the application 10448 for certification must be made no later than September 1, 2012. 10449 The application shall provide such documentation as is 10450 reasonably required by Jobs Florida the Office to calculate the 10451 refund amount, including documentation necessary to confirm the 10452 cost of eligible equipment purchases supporting the claim of the sales and use tax paid thereon. Further, the business entity 10453 10454 shall provide such documentation as required by Jobs Florida the 10455 Office to establish the entity's base year purchases. If, upon 10456 reviewing the application, Jobs Florida the Office determines 10457 that eligible equipment purchases did not occur, that the amount 10458 of tax claimed to have been paid or remitted on the eligible 10459 equipment purchases is not supported by the documentation provided, or that the information provided to Jobs Florida the 10460 10461 Office was otherwise inaccurate, the amount of the refund 10462 allocation not substantiated shall not be certified. Otherwise, 10463 Jobs Florida the Office shall determine and certify the amount 10464 of the refund to the eligible entity and to the department 10465 within 30 days after the office receives the application for 10466 certification.
 - (9) <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office shall adopt emergency rules governing applications for, issuance of, and procedures for allocation and certification and may establish guidelines as to

 the requisites for demonstrating base year purchases and eligible equipment purchases.

Section 195. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 288.1088, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.1088 Quick Action Closing Fund.-

- (2) There is created within <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development the Quick Action Closing Fund. Projects eligible for receipt of funds from the Quick Action Closing Fund shall:
 - (a) Be in an industry as referenced in s. 288.106.
 - (b) Have a positive payback ratio of at least 5 to 1.
- (c) Be an inducement to the project's location or expansion in the state.
- (d) Pay an average annual wage of at least 125 percent of the areawide or statewide private sector average wage.
- (e) Be supported by the local community in which the project is to be located.
- (3)(a) The Jobs Florida commissioner and Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall jointly review applications pursuant to s. 288.061 and determine the eligibility of each project consistent with the criteria in subsection (2). The commissioner Enterprise Florida, Inc., in consultation with Enterprise Florida, Inc., the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, may waive these criteria:
 - 1. Based on extraordinary circumstances;
- 2. In order to mitigate the impact of the conclusion of the space shuttle program; or
- 3. In rural areas of critical economic concern if the project would significantly benefit the local or regional

economy.

- (b) The commissioner and Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall jointly evaluate individual proposals for high-impact business facilities and forward recommendations regarding the use of moneys in the fund for such facilities to the director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development. Such evaluation and recommendation must include, but need not be limited to:
- 1. A description of the type of facility or infrastructure, its operations, and the associated product or service associated with the facility.
- 2. The number of full-time-equivalent jobs that will be created by the facility and the total estimated average annual wages of those jobs or, in the case of privately developed rural infrastructure, the types of business activities and jobs stimulated by the investment.
- 3. The cumulative amount of investment to be dedicated to the facility within a specified period.
- 4. A statement of any special impacts the facility is expected to stimulate in a particular business sector in the state or regional economy or in the state's universities and community colleges.
- 5. A statement of the role the incentive is expected to play in the decision of the applicant business to locate or expand in this state or for the private investor to provide critical rural infrastructure.
- 6. A report evaluating the quality and value of the company submitting a proposal. The report must include:
 - a. A financial analysis of the company, including an

evaluation of the company's short-term liquidity ratio as measured by its assets to liability, the company's profitability ratio, and the company's long-term solvency as measured by its debt-to-equity ratio;

- b. The historical market performance of the company;
- c. A review of any independent evaluations of the company;
- d. A review of the latest audit of the company's financial statement and the related auditor's management letter; and
- e. A review of any other types of audits that are related to the internal and management controls of the company.
- (c)1. Within 7 business 22 calendar days after evaluating a project, the commissioner receiving the evaluation and recommendation from Enterprise Florida, Inc., the director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall recommend to the Governor approval or disapproval of a project for receipt of funds from the Quick Action Closing Fund. In recommending a project, the commissioner director shall include proposed performance conditions that the project must meet to obtain incentive funds.
- 2. The Governor shall provide in writing the description and evaluation of projects recommended for approval to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives and, no sooner than three days subsequent to providing the written project descriptions and evaluations, shall consult with the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives before giving final approval for a project. At least 14 days before releasing funds for a project, the Executive Office of the Governor shall recommend approval of the project and the release of funds by delivering

notice of such action pursuant to the legislative consultation and review requirements set forth in s. 216.177. The recommendation must include proposed performance conditions that the project must meet in order to obtain funds.

- 3. If the chair or vice chair of the Legislative Budget Commission or the President of the Senate or the Speaker of the House of Representatives timely advises the Executive Office of the Governor, in writing, that such action or proposed action exceeds the delegated authority of the Executive Office of the Governor or is contrary to legislative policy or intent, the Executive Office of the Governor shall void the release of funds and instruct the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to immediately change such action or proposed action until the Legislative Budget Commission or the Legislature addresses the issue. Notwithstanding such requirement, any project exceeding \$2,000,000 must be approved by the Legislative Budget Commission prior to the funds being released.
- (d) Upon the approval of the Governor, the commissioner director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic

 Development and the business shall enter into a contract that sets forth the conditions for payment of moneys from the fund. The contract must include the total amount of funds awarded; the performance conditions that must be met to obtain the award, including, but not limited to, net new employment in the state, average salary, and total capital investment; demonstrate a baseline of current service and a measure of enhanced capability; the methodology for validating performance; the schedule of payments from the fund; and sanctions for failure to meet performance conditions. The contract must provide that

payment of moneys from the fund is contingent upon sufficient appropriation of funds by the Legislature.

(e) Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall validate contractor performance. Such validation shall be reported within 6 months after completion of the contract to the Governor, President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Section 196. Subsection (1), paragraphs (b), (f), and (o) of subsection (2), and subsections (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9), (11), and (12) of section 288.1089, Florida Statutes, are amended, and present paragraphs (p) through (s) of subsection (2) are redesignated as paragraphs (o) through (r), respectively, to read:

288.1089 Innovation Incentive Program.-

- (1) The Innovation Incentive Program is created within <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to ensure that sufficient resources are available to allow the state to respond expeditiously to extraordinary economic opportunities and to compete effectively for high-value research and development, innovation business, and alternative and renewal energy projects.
 - (2) As used in this section, the term:
- (b) "Average private sector wage" means the statewide average wage in the private sector or the average of all private sector wages in the county or in the standard metropolitan area in which the project is located as determined by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation.
- (f) "Commissioner Director" means the commissioner of Jobs Florida director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.

- (o) "Office" means the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- (4) To qualify for review by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office, the applicant must, at a minimum, establish the following to the satisfaction of <u>Jobs Florida</u> and Enterprise Florida, Inc., and the Office:
- (a) The jobs created by the project must pay an estimated annual average wage equaling at least 130 percent of the average private sector wage. The <u>commissioner Office</u> may waive this average wage requirement at the request of Enterprise Florida, Inc., for a project located in a rural area, a brownfield area, or an enterprise zone, when the merits of the individual project or the specific circumstances in the community in relationship to the project warrant such action. A recommendation for waiver by Enterprise Florida, Inc., must include a specific justification for the waiver and be transmitted to <u>Jobs Florida the Office</u> in writing. If the director elects to waive the wage requirement, the waiver must be stated in writing and the reasons for granting the waiver must be explained.
 - (b) A research and development project must:
- 1. Serve as a catalyst for an emerging or evolving technology cluster.
- 2. Demonstrate a plan for significant higher education collaboration.
- 3. Provide the state, at a minimum, a break-even return on investment within a 20-year period.
- 4. Be provided with a one-to-one match from the local community. The match requirement may be reduced or waived in rural areas of critical economic concern or reduced in rural

areas, brownfield areas, and enterprise zones.

- (c) An innovation business project in this state, other than a research and development project, must:
- 1.a. Result in the creation of at least 1,000 direct, new jobs at the business; or
- b. Result in the creation of at least 500 direct, new jobs if the project is located in a rural area, a brownfield area, or an enterprise zone.
- 2. Have an activity or product that is within an industry that is designated as a target industry business under s. 288.106 or a designated sector under s. 288.108.
- 3.a. Have a cumulative investment of at least \$500 million within a 5-year period; or
- b. Have a cumulative investment that exceeds \$250 million within a 10-year period if the project is located in a rural area, brownfield area, or an enterprise zone.
- 4. Be provided with a one-to-one match from the local community. The match requirement may be reduced or waived in rural areas of critical economic concern or reduced in rural areas, brownfield areas, and enterprise zones.
- (d) For an alternative and renewable energy project in this state, the project must:
- 1. Demonstrate a plan for significant collaboration with an institution of higher education;
- 2. Provide the state, at a minimum, a break-even return on investment within a 20-year period;
- 3. Include matching funds provided by the applicant or other available sources. The match requirement may be reduced or waived in rural areas of critical economic concern or reduced in

rural areas, brownfield areas, and enterprise zones;

- 4. Be located in this state; and
- 5. Provide at least 35 direct, new jobs that pay an estimated annual average wage that equals at least 130 percent of the average private sector wage.
- (5) Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall evaluate proposals for all three categories of innovation incentive awards and transmit recommendations for awards to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office. Before making its recommendations on alternative and renewable energy projects, Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall solicit comments and recommendations from the Florida Energy and Climate Commission. For each project, the evaluation and recommendation to the office must include, but need not be limited to:
- (a) A description of the project, its required facilities, and the associated product, service, or research and development associated with the project.
 - (b) The percentage of match provided for the project.
- (c) The number of full-time equivalent jobs that will be created by the project, the total estimated average annual wages of such jobs, and the types of business activities and jobs likely to be stimulated by the project.
- (d) The cumulative investment to be dedicated to the project within 5 years and the total investment expected in the project if more than 5 years.
- (e) The projected economic and fiscal impacts on the local and state economies relative to investment.
- (f) A statement of any special impacts the project is expected to stimulate in a particular business sector in the state or regional economy or in the state's universities and

community colleges.

- (g) A statement of any anticipated or proposed relationships with state universities.
- (h) A statement of the role the incentive is expected to play in the decision of the applicant to locate or expand in this state.
- (i) A recommendation and explanation of the amount of the award needed to cause the applicant to expand or locate in this state.
- (j) A discussion of the efforts and commitments made by the local community in which the project is to be located to induce the applicant's location or expansion, taking into consideration local resources and abilities.
- (k) A recommendation for specific performance criteria the applicant would be expected to achieve in order to receive payments from the fund and penalties or sanctions for failure to meet or maintain performance conditions.
- (1) Additional evaluative criteria for a research and development facility project, including:
- 1. A description of the extent to which the project has the potential to serve as catalyst for an emerging or evolving cluster.
- 2. A description of the extent to which the project has or could have a long-term collaborative research and development relationship with one or more universities or community colleges in this state.
- 3. A description of the existing or projected impact of the project on established clusters or targeted industry sectors.
 - 4. A description of the project's contribution to the

diversity and resiliency of the innovation economy of this state.

- 5. A description of the project's impact on special needs communities, including, but not limited to, rural areas, distressed urban areas, and enterprise zones.
- (m) Additional evaluative criteria for alternative and renewable energy proposals, including:
- 1. The availability of matching funds or other in-kind contributions applied to the total project from an applicant. The commission shall give greater preference to projects that provide such matching funds or other in-kind contributions.
- 2. The degree to which the project stimulates in-state capital investment and economic development in metropolitan and rural areas, including the creation of jobs and the future development of a commercial market for renewable energy technologies.
- 3. The extent to which the proposed project has been demonstrated to be technically feasible based on pilot project demonstrations, laboratory testing, scientific modeling, or engineering or chemical theory that supports the proposal.
- 4. The degree to which the project incorporates an innovative new technology or an innovative application of an existing technology.
- 5. The degree to which a project generates thermal, mechanical, or electrical energy by means of a renewable energy resource that has substantial long-term production potential.
- 6. The degree to which a project demonstrates efficient use of energy and material resources.
 - 7. The degree to which the project fosters overall

understanding and appreciation of renewable energy technologies.

- 8. The ability to administer a complete project.
- 9. Project duration and timeline for expenditures.
- 10. The geographic area in which the project is to be conducted in relation to other projects.
 - 11. The degree of public visibility and interaction.
- (6) In consultation with Enterprise Florida, Inc., the commissioner Office may negotiate the proposed amount of an award for any applicant meeting the requirements of this section. In negotiating such award, the commissioner office shall consider the amount of the incentive needed to cause the applicant to locate or expand in this state in conjunction with other relevant applicant impact and cost information and analysis as described in this section. Particular emphasis shall be given to the potential for the project to stimulate additional private investment and high-quality employment opportunities in the area.
- (7) Upon receipt of the evaluation and recommendation from Enterprise Florida, Inc., the <u>commissioner director</u> shall recommend to the Governor the approval or disapproval of an award. In recommending approval of an award, the <u>commissioner director</u> shall include proposed performance conditions that the applicant must meet in order to obtain incentive funds and any other conditions that must be met before the receipt of any incentive funds. The Governor shall consult with the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives before giving approval for an award. Upon review and approval of an award by the Legislative Budget Commission, the Executive Office of the Governor shall release the funds.

- (8)(a) After the conditions set forth in subsection (7) have been met, the <u>commissioner director</u> shall issue a letter certifying the applicant as qualified for an award. <u>Jobs Florida the Office</u> and the award recipient shall enter into an agreement that sets forth the conditions for payment of the incentive funds. The agreement must include, at a minimum:
 - 1. The total amount of funds awarded.
- 2. The performance conditions that must be met in order to obtain the award or portions of the award, including, but not limited to, net new employment in the state, average wage, and total cumulative investment.
- 3. Demonstration of a baseline of current service and a measure of enhanced capability.
 - 4. The methodology for validating performance.
 - 5. The schedule of payments.
- 6. Sanctions for failure to meet performance conditions, including any clawback provisions.
- (b) Additionally, agreements signed on or after July 1, 2009, must include the following provisions:
- 1. Notwithstanding subsection (4), a requirement that the jobs created by the recipient of the incentive funds pay an annual average wage at least equal to the relevant industry's annual average wage or at least 130 percent of the average private sector wage, whichever is greater.
- 2. A reinvestment requirement. Each recipient of an award shall reinvest up to 15 percent of net royalty revenues, including revenues from spin-off companies and the revenues from the sale of stock it receives from the licensing or transfer of inventions, methods, processes, and other patentable discoveries

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10818 conceived or reduced to practice using its facilities in Florida 10819 or its Florida-based employees, in whole or in part, and to 10820 which the recipient of the grant becomes entitled during the 20 10821 years following the effective date of its agreement with the 10822 office. Each recipient of an award also shall reinvest up to 15 percent of the gross revenues it receives from naming 10823 10824 opportunities associated with any facility it builds in this 10825 state. Reinvestment payments shall commence no later than 6 10826 months after the recipient of the grant has received the final disbursement under the contract and shall continue until the 10827 10828 maximum reinvestment, as specified in the contract, has been 10829 paid. Reinvestment payments shall be remitted to the office for deposit in the Biomedical Research Trust Fund for companies 10830 10831 specializing in biomedicine or life sciences, or in the Economic 10832 Development Trust Fund for companies specializing in fields 10833 other than biomedicine or the life sciences. If these trust 10834 funds no longer exist at the time of the reinvestment, the 10835 state's share of reinvestment shall be deposited in their 10836 successor trust funds as determined by law. Each recipient of an award shall annually submit a schedule of the shares of stock 10837 10838 held by it as payment of the royalty required by this paragraph 10839 and report on any trades or activity concerning such stock. Each 10840 recipient's reinvestment obligations survive the expiration or 10841 termination of its agreement with the state.

- 3. Requirements for the establishment of internship programs or other learning opportunities for educators and secondary, postsecondary, graduate, and doctoral students.
- 4. A requirement that the recipient submit quarterly reports and annual reports related to activities and performance

 to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the <u>Office</u>, according to standardized reporting periods.

- 5. A requirement for an annual accounting to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the <u>Office</u> of the expenditure of funds disbursed under this section.
 - 6. A process for amending the agreement.
- (9) Jobs Florida, assisted by Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall validate assist the Office in validating the performance of an innovation business, a research and development facility, or an alternative and renewable energy business that has received an award. At the conclusion of the innovation incentive award agreement, or its earlier termination, Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall, within 90 days, submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives detailing whether the recipient of the innovation incentive grant achieved its specified outcomes.
- (11)(a) Beginning January 5, 2010, and every year thereafter, Jobs Florida the Office shall submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a report summarizing the activities and accomplishments of the recipients of grants from the Innovation Incentive Program during the previous 12 months and an evaluation by the department office of whether the recipients are catalysts for additional direct and indirect economic development in Florida.
- (12) <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office may seek the assistance of the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, the Legislature's Office of Economic and Demographic Research, and other entities for the purpose of developing performance

measures or techniques to quantify the synergistic economic development impacts that awardees of grants are having within their communities.

Section 197. Section 288.1095, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.1095 Information concerning the One-Stop Permitting System.—Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall develop literature that explains the One-Stop Permitting System and identifies those counties that have been designated as Quick Permitting Counties. The literature must be updated at least once each year. To the maximum extent feasible, state agencies and Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall distribute such literature and inform the public of the One-Stop Permitting System and the Quick Permitting Counties. In addition, Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall provide this information to prospective, new, expanding, and relocating businesses seeking to conduct business in this state, municipalities, counties, economic-development organizations, and chambers of commerce.

Section 198. Subsections (1), (2), (4), (5), (6), (7), and (8) of section 288.11621, Florida Statutes, are amended, to read:

288.11621 Spring training baseball franchises.-

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Agreement" means a certified, signed lease between an applicant that applies for certification on or after July 1, 2010, and the spring training franchise for the use of a facility.
- (b) "Applicant" means a unit of local government as defined in s. 218.369, including local governments located in the same

county that have partnered with a certified applicant before the effective date of this section or with an applicant for a new certification, for purposes of sharing in the responsibilities of a facility.

- (c) "Certified applicant" means a facility for a spring training franchise that was certified before July 1, 2010, under s. 288.1162(5), Florida Statutes 2009, or a unit of local government that is certified under this section.
- (d) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of Jobs Florida.

 (e)(d) "Facility" means a spring training stadium, playing fields, and appurtenances intended to support spring training activities.
- $\underline{(f)}$ "Local funds" and "local matching funds" mean funds provided by a county, municipality, or other local government.
- (f) "Office" means The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
 - (2) CERTIFICATION PROCESS.-
- (a) Before certifying an applicant to receive state funding for a facility for a spring training franchise, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office must verify that:
- 1. The applicant is responsible for the acquisition, construction, management, or operation of the facility for a spring training franchise or holds title to the property on which the facility for a spring training franchise is located.
- 2. The applicant has a certified copy of a signed agreement with a spring training franchise for the use of the facility for a term of at least 20 years. The agreement also must require the franchise to reimburse the state for state funds expended by an applicant under this section if the franchise relocates before

 the agreement expires. The agreement may be contingent on an award of funds under this section and other conditions precedent.

- 3. The applicant has made a financial commitment to provide 50 percent or more of the funds required by an agreement for the acquisition, construction, or renovation of the facility for a spring training franchise. The commitment may be contingent upon an award of funds under this section and other conditions precedent.
- 4. The applicant demonstrates that the facility for a spring training franchise will attract a paid attendance of at least 50,000 annually to the spring training games.
- 5. The facility for a spring training franchise is located in a county that levies a tourist development tax under s. 125.0104.
- (b) Jobs Florida The office shall competitively evaluate applications for state funding of a facility for a spring training franchise. The total number of certifications may not exceed 10 at any time. The evaluation criteria must include, with priority given in descending order to, the following items:
- 1. The anticipated effect on the economy of the local community where the spring training facility is to be built, including projections on paid attendance, local and state tax collections generated by spring training games, and direct and indirect job creation resulting from the spring training activities. Priority shall be given to applicants who can demonstrate the largest projected economic impact.
- 2. The amount of the local matching funds committed to a facility relative to the amount of state funding sought, with

priority given to applicants that commit the largest amount of local matching funds relative to the amount of state funding sought.

- 3. The potential for the facility to serve multiple uses.
- 4. The intended use of the funds by the applicant, with priority given to the funds being used to acquire a facility, construct a new facility, or renovate an existing facility.
- 5. The length of time that a spring training franchise has been under an agreement to conduct spring training activities within an applicant's geographic location or jurisdiction, with priority given to applicants having agreements with the same franchise for the longest period of time.
- 6. The length of time that an applicant's facility has been used by one or more spring training franchises, with priority given to applicants whose facilities have been in continuous use as facilities for spring training the longest.
- 7. The term remaining on a lease between an applicant and a spring training franchise for a facility, with priority given to applicants having the shortest lease terms remaining.
- 8. The length of time that a spring training franchise agrees to use an applicant's facility if an application is granted under this section, with priority given to applicants having agreements for the longest future use.
- 9. The net increase of total active recreation space owned by the applicant after an acquisition of land for the facility, with priority given to applicants having the largest percentage increase of total active recreation space that will be available for public use.
 - 10. The location of the facility in a brownfield, an

enterprise zone, a community redevelopment area, or other area of targeted development or revitalization included in an urban infill redevelopment plan, with priority given to applicants having facilities located in these areas.

- (c) Each applicant certified on or after July 1, 2010, shall enter into an agreement with the office that:
- 1. Specifies the amount of the state incentive funding to be distributed.
- 2. States the criteria that the certified applicant must meet in order to remain certified.
- 3. States that the certified applicant is subject to decertification if the certified applicant fails to comply with this section or the agreement.
- 4. States that the <u>Jobs Florida</u> Office may recover state incentive funds if the certified applicant is decertified.
- 5. Specifies information that the certified applicant must report to the Jobs Florida Office.
- 6. Includes any provision deemed prudent by the $\underline{\text{Jobs}}$ Florida $\underline{\text{Office}}$.
- (4) ANNUAL REPORTS.—On or before September 1 of each year, a certified applicant shall submit to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office a report that includes, but is not limited to:
 - (a) A copy of its most recent annual audit.
- (b) A detailed report on all local and state funds expended to date on the project being financed under this section.
- (c) A copy of the contract between the certified local governmental entity and the spring training team.
- (d) A cost-benefit analysis of the team's impact on the community.

- (e) Evidence that the certified applicant continues to meet the criteria in effect when the applicant was certified.
 - (5) DECERTIFICATION.-
- (a) Jobs Florida The Office shall decertify a certified applicant upon the request of the certified applicant.
- (b) Jobs Florida The Office shall decertify a certified applicant if the certified applicant does not:
- 1. Have a valid agreement with a spring training franchise; or
- 2. Satisfy its commitment to provide local matching funds to the facility.

However, decertification proceedings against a local government certified before July 1, 2010, shall be delayed until 12 months after the expiration of the local government's existing agreement with a spring training franchise, and without a new agreement being signed, if the certified local government can demonstrate to the office that it is in active negotiations with a major league spring training franchise, other than the franchise that was the basis for the original certification.

- (c) A certified applicant has 60 days after it receives a notice of intent to decertify from <u>Jobs Florida</u> the <u>Office</u> to petition the <u>commissioner</u> office's director for review of the decertification. Within 45 days after receipt of the request for review, the <u>commissioner</u> director must notify a certified applicant of the outcome of the review.
- (d) <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office shall notify the Department of Revenue that a certified applicant is decertified within 10 days after the order of decertification becomes final. The Department

of Revenue shall immediately stop the payment of any funds under this section that were not encumbered by the certified applicant under subparagraph (3)(a)2.

- (e) Jobs Florida the Office shall order a decertified applicant to repay all of the unencumbered state funds that the local government received under this section and any interest that accrued on those funds. The repayment must be made within 60 days after the decertification order becomes final. These funds shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- (f) A local government as defined in s. 218.369 may not be decertified by Jobs Florida if it has paid or pledged for the payment of debt service on, or to fund debt service reserve funds, arbitrage rebate obligations, or other amounts payable with respect thereto, bonds issued for the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, or renovation of the facility for which the local government was certified, or for the reimbursement of such costs or the refinancing of bonds issued for the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, or renovation of the facility for which the local government was certified, or for the reimbursement of such costs or the refinancing of bonds issued for such purpose. This subsection does not preclude or restrict the ability of a certified local government to refinance, refund, or defease such bonds.
- (6) ADDITIONAL CERTIFICATIONS.—If <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office decertifies a unit of local government, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office may accept applications for an additional certification. A unit of local government may not be certified for more than one spring training franchise at any time.
 - (7) STRATEGIC PLANNING.—

- (a) <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office shall request assistance from the Florida Sports Foundation and the Florida Grapefruit League Association to <u>update every 5 years the spring training develop</u> a comprehensive strategic plan that to:
- 1. Explores alternatives for financing Finance spring training facilities.
- 2. Evaluates and monitors Monitor and oversee the use of state funds awarded to applicants.
- 3. <u>Identifies</u> <u>Identify</u> the financial impact that spring training has on the state and ways in which to maintain or improve that impact.
- 4. <u>Identifies</u> Identify opportunities to develop publicprivate partnerships to engage in marketing activities and advertise spring training baseball.
- 5. <u>Identifies</u> Identify efforts made by other states to maintain or develop partnerships with baseball spring training teams.
- 6. <u>Develops</u> Develop recommendations for the Legislature to sustain or improve this state's spring training tradition.
- (b) Jobs Florida The office shall submit a copy of the updated strategic plan to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives by December 31 of every fifth year, beginning in 2015, 2010.
- (8) RULEMAKING.—Jobs Florida The office shall adopt rules to implement the certification, decertification, and decertification review processes required by this section.
- Section 199. Section 288.1169, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 288.1169 International Game Fish Association World Center

facility.-

- Department of Commerce shall serve as the state agency approving applicants for funding pursuant to s. 212.20 and for certifying the applicant as the International Game Fish Association World Center facility. For purposes of this section, "facility" means the International Game Fish Association World Center, and "project" means the International Game Fish Association World Center and new colocated improvements by private sector concerns who have made cash or in-kind contributions to the facility of \$1 million or more.
- (2) Prior to certifying this facility, the <u>division</u> department must determine that:
- (a) The International Game Fish Association World Center is the only fishing museum, Hall of Fame, and international administrative headquarters in the United States recognized by the International Game Fish Association, and that one or more private sector concerns have committed to donate to the International Game Fish Association land upon which the International Game Fish Association World Center will operate.
- (b) International Game Fish Association is a not-for-profit Florida corporation that has contracted to construct and operate the facility.
- (c) The municipality in which the facility is located, or the county if the facility is located in an unincorporated area, has certified by resolution after a public hearing that the facility serves a public purpose.
- (d) There are existing projections that the International Game Fish Association World Center facility and the colocated

facilities of private sector concerns will attract an attendance of more than 1.8 million annually.

- (e) There is an independent analysis or study, using methodology approved by the <u>division</u> department, which demonstrates that the amount of the revenues generated by the taxes imposed under chapter 212 with respect to the use and operation of the project will exceed \$1 million annually.
- (f) There are existing projections that the project will attract more than 300,000 persons annually who are not residents of the state.
- (g) The applicant has submitted an agreement to provide \$500,000 annually in national and international media promotion of the facility, at the then-current commercial rates, during the period of time that the facility receives funds pursuant to s. 212.20. Failure on the part of the applicant to annually provide the advertising as provided in this paragraph shall result in the termination of the funding as provided in s. 212.20. The applicant can discharge its obligation under this paragraph by contracting with other persons, including private sector concerns who participate in the project.
- (h) Documentation exists that demonstrates that the applicant has provided, and is capable of providing, or has financial or other commitments to provide, more than one-half of the cost incurred or related to the improvements and the development of the facility.
- (i) The application is signed by senior officials of the International Game Fish Association and is notarized according to Florida law providing for penalties for falsification.
 - (3) The applicant may use funds provided pursuant to s.

212.20 for the purpose of paying for the construction, reconstruction, renovation, promotion, or operation of the facility, or to pay or pledge for payment of debt service on, or to fund debt service reserve funds, arbitrage rebate obligations, or other amounts payable with respect to, bonds issued for the construction, reconstruction, or renovation of the facility or for the reimbursement of such costs or by refinancing of bonds issued for such purposes.

- (4) Upon determining that an applicant is or is not certifiable, the <u>Division of Business Management of Jobs Florida Department of Commerce</u> shall notify the applicant of its status by means of an official letter. If certifiable, the <u>division Department of Commerce</u> shall notify the executive director of the Department of Revenue and the applicant of such certification by means of an official letter granting certification. From the date of such certification, the applicant shall have 5 years to open the facility to the public and notify the <u>division Department of Commerce</u> of such opening. The Department of Revenue shall not begin distributing funds until 30 days following notice by the <u>division Department of Commerce</u> that the facility is open to the public.
- (5) The Department of Revenue may audit as provided in s. 213.34 to verify that the contributions pursuant to this section have been expended as required by this section.
- (6) The <u>Division of Business Management of Jobs Florida</u>

 Department of Commerce must recertify every 10 years that the facility is open, that the International Game Fish Association World Center continues to be the only international administrative headquarters, fishing museum, and Hall of Fame in

the United States recognized by the International Game Fish Association, and that the project is meeting the minimum projections for attendance or sales tax revenues as required at the time of original certification. If the facility is not recertified during this 10-year review as meeting the minimum projections, then funding shall be abated until certification criteria are met. If the project fails to generate \$1 million of annual revenues pursuant to paragraph (2)(e), the distribution of revenues pursuant to s. 212.20(6)(d)6.d. shall be reduced to an amount equal to \$83,333 multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the actual revenues generated and the denominator of which is \$1 million. Such reduction remains in effect until revenues generated by the project in a 12-month period equal or exceed \$1 million.

Section 200. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1), and subsections (2), and (3) of section 288.1171, Florida Statutes, are amended, and present paragraphs (e) through (g) of subsection (1) are redesignated as paragraphs (d) through (f), respectively, to read:

288.1171 Motorsports entertainment complex; definitions; certification; duties.—

- (1) As used in this section, the term:
- (d) "Office" means The Office of Tourism, Trade, and

 Economic Development of the Executive Office of the Governor.
- (2) <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall serve as the state agency for screening applicants for local option funding under s. 218.64(3) and for certifying an applicant as a motorsports entertainment complex. Jobs Florida The Office shall develop and adopt rules for the

receipt and processing of applications for funding under s.

218.64(3). <u>Jobs Florida The Office</u> shall make a determination
regarding any application filed by an applicant not later than
11227 120 days after the application is filed.

- (3) Before certifying an applicant as a motorsports entertainment complex, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office must determine that:
- (a) A unit of local government holds title to the land on which the motorsports entertainment complex is located or holds title to the motorsports entertainment complex.
- (b) The municipality in which the motorsports entertainment complex is located, or the county if the motorsports entertainment complex is located in an unincorporated area, has certified by resolution after a public hearing that the application serves a public purpose.

Section 201. Section 288.122, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.122 Tourism Promotional Trust Fund.—There is created within Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development of the Executive Office of the Governor the Tourism Promotional Trust Fund. Moneys deposited in the Tourism Promotional Trust Fund shall only be used to support the authorized activities and operations of the Florida Commission on Tourism, and to support tourism promotion and marketing activities, services, functions, and programs administered by the Florida Commission on Tourism through a contract with the commission's direct-support organization created under s. 288.1226.

Section 202. Subsection (1) of section 288.1223, Florida

Statutes, is amended to read:

288.1223 Florida Commission on Tourism; creation; purpose; membership.—

(1) There is created within <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development the Florida Commission on Tourism. The purpose of the commission is to oversee this state's efforts to increase the positive impact of tourism, including increased employment for state citizens, to all sectors of the economy through effective marketing activities; to continually upgrade the image of Florida as a quality destination; to promote tourism objectives with all geographic, socioeconomic, and community sectors considered equitably; and to judge its efforts by the same standards of accountability and integrity as those used by successful, respected private sector businesses.

Section 203. Subsections (1), (2), and (8) of section 288.1224, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.1224 Powers and duties.—The commission:

(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of part I of chapter 287, upon the approval of <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, shall contract with a direct-support organization incorporated as a private, not-for-profit corporation, as defined in s. 501(c)(6) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, to execute the tourism marketing and promotion services, functions, and programs for this state including, but not limited to, the activities prescribed by the 4-year marketing plan. <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall review such contract in an expedient manner and shall timely make any recommendations so as

to allow for the date of the contract to be met. The commission shall serve as contract administrator.

- (2) Shall advise <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development and the direct-support organization regarding the domestic and international tourism promotion programs for this state.
- (8) Shall develop a budget, in conjunction with <u>Jobs</u>

 <u>Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, and in keeping with the commission's 4-year marketing plan, for the operation and activities of the commission and for the provision of tourism promotion programs, services, and functions through a contract with a direct-support organization created for such purposes. The budget shall be submitted to the Governor.

Section 204. Paragraph (c) of subsection (2) and subsection (6) of section 288.1226, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.1226 Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation; use of property; board of directors; duties; audit.—

- (2) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Florida Commission on Tourism shall establish, no later than July 31, 1996, the Florida Tourism Industry Marketing Corporation as a direct-support organization:
- (c) Which the Florida Commission on Tourism and <u>Jobs</u>

 <u>Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development</u>,

 after review, have certified whether it is operating in a manner consistent with the policies and goals of the commission and its long-range marketing plan.
- (6) ANNUAL AUDIT.—The corporation shall provide for an annual financial audit in accordance with s. 215.981. The annual audit report shall be submitted to the Auditor General; the

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11311 Office of Policy Analysis and Government Accountability; and 11312 Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic 11313 Development for review. The Office of Program Policy Analysis 11314 and Government Accountability, Jobs Florida, 7 The Office of 11315 Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development; and the Auditor General have the authority to require and receive from the 11316 corporation or from its independent auditor any detail or 11317 11318 supplemental data relative to the operation of the corporation. 11319 Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic 11320 Development shall annually certify whether the corporation is 11321 operating in a manner and achieving the objectives that are consistent with the policies and goals of the commission and its 11322 11323 long-range marketing plan. The identity of a donor or 11324 prospective donor to the corporation who desires to remain anonymous and all information identifying such donor or 11325 11326 prospective donor are confidential and exempt from the 11327 provisions of s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State 11328 Constitution. Such anonymity shall be maintained in the 11329 auditor's report. 11330

Section 205. Subsection (1) of section 288.1227, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.1227 Annual report of the Florida Commission on Tourism; audits.—

(1) Prior to December 1 of each year, the Florida
Commission on Tourism shall submit to the Governor; the

<u>commissioner of Jobs Florida</u> director of the Office of Tourism,

<u>Trade</u>, and <u>Economic Development</u>; the President of the Senate;

the Speaker of the House of Representatives; the Senate Minority

Leader; and the House Minority Leader a complete and detailed

report setting forth for itself and its direct-support organization:

- (a) Its operations and accomplishments during the fiscal year.
- (b) Its business and operational plan and its tourism-marketing plan, including recommendations on methods for implementing and funding the tourism-marketing plan.
- (c) The assets and liabilities of the direct-support organization at the end of its most recent fiscal year.
- (d) A copy of the annual financial and compliance audit conducted under s. 288.1226(6).

Section 206. Subsection (1), paragraph (d) of subsection (2), subsections (3), (4), (7), (8), and (9) of section 288.1229, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.1229 Promotion and development of sports-related industries and amateur athletics; direct-support organization; powers and duties.—

- (1) <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may authorize a direct-support organization to assist the office in:
- (a) The promotion and development of the sports industry and related industries for the purpose of improving the economic presence of these industries in Florida.
- (b) The promotion of amateur athletic participation for the citizens of Florida and the promotion of Florida as a host for national and international amateur athletic competitions for the purpose of encouraging and increasing the direct and ancillary economic benefits of amateur athletic events and competitions.
 - (c) The retention of professional sports franchises,

including the spring training operations of Major League 11370 Baseball.

- (2) To be authorized as a direct-support organization, an organization must:
- (d) Have a prior determination by <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development that the organization will benefit the office and act in the best interests of the state as a direct-support organization to <u>Jobs</u> Florida the Office.
- (3) Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall contract with the organization and shall include in the contract that:
- (a) <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office may review the organization's articles of incorporation.
- (b) The organization shall submit an annual budget proposal to the office, on a form provided by the office, in accordance with office procedures for filing budget proposals based upon the recommendation of the office.
- (c) Any funds that the organization holds in trust will revert to the state upon the expiration or cancellation of the contract.
- (d) The organization is subject to an annual financial and performance review by the office to determine whether the organization is complying with the terms of the contract and whether it is acting in a manner consistent with the goals of the office and in the best interests of the state.
- (e) The fiscal year of the organization will begin July 1 of each year and end June 30 of the next ensuing year.
 - (4) Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic

Development may allow the organization to use the property, facilities, personnel, and services of the office if the organization provides equal employment opportunities to all persons regardless of race, color, religion, sex, age, or national origin, subject to the approval of the director of the office.

- (7) In exercising the power provided in this section, the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may authorize and contract with the direct-support organization existing on June 30, 1996, and authorized by the former Florida Department of Commerce to promote sports-related industries. An appointed member of the board of directors of such direct-support organization as of June 30, 1996, may serve the remainder of his or her unexpired term.
- $\underline{(7)}$ To promote amateur sports and physical fitness, the direct-support organization shall:
- (a) Develop, foster, and coordinate services and programs for amateur sports for the people of Florida.
- (b) Sponsor amateur sports workshops, clinics, conferences, and other similar activities.
- (c) Give recognition to outstanding developments and achievements in, and contributions to, amateur sports.
- (d) Encourage, support, and assist local governments and communities in the development of or hosting of local amateur athletic events and competitions.
- (e) Promote Florida as a host for national and international amateur athletic competitions.
- (f) Develop a statewide program of amateur athletic competition to be known as the "Sunshine State Games."

- (g) Continue the successful amateur sports programs previously conducted by the Florida Governor's Council on Physical Fitness and Amateur Sports created under former s. 14.22.
- (h) Encourage and continue the use of volunteers in its amateur sports programs to the maximum extent possible.
- (i) Develop, foster, and coordinate services and programs designed to encourage the participation of Florida's youth in Olympic sports activities and competitions.
- (j) Foster and coordinate services and programs designed to contribute to the physical fitness of the citizens of Florida.
- (8)(9)(a) The Sunshine State Games shall be patterned after the Summer Olympics with variations as necessitated by availability of facilities, equipment, and expertise. The games shall be designed to encourage the participation of athletes representing a broad range of age groups, skill levels, and Florida communities. Participants shall be residents of this state. Regional competitions shall be held throughout the state, and the top qualifiers in each sport shall proceed to the final competitions to be held at a site in the state with the necessary facilities and equipment for conducting the competitions.
- (b) Jobs Florida The Executive Office of the Governor is authorized to permit the use of property, facilities, and personal services of or at any State University System facility or institution by the direct-support organization operating the Sunshine State Games. For the purposes of this paragraph, personal services includes full-time or part-time personnel as well as payroll processing.

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Section 207. Section 288.124, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.124 Convention grants program.—The Commission on Tourism is authorized to establish a convention grants program and, pursuant thereto, to recommend to Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development expenditures and contracts with local governments and nonprofit corporations or organizations for the purpose of attracting national conferences and conventions to Florida. Preference shall be given to local governments and nonprofit corporations or organizations seeking to attract minority conventions to Florida. Minority conventions are events that primarily involve minority persons, as defined in s. 288.703, who are residents or nonresidents of the state. The commission shall establish quidelines governing the award of grants and the administration of this program. Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development has final approval authority for any grants under this section. The total annual allocation of funds for this program shall not exceed \$40,000.

Section 208. Subsection (1) of section 288.1251, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.1251 Promotion and development of entertainment industry; Office of Film and Entertainment; creation; purpose; powers and duties.—

- (1) CREATION.-
- (a) There is hereby created within <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development the Office of Film and Entertainment for the purpose of developing, marketing, promoting, and providing services to the state's entertainment

industry.

- (b) Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall conduct a national search for a qualified person to fill the position of Commissioner of Film and Entertainment when the position is vacant. The commissioner of Jobs Florida Executive Director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development has the responsibility to hire the film commissioner. Qualifications for the commissioner include, but are not limited to, the following:
- 1. A working knowledge of the equipment, personnel, financial, and day-to-day production operations of the industries to be served by the Office of Film and Entertainment;
- 2. Marketing and promotion experience related to the film and entertainment industries to be served;
- 3. Experience working with a variety of individuals representing large and small entertainment-related businesses, industry associations, local community entertainment industry liaisons, and labor organizations; and
- 4. Experience working with a variety of state and local governmental agencies.
- Section 209. Subsections (1) and (2) and paragraphs (d), (f), (g), and (h) of subsection (5) of section 288.1252, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 288.1252 Florida Film and Entertainment Advisory Council; creation; purpose; membership; powers and duties.—
- (1) CREATION.—There is hereby created within <u>Jobs Florida</u>
 The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development of the
 Executive Office of the Governor, for administrative purposes
 only, the Florida Film and Entertainment Advisory Council.

- (2) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the council shall be to serve as an advisory body to <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism,

 Trade, and Economic Development and to the Office of Film and

 Entertainment to provide these offices with industry insight and expertise related to developing, marketing, promoting, and providing service to the state's entertainment industry.
- (5) POWERS AND DUTIES.—The Florida Film and Entertainment Advisory Council shall have all the powers necessary or convenient to carry out and effectuate the purposes and provisions of this act, including, but not limited to, the power to:
- (d) Consider and study the needs of the entertainment industry for the purpose of advising the <u>film</u> commissioner and <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- (f) Consider all matters submitted to it by the $\underline{\text{film}}$ commissioner and $\underline{\text{Jobs Florida}}$ the Office of Tourism, Trade, and $\underline{\text{Economic Development}}$.
- (g) Advise and consult with the <u>film</u> commissioner and <u>Jobs</u>

 <u>Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, at their request or upon its own initiative, regarding the promulgation, administration, and enforcement of all laws and rules relating to the entertainment industry.
- (h) Suggest policies and practices for the conduct of business by the Office of Film and Entertainment or by <u>Jobs</u>

 <u>Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development that will improve internal operations affecting the entertainment industry and will enhance the economic development initiatives of the state for the industry.

