Tab 1	SB 14 by Jones; Identical to H 06519 Relief of the Estate of Peniel Janvier by the City of Miami Beach
Tab 2	SB 20 by Burgess; Identical to H 06529 Relief of J.N., a Minor, by Hillsborough County
Tab 3	SB 100 by Fine (CO-INTRODUCERS) Martin; Identical to H 00075 Display of Flags by Governmental Entities
Tab 4	CS/SB 268 by GO, Jones (CO-INTRODUCERS) Brodeur; Similar to H 00789 Public Records/Public Officers
576776	A S LRCS CA, Jones Delete L.355 - 486: 03/26 05:56 PM
Tab 5	SB 482 by DiCeglie; Identical to H 00665 Local Government
Tab 6	SB 674 by Wright; Similar to H 00307 Bonuses for Employees of County Tax Collectors and Property Appraisers
Tab 7	SJR 748 by Simon (CO-INTRODUCERS) Gaetz; Identical to H 00163 Homestead Property Exemption for the Surviving Spouses of Certain Quadriplegics
Tab 8	SB 750 by Simon (CO-INTRODUCERS) Gaetz, Leek; Identical to H 00165 Tax Exemptions for Surviving Spouses of Quadriplegics
721228	A S RCS CA, Simon Delete L.22 - 26: 03/26 06:07 PM
Tab 9	CS/SB 872 by TR, Ingoglia (CO-INTRODUCERS) Burgess; Compare to CS/H 00577 Price Controls for the Removal and Storage of Electric Vehicles
940202	D S RCS CA, Ingoglia Delete everything after 03/26 06:31 PM
Tab 10	CS/SB 1078 by BI, McClain; Similar to CS/H 00551 Fire Prevention
933670	A S LRCS CA, McClain Delete L.116 - 137: 03/25 01:39 PM
Tab 11	SJR 1510 by Avila; Identical to H 01257 Homestead Property Exemption and Assessment Limitations
Tab 12	SB 1512 by Avila; Identical to H 01259 Property Tax Exemption and Assessment Limitation on Long-term Leased Property
Tab 13	SB 1594 by McClain; Similar to H 00923 Housing
Tab 14	SB 1664 by Trumbull; Similar to CS/H 01221 Local Option Taxes

The Florida Senate

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

COMMUNITY AFFAIRS Senator McClain, Chair Senator Fine, Vice Chair

ТАВ	MEETING DATE: TIME: PLACE: MEMBERS: BILL NO. and INTR	Senator McCla and Trumbull		eek, Passidomo, Pizzo, Sharief, COMMITTEE ACTION
1	SB 14 Jones (Identical H 6519)	M P fc P th lii a S J U C	Relief of the Estate of Peniel Janvier by the City of Miami Beach; Providing for the relief of the Estate of Peniel Janvier by the City of Miami Beach; providing for an appropriation to compensate the Estate of Peniel Janvier for damages sustained as a result of the negligence of the City of Miami Beach; providing a mitation on the payment of compensation and ttorney fees, etc.	Favorable Yeas 8 Nays 0
2	SB 20 Burgess (Identical H 6529)	P H S c s H c c c S J C	The lief of J.N., a Minor, by Hillsborough County; roviding for the relief of J.N., a minor, by lillsborough County; providing an appropriation to tephany Grullon, as parent and guardian of J.N., to ompensate J.N. for injuries and damages she ustained as a result of the negligence of lillsborough County in maintaining sidewalks and ulvert systems; providing a limitation on ompensation and the payment of certain fees and osts, etc. M U 03/19/2025 Favorable C 03/25/2025 Favorable	Favorable Yeas 8 Nays 0
3	SB 100 Fine (Identical H 75)	th g c c c c c c t t t t c c c c c c c c c	Display of Flags by Governmental Entities; Defining the term "governmental entity"; prohibiting overnmental entities from erecting or displaying ertain flags; requiring governmental entities to emain neutral in certain circumstances; authorizing a urrent or retired member of the United States Armed orces or the National Guard to use reasonable force o prevent the desecration, destruction, or removal of the United States flag or to replace such flag to a osition of prominence, etc.	Favorable Yeas 5 Nays 3

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

Community Affairs Tuesday, March 25, 2025, 11:00 a.m.—1:00 p.m.

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
4	CS/SB 268 Governmental Oversight and Accountability / Jones (Similar H 789)	Public Records/Public Officers; Providing exemptions from public records requirements for the partial home addresses and telephone numbers of current public officers, their spouses, and their adult children and the names, home addresses, telephone numbers, and dates of birth of, and the names and locations of schools and day care facilities attended by, the minor children of such officers; providing for future legislative review and repeal of the exemptions; providing methods for maintenance of an exemption; providing for retroactive application of the exemptions; providing a statement of public necessity, etc. GO 02/18/2025 Fav/CS RC	Fav/CS Yeas 8 Nays 0
5	SB 482 DiCeglie (Identical H 665, Compare CS/S 1118)	Local Government; Prohibiting a county from requiring an applicant to take certain actions as a condition of processing a development permit or development order; prohibiting a municipality from requiring an applicant to take certain actions as a condition of processing a development permit or development order, etc. CA 03/25/2025 Pending reconsideration (Unfavorable) FT RC	Unfavorable Yeas 3 Nays 4 -Pending Reconsideration
6	SB 674 Wright (Similar H 307)	Bonuses for Employees of County Tax Collectors and Property Appraisers; Authorizing specified county tax collectors or property appraisers to budget for and pay specified bonuses to employees, pending a specified approval, etc. CA 03/25/2025 Favorable FT RC	Favorable Yeas 8 Nays 0
7	SJR 748 Simon (Identical HJR 163, Compare H 165, Linked S 750)	Homestead Property Exemption for the Surviving Spouses of Certain Quadriplegics; Proposing amendments to the State Constitution to authorize the Legislature to provide for a homestead property tax exemption for the surviving spouses of certain quadriplegics, etc. CA 03/25/2025 Favorable FT AP	Favorable Yeas 7 Nays 0

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

Community Affairs Tuesday, March 25, 2025, 11:00 a.m.—1:00 p.m.

ТАВ	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
8	SB 750 Simon (Identical H 165, Compare HJR 163, Linked SJR 748)	Tax Exemptions for Surviving Spouses of Quadriplegics; Authorizing the surviving spouses of certain quadriplegics to carry over a certain tax exemption in certain circumstances; authorizing the Department of Revenue to adopt emergency rules, etc.	Fav/CS Yeas 7 Nays 0
		CA 03/25/2025 Fav/CS FT AP	
9	CS/SB 872 Transportation / Ingoglia (Compare CS/H 577)	Price Controls for the Removal and Storage of Electric Vehicles; Requiring counties and municipalities, respectively, to establish specified rates for the removal and storage of electric vehicles from an accident scene; authorizing a wrecker operator to charge specified costs for the cleanup of an accident scene and removal of such vehicles, etc.	Fav/CS Yeas 6 Nays 2
		TR 03/12/2025 Fav/CS CA 03/25/2025 Fav/CS FP	
10	CS/SB 1078 Banking and Insurance / McClain (Similar CS/H 551)	Fire Prevention; Requiring a local enforcement agency to issue a permit for a fire alarm system project or fire sprinkler system project within a specified time period; requiring the local enforcement agency to provide an inspection within a specified timeframe; specifying a condition under which a local amendment to the Florida Fire Prevention Code is null and void; requiring that a uniform summary inspection report include the total number of deficiencies found during the inspection of a fire protection system or hydrant, etc.	Fav/CS Yeas 5 Nays 3
		BI 03/10/2025 Fav/CS CA 03/25/2025 Fav/CS RC	
11	SJR 1510 Avila (Identical HJR 1257, Compare H 1259, Linked S 1512)	Homestead Property Exemption and Assessment Limitations; Proposing amendments to the State Constitution to authorize the Legislature to provide the same exemptions and assessment limitations granted to homestead property to certain real property subject to a long-term lease and to provide an effective date, etc.	Favorable Yeas 7 Nays 1
		CA 03/25/2025 Favorable FT RC	

COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

Community Affairs

Tuesday, March 25, 2025, 11:00 a.m.—1:00 p.m.

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
12	SB 1512 Avila (Identical H 1259, Compare HJR 1257, Linked SJR 1510)	Property Tax Exemption and Assessment Limitation on Long-term Leased Property; Providing that property that receives a certain tax exemption shall be assessed in a specified manner; providing that changes, additions, and improvements to such properties shall be assessed in a specified manner; requiring the submission of an application containing specified information before receiving a specified tax exemption; providing specified tax exemptions for property that meets certain eligibility requirements, etc. CA 03/25/2025 Favorable FT RC	Favorable Yeas 7 Nays 1
13	SB 1594 McClain (Similar H 923)	Housing; Providing and revising definitions; revising eligibility requirements for a specified affordable housing tax exemption; authorizing certain adaptive reuse projects to be eligible for a certain tax exemption; requiring a taxing authority to conduct an assessment on the need for certain affordable housing and present the assessment at a specified meeting; authorizing certain developments to abate certain future ad valorem property taxes by paying a specified amount at the time a building permit is issued; creating the "Florida Housing Revitalization Act', etc. CA 03/25/2025 Not Considered FT RC	Not Considered
14	SB 1664 Trumbull (Similar CS/H 1221)	Local Option Taxes; Requiring specified taxes to be renewed by an ordinance in a specified manner; providing an exception; providing for the expiration of specified ordinances; authorizing the adoption of new ordinances, etc. CA 03/25/2025 Fav/CS FT AP	Fav/CS Yeas 5 Nays 3

15 Other Related Meeting Documents



THE FLORIDA SENATE

SPECIAL MASTER ON CLAIM BILLS

Location 409 The Capitol

Mailing Address

404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5229

	DATE	COMM	ACTION
	3/14/25	SM	Favorable
	3/19/25	JU	Favorable
	3/24/25	CA	Favorable
ĺ		RC	

March 14, 2025

The Honorable Ben Albritton President, The Florida Senate Suite 409, The Capitol Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

Re: **SB 14** – Senator Jones **HB 6519** – Representative Porras Relief of Estate of Peniel Janvier by the City of Miami Beach

SPECIAL MASTER'S FINAL REPORT

THIS IS AN UNCONTESTED CLAIM BILL FOR \$1,700,000 IN ACCORDANCE WITH A CONSENT JUDGMENT RENDERED BY THE CIRCUIT COURT. THE ESTATE OF PENIEL JANVIER SEEKS DAMAGES FROM THE CITY OF MIAMI BEACH FOR WRONGFUL DEATH CAUSED BY THE NEGLIGENT OPERATION AND SUPERVISION OF A CITY-OWNED SWIMMING POOL.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The Incident

On August 16, 2022, Peniel Janvier, a 28-year-old youth camp counselor, was attending an end-of-summer celebration for the youth camp at the Scott Rakow Youth Center Pool, owned and operated by the City of Miami Beach.¹ Although off duty, he chose to attend out of his dedication to the children he mentored.

Surveillance footage shows that a child playfully pushed Janvier into the pool, continuing an earlier pattern of lighthearted pushing in the shallow end. However, this time, Janvier landed in water too deep for him to stand, causing him

¹ Claimant's Ex. 1, Surveillance Video; Claimant's Ex. 2, Investigative Reports; Claimant's Ex.

^{5,} Discovery; Claimant's Ex. 6, Pleadings.

to struggle for several minutes before becoming fully submerged. He remained underwater for approximately ten minutes.² Investigations by the City of Miami Beach and the police department determined that Janvier's death was not the result of foul play.³

An internal review by the City of Miami Beach found that Lifeguard Adrian Calderon violated the City's no-phone policy and failed to observe Janvier drowning.⁴ For over ten minutes, Calderon remained distracted by his cell phone, failing to scan the pool as Janvier struggled and other children attempted to rescue him.⁵

No supervisor was present, and, contrary to industry standards, only two of the four designated lifeguard chairs were staffed, despite the presence of numerous weak swimmers.⁶ Additionally, the City failed to implement proper zone surveillance assignments, which are standard safety practices for public pools.⁷

Janvier was eventually pulled from the water, but he was unresponsive by the time he was rescued.⁸

Emergency responders performed CPR before transporting Janvier to Mount Sinai Hospital, where he was placed on ventilator support.⁹

Janvier was declared brain dead on August 23, 2022, and removed from life support on August 26, 2022.¹⁰

Medical Findings

The Medical Examiner ruled the cause of death as drowning.¹¹

https://www.redcross.org/content/dam/redcross/atg/PDFs/Take_a_Class/Lifeguarding_PM_sample_chapter-2012.pdf (last visited Mar. 13, 2025)

² Claimant's Ex. 1, Surveillance Video; Claimant's Ex. 2, Investigative Reports.

³ Claimant's Ex. 2, Investigative Reports.

⁴ January 29, 2025, Special Master Hearing; Claimant's Ex. 5, Discovery: RFP Responsive Docs.

⁵ Claimant's Ex. 1, Surveillance Video; Claimant's Ex. 5, Discovery: KG Incident Report Updated.

⁶ Claimant's Ex. 1, Surveillance Video; Claimant's Ex. 5, Discovery.

⁷ January 29, 2025, Special Master Hearing, Exhibits Slides 24 through 29, and Statement of Douglas McCarron, Esq.; American Red Cross, *Lifeguarding Manual*, *available at*

⁸ Claimant's Ex. 5, Discovery: Case Report 2022-8851.

⁹ Id.

¹⁰ *Id*.

¹¹ Claimant's Ex. 11, Medical Examiner's Report.

Autopsy reports confirm cerebral edema, hypoxia, and extensive lung congestion, consistent with prolonged oxygen deprivation.¹²

Janvier had no pre-existing medical conditions that contributed to his death.¹³

Impact on the Family

The Janvier family has endured extreme emotional suffering following Janvier's tragic and preventable death.¹⁴ The financial and psychological toll of this tragedy has resulted in counseling needs and long-term hardship for the surviving family members.

His parents, Nicole Mathurin and Lucmanne Janvier, have expressed profound grief, struggling with the permanent loss of their son.¹⁵

Janvier was known for his kindness, mentorship, and contributions to the community, making his absence even more devastating to those who knew him.¹⁶

The loss has caused significant psychological and emotional distress to his immediate family, leading to profound lifestyle changes and difficulties in coping with their grief. His mother has undergone extensive counseling, yet her condition has shown no improvement. His father credibly testified to experiencing permanent, daily anguish, underscoring the enduring emotional toll of Janvier's death.¹⁷

<u>LITIGATION HISTORY:</u> The Estate of Peniel Janvier sued the City of Miami Beach on March 22, 2023, in the Eleventh Circuit Court in and for Miami-Dade County, alleging wrongful death due to negligence.

On June 11, 2024, the parties settled for \$2,000,000, and the court rendered a consent judgment incorporating the terms of the agreement.

- ¹⁵ *Id*.
- ¹⁶ *Id*.
- ¹⁷ Id.

¹² Claimant's Ex. 11, Medical Examiner's Report.

¹³ Claimant's Ex. 11, Medical Examiner's Report.

¹⁴ Testimonies of Nicole Mathurin and Daniel and Lucmanne Janvier, January 29, 2025, Special Master Hearing.

Consistent with section 768.28, of the Florida Statutes, \$300,000 has been paid, and the remaining \$1.7 million is contingent upon legislative approval. The City has reserved \$1.7 million to pay this claim.¹⁸

<u>CONCLUSIONS OF LAW:</u> A *de novo* hearing was held as the Legislature is not bound by settlements or jury verdicts when considering a claim bill, passage of which is an act of legislative grace.

> Section 768.28, of the Florida Statutes, waives sovereign immunity for tort liability up to \$200,000 per person and \$300,000 for all claims or judgments arising out of the same incident. Sums exceeding this amount are payable by the State and its agencies or subdivisions by further act of the Legislature.

> In this matter, the Estate of Peniel Janvier alleges that the City of Miami Beach was negligent in the operation and supervision of the Scott Rakow Youth Center Pool, resulting in the wrongful death of Peniel Janvier. The City of Miami Beach, as the entity responsible for pool operations and staffing, is liable for the negligent actions of its employees who failed to monitor the pool and respond in a timely manner.

> After completing its investigation, multiple reports confirmed that lifeguard Adrian Calderon was distracted by his phone and failed to intervene as Janvier struggled in the water. Surveillance footage and eyewitness testimony established that Janvier was visibly in distress for several minutes before assistance was provided. The City of Miami Beach admitted liability and agreed to a judgment in favor of the Estate of Peniel Janvier for the sum of \$2 million.

> No evidence suggests that Janvier contributed to his drowning or failed to exercise due care.

Negligence

There are four elements to a negligence claim: (1) duty – where the defendant has a legal obligation to protect others against unreasonable risks; (2) breach – which occurs when the defendant has failed to conform to the required standard of conduct; (3) causation – where the defendant's conduct is

¹⁸ January 29, 2025, Special Master Hearing, Statement of Henry Hunnefeld, Esq.

> foreseeably and substantially the cause of the resulting damages; and (4) damages – actual harm.¹⁹

Dutv

A municipality operating a public swimming pool has a duty to operate the facility safely.²⁰ "Whenever one undertakes to provide a service to others, whether one does so gratuitously or by contract, the individual who undertakes to provide the service-i.e., the "undertaker"-thereby assumes a duty to act carefully and to not put others at an undue risk of harm.²¹

By operating and staffing the Scott Rakow Youth Center Pool, the City of Miami Beach assumed a duty of care to provide properly trained and attentive lifeguards to prevent foreseeable harm.

Breach

The City of Miami Beach breached this duty in multiple ways:

- Lifequard Adrian Calderon failed to maintain proper supervision, as confirmed by surveillance footage and the City's internal investigation. Calderon was distracted by his cell phone, violating the City's no-phone policy and standard safety protocols.²²
- The City of Miami Beach failed to implement basic lifeguard surveillance protocols, leading to inadequate supervision of swimmers. The absence of properly assigned lifeguard zones contributed to the failure to prevent this drowning.23
- The City failed to enforce safety policies and adequately • train its staff, further increasing the risk of harm.²⁴

These failures directly compromised swimmer safety, allowing Janvier's distress to go unnoticed for an extended period.

Causation

The City's failure to properly train and enforce lifeguard safety policies directly resulted in Janvier's prolonged struggle and

¹⁹ Williams v. Davis, 974 So.2d 1052, at 1056–1057 (Fla. 2007).

²⁰ Florida Dept. of Nat. Res. v. Garcia, 753 So. 2d 72, 75 (Fla. 2000).

²¹ Clay Elec. Co-op., Inc. v. Johnson, 873 So. 2d 1182, 1186 (Fla. 2003).

²² Claimant's Ex. 1, Surveillance Video; January 29, 2025, Special Master Hearing Exhibits Slides 5 and 21.

²³ January 29, 2025, Special Master Hearing, Exhibits Slides 24 through 29, and Statement of Douglas McCarron, Esq.

eventual drowning. Florida courts recognize that liability arises when inaction causes preventable harm: "Tort law provides a remedy for a person who suffers an injury caused by the action or failure to act of another."²⁵

The City's inaction was the foreseeable and direct cause of his death. $^{\rm 26}$

Damages

As a direct result of the City's negligence, Janvier suffered fatal drowning, leading to substantial financial and emotional loss for his surviving family and estate. The Standard Jury Instructions for wrongful death damages provide guidance for compensating non-economic losses, including pain and suffering and lost support and services.²⁷

Each parent of an adult child in a wrongful death case is entitled to recover for mental pain and suffering if there are no other survivors.²⁸ Since Janvier was unmarried with no children, his parents are entitled to recover these damages.

The requested \$1.7 million settlement is justified based on the severity of the incident and comparable wrongful death verdicts.²⁹

ATTORNEY FEES: Under Florida Statutes, attorney fees for claim bills are capped at 25% of the total recovery amount.

In this case, attorney fees will be limited to \$425,000, which is 25% of the \$1,700,000 requested amount.

Counsel for the claimant has certified, through affidavit, compliance with this statutory limit.³⁰

²⁵ <u>McKinley v. Gualtieri</u>, 338 So. 3d 429, 433–434 (Fla. 2d DCA 2022).

²⁶ Claimant's Ex. 5, Discovery: Case Report 2022-8851.

²⁷ Fla. Std. Jury Instr. (Civ.) 502.2(f) and (g).

²⁸ Section 768.21(4), F.S.

²⁹ Nagib v. CTF Orlando Corp., *Verdict Form*, Case No. 2002-CA-7395 (Fla. 9th Jud. Cir. Ct. Mar. 9, 2004) (Jury verdict of \$5.52 million); McPherson v. United States, *Verdict Form*, Case No. 1:08-cv-23108 (S.D. Fla. Sept. 30, 2011) (Jury verdict of \$4.35 million); Bogle v. Orange County, *Verdict Form*, Case No. 2015-CA-002821-O (Fla. 9th Jud. Cir. Ct. Apr. 7, 2022) (Jury verdict of \$5.03 million); Parker v. State of Florida Dep't of Transp., *Verdict Form*, Case No. 2020-CA-002294 (Fla. 2d Jud. Cir. Ct. June 23, 2022) (Jury verdict of \$6.25 million); Monk v. Burlington Cnty. Special Servs. Sch. Dist., *Verdict Form*, Case No. BUR-L-003869-02 (N.J. Super. Ct. Law Div. Jan. 2006) (Jury verdict of \$1.8 million).

³⁰ Affidavit of Claimant's Counsel to Senate and House Special Masters, January 23, 2025.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

Considering the clear evidence of negligence, comparable jury awards, and the City's agreement to the settlement, I find that the City of Miami Beach was negligent, and the amount sought by claimants on behalf of the Estate of Peniel Janvier is reasonable.

I recommend SB 14 FAVORABLY.

Respectfully submitted,

Alexander Brick Senate Special Master

cc: Secretary of the Senate

By Senator Jones

	34-00080-25 202514
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act for the relief of the Estate of Peniel Janvier
3	by the City of Miami Beach; providing for an
4	appropriation to compensate the Estate of Peniel
5	Janvier for damages sustained as a result of the
6	negligence of the City of Miami Beach; providing a
7	limitation on the payment of compensation and attorney
8	fees; providing an effective date.
9	
10	WHEREAS, on August 16, 2022, Peniel Janvier drowned after
11	being pushed into the community pool at the Scott Rakow Youth
12	Center in the City of Miami Beach, and
13	WHEREAS, the lifeguards and personnel of the City of Miami
14	Beach failed to observe and respond to Mr. Janvier being pushed
15	into the community pool, and
16	WHEREAS, the Estate of Peniel Janvier has alleged, through
17	a lawsuit filed on March 22, 2023, that the negligence of the
18	City of Miami Beach, through its lifeguards and personnel, was
19	the proximate cause of the death of Mr. Janvier, and
20	WHEREAS, Nicole Mathurin, Mr. Janvier's mother, and
21	Lucmanne Janvier, Mr. Janvier's father, have suffered
22	significant financial damages due to the loss of Peniel
23	Janvier's net income accumulation in the past and future, and
24	extreme mental anguish and suffering as a result of the loss of
25	their son, and
26	WHEREAS, the Estate of Peniel Janvier and the City of Miami
27	Beach reached a settlement in the amount of \$2 million, and
28	WHEREAS, pursuant to the settlement agreement between the
29	parties, the plaintiff's claim will be partially satisfied by
	Page 1 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(NP) SB 14

	34-00080-25 202514
30	the City of Miami Beach paying the amount of \$300,000 to the
31	Estate of Peniel Janvier, and
32	WHEREAS, pursuant to the settlement, the claim shall be
33	considered fully satisfied by the City of Miami Beach paying an
34	additional \$1.7 million to the Estate of Peniel Janvier, as
35	authorized by the Florida Legislature through a claim bill, NOW,
36	THEREFORE,
37	
38	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
39	
40	Section 1. The facts stated in the preamble to this act are
41	found and declared to be true.
42	Section 2. The City of Miami Beach is authorized and
43	directed to appropriate from funds not otherwise encumbered and
44	to draw a warrant in the sum of \$1.7 million payable to the
45	Estate of Peniel Janvier as compensation for injuries and
46	damages sustained.
47	Section 3. The amount paid by the City of Miami Beach,
48	pursuant to s. 768.28, Florida Statutes, and the amount awarded
49	under this act are intended to provide the sole compensation for
50	all present and future claims arising out of the factual
51	situation described in this act which resulted in the death of
52	Peniel Janvier and damages to the Estate of Peniel Janvier. The
53	total amount paid for attorney fees relating to this claim may
54	not exceed 25 percent of the total amount awarded under this
55	<u>act.</u>
56	Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

Page 2 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.



THE FLORIDA SENATE

SPECIAL MASTER ON CLAIM BILLS

Location 409 The Capitol

Mailing Address 404 South Monroe Street

Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5229

DATE	COMM	ACTION
3/14/25	SM	Favorable
3/19/25	JU	Favorable
3/24/25	CA	Favorable
	RC	

March 14, 2025

The Honorable Ben Albritton President, The Florida Senate Suite 409, The Capitol Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

Re: **SB 20** – Senator Burgess **HB 6529** – Representative Alvarez Relief of Relief of J.N., a minor, by Hillsborough County

SPECIAL MASTER'S FINAL REPORT

THIS IS A SETTLED CLAIM BILL FOR LOCAL FUNDS IN THE AMOUNT OF \$400,000. THIS AMOUNT IS THE REMAINING UNPAID BALANCE OF A \$600,000 SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT FOR INJURIES AND DAMAGES CAUSED BY THE ALLEGED NEGLIGENCE OF HILLSBOROUGH COUNTY.

FINDINGS OF FACT:

The Accident

On June 7, 2019, Claimant J.N., an eleven-year-old child, at the time of the incident, was riding her bicycle on a sidewalk owned and operated by Hillsborough County. The Claimant was accompanied by her stepfather, Gabriel Soto. The sidewalk is located along the east side of East Bay Road and adjacent to the East Bay Lakes subdivision in Gibsonton, Florida.

As J.N. was riding her bicycle, her bicycle wheel came into contact with an uneven area of concrete slab sidewalk.¹ causing her to lose control of her bicycle and travel down the

¹ Special Master's Hearing at 0:11:02-11:04; 0:12:34-0:13:01; See also, Claimant's exhibit 2.

steep slope located next to the sidewalk. J.N., while wearing a helmet, fell face-forward into an open drainage ditch and struck a concrete drainage culvert with her face.

Evidence was presented that the County received notice of the uneven sidewalk prior to the Claimant's injury on June 7, 2019. Testimony was admitted that service requests regarding that portion of the sidewalk were entered into the County's MaintStar work order tracking software system on February 13, 2018.²

The impact caused significant lacerations, sliced through portions of her gums, fractured her jaw, and avulsed multiple adult teeth. Mr. Soto observed J.N. lying on the ground in a state of shock with a large open laceration to her face. She was bleeding profusely from her head, face, and mouth. Mr. Soto picked J.N. up and took her back to their home.

J.N. was immediately taken to the emergency room at St. Joseph's Hospital where she was admitted and underwent a CT scan which showed a fracture of the nasal bone, fracture of the maxilla and fracture of superior alveolus. J.N. remained in the hospital for 3 days undergoing extensive surgery to her face including her mouth, lip, nose, and jaw. Following discharge from the hospital. She had additional oral surgery and medical care and treatment in the weeks and months that followed.³

On June 10, 2019, J.N. was seen for a consult regarding facial trauma. She presented with facial swelling and discomfort.

On June 14, 2019, J.N. underwent her second surgery consisting of a closed reduction of her nasal fracture.

On February 20, 2021, J.N. was seen by a Pediatric Epilepsy and Neurology Specialist as a result of headaches that had started five to six months previously, which was shortly after the accident. She was noted to have headaches as frequently as once or twice a week, and sometimes every two weeks. The pain was described as occipital and felt like pounding, throbbing and, aching pain. The headaches are

² Hillsborough County Response to RTP, filed Dec. 1, 2021, Work Request #WR00196599 created Feb. 13, 2018, Bates stamped "HC0007."

³ Medical Records Summary, June 7, 2019. (Claimant's Exhibit #3).

associated with light and sound sensitivity along with nausea.

She reported difficulty sleeping. J.N. was placed on rizatriptan and clonidine. She reported no prior medical history of migraine headaches.

J.N.'s Current Condition

On March 16, 2022, J.N. had a consultation with the oral surgeon at Moffett Oral Surgery and Dental Implant Center. J.N. was informed that she would need a bone graft. Dr. Moffett expects J.N. to be ready for the bone graft process when she is 16 or 17 years old. She will then start the process for implants.

J.N. is 16 years old and wears a Maryland bridge. She is preparing for the bone graft. The process will take four to five months to heal before she can go back to her dentist for them to install her crowns.

LITIGATION HISTORY:

<u>Settlement</u>

The Claimant and Hillsborough County have entered into a settlement agreement for a total of \$600,000. Claimant has received \$200,000 from Hillsborough County and seeks the remaining \$400,000.⁴

An order granting the settlement agreement was entered on March 7, 2023.⁵

All proceeds of the settlement agreement are to be paid through a structured settlement/annuity and held in a trust that has been established for the benefit of the Claimant. The proceeds are to be disbursed in accordance with the details of the structured settlement/annuity and terms of the trust.

Claimant's attorney has submitted a future needs analysis based on a treatment plan developed for J.N.⁶ The future needs produced an estimated total of lifetime costs to be

⁴ Settlement Agreement between Stephany Grullon, parent/guardian of J.N., a minor and Hillsborough County, September 20, 2022, pgs. 1-4 (Claimant's Exhibit 5).

⁵ Claimant's supplemental record marked Settlement Annuity Contract.

⁶ Treatment Plan (Claimant's Exhibit 4).

between \$700,000 and \$1 million. Claimant's attorney testified that the cost estimate was based on upcoming surgeries, future medical care, past and future pain and suffering, as well as mental anguish.⁷

As part of the agreement, the respondent agreed to not oppose the claim bill.

<u>CLAIM BILL HEARING:</u> On January 27, 2025, the House and Senate special masters held a half-day *de novo* hearing in the matter of SB 20 (2025), relief of J.N., a minor, by Hillsborough County.

> Both parties stipulated to all exhibits submitted into evidence by the Claimant. Respondent's attorney made it clear that Hillsborough County was in support of the claim bill and would not be presenting any evidence counter to the Claimant or settlement agreement.⁸ Both parties cooperated fully with the House and Senate and responded to all requests for information.⁹

Claimant's Case-in-Chief

Claimant's attorney presented a narrative recitation of the facts as stipulated by the parties detailing the Claimant's life before the accident, the accident, the details of her life after the accident, injuries, recovery, and the related elements of a negligence claim.¹⁰

Witness Gabriel Soto

Mr. Soto testified that the Claimant was an experienced bike rider and was wearing a helmet. He testified that this was not a path that the two had previously traveled or with which they were familiar. Mr. Soto also testified that he was riding four to five feet behind the Claimant and witnessed her hit an uneven surface that sent her down the steep slope and into the drainage ditch. He testified that when he reached her, she was awake but in shock and may have lost consciousness at the scene. The Claimant's nose was broken, lip was split open, and teeth were missing. He testified that he immediately

⁷ Special Master Hearing at 43:25:00-46:10:00; 1.38:26-1:40:00.

⁸ *Id*. at 2:32:00-2:35:00.

⁹ *Id.* at 1:50:00-2:05:00.

¹⁰ *Id.* at 7:24:00-11:24:00.

rushed the Claimant to their house, and she was transported to the hospital.¹¹

Witness Stephany Grullion

Ms. Grullion, parent and natural guardian of the Claimant, testified regarding J.N.'s medical treatment. Ms. Grullion testified that the Claimant has headaches that were reported one month after the accident. The Claimant visited a pediatric neurologist who determined that the headaches were due to the collision. Ms. Grullion also testified that the Claimant still had the headaches twice a week but she no longer takes prescription medication; rather, uses over-the-counter medication for relief.¹²

Claimant still experiences numbress on one side of her lip, as well as a lip twitch. The Claimant has nose sensitivity and cannot wear her glasses because the weight of the glasses bothers her.

Ms. Grullion testified that the Claimant's medical expenses were paid by insurance.¹³

Witness J.N.

J.N. testified that since the accident, she has developed many insecurities. She feels uncomfortable speaking because her lip twitches, and she avoids smiling due to her dissatisfaction with her teeth and the scar on her lip..¹⁴

J.N. testified that she still experiences facial numbness and that she still frequently has headaches. She testified that she has missed school due to migraines but that she does well in school.¹⁵ She is unable to play sports or do extracurricular activities because the physical activity causes her to have headaches.¹⁶ J.N. testified that she has migraines three to four times per week with noise and light sensitivity.

¹¹ Id. at 11:54:00-17:48:00.

¹² *Id.* at 1:00:00-1:04:28.

¹³ *Id.* at 1:10:19-1:10:44.

¹⁴ *Id.* at 1:15:07-1:19:37.

¹⁵ *Id.* at 1:31:00-1:33:00.

¹⁶ *Id.* at 1:16:00-1:19:07.

J.N. also testified that she has been wearing the Maryland bridge for three years and that it causes her discomfort when food gets stuck in it. She stated that it also hurts her gums.¹⁷ **Respondent's Case-in-Chief** The Respondent did not present or contest any evidence, theories, or arguments.¹⁸ Respondent indicated that if the claim bill were to pass, payout to the Claimant was structured to have less of a financial impact on the county's budget, by structuring payments in increments to be paid over the next five (5) years.¹⁹ The county does not have any excess insurance and is selfinsured.20 CONCLUSIONS OF LAW: The claim bill hearing was held on January 27, 2025, was a de novo proceeding to determine liability in a negligence claim for damages suffered by the Claimant and, if negligence is found, whether the amount of the claim is reasonable. This report is based on evidence presented to the special master prior to, during, and after the hearing. The Legislature is not bound by settlements or jury verdicts when considering a claim bill, the passage of which is an act of legislative grace. Sovereign immunity limits the amount of damages a Claimant can collect from the state or any of its agencies as a result of its negligence or the negligence of its employees to \$200,000 for one individual and \$300,000 for all claims or judgments arising out of the same incident. Funds in excess of this limit may only be paid upon approval of a claim bill by the Legislature. Thus, the Claimant will not receive the full amount

In this matter, the Claimant alleges negligence on behalf of Hillsborough County.

of the settlement unless the Legislature approves this claim

bill authorizing the additional payment.²¹

¹⁷ *Id.* at 1:21:42-1:22:29.

¹⁸ *Id.* at 1:52:09-1:57:20.

¹⁹ *Id.* at 2:00:00-2:03:37; see also, Claimant's supplemental exhibit titled Schedule of Benefits and Payees.

²⁰ *Id.* at 2:03:37-2:04:44.

²¹ Section 768.28, F.S.

> The plaintiff bears the burden of proving, by the greater weight of the evidence, that the defendant's action was a breach of duty that the defendant owed to the plaintiff. The "greater weight of the evidence" burden of proof "means the more persuasive and convincing force and effect of the entire evidence in the case."²²

> "Negligence is described as the failure to use reasonable care, which is the care that a reasonably careful person would use under like circumstances";²³ and "a legal cause of loss, injury or damage if it directly and in natural and continuous sequence produces or contributes substantially to producing such loss, injury or damage, so that it can reasonably be said that, but for the negligence, the loss, injury or damage would not have occurred."²⁴

To establish liability, a Claimant must prove four (4) elements, by the greater weight of the evidence:

- (1) Duty: where the defendant has a legal obligation to protect others against unreasonable risks.
- (2) Breach: which occurs when the defendant has failed to conform to the required standard of conduct.
- (3) Causation where the defendant's conduct is foreseeably and substantially the cause of the resulting damages; and
- (4) Damages actual harm.²⁵

In this case, the County's liability depends on whether the County breached its duty of care to Claimant and whether that breach caused her damages.

<u>Duty</u>

Under Florida law, "[W]hile a city is not an insurer of the motorist or the pedestrian who travels its streets and sidewalks, it is responsible, of course, for damages resulting from defects which have been in existence so long that they

²² Fla. Std. Jury Instr. (Civ.) 401.3, *Greater Weight of the Evidence*.

²³ Florida Civil Jury Instructions, 401.4 – Negligence.

²⁴ Florida Civil Jury Instructions, 401.12(a) – Legal Cause, Generally.

²⁵ Hodges v. United States, 78 F.4th 1365, 1375 (11th Cir. Aug. 18, 2023); and Clay Elec. Coop., Inc. v. Johnson, 873 So.2d 1182, 1185 (Fla. 2003).

could have been discovered by the exercise of reasonable care, and repaired."²⁶

A municipality "is required to exercise reasonable diligence in repairing defects after the unsafe condition of the street or sidewalks known or ought to have been known to the officers thereof having authority to act."²⁷

In this case, the county does not dispute that it had a duty to use reasonable care in maintaining safe premises, free from dangers to the personal safety of its invitees.²⁸

Florida law defines "routine maintenance" required by the county to be performed on the sidewalk, drainage ditch, and culvert as follows:

(23) "Routine maintenance" means minor repairs and associated tasks necessary to maintain a safe and efficient transportation system. The term includes: pavement patching; shoulder repair; cleaning and repair of drainage ditches, traffic signs, and structures; mowing; bridge inspection and maintenance; pavement striping; litter cleanup; and other similar activities.²⁹

There was no evidence presented by the Respondent that challenged or countered the facts as presented above.

<u>Breach</u>

Based on the stipulated facts and exhibits presented by the Claimant, it is evident that Hillsborough County breached its duty of reasonable care by failing to maintain the sidewalk in a safe manner. The County had notice that the sidewalk was badly buckled and uneven. The Claimant's evidence indicates that County employee Juan Olivero Lopez inspected the sidewalk prior to the date of the incident and noted that "the

²⁶ *Mullins v. City of Miami*, 60 So.2d 174, 176 (Fla. 1952) (citing *City of St. Petersburg v. Roach*, 4 So.2d 367,368 (Fla 1941) (holding "[t]here is no doubt that the injury suffered by the defendant in error was chargeable to a defect in the sidewalk and it was successfully argued in the trial court that it had been there for sufficient length of time for the city to have become aware of the imperfection and have remedied it")).

²⁷ City of Miami Beach v. Quinn, 5 So.2d 593, 593 (Fla. 1942).

²⁸ Hillsborough County Answer and Affirmative Defenses Pleading, 3.

²⁹ Section 334.03, F.S.

section of sidewalk should have been removed and replaced prior to this incident."³⁰

There was no evidence presented by the Respondent that challenged or countered the facts as presented above.

Causation

Negligence is "a legal cause of loss, injury or damage if it directly and in natural and continuous sequence produces or contributes substantially to producing such loss, injury or damage, so that it can reasonably be said that, but for the negligence, the loss, injury or damage would not have occurred."³¹

The Claimant presented evidence that the buckled sidewalk was the direct and precipitating cause of her injuries, and that it was a foreseeable outcome from the risk produced by the County's failure to maintain the sidewalk. But for Hillsborough County's negligence the accident would not have occurred, and the Claimant would not have been severely injured.³²

Comparative Negligence

Comparative negligence is the legal theory that a defendant may diminish his or her responsibility to an injured plaintiff by demonstrating that another person, sometimes the plaintiff and sometimes another defendant or even an unnamed party, was also negligent and that negligence contributed to the plaintiff's injuries.

The Claimant presented evidence that the Claimant was wearing a helmet at the time of the accident, was experienced in riding a bicycle, and the bicycle was operationally sound at the time of the accident.³³

There was no evidence presented by the Respondent that challenged or countered the facts presented above. There was no evidence presented that would attribute any negligence to the Claimant or any other unnamed third party.

³⁰ Claimant's complaint filed June 28, 2022, 5.; see also Claimant's Exhibit 1(Photographs of sidewalk).

³¹ Florida Civil Jury Instructions, 401.12(a) –*Legal Cause, Generally*.

³² Special Master Hearing at 29:25-32:28.

³³ *Id.* at 16:01:00-16:25:00.

Based on the evidence and through review of all relevant material, the undersigned finds that the greater weight of evidence demonstrates that Hillsborough County had a duty of care, which it breached, and that breach was the legal or proximate cause of the accident and responsible for the Claimant's injuries.

<u>Damages</u>

As a result of the accident the Claimant was admitted to the hospital with severe facial trauma. She underwent a CT scan which showed a fracture of the nasal bone, fracture of the maxilla, and fracture of superior alveolus.³⁴

The evidence indicated that the Claimant had multiple surgeries to her mouth, lip, nose, and jaw. According to testimony from the Claimant and her mother, Stephany Grullon, the Claimant will need to have a bone graft and surgery for dental implants in the future.

Economic Damages

The Claimant's attorney presented voluminous medical bills and statements. A copy of the annuity contract, settlement agreement and order approving the settlement were provided.³⁵

Noneconomic Damages

The Claimant suffered significant noneconomic damages in the form of pain and suffering, mental anguish and loss of enjoyment of life. The Claimant suffers frequent and continual migraines as a result of striking her head on the concrete culvert. In addition to her physical pain, the Claimant experiences low self-esteem and insecurity because of her scars and missing teeth. The Claimant is unable to engage in physical activities that she enjoyed prior to the accident and has insecurities about her appearance and dating. The Claimant testified to having a lip twitch and facial numbness, that she will likely experience for the rest of her life.

³⁴ Claimant's Exhibit 3 (Claimant's medical records).

³⁵ Claimant's supplemental record (Annuity contract, Settlement agreement, Order Approving Settlement).

Standard jury instructions provide that, "There is no exact standard" for measuring "[a]ny bodily injury sustained by [a plaintiff] any resulting pain and suffering, disability or physical impairment, disfigurement, mental anguish, inconvenience, or loss of capacity for the enjoyment of life experienced in the past or to be experienced in the future." "³⁶

As this was a settlement without the benefit of a jury trial, and because there is no formula or fixed criteria for an award, it is unknown how much a jury might have awarded had this matter gone to trial.³⁷

The claimant's attorney submitted evidence that the claimant suffers migraines as a result of the accident. The migraines occur whenever she is active.³⁸ The claimant testified that she did not suffer migraines prior to the accident and that the migraines are ongoing and frequent in nature.³⁹

Counsel for the Claimant speculates that a jury would have awarded a verdict in excess of \$1,000.000.

Based on the settlement agreement and the total economic damages, the remaining difference of the settled amount is \$400,000.

There was no economic evidence presented by the Respondent to challenge or counter the reports and evidence submitted by the Claimant.

<u>ATTORNEY FEES:</u> Section 768.28, of the Florida Statutes, limits the Claimant's attorney fees to 25 percent of the total recovery reached by any judgment or settlement in a sovereign immunity claim. The Claimant's attorney has acknowledged this limitation and

³⁶ Florida Civil Jury Instructions, 501.2a – Personal Injury and Property Damages – Elements.

³⁷ In *Parrish v. City of Orlando*, 53 So. 3d 1199, 1203, (Fla 5th DCA 2011), the plaintiff and her husband were walking to the Citrus Bowl when she tripped and fell on an uneven sidewalk, seriously injuring her left shoulder. Due to the severity of the injury, the plaintiff had to have shoulder replacement surgery and subsequently developed axillary nerve palsy. At trial, the plaintiff's treating doctor testified that her shoulder injury was permanent and caused by the fall. The city presented no opposing testimony. The jury awarded damages for past medical expenses and future medical expenses, but no award for past or future noneconomic damages. The court determined that the "failure to make an award for future economic damages is unreasonable when there is evidence of permanent injury and a need for treatment in the future." "[W]hen medical evidence on permanence or causation is undisputed, unimpeached, or not otherwise subject to question based on other evidence presented at trial, the jury is not free to simply ignore or arbitrarily reject that evidence and tender a verdict in conflict." *Parrish at 1202*.

³⁸ Special Master Hearing at 1:24:00-1:25:30.

verified in writing that nothing in excess of 25 percent of the gross recovery will be withheld or paid as attorney and lobbyist fees.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

Based upon the foregoing, I recommend that SB 20 be reported FAVORABLY.

Respectfully submitted,

Jovona I. Parker Senate Special Master

cc: Secretary of the Senate

By Senator Burgess

	23-00079-25 202520
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act for the relief of J.N., a minor, by
3	Hillsborough County; providing an appropriation to
4	Stephany Grullon, as parent and guardian of J.N., to
5	compensate J.N. for injuries and damages she sustained
6	as a result of the negligence of Hillsborough County
7	in maintaining sidewalks and culvert systems;
8	providing a limitation on compensation and the payment
9	of certain fees and costs; providing an effective
10	date.
11	
12	WHEREAS, on the afternoon of June 7, 2019, J.N., then 11
13	years of age, was riding her bicycle, accompanied by her
14	mother's fiancé, Gabriel Soto, on a sidewalk located along the
15	east side of East Bay Road and adjacent to the East Bay Lakes
16	subdivision in Gibsonton, and
17	WHEREAS, the sidewalk is owned and maintained by
18	Hillsborough County, and
19	WHEREAS, J.N. was wearing her helmet while riding her
20	bicycle when her bicycle wheel hit an uneven area of the
21	concrete slab sidewalk, causing her to lose control of her
22	bicycle and tumble down a steep slope next to the sidewalk, and
23	WHEREAS, J.N. careened face forward over the bicycle's
24	handlebars into a concrete and corrugated metal drainage culvert
25	pipe and lacerated portions of her gums, fractured her jaw, and
26	avulsed multiple adult teeth, and
27	WHEREAS, J.N. was rushed to the emergency room at St.
28	Joseph's Hospital, where she underwent a CT scan that revealed
29	fractures of the nasal bone, the maxilla, and the superior
	Page 1 of 5

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words <u>underlined</u> are additions.

(NP) SB 20

23-00079-25 202520 30 alveolus, and 31 WHEREAS, the severity of her injuries required plastic surgery intervention, and on June 8, 2019, J.N. underwent a 32 33 surgical procedure consisting of exploration and removal of the 34 gingiva impacted into her nasal structures and into the upper maxilla, repair of the midline laceration of her upper lip, and 35 36 repair of her gingiva and lower lip vermilion, and 37 WHEREAS, on June 14, 2019, J.N. underwent a second surgery 38 consisting of a closed reduction of her nasal fracture, and 39 WHEREAS, on February 20, 2021, J.N. was seen by Pediatric Epilepsy and Neurology Specialists due to headaches that she 40 experienced as frequently as once or twice a week and which had 41 42 first started shortly after the accident, and 43 WHEREAS, on March 16, 2022, J.N. was seen by an oral 44 surgeon at the Moffett Oral Surgery and Dental Implant Center, 45 during which time she was informed that she would need a bone 46 graft and eventually an implant, and 47 WHEREAS, J.N. has to wait for her bones to finish growing 48 before Dr. Moffett can proceed with the bone graft, which he 49 expects will be when J.N. is 16 or 17 years old, and WHEREAS, after J.N. heals from her bone graft, Moffett Oral 50 51 Surgery and Dental Implant Center will then begin the process 52 for implants and, eventually, crowns, and 53 WHEREAS, along with the medical treatment and bills 54 associated with this injury, J.N. has suffered intangible and 55 emotional losses, has experienced an extreme loss of self-56 esteem, and struggles socially with her peers, and 57 WHEREAS, Hillsborough County was on notice that the same section of sidewalk where J.N. had her accident was in need of 58

Page 2 of 5

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23-00079-25

59 repair and replacement as early as October 7, 2015, as evidenced 60 by the filing of a work request order, and 61 WHEREAS, in 2016, Juan Olivero Lopez, a Hillsborough County 62 maintenance supervisor responsible for sidewalk maintenance, 63 stated that he was directed by the county to inspect the 64 sidewalk, and 65 WHEREAS, Juan Olivero Lopez further stated that, in 66 response to the work request order, the South Service Unit performed a physical inspection of the sidewalk before the date 67 68 of the accident, but that repairs to make the sidewalk safe were 69 never performed, and

WHEREAS, the drainage ditch and culvert system located next to the sidewalk were also in need of maintenance and repair, as evidenced by the extensive deterioration of the concrete and corrugated metal drainage culvert pipe, which had become jagged and rusted, and

75 WHEREAS, Hillsborough County employee William Cox, a civil 76 engineer responsible for drainage culvert replacement and 77 planning, stated that he was not responsible for the maintenance 78 of the culvert, and

79 WHEREAS, Juan Olivero Lopez stated that, in his capacity as 80 a maintenance supervisor of the South Service Unit, he was not 81 responsible for the maintenance of the culvert, and

WHEREAS, clearly there was a gap in assigning or accepting responsibility for maintenance of the culvert, and the resulting failure to repair the drainage ditch and culvert system, coupled with the failure to repair or replace the sidewalk, contributed to the severity of J.N.'s injuries, and

87

WHEREAS, J.N.'s parent and guardian, Stephany Grullon, and

Page 3 of 5

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(NP) SB 20

202520

(NP) SB 20

	23-00079-25 202520
88	Hillsborough County entered into a settlement and release
89	agreement on September 20, 2022, in which the county agreed to
90	pay Stephany Grullon \$600,000 to settle all claims, and
91	WHEREAS, Hillsborough County paid \$200,000, the sovereign
92	immunity limit under s. 768.28, Florida Statutes, to Stephany
93	Grullon within 20 days after entering into the settlement and
94	release agreement, and
95	WHEREAS, Hillsborough County acknowledged and agreed not to
96	oppose a legislative claims bill that would be filed during the
97	2023 Regular Session of the Legislature or in a subsequent
98	legislative session for the additional \$400,000, and
99	WHEREAS, the \$200,000 statutory limit under s. 768.28,
100	Florida Statutes, has been paid to Stephany Grullon, but the
101	balance of \$400,000 remains unpaid, NOW, THEREFORE,
102	
103	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
104	
105	Section 1. The facts stated in the preamble to this act are
106	found and declared to be true.
107	Section 2. Hillsborough County is authorized and directed
108	to appropriate from funds of the county not otherwise encumbered
109	and draw a warrant in the sum of \$400,000 payable to Stephany
110	Grullon, as parent and guardian of J.N., to be placed in a trust
111	created for the exclusive use and benefit of J.N. for injuries
112	and damages sustained.
113	Section 3. The amount paid by Hillsborough County pursuant
114	to s. 768.28, Florida Statutes, and the amount awarded under
115	this act are intended to provide the sole compensation for all
116	present and future claims arising out of the factual situation

Page 4 of 5

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

(NP) SB 20

	23-00079-25 202520
117	described in this act which resulted in injuries and damages to
118	J.N. The total amount paid for attorney fees and costs, lobbying
119	fees, and other similar expenses relating to this claim may not
120	exceed 25 percent of the total amount awarded under this act.
121	Section 4. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law.

Page 5 of 5

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.



The Florida Senate

Committee Agenda Request

To:	Senator Stan McClain, Chair				
	Committee on Community Affairs				

Subject: Committee Agenda Request

Date: March 20, 2025

I respectfully request that **Senate Bill #20**, relating to Relief of J.N., Minor by Hillsborough County, be placed on the:



committee agenda at your earliest possible convenience.



next committee agenda.

N

Senator Danny Burgess Florida Senate, District 23

CC: Elizabeth Fleming, Staff Director CC: Tatiana Warden, Committee Administrative Assistant

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

	Prepar	ed By: The Professional Staf	f of the Committee	on Community Affa	airs		
BILL:	SB 100						
INTRODUCER:	Senators Fine and Martin						
SUBJECT:	Display of Flags by Governmental Entities						
DATE:	March 24	, 2025 REVISED:					
ANALYST		STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION		
1. McVaney		McVaney	GO	Favorable			
2. Hackett		Fleming	CA	Favorable			
3.			RC				

I. Summary:

SB 100 prohibits a governmental agency, local government, or other unit of local government, including a public school, college, or university, from erecting or displaying a flag that represents a political viewpoint, including a politically partisan, racial, sexual orientation, gender, or political ideology viewpoint.

Any governmental entity that displays the United States flag must do so in a manner in which the United States flag is in a more prominent position than any other displayed flag.

The bill allows an active or retired member of the United States Armed Forces or National Guard to use reasonable force to prevent the desecration, destruction, or removal of the United States flag, or to replace it to a prominent position, except when directly ordered not to do so by a law enforcement officer who is acting in the scope of his or her employment.

The bill is not expected to impact state or local government revenues and expenditures.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2025.

II. Present Situation:

United States Flag Code

The United States Flag Code (Code) establishes advisory rules for display and care of the national flag of the United States of America (U.S.).¹ In addition to the Code, Congress has designated the national anthem and set out the proper conduct when it is played with the flag present.² The Code is designed as a guide for use by all citizens and citizen groups that may not

¹ 4 U.S.C. ss. 4-10.

² 36 U.S.C. s. 301.

be associated directly with the federal government.³ As a result, the Code does not prescribe any penalties for non-compliance nor does it include enforcement provisions. The Code does not purport to cover all possible situations, although it does empower the President of the United States to alter, modify, repeal, or prescribe additional rules regarding the flag.⁴

Display of Flags

Flag of the United States

Federal law provides that the U.S. flag should be displayed daily on or near the main administration building of every public institution, in or near every polling place on election days, and during school days in or near every schoolhouse.⁵

State law requires the U.S. flag to be displayed:

- Daily, when the weather permits, from a staff upon the state capitol and upon each county courthouse;⁶
- At all designated polling places on all days when an election is being held;⁷
- Daily, when the weather permits, at each publicly supported and controlled auditorium in a separate building;⁸
- Inside each publicly supported and controlled auditorium within a part of a building when the auditorium is open;⁹
- Daily, when the weather permits, on the grounds of each public K-20 educational institution and district school board building;¹⁰ and
- Within each classroom of a public K-20 educational institution.¹¹

Further guidance on the protocol and display of the United States flag is provided by the Florida Department of State.¹²

State of Florida Flag

Section 256.015, F.S., directs the Governor to adopt a protocol on "flag display." The protocol must provide guidelines for the proper display of the state flag and for the lowering of the state flag to half-staff on appropriate occasions, such as on holidays and upon the death of

³ 4 U.S.C. s. 5.

⁴ 4 U.S.C. s. 10.

⁵ 4 U.S.C. s. 6.

⁶ Section 256.01, F.S.

⁷ Section 256.011, F.S.

⁸ Section 256.11, F.S.

⁹ Id.

¹⁰ Section 1000.06(1), F.S.

¹¹ Section 1000.06(2), F.S.

¹² Florida Department of State, *Flag Protocols and Display*, <u>https://dos.myflorida.com/about-the-department/flag-and-seal-protocol/flag-protocols-and-</u>

display/#:~:text=Chapter%20256%20of%20the%20Florida,be%20exposed%20to%20public%20view (last visited Mar. 24, 2025).

high-ranking state officials, uniformed law enforcement and fire service personnel, and prominent citizens.¹³

In practice, the state flag protocol requires the official flag of Florida to be displayed on a daily basis, when weather permits, at each state educational institution, every county school building, and each elementary and secondary public school, except when it is closed for vacation.¹⁴ Generally, the state flag is flown above all other flags except the U.S. flag, the POW/MIA flag, and a foreign visitor's flag, if the foreign visitor is being honored in Florida by an agency or department of the U.S. Government.¹⁵

POW-MIA Flag

The National League of Families' POW-MIA flag is designated as the symbol of America's concern and commitment to resolving, as fully as possible, the fates of Americans still prisoner, missing, and unaccounted for in Southeast Asia.¹⁶ A POW-MIA flag must be displayed at:

- Each state-owned building at which the U.S flag is displayed, if the POW-MIA flag is available free of charge to the agency that occupies the building, and if the display is in accordance with federal laws and regulations;¹⁷
- Each rest area along an interstate highway in the state;¹⁸ and
- Each state park where the U.S. flag is displayed.¹⁹

Honor and Remember Flag

The Honor and Remember Flag is the state's emblem of service and sacrifice of the brave men and women of the U.S. Armed Forces.²⁰ The flag may be displayed at any of the following locations:

- A state-owned building at which the U.S. flag is displayed;
- A state-owned military memorial; and
- Any other state-owned location.²¹

The flag may be displayed on the following days:

- Veterans Day;
- Gold Star Mother's Day; and
- A day on which a member of the United States Armed Forces who is a resident of this state loses his or her life in the line of duty.²²

¹³ Section 256.015(1), F.S; *see also* Executive Office of the Governor, *EOG Flag Protocol*,

https://www.flgov.com/eog/sites/default/files/pdf/2022-EOG-Flag-Protocol.pdf (last visited Mar. 24, 2025).

¹⁴ See ss. 256.032 and 1000.06(1), F.S.; Department of State, Flag Protocols and Display, supra note 12.

¹⁵ Executive Office of the Governor, *EOG Flag Protocol*, 2, <u>https://www.flgov.com/eog/sites/default/files/pdf/2022-EOG-Flag-Protocol.pdf</u> (last visited Mar. 24, 2025).

¹⁶ 36 U.S.C. s. 902(2).

¹⁷ Section 256.12, F.S.

¹⁸ Section 256.13, F.S.

¹⁹ Section 256.14, F.S.

²⁰ Section 256.16, F.S.

²¹ Section 256.16(2)(a), F.S.

²² Section 256.16(2)(b), F.S.

Local governments are empowered to adopt rules to display the Honor and Remember flag at local government locations.²³

Firefighter Memorial Flag

The Division of State Fire Marshal of the Department of Financial Services is directed by law to design, produce, and implement the creation and distribution of an official state Firefighter Memorial Flag to honor firefighters who died in the line of duty.²⁴ The flag may be displayed at memorial or funeral services of firefighters who have died in the line of duty, at firefighter memorials, at fire stations, at the Fallen Firefighter Memorial located at the Florida State Fire College in Ocala, by the families of fallen firefighters, and at any other location designated by the State Fire Marshal.²⁵

Other Government-Sponsored Flags

Various counties, municipalities, universities, colleges, and K-12 schools have adopted "flags" to garner support for the various institutions. Cities that have their own flags include Orlando,²⁶ Mount Dora,²⁷ and Tampa.²⁸ Florida counties that have their own flags include Orange County²⁹ and Osceola County.³⁰ These flags are a symbol of the local history and a source of pride to help individuals feel more connected to their city and county.

Other government-sponsored flags include the warning and safety flags displayed at public beaches.³¹ The purpose of these flags is to improve public safety. The flags provide general warnings about the overall conditions of the water.³²

Improper Use or Mutilation of Flags

In Florida, a person commits a second degree misdemeanor³³ if the person improperly uses the state or the U.S. flag³⁴ by marking the flag, exposing an improperly marked flag for public viewing,³⁵ or if a person publicly mutilates, defaces, defiles, defies, tramples upon, or by word or

³⁵ Section 256.05, F.S.

²³ Section 256.16, F.S.

²⁴ Section 256.15, F.S.

²⁵ Section 256.15(1), F.S.; see also Rule 69A-62.050(6), F.A.C.

²⁶ City of Orlando, *Flag*, <u>https://www.orlando.gov/News/Our-New-City-of-Orlando-Flag</u> (last visited Mar. 24, 2025).

²⁷ City of Mount Dora, City Flag, https://ci.mount-dora.fl.us/854/City-Flag (last visited Mar. 24, 2025).

²⁸ City of Tampa, *Flag*, <u>https://www.tampa.gov/city-clerk/info/archives/city-of-tampa-flag</u> (last visited Mar. 24, 2025).

²⁹ Orange County Government, A Story Worth Flagging: The Origination of Orange County's Official Flag,

https://newsroom.ocfl.net/2020/06/a-story-worth-flagging-the-origination-of-orange-countys-official-flag/ (last visited Mar. 24, 2025).

³⁰ Osceola County, *County History*, <u>https://www.osceola.org/Community/About-Osceola-County/General-Information/County-History</u> (last visited Mar. 24, 2025).

³¹ Section 380.276, F.S.

³² Florida Department of Environmental Protection, *Beach Warning Flag Program*,

https://floridadep.gov/rcp/fcmp/content/beach-warning-flag-program (last visited Mar. 24, 2025).

³³ A second-degree misdemeanor is punishable by imprisonment not to exceed 60 days and a fine not to exceed \$500. *See* ss. 775.082 and 775.083, F.S.

³⁴ Section 256.08, F.S., defines "flag" to include any flag, standard, color, ensign or shield, or copy, picture or representation thereof, made of any substance or represented or produced thereon, and of any size, evidently purporting to be such flag, standard, color, ensign or shield of the United States or of this state, or a copy, picture or representation thereof.

act casts contempt upon any such flag.³⁶ However, s. 876.52, F.S., makes it a first-degree misdemeanor, if a person publicly mutilates, defaces, tramples upon, or burns, with intent to insult, any flags, standards, colors, or ensigns of the U.S. or of Florida.³⁷

Freedom of Speech and Expression

The First Amendment to the U.S. Constitution guarantees that "Congress shall make no law ... abridging the freedom of speech."³⁸ Generally, a government cannot restrict speech on the basis of the message expressed;³⁹ content-based restrictions are presumptively invalid.⁴⁰ "Speech" is not strictly limited to verbal utterances, but also includes written word, conduct, and symbolic speech.⁴¹ The rights guaranteed by the First Amendment apply with equal force to state governments through the due process clause of the Fourteenth Amendment.⁴² While the text of the state and federal constitutions differs, the protection and freedom of speech under the state constitution "is the same as is required under the First Amendment."⁴³

Restricting Speech

The government may regulate speech in specific instances, so long as it has a sufficient government interest justifying the restriction and uses an appropriately tailored approach. Depending on the circumstances, speech restrictions are subject to different levels of scrutiny by the courts. Strict scrutiny requires the government to prove that the restriction is narrowly tailored to achieve a compelling government interest.⁴⁴ Intermediate scrutiny requires a narrowly tailored restriction that serves a significant government interest.⁴⁵ Rational basis review requires a legitimate government purpose for the restriction.

Types of speech

Political speech is the highest, most protected type of speech.⁴⁷ Laws that burden political speech are subject to strict scrutiny. Political speech encompasses:

- Discussion of governmental affairs, which includes:
 - Candidates,
 - Structures and form of government,

³⁶ Section 256.06, F.S.

³⁷ A first-degree misdemeanor is punishable by imprisonment not to exceed 1 year and a fine not to exceed \$1,000. *See* ss. 775.082 and 775.083, F.S.

³⁸ U.S. CONST. amend. I.

³⁹ Texas v. Johnson, 491 U.S. 397 (1989); State v. T.B.D., 656 So.2d 479 (Fla. 1995).

⁴⁰ See, e.g., Police Dept. of Chicago v. Mosely, 408 U.S. 92 (1972).

⁴¹ Virginia v. Black, 538 U.S. 343, 358 (2003); Spence v. Washington, 418 U.S. 405, 410-411 (1974); see, e.g., Minnesota Voters All. v. Mansky, 585 U.S. 1, 11 (2018) (holding that political badges, buttons, and other insignia qualify as First Amendment speech); U.S. v. Eichman, 496 U.S. 310, 315 (providing that flag burning is expressive conduct afforded protections as speech under the First Amendment).

⁴² U.S. CONST. amend. XIV; see also FLA. CONST., art. I.

⁴³ Dep't of Educ. v. Lewis, 416 So.2d 455, 461 (Fla. 1982); Scott v. State, 368 So.3d 8, 10 (Fla. 4th DCA 2023), review denied, No. SC2023-1188 (Fla. Nov. 22, 2023), and cert. denied sub nom.; Scott v. Fla., No. 23-7786 (U.S. Oct. 7, 2024).

⁴⁴ Reed v. Town of Gilbert, Ariz., 576 U.S. 155, 171 (2015).

⁴⁵ City of Austin, Texas v. Reagan Nat'l Advert. of Austin, LLC, 596 U.S. 61, 76 (2022).

⁴⁶ Gregory v. Ashcroft, 501 U.S. 452, 470 (1991).

⁴⁷ BLACK'S LAW DICTIONARY, *Speech* (12th ed. 2024) (citing *R.A.V. v. City of St. Paul*, 505 U.S. 377, 422 (1992) (Stevens, J., concurring in the judgment)).

- The manner in which the government is operated, and
- All similar matters relating to political processes.
- Expression of a disagreement with government policy;
- Discussion of changes in the laws and constitution; and
- Claims of government corruption, maladministration, or misuse of funds, even if it undermines confidence in or increases discontent with government.⁴⁸

"Symbolic" or "expressive" speech is the "use of action or gesture as a surrogate or substitute for words." Most restrictions on symbolic speech are invalid; it may, however, be restricted when the type of speech or message the conduct symbolizes would not be protected.⁴⁹

A flag may be deemed symbolic speech. Regulations that cover symbolic content are subject to a strict scrutiny review and will be upheld if they:⁵⁰

- Are within the constitutional power of the government;
- Further an important or substantial governmental interest;
- Are based on a governmental interest that is unrelated to the suppression of free expression; and
- Are narrowly tailored so the incidental restriction on alleged First Amendment freedoms is no greater than is essential to further the state interest.

For example, the act of flag burning has been expressive conduct afforded protections as speech under the First Amendment by the U.S. Supreme Court.⁵¹

Types of Restrictions

In general, there are two types of restrictions on speech – content-based and content-neutral. Content-based restrictions target speech based on its subject-matter and is viewed with disfavor by the courts. Such restrictions are presumptively invalid and evaluated under strict scrutiny.⁵²

However, a content-neutral regulation, also called a time-place-manner restriction, is generally permitted. Courts apply intermediate scrutiny to time-place-manner restrictions, and allow reasonable restrictions on the time, place, and manner in which speech is made.⁵³

⁴⁸ 16B C.J.S. Constitutional Law s. 933 (2024).

⁴⁹ Constitutional Law Deskbook ss. 8:112 and 8:93 (2024); see Tinker v. Des Moines Independent Community School Dist., 393 U.S. 503 (1969).

 ⁵⁰ U.S. v. O'Brien, 391 U.S. 367, 377 (1968); see also, Firestone v. News-Press Pub. Co., 538 So.2d 457, 459 (Fla. 1989).
 ⁵¹ Eichman, 496 U.S. at 315.

⁵² *Vidal v. Elster*, 602 U.S. 286, 292 (2024). In particular, the Supreme Court held that view-point discrimination, which targets not just the subject matter, "but particular views taken by the speakers," is considered "a particularly egregious form of content discrimination."

⁵³ For time-place-manner restrictions to be upheld, the state must show that the government's interest is unrelated to the suppression of speech, and that the restriction is not substantially broader than necessary to further the important governmental interest or that ample alternative methods of communicating the message have been left open. 16B C.J.S. *Constitutional Law* s. 957 (2024); *Heffron v. Int'l Soc. for Krishna Consciousness, Inc.*, 452 U.S. 640, 648-650 (1981).

"Place" restrictions limit where speech may happen. "[T]he standards by which limitations on speech must be evaluated differ depending on the character of the property at issue."⁵⁴ In particular, there are three forums of government-owned property:⁵⁵

- **Traditional public forums**, such as public streets, sidewalks, and parks, are places "by long tradition or by government fiat have been devoted to assembly and debate;"⁵⁶
- **Designated public forums** are areas not traditionally open to assembly and debate, but are instead designated by the government as "a place or channel of communication for use by the public at large for assembly and speech, for use by certain speakers, or for the discussion of certain subjects;"⁵⁷ and
- **Non-public forums**, where the "principal function of the property would be disrupted by expressive conduct," such as military reservations and jailhouses.⁵⁸

Speakers may be excluded from traditional or designated public forums "only when the exclusion is necessary to serve a compelling state interest, and the exclusion is narrowly drawn to achieve that interest." Generally, public forum speech regulations must be content-neutral, provide for alternative channels of communications, and otherwise meet intermediate scrutiny. By contrast, "access to a nonpublic forum can be based on subject matter and speaker identity so long as the limits are reasonable and are viewpoint neutral" (meet rational basis review).⁵⁹

Government Speech

The First Amendment protects citizens' speech from government regulation, but its restrictions do not extend to government speech itself.⁶⁰ The government speech doctrine is the principle that a government can freely "select the views that it wants to express,"⁶¹ which includes the freedom not to speak and speaking through the removal of speech that the government disapproves.⁶² The U.S. Supreme Court has prescribed the following inquiries to determine whether a government action amounts to its own speech, or a regulation of private expression:

- The history of the expression at issue;
- The public's likely perception as to who (the government or a private person) is speaking; and
- The extent to which the government has actively shaped or controlled the expression.⁶³

The U.S. Supreme Court has stated that the act of flying flags, particularly at the seat of government, tends toward an expression of government speech because "[f]lags evolved as a

⁵⁴ Frisby v. Schultz, 487 U.S. 474, 479 (1988) (internal quotation marks and citation omitted); see also, Int'l Soc. for Krishna Consciousness, Inc. v. Lee, 925 F.2d 576, 579 (2d Cir. 1991), aff'd in part, 505 U.S. 672 (1992), and aff'd, 505 U.S. 830 (1992) (citing Perry Education Ass'n v. Perry Local Educators' Ass'n, 460 U.S. 37, 44 (1983)).

⁵⁵ Cornelius v. NAACP Legal Def. & Educ. Fund, Inc., 473 U.S. 788, 802 (1985).

⁵⁶ Id.; Int'l Soc. for Krishna Consciousness, Inc., 925 F.2d at 579 (2d Cir. 1991).

⁵⁷ Cornelius, 473 U.S. at 802.

⁵⁸ Id. at 804; Int'l Soc. for Krishna Consciousness, Inc., 925 F.2d at 580 (2d Cir. 1991).

⁵⁹ Cornelius, 473 U.S. at 806; Int'l Soc. for Krishna Consciousness, Inc., 925 F.2d at 580 (2d. Cir. 1991).

⁶⁰ N.A.A.C.P. v. Hunt, 891 F.2d 1555, 1565 (11th Cir. 1990), *citing Columbia Broad. Sys., Inc. v. Democratic Nat'l Comm.*, 412 U.S. 94, 139 (1973).

⁶¹ Pleasant Grove City, Utah v. Summum, 555 U.S. 460, 467 (2009), quoting Bd. of Regents of Univ. of Wis. Sys. v. Southworth, 529 U.S. 217, 229 (2000).

⁶² Downs v. L.A. Unified Sch. Dist., 228 F.3d 1003, 1012 (9th Cir. 2000).

⁶³ Shurtleff v. City of Boston, Ma., 596 U.S. 243, 244 (2022).

way to symbolize communities and governments ... flying a flag other than a government's own can also convey a governmental message...⁶⁴ However, when a city allowed private groups to fly flags that it "neither actively controlled these flag raisings nor shaped the messages the flags sent," it was not exercising government speech but was allowing private speech to occur.⁶⁵ In these instances of such private speech, the government cannot discriminate against the speakers based on their viewpoint as it would violate the First Amendment.⁶⁶

Public Employees

A public employee's speech on a matter of public concern is protected by the First Amendment guarantee of free speech, as citizen speech, and may be restricted only if the state's interest, as an employer, in promoting the efficiency of the public services it performs through its employees, outweighs the employee's interests as a citizen in commenting on a matter of public concern. Actual disruption is not required, but mere speculative concerns are inadequate.⁶⁷

Generally, restrictions on public employees' free speech are subject to two tests. If a public employee's speech is a part of one's official duties, then the speech is not protected. Where the speech does not go to the "core of their jobs,"⁶⁸ the courts then determine whether the restriction of the speech or the employment discipline as a result of the speech constitutes a First Amendment violation according to the *Pickering-Connick* multi-factor balancing test.

The *Pickering-Connick* test first asks whether the public employee was speaking on a matter of "public concern" or as a private citizen.⁶⁹ The content, form, and context of a given statement determines if the speech is a matter of public concern.⁷⁰ If it does not, the speech is not protected by the First Amendment. If the speech goes to a matter of public concern, the courts will then balance "a public employee's First Amendment rights against a public employer's interest in promoting public efficiency" by considering whether the speech in question:

- Impairs discipline by superiors;
- Impairs harmony among coworkers or has a detrimental impact on close working relationships;
- Impedes the performance of the public employee's duties, or conflicts with those duties;
- Interferes with the operation or mission of the agency;
- Is communicated to the public or to coworkers in private; and
- Makes use of the authority and public accountability which the employee's role entails.⁷¹

⁶⁴ Id.

⁶⁵ Id. at 244-245.

⁶⁶ Id. at 247, citing Rosenberger v. Rector and Visitors of Univ. of Va., 515 U.S. 819, 828-830 (1995).

⁶⁷ 16B C.J.S. Constitutional Law s. 1062.

⁶⁸ Garcetti v. Ceballos, 547 U.S. 410, at 433 (J. Souter, dissenting).

⁶⁹ 16A AM. JUR. 2D Constitutional Law s. 491 (2024); Legal Almanac, The First Amendment: Freedom of Speech s. 8:4; Connick v. Myers, 461 U.S. 138, 142-148 (1983).

⁷⁰ 16B C.J.S. Constitutional Law s. 1068.

⁷¹ 63C AM. JUR. 2D *Public Officers and Employees* s. 195 (2024) (citing *Smith v. Gilchrist*, 749 F.3d 302, 309 (4th Cir. 2014)).

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III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill prohibits a governmental entity from erecting or displaying a flag that represents a political viewpoint, including, but not limited to, a politically partisan, racial, sexual orientation and gender, or political ideology viewpoint. The bill states that a governmental entity must remain neutral when representing political viewpoints in displaying or erecting a flag.

Thus, a governmental entity is prohibited from displaying a flag that represents a politically partisan viewpoint, including a flag representing any of the political parties (Republican, Democratic, Green, etc.). Similarly, the bill prohibits the display of a flag representing political ideology, such as Christian democracy, communism, conservatism, fascism, feminism, green politics, Islamism, liberalism, liberarianism, nationalism, populism, republicanism, social democracy, socialism, etc.

For purposes of the bill, a "governmental entity" is a governmental agency, local government, or other unit of local government, including a public school, public college, or public university. Although not specifically mentioned, the term "governmental agency" appears to include entities in all three branches of state government, cities, counties, school districts, special districts, and subcomponents of each.

The bill further provides that the prohibition on the display of a flag representing a political viewpoint by a governmental entity does not limit a private individual's expression of private speech or viewpoints, or his or her rights otherwise protected by the First Amendment of the U.S. Constitution. Nor does the prohibition limit a governmental entity's ability to display or erect a flag that is required or authorized by general law.

The bill requires the U.S. flag must be displayed in a prominent position that is superior to any other flag that is also displayed, which is consistent with Florida's flag protocol.