Section 210. Subsections (1), (2), (3), and (4) of section 288.1253, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.1253 Travel and entertainment expenses.-

- (1) As used in this section, the term "travel expenses" means the actual, necessary, and reasonable costs of transportation, meals, lodging, and incidental expenses normally incurred by an employee of the Office of Film and Entertainment, which costs are defined and prescribed by rules adopted by Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, subject to approval by the Chief Financial Officer.
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 112.061, <u>Jobs</u>

 Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development
 shall adopt rules by which it may make expenditures by
 reimbursement to: the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor,
 security staff of the Governor or Lieutenant Governor, the
 Commissioner of Film and Entertainment, or staff of the Office
 of Film and Entertainment for travel expenses or entertainment
 expenses incurred by such individuals solely and exclusively in
 connection with the performance of the statutory duties of the
 Office of Film and Entertainment. The rules are subject to
 approval by the Chief Financial Officer before adoption. The
 rules shall require the submission of paid receipts, or other
 proof of expenditure prescribed by the Chief Financial Officer,
 with any claim for reimbursement.
- (3) Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall prepare an annual report of the expenditures of the Office of Film and Entertainment and provide such report to the Legislature no later than December 30 of each year for the expenditures of the previous fiscal year. The report shall

consist of a summary of all travel, entertainment, and incidental expenses incurred within the United States and all travel, entertainment, and incidental expenses incurred outside the United States, as well as a summary of all successful projects that developed from such travel.

(4) The Office of Film and Entertainment and its employees and representatives, when authorized, may accept and use complimentary travel, accommodations, meeting space, meals, equipment, transportation, and any other goods or services necessary for or beneficial to the performance of the office's duties and purposes, so long as such acceptance or use is not in conflict with part III of chapter 112. Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall, by rule, develop internal controls to ensure that such goods or services accepted or used pursuant to this subsection are limited to those that will assist solely and exclusively in the furtherance of the office's goals and are in compliance with part III of chapter 112.

Section 211. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraphs (d) and (f) of subsection (3), paragraphs (c) and (d) of subsection (4), paragraph (a) of subsection (5), and paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section 288.1254, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.1254 Entertainment industry financial incentive program.—

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (a) "Certified production" means a qualified production that has tax credits allocated to it by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development based on the

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11628 11629 production's estimated qualified expenditures, up to the production's maximum certified amount of tax credits, by <u>Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism</u>, <u>Trade</u>, and <u>Economic Development</u>. The term does not include a production if its first day of principal photography or project start date in this state occurs before the production is certified by <u>Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism</u>, <u>Trade</u>, and <u>Economic Development</u>, unless the production spans more than 1 fiscal year, was a certified production on its first day of principal photography or project start date in this state, and submits an application for continuing the same production for the subsequent fiscal year.

- (3) APPLICATION PROCEDURE; APPROVAL PROCESS.-
- (d) Certification.—The Office of Film and Entertainment 11613 shall review the application within 15 business days after 11614 11615 receipt. Upon its determination that the application contains 11616 all the information required by this subsection and meets the 11617 criteria set out in this section, the Office of Film and 11618 Entertainment shall qualify the applicant and recommend to Jobs 11619 Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development that the applicant be certified for the maximum tax credit award 11620 11621 amount. Within 5 business days after receipt of the recommendation, Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and 11622 11623 Economic Development shall reject the recommendation or certify 11624 the maximum recommended tax credit award, if any, to the 11625 applicant and to the executive director of the Department of 11626 Revenue.
 - (f) Verification of actual qualified expenditures.-
 - 1. The Office of Film and Entertainment shall develop a process to verify the actual qualified expenditures of a

certified production. The process must require:

- a. A certified production to submit, in a timely manner after production ends in this state and after making all of its qualified expenditures in this state, data substantiating each qualified expenditure, including documentation on the net expenditure on equipment and other tangible personal property by the qualified production, to an independent certified public accountant licensed in this state;
- b. Such accountant to conduct a compliance audit, at the certified production's expense, to substantiate each qualified expenditure and submit the results as a report, along with the required substantiating data, to the Office of Film and Entertainment; and
- c. The Office of Film and Entertainment to review the accountant's submittal and report to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development the final verified amount of actual qualified expenditures made by the certified production.
- 2. Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall determine and approve the final tax credit award amount to each certified applicant based on the final verified amount of actual qualified expenditures and shall notify the executive director of the Department of Revenue in writing that the certified production has met the requirements of the incentive program and of the final amount of the tax credit award. The final tax credit award amount may not exceed the maximum tax credit award amount certified under paragraph (d).
 - (4) TAX CREDIT ELIGIBILITY; TAX CREDIT AWARDS; QUEUES;

ELECTION AND DISTRIBUTION; CARRYFORWARD; CONSOLIDATED RETURNS; PARTNERSHIP AND NONCORPORATE DISTRIBUTIONS; MERGERS AND ACQUISITIONS.—

- (c) Withdrawal of tax credit eligibility.—A qualified or certified production must continue on a reasonable schedule, which includes beginning principal photography or the production project in this state no more than 45 calendar days before or after the principal photography or project start date provided in the production's program application. Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall withdraw the eligibility of a qualified or certified production that does not continue on a reasonable schedule.
 - (d) Election and distribution of tax credits.-
- 1. A certified production company receiving a tax credit award under this section shall, at the time the credit is awarded by Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development after production is completed and all requirements to receive a credit award have been met, make an irrevocable election to apply the credit against taxes due under chapter 220, against state taxes collected or accrued under chapter 212, or against a stated combination of the two taxes. The election is binding upon any distributee, successor, transferee, or purchaser. Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall notify the Department of Revenue of any election made pursuant to this paragraph.
- 2. A qualified production company is eligible for tax credits against its sales and use tax liabilities and corporate income tax liabilities as provided in this section. However, tax credits awarded under this section may not be claimed against

sales and use tax liabilities or corporate income tax liabilities for any tax period beginning before July 1, 2011, regardless of when the credits are applied for or awarded.

- (5) TRANSFER OF TAX CREDITS.-
- (a) Authorization.—Upon application to the Office of Film and Entertainment and approval by Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, a certified production company, or a partner or member that has received a distribution under paragraph (4)(g), may elect to transfer, in whole or in part, any unused credit amount granted under this section. An election to transfer any unused tax credit amount under chapter 212 or chapter 220 must be made no later than 5 years after the date the credit is awarded, after which period the credit expires and may not be used. Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall notify the Department of Revenue of the election and transfer.
- (9) AUDIT AUTHORITY; REVOCATION AND FORFEITURE OF TAX CREDITS; FRAUDULENT CLAIMS.—
- (b) Revocation of tax credits.—Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may revoke or modify any written decision qualifying, certifying, or otherwise granting eligibility for tax credits under this section if it is discovered that the tax credit applicant submitted any false statement, representation, or certification in any application, record, report, plan, or other document filed in an attempt to receive tax credits under this section. Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall immediately notify the Department of Revenue of any revoked or modified orders affecting previously granted tax credits. Additionally,

the applicant must notify the Department of Revenue of any change in its tax credit claimed.

Section 212. Subsection (3) of section 288.386, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.386 Florida-Caribbean Basin Trade Initiative.-

(3) STEP shall administer the Florida-Caribbean Basin Trade Initiative pursuant to a performance-based contract with <u>Jobs Florida</u>, <u>which the Office of Tourism</u>, <u>Trade</u>, <u>and Economic Development</u>. The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall develop performance measures, standards, and sanctions for the initiative. Performance measures must include, but are not limited to, the number of businesses assisted; the number of urban businesses assisted; and the increase in value of exports to the Caribbean which is attributable to the initiative.

Section 213. Section 288.7011, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development is authorized to enter into contracts with a nonprofit, statewide development corporation certified pursuant to s. 503 of the Small Business Investment Act of 1958, as amended, to permit such corporation to locate and contract for administrative and technical staff assistance and support, including, without limitation, assistance to the development corporation in the packaging and servicing of loans for the purpose of stimulating and expanding the availability of private equity capital and long-term loans to small businesses. Such assistance and support will cease when the corporation has

received state support in an amount the equivalent of \$250,000 per year over a 5-year period beginning July 1, 1997. Any contract between <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office and such corporation shall specify that the records of the corporation must be available for audit by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office and by the Auditor General.

Section 214. Section 288.705, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.705 Statewide contracts register.—All state agencies shall in a timely manner provide the Florida Small Business Development Center Procurement System with all formal solicitations for contractual services, supplies, and commodities. The Small Business Development Center shall coordinate with Minority Business Development Centers to compile and distribute this information to small and minority businesses requesting such service for the period of time necessary to familiarize the business with the market represented by state agencies. On or before February 1 of each year, the Small Business Development Center shall report to Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation on the use of the statewide contracts register. The report shall include, but not be limited to, information relating to:

- (1) The total number of solicitations received from state agencies during the calendar year.
- (2) The number of solicitations received from each state agency during the calendar year.
- (3) The method of distributing solicitation information to businesses requesting such service.
 - (4) The total number of businesses using the service.

- (5) The percentage of businesses using the service which are owned and controlled by minorities.
- (6) The percentage of service-disabled veteran business enterprises using the service.

Section 215. Subsection (12) of section 288.706, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.706 Florida Minority Business Loan Mobilization Program.—

(12) The Department of Management Services shall collaborate with the Florida Black Business Investment Board, Inc., and <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and <u>Economic Development</u> to assist in the development and enhancement of black business enterprises.

Section 216. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraph (b) of subsection (2), and paragraph (f) of subsection (3) of section 288.707, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.707 Florida Black Business Investment Board, Inc.; findings; creation; membership; organization; meetings; disclosure.—

- (1) The Legislature finds that the public interest of the state will be served by the creation of a not-for-profit corporation, the primary mission of which is to assist in the development and expansion of black business enterprises by:
- (a) Advising <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development in its oversight of the Black Business Loan Program and assisting in the creation of a long-range strategic policy for the program.
 - (2)
 - (b) The board shall contract with Jobs Florida the Office

of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to implement the provisions of ss. 288.707-288.714.

- (3) The board shall be governed by a board of directors chosen as follows:
- (f) Four presidents of participating black business investment corporations who shall be appointed by the commissioner of Jobs Florida Executive Director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development upon the recommendation of the Florida Consortium of Black Business Investment Corporations, Inc., to serve for terms of 3 years each. Each shall be eligible for reappointment to one additional term of 3 years.

Section 217. Subsection (1) of section 288.7091, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.7091 Duties of the Florida Black Business Investment Board, Inc.—The board shall:

(1) Serve as an advisory board to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the <u>Office</u> of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, through contract with the office, to assist the office with the implementation of ss. 288.707-288.714.

Section 218. Subsection (2) of section 288.7094, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.7094 Black business investment corporations.-

(2) A black business investment corporation that meets the requirements of s. 288.7102(4) is eligible to participate in the Black Business Loan Program and shall receive priority consideration by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development for participation in the program.

Section 219. Subsections (1), (2), (3), (5), (6), (7) and

- (8) of section 288.7102, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

 288.7102 Black Business Loan Program.—
 - (1) The Black Business Loan Program is established in Jobs Florida, which the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development. Under the program, the office shall annually certify eligible recipients and subsequently disburse funds appropriated by the Legislature, through such eligible recipients, to black business enterprises that cannot obtain capital through conventional lending institutions but that could otherwise compete successfully in the private sector.
 - (2) Jobs Florida The office shall establish an application and annual certification process for entities seeking funds to participate in providing loans, loan guarantees, or investments in black business enterprises pursuant to the Florida Black Business Investment Act. Jobs Florida The office shall process all applications and recertifications submitted by June 1 on or before July 31.
 - (3) If the Black Business Loan Program is appropriated any funding in a fiscal year, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office shall distribute an equal amount of the appropriation, calculated as the total annual appropriation divided by the total number of program recipients certified on or before July 31 of that fiscal year.
 - (5) Each eligible recipient must meet the provisions of ss. 288.707-288.714, the terms of the contract between the recipient and <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office, and any other applicable state or federal laws. An entity may not receive funds under ss. 288.707-288.714 unless the entity meets annual certification requirements.

- (6) Upon approval by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office and before release of the funds as provided in this section, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office shall issue a letter certifying the applicant as qualified for an award. <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office and the applicant shall enter into an agreement that sets forth the conditions for award of the funds. The agreement must include the total amount of funds awarded; the performance conditions that must be met once the funding has been awarded, including, but not limited to, compliance with all of the requirements of this section for eligible recipients of funds under this section; and sanctions for failure to meet performance conditions, including any provisions to recover awards.
- (7) <u>Jobs Florida</u> <u>The Office</u>, in consultation with the board, shall adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement this section.
- (8) A black business investment corporation certified by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the <u>Office</u> as an eligible recipient under this section is authorized to use funds appropriated for the Black Business Loan Program in any of the following forms:
- (a) Purchases of stock, preferred or common, voting or nonvoting; however, no more than 40 percent of the funds may be used for direct investments in black business enterprises;
- (b) Loans or loan guarantees, with or without recourse, in either a subordinated or priority position; or
- (c) Technical support to black business enterprises, not to exceed 9 percent of the funds received, and direct administrative costs, not to exceed 12 percent of the funds received.
 - Section 220. Subsections (1), (2), and (3) of section

11891 288.714, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.714 Quarterly and annual reports.-

- (1) Each recipient of state funds under s. 288.7102 shall provide to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office a quarterly report within 15 days after the end of each calendar quarter that includes a detailed summary of the recipient's performance of the duties imposed by s. 288.7102, including, but not limited to:
- (a) The dollar amount of all loans or loan guarantees made to black business enterprises, the percentages of the loans guaranteed, and the names and identification of the types of businesses served.
 - (b) Loan performance information.
- (c) The amount and nature of all other financial assistance provided to black business enterprises.
- (d) The amount and nature of technical assistance provided to black business enterprises, including technical assistance services provided in areas in which such services are otherwise unavailable.
- (e) A balance sheet for the recipient, including an explanation of all investments and administrative and operational expenses.
- (f) A summary of all services provided to nonblack business enterprises, including the dollar value and nature of such services and the names and identification of the types of businesses served.
- (g) Any other information as required by policies adopted by Jobs Florida the Office.
- (2) <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office must compile a summary of all quarterly reports and provide a copy of the summary to the board

within 30 days after the end of each calendar quarter that includes a detailed summary of the recipient's performance of the duties imposed by s. 288.7102.

(3) By August 31 of each year, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office shall provide to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives a detailed report of the performance of the Black Business Loan Program. The report must include a cumulative summary of quarterly report data required by subsection (1).

Section 221. Section 288.816, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.816 Intergovernmental relations.-

- (1) <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall be responsible for consular operations and the sister city and sister state program and shall serve as liaison with foreign, federal, and other state international organizations and with county and municipal governments in Florida.
- (2) <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall be responsible for all consular relations between the state and all foreign governments doing business in Florida. The office shall monitor United States laws and directives to ensure that all federal treaties regarding foreign privileges and immunities are properly observed. The office shall promulgate rules which shall:
- (a) Establish a viable system of registration for foreign government officials residing or having jurisdiction in the state. Emphasis shall be placed on maintaining active communication between Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade,

and Economic Development and the United States Department of State in order to be currently informed regarding foreign governmental personnel stationed in, or with official responsibilities for, Florida. Active dialogue shall also be maintained with foreign countries which historically have had dealings with Florida in order to keep them informed of the proper procedure for registering with the state.

- (b) Maintain and systematically update a current and accurate list of all such foreign governmental officials, consuls, or consulates.
- (c) Issue certificates to such foreign governmental officials after verification pursuant to proper investigations through United States Department of State sources and the appropriate foreign government.
- (d) Verify entitlement to sales and use tax exemptions pursuant to United States Department of State guidelines and identification methods.
- (e) Verify entitlement to issuance of special motor vehicle license plates by the Division of Motor Vehicles of the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles to honorary consuls or such other officials representing foreign governments who are not entitled to issuance of special Consul Corps license plates by the United States Government.
- (f) Establish a system of communication to provide all state and local law enforcement agencies with information regarding proper procedures relating to the arrest or incarceration of a foreign citizen.
- (g) Request the Department of Law Enforcement to provide transportation and protection services when necessary pursuant

to s. 943.68.

- (h) Coordinate, when necessary, special activities between foreign governments and Florida state and local governments. These may include Consular Corps Day, Consular Corps conferences, and various other social, cultural, or educational activities.
- (i) Notify all newly arrived foreign governmental officials of the services offered by <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- (3) <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall operate the sister city and sister state program and establish such new programs as needed to further global understanding through the interchange of people, ideas, and culture between Florida and the world. To accomplish this purpose, the office shall have the power and authority to:
- (a) Coordinate and carry out activities designed to encourage the state and its subdivisions to participate in sister city and sister state affiliations with foreign countries and their subdivisions. Such activities may include a State of Florida sister cities conference.
- (b) Encourage cooperation with and disseminate information pertaining to the Sister Cities International Program and any other program whose object is to promote linkages with foreign countries and their subdivisions.
- (c) Maximize any aid available from all levels of government, public and private agencies, and other entities to facilitate such activities.
- (d) Establish a viable system of registration for sister city and sister state affiliations between the state and foreign

countries and their subdivisions. Such system shall include a method to determine that sufficient ties are properly established as well as a method to supervise how these ties are maintained.

- (e) Maintain a current and accurate listing of all such affiliations. Sister city affiliations shall not be discouraged between the state and any country specified in s. 620(f)(1) of the federal Foreign Assistance Act of 1961, as amended, with whom the United States is currently conducting diplomatic relations unless a mandate from the United States Government expressly prohibits such affiliations.
- Oevelopment shall serve as a contact for the state with the Florida Washington Office, the Florida Congressional Delegation, and United States Government agencies with respect to laws or policies which may affect the interests of the state in the area of international relations. All inquiries received regarding international economic trade development or reverse investment opportunities shall be referred to Enterprise Florida, Inc. In addition, Jobs Florida the office shall serve as liaison with other states with respect to international programs of interest to Florida. The office shall also investigate and make suggestions regarding possible areas of joint action or regional cooperation with these states.
- (5) <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall have the power and duty to encourage the relocation to Florida of consular offices and multilateral and international agencies and organizations.
 - (6) Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic

Development, through membership on the board of directors of Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall help to contribute an international perspective to the state's development efforts.

Section 222. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 288.809, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.809 Florida Intergovernmental Relations Foundation; use of property; board of directors; audit.—

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—For the purposes of this section, the term:
- (a) "Florida Intergovernmental Relations Foundation" means a direct-support organization:
- 1. Which is a corporation not for profit that is incorporated under the provisions of chapter 617 and approved by the Department of State;
- 2. Which is organized and operated exclusively to solicit, receive, hold, invest, and administer property and, subject to the approval of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, to make expenditures to or for the promotion of intergovernmental relations programs; and
- 3. Which <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and <u>Economic Development</u>, after review, has certified to be operating in a manner consistent with the policies and goals of the office.
- (2) USE OF PROPERTY.—Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism,
 Trade, and Economic Development:
- (a) Is authorized to permit the use of property, facilities, and personal services of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development by the foundation, subject to the provisions of this section.

- (b) Shall prescribe conditions with which the foundation must comply in order to use property, facilities, or personal services of the department. Such conditions shall provide for budget and audit review and for oversight by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- (c) Shall not permit the use of property, facilities, or personal services of the foundation if the foundation does not provide equal employment opportunities to all persons, regardless of race, color, national origin, sex, age, or religion.

Section 223. Section 288.826, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.826 Florida International Trade and Promotion Trust Fund.—There is hereby established in the State Treasury the Florida International Trade and Promotion Trust Fund. The moneys deposited into this trust fund shall be administered by Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development for the operation of Enterprise Florida, Inc., and its boards and for the operation of Florida international foreign offices under s. 288.012.

Section 224. Subsections (3) and (4) of section 288.9015, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.9015 Enterprise Florida, Inc.; purpose; duties.-

(3) It shall be the responsibility of Enterprise Florida, Inc., to assess, on an ongoing basis, Florida's economic development competitiveness as measured against other business locations, to identify and regularly reevaluate Florida's economic development strengths and weaknesses, and to incorporate such information into the strategic planning process

under s. 288.904 to be shared with Jobs Florida.

(4) Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall incorporate the needs of small and minority businesses into the economic-development, international-trade and reverse-investment, and workforce-development responsibilities assigned to the organization by this section. Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall collaborate with the Florida Black Business Investment Board, Inc., and Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development for the delivery of services in fulfillment of the responsibilities of Enterprise Florida, Inc., relating to small and minority businesses.

Section 225. Subsections (1) and (2), paragraph (a) of subsection (4), and subsections (6) and (7) of section 288.90151, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.90151 Return on investment from activities of Enterprise Florida, Inc.—

- (1) The public funds appropriated each year for the operation of Enterprise Florida, Inc., are invested in this public-private partnership to enhance international trade and economic development, to spur job-creating investments, and to create new employment opportunities for Floridians. This policy will be the Legislature's priority consideration when reviewing the return on the public's investment in return-on-investment for Enterprise Florida, Inc.
- (2) It is also the intent of the Legislature that Enterprise Florida, Inc., coordinate its operations with local economic-development organizations to maximize the state and local return on the public's investment return on investment to create jobs for Floridians.

- (4)(a) The state's operating investment in Enterprise Florida, Inc., is the budget contracted with Jobs Florida by the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to Enterprise Florida, Inc., less funding that is directed by the Legislature to be subcontracted to a specific recipient.
- (6) Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall fully comply with the performance measures, standards, and sanctions in its contracts with Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development under s. 14.2015(2)(h) and (7). Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall ensure, to the maximum extent possible, that the contract performance measures are consistent with performance measures that the office is required to develop and track under performance-based program budgeting.
- (7) As part of the annual report required under s. 288.906, Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall provide the Legislature with information quantifying the public's return-on-investment as described in this section <u>each</u> for fiscal year 1997-1998 and <u>each subsequent fiscal year</u>. The annual report shall also include the results of a customer-satisfaction survey of businesses served, as well as the lead economic development staff person of each organization that is a primary partner.

Section 226. Subsections (1), (2), and paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 288.905, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 288.905 Duties of the board of directors of Enterprise Florida, Inc.-
- (1) In the performance of its functions and duties, the board of directors may establish, implement, and manage

policies, strategies, and programs for Enterprise Florida, Inc., and its boards. These policies, strategies, and programs shall promote business formation, expansion, recruitment, and retention through aggressive marketing and international development and export assistance, which together lead to more and better jobs with higher wages for all geographic regions and communities of the state, including rural areas and urban core areas, and for all residents, including minorities. In developing such policies, strategies, and programs, the board of directors shall solicit advice from and consider the recommendations of its boards, any advisory committees or similar groups created by Enterprise Florida, Inc., and local and regional partners and Jobs Florida.

- (2) The board of directors shall, in conjunction with <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, the Office of Urban Opportunities, and local and regional economic development partners, develop a strategic plan for economic development for the State of Florida. Such plan shall be submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, the Senate Minority Leader, and the House Minority Leader and shall be updated or modified before January 1 of each year. The plan must be approved by the board of directors prior to submission to the Governor and Legislature.
- (4)(a) The strategic plan shall also include recommendations regarding specific performance standards and measurable outcomes. Enterprise Florida, Inc., in consultation with <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and

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12181 Government Accountability, shall establish performance-measure 12182 outcomes for Enterprise Florida, Inc., and its boards and advisory committees. Enterprise Florida, Inc., in consultation 12183 12184 with Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic 12185 Development and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and 12186 Government Accountability, shall develop a plan for monitoring 12187 its operations to ensure that performance data are maintained 12188 and supported by records of the organization. On a biennial 12189 basis, Enterprise Florida, Inc., in consultation with Jobs 12190 Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government 12191 Accountability, shall review the performance-measure outcomes 12192 12193 for Enterprise Florida, Inc., and its boards, and make any 12194 appropriate modifications to them. In developing measurable 12195 objectives and performance outcomes, Enterprise Florida, Inc., 12196 shall consider the effect of its programs, activities, and 12197 services on its client population. Enterprise Florida, Inc., 12198 shall establish standards such as job growth among client firms, 12199 growth in the number and strength of businesses within targeted sectors, client satisfaction, including the satisfaction of its 12200 local and regional economic development partners, businesses 12201 retained and recruited statewide and within rural and urban core 12202 communities, employer wage growth, and increased export sales 12203 among client companies to use in evaluating performance toward 12204 12205 accomplishing the mission of Enterprise Florida, Inc. 12206

Section 227. Section 288.9415, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 288.9415 International Trade Grants.-
- (1) Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic

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Development in the Executive Office of the Governor may accept and administer moneys appropriated to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office for providing grants for promotion of international trade.

- (2) A county, municipality, economic development council, Space Florida, or a not-for-profit association of businesses organized to assist in the promotion of international trade may apply for a grant of state funds for the promotion of international trade.
- (3) Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall review each application for a grant to promote international trade and shall submit annually to Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development for approval lists of all recommended applications for the award of grants, arranged in order of priority. Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may allocate grants only for projects that are approved or for which funds are appropriated by the Legislature. Projects approved and recommended by Enterprise Florida, Inc., which are not funded by the Legislature shall be retained on the project list for the following grant cycle only. All projects that are retained shall be required to submit such information as may be required by Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development as of the established deadline date of the latest grant cycle in order to adequately reflect the most current status of the project.

Section 228. Subsection (2) of section 288.95155, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.95155 Florida Small Business Technology Growth Program.—

(2)(a) Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall establish a separate

small business technology growth account in the Florida
Technology Research Investment Fund for purposes of this
section. Moneys in the account shall consist of appropriations
by the Legislature, proceeds of any collateral used to secure
such assistance, transfers, fees assessed for providing or
processing such financial assistance, grants, interest earnings,
and earnings on financial assistance.

(b) For the 2009-2010 fiscal year only, Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall advance up to \$600,000 from the account to the Institute for Commercialization of Public Research for its operations. This paragraph expires July 1, 2010.

Section 229. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2), paragraph (a) of subsection (4), subsection (7), paragraph (b) of subsection (8), subsection (9), paragraph (1) of subsection (10), and subsection (15) of section 288.955, Florida Statutes, are amended, and present subsections (16) and (17) of that section are renumbered as subsections (15) and (16), respectively, to read:

288.955 Scripps Florida Funding Corporation.-

- (2) CREATION.—
- (e) <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall provide administrative support to the corporation as requested by the corporation. In the event of the dissolution of the corporation, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office shall be the corporation's successor in interest and shall assume all rights, duties, and obligations of the corporation under any contract to which the corporation is then a party and under law.
- (4) BOARD; MEMBERSHIP.—The corporation shall be governed by a board of directors.

- (a) The board of directors shall consist of nine voting members, of whom the Governor shall appoint three, the President of the Senate shall appoint three, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint three. The commissioner of Jobs Florida or the commissioner's designee director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development or the director's designee shall serve as an ex-officio, nonvoting member of the board of directors.
- (7) INVESTMENT OF FUNDS.—The corporation must enter into an agreement with the State Board of Administration under which funds received by the corporation from <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development which are not disbursed to the grantee shall be invested by the State Board of Administration on behalf of the corporation. Funds shall be invested in suitable instruments authorized under s. 215.47 and specified in investment guidelines established and agreed to by the State Board of Administration and the corporation.
 - (8) CONTRACT.-
 - (b) The contract, at a minimum, must contain provisions:
- 1. Specifying the procedures and schedules that govern the disbursement of funds under this section and specifying the conditions or deliverables that the grantee must satisfy before the release of each disbursement.
- 2. Requiring the grantee to submit to the corporation a business plan in a form and manner prescribed by the corporation.
- 3. Prohibiting The Scripps Research Institute or the grantee from establishing other biomedical science or research facilities in any state other than this state or California for

a period of 12 years from the commencement of the contract. Nothing in this subparagraph shall prohibit the grantee from establishing or engaging in normal collaborative activities with other organizations.

- 4. Governing the ownership of or security interests in real property and personal property, including, but not limited to, research equipment, obtained through the financial support of state or local government, including a provision that in the event of a breach of the contract or in the event the grantee ceases operations in this state, such property purchased with state funds shall revert to the state and such property purchased with local funds shall revert to the local governing authority.
- 5. Requiring the grantee to be an equal opportunity employer.
- 6. Requiring the grantee to maintain a policy of awarding preference in employment to residents of this state, as defined by law, except for professional scientific staff positions requiring a doctoral degree, postdoctoral training positions, and graduate student positions.
- 7. Requiring the grantee to maintain a policy of making purchases from vendors in this state, to the extent it is cost-effective and scientifically sound.
- 8. Requiring the grantee to use the Internet-based joblisting system of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation in advertising employment opportunities.
- 9. Requiring the grantee to establish accredited science degree programs.
 - 10. Requiring the grantee to establish internship programs

to create learning opportunities for educators and secondary, postsecondary, graduate, and doctoral students.

- 11. Requiring the grantee to submit data to the corporation on the activities and performance during each fiscal year and to provide to the corporation an annual accounting of the expenditure of funds disbursed under this section.
- 12. Establishing that the corporation shall review the activities of the grantee to assess the grantee's financial and operational compliance with the provisions of the contract and with relevant provisions of law.
- 13. Authorizing the grantee, when feasible, to use information submitted by it to the Federal Government or to other organizations awarding research grants to the grantee to help meet reporting requirements imposed under this section or the contract, if the information satisfies the reporting standards of this section and the contract.
- 14. Requiring the grantee during the first 7 years of the contract to create 545 positions and to acquire associated research equipment for the grantee's facility in this state, and pay for related maintenance of the equipment, in a total amount of not less than \$45 million.
- 15. Requiring the grantee to progress in the creation of the total number of jobs prescribed in subparagraph 14. on the following schedule: At least 38 positions in the 1st year, 168 positions in the 2nd year, 280 positions in the 3rd year, 367 positions in the 4th year, 436 positions in the 5th year, 500 positions in the 6th year, and 545 positions in the 7th year. The board may allow the grantee to deviate downward from such employee levels by 25 percent in any year, to allow the grantee

flexibility in achieving the objectives set forth in the business plan provided to the corporation; however, the grantee must have no fewer than 545 positions by the end of the 7th year.

- 16. Requiring the grantee to allow the corporation to retain an independent certified public accountant licensed in this state pursuant to chapter 473 to inspect the records of the grantee in order to audit the expenditure of funds disbursed to the grantee. The independent certified public accountant shall not disclose any confidential or proprietary scientific information of the grantee.
- 17. Requiring the grantee to purchase liability insurance and governing the coverage level of such insurance.
- (9) PERFORMANCE EXPECTATIONS.—In addition to the provisions prescribed in subsection (8), the contract between the corporation and the grantee shall include a provision that the grantee, in cooperation with <u>Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism</u>, <u>Trade</u>, and <u>Economic Development</u>, shall report to the corporation on performance expectations that reflect the aspirations of the Governor and the Legislature for the benefits accruing to this state as a result of the funds appropriated pursuant to this section. These shall include, but are not limited to, performance expectations addressing:
- (a) The number and dollar value of research grants obtained from the Federal Government or sources other than this state.
- (b) The percentage of total research dollars received by The Scripps Research Institute from sources other than this state which is used to conduct research activities by the grantee in this state.

- (c) The number or value of patents obtained by the grantee.
- (d) The number or value of licensing agreements executed by the grantee.
- (e) The extent to which research conducted by the grantee results in commercial applications.
- (f) The number of collaborative agreements reached and maintained with colleges and universities in this state and with research institutions in this state, including agreements that foster participation in research opportunities by public and private colleges and universities and research institutions in this state with significant minority populations, including historically black colleges and universities.
- (g) The number of collaborative partnerships established and maintained with businesses in this state.
- (h) The total amount of funding received by the grantee from sources other than the State of Florida.
- (i) The number or value of spin-off businesses created in this state as a result of commercialization of the research of the grantee.
- (j) The number or value of businesses recruited to this state by the grantee.
- (k) The establishment and implementation of policies to promote supplier diversity using the guidelines developed by the Office of Supplier Diversity under s. 287.09451 and to comply with the ordinances, including any small business ordinances, enacted by the county and which are applicable to the biomedical research institution and campus located in this state.
- (1) The designation by the grantee of a representative to coordinate with the Office of Supplier Diversity.

(m) The establishment and implementation of a program to conduct workforce recruitment activities at public and private colleges and universities and community colleges in this state which request the participation of the grantee.

The contract shall require the grantee to provide information to the corporation on the progress in meeting these performance expectations on an annual basis. It is the intent of the Legislature that, in fulfilling its obligation to work with Florida's public and private colleges and universities, Scripps Florida work with such colleges and universities regardless of size.

- (10) DISBURSEMENT CONDITIONS.—In addition to the provisions prescribed in subsection (8), the contract between the corporation and the grantee shall include disbursement conditions that must be satisfied by the grantee as a condition for the continued disbursement of funds under this section. These disbursement conditions shall be negotiated between the corporation and the grantee and shall not be designed to impede the ability of the grantee to attain full operational status. The disbursement conditions may be appropriately varied as to timeframes, numbers, values, and percentages. The disbursement conditions shall include, but are not limited to, the following areas:
- (1) Beginning June 2004, the grantee shall commence collaboration efforts with <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development by complying with reasonable requests for cooperation in economic development efforts in the biomed/biotech industry. No later than July 2004, the grantee

shall designate a person who shall be charged with assisting in these collaborative efforts.

(15) PROGRAM EVALUATION.-

- (a) Before January 1, 2007, the Office of Program Policy
 Analysis and Government Accountability shall conduct a
 performance audit of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic
 Development and the corporation relating to the provisions of
 this section. The audit shall assess the implementation and
 outcomes of activities under this section. At a minimum, the
 audit shall address:
- 1. Performance of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development in disbursing funds appropriated under this section.
- 2. Performance of the corporation in managing and enforcing the contract with the grantee.
- 3. Compliance by the corporation with the provisions of this section and the provisions of the contract.
- 4. Economic activity generated through funds disbursed under the contract.
- (b) Before January 1, 2010, the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall update the report required under this subsection. In addition to addressing the items prescribed in paragraph (a), the updated report shall include a recommendation on whether the Legislature should retain the statutory authority for the corporation.
- A report of each audit's findings and recommendations shall be submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. In completing the

performance audits required under this subsection, the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability shall maximize the use of reports submitted by the grantee to the Federal Government or to other organizations awarding research grants to the grantee.

Section 230. Subsections (3), (4), (5), and (6) of section 288.9625, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.9625 Institute for the Commercialization of Public Research.—There is established the Institute for the Commercialization of Public Research.

- (3) The articles of incorporation of the institute must be approved in a written agreement with <u>Jobs Florida</u> <u>Enterprise</u> Florida, Inc. The agreement and the articles of incorporation shall:
- (a) Provide that the institute shall provide equal employment opportunities for all persons regardless of race, color, religion, gender, national origin, age, handicap, or marital status;
- (b) Provide that the institute is subject to the public records and meeting requirements of s. 24, Art. I of the State Constitution;
- (c) Provide that all officers, directors, and employees of the institute shall be governed by the code of ethics for public officers and employees as set forth in part III of chapter 112;
- (d) Provide that members of the board of directors of the institute are responsible for the prudent use of all public and private funds and that they will ensure that the use of funds is in accordance with all applicable laws, bylaws, and contractual requirements; and

- (e) Provide that the fiscal year of the institute is from July 1 to June 30.
- (4) The affairs of the institute shall be managed by a board of directors who shall serve without compensation. Each director shall have only one vote. The chair of the board of directors shall be selected by a majority vote of the directors, a quorum being present. The board of directors shall consist of the following five members:
- (a) The <u>commissioner of Jobs Florida</u> chair of Enterprise Florida, Inc., or the commissioner's chair's designee.
- (b) The president of the university where the institute is located or the president's designee unless multiple universities jointly sponsor the institute, in which case the presidents of the sponsoring universities shall agree upon a designee.
- (c) Three directors appointed by the Governor to 3-year staggered terms, to which the directors may be reappointed.
- (5) The board of directors shall provide a copy of the institute's annual report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, Enterprise Florida, Inc., and the president of the university at which the institute is located.
- (6) <u>Jobs Florida</u> <u>Enterprise Florida</u>, <u>Inc.</u>, the president and the board of trustees of the university where the institute is located, the Auditor General, and the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability may require and receive from the institute or its independent auditor any detail or supplemental data relative to the operation of the institute.
- Section 231. Subsections (3), (8), and (9) of section 288.975, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.975 Military base reuse plans.-

- (3) No later than 6 months after the designation of a military base for closure by the Federal Government, each host local government shall notify the commissioner of Jobs Florida secretary of the Department of Community Affairs and the director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development in writing, by hand delivery or return receipt requested, as to whether it intends to use the optional provisions provided in this act. If a host local government does not opt to use the provisions of this act, land use planning and regulation pertaining to base reuse activities within those host local governments shall be subject to all applicable statutory requirements, including those contained within chapters 163 and 380.
- (8) At the request of a host local government, <u>Jobs Florida</u>
 The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall
 coordinate a presubmission workshop concerning a military base
 reuse plan within the boundaries of the host jurisdiction.
 Agencies that shall participate in the workshop shall include
 any affected local governments; the Department of Environmental
 Protection; <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and
 Economic Development; the Department of Community Affairs; the
 Department of Transportation; the Department of Health; the
 Department of Children and Family Services; the Department of
 Juvenile Justice; the Department of Agriculture and Consumer
 Services; the Department of State; the Fish and Wildlife
 Conservation Commission; and any applicable water management
 districts and regional planning councils. The purposes of the
 workshop shall be to assist the host local government to

understand issues of concern to the above listed entities pertaining to the military base site and to identify opportunities for better coordination of planning and review efforts with the information and analyses generated by the federal environmental impact statement process and the federal community base reuse planning process.

- (9) If a host local government elects to use the optional provisions of this act, it shall, no later than 12 months after notifying the agencies of its intent pursuant to subsection (3) either:
- (a) Send a copy of the proposed military base reuse plan for review to any affected local governments; the Department of Environmental Protection; Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development; the Department of Community Affairs; the Department of Transportation; the Department of Health; the Department of Children and Family Services; the Department of Juvenile Justice; the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; the Department of State; the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission; and any applicable water management districts and regional planning councils, or
- (b) Petition the <u>commissioner of Jobs Florida</u> secretary of the Department of Community Affairs for an extension of the deadline for submitting a proposed reuse plan. Such an extension request must be justified by changes or delays in the closure process by the federal Department of Defense or for reasons otherwise deemed to promote the orderly and beneficial planning of the subject military base reuse. The <u>commissioner of Jobs Florida</u> secretary of the Department of Community Affairs may grant extensions to the required submission date of the reuse

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Section 232. Paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (2) and subsections (3), (4), (5), (6), (7), and (9) of section 288.980, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.980 Military base retention; legislative intent; grants program.—

- (2)(a) Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development is authorized to award grants from any funds available to it to support activities related to the retention of military installations potentially affected by federal base closure or realignment.
- (c) Except for grants issued pursuant to the Florida Military Installation Reuse Planning and Marketing Grant Program as described in paragraph (3)(c), the amount of any grant provided to an applicant may not exceed \$250,000. Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall require that an applicant:
- 1. Represent a local government with a military installation or military installations that could be adversely affected by federal base realignment or closure.
 - 2. Agree to match at least 30 percent of any grant awarded.
- 3. Prepare a coordinated program or plan of action delineating how the eligible project will be administered and accomplished.
- 4. Provide documentation describing the potential for realignment or closure of a military installation located in the applicant's community and the adverse impacts such realignment or closure will have on the applicant's community.
 - (3) The Florida Economic Reinvestment Initiative is

established to respond to the need for this state and defense-dependent communities in this state to develop alternative economic diversification strategies to lessen reliance on national defense dollars in the wake of base closures and reduced federal defense expenditures and the need to formulate specific base reuse plans and identify any specific infrastructure needed to facilitate reuse. The initiative shall consist of the following three distinct grant programs to be administered by Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development:

- (a) The Florida Defense Planning Grant Program, through which funds shall be used to analyze the extent to which the state is dependent on defense dollars and defense infrastructure and prepare alternative economic development strategies. The state shall work in conjunction with defense-dependent communities in developing strategies and approaches that will help communities make the transition from a defense economy to a nondefense economy. Grant awards may not exceed \$250,000 per applicant and shall be available on a competitive basis.
- (b) The Florida Defense Implementation Grant Program, through which funds shall be made available to defense-dependent communities to implement the diversification strategies developed pursuant to paragraph (a). Eligible applicants include defense-dependent counties and cities, and local economic development councils located within such communities. Grant awards may not exceed \$100,000 per applicant and shall be available on a competitive basis. Awards shall be matched on a one-to-one basis.

Applications for grants under this subsection must include a coordinated program of work or plan of action delineating how the eligible project will be administered and accomplished, which must include a plan for ensuring close cooperation between civilian and military authorities in the conduct of the funded activities and a plan for public involvement.

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(4) The Defense Infrastructure Grant Program is created. The commissioner of Jobs Florida director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall coordinate and implement this program, the purpose of which is to support local infrastructure projects deemed to have a positive impact on the military value of installations within the state. Funds are to be used for projects that benefit both the local community and the military installation. It is not the intent, however, to fund on-base military construction projects. Infrastructure projects to be funded under this program include, but are not limited to, those related to encroachment, transportation and access, utilities, communications, housing, environment, and security. Grant requests will be accepted only from economic development applicants serving in the official capacity of a governing board of a county, municipality, special district, or state agency that will have the authority to maintain the project upon completion. An applicant must represent a community or county in which a military installation is located. There is no limit as to the amount of any grant awarded to an applicant. A match by the county or local community may be required. Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall establish guidelines to implement the purpose of this

subsection.

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- (5)(a) The Defense-Related Business Adjustment Program is hereby created. The commissioner of Jobs Florida Director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall coordinate the development of the Defense-Related Business Adjustment Program. Funds shall be available to assist defenserelated companies in the creation of increased commercial technology development through investments in technology. Such technology must have a direct impact on critical state needs for the purpose of generating investment-grade technologies and encouraging the partnership of the private sector and government defense-related business adjustment. The following areas shall receive precedence in consideration for funding commercial technology development: law enforcement or corrections, environmental protection, transportation, education, and health care. Travel and costs incidental thereto, and staff salaries, are not considered an "activity" for which grant funds may be awarded.
 - (b) Jobs Florida The Office shall require that an applicant:
 - 1. Be a defense-related business that could be adversely affected by federal base realignment or closure or reduced defense expenditures.
- 2. Agree to match at least 50 percent of any funds awarded by the department in cash or in-kind services. Such match shall be directly related to activities for which the funds are being sought.
- 3. Prepare a coordinated program or plan delineating how the funds will be administered.