The bill provides that an active or retired member of the U.S. Armed Forces or National Guard may use reasonable force to prevent the desecration, destruction, or removal of the United States flag, or to replace it to a prominent position, except when directly ordered not to do so by a law enforcement officer who is acting in the scope of his or her employment. This provision allows an active or retired member to interfere, using reasonable force, with private speech that is otherwise protected by the First Amendment.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2025.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

Not applicable. The mandate restrictions do not apply because the bill does not require counties and municipalities to spend funds, reduce counties or municipalities' ability to raise revenue, or reduce the percentage of state tax shared with counties and municipalities.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

If a law fails to give persons fair notice as to what is prohibited, it may violate the Due Process Clause. A law must clearly delineate prohibited conduct so that a person of ordinary intelligence is not forced to guess about the statute's meaning or application. Where a law fails to provide such notice, it violates the void for vagueness doctrine.⁷² Additionally, a law may be unconstitutionally vague where "it authorizes or even encourages arbitrary and discriminatory enforcement."⁷³ The vagueness of content-based regulation of speech raises special First Amendment concerns because of its "obvious chilling effect on free speech."⁷⁴

While the bill provides examples of what represents a "political viewpoint" for purposes of the bill, it does not define the term. The governmental entity that merely displays a particular flag in recognition of a visiting dignitary or group of people may not be expressing a political viewpoint. However, a citizen that is opposed to that visiting dignitary or group of people may view the display that shows the governmental entity supports the dignitary or group of people (arguably a political viewpoint).

Similarly, while the bill clearly regulates governmental speech, which is not limited by First Amendment regulations, it is unclear where government speech (or that undertaken by a "governmental entity") ends and private speech begins for purposes of this regulation. For example, it is unclear whether a city commissioner who displays an Israeli flag in his personal office at City Hall is conducting private or government speech. Similarly, a university-approved French club may be uncertain of the legality of its display of the flag of France at its club meetings on university property. Prior governmental practices may have created a zone of private speech regarding erection or display of a flag in a public forum area of governmental property.

Currently, it is unclear whether specific government employees are encompassed within the bill's use of "governmental agency." All public employees have First Amendment protections, with teachers, for instance, retaining certain free speech protections at school. However, the First Amendment speech rights of public school employees are not

⁷² Connally v. Gen. Constr. Co., 269 U.S. 385 (1926).

⁷³ Hill v. Colorado, 530 U.S. 703, 732 (2000).

⁷⁴ Reno v. Am. C.L. Union, 521 U.S. 844, 871-872 (1997).

so boundless that they may deliver any message to anyone anytime they wish.⁷⁵ There are certain instances in which free speech may legitimately be restricted in school.⁷⁶ For instance, public elementary, middle, and high schools may be able to restrict student speech "in light of the special characteristics of the school environment."⁷⁷ Students have the right to express themselves in public schools as long as their "speech" does not "materially and substantially interfere with the requirements of appropriate discipline in the operation of the school."⁷⁸ The extent to which this extends to teachers and public universities, however, is unclear.

If a court determines that the law impermissibly regulates speech in a vague manner, including what speech and by whom, the law may be invalidated.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None identified.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None identified.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The bill is not expected to impact state or local government revenues and expenditures.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

Section 256.08, F.S., defines the term "flag" as applied to ss. 256.05-256.07, F.S., as "any flag, standard, color, ensign or shield, or *copy, picture or representation* thereof, made of any substance or represented or produced thereon, and of any size, evidently purporting to be such flag, standard, color, ensign or shield of the United States or of this state, or a copy, picture or representation thereof."⁷⁹ However, this definition will not apply to s. 256.045, F.S., created by the bill.

Without a statutory definition of a term, the courts may rely on standard dictionary meaning of the term. In this instance, Merriam-Webster Dictionary defines "flag" as "a usually rectangular piece of fabric of distinctive design that is uses as a symbol (as of a nation), as signaling device, or a decoration."⁸⁰ Similarly, the Cambridge Dictionary defines "flag" as "a piece of cloth,

⁷⁵ Kennedy v. Bremerton Sch. Dist., 597 U.S. 507 (2022).

⁷⁶ B.W.A. v. Farmington R-7 Sch. Dist., 554 F.3d 734, 738 (8th Cir. 2009).

⁷⁷ Killion, Congressional Research Service, *Freedom of Speech: An Overview* at 24 (quoting *Tinker*, 393 U.S. at 506; citing Cong. Rsch. Serv., School Free Speech and Government as Educator, CONSTITUTION ANNOTATED, <u>https://constitution.congress.gov/browse/essay/amdt1-7-8-3/ALDE_00000757/</u>), *supra* note 60.

⁷⁸ *Tinker*, 393 U.S.at 513.

⁷⁹ (Emphasis added.)

⁸⁰ Merriam-Webster, *flag*, <u>https://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/flag</u> (last visited Feb. 6, 2025).

usually rectangular and attached to a pole at one edge, that has a pattern that shows it represents a country or group."⁸¹

To minimize any misinterpretation of the term "flag," the Legislature may want to consider a definition whether narrower (similar to the typical dictionary definition limiting it to "cloth") or broader (similar to the statutory definition expanding the meaning to include a "copy, picture, or representation, made of any substance or represented or produced thereon").

VII. Related Issues:

Lines 43-50, or proposed s. 256.045(4), F.S., enables an "active or retired member of the United States Armed Forces or the National Guard" to use "reasonable force" to prevent damage or removal of a U.S. flag. Without any consistent training, these members may not be aware of what constitutes impermissible desecration, destruction, or removal of a U.S. flag and what actions may be protected speech under the First Amendment. If the active or retired member tries to prevent action on private property, the member may be open to trespass charges. This provision appears to allow an active or retired member to interfere, using reasonable force, with private speech that is otherwise protected by the First Amendment.

Additionally, the bill leaves to individual discretion what "reasonable force" to use. This may result in the use of excessive force that is punishable by criminal penalties for assault and battery or claims for the same in tort.⁸² A tort is where "we draw lines around acceptable and unacceptable non-criminal behavior,"⁸³ and assign a remedy for "[a] civil wrong, other than breach of contract... [or] a breach of a duty that the law imposes on persons."⁸⁴ Criminal behavior, by comparison, is an offense against the community at large that is so severe that the government is compelled to take direct action to punish those who cause harm and protect the community.⁸⁵

The individuals subject to the active or retired member's "reasonable force," especially if on private property, have the right of self-defense. For both criminal and tortious assault and battery, individuals are entitled to plead self-defense.⁸⁶ Generally, a person is entitled to use force, only to the extent it is reasonably necessary, to repel an attack.⁸⁷

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill creates the section 256.045 of the Florida Statutes.

⁸¹ Cambridge, *flag*, <u>https://dictionary.cambridge.org/us/dictionary/english/flag#google_vignette</u> (last visited Mar. 24, 2025).

⁸² Shaw v. Fletcher, 137 Fla. 519, 522 (1939); see, e.g., Garcia v. Carnival Corp., 838 F. Supp. 2d 1334, 1337 (S.D. Fla. 2012) (applying Florida law) (providing that assault and battery are recognized in Florida as intentional torts); *Herzfeld v. Herzfeld*, 781 So.2d 1070, 1071 (Fla. 2001) (classifying assault and battery as an intentional tort); ss. 784.001 and 784.03, F.S. (defining the crimes of assault and battery, respectively).

⁸³ Jews For Jesus, Inc. v. Rapp, 997 So.2d 1098, 1105 (Fla. 2008) (internal quotation marks and citation omitted).

⁸⁴ BLACK'S LAW DICTIONARY, *Tort* (12th ed. 2024).

⁸⁵ BLACK'S LAW DICTIONARY, *Crime* (12th ed. 2024) (citing Henry S. Maine, *Ancient Law* 320 (17th ed. 1901)); BLACK'S LAW DICTIONARY, *Criminal Law* (12th ed. 2024); *see* s. 775.012, F.S. (providing purposes for Florida Criminal Code).

⁸⁶ See cf s. 776.085, F.S.

⁸⁷ Price v. Gray's Guard Serv., Inc., 298 So.2d 461, 463-4 (Fla. 1st DCA 1974); ss. 776.012 and 776.041, F.S.

IX. **Additional Information:**

Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.) Α.

None.

Β. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

By Senator Fine

	19-00465-25 2025100
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the display of flags by
3	governmental entities; creating s. 256.045, F.S.;
4	defining the term "governmental entity"; prohibiting
5	governmental entities from erecting or displaying
6	certain flags; requiring governmental entities to
7	remain neutral in certain circumstances; providing
8	applicability; requiring that a United States flag
9	displayed by governmental entities be in a certain
10	position relative to other flags; authorizing a
11	current or retired member of the United States Armed
12	Forces or the National Guard to use reasonable force
13	to prevent the desecration, destruction, or removal of
14	the United States flag or to replace such flag to a
15	position of prominence; providing an exception;
16	providing an effective date.
17	
18	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
19	
20	Section 1. Section 256.045, Florida Statutes, is created to
21	read:
22	256.045 Display of flags; governmental agencies, local
23	governments, or other units of local government
24	(1) For purposes of this section, the term "governmental
25	entity" means a governmental agency, a local government, or
26	another unit of local government and includes public schools,
27	public colleges, and public universities.
28	(2) (a) A governmental entity may not erect or display a
29	flag that represents a political viewpoint, including, but not

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

	19-00465-25 2025100
30	limited to, a politically partisan, racial, sexual orientation
31	and gender, or political ideology viewpoint. The governmental
32	entity must remain neutral when representing political
33	viewpoints in displaying or erecting a flag.
34	(b) This subsection does not limit the ability of:
35	1. A private individual to express private speech or
36	viewpoints or exercise rights protected by the First Amendment
37	to the United States Constitution.
38	2. A governmental entity to display or erect a flag
39	required or authorized by general law.
40	(3) A governmental entity that displays the United States
41	flag must display the United States flag in a prominent position
42	that is superior to any other flag that is also displayed.
43	(4) An active or retired member of the United States Armed
44	Forces or the National Guard may at any time use reasonable
45	force to prevent the desecration, destruction, or removal of the
46	United States flag or to replace the United States flag to a
47	position of prominence consistent with subsection (3), except
48	when directly ordered not to use such force by a law enforcement
49	officer acting in the course and scope of the law enforcement
50	officer's employment.
51	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

District Office 1380 Sarno Road Suite C Melbourne, FL 32935 (321) 409-2025

District Aide Jade Zalewski Zalewski.Jade@flsenate.gov

Legislative Aide Tommy Unger Unger.Thomas@flsenate.gov

February 11, 2025

The Honorable Stan McClain Chairman, Community Affairs Committee 315 Knott Building 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1100

Dear Chairman McClain,

The following bill has been referred to your Community Affairs Committee:

SB 100: Display of Flags by Governmental Entities: Display of Flags by Governmental Entities; Defining the term "governmental entity"; prohibiting governmental entities from erecting or displaying certain flags; requiring governmental entities to remain neutral in certain circumstances; authorizing a current or retired member of the United States Armed Forces or the National Guard to use reasonable force to prevent the desecration, destruction, or removal of the United States flag or to replace such flag to a position of prominence.

I respectfully request that this bill be placed on the committee's agenda at your earliest convenience.

I would greatly appreciate your consideration on this matter.

cc: Staff Director Elizabeth Fleming Administrative Assistant Tatiana Warden

Sincerely,

Rella, Ji

Randy Fine State Senator, District 19

SP FLOR

Tallahassee Office: 302 SOB 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399-1300 (850) 487-5019 Fine.Randy@flsenate.gov

Legislative Aide Anna Budko Budko.Anna@flsenate.gov

Randy Fine Florida Senate Senator, District 19

Governmental Oversight and Accountability, Chair Community Affairs, Vice Chair Joint Select Committee on Collective Bargaining, Alternating Chair Appropriations -- Regulated Industries Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government Appropriations Committee on Pre-K - 12 Education -- Education Postsecondary Brevard County Delegation

3/25 Meeting Date	The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECOR Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic
Committee	1	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Bobby PLOC	Phone Phone	321 7911 7-776
Address 51-7-2 Mark K Street Tallahassee Fr City State	Email	oscoccofionary.o.
Speaking: 🗌 For Against	Information OR Waive Speak	ing: 🗌 In Support 🗌 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWIN	IG:
l am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	i am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules, pdf (fisenate gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Senate	CR 100				
3/25/25 Meeting Date Community Affairs	APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	SB 100 Bill Number or Topic				
Name John Labrisla	Phone 954	Amendment Barcode (if applicable) 4 - 515 - 2084				
Address PO Box 650216		Labriola Octoforidained				
MIGM, F City State	L 33265 Zip					
Speaking: 🗹 For 🗌 Against	Information OR Waive Speaking:] In Support 🗌 Against				
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:						
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing: Figh Family Coalition Florida	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:				

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

The Florida Senate					
3-25-25	APPEARANCE RECORD	5B100			
Meeting Date Comment affairs	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic			
Committee		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)			
Name Any Adams	Phone				
Address 3330 N. Shore (n Email				
Tallahassel F City State	L 32312 Zip	X			
Speaking: For Against Information OR Waive Speaking: In Support Against					
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:					
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	f am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:			

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules of (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

,	The Florida Senate					
03 25 2025	APPEARANCE REC	ORD SB100				
Community Affairs	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the r	Bill Number or Topic				
Committee	d a	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)				
Name Jessica Johnston	-York Pr	none				
Address P.O. BOX 13184	En	nail jessicajuhnstonyerk@gmail.com				
St. Retensburg FL 33733 City State Zip						
Speaking: 🗌 For 🗹 Against 🗋 Information 🛛 OR 🛛 Waive Speaking: 🗌 In Support 🔲 Against						
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:						
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:				

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules off (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

7/05/00	The Florida Senate	CRIGO
Meeting Date	APPEARANCE RECORD	
(ommunit/ H	Deliver both copies of this form to $AFGAA$ Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	
Committee	WYZZZZ N. Tr.	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Ant 20	Phone Phone Phone	
Address P. O. Box	13184, St Pete Email	
St Pete	FL 33733	
City	State Zip	
Speaking: 🗌 For	Against Information OR Waive Speaking:	In Support 🗌 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
l am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (Ilsenate.cov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

The Florida Senate					
March 25 2025 Meeting Date	APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic			
Name Ardrein Ones	Phone	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)			
Address P.O. BOX 131	<u>34</u> Email				
ST. PETE, FL City State	<u>33133</u> Zip				
Speaking: 🗌 For 🚺 Against	Information OR Waive Speakin	i g: 🗌 In Support 📄 Against			
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:					
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:			

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

The Florida Senate					
3/25/25	APPEARANCE R	ECORD	SB 100		
Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of this f	form to	Bill Number or Topic		
1 cmmunts Affairs	Senate professional staff conductin	g the meeting			
Committee		0	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)		
Name Echo Nova		_ Phone _ $f \sigma V$	1-625-8187		
Address 18M2 VI'sta baling	Dn	_ Email _dun	tisedecho & muil.com		
Flenring Island	FL 32003 State Zip	_			
Speaking: 🗌 For 🏼 Aga	inst 🗌 Information OR V	Vaive Speaking:	In Support 🗌 Against		
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:					
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:		I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:		

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (fisenate gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

		Th	e Florida Se	nate	
3.25.25 Meeting Date Community Affairs - 37S		APPEA	RANCE	RECORD	SB 100
		Delive	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting		Bill Number or Topic
	Committee				Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name	Kara Gross			Phone	63-4436
Address	4343 West Flag	gler St		Email kgros	s@aclufl.org
	Miami	FL	33134		
	City Speaking: For	State State Information	Zip N OR	Waive Speaking:	In Support 🔲 Against
	n appearing without npensation or sponsorship.	I am a re represen	gistered lobbyist, ting:	IE FOLLOWING: ties Union of	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (fisenate gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

The Florida Senate					
() MARGH 2025	APPEARANCE	RECORD	5B 100		
Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of this		Bill Number or Topic		
COMMUNITY AFFAIRS	Senate professional staff conduct	ing the meeting			
Committee	A		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)		
Name MICHOLAS MA	ACHUCA	Phone	928 6454		
Address $\frac{55}{\text{Street}}$ SE 6 TH ST.		Email nick	machuca 2.10gmail.com		
MIAMI FL City State	<u>33/37</u> 2 Zip				
Speaking: For Against Information OR Waive Speaking: In Support Against					
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:					
l am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:		I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:		

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules off (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

1.	The Florida Senate	
3/25/2025	APPEARANCE REC	
Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of this form to	Bill Number or Topic
COMMUNITY AFFAIRS	Senate professional staff conducting the m	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name <u>2011AN R. Fraguson</u>	Pho	1800)
Address 1032 & FALCON	<u>PARC BLVD, Apt 301</u> Em	ail <u>quinn rene forguson ^{leg}gmáilea</u>
ORLANDO City	F	
Speaking: 🗌 For 💢 Aga	inst Information OR Waive S	Speaking: 🗌 In Support 🔲 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLL	OWING:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

3/25/25 Meeting Date	The Florida Sena APPEARANCE R	ECORD SBLOO	
<u>Community</u>	Deliver both copies of this fo Senate professional staff conducting	m to Bill Number	er or Topic
Name Mareli	(angevorthy	Amendment Barco	ode (if applicable)
Address <u>Street</u>	fruitvilleRd	Email	
City City	State Zip		
Speaking: Sor	Against Information OR Wai	'e Speaking: 🗌 In Support 🗌 Agai	nst
f.	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FC	LLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	l am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, b something of value fo (travel, meals, lodging sponsored by:	or my appearance
While it is a tradition to encourage public testim			

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at th**is hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their re**marks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11**.045 and Joint Rule 1**. <u>2020-2022 JointRules.pdf (flsenate.gov)</u>

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

		The Florida Senate	P
4	3,75.702	5 APPEARANCE RECORD	5/5 100
	Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic
	Committee		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name	Celon	Tay VI Phone	
Address	Street	Email	
	City	State Zip	
	Speaking: Speaking:	Against Information OR Waive Speaking:	In Support Against
1		PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
	n appearing without npensation or sponsorship.	l am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

3-25-25	The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECORD	5B 100
Meeting Date Community Affairs Committee	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic
Committee Name <u>Spike Poma</u>	Phone X	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address 1680 Fruitville	RA Email X	
Street Savasota FL City State		
	Zip	In Support 🗌 Against
·	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules odf (Isenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Senate	
03125/25 Meeting Date	APPEARANCE RECORI	Bill Number or Topic
Schale Community Afairs Committee	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Lund: Anador	Phone	200 200 200
Address 2765 W SAth Sd	Email	Kyd: flop efforidationg.or
Hialiah Fi	0,000	
Speaking: For 🔀 Agains	t Information OR Waive Speaking	ng: 🗌 In Support 🔲 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING	G:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by: Florida Studing Power

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

210-100	The Florida Senate	
5175125	APPEARANCE RECORD	<u>5B100</u>
Meeting Date Community Affairs	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic
Committee		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Corey Blea	Kley Phone	
Address 1050 Fruitville	Rd Email	
Saraspta F.	2 <u>34236</u> ate Zip	
Speaking: 🗌 For Again:	st Information OR Waive Speaking:	: 🗌 In Support 🗌 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Se	nate	
3-25-25 Meeting Date COMM. affairs	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting		SBIDD Bill Number or Topic
Name Anita Hatcher	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Phone <u>750</u> -	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address <u>578 ECall ST.</u> Street		Email proud	Inprmom@gmail.com
City Speaking: D For Aga	State 32301 State Zip	Waive Speaking:] In Support 🔲 Against
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF TH		I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (fisenate.gov)

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	The Florida S	enate	
3/25/25	APPEARANCE	RECORD	SB 100
Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of		Bill Number or Topic
S. Community Affait	Senate professional staff condu	ucting the meeting	
Committee	A		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Jon Marris	Mauber	Phone	
Address 201 E. Park	Ave, SR. 200A	Email	
	FL 3 2301 State Zip		
Speaking: 🗌 For 📈 Agai	inst 🗌 Information 🛛 OR	Waive Speaking:	In Support 🔲 Against
)	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF T	HE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyis representing: Guality Florida	st,	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

2	The Florida Senate	
	APPEARANCE RECORD	
Community Alfan	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic
Committee	Dalano	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Soulda	Devane Phone	150-251 Foloc
Address 625 E. Brev	and ST Email be	ubur devane 10
Street allahoste	ate 2308	Jahos com
Speaking: For Again	st Information OR Waive Speaking	g: 🗌 In Support 🔲 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	lam a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance
	FLNOW	(travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

(m) (m)	The Florida Senate	
3/25/25 Meeting Date Community Affairs Communitiee	APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	SB /00 Bill Number or Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name <u>Agron</u> Difiet Address <u>P.O. Box 530</u>		arondo fifamily.org
Street Orlando FL City Sta		
Speaking: For Agains	t Information OR Waive Speaking:	In Support 🗌 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	Floridg Family Voice	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

		The Florida Sen	ale			
025	APP	EARANCE	RECOF	RD	100	
5	Senate	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting		g	Bill Nurr	nber or Topic
Committee					Amendment Ba	rcode (if applicable)
ela Burch Fo	rt		Phone	850-425	-1344	
S. Monroe St	reet		Email	TcgLobb	oy@aol.com	
hassee	FL State	32301 Zip				Reset Form
king: 🔲 For	Against 🔲 Inform	nation OR	Waive Spea	king: 🔲	In Support 🚺 A	gainst
	PLEASE	CHECK ONE OF THE	E FOLLOWI	NG:		
-	re	presenting:			I am not a lobby something of va (travel, meals, lo sponsored by:	lue for my appearance
	S. Monroe St	Aeeting Date Affairs Senate Committee ela Burch Fort S. Monroe Street hassee FL State king: For For Against Inform PLEASE ng without n or sponsorship.	Aeeting Date Affairs Committee ela Burch Fort S. Monroe Street hassee FL 32301 State Zip king: For Against Information OR PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THING ng without	Affairs Committee ela Burch Fort Bassee FL 32301 State State Zip king: For Against Information OR Waive Spea PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWI nor sponsorship.	Aeeting Date Affairs Committee ela Burch Fort S. Monroe Street hassee FL 32301 State Zip king: For Against Information OR Waive Speaking: Information PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: n or sponsorship. I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	Affairs Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting Committee ela Burch Fort Phone 850-425-1344 Committee Bill Num Amendment Back Bill Num Amendment Back Bill Num Bill Num Committee ela Burch Fort Phone Bill Num Bill Num Bill Num Amendment Back Bill Num Bill Num

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Senate	144
2/25/25	APPEARANCE RECORD	100
Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of this form to	Bill Number or Topic
Community Attains	Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	
Committee		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Ryan Kennedy	Phone	39-671-5733
Address	Email	n Q gotla . crg
ALD Mahan FI	24142	
City State	Zip	
Speaking: For Against	Information OR Waive Speaking:	In Support Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without	I am a registered lobbyist,	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance
compensation or sponsorship.	FLORVAQ CUTUZENS	(travel, meals, lodging, etc.),
		sponsored by:
	Allvarce	

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules off (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

7 (5)	The Florida Senate	2	
3/25/25	APPEARANCE RE	CORD	SB 100
Meeting Date Community Affairs	Deliver both copies of this form Senate professional staff conducting t		Bill Number or Topic
Committee			Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Grag Mathews, 1	Moms for Liberty, FL	Phone <u>808 - 7</u> ;	2-75/5
Address 4539 Jubilea	Tel.	Email Darner le	huya Chotmail- com
Tallahasser, FL	323 05 State Zip		
Speaking: For Agair	nst 🗌 Information OR Wai	ve Speaking: 🚺 In 1	Support 🗌 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FO)LLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	iam a registered lobbyist, representing:	۲	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules, pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

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1 1	The Florida Senate		
Meeting Date Community Affairs	APPEARANCE RECOI Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meetir	Bill Number or Topic	
Committee Name Amy Keith	Phone	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)	
Address 333 3rd Ave	N Email	akeith @ Common cause. org	
St Petersburg	Image: Constraint of the state 33701 State Zip		
Speaking: 🗌 For 📃 Aga	inst 🗌 Information OR Waive Spea	aking: 🗌 In Support 🔽 Against	
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:			
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing: Common Cause	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:	

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This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	.50		
< 5.	The Florida Senate		
3125125	APPEARANCE RECORD	100	
Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of this form to	Bill Number or Topic	
Community Affairs	Senate professional staff conducting the meeting		
Committee	λ.	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)	
Name Kylie Dann	Phone 850	224 1660	
Address 106 E College Ave	Email Kylie	d CAG@gmail.com	
Tallahassee FL City State	32301.: Zip		
Speaking: 🗌 For 🗌 Against	Information OR Waive Speaking:	🗌 In Support 🕅 Against	
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:			
I am appearing without	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance	
compensation or sponsorship.		(trave!, meals, lodging, etc.),	
	League of Women Voters	sponsored by:	
Florida			

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This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Senate	
3125/25	APPEARANCE RECORI	SBIOD
Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of this form to	Bill Number or Topic
Community Affeirs	Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	
Committee		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Aurelie Colon	Phone	1548818595
Address MO3 Washing	ton Are Email Q	urelie.coloncospicenter.
Montgomeny I City State	Zip	U
Speaking: For Against	Information OR Waive Speaking	ng: 🗌 In Support 📈 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING	G:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	l am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.),
	SPLC	sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

		The Florida Senate	
_0.3/ _Conu	25/25 Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic
Name	Condition	900 Phone	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address	Street	Email	
	City	State Zip	
	Speaking: Sor	Against Information OR Waive Speaking:	In Support Against
		PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
	n appearing without npensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

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This form is part of the public record for this meeting,

	The Florida Senate	
3,25,25 Meeting Date	APPEARANCE RECOR Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic
Committee Name Much Dahn	Phone	Amendment Barcode (if applicable) 772-413-6171
Street		Much 6846 Cgmail, rom
Middleburg t	State Zip	/
Speaking: For Again	nst 🗌 Information OR Waive Spea	king: 🗌 In Support 🕅 Against
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWI	NG: I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11,045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022. Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

March 2 Meeting Community Comm	AFFORTS	-0	The Florida S PEARANCE Deliver both copies of te professional staff conc	E RECORD this form to		Bill Number or Topic
Name	a Grigi	<u>j)</u>		Phone 2	293921	673
Address 2915 Street Talloha City	shaver	V d Apt FL State	231 32312 Zip	Email	<u>-jj-</u>	3 e yahoo.com
Speaking:	For Ac	gainst 🗌 Info	ormation OR	Waive Speaking	g: 🗌 In Suppor	t Against
I am appearing with compensation or sp			E CHECK ONE OF		l am n somet (travel	ot a lobbyist, but received hing of value for my appearance , meals, lodging, etc.), ored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Se	enate	
<u>O3 (25 / 25</u> Meeting Date <u>Committee</u> <u>Committee</u>	APPEARANCE Deliver both copies of th Senate professional staff conduc	his form to	SB100 Bill Number or Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Estefanía Tor	res	Phone <u>3\$2</u>	-801-1939
Address <u>11175 NW 17</u> Street Coral Springs FL City State	Place <u>33071</u> Zip	Email ester	ania crown Chotmail
Speaking: 🗌 For 📃 Against	Information OR	Waive Speaking:	In Support 🙀 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF TH	HE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	l am a registered lobbyist, representing:	,	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11,045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida	a Senate	
03/25/2025 Meeting Date Community AFFRICS	APPEARANC Deliver both copies Senate professional staff co	s of this form to	Bill Number or Topic
Committee			Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Luke Norris		Phone	925-437-5537
Address 3760 SW 40	oth St	Email	lukeanorris33@gmail.com
City	FL 33146 State Zip	5	
Speaking: Sor	Against Information OI	R Waive Speakin	ng: 🗌 In Support 🕅 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE O	F THE FOLLOWING	i:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lob representing:	byist,	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:
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While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11,045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Se	enate	
03/25/2025 Meeting Date Community flairs	Deliver both copies of the Senate professional staff condu	his form to	Bill Number or Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Rojha Davis			789.3600
Address 1601 5 MLK	Jr Blud	Email <u>Koj</u> ha	7. davis @ Form. edu
Tallahossee	TL 32301 State Zip		
Speaking: Sor	Against Information OR	Waive Speaking:	In Support
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF T	HE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	l am a registered lobbyist representing:	t,	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

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This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

577)75/7076	The Florida Senate	SB 100
D3 ZS ZOZS Meeting Date	APPEARANCE RECO	Bill Number or Topic
Community Affains	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the me	
Committee		SIG Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name KAELIN MANTIN) Pho	ne
Address Johnala RA	MU Vitriversity Ema	il jufo.greenhouse collective
City	State Zip	
Speaking: 🗌 For 🗌 Aga	inst 🔲 Information OR Waive Sp	peaking: 🔲 In Support 🔞 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLO	WING:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules, pdf (fisenate gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

<i>1</i> 2	The Florida Senate	
03.25.25	APPEARANCE RECORD	SB100
Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of this form to	Bill Number or Topic
(ommunity Affai	Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	1 A
Committee		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name LAUTA MUN	Z Phone 2	56806640
Address 418 K St	Email	
Lafe North City	FL 33460 State Zip	
Speaking: Sor	Against Information OR Waive Speaking:	: 🗌 In Support 🕅 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	1
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by: FLSP

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida	Senate	
3/28/25	APPEARANC	E RECORD	56100
Meeting Date	Deliver both copies Senate professional staff co		Bill Number or Topic
Genute Community Aftair Committee	rs	nducting the meeting	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name YAREBY MENDE	t-ZAMURA	Phone 786	376-102-3
Address 1571 SLI98	Are	Email Y.MINJ	ezzamora Cgmail com
City	FL. 3307 State Zip	5	
Speaking: Sor	Against Information	Waive Speaking:] In Support 🛛 🕅 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE O	F THE FOLLOWING:	
l am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobb representing:	pyist,	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by: American Friendl HWIR Caum He AFIC

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

		The Florida Se	enate	
3	125/25	APPEARANCE	RECORD	SB 100
	Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of th		Bill Number or Topic
COWN	MUNITY AFFIRS	Senate professional staff condu	cting the meeting	
	Committee			Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name	Stephanie	Schwantz	Phone	507801259
Address	2230 Mona	physe Dr	Email Sol	WARTZ SOLO
	Street IcilchASSRe	FL 32309		Cometst. vet
	City	State Zip		
	Speaking: For Aga	inst 🗌 Information OR	Waive Speaking:] In Support 🙀 Against
		PLEASE CHECK ONE OF TH	HE FOLLOWING:	
	n appearing without apensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist representing:	,	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

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This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida S	Senate	
3/25/2025	APPEARANC	E RECORD	SBLOO
Meeting Date	Deliver both copies o	f this form to	Bill Number or Topic
Community affairs	Senate professional staff cond	ducting the meeting	
Committee			Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Sheinler Brou	<i>n</i>	Phone	869139517
Address 1911 Lorey Store	wanu	Email	
Tallabassa	PI 32303		
City	State Zip		
Speaking: For	Against Information OR	Waive Speaking:	🗌 In Support 🗹 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF	THE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	l am a registered lobby representing:	ist,	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

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This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	Prepared E	By: The Professional Sta	aff of the Committee	on Community Affairs		
BILL:	CS/CS/SB 26	58				
NTRODUCER:	•	Community Affairs Committee, Governmental Oversight and Accountability Committee, and Senators Jones and Brodeur				
SUBJECT:	Public Recor	ds/Public Officers				
DATE:	March 26, 2025 REVISED:					
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION		
White		McVaney	GO	Fav/CS		
		Fleming	CA	Fav/CS		
Hackett			0.1			

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/CS/SB 268 exempts from public records copying and inspection requirements certain identifying and location information of certain state and local officials, along with their spouses and children. The bill exempts from public disclosure the partial home addresses and telephone numbers of a current congressional member or public officer, his or her adult children, and his or her spouse; and the names, home addresses, telephone numbers, and dates of birth, of a public officer's minor children, if any, as well as the names and locations of the school or day care facility said children attend.

This exemption is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act and will stand repealed on October 2, 2030, unless saved by the Legislature from repeal.

The bill additionally addresses the manner in which a qualifying individual submits a request for the maintenance of the public records exemption—requiring a statement of the office held and the duration of the term.

The bill contains a statement of public necessity as required by the State Constitution. The bill creates a new public records exemption and, therefore, requires a two-thirds vote of the members present and voting for final passage.

This bill is not expected to impact state and local government revenues and expenditures.

This bill takes effect July 1, 2025.

II. Present Situation:

Access to Public Records - Generally

The State Constitution provides that the public has the right to inspect or copy records made or received in connection with official governmental business.¹ The right to inspect or copy applies to the official business of any public body, officer, or employee of the state, including all three branches of state government, local governmental entities, and any person acting on behalf of the government.²

Additional requirements and exemptions related to public records are found in various statutes and rules, depending on the branch of government involved. For instance, s. 11.0431, F.S., provides public access requirements for legislative records. Relevant exemptions are codified in s. 11.0431(2)-(3), F.S., and adopted in the rules of each house of the legislature.³ Florida Rule of Judicial Administration 2.420 governs public access to judicial branch records.⁴ Lastly, ch. 119, F.S., known as the Public Records Act, provides requirements for public records held by executive agencies.

Executive Agency Records – The Public Records Act

The Public Records Act provides that all state, county, and municipal records are open for personal inspection and copying by any person, and that providing access to public records is a duty of each agency.⁵

Section 119.011(12), F.S., defines "public records" to include:

[a]ll documents, papers, letters, maps, books, tapes, photographs, films, sound recordings, data processing software, or other material, regardless of the physical form, characteristics, or means of transmission, made or received pursuant to law or ordinance or in connections with the transaction of official business by any agency.

¹ FLA. CONST. art. I, s. 24(a).

² Id. See also, Sarasota Citizens for Responsible Gov't v. City of Sarasota, 48 So. 3d 755, 762-763 (Fla. 2010). ³ See Rule 1.48, Rules and Manual of the Florida Senate, (2022-2024) and Rule 14.1, Rules of the Florida House of

Representatives, Edition 2, (2022-2024).

⁴ State v. Wooten, 260 So. 3d 1060 (Fla. 4th DCA 2018).

⁵ Section 119.01(1), F.S. Section 119.011(2), F.S., defines "agency" as "any state, county, district, authority, or municipal officer, department, division, board, bureau, commission, or other separate unit of government created or established by law including, for the purposes of this chapter, the Commission on Ethics, the Public Service Commission, and the Office of Public Counsel, and any other public or private agency, person, partnership, corporation, or business entity acting on behalf of any public agency."

The Florida Supreme Court has interpreted this definition to encompass all materials made or received by an agency in connection with official business that are used to "perpetuate, communicate, or formalize knowledge of some type."⁶

The Florida Statutes specify conditions under which public access to public records must be provided. The Public Records Act guarantees every person's right to inspect and copy any public record at any reasonable time, under reasonable conditions, and under supervision by the custodian of the public record.⁷ A violation of the Public Records Act may result in civil or criminal liability.⁸

The Legislature may exempt public records from public access requirements by passing a general law by a two-thirds vote of both the House and the Senate.⁹ The exemption must state with specificity the public necessity justifying the exemption and must be no broader than necessary to accomplish the stated purpose of the exemption.¹⁰

General exemptions from the public records requirements are contained in the Public Records Act.¹¹ Specific exemptions often are placed in the substantive statutes relating to a particular agency or program.¹²

When creating a public records exemption, the Legislature may provide that a record is "exempt" or "confidential and exempt." There is a difference between records the Legislature has determined to be exempt from the Public Records Act and those which the Legislature has determined to be exempt from the Public Records Act *and confidential*.¹³ Records designated as "confidential and exempt" are not subject to inspection by the public and may only be released under the circumstances defined by statute.¹⁴ Records designated as "exempt" may be released at the discretion of the records custodian under certain circumstances.¹⁵

Public Records Exemptions for Specified Personnel and their Families (s. 119.071(4), F.S.)

Section 119.071(4), F.S., exempts from public record disclosure the personal information of specific government employees when held by government agencies. In paragraph (d), "home addresses" is defined as the dwelling location at which an individual resides and includes the

⁶ Shevin v. Byron, Harless, Schaffer, Reid and Assoc., Inc., 379 So. 2d 633, 640 (Fla. 1980).

⁷ Section 119.07(1)(a), F.S.

⁸ Section 119.10, F.S. Public records laws are found throughout the Florida Statutes, as are the penalties for violating those laws.

⁹ FLA. CONST. art. I, s. 24(c).

¹⁰ *Id. See, e.g., Halifax Hosp. Medical Center v. News-Journal Corp.*, 724 So. 2d 567 (Fla. 1999) (holding that a public meetings exemption was unconstitutional because the statement of public necessity did not define important terms and did not justify the breadth of the exemption); *Baker County Press, Inc. v. Baker County Medical Services, Inc.*, 870 So. 2d 189 (Fla. 1st DCA 2004) (holding that a statutory provision written to bring another party within an existing public records exemption is unconstitutional without a public necessity statement).

¹¹ See, e.g., s. 119.071(1)(a), F.S. (exempting from public disclosure examination questions and answer sheets of examinations administered by a governmental agency for the purpose of licensure).

¹² See, e.g., s. 213.053(2)(a), F.S. (exempting from public disclosure information contained in tax returns received by the Department of Revenue).

¹³ WFTV, Inc. v. The Sch. Bd. of Seminole County, 874 So. 2d 48, 53 (Fla. 5th DCA 2004).

¹⁴ *Id*.

¹⁵ Williams v. City of Minneola, 575 So. 2d 683 (Fla. 5th DCA 1991).

physical address, mailing address, street address, parcel identification number, plot identification number, legal property description, neighborhood name and lot number, GPS coordinates, and any other descriptive property information that may reveal the home address. Additionally, "telephone numbers" is defined to include home telephone numbers, personal cellular telephone numbers, personal pager telephone numbers, and telephone numbers associated with personal communications devices.