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- 4. Provide documentation describing how defense-related realignment or closure will adversely impact defense-related companies.
- (6) The Retention of Military Installations Program is created. The commissioner of Jobs Florida Director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall coordinate and implement this program. The sum of \$1.2 million is appropriated from the General Revenue Fund for fiscal year 1999-2000 to the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to implement this program for military installations located in counties with a population greater than 824,000. The funds shall be used to assist military installations potentially affected by federal base closure or realignment in covering current operating costs in an effort to retain the installation in this state. An eligible military installation for this program shall include a provider of simulation solutions for war fighting experimentation, testing, and training which employs at least 500 civilian and military employees and has been operating in the state for a period of more than 10 years.
 - (7) The <u>commissioner of Jobs Florida</u> director may award nonfederal matching funds specifically appropriated for construction, maintenance, and analysis of a Florida defense workforce database. Such funds will be used to create a registry of worker skills that can be used to match the worker needs of companies that are relocating to this state or to assist workers in relocating to other areas within this state where similar or related employment is available.
 - (9) <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall establish guidelines to implement and carry

12732 out the purpose and intent of this section.

Section 233. Paragraphs (a), (e), and (f) of subsection (2) of section 288.984, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.984 Florida Council on Military Base and Mission Support.—The Florida Council on Military Base and Mission Support is established. The council shall provide oversight and direction for initiatives, claims, and actions taken on behalf of the state, its agencies, and political subdivisions under this part.

- (2) MEMBERSHIP.-
- (a) The council shall be composed of nine members. The President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the Governor shall each appoint three members as follows:
- 1. The President of the Senate shall appoint one member of the Senate, one community representative from a community-based defense support organization, and one member who is a retired military general or flag-rank officer residing in this state or an executive officer of a defense contracting firm doing significant business in this state.
- 2. The Speaker of the House of Representatives shall appoint one member of the House of Representatives, one community representative from a community-based defense support organization, and one member who is a retired military general or flag-rank officer residing in this state or an executive officer of a defense contracting firm doing significant business in this state.
- 3. The Governor shall appoint the <u>commissioner of Jobs</u>
 Florida or the commissioner's designee <u>director or designee of</u>

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the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, the vice 12762 chairperson or designee of Enterprise Florida, Inc., and one at-12763 large member.

- (e) Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall provide administrative support to the council.
- (f) The Secretary of Community Affairs or his or her designee, the Secretary of Environmental Protection or his or her designee, the Secretary of Transportation or his or her designee, the Adjutant General of the state or his or her designee, and the executive director of the Department of Veterans' Affairs or his or her designee shall attend meetings held by the council and provide assistance, information, and support as requested by the council.

Section 234. Subsection (5) of section 288.9913, Florida Statutes, is amended, and present subsections (6) through (10) of that section are renumbered as subsections (5) through (9) of that section, to read:

288.9913 Definitions.—As used in ss. 288.991-288.9922, the term:

(5) "Office" means the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.

Section 235. Subsections (1), (2), and (3), and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (4), and subsection (6) of section 288.9914, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

288.9914 Certification of qualified investments; investment issuance reporting.-

- (1) ELIGIBLE INDUSTRIES.—
- (a) Jobs Florida The office, in consultation with Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall designate industries using the

North American Industry Classification System which are eligible to receive low-income community investments. The designated industries must be those industries that have the greatest potential to create strong positive impacts on or benefits to the state, regional, and local economies.

- (b) A qualified community development entity may not make a qualified low-income community investment in a business unless the principal activities of the business are within an eligible industry. Jobs Florida the Office may waive this limitation if the office determines that the investment will have a positive impact on a community.
- (2) APPLICATION.—A qualified community development entity must submit an application to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office to approve a proposed investment as a qualified investment. The application must include:
- (a) The name, address, and tax identification number of the qualified community development entity.
- (b) Proof of certification as a qualified community development entity under 26 U.S.C. s. 45D.
- (c) A copy of an allocation agreement executed by the entity, or its controlling entity, and the Community Development Financial Institutions Fund, which authorizes the entity to serve businesses in this state.
- (d) A verified statement by the chief executive officer of the entity that the allocation agreement remains in effect.
- (e) A description of the proposed amount, structure, and purchaser of an equity investment or long-term debt security.
- (f) The name and tax identification number of any person authorized to claim a tax credit earned as a result of the

purchase of the proposed qualified investment.

- (g) A detailed explanation of the proposed use of the proceeds from a proposed qualified investment.
- (h) A nonrefundable application fee of \$1,000, payable to Jobs Florida the office.
- (i) A statement that the entity will invest only in the industries designated by Jobs Florida the office.
- (j) The entity's plans for the development of relationships with community-based organizations, local community development offices and organizations, and economic development organizations. The entity must also explain steps it has taken to implement its plans to develop these relationships.
- (k) A statement that the entity will not invest in a qualified active low-income community business unless the business will create or retain jobs that pay an average wage of at least 115 percent of the federal poverty income guidelines for a family of four.
 - (3) REVIEW.-
- (a) Jobs Florida The office shall review applications to approve an investment as a qualified investment in the order received. The office shall approve or deny an application within 30 days after receipt.
- (b) If Jobs Florida the office intends to deny the application, the office shall inform the applicant of the basis of the proposed denial. The applicant shall have 15 days after it receives the notice of the intent to deny the application to submit a revised application to Jobs Florida the office. Jobs Florida the office shall issue a final order approving or denying the revised application within 30 days after receipt.

(c) Jobs Florida The office may not approve a cumulative amount of qualified investments that may result in the claim of more than \$97.5 million in tax credits during the existence of the program or more than \$20 million in tax credits in a single state fiscal year. However, the potential for a taxpayer to carry forward an unused tax credit may not be considered in calculating the annual limit.

(4) APPROVAL.-

- (a) Jobs Florida The office shall provide a copy of the final order approving an investment as a qualified investment to the qualified community development entity and to the department. The notice shall include the identity of the taxpayers who are eligible to claim the tax credits and the amount that may be claimed by each taxpayer.
- (b) <u>Jobs Florida</u> The office shall approve an application for part of the amount of the proposed investment if the amount of tax credits available is insufficient.
- (6) REPORT OF ISSUANCE OF A QUALIFIED INVESTMENT.—The qualified community development entity must provide <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office with evidence of the receipt of the cash in exchange for the qualified investment within 30 business days after receipt.

Section 236. Subsection (2) of section 288.9916, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.9916 New markets tax credit.-

- (2) A tax credit earned under this section may not be sold or transferred, except as provided in this subsection.
- (a) A partner, member, or shareholder of a partnership, limited liability company, S-corporation, or other "pass-

through" entity may claim the tax credit pursuant to an agreement among the partners, members, or shareholders. Any change in the allocation of a tax credit under the agreement must be reported to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office and to the department.

(b) Eligibility to claim a tax credit transfers to subsequent purchasers of a qualified investment. Such transfers must be reported to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office and to the department along with the identity, tax identification number, and tax credit amount allocated to a taxpayer pursuant to paragraph (a). The notice of transfer also must state whether unused tax credits are being transferred and the amount of unused tax credits being transferred.

Section 237. Section 288.9917, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.9917 Community development entity reporting after a credit allowance date; certification of tax credit amount.—

- (1) A qualified community development entity that has issued a qualified investment shall submit the following to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office within 30 days after each credit allowance date:
- (a) A list of all qualified active low-income community businesses in which a qualified low-income community investment was made since the last credit allowance date. The list shall also describe the type and amount of investment in each business and the address of the principal location of each business. The list must be verified by the chief executive officer of the community development entity.
 - (b) Bank records, wire transfer records, or similar

documents that provide evidence of the qualified low-income community investments made since the last credit allowance date.

- (c) A verified statement by the chief financial or accounting officer of the community development entity that no redemption or principal repayment was made with respect to the qualified investment since the previous credit allowance date.
- (d) Information relating to the recapture of the federal new markets tax credit since the last credit allowance date.
- (2) Jobs Florida The office shall certify in writing to the qualified community development entity and to the department the amount of the tax credit authorized for each taxpayer eligible to claim the tax credit in the tax year containing the last credit allowance date.

Section 238. Section 288.9918, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.9918 Annual reporting by a community development entity.—A community development entity that has issued a qualified investment shall submit an annual report to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office by April 30 after the end of each year which includes a credit allowance date. The report shall include:

- (1) The entity's annual financial statements for the preceding tax year, audited by an independent certified public accountant.
- (2) The identity of the types of industries, identified by the North American Industry Classification System Code, in which qualified low-income community investments were made.
- (3) The names of the counties in which the qualified active low-income businesses are located which received qualified low-income community investments.

- (4) The number of jobs created and retained by qualified active low-income community businesses receiving qualified low-income community investments, including verification that the average wages paid meet or exceed 115 percent of the federal poverty income guidelines for a family of four.
- (5) A description of the relationships that the entity has established with community-based organizations and local community development offices and organizations and a summary of the outcomes resulting from those relationships.
- (6) Other information and documentation required by <u>Jobs</u>
 <u>Florida</u> the office to verify continued certification as a
 qualified community development entity under 26 U.S.C. s. 45D.

Section 239. Section 288.9919, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.9919 Audits and examinations; penalties.-

- (1) AUDITS.—A community development entity that issues an investment approved by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office as a qualified investment shall be deemed a recipient of state financial assistance under s. 215.97, the Florida Single Audit Act. However, an entity that makes a qualified investment or receives a qualified low-income community investment is not a subrecipient for the purposes of s. 215.97.
- (2) EXAMINATIONS.—Jobs Florida the office may conduct examinations to verify compliance with the New Markets Development Program Act.

Section 240. Section 288.9920, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.9920 Recapture and penalties.-

(1) Notwithstanding s. 95.091, Jobs Florida the office

shall direct the department, at any time before December 31, 2022, to recapture all or a portion of a tax credit authorized pursuant to the New Markets Development Program Act if one or more of the following occur:

- (a) The Federal Government recaptures any portion of the federal new markets tax credit. The recapture by the department shall equal the recapture by the Federal Government.
- (b) The qualified community development entity redeems or makes a principal repayment on a qualified investment before the final allowance date. The recapture by the department shall equal the redemption or principal repayment divided by the purchase price and multiplied by the tax credit authorized to a taxpayer for the qualified investment.
- (c)1. The qualified community development entity fails to invest at least 85 percent of the purchase price in qualified low-income community investments within 12 months after the issuance of a qualified investment; or
- 2. The qualified community development entity fails to maintain 85 percent of the purchase price in qualified low-income community investments until the last credit allowance date for a qualified investment.

For the purposes of this paragraph, an investment by a qualified community development entity includes principal recovered from an investment for 12 months after its recovery or principal recovered after the sixth credit allowance date. Principal held for longer than 12 months or recovered before the sixth credit allowance date is not an investment unless it is reinvested in a qualified low-income community investment.

- (d) The qualified community development entity fails to provide <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office with information, reports, or documentation required by the New Markets Development Program Act.
- (e) Jobs Florida The office determines that a taxpayer received tax credits to which the taxpayer was not entitled.
- (2) Jobs Florida The office shall provide notice to the qualified community development entity and the department of a proposed recapture of a tax credit. The entity shall have 6 months following the receipt of the notice to cure a deficiency identified in the notice and avoid recapture. Jobs Florida the office shall issue a final order of recapture if the entity fails to cure a deficiency within the 6-month period. The final order of recapture shall be provided to the entity, the department, and a taxpayer otherwise authorized to claim the tax credit. Only one correction is permitted for each qualified equity investment during the 7-year credit period. Recaptured funds shall be deposited into the General Revenue Fund.
- (3) An entity that submits fraudulent information to <u>Jobs</u>

 <u>Florida</u> the office is liable for the costs associated with the investigation and prosecution of the fraudulent claim plus a penalty in an amount equal to double the tax credits claimed by investors in the entity's qualified investments. This penalty is in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed by law.

Section 241. Section 288.9921, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

288.9921 Rulemaking.—Jobs Florida the Office and the Department of Revenue may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer ss. 288.991-288.9920.

Section 242. Subsection (5) of section 290.004, Florida Statutes, is amended, and present subsections (6) and (7) of that subsection are renumbered as subsections (5) and (6), respectively, to read:

290.004 Definitions relating to Florida Enterprise Zone Act.—As used in ss. 290.001-290.016:

(5) "Office" means The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.

Section 243. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (6) of section 290.0055, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

290.0055 Local nominating procedure.-

- (1) If, pursuant to s. 290.0065, an opportunity exists for designation of a new enterprise zone, any county or municipality, or a county and one or more municipalities together, may apply to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office for the designation of an area as an enterprise zone after completion of the following:
- (a) The adoption by the governing body or bodies of a resolution which:
- 1. Finds that an area exists in such county or municipality, or in both the county and one or more municipalities, which chronically exhibits extreme and unacceptable levels of poverty, unemployment, physical deterioration, and economic disinvestment;
- 2. Determines that the rehabilitation, conservation, or redevelopment, or a combination thereof, of such area is necessary in the interest of the public health, safety, and welfare of the residents of such county or municipality, or such

county and one or more municipalities; and

- 3. Determines that the revitalization of such area can occur only if the private sector can be induced to invest its own resources in productive enterprises that build or rebuild the economic viability of the area.
- (b) The creation of an enterprise zone development agency pursuant to s. 290.0056.
- (c) The creation and adoption of a strategic plan pursuant to s. 290.0057.
- (6)(a) Jobs Florida The office may approve a change in the boundary of any enterprise zone which was designated pursuant to s. 290.0065. A boundary change must continue to satisfy the requirements of subsections (3), (4), and (5).
- (b) Upon a recommendation by the enterprise zone development agency, the governing body of the jurisdiction which authorized the application for an enterprise zone may apply to Jobs Florida the Office for a change in boundary once every 3 years by adopting a resolution that:
- 1. States with particularity the reasons for the change; and
- 2. Describes specifically and, to the extent required by Jobs Florida the office, the boundary change to be made.
- Section 244. Subsections (11) and (12) of section 290.0056, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
 - 290.0056 Enterprise zone development agency.-
- (11) Prior to December 1 of each year, the agency shall submit to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and <u>Economic Development</u> a complete and detailed written report setting forth:

- (a) Its operations and accomplishments during the fiscal year.
- (b) The accomplishments and progress concerning the implementation of the strategic plan or measurable goals, and any updates to the strategic plan or measurable goals.
- (c) The number and type of businesses assisted by the agency during the fiscal year.
- (d) The number of jobs created within the enterprise zone during the fiscal year.
- (e) The usage and revenue impact of state and local incentives granted during the calendar year.
- (f) Any other information required by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office.
- (12) In the event that the nominated area selected by the governing body is not designated a state enterprise zone, the governing body may dissolve the agency after receiving notification from <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office that the area was not designated as an enterprise zone.

Section 245. Subsections (2) and (4), paragraph (a) of subsection (6), and subsection (7) of section 290.0065, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

290.0065 State designation of enterprise zones.-

(2) If, pursuant to subsection (4), <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office does not redesignate an enterprise zone, a governing body of a county or municipality or the governing bodies of a county and one or more municipalities jointly, pursuant to s. 290.0055, may apply for designation of an enterprise zone to take the place of the enterprise zone not redesignated and request designation of an enterprise zone. <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office, in consultation

with Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall determine which areas nominated by such governing bodies meet the criteria outlined in s. 290.0055 and are the most appropriate for designation as state enterprise zones. Each application made pursuant to s. 290.0055 shall be ranked competitively based on the pervasive poverty, unemployment, and general distress of the area; the strategic plan, including local fiscal and regulatory incentives, prepared pursuant to s. 290.0057; and the prospects for new investment and economic development in the area. Pervasive poverty, unemployment, and general distress shall be weighted 35 percent; strategic plan and local fiscal and regulatory incentives shall be weighted 40 percent; and prospects for new investment and economic development in the area shall be weighted 25 percent.

- (4)(a) Notwithstanding s. 290.0055, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office may redesignate any state enterprise zone having an effective date on or before January 1, 2005, as a state enterprise zone upon completion and submittal to the office by the governing body for an enterprise zone of the following:
- 1. An updated zone profile for the enterprise zone based on the most recent census data that complies with s. 290.0055, except that pervasive poverty criteria may be set aside for rural enterprise zones.
- 2. A resolution passed by the governing body for that enterprise zone requesting redesignation and explaining the reasons the conditions of the zone merit redesignation.
- 3. Measurable goals for the enterprise zone developed by the enterprise zone development agency, which may be the goals established in the enterprise zone's strategic plan.

 The governing body may also submit a request for a boundary change in an enterprise zone in the same application to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office as long as the new area complies with the requirements of s. 290.0055, except that pervasive poverty criteria may be set aside for rural enterprise zones.

(b) In consultation with Enterprise Florida, Inc., <u>Jobs</u>

13145 <u>Florida</u> the office shall, based on the enterprise zone profile

13146 and the grounds for redesignation expressed in the resolution,

determine whether the enterprise zone merits redesignation. <u>Jobs</u> Florida the office may also examine and consider the following:

1. Progress made, if any, in the enterprise zone's strategic plan.

2. Use of enterprise zone incentives during the life of the enterprise zone.

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13154 If <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office determines that the enterprise zone
13155 merits redesignation, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office shall notify the
13156 governing body in writing of its approval of redesignation.

(c) If the enterprise zone is redesignated, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office shall determine if the measurable goals submitted are reasonable. If <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office determines that the goals are reasonable, <u>it</u> the office shall notify the governing body in

writing that the goals have been approved.

(d) If Jobs Florida the office denies redesignation of an

enterprise zone, <u>it</u> the Office shall notify the governing body in writing of the denial. Any county or municipality having jurisdiction over an area denied redesignation as a state

enterprise zone pursuant to this subsection may not apply for $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right)$

 designation of that area for 1 year following the date of denial.

- (6)(a) Jobs Florida the office, in consultation with Enterprise Florida, Inc., may develop guidelines necessary for the approval of areas under this section by the director.
- (7) Upon approval by the <u>commissioner of Jobs Florida</u> director of a resolution authorizing an area to be an enterprise zone pursuant to this section, <u>Jobs Florida the office</u> shall assign a unique identifying number to that resolution. <u>Jobs Florida the office</u> shall provide the Department of Revenue and Enterprise Florida, Inc., with a copy of each resolution approved, together with its identifying number.

Section 246. Subsection (1) of section 290.0066, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

290.0066 Revocation of enterprise zone designation.-

- (1) The <u>commissioner of Jobs Florida</u> <u>director</u> may revoke the designation of an enterprise zone if the <u>commissioner</u> <u>director</u> determines that the governing body or bodies:
- (a) Have failed to make progress in achieving the benchmarks set forth in the strategic plan or measurable goals; or
- (b) Have not complied substantially with the strategic plan or measurable goals.

Section 247. Section 290.00710, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

290.00710 Enterprise zone designation for the City of Lakeland.—The City of Lakeland may apply to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development for designation of one enterprise zone for an area within the City

of Lakeland, which zone shall encompass an area up to 10 square miles. The application must be submitted by December 31, 2005, and must comply with the requirements of s. 290.0055.

Notwithstanding s. 290.0065, limiting the total number of enterprise zones designated and the number of enterprise zones within a population category, Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may designate one enterprise zone under this section. Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall establish the initial effective date of the enterprise zone designated pursuant to this section.

Section 248. Section 290.0072, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

290.0072 Enterprise zone designation for the City of Winter Haven.—The City of Winter Haven may apply to Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development for designation of one enterprise zone for an area within the City of Winter Haven, which zone shall encompass an area up to 5 square miles. Notwithstanding s. 290.0065 limiting the total number of enterprise zones designated and the number of enterprise zones within a population category, Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may designate one enterprise zone under this section. Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall establish the initial effective date of the enterprise zone designated pursuant to this section.

Section 249. Section 290.00725, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

290.00725 Enterprise zone designation for the City of

Ocala.—The City of Ocala may apply to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development for designation of one enterprise zone for an area within the western portion of the city, which zone shall encompass an area up to 5 square miles. The application must be submitted by December 31, 2009, and must comply with the requirements of s. 290.0055. Notwithstanding s. 290.0065 limiting the total number of enterprise zones designated and the number of enterprise zones within a population category, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may designate one enterprise zone under this section. <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall establish the initial effective date of the enterprise zone designated under this section.

Section 250. Section 290.0073, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

290.0073 Enterprise zone designation for Indian River
County, the City of Vero Beach, and the City of Sebastian.—
Indian River County, the City of Vero Beach, and the City of
Sebastian may jointly apply to Jobs Florida the Office of
Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development for designation of one
enterprise zone encompassing an area not to exceed 10 square
miles. The application must be submitted by December 31, 2005,
and must comply with the requirements of s. 290.0055.

Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 290.0065 limiting the total
number of enterprise zones designated and the number of
enterprise zones within a population category, Jobs Florida the
Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may designate
one enterprise zone under this section. Jobs Florida The Office
of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall establish the

initial effective date of the enterprise zone designated pursuant to this section.

Section 251. Section 290.0074, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

290.0074 Enterprise zone designation for Sumter County.—
Sumter County may apply to Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism,
Trade, and Economic Development for designation of one
enterprise zone encompassing an area not to exceed 10 square
miles. The application must be submitted by December 31, 2005.
Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 290.0065 limiting the total
number of enterprise zones designated and the number of
enterprise zones within a population category, Jobs Florida the
Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may designate
one enterprise zone under this section. Jobs Florida The Office
of Tourism, Trade and Economic Development shall establish the
initial effective date of the enterprise zone designated
pursuant to this section.

Section 252. Section 290.0077, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

290.0077 Enterprise zone designation for Orange County and the municipality of Apopka.—Orange County and the municipality of Apopka may jointly apply to Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development for designation of one enterprise zone. The application must be submitted by December 31, 2005, and must comply with the requirements of s. 290.0055. Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 290.0065 limiting the total number of enterprise zones designated and the number of enterprise zones within a population category, Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may designate

one enterprise zone under this section. <u>Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism</u>, <u>Trade</u>, and <u>Economic Development</u> shall establish the initial effective date of the enterprise zone designated pursuant to this section.

Section 253. Section 290.014, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

290.014 Annual reports on enterprise zones.-

- (1) By February 1 of each year, the Department of Revenue shall submit an annual report to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development detailing the usage and revenue impact by county of the state incentives listed in s. 290.007.
- (2) By March 1 of each year, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the office shall submit an annual report to the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate. The report shall include the information provided by the Department of Revenue pursuant to subsection (1) and the information provided by enterprise zone development agencies pursuant to s. 290.0056. In addition, the report shall include an analysis of the activities and accomplishments of each enterprise zone.

Section 254. Subsections (3), (5), (8), (9), (10), and (11) of section 311.09, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 311.09 Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development Council.—
- (3) The council shall prepare a 5-year Florida Seaport Mission Plan defining the goals and objectives of the council concerning the development of port facilities and an intermodal transportation system consistent with the goals of the Florida Transportation Plan developed pursuant to s. 339.155. The

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Florida Seaport Mission Plan shall include specific recommendations for the construction of transportation facilities connecting any port to another transportation mode and for the efficient, cost-effective development of transportation facilities or port facilities for the purpose of enhancing international trade, promoting cargo flow, increasing cruise passenger movements, increasing port revenues, and providing economic benefits to the state. The council shall update the 5-year Florida Seaport Mission Plan annually and shall submit the plan no later than February 1 of each year to the President of the Senate, \div the Speaker of the House of Representatives, + Jobs Florida, the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development; and the Department of Transportation; and the Department of Community Affairs. The council shall develop programs, based on an examination of existing programs in Florida and other states, for the training of minorities and secondary school students in job skills associated with employment opportunities in the maritime industry, and report on progress and recommendations for further action to the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives annually.

(5) The council shall review and approve or disapprove each project eligible to be funded pursuant to the Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development Program. The council shall annually submit to the Secretary of Transportation and; the commissioner of Jobs Florida director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development; and the Secretary of Community Affairs a list of projects which have been approved by the council. The list shall specify the recommended funding

level for each project; and, if staged implementation of the project is appropriate, the funding requirements for each stage shall be specified.

- Development, in consultation with Enterprise Florida, Inc., shall review the list of projects approved by the council to evaluate the economic benefit of the project and to determine whether the project is consistent with the Florida Seaport Mission Plan. Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall review the economic benefits of each project based upon the rules adopted pursuant to subsection (4). Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall identify those projects which it has determined do not offer an economic benefit to the state or are not consistent with the Florida Seaport Mission Plan and shall notify the council of its findings.
- (9) The council shall review the findings of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the <u>Department of Community Affairs; the Office of Tourism</u>,

 Trade, and Economic Development; and the Department of

 Transportation. Projects found to be inconsistent pursuant to subsections (6), (7), and (8) and projects which have been determined not to offer an economic benefit to the state pursuant to subsection (8) shall not be included in the list of projects to be funded.
- (10) The Department of Transportation shall include in its annual legislative budget request a Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development grant program for expenditure of funds of not less than \$8 million per year. Such budget shall include funding for projects approved by the

council which have been determined by each agency to be 13370 13371 consistent and which have been determined by Jobs Florida the 13372 Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development to be 13373 economically beneficial. The department shall include the 13374 specific approved seaport projects to be funded under this section during the ensuing fiscal year in the tentative work 13375 13376 program developed pursuant to s. 339.135(4). The total amount of 13377 funding to be allocated to seaport projects under s. 311.07 13378 during the successive 4 fiscal years shall also be included in 13379 the tentative work program developed pursuant to s. 339.135(4). 13380 The council may submit to the department a list of approved 13381 projects that could be made production-ready within the next 2 years. The list shall be submitted by the department as part of 13382 13383 the needs and project list prepared pursuant to s. 13384 339.135(2)(b). However, the department shall, upon written request of the Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic 13385 13386 Development Council, submit work program amendments pursuant to 13387 s. 339.135(7) to the Governor within 10 days after the later of 13388 the date the request is received by the department or the effective date of the amendment, termination, or closure of the 13389 13390 applicable funding agreement between the department and the 13391 affected seaport, as required to release the funds from the 13392 existing commitment. Notwithstanding s. 339.135(7)(c), any work 13393 program amendment to transfer prior year funds from one approved 13394 seaport project to another seaport project is subject to the procedures in s. 339.135(7)(d). Notwithstanding any provision of 13395 13396 law to the contrary, the department may transfer unexpended 13397 budget between the seaport projects as identified in the 13398 approved work program amendments.

(11) The council shall meet at the call of its chairperson, at the request of a majority of its membership, or at such times as may be prescribed in its bylaws. However, the council must meet at least semiannually. A majority of voting members of the council constitutes a quorum for the purpose of transacting the business of the council. All members of the council are voting members. A vote of the majority of the voting members present is sufficient for any action of the council, except that a member representing the Department of Transportation, the Department of Community Affairs, or Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development may vote to overrule any action of the council approving a project pursuant to subsection (5). The bylaws of the council may require a greater vote for a particular action.

Section 255. Section 311.11, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 311.11 Seaport Employment Training Grant Program. -
- (1) Jobs Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, in cooperation with the Florida Seaport Transportation and Economic Development Council, shall establish a Seaport Employment Training Grant Program within Jobs Florida the Office. Jobs Florida the office shall grant funds appropriated by the Legislature to the program for the purpose of stimulating and supporting seaport training and employment programs which will seek to match state and local training programs with identified job skills associated with employment opportunities in the port, maritime, and transportation industries, and for the purpose of providing such other training, educational, and information services as required to

stimulate jobs in the described industries. Funds may be used for the purchase of equipment to be used for training purposes, hiring instructors, and any other purpose associated with the training program. The office's contribution of Jobs Florida to any specific training program may not exceed 50 percent of the total cost of the program. Matching contributions may include services in kind, including, but not limited to, training instructors, equipment usage, and training facilities.

(2) Jobs Florida The Office shall adopt criteria to implement this section.

Section 256. Paragraphs (i) and (l) of subsection (1) of section 311.115, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 311.115 Seaport Security Standards Advisory Council.—The Seaport Security Standards Advisory Council is created under the Office of Drug Control. The council shall serve as an advisory council as provided in s. 20.03(7).
- (1) The members of the council shall be appointed by the Governor and consist of the following:
- (i) One <u>representative of Jobs Florida</u> member from the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development.
- (1) The Director of the $\underline{\text{Office}}$ $\underline{\text{Division}}$ of Emergency Management, or his or her designee.

Section 257. Subsection (2) of section 311.22, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 311.22 Additional authorization for funding certain dredging projects.—
- (2) The council shall adopt rules for evaluating the projects that may be funded pursuant to this section. The rules must provide criteria for evaluating the economic benefit of the

project. The rules must include the creation of an administrative review process by the council which is similar to the process described in s. 311.09(5)-(12), and provide for a review by the Department of Community Affairs, the Department of Transportation, and Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development of all projects submitted for funding under this section.

Section 258. Subsections (2), (3), and (6), of section 331.3051, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

331.3051 Duties of Space Florida.—Space Florida shall:

- (2) Enter into agreement with <u>Jobs Florida</u>, the Department of Education, the Department of Transportation, Enterprise Florida, Inc., and Workforce Florida, Inc., for the purpose of implementing this act.
- (3) In cooperation with <u>Jobs Florida and</u> Enterprise Florida, Inc., develop a plan to retain, expand, attract, and create aerospace industry entities, public or private, which results in the creation of high-value-added businesses and jobs in this state.
- (6) Develop, in cooperation with <u>Jobs Florida and</u>
 Enterprise Florida, Inc., a plan to provide financing assistance to aerospace businesses. The plan may include the following activities:
- (a) Assembling, publishing, and disseminating information concerning financing opportunities and techniques for aerospace projects, programs, and activities; sources of public and private aerospace financing assistance; and sources of aerospace-related financing.
 - (b) Organizing, hosting, and participating in seminars and

other forums designed to disseminate information and technical assistance regarding aerospace-related financing.

- (c) Coordinating with programs and goals of the Department of Defense, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, the Export-Import Bank of the United States, the International Trade Administration of the United States Department of Commerce, the Foreign Credit Insurance Association, and other private and public programs and organizations, domestic and foreign.
- (d) Establishing a network of contacts among those domestic and foreign public and private organizations that provide information, technical assistance, and financial support to the aerospace industry.
- (e) Financing aerospace business development projects or initiatives using funds provided by the Legislature.

Section 259. Subsections (2), (4), and (5) of section 331.369, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 331.369 Space Industry Workforce Initiative.-
- (2) Workforce Florida, Inc., The Workforce Development
 Board of Enterprise Florida, Inc., or its successor entity,
 shall coordinate development of a Space Industry Workforce
 Initiative in partnership with Space Florida, public and private
 universities, community colleges, and other training providers
 approved by the board. The purpose of the initiative is to use
 or revise existing programs and to develop innovative new
 programs to address the workforce needs of the aerospace
 industry.
- (4) <u>Workforce Florida, Inc.,</u> The Workforce Development

 Board of Enterprise Florida, Inc., or its successor entity, with

the assistance of Space Florida, shall convene representatives from the aerospace industry to identify the priority training and education needs of the industry and to appoint a team to design programs to meet the priority needs.

(5) Workforce Florida, Inc., The Workforce Development
Board of Enterprise Florida, Inc., or its successor entity, as
part of its statutorily prescribed annual report to the
Legislature, shall provide recommendations for policies,
programs, and funding to enhance the workforce needs of the
aerospace industry.

Section 260. Paragraph (f) of subsection (4) and paragraph (g) of subsection (7) of section 339.135, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

339.135 Work program; legislative budget request; definitions; preparation, adoption, execution, and amendment.—

- (4) FUNDING AND DEVELOPING A TENTATIVE WORK PROGRAM.-
- (f) The central office shall submit a preliminary copy of the tentative work program to the Executive Office of the Governor, the legislative appropriations committees, the Florida Transportation Commission, and Jobs Florida the Department of Community Affairs at least 14 days prior to the convening of the regular legislative session. Prior to the statewide public hearing required by paragraph (g), Jobs Florida the Department of Community Affairs shall transmit to the Florida Transportation Commission a list of those projects and project phases contained in the tentative work program which are identified as being inconsistent with approved local government comprehensive plans. For urbanized areas of metropolitan planning organizations, the list may not contain any project or

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project phase that is scheduled in a transportation improvement program unless such inconsistency has been previously reported to the affected metropolitan planning organization.

- (7) AMENDMENT OF THE ADOPTED WORK PROGRAM.-
- (q) Notwithstanding the requirements in paragraphs (d) and (q) and ss. 216.177(2) and 216.351, the secretary may request the Executive Office of the Governor to amend the adopted work program when an emergency exists, as defined in s. 252.34(3), and the emergency relates to the repair or rehabilitation of any state transportation facility. The Executive Office of the Governor may approve the amendment to the adopted work program and amend that portion of the department's approved budget if a in the event that the delay incident to the notification requirements in paragraph (d) would be detrimental to the interests of the state. However, the department shall immediately notify the parties specified in paragraph (d) and shall provide such parties written justification for the emergency action within 7 days after of the approval by the Executive Office of the Governor of the amendment to the adopted work program and the department's budget. In no event may The adopted work program may not be amended under the provisions of this subsection without the certification by the comptroller of the department that there are sufficient funds available pursuant to the 36-month cash forecast and applicable statutes.

Section 261. Paragraph (h) of subsection (5) of section 377.711, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

377.711 Florida party to Southern States Energy Compact.—
The Southern States Energy Compact is enacted into law and
entered into by the state as a party, and is of full force and

effect between the state and any other states joining therein in accordance with the terms of the compact, which compact is substantially as follows:

- (5) POWERS.—The board shall have the power to:
- (h) Recommend such changes in, or amendments or additions to, the laws, codes, rules, regulations, administrative procedures and practices, or ordinances of the party states in any of the fields of its interest and competence as in its judgment may be appropriate. Any such recommendation shall be made through the appropriate state agency with due consideration of the desirability of uniformity and appropriate weight to any special circumstances that may justify variations to meet local conditions. Any such recommendation shall be made, in the case of Florida, through the Department of Commerce.

Section 262. Subsection (3) of section 377.712, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

377.712 Florida participation.-

(3) <u>Departments</u> The department, agencies, and officers of this state, and its subdivisions are authorized to cooperate with the board in the furtherance of any of its activities pursuant to the compact, provided such proposed activities have been made known to, and have the approval of, either the Governor or the Department of Health.

Section 263. Section 380.285, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

380.285 Lighthouses; study; preservation; funding.—The Department of Community Affairs and the Division of Historical Resources of the Department of State shall undertake a study of the lighthouses in the state. The study must determine the

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location, ownership, condition, and historical significance of all lighthouses in the state and ensure that all historically significant lighthouses are nominated for inclusion on the National Register of Historic Places. The study must assess the condition and restoration needs of historic lighthouses and develop plans for appropriate future public access and use. The Division of Historical Resources shall take a leadership role in implementing plans to stabilize lighthouses and associated structures and to preserve and protect them from future deterioration. When possible, the lighthouses and associated buildings should be made available to the public for educational and recreational purposes. The Department of State shall request in its annual legislative budget requests funding necessary to carry out the duties and responsibilities specified in this act. Funds for the rehabilitation of lighthouses should be allocated through matching grants-in-aid to state and local government agencies and to nonprofit organizations. The Department of Environmental Protection may assist the Division of Historical Resources in projects to accomplish the goals and activities described in this section.

Section 264. Subsection (6) of section 381.0086, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

381.0086 Rules; variances; penalties.-

(6) For the purposes of filing an interstate clearance order with <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation, if the housing is covered by 20 C.F.R. part 654, subpart E, no permanent structural variance referred to in subsection (2) is allowed.

Section 265. Subsection (3) of section 381.7354, Florida

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Statutes, is amended to read:

381.7354 Eligibility.-

(3) In addition to the grants awarded under subsections (1) and (2), up to 20 percent of the funding for the Reducing Racial and Ethnic Health Disparities: Closing the Gap grant program shall be dedicated to projects that address improving racial and ethnic health status within specific Front Porch Florida Communities, as designated pursuant to s. 20.18(6).

Section 266. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) and subsection (2) of section 383.14, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

383.14 Screening for metabolic disorders, other hereditary and congenital disorders, and environmental risk factors.—

(1) SCREENING REQUIREMENTS.-To help ensure access to the maternal and child health care system, the Department of Health shall promote the screening of all newborns born in Florida for metabolic, hereditary, and congenital disorders known to result in significant impairment of health or intellect, as screening programs accepted by current medical practice become available and practical in the judgment of the department. The department shall also promote the identification and screening of all newborns in this state and their families for environmental risk factors such as low income, poor education, maternal and family stress, emotional instability, substance abuse, and other highrisk conditions associated with increased risk of infant mortality and morbidity to provide early intervention, remediation, and prevention services, including, but not limited to, parent support and training programs, home visitation, and case management. Identification, perinatal screening, and intervention efforts shall begin prior to and immediately

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following the birth of the child by the attending health care provider. Such efforts shall be conducted in hospitals, perinatal centers, county health departments, school health programs that provide prenatal care, and birthing centers, and reported to the Office of Vital Statistics.

(b) Postnatal screening.-A risk factor analysis using the department's designated risk assessment instrument shall also be conducted as part of the medical screening process upon the birth of a child and submitted to the department's Office of Vital Statistics for recording and other purposes provided for in this chapter. The department's screening process for risk assessment shall include a scoring mechanism and procedures that establish thresholds for notification, further assessment, referral, and eligibility for services by professionals or paraprofessionals consistent with the level of risk. Procedures for developing and using the screening instrument, notification, referral, and care coordination services, reporting requirements, management information, and maintenance of a computer-driven registry in the Office of Vital Statistics which ensures privacy safeguards must be consistent with the provisions and plans established under chapter 411, Pub. L. No. 99-457, and this chapter. Procedures established for reporting information and maintaining a confidential registry must include a mechanism for a centralized information depository at the state and county levels. The department shall coordinate with existing risk assessment systems and information registries. The department must ensure, to the maximum extent possible, that the screening information registry is integrated with the department's automated data systems, including the Florida On-

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line Recipient Integrated Data Access (FLORIDA) system. Tests and screenings must be performed by the State Public Health Laboratory, in coordination with Children's Medical Services, at such times and in such manner as is prescribed by the department after consultation with the Genetics and Newborn Infant Screening Advisory Council and the Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation.

(2) RULES.—After consultation with the Genetics and Newborn Screening Advisory Council, the department shall adopt and enforce rules requiring that every newborn in this state shall, prior to becoming 1 week of age, be subjected to a test for phenylketonuria and, at the appropriate age, be tested for such other metabolic diseases and hereditary or congenital disorders as the department may deem necessary from time to time. After consultation with the Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation, the department shall also adopt and enforce rules requiring every newborn in this state to be screened for environmental risk factors that place children and their families at risk for increased morbidity, mortality, and other negative outcomes. The department shall adopt such additional rules as are found necessary for the administration of this section and s. 383.145, including rules providing definitions of terms, rules relating to the methods used and time or times for testing as accepted medical practice indicates, rules relating to charging and collecting fees for the administration of the newborn screening program authorized by this section, rules for processing requests and releasing test and screening results, and rules requiring mandatory reporting of the results of tests and screenings for these

13718 conditions to the department.

Section 267. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section 13720 402.281, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

402.281 Gold Seal Quality Care program.-

(3)

 (b) In approving accrediting associations, the department shall consult with the Department of Education, the Agency for Workforce Innovation, the Florida Head Start Directors

Association, the Florida Association of Child Care Management, the Florida Family Day Care Association, the Florida Children's Forum, the Early Childhood Association of Florida, the Child Development Education Alliance, providers receiving exemptions under s. 402.316, and parents.

Section 268. Subsection (6) of section 402.45, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

402.45 Community resource mother or father program.-

(6) Individuals under contract to provide community resource mother or father services shall participate in preservice and ongoing training as determined by the Department of Health in consultation with the <u>Department of Education</u>

Agency for Workforce Innovation. A community resource mother or father shall not be assigned a client caseload until all preservice training requirements are completed.

Section 269. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 402.56, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

402.56 Children's cabinet; organization; responsibilities; annual report.—

(4) MEMBERS.—The cabinet shall consist of 15 members including the Governor and the following persons:

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- 13747 (a)1. The Secretary of Children and Family Services;
- 13748 2. The Secretary of Juvenile Justice;
- 3. The director of the Agency for Persons with Disabilities;
 - 4. The director of the Agency for Workforce Innovation;
 - 4.5. The State Surgeon General;
 - 5.6. The Secretary of Health Care Administration;
 - 6.7. The Commissioner of Education;
 - 7.8. The director of the Statewide Guardian Ad Litem Office;
 - 8.9. The director of the Office of Child Abuse Prevention; and
 - 9.10. Five members representing children and youth advocacy organizations, who are not service providers and who are appointed by the Governor.
 - Section 270. Paragraph (m) of subsection (5) of section 403.7032, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 403.7032 Recycling.-
 - (5) The Department of Environmental Protection shall create the Recycling Business Assistance Center by December 1, 2010. In carrying out its duties under this subsection, the department shall consult with state agency personnel appointed to serve as economic development liaisons under s. 288.021 and seek technical assistance from Enterprise Florida, Inc., to ensure the Recycling Business Assistance Center is positioned to succeed. The purpose of the center shall be to serve as the mechanism for coordination among state agencies and the private sector in order to coordinate policy and overall strategic planning for developing new markets and expanding and enhancing

existing markets for recyclable materials in this state, other states, and foreign countries. The duties of the center must include, at a minimum:

(m) Coordinating with <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation and its partners to provide job placement and job training services to job seekers through the state's workforce services programs.

Section 271. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 409.017, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.017 Revenue Maximization Act; legislative intent; revenue maximization program.—

- (3) REVENUE MAXIMIZATION PROGRAM.—
- (a) For purposes of this section, the term "agency" means any state agency or department that is involved in providing health, social, or human services, including, but not limited to, the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Agency for Workforce Innovation, the Department of Children and Family Services, the Department of Elderly Affairs, the Department of Juvenile Justice, the Department of Education, and the State Board of Education.