Section 119.071(4)(d)2., F.S., generally exempts from public disclosure the home addresses, dates of birth, photographs, and telephone numbers of specified public employees and their spouses and children. Additionally exempted, typically, are the spouse's place of work as well as the name and location of any schools or day care facilities of the public employee's children, if any. These public employees include, but are not limited to, sworn law enforcement personnel and active or former civilian personnel employed by a law enforcement agency;¹⁶ current or former justices of the Supreme Court, district court of appeal judges, circuit court judges, and county court judges;¹⁷ current or former state attorneys;¹⁸ current or former public defenders;¹⁹ county tax collectors;²⁰ and clerks of a circuit court.²¹

Records that include exempt information about the above-specified personnel and their spouses and children (minor or adult) may be held by, among others, their employing agency, clerks of court and comptrollers, county tax collectors and property appraisers, school districts, and law enforcement agencies. County property appraisers²² and county tax collectors²³ holding exempted information need only remove the name of an individual with exempt status and the instrument number or Official Records book and page number identifying the property with the exemption status from all publicly available records. County property appraisers and county tax collectors may not remove the street address, legal description, or other information identifying real property so long as the name or personal information otherwise exempt is not associated with the property or otherwise displayed in the public records.²⁴

The personnel, their spouses or children, or their employing agency claiming an exemption under s. 119.071(4)(d)2., F.S., must affirmatively assert the right to the exemption by submitting a written and notarized request to each non-employer agency that holds the employee's or their spouse or child's information. The individual or entity asserting the exemption must provide, under oath, the statutory basis for the individual's exemption and confirm the individual's status as a party eligible for exempt status.²⁵

¹⁶ Section 119.071(4)(d)2.a., F.S. This would presumably include elected law enforcement officers such as sheriffs.

¹⁷ Section 119.071(4)(d)2.e., F.S.

¹⁸ Section 119.071(4)(d)2.f., F.S.

¹⁹ Section 119.071(4)(d)2.1., F.S.

²⁰ Section 119.071(4)(d)2.n., F.S.

²¹ Section 119.071(4)(d)2.y., F.S. Circuit court clerks' exemption from public records under this statute is set to repeal on October 2, 2029, unless saved by the Legislature.

²² See s. 192.001(3), F.S.

²³ See s. 192.001(4), F.S.

²⁴ Section 119.071(4)(d)4., F.S.

²⁵ Section 119.071(4)(d)3., F.S.

These exemptions under s. 119.071(4)(d)2., F.S., have retroactive application, applying to information held by an agency before, on, or after the effective date of the exemption.²⁶ Home addresses, however, are no longer exempt in the Official Records if the protected party no longer resides at the dwelling²⁷ or upon his or her death.²⁸

Open Government Sunset Review Act

The provisions of s. 119.15, F.S., known as the Open Government Sunset Review Act²⁹ (the Act), prescribe a legislative review process for newly created or substantially amended³⁰ public records or open meetings exemptions, with specified exceptions.³¹ The Act requires the repeal of such exemption on October 2 of the fifth year after its creation or substantial amendment, unless the Legislature reenacts the exemption.³²

The Act provides that a public records or open meetings exemption may be created or maintained only if it serves an identifiable public purpose and is no broader than is necessary.³³ An exemption serves an identifiable purpose if the Legislature finds that the purpose of the exemption outweighs open government policy and cannot be accomplished without the exemption, and it meets one of the following purposes:

- It allows the state or its political subdivisions to effectively and efficiently administer a governmental program, and administration would be significantly impaired without the exemption;³⁴
- It protects sensitive, personal information, the release of which would be defamatory, cause unwarranted damage to the good name or reputation of the individual, or would jeopardize the individual's safety. If this public purpose is cited as the basis of an exemption, however, only personal identifying information is exempt;³⁵ or
- It protects information of a confidential nature concerning entities, such as trade or business secrets.³⁶

The Act also requires specified questions to be considered during the review process.³⁷ In examining an exemption, the Act directs the Legislature to question the purpose and necessity of reenacting the exemption.

²⁶ Section 119.071(4)(d)6., F.S.

 $^{^{27}}$ The protected individual must submit a notarized, written request to release the removed information. Section 119.071(4)(d)8., F.S.

 $^{^{28}}$ A certified copy of a death certificate or court order must be presented with a notarized request to release the information to remove the exemption. Section 119.071(4)(d)9., F.S. Note, the Clerk is also called the "county recorder." *See* s. 28.222(2), F.S.

²⁹ Section 119.15, F.S.

³⁰ An exemption is considered to be substantially amended if it is expanded to include more records or information or to include meetings as well as records. Section 119.15(4)(b), F.S.

³¹ Section 119.15(2)(a) and (b), F.S., provides that exemptions required by federal law or applicable solely to the Legislature or the State Court System are not subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act.

³² Section 119.15(3), F.S.

³³ Section 119.15(6)(b), F.S.

³⁴ Section 119.15(6)(b)1., F.S.

³⁵ Section 119.15(6)(b)2., F.S.

³⁶ Section 119.15(6)(b)3., F.S.

³⁷ Section 119.15(6)(a), F.S. The specified questions are:

[•] What specific records or meetings are affected by the exemption?

If the exemption is continued and expanded, then a public necessity statement and a two-thirds vote for passage are again required.³⁸ If the exemption is continued without substantive changes or if the exemption is continued and narrowed, then a public necessity statement and a two-thirds vote for passage are *not* required. If the Legislature allows an exemption to expire, the previously

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 exempts from public records disclosure requirements certain personal identifying information of specified congressional members and public officers and their spouses and children. The following information will be exempt from public disclosure:

exempt records will remain exempt unless otherwise provided by law.³⁹

- The partial home and telephone numbers of a current congressional member or public officer, his or her adult children, and his or her spouse; and
- The names, home addresses, telephone numbers, and dates of birth of a congressional member or public officer's minor children, if any, and the names and locations of the schools or day care facilities the children attend.

The bill defines various terms for purposes of this exemption. The definition of "partial home addresses" is very similar to the current law definition of "home addresses" used in other public record disclosure exemptions, except that "partial home addresses," for purposes of this new exemption, does not include the city and zip code information of the dwelling's location.

"Congressional Member" includes a person elected to the United States House of Representatives or a person elected to or appointed to the United States Senate.

"Public officer" encompasses a person serving as the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Chief Financial Officer, Attorney General, or Commissioner of Agriculture; as well as a state senator or representative, property appraiser, supervisor of elections, school superintendent, city or county commissioner, school board member, or mayor.

To assert the exemption, the congressional member, public officer, his or her spouse, child, or employing agency must submit a written and notarized request to each custodial agency that does not employ the public officer for the office forming the basis for the exemption. The individual or entity asserting the exemption must provide, under oath, the statutory basis for the individual's exemption and confirm the individual's status as a party eligible for exempt status.⁴⁰ Additionally, this bill requires an individual who requests an exemption pursuant to this provision to provide supporting documentation—specifically, the date of the public officer's

• What is the identifiable public purpose or goal of the exemption?

- Is the record or meeting protected by another exemption?
- Are there multiple exemptions for the same type of record or meeting that it would be appropriate to merge?

[•] Whom does the exemption uniquely affect, as opposed to the general public?

[•] Can the information contained in the records or discussed in the meeting be readily obtained by alternative means? If so, how?

³⁸ See generally s. 119.15, F.S.

³⁹ Section 119.15(7), F.S.

⁴⁰ Section 119.071(4)(d)3., F.S.

appointment or election, the date of the next election of the public office, and, if applicable, the date at which the public officer's minor children reach the age of majority. The custodian must maintain the exemption until the qualifying condition for the exemption is no longer met.

Pursuant to s. 119.071(4)(d)6, F.S., the new exemption applies to information held by an agency before, on, or after July 1, 2025 (the effective date of the exemption).⁴¹

Consistent with s. 119.15, F.S., the new exemptions will expire on October 2, 2030, unless reviewed and saved from repeal by the Legislature.

Section 2 provides the constitutionally required public necessity statement. The public necessity statement identifies potential retribution against individuals (and their families) for making necessary and impactful policy decisions as on justification for the bill. It also cites threats, harassment, and intimidation as potentially discouraging residents from seeking elective office.

Section 3 provides that the bill takes effect on July 1, 2025.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

Not applicable. The mandate restrictions do not apply because the bill does not require counties and municipalities to spend funds, reduce counties or municipalities' ability to raise revenue, or reduce the percentage of state tax shared with counties and municipalities.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

Vote Requirement

Article I, s. 24(c) of the State Constitution requires a two-thirds vote of the members present and voting for final passage of a bill creating or expanding an exemption to the public records disclosure requirements. This bill enacts a new exemption for certain addresses, phone numbers, and other details of current public officers and their spouses and children and, thus, the bill requires a two-thirds vote to be enacted.

Public Necessity Statement

Article I, s. 24(c) of the State Constitution requires a bill creating or expanding an exemption to the public records disclosure requirements to state with specificity the public necessity justifying the exemption. Section 2 of the bill contains a statement of public necessity for the exemption which provides that public officers and their families may receive threats as a result of themselves or a family member carrying out their official duties. The threat of such harm may discourage residents from seeking elected office in order to protect themselves or their family.

⁴¹ See s. 119.071(4)(d)6., F.S.

Breadth of Exemption

Article I, s. 24(c) of the State Constitution requires an exemption to the public records requirements to be no broader than necessary to accomplish the stated purpose of the law. The purpose of the proposed law is to protect elected officials and their spouses and children from threats, harassment, and intimidation that may result from their necessary and impactful policy decisions. This bill exempts specified public officers and their spouses and children from the public records disclosure requirements. The records exempted, to a large degree, mirror (and are even more limited than) existing exemptions for other sensitive state officers and employees in s. 119.071(4)(d), F.S. Thus, the exemption does not appear to be broader than necessary to accomplish the purpose of the law.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None identified.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None identified.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None identified.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None identified.

B. Private Sector Impact:

The private sector will be subject to the cost associated with an agency's review and redactions of exempt records in response to a public records request.

C. Government Sector Impact:

This bill may cause a minimal increase in workload on agencies holding records that contain personal identifying information of public officers as well as their spouses and children because staff responsible for complying with public record requests may require training related to the new public record exemption. Additionally, agencies may incur costs associated with redacting the exempt information prior to releasing a record. However, the workload will likely be absorbed within current resources.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None identified.

VII. Related Issues:

None identified.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 119.071 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS/CS by Community Affairs on March 25, 2025:

The committee substitute includes congressional members - members of the United States House of Representatives and United States Senate - in the bill's public records exemptions.

CS by Government Oversight and Accountability on February 18, 2025:

- Narrows the definition of a "public officer" to the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Chief Financial Officer, Attorney General, or Commissioner of Agriculture; as well as a state senator or representative, property appraiser, supervisor of elections, school superintendent, city or county commissioner, school board member, or mayor;
- Provides that a current public officer's telephone number is exempted from public records disclosure;
- Clarifies the exemptions for a public officer's children, adult or minor, are exclusive to those children of *current* public officers;
- Requires an individual who requests an exemption pursuant to this provision to provide supporting documentation; and
- Provides for the expiration of the public records exemption once the public officer vacates their position.
- B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

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LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate House . Comm: RCS 03/26/2025 The Committee on Community Affairs (Jones) recommended the following: Senate Amendment (with title amendment) Delete lines 355 - 486 and insert: (A) "Congressional member" means a person who is elected to serve as a member of the United States House of Representatives or is elected or appointed to serve as a member of the United States Senate. (B) "Partial home address" means the dwelling location at which an individual resides and includes the physical address,

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11	mailing address, street address, parcel identification number,
12	plot identification number, legal property description,
13	neighborhood name and lot number, GPS coordinates, and any other
14	descriptive property information that may reveal the partial
15	home address, except for the city and zip code.
16	(C) "Public officer" means a person who holds one of the
17	following offices: Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Chief
18	Financial Officer, Attorney General, Agriculture Commissioner,
19	state representative, state senator, property appraiser,
20	supervisor of elections, school superintendent, school board
21	member, mayor, city commissioner, or county commissioner.
22	(II) The following information is exempt from s. 119.07(1)
23	and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution:
24	(A) The partial home addresses of a current congressional
25	member or public officer and his or her spouse or adult child.
26	(B) The telephone numbers of a current congressional member
27	or public officer and his or her spouse or adult child.
28	(C) The name, home addresses, telephone numbers, and date
29	of birth of a minor child of a current congressional member or
30	public officer and the name and location of the school or day
31	care facility attended by the minor child.
32	(III) This sub-subparagraph is subject to the Open
33	Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and
34	shall stand repealed on October 2, 2030, unless reviewed and
35	saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.
36	3. <u>a.</u> An agency that is the custodian of the information
37	specified in subparagraph 2. and that is not the employer of the
38	officer, employee, justice, judge, or other person specified in

subparagraph 2. must maintain the exempt status of that

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40 information only if the officer, employee, justice, judge, other 41 person, or employing agency of the designated employee submits a 42 written and notarized request for maintenance of the exemption 43 to the custodial agency. The request must state under oath the 44 statutory basis for the individual's exemption request and 45 confirm the individual's status as a party eligible for exempt 46 status.

47 b. An agency that is the custodian of information specified in sub-subparagraph 2.z. and that is not the employer of the 48 49 congressional member, public officer, or other person specified 50 in sub-subparagraph 2.z. must maintain the exempt status of that information only if an individual requests the maintenance of an 51 52 exemption pursuant to sub-subparagraph 2.z. on the basis of 53 eligibility as a current congressional member or public officer 54 and his or her spouse or child submits, as part of the written 55 and notarized request required by sub-subparagraph a., the date 56 of the congressional member's or public officer's election or appointment to public office, the date on which that office is 57 58 next subject to election, and, if applicable, the date on which 59 the current congressional member's or public officer's minor 60 child reaches the age of majority. The custodian must maintain 61 an exemption granted pursuant to sub-subparagraph 2.z. until the 62 qualifying conditions for the exemption no longer apply to the 63 person subject to the exemption.

4.a. A county property appraiser, as defined in s.
192.001(3), or a county tax collector, as defined in s.
192.001(4), who receives a written and notarized request for
maintenance of the exemption pursuant to subparagraph 3. must
comply by removing the name of the individual with exempt status

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69 and the instrument number or Official Records book and page 70 number identifying the property with the exempt status from all 71 publicly available records maintained by the property appraiser 72 or tax collector. For written requests received on or before 73 July 1, 2021, a county property appraiser or county tax 74 collector must comply with this sub-subparagraph by October 1, 75 2021. A county property appraiser or county tax collector may 76 not remove the street address, legal description, or other 77 information identifying real property within the agency's records so long as a name or personal information otherwise 78 79 exempt from inspection and copying pursuant to this section is 80 not associated with the property or otherwise displayed in the public records of the agency. 81

b. Any information restricted from public display, inspection, or copying under sub-subparagraph a. must be provided to the individual whose information was removed.

5. An officer, an employee, a justice, a judge, or other person specified in subparagraph 2. may submit a written request for the release of his or her exempt information to the custodial agency. The written request must be notarized and must specify the information to be released and the party authorized to receive the information. Upon receipt of the written request, the custodial agency must release the specified information to the party authorized to receive such information.

93 6. The exemptions in this paragraph apply to information
94 held by an agency before, on, or after the effective date of the
95 exemption.

96 7. Information made exempt under this paragraph may be 97 disclosed pursuant to s. 28.2221 to a title insurer authorized

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98 pursuant to s. 624.401 and its affiliates as defined in s. 99 624.10; a title insurance agent or title insurance agency as 100 defined in s. 626.841(1) or (2), respectively; or an attorney 101 duly admitted to practice law in this state and in good standing 102 with The Florida Bar.

103 8. The exempt status of a home address contained in the 104 Official Records is maintained only during the period when a 105 protected party resides at the dwelling location. Upon 106 conveyance of real property after October 1, 2021, and when such 107 real property no longer constitutes a protected party's home 108 address as defined in sub-subparagraph 1.a., the protected party 109 must submit a written request to release the removed information 110 to the county recorder. The written request to release the 111 removed information must be notarized, must confirm that a 112 protected party's request for release is pursuant to a conveyance of his or her dwelling location, and must specify the 113 114 Official Records book and page, instrument number, or clerk's file number for each document containing the information to be released.

9. Upon the death of a protected party as verified by a certified copy of a death certificate or court order, any party can request the county recorder to release a protected decedent's removed information unless there is a related request on file with the county recorder for continued removal of the decedent's information or unless such removal is otherwise prohibited by statute or by court order. The written request to release the removed information upon the death of a protected party must attach the certified copy of a death certificate or court order and must be notarized, must confirm the request for

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127 release is due to the death of a protected party, and must 128 specify the Official Records book and page number, instrument 129 number, or clerk's file number for each document containing the 130 information to be released. A fee may not be charged for the 131 release of any document pursuant to such request. 132 Section 2. The Legislature finds that it is a public 133 necessity that the partial home addresses and telephone numbers of current congressional members and public officers and their 134 135 spouses and adult children; the names, home addresses, telephone 136 numbers, and dates of birth of the minor children of such 137 congressional members and officers; and the names and locations 138 of schools and day care facilities attended by the minor 139 children of such congressional members and officers be made 140 exempt from s. 119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and s. 24(a), 141 Article I of the State Constitution. Congressional members and 142 public officers are often confronted with making difficult and impactful policy decisions. As a result, congressional members 143 144 and 145 146 147 And the title is amended as follows: Delete lines 5 - 10 148 149 and insert: 150 addresses and telephone numbers of current 151 congressional members and public officers and their 152 spouses and adult children and the names, home 153 addresses, telephone numbers, and dates of birth of, 154 and the names and locations of schools and day care facilities attended by, the minor children of such 155

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156 congressional members and public officers; providing 157 for future

 $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$ the Committee on Governmental Oversight and Accountability; and Senators Jones and Brodeur

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1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to public records; amending s.
3	119.071, F.S.; defining terms; providing exemptions
4	from public records requirements for the partial home
5	addresses and telephone numbers of current public
6	officers, their spouses, and their adult children and
7	the names, home addresses, telephone numbers, and
8	dates of birth of, and the names and locations of
9	schools and day care facilities attended by, the minor
10	children of such officers; providing for future
11	legislative review and repeal of the exemptions;
12	providing methods for maintenance of an exemption;
13	providing for retroactive application of the
14	exemptions; providing a statement of public necessity;
15	providing an effective date.
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17	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
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19	Section 1. Paragraph (d) of subsection (4) of section
20	119.071, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
21	119.071 General exemptions from inspection or copying of
22	public records
23	(4) AGENCY PERSONNEL INFORMATION
24	(d)1. For purposes of this paragraph, the term:
25	a. "Home addresses" means the dwelling location at which an
26	individual resides and includes the physical address, mailing
27	address, street address, parcel identification number, plot
28	identification number, legal property description, neighborhood
29	name and lot number, GPS coordinates, and any other descriptive

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585-01998-25 2025268c1 30 property information that may reveal the home address. 31 b. "Judicial assistant" means a court employee assigned to 32 the following class codes: 8140, 8150, 8310, and 8320. "Telephone numbers" includes home telephone numbers, 33 с. 34 personal cellular telephone numbers, personal pager telephone 35 numbers, and telephone numbers associated with personal 36 communications devices. 37 2.a. The home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, 38 and photographs of active or former sworn law enforcement 39 personnel or of active or former civilian personnel employed by 40 a law enforcement agency, including correctional and correctional probation officers, personnel of the Department of 41 42 Children and Families whose duties include the investigation of abuse, neglect, exploitation, fraud, theft, or other criminal 43 44 activities, personnel of the Department of Health whose duties are to support the investigation of child abuse or neglect, and 45 46 personnel of the Department of Revenue or local governments 47 whose responsibilities include revenue collection and 48 enforcement or child support enforcement; the names, home 49 addresses, telephone numbers, photographs, dates of birth, and 50 places of employment of the spouses and children of such 51 personnel; and the names and locations of schools and day care 52 facilities attended by the children of such personnel are exempt 53 from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. 54 55 b.

b. The home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth,
and photographs of current or former nonsworn investigative
personnel of the Department of Financial Services whose duties
include the investigation of fraud, theft, workers' compensation

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585-01998-25 2025268c1 59 coverage requirements and compliance, other related criminal 60 activities, or state regulatory requirement violations; the 61 names, home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, and places of employment of the spouses and children of such 62 63 personnel; and the names and locations of schools and day care 64 facilities attended by the children of such personnel are exempt 65 from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State 66 Constitution.

67 c. The home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, 68 and photographs of current or former nonsworn investigative 69 personnel of the Office of Financial Regulation's Bureau of 70 Financial Investigations whose duties include the investigation 71 of fraud, theft, other related criminal activities, or state 72 regulatory requirement violations; the names, home addresses, 73 telephone numbers, dates of birth, and places of employment of 74 the spouses and children of such personnel; and the names and 75 locations of schools and day care facilities attended by the 76 children of such personnel are exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 77 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.

78 d. The home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, 79 and photographs of current or former firefighters certified in 80 compliance with s. 633.408; the names, home addresses, telephone 81 numbers, photographs, dates of birth, and places of employment 82 of the spouses and children of such firefighters; and the names 83 and locations of schools and day care facilities attended by the children of such firefighters are exempt from s. 119.07(1) and 84 85 s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.

86 e. The home addresses, dates of birth, and telephone87 numbers of current or former justices of the Supreme Court,

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585-01998-25 2025268c1 88 district court of appeal judges, circuit court judges, and 89 county court judges and current judicial assistants; the names, 90 home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, and places of 91 employment of the spouses and children of current or former 92 justices and judges and current judicial assistants; and the names and locations of schools and day care facilities attended 93 94 by the children of current or former justices and judges and 95 current judicial assistants are exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. This sub-subparagraph 96 97 is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in 98 accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 99 2028, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment 100 by the Legislature.

The home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, 101 f. 102 and photographs of current or former state attorneys, assistant 103 state attorneys, statewide prosecutors, or assistant statewide 104 prosecutors; the names, home addresses, telephone numbers, 105 photographs, dates of birth, and places of employment of the 106 spouses and children of current or former state attorneys, 107 assistant state attorneys, statewide prosecutors, or assistant 108 statewide prosecutors; and the names and locations of schools 109 and day care facilities attended by the children of current or 110 former state attorneys, assistant state attorneys, statewide 111 prosecutors, or assistant statewide prosecutors are exempt from 112 s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.

g. The home addresses, dates of birth, and telephone numbers of general magistrates, special magistrates, judges of compensation claims, administrative law judges of the Division of Administrative Hearings, and child support enforcement

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585-01998-25 2025268c1 117 hearing officers; the names, home addresses, telephone numbers, 118 dates of birth, and places of employment of the spouses and children of general magistrates, special magistrates, judges of 119 120 compensation claims, administrative law judges of the Division 121 of Administrative Hearings, and child support enforcement 122 hearing officers; and the names and locations of schools and day 123 care facilities attended by the children of general magistrates, 124 special magistrates, judges of compensation claims, administrative law judges of the Division of Administrative 125 126 Hearings, and child support enforcement hearing officers are 127 exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State 128 Constitution.

129 h. The home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, 130 and photographs of current or former human resource, labor 131 relations, or employee relations directors, assistant directors, 132 managers, or assistant managers of any local government agency 133 or water management district whose duties include hiring and 134 firing employees, labor contract negotiation, administration, or 135 other personnel-related duties; the names, home addresses, 136 telephone numbers, dates of birth, and places of employment of 137 the spouses and children of such personnel; and the names and 138 locations of schools and day care facilities attended by the 139 children of such personnel are exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 140 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.

i. The home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth,
and photographs of current or former code enforcement officers;
the names, home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth,
and places of employment of the spouses and children of such
personnel; and the names and locations of schools and day care

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585-01998-25 2025268c1 146 facilities attended by the children of such personnel are exempt 147 from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State 148 Constitution. 149 j. The home addresses, telephone numbers, places of 150 employment, dates of birth, and photographs of current or former quardians ad litem, as defined in s. 39.01; the names, home 151 152 addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, and places of 153 employment of the spouses and children of such persons; and the names and locations of schools and day care facilities attended 154 155 by the children of such persons are exempt from s. 119.07(1) and 156 s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. 157 k. The home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, 158 and photographs of current or former juvenile probation 159 officers, juvenile probation supervisors, detention 160 superintendents, assistant detention superintendents, juvenile 161 justice detention officers I and II, juvenile justice detention 162 officer supervisors, juvenile justice residential officers, 163 juvenile justice residential officer supervisors I and II, 164 juvenile justice counselors, juvenile justice counselor 165 supervisors, human services counselor administrators, senior

166 human services counselor administrators, rehabilitation 167 therapists, and social services counselors of the Department of 168 Juvenile Justice; the names, home addresses, telephone numbers, 169 dates of birth, and places of employment of spouses and children 170 of such personnel; and the names and locations of schools and 171 day care facilities attended by the children of such personnel 172 are exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. 173

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1. The home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth,

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188 The home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, m. 189 and photographs of current or former investigators or inspectors 190 of the Department of Business and Professional Regulation; the 191 names, home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, and 192 places of employment of the spouses and children of such current 193 or former investigators and inspectors; and the names and 194 locations of schools and day care facilities attended by the 195 children of such current or former investigators and inspectors 196 are exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State 197 Constitution.

198 n. The home addresses, telephone numbers, and dates of 199 birth of county tax collectors; the names, home addresses, 200 telephone numbers, dates of birth, and places of employment of 201 the spouses and children of such tax collectors; and the names 202 and locations of schools and day care facilities attended by the 203 children of such tax collectors are exempt from s. 119.07(1) and

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204 s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution.

205 o. The home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, 206 and photographs of current or former personnel of the Department 207 of Health whose duties include, or result in, the determination 208 or adjudication of eligibility for social security disability 209 benefits, the investigation or prosecution of complaints filed 210 against health care practitioners, or the inspection of health 211 care practitioners or health care facilities licensed by the 212 Department of Health; the names, home addresses, telephone 213 numbers, dates of birth, and places of employment of the spouses 214 and children of such personnel; and the names and locations of 215 schools and day care facilities attended by the children of such 216 personnel are exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of 217 the State Constitution.

218 p. The home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, 219 and photographs of current or former impaired practitioner 220 consultants who are retained by an agency or current or former 221 employees of an impaired practitioner consultant whose duties 222 result in a determination of a person's skill and safety to 223 practice a licensed profession; the names, home addresses, 224 telephone numbers, dates of birth, and places of employment of 225 the spouses and children of such consultants or their employees; 226 and the names and locations of schools and day care facilities 227 attended by the children of such consultants or employees are 228 exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State 229 Constitution.

q. The home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth,
and photographs of current or former emergency medical
technicians or paramedics certified under chapter 401; the

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585-01998-25 2025268c1 233 names, home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, and 234 places of employment of the spouses and children of such 235 emergency medical technicians or paramedics; and the names and 236 locations of schools and day care facilities attended by the 237 children of such emergency medical technicians or paramedics are 238 exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State 239 Constitution. 240 r. The home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, and photographs of current or former personnel employed in an 241 242 agency's office of inspector general or internal audit 243 department whose duties include auditing or investigating waste, 244 fraud, abuse, theft, exploitation, or other activities that 245 could lead to criminal prosecution or administrative discipline; the names, home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, 246 247 and places of employment of spouses and children of such 248 personnel; and the names and locations of schools and day care 249 facilities attended by the children of such personnel are exempt 250 from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State 251 Constitution.

252 s. The home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, 253 and photographs of current or former directors, managers, 254 supervisors, nurses, and clinical employees of an addiction 255 treatment facility; the home addresses, telephone numbers, 256 photographs, dates of birth, and places of employment of the 257 spouses and children of such personnel; and the names and 258 locations of schools and day care facilities attended by the 259 children of such personnel are exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 260 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. For purposes of this 261 sub-subparagraph, the term "addiction treatment facility" means

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585-01998-25 2025268c1 262 a county government, or agency thereof, that is licensed 263 pursuant to s. 397.401 and provides substance abuse prevention, 264 intervention, or clinical treatment, including any licensed 265 service component described in s. 397.311(27). 266 t. The home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, 267 and photographs of current or former directors, managers, 268 supervisors, and clinical employees of a child advocacy center that meets the standards of s. 39.3035(2) and fulfills the 269 270 screening requirement of s. 39.3035(3), and the members of a 271 Child Protection Team as described in s. 39.303 whose duties 272 include supporting the investigation of child abuse or sexual 273 abuse, child abandonment, child neglect, and child exploitation 274 or to provide services as part of a multidisciplinary case 275 review team; the names, home addresses, telephone numbers, 276 photographs, dates of birth, and places of employment of the 277 spouses and children of such personnel and members; and the 278 names and locations of schools and day care facilities attended 279 by the children of such personnel and members are exempt from s. 280 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. 281 u. The home addresses, telephone numbers, places of 282 employment, dates of birth, and photographs of current or former 283 staff and domestic violence advocates, as defined in s. 284 90.5036(1)(b), of domestic violence centers certified by the 285 Department of Children and Families under chapter 39; the names, home addresses, telephone numbers, places of employment, dates 286 287 of birth, and photographs of the spouses and children of such 288 personnel; and the names and locations of schools and day care 289 facilities attended by the children of such personnel are exempt

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from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State

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291 Constitution.

292 v. The home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, 293 and photographs of current or former inspectors or investigators 294 of the Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services; the 295 names, home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, and 296 places of employment of the spouses and children of current or 297 former inspectors or investigators; and the names and locations 298 of schools and day care facilities attended by the children of 299 current or former inspectors or investigators are exempt from s. 300 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution. This 301 sub-subparagraph is subject to the Open Government Sunset Review 302 Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on 303 October 2, 2028, unless reviewed and saved from repeal through 304 reenactment by the Legislature.

305 w. The home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, and photographs of current county attorneys, assistant county 306 307 attorneys, deputy county attorneys, city attorneys, assistant 308 city attorneys, and deputy city attorneys; the names, home 309 addresses, telephone numbers, photographs, dates of birth, and 310 places of employment of the spouses and children of current 311 county attorneys, assistant county attorneys, deputy county 312 attorneys, city attorneys, assistant city attorneys, and deputy 313 city attorneys; and the names and locations of schools and day 314 care facilities attended by the children of current county 315 attorneys, assistant county attorneys, deputy county attorneys, city attorneys, assistant city attorneys, and deputy city 316 317 attorneys are exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of 318 the State Constitution. This exemption does not apply to a 319 county attorney, assistant county attorney, deputy county

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585-01998-25 2025268c1 320 attorney, city attorney, assistant city attorney, or deputy city 321 attorney who qualifies as a candidate for election to public 322 office. This sub-subparagraph is subject to the Open Government 323 Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2029, unless reviewed and saved from 324 325 repeal through reenactment by the Legislature. 326 The home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, х. 327 and photographs of current or former commissioners of the

328 Florida Gaming Control Commission; the names, home addresses, 329 telephone numbers, dates of birth, photographs, and places of employment of the spouses and children of such current or former 330 331 commissioners; and the names and locations of schools and day 332 care facilities attended by the children of such current or 333 former commissioners are exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), 334 Art. I of the State Constitution. This sub-subparagraph is 335 subject to the Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance 336 with s. 119.15 and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2029, 337 unless reviewed and saved from repeal through reenactment by the 338 Legislature.

339 y. The home addresses, telephone numbers, dates of birth, 340 and photographs of current clerks of the circuit court, deputy 341 clerks of the circuit court, and clerk of the circuit court 342 personnel; the names, home addresses, telephone numbers, dates 343 of birth, and places of employment of the spouses and children 344 of current clerks of the circuit court, deputy clerks of the circuit court, and clerk of the circuit court personnel; and the 345 346 names and locations of schools and day care facilities attended 347 by the children of current clerks of the circuit court, deputy clerks of the circuit court, and clerk of the circuit court 348

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349	personnel are exempt from s. 119.07(1) and s. 24(a), Art. I of
350	the State Constitution. This sub-subparagraph is subject to the
351	Open Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15
352	and shall stand repealed on October 2, 2029, unless reviewed and
353	saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature.
354	z.(I) As used in this sub-subparagraph, the term:
355	(A) "Partial home addresses" means the dwelling location at
356	which an individual resides and includes the physical address,
357	mailing address, street address, parcel identification number,
358	plot identification number, legal property description,
359	neighborhood name and lot number, GPS coordinates, and any other
360	descriptive property information that may reveal the partial
361	home address, except for the city and zip code.
362	(B) "Public officer" means a person who holds one of the
363	following offices: Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Chief
364	Financial Officer, Attorney General, Agriculture Commissioner,
365	State Representative, State Senator, Property Appraiser,
366	Supervisor of Elections, School Superintendent, School Board
367	Member, Mayor, City Commissioner, or County Commissioner.
368	(II) The following information is exempt from s. 119.07(1)
369	and s. 24(a), Art. I of the State Constitution:
370	(A) The partial home addresses of a current public officer,
371	his or her spouse, and his or her adult child.
372	(B) The telephone numbers of a current public officer, his
373	or her spouse, and his or her adult child.
374	(C) The name, home addresses, telephone numbers, and date
375	of birth of a minor child of a current public officer and the
376	name and location of the school or day care facility attended by
377	the minor child.

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585-01998-25 2025268c1 378 (III) This sub-subparagraph is subject to the Open 379 Government Sunset Review Act in accordance with s. 119.15 and 380 shall stand repealed on October 2, 2030, unless reviewed and 381 saved from repeal through reenactment by the Legislature. 382 3.a. An agency that is the custodian of the information 383 specified in subparagraph 2. and that is not the employer of the 384 officer, employee, justice, judge, or other person specified in 385 subparagraph 2. must maintain the exempt status of that 386 information only if the officer, employee, justice, judge, other 387 person, or employing agency of the designated employee submits a 388 written and notarized request for maintenance of the exemption 389 to the custodial agency. The request must state under oath the 390 statutory basis for the individual's exemption request and 391 confirm the individual's status as a party eligible for exempt 392 status. 393 b. An agency that is the custodian of information specified 394 in sub-subparagraph 2.z. and that is not the employer of the 395 public officer or other person specified in sub-subparagraph 396 2.z. must maintain the exempt status of that information only if 397 an individual who requests the maintenance of an exemption 398 pursuant to sub-subparagraph 2.z. on the basis of eligibility as 399 a current public officer, his or her spouse, or his or her child 400 submits, as part of the written and notarized request required by sub-subparagraph a., the date of the public officer's 401 402 election or appointment to public office, the date on which that 403 office is next subject to election, and, if applicable, the date 404 on which the current public officer's child reaches the age of 405 majority. The custodian must maintain an exemption granted 406 pursuant to sub-subparagraph 2.z. until the qualifying

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585-01998-25 2025268c1 407 conditions for the exemption no longer apply to the person 408 subject to the exemption. 409 4.a. A county property appraiser, as defined in s. 410 192.001(3), or a county tax collector, as defined in s. 411 192.001(4), who receives a written and notarized request for 412 maintenance of the exemption pursuant to subparagraph 3. must 413 comply by removing the name of the individual with exempt status 414 and the instrument number or Official Records book and page 415 number identifying the property with the exempt status from all 416 publicly available records maintained by the property appraiser 417 or tax collector. For written requests received on or before 418 July 1, 2021, a county property appraiser or county tax 419 collector must comply with this sub-subparagraph by October 1, 420 2021. A county property appraiser or county tax collector may 421 not remove the street address, legal description, or other 422 information identifying real property within the agency's 423 records so long as a name or personal information otherwise 424 exempt from inspection and copying pursuant to this section is 425 not associated with the property or otherwise displayed in the 426 public records of the agency.

b. Any information restricted from public display,
inspection, or copying under sub-subparagraph a. must be
provided to the individual whose information was removed.

5. An officer, an employee, a justice, a judge, or other person specified in subparagraph 2. may submit a written request for the release of his or her exempt information to the custodial agency. The written request must be notarized and must specify the information to be released and the party authorized to receive the information. Upon receipt of the written request,

Page 15 of 18

585-01998-25 2025268c1 436 the custodial agency must release the specified information to 437 the party authorized to receive such information. 438 6. The exemptions in this paragraph apply to information 439 held by an agency before, on, or after the effective date of the 440 exemption. 441 7. Information made exempt under this paragraph may be 442 disclosed pursuant to s. 28.2221 to a title insurer authorized 443 pursuant to s. 624.401 and its affiliates as defined in s. 444 624.10; a title insurance agent or title insurance agency as 445 defined in s. 626.841(1) or (2), respectively; or an attorney duly admitted to practice law in this state and in good standing 446 447 with The Florida Bar. 8. The exempt status of a home address contained in the 448 449 Official Records is maintained only during the period when a

450 protected party resides at the dwelling location. Upon 451 conveyance of real property after October 1, 2021, and when such 452 real property no longer constitutes a protected party's home 453 address as defined in sub-subparagraph 1.a., the protected party 454 must submit a written request to release the removed information 455 to the county recorder. The written request to release the 456 removed information must be notarized, must confirm that a 457 protected party's request for release is pursuant to a 458 conveyance of his or her dwelling location, and must specify the 459 Official Records book and page, instrument number, or clerk's 460 file number for each document containing the information to be 461 released.