Section 272. Paragraph (c) of subsection (7) of section 409.1451, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 409.1451 Independent living transition services.-
- (7) INDEPENDENT LIVING SERVICES ADVISORY COUNCIL.—The Secretary of Children and Family Services shall establish the Independent Living Services Advisory Council for the purpose of reviewing and making recommendations concerning the implementation and operation of the independent living transition services. This advisory council shall continue to

function as specified in this subsection until the Legislature determines that the advisory council can no longer provide a valuable contribution to the department's efforts to achieve the goals of the independent living transition services.

(c) Members of the advisory council shall be appointed by the secretary of the department. The membership of the advisory council must include, at a minimum, representatives from the headquarters and district offices of the Department of Children and Family Services, community-based care lead agencies, the Agency for Workforce Innovation, the Department of Education, the Agency for Health Care Administration, the State Youth Advisory Board, Workforce Florida, Inc., the Statewide Guardian Ad Litem Office, foster parents, recipients of Road-to-Independence Program funding, and advocates for foster children. The secretary shall determine the length of the term to be served by each member appointed to the advisory council, which may not exceed 4 years.

Section 273. Paragraph (s) of subsection (24) of section 380.06, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 380.06 Developments of regional impact.
- (24) STATUTORY EXEMPTIONS.-
- (s) Any development in a <u>detailed</u> specific area plan which is prepared <u>and adopted</u> pursuant to s. 163.3245 and adopted into the comprehensive plan is exempt from this section.

If a use is exempt from review as a development of regional impact under paragraphs (a)-(s), but will be part of a larger project that is subject to review as a development of regional impact, the impact of the exempt use must be included in the

review of the larger project, unless such exempt use involves a development of regional impact that includes a landowner, tenant, or user that has entered into a funding agreement with the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development under the Innovation Incentive Program and the agreement contemplates a state award of at least \$50 million.

Section 274. Subsection (3) of section 380.115, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

380.115 Vested rights and duties; effect of size reduction, changes in guidelines and standards.—

(3) A landowner that has filed an application for a development-of-regional-impact review prior to the adoption of \underline{a} an optional sector plan pursuant to s. 163.3245 may elect to have the application reviewed pursuant to s. 380.06, comprehensive plan provisions in force prior to adoption of the sector plan, and any requested comprehensive plan amendments that accompany the application.

Section 275. Subsection (1), paragraph (b) of subsection (3), and subsection (8) of section 409.2576, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

409.2576 State Directory of New Hires.-

(1) DIRECTORY CREATED.—The State Directory of New Hires is hereby created and shall be administered by the Department of Revenue or its agent. The Department of Labor and Employment Security will act as the agent until a date not later than October 1, 1998. All employers in the state shall furnish a report consistent with subsection (3) for each newly hired or rehired employee unless the employee is employed by a federal or state agency performing intelligence or counterintelligence

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functions and the head of such agency has determined that reporting pursuant to this section could endanger the safety of the employee or compromise an ongoing investigation or intelligence mission.

- (3) EMPLOYERS TO FURNISH REPORTS.-
- (b) Upon termination of the contract with the Department of Labor and Employment Security, but not later than October 1, 1998, all employers shall furnish a report to the State Directory of New Hires of the state in which the newly hired or 13872 rehired employee works. The report required in this section 13873 shall be made on a W-4 form or, at the option of the employer, 13874 an equivalent form, and can be transmitted magnetically, 13875 electronically, by first-class mail, or other methods which may 13876 be prescribed by the State Directory. Each report shall include 13877 the name, address, date of hire, and social security number of 13878 every new and rehired employee and the name, address, and 13879 federal employer identification number of the reporting 13880 employer. If available, the employer may also include the 13881 employee's date of birth in the report. Multistate employers 13882 that report new hire information electronically or magnetically may designate a single state to which it will transmit the above 13883 noted report, provided the employer has employees in that state 13884 13885 and the employer notifies the Secretary of Health and Human 13886 Services in writing to which state the information will be 13887 provided. Agencies of the United States Government shall report directly to the National Directory of New Hires. 13888
 - (8) PROVIDING INFORMATION TO NATIONAL DIRECTORY. Not later than October 1, 1997, the State Directory of New Hires must furnish information regarding newly hired or rehired employees

to the National Directory of New Hires for matching with the records of other state case registries within 3 business days of entering such information from the employer into the State Directory of New Hires. The State Directory of New Hires shall enter into an agreement with Jobs Florida or its tax collection service provider the Florida Department of Labor and Employment Security for the quarterly reporting to the National Directory of New Hires information on wages and unemployment compensation taken from the quarterly report to the Secretary of Labor, now required by Title III of the Social Security Act, except that no report shall be filed with respect to an employee of a state or local agency performing intelligence or counterintelligence functions, if the head of such agency has determined that filing such a report could endanger the safety of the employee or compromise an ongoing investigation or intelligence mission.

Section 276. Section 409.944, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

409.944 Inner City Redevelopment Assistance Grants Program.—There is created an Inner City Redevelopment Assistance Grants Program to be administered by Jobs Florida the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development. Jobs Florida The Office shall develop criteria for awarding these grants which give weighted consideration to urban high-crime areas as identified by the Florida Department of Law Enforcement. These criteria shall also be weighted to immediate creation of jobs for residents in the targeted areas.

Section 277. Section 409.946, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

409.946 Inner City Redevelopment Review Panel.—In order to

enhance public participation and involvement in the redevelopment of inner-city areas, there is created within <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development the Inner City Redevelopment Review Panel.

- (1) The review panel shall consist of \underline{six} seven members who represent different areas of the state, who are appointed by the $\underline{commissioner}$ of Jobs Florida Director of the Office of Tourism, \underline{Trade} , and Economic Development, and who are qualified, through the demonstration of special interest, experience, or education, in the redevelopment of the state's inner-city areas, as follows:
- (a) One member must be affiliated with the Black Business Investment Board;
- (b) One member must be affiliated with the Institute on Urban Policy and Commerce at Florida Agricultural and Mechanical University;
- (c) One member must be affiliated with <u>a local economic</u> development agency the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development;
- (d) One member must be the president of Enterprise Florida, Inc., or the president's designee;
- (e) One member must be the Secretary of Community Affairs or the secretary's designee;
- $\underline{\text{(e)}(f)}$ One member must be affiliated with the Better Jobs/Better Wages Council of Workforce Florida, Inc.; and
- $\underline{\text{(f)}}$ One member must be affiliated with the First Jobs/First Wages Council of Workforce Florida, Inc.
- (2) The importance of minority and gender representation must be considered when making appointments to the panel, and

 the geographic representation of panel members must also be considered.

- (3) Members of the review panel shall be appointed for 4-year terms. A person may not serve more than two consecutive terms on the panel.
- (4) Members shall elect a chairperson annually. A member may not be elected to consecutive terms as chairperson.
- (5) All action taken by the review panel shall be by majority vote of those present. The <u>commissioner of Jobs Florida</u> director of the Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic

 Development or the <u>commissioner's</u> director's designee shall serve without voting rights as secretary to the panel. <u>Jobs</u>

 Florida The Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development shall provide necessary staff assistance to the panel.
- (6) It is the responsibility of the panel to evaluate proposals for awards of inner-city redevelopment grants administered by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Office of Tourism, Trade, and <u>Economic Development</u>. The panel shall review and evaluate all proposals for grants and shall make recommendations, including a priority ranking, reflecting such evaluation.

Section 278. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2), subsection (4), paragraphs (a), (c), (d), (e), and (f) of subsection (5), paragraph (e) of subsection (7), subsection (8), and paragraphs (b), (c), (d), and (e) of subsection (9) of section 411.01, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 411.01 School readiness programs; early learning coalitions.—
 - (2) LEGISLATIVE INTENT.-
 - (d) It is the intent of the Legislature that the

administrative staff for school readiness programs be kept to the minimum necessary to administer the duties of the <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation and early learning coalitions. The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt system support services at the state level to build a comprehensive early learning system. Each early learning coalition shall implement and maintain direct enhancement services at the local level, as approved in its school readiness plan by the <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation, and ensure access to such services in all 67 counties.

- (4) <u>DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION</u> <u>AGENCY FOR WORKFORCE</u> <u>INNOVATION</u>.—
- (a) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce

 Innovation shall administer school readiness programs at the state level and shall coordinate with the early learning coalitions in providing school readiness services on a full-day, full-year, full-choice basis to the extent possible in order to enable parents to work and be financially self-sufficient.
- (b) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce <u>Innovation</u> shall:
- 1. Coordinate the birth-to-kindergarten services for children who are eligible under subsection (6) and the programmatic, administrative, and fiscal standards under this section for all public providers of school readiness programs.
- 2. Focus on improving the educational quality of all program providers participating in publicly funded school readiness programs.
 - (c) The Governor shall designate the Department of

Education Agency for Workforce Innovation as the lead agency for administration of the federal Child Care and Development Fund, 45 C.F.R. parts 98 and 99, and the <u>department</u> agency shall comply with the lead agency responsibilities under federal law.

- (d) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce <u>Innovation</u> shall:
- 1. Be responsible for the prudent use of all public and private funds in accordance with all legal and contractual requirements.
- 2. Provide final approval and every 2 years review early learning coalitions and school readiness plans.
- 3. Establish a unified approach to the state's efforts toward enhancement of school readiness. In support of this effort, the <u>Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> shall adopt specific system support services that address the state's school readiness programs. An early learning coalition shall amend its school readiness plan to conform to the specific system support services adopted by the <u>Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation</u>. System support services shall include, but are not limited to:
 - a. Child care resource and referral services;
 - b. Warm-Line services;
 - c. Eligibility determinations;
 - d. Child performance standards;
 - e. Child screening and assessment;
 - f. Developmentally appropriate curricula;
 - g. Health and safety requirements;
 - h. Statewide data system requirements; and
 - i. Rating and improvement systems.

- 4. Safeguard the effective use of federal, state, local, and private resources to achieve the highest possible level of school readiness for the children in this state.
- 5. Adopt a rule establishing criteria for the expenditure of funds designated for the purpose of funding activities to improve the quality of child care within the state in accordance with s. 658G of the federal Child Care and Development Block Grant Act.
- 6. Provide technical assistance to early learning coalitions in a manner determined by the <u>Department of Education</u>

 Agency for Workforce Innovation based upon information obtained by the <u>department agency</u> from various sources, including, but not limited to, public input, government reports, private interest group reports, <u>department agency</u> monitoring visits, and coalition requests for service.
- 7. In cooperation with the Department of Education and early learning coalitions, coordinate with the Child Care Services Program Office of the Department of Children and Family Services to minimize duplicating interagency activities, health and safety monitoring, and acquiring and composing data pertaining to child care training and credentialing.
- 8. Develop and adopt performance standards and outcome measures for school readiness programs. The performance standards must address the age-appropriate progress of children in the development of school readiness skills. The performance standards for children from birth to 5 years of age in school readiness programs must be integrated with the performance standards adopted by the Department of Education for children in the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program under s.

1002.67.

- 9. Adopt a standard contract that must be used by the coalitions when contracting with school readiness providers.
- (e) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation may adopt rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer the provisions of law conferring duties upon the <u>department agency</u>, including, but not limited to, rules governing the administration of system support services of school readiness programs, the collection of data, the approval of early learning coalitions and school readiness plans, the provision of a method whereby an early learning coalition may serve two or more counties, the award of incentives to early learning coalitions, child performance standards, child outcome measures, the issuance of waivers, and the implementation of the state's Child Care and Development Fund Plan as approved by the federal Administration for Children and Families.
- (f) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation shall have all powers necessary to administer this section, including, but not limited to, the power to receive and accept grants, loans, or advances of funds from any public or private agency and to receive and accept from any source contributions of money, property, labor, or any other thing of value, to be held, used, and applied for purposes of this section.
- (g) Except as provided by law, the <u>Department of Education</u>

 Agency for Workforce Innovation may not impose requirements on a child care or early childhood education provider that does not deliver services under the school readiness programs or receive state or federal funds under this section.

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- (h) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce

 Innovation shall have a budget for school readiness programs,
 which shall be financed through an annual appropriation made for
 purposes of this section in the General Appropriations Act.
- (i) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce

 Innovation shall coordinate the efforts toward school readiness in this state and provide independent policy analyses, data analyses, and recommendations to the Governor, the State Board of Education, and the Legislature.
- (j) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation shall require that school readiness programs, at a minimum, enhance the age-appropriate progress of each child in attaining the performance standards adopted under subparagraph (d)8. and in the development of the following school readiness skills:
 - 1. Compliance with rules, limitations, and routines.
 - 2. Ability to perform tasks.
 - 3. Interactions with adults.
 - 4. Interactions with peers.
 - 5. Ability to cope with challenges.
 - 6. Self-help skills.
 - 7. Ability to express the child's needs.
 - 8. Verbal communication skills.
- 9. Problem-solving skills.
 - 10. Following of verbal directions.
- 14120 11. Demonstration of curiosity, persistence, and 14121 exploratory behavior.
 - 12. Interest in books and other printed materials.
 - 13. Paying attention to stories.

- 14. Participation in art and music activities.
- 14125 15. Ability to identify colors, geometric shapes, letters
 14126 of the alphabet, numbers, and spatial and temporal
 14127 relationships.

Within 30 days after enrollment in the school readiness program, the early learning coalition must ensure that the program provider obtains information regarding the child's immunizations, physical development, and other health requirements as necessary, including appropriate vision and hearing screening and examinations. For a program provider licensed by the Department of Children and Family Services, the provider's compliance with s. 402.305(9), as verified pursuant to s. 402.311, shall satisfy this requirement.

- (k) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce

 Innovation shall conduct studies and planning activities related to the overall improvement and effectiveness of the outcome measures adopted by the <u>department</u> agency for school readiness programs and the specific system support services to address the state's school readiness programs adopted by the <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation in accordance with subparagraph (d)3.
- (1) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation shall monitor and evaluate the performance of each early learning coalition in administering the school readiness program, implementing the coalition's school readiness plan, and administering the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program. These monitoring and performance evaluations must include, at a minimum, onsite monitoring of each coalition's finances,

management, operations, and programs.

- (m) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce

 Innovation shall submit an annual report of its activities

 conducted under this section to the Governor, the President of
 the Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the
 minority leaders of both houses of the Legislature. In addition,
 the <u>Department of Education's</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation's
 reports and recommendations shall be made available to the
 Florida Early Learning Advisory Council and other appropriate
 state agencies and entities. The annual report must provide an
 analysis of school readiness activities across the state,
 including the number of children who were served in the
 programs.
- (n) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce

 Innovation shall work with the early learning coalitions to
 ensure availability of training and support for parental
 involvement in children's early education and to provide family
 literacy activities and services.
 - (5) CREATION OF EARLY LEARNING COALITIONS.
 - (a) Early learning coalitions.-
- 1. Each early learning coalition shall maintain direct enhancement services at the local level and ensure access to such services in all 67 counties.
- 2. The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce

 Innovation shall establish the minimum number of children to be served by each early learning coalition through the coalition's school readiness program. The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation may only approve school readiness plans in accordance with this minimum number. The minimum number must be

 uniform for every early learning coalition and must:

- a. Permit 31 or fewer coalitions to be established; and
- b. Require each coalition to serve at least 2,000 children based upon the average number of all children served per month through the coalition's school readiness program during the previous 12 months.
- 3. If an early learning coalition would serve fewer children than the minimum number established under subparagraph 2., the coalition must merge with another county to form a multicounty coalition. The Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt procedures for merging early learning coalitions, including procedures for the consolidation of merging coalitions, and for the early termination of the terms of coalition members which are necessary to accomplish the mergers. However, the Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation shall grant a waiver to an early learning coalition to serve fewer children than the minimum number established under subparagraph 2., if:
- a. The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation has determined during the most recent review of the coalition's school readiness plan, or through monitoring and performance evaluations conducted under paragraph (4)(1), that the coalition has substantially implemented its plan;
- b. The coalition demonstrates to the <u>Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> the coalition's ability to effectively and efficiently implement the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program; and
- c. The coalition demonstrates to the $\frac{\text{Department of}}{\text{Education }}$ Education $\frac{\text{Agency for Workforce Innovation}}{\text{Education }}$

perform its duties in accordance with law.

If an early learning coalition fails or refuses to merge as required by this subparagraph, the <u>Department of Education</u>

Agency for Workforce Innovation may dissolve the coalition and temporarily contract with a qualified entity to continue school readiness and prekindergarten services in the coalition's county or multicounty region until the <u>department</u> agency reestablishes the coalition and a new school readiness plan is approved by the department agency.

- 4. Each early learning coalition shall be composed of at least 15 members but not more than 30 members. The <u>Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> shall adopt standards establishing within this range the minimum and maximum number of members that may be appointed to an early learning coalition and procedures for identifying which members have voting privileges under subparagraph 6. These standards must include variations for a coalition serving a multicounty region. Each early learning coalition must comply with these standards.
- 5. The Governor shall appoint the chair and two other members of each early learning coalition, who must each meet the same qualifications as private sector business members appointed by the coalition under subparagraph 7.
- 6. Each early learning coalition must include the following member positions; however, in a multicounty coalition, each ex officio member position may be filled by multiple nonvoting members but no more than one voting member shall be seated per member position. If an early learning coalition has more than one member representing the same entity, only one of such

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14240 members may serve as a voting member:

- a. A Department of Children and Family Services circuit administrator or his or her designee who is authorized to make decisions on behalf of the department.
 - b. A district superintendent of schools or his or her designee who is authorized to make decisions on behalf of the district.
 - c. A regional workforce board executive director or his or her designee.
 - d. A county health department director or his or her designee.
 - e. A children's services council or juvenile welfare board chair or executive director, if applicable.
 - f. An agency head of a local licensing agency as defined in s. 402.302, where applicable.
 - g. A president of a community college or his or her designee.
 - h. One member appointed by a board of county commissioners or the governing board of a municipality.
 - i. A central agency administrator, where applicable.
 - j. A Head Start director.
 - k. A representative of private for-profit child care providers, including private for-profit family day care homes.
 - 1. A representative of faith-based child care providers.
 - m. A representative of programs for children with disabilities under the federal Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.
- 7. Including the members appointed by the Governor under subparagraph 5., more than one-third of the members of each

early learning coalition must be private sector business members who do not have, and none of whose relatives as defined in s. 112.3143 has, a substantial financial interest in the design or delivery of the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program created under part V of chapter 1002 or the coalition's school readiness program. To meet this requirement an early learning coalition must appoint additional members. The Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation shall establish criteria for appointing private sector business members. These criteria must include standards for determining whether a member or relative has a substantial financial interest in the design or delivery of the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program or the coalition's school readiness program.

- 8. A majority of the voting membership of an early learning coalition constitutes a quorum required to conduct the business of the coalition. An early learning coalition board may use any method of telecommunications to conduct meetings, including establishing a quorum through telecommunications, provided that the public is given proper notice of a telecommunications meeting and reasonable access to observe and, when appropriate, participate.
- 9. A voting member of an early learning coalition may not appoint a designee to act in his or her place, except as otherwise provided in this paragraph. A voting member may send a representative to coalition meetings, but that representative does not have voting privileges. When a district administrator for the Department of Children and Family Services appoints a designee to an early learning coalition, the designee is the voting member of the coalition, and any individual attending in

the designee's place, including the district administrator, does not have voting privileges.

- 10. Each member of an early learning coalition is subject to ss. 112.313, 112.3135, and 112.3143. For purposes of s. 112.3143(3)(a), each voting member is a local public officer who must abstain from voting when a voting conflict exists.
- 11. For purposes of tort liability, each member or employee of an early learning coalition shall be governed by s. 768.28.
- 12. An early learning coalition serving a multicounty region must include representation from each county.
- 13. Each early learning coalition shall establish terms for all appointed members of the coalition. The terms must be staggered and must be a uniform length that does not exceed 4 years per term. Coalition chairs shall be appointed for 4 years in conjunction with their membership on the Early Learning Advisory Council under s. 20.052. Appointed members may serve a maximum of two consecutive terms. When a vacancy occurs in an appointed position, the coalition must advertise the vacancy.
 - (c) Program expectations.-
- 1. The school readiness program must meet the following expectations:
- a. The program must, at a minimum, enhance the ageappropriate progress of each child in attaining the performance standards and outcome measures adopted by the Agency for Workforce Innovation.
- b. The program must provide extended-day and extended-year services to the maximum extent possible without compromising the quality of the program to meet the needs of parents who work.
 - c. The program must provide a coordinated professional

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development system that supports the achievement and maintenance of core competencies by school readiness instructors in helping children attain the performance standards and outcome measures adopted by the <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation.

- d. There must be expanded access to community services and resources for families to help achieve economic self-sufficiency.
- e. There must be a single point of entry and unified waiting list. As used in this sub-subparagraph, the term "single point of entry" means an integrated information system that allows a parent to enroll his or her child in the school readiness program at various locations throughout a county, that may allow a parent to enroll his or her child by telephone or through an Internet website, and that uses a unified waiting list to track eliqible children waiting for enrollment in the school readiness program. The Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation shall establish through technology a single statewide information system that each coalition must use for the purposes of managing the single point of entry, tracking children's progress, coordinating services among stakeholders, determining eligibility, tracking child attendance, and streamlining administrative processes for providers and early learning coalitions.
- f. The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation must consider the access of eligible children to the school readiness program, as demonstrated in part by waiting lists, before approving a proposed increase in payment rates submitted by an early learning coalition. In addition, early

learning coalitions shall use school readiness funds made available due to enrollment shifts from school readiness programs to the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program for increasing the number of children served in school readiness programs before increasing payment rates.

- g. The program must meet all state licensing guidelines, where applicable.
- h. The program must ensure that minimum standards for child discipline practices are age-appropriate. Such standards must provide that children not be subjected to discipline that is severe, humiliating, or frightening or discipline that is associated with food, rest, or toileting. Spanking or any other form of physical punishment is prohibited.
- 2. Each early learning coalition must implement a comprehensive program of school readiness services in accordance with the rules adopted by the <u>department</u> agency which enhance the cognitive, social, and physical development of children to achieve the performance standards and outcome measures. At a minimum, these programs must contain the following system support service elements:
- a. Developmentally appropriate curriculum designed to enhance the age-appropriate progress of children in attaining the performance standards adopted by the <u>Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> under subparagraph (4)(d)8.
 - b. A character development program to develop basic values.
- c. An age-appropriate screening of each child's development.
- d. An age-appropriate assessment administered to children when they enter a program and an age-appropriate assessment

14385 administered to children when they leave the program.

- e. An appropriate staff-to-children ratio, pursuant to s. 402.305(4) or s. 402.302(7) or (8), as applicable, and as verified pursuant to s. 402.311.
- f. A healthy and safe environment pursuant to s. 401.305(5), (6), and (7), as applicable, and as verified pursuant to s. 402.311.
 - g. A resource and referral network established under s. 411.0101 to assist parents in making an informed choice and a regional Warm-Line under s. 411.01015.

The Agency for Workforce Innovation, the Department of Education, and early learning coalitions shall coordinate with the Child Care Services Program Office of the Department of Children and Family Services to minimize duplicating interagency activities pertaining to acquiring and composing data for child care training and credentialing.

- (d) Implementation.-
- 1. An early learning coalition may not implement the school readiness program until the coalition's school readiness plan is approved by the <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation.
- 2. Each early learning coalition shall coordinate with one another to implement a comprehensive program of school readiness services which enhances the cognitive, social, physical, and moral character of the children to achieve the performance standards and outcome measures and which helps families achieve economic self-sufficiency. Such program must contain, at a minimum, the following elements:

- a. Implement the school readiness program to meet the requirements of this section and the system support services, performance standards, and outcome measures adopted by the Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation.
- b. Demonstrate how the program will ensure that each child from birth through 5 years of age in a publicly funded school readiness program receives scheduled activities and instruction designed to enhance the age-appropriate progress of the children in attaining the performance standards adopted by the $\underline{\text{department}}$ $\underline{\text{agency}}$ under subparagraph (4)(d)8.
- c. Ensure that the coalition has solicited and considered comments regarding the proposed school readiness plan from the local community.
- Before implementing the school readiness program, the early learning coalition must submit the plan to the <u>department</u> agency for approval. The <u>department</u> agency may approve the plan, reject the plan, or approve the plan with conditions. The <u>department</u> agency shall review school readiness plans at least every 2 years.
- 3. If the <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation determines during the review of school readiness plans, or through monitoring and performance evaluations conducted under paragraph (4)(1), that an early learning coalition has not substantially implemented its plan, has not substantially met the performance standards and outcome measures adopted by the <u>department</u> agency, or has not effectively administered the school readiness program or Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program, the department agency may

dissolve the coalition and temporarily contract with a qualified entity to continue school readiness and prekindergarten services in the coalition's county or multicounty region until the <u>department</u> agency reestablishes the coalition and a new school readiness plan is approved in accordance with the rules adopted by the department agency.

- 4. The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt rules establishing criteria for the approval of school readiness plans. The criteria must be consistent with the system support services, performance standards, and outcome measures adopted by the <u>department</u> agency and must require each approved plan to include the following minimum standards for the school readiness program:
- a. A community plan that addresses the needs of all children and providers within the coalition's county or multicounty region.
- b. A sliding fee scale establishing a copayment for parents based upon their ability to pay, which is the same for all program providers.
- c. A choice of settings and locations in licensed, registered, religious-exempt, or school-based programs to be provided to parents.
- d. Specific eligibility priorities for children in accordance with subsection (6).
- e. Performance standards and outcome measures adopted by the $\frac{\text{department}}{\text{department}}$
- f. Payment rates adopted by the early learning coalitions and approved by the <u>department</u> agency. Payment rates may not have the effect of limiting parental choice or creating

standards or levels of services that have not been expressly established by the Legislature, unless the creation of such standards or levels of service, which must be uniform throughout the state, has been approved by the Federal Government and result in the state being eligible to receive additional federal funds available for early learning on a statewide basis.

- g. Direct enhancement services for families and children. System support and direct enhancement services shall be in addition to payments for the placement of children in school readiness programs. Direct enhancement services for families may include parent training and involvement activities and strategies to meet the needs of unique populations and local eligibility priorities. Enhancement services for children may include provider supports and professional development approved in the plan by the <u>Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation</u>.
- h. The business organization of the early learning coalition, which must include the coalition's articles of incorporation and bylaws if the coalition is organized as a corporation. If the coalition is not organized as a corporation or other business entity, the plan must include the contract with a fiscal agent. An early learning coalition may contract with other coalitions to achieve efficiency in multicounty services, and these contracts may be part of the coalition's school readiness plan.
- i. The implementation of locally developed quality programs in accordance with the requirements adopted by the $\underline{\text{department}}$ agency under subparagraph (4)(d)5.

The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation may request the Governor to apply for a waiver to allow the coalition to administer the Head Start Program to accomplish the purposes of the school readiness program.

- 5. Persons with an early childhood teaching certificate may provide support and supervision to other staff in the school readiness program.
- 6. An early learning coalition may not implement its school readiness plan until it submits the plan to and receives approval from the <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation. Once the plan is approved, the plan and the services provided under the plan shall be controlled by the early learning coalition. The plan shall be reviewed and revised as necessary, but at least biennially. An early learning coalition may not implement the revisions until the coalition submits the revised plan to and receives approval from the <u>department</u> agency. If the <u>department</u> agency rejects a revised plan, the coalition must continue to operate under its prior approved plan.
- 7. Section 125.901(2)(a)3. does not apply to school readiness programs. The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation may apply to the Governor and Cabinet for a waiver of, and the Governor and Cabinet may waive, any of the provisions of ss. 411.223 and 1003.54, if the waiver is necessary for implementation of school readiness programs.
- 8. Two or more early learning coalitions may join for purposes of planning and implementing a school readiness program.
 - (e) Requests for proposals; payment schedule.-

- 1. Each early learning coalition must comply with the procurement and expenditure procedures adopted by the <u>Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation</u>, including, but not limited to, applying the procurement and expenditure procedures required by federal law for the expenditure of federal funds.
- 2. Each early learning coalition shall adopt a payment schedule that encompasses all programs funded under this section. The payment schedule must take into consideration the prevailing market rate, must include the projected number of children to be served, and must be submitted for approval by the Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation.

 Informal child care arrangements shall be reimbursed at not more than 50 percent of the rate adopted for a family day care home.
- (f) Evaluation and annual report.—Each early learning coalition shall conduct an evaluation of its implementation of the school readiness program, including system support services, performance standards, and outcome measures, and shall provide an annual report and fiscal statement to the Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation. This report must also include an evaluation of the effectiveness of its direct enhancement services and conform to the content and format specifications adopted by the Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation. The Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation must include an analysis of the early learning coalitions' reports in the department's agency's annual report.
 - (7) PARENTAL CHOICE.-
- (e) The office of the Chief Financial Officer shall establish an electronic transfer system for the disbursement of

funds in accordance with this subsection. Each early learning coalition shall fully implement the electronic funds transfer system within 2 years after approval of the coalition's school readiness plan, unless a waiver is obtained from the <u>Department</u> of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation.

- (8) STANDARDS; OUTCOME MEASURES.—A program provider participating in the school readiness program must meet the performance standards and outcome measures adopted by the Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation.
 - (9) FUNDING; SCHOOL READINESS PROGRAM.-
- (b)1. The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation shall administer school readiness funds, plans, and policies and shall prepare and submit a unified budget request for the school readiness system in accordance with chapter 216.
- 2. All instructions to early learning coalitions for administering this section shall emanate from the <u>Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> in accordance with the policies of the Legislature.
- Innovation, subject to legislative notice and review under s. 216.177, shall establish a formula for the allocation of all state and federal school readiness funds provided for children participating in the school readiness program, whether served by a public or private provider, based upon equity for each county. The allocation formula must be submitted to the Governor, the chair of the Senate Ways and Means Committee or its successor, and the chair of the House of Representatives Fiscal Council or its successor no later than January 1 of each year. If the Legislature specifies changes to the allocation formula, the

<u>Department of Education</u> <u>Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> shall allocate funds as specified in the General Appropriations Act.

- (d) All state, federal, and required local maintenance-of-effort or matching funds provided to an early learning coalition for purposes of this section shall be used for implementation of its approved school readiness plan, including the hiring of staff to effectively operate the coalition's school readiness program. As part of plan approval and periodic plan review, the Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation shall require that administrative costs be kept to the minimum necessary for efficient and effective administration of the school readiness plan, but total administrative expenditures must not exceed 5 percent unless specifically waived by the Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation. The Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation shall annually report to the Legislature any problems relating to administrative costs.
- (e) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce

 Innovation shall annually distribute, to a maximum extent practicable, all eligible funds provided under this section as block grants to the early learning coalitions in accordance with the terms and conditions specified by the department agency.

Section 279. Subsections (1) and (2), paragraph (a) of subsection (3), and subsection (4) of section 411.0101, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 411.0101 Child care and early childhood resource and referral.—
- (1) As a part of the school readiness programs, the Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation shall

establish a statewide child care resource and referral network that is unbiased and provides referrals to families for child care. Preference shall be given to using the already established early learning coalitions as the child care resource and referral agencies. If an early learning coalition cannot comply with the requirements to offer the resource information component or does not want to offer that service, the early learning coalition shall select the resource and referral agency for its county or multicounty region based upon a request for proposal pursuant to s. 411.01(5)(e)1.

- (2) At least one child care resource and referral agency must be established in each early learning coalition's county or multicounty region. The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt rules regarding accessibility of child care resource and referral services offered through child care resource and referral agencies in each county or multicounty region which include, at a minimum, required hours of operation, methods by which parents may request services, and child care resource and referral staff training requirements.
- (3) Child care resource and referral agencies shall provide the following services:
- (a) Identification of existing public and private child care and early childhood education services, including child care services by public and private employers, and the development of a resource file of those services through the single statewide information system developed by the <u>Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> under s.

 411.01(5)(c)1.e. These services may include family day care, public and private child care programs, the Voluntary

Prekindergarten Education Program, Head Start, the school readiness program, special education programs for prekindergarten children with disabilities, services for children with developmental disabilities, full-time and part-time programs, before-school and after-school programs, vacation care programs, parent education, the Temporary Cash Assistance Program, and related family support services. The resource file shall include, but not be limited to:

- 1. Type of program.
- 2. Hours of service.
- 3. Ages of children served.
- 4. Number of children served.
- 5. Significant program information.
- 6. Fees and eligibility for services.
- 7. Availability of transportation.
- (4) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt any rules necessary for the implementation and administration of this section.

Section 280. Subsections (2), (6), and (7) of section 411.01013, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

411.01013 Prevailing market rate schedule.-

- (2) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce <u>Innovation</u> shall establish procedures for the adoption of a prevailing market rate schedule. The schedule must include, at a minimum, county-by-county rates:
- (a) At the prevailing market rate, plus the maximum rate, for child care providers that hold a Gold Seal Quality Care designation under s. 402.281.
 - (b) At the prevailing market rate for child care providers

that do not hold a Gold Seal Quality Care designation.

- (6) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce

 Innovation may contract with one or more qualified entities to administer this section and provide support and technical assistance for child care providers.
- (7) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce

 Innovation may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 for establishing procedures for the collection of child care providers' market rate, the calculation of a reasonable frequency distribution of the market rate, and the publication of a prevailing market rate schedule.

Section 281. Subsection (1) of section 411.01014, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 411.01014 School readiness transportation services.-
- (1) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation, pursuant to chapter 427, may authorize an early learning coalition to establish school readiness transportation services for children at risk of abuse or neglect participating in the school readiness program. The early learning coalitions may contract for the provision of transportation services as required by this section.

Section 282. Subsections (1), (3), and (4) of section 411.01015, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 411.01015 Consultation to child care centers and family day care homes regarding health, developmental, disability, and special needs issues.—
- (1) Contingent upon specific appropriations, the <u>Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> shall administer a statewide toll-free Warm-Line for the purpose of providing

assistance and consultation to child care centers and family day care homes regarding health, developmental, disability, and special needs issues of the children they are serving, particularly children with disabilities and other special needs.

- (3) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation shall annually inform child care centers and family day care homes of the availability of this service through the child care resource and referral network under s. 411.0101.
- (4) Contingent upon specific appropriations, the <u>Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> shall expand, or contract for the expansion of, the Warm-Line to maintain at least one Warm-Line site in each early learning coalition service area.

Section 283. Section 411.0102, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 411.0102 Child Care Executive Partnership Act; findings and intent; grant; limitation; rules.—
- (1) This section may be cited as the "Child Care Executive Partnership Act."
- (2)(a) The Legislature finds that when private employers provide onsite child care or provide other child care benefits, they benefit by improved recruitment and higher retention rates for employees, lower absenteeism, and improved employee morale. The Legislature also finds that there are many ways in which private employers can provide child care assistance to employees: information and referral, vouchering, employer contribution to child care programs, and onsite care. Private employers can offer child care as part of a menu of employee benefits. The Legislature recognizes that flexible compensation

programs providing a child care option are beneficial to the private employer through increased productivity, to the private employee in knowing that his or her children are being cared for in a safe and nurturing environment, and to the state in more dollars being available for purchasing power and investment.

- (b) It is the intent of the Legislature to promote public/private partnerships to ensure that the children of the state be provided safe and enriching child care at any time, but especially while parents work to remain self-sufficient. It is the intent of the Legislature that private employers be encouraged to participate in the future of this state by providing employee child care benefits. Further, it is the intent of the Legislature to encourage private employers to explore innovative ways to assist employees to obtain quality child care.
- (c) The Legislature further recognizes that many parents need assistance in paying the full costs of quality child care. The public and private sectors, by working in partnership, can promote and improve access to quality child care and early education for children of working families who need it. Therefore, a more formal mechanism is necessary to stimulate the establishment of public-private partnerships. It is the intent of the Legislature to expand the availability of scholarship options for working families by providing incentives for employers to contribute to meeting the needs of their employees' families through matching public dollars available for child care.
- (3) There is created a body politic and corporate known as the Child Care Executive Partnership which shall establish and

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govern the Child Care Executive Partnership Program. The purpose of the Child Care Executive Partnership Program is to utilize state and federal funds as incentives for matching local funds derived from local governments, employers, charitable foundations, and other sources so that Florida communities may create local flexible partnerships with employers. The Child Care Executive Partnership Program funds shall be used at the discretion of local communities to meet the needs of working parents. A child care purchasing pool shall be developed with the state, federal, and local funds to provide subsidies to lowincome working parents whose family income does not exceed the allowable income for any federally subsidized child care program with a dollar-for-dollar match from employers, local government, and other matching contributions. The funds used from the child care purchasing pool must be used to supplement or extend the use of existing public or private funds.

- (4) The Child Care Executive Partnership, staffed by the <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation, shall consist of a representative of the Executive Office of the Governor, a representative of Jobs Florida, and nine members of the corporate or child care community, appointed by the Governor.
- (a) Members shall serve for a period of 4 years, except that the representative of the Executive Office of the Governor shall serve at the pleasure of the Governor, and the representative of Jobs Florida shall serve at the pleasure of the commissioner of Jobs Florida.
- (b) The Child Care Executive Partnership shall be chaired by a member chosen by a majority vote and shall meet at least

quarterly and at other times upon the call of the chair. The Child Care Executive Partnership may use any method of telecommunications to conduct meetings, including establishing a quorum through telecommunications, only if the public is given proper notice of a telecommunications meeting and reasonable access to observe and, when appropriate, participate.

- (c) Members shall serve without compensation, but may be reimbursed for per diem and travel expenses in accordance with s. 112.061.
- (d) The Child Care Executive Partnership shall have all the powers and authority, not explicitly prohibited by statute, necessary to carry out and effectuate the purposes of this section, as well as the functions, duties, and responsibilities of the partnership, including, but not limited to, the following:
- 1. Assisting in the formulation and coordination of the state's child care policy.
 - 2. Adopting an official seal.
- 3. Soliciting, accepting, receiving, investing, and expending funds from public or private sources.
- 4. Contracting with public or private entities as necessary.
 - 5. Approving an annual budget.
- 6. Carrying forward any unexpended state appropriations into succeeding fiscal years.
- 7. Providing a report to the Governor, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the President of the Senate, on or before December 1 of each year.
 - (5)(a) The Legislature shall annually determine the amount

of state or federal low-income child care moneys which shall be used to create Child Care Executive Partnership Program child care purchasing pools in counties chosen by the Child Care Executive Partnership, provided that at least two of the counties have populations of no more than 300,000. The Legislature shall annually review the effectiveness of the child care purchasing pool program and reevaluate the percentage of additional state or federal funds, if any, that can be used for the program's expansion.

- (b) To ensure a seamless service delivery and ease of access for families, an early learning coalition or the Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation shall administer the child care purchasing pool funds.
- (c) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation, in conjunction with the Child Care Executive Partnership, shall develop procedures for disbursement of funds through the child care purchasing pools. In order to be considered for funding, an early learning coalition or the <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation must commit to:
- 1. Matching the state purchasing pool funds on a dollar-for-dollar basis; and
- 2. Expending only those public funds which are matched by employers, local government, and other matching contributors who contribute to the purchasing pool. Parents shall also pay a fee, which may not be less than the amount identified in the early learning coalition's school readiness program sliding fee scale.
- (d) Each early learning coalition shall establish a community child care task force for each child care purchasing

pool. The task force must be composed of employers, parents, private child care providers, and one representative from the local children's services council, if one exists in the area of the purchasing pool. The early learning coalition is expected to recruit the task force members from existing child care councils, commissions, or task forces already operating in the area of a purchasing pool. A majority of the task force shall consist of employers.

- (e) Each early learning coalition board shall develop a plan for the use of child care purchasing pool funds. The plan must show how many children will be served by the purchasing pool, how many will be new to receiving child care services, and how the early learning coalition intends to attract new employers and their employees to the program.
- (6) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce <u>Innovation</u> shall adopt any rules necessary for the implementation and administration of this section.

Section 284. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 411.0103, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 411.0103 Teacher Education and Compensation Helps (TEACH) scholarship program.—
- (2) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation may contract for the administration of the Teacher Education and Compensation Helps (TEACH) scholarship program, which provides educational scholarships to caregivers and administrators of early childhood programs, family day care homes, and large family child care homes.
- (3) The <u>department</u> agency shall adopt rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 as necessary to administer this section.

 Section 285. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 411.0104, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

411.0104 Early Head Start collaboration grants.-

- (1) Contingent upon specific appropriations, the <u>Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> shall establish a program to award collaboration grants to assist local agencies in securing Early Head Start programs through Early Head Start program federal grants. The collaboration grants shall provide the required matching funds for public and private nonprofit agencies that have been approved for Early Head Start program federal grants.
- (3) The <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation may adopt rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 as necessary for the award of collaboration grants to competing agencies and the administration of the collaboration grants program under this section.

Section 286. Section 411.0106, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

411.0106 Infants and toddlers in state-funded education and care programs; brain development activities.—Each state-funded education and care program for children from birth to 5 years of age must provide activities to foster brain development in infants and toddlers. A program must provide an environment that helps children attain the performance standards adopted by the Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation under s. 411.01(4)(d)8. and must be rich in language and music and filled with objects of various colors, shapes, textures, and sizes to stimulate visual, tactile, auditory, and linguistic senses in the children and must include classical music and at least 30

minutes of reading to the children each day. A program may be offered through an existing early childhood program such as Healthy Start, the Title I program, the school readiness program, the Head Start program, or a private child care program. A program must provide training for the infants' and toddlers' parents including direct dialogue and interaction between teachers and parents demonstrating the urgency of brain development in the first year of a child's life. Family day care centers are encouraged, but not required, to comply with this section.

Section 287. Subsection (1) and paragraph (g) of subsection (3) of section 411.011, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
411.011 Records of children in school readiness programs.—

- (1) The individual records of children enrolled in school readiness programs provided under s. 411.01, held by an early learning coalition or the <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation, are confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. For purposes of this section, records include assessment data, health data, records of teacher observations, and personal identifying information.
 - (3) School readiness records may be released to:
- (g) Parties to an interagency agreement among early learning coalitions, local governmental agencies, providers of school readiness programs, state agencies, and the <u>Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> for the purpose of implementing the school readiness program.

Agencies, organizations, or individuals that receive school

 readiness records in order to carry out their official functions must protect the data in a manner that does not permit the personal identification of a child enrolled in a school readiness program and his or her parents by persons other than those authorized to receive the records.

Section 288. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section 411.226, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 411.226 Learning Gateway.-
- (2) LEARNING GATEWAY STEERING COMMITTEE.-
- (e) To support and facilitate system improvements, the steering committee must consult with representatives from the Department of Education, the Department of Health, the Agency for Workforce Innovation, the Department of Children and Family Services, the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Department of Juvenile Justice, and the Department of Corrections and with the director of the Learning Development and Evaluation Center of Florida Agricultural and Mechanical University.

Section 289. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1), paragraph (a) of subsection (2), and paragraph (c) of subsection (3) of section 411.227, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 411.227 Components of the Learning Gateway.—The Learning Gateway system consists of the following components:
- (1) COMMUNITY EDUCATION STRATEGIES AND FAMILY-ORIENTED ACCESS.—
- (d) In collaboration with other local resources, the demonstration projects shall develop public awareness strategies to disseminate information about developmental milestones, precursors of learning problems and other developmental delays,

and the service system that is available. The information should target parents of children from birth through age 9 and should be distributed to parents, health care providers, and caregivers of children from birth through age 9. A variety of media should be used as appropriate, such as print, television, radio, and a community-based Internet website, as well as opportunities such as those presented by parent visits to physicians for well-child checkups. The Learning Gateway Steering Committee shall provide technical assistance to the local demonstration projects in developing and distributing educational materials and information.

- 1. Public awareness strategies targeting parents of children from birth through age 5 shall be designed to provide information to public and private preschool programs, child care providers, pediatricians, parents, and local businesses and organizations. These strategies should include information on the school readiness performance standards adopted by the Department of Education Agency for Workforce Innovation.
- 2. Public awareness strategies targeting parents of children from ages 6 through 9 must be designed to disseminate training materials and brochures to parents and public and private school personnel, and must be coordinated with the local school board and the appropriate school advisory committees in the demonstration projects. The materials should contain information on state and district proficiency levels for grades K-3.
 - (2) SCREENING AND DEVELOPMENTAL MONITORING.-
- (a) In coordination with the Agency for Workforce

 Innovation, the Department of Education, and the Florida

Pediatric Society, and using information learned from the local demonstration projects, the Learning Gateway Steering Committee shall establish guidelines for screening children from birth through age 9. The guidelines should incorporate recent research on the indicators most likely to predict early learning problems, mild developmental delays, child-specific precursors of school failure, and other related developmental indicators in the domains of cognition; communication; attention; perception; behavior; and social, emotional, sensory, and motor functioning.

- (3) EARLY EDUCATION, SERVICES AND SUPPORTS.-
- (c) The steering committee, in cooperation with the Department of Children and Family Services and, the Department of Education, and the Agency for Workforce Innovation, shall identify the elements of an effective research-based curriculum for early care and education programs.

Section 290. Section 414.24, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

414.24 Integrated welfare reform and child welfare services.—The department shall develop integrated service delivery strategies to better meet the needs of families subject to work activity requirements who are involved in the child welfare system or are at high risk of involvement in the child welfare system. To the extent that resources are available, the department and Jobs Florida the Department of Labor and Employment Security shall provide funds to one or more service districts to promote development of integrated, nonduplicative case management within the department, Jobs Florida the Department of Labor and Employment Security, other participating government agencies, and community partners. Alternative

delivery systems shall be encouraged which include well-defined, pertinent outcome measures. Other factors to be considered shall include innovation regarding training, enhancement of existing resources, and increased private sector and business sector participation.

Section 291. Section 414.40, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

414.40 Stop Inmate Fraud Program established; guidelines.—

- (1) There is created within the <u>Department of Financial</u>

 <u>Services</u> Department of Law Enforcement a Stop Inmate Fraud

 Program.
- (2) The <u>Department of Financial Services</u> Department of Law Enforcement is directed to implement the Stop Inmate Fraud Program in accordance with the following guidelines:
- (a) The program shall establish procedures for sharing public records not exempt from the public records law among social services agencies regarding the identities of persons incarcerated in state correctional institutions, as defined in s. 944.02, or in county, municipal, or regional jails or other detention facilities of local governments under chapter 950 or chapter 951 who are wrongfully receiving public assistance benefits or entitlement benefits.
- (b) Pursuant to these procedures, the program shall have access to records containing correctional information not exempt from the public records law on incarcerated persons which have been generated as criminal justice information. As used in this paragraph, the term "record" is defined as provided in s. 943.045(7), and the term "criminal justice information" is defined as provided in s. 943.045(3).

- (c) Database searches shall be conducted of the inmate population at each correctional institution or other detention facility. A correctional institution or a detention facility shall provide the Stop Inmate Fraud Program with the information necessary to identify persons wrongfully receiving benefits in the medium requested by the Stop Inmate Fraud Program if the correctional institution or detention facility maintains the information in that medium.
- (d) Data obtained from correctional institutions or other detention facilities shall be compared with the client files of the Department of Children and Family Services, the Agency for Workforce Innovation Department of Labor and Employment Security, and other state or local agencies as needed to identify persons wrongfully obtaining benefits. Data comparisons shall be accomplished during periods of low information demand by agency personnel to minimize inconvenience to the agency.
- (e) Results of data comparisons shall be furnished to the appropriate office for use in the county in which the data originated. The program may provide reports of the data it obtains to appropriate state, federal, and local government agencies or governmental entities, including, but not limited to:
- 1. The Child Support Enforcement Program of the Department of Revenue, so that the data may be used as locator information on persons being sought for purposes of child support.
- 2. The Social Security Administration, so that the data may be used to reduce federal entitlement fraud within the state.
- (f) Reports by the program to another agency or entity shall be generated bimonthly, or as otherwise directed, and

shall be designed to accommodate that agency's or entity's particular needs for data.

- (g) Only those persons with active cases, or with cases that were active during the incarceration period, shall be reported, in order that the funding agency or entity, upon verification of the data, may take whatever action is deemed appropriate.
- (h) For purposes of program review and analysis, each agency or entity receiving data from the program shall submit reports to the program which indicate the results of how the data was used.

Section 292. Subsection (1) of section 414.295, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 414.295 Temporary cash assistance programs; public records exemption.—
- (1) Personal identifying information of a temporary cash assistance program participant, a participant's family, or a participant's family or household member, except for information identifying a parent who does not live in the same home as the child, held by the department, <u>Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation</u>, Workforce Florida, Inc., the Department of Health, the Department of Revenue, the Department of Education, or a regional workforce board or local committee created pursuant to s. 445.007 is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. Such confidential and exempt information may be released for purposes directly connected with:
- (a) The administration of the temporary assistance for needy families plan under Title IV-A of the Social Security Act,

as amended, by the department, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation, Workforce Florida, Inc., the Department of Military Affairs, the Department of Health, the Department of Revenue, the Department of Education, a regional workforce board or local committee created pursuant to s. 445.007, or a school district.

- (b) The administration of the state's plan or program approved under Title IV-B, Title IV-D, or Title IV-E of the Social Security Act, as amended, or under Title I, Title X, Title XIV, Title XVI, Title XIX, Title XX, or Title XXI of the Social Security Act, as amended.
- (c) Any investigation, prosecution, or any criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding conducted in connection with the administration of any of the plans or programs specified in paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) by a federal, state, or local governmental entity, upon request by that entity, when such request is made pursuant to the proper exercise of that entity's duties and responsibilities.
- (d) The administration of any other state, federal, or federally assisted program that provides assistance or services on the basis of need, in cash or in kind, directly to a participant.
- (e) Any audit or similar activity, such as a review of expenditure reports or financial review, conducted in connection with the administration of any of the plans or programs specified in paragraph (a) or paragraph (b) by a governmental entity authorized by law to conduct such audit or activity.
- (f) The administration of the unemployment compensation program.

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- (g) The reporting to the appropriate agency or official of information about known or suspected instances of physical or mental injury, sexual abuse or exploitation, or negligent treatment or maltreatment of a child or elderly person receiving assistance, if circumstances indicate that the health or welfare of the child or elderly person is threatened.
- (h) The administration of services to elderly persons under $ss.\ 430.601-430.606$.

Section 293. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 414.411, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

414.411 Public assistance fraud.-

- (1) The Department of Financial Services shall investigate all public assistance provided to residents of the state or provided to others by the state. In the course of such investigation the department shall examine all records, including electronic benefits transfer records and make inquiry of all persons who may have knowledge as to any irregularity incidental to the disbursement of public moneys, food assistance, or other items or benefits authorizations to recipients. All public assistance recipients, as a condition precedent to qualification for public assistance under chapter 409, chapter 411, or this chapter, must first give in writing, to the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Department of Health, Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, and the Department of Children and Family Services, as appropriate, and to the Department of Financial Services, consent to make inquiry of past or present employers and records, financial or otherwise.
 - (3) The results of such investigation shall be reported by

the Department of Financial Services to the appropriate legislative committees, the Agency for Health Care Administration, the Department of Health, <u>Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation</u>, and the Department of Children and Family Services, and to such others as the department may determine.

Section 294. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 429.907, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

429.907 License requirement; fee; exemption; display.-

(2)

- (b) If In the event a licensed center becomes wholly or substantially unusable due to a disaster as defined in s. $\frac{252.34(1)}{3}$ or due to an emergency as those terms are defined in s. $252.34\frac{3}{3}$:
- 1. The licensee may continue to operate under its current license in a premise or premises separate from that authorized under the license if the licensee has:
- a. Specified the location of the premise or premises in its comprehensive emergency management plan submitted to and approved by the applicable county emergency management authority; and
- b. Notified the agency and the county emergency management authority within 24 hours of operating in the separate premise or premises.
- 2. The licensee shall operate the separate premise or premises only while the licensed center's original location is substantially unusable and for up to no longer than 180 days. The agency may extend use of the alternate premise or premises beyond the initial 180 days. The agency may also review the

15197 operation of the disaster premise or premises quarterly.

Section 295. Subsection (2) of section 440.12, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

440.12 Time for commencement and limits on weekly rate of compensation.—

- (2) Compensation for disability resulting from injuries which occur after December 31, 1974, shall not be less than \$20 per week. However, if the employee's wages at the time of injury are less than \$20 per week, he or she shall receive his or her full weekly wages. If the employee's wages at the time of the injury exceed \$20 per week, compensation shall not exceed an amount per week which is:
- (a) Equal to 100 percent of the statewide average weekly wage, determined as hereinafter provided for the year in which the injury occurred; however, the increase to 100 percent from 66 2/3 percent of the statewide average weekly wage shall apply only to injuries occurring on or after August 1, 1979; and
 - (b) Adjusted to the nearest dollar.

For the purpose of this subsection, the "statewide average weekly wage" means the average weekly wage paid by employers subject to the Florida Unemployment Compensation Law as reported to Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation for the four calendar quarters ending each June 30, which average weekly wage shall be determined by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation on or before November 30 of each year and shall be used in determining the maximum weekly compensation rate with respect to injuries occurring in the calendar year immediately following. The statewide average weekly wage determined by Jobs

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Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall be reported annually to the Legislature.

Section 296. Paragraph (c) of subsection (9) of section 440.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 440.15 Compensation for disability.—Compensation for disability shall be paid to the employee, subject to the limits provided in s. 440.12(2), as follows:
- (9) EMPLOYEE ELIGIBLE FOR BENEFITS UNDER THIS CHAPTER AND FEDERAL OLD-AGE, SURVIVORS, AND DISABILITY INSURANCE ACT.—
- (c) Disability compensation benefits payable for any week, including those benefits provided by paragraph (1)(f), may not be reduced pursuant to this subsection until the Social Security Administration determines the amount otherwise payable to the employee under 42 U.S.C. ss. 402 and 423 and the employee has begun receiving such social security benefit payments. The employee shall, upon demand by the department, the employer, or the carrier, authorize the Social Security Administration to release disability information relating to her or him and authorize Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation to release unemployment compensation information relating to her or him, in accordance with rules to be adopted by the department prescribing the procedure and manner for requesting the authorization and for compliance by the employee. The department or the employer or carrier may not make any payment of benefits for total disability or those additional benefits provided by paragraph (1)(f) for any period during which the employee willfully fails or refuses to authorize the release of information in the manner and within the time prescribed by such rules. The authority for release of disability information

granted by an employee under this paragraph is effective for a period not to exceed 12 months and such authority may be renewed, as the department prescribes by rule.

Section 297. Subsections (4) and (7) of section 440.381, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

440.381 Application for coverage; reporting payroll; payroll audit procedures; penalties.—

- earnings earning report required by chapter 443 at the end of each quarter to the carrier and submit self-audits supported by the quarterly earnings reports required by chapter 443 and the rules adopted by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce

 Innovation or by the state agency providing unemployment tax collection services under contract with Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation through an interagency agreement pursuant to s. 443.1316. The reports must include a sworn statement by an officer or principal of the employer attesting to the accuracy of the information contained in the report.
- (7) If an employee suffering a compensable injury was not reported as earning wages on the last quarterly earnings report filed with Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or the state agency providing unemployment tax collection services under contract with Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation through an interagency agreement pursuant to s. 443.1316 before the accident, the employer shall indemnify the carrier for all workers' compensation benefits paid to or on behalf of the employee unless the employer establishes that the employee was hired after the filing of the quarterly report, in which case the employer and employee shall attest to the fact

that the employee was employed by the employer at the time of the injury. Failure of the employer to indemnify the insurer within 21 days after demand by the insurer is grounds for the insurer to immediately cancel coverage. Any action for indemnification brought by the carrier is cognizable in the circuit court having jurisdiction where the employer or carrier resides or transacts business. The insurer is entitled to a reasonable attorney's fee if it recovers any portion of the benefits paid in the action.

Section 298. Subsection (5) of section 440.385, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

440.385 Florida Self-Insurers Guaranty Association, Incorporated.—

- (5) PLAN OF OPERATION.—The association shall operate pursuant to a plan of operation approved by the board of directors. The plan of operation <u>must be</u> in effect on January 1, 2002, and approved by the <u>Department of Financial Services and Department of Labor and Employment Security shall remain in effect. However, any amendments to the plan shall not become effective until approved by the department of Financial Services.</u>
- (a) The purpose of the plan of operation shall be to provide the association and the board of directors with the authority and responsibility to establish the necessary programs and to take the necessary actions to protect against the insolvency of a member of the association. In addition, the plan shall provide that the members of the association shall be responsible for maintaining an adequate Insolvency Fund to meet the obligations of insolvent members provided for under this act

 and shall authorize the board of directors to contract and employ those persons with the necessary expertise to carry out this stated purpose. By January 1, 2003, The board of directors shall submit to the department a proposed plan of operation for the administration of the association. The department shall approve the plan by order, consistent with this section. The department shall approve any amendments to the plan, consistent with this section, which are determined appropriate to carry out the duties and responsibilities of the association.

- (b) All member employers shall comply with the plan of operation.
 - (c) The plan of operation shall:
- 1. Establish the procedures whereby all the powers and duties of the association under subsection (3) will be performed.
- 2. Establish procedures for handling assets of the association.
- 3. Establish the amount and method of reimbursing members of the board of directors under subsection (2).
- 4. Establish procedures by which claims may be filed with the association and establish acceptable forms of proof of covered claims. Notice of claims to the receiver or liquidator of the insolvent employer shall be deemed notice to the association or its agent, and a list of such claims shall be submitted periodically to the association or similar organization in another state by the receiver or liquidator.
- 5. Establish regular places and times for meetings of the board of directors.
 - 6. Establish procedures for records to be kept of all

financial transactions of the association and its agents and the board of directors.

- 7. Provide that any member employer aggrieved by any final action or decision of the association may appeal to the department within 30 days after the action or decision.
- 8. Establish the procedures whereby recommendations of candidates for the board of directors shall be submitted to the department.
- 9. Contain additional provisions necessary or proper for the execution of the powers and duties of the association.
- (d) The plan of operation may provide that any or all of the powers and duties of the association, except those specified under subparagraphs (c)1. and 2., be delegated to a corporation, association, or other organization which performs or will perform functions similar to those of this association or its equivalent in two or more states. Such a corporation, association, or organization shall be reimbursed as a servicing facility would be reimbursed and shall be paid for its performance of any other functions of the association. A delegation of powers or duties under this subsection shall take effect only with the approval of both the board of directors and the department and may be made only to a corporation, association, or organization which extends protection which is not substantially less favorable and effective than the protection provided by this section.

Section 299. Paragraph (b) of subsection (9) of section 440.49, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

440.49 Limitation of liability for subsequent injury through Special Disability Trust Fund.—

- (9) SPECIAL DISABILITY TRUST FUND.-
- (b)1. The Special Disability Trust Fund shall be maintained by annual assessments upon the insurance companies writing compensation insurance in the state, the commercial self-insurers under ss. 624.462 and 624.4621, the assessable mutuals as defined in s. 628.6011, and the self-insurers under this chapter, which assessments shall become due and be paid quarterly at the same time and in addition to the assessments provided in s. 440.51. The department shall estimate annually in advance the amount necessary for the administration of this subsection and the maintenance of this fund and shall make such assessment in the manner hereinafter provided.
- 2. The annual assessment shall be calculated to produce during the ensuing fiscal year an amount which, when combined with that part of the balance in the fund on June 30 of the current fiscal year which is in excess of \$100,000, is equal to the average of:
- a. The sum of disbursements from the fund during the immediate past 3 calendar years, and
- b. Two times the disbursements of the most recent calendar year.

Such amount shall be prorated among the insurance companies writing compensation insurance in the state and the self-insurers. Provided however, for those carriers that have excluded ceded reinsurance premiums from their assessments on or before January 1, 2000, no assessments on ceded reinsurance premiums shall be paid by those carriers until such time as the former Division of Workers' Compensation of the Department of

Labor and Employment Security or the department advises each of those carriers of the impact that the inclusion of ceded reinsurance premiums has on their assessment. The department may not recover any past underpayments of assessments levied against any carrier that on or before January 1, 2000, excluded ceded reinsurance premiums from their assessment prior to the point that the former Division of Workers' Compensation of the Department of Labor and Employment Security or the department advises of the appropriate assessment that should have been paid.

- 3. The net premiums written by the companies for workers' compensation in this state and the net premium written applicable to the self-insurers in this state are the basis for computing the amount to be assessed as a percentage of net premiums. Such payments shall be made by each carrier and self-insurer to the department for the Special Disability Trust Fund in accordance with such regulations as the department prescribes.
- 4. The Chief Financial Officer is authorized to receive and credit to such Special Disability Trust Fund any sum or sums that may at any time be contributed to the state by the United States under any Act of Congress, or otherwise, to which the state may be or become entitled by reason of any payments made out of such fund.

Section 300. Subsections (1), (4), and (5) of section 443.012, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

443.012 Unemployment Appeals Commission. -

(1) There is created within <u>the Division of Unemployment</u>
Services of Jobs Florida <u>the Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> an

Unemployment Appeals Commission. The commission is composed of a chair and two other members appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the Senate. Only one appointee may be a representative of employers, as demonstrated by his or her previous vocation, employment, or affiliation; and only one appointee may be a representative of employees, as demonstrated by his or her previous vocation, employment, or affiliation.

- (a) The chair shall devote his or her entire time to commission duties and is responsible for the administrative functions of the commission.
- (b) The chair has authority to appoint a general counsel and other personnel to carry out the duties and responsibilities of the commission.
- (c) The chair must have the qualifications required by law for a judge of the circuit court and may not engage in any other business vocation or employment. Notwithstanding any other law, the chair shall be paid a salary equal to that paid under state law to a judge of the circuit court.
- (d) The remaining members shall be paid a stipend of \$100 for each day they are engaged in the work of the commission. The chair and other members are entitled to be reimbursed for travel expenses, as provided in s. 112.061.
- (e) The total salary and travel expenses of each member of the commission shall be paid from the Employment Security Administration Trust Fund.
- (4) The property, personnel, and appropriations relating to the specified authority, powers, duties, and responsibilities of the commission shall be provided to the commission by <u>Jobs</u> Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation.

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(5) The commission is not subject to control, supervision, or direction by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation in performing its powers or duties under this chapter.

Section 301. Subsections (9), (41), (43), and (45) of section 443.036, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

443.036 Definitions.—As used in this chapter, the term:

- (9) "Benefit year" means, for an individual, the 1-year period beginning with the first day of the first week for which the individual first files a valid claim for benefits and, thereafter, the 1-year period beginning with the first day of the first week for which the individual next files a valid claim for benefits after the termination of his or her last preceding benefit year. Each claim for benefits made in accordance with s. 443.151(2) is a valid claim under this subsection if the individual was paid wages for insured work in accordance with s. 443.091(1)(g) and is unemployed as defined in subsection (43) at the time of filing the claim. However, Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation may adopt rules providing for the establishment of a uniform benefit year for all workers in one or more groups or classes of service or within a particular industry if Jobs Florida the agency determines, after notice to the industry and to the workers in the industry and an opportunity to be heard in the matter, that those groups or classes of workers in a particular industry periodically experience unemployment resulting from layoffs or shutdowns for limited periods of time.
- (41) "Tax collection service provider" or "service provider" means the state agency providing unemployment tax collection services under contract with Jobs Florida the Agency

for Workforce Innovation through an interagency agreement pursuant to s. 443.1316.

- (43) "Unemployment" means:
- (a) An individual is "totally unemployed" in any week during which he or she does not perform any services and for which earned income is not payable to him or her. An individual is "partially unemployed" in any week of less than full-time work if the earned income payable to him or her for that week is less than his or her weekly benefit amount. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation may adopt rules prescribing distinctions in the procedures for unemployed individuals based on total unemployment, part-time unemployment, partial unemployment of individuals attached to their regular jobs, and other forms of short-time work.
- (b) An individual's week of unemployment commences only after his or her registration with <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation as required in s. 443.091, except as the agency may otherwise prescribe by rule.
- (45) "Week" means a period of 7 consecutive days as defined in the rules of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce

 Innovation. <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Agency for Workforce Innovation may by rule prescribe that a week is deemed to be "in," "within," or "during" the benefit year that contains the greater part of the week.

Section 302. Subsections (2) and (3) of section 443.041, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

443.041 Waiver of rights; fees; privileged communications.-

- (2) FEES.-
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, an

individual claiming benefits may not be charged fees of any kind in any proceeding under this chapter by the commission or Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, or their representatives, or by any court or any officer of the court. An individual claiming benefits in any proceeding before the commission or Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, or representatives of either, or a court may be represented by counsel or an authorized representative, but the counsel or representative may not charge or receive for those services more than an amount approved by the commission, Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, or the court.

- (b) An attorney at law representing a claimant for benefits in any district court of appeal of this state or in the Supreme Court of Florida is entitled to counsel fees payable by <u>Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> as set by the court if the petition for review or appeal is initiated by the claimant and results in a decision awarding more benefits than provided in the decision from which appeal was taken. The amount of the fee may not exceed 50 percent of the total amount of regular benefits permitted under s. 443.111(5)(a) during the benefit year.
- (c) Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall pay attorneys' fees awarded under this section from the Employment Security Administration Trust Fund as part of the costs of administration of this chapter and may pay these fees directly to the attorney for the claimant in a lump sum. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation or the commission may not pay any other fees or costs in connection with an appeal.

- (d) Any person, firm, or corporation who or which seeks or receives any remuneration or gratuity for any services rendered on behalf of a claimant, except as allowed by this section and in an amount approved by <u>Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation</u>, the commission, or a court, commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (3) PRIVILEGED COMMUNICATIONS.—All letters, reports, communications, or any other matters, either oral or written, between an employer and an employee or between Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider and any of their agents, representatives, or employees which are written, sent, delivered, or made in connection with this chapter, are privileged and may not be the subject matter or basis for any suit for slander or libel in any court of the state.

Section 303. Subsection (3) of section 443.051, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

443.051 Benefits not alienable; exception, child support intercept.—

- (3) EXCEPTION, SUPPORT INTERCEPT.-
- (a) The Department of Revenue shall, at least biweekly, provide Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation with a magnetic tape or other electronic data file disclosing the individuals who owe support obligations and the amount of any legally required deductions.
- (b) For support obligations established on or after July 1,2006, and for support obligations established before July 1,2006, when the support order does not address the withholding of

unemployment compensation, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall deduct and withhold 40 percent of the unemployment compensation otherwise payable to an individual disclosed under paragraph (a). If delinquencies, arrearages, or retroactive support are owed and repayment has not been ordered, the unpaid amounts are included in the support obligation and are subject to withholding. If the amount deducted exceeds the support obligation, the Department of Revenue shall promptly refund the amount of the excess deduction to the obligor. For support obligations in effect before July 1, 2006, if the support order addresses the withholding of unemployment compensation, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall deduct and withhold the amount ordered by the court or administrative agency that issued the support order as disclosed by the Department of Revenue.

- (c) Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall pay any amount deducted and withheld under paragraph (b) to the Department of Revenue.
- (d) Any amount deducted and withheld under this subsection shall for all purposes be treated as if it were paid to the individual as unemployment compensation and paid by the individual to the Department of Revenue for support obligations.
- (e) The Department of Revenue shall reimburse <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation for the administrative costs incurred by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the agency under this subsection which are attributable to support obligations being enforced by the department.

Section 304. Subsections (3) and (4), paragraph (b) of subsection (5), and subsections (6) and (8) of section 443.071,

 Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

443.071 Penalties.-

- employing unit or any officer or agent of any employing unit or any other person who fails to furnish any reports required under this chapter or to produce or permit the inspection of or copying of records as required under this chapter, who fails or refuses, within 6 months after written demand by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider, to keep and maintain the payroll records required by this chapter or by rule of Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or the state agency providing tax collection services, or who willfully fails or refuses to make any contribution, reimbursement, or other payment required from an employer under this chapter commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
- (4) Any person who establishes a fictitious employing unit by submitting to Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce

 Innovation or its tax collection service provider fraudulent employing unit records or tax or wage reports by the introduction of fraudulent records into a computer system, the intentional or deliberate alteration or destruction of computerized information or files, or the theft of financial instruments, data, and other assets, for the purpose of enabling herself or himself or any other person to receive benefits under this chapter to which such person is not entitled, commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s.

 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
 - (5) In any prosecution or action under this section, the

entry into evidence of the signature of a person on a document, letter, or other writing constitutes prima facie evidence of the person's identity if the following conditions exist:

- (b) The signature of the person is witnessed by an agent or employee of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider at the time the document, letter, or other writing is filed.
- (6) The entry into evidence of an application for unemployment benefits initiated by the use of the Internet claims program or the interactive voice response system telephone claims program of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation constitutes prima facie evidence of the establishment of a personal benefit account by or for an individual if the following information is provided: the applicant's name, residence address, date of birth, social security number, and present or former place of work.
- (8) All records relating to investigations of unemployment compensation fraud in the custody of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider are available for examination by the Department of Law Enforcement, the state attorneys, or the Office of the Statewide Prosecutor in the prosecution of offenses under s. 817.568 or in proceedings brought under this chapter.

Section 305. Subsection (1) and subsection (4) of section 443.091, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

443.091 Benefit eligibility conditions.-

(1) An unemployed individual is eligible to receive benefits for any week only if <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation—finds that:

- (a) She or he has made a claim for benefits for that week in accordance with the rules adopted by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation.
- (b) She or he has registered with <u>Jobs Florida</u> the agency for work and subsequently reports to the one-stop career center as directed by the regional workforce board for reemployment services. This requirement does not apply to persons who are:
 - 1. Non-Florida residents;
 - 2. On a temporary layoff, as defined in s. 443.036(42);
- 3. Union members who customarily obtain employment through a union hiring hall; or
- 4. Claiming benefits under an approved short-time compensation plan as provided in s. 443.1116.
- (c) To make continued claims for benefits, she or he is reporting to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the agency in accordance with its rules. These rules may not conflict with s. 443.111(1)(b), including the requirement that each claimant continue to report regardless of any pending appeal relating to her or his eligibility or disqualification for benefits.
- (d) She or he is able to work and is available for work. In order to assess eligibility for a claimed week of unemployment, Jobs Florida the agency shall develop criteria to determine a claimant's ability to work and availability for work. However:
- 1. Notwithstanding any other provision of this paragraph or paragraphs (b) and (e), an otherwise eligible individual may not be denied benefits for any week because she or he is in training with the approval of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the agency, or by reason of s. 443.101(2) relating to failure to apply for, or refusal to accept, suitable work. Training may be approved by Jobs Florida

the agency in accordance with criteria prescribed by rule. A claimant's eligibility during approved training is contingent upon satisfying eligibility conditions prescribed by rule.

- 2. Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, an otherwise eligible individual who is in training approved under s. 236(a)(1) of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, may not be determined ineligible or disqualified for benefits due to her or his enrollment in such training or because of leaving work that is not suitable employment to enter such training. As used in this subparagraph, the term "suitable employment" means work of a substantially equal or higher skill level than the worker's past adversely affected employment, as defined for purposes of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, the wages for which are at least 80 percent of the worker's average weekly wage as determined for purposes of the Trade Act of 1974, as amended.
- 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, an otherwise eligible individual may not be denied benefits for any week because she or he is before any state or federal court pursuant to a lawfully issued summons to appear for jury duty.
- (e) She or he participates in reemployment services, such as job search assistance services, whenever the individual has been determined, by a profiling system established by the rules of Jobs Florida agency rule, to be likely to exhaust regular benefits and to be in need of reemployment services.
- (f) She or he has been unemployed for a waiting period of 1 week. A week may not be counted as a week of unemployment under this subsection:
- 1. Unless it occurs within the benefit year that includes the week for which she or he claims payment of benefits.

- 2. If benefits have been paid for that week.
- 3. Unless the individual was eligible for benefits for that week as provided in this section and s. 443.101, except for the requirements of this subsection and of s. 443.101(5).
- (g) She or he has been paid wages for insured work equal to 1.5 times her or his high quarter wages during her or his base period, except that an unemployed individual is not eligible to receive benefits if the base period wages are less than \$3,400.
- (h) She or he submitted to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the agency a valid social security number assigned to her or him. <u>Jobs Florida</u> The agency may verify the social security number with the United States Social Security Administration and may deny benefits if <u>Jobs Florida</u> the agency is unable to verify the individual's social security number, the social security number is invalid, or the social security number is not assigned to the individual.
- (4) In the event of national emergency, in the course of which the Federal Emergency Unemployment Payment Plan is, at the request of the Governor, invoked for all or any part of the state, the emergency plan shall supersede the procedures prescribed by this chapter, and by rules adopted under this chapter, and Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall act as the Florida agency for the United States Department of Labor in the administration of the plan.

Section 306. Subsections (1), (2), (4), (6), (7), and (9) of section 443.101, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 443.101 Disqualification for benefits.—An individual shall be disqualified for benefits:
- (1)(a) For the week in which he or she has voluntarily left work without good cause attributable to his or her employing

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unit or in which the individual has been discharged by the employing unit for misconduct connected with his or her work, based on a finding by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation. As used in this paragraph, the term "work" means any work, whether full-time, part-time, or temporary.

- 1. Disqualification for voluntarily quitting continues for the full period of unemployment next ensuing after the individual has left his or her full-time, part-time, or temporary work voluntarily without good cause and until the individual has earned income equal to or in excess of 17 times his or her weekly benefit amount. As used in this subsection, the term "good cause" includes only that cause attributable to the employing unit or which consists of the individual's illness or disability requiring separation from his or her work. Any other disqualification may not be imposed. An individual is not disqualified under this subsection for voluntarily leaving temporary work to return immediately when called to work by the permanent employing unit that temporarily terminated his or her work within the previous 6 calendar months. An individual is not disqualified under this subsection for voluntarily leaving work to relocate as a result of his or her military-connected spouse's permanent change of station orders, activation orders, or unit deployment orders.
- 2. Disqualification for being discharged for misconduct connected with his or her work continues for the full period of unemployment next ensuing after having been discharged and until the individual is reemployed and has earned income of at least 17 times his or her weekly benefit amount and for not more than 52 weeks that immediately follow that week, as determined by

Jobs Florida the agency in each case according to the circumstances in each case or the seriousness of the misconduct, under Jobs Florida the agency's rules adopted for determinations of disqualification for benefits for misconduct.

- 3. If an individual has provided notification to the employing unit of his or her intent to voluntarily leave work and the employing unit discharges the individual for reasons other than misconduct before the date the voluntary quit was to take effect, the individual, if otherwise entitled, shall receive benefits from the date of the employer's discharge until the effective date of his or her voluntary quit.
- 4. If an individual is notified by the employing unit of the employer's intent to discharge the individual for reasons other than misconduct and the individual quits without good cause, as defined in this section, before the date the discharge was to take effect, the claimant is ineligible for benefits pursuant to s. 443.091(1)(d) for failing to be available for work for the week or weeks of unemployment occurring before the effective date of the discharge.
- (b) For any week with respect to which <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation finds that his or her unemployment is due to a suspension for misconduct connected with the individual's work.
- (c) For any week with respect to which <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation finds that his or her unemployment is due to a leave of absence, if the leave was voluntarily initiated by the individual.
- (d) For any week with respect to which <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation finds that his or her

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unemployment is due to a discharge for misconduct connected with the individual's work, consisting of drug use, as evidenced by a positive, confirmed drug test.

- (2) If Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation finds that the individual has failed without good cause to apply for available suitable work when directed by Jobs Florida the agency or the one-stop career center, to accept suitable work when offered to him or her, or to return to the individual's customary self-employment when directed by Jobs Florida the agency, the disqualification continues for the full period of unemployment next ensuing after he or she failed without good cause to apply for available suitable work, to accept suitable work, or to return to his or her customary self-employment, under this subsection, and until the individual has earned income at least 17 times his or her weekly benefit amount. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall by rule adopt criteria for determining the "suitability of work," as used in this section. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation in developing these rules shall consider the duration of a claimant's unemployment in determining the suitability of work and the suitability of proposed rates of compensation for available work. Further, after an individual has received 25 weeks of benefits in a single year, suitable work is a job that pays the minimum wage and is 120 percent or more of the weekly benefit amount the individual is drawing.
- (a) In determining whether or not any work is suitable for an individual, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall consider the degree of risk involved to his or her health, safety, and morals; his or her physical fitness and prior

training; the individual's experience and prior earnings; his or her length of unemployment and prospects for securing local work in his or her customary occupation; and the distance of the available work from his or her residence.

- (b) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this chapter, work is not deemed suitable and benefits may not be denied under this chapter to any otherwise eligible individual for refusing to accept new work under any of the following conditions:
- 1. If the position offered is vacant due directly to a strike, lockout, or other labor dispute.
- 2. If the wages, hours, or other conditions of the work offered are substantially less favorable to the individual than those prevailing for similar work in the locality.
- 3. If as a condition of being employed, the individual would be required to join a company union or to resign from or refrain from joining any bona fide labor organization.
- (c) If <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation finds that an individual was rejected for offered employment as the direct result of a positive, confirmed drug test required as a condition of employment, the individual is disqualified for refusing to accept an offer of suitable work.
- (4) For any week with respect to which <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation—finds that his or her total or partial unemployment is due to a labor dispute in active progress which exists at the factory, establishment, or other premises at which he or she is or was last employed; except that this subsection does not apply if it is shown to the satisfaction of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation that:

- (a)1. He or she is not participating in, financing, or directly interested in the labor dispute that is in active progress; however, the payment of regular union dues may not be construed as financing a labor dispute within the meaning of this section; and
- 2. He or she does not belong to a grade or class of workers of which immediately before the commencement of the labor dispute there were members employed at the premises at which the labor dispute occurs any of whom are participating in, financing, or directly interested in the dispute; if in any case separate branches of work are commonly conducted as separate businesses in separate premises, or are conducted in separate departments of the same premises, each department, for the purpose of this subsection, is deemed to be a separate factory, establishment, or other premise.
- (b) His or her total or partial unemployment results from a lockout by his or her employer. As used in this section, the term "lockout" means a situation in which employees have not gone on strike, nor have employees notified the employer of a date certain for a strike, but in which employees have been denied entry to the factory, establishment, or other premises of employment by the employer. However, benefits are not payable under this paragraph if the lockout action was taken in response to threats, actions, or other indications of impending damage to property and equipment or possible physical violence by employees or in response to actual damage or violence or a substantial reduction in production instigated or perpetrated by employees.
 - (6) For a period not to exceed 1 year from the date of the

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discovery by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation of the making of any false or fraudulent representation for the purpose of obtaining benefits contrary to this chapter, constituting a violation under s. 443.071. This disqualification may be appealed in the same manner as any other disqualification imposed under this section. A conviction by any court of competent jurisdiction in this state of the offense prohibited or punished by s. 443.071 is conclusive upon the appeals referee and the commission of the making of the false or fraudulent representation for which disqualification is imposed under this section.

- (7) If Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation finds that the individual is an alien, unless the alien is an individual who has been lawfully admitted for permanent residence or otherwise is permanently residing in the United States under color of law, including an alien who is lawfully present in the United States as a result of the application of s. 203(a)(7) or s. 212(d)(5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act, if any modifications to s. 3304(a)(14) of the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, as provided by Pub. L. No. 94-566, which specify other conditions or other effective dates than those stated under federal law for the denial of benefits based on services performed by aliens, and which modifications are required to be implemented under state law as a condition for full tax credit against the tax imposed by the Federal Unemployment Tax Act, are deemed applicable under this section, if:
- (a) Any data or information required of individuals applying for benefits to determine whether benefits are not

payable to them because of their alien status is uniformly required from all applicants for benefits; and

- (b) In the case of an individual whose application for benefits would otherwise be approved, a determination that benefits to such individual are not payable because of his or her alien status may not be made except by a preponderance of the evidence.
- If <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation finds that the individual has refused without good cause an offer of resettlement or relocation, which offer provides for suitable employment for the individual notwithstanding the distance of relocation, resettlement, or employment from the current location of the individual in this state, this disqualification continues for the week in which the failure occurred and for not more than 17 weeks immediately after that week, or a reduction by not more than 5 weeks from the duration of benefits, as determined by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation in each case.
- (9) If the individual was terminated from his or her work for violation of any criminal law punishable by imprisonment, or for any dishonest act, in connection with his or her work, as follows:
- (a) If Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or the Unemployment Appeals Commission finds that the individual was terminated from his or her work for violation of any criminal law punishable by imprisonment in connection with his or her work, and the individual was found guilty of the offense, made an admission of guilt in a court of law, or entered a plea

of no contest, the individual is not entitled to unemployment benefits for up to 52 weeks, under rules adopted by <u>Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation</u>, and until he or she has earned income of at least 17 times his or her weekly benefit amount. If, before an adjudication of guilt, an admission of guilt, or a plea of no contest, the employer shows <u>Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> that the arrest was due to a crime against the employer or the employer's business and, after considering all the evidence, <u>Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> finds misconduct in connection with the individual's work, the individual is not entitled to unemployment benefits.

(b) If Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or the Unemployment Appeals Commission finds that the individual was terminated from work for any dishonest act in connection with his or her work, the individual is not entitled to unemployment benefits for up to 52 weeks, under rules adopted by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, and until he or she has earned income of at least 17 times his or her weekly benefit amount. In addition, if the employer terminates an individual as a result of a dishonest act in connection with his or her work and Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation finds misconduct in connection with his or her work, the individual is not entitled to unemployment benefits.

With respect to an individual disqualified for benefits, the account of the terminating employer, if the employer is in the base period, is noncharged at the time the disqualification is imposed.

Section 307. Subsection (1) of section 443.111, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

443.111 Payment of benefits.-

- (1) MANNER OF PAYMENT.—Benefits are payable from the fund in accordance with rules adopted by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation, subject to the following requirements:
- (a) Benefits are payable by mail or electronically. Notwithstanding s. 409.942(4), Jobs Florida the agency may develop a system for the payment of benefits by electronic funds transfer, including, but not limited to, debit cards, electronic payment cards, or any other means of electronic payment that Jobs Florida the agency deems to be commercially viable or cost-effective. Commodities or services related to the development of such a system shall be procured by competitive solicitation, unless they are purchased from a state term contract pursuant to s. 287.056. Jobs Florida The agency shall adopt rules necessary to administer the system.
- (b) Each claimant must report in the manner prescribed by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation to certify for benefits that are paid and must continue to report at least biweekly to receive unemployment benefits and to attest to the fact that she or he is able and available for work, has not refused suitable work, is seeking work, and, if she or he has worked, to report earnings from that work. Each claimant must continue to report regardless of any appeal or pending appeal relating to her or his eligibility or disqualification for benefits.

Section 308. Subsections (1), (4), and (5) of section 443.1113, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

443.1113 Unemployment Compensation Claims and Benefits Information System.—

- (1) To the extent that funds are appropriated for each phase of the Unemployment Compensation Claims and Benefits Information System by the Legislature, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall replace and enhance the functionality provided in the following systems with an integrated Internet-based system that is known as the "Unemployment Compensation Claims and Benefits Information System":
 - (a) Claims and benefit mainframe system.
 - (b) Florida unemployment Internet direct.
 - (c) Florida continued claim Internet directory.
 - (d) Call center interactive voice response system.
 - (e) Benefit overpayment screening system.
 - (f) Internet and Intranet appeals system.
- (4) The project to implement the Unemployment Compensation Claims and Benefits Information System shall be comprised of the following phases and corresponding implementation timeframes:
- (a) No later than the end of fiscal year 2009-2010 completion of the business re-engineering analysis and documentation of both the detailed system requirements and the overall system architecture.
- (b) The new Unemployment Claims and Benefits Internet portal that replaces the Florida Unemployment Internet Direct and the Florida Continued Claims Internet Directory systems and shall be deployed to full production operational status no later than the end of fiscal year 2010 2011.
 - (c) The new Call Center Interactive Voice Response System

and the Benefit Overpayment Screening System shall be deployed to full production operational status no later than the end of fiscal year 2011-2012.