462 9. Upon the death of a protected party as verified by a
463 certified copy of a death certificate or court order, any party
464 can request the county recorder to release a protected

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CS for SB 268

	585-01998-25 2025268c1
465	decedent's removed information unless there is a related request
466	on file with the county recorder for continued removal of the
467	decedent's information or unless such removal is otherwise
468	prohibited by statute or by court order. The written request to
469	release the removed information upon the death of a protected
470	party must attach the certified copy of a death certificate or
471	court order and must be notarized, must confirm the request for
472	release is due to the death of a protected party, and must
473	specify the Official Records book and page number, instrument
474	number, or clerk's file number for each document containing the
475	information to be released. A fee may not be charged for the
476	release of any document pursuant to such request.
477	Section 2. The Legislature finds that it is a public
478	necessity that the partial home addresses and telephone numbers
479	of current public officers, their spouses, and their adult
480	children; the names, home addresses, telephone numbers, and
481	dates of birth of the minor children of such officers; and the
482	names and locations of schools and day care facilities attended
483	by the minor children of such officers be made exempt from s.
484	119.07(1), Florida Statutes, and s. 24(a), Article I of the
485	State Constitution. Public officers are often confronted with
486	making difficult and impactful policy decisions. As a result,
487	public officers and their families may receive threats,
488	including, but not limited to, verbal threats, harassment, and
489	intimidation, while carrying out their official duties.
490	Vulnerability to such threats may discourage residents of this
491	state from seeking elected office in order to protect themselves
492	and their families. The Legislature further finds that the harm
493	that may result from the release of such personal identifying

Page 17 of 18

585	5-01	998	8-25									20	2526
anc	d lo	ocat	ion	int	forma	tion	outwei	ghs a	ny publ	ic ber	nef	it that	may
be	der	rive	d f	rom	the	discl	osure	of th	e infor	matior	1.		
	S	Sect	ion	3.	This	s act	shall	take	effect	July	1,	2025.	



The Florida Senate

Committee Agenda Request

To:	Senator Stan McClain, Chair
	Committee on Community Affairs

Subject: Committee Agenda Request

Date: February 19, 2025

I respectfully request that **Senate Bill #268**, relating to Public Records/Public Officers, be placed on the:



committee agenda at your earliest possible convenience.



next committee agenda.

Senator Shevrin D. "Shev" Jones Florida Senate, District 34

-17	T	The Florida Senat	e			
3	125	APPEARANCE R	ECORD	SB 268		
_Ũ	Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of this for Senate professional staff conducting		Bill Number or Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable)		
Name	Bobby	BLOCK	Phone 321	794 7776		
Address	Street	Park Ave	Email 66/02	Kefloridfaf. og		
	TALIAHASSE	State Zip	-			
	Speaking: Speaking:	Against 🗌 Information OR Wa	aive Speaking:	In Support 🗌 Against		
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:					
	m appearing without mpensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:		I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:		

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Senate	1
3/25/25 Meeting Date Community Affenivs	APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	CS/SB 268 Bill Number or Topic
Name <u>Amy Keith</u>	Phone	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address 333 3rd Ave N	Email	Keithe Common cause, org
St Petersburg FC City State Speaking: For Against	Zip Zip Information OR Waive Speaking:	: 🗌 In Support 📄 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing: Common Cause	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

			The Florida Ser	nate	
March	25, 2025	APP	EARANCE	268	
Comn	Meeting Date	Senate	Deliver both copies of thi professional staff conduct	Bill Number or Topic	
	Committee				Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name	Pamela Burch Fo	rt		850-4 Phone	25-1344
Address		treet		Email	obby@aol.com
	Street Tallahassee City	FL State	32301 Zip		Reset Form
	Speaking: DFor	Against 🔲 Infor	mation OR	Waive Speaking:	🔲 In Support Iv Against
		PLEASE	CHECK ONE OF TH	E FOLLOWING:	
	n appearing without opensation or sponsorship.	re	am a registered lobbyist, epresenting: I America FL		I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date li	sted below.)
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	Prepared	By: The F	Professional Staff	f of the Committee	on Community Affairs
BILL:	SB 482				
INTRODUCER:	Senator DiC	eglie			
SUBJECT:	Local Gover	mment			
DATE:	March 24, 24	025	REVISED:		
ANAL	YST	STAF	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
. Hackett		Flemi	ng	CA	Pre-meeting
2				FT	
3.				RC	

I. Summary:

SB 482 provides that a county or municipality may not require an applicant to install, pay a fee for, or reimburse the costs of a work of art as a condition of processing or issuing a development permit or order.

The bill provides a definition of "extraordinary circumstance" for the purposes of raising impact fees beyond the statutorily prescribed percentage. The bill's definition is based on a twenty five percent increase in local permanent population estimates.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2025.

II. Present Situation:

Land Development Regulations

Comprehensive plans are implemented via land development regulations. Land development regulations are ordinances enacted by governing bodies for the regulation of any aspect of development and includes any local government zoning, rezoning, subdivision, building construction, or sign regulations or any other regulations controlling the development of land.¹

Each county and municipality must adopt and enforce land development regulations which are consistent with and implement their adopted comprehensive plan.² Local governments are encouraged to use innovative land development regulations³ and may adopt measures for the purpose of increasing affordable housing using land-use mechanisms.⁴ Land development

¹ Section 163.3164, F.S.

² Section 163.3202, F.S.

³ Section 163.3202(3), F.S.

⁴ Sections 125.01055 and 166.04151, F.S.

regulations relating to all public and private development, including special district projects, must be consistent with the local comprehensive plan.⁵

Local Government Preemption

The Florida Constitution grants local governments home rule authority. Specifically, non-charter county governments may exercise those powers of self-government that are provided by general or special law.⁶ Those counties operating under a county charter have all powers of local self-government not inconsistent with general law or special law approved by the vote of the electors.⁷ Likewise, municipalities have those governmental, corporate, and proprietary powers that enable them to conduct municipal government, perform their functions and provide services, and exercise any power for municipal purposes, except as otherwise provided by law.⁸ A local government enactment may be inconsistent with state law if (1) the Legislature has preempted a particular subject area or (2) the local enactment conflicts with a state statute. Where state preemption applies, it precludes a local government from exercising authority in that particular area.⁹

Public Art Requirements

Some local governments require that developments of a certain size invest in, either through installation or funding, public art. Currently this practice is not regulated by state law. As an example, the city of West Palm Beach requires that private development exceeding \$500,000 in total value either install artwork on the development site valued in an amount not less than one percent of the total construction costs, or make a contribution equaling 0.75 percent of construction costs to the local government's public art account.¹⁰

Local Government Impact Fees

In Florida, impact fees are imposed pursuant to local legislation and are generally charged as a condition for the issuance of a project's building permit. The principle behind the imposition of impact fees is to transfer to new users of a government-owned system a fair share of the costs the new use of the system involves.¹¹ Impact fees have become an accepted method of paying for public improvements that must be constructed to serve new growth.¹² In order for an impact fee to be a constitutional user fee and not an unconstitutional tax, the fee must meet a dual rational nexus test, in that the local government must demonstrate the impact fee is proportional and reasonably connected to, or has a rational nexus with:

• The need for additional capital facilities and the increased impact generated by the new residential or commercial construction; and

⁵ See ss. 163.3161(6) and 163.3194(1)(a), F.S.

⁶ FLA. CONST. art. VIII, s. 1(f).

⁷ FLA. CONST. art. VIII, s. 1(g).

⁸ FLA. CONST. art. VIII, s. 2(b). See also s. 166.021(1), F.S.

⁹ See James R. Wolf and Sarah Harley Bolinder, *The Effectiveness of Home Rule: A Preemption and Conflict Analysis*, Fla. B.J. 92 (June 2009) *available at* <u>https://www.floridabar.org/the-florida-bar-journal/the-effectiveness-of-home-rule-a-preemption-and-conflict-analysis/</u> (last visited Mar. 24, 2025).

¹⁰ West Palm Beach, Florida, Code of Ordinances Section 78-129 – Public art assessment for private development.

¹¹ Contractors & Builders Ass'n of Pinellas County v. City of Dunedin, 329 So. 2d 314, 317-318 (Fla. 1976).

¹² St. Johns County v. Ne. Florida Builders Ass'n, Inc., 583 So. 2d 635, 638 (Fla. 1991); s. 163.31801(2), F.S.

• The expenditure of the funds collected and the benefits accruing to the new residential or nonresidential construction.¹³

Impact fee calculations vary from jurisdiction to jurisdiction and from fee to fee. Impact fees also vary extensively depending on local costs, capacity needs, resources, and the local government's determination to charge the full cost or only part of the cost of the infrastructure improvement through utilization of the impact fee.

Impact Fee Increases

Section 163.31801(6), F.S., provides limitations on impact fee increases imposed by a local government, school district, or special district. An impact fee may increase only pursuant to a plan for the imposition, collection, and use of the increased impact fees as follows:

- An impact fee increase of not more than 25 percent of the current rate must be implemented in two equal annual increments beginning with the date on which the increased fee is adopted.
- If the increase in rate is between 25 and 50 percent of the current rate, the increase must be implemented in four equal annual installments.
- No impact fee increase may exceed 50 percent of the current impact fee rate.
- An impact fee may not be increased more than once every four years.
- An impact fee may not be increased retroactively for a previous or current fiscal or calendar year.

A local government, school district, or special district may increase an impact fee rate beyond these phase-in limitations if a local government, school district, or special district:

- Completes, within the 12-month period before the adoption of the impact fee increase, a demonstrated-need study justifying the increase and expressly demonstrating the *extraordinary circumstances* necessitating the need to exceed the limitations;
- Holds at least two publicly noticed workshops dedicated to the extraordinary circumstances necessitating the need to exceed the limitations; and
- Approves the impact fee increase ordinance by at least a two-thirds vote of the governing body.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Sections 1 and 3 amend ss. 125.022 and 166.033, F.S., to provide that a county or municipality, respectively, may not require an applicant to install, pay a fee for, or reimburse the costs of a work of art as a condition of processing or issuing a development permit or order.

Section 2 amends s. 163.31801, F.S., to provide a definition of "extraordinary circumstance" for the purposes of raising impact fees beyond the statutorily prescribed percentage.

• For a county, an extraordinary circumstance is when the permanent population estimate determined for the county by the University of Florida Bureau of Economic and Business Research is at least 1.25 times the 5-year high-series population projection for the county as published immediately before the year of the population estimate.

¹³ See St. Johns County at 637. Codified at s. 163.31801(3)(f) and (g), F.S.

• For a municipality, an extraordinary circumstance is when the municipality is located within a county experiencing extraordinary circumstances as above, and the municipality demonstrates that it has maintained a proportionate share of population growth over the preceding 5 years.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2025.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes:125.022, 163.31801, and 166.033.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

By Senator DiCeglie

	18-01476-25 2025482
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to local government; amending s.
3	125.022, F.S.; prohibiting a county from requiring an
4	applicant to take certain actions as a condition of
5	processing a development permit or development order;
6	amending s. 163.31801, F.S.; defining the term
7	"extraordinary circumstances"; requiring that a
8	demonstrated-need study include certain information;
9	amending s. 166.033, F.S.; prohibiting a municipality
10	from requiring an applicant to take certain actions as
11	a condition of processing a development permit or
12	development order; providing an effective date.
13	
14	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
15	
16	Section 1. Subsection (8) is added to section 125.022,
17	Florida Statutes, to read:
18	125.022 Development permits and orders
19	(8) A county may not as a condition of processing or
20	issuing a development permit or development order require an
21	applicant to install a work of art, pay a fee for a work of art,
22	or reimburse the county for any costs that the county may incur
23	related to a work of art.
24	Section 2. Present paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (3)
25	of section 163.31801, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as
26	paragraphs (b) and (c), respectively, a new paragraph (a) is
27	added to that subsection, and paragraph (g) of subsection (6) of
28	that section is amended, to read:
29	163.31801 Impact fees; short title; intent; minimum

Page 1 of 3

	18-01476-25 2025482
30	requirements; audits; challenges
31	(3) For purposes of this section, the term:
32	(a) "Extraordinary circumstances" means:
33	1. For a county, that the permanent population estimate
34	determined for the county by the University of Florida Bureau of
35	Economic and Business Research is at least 1.25 times the 5-year
36	high-series population projection for the county as published by
37	the University of Florida Bureau of Economic and Business
38	Research immediately before the year of the population estimate;
39	or
40	2. For a municipality, that the municipality is located
41	within a county with such a permanent population estimate and
42	the municipality demonstrates that it has maintained a
43	proportionate share of the county's population growth during the
44	preceding 5-year period.
45	(6) A local government, school district, or special
46	district may increase an impact fee only as provided in this
47	subsection.
48	(g) A local government, school district, or special
49	district may increase an impact fee rate beyond the phase-in
50	limitations established under paragraph (b), paragraph (c),
51	paragraph (d), or paragraph (e) by establishing the need for
52	such increase in full compliance with the requirements of
53	subsection (4), provided the following criteria are met:
54	1. A demonstrated-need study justifying any increase in
55	excess of those authorized in paragraph (b), paragraph (c),
56	paragraph (d), or paragraph (e) has been completed within the 12
57	months before the adoption of the impact fee increase and
58	expressly demonstrates the extraordinary circumstances
	Page 2 of 3

	18-01476-25 2025482
59	necessitating the need to exceed the phase-in limitations. The
60	demonstrated-need study must identify the specific projects that
61	will benefit, and how such projects will benefit, from exceeding
62	the phase-in limitations.
63	2. The local government jurisdiction has held not less than
64	two publicly noticed workshops dedicated to the extraordinary
65	circumstances necessitating the need to exceed the phase-in
66	limitations set forth in paragraph (b), paragraph (c), paragraph
67	(d), or paragraph (e).
68	3. The impact fee increase ordinance is approved by at
69	least a two-thirds vote of the governing body.
70	Section 3. Subsection (8) is added to section 166.033,
71	Florida Statutes, to read:
72	166.033 Development permits and orders
73	(8) A municipality may not as a condition of processing or
74	issuing a development permit or development order require an
75	applicant to install a work of art, pay a fee for a work of art,
76	or reimburse the municipality for any costs that the
77	municipality may incur related to a work of art.
78	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

Page 3 of 3



THE FLORIDA SENATE SENATOR NICK DICEGLIE District 18

Ben Albritton President of the Senate Jason Brodeur President Pro Tempore

March 6, 2025

Dear Chair McClain,

I respectfully request that **SB 482: Local Government** be placed on the agenda of the Committee on Community Affairs at your earliest convenience. If my office can be of any assistance to the committee, please do not hesitate to contact me at <u>DiCeglie.Nick@flsenate.gov</u> or (850) 487-5018. Thank you for your consideration.

Sincerely,

Nich DiCh.

Nick DiCeglie State Senator, District 18

Proudly Serving Pinellas County

Appropriations Committee on Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development, Chair ~ Governmental Oversight and Accountability, Vice Chair ~ Appropriations ~ Appropriations Committee on Agriculture, Environment, and General Government ~ Commerce and Tourism ~ Environment and Natural Resources ~ Judiciary ~ Rules ~ Joint Select Committee on Collective Bargaining

	The Florida Senate	
DE MAR DORF Meeting Date Community DSFAIRS	_ APPEARANCE RECOM Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic
<u>Community KILFAIRS</u> Committee	_	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name LEN RO	CIPPI Phone	9084033140
Address 5288 IW 8514 Street	97 Email	LMRWUU ROUTIOCK
City City	<u>3 44 7-6</u> State Zip	
Speaking: 🗌 For 🥂 Ag	gainst Information OR Waive.Spea	aking: 🗌 In Support 🔲 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOW	ING:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	l am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Senate	ITES			
3/25/25	APPEARANCE RECO				
COMUNIT Affair	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the me	Bill Number or Topic eting			
Committee		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)			
Name Rusty PAtow	Pho	ne 8.50-567-1073			
Address 1319 Thomas wood	ed Dr.NP Ema	il patton Q. Fhba. com			
Tallahassee Fe	Jesto				
Speaking: For Against		beaking: In Support 🗌 Against			
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:					
l am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:			
F10	rida Home Builders	Association			

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Senate	6 N 1			
3 25 25	APPEARANCE RECO	RD 482			
Community AFFAirs	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meetin	Bill Number or Topic			
Committee		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)			
Name David Cruz	Phone	701-3676			
Address P.O. Box 1757	Email	DCRUZ CFLCities. com			
TRILAhassee	FL 32302 ate Zip				
Speaking: Speaking: Agains	it Information OR Waive Spea	aking: 🗌 In Support 📃 Against			
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:					
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	Plam a registered lobbyist, representing: FloridA Leagre of Citles	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:			

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

			The Florida Sena	te	
Marc	h 25th	APPE	ARANCE R	ECO	RD 482
Com	Meeting Date TUNITY Affairs		Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting		
-	Committee				Amandmont Rarcodo (if applicable)
Name	Jennifer Jones			_ Phone	850.319.6993 (cell)
Address		et			info@flca.net
	Street	Ξ.	32420		
	City Speaking: For	State	Zip ation OR W	aive Spea	iking: In Support 🔲 Against
	appearing without		HECK ONE OF THE I n a registered lobbyist,	OLLOWI	am not a lobbyist, but received
con	npensation or sponsorship.	, cep	resenting:		something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by: I am the president of the state arts advocacy organization and am compensated in that role.

. .

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (Isenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

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 	Meeting Date	Ø	APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting		orm to	Bill Number or Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name	Matalia	r Vaiças	Cotto		Phone	
Address					Email	
	Street City Speaking: For	State		SO4 ^{Zip} OR w	— Vaive Speaking:	In Support Against
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:						
	n appearing without npensation or sponsorship.		I am a registe representing	ered lobbyist, I:		I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

b.

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules off (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

3 25 25	The Florida Ser APPEARANCE I		SB	482
Community Affairs	Deliver both copies of this Senate professional staff conduct			ill Number or Topic
Name JEFF Scala		Phone 727	Amendra 637	nent Barcode (if applicable)
Address 100 5 M.	Vou	_ EmailjSC	ah@fl-	-Countles.com
City City	FL 32301 State Zip			
	_/	Waive Speaking:	n Support	Against
> 8	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF TH	EFOLLOWING:	8 ¹¹	la -
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:		something	lobbyist, but received g of value for my appearance
Flori	de Association	of Country	(travel, me sponsored	eals, lodging, etc.),

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

			The Florida S	enate	
63	125/2025	APPI	EARANCE	RECORD	SB 482
(0	Meeting Date MMUNIN AFFAI	Senate	Deliver both copies of professional staff cond		Bill Number or Topic
	Committee			<u>A</u>	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name	Luke Nor	ris		Phone925	-457-5531
Address	3760 SV	v 40th St		Email Lukear	norris33@gmail.com
	City	FL State	33146 Zip		
	Speaking: For	Against 🗌 Inform	nation OR	Waive Speaking:	In Support 🔲 Against
-		PLEASE	CHECK ONE OF 1	THE FOLLOWING:	
	appearing without pensation or sponsorship.	1 1	m a registered lobbyi: presenting:	st,	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1, 2020-2022 Joint Rules of (Isenate.gov)

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	The Fl	orida Senate	$I \Omega$	(\cap)
2/25/25	APPEARA	NCE RECOR	DJG	482
Meeting Date		copies of this form to		Bill Number or Topic
COMM KATTy A	Senate professional	staff conducting the meeting		
Committee			A	mendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name 500 SI	nahady	Phone	561-4	14-7543
Address 630 Wist	Vizalsin 59	Email	i stor of	Stern house Collective
Tom 12 hussel	FL 32 State Ziu	-303		
Chy				
Speaking: Sor	Against 🗌 Information	OR Waive Speak	ing: 🗌 In Supp	oort 🗌 Against
	PLEASE CHECK O	NE OF THE FOLLOWIN	lG:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a register representing:	ed lobbyist,	sor (tra	n not a lobbyist, but received mething of value for my appearance avel, meals, lodging, etc.), onsored by: 、

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022. Joint Rules off (Isenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Sena	ate
3 25 25 Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of this for Senate professional staff conducting	orm to Bill Number or Topic
Community Affair Committee Name Brooke Der	<u></u>	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address 3371 Conde	en Rain Dr	Email Brownedemps agmail. com
Tamana Ssee	FL 32303 State Zip	
Speaking: Sor	Against Information OR W	Vaive Speaking: 🗌 In Support 🔲 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE	FOLLOWING:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	l am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate dov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

The Florida Senate	
U3/25/25 APPEARANCE RECORD J0482	
	nber or Topic
Committee Amendment Ba	arcode (if applicable)
Name Matalia Vargas Cotto Phone 561-888-9258	
Address <u>144 apple yard way</u> Email <u>info.greenhouse</u>	allective a
<u>Tallaliassee</u> J City State Zip	0.4
Speaking: For X Against Information OR Waive Speaking: In Support A	Against
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship. I am a registered lobbyist, representing: I am not a lobby something of va (travel, meals, low sponsored by:	lue for my appearance

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Senate	
3125/25 Meeting Date Community Affirs	APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	<u>H82</u> Bill Number or Topic
Name Daniel Martinez	Phone 30	Amendment Barcode (if applicable) 5 - 240 - 2917
Address 107 E. College Street Tallchasse FC City State	Aur. Email donar 32301 Zip	tinez@afpha.org
Speaking: For Against [Information OR Waive Speaking:	In Support 🗌 Against
M.1	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing: ans far prosper: Fy	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

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1 /	The Florida Senate	
325/25	APPEARANCE RECO	RD 482
Common of AST	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeti	Bill Number or Topic
Name 10015 RC	turdo Phone	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Zan P		
Address JO2 OVNES	FRAN GRECE Email	Loc 5002 Dad. com
Altomote Jein	165 PL 32714 State Zip	
Speaking: 🗌 For 🗌 Ag	gainst Information OR Waive Spe	aking: 🔽 In Support 🗌 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOW	/ING:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.),
	City of Altomate	sponsored by:
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While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. These who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (fisenate gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

. The Florida Senate		
Meeting Date Deli	ARANCE RECORD iver both copies of this form to fessional staff conducting the meeting	SB 482 Bill Number or Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Tationa Vazquez	Phone Phone	-603-1280
Address 13716 Varmouth Dr. Apt B Street Email Tation Vazquez 10 Iclaud.com Lellington FL 33414 State Zip		
Speaking: For Kapainst Information OR Waive Speaking: In Support Against		
I am appearing without	IECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: registered lobbyist, senting:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Senat	
<u>U32525</u> Meeting Date <u>Committee</u> Committee	APPEARANCE RE Deliver both copies of this forr Senate professional staff conducting t	m to Bill Number or Topic
Name Estefania tor	res	Phone 352 801 1939
Address <u>HI7S NW 17th F</u> Street Coral Springs FL City State	21ace <u>3301</u> Zip	Email <u>estefaniacroun@hotma</u>
Speaking: 🗌 For 🔀 Against 🗌	Information OR Wa	ive Speaking: 🗌 In Support 🔲 Against
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FO	OLLOWING: I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Senate	50162
365 85	APPEARANCE RECORD	004.02
Community Affairs	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic
Name P.G. Schafer	Phone	Amendment Barcode (if applicable) 352-362-3023
Address 20158W 43rd (Place Email pe	regee. recegnail. com
Ocala Fi	34471	
City State	<i>Zip</i> Information OR Waive Speaking	g: 🗌 In Support 📈 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	:
l am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

3/25/25 Appearance Record Meeting Date Appearance of this form to Committee Deliver both copies of this form to Committee Senate professional staff conducting the meeting Name Of top / Gadi//
Address Ides Browning Street Email Curaclify Charles Indianasce Ides Ides Ides Ides Ides Ides Speaking: For Against Information OR Waive Speaking: In Support Against
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship. I am a registered lobbyist, representing: I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by: I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship. I am a registered lobbyist, representing: I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules off (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Sen APPEARANCE I Deliver both copies of this Senate professional staff conduction	RECORD	H-J2 Bill Number or Topic
Name <u>Mark</u>	Jeffpies	Phone 40	Amendment Barcode (if applicable) 7 - <u>736 - <u>7555909</u></u>
Address 2015. Street ORlando	Posalind Ave F-L 32801 State Zip	Email <u>Ma R</u>	K. jeffriès@ocFL. ne
Speaking: Sor	Against Information OR	Waive Speaking:	🗌 In Support 🔟 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE	E FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	i I am a registered lobbyist, representing: ORANGE Count	Ĵ.	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

¥	The Florida Senate	
3/25/2025 Meeting Date Community Affairs	APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	SBABZ Bill Number or Topic
Name Liz Smith	Phone	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address	Email	
City State Speaking: For Against		🗌 In Support 🛛 🗹 Against
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

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This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

Mar De Duor	The Florida Senate	
March as, 2025	APPEARANCE RECORD	58482
Community AFFAIrs	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic
Name NYKIA Grigo	Phone 22	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address 2915 SMYLY YO	Apt 231 Email No	Sgriggs 13 @ yahoo.com
Tallahasse FL City State	32312 Zip	18 ⁻¹⁰
Speaking: 🗌 For 📈 Against	Information OR Waive Speaking	g: 🗌 In Support 🔲 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	l am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022. Joint Rules off (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Senate		
312512025 Meeting Date	APPEARANCE REC Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the)	Bill Number or Topic
Committee	-		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Carol Bowen	P	none (954) 4	05-681
Address PO Buse Street	HHE E	mail <u>Chowen</u>	ecochanda com
Boce Ruten City	FL 3343i State Zip		
Speaking: For Ag	ainst 🗍 Information OR Waive	Speaking: In Sup	port Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOL	LOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	so (tr	m not a lobbyist, but received mething of value for my appearance avel, meals, lodging, etc.), onsored by:
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This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

		The Florida Senate		
03/25/2025	APPE	ARANCE REC	ORD SB	
Community	, e De	liver both copies of this form to fessional staff conducting the r	neeting	Bill Number or Topic
Committee	2		Ame	endment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Rajha J	lavis	Ph	one 720.789.3	600
Address <u>1601 S</u> Street	MCK Jr Blud	En	nail Royha T. dowis	Rfamy.edu
Tallahas	SCR FC State	Zip		
Speaking: [For Against Informa	tion OR Waive	Speaking: 🗌 In Suppor	t 🗖 Against
	PLEASE CH	IECK ONE OF THE FOLL	OWING:	
l am appearing without compensation or spons		a registered lobbyist, senting:	some (trave	not a lobbyist, but received thing of value for my appearance I, meals, lodging, etc.), fored by:

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â	t.		The Florid	a Senate		
63	25 202	2	APPEARAN	CE RECOP	RD	SB482
Com	Meeting Da	Hans	Deliver both copie Senate professional staff c		g	Bill [®] Number or Topic
	Committe	e		(x,y)		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name	- KAELIN	1 (Y) ARTIN		Phone	SCe1598	9058
Address	Flor	ida as m	x Vilvers	ty Email	info.gree	upouse collective
			323	24	U	guiail. Com
	City	State	Zip			
	Speaking: [For Against	Information O	R Waive Spea	iking: 🗌 In Su	upport 👰 Against
1	0		PLEASE CHECK ONE C	OF THE FOLLOWI	NG:	
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This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

03.25.25	The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECORD	SB 482
Community Affairs	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name LANG MUNDZ	Phone 30	5 090 6646
Address 410 K St Street	Email	
Lake North FL State	<u>33460</u> Zip	
Speaking: For Against	Information OR Waive Speaking:	In Support PAgainst
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
l am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	l am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by: FLSP

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11,045 and Joint Rule 1, 2020-2022 Joint Rules, pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Ser	nate	
32725 Meeting Date	APPEARANCE I Deliver both copies of this	s form to	SB462 Bill Number or Topic
Senate Community Affairs Committee	Senate professional staff conduct		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name VALELIS MENDEZ- JAMO	RA	- Phone $76 - 5$	26-1023
Address 1511 Szigr Are Street		_ Email Y.mend	ezzamon Ogmail.com
Verbucke Pines P. City State	33025 Zip		
Speaking: 🗌 For 🗌 Against	Information OR	Waive Speaking:	In Support 💢 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF TH	E FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	l am a registered lobbyist, representing:		I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by: Amunian I mind I Mind I

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules off (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Se	enate	
3/25/2025	APPEARANCE	RECORD	SB 482
Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of t		Bill Number or Topic
Community al	Senate professional staff condu		
Committee			Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Sherna	Brown	Phone 78	e 9.13 9.517
Address 1911 Jones	ees Or	Email Shew	NEL. Sprown 23@ gmanl.cer
Tallahassa	State Zip	>	
Speaking: For	Against Information OR	Waive Speaking:	In Support 🗹 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF T	HE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist representing:	t,	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

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This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	Prepared By: The	Professional Staff	of the Committee	on Community Affairs
BILL:	SB 674			
NTRODUCER:	Senator Wright			
SUBJECT:	Bonuses for Emplo	oyees of County	Tax Collectors a	nd Property Appraisers
DATE:	March 24, 2025	REVISED:		
DATE: ANAL		REVISED:	REFERENCE	ACTION
		AFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION Favorable
	YST STA	AFF DIRECTOR		

I. Summary:

SB 674 permits property appraisers, in addition to tax collectors, to budget for and pay a hiring or retention bonus to an employee if approved by the Department of Revenue.

The bill takes effect June 1, 2025.

II. Present Situation:

Compensation of County Officials

Article II, s. 5(c), of the Florida Constitution, requires the powers, duties, compensation and method of payment of state and county officers to be determined by general law.¹ Chapter 145, F.S., conveys legislative intent to provide uniform compensation of county officials that have substantially equal duties and responsibilities across different counties.² Chapter 145, F.S., outlines the salary schedules for specified county officials "based on a classification of counties according to each county's population."³

The salary schedules for the following county officers are provided in ss. 145.031- 145.11, F.S.: board of county commissioners, clerk of the circuit court, county comptroller, sheriff, supervisor of elections, property appraiser, and tax collector. Each county officer receives a salary of the amount indicated in the schedule, based on the population of the officer's respective county. Additional compensation is made "for population increments over the minimum for each population group, which shall be determined by multiplying the population in excess of the minimum for the group times the group rate."⁴

¹ FLA. CONST. art. II, s. 5(c).

² Section 145.011(3), F.S.

³ Section 145.011(4), F.S.

⁴ Sections 145.031, 145.051, 145.071, 145.09, 145.10 and 145.11, F.S.

Tax Collector and Property Appraiser Budgeting Process

Property appraisers and tax collectors share a budgeting process which, due to their constitutional roles as the revenue collectors, is overseen by the Department of Revenue, rather than their individual boards of county commissioners.⁵ Property appraisers and tax collectors submit budgets to the Department of Revenue, who review the budget requests and may recommend or require amendments as they see fit. Once approved by the Department of Revenue and finalized by the offices, these budgets must be funded by the offices' respective county commissions.

Bonuses and Severance Pay

Section 215.425, F.S., prohibits state employers from paying extra compensation after a service has been rendered or a contract made unless such compensation is allowed by a law enacted by two-thirds of the members elected to each house of the Legislature.

In 2022, the Legislature established the Law Enforcement Recruitment Bonus Payment Program, which administers one-time bonus payments of up to \$5,000 to newly employed officers in Florida, subject to legislative appropriation.⁶

In 2025, the Legislature enacted a provision permitting a tax collector to budget for and pay a hiring or retention bonus to an employee if such expenditure is approved by the Department of Revenue.⁷

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill amends s. 445.09, F.S., to permit property appraisers, in addition to tax collectors, to budget for and pay a hiring or retention bonus to an employee if such expenditure is approved in their budget by the Department of Revenue.

The bill takes effect June 1, 2025.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

⁵ See Section 195.087, F.S., this paragraph.

⁶ Section 445.08, F.S.

⁷ Section 445.09, F.S.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

Counties may have a negative fiscal impact to the extent that property appraisers take advantage of their ability to request bonus pay. Such expenditures must be approved by the Department of Revenue.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 445.09 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

By Senator Wright

<pre>12 read: 13 445.09 Bonuses for employees of <u>county</u> tax collectors <u>or</u></pre>		8-01551-25 2025674
collectors and property appraisers; amending s. 445.09, F.S.; authorizing specified county tax collectors or property appraisers to budget for and pay specified bonuses to employees, pending a specified approval; providing an effective date. 8 Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida: Section 1. Section 445.09, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 445.09 Bonuses for employees of <u>county</u> tax collectors <u>or</u> property appraisersNotwithstanding any other law, a county tax collector <u>or property appraiser</u> may budget for and pay a hiring or retention bonus to an employee if such expenditure is approved by the Department of Revenue in the respective budget of the <u>county</u> tax collector <u>or property appraiser</u> .	1	A bill to be entitled
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18 of the <u>county</u> tax collector <u>or property appraiser</u> .	16	or retention bonus to an employee if such expenditure is
	17	approved by the Department of Revenue in the respective budget
19 Section 2. This act shall take effect June 1, 2025.	18	of the <u>county</u> tax collector <u>or property appraiser</u> .
	19	Section 2. This act shall take effect June 1, 2025.

Page 1 of 1



The Florida Senate

Committee Agenda Request

Го:	Senator Stan McClain, Chair
	Committee on Community Affairs

Subject: Committee Agenda Request

Date: March 6, 2025

I respectfully request that **Senate Bill 674**, relating to Bonuses for Employees of County Tax Collectors & Property Appraisers, be placed on the:



committee agenda at your earliest possible convenience.



next committee agenda.

Thank you for your consideration.

1 pu A. Wright

Senator Tom A. Wright Florida Senate, District 8

3-25-25 Comm Affair	The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECOR Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic
Name Dana Bl	icley Phone	$\frac{321-514-3176}{514-3176}$
Address 400 South Street Titusville	FL 32780 State Zip Email	20na.blickey@ccpi0.v
Speaking: For A	gainst 🗌 Information OR Waive Speak	ting: 🗌 In Support 🔲 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWIN	\G:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	l am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Senate	
3/25/25 Meeting Date Common & Affense Committee	APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Loren Levy	Phone	850-219-0220
Address 1828 Diggms Street Tallahassee Fl	Romer Email	Herry & levy lawtox.com
City State	Zip	ng: 🔽 In Support 🗌 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING	G:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship. Proper	Appraisers ' Assin 20	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), F Florida

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Senate	е	
3-25-25	APPEARANCE RE	CORD	SB 674
Meeting Date Commonity Affairs	Deliver both copies of this forr Senate professional staff conducting t		Bill Number or Topic
Name <u>Bob</u> Henriquez	Hillsbucaugh PA	Phone 8/3-	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address 601 E. Ken	nedy Blud 15 PL	Email Hencig	ver BO HCPAPE, ORG-
Tompo 152 City Sta	33607 te Zip		
Speaking: 🗌 For 🗌 Agains	t 🗌 Information OR Wa	ive Speaking: 🖉 In S	Support 🗌 Against
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:			
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	Le le	am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:
		Hilbborg	ough County Property Appreser

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

Meeting Date	The Florida Senate EARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to professional staff conducting the meeting County Phone 727-9 Appraiser Email Intuit 33756 Zip Maive Speaking: In	B GOY Bill Number or Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable) SOY - SI88 Hyc pc pao.gov
I am appearing without	CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: m a registered lobbyist, presenting:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11,045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

(This document is base		ned in the legislation a	as of the latest date listed below.)
BILL:	SJR 748			
NTRODUCER:	Senators Simor	and Gaetz		
SUBJECT:	Homestead Pro	perty Exemption fo	r the Surviving S	Spouses of Certain Quadriplegics
DATE:	March 24, 2025	REVISED:		
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
. Shuler	F	leming	CA	Favorable
			FT	
			AP	

I. Summary:

SJR 748 proposes an amendment to the Florida Constitution to permit the legislature to provide ad valorem tax relief to the surviving spouse of a quadriplegic who was receiving a property tax exemption on their homestead property at the time of their death.

The Revenue Estimating Conference has not adopted an impact estimate for this bill.

If adopted by the Legislature, the proposed amendment will be submitted to Florida's electors for approval or rejection at the next general election in November 2026.

If approved by at least 60 percent of the electors, the proposed amendment will take effect on January 1, 2027.

II. Present Situation:

General Overview of Property Taxation

The ad valorem tax or "property tax" is an annual tax levied by counties, municipalities, school districts, and some special districts. The tax is based on the taxable value of a property as of January 1 of each year.¹ The property appraiser annually determines the "just value"² of property

¹ Both real property and tangible personal property are subject to tax. Section 192.001(12), F.S., defines "real property" as land, buildings, fixtures, and all other improvements to land. Section 192.001(11)(d), F.S., defines "tangible personal property" as all goods, chattels, and other articles of value capable of manual possession and whose chief value is intrinsic to the article itself.

² Property must be valued at "just value" for purposes of property taxation, unless the Florida Constitution provides otherwise. FLA. CONST. Art VII, s. 4. Just value has been interpreted by the courts to mean the fair market value that a willing buyer would pay a willing seller for the property in an arm's-length transaction. *See, e.g., Walter v. Schuler*, 176 So. 2d 81 (Fla. 1965); *Deltona Corp. v. Bailey*, 336 So. 2d 1163 (Fla. 1976); *S. Bell Tel. & Tel. Co. v. Dade Cnty.*, 275 So. 2d 4 (Fla. 1973).

within the taxing authority and then applies relevant exclusions, assessment limitations, and exemptions to determine the property's "taxable value."³ The state constitution prohibits the state from levying ad valorem taxes⁴ and it limits the Legislature's authority to provide for property valuations at less than just value, unless expressly authorized.⁵

Property Tax Exemptions for Homesteads

Statewide Homestead Exemption

Every person having legal or equitable title to real estate and who maintains a permanent residence on the real estate is deemed to establish homestead property. Homestead property is eligible for a \$25,000 tax exemption applicable to all ad valorem tax levies, including levies by school districts.⁶ An additional exemption applies to homestead property value between \$50,000 and \$75,000. This exemption is adjusted annually for inflation from the 2024 value of \$25,000 and does not apply to ad valorem taxes levied by school districts.⁷

Homestead Exemption for the Blind or Totally and Permanently Disabled

Article VII, s. 3(b) of the State Constitution, requires that general law establish an exemption of property tax for widows and widowers, and persons who are blind or totally and permanently disabled. Subsections (1) and (2) of s. 196.101, F.S., exempt the total value of a homestead used and owned by a person who has been certified⁸ as totally and permanently disabled, including any quadriplegic, paraplegic, or hemiplegic.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The joint resolution proposes an amendment to the Florida Constitution to permit the legislature to provide ad valorem tax relief to the surviving spouse of a quadriplegic who was receiving a property tax exemption on their homestead property at the time of their death.