- (d) The new Internet and Intranet Appeals System and the Claims and Benefits Mainframe System shall be deployed to full operational status no later than the end of fiscal year 2012-2013.
- (4)(5) Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall implement the following project governance structure until such time as the project is completed, suspended, or terminated:
- (a) The project sponsor for the Unemployment Compensation Claims and Benefits Information System project is the commissioner of Jobs Florida executive director of the Agency for Workforce Innovation.
- (b) The project shall be governed by an executive steering committee composed of the following voting members or their designees:
- 1. The <u>commissioner of Jobs Florida</u> executive director of the Agency for Workforce Innovation.
 - 2. The executive director of the Department of Revenue.
- 3. The director of the <u>Division of Unemployment Services</u> within Jobs Florida Office of Unemployment Compensation within the Agency for Workforce Innovation.
- 4. The program director of the General Tax Administration Program Office within the Department of Revenue.
- 5. The chief information officer of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation.
- (c) The executive steering committee has the overall responsibility for ensuring that the project meets its primary

objectives and is specifically responsible for:

- 1. Providing management direction and support to the project management team.
- 2. Assessing the project's alignment with the strategic goals of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation for administering the unemployment compensation program.
- 3. Reviewing and approving or disapproving any changes to the project's scope, schedule, and costs.
- 4. Reviewing, approving or disapproving, and determining whether to proceed with any major project deliverables.
- 5. Recommending suspension or termination of the project to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives if it determines that the primary objectives cannot be achieved.
- (d) The project management team shall work under the direction of the executive steering committee and shall be minimally comprised of senior managers and stakeholders from Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation and the Department of Revenue. The project management team is responsible for:
- 1. Providing daily planning, management, and oversight of the project.
- 2. Submitting an operational work plan and providing quarterly updates to that plan to the executive steering committee. The plan must specify project milestones, deliverables, and expenditures.
- 3. Submitting written monthly project status reports to the executive steering committee which include:
 - a. Planned versus actual project costs;

- b. An assessment of the status of major milestones and deliverables;
- c. Identification of any issues requiring resolution, the proposed resolution for these issues, and information regarding the status of the resolution;
 - d. Identification of risks that must be managed; and
- e. Identification of and recommendations regarding necessary changes in the project's scope, schedule, or costs. All recommendations must be reviewed by project stakeholders before submission to the executive steering committee in order to ensure that the recommendations meet required acceptance criteria.

Section 309. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1), subsection (2), paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (3), and subsection (6) of section 443.1115, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 443.1115 Extended benefits.—

- (1) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section, the term:
- (d) "Rate of insured unemployment" means the percentage derived by dividing the average weekly number of individuals filing claims for regular compensation in this state, excluding extended-benefit claimants for weeks of unemployment with respect to the most recent 13-consecutive-week period, as determined by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation on the basis of its reports to the United States Secretary of Labor, by the average monthly employment covered under this chapter for the first four of the most recent six completed calendar quarters ending before the end of that 13-week period.
- (2) REGULAR BENEFITS ON CLAIMS FOR, AND THE PAYMENT OF, EXTENDED BENEFITS.—Except when the result is inconsistent with

the other provisions of this section and as provided in the rules of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation, the provisions of this chapter applying to claims for, or the payment of, regular benefits apply to claims for, and the payment of, extended benefits. These extended benefits are charged to the employment records of employers to the extent that the share of those extended benefits paid from this state's Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund is not eligible to be reimbursed from federal sources.

- (3) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR EXTENDED BENEFITS.-
- (a) An individual is eligible to receive extended benefits for any week of unemployment in her or his eligibility period only if <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation finds that, for that week:
 - 1. She or he is an exhaustee as defined in subsection (1).
- 2. She or he satisfies the requirements of this chapter for the receipt of regular benefits applicable to individuals claiming extended benefits, including not being subject to disqualification from the receipt of benefits. An individual disqualified from receiving regular benefits may not receive extended benefits after the disqualification period terminates if he or she was disqualified for voluntarily leaving work, being discharged from work for misconduct, or refusing suitable work. However, if the disqualification period for regular benefits terminates because the individual received the required amount of remuneration for services rendered as a common-law employee, she or he may receive extended benefits.
- 3. The individual was paid wages for insured work for the applicable benefit year equal to 1.5 times the high quarter

earnings during the base period.

- (c)1. An individual is disqualified from receiving extended benefits if <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation finds that, during any week of unemployment in her or his eligibility period:
- a. She or he failed to apply for suitable work or, if offered, failed to accept suitable work, unless the individual can furnish to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the agency satisfactory evidence that her or his prospects for obtaining work in her or his customary occupation within a reasonably short period are good. If this evidence is deemed satisfactory for this purpose, the determination of whether any work is suitable for the individual shall be made in accordance with the definition of suitable work in s. 443.101(2). This disqualification begins with the week the failure occurred and continues until she or he is employed for at least 4 weeks and receives earned income of at least 17 times her or his weekly benefit amount.
- b. She or he failed to furnish tangible evidence that she or he actively engaged in a systematic and sustained effort to find work. This disqualification begins with the week the failure occurred and continues until she or he is employed for at least 4 weeks and receives earned income of at least 4 times her or his weekly benefit amount.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in sub-subparagraph 1.a., as used in this paragraph, the term "suitable work" means any work within the individual's capabilities to perform, if:
- a. The gross average weekly remuneration payable for the work exceeds the sum of the individual's weekly benefit amount plus the amount, if any, of supplemental unemployment benefits,

as defined in s. 501(c)(17)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended, payable to the individual for that week;

- b. The wages payable for the work equal the higher of the minimum wages provided by s. 6(a)(1) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, without regard to any exemption, or the state or local minimum wage; and
- c. The work otherwise meets the definition of suitable work in s. 443.101(2) to the extent that the criteria for suitability are not inconsistent with this paragraph.
- (6) COMPUTATIONS.—Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall perform the computations required under paragraph (1)(d) in accordance with regulations of the United States Secretary of Labor.

Section 310. Subsection (2) and paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (5) of section 443.1116, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

443.1116 Short-time compensation.

- (2) APPROVAL OF SHORT-TIME COMPENSATION PLANS.—An employer wishing to participate in the short-time compensation program must submit a signed, written, short-time plan to the commissioner of Jobs Florida director of the Agency for Workforce Innovation for approval. The commissioner director or his or her designee shall approve the plan if:
- (a) The plan applies to and identifies each specific affected unit;
- (b) The individuals in the affected unit are identified by name and social security number;
- (c) The normal weekly hours of work for individuals in the affected unit are reduced by at least 10 percent and by not more

than 40 percent;

- (d) The plan includes a certified statement by the employer that the aggregate reduction in work hours is in lieu of temporary layoffs that would affect at least 10 percent of the employees in the affected unit and that would have resulted in an equivalent reduction in work hours;
- (e) The plan applies to at least 10 percent of the employees in the affected unit;
- (f) The plan is approved in writing by the collective bargaining agent for each collective bargaining agreement covering any individual in the affected unit;
- (g) The plan does not serve as a subsidy to seasonal employers during the off-season or as a subsidy to employers who traditionally use part-time employees; and
- (h) The plan certifies the manner in which the employer will treat fringe benefits of the individuals in the affected unit if the hours of the individuals are reduced to less than their normal weekly hours of work. As used in this paragraph, the term "fringe benefits" includes, but is not limited to, health insurance, retirement benefits under defined benefit pension plans as defined in subsection 35 of s. 1002 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, 29 U.S.C., paid vacation and holidays, and sick leave.
- (5) ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS FOR SHORT-TIME COMPENSATION BENEFITS.—
- (a) Except as provided in this subsection, an individual is eligible to receive short-time compensation benefits for any week only if she or he complies with this chapter and <u>Jobs</u>
 Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation finds that:

- 1. The individual is employed as a member of an affected unit in an approved plan that was approved before the week and is in effect for the week;
- 2. The individual is able to work and is available for additional hours of work or for full-time work with the short-time employer; and
- 3. The normal weekly hours of work of the individual are reduced by at least 10 percent but not by more than 40 percent, with a corresponding reduction in wages.
- (b) Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation may not deny short-time compensation benefits to an individual who is otherwise eligible for these benefits for any week by reason of the application of any provision of this chapter relating to availability for work, active search for work, or refusal to apply for or accept work from other than the short-time compensation employer of that individual.

Section 311. Subsection (3) of section 443.1215, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

443.1215 Employers.-

(3) An employing unit that fails to keep the records of employment required by this chapter and by the rules of <u>Jobs</u>

<u>Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation and the state agency providing unemployment tax collection services is presumed to be an employer liable for the payment of contributions under this chapter, regardless of the number of individuals employed by the employing unit. However, the tax collection service provider shall make written demand that the employing unit keep and maintain required payroll records. The demand must be made at least 6 months before assessing contributions against an

employing unit determined to be an employer that is subject to this chapter solely by reason of this subsection.

Section 312. Paragraphs (a) and (d) of subsection (1), subsection (12), and paragraph (p) of subsection (13) of section 443.1216, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

443.1216 Employment.—Employment, as defined in s. 443.036, is subject to this chapter under the following conditions:

- (1)(a) The employment subject to this chapter includes a service performed, including a service performed in interstate commerce, by:
 - 1. An officer of a corporation.
- 2. An individual who, under the usual common-law rules applicable in determining the employer-employee relationship, is an employee. However, whenever a client, as defined in s. 443.036(18), which would otherwise be designated as an employing unit has contracted with an employee leasing company to supply it with workers, those workers are considered employees of the employee leasing company. An employee leasing company may lease corporate officers of the client to the client and other workers to the client, except as prohibited by regulations of the Internal Revenue Service. Employees of an employee leasing company must be reported under the employee leasing company's tax identification number and contribution rate for work performed for the employee leasing company.
- a. In addition to any other report required to be filed by law, an employee leasing company shall submit a report to the Labor Market Statistics Center within Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation which includes each client establishment and each establishment of the employee leasing

16299 company, or as otherwise directed by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the agency.

16300 The report must include the following information for each

16301 establishment:

- (I) The trade or establishment name;
- (II) The former unemployment compensation account number, if available;
- (III) The former federal employer's identification number (FEIN), if available;
- (IV) The industry code recognized and published by the United States Office of Management and Budget, if available;
- (V) A description of the client's primary business activity in order to verify or assign an industry code;
 - (VI) The address of the physical location;
- (VII) The number of full-time and part-time employees who worked during, or received pay that was subject to unemployment compensation taxes for, the pay period including the 12th of the month for each month of the quarter;
- (VIII) The total wages subject to unemployment compensation taxes paid during the calendar quarter;
- (IX) An internal identification code to uniquely identify each establishment of each client;
- (X) The month and year that the client entered into the contract for services; and
- (XI) The month and year that the client terminated the contract for services.
- b. The report shall be submitted electronically or in a manner otherwise prescribed by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation in the format specified by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of the United States Department of Labor for

its Multiple Worksite Report for Professional Employer
Organizations. The report must be provided quarterly to the
Labor Market Statistics Center within Jobs Florida the Agency
for Workforce Innovation, or as otherwise directed by Jobs
Florida the agency, and must be filed by the last day of the
month immediately following the end of the calendar quarter. The
information required in sub-sub-subparagraphs a.(X) and (XI)
need be provided only in the quarter in which the contract to
which it relates was entered into or terminated. The sum of the
employment data and the sum of the wage data in this report must
match the employment and wages reported in the unemployment
compensation quarterly tax and wage report. A report is not
required for any calendar quarter preceding the third calendar
quarter of 2010.

- c. <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt rules as necessary to administer this subparagraph, and may administer, collect, enforce, and waive the penalty imposed by s. 443.141(1)(b) for the report required by this subparagraph.
- d. For the purposes of this subparagraph, the term "establishment" means any location where business is conducted or where services or industrial operations are performed.
- 3. An individual other than an individual who is an employee under subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2., who performs services for remuneration for any person:
- a. As an agent-driver or commission-driver engaged in distributing meat products, vegetable products, fruit products, bakery products, beverages other than milk, or laundry or drycleaning services for his or her principal.

- b. As a traveling or city salesperson engaged on a full-time basis in the solicitation on behalf of, and the transmission to, his or her principal of orders from wholesalers, retailers, contractors, or operators of hotels, restaurants, or other similar establishments for merchandise for resale or supplies for use in their business operations. This sub-subparagraph does not apply to an agent-driver or a commission-driver and does not apply to sideline sales activities performed on behalf of a person other than the salesperson's principal.
- 4. The services described in subparagraph 3. are employment subject to this chapter only if:
- a. The contract of service contemplates that substantially all of the services are to be performed personally by the individual;
- b. The individual does not have a substantial investment in facilities used in connection with the services, other than facilities used for transportation; and
- c. The services are not in the nature of a single transaction that is not part of a continuing relationship with the person for whom the services are performed.
- (d) If two or more related corporations concurrently employ the same individual and compensate the individual through a common paymaster, each related corporation is considered to have paid wages to the individual only in the amounts actually disbursed by that corporation to the individual and is not considered to have paid the wages actually disbursed to the individual by another of the related corporations. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation and the state agency

providing unemployment tax collection services may adopt rules necessary to administer this paragraph.

- 1. As used in this paragraph, the term "common paymaster" means a member of a group of related corporations that disburses wages to concurrent employees on behalf of the related corporations and that is responsible for keeping payroll records for those concurrent employees. A common paymaster is not required to disburse wages to all the employees of the related corporations; however, this subparagraph does not apply to wages of concurrent employees which are not disbursed through a common paymaster. A common paymaster must pay concurrently employed individuals under this subparagraph by one combined paycheck.
- 2. As used in this paragraph, the term "concurrent employment" means the existence of simultaneous employment relationships between an individual and related corporations. Those relationships require the performance of services by the employee for the benefit of the related corporations, including the common paymaster, in exchange for wages that, if deductible for the purposes of federal income tax, are deductible by the related corporations.
- 3. Corporations are considered related corporations for an entire calendar quarter if they satisfy any one of the following tests at any time during the calendar quarter:
- a. The corporations are members of a "controlled group of corporations" as defined in s. 1563 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 or would be members if s. 1563(a)(4) and (b) did not apply.
- b. In the case of a corporation that does not issue stock, at least 50 percent of the members of the board of directors or

other governing body of one corporation are members of the board of directors or other governing body of the other corporation or the holders of at least 50 percent of the voting power to select those members are concurrently the holders of at least 50 percent of the voting power to select those members of the other corporation.

- c. At least 50 percent of the officers of one corporation are concurrently officers of the other corporation.
- d. At least 30 percent of the employees of one corporation are concurrently employees of the other corporation.
- 4. The common paymaster must report to the tax collection service provider, as part of the unemployment compensation quarterly tax and wage report, the state unemployment compensation account number and name of each related corporation for which concurrent employees are being reported. Failure to timely report this information shall result in the related corporations being denied common paymaster status for that calendar quarter.
- 5. The common paymaster also has the primary responsibility for remitting contributions due under this chapter for the wages it disburses as the common paymaster. The common paymaster must compute these contributions as though it were the sole employer of the concurrently employed individuals. If a common paymaster fails to timely remit these contributions or reports, in whole or in part, the common paymaster remains liable for the full amount of the unpaid portion of these contributions. In addition, each of the other related corporations using the common paymaster is jointly and severally liable for its appropriate share of these contributions. Each related

corporation's share equals the greater of:

- a. The liability of the common paymaster under this chapter, after taking into account any contributions made.
- b. The liability under this chapter which, notwithstanding this section, would have existed for the wages from the other related corporations, reduced by an allocable portion of any contributions previously paid by the common paymaster for those wages.
- (12) The employment subject to this chapter includes services covered by a reciprocal arrangement under s. 443.221 between Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider and the agency charged with the administration of another state unemployment compensation law or a federal unemployment compensation law, under which all services performed by an individual for an employing unit are deemed to be performed entirely within this state, if Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider approved an election of the employing unit in which all of the services performed by the individual during the period covered by the election are deemed to be insured work.
- (13) The following are exempt from coverage under this chapter:
- (p) Service covered by an arrangement between <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation, or its tax collection service provider, and the agency charged with the administration of another state or federal unemployment compensation law under which all services performed by an individual for an employing unit during the period covered by the employing unit's duly

approved election is deemed to be performed entirely within the other agency's state or under the federal law.

Section 313. Subsection (1) of section 443.1217, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

443.1217 Wages.-

(1) The wages subject to this chapter include all remuneration for employment, including commissions, bonuses, back pay awards, and the cash value of all remuneration paid in any medium other than cash. The reasonable cash value of remuneration in any medium other than cash must be estimated and determined in accordance with rules adopted by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or the state agency providing tax collection services. The wages subject to this chapter include tips or gratuities received while performing services that constitute employment and are included in a written statement furnished to the employer under s. 6053(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954. As used in this section only, the term "employment" includes services constituting employment under any employment security law of another state or of the Federal Government.

Section 314. Subsection (1) and paragraphs (a), (g), and (i) of subsection (3) of section 443.131, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

443.131 Contributions.

(1) PAYMENT OF CONTRIBUTIONS.—Contributions accrue and are payable by each employer for each calendar quarter he or she is subject to this chapter for wages paid during each calendar quarter for employment. Contributions are due and payable by each employer to the tax collection service provider, in

16502 accordance with the rules adopted by Jobs Florida the Agency for 16503 Workforce Innovation or the state agency providing tax 16504 collection services. This subsection does not prohibit the tax 16505 collection service provider from allowing, at the request of the 16506 employer, employers of employees performing domestic services, as defined in s. 443.1216(6), to pay contributions or report 16507 16508 wages at intervals other than quarterly when the nonquarterly 16509 payment or reporting assists the service provider and when 16510 nonquarterly payment and reporting is authorized under federal 16511 law. Employers of employees performing domestic services may report wages and pay contributions annually, with a due date of 16512 16513 January 1 and a delinquency date of February 1. To qualify for 16514 this election, the employer must employ only employees 16515 performing domestic services, be eligible for a variation from 16516 the standard rate computed under subsection (3), apply to this 16517 program no later than December 1 of the preceding calendar year, 16518 and agree to provide Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce 16519 Innovation or its tax collection service provider with any 16520 special reports that are requested, including copies of all federal employment tax forms. An employer who fails to timely 16521 16522 furnish any wage information required by Jobs Florida the Agency 16523 for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider 16524 loses the privilege to participate in this program, effective 16525 the calendar quarter immediately after the calendar quarter the 16526 failure occurred. The employer may reapply for annual reporting 16527 when a complete calendar year elapses after the employer's 16528 disqualification if the employer timely furnished any requested 16529 wage information during the period in which annual reporting was 16530 denied. An employer may not deduct contributions, interests,

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penalties, fines, or fees required under this chapter from any part of the wages of his or her employees. A fractional part of a cent less than one-half cent shall be disregarded from the payment of contributions, but a fractional part of at least one-half cent shall be increased to 1 cent.

- (3) VARIATION OF CONTRIBUTION RATES BASED ON BENEFIT ${\tt EXPERIENCE.-}$
- (a) Employment records.—The regular and short-time compensation benefits paid to an eligible individual shall be charged to the employment record of each employer who paid the individual wages of at least \$100 during the individual's base period in proportion to the total wages paid by all employers who paid the individual wages during the individual's base period. Benefits may not be charged to the employment record of an employer who furnishes part-time work to an individual who, because of loss of employment with one or more other employers, is eligible for partial benefits while being furnished part-time work by the employer on substantially the same basis and in substantially the same amount as the individual's employment during his or her base period, regardless of whether this parttime work is simultaneous or successive to the individual's lost employment. Further, as provided in s. 443.151(3), benefits may not be charged to the employment record of an employer who furnishes Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation with notice, as prescribed in agency rules of Jobs Florida, that any of the following apply:
- 1. If an individual leaves his or her work without good cause attributable to the employer or is discharged by the employer for misconduct connected with his or her work, benefits

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subsequently paid to the individual based on wages paid by the employer before the separation may not be charged to the employment record of the employer.

- 2. If an individual is discharged by the employer for unsatisfactory performance during an initial employment probationary period, benefits subsequently paid to the individual based on wages paid during the probationary period by the employer before the separation may not be charged to the employer's employment record. As used in this subparagraph, the term "initial employment probationary period" means an established probationary plan that applies to all employees or a specific group of employees and that does not exceed 90 calendar days following the first day a new employee begins work. The employee must be informed of the probationary period within the first 7 days of work. The employer must demonstrate by conclusive evidence that the individual was separated because of unsatisfactory work performance and not because of lack of work due to temporary, seasonal, casual, or other similar employment that is not of a regular, permanent, and year-round nature.
- 3. Benefits subsequently paid to an individual after his or her refusal without good cause to accept suitable work from an employer may not be charged to the employment record of the employer if any part of those benefits are based on wages paid by the employer before the individual's refusal to accept suitable work. As used in this subparagraph, the term "good cause" does not include distance to employment caused by a change of residence by the individual. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall adopt rules prescribing for the payment of all benefits whether this subparagraph applies

regardless of whether a disqualification under s. 443.101 applies to the claim.

- 4. If an individual is separated from work as a direct result of a natural disaster declared under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. ss. 5121 et seq., benefits subsequently paid to the individual based on wages paid by the employer before the separation may not be charged to the employment record of the employer.
- (g) Transfer of unemployment experience upon transfer or acquisition of a business.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, upon transfer or acquisition of a business, the following conditions apply to the assignment of rates and to transfers of unemployment experience:
- 1.a. If an employer transfers its trade or business, or a portion thereof, to another employer and, at the time of the transfer, there is any common ownership, management, or control of the two employers, the unemployment experience attributable to the transferred trade or business shall be transferred to the employer to whom the business is so transferred. The rates of both employers shall be recalculated and made effective as of the beginning of the calendar quarter immediately following the date of the transfer of the trade or business unless the transfer occurred on the first day of a calendar quarter, in which case the rate shall be recalculated as of that date.
- b. If, following a transfer of experience under subsubparagraph a., <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce

 Innovation or the tax collection service provider determines that a substantial purpose of the transfer of trade or business was to obtain a reduced liability for contributions, the

experience rating account of the employers involved shall be combined into a single account and a single rate assigned to the account.

- 2. Whenever a person who is not an employer under this chapter at the time it acquires the trade or business of an employer, the unemployment experience of the acquired business shall not be transferred to the person if <u>Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> or the tax collection service provider finds that such person acquired the business solely or primarily for the purpose of obtaining a lower rate of contributions. Instead, such person shall be assigned the new employer rate under paragraph (2)(a). In determining whether the business was acquired solely or primarily for the purpose of obtaining a lower rate of contributions, the tax collection service provider shall consider, but not be limited to, the following factors:
- a. Whether the person continued the business enterprise of the acquired business;
 - b. How long such business enterprise was continued; or
- c. Whether a substantial number of new employees was hired for performance of duties unrelated to the business activity conducted before the acquisition.
- 3. If a person knowingly violates or attempts to violate subparagraph 1. or subparagraph 2. or any other provision of this chapter related to determining the assignment of a contribution rate, or if a person knowingly advises another person to violate the law, the person shall be subject to the following penalties:
 - a. If the person is an employer, the employer shall be

assigned the highest rate assignable under this chapter for the rate year during which such violation or attempted violation occurred and for the 3 rate years immediately following this rate year. However, if the person's business is already at the highest rate for any year, or if the amount of increase in the person's rate would be less than 2 percent for such year, then a penalty rate of contribution of 2 percent of taxable wages shall be imposed for such year and the following 3 rate years.

- b. If the person is not an employer, such person shall be subject to a civil money penalty of not more than \$5,000. The procedures for the assessment of a penalty shall be in accordance with the procedures set forth in s. 443.141(2), and the provisions of s. 443.141(3) shall apply to the collection of the penalty. Any such penalty shall be deposited in the penalty and interest account established under s. 443.211(2).
 - 4. For purposes of this paragraph, the term:
- a. "Knowingly" means having actual knowledge of or acting with deliberate ignorance or reckless disregard for the prohibition involved.
- b. "Violates or attempts to violate" includes, but is not limited to, intent to evade, misrepresent, or willfully nondisclose.
- 5. In addition to the penalty imposed by subparagraph 3., any person who violates this paragraph commits a felony of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s. 775.083, or s. 775.084.
- 6. <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Agency for Workforce Innovation and the tax collection service provider shall establish procedures to identify the transfer or acquisition of a business for the

purposes of this paragraph and shall adopt any rules necessary to administer this paragraph.

- 7. For purposes of this paragraph:
- a. "Person" has the meaning given to the term by s. 7701(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
- b. "Trade or business" shall include the employer's workforce.
- 8. This paragraph shall be interpreted and applied in such a manner as to meet the minimum requirements contained in any guidance or regulations issued by the United States Department of Labor.
- (i) Notice of determinations of contribution rates; redeterminations.—The state agency providing tax collection services:
- 1. Shall promptly notify each employer of his or her contribution rate as determined for any calendar year under this section. The determination is conclusive and binding on the employer unless within 20 days after mailing the notice of determination to the employer's last known address, or, in the absence of mailing, within 20 days after delivery of the notice, the employer files an application for review and redetermination setting forth the grounds for review. An employer may not, in any proceeding involving his or her contribution rate or liability for contributions, contest the chargeability to his or her employment record of any benefits paid in accordance with a determination, redetermination, or decision under s. 443.151, except on the ground that the benefits charged were not based on services performed in employment for him or her and then only if the employer was not a party to the determination,

redetermination, or decision, or to any other proceeding under this chapter, in which the character of those services was determined.

- 2. Shall, upon discovery of an error in computation, reconsider any prior determination or redetermination of a contribution rate after the 20-day period has expired and issue a revised notice of contribution rate as redetermined. A redetermination is subject to review, and is conclusive and binding if review is not sought, in the same manner as review of a determination under subparagraph 1. A reconsideration may not be made after March 31 of the calendar year immediately after the calendar year for which the contribution rate is applicable, and interest may not accrue on any additional contributions found to be due until 30 days after the employer is mailed notice of his or her revised contribution rate.
- 3. May adopt rules providing for periodic notification to employers of benefits paid and charged to their employment records or of the status of those employment records. A notification, unless an application for redetermination is filed in the manner and within the time limits prescribed by <u>Jobs</u>

 Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, is conclusive and binding on the employer under this chapter. The redetermination, and <u>Jobs Florida's</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation's finding of fact in connection with the redetermination, may be introduced in any subsequent administrative or judicial proceeding involving the determination of the contribution rate of an employer for any calendar year. A redetermination becomes final in the same manner provided in this subsection for findings of fact made by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce

Innovation in proceedings to redetermine the contribution rate of an employer. Pending a redetermination or an administrative or judicial proceeding, the employer must file reports and pay contributions in accordance with this section.

Section 315. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) and paragraph (d) of subsection (3) of section 443.1312, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 443.1312 Reimbursements; nonprofit organizations.—Benefits paid to employees of nonprofit organizations shall be financed in accordance with this section.
- (2) LIABILITY FOR CONTRIBUTIONS AND ELECTION OF REIMBURSEMENT.—A nonprofit organization that is, or becomes, subject to this chapter under s. 443.1215(1)(c) or s. 443.121(3)(a) must pay contributions under s. 443.131 unless it elects, in accordance with this subsection, to reimburse the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund for all of the regular benefits, short—time compensation benefits, and one—half of the extended benefits paid, which are attributable to service in the employ of the nonprofit organization, to individuals for weeks of unemployment which begin during the effective period of the election.
- (d) In accordance with rules adopted by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation or the state agency providing unemployment tax collection services, the tax collection service provider shall notify each nonprofit organization of any determination of the organization's status as an employer, the effective date of any election the organization makes, and the effective date of any termination of the election. Each determination is subject to reconsideration, appeal, and review

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under s. 443.141(2)(c).

- (3) PAYMENT OF REIMBURSEMENTS.—Reimbursements in lieu of contributions must be paid in accordance with this subsection.
- (d) The amount due, as specified in any bill from the tax collection service provider, is conclusive, and the nonprofit organization is liable for payment of that amount unless, within 20 days after the bill is mailed to the organization's last known address or otherwise delivered to the organization, the organization files an application for redetermination by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, setting forth the grounds for the application. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall promptly review and reconsider the amount due, as specified in the bill, and shall issue a redetermination in each case in which an application for redetermination is filed. The redetermination is conclusive and the nonprofit organization is liable for payment of the amount due, as specified in the redetermination, unless, within 20 days after the redetermination is mailed to the organization's last known address or otherwise delivered to the organization, the organization files a protest, setting forth the grounds for the appeal. Proceedings on the protest shall be conducted in accordance with s. 443.141(2).

Section 316. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 443.1313, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

443.1313 Public employers; reimbursements; election to pay contributions.—Benefits paid to employees of a public employer, as defined in s. 443.036, based on service described in s. 443.1216(2) shall be financed in accordance with this section.

(1) PAYMENT OF REIMBURSEMENTS.-

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(b) If a state agency is more than 120 days delinquent on reimbursements due to the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund, the tax collection service provider shall certify to the Chief Financial Officer the amount due and the Chief Financial Officer shall transfer the amount due to the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund from the funds of the agency which legally may be used for that purpose. If a public employer other than a state agency is more than 120 days delinquent on reimbursements due to the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund, upon request by the tax collection service provider after a hearing, the Department of Revenue or the Department of Financial Services, as applicable, shall deduct the amount owed by the public employer from any funds to be distributed by the applicable department to the public employer for further distribution to the trust fund in accordance with this chapter. If an employer for whom the municipal or county tax collector collects taxes fails to make the reimbursements to the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund required by this chapter, the tax collector after a hearing, at the request of the tax collection service provider and upon receipt of a certificate showing the amount owed by the employer, shall deduct the certified amount from any taxes collected for the employer and remit that amount to the tax collection service provider for further distribution to the trust fund in accordance with this chapter. This paragraph does not apply to amounts owed by a political subdivision of the state for benefits erroneously paid in which the claimant must repay to Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation under s. 443.151(6)(a) or (b) any sum as benefits received. Section 317. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subsection (4) and

subsection (7) of section 443.1315, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

443.1315 Treatment of Indian tribes.-

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- (b)1. Services performed for an Indian tribe or tribal unit that fails to make required reimbursements, including assessments of interest and penalty, after all collection activities deemed necessary by the tax collection service provider, subject to approval by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation, are exhausted may not be treated as employment for purposes of paragraph (1)(b).
- 2. The tax collection service provider may determine that any Indian tribe that loses coverage under subparagraph 1. may have services performed for the tribe subsequently included as employment for purposes of paragraph (1)(b) if all contributions, reimbursements, penalties, and interest are paid.
- (c) Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider shall immediately notify the United States Internal Revenue Service and the United States Department of Labor when an Indian tribe fails to make reimbursements required under this section, including assessments of interest and penalty, within 90 days after a final notice of delinquency.
- (7) Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation and the state agency providing unemployment tax collection services shall adopt rules necessary to administer this section.

Section 318. Section 443.1316, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

443.1316 Unemployment tax collection services; interagency

agreement.-

- (1) Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall contract with the Department of Revenue, through an interagency agreement, to perform the duties of the tax collection service provider and provide other unemployment tax collection services under this chapter. Under the interagency agreement, the tax collection service provider may only implement:
- (a) The provisions of this chapter conferring duties upon the tax collection service provider.
- (b) The provisions of law conferring duties upon <u>Jobs</u>

 <u>Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation which are specifically delegated to the tax collection service provider in the interagency agreement.
- (2)(a) The Department of Revenue is considered to be administering a revenue law of this state when the department implements this chapter, or otherwise provides unemployment tax collection services, under contract with <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation through the interagency agreement.
- (b) Sections 213.015(1)-(3), (5)-(7), (9)-(19), and (21); 213.018; 213.025; 213.051; 213.053; 213.0532; 213.0535; 213.055; 213.071; 213.10; 213.21(4); 213.2201; 213.23; 213.24; 213.25; 213.27; 213.28; 213.285; 213.34(1), (3), and (4); 213.37; 213.50; 213.67; 213.69; 213.692; 213.73; 213.733; 213.74; and 213.757 apply to the collection of unemployment contributions and reimbursements by the Department of Revenue unless prohibited by federal law.
- Section 319. Section 443.1317, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
 - 443.1317 Rulemaking authority; enforcement of rules.-

- (1) JOBS FLORIDA AGENCY FOR WORKFORCE INNOVATION. -
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in s. 443.012, <u>Jobs</u>

 <u>Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation has ultimate authority over the administration of the Unemployment Compensation Program.
- (b) Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation may adopt rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to administer the provisions of this chapter conferring duties upon either Jobs Florida the agency or its tax collection service provider.
- (2) TAX COLLECTION SERVICE PROVIDER.—The state agency providing unemployment tax collection services under contract with Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation through an interagency agreement pursuant to s. 443.1316 may adopt rules under ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54, subject to approval by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, to administer the provisions of law described in s. 443.1316(1)(a) and (b) which are within this chapter. These rules must not conflict with the rules adopted by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or with the interagency agreement.
- (3) ENFORCEMENT OF RULES.—Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation may enforce any rule adopted by the state agency providing unemployment tax collection services to administer this chapter. The tax collection service provider may enforce any rule adopted by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation to administer the provisions of law described in s. 443.1316(1)(a) and (b).
- Section 320. Paragraphs (b), (c), and (f) of subsection (1), subsection (2), paragraphs (f) and (g) of subsection (3), and paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 443.141, Florida

Statutes, are amended to read:

443.141 Collection of contributions and reimbursements.

- (1) PAST DUE CONTRIBUTIONS AND REIMBURSEMENTS; DELINQUENT, ERRONEOUS, INCOMPLETE, OR INSUFFICIENT REPORTS.—
- (b) Penalty for delinquent, erroneous, incomplete, or insufficient reports.—
- 1. An employing unit that fails to file any report required by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider, in accordance with rules for administering this chapter, shall pay to the service provider for each delinquent report the sum of \$25 for each 30 days or fraction thereof that the employing unit is delinquent, unless the agency or its service provider, whichever required the report, finds that the employing unit has good reason for failing to file the report. Jobs Florida The agency or its service provider may assess penalties only through the date of the issuance of the final assessment notice. However, additional penalties accrue if the delinquent report is subsequently filed.
- 2.a. An employing unit that files an erroneous, incomplete, or insufficient report with <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider shall pay a penalty. The amount of the penalty is \$50 or 10 percent of any tax due, whichever is greater, but no more than \$300 per report. The penalty shall be added to any tax, penalty, or interest otherwise due.
- b. <u>Jobs Florida</u> The agency or its tax collection service provider shall waive the penalty if the employing unit files an accurate, complete, and sufficient report within 30 days after a penalty notice is issued to the employing unit. The penalty may

not be waived pursuant to this subparagraph more than one time during a 12-month period.

- c. As used in this subsection, the term "erroneous, incomplete, or insufficient report" means a report so lacking in information, completeness, or arrangement that the report cannot be readily understood, verified, or reviewed. Such reports include, but are not limited to, reports having missing wage or employee information, missing or incorrect social security numbers, or illegible entries; reports submitted in a format that is not approved by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the agency or its tax collection service provider; and reports showing gross wages that do not equal the total of the wages of each employee. However, the term does not include a report that merely contains inaccurate data that was supplied to the employer by the employee, if the employer was unaware of the inaccuracy.
- 3. Penalties imposed pursuant to this paragraph shall be deposited in the Special Employment Security Administration Trust Fund.
- 4. The penalty and interest for a delinquent, erroneous, incomplete, or insufficient report may be waived if the penalty or interest is inequitable. The provisions of s. 213.24(1) apply to any penalty or interest that is imposed under this section.
- (c) Application of partial payments.—If a delinquency exists in the employment record of an employer not in bankruptcy, a partial payment less than the total delinquency amount shall be applied to the employment record as the payor directs. In the absence of specific direction, the partial payment shall be applied to the payor's employment record as prescribed in the rules of Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce

Innovation or the state agency providing tax collection services.

- (f) Adoption of rules.—Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation and the state agency providing unemployment tax collection services may adopt rules to administer this subsection.
 - (2) REPORTS, CONTRIBUTIONS, APPEALS.-
- (a) Failure to make reports and pay contributions.—If an employing unit determined by the tax collection service provider to be an employer subject to this chapter fails to make and file any report as and when required by this chapter or by any rule of Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or the state agency providing tax collection services, for the purpose of determining the amount of contributions due by the employer under this chapter, or if any filed report is found by the service provider to be incorrect or insufficient, and the employer, after being notified in writing by the service provider to file the report, or a corrected or sufficient report, as applicable, fails to file the report within 15 days after the date of the mailing of the notice, the tax collection service provider may:
- 1. Determine the amount of contributions due from the employer based on the information readily available to it, which determination is deemed to be prima facie correct;
- 2. Assess the employer the amount of contributions determined to be due; and
- 3. Immediately notify the employer by mail of the determination and assessment including penalties as provided in this chapter, if any, added and assessed, and demand payment

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together with interest on the amount of contributions from the date that amount was due and payable.

(b) Hearings.—The determination and assessment are final 15 days after the date the assessment is mailed unless the employer files with the tax collection service provider within the 15 days a written protest and petition for hearing specifying the objections thereto. The tax collection service provider shall promptly review each petition and may reconsider its determination and assessment in order to resolve the petitioner's objections. The tax collection service provider shall forward each petition remaining unresolved to Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation for a hearing on the objections. Upon receipt of a petition, Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall schedule a hearing and notify the petitioner of the time and place of the hearing. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation may appoint special deputies to conduct hearings and to submit their findings together with a transcript of the proceedings before them and their recommendations to Jobs Florida the agency for its final order. Special deputies are subject to the prohibition against ex parte communications in s. 120.66. At any hearing conducted by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its special deputy, evidence may be offered to support the determination and assessment or to prove it is incorrect. In order to prevail, however, the petitioner must either prove that the determination and assessment are incorrect or file full and complete corrected reports. Evidence may also be submitted at the hearing to rebut the determination by the tax collection service provider that the petitioner is an employer under this chapter. Upon evidence

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17051 17052 taken before it or upon the transcript submitted to it with the findings and recommendation of its special deputy, Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall either set aside the tax collection service provider's determination that the petitioner is an employer under this chapter or reaffirm the determination. The amounts assessed under the final order, together with interest and penalties, must be paid within 15 days after notice of the final order is mailed to the employer, unless judicial review is instituted in a case of status determination. Amounts due when the status of the employer is in dispute are payable within 15 days after the entry of an order by the court affirming the determination. However, any determination that an employing unit is not an employer under this chapter does not affect the benefit rights of any individual as determined by an appeals referee or the commission unless:

- 1. The individual is made a party to the proceedings before the special deputy; or
- 2. The decision of the appeals referee or the commission has not become final or the employing unit and <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation were not made parties to the proceedings before the appeals referee or the commission.
- (c) Appeals.—Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation and the state agency providing unemployment tax collection services shall adopt rules prescribing the procedures for an employing unit determined to be an employer to file an appeal and be afforded an opportunity for a hearing on the determination. Pending a hearing, the employing unit must file reports and pay contributions in accordance with s. 443.131.

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- (3) COLLECTION PROCEEDINGS.-
- (f) Reproductions.—In any proceedings in any court under this chapter, reproductions of the original records of <u>Jobs</u>

 Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, its tax collection service provider, the former Agency for Workforce Innovation, the former Department of Labor and Employment Security, or the commission, including, but not limited to, photocopies or microfilm, are primary evidence in lieu of the original records or of the documents that were transcribed into those records.
- (g) Jeopardy assessment and warrant.—If the tax collection service provider reasonably believes that the collection of contributions or reimbursements from an employer will be jeopardized by delay, the service provider may assess the contributions or reimbursements immediately, together with interest or penalties when due, regardless of whether the contributions or reimbursements accrued are due, and may immediately issue a notice of lien and jeopardy warrant upon which proceedings may be conducted as provided in this section for notice of lien and warrant of the service provider. Within 15 days after mailing the notice of lien by registered mail, the employer may protest the issuance of the lien in the same manner provided in paragraph (2)(a). The protest does not operate as a supersedeas or stay of enforcement unless the employer files with the sheriff seeking to enforce the warrant a good and sufficient surety bond in twice the amount demanded by the notice of lien or warrant. The bond must be conditioned upon payment of the amount subsequently found to be due from the employer to the tax collection service provider in the final order of Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation upon

protest of assessment. The jeopardy warrant and notice of lien are satisfied in the manner provided in this section upon payment of the amount finally determined to be due from the employer. If enforcement of the jeopardy warrant is not superseded as provided in this section, the employer is entitled to a refund from the fund of all amounts paid as contributions or reimbursements in excess of the amount finally determined to be due by the employer upon application being made as provided in this chapter.

- (4) MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS FOR COLLECTION OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND REIMBURSEMENTS.—
- Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider may administer an oath to any person for any return or report required by this chapter or by the rules of Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or the state agency providing unemployment tax collection services, and an oath made before Jobs Florida the agency or its service provider or any authorized agent or employee has the same effect as an oath made before any judicial officer or notary public of the state.

Section 321. Section 443.151, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

443.151 Procedure concerning claims.

- (1) POSTING OF INFORMATION.-
- (a) Each employer must post and maintain in places readily accessible to individuals in her or his employ printed statements concerning benefit rights, claims for benefits, and other matters relating to the administration of this chapter as Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation may by rule

prescribe. Each employer must supply to individuals copies of printed statements or other materials relating to claims for benefits as directed by the agency's rules of Jobs Florida. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall supply these printed statements and other materials to each employer without cost to the employer.

- (b)1. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall advise each individual filing a new claim for unemployment compensation, at the time of filing the claim, that:
- a. Unemployment compensation is subject to federal income tax.
 - b. Requirements exist pertaining to estimated tax payments.
- c. The individual may elect to have federal income tax deducted and withheld from the individual's payment of unemployment compensation at the amount specified in the federal Internal Revenue Code.
- d. The individual is not permitted to change a previously elected withholding status more than twice per calendar year.
- 2. Amounts deducted and withheld from unemployment compensation must remain in the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund until transferred to the federal taxing authority as payment of income tax.
- 3. <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall follow all procedures specified by the United States Department of Labor and the federal Internal Revenue Service pertaining to the deducting and withholding of income tax.
- 4. If more than one authorized request for deduction and withholding is made, amounts must be deducted and withheld in accordance with the following priorities:

- a. Unemployment overpayments have first priority;
- b. Child support payments have second priority; and
- c. Withholding under this subsection has third priority.
- (2) FILING OF CLAIM INVESTIGATIONS; NOTIFICATION OF CLAIMANTS AND EMPLOYERS.—
- (a) In general.—Claims for benefits must be made in accordance with the rules adopted by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation. Jobs Florida The agency must notify claimants and employers regarding monetary and nonmonetary determinations of eligibility. Investigations of issues raised in connection with a claimant which may affect a claimant's eligibility for benefits or charges to an employer's employment record shall be conducted by Jobs Florida the agency through written, telephonic, or electronic means as prescribed by rule.
- (b) Process.—When the Unemployment Compensation Claims and Benefits Information System described in s. 443.1113 is fully operational, the process for filing claims must incorporate the process for registering for work with the workforce information systems established pursuant to s. 445.011. A claim for benefits may not be processed until the work registration requirement is satisfied. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation may adopt rules as necessary to administer the work registration requirement set forth in this paragraph.
 - (3) DETERMINATION OF ELIGIBILITY.-
- (a) Notices of claim.—Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall promptly provide a notice of claim to the claimant's most recent employing unit and all employers whose employment records are liable for benefits under the monetary determination. The employer must respond to the notice of claim

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within 20 days after the mailing date of the notice, or in lieu of mailing, within 20 days after the delivery of the notice. If a contributing employer fails to timely respond to the notice of claim, the employer's account may not be relieved of benefit charges as provided in s. 443.131(3)(a), notwithstanding paragraph (5)(b). Jobs Florida The agency may adopt rules as necessary to implement the processes described in this paragraph relating to notices of claim.