If adopted by the Legislature, the proposed amendment will be submitted to Florida's electors for approval or rejection at the next general election in November 2026.

If approved by at least 60 percent of the electors, the proposed amendment will take effect on January 1, 2027.

³ See ss. 192.001(2) and (16), F.S.

⁴ FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 1(a).

⁵ See FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 4.

⁶ FLA. CONST. art VII, s. 6(a).

⁷ *Id.* The percent change in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100 is used to adjust the exemption, if such percent change is positive. *Id.* For the 2025 tax year, the exemption amount is \$25,722. *See* Volusia County Property Appraiser, Homestead Exemption, <u>https://vcpa.vcgov.org/exemption/homestead</u> (last visited Mar. 20, 2025).

⁸ Section 196.101(3), F.S., permits the use of certification from two licensed Florida doctors or from the United States Department of Veterans Affairs as proof of total and permanent disability.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

The mandate provisions in Article VII, section 18 of the Florida Constitution, do not apply to joint resolutions.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

Article XI, s. 1 of the Florida Constitution authorizes the Legislature to propose amendments to the Florida Constitution by joint resolution approved by a three-fifths vote of the membership of each house. Article XI, s. 5(a) of the Florida Constitution requires the amendment be placed before the electorate at the next general election⁹ held more than 90 days after the proposal has been filed with the Secretary of State or at a special election held for that purpose. Constitutional amendments submitted to the electors must be printed in clear and unambiguous language on the ballot.¹⁰

Article XI, s. 5(d) of the Florida Constitution requires proposed amendments or constitutional revisions to be published in a newspaper of general circulation in each county where a newspaper is published. The amendment or revision must be published once in the 10th week and again in the 6th week immediately preceding the week the election is held.

Article XI, s. 5(e) of the Florida Constitution requires approval by 60 percent of voters for a constitutional amendment to take effect. The amendment, if approved, becomes effective on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January following the election, or on such other date as may be specified in the amendment.

⁹ Section 97.021(17), F.S., defines "general election" as an election held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in the even-numbered years, for the purpose of filling national, state, county, and district offices and for voting on constitutional amendments not otherwise provided for by law.

¹⁰ Section 101.161(1), F.S.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

The Revenue Estimating Conference has not yet adopted an impact for this bill. However, the Conference reviewed similar legislation (HJR 163) and adopted a zero impact because it is a joint resolution proposing an amendment to be submitted to the voters, which is not self-executing.¹¹ However, if the joint resolution is approved by the electors, and the implementing bill, HB 165, becomes law, the Conference determined that the provisions would have a negative recurring impact on school tax revenue of \$0.4 million and \$0.7 million on non-school local government tax revenue beginning in Fiscal Year 2025-2026.¹²

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

Article XI, Section 5(d) of the Florida Constitution requires proposed amendments or constitutional revisions to be published in a newspaper of general circulation in each county where a newspaper is published. The amendment or revision must be published in the 10th week and again in the 6th week immediately preceding the week the election is held.

The Division of Elections (division) within the Department of State pays for publication costs to advertise all constitutional amendments in both English and Spanish, ¹³ typically paid from non-recurring General Revenue funds.¹⁴ Accurate cost estimates for the next constitutional amendment advertising cannot be determined until the total number of amendments to be advertised is known and updated quotes are obtained from newspapers.

There is an unknown additional cost for the printing and distributing of the constitutional amendments, in poster or booklet form, in English and Spanish, for each of the 67 Supervisors of Elections to post or make available at each polling room or each voting site, as required by s. 101.171, F.S. Historically, the division has printed and distributed booklets that include the ballot title, ballot summary, text of the constitutional amendment, and, if applicable, the financial impact statement.

¹¹ OFF. OF ECON. & DEMOGRAPHIC RSCH, *Revenue Estimating Conference Impact Results: HJR 163*, 6-8 (Feb. 7, 2025), *available at* <u>https://edr.state.fl.us/Content/conferences/revenueimpact/archives/2025/ pdf/page6-8.pdf</u> (last visited Mar. 20, 2025).

¹² OFF. OF ECON. & DEMOGRAPHIC RSCH, *Revenue Estimating Conference Impact Results: HB 165*, 9-11 (Feb. 7, 2025), *available at* <u>https://edr.state.fl.us/Content/conferences/revenueimpact/archives/2025/ pdf/page9-11.pdf</u> (last visited Mar. 20, 2025).

¹³ Pursuant to Section 203 of the Voting Rights Act (52 U.S.C.A. § 10503).

¹⁴ See, e.g., Ch. 2022-156, Specific Appropriation 3137, Laws of Fla.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This resolution substantially amends section 6, Article VII of the Florida Constitution.

This resolution also creates a new section in Article XII of the Florida Constitution.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

By Senator Simon

	3-01005-25 2025748
1	Senate Joint Resolution
2	A joint resolution proposing an amendment to Section 6
3	of Article VII and the creation of a new section in
4	Article XII of the State Constitution to authorize the
5	Legislature to provide for a homestead property tax
6	exemption for the surviving spouses of certain
7	quadriplegics.
8	
9	Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
10	
11	That the following amendment to Section 6 of Article VII
12	and the creation of a new section in Article XII of the State
13	Constitution are agreed to and shall be submitted to the
14	electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next
15	general election or at an earlier special election specifically
16	authorized by law for that purpose:
17	ARTICLE VII
18	FINANCE AND TAXATION
19	SECTION 6. Homestead exemptions
20	(a)(1) Every person who has the legal or equitable title to
21	real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the
22	owner, or another legally or naturally dependent upon the owner,
23	shall be exempt from taxation thereon, except assessments for
24	special benefits, as follows:
25	a. Up to the assessed valuation of twenty-five thousand
26	dollars; and
27	b. For all levies other than school district levies, on the
28	assessed valuation greater than fifty thousand dollars and up to
29	seventy-five thousand dollars,
	Page 1 of 7

3-01005-25

30

2025748

31 upon establishment of right thereto in the manner prescribed by 32 law. The real estate may be held by legal or equitable title, by the entireties, jointly, in common, as a condominium, or 33 34 indirectly by stock ownership or membership representing the 35 owner's or member's proprietary interest in a corporation owning 36 a fee or a leasehold initially in excess of ninety-eight years. 37 The exemption shall not apply with respect to any assessment roll until such roll is first determined to be in compliance 38 39 with the provisions of section 4 by a state agency designated by 40 general law. This exemption is repealed on the effective date of any amendment to this Article which provides for the assessment 41 42 of homestead property at less than just value.

43 The twenty-five thousand dollar amount of assessed (2) 44 valuation exempt from taxation provided in subparagraph (a)(1)b. shall be adjusted annually on January 1 of each year for 45 46 inflation using the percent change in the Consumer Price Index 47 for All Urban Consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100, or successor reports for the preceding calendar year as 48 49 initially reported by the United States Department of Labor, 50 Bureau of Labor Statistics, if such percent change is positive.

51 (3) The amount of assessed valuation exempt from taxation 52 for which every person who has the legal or equitable title to 53 real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the 54 owner, or another person legally or naturally dependent upon the owner, is eligible, and which applies solely to levies other 55 56 than school district levies, that is added to this constitution after January 1, 2025, shall be adjusted annually on January 1 57 of each year for inflation using the percent change in the 58

Page 2 of 7

3-01005-25 2025748 59 Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, U.S. City Average, 60 all items 1967=100, or successor reports for the preceding 61 calendar year as initially reported by the United States 62 Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, if such percent 63 change is positive, beginning the year following the effective date of such exemption. 64 65 (b) Not more than one exemption shall be allowed any 66 individual or family unit or with respect to any residential unit. No exemption shall exceed the value of the real estate 67 68 assessable to the owner or, in case of ownership through stock 69 or membership in a corporation, the value of the proportion 70 which the interest in the corporation bears to the assessed 71 value of the property. 72 (c) By general law and subject to conditions specified 73 therein, the Legislature may provide to renters, who are 74 permanent residents, ad valorem tax relief on all ad valorem tax 75 levies. Such ad valorem tax relief shall be in the form and 76 amount established by general law. 77 (d) The legislature may, by general law, allow counties or 78 municipalities, for the purpose of their respective tax levies 79 and subject to the provisions of general law, to grant either or 80 both of the following additional homestead tax exemptions:

(1) An exemption not exceeding fifty thousand dollars to a person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner, who has attained age sixty-five, and whose household income, as defined by general law, does not exceed twenty thousand dollars; or

86 (2) An exemption equal to the assessed value of the87 property to a person who has the legal or equitable title to

Page 3 of 7

	3-01005-25 2025748
88	real estate with a just value less than two hundred and fifty
89	thousand dollars, as determined in the first tax year that the
90	owner applies and is eligible for the exemption, and who has
91	maintained thereon the permanent residence of the owner for not
92	less than twenty-five years, who has attained age sixty-five,
93	and whose household income does not exceed the income limitation
94	prescribed in paragraph (1).
95	
96	The general law must allow counties and municipalities to grant
97	these additional exemptions, within the limits prescribed in
98	this subsection, by ordinance adopted in the manner prescribed
99	by general law, and must provide for the periodic adjustment of
100	the income limitation prescribed in this subsection for changes
101	in the cost of living.
102	(e)(1) Each veteran who is age 65 or older who is partially
103	or totally permanently disabled shall receive a discount from
104	the amount of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead
105	property the veteran owns and resides in if the disability was
106	combat related and the veteran was honorably discharged upon
107	separation from military service. The discount shall be in a
108	percentage equal to the percentage of the veteran's permanent,
109	service-connected disability as determined by the United States
110	Department of Veterans Affairs. To qualify for the discount
111	granted by this paragraph, an applicant must submit to the
112	county property appraiser, by March 1, an official letter from
113	the United States Department of Veterans Affairs stating the
114	percentage of the veteran's service-connected disability and
115	such evidence that reasonably identifies the disability as
116	combat related and a copy of the veteran's honorable discharge.

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SJR 748

3-01005-25 2025748 117 If the property appraiser denies the request for a discount, the 118 appraiser must notify the applicant in writing of the reasons 119 for the denial, and the veteran may reapply. The Legislature 120 may, by general law, waive the annual application requirement in 121 subsequent years. (2) If a veteran who receives the discount described in 122 123 paragraph (1) predeceases his or her spouse, and if, upon the 124 death of the veteran, the surviving spouse holds the legal or 125 beneficial title to the homestead property and permanently 126 resides thereon, the discount carries over to the surviving 127 spouse until he or she remarries or sells or otherwise disposes 128 of the homestead property. If the surviving spouse sells or 129 otherwise disposes of the property, a discount not to exceed the 130 dollar amount granted from the most recent ad valorem tax roll 131 may be transferred to the surviving spouse's new homestead 132 property, if used as his or her permanent residence and he or 133 she has not remarried. 134 (3) This subsection is self-executing and does not require 135 implementing legislation. 136 (f) By general law and subject to conditions and 137 limitations specified therein, the Legislature may provide ad 138 valorem tax relief equal to the total amount or a portion of the 139 ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead property to: 140 (1) The surviving spouse of a veteran who died from 141 service-connected causes while on active duty as a member of the 142 United States Armed Forces. 143 (2) The surviving spouse of a first responder who died in 144 the line of duty. 145 (3) A first responder who is totally and permanently

Page 5 of 7

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SJR 748

	3-01005-25 2025748
146	disabled as a result of an injury or injuries sustained in the
147	line of duty. Causal connection between a disability and service
148	in the line of duty shall not be presumed but must be determined
149	as provided by general law. For purposes of this paragraph, the
150	term "disability" does not include a chronic condition or
151	chronic disease, unless the injury sustained in the line of duty
152	was the sole cause of the chronic condition or chronic disease.
153	(4) The surviving spouse of a quadriplegic who was
154	receiving a property tax exemption on real estate used and owned
155	as a homestead at the time of the death of the quadriplegic.
156	
157	As used in this subsection and as further defined by general
158	law, the term "first responder" means a law enforcement officer,
159	a correctional officer, a firefighter, an emergency medical
160	technician, or a paramedic, and the term "in the line of duty"
161	means arising out of and in the actual performance of duty
162	required by employment as a first responder.
163	ARTICLE XII
164	SCHEDULE
165	Ad valorem tax exemption for surviving spouses of
166	quadriplegicsThis section and the amendment to Section 6 of
167	Article VII, authorizing the Legislature to provide for a
168	homestead property tax exemption for the surviving spouse of a
169	quadriplegic who was receiving a property tax exemption on real
170	estate used and owned as a homestead at the time of the death of
171	the quadriplegic, shall take effect January 1, 2027.
172	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be
173	placed on the ballot:
174	CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
I	

Page 6 of 7

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SJR 748

	3-01005-25 2025748
175	ARTICLE VII, SECTION 6
176	ARTICLE XII
177	ARTICLE ATT AD VALOREM TAX EXEMPTION FOR SURVIVING SPOUSES OF
178	QUADRIPLEGICSProposing an amendment to the State Constitution
179	to authorize the Legislature to provide for a property tax
180	exemption for the surviving spouse of a quadriplegic who was
181	receiving a property tax exemption on real estate used and owned
182	as a homestead at the time of his or her death. The amendment
183	takes effect January 1, 2027.

			The	e Florida Se	enate				
03/25/25		A	PPEAR	RANCE	SJR 748				
Com	Meeting Date munity Affairs		Deliver both copies of this fo Senate professional staff conducting				Bill Number or Topic		
1	Committee						Amendment Barcode (if applicable)		
Name	Akin Akinyemi					Phone			
Address	315 S Calhoun	St, 3rd Floo	3rd Floor			Email aakinyemi@leonpa.gov			
	Tallahassee	FL	11	32301					
	City Speaking: For	State] Information	Zip	Waiv	e Speakin <u>c</u>	g: 🚺 In Support 🔲 Against		
	n appearing without npensation or sponsorship.	P	LEASE CHEC	istered lobbyist		LOWING:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:		

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remover that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (fisenate gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	Prepared	By: The Professional	Staff of the Committee	on Community	Affairs				
BILL:	CS/SB 750								
INTRODUCER:	Community Affairs Committee and Senators Simon and Gaetz								
SUBJECT:	Tax Exemptions for Surviving Spouses of Quadriplegics								
DATE:	March 26, 2	025 REVISE	D:						
ANAL	YST	ST STAFF DIRECTOR			ACTION				
. Shuler	Fleming		CA	Fav/CS					
2.			FT						
•			AP						

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Technical Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 750 is linked to SJR 748, which proposes an amendment to the Florida Constitution to permit the legislature to provide ad valorem tax relief to the surviving spouse of a quadriplegic who was receiving a property tax exemption on their homestead property at the time of their death.

The bill amends the associated statutory provision to provide that if a quadriplegic receiving an ad valorem tax exemption under current law predeceases his or her spouse, and the surviving spouse owns the same property thereafter, the exemption carries over to the surviving spouse. The surviving spouse may carry over the exemption to a new residence provided he or she does not remarry.

The Revenue Estimating Conference has not adopted an impact estimate for this bill.

The bill will take effect on the effective date of the constitutional amendment proposed by SJR 748 or a similar joint resolution having substantially the same intent and purpose. If approved by the electors in the next general election in November 2026, the proposed amendment and this bill will take effect on January 1, 2027.

II. Present Situation:

General Overview of Property Taxation

The ad valorem tax or "property tax" is an annual tax levied by counties, municipalities, school districts, and some special districts. The tax is based on the taxable value of a property as of January 1 of each year.¹ The property appraiser annually determines the "just value"² of property within the taxing authority and then applies relevant exclusions, assessment limitations, and exemptions to determine the property's "taxable value."³ The state constitution prohibits the state from levying ad valorem taxes⁴ and it limits the Legislature's authority to provide for property valuations at less than just value, unless expressly authorized.⁵

Property Tax Exemptions for Homesteads

Statewide Homestead Exemption

Every person having legal or equitable title to real estate and who maintains a permanent residence on the real estate is deemed to establish homestead property. Homestead property is eligible for a \$25,000 tax exemption applicable to all ad valorem tax levies, including levies by school districts.⁶ An additional exemption applies to homestead property value between \$50,000 and \$75,000. This exemption is adjusted annually for inflation from the 2024 value of \$25,000 and does not apply to ad valorem taxes levied by school districts.⁷

Homestead Exemption for the Blind or Totally and Permanently Disabled

Article VII, s. 3(b) of the State Constitution, requires that general law establish an exemption of property tax for widows and widowers, and persons who are blind or totally and permanently disabled. Subsections (1) and (2) of s. 196.101, F.S., exempt the total value of a homestead used and owned by a person who has been certified⁸ as totally and permanently disabled, including any quadriplegic, paraplegic, or hemiplegic.

¹ Both real property and tangible personal property are subject to tax. Section 192.001(12), F.S., defines "real property" as land, buildings, fixtures, and all other improvements to land. Section 192.001(11)(d), F.S., defines "tangible personal property" as all goods, chattels, and other articles of value capable of manual possession and whose chief value is intrinsic to the article itself.

² Property must be valued at "just value" for purposes of property taxation, unless the Florida Constitution provides otherwise. FLA. CONST. Art VII, s. 4. Just value has been interpreted by the courts to mean the fair market value that a willing buyer would pay a willing seller for the property in an arm's-length transaction. *See, e.g., Walter v. Schuler,* 176 So. 2d 81 (Fla. 1965); *Deltona Corp. v. Bailey,* 336 So. 2d 1163 (Fla. 1976); *S. Bell Tel. & Tel. Co. v. Dade Cnty.,* 275 So. 2d 4 (Fla. 1973).

³ See ss. 192.001(2) and (16), F.S.

⁴ FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 1(a).

⁵ See FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 4.

⁶ FLA. CONST. art VII, s. 6(a).

⁷ *Id.* The percent change in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100 is used to adjust the exemption, if such percent change is positive. *Id.* For the 2025 tax year, the exemption amount is \$25,722. *See* Volusia County Property Appraiser, Homestead Exemption, <u>https://vcpa.vcgov.org/exemption/homestead</u> (last visited Mar. 20, 2025).

⁸ Section 196.101(3), F.S., permits the use of certification from two licensed Florida doctors or from the United States Department of Veterans Affairs as proof of total and permanent disability.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 amends section 196.101(1) to provide that if a quadriplegic granted a homestead exemption under this section predeceases his or her spouse, and the spouse holds title to the homestead property thereafter, the ad valorem tax exemption carries over to the benefit of the spouse until such time as he or she remarries or disposes of the property. The value of the exemption may be carried over by the spouse to new homestead property provided the surviving spouse does not remarry.

The section also makes a technical change to subsection (3).

Section 2 provides that the Department of Revenue may adopt emergency rules pursuant to s. 120.54(4), F.S., to administer the act.

Section 3 provides that this bill will take effect on the effective date of the constitutional amendment proposed by SJR 748, or a similar joint resolution having substantially the same specific intent and purpose.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

Article VII, s. 18(b) of the State Constitution provides that except upon the approval of each house of the Legislature by a two-thirds vote of the membership, the Legislature may not enact, amend, or repeal any general law if the anticipated effect of doing so would be to reduce the authority that municipalities or counties have to raise revenue in the aggregate, as such authority existed on February 1, 1989. The mandate requirement does not apply to laws having an insignificant impact,⁹ which for Fiscal Year 2025-2026 is forecast at approximately \$2.4 million.

The Revenue Estimating Conference has not yet adopted an impact for this bill. However, the Conference reviewed similar legislation (HB 165) and adopted a zero/negative indeterminate impact due to the requirement for a statewide referendum. However, the Conference determined that if the joint resolution (HJR 163) were to be approved by the voters, the provisions of HB 165 would have a negative recurring impact on school tax revenue of \$0.4 million and \$0.7 million on non-school local government tax revenue beginning in Fiscal Year 2025-2026.¹⁰ Therefore, the mandates provision likely does not apply.

⁹ FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 18(d). An insignificant fiscal impact is the amount not greater than the average statewide population for the applicable fiscal year multiplied by \$0.10. *See* Fla. S. Comm. on Cmty. Affairs, *Interim Report 2012-115: Insignificant Impact*, (Sept. 2011), *available at*

http://www.flsenate.gov/PublishedContent/Session/2012/InterimReports/2012-115ca.pdf (last visited Mar. 20, 2025). ¹⁰ OFF. OF ECON. & DEMOGRAPHIC RSCH, *Revenue Estimating Conference Impact Results: HB 165*, 9-11 (Feb. 7, 2025), *available at* https://edr.state.fl.us/Content/conferences/revenueimpact/archives/2025/ pdf/page9-11.pdf (last visited Mar. 20, 2025).

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

Article VII, s. 19 of the Florida Constitution requires that legislation that increases or creates taxes or fees be passed by a 2/3 vote of each chamber in a bill with no other subject. The bill does not increase or create new taxes or fees. Thus, the constitutional requirements related to new or increased taxes or fees do not apply.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None identified.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

The Revenue Estimating Conference has not yet adopted an impact for this bill. However, the Conference reviewed similar legislation (HB 165) and adopted a zero/negative indeterminate impact due to the requirement for a statewide referendum. The Conference estimated the potential recurring impact of HB 165 should the amendment pass to be \$1.1 million on local governments.¹¹

B. Private Sector Impact:

If the linked proposed constitutional amendment (SJR 748) is approved by 60 percent of voters in November 2026, additional households will be eligible for full homestead exemptions, where applicable. This will result in a positive fiscal impact as homeowners take advantage of ad valorem tax savings.

C. Government Sector Impact:

If the linked proposed constitutional amendment (SJR 748) is approved by 60 percent of voters in November 2026, additional households will be eligible for full homestead exemptions, where applicable. This will result in a negative fiscal impact on local governments as total assessments on homestead property will be reduced.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends section 196.101 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Technical Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Community Affairs on March 25, 2025:

The committee substitute makes a technical change to replace the word "discount" with "exemption."

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate House . Comm: RCS 03/26/2025 The Committee on Community Affairs (Simon) recommended the following: Senate Amendment Delete lines 22 - 26 and insert: specified in s. 196.031, the exemption from ad valorem tax which the quadriplegic received carries over to the benefit of the quadriplegic's spouse until such time as he or she remarries or sells or otherwise disposes of the property. If the spouse sells or otherwise disposes of the property, an exemption not to exceed

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By Senator Simon

	3-01004-25 2025750
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to tax exemptions for surviving
3	spouses of quadriplegics; amending s. 196.101, F.S.;
4	authorizing the surviving spouses of certain
5	quadriplegics to carry over a certain tax exemption in
6	certain circumstances; authorizing the Department of
7	Revenue to adopt emergency rules; providing a
8	contingent effective date.
9	
10	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
11	
12	Section 1. Subsections (1) and (3) of section 196.101,
13	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
14	196.101 Exemption for totally and permanently disabled
15	persons; surviving spouse carryover
16	(1) (a) Any real estate used and owned as a homestead by any
17	quadriplegic is exempt from taxation.
18	(b) If the quadriplegic granted an exemption under
19	paragraph (a) predeceases his or her spouse and if, upon the
20	death of the quadriplegic, the spouse holds legal or beneficial
21	title to the homestead and permanently resides thereon as
22	specified in s. 196.031, the discount from ad valorem tax that
23	the quadriplegic received carries over to the benefit of the
24	quadriplegic's spouse until such time as he or she remarries or
25	sells or otherwise disposes of the property. If the spouse sells
26	or otherwise disposes of the property, a discount not to exceed
27	the dollar amount granted from the most recent ad valorem tax
28	roll may be transferred to his or her new residence, as long as
29	the new residence is used as his or her primary residence and he

Page 1 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

3-01004-25

44

45 Section 3. This act shall take effect on the effective date 46 of the amendment to the State Constitution proposed by SJR 748 47 or a similar joint resolution having substantially the same 48 specific intent and purpose, if such amendment is approved at 49 the next general election or at an earlier special election 50 specifically authorized by law for that purpose.

permanent rules addressing the subject of the emergency rules.

Page 2 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

	The	Florida Se	nate	
5/25	APPEAR		RECORD	SB 750
Meeting Date munity Affairs	Deliver b	ooth copies of th	is form to	Bill Number or Topic
Committee				Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Akin Akinyemi			Phone	606-6200
315 S Calhoun	St, 3rd Floor		_{Email} aakin	yemi@leonpa.gov
Tallahassee	FL	32301		
City	State	Zip		
Speaking: Speaking	Against Information	OR	Waive Speaking:	In Support 🔲 Against
	PLEASE CHECH	ONE OF TH	IE FOLLOWING:	
		-		I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:
	munity Affairs Committee Akin Akinyemi 315 S Calhoun Street Tallahassee City	5/25 Meeting Date munity Affairs Committee Akin Akinyemi 315 S Calhoun St, 3rd Floor Street Tallahassee FL City Speaking: For Against Information PLEASE CHECK Meeting Date	5/25 Meeting Date munity Affairs Committee Akin Akinyemi 315 S Calhoun St, 3rd Floor Street Tallahassee FL 32301 City Speaking: For Against Information OR PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THe properties of the senate professional staff conduction Street Tallahassee FL 32301 City State Zip PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THe mappearing without	Meeting Date munity Affairs Committee Akin Akinyemi Akin Akinyemi Akin Akinyemi Phone 315 S Calhoun St, 3rd Floor Street Tallahassee FL 32301 City Speaking: For Against Information OR Waive Speaking: Please CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: n appearing without

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks s that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (flsenate gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	Prepared	By: The Professional Staf	f of the Committee	on Community	Affairs		
BILL:	CS/CS/SB 8	72					
INTRODUCER:	Community Affairs Committee, Transportation Committee and Senators Ingoglia and Burgess						
SUBJECT:	Price Contro	ls for the Removal and	d Storage of Elec	tric Vehicles			
DATE:	March 26, 2	025 REVISED:					
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION		
Shutes		Vickers	TR	Fav/CS			
Hackett		Fleming	CA	Fav/CS			
			FP				

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/CS/SB 872 provides that counties and municipalities must establish maximum rates for the storage of electric vehicles from an accident scene, which may be up to three times the rates established by the wrecker operator for the removal and storage of vehicles that run on gasoline or diesel fuels.

The bill authorizes wrecker operators to charge actual cost, plus 15 percent, for the cleanup of an accident scene involving an electric vehicle, including a fire or any accidental discharge of any hazardous materials or debris associated with the electric vehicle.

The bill may have an indeterminate negative fiscal impact on owners of electric vehicles and indeterminate positive fiscal impact on wrecker operators. See Section V. Fiscal Impact Statement.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2025.

II. Present Situation:

Towing Fees

A county, municipality, or other entity of local government may not adopt an ordinance or a rule that imposes price controls upon lawful business activities that is not franchised by, owned by, or under contract with, the governmental agency, unless specifically provided by general law.¹ Florida law does not prevent the enactment by local governments of public service rates otherwise authorized by law, including rates for towing of vehicles or vessels from or immobilization of vehicles or vessels on private property, or rates for removal and storage of wrecked or disabled vehicles or vessels from an accident scene or the removal and storage of vehicles or vessels in the event the owner or operator is incapacitated, unavailable, leaves the procurement of wrecker service to the law enforcement officer at the scene, or otherwise does not consent to the removal of the vehicle or vessel.²

Counties must establish maximum rates which may be charged on the towing of vehicles or vessels from or immobilization of vehicles or vessels on private property or which may be charged for removal and storage of wrecked or disabled vehicles or vessels from an accident scene or for the removal and storage of vehicles or vessels, in the event the owner or operator is incapacitated, unavailable, leaves the procurement of wrecker service to the law enforcement officer at the scene, or otherwise does not consent to the removal of the vehicle or vessel. However, if a municipality chooses to enact an ordinance establishing the maximum rates for the towing or immobilization of vehicles or vessels, the county's ordinance established under s. 125.0103, F.S., does not apply within such municipality.³

A county or municipality that has established maximum rates, must publish such rates on its website and must establish a process for investigating and resolving complaints regarding fees charged in excess of such rates. In areas where no maximum rates have been established, the maximum rates established by the Division of Florida Highway Patrol under s. 321.051(2), F.S., apply.⁴

Handling of Damaged Electric Vehicles

The National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) has issued guidance for the handling of electric and hybrid-electric vehicles equipped with high-voltage batteries in certain situations.⁵ The guidance provides that in the event of damage, fire, or flooding involving an electric vehicles or hybrid-electric vehicle:

• Assume that the high-voltage battery and the associated components are energized and fully charged;

¹ Section 166.043(1), F.S.

 $^{^{2}}$ Id.

³ Id.

⁴ Id.

⁵ U.S. Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, *Interim Guidance for Electric and Hybrid-Electric Vehicles*, <u>https://www.nhtsa.gov/sites/nhtsa.gov/files/interimguide_electrichybridvehicles_012012_v3.pdf</u> (last visited Mar. 24, 2025).

- Exposed electrical components, wires, and high voltage batteries present potential high voltage shock hazards;
- Venting/off-gassing high voltage battery vapors are potentially flammable;
- Physical damage to vehicle or high voltage battery may result in immediate or delayed release of toxic and/or flammable gases and fire; and
- A high voltage battery in a flooded vehicle may have high voltage and short circuits that can shock and cause fires.⁶

In a post incident situation, the NHTSA guidance recommends to not store a severely damaged vehicle with a lithium-ion battery inside a structure or within 50 feet of any structure, vehicle, or combustible, and to ensure that the vehicle compartments remain well ventilated.⁷

In 2020, the National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) issued a report entitled "Safety Risks to Emergency Responders from Lithium-Ion Battery Fires in Electric Vehicles" which included various findings and recommendations relating to the handling of damaged electric vehicles.⁸ Notable findings in the report included:

- Thermal runaway and multiple battery reignitions after initial fire suppression are safety risks in high-voltage lithium-ion battery fires.
- The energy remaining in a damaged high-voltage lithium-ion battery, known as stranded energy, poses a risk of electric shock and creates the potential for thermal runaway that can result in battery reignition and fire.
- High-voltage lithium-ion batteries in electric vehicles, when damaged by crash forces or internal battery failure, present special challenges to first and second responders because of insufficient information from manufacturers on procedures for mitigating the risks of stranded energy.
- Storing an electric vehicle with a damaged high-voltage lithium-ion battery inside the recommended 50-foot-radius clear area may be infeasible at tow or storage yards.⁹

The report recommended that certain associations representing emergency responders (including the Towing and Recovery Association of America) inform their members about the circumstances of the fire risks described in the report and the guidance available to emergency personnel who respond to high-voltage lithium-ion battery fires in electric vehicles.¹⁰

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill amends ss. 125.0103 and 166.043, F.S., to require counties and municipalities to establish maximum rates for the storage of electric vehicles following removal from an accident scene, which may be up to three times the rates established by the wrecker operator for those vehicles that run solely on gasoline or diesel fuels, in the event that the owner or operator is incapacitated, unavailable, leaves the procurement of wrecker service to law enforcement at the scene, or otherwise does not consent to the removal of the electric vehicle.

⁶ *Id*. at 4.

 $^{^{7}}$ *Id*. at 7.

⁸ National Transportation Safety Board, *Safety Risks to Emergency Responders from Lithium-Ion Battery Fires in Electric Vehicles*, <u>https://www.ntsb.gov/safety/safety-studies/Documents/SR2001.pdf</u> (last visited Mar. 24, 2025).

⁹ *Id*. at 63.

¹⁰ *Id*. at 64.

The bill also authorizes wrecker operators to charge actual cost, plus 15 percent, for the cleanup of an accident scene involving an electric vehicle, including a fire or any accidental discharge of any hazardous materials or debris associated with the electric vehicle.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2025.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

To the extent that counties and municipalities elect to establish higher rates for storage and removal of electric vehicles than those that run on gasoline or diesel fuels, electric vehicle owners could experience an indeterminate negative fiscal impact, and wrecker operators could experience an indeterminate positive fiscal impact.

There could also be an indeterminate negative fiscal impact for electric vehicle owners and an indeterminate positive impact on wrecker operators should the wrecker operators impose actual cost, plus 15 percent, for the cleanup of an accident scene and the removal of an electric vehicle.

C. Government Sector Impact:

None.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends 125.0103 and 166.043 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS/CS by Community Affairs on March 25, 2025:

The committee substitute limits the scope of the bill's provisions to the storage of electric vehicles and cleanup of accident scenes involving the same, removing reference to fees specifically for the removal of electric vehicles.

CS by Transportation on March 12, 2025:

The committee substitute:

- Provides that both counties and municipalities must establish maximum rates for removal and storage of electric vehicles that may be up to three times the amount charged for those vehicles that operate solely on gasoline or diesel fuels.
- Provides that a wrecker operator may charge actual cost, plus 15 percent, for the cleanup of an accident scene and removal of an electric vehicle.
- B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 03/26/2025 House

The Committee on Community Affairs (Ingoglia) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert: Section 1. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (1) of section 125.0103, Florida Statutes, to read: 125.0103 Ordinances and rules imposing price controls.-(1)

(e)1. Counties shall establish maximum rates for the storage of electric vehicles as defined in s. 320.01(36) which

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11	have been involved in accidents. Such rates may be up to 3 times
12	the rates charged by a wrecker operator, as defined in s.
13	323.002(1), for the storage of vehicles that run on gasoline or
14	diesel fuels and must apply in the event the electric vehicle
15	owner or operator is incapacitated or unavailable, leaves the
16	procurement of wrecker service to the law enforcement officer at
17	the scene, or otherwise does not consent to the removal of the
18	electric vehicle.
19	2. A wrecker operator may charge the actual cost of
20	services, plus 15 percent, for the cleanup of an accident scene
21	associated with an electric vehicle, including a fire or any
22	accidental discharge of any hazardous materials or debris
23	associated with the electric vehicle.
24	Section 2. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (1) of
25	section 166.043, Florida Statutes, to read:
26	166.043 Ordinances and rules imposing price controls
27	(1)
28	(e)1. Municipalities shall establish maximum rates for the
29	storage of electric vehicles as defined in s. 320.01(36) which
30	have been involved in accidents. Such rates may be up to 3 times
31	the rates charged by a wrecker operator, as defined in s.
32	323.002(1), for the storage of vehicles that run on gasoline or
33	diesel fuels and must apply in the event the electric vehicle
34	owner or operator is incapacitated or unavailable, leaves the
35	procurement of wrecker service to the law enforcement officer at
36	the scene, or otherwise does not consent to the removal of the
37	electric vehicle.
38	2. A wrecker operator may charge the actual cost of
39	services, plus 15 percent, for the cleanup of an accident scene

40	associated with an electric vehicle, including a fire or any						
41	accidental discharge of any hazardous materials or debris						
42	associated with the electric vehicle.						
43	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.						
44							
45	========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =================================						
46	And the title is amended as follows:						
47	Delete everything before the enacting clause						
48	and insert:						
49	A bill to be entitled						
50	An act relating to price controls for the storage of						
51	electric vehicles; amending ss. 125.0103 and 166.043,						
52	F.S.; requiring counties and municipalities,						
53	respectively, to establish specified rates for the						
54	storage of certain electric vehicles; authorizing a						
55	wrecker operator to charge specified costs for the						
56	cleanup of an accident scene associated with an						
57	electric vehicle; providing an effective date.						

CS for SB 872

 $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$ the Committee on Transportation; and Senators Ingoglia and Burgess

	596-02313-25 2025872c1
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to price controls for the removal and
3	storage of electric vehicles; amending ss. 125.0103
4	and 166.043, F.S.; requiring counties and
5	municipalities, respectively, to establish specified
6	rates for the removal and storage of electric vehicles
7	from an accident scene; authorizing a wrecker operator
8	to charge specified costs for the cleanup of an
9	accident scene and removal of such vehicles; providing
10	an effective date.
11	
12	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
13	
14	Section 1. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (1) of
15	section 125.0103, Florida Statutes, to read:
16	125.0103 Ordinances and rules imposing price controls
17	(1)
18	(e)1. Counties shall establish maximum rates for the
19	removal and storage of electric vehicles from an accident scene
20	which may be up to 3 times the rates charged by a wrecker
21	operator, as defined in s. 323.002(1), for the removal and
22	storage of vehicles that run on gasoline or diesel fuels, in the
23	event the electric vehicle owner or operator is incapacitated,
24	unavailable, leaves the procurement of wrecker service to the
25	law enforcement officer at the scene, or otherwise does not
26	consent to the removal of the electric vehicle.
27	2. A wrecker operator may charge actual cost, plus 15
28	percent, for the cleanup of an accident scene and removal of an
29	electric vehicle, including a fire or any accidental discharge

Page 1 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

CS for SB 872

	596-02313-25 2025872c1
30	of any hazardous materials or debris associated with the
31	electric vehicle.
32	Section 2. Paragraph (e) is added to subsection (1) of
33	section 166.043, Florida Statutes, to read:
34	166.043 Ordinances and rules imposing price controls
35	(1)
36	(e)1. Municipalities shall establish maximum rates for the
37	removal and storage of electric vehicles from an accident scene
38	which may be up to 3 times the rates charged by a wrecker
39	operator, as defined in s. 323.002(1), for the removal and
40	storage of vehicles that run on gasoline or diesel fuels, in the
41	event the electric vehicle owner or operator is incapacitated,
42	unavailable, leaves the procurement of wrecker service to the
43	law enforcement officer at the scene, or otherwise does not
44	consent to the removal of the electric vehicle.
45	2. A wrecker operator may charge actual cost, plus 15
46	percent, for the cleanup of an accident scene and removal of an
47	electric vehicle, including a fire or any accidental discharge
48	of any hazardous materials or debris associated with the
49	electric vehicle.
50	Section 3. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

Page 2 of 2

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

THE FLORIDA SENATE

Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

COMMITTEES: Banking and Insurance, Chair Environment and Natural Resources, Vice Chair Appropriations Committee on Criminal and Civil Justice Appropriations Committee on Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development Fiscal Policy Regulated Industries Rules

JOINT COMMITTEE: Joint Committee on Public Counsel Oversight

SENATOR BLAISE INGOGLIA 11th District

March 12th, 2025

The Honorable Stan McClain, Chair Committee on Community Affairs 312 Senate Office Building 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, FL 32399

RE: SB 872 County Price Controls for the Removal and Storage of Electric Vehicles

Chair McClain,

Senate Bill 872 has been referred to the Committee on Community Affairs as its second committee of reference. I respectfully ask that it be placed on the committee agenda at your earliest convenience.

If I may answer questions or be of assistance, please do not hesitate to contact me. Thank you for your leadership and consideration.

Regards,



Blaise Ingoglia State Senator, District 11

CC'd: Elizabeth Fleming, Tatiana Warden

REPLY TO:

2943 Landover Boulevard, Spring Hill, Florida 34608 (352) 666-5707

□ 306 Senate Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5011

Senate's Website: www.flsenate.gov

BEN ALBRITTON President of the Senate



	The Florida Senat	e	071
 Meeting Date	APPEARANCE RE		Bill Number of Topic
COMMUNITY AFGI	Deliver both copies of this form Senate professional staff conducting t		
Committee	/	Cont	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name <u>Jean Lasca</u>	120	Phone <u>939</u>	977 4014
Address 6/30 NW 91 Ave	/	Email <u>Shose</u>	alzo @ gfs tow. com
Street Parklan f State	2/ <u>33067</u> Zip	c.	
Speaking: For Against	Information OR Wa	ive Speaking: 🗌 Ir	n Support 🔲 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE F	OLLOWING:	
Ham appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	[I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

			The Florida Sen	ate			
3/25/2	25	APP	EARANCE	RECOF	RD	SB 872	
Meeting Date Community Affairs			Deliver both copies of this form Senate professional staff conducting t			Bill Number or Topic	
	Committee					Amendment Ba	arcode (if applicable)
Name	Kristina Pickens, P	rofessional Wrecker	Operators of FL	Phone	863-45	0-9560	
Address	, 108 E Jefferson S	St. Suite B		Email	kristina	.r.pickens@gm	ail.com
	Tallahassee	FL	32301				Reset Form
	City Speaking: For	State	Zip rmation OR V	Vaive Spea	king: 🔽	In Support 🔲 A	Against
		PLEASI	CHECK ONE OF THE	FOLLOW	NG:		
	n appearing without npensation or sponsorship.		am a registered lobbyist, epresenting: fessional Wrecke	r Operat	ors	I am not a lobby something of va (travel, meals, lo sponsored by:	lue for my appearance

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

21	The Florida Senate	
Meeting Date Compute Committee Name	APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting MOO/R Phone	Bill Number or Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address 123	S. Adamsst. Email_	
Tallohass	CP FC Zip	
Speaking: For	Against Information OR Waive Speaking	ng: 🖉 In Support 🔲 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING	5:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	Gun, dinh Pleet	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Senate	670				
3 25/25	APPEARANCE RECORD	812				
Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of this form to	Bill Number or Topic				
Community Affairs	Senate professional staff conducting the meeting					
Committee		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)				
Name Karch Wood	Phone 53	0-321-7386				
Address 579 E. Call J	t. Email for	Fepgyeleo. con				
Street Talfoffee City State	7 PL 32301	L				
Speaking: For Against	Information OR Waive Speaking:	In Support I Against				
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:						
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing: FL SIEMA Club	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:				

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

			SIS AND FIS	rida Senate SCAL IMPAC	-	
	`			ned in the legislation a		
BILL:	CS/CS/S	B 1078				
INTRODUCER:	Communi	ty Affairs	Committee, Bar	nking and Insura	nce Commit	tee and Senator McClain
SUBJECT:	Fire Prev	ention				
DATE:	March 27	, 2025	REVISED:			
ANALYST		STA	FF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
. Moody		Knudson		BI	Fav/CS	
Hackett		Fleming		СА	Fav/CS	
3.			-	RC		

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/CS/SB 1078 clarifies the simplified permitting process for certain fire alarm and fire sprinkler system projects and enhances several key provisions relating to fire system and fire alarm permitting, inspection processes, and enforcement of local ordinances.

Simplified Permitting Process for Certain Fire Alarm and Sprinkler System Projects

- Requires local governments to establish a simplified permitting process that complies with the minimum requirements of the Florida Building Code's (Building Code) simplified permitting process for fire alarm or sprinkler system projects of 20 or fewer alarm devices or sprinklers.
- Specifies deadlines for permit issuances and inspections and removes the requirement for a local enforcement agency to perform at least one inspection.
- Allows a contractor to commence work that is authorized by the permit immediately after submission of a completed application.
- Clarifies that a contractor's requirement to make fire alarm project plans and specifications available to the inspector at each inspection must be made available for an onsite plans review of them.
- Requires a contractor to provide copies of any documentation requested from the local enforcement agency for recording purposes within a specified time and prohibits such agency from requiring documentation for areas or devices outside the scope of permitted work.
- Requires a local government who fails to comply with certain deadlines to refund a specified amount of the permit fee unless an exception applies.

• Amends the definition subsection which clarifies the scope of when the simplified permitting process applies.

Ordinance Compliance

- Provides that amendments adopted by local governments which do not comply with the Florida Fire Prevention Code (Fire Prevention Code) are unenforceable.
- Provides that a municipality may enforce only an ordinance that has been sent to the Florida Building Commission and the State Fire Marshal as of the date that the bid for permit was submitted.
- Requires local governments to submit newly adopted amendments to the Fire Prevention Code to registered fire protection contractors.

Inspection Report Improvements

• Amends the information required to be included in a uniform summary inspection report for fire protection system and hydrant inspections to require the total quantity of deficiencies separated into critical and noncritical categories, the total number of impairment deficiencies, and a brief descriptions of each.

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2025.

II. Present Situation:

Florida Division of the State Fire Marshal

State law on fire prevention and control is provided in Chapter 633, F.S. Section 633.104, F.S., designates the Chief Financial Officer as the State Fire Marshal, operating through the Division of the State Fire Marshal (Division).¹ Pursuant to this authority, the State Fire Marshal regulates, trains, and certifies fire service personnel; conducts firesafety inspections of state property; develops firesafety standards; provides facilities for the analysis of fire debris; and operates the Florida State Fire College.²

The Division consists of two bureaus: Bureau of Fire Prevention and Bureau of Fire Standards and Training.³ The Inspections Section, under the Bureau of Fire Prevention, annually inspects more than 14,000 state-owned buildings and facilities. The State Fire Marshal adopts by rule the Florida Code, which contains or references all firesafety laws and rules regarding public and private buildings. The Inspections Section is responsible for enforcing the Fire Prevention Code which contains more than 200 fire safety standards.⁴

¹ The head of the Department of Financial Services (DFS) is the Chief Financial Officer. Section 633.102(5), F.S., provides the Division of State Fire Marshal is located within the DFS.

² Division of State Fire Marshal, *State Fire Marshal*, available at <u>Florida's State Fire Marshal</u> (last visited Mar. 24, 2025). ³ *Id*.

⁴ Division of State Fire Marshal, *Inspections*, available at <u>Inspections | Bureau of Fire Prevention | Florida's State Fire</u> <u>Marshal</u> (last visited Mar. 24, 2025).

In 2022, the Legislature enacted s. 553.7932, F.S., to create a simplified permitting process for fire alarm system projects⁵ altering 20 or fewer initiating and notification devices, streamlining processing time by eliminating any requirement for a local enforcement agency to review plans prior to a contractor⁶ starting work.⁷ In 2023, the section was amended to apply the simplified permitting process to fire sprinkler system projects⁸ that alter 20 or fewer sprinklers. The law prohibits a local enforcement agency from requiring a contractor to submit plans or specifications in order to obtain a permit for certain fire alarm or fire sprinkler system projects but preserves the agency's authority to require a permit application and permit fee.⁹

A local enforcement agency must:

- Issue a permit for a fire alarm or fire sprinkler system project in person or electronically.¹⁰ Current law does not prescribe a deadline for which the local enforcement agency must issue the permit.
- Require at least one inspection to ensure the work complies with the applicable codes and standards, and if a fire alarm or fire sprinkler system project fails an inspection, the contractor must take corrective action to pass inspection.¹¹

The contractor must keep a copy of the plans and specifications at the fire alarm or fire sprinkler system project worksite and make them available to the inspector at each inspection.¹² Current law does not specify that the purpose of making them available is for an onsite plan review.

Fire Prevention and Control

State law requires all municipalities, counties, and special districts with fire safety responsibilities to enforce the Fire Prevention Code as the minimum fire prevention code to operate uniformly among local governments and in conjunction with the Building Code. Each county, municipality, and special district with fire safety enforcement responsibilities must

⁵ Section 553.7932(1)(c), F.S., defines a "fire alarm system project" as a fire alarm system alteration of a total of 20 or fewer initiating devices and notification devices, or the installation or replacement of a fire communicator connected to an existing fire alarm control panel in an existing commercial, residential, apartment, cooperative, or condominium building. A "fire alarm control unit" or fire alarm panel, serves as the brain of the fire alarm system. It is a component of a fire alarm system that receives signals from initiating devices or other fire alarm control units, and processes these signals to determine part or all of the required fire alarm system output. National Fire Protection Association, *A Guide to Fire Alarm Basics*, available at https://www.nfpa.org/News-and-Research/Publications-and-media/Blogs-Landing-Page/NFPA-Today/Blog-Posts/2021/03/03/A-Guide-to-Fire-Alarm-Basics (last visited Mar.24, 2025).

⁶ Section 553.7932(1)(b), F.S., defines "contractor" as a person who: 1. Is qualified to engage in the business of electrical or alarm system contracting pursuant to a certificate or registration issued by the department under part II of ch. 489, F.S.; or 2. Is qualified to engage in the business of fire protection system contracting pursuant to a license or certificate issued by the State Fire Marshal.

⁷ Ch. 2022-124, Laws of Fla.

⁸ Section 553.7932(1)(d), F.S., defines a "fire sprinkler system project" as a fire protection system alteration of a total of 20 or fewer fire sprinklers in which the sprinklers are of the same K-factor and located in spaces where there is no change of hazard classification or increased system coverage area, or the installation or replacement of an equivalent fire sprinkler system component in an existing commercial, residential, apartment, cooperative, or condominium building.

⁹ Section 553.7932(2), F.S.

¹⁰ Section 553.7932(3), F.S.

¹¹ Section 553.7932(4), F.S.

¹² Section 553.7932(5), F.S.

employ or contract with a fire safety inspector (certified by the State Fire Marshal) to conduct all fire safety inspections required by law.¹³

Fire Protection Systems

A "fire protection system" is a system individually designed to protect the interior or exterior of a specific building or buildings, structure, or other special hazard from fire. A fire protection system includes, but is not limited to:¹⁴

- Water sprinkler systems;
- Water spray systems;
- Foam-water sprinkler systems;
- Foam-water spray systems;
- Carbon dioxide systems;
- Foam extinguishing systems;
- Dry chemical systems; and
- Halon and other chemical systems used for fire protection use.

Fire protection systems also include any tanks and pumps connected to fire sprinkler systems, overhead and underground fire mains, fire hydrants and hydrant mains, standpipes and hoses connected to sprinkler systems, sprinkler tank heaters, air lines, and thermal systems used in connection with fire sprinkler systems.¹⁵

Fire protection systems must be installed in accordance with the Fire Prevention Code and the Building Code. Current law requires local governments to enforce the Fire Prevention Code and the Building Code including the permitting, inspecting, and approving the installation of a fire protection system.¹⁶ Owners of fire protection systems must contract with a certified fire protection system contractor to regularly inspect such systems.¹⁷

Fire Protection System Contractors

To engage in the business of laying out, fabricating, installing, inspecting, altering, repairing, or servicing a fire protection system in Florida, other than a pre-engineered system, a person must be certified as a fire protection system contractor.¹⁸

Fire protection system contractors are regulated by ch. 633, F.S., which outlines the law pertaining to fire protection system contractors in Florida. The State Fire Marshal is responsible for licensing and regulating fire system protection contractors in Florida.¹⁹

¹³ Section 633.202, F.S.

¹⁴ Section 633.102(11), F.S.

¹⁵ Id.

¹⁶ See generally chs. 553 and 633, F.S.; Florida Fire Prevention Code 8th Edition (NFPA Standard 1), available at <u>florida-fire-prevention-code-8th-edition-nfpa-101-fl-sp.pdf</u> (last visited Mar. 24, 2025).

¹⁷ Section 633.312, F.S.

¹⁸ Section 633.336(1), F.S.

¹⁹ Sections 633.318 and 633.338, F.S.

There are five levels of certification for fire protection system contractors. A contractor's ability to practice is limited to the category or categories for which the contractor has obtained certification.²⁰

Fire Prevention Code

The State Fire Marshal is required to adopt by rule the Fire Prevention Code and must adopt or incorporate by reference specified codes, such as the current edition of the National Fire Protection Association's Standard 1, Fire Protection Code.²¹ Local governments are given an opportunity to submit local fire code amendments within a certain time which the State Fire Marshal is required to review to make specified determinations.²² The State Fire Marshall must adopt a new code every three years, and any local amendments are only effective until the new adoption of the code occurs.²³ After the State Fire Marshal approves a local amendment and it is published on the State Fire Marshal's website, the local authority having jurisdiction to enforce the Fire Prevention Code may enforce the local amendment.²⁴ The State Fire Marshal may approve local amendments that address specified topics.²⁵ The local government must send within 30 days a copy of any local amendment it adopts to the Florida Building Commission and the State Fire Marshal.²⁶

Penalties

Section 633.106, F.S., authorizes the State Fire Marshal to impose the following disciplinary actions against any individual who does not meet the qualifications established by, or who violates any provision of ch. 633, F.S., or any rule that it authorizes:

- Deny, suspend, or revoke the license, certificate, or permit.
- Except on a second offense or when the suspension, revocation, or refusal to issue is mandatory, and in lieu of such actions, impose one of the following:
 - An administrative fine not to exceed \$1,000 for each violation up to \$10,000.
 - Probation for a period not to exceed 2 years.

The State Fire Marshal has discretion on the number of days for payment, but such fees must be paid within a reasonable period not to exceed 30 days. Failure to pay the fine within the required period results in the license, permit or certificate being suspended until the payment of the administrative fine is made. The State Fire Marshal has discretion on his or her reasonable terms and conditions that may be imposed during the probation period.²⁷

Uniform Summary Inspection Report

The bill requires that the State Fire Marshal adopt rules to implement a uniform submission procedure for the collection of inspection reports. The local authority having jurisdiction may accept the report by mail, hand delivery, electronically or through a vendor. The State Fire Marshal must adopt rules to establish submission procedures for each of these methods. These

²⁰ Section 633.102(3), F.S.

²¹ Section 633.202(1) and (2), F.S.

²² Section 633.202(3)(a), F.S.

²³ Section 633.202(3)(b), F.S.

²⁴ Section 633.202(5), F.S.

²⁵ *Id*.

²⁶ Section 633.202(8), F.S.

²⁷ Section 633.106, F.S.

rules must allow a contractor to attach additional documents, including their detailed inspection report, to the submission. The standardized procedures to be set by the State Fire Marshal must include a standardized reporting format for a uniform summary report. The uniform summary report must include:

- The address of the building or hydrant;
- The company and person conducting the inspection and their license number;
- The date of the inspection;
- The fire protection system or hydrant inspection status; and
- A brief summary of each deficiency, critical deficiency, noncritical deficiency or impairment found.

The contractor's inspection report is not required to follow a uniform format and contractors may not be required to enter details of the inspection report. The submission procedures created by the State Fire Marshal may not require a contractor to submit information contained within the detailed inspection report unless the information is required to be included in the uniform summary report.²⁸

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Senate Bill 1078 aims to strengthen fire safety standards statewide by:

- Streamlining permitting and inspection processes to be more efficient.
- Enhancing local government accountability and compliance with state regulations.
- Reducing administrative burdens and costs for contractors while maintaining safety standards.

Simplified Permitting Process for Certain Fire Alarm and Sprinkler System Projects

Section 1 of the bill requires local governments to establish by October 1, 2025, a simplified permitting process that complies with the minimum requirements of the Building Code's simplified permitting process for fire alarm or sprinkler system projects of 20 or fewer alarm devices or sprinklers.

The bill amends the simplified permitting process in the Building Code to specify that a local enforcement agency must issue a permit within two business days after submission of the completed application. The bill allows contractors to begin work authorized by the permit immediately after the submission of a completed application before the local enforcement agency issues the permit. The bill modifies the requirement for a local enforcement agency to perform at least one inspection of a fire alarm or fire sprinkler system project to ensure compliance with applicable codes and standards and provides that if a local enforcement agency requires an inspection, then it must be completed within 3 business days after such inspection is requested. These deadlines for issuing permits and conducting inspections are intended to ensure timely compliance and efficient project completion.

²⁸ Section 633.312(3)(b), F.S.

If a local government fails to comply with deadlines for issuing permits or completing inspections, then the local government must refund the permit fee by 10 percent for each business day of such failure unless:

- The local government and contractor agree in writing to a reasonable extension of time,
- The delay is caused by the applicant, or
- The delay is attributable to a force majeure or other extraordinary circumstances.

Each 10 percent reduction is based on the original amount of the permit fee.

The bill clarifies that the purpose of a contractor's requirement to make fire alarm project plans and specifications available to the inspector at each inspection is for an onsite plans review of them. The bill specifies the additional documents requested by the local enforcement agency as part of an inspection for a fire alarm or sprinkler system project must be for recording purposes, and requires a contractor to provide copies of any such documentation within four business days after the inspection or within four days after the documents are requested, whichever is later, and prohibits such agency from requiring documentation for areas or devices outside the scope of permitted work.

The bill defines "alteration" as "to add, install, relocate, replace, or remove" which clarifies the definitions of fire alarm system project and fire sprinkler system project and which, in turn, clarifies when the simplified permitting process applies to altering such systems. The bill also amends the definition to "fire alarm system project" to add an additional service to the definition of such project, specifically "...the replacement of an existing fire alarm panel using the same make and model as the existing panel."

Ordinance Compliance

Section 2 of the bill provides that amendments adopted by local governments to the Fire Prevention Code which do not comply with the provisions of s. 633.202, F.S., are unenforceable. The bill provides that a municipality may enforce only an ordinance that has been sent to the Florida Building Commission and the State Fire Marshal as provided in the Fire Prevention Code as of the date that the bid for permit was submitted. Additionally, a local government must submit an adopted local amendment to the Fire Prevention Code to all of the local government's registered fire protection contractors within 7 business days of adopting the ordinance.

Inspection Report Improvements

Section 3 of the bill modifies the information required to be included in a uniform summary inspection report for fire protection system and hydrant inspections to require the total quantity of deficiencies separated into critical and noncritical categories, as well as the total number of impairment deficiencies, with a brief summary of each impairment deficiency.

Section 4 of the bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2025.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

Article VII, section 18 (a) of the Florida Constitution provides in part that a county or municipality may not be bound by a general law requiring a county or municipality to spend funds or take an action that requires the expenditure of funds unless certain specified exemptions or exceptions are met. Under the bill local governments are required to issue permits and complete inspections within a specified time which may require them to hire additional personnel to meet such deadlines. Further, local governments are required to reduce permit fees by 10 percent for each business day after such government fails to comply with such deadlines. If the bill does qualify as a mandate, in order to be binding upon cities and counties, the bill must contain a finding of important state interest and be approved by a two-thirds vote of the membership of each house.

However, the mandate requirements do not apply to laws having an insignificant fiscal impact, which for Fiscal Year 2025-2026 is forecast at approximately \$2.4 million.^{29,30,31}

If costs imposed by the bill exceed \$2.4 million, the mandates provisions may apply. If the bill does qualify as a mandate, in order to be binding upon cities and counties, the bill must contain a finding of important state interest and be approved by a two-thirds vote of the membership of each house.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None.

²⁹ FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 18(d).

³⁰ An insignificant fiscal impact is the amount not greater than the average statewide population for the applicable fiscal year times \$0.10. *See* Florida Senate Committee on Community Affairs, *Interim Report 2012-115: Insignificant Impact*, (Sept. 2011), *available at* <u>http://www.flsenate.gov/PublishedContent/Session/2012/InterimReports/2012-115ca.pdf</u> (last visited Mar. 24, 2025).

³¹ Based on the Florida Demographic Estimating Conference's February 4, 2025 population forecast for 2025 of 23,332,606. The conference packet is *available at*: <u>https://edr.state.fl.us/content/conferences/population/ConferenceResults_Tables.pdf</u> (last visited Mar. 24, 2025).

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

This bill requires local governments to reduce permit fees by 10 percent for each business day after such government fails to comply with authorizing a permit or conducting an inspection of a fire alarm or sprinkler system within a specified time.

B. Private Sector Impact:

The bill may reduce the cost of permit fees paid by the private sector to local governments if a local government fails to meet time requirements. On the other hand, the local jurisdictions may raise permit fees so that they can hire employees to meet the time requirements in the bill.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The DFS reports that SB 1078 will have no fiscal impact on state government³² This bill may reduce the amount of permit fees that could be collected by local governments in certain circumstances. This bill may impact local governments because they may have to hire more employees to meet the prescribed timeframes Additionally, local governments may need to expend funds to comply with the requirement to submit newly adopted local amendments to fire protection contractors, although the costs will likely be minimal.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

The bill requires local governments to "submit" local amendments to the Fire Prevention Code to registered fire protection contractors. The bill does not specify the manner in which the information must be submitted, whether via physical mail or e-mail.

VII. Related Issues:

The DFS reports that Rule 69A-46, of the Florida Administrative Code, will need to be modified to conform to the changes made in SB 1078.³³

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 553.7932, 633.202, and 633.312.

³² The DFS, *Department of Financial Services 2025 Agency Legislative Bill Analysis SB 1078*, p. 2, Mar. 5, 2025 (on file with the Senate Committee on Banking and Insurance) (hereinafter cited as "2025 DFS Agency Analysis for SB 1078"). ³³ *Id.*

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS/CS by Community Affairs Committee on March 25, 2025:

- Corrects certain references to counties and municipalities to refer more generally to local governments.
- Provides that amendments to the Fire Code adopted by local governments which do not comply with the Fire Prevention Code are "unenforceable," rather than "null and void."
- Requires local governments to submit adopted amendments to the Fire Prevention Code to registered fire protection contractors within 7 business days of adoption.
- Provides that the deficiencies noted in the inspection report should be separated into critical and noncritical categories, and include the total number of impairment deficiencies, with summaries for each.

CS by Banking and Insurance Committee on March 10, 2025:

- Modifies the deadline for the local enforcement agency to complete an inspection to within 3 days, rather than 24 hours, after it is requested.
- Specifies the additional documents requested by the local enforcement agency as part of an inspection for a fire alarm or sprinkler system project must be for recording purposes and clarifies that the timeframe in which the contractor must provide such documents.
- Clarifies the applicability and amount of the reduced permit fees for failing to meet deadlines.
- Provides a local amendment will be null and void, rather than rescinded immediately, if a county or municipality fails to adhere to the requirements of s. 633.202, F.S., and moves the provision from subsection (10)(b) to subsection (9)(b).
- Removes the provision that a local fire marshal is subject to disciplinary action in s. 633.106, F.S., if the county or municipality continues to enforce an ordinance that has been rescinded.
- Provides a municipality may enforce only an ordinance that has been sent to the Florida Building Commission and the State Fire Marshal in accordance with current law as of the date that the bid for permit was submitted.
- B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

House

Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. CS for SB 1078

Senate

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LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Comm: RCS 03/27/2025 The Committee on Community Affairs (McClain) recommended the following: Senate Amendment (with title amendment) Delete lines 116 - 137 and insert: (b) If a local government fails to adhere to the requirements of this section when adopting an ordinance for a local amendment to the Florida Fire Prevention Code, the local amendment is unenforceable. A local government may only enforce

9 an ordinance that has been sent to the Florida Building

10 Commission and the State Fire Marshal pursuant to subsection (8)

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11	as of the date that the bid for a permit was submitted. A local
12	government shall submit an adopted local amendment to the
13	Florida Fire Prevention Code to all of the local government's
14	registered fire protection contractors within 7 business days
15	after the local government adopts the local amendment.
16	Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section
17	633.312, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
18	633.312 Inspection of fire control systems, fire hydrants,
19	and fire protection systems
20	(3)
21	(b) The State Fire Marshal shall adopt rules to implement a
22	uniform summary inspection report and submission procedures to
23	be used by all third-party vendors and local authorities having
24	jurisdiction. For purposes of this section, a uniform summary
25	inspection report must record the address <u>at which</u> where the
26	fire protection system or hydrant is located, the company and
27	person conducting the inspection and their license number, the
28	date of the inspection, and the fire protection system or
29	hydrant inspection status, including the total number of
30	deficiencies found, separated into critical and noncritical
31	categories, and the total number of impairment deficiencies,
32	with a brief summary of each impairment deficiency a brief
33	summary of each deficiency, critical
34	
35	========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T ================
36	And the title is amended as follows:
37	Delete lines 24 - 32
38	and insert:
39	Prevention Code is unenforceable; providing that a

Page 2 of 3

578-02694-25

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. CS for SB 1078



40 municipality may enforce only an ordinance that has 41 been sent to the Florida Building Commission and the State Fire Marshal as of the date that the bid for a 42 permit was submitted; requiring a local government to 43 44 submit adopted local amendments to the Florida Fire 45 Prevention Code to specified entities within a 46 specified timeframe; amending s. 633.312, F.S.; revising what must be included in a uniform inspection 47 report; deleting the requirement for a brief summary 48 49 of such

Page 3 of 3

CS for SB 1078

By the Committee on Banking and Insurance; and Senator McClain

597-02254-25 20251078c1 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to fire prevention; amending s. 3 553.7932, F.S.; defining the term "alteration"; 4 revising the definition of the term "fire alarm system 5 project"; requiring a local enforcement agency to 6 issue a permit for a fire alarm system project or fire 7 sprinkler system project within a specified time 8 period; authorizing work to commence immediately; 9 requiring the local enforcement agency to provide an 10 inspection within a specified timeframe; requiring 11 that certain plans and specifications be available for 12 an onsite plans review during an inspection; requiring 13 a contractor to provide additional documents, if necessary, within a specified timeframe; prohibiting a 14 15 local enforcement agency from requiring additional plans reviews or documentation outside the scope of 16 17 the permitted work; requiring that permit fees be 18 refunded by a certain percentage if a local government 19 fails to meet certain deadlines; providing exceptions; 20 requiring local enforcement agencies to establish a 21 simplified permitting process by a specified date; 22 amending s. 633.202, F.S.; specifying a condition 23 under which a local amendment to the Florida Fire 24 Prevention Code is null and void; providing that a 25 municipality may enforce only an ordinance that has been sent to the Florida Building Commission and the 2.6 27 State Fire Marshal as of the date that the bid for a 28 permit was submitted; amending s. 633.312, F.S.; 29 requiring that a uniform summary inspection report

Page 1 of 6

CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

	597-02254-25 20251078c1			
30	include the total number of deficiencies found during			
31	the inspection of a fire protection system or hydrant;			
32	deleting the requirement for a brief summary of such			
33	deficiencies; deleting an exception from submitting			
34	certain information within a detailed inspection			
35	report; providing an effective date.			
36				
37	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:			
38				
39	Section 1. Present paragraphs (a) through (d) of subsection			
40	(1) of section 553.7932, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as			
41	paragraphs (b) through (e), respectively, present paragraph (c)			
42	of subsection (1), subsections (3) and (4), and paragraphs (a)			
43	and (b) of subsection (5) are amended, and new paragraph (a) of			
44	subsection (1) and subsections (6) and (7) are added to that			
45	section, to read:			
46	553.7932 Simplified permitting processes			
47	(1) As used in this section, the term:			
48	(a) "Alteration" means to add, install, relocate, replace,			
49	or remove.			
50	<u>(d)</u> "Fire alarm system project" means a fire alarm			
51	system alteration of a total of 20 or fewer initiating devices			
52	and notification devices $\underline{;}_{\overline{r}}$ or the installation or replacement of			
53	a fire communicator connected to an existing fire alarm control			
54	panel in an existing commercial, residential, apartment,			
55	cooperative, or condominium building; or the replacement of an			
56	existing fire alarm panel using the same make and model as the			
57	existing panel.			
58	(3) A local enforcement agency must issue a permit for a			

Page 2 of 6

CS for SB 1078

	597-02254-25 20251078c1
59	fire alarm system project or fire sprinkler system project in
60	person or electronically within 2 business days after submission
61	of a completed application. A contractor may commence work
62	authorized by the permit immediately after submission of a
63	completed application.
64	(4) The a local enforcement agency must provide an
65	inspection within 3 business days after such inspection is
66	requested require at least one inspection of a fire alarm system
67	project or fire sprinkler system project to ensure compliance
68	with applicable codes and standards. If a fire alarm system
69	project or fire sprinkler system project fails an inspection,
70	the contractor must take corrective action as necessary to pass
71	inspection.
72	(5)(a) For a fire alarm system project, a contractor must
73	keep a copy of the plans and specifications at the fire alarm
74	system project worksite and make such plans and specifications
75	available to the inspector for an onsite plans review at each
76	inspection. If the local enforcement agency determines that it
77	needs documents for recording purposes, the contractor must
78	provide such documentation in paper or electronic form to the
79	local enforcement agency within 4 business days after the
80	inspection or 4 days after the documentation is requested,
81	whichever is later. The local enforcement agency may not require
82	additional plans reviews or documentation of areas or devices
83	outside the scope of permitted work, as needed on permit
84	applications.
85	(b) For a fire sprinkler system project to alter an
86	existing fire protection system, a contractor must keep a copy

Page 3 of 6

87 of the plans and specifications at the fire sprinkler system

CS for SB 1078

I	597-02254-25 20251078c1
88	project worksite and make such plans and specifications
89	available to the inspector at each inspection. <u>If the local</u>
90	enforcement agency determines that it needs additional documents
91	for recording purposes, the contractor must provide such
92	documentation in paper or electronic form to the local
93	enforcement agency within 4 business days after the inspection
94	or 4 days after the documentation is requested, whichever is
95	later. The local enforcement agency may not require additional
96	plans reviews or documentation of areas or devices outside the
97	scope of permitted work, as needed on permit applications.
98	(6) A local government that fails to meet a deadline under
99	subsection (3) or subsection (4) must refund the permit fee by
100	10 percent for each business day after such failure, unless the
101	local government and contractor agree in writing to a reasonable
102	extension of time, the delay is caused by the applicant, or the
103	delay is attributable to a force majeure or other extraordinary
104	circumstances. Each 10 percent refund shall be based on the
105	original amount of the permit fee.
106	(7) By October 1, 2025, a local enforcement agency must
107	establish a simplified permitting process that complies with
108	this section.
109	Section 2. Subsection (9) of section 633.202, Florida
110	Statutes, is amended to read:
111	633.202 Florida Fire Prevention Code
112	(9) (a) The State Fire Marshal shall make rules that
113	implement this section and ss. 633.104 and 633.208 for the
114	purpose of accomplishing the objectives set forth in those
115	sections.
116	(b) If a county or municipality fails to adhere to the

Page 4 of 6

CS for SB 1078

	597-02254-25 20251078c1
117	requirements of this section when adopting an ordinance for a
118	local amendment to the Florida Fire Prevention Code, the local
119	amendment is null and void. A municipality may enforce only an
120	ordinance that has been sent to the Florida Building Commission
121	and the State Fire Marshal pursuant to subsection (8) as of the
122	date that the bid for a permit was submitted.
123	Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (3) of section
124	633.312, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
125	633.312 Inspection of fire control systems, fire hydrants,
126	and fire protection systems
127	(3)
128	(b) The State Fire Marshal shall adopt rules to implement a
129	uniform summary inspection report and submission procedures to
130	be used by all third-party vendors and local authorities having
131	jurisdiction. For purposes of this section, a uniform summary
132	inspection report must record the address <u>at which</u> where the
133	fire protection system or hydrant is located, the company and
134	person conducting the inspection and their license number, the
135	date of the inspection, and the fire protection system or
136	hydrant inspection status, including the total number of
137	deficiencies found a brief summary of each deficiency, critical
138	deficiency, noncritical deficiency, or impairment found. A
139	contractor's detailed inspection report is not required to
140	follow the uniform summary inspection report format. The State
141	Fire Marshal shall establish by rule a submission procedure for
142	each means provided under paragraph (a) by which a local
143	authority having jurisdiction may accept uniform summary
144	inspection reports. Each of the submission procedures must allow
145	a contractor to attach additional documents with the submission

Page 5 of 6

	597-02254-25 20251078c1
146	of a uniform summary inspection report, including a physical
147	copy of the contractor's detailed inspection report. A
148	submission procedure may not require a contractor to submit
149	information contained within the detailed inspection report
150	unless the information is required to be included in the uniform
151	summary inspection report.
152	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

N 0 . 1	The Florida S	Senate	, 0
3-25-25	APPEARANCI	E RECORD	1078
COMBERSH BAF	Deliver both copies o CM () Senate professional staff cond		Bill Number or Topic
Committee	n 1 1 cen	Phone7	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address <u>4 7/10</u>	55 N N	Email	lican Olealmonfile. Con
ST. Juke	A'2 37714 State Zip		
Speaking: Sor	Against Information OR	Waive Speaking:	In Support 🗌 Against
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:			
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobby representing:	rist,	l am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:
Florida Fire	Mershals Asso	1	sponsoled by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Sen	ate	
O3/25/25 Meeting Date	APPEARANCE I Deliver both copies of this Senate professional staff conducti	form to	Bill Number or Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Michael Choa	te	Phone	813-245-1845
Street Ave Mania	FL 34142 tate Zip ast Information OR		: In Support Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THI	E FOLLOWING:	
am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:		I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:
Florida Five Chiefs'	Association		

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

3/25/25 Meeting Date	The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECORI Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	bill Number or Topic		
Name //GRK Jet		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)		
Address 201 S. Rosa	Ind Ave Email M	ark. jeffries@ocFL.ne		
ORIANDO, FL	gte Zip			
Speaking: 🗌 For 🔄 Again	Information OR Waive Speaking	ng: 🗌 In Support 📝 Against		
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:				
l am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing: ORANGE COUNTY	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:		
	J /	1		

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Senate			
<u>3 - 25 - 25</u> Meeting Date	APPEARANCE RECORD	Bill Number or Topic		
COMMUNITY ASSONS	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting			
Name Will Geore	Phone	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)		
Address U3 E Colle) <u>ge Ave</u> Email <u>u</u>	ull@teamrsa.con		
Talbhassee	FL 32301 ate Zip			
Speaking: For Again	st 🗌 Information OR Waive Speaking	g: 🗹 In Support 🔲 Against		
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:				
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	Diama registered lobbyist, representing: American Fire Sprinklevs A Florida Chapter	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:		

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Senate	1070
- March 25/96	APPEARANCE REC	
Computer AFFairs	Deliver both copies of this form Senate professional staff conducting the	
Name TIM Meen	an -	Phone (850) 425 - 4000
Address 300 5 Duvg	1 <u>st</u> .	mail TING Meeningation a
Tallahisser City State	FL.	
Speaking: For	Information OR Waiv	e Speaking: 🗌 In Support 📄 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FO	LLOWING:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.),
Florida Fire Spr	in kler Associati	sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules off (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

The Florida Senate				
03/25/25 Meeting Date Community Affairs Committee	PPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic <u>933676</u> Amendment Barcode (if applicable)		
Name Michael Choate	Phone	863-245-1845		
Address 4400 Queus Way	, Email/	hchoat co immérire com		
Ave Mania FL City State	34142 Zip			
Speaking: 🗌 For Against 🗌	Information OR Waive Speaking	g: 🗌 In Support 🛄 Against		
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:				
am appearing without comp ensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:		
Florida Five Chiefs'	Association			

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules.pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Senate	100/2	
3-25-25	APPEARANCE RECORI	D/078	
Computity AFFa	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic <u>933670</u> Amendment Barcode (if applicable)	
Name <u>Sim Mill</u>	G CG A Phone	771 576-5670	
Address $\frac{4360-55}{\text{Street}}$	NV ~ Email	smillion & lectmon Areicon	
St. Gate	M 337(1) State Zip		
Speaking: 🗌 For 🕅 A	gainst 🗌 Information OR Waive Speaki	ng: 🗌 In Support 🗌 Against	
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:			
l am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.),	
Florida Fire	Marshals Assic.	sponsored by:	

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 JointRules pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

3/25/25	The Florida S APPEARANCE		1078
Computity /	Deliver both copies of a Senate professional staff condu	ucting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic <u>933670</u> Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Mark	JEFFRIES	Phone <u>4.07</u>	
Address 201 S.	Losq lind Ave.	Email Mark	jeff Ries@oc FL·net
OR lando City	State Zip		
Speaking: Speaking:	Against Information OR	Waive Speaking:] In Support Magainst
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF T	THE FOLLOWING:	
l am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyis representing: ORANGE COUM	st, 1 TY	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Senate	actor interio
3/25/2025	APPEARANCE RECO	RD (3/515 1078
Community APRIVIS	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the mee	eting 933670
Name <u>Shannin</u> Few	Executive Directorion	Amendment Barcode (if applicable) (954) 748 - 7779
Address P. D. Box 10448	Emai	Shamon Pew Cist- safe. org
Tallahassee, FL.	32302 Zip	
Speaking: For Against	Information OR Waive Sp	eaking: 🗌 In Support 📈 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLO	WING:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.),
Integration Association	of Florida / Alarm	Association of Florida

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11,045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (fisenate gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Senate	
3/25/25	APPEARANCE RECO	
Community Affairs Committee	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the mee	Bill Number or Topic 933670 Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Charles Chapman	Phor	ne 863-234-8983
Address 301 S. Branou	<u>18h St</u> emai	Cchopman & Alcisies.com
City City State	32361 Zip	
Speaking: For Against [Information OR Waive Sp	eaking: 🗌 In Support 🛛 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLO	WING:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	Florida League of	l am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:
	CTASES	

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules odf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

[]		SIS AND FIS		ST STATEMENT
	Prepared By: The	e Professional Staff	f of the Committee	on Community Affairs
BILL:	SJR 1510			
INTRODUCER:	Senator Avila			
SUBJECT:	Homestead Proper	ty Exemption an	d Assessment Li	mitations
DATE:	March 24, 2025	REVISED:		
ANALY	'ST ST.	AFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
I. Shuler	Flen	ning	CA	Favorable
2			FT	
3			RC	

I. Summary:

SJR 1510 proposes an amendment to the Florida Constitution to allow the Legislature to provide the same homestead exemption and Save Our Homes benefits for additional properties subject to residential leases of 6 months or more which are owned by homesteaders already receiving those benefits on their permanent residences.