(b) Monetary determinations. - In addition to the notice of claim, Jobs Florida the agency shall also promptly provide an initial monetary determination to the claimant and each base period employer whose account is subject to being charged for its respective share of benefits on the claim. The monetary determination must include a statement of whether and in what amount the claimant is entitled to benefits, and, in the event of a denial, must state the reasons for the denial. A monetary determination for the first week of a benefit year must also include a statement of whether the claimant was paid the wages required under s. 443.091(1)(g) and, if so, the first day of the benefit year, the claimant's weekly benefit amount, and the maximum total amount of benefits payable to the claimant for a benefit year. The monetary determination is final unless within 20 days after the mailing of the notices to the parties' last known addresses, or in lieu of mailing, within 20 days after the delivery of the notices, an appeal or written request for reconsideration is filed by the claimant or other party entitled to notice. Jobs Florida The agency may adopt rules as necessary to implement the processes described in this paragraph relating to notices of monetary determinations and the appeals or

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reconsideration requests filed in response to such notices.

- (c) Nonmonetary determinations.-If Jobs Florida the agency receives information that may result in a denial of benefits, Jobs Florida the agency must complete an investigation of the claim required by subsection (2) and provide notice of a nonmonetary determination to the claimant and the employer from whom the claimant's reason for separation affects his or her entitlement to benefits. The determination must state the reason for the determination and whether the unemployment tax account of the contributing employer is charged for benefits paid on the claim. The nonmonetary determination is final unless within 20 days after the mailing of the notices to the parties' last known addresses, or in lieu of mailing, within 20 days after the delivery of the notices, an appeal or written request for reconsideration is filed by the claimant or other party entitled to notice. Jobs Florida The agency may adopt rules as necessary to implement the processes described in this paragraph relating to notices of nonmonetary determination and the appeals or reconsideration requests filed in response to such notices, and may adopt rules prescribing the manner and procedure by which employers within the base period of a claimant become entitled to notice of nonmonetary determination.
- (d) Determinations in labor dispute cases.—Whenever any claim involves a labor dispute described in s. 443.101(4), Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall promptly assign the claim to a special examiner who shall make a determination on the issues involving unemployment due to the labor dispute. The special examiner shall make the determination after an investigation, as necessary. The claimant or another

party entitled to notice of the determination may appeal a determination under subsection (4).

- (e) Redeterminations.-
- 1. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation may reconsider a determination if it finds an error or if new evidence or information pertinent to the determination is discovered after a prior determination or redetermination. A redetermination may not be made more than 1 year after the last day of the benefit year unless the disqualification for making a false or fraudulent representation under s. 443.101(6) is applicable, in which case the redetermination may be made within 2 years after the false or fraudulent representation. Jobs Florida The agency must promptly give notice of redetermination to the claimant and to any employers entitled to notice in the manner prescribed in this section for the notice of an initial determination.
- 2. If the amount of benefits is increased by the redetermination, an appeal of the redetermination based solely on the increase may be filed as provided in subsection (4). If the amount of benefits is decreased by the redetermination, the redetermination may be appealed by the claimant if a subsequent claim for benefits is affected in amount or duration by the redetermination. If the final decision on the determination or redetermination to be reconsidered was made by an appeals referee, the commission, or a court, <u>Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> may apply for a revised decision from the body or court that made the final decision.
- 3. If an appeal of an original determination is pending when a redetermination is issued, the appeal unless withdrawn is

treated as an appeal from the redetermination.

- (4) APPEALS.-
- (a) Appeals referees.—Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation—shall appoint one or more impartial salaried appeals referees in accordance with s. 443.171(3) to hear and decide appealed claims. A person may not participate on behalf of Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation as an appeals referee in any case in which she or he is an interested party. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation may designate alternates to serve in the absence or disqualification of any appeals referee on a temporary basis. These alternates must have the same qualifications required of appeals referees. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation—shall provide the commission and the appeals referees with proper facilities and assistance for the execution of their functions.
 - (b) Filing and hearing.-
- 1. The claimant or any other party entitled to notice of a determination may appeal an adverse determination to an appeals referee within 20 days after the date of mailing of the notice to her or his last known address or, if the notice is not mailed, within 20 days after the date of delivery of the notice.
- 2. Unless the appeal is untimely or withdrawn or review is initiated by the commission, the appeals referee, after mailing all parties and attorneys of record a notice of hearing at least 10 days before the date of hearing, notwithstanding the 14-day notice requirement in s. 120.569(2)(b), may only affirm, modify, or reverse the determination. An appeal may not be withdrawn without the permission of the appeals referee.
 - 3. However, when an appeal appears to have been filed after

the permissible time limit, the Office of Appeals may issue an order to show cause to the appellant, requiring the appellant to show why the appeal should not be dismissed as untimely. If the appellant does not, within 15 days after the mailing date of the order to show cause, provide written evidence of timely filing or good cause for failure to appeal timely, the appeal shall be dismissed.

- 4. When an appeal involves a question of whether services were performed by a claimant in employment or for an employer, the referee must give special notice of the question and of the pendency of the appeal to the employing unit and to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation, both of which become parties to the proceeding.
- 5. The parties must be notified promptly of the referee's decision. The referee's decision is final unless further review is initiated under paragraph (c) within 20 days after the date of mailing notice of the decision to the party's last known address or, in lieu of mailing, within 20 days after the delivery of the notice.
- (c) Review by commission.—The commission may, on its own motion, within the time limit in paragraph (b), initiate a review of the decision of an appeals referee. The commission may also allow Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or any adversely affected party entitled to notice of the decision to appeal the decision by filing an application within the time limit in paragraph (b). An adversely affected party has the right to appeal the decision if Jobs Florida's the Agency for Workforce Innovation's determination is not affirmed by the appeals referee. The commission may affirm, modify, or reverse

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the findings and conclusions of the appeals referee based on evidence previously submitted in the case or based on additional evidence taken at the direction of the commission. The commission may assume jurisdiction of or transfer to another appeals referee the proceedings on any claim pending before an appeals referee. Any proceeding in which the commission assumes jurisdiction before completion must be heard by the commission in accordance with the requirement of this subsection for proceedings before an appeals referee. When the commission denies an application to hear an appeal of an appeals referee's decision, the decision of the appeals referee is the decision of the commission for purposes of this paragraph and is subject to judicial review within the same time and manner as decisions of the commission, except that the time for initiating review runs from the date of notice of the commission's order denying the application to hear an appeal.

- (d) *Procedure.*—The manner that appealed claims are presented must comply with the commission's rules. Witnesses subpoenaed under this section are allowed fees at the rate established by s. 92.142, and fees of witnesses subpoenaed on behalf of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation or any claimant are deemed part of the expense of administering this chapter.
- (e) Judicial review.—Orders of the commission entered under paragraph (c) are subject to review only by notice of appeal in the district court of appeal in the appellate district in which the issues involved were decided by an appeals referee.

 Notwithstanding chapter 120, the commission is a party respondent to every such proceeding. Jobs Florida The Agency for

Workforce Innovation may initiate judicial review of orders in the same manner and to the same extent as any other party.

- (5) PAYMENT OF BENEFITS.-
- (a) Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall promptly pay benefits in accordance with a determination or redetermination regardless of any appeal or pending appeal. Before payment of benefits to the claimant, however, each employer who is liable for reimbursements in lieu of contributions for payment of the benefits must be notified, at the address on file with Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider, of the initial determination of the claim and must be given 10 days to respond.
- (b) Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall promptly pay benefits, regardless of whether a determination is under appeal if the determination allowing benefits is affirmed in any amount by an appeals referee or is affirmed by the commission, or if a decision of an appeals referee allowing benefits is affirmed in any amount by the commission. In these instances, a court may not issue an injunction, supersedeas, stay, or other writ or process suspending payment of benefits. A contributing employer that responded to the notice of claim within the time limit provided in subsection (3) may not, however, be charged with benefits paid under an erroneous determination if the decision is ultimately reversed. Benefits are not paid for any subsequent weeks of unemployment involved in a reversal.
- (c) The provisions of paragraph (b) relating to charging an employer liable for contributions do not apply to reimbursing

employers.

- (6) RECOVERY AND RECOUPMENT.-
- (a) Any person who, by reason of her or his fraud, receives benefits under this chapter to which she or he is not entitled is liable for repaying those benefits to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation on behalf of the trust fund or, in the agency's discretion of Jobs Florida, to have those benefits deducted from future benefits payable to her or him under this chapter. To enforce this paragraph, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the agency must find the existence of fraud through a redetermination or decision under this section within 2 years after the fraud was committed. Any recovery or recoupment of benefits must be effected within 5 years after the redetermination or decision.
- (b) Any person who, by reason other than her or his fraud, receives benefits under this chapter to which, under a redetermination or decision pursuant to this section, she or he is not entitled, is liable for repaying those benefits to <u>Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> on behalf of the trust fund or, in the <u>agency's</u> discretion <u>of Jobs Florida</u>, to have those benefits deducted from any future benefits payable to her or him under this chapter. Any recovery or recoupment of benefits must be effected within 3 years after the redetermination or decision.
- (c) Any person who, by reason other than fraud, receives benefits under this chapter to which she or he is not entitled as a result of an employer's failure to respond to a claim within the timeframe provided in subsection (3) is not liable for repaying those benefits to Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation on behalf of the trust fund or to have

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those benefits deducted from any future benefits payable to her or him under this chapter.

- (d) Recoupment from future benefits is not permitted if the benefits are received by any person without fault on the person's part and recoupment would defeat the purpose of this chapter or would be inequitable and against good conscience.
- (e) Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall collect the repayment of benefits without interest by the deduction of benefits through a redetermination or by a civil action.
- (f) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, any person who is determined by this state, a cooperating state agency, the United States Secretary of Labor, or a court to have received any payments under the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, to which the person was not entitled shall have those payments deducted from any regular benefits, as defined in s. 443.1115(1)(e), payable to her or him under this chapter. Each such deduction may not exceed 50 percent of the amount otherwise payable. The payments deducted shall be remitted to the agency that issued the payments under the Trade Act of 1974, as amended, for return to the United States Treasury. Except for overpayments determined by a court, a deduction may not be made under this paragraph until a determination by the state agency or the United States Secretary of Labor is final.
- (7) REPRESENTATION IN ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEEDINGS.—In any administrative proceeding conducted under this chapter, an employer or a claimant has the right, at his or her own expense, to be represented by counsel or by an authorized representative. Notwithstanding s. 120.62(2), the authorized representative need

17430 not be a qualified representative.

- (8) BILINGUAL REQUIREMENTS.-
- (a) Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall provide printed bilingual instructional and educational materials in the appropriate language in those counties in which 5 percent or more of the households in the county are classified as a single-language minority.
- (b) Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall ensure that one-stop career centers and appeals offices located in counties subject to the requirements of paragraph (c) prominently post notices in the appropriate languages and that translators are available in those centers and offices.
- (c) As used in this subsection, the term "single-language minority" means households that speak the same non-English language and that do not contain an adult fluent in English.

 Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall develop estimates of the percentages of single-language minority households for each county by using data from the United States Bureau of the Census.

Section 322. Subsection (1), paragraphs (a) and (c) of subsection (3), and subsection (4) of section 443.163, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

- 443.163 Electronic reporting and remitting of contributions and reimbursements.—
- (1) An employer may file any report and remit any contributions or reimbursements required under this chapter by electronic means. <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Agency for Workforce Innovation or the state agency providing unemployment tax collection services shall adopt rules prescribing the format and

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instructions necessary for electronically filing reports and remitting contributions and reimbursements to ensure a full collection of contributions and reimbursements due. The acceptable method of transfer, the method, form, and content of the electronic means, and the method, if any, by which the employer will be provided with an acknowledgment shall be prescribed by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider. However, any employer who employed 10 or more employees in any quarter during the preceding state fiscal year must file the Employers Quarterly Reports (UCT-6) for the current calendar year and remit the contributions and reimbursements due by electronic means approved by the tax collection service provider. A person who prepared and reported for 100 or more employers in any quarter during the preceding state fiscal year must file the Employers Quarterly Reports (UCT-6) for each calendar quarter in the current calendar year, beginning with reports due for the second calendar quarter of 2003, by electronic means approved by the tax collection service provider.

- (3) The tax collection service provider may waive the requirement to file an Employers Quarterly Report (UCT-6) by electronic means for employers that are unable to comply despite good faith efforts or due to circumstances beyond the employer's reasonable control.
- (a) As prescribed by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider, grounds for approving the waiver include, but are not limited to, circumstances in which the employer does not:
 - 1. Currently file information or data electronically with

any business or government agency; or

- 2. Have a compatible computer that meets or exceeds the standards prescribed by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce <u>Innovation</u> or its tax collection service provider.
- (c) Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation or the state agency providing unemployment tax collection services may establish by rule the length of time a waiver is valid and may determine whether subsequent waivers will be authorized, based on this subsection.
- (4) As used in this section, the term "electronic means" includes, but is not limited to, electronic data interchange; electronic funds transfer; and use of the Internet, telephone, or other technology specified by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider.

Section 323. Section 443.171, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 443.171 <u>Jobs Florida</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation and commission; powers and duties; records and reports; proceedings; state-federal cooperation.—
- (1) POWERS AND DUTIES.—Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall administer this chapter. Jobs Florida The agency may employ those persons, make expenditures, require reports, conduct investigations, and take other action necessary or suitable to administer this chapter. Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall annually submit information to Workforce Florida, Inc., covering the administration and operation of this chapter during the preceding calendar year for inclusion in the strategic plan under s. 445.006 and may make recommendations for amendment to this chapter.

- (2) PUBLICATION OF ACTS AND RULES.—Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall cause to be printed and distributed to the public, or otherwise distributed to the public through the Internet or similar electronic means, the text of this chapter and of the rules for administering this chapter adopted by Jobs Florida the agency or the state agency providing unemployment tax collection services and any other matter relevant and suitable. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall furnish this information to any person upon request. However, any pamphlet, rules, circulars, or reports required by this chapter may not contain any matter except the actual data necessary to complete them or the actual language of the rule, together with the proper notices.
- (3) PERSONNEL.—Subject to chapter 110 and the other provisions of this chapter, <u>Jobs Florida the Agency for</u>

 Workforce Innovation may appoint, set the compensation of, and prescribe the duties and powers of employees, accountants, attorneys, experts, and other persons as necessary for the performance of the <u>agency's</u> duties <u>of Jobs Florida</u> under this chapter. <u>Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> may delegate to any person its power and authority under this chapter as necessary for the effective administration of this chapter and may bond any person handling moneys or signing checks under this chapter. The cost of these bonds must be paid from the Employment Security Administration Trust Fund.
- (4) EMPLOYMENT STABILIZATION.—Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation, under the direction of Workforce Florida, Inc., shall take all appropriate steps to reduce and prevent unemployment; to encourage and assist in the adoption of

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17573 17574 practical methods of career training, retraining, and career guidance; to investigate, recommend, advise, and assist in the establishment and operation, by municipalities, counties, school districts, and the state, of reserves for public works to be used in times of business depression and unemployment; to promote the reemployment of the unemployed workers throughout the state in every other way that may be feasible; to refer any claimant entitled to extended benefits to suitable work which meets the criteria of this chapter; and, to these ends, to carry on and publish the results of investigations and research studies.

(5) RECORDS AND REPORTS.—Each employing unit shall keep true and accurate work records, containing the information required by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider. These records must be open to inspection and are subject to being copied by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider at any reasonable time and as often as necessary. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider may require from any employing unit any sworn or unsworn reports, for persons employed by the employing unit, necessary for the effective administration of this chapter. However, a state or local governmental agency performing intelligence or counterintelligence functions need not report an employee if the head of that agency determines that reporting the employee could endanger the safety of the employee or compromise an ongoing investigation or intelligence mission. Information revealing the employing unit's or individual's identity obtained from the

17575 employing unit or from any individual through the administration 17576 of this chapter, is, except to the extent necessary for the 17577 proper presentation of a claim or upon written authorization of 17578 the claimant who has a workers' compensation claim pending, confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1). This confidential 17579 17580 information is available only to public employees in the 17581 performance of their public duties. Any claimant, or the 17582 claimant's legal representative, at a hearing before an appeals 17583 referee or the commission must be supplied with information from 17584 these records to the extent necessary for the proper 17585 presentation of her or his claim. Any employee or member of the 17586 commission, any employee of Jobs Florida the Agency for 17587 Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider, or 17588 any other person receiving confidential information who violates 17589 this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, 17590 punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. However, 17591 Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax 17592 collection service provider may furnish to any employer copies 17593 of any report previously submitted by that employer, upon the request of the employer. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce 17594 17595 Innovation or its tax collection service provider may charge a 17596 reasonable fee for copies of reports, which may not exceed the 17597 actual reasonable cost of the preparation of the copies as 17598 prescribed by rules adopted by Jobs Florida the Agency for 17599 Workforce Innovation or the state agency providing tax 17600 collection services. Fees received by Jobs Florida the Agency 17601 for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider 17602 for copies furnished under this subsection must be deposited in 17603 the Employment Security Administration Trust Fund.

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- (6) OATHS AND WITNESSES.—In the discharge of the duties imposed by this chapter, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation, its tax collection service provider, the members of the commission, and any authorized representative of any of these entities may administer oaths and affirmations, take depositions, certify to official acts, and issue subpoenas to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, and other records deemed necessary as evidence in connection with the administration of this chapter.
- (7) SUBPOENAS.—If a person refuses to obey a subpoena issued to that person, any court of this state within the jurisdiction of which the inquiry is carried on, or within the jurisdiction of which the person is found, resides, or transacts business, upon application by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, its tax collection service provider, the commission, or any authorized representative of any of these entities has jurisdiction to order the person to appear before the entity to produce evidence or give testimony on the matter under investigation or in question. Failure to obey the order of the court may be punished by the court as contempt. Any person who fails or refuses without just cause to appear or testify; to answer any lawful inquiry; or to produce books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, and other records within her or his control as commanded in a subpoena of Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, its tax collection service provider, the commission, or any authorized representative of any of these entities commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083. Each day that a

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violation continues is a separate offense.

- (8) PROTECTION AGAINST SELF-INCRIMINATION.—A person is not excused from appearing or testifying, or from producing books, papers, correspondence, memoranda, or other records, before Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, its tax collection service provider, the commission, or any authorized representative of any of these entities or as commanded in a subpoena of any of these entities in any proceeding before Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, the commission, an appeals referee, or a special deputy on the ground that the testimony or evidence, documentary or otherwise, required of the person may incriminate her or him or subject her or him to a penalty or forfeiture. That person may not be prosecuted or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture for or on account of any transaction, matter, or thing concerning which she or he is compelled, after having claimed her or his privilege against self-incrimination, to testify or produce evidence, documentary or otherwise, except that the person testifying is not exempt from prosecution and punishment for perjury committed while testifying.
 - (9) STATE-FEDERAL COOPERATION.-
- (a)1. In the administration of this chapter, <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation and its tax collection service provider shall cooperate with the United States

 Department of Labor to the fullest extent consistent with this chapter and shall take those actions, through the adoption of appropriate rules, administrative methods, and standards, necessary to secure for this state all advantages available under the provisions of federal law relating to unemployment

compensation.

- 2. In the administration of the provisions in s. 443.1115, which are enacted to conform with the Federal-State Extended Unemployment Compensation Act of 1970, <u>Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation</u> shall take those actions necessary to ensure that those provisions are interpreted and applied to meet the requirements of the federal act as interpreted by the United States Department of Labor and to secure for this state the full reimbursement of the federal share of extended benefits paid under this chapter which is reimbursable under the federal act.
- 3. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation and its tax collection service provider shall comply with the regulations of the United States Department of Labor relating to the receipt or expenditure by this state of funds granted under federal law; shall submit the reports in the form and containing the information the United States Department of Labor requires; and shall comply with directions of the United States Department of Labor necessary to assure the correctness and verification of these reports.
- (b) Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation and its tax collection service provider may cooperate with every agency of the United States charged with administration of any unemployment insurance law.
- (c) Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation and its tax collection service provider shall cooperate with the agencies of other states, and shall make every proper effort within their means, to oppose and prevent any further action leading to the complete or substantial federalization of state unemployment compensation funds or state employment security

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programs. <u>Jobs Florida</u> The Agency for Workforce Innovation and its tax collection service provider may make, and may cooperate with other appropriate agencies in making, studies as to the practicability and probable cost of possible new stateadministered social security programs and the relative desirability of state, rather than federal, action in that field of study.

Section 324. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 443.1715, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:

443.1715 Disclosure of information; confidentiality.-

(1) RECORDS AND REPORTS.-Information revealing an employing unit's or individual's identity obtained from the employing unit or any individual under the administration of this chapter, and any determination revealing that information, except to the extent necessary for the proper presentation of a claim or upon written authorization of the claimant who has a workers' compensation claim pending or is receiving compensation benefits, is confidential and exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. This confidential information may be released only to public employees in the performance of their public duties. Except as otherwise provided by law, public employees receiving this confidential information must maintain the confidentiality of the information. Any claimant, or the claimant's legal representative, at a hearing before an appeals referee or the commission is entitled to information from these records to the extent necessary for the proper presentation of her or his claim. A person receiving confidential information who violates this subsection commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s.

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775.082 or s. 775.083. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider may, however, furnish to any employer copies of any report submitted by that employer upon the request of the employer and may furnish to any claimant copies of any report submitted by that claimant upon the request of the claimant. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation or its tax collection service provider may charge a reasonable fee for copies of these reports as prescribed by rule, which may not exceed the actual reasonable cost of the preparation of the copies. Fees received for copies under this subsection must be deposited in the Employment Security Administration Trust Fund.

- (2) DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION. -
- (a) Subject to restrictions Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation or the state agency providing unemployment tax collection services adopts by rule, information declared confidential under this section is available to any agency of this or any other state, or any federal agency, charged with the administration of any unemployment compensation law or the maintenance of the one-stop delivery system, or the Bureau of Internal Revenue of the United States Department of the Treasury, the Governor's Office of Tourism, Trade, and Economic Development, or the Florida Department of Revenue. Information obtained in connection with the administration of the one-stop delivery system may be made available to persons or agencies for purposes appropriate to the operation of a public employment service or a job-preparatory or career education or training program. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall, on a quarterly basis, furnish the National Directory of New

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Hires with information concerning the wages and unemployment benefits paid to individuals, by the dates, in the format, and containing the information specified in the regulations of the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services. Upon request, Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation shall furnish any agency of the United States charged with the administration of public works or assistance through public employment, and may furnish to any state agency similarly charged, the name, address, ordinary occupation, and employment status of each recipient of benefits and the recipient's rights to further benefits under this chapter. Except as otherwise provided by law, the receiving agency must retain the confidentiality of this information as provided in this section. The tax collection service provider may request the Comptroller of the Currency of the United States to examine the correctness of any return or report of any national banking association rendered under this chapter and may in connection with that request transmit any report or return for examination to the Comptroller of the Currency of the United States as provided in s. 3305(c) of the federal Internal Revenue Code.

- (b) The employer or the employer's workers' compensation carrier against whom a claim for benefits under chapter 440 has been made, or a representative of either, may request from Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation records of wages of the employee reported to Jobs Florida the agency by any employer for the quarter that includes the date of the accident that is the subject of such claim and for subsequent quarters.
- 1. The request must be made with the authorization or consent of the employee or any employer who paid wages to the

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employee after the date of the accident.

- 2. The employer or carrier shall make the request on a form prescribed by rule for such purpose by the agency. Such form shall contain a certification by the requesting party that it is a party entitled to the information requested.
- 3. <u>Jobs Florida</u> The agency shall provide the most current information readily available within 15 days after receiving the request.

Section 325. Section 443.181, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

443.181 Public employment service.-

(1) The one-stop delivery system established under s. 445.009 is this state's public employment service as part of the national system of public employment offices under 29 U.S.C. s. 49. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation, under policy direction from Workforce Florida, Inc., shall cooperate with any official or agency of the United States having power or duties under 29 U.S.C. ss. 49-491-1 and shall perform those duties necessary to secure to this state the funds provided under federal law for the promotion and maintenance of the state's public employment service. In accordance with 29 U.S.C. s. 49c, this state accepts 29 U.S.C. ss. 49-491-1. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation is designated the state agency responsible for cooperating with the United States Secretary of Labor under 29 U.S.C. s. 49c. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation shall appoint sufficient employees to administer this section. Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation may cooperate with or enter into agreements with the Railroad Retirement Board for the

establishment, maintenance, and use of one-stop career centers.

- (2) All funds received by this state under 29 U.S.C. ss. 49-491-1 must be paid into the Employment Security
 Administration Trust Fund, and these funds are available to Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation for expenditure as provided by this chapter or by federal law. For the purpose of establishing and maintaining one-stop career centers, Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation may enter into agreements with the Railroad Retirement Board or any other agency of the United States charged with the administration of an unemployment compensation law, with any political subdivision of this state, or with any private, nonprofit organization. As a part of any such agreement, Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation may accept moneys, services, or quarters as a contribution to the Employment Security Administration Trust Fund.
- Section 326. Subsections (1), (2), (3), and (4) of section 443.191, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
- 443.191 Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund; establishment and control.—
- (1) There is established, as a separate trust fund apart from all other public funds of this state, an Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund, which shall be administered by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation exclusively for the purposes of this chapter. The fund shall consist of:
- (a) All contributions and reimbursements collected under this chapter;
 - (b) Interest earned on any moneys in the fund;
 - (c) Any property or securities acquired through the use of

moneys belonging to the fund;

- (d) All earnings of these properties or securities;
- (e) All money credited to this state's account in the federal Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund under 42 U.S.C. s. 1103; and
- (f) Advances on the amount in the federal Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund credited to the state under 42 U.S.C. s. 1321, as requested by the Governor or the Governor's designee.

Except as otherwise provided in s. 443.1313(4), all moneys in the fund shall be mingled and undivided.

- (2) The Chief Financial Officer is the ex officio treasurer and custodian of the fund and shall administer the fund in accordance with the directions of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation. All payments from the fund must be approved by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation or by an authorized agent. The Chief Financial Officer shall maintain within the fund three separate accounts:
 - (a) A clearing account;
 - (b) An Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund account; and
 - (c) A benefit account.

All moneys payable to the fund, including moneys received from the United States as reimbursement for extended benefits paid by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation, must be forwarded to the Chief Financial Officer, who shall immediately deposit them in the clearing account. Refunds payable under s. 443.141 may be paid from the clearing account. After clearance, all other moneys in the clearing account must be immediately

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deposited with the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States to the credit of this state's account in the federal Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund notwithstanding any state law relating to the deposit, administration, release, or disbursement of moneys in the possession or custody of this state. The benefit account consists of all moneys requisitioned from this state's account in the federal Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund. Except as otherwise provided by law, moneys in the clearing and benefit accounts may be deposited by the Chief Financial Officer, under the direction of Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, in any bank or public depository in which general funds of the state are deposited, but a public deposit insurance charge or premium may not be paid out of the fund. If any warrant issued against the clearing account or the benefit account is not presented for payment within 1 year after issuance, the Chief Financial Officer must cancel the warrant and credit without restriction the amount of the warrant to the account upon which it is drawn. When the payee or person entitled to a canceled warrant requests payment of the warrant, the Chief Financial Officer, upon direction of Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, must issue a new warrant, payable from the account against which the canceled warrant was drawn.

(3) Moneys may only be requisitioned from the state's account in the federal Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund solely for the payment of benefits and extended benefits and for payment in accordance with rules prescribed by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation, or for the repayment of advances made pursuant to 42 U.S.C. s. 1321, as authorized by

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the Governor or the Governor's designee, except that money credited to this state's account under 42 U.S.C. s. 1103 may only be used exclusively as provided in subsection (5). Jobs Florida The Agency for Workforce Innovation, through the Chief Financial Officer, shall requisition from the federal Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund amounts, not exceeding the amounts credited to this state's account in the fund, as necessary for the payment of benefits and extended benefits for a reasonable future period. Upon receipt of these amounts, the Chief Financial Officer shall deposit the moneys in the benefit account in the State Treasury and warrants for the payment of benefits and extended benefits shall be drawn upon the order of Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation against the account. All warrants for benefits and extended benefits are payable directly to the ultimate beneficiary. Expenditures of these moneys in the benefit account and refunds from the clearing account are not subject to any law requiring specific appropriations or other formal release by state officers of money in their custody. All warrants issued for the payment of benefits and refunds must bear the signature of the Chief Financial Officer. Any balance of moneys requisitioned from this state's account in the federal Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund which remains unclaimed or unpaid in the benefit account after the period for which the moneys were requisitioned shall be deducted from estimates for, and may be used for the payment of, benefits and extended benefits during succeeding periods, or, in the discretion of Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation, shall be redeposited with the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States, to the credit of this state's

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account in the federal Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund, as provided in subsection (2).

(4) Subsections (1), (2), and (3), to the extent they relate to the federal Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund, apply only while the fund continues to exist and while the Secretary of the Treasury of the United States continues to maintain for this state a separate account of all funds deposited by this state for the payment of benefits, together with this state's proportionate share of the earnings of the federal Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund, from which no other state is permitted to make withdrawals. If the federal Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund ceases to exist, or the separate account is no longer maintained, all moneys, properties, or securities belonging to this state's account in the federal Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund must be transferred to the treasurer of the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund, who must hold, invest, transfer, sell, deposit, and release those moneys, properties, or securities in a manner approved by Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation in accordance with this chapter. These moneys must, however, be invested in the following readily marketable classes of securities: bonds or other interest-bearing obligations of the United States or of the state. Further, the investment must at all times be made in a manner that allows all the assets of the fund to always be readily convertible into cash when needed for the payment of benefits. The treasurer may only dispose of securities or other properties belonging to the Unemployment Compensation Trust Fund under the direction of Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation.

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Section 327. Subsection (10) of section 161.54, Florida 17953 Statutes, is amended to read:

- 161.54 Definitions.—In construing ss. 161.52-161.58:
- (10) "State land planning agency" means <u>Jobs Florida</u> the <u>Department of Community Affairs</u>.

Section 328. Subsection (14) of section 163.3221, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 163.3221 Florida Local Government Development Agreement Act; definitions.—As used in ss. 163.3220-163.3243:
- (14) "State land planning agency" means <u>Jobs Florida</u> the <u>Department of Community Affairs</u>.

Section 329. Subsection (18) of section 380.031, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

- 380.031 Definitions.—As used in this chapter:
- (18) "State land planning agency" means <u>Jobs Florida</u> the <u>Department of Community Affairs</u> and may be referred to in this part as the "department."

Section 330. Section 20.505, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 20.605, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

- 20.605 20.505 Administrative Trust Fund of Jobs Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation.
- (1) The Administrative Trust Fund is created within <u>Jobs</u> Florida the Agency for Workforce Innovation.
- (2) Funds shall be used for the purpose of supporting the administrative functions of <u>Jobs Florida</u> the agency as required by law, pursuant to legislative appropriation or an approved amendment to <u>Jobs Florida</u> the agency's operating budget pursuant to the provisions of chapter 216.

(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 216.301 and pursuant to s. 216.351, any balance in the trust fund at the end of any fiscal year shall remain in the trust fund at the end of the year and shall be available for carrying out the purposes of the trust fund.

Section 331. Section 1004.99, Florida Statutes, is transferred, renumbered as section 445.06, Florida Statutes, and amended to read:

 $\underline{445.06}$ $\underline{1004.99}$ Florida Ready to Work Certification Program.—

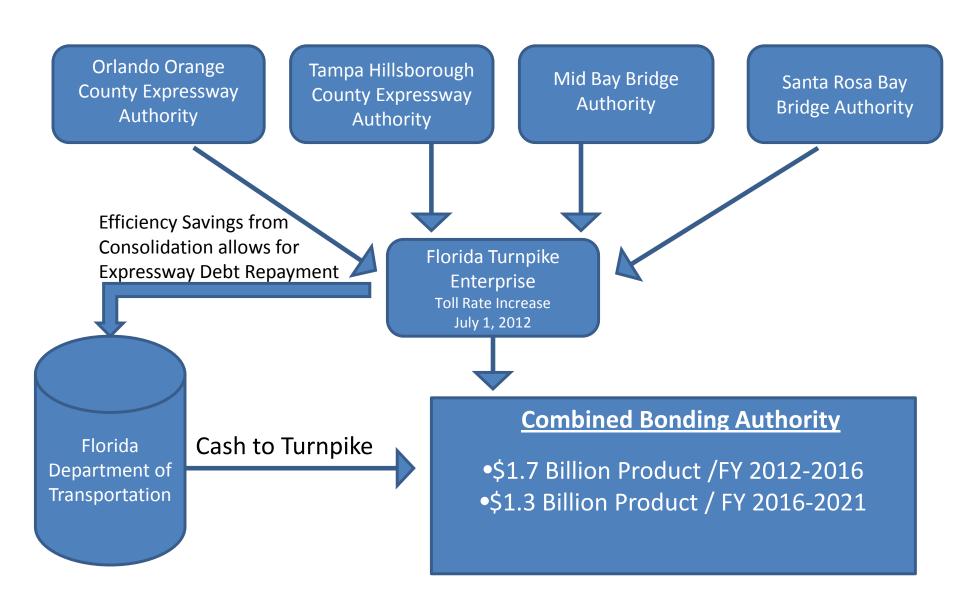
- (1) There is created the Florida Ready to Work Certification Program to enhance the workplace skills of Floridians Florida's students to better prepare them for successful employment in specific occupations.
- (2) The Florida Ready to Work Certification Program may be conducted in public middle and high schools, community colleges, technical centers, one-stop career centers, vocational rehabilitation centers, and Department of Juvenile Justice educational facilities. The program may be made available to other entities that provide job training. <u>Jobs Florida</u>, in <u>coordination with</u> the Department of Education, shall establish institutional readiness criteria for program implementation.
- (3) The Florida Ready to Work Certification Program shall be composed of:
- (a) A comprehensive identification of workplace skills for each occupation identified for inclusion in the program by <u>Jobs Florida</u> the Agency for Workforce Innovation and the Department of Education.
 - (b) A preinstructional assessment that delineates \underline{an}

<u>individual's</u> the student's mastery level on the specific workplace skills identified for that occupation.

- (c) A targeted instructional program limited to those identified workplace skills in which the <u>individual</u> student is not proficient as measured by the preinstructional assessment. Instruction must utilize a web-based program and be customized to meet identified specific needs of local employers.
- (d) A Florida Ready to Work Credential and portfolio awarded to <u>individuals</u> students upon successful completion of the instruction. Each portfolio must delineate the skills demonstrated by the <u>individuals</u> student as evidence of the individual's student's preparation for employment.
- (4) A Florida Ready to Work Credential shall be awarded to an individual a student who successfully passes assessments in Reading for Information, Applied Mathematics, and Locating Information or any other assessments of comparable rigor. Each assessment shall be scored on a scale of 3 to 7. The level of the credential each <u>individual</u> student receives is based on the following:
- (a) A bronze-level credential requires a minimum score of 3 or above on each of the assessments.
- (b) A silver-level credential requires a minimum score of 4 or above on each of the assessments.
- (c) A gold-level credential requires a minimum score of 5 or above on each of the assessments.
- (5) <u>Jobs Florida</u> The State Board of Education, in consultation with the <u>Department of Education</u> Agency for Workforce Innovation, may adopt rules pursuant to ss. 120.536(1) and 120.54 to implement the provisions of this section.

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            Section 332. Section 14.2015, Florida Statutes, is
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       repealed.
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            Section 333. Section 20.18, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
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            Section 334. Section 20.50, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
            Section 335. Sections 255.551, 255.552, 255.553, 255.5535,
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       255.555, 255.556, 255.557, 255.5576, 255.558, 255.559, 255.56,
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       255.561, 255.562, and 255.563, Florida Statutes, are repealed.
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            Section 336. Section 287.115, Florida Statutes, is
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       repealed.
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            Section 337. Section 288.038, Florida Statutes, is
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       repealed.
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            Section 338. Section 288.1162, Florida Statutes, is
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       repealed.
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            Section 339. Section 288.1168, Florida Statutes, is
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       repealed.
            Section 340. Section 288.9618, Florida Statutes, is
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       repealed.
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            Section 341. Section 288.982, Florida Statutes, is
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       repealed.
            Section 342. Section 288.99, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
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            Section 343. Section 411.0105, Florida Statutes, is
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       repealed.
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            Section 344. Section 446.60, Florida Statutes, is repealed.
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            Section 345. Section 1002.75, Florida Statutes, is
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       repealed.
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            Section 346. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.
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Tolling Authority Consolidations



Summary of Draft Legislation Regarding

Tolling Authority Consolidations to Promote Florida's Economic Development

Section 1 transfers \$5,000,000 from the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund annually to the Turnpike Revenue Fund administered by the State Board of Administration. The funds transferred will be deemed as turnpike revenues upon deposit.

Section 2 eliminates the Sunpass user discount on July 1, 2011.

Section 3 transfers the Tampa-Hillsborough County Expressway Authority (THEA), the Orlando-Orange County Expressway Authority (OOCEA), the Santa Rosa Bay Bridge Authority and the Mid-Bay Bridge Authority to the Florida Turnpike Enterprise.

- Governance and control of each expressway or bridge authority, including all assets and liabilities are transferred to the Turnpike Enterprise;
- Revenues collected on expressway and bridge systems are considered turnpike revenues;
- Turnpike Enterprise assumes liabilities for bonds of expressway authorities;
- All transfers are subject to the terms and covenants of lease-purchase agreements and resolutions adopted in connection with the issuance of bonds for the authorities;
- The transfers do not modify or eliminate any prior obligation of the Department of Transportation to pay certain costs of the expressway systems from sources other than system revenues.

This section also authorizes the Turnpike Enterprise to make annual payments to the State Transportation Trust Fund until all authority long term debt has been repaid.

Section 4 specifies that the Turnpike Enterprise consists of Florida's Turnpike System, Beachline Expressway (SR 528), Mid-Bay Bridge (SR 293), Garcon Point Bridge (SR 281), Selmon Expressway (SR 618), East-West Expressway (SR 408), Central Florida GreeneWay (SR 417), John Land Apopka Expressway (SR 414), and Daniel Webster Western Beltway (SR 429).

Section 5 republishes existing law.

Section 6 provides for bonding authority for turnpike projects and specifies that no more than \$13.5 billion of bonds may be outstanding.

Section 7 repeals the Toll Facilities Revolving Trust Fund and transfers the fund balance, including future obligations, to the Turnpike General Reserve Trust Fund.

Section 8 through 13 repeals the definition of lease-purchase agreements regarding the Northwest Florida Transportation Corridor Authority (NWFTCA) and the authority for NWFTC to enter into lease-purchase agreements with FDOT.

Sections 14 through 18 deletes references to lease-purchase agreements as it relates to the Tampa Bay Area Regional Transportation Authority and FDOT.

Sections 19 through 22 deletes the references to lease-purchase agreements as it relates to express authorities and FDOT within the Florida Expressway Act.

Section 23 repeals the creation and operation of the Brevard County Expressway Authority.

- **Section 24** repeals the creation and operation of the Broward County Expressway Authority.
- Section 25 repeals the creation and operation of the Tampa-Hillsborough County Expressway Authority.
- Section 26 repeals the creation and operation of the Orlando-Orange County Expressway Authority.
- Section 27 repeals the creation and operation of the Pasco County Expressway Authority.
- **Section 28** repeals the creation and operation of the St. Lucie County Expressway and Bridge Authority.
- **Section 29** the creation and operation of the Seminole County Expressway Authority.
- **Section 30** repeals the creation and operation of the Santa Rosa Bay Bridge Authority.
- Section 31 repeals creation and operation of the Southwest Florida Expressway Authority.
- **Section 32** deletes the authority for Osceola County Expressway Authority to enter into lease purchase agreements with FDOT.
- **Sections 33 through 39** deletes the authority for the Jacksonville Transportation Authority to enter into lease-purchase agreements with FDOT.
- **Section 40** repeals the creation and operation of the Mid Bay Bridge Authority.
- **Section 41** corrects a statutory cross reference.
- Section 42 provides an effective date of July 1, 2011.

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A bill to be entitled An act relating to transportation; amending s. 320.204, F.S.; providing for the annual transfer of certain funds to the Turnpike Revenue Fund; amending s. 338.161, F.S.; discontinuing Sunpass user discounts; transferring control of the Tampa-Hillsborough County Expressway Authority, the Orlando-Orange County Expressway Authority, the Mid-Bay Bridge Authority, and the Santa Rosa Bay Bridge Authority systems to the Florida Turnpike Enterprise; transferring all assets, rights, powers, duties, and bond liabilities of the authorities to the turnpike enterprise; transferring all provisions that protect the rights of certain bondholders from the authorities to the turnpike enterprise; providing for the enterprise to annually transfer funds from the activities of each of the transferred authorities to the State Transportation Trust Fund to repay certain long-term debt; amending s. 338.2215; adding certain expressway and bridge systems to the Florida Turnpike Enterprise; amending s. 338.2275; increasing the maximum amount of bonds that may be outstanding for approved turnpike projects; repealing s. 338.251, F.S., relating to the Toll Facilities Revolving Trust Fund; transferring all funds in the trust fund and future payments of obligated funds to the Turnpike General Reserve Trust Fund; amending s. 343.805, F.S.; deleting the definition of the term "lease-purchase agreement" as it relates to the Northwest Florida

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Transportation Corridor Authority and the Department of Transportation; amending s. 343.836, F.S.; deleting references to lease-purchase agreements in remedies to bondholders as they relate to the U.S.98 Corridor System; repealing s. 343.837, F.S., relating to leasepurchase agreements that provide for the leasing of the U.S. 98 Corridor System to the Department of Transportation; repealing s. 343.885, F.S.; amending s. 343.91, F.S.; deleting the definition of the term "lease-purchase agreement" as it relates to the Tampa Bay Area Regional Transportation Authority and the Department of Transportation; amending s. 343.944, F.S.; deleting references to lease-purchase agreements in remedies to bondholders as they relate to the Tampa Bay Area Regional Transportation Authority; repealing s. 343.945, F.S.; relating to the enforceability of pledges to the Tampa Bay Area Regional Transportation Authority; repealing s. 343.946, F.S., relating to lease-purchase agreements that provide for the leasing of projects of the Tampa Bay Area Regional Transportation Authority to the Department of Transportation; amending s. 348.0002, F.S.; deleting the definition of the term "lease-purchase agreement" as it relates to expressway authorities and the Department of Transportation; amending s. 348.0004, F.S.; authorizing authorities created pursuant to the Florida Expressway Authority Act to own expressway systems; deleting the power of such authorities to lease such systems; conforming cross-references to

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changes made by the act; amending s. 348.0005, F.S.; deleting a reference to the Department of Transportation; repealing s. 348.0006, F.S.; which provides for lease-purchase agreements in the Florida Expressway Act; repealing part II of ch. 348, F.S., which provides for the creation and operation of the Brevard County Expressway Authority; repealing part III of ch. 348, F.S., which provides for the creation and operation of the Broward County Expressway Authority; repealing part IV of ch 348, F.S., which provides for the creation and operation of the Tampa-Hillsborough County Expressway Authority; repealing part V of ch. 348, F.S., which provides for the creation and operation of the Orlando-Orange County Expressway Authority; repealing part VI of ch. 348, F.S., which provides for the creation and operation of the Pasco County Expressway Authority; repealing part VII of ch. 348, F.S., which provides for the creation and operation of the St. Lucie County Expressway and Bridge Authority; repealing part VIII of ch. 348, F.S., which provides for the creation and operation of the Seminole County Expressway Authority;; repealing part IX of ch. 348, F.S., which provides for the creation and operation of the Santa Rosa Bay Bridge Authority; repealing part X of ch. 348, F.S., which provides for the creation and operation of the Southwest Florida Expressway Authority;; repealing s. 348.9955, F.S., relating to the power of the Osceola Expressway Authority to enter into lease-purchase

agreements with the Department of Transportation; amending s. 349.02, F.S.; deleting the definition of the term "lease-purchase agreement" as it relates to the Jacksonville Transportation Authority and the Department of Transportation; amending s. 339.04, F.S.; repealing the Jacksonville Transportation Authority's ability to enter lease-purchase agreements; repealing s. 349.05, F.S., relating to lease-purchase agreements in bond agreement of the Jacksonville Transportation Authority; repealing s. 349.07, F.S., relating to lease-purchase agreements that provide for the leasing of the Jacksonville Expressway System to the Department of Transportation; repealing ch. 2000-411, Laws of Florida, relating to the Mid-Bay Bridge Authority; amending s. 212.08, F.S.; conforming cross-references to changes made by the act; providing an effective date.

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Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:

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Section 1. Section 320.204, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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320.204 <u>Turnpike Revenue Fund</u> <u>Transportation</u>

disadvantaged.—Of the funds collected in this chapter which are deposited into the Highway Safety Operating Trust Fund, beginning July 1, 2011, and annually thereafter, the department shall transfer \$5 million to the <u>Turnpike Revenue Fund</u>

Transportation Disadvantaged Trust Fund in the Department of <u>Transportation</u>. These funds shall be transferred on a quarterly

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117 basis and shall be deemed turnpike revenues upon deposit.

Section 2. Subsection (4) is added to section 338.161,
119 Florida Statutes, to read:

338.161 Authority of department or toll agencies to advertise and promote electronic toll collection; expanded uses of electronic toll collection system; studies authorized.—

(4) Notwithstanding subsection (1), the Sunpass user discount shall cease on July 1, 2011.

Section 3. <u>Transfers to the Florida Turnpike Enterprise.</u>

The following are transferred to the Florida Turnpike

Enterprise:

(1)(a) The governance and control of the Tampa-Hillsborough County Expressway Authority. The assets, facilities, tangible and intangible property and any rights in such property, and any other legal rights of the authority, including the expressway system operated by the authority, are transferred to the turnpike enterprise. The turnpike enterprise succeeds to all powers of the authority, and the operations and maintenance of the expressway system shall be under the control of the turnpike enterprise. Revenues collected on the expressway system shall be considered turnpike revenues. The turnpike enterprise also assumes all liability for bonds of the expressway authority, pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (b). The turnpike enterprise is authorized to review other contracts, financial obligations, and contractual obligations and liabilities of the authority, and to assume legal liability for the obligations that are determined to be necessary or desirable for the continued operation of the expressway system.

(b) The transfer pursuant to this subsection is subject to

146 all terms and covenants provided for the protection of the 147 holders of the Tampa-Hillsborough County Expressway Authority bonds in the lease-purchase agreement and the resolutions 148 adopted in connection with the issuance of the bonds. Further, 149 150 the transfer does not impair the terms of the contract between 151 the authority and the bondholders, does not act to the detriment 152 of the bondholders, and does not diminish the security for the bonds. After the transfer, the turnpike enterprise shall operate 153 154 and maintain the expressway system and any other facilities of 155 the authority in accordance with the terms, conditions, and 156 covenants contained in the bond resolutions and lease-purchase 157 agreement securing the bonds of the authority. The turnpike 158 enterprise shall collect toll revenues and apply them to the 159 payment of debt service as provided in the bond resolution 160 securing the bonds and expressly assumes all obligations 161 relating to the bonds to ensure that the transfer will have no 162 adverse impact on the security for the bonds of the authority. 163 The transfer does not modify or eliminate any prior obligation 164 of the department to pay certain costs of the expressway system 165 from sources other than revenues of the expressway system. With 166 regard to the authority's current long-term debt due to the 167 department of \$120 million as of June 30, 2010, and to the 168 extent permitted by the bond resolutions and lease-purchase 169 agreement securing the bonds, the turnpike enterprise shall make 170 payment annually to the State Transportation Trust Fund for the 171 purpose of repaying the authority's long-term debt due to the 172 department, from any system expressway revenues obtained under 173 this subsection remaining after paying the costs of operations, 174 maintenance, renewal, and replacement of the expressway system,

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and the payment of current debt service or other payments required in relation to the bonds. The turnpike enterprise will make such annual payments to the State Transportation Trust Fund until all remaining authority long-term debt due to the department has been repaid, not to exceed \$8 million per year.

(2)(a) The governance and control of the Orlando-Orange County Expressway Authority system. The assets, facilities, tangible and intangible property and any rights in such property, and any other legal rights of the authority, including the expressway system operated by the authority, are transferred to the turnpike enterprise. The turnpike enterprise succeeds to all powers of the authority, and the operations and maintenance of the expressway system shall be under the control of the turnpike enterprise, pursuant to this subsection. Revenues collected on the expressway system shall be considered turnpike revenues. The turnpike enterprise also assumes all liability for bonds of the expressway authority, pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (b). The turnpike enterprise is authorized to review other contracts, financial obligations, and contractual obligations and liabilities of the authority, and to assume legal liability for obligations that are determined to be necessary or desirable for the continued operation of the expressway system.

(b) The transfer pursuant to this subsection is subject to all terms and covenants provided for the protection of the holders of the Orlando-Orange County Expressway Authority bonds in the lease-purchase agreement and the resolutions adopted in connection with the issuance of the bonds. Further, the transfer does not impair the terms of the contract between the authority

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and the bondholders, does not act to the detriment of the bondholders, and does not diminish the security for the bonds. After the transfer, the turnpike enterprise shall operate and maintain the expressway system and any other facilities of the authority in accordance with the terms, conditions, and covenants contained in the bond resolutions and lease-purchase agreement securing the bonds of the authority. The turnpike enterprise shall collect toll revenues and apply them to the payment of debt service as provided in the bond resolution securing the bonds and expressly assumes all obligations relating to the bonds to ensure that the transfer will have no adverse impact on the security for the bonds of the authority. The transfer does not modify or eliminate any prior obligation of the department to pay certain costs of the expressway system from sources other than revenues of the expressway system. With regard to the authority's current long-term debt due to the department of \$228 million as of June 30, 2010, and to the extent permitted by the bond resolutions and lease-purchase agreement securing the bonds, the turnpike enterprise shall make payment annually to the State Transportation Trust Fund for the purpose of repaying the authority's long-term debt due to the department, from any expressway system revenues obtained under this subsection remaining after paying the costs of operations, maintenance, renewal, and replacement of the expressway system, and the payment of current debt service or other payments required in relation to the bonds. The turnpike enterprise will make such annual payments to the State Transportation Trust Fund until all remaining authority long-term debt due to the department has been repaid, not to exceed \$16 million per year.

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(3)(a) The governance and control of the Santa Rosa Bay Bridge Authority system. The assets, facilities, tangible and intangible property and any rights in such property, and any other legal rights of the authority, including the bridge system operated by the authority, are transferred to the turnpike enterprise. The turnpike enterprise succeeds to all powers of the authority, and the operations and maintenance of the bridge system shall be under the control of the turnpike enterprise, pursuant to this subsection. Revenues collected on the bridge system shall be considered turnpike revenues. The turnpike enterprise also assumes all liability for bonds of the bridge authority, pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (b). The turnpike enterprise is authorized to review other contracts, financial obligations, and contractual obligations and liabilities of the authority, and to assume legal liability for such obligations that are determined to be necessary or desirable for the continued operation of the bridge system.

(b) The transfer pursuant to this subsection is subject to all terms and covenants provided for the protection of the holders of the Santa Rosa Bay Bridge Authority bonds in the lease-purchase agreement and the resolutions adopted in connection with the issuance of the bonds. Further, the transfer does not impair the terms of the contract between the authority and the bondholders, does not act to the detriment of the bondholders, and does not diminish the security for the bonds. After the transfer, the turnpike enterprise shall operate and maintain the bridge system and any other facilities of the authority in accordance with the terms, conditions, and covenants contained in the bond resolutions and lease-purchase

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agreement securing the bonds of the authority. The turnpike enterprise shall collect toll revenues and apply them to the payment of debt service as provided in the bond resolution securing such bonds and expressly assumes all obligations relating to the bonds to ensure that the transfer will have no adverse impact on the security for the bonds of the authority. The transfer does not modify or eliminate any prior obligation of the department to pay certain costs of the bridge system from sources other than revenues of the bridge system. To the extent permitted by the bond resolutions and lease-purchase agreement securing the bonds, the turnpike enterprise shall make payment annually to the State Transportation Trust Fund for the purpose of repaying the authority's long-term debt due to the department, from any bridge system revenues obtained under this subsection remaining after paying the costs of operations, maintenance, renewal, and replacement of the bridge system, and the payment of current debt service or other payments required in relation to the bonds.

Authority system. The assets, facilities, tangible and intangible property and any rights in such property, and any other legal rights of the authority, including the bridge system operated by the authority, are transferred to the Florida

Turnpike Enterprise. The turnpike enterprise succeeds to all powers of the authority, and the operations and maintenance of the bridge system shall be under the control of the turnpike enterprise, pursuant to this subsection. Revenues collected on the bridge system shall be considered turnpike revenues. The turnpike enterprise also assumes all liability for bonds of the

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bridge authority, pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (b).

The turnpike enterprise is authorized to review other contracts,

financial obligations, and contractual obligations and

liabilities of the authority, and to assume legal liability for

such obligations that are determined to be necessary or

desirable for the continued operation of the bridge system.

(b) The transfer pursuant to this subsection is subject to all terms and covenants provided for the protection of the holders of the Mid-Bay Bridge Authority bonds in the leasepurchase agreement and the resolutions adopted in connection with the issuance of the bonds. Further, the transfer does not impair the terms of the contract between the authority and the bondholders, does not act to the detriment of the bondholders, and does not diminish the security for the bonds. After the transfer, the turnpike enterprise shall operate and maintain the bridge system and any other facilities of the authority in accordance with the terms, conditions, and covenants contained in the bond resolutions and lease-purchase agreement securing the bonds of the authority. The turnpike enterprise shall collect toll revenues and apply them to the payment of debt service as provided in the bond resolution securing the bonds and expressly assumes all obligations relating to the bonds to ensure that the transfer will have no adverse impact on the security for the bonds of the authority. The transfer does not modify or eliminate any prior obligation of the Department of Transportation to pay certain costs of the bridge system from sources other than revenues of the bridge system. With regard to the authority's current long-term debt due to the department of \$16 million as of June 30, 2010, and to the extent permitted by

the bond resolutions and lease-purchase agreement securing the bonds, the turnpike enterprise shall make payment annually to the State Transportation Trust Fund for the purpose of repaying the authority's long-term debt due to the department, from any bridge system revenues obtained under this subsection remaining after paying the costs of operations, maintenance, renewal, and replacement of the bridge system, and the payment of current debt service or other payments required in relation to the bonds. The turnpike enterprise will make such annual payments to the State Transportation Trust Fund until all remaining authority long-term debt due to the department has been repaid, not to exceed \$1 million per year.

Section 4. Section 338.2215, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

338.2215 Florida Turnpike Enterprise; legislative findings, policy, purpose, and intent.— The Florida Turnpike Enterprise consists of the following toll facilities: Florida's Turnpike System, Beachline Expressway (SR 528), Mid-Bay Bridge (SR 293), Garcon Point Bridge (SR 281), Selmon Expressway (SR 618), East-West Expressway (SR 408), Central Florida GreeneWay (SR 417), John Land Apopka Expressway (SR 414), and Daniel Webster Western Beltway (SR 429). It is the intent of the Legislature that the turnpike enterprise be provided additional powers and authority in order to maximize the advantages obtainable through fully leveraging the Florida Turnpike System asset. The additional powers and authority will provide the Florida Turnpike Enterprise turnpike enterprise with the autonomy and flexibility to enable it to more easily pursue innovations as well as best practices found in the private sector in management, finance,

organization, and operations. The additional powers and authority are intended to improve cost-effectiveness and timeliness of project delivery, increase revenues, expand the Florida Turnpike Enterprise's turnpike system's capital program capability, and improve the quality of service to its patrons, while continuing to protect the turnpike system's bondholders of the Florida Turnpike Enterprise and further preserve, expand, and improve the Florida Turnpike Enterprise System.

Section 5. Section 338.2216, Florida Statutes, to read: 338.2216 Florida Turnpike Enterprise; powers and authority.—

- (1)(a) In addition to the powers granted to the department, the Florida Turnpike Enterprise has full authority to exercise all powers granted to it under this chapter. Powers shall include, but are not limited to, the ability to plan, construct, maintain, repair, and operate the Florida Turnpike System.
- (b) It is the express intention of the Florida Turnpike Law that the Florida Turnpike Enterprise be authorized to plan, develop, own, purchase, lease, or otherwise acquire, demolish, construct, improve, relocate, equip, repair, maintain, operate, and manage the Florida Turnpike System; to expend funds to publicize, advertise, and promote the advantages of using the turnpike system and its facilities; and to cooperate, coordinate, partner, and contract with other entities, public and private, to accomplish these purposes.
- (c) The executive director of the turnpike enterprise shall appoint a staff, which shall be exempt from part II of chapter 110. Among the staff shall be a chief financial officer, who must be a proven, effective administrator with demonstrated

experience in financial management of a large bonded capital program and must hold an active license to practice public accounting in Florida pursuant to chapter 473. The turnpike enterprise staff shall also include the Office of Toll Operations.

- (d) The Florida Turnpike Enterprise shall pursue and implement new technologies and processes in its operations and collection of tolls and the collection of other amounts associated with road and infrastructure usage. Such technologies and processes must include, without limitation, video billing and variable pricing.
- (2) The department shall have the authority to employ procurement methods available to the Department of Management Services under chapters 255 and 287 and under any rule adopted under such chapters solely for the benefit of the turnpike enterprise.
- (3)(a) The turnpike enterprise shall be a single budget entity and shall develop a budget pursuant to chapter 216. The turnpike enterprise's budget shall be submitted to the Legislature along with the department's budget.
- (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 216.301 to the contrary and in accordance with s. 216.351, the Executive Office of the Governor shall, on July 1 of each year, certify forward all unexpended funds appropriated or provided pursuant to this section for the turnpike enterprise. Of the unexpended funds certified forward, any unencumbered amounts shall be carried forward. Such funds carried forward shall not exceed 5 percent of the original approved operating budget as defined in s. 216.181(1) of the turnpike enterprise. Funds carried forward

pursuant to this section may be used for any lawful purpose, including, but not limited to, promotional and market activities, technology, and training. Any certified forward funds remaining undisbursed on September 30 of each year shall be carried forward.

(4) The powers conferred upon the turnpike enterprise under ss. 338.22-338.241 shall be in addition and supplemental to the existing powers of the department and the turnpike enterprise, and these powers shall not be construed as repealing any provision of any other law, general or local, but shall supersede such other laws that are inconsistent with the exercise of the powers provided under ss. 338.22-338.241 and provide a complete method for the exercise of such powers granted.

Section 6. Subsection (1) of section 338.2275, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

338.2275 Approved turnpike projects.-

(1) Legislative approval of the department's tentative work program that contains the turnpike project constitutes approval to issue bonds as required by s. 11(f), Art. VII of the State Constitution. No more than \$13.5\$10 billion of bonds may be outstanding to fund approved turnpike projects.

Section 7. Section 338.251, Florida Statutes, is repealed and all funds in the Toll Facilities Revolving Trust Fund and all future payments of obligated funds shall be deposited into the Turnpike General Reserve Trust Fund to be expended for purposes set forth in the Florida Turnpike Law.

Section 8. <u>Subsection (6) of section 343.805</u>, Florida <u>Statutes</u>, is repealed.

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Section 9. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 343.835, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

343.835 Bonds of the authority.-

- (2) Any such resolution or resolutions authorizing any bonds hereunder may contain provisions that are part of the contract with the holders of such bonds, as to:
- (b) The completion, improvement, operation, extension, maintenance, repair, or lease, or lease-purchase agreement of the system, and the duties of the authority and others, including the department, with reference thereto.

Section 10. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 343.835, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

343.835 Bonds of the authority.

(3) The authority may employ fiscal agents as provided by this part or the State Board of Administration may, upon request of the authority, act as fiscal agent for the authority in the issuance of any bonds that are issued pursuant to this part, and the State Board of Administration may, upon request of the authority, take over the management, control, administration, custody, and payment of any or all debt services or funds or assets now or hereafter available for any bonds issued pursuant to this part. The authority may enter into any deeds of trust, indentures, or other agreements with its fiscal agent, or with any bank or trust company within or without the state, as security for such bonds and may, under such agreements, sign and pledge all or any of the revenues, rates, fees, rentals, or other charges or receipts of the authority. Such deed of trust, indenture, or other agreement may contain such provisions as are customary in such instruments or, as the authority authorizes,

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including, but without limitation, provisions as to:

(a) The completion, improvement, operation, extension, maintenance, repair, and lease of or lease-purchase agreement relating to U.S. 98 corridor improvements and the duties of the authority and others, including the department, with reference thereto.

Section 11. Section 343.836, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

343.836 Remedies of the bondholders.-

(1) The rights and the remedies in this section conferred upon or granted to the bondholders are in addition to and not in limitation of any rights and remedies lawfully granted to such bondholders by the resolution or resolutions providing for the issuance of bonds or by a lease-purchase agreement, deed of trust, indenture, or other agreement under which the bonds may be issued or secured. If the authority defaults in the payment of the principal of or interest on any of the bonds issued pursuant to the provisions of this part after such principal of or interest on the bonds becomes due, whether at maturity or upon call for redemption, or the department defaults in any payments under, or covenants made in, any lease-purchase agreement between the authority and the department, and such default continues for a period of 30 days, or if the authority or the department fails or refuses to comply with the provisions of this part or any agreement made with, or for the benefit of, the holders of the bonds, the holders of 25 percent in aggregate principal amount of the bonds then outstanding may appoint a trustee to represent such bondholders for the purposes hereof, if such holders of 25 percent in aggregate principal amount of

the bonds then outstanding shall first give notice of their intention to appoint a trustee to the authority and to the department. Such notice shall be deemed to have been given if given in writing, deposited in a securely sealed postpaid wrapper, mailed at a regularly maintained United States post office box or station, and addressed, respectively, to the chair of the authority and to the secretary of the department at the principal office of the department.

- (2) Such trustee and any trustee under any deed of trust, indenture, or other agreement may, and upon written request of the holders of 25 percent or such other percentages as are specified in any deed of trust, indenture, or other agreement aforesaid in principal amount of the bonds then outstanding shall, in any court of competent jurisdiction, in his, her, or its own name:
- (a) By mandamus or other suit, action, or proceeding at law or in equity, enforce all rights of the bondholders, including the right to require the authority to fix, establish, maintain, collect, and charge rates, fees, rentals, and other charges adequate to carry out any agreement as to or pledge of the revenues or receipts of the authority to carry out any other covenants and agreements with or for the benefit of the bondholders, and to perform its and their duties under this part.
- (b) By mandamus or other suit, action, or proceeding at law or in equity, enforce all rights of the bondholders under or pursuant to any lease-purchase agreement between the authority and the department, including the right to require the department to make all rental payments required to be made by it

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under the provisions of any such lease purchase agreement, to require the department to carry out any other covenants and agreements with or for the benefit of the bondholders, and to perform its and their duties under this part.

- (b)(c) Bring suit upon the bonds.
- $\underline{(c)}$ By action or suit in equity, require the authority or the department to account as if it were the trustee of an express trust for the bondholders.
- (e) By action or suit in equity, enjoin any acts or things that may be unlawful or in violation of the rights of the bondholders.
- (3) Any trustee, when appointed as aforesaid or acting under a deed of trust, indenture, or other agreement, and whether or not all bonds have been declared due and payable, may appoint a receiver who may enter upon and take possession of the system or the facilities or any part or parts thereof, the rates, fees, rentals, or other revenues, charges, or receipts from which are or may be applicable to the payment of the bonds so in default, and, subject to and in compliance with the provisions of any lease-purchase agreement between the authority and the department, operate and maintain the same for and on behalf of and in the name of the authority, the department, and the bondholders, and collect and receive all rates, fees, rentals, and other charges or receipts or revenues arising therefrom in the same manner as the authority or the department might do, and shall deposit all such moneys in a separate account and apply such moneys in such manner as the court shall direct. In any suit, action, or proceeding by the trustee, the fees, counsel fees, and expenses of the trustee and the

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receiver, if any, and all costs and disbursements allowed by the court shall be a first charge on any rates, fees, rentals, or other charges, revenues, or receipts derived from the system or the facilities or services or any part or parts thereof, including payments under any such lease-purchase agreement as aforesaid, which rates, fees, rentals, or other charges, revenues, or receipts may be applicable to the payment of the bonds so in default. Such trustee, in addition to the foregoing, possesses all of the powers necessary for the exercise of any functions specifically set forth herein or incident to the representation of the bondholders in the enforcement and protection of their rights.

(4) This section or any other section of this part does not authorize any receiver appointed pursuant hereto for the purpose, subject to and in compliance with the provisions of any lease purchase agreement between the authority and the department, of operating and maintaining the system or any facilities or part or parts thereof, to sell, assign, mortgage, or otherwise dispose of any of the assets of whatever kind and character belonging to the authority. It is the intention of this part to limit the powers of such receiver, subject to and in compliance with the provisions of any lease purchase agreement between the authority and the department, to the operation and maintenance of the system or any facility or part or parts thereof, as the court may direct, in the name and for and on behalf of the authority, the department, and the bondholders. In any suit, action, or proceeding at law or in equity, a holder of bonds on the authority, a trustee, or any court may not compel or direct a receiver to sell, assign,

mortgage, or otherwise dispose of any assets of whatever kind or character belonging to the authority. A receiver also may not be authorized to sell, assign, mortgage, or otherwise dispose of any assets of whatever kind or character belonging to the authority in any suit, action, or proceeding at law or in equity.

Section 12. Section 343.837, Florida Statutes, is repealed. Section 13. Section 343.885, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 14. Section 343.91(1)(h), Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 15. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) and paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section 343.94, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

343.94 Bond financing authority.-

- (3) Any such resolution or resolutions authorizing any bonds hereunder may contain provisions that are part of the contract with the holders of such bonds, as to:
- (b) The completion, improvement, operation, extension, maintenance, repair, or lease of, or lease purchase agreement relating to, the system and the duties of the authority and others, including the department, with reference thereto.
- (4) The authority may employ fiscal agents as provided by this part or the State Board of Administration may, upon request of the authority, act as fiscal agent for the authority in the issuance of any bonds that are issued pursuant to this part, and the State Board of Administration may, upon request of the authority, take over the management, control, administration, custody, and payment of any or all debt services or funds or assets now or hereafter available for any bonds issued pursuant

to this part. The authority may enter into any deeds of trust, indentures, or other agreements with its fiscal agent, or with any bank or trust company within or without the state, as security for such bonds and may, under such agreements, sign and pledge all or any of the revenues, rates, fees, rentals, or other charges or receipts of the authority. Such deed of trust, indenture, or other agreement may contain such provisions as are customary in such instruments or as the authority authorizes, including, but without limitation, provisions as to:

(a) The completion, improvement, operation, extension, maintenance, repair, and lease of, or lease-purchase agreement relating to, highway, bridge, and related transportation facilities and appurtenances and the duties of the authority and others, including the department, with reference thereto.

Section 16. Section 343.944, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

343.944 Remedies of the bondholders.-

(1) The rights and the remedies in this section conferred upon or granted to the bondholders are in addition to and not in limitation of any rights and remedies lawfully granted to such bondholders by the resolution or resolutions providing for the issuance of bonds or by a lease purchase agreement, deed of trust, indenture, or other agreement under which the bonds may be issued or secured. If the authority defaults in the payment of the principal of or interest on any of the bonds issued pursuant to the provisions of this part after such principal of or interest on the bonds becomes due, whether at maturity or upon call for redemption, or the department defaults in any payments under, or covenants made in, any lease-purchase

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agreement between the authority and the department, and such default continues for a period of 30 days, or if the authority or the department fails or refuses to comply with the provisions of this part or any agreement made with, or for the benefit of, the holders of the bonds, the holders of 25 percent in aggregate principal amount of the bonds then outstanding may appoint a trustee to represent such bondholders for the purposes hereof, if such holders of 25 percent in aggregate principal amount of the bonds then outstanding shall first give notice of their intention to appoint a trustee to the authority and to the department. Such notice shall be deemed to have been given if given in writing, deposited in a securely sealed postpaid wrapper, mailed at a regularly maintained United States post office box or station, and addressed, respectively, to the chair of the authority and to the secretary of the department at the principal office of the department.

- (2) Such trustee and any trustee under any deed of trust, indenture, or other agreement may and, upon written request of the holders of 25 percent or such other percentages as are specified in any deed of trust, indenture, or other agreement aforesaid in principal amount of the bonds then outstanding, shall, in any court of competent jurisdiction, in his, her, or its own name:
- (a) By mandamus or other suit, action, or proceeding at law or in equity, enforce all rights of the bondholders, including the right to require the authority to fix, establish, maintain, collect, and charge rates, fees, rentals, and other charges adequate to carry out any agreement as to or pledge of the revenues or receipts of the authority, to carry out any other

covenants and agreements with or for the benefit of the bondholders, and to perform its and their duties under this part.

- (b) By mandamus or other suit, action, or proceeding at law or in equity, enforce all rights of the bondholders under or pursuant to any lease-purchase agreement between the authority and the department, including the right to require the department to make all rental payments required to be made by it under the provisions of any such lease-purchase agreement and to require the department to carry out any other covenants and agreements with or for the benefit of the bondholders and to perform its and their duties under this part.
 - (b) (c) Bring suit upon the bonds.
- $\underline{(c)}$ By action or suit in equity, require the authority or the department to account as if it were the trustee of an express trust for the bondholders.
- (e) By action or suit in equity, enjoin any acts or things that may be unlawful or in violation of the rights of the bondholders.
- (3) Any trustee, when appointed as aforesaid or acting under a deed of trust, indenture, or other agreement, and regardless of whether all bonds have been declared due and payable, may appoint a receiver who may enter upon and take possession of the system or the facilities or any part or parts thereof, the rates, fees, rentals, or other revenues, charges, or receipts from which are or may be applicable to the payment of the bonds so in default, and, subject to and in compliance with the provisions of any lease purchase agreement between the authority and the department, operate and maintain the same for

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and on behalf of and in the name of the authority, the department, and the bondholders, and collect and receive all rates, fees, rentals, and other charges or receipts or revenues arising therefrom in the same manner as the authority or the department might do, and shall deposit all such moneys in a separate account and apply such moneys in such manner as the court shall direct. In any suit, action, or proceeding by the trustee, the fees, counsel fees, and expenses of the trustee and the receiver, if any, and all costs and disbursements allowed by the court shall be a first charge on any rates, fees, rentals, or other charges, revenues, or receipts derived from the system or the facilities or services or any part or parts thereof, including payments under any such lease purchase agreement as aforesaid, which rates, fees, rentals, or other charges, revenues, or receipts may be applicable to the payment of the bonds so in default. Such trustee, in addition to the foregoing, possesses all of the powers necessary for the exercise of any functions specifically set forth herein or incident to the representation of the bondholders in the enforcement and protection of their rights.

(4) This section or any other section of this part does not authorize any receiver appointed pursuant hereto for the purpose, subject to and in compliance with the provisions of any lease-purchase agreement between the authority and the department, of operating and maintaining the system or any facilities or part or parts thereof to sell, assign, mortgage, or otherwise dispose of any of the assets of whatever kind and character belonging to the authority. It is the intention of this part to limit the powers of such receiver, subject to and

in compliance with the provisions of any lease purchase agreement between the authority and the department, to the operation and maintenance of the system or any facility or part or parts thereof, as the court may direct, in the name of and for and on behalf of the authority, the department, and the bondholders. In any suit, action, or proceeding at law or in equity, a holder of bonds on the authority, a trustee, or any court may not compel or direct a receiver to sell, assign, mortgage, or otherwise dispose of any assets of whatever kind or character belonging to the authority. A receiver also may not be authorized to sell, assign, mortgage, or otherwise dispose of any assets of whatever kind or character belonging to the authority in any suit, action, or proceeding at law or in equity.

Section 17. <u>Section 343.945</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 18. Section 343.946, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 19. <u>Subsection (11) of section 348.0002</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 20. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraph (e) of subsection (2), and paragraph (d) of subsection (9) of section 348.0004, Florida Statutes, are amended and present paragraphs (f) through (l) of subsection (2) are redesignated as paragraphs (e) through (k), respectively, and present paragraphs (e) through (h) of subsection (9) are redesignated as paragraphs (d) through (g) respectively to read:

(d) through (g), respectively, to read:

348.0004 Purposes and powers.-

(1)(a) An authority created and established pursuant to the Florida Expressway Authority Act may acquire, hold, construct, improve, maintain, operate, \underline{and} own, \underline{and} lease an expressway

755 system.

- (2) Each authority may exercise all powers necessary, appurtenant, convenient, or incidental to the carrying out of its purposes, including, but not limited to, the following rights and powers:
- (e) To enter into and make lease-purchase agreements with the department until any bonds secured by a pledge of rentals thereunder, and any refundings thereof, are fully paid as to both principal and interest.
- (9) The Legislature declares that there is a public need for the rapid construction of safe and efficient transportation facilities for traveling within the state and that it is in the public's interest to provide for public-private partnership agreements to effectuate the construction of additional safe, convenient, and economical transportation facilities.
- (d) The department may lend funds from the Toll Facilities
 Revolving Trust Fund, as outlined in s. 338.251, to publicprivate partnerships. To be eligible a private entity must
 comply with s. 338.251 and must provide an indication from a
 nationally recognized rating agency that the senior bonds for
 the project will be investment grade or must provide credit
 support, such as a letter of credit or other means acceptable to
 the department, to ensure that the loans will be fully repaid.

Section 21. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 348.0005, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

348.0005 Bonds.-

(2)

(b) The bonds of an authority in any county as defined in s. 125.011(1), issued pursuant to the provisions of this part,

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whether on original issuance or refunding, must be authorized by resolution of the authority, after approval of the issuance of the bonds at a public hearing, and may be either term or serial bonds, shall bear such date or dates, mature at such time or times, bear interest at such rate or rates, be payable semiannually, be in such denominations, be in such form, either coupon or fully registered, shall carry such registration, exchangeability and interchangeability privileges, be payable in such medium of payment and at such place or places, be subject to such terms of redemption and be entitled to such priorities on the revenues, rates, fees, rentals, or other charges or receipts of the authority including any county gasoline tax funds received by an authority pursuant to the terms of any interlocal or lease-purchase agreement between an authority, the department, or a county, as such resolution or any resolution subsequent thereto may provide. The bonds must be executed by such officers as the authority determines under the requirements of s. 279.06.

Section 22. <u>Section 348.0006</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 23. Part II of chapter 348, Florida Statutes, consisting of ss. 348.216, 348.217, 348.218, 348.219, 348.22, 348.221, 348.222, 348.223, 348.224, 348.225, 348.226, 348.227, 348.228, 348.229, and 348.23, is repealed.

Section 24. Part III of chapter 348, Florida Statutes, consisting of ss. 348.24, 348.241, 348.242, 348.243, 348.244, 348.245, 348.246, 348.247, 348.248, 348.249, and 348.25, is repealed.

Section 25. Part IV of chapter 348, Florida Statutes,

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     consisting of ss. 348.50, 348.51, 348.52, 348.53, 348.54,
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     348.545, 348.56, 348.565, 348.57, 348.58, 348.59, 348.60,
     348.61, 348.62, 348.63, 348.64, 348.65, 348.66, 348.67, 348.68,
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     348.681, and 348.70, is repealed.
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          Section 26. Part V of chapter 348, Florida Statutes,
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     consisting of ss. 348.751, 348.752, 348.753, 348.754, 348.7543,
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     348.7544, 348.7545, 348.7546, 348.7547, 348.755, 348.756,
     348.757, 348.758, 348.759, 348.760, 348.761, 348.762, 348.763,
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     348.764, and 348.765, is repealed.
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          Section 27. Part VI of chapter 348, Florida Statutes,
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     consisting of ss. 348.80, 348.81, 348.82, 348.83, 348.84,
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     348.86, 348.87, 348.88, 348.89, 348.90, 348.91, 348.92, 348.93,
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     and 348.94, is repealed.
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          Section 28. Part VII of chapter 348, Florida Statutes,
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     consisting of ss. 348.9401, 348.941, 348.942, 348.943, 348.944,
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     348.945, 348.946, 348.947, 348.948, 348.949, and 348.9495, is
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     repealed.
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          Section 29. Part VIII of chapter 348, Florida Statutes,
     consisting of ss 348.95, 348.951, 348.952, 348.953, 348.954,
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     348.955, 348.956, 348.957, 348.958, 348.959, 348.96, 348.961,
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     348.962, and 348.963, is repealed.
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          Section 30. Part IX of chapter 348, Florida Statutes,
     consisting of ss. 348.965, 348.966, 348.967, 348.968, 348.969,
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     348.97, 348.971, 348.972, 348.973, 348.974, 348.9751, 348.9761,
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     348.9771, and 348.9781, is repealed.
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          Section 31. Part X of chapter 348, Florida Statutes,
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     consisting of ss 348.993, 348.9931, 348.9932, 348.9933,
     348.9934, 348.9935, 348.9936, 348.9938, 348.9939, 348.994,
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     348.9941, 348.9942, 348.9943, 348.9944, 348.9945, 348.9946,
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842 348.9947, 348.9948, is repealed.

Section 32. <u>Section 348.9955</u>, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 33. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1) of s. 349.02, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 34. <u>Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section</u> 349.04, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 35. Paragraph (g) of subsection (2) of section 349.04, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

349.04 Purposes and powers.-

- (2) The authority is hereby granted, and shall have and may exercise all powers necessary, appurtenant, convenient, or incidental to the carrying out of the aforesaid purposes, including, but without being limited to, the right and power:
- (g)1. To borrow money and make and issue negotiable notes, bonds, refunding bonds, and other evidences of indebtedness or obligations, either in temporary or definitive form (hereinafter in this chapter sometimes called "bonds"), of the authority, for the purpose of funding or refunding, at or prior to maturity, any bonds theretofore issued by the authority, or by the Florida State Improvement Commission to finance part of the cost of the Jacksonville Expressway System, and purposes related thereto, and for the purpose of financing or refinancing all or part of the costs of completion, improvement, or extension of the Jacksonville Expressway System, and appurtenant facilities, including all approaches, streets, roads, bridges, and avenues of access for the Jacksonville Expressway System and for any other purpose authorized by this chapter, such bonds to mature in not exceeding 40 years from the date of the issuance thereof;

and to secure the payment of such bonds or any part thereof by a pledge of any or all of its revenues, rates, fees, rentals, or other charges, including all or any portion of the Duval County gasoline tax funds received by the authority pursuant to the terms of any lease-purchase agreement between the authority and the department; and in general to provide for the security of such bonds and the rights and remedies of the holders thereof.

2. In the event that the authority determines to fund or refund any bonds theretofore issued by the authority, or by the commission as aforesaid, prior to the maturity thereof, the proceeds of such funding or refunding bonds shall, pending the prior redemption of the bonds to be funded or refunded, be invested in direct obligations of the United States; and it is the express intention of this chapter that such outstanding bonds may be funded or refunded by the issuance of bonds pursuant to this chapter notwithstanding that part of such outstanding bonds will not mature or become redeemable until 6 years after the date of issuance of bonds pursuant to this chapter to fund or refund such outstanding bonds.

Section 36. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section 349.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

349.05 Bonds of the authority; bonds not debt or pledges of credit of state.—

- (2) Any such resolution or resolutions authorizing any bonds hereunder may contain provisions, and valid and legally binding covenants of the authority, which shall be part of the contract with the holders of such bonds, as to:
- (b) The completion, improvement, operation, extension, maintenance, repair, or lease, or lease-purchase agreement of

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said system or transportation facilities, and the duties of the authority and others, including the department, with reference thereto;

Section 37. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section 349.05, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

349.05 Bonds of the authority; bonds not debt or pledges of credit of state.—

- (3) The State Board of Administration may, upon request by the authority, act as fiscal agent for the authority in the issuance of any bonds that may be issued pursuant to this chapter, and the State Board of Administration may, upon request by the authority, take over the management, control, administration, custody, and payment of any or all debt services or funds or assets now or hereafter available for any bonds issued pursuant to this chapter. The authority may enter into deeds of trust, indentures, or other agreements with a corporate trustee or trustees, which shall act as fiscal agent for the authority and may be any bank or trust company within or without the state, as security for such bonds and may, under such agreements, assign and pledge all or any of the revenues, rates, fees, rentals, or other charges or receipts of the authority, including all or any portion of local option taxes or county gasoline tax funds received by the authority, thereunder. Such deed of trust, indenture, or other agreement may contain such provisions as are customary in such instruments or as the authority may authorize, including, without limitation, provisions as to:
- (a) The completion, improvement, operation, extension, maintenance, repair, and lease of, or lease-purchase agreement

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relating to, all or any part of transportation facilities authorized in this chapter to be constructed, acquired, developed, or operated by the authority and the duties of the authority and others, including the department, with reference thereto;

Section 38. Section 349.07, Florida Statutes, is repealed.

Section 39. Section 349.15, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

349.15 Remedies; pledges enforceable by bondholders.—Any holder of bonds issued under this chapter, except to the extent such rights may be restricted by the resolution, deed of trust, indenture, or other proceeding relating to the issuance of such bonds, may by civil action, mandamus, or other appropriate action, suit, or proceeding in law or in equity, in any court of competent jurisdiction, protect and enforce any and all rights of such bondholder granted under the proceedings authorizing the issuance of such bonds and enforce any pledge made for payment of the principal and interest on bonds, or any covenant or agreement relative thereto, against the authority or directly against the department, as may be appropriate. It is the express intention of this chapter that any pledge by the department of rates, fees, revenues, county gasoline tax funds, or other funds, as rentals, to the authority or any covenants or agreements relative thereto may be enforceable in any court of competent jurisdiction against the authority or directly against the department by any holder of bonds issued by the authority.

Section 40. <u>Ch. 2000-411</u>, <u>Laws of Florida is repealed.</u> Section 41. Subsection (13) of section 212.08, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

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212.08 Sales, rental, use, consumption, distribution, and storage tax; specified exemptions.—The sale at retail, the rental, the use, the consumption, the distribution, and the storage to be used or consumed in this state of the following are hereby specifically exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter.

(13) No transactions shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this chapter except those expressly exempted herein. All laws granting tax exemptions, to the extent they may be inconsistent or in conflict with this chapter, including, but not limited to, the following designated laws, shall yield to and be superseded by the provisions of this subsection: ss. 125.019, 153.76, 154.2331, 159.15, 159.31, 159.50, 159.708, 163.385, 163.395, 215.76, 243.33, 315.11, 348.65, 348.762, 349.13, 403.1834, 616.07, and 623.09, and the following Laws of Florida, acts of the year indicated: s. 31, chapter 30843, 1955; s. 19, chapter 30845, 1955; s. 12, chapter 30927, 1955; s. 8, chapter 31179, 1955; s. 15, chapter 31263, 1955; s. 13, chapter 31343, 1955; s. 16, chapter 59-1653; s. 13, chapter 59-1356; s. 12, chapter 61-2261; s. 19, chapter 61-2754; s. 10, chapter 61-2686; s. 11, chapter 63-1643; s. 11, chapter 65-1274; s. 16, chapter 67-1446; and s. 10, chapter 67-1681. This subsection does not supersede the authority of a local government to adopt financial and local government incentives pursuant to s. 163.2517.

Section 42. This act shall take effect July 1, 2011.

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