The Revenue Estimating Conference has not adopted an impact estimate for this bill.

If adopted by the Legislature, the proposed amendment will be submitted to Florida's electors for approval or rejection at the next general election in November 2026.

If approved by at least 60 percent of the electors, the proposed amendment will take effect on January 1, 2027.

II. Present Situation:

General Overview of Property Taxation

The ad valorem tax or "property tax" is an annual tax levied by counties, municipalities, school districts, and some special districts. The tax is based on the taxable value of a property as of January 1 of each year.¹ The property appraiser annually determines the "just value"² of property

¹ Both real property and tangible personal property are subject to tax. Section 192.001(12), F.S., defines "real property" as land, buildings, fixtures, and all other improvements to land. Section 192.001(11)(d), F.S., defines "tangible personal property" as all goods, chattels, and other articles of value capable of manual possession and whose chief value is intrinsic to the article itself.

² Property must be valued at "just value" for purposes of property taxation, unless the Florida Constitution provides otherwise. FLA. CONST. Art VII, s. 4. Just value has been interpreted by the courts to mean the fair market value that a willing buyer would pay a willing seller for the property in an arm's-length transaction. *See, e.g., Walter v. Schuler*, 176 So. 2d 81

within the taxing authority and then applies relevant exclusions, assessment limitations, and exemptions to determine the property's "taxable value."³ The state constitution prohibits the state from levying ad valorem taxes⁴ and it limits the Legislature's authority to provide for property valuations at less than just value, unless expressly authorized.⁵

Homestead Property Tax Exemptions

Every person having legal or equitable title to real estate and who maintains a permanent residence on the real estate is deemed to establish homestead property. Homestead property is eligible for a \$25,000 tax exemption applicable to all ad valorem tax levies, including levies by school districts.⁶ An additional exemption applies to homestead property value between \$50,000 and \$75,000. This exemption is adjusted annually for inflation from the 2024 value of \$25,000 and does not apply to ad valorem taxes levied by school districts.⁷

Section 196.012(17), F.S., defines permanent residence to mean the "place where a person has his or her true, fixed, and permanent home and principal establishment to which, whenever absent, he or she has the intention of returning. A person may have only one permanent residence at a time. . . ."

Save Our Homes Homestead Assessment Limitation and Portability

In 1992, Florida voters approved the Save Our Homes amendment to the Florida Constitution.⁸ The Save Our Homes assessment limitation limits the amount that a homestead property's assessed value may increase annually to the lesser of 3 percent or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index.⁹ The accumulated difference between the assessed value and the just value is the Save Our Homes benefit. The Save Our Homes assessment limitation is considered portable because a homestead property owner may transfer this benefit when moving from one homestead property to another.¹⁰

Rental of Homestead Property

Section 196.012(13), F.S., provides that " [r]eal estate used and owned as a homestead' means real property to the extent provided in s. 6(a), Art. VII of the State Constitution, but less any portion thereof used for commercial purposes, with the title of such property being recorded in

⁽Fla. 1965); Deltona Corp. v. Bailey, 336 So. 2d 1163 (Fla. 1976); S. Bell Tel. & Tel. Co. v. Dade Cnty., 275 So. 2d 4 (Fla. 1973).

³ See ss. 192.001(2) and (16), F.S.

⁴ FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 1(a).

⁵ See FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 4.

⁶ FLA. CONST. art VII, s. 6(a).

⁷ *Id.* The percent change in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100 is used to adjust the exemption, if such percent change is positive. *Id.* For the 2025 tax year, the exemption amount is \$25,722. *See* Volusia County Property Appraiser, Homestead Exemption, <u>https://vcpa.vcgov.org/exemption/homestead</u> (last visited Mar. 20, 2025).

⁸ FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 4(d). The Florida Legislature implemented the Save Our Homes amendment in s. 193.155, F.S. ⁹ FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 4(d).

¹⁰ See FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 4(d)(8); see also s. 193.155, F.S.

the official records of the county in which the property is located. Property rented for more than 6 months is presumed to be used for commercial purposes."¹¹

Both the homestead property tax exemption and the Save Our Homes assessment limitation may be lost by a property owner that abandons homestead property. Failure to maintain a homestead property as a permanent residence may constitute abandonment under certain circumstances.¹² Section 196.061(1), F.S., describes when renting a homestead property constitutes abandonment:

"The rental of all or substantially all of a dwelling previously claimed to be a homestead for tax purposes shall constitute the abandonment of such dwelling as a homestead, and the abandonment continues until the dwelling is physically occupied by the owner. However, such abandonment of the homestead after January 1 of any year does not affect the homestead exemption for tax purposes for that particular year unless the property is rented for more than 30 days per calendar year for 2 consecutive years."

Assessment of Nonhomestead Property

Sections 4(g) and (h), Art. VII, of the Florida Constitution were created in January 2008, when Florida electors voted to provide an assessment limitation for residential real property containing nine or fewer units, and for all real property not subject to other specified classes or uses, respectively. For all levies, with the exception of school levies, the assessed value of property in each of these two categories may not be increased annually by more than 10 percent of the assessment in the prior year.¹³

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The joint resolution proposes an amendment to section 6, Article VII of the Florida Constitution to allow the Legislature to provide the same homestead exemption and Save Our Homes benefits for additional properties subject to residential leases of 6 months or more which are owned by homesteaders already receiving those benefits on their permanent residences.

The same person must hold legal and equitable property to the homestead and the leased property, and the lease must be written and in effect on January 1 of the taxable year.

The Legislature is also authorized to provide that if a property receiving these benefits becomes ineligible for them for reasons other than a change of ownership or control, the property must be assessed in the same manner as residential real property containing nine or fewer units, unless the property is assessed as homestead for that year.

The joint resolution proposes an amendment to Article XII to provide that the exemptions and assessment limitation will apply beginning with the 2027 tax roll.

¹¹ See also Florida Administrative Code Rule 12D-7.013(5): "Property used as a residence and also used by the owner as a place of business does not lose its homestead character. The two uses should be separated with that portion used as a residence being granted the exemption and the remainder being taxed."

¹² See ss. 196.031 and 193.155, F.S.

¹³ These constitutional provisions are implemented in ss. 193.1554 and 193.1555, F.S., respectively.

If adopted by the Legislature, the proposed amendment will be submitted to Florida's electors for approval or rejection at the next general election in November 2026.

If approved by at least 60 percent of the electors, the proposed amendment will take effect on January 1, 2027.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

The mandate provisions in Article VII, section 18 of the Florida Constitution, do not apply to joint resolutions.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

Article XI, s. 1 of the Florida Constitution authorizes the Legislature to propose amendments to the Florida Constitution by joint resolution approved by a three-fifths vote of the membership of each house. Article XI, s. 5(a) of the Florida Constitution requires the amendment be placed before the electorate at the next general election¹⁴ held more than 90 days after the proposal has been filed with the Secretary of State or at a special election held for that purpose. Constitutional amendments submitted to the electors must be printed in clear and unambiguous language on the ballot.¹⁵

Article XI, s. 5(d) of the Florida Constitution requires proposed amendments or constitutional revisions to be published in a newspaper of general circulation in each county where a newspaper is published. The amendment or revision must be published once in the 10th week and again in the 6th week immediately preceding the week the election is held.

Article XI, s. 5(e) of the Florida Constitution requires approval by 60 percent of voters for a constitutional amendment to take effect. The amendment, if approved, becomes

¹⁴ Section 97.021(17), F.S., defines "general election" as an election held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November in the even-numbered years, for the purpose of filling national, state, county, and district offices and for voting on constitutional amendments not otherwise provided for by law.

¹⁵ Section 101.161(1), F.S.

effective on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January following the election, or on such other date as may be specified in the amendment.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

The Revenue Estimating Conference has not yet adopted an impact for this bill.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

Article XI, Section 5(d) of the Florida Constitution requires proposed amendments or constitutional revisions to be published in a newspaper of general circulation in each county where a newspaper is published. The amendment or revision must be published in the 10th week and again in the 6th week immediately preceding the week the election is held.

The Division of Elections (division) within the Department of State pays for publication costs to advertise all constitutional amendments in both English and Spanish, ¹⁶ typically paid from non-recurring General Revenue funds.¹⁷ Accurate cost estimates for the next constitutional amendment advertising cannot be determined until the total number of amendments to be advertised is known and updated quotes are obtained from newspapers.

There is an unknown additional cost for the printing and distributing of the constitutional amendments, in poster or booklet form, in English and Spanish, for each of the 67 Supervisors of Elections to post or make available at each polling room or each voting site, as required by s. 101.171, F.S. Historically, the division has printed and distributed booklets that include the ballot title, ballot summary, text of the constitutional amendment, and, if applicable, the financial impact statement.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This resolution substantially amends section 6, Article VII of the Florida Constitution.

¹⁶ Pursuant to Section 203 of the Voting Rights Act (52 U.S.C.A. § 10503).

¹⁷ See, e.g., Ch. 2022-156, Specific Appropriation 3137, Laws of Fla.

This resolution also creates a new section in Article XII of the Florida Constitution.

IX. **Additional Information:**

Α.

Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

Β. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

By Senator Avila

	39-01051-25 20251510
1	Senate Joint Resolution
2	A joint resolution proposing an amendment to Section 6
3	of Article VII and the creation of a new section in
4	Article XII of the State Constitution to authorize the
5	Legislature to provide the same exemptions and
6	assessment limitations granted to homestead property
7	to certain real property subject to a long-term lease
8	and to provide an effective date.
9	
10	Be It Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
11	
12	That the following amendment to Section 6 of Article VII
13	and the creation of a new section in Article XII of the State
14	Constitution are agreed to and shall be submitted to the
15	electors of this state for approval or rejection at the next
16	general election or at an earlier special election specifically
17	authorized by law for that purpose:
18	ARTICLE VII
19	FINANCE AND TAXATION
20	SECTION 6. Homestead exemptions
21	(a)(1) Every person who has the legal or equitable title to
22	real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the
23	owner, or another legally or naturally dependent upon the owner,
24	shall be exempt from taxation thereon, except assessments for
25	special benefits, as follows:
26	a. Up to the assessed valuation of twenty-five thousand
27	dollars; and
28	b. For all levies other than school district levies, on the
29	assessed valuation greater than fifty thousand dollars and up to
	Page 1 of 8

```
39-01051-25
                                                             20251510
30
    seventy-five thousand dollars,
31
32
    upon establishment of right thereto in the manner prescribed by
    law. The real estate may be held by legal or equitable title, by
33
34
    the entireties, jointly, in common, as a condominium, or
    indirectly by stock ownership or membership representing the
35
36
    owner's or member's proprietary interest in a corporation owning
37
    a fee or a leasehold initially in excess of ninety-eight years.
    The exemption shall not apply with respect to any assessment
38
    roll until such roll is first determined to be in compliance
39
40
    with the provisions of section 4 by a state agency designated by
    general law. This exemption is repealed on the effective date of
41
42
    any amendment to this Article which provides for the assessment
43
    of homestead property at less than just value.
44
          (2)
              The twenty-five thousand dollar amount of assessed
    valuation exempt from taxation provided in subparagraph (a) (1)b.
45
46
    shall be adjusted annually on January 1 of each year for
47
    inflation using the percent change in the Consumer Price Index
    for All Urban Consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100,
48
49
    or successor reports for the preceding calendar year as
50
    initially reported by the United States Department of Labor,
51
    Bureau of Labor Statistics, if such percent change is positive.
```

(3) The amount of assessed valuation exempt from taxation for which every person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner, or another person legally or naturally dependent upon the owner, is eligible, and which applies solely to levies other than school district levies, that is added to this constitution after January 1, 2025, shall be adjusted annually on January 1

Page 2 of 8

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86

87

39-01051-25 20251510 59 of each year for inflation using the percent change in the 60 Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, U.S. City Average, 61 all items 1967=100, or successor reports for the preceding 62 calendar year as initially reported by the United States 63 Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, if such percent change is positive, beginning the year following the effective 64 65 date of such exemption. 66 (b) Not more than one exemption shall be allowed any 67 individual or family unit or with respect to any residential 68 unit. No exemption shall exceed the value of the real estate 69 assessable to the owner or, in case of ownership through stock 70 or membership in a corporation, the value of the proportion 71 which the interest in the corporation bears to the assessed 72 value of the property. 73 (C) By general law and subject to conditions specified 74 therein, the Legislature may provide to renters, who are 75 permanent residents, ad valorem tax relief on all ad valorem tax 76 levies. Such ad valorem tax relief shall be in the form and 77 amount established by general law. 78 (d) The legislature may, by general law, allow counties or 79 municipalities, for the purpose of their respective tax levies 80 and subject to the provisions of general law, to grant either or 81 both of the following additional homestead tax exemptions: 82 (1) An exemption not exceeding fifty thousand dollars to a 83 person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the permanent residence of the owner, who has 84 85 attained age sixty-five, and whose household income, as defined

(2) An exemption equal to the assessed value of the

by general law, does not exceed twenty thousand dollars; or

Page 3 of 8

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39-01051-25 20251510 88 property to a person who has the legal or equitable title to real estate with a just value less than two hundred and fifty 89 90 thousand dollars, as determined in the first tax year that the 91 owner applies and is eligible for the exemption, and who has 92 maintained thereon the permanent residence of the owner for not 93 less than twenty-five years, who has attained age sixty-five, 94 and whose household income does not exceed the income limitation 95 prescribed in paragraph (1). 96 97 The general law must allow counties and municipalities to grant 98 these additional exemptions, within the limits prescribed in 99 this subsection, by ordinance adopted in the manner prescribed 100 by general law, and must provide for the periodic adjustment of 101 the income limitation prescribed in this subsection for changes 102 in the cost of living. 103 (e)(1) Each veteran who is age 65 or older who is partially 104 or totally permanently disabled shall receive a discount from 105 the amount of the ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead 106 property the veteran owns and resides in if the disability was 107 combat related and the veteran was honorably discharged upon 108 separation from military service. The discount shall be in a 109 percentage equal to the percentage of the veteran's permanent, 110 service-connected disability as determined by the United States 111 Department of Veterans Affairs. To qualify for the discount granted by this paragraph, an applicant must submit to the 112 113 county property appraiser, by March 1, an official letter from the United States Department of Veterans Affairs stating the 114 115 percentage of the veteran's service-connected disability and such evidence that reasonably identifies the disability as 116

Page 4 of 8

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39-01051-25 20251510 117 combat related and a copy of the veteran's honorable discharge. 118 If the property appraiser denies the request for a discount, the 119 appraiser must notify the applicant in writing of the reasons 120 for the denial, and the veteran may reapply. The Legislature 121 may, by general law, waive the annual application requirement in 122 subsequent years. 123 (2) If a veteran who receives the discount described in 124 paragraph (1) predeceases his or her spouse, and if, upon the death of the veteran, the surviving spouse holds the legal or 125 126 beneficial title to the homestead property and permanently 127 resides thereon, the discount carries over to the surviving 128 spouse until he or she remarries or sells or otherwise disposes 129 of the homestead property. If the surviving spouse sells or 130 otherwise disposes of the property, a discount not to exceed the 131 dollar amount granted from the most recent ad valorem tax roll 132 may be transferred to the surviving spouse's new homestead 133 property, if used as his or her permanent residence and he or 134 she has not remarried. 135 (3) This subsection is self-executing and does not require 136 implementing legislation. 137 (f) By general law and subject to conditions and 138 limitations specified therein, the Legislature may provide ad

140 ad valorem tax otherwise owed on homestead property to: (1) The surviving spouse of a veteran who died from 141 service-connected causes while on active duty as a member of the 142

valorem tax relief equal to the total amount or a portion of the

143 United States Armed Forces.

144 (2) The surviving spouse of a first responder who died in 145 the line of duty.

Page 5 of 8

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139

39-01051-25 20251510 146 (3) A first responder who is totally and permanently 147 disabled as a result of an injury or injuries sustained in the line of duty. Causal connection between a disability and service 148 149 in the line of duty shall not be presumed but must be determined as provided by general law. For purposes of this paragraph, the 150 term "disability" does not include a chronic condition or 151 152 chronic disease, unless the injury sustained in the line of duty was the sole cause of the chronic condition or chronic disease. 153 154 155 As used in this subsection and as further defined by general 156 law, the term "first responder" means a law enforcement officer, 157 a correctional officer, a firefighter, an emergency medical technician, or a paramedic, and the term "in the line of duty" 158 159 means arising out of and in the actual performance of duty 160 required by employment as a first responder. 161 (g) By general law and subject to conditions and provisions specified therein, the Legislature may provide that every person 162 163 who holds the legal or equitable title to real estate that is 164 currently receiving the benefits available for homestead 165 properties under subsection (a), and who also holds the legal or 166 equitable title to real estate and maintains thereon the 167 residence of a lessee under a single written lease of six months 168 or more, if such lease is in effect on January 1 of the taxable 169 year, shall also be exempt from taxation for such leased property as provided in subsection (a) and such real estate 170 171 shall be assessed pursuant to subsection (d) of section 4 for 172 each such year. The Legislature may also provide that if any 173 property receiving the assessment limitation authorized under 174 this subsection subsequently becomes ineligible for the

Page 6 of 8

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	39-01051-25 20251510
175	assessment limitation authorized under this subsection for
176	reasons other than a change of ownership or control, as defined
177	by general law, such property shall be assessed pursuant to
178	subsection (g) of section 4, unless such property is assessed
179	under subsection (d) of section 4 for that year.
180	ARTICLE XII
181	SCHEDULE
182	Tax exemptions and assessment limitations for long-term
183	leased residential propertyThis section and the amendment to
184	Section 6 of Article VII, which authorizes the legislature to
185	provide the same exemptions and assessment limitations granted
186	to homestead property to real property that, on January 1, is
187	subject to a written lease of six months or more and is owned by
188	a person who holds legal or equitable title to real estate
189	receiving a homestead exemption, apply beginning with the 2027
190	tax roll.
191	BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the following statement be
192	placed on the ballot:
193	CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
194	ARTICLE VII, SECTION 6
195	ARTICLE XII
196	PROPERTY TAX BENEFITS FOR CERTAIN RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES
197	SUBJECT TO A LONG-TERM LEASEProposing an amendment to the
198	State Constitution to authorize the Legislature to provide the
199	same exemptions and assessment limitations as provided for
200	homestead property for real property that, on January 1, is
201	subject to a written lease of 6 months or more and is owned by a
202	person who holds legal or equitable title to property receiving
203	a homestead exemption. This amendment shall take effect January
•	

Page 7 of 8

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39-01051-25

1, 2027.

204

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20251510___



SENATOR BRYAN AVILA 39th District

THE FLORIDA SENATE

Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

Avila.bryan.web@flsenate.gov

COMMITTEES: COMMITTEES:

Finance and Tax, *Chair* Transportation, Vice Chair Appropriations Committee on Transportation, Tourism, and Economic Development Environmental and Natural Resources Ethics and Elections Fiscal Policy Rules

March 6th, 2025

The Honorable Senator Stan McClain The Florida Senate 315 Knott Building 404 South Monroe Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100

REF: Request to be Heard

Honorable Chair McClain,

I respectfully request SB 1512 Property Tax Exemption and Assessment Limitation on Long-term Leased Property and SJR 1510 Homestead Property Exemption and Assessment Limitations be placed on the next committee agenda.

SJR 1510 Homestead Property Exemption and Assessment Limitations; The bill proposes amendments to the State Constitution to authorize the Legislature to provide the same exemptions and assessment limitations granted to homestead property to certain real property subject to a long-term lease and to provide an effective date.

SB 1512 Property Tax Exemption and Assessment Limitation on Long-term Leased Property; The bill Provides that property that receives a certain tax exemption shall be assessed in a specified manner; providing that changes, additions, and improvements to such properties shall be assessed in a specified manner; requiring the submission of an application containing specified information before receiving a specified tax exemption; providing specified tax exemptions for property that meets certain eligibility requirements

Sincerely,

Byn anh

Senator Bryan Avila

CC: Elizabeth Flaming, Staff Director Tatiana Warden, Administrative Assistant Jennifer Treiber, Legislative Assistant

🗖 309 Senate Building, 404 South Monroe Street, Tallahassee, Florida 32399-1100 (850) 487-5039

3/25/25 Meeting Date	The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECOR Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic		
Name JEFF Scala		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)		
Address 100 S Monroe Email jscalue Al-Countelles, con Street Tallahussee FC 32501 City State Zip				
Speaking: 🗌 For 🗹 Again	st 🗌 Information OR Waive Speaki	i ng: In Support 🗌 Against		
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:				
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	Association of Counter	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:		

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

The Florida Senate
3/25/20 Meeting Date Meeting Date Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting Community Alkivs Communitiee Meeting Date
Name Charles Chapman Phone 8632348983
Address 301 S. Bronough ST Email Cchapman e floiries.com
Tallahasser FI 32301 City State Zip
Speaking: For Against Information OR Waive Speaking: In Support Against
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:
Lam appearing without compensation or sponsorship. League f Cirtes

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

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14

3/25/2025 Meeting Date	The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	5B1510 (Avila) Bill Number (Topic
Name Sch Reade	Phone	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address 535 Park Au Street Like Park Au City State		forde a lake pork
Speaking: 🗌 For 📈 Against	Information OR Waive Speaking:	🗌 In Support 🔲 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	l am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Senate	
<u>3-25-25</u> Meeting Date <u>Comm</u> , Affant	APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	1510 Bill Number or Topic
Name Chris Dodin	Phone 55	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address 10/8 Thomas Street	will Rel Email cdo	olin Ocdoolin and associ
City ALLAH. FIA.	te ZSDY	
Speaking: For Against	Information OR Waive Speaking:	In Support Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship. Contemport	The aregistered lobbyist, representing: 15 Cally Constraint	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:
While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time ma that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have q	ry not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. The uestions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Join	ose who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so t Rule 1. <u>2020-2022 JointRules pdf (fisenate.gov)</u>

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

Meeting Date Meeting Date Comm. Affams Meeting Date Meeting Date Me	1510 Bill Number or Topic
Name MAJOR BETHY RESCH Phone #1. 541-	Amendment Barcode (if applicable) - 329-27-06
Address 207 So Z. M Email BResc Street Jaki Work Bland 33460 LAKE City State Zip	WORTH BEACHEL
	apport Agains
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship. I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	l am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022. Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (08/10/2021)

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3 25/2025 Meeting Date Community Aft	The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic Amendment Barcode (if-applicable)
Name Address Street City	Acker Phone Phone Phone State Phone	Jul-316-MENONELING Anelus Jaan FL.
Speaking: For Agai	nst 🗌 Information OR Waive Speakin	g: 🗌 In Support Against
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING	Lamnot a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	3-25 Meeting Date	The Florida S APPEARANCE Deliver both copies of Senate professional staff cond	E RECORD This form to	15/0 Bill Number or Topic
Name	Committee	BARNHORN	Phone 73	Amendment Barcode (if applicable) 7492278
Address	<u>1,1084</u>]	Juneary	Email <u>+</u>	ormore any seminals
:	City	State Zip		
	Speaking: Sor	Against Information OR	Waive Speaking:	In Support Against
		PLEASE CHECK ONE OF	THE FOLLOWING:	
45	appearing without pensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyi representing:	st,	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules, pdf (flsenate gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

3-25-2025	The Florida Senate	ORD 1510
Meeting Date (Community A	Deliver both copies of this form t Senate professional staff conducting the	o Bill Number or Topic meeting
Name	elds p	Armendment Barcode (if applicable) hone 7277933229
Address <u>6553</u> GALEE	nbeierDr	mail ashidds eny seninole com
Seminole	L 33777 State Zip	
Speaking: For Aga	inst 🗌 Information OR Waive	e Speaking: 🔲 In Support 🔀 Against
1	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOL	LOWING:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

3/25/2025 Meeting Date COMINUMATION Committee	The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECO Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the me	eting Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Nnn Ong	Pho	
Address <u>9199115</u> Street <u>Seminole</u>	Stust Ema FL 3377	" <u>atoneydaalemy</u> Seminole.com
Speaking: For Agair	nst 🗌 Information OR Waive Sp	Deaking: In Support
7	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLO	WING:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (flsenate gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting,

3/25/25 Meeting Date	The Florida Se APPEARANCE Deliver both copies of t Senate professional staff condu		510 Bill Number or Topic
Name Dawn Pa	JC JC	-	Amendment Barcode (if applicable) - 781 - 3137
Address 2746 Mun Street City	phy Rd 33P65 State Zip	Email <u>Codren</u>	forcement@bowlinggreen frovida.org
Speaking: 🗌 For 🚺	Against Information OR	Waive Speaking:	In Support 🗌 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF T	HE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist representing:	t,	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by: Cify & Bowling

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules off (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Senate	
3-25-25	APPEARANCE REC	ORD /57 0 00002
Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of this form to	
FLC	Senate professional staff conducting the m	
Committee		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Panele Dur	Chille Ph	one
Address 104 E maint	En	nail <u>Citymannager & bowlingsrun</u> Folderorg
Bauling Creen	73434 State Zip	
Speaking: 🗌 For 📈 Agair	nst Information OR Waive	Speaking: 🗌 In Support 😤 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLL	OWING:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

(LYSIS AND FIS		ST STATEMENT
	Prepared By:	The Professional Staff	of the Committee	on Community Affairs
BILL:	SB 1512			
INTRODUCER:	Senator Avila			
SUBJECT:	Property Tax E	xemption and Asses	ssment Limitatio	n on Long-term Leased Property
DATE:	March 24, 2025	REVISED:		
ANAL	YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
1. Shuler	F	leming	CA	Favorable
2			FT	
3			RC	

I. Summary:

SB 1512 is linked to SJR 1510, which proposes an amendment to the Florida Constitution to allow the Legislature to provide the same homestead exemption and Save Our Homes benefits for additional properties subject to residential leases of 6 months or more which are owned by homesteaders already receiving those benefits on their permanent residences.

SB 1512 specifies the requirements for the new exemption and the method of assessing qualifying properties under the new assessment limitation and includes conforming administrative requirements.

The Revenue Estimating Conference has not adopted an impact estimate for this bill.

The bill will take effect on the effective date of the constitutional amendment proposed by SJR 1510 or a similar joint resolution having substantially the same intent and purpose. If approved by the electors in the next general election in November 2026, the proposed amendment and this bill will take effect on January 1, 2027.

II. Present Situation:

General Overview of Property Taxation

The ad valorem tax or "property tax" is an annual tax levied by counties, municipalities, school districts, and some special districts. The tax is based on the taxable value of a property as of

January 1 of each year.¹ The property appraiser annually determines the "just value"² of property within the taxing authority and then applies relevant exclusions, assessment limitations, and exemptions to determine the property's "taxable value."³ The state constitution prohibits the state from levying ad valorem taxes⁴ and it limits the Legislature's authority to provide for property valuations at less than just value, unless expressly authorized.⁵

Homestead Property Tax Exemptions

Every person having legal or equitable title to real estate and who maintains a permanent residence on the real estate is deemed to establish homestead property. Homestead property is eligible for a \$25,000 tax exemption applicable to all ad valorem tax levies, including levies by school districts.⁶ An additional exemption applies to homestead property value between \$50,000 and \$75,000. This exemption is adjusted annually for inflation from the 2024 value of \$25,000 and does not apply to ad valorem taxes levied by school districts.⁷

Section 196.012(17), F.S., defines permanent residence to mean the "place where a person has his or her true, fixed, and permanent home and principal establishment to which, whenever absent, he or she has the intention of returning. A person may have only one permanent residence at a time. . . ."

Save Our Homes Homestead Assessment Limitation and Portability

In 1992, Florida voters approved the Save Our Homes amendment to the Florida Constitution.⁸ The Save Our Homes assessment limitation limits the amount that a homestead property's assessed value may increase annually to the lesser of 3 percent or the percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index.⁹ The accumulated difference between the assessed value and the just value is the Save Our Homes benefit. The Save Our Homes assessment limitation is considered portable because a homestead property owner may transfer this benefit when moving from one homestead property to another.¹⁰

¹ Both real property and tangible personal property are subject to tax. Section 192.001(12), F.S., defines "real property" as land, buildings, fixtures, and all other improvements to land. Section 192.001(11)(d), F.S., defines "tangible personal property" as all goods, chattels, and other articles of value capable of manual possession and whose chief value is intrinsic to the article itself.

² Property must be valued at "just value" for purposes of property taxation, unless the Florida Constitution provides otherwise. FLA. CONST. Art VII, s. 4. Just value has been interpreted by the courts to mean the fair market value that a willing buyer would pay a willing seller for the property in an arm's-length transaction. *See, e.g., Walter v. Schuler*, 176 So. 2d 81 (Fla. 1965); *Deltona Corp. v. Bailey*, 336 So. 2d 1163 (Fla. 1976); *S. Bell Tel. & Tel. Co. v. Dade Cnty.*, 275 So. 2d 4 (Fla. 1973).

³ See ss. 192.001(2) and (16), F.S.

⁴ FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 1(a).

⁵ See FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 4.

⁶ FLA. CONST. art VII, s. 6(a).

⁷ *Id.* The percent change in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100 is used to adjust the exemption, if such percent change is positive. *Id.* For the 2025 tax year, the exemption amount is \$25,722. *See* Volusia County Property Appraiser, Homestead Exemption, <u>https://vcpa.vcgov.org/exemption/homestead</u> (last visited Mar. 20, 2025).

⁸ FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 4(d). The Florida Legislature implemented the Save Our Homes amendment in s. 193.155, F.S. ⁹ FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 4(d).

¹⁰ See FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 4(d)(8); see also s. 193.155, F.S.

Rental of Homestead Property

Section 196.012(13), F.S., provides that " '[r]eal estate used and owned as a homestead' means real property to the extent provided in s. 6(a), Art. VII of the State Constitution, but less any portion thereof used for commercial purposes, with the title of such property being recorded in the official records of the county in which the property is located. Property rented for more than 6 months is presumed to be used for commercial purposes."¹¹

Both the homestead property tax exemption and the Save Our Homes assessment limitation may be lost by a property owner that abandons homestead property. Failure to maintain a homestead property as a permanent residence may constitute abandonment under certain circumstances.¹² Section 196.061(1), F.S., describes when renting a homestead property constitutes abandonment:

"The rental of all or substantially all of a dwelling previously claimed to be a homestead for tax purposes shall constitute the abandonment of such dwelling as a homestead, and the abandonment continues until the dwelling is physically occupied by the owner. However, such abandonment of the homestead after January 1 of any year does not affect the homestead exemption for tax purposes for that particular year unless the property is rented for more than 30 days per calendar year for 2 consecutive years."

Assessment of Nonhomestead Property

Sections 4(g) and (h), Art. VII, of the Florida Constitution were created in January 2008, when Florida electors voted to provide an assessment limitation for residential real property containing nine or fewer units, and for all real property not subject to other specified classes or uses, respectively. For all levies, with the exception of school levies, the assessed value of property in each of these two categories may not be increased annually by more than 10 percent of the assessment in the prior year.¹³

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 creates s. 193.1553, F.S. to provide the new assessment limitation similar to Save Our Homes for additional residential properties subject to a lease of 6 months or more that are owned by homesteaders and that receive the new exemption similar to the homestead exemption. The method of assessing these properties is consistent with the current method for assessing homestead properties. Specifically, the section provides:

- The property is assessed each January 1 that the property is eligible, and the change in assessed value from the prior year's assessed value may not exceed 3 percent or the change in CPI.
- If the assessed value is higher than the just value, the assessed value must be lowered to the just value.
- After a change in ownership, the property is assessed again at just value the following January 1, then the 3 percent/CPI assessment limitation applies. Change of ownership is

¹¹ See also Florida Administrative Code Rule 12D-7.013(5): "Property used as a residence and also used by the owner as a place of business does not lose its homestead character. The two uses should be separated with that portion used as a residence being granted the exemption and the remainder being taxed."

¹² See ss. 196.031 and 193.155, F.S.

¹³ These constitutional provisions are implemented in ss. 193.1554 and 193.1555, F.S., respectively.

defined to mean any sale, foreclosure, or transfer of title, unless the exceptions to changes of ownership provided in the homestead assessment section (s. 193.155, F.S.) apply¹⁴.

- Changes, additions, and improvements are assessed at just value on the January 1 after they are substantially complete. Changes, additions, and improvements to property damaged by misfortune or calamity are included in the previous January 1 assessed value if the property after the change, addition, or improvement does not exceed 110 percent of the square footage of the property before the change, or 1500 square feet. Portions exceeding those thresholds are assessed at just value. If the property after the change is less than 100 percent of the property before damage, the assessed value is reduced by the value of the destroyed or removed portion of property. Changes, additions, or improvements are subject to the 3 percent/CPI assessment limitation and must be started within 5 years after the damage to be included in the previous January 1 assessed value. Changes, additions, and improvements include those made to common areas or to other property that benefit the assessed property, and such changes must be assessed at just value and apportioned among parcels benefitting from them.
- When property is destroyed or removed and not replaced, the assessed value of the parcel must be reduced by the assessed value of the destroyed or removed property.
- Property assessed solely on the basis of character or use, including agricultural property, property subject to conservation easements, and historically significant property, may not be assessed under this section. If such properties contain a residence under the same ownership, the residence and curtilage must be assessed separately according to the factors for considering just value specified in s. 193.011, F.S., to be subject to the new assessment limitation of this section.
- If a property is not eligible for this assessment limitation on January 1 of any year, it must be assessed pursuant to the 10 percent assessment limitations applicable to either nonhomestead property under s. 193.1554, F.S., or other real estate under s. 193.1555, F.S., as applicable. In such case, the basis for the 10 percent assessment limitation is the property's most recent assessed value under this new section. If the property becomes eligible to be assessed under this new section in a future year, the most recent year's assessed value must be used and is subject to this new assessment limitation.

Section 2 makes a conforming change to s. 196.011, F.S., to require applicants for the new exemption under the bill to apply by March 1, just as other exemption applicants must. The application must list the address where the homesteader currently receives his or her homestead exemption and a copy of the lease for the property for which the homesteader is seeking the new exemption.

Section 3 creates s. 196.034, F.S., to provide for an exemption similar to the homestead exemption for additional residential properties subject to a lease of 6 months or more that are owned by homesteaders. Specifically, the bill:

• Provides that eligible properties are entitled to a \$25,000 exemption, up to the assessed value, if the property owner currently receives the homestead exemption on a separate parcel that is also the property owner's permanent residence. The property for which the owner seeks the

¹⁴ Section 193.155(3)(a) lists several situations that are excepted from the requirement to reassess the property anew after a change in ownership and include, for example, when title is transferred between husband and wife following divorce.

new exemption must be, as of January 1, subject to a written lease of 6 months or more and rented to be used as a residence.

- Such properties are entitled to an additional \$25,000 exemption on the assessed value greater than \$50,000 for levies other than school levies.
- Properties that do not meet the requirements for a given year may not receive the exemptions for that year but may receive the exemptions in subsequent years if the requirements are met.
- Property that is uninhabitable because of damage or destruction by misfortune or calamity may continue to receive the exemptions if the property otherwise qualifies and the owner notifies the property appraiser of his or her intent to repair or rebuild. Such repairs or rebuilding must begin within 5 years after the damage or destruction, or the property is considered abandoned and no longer qualifies. After 5 years, an expired, lapsed, nonrenewed, or revoked permit for such repairs or rebuilding also constitutes abandonment.

Section 4 amends s. 193.1554, F.S., to make a conforming change and clarify that property assessed pursuant to the new assessment limitation would not be considered nonhomestead property and would not be assessed as such.

Section 5 amends s. 194.032, F.S., to make a conforming change and provide that a value adjustment board may hear appeals regarding a determination of whether a change of ownership or control has occurred under the new assessment limitation requirements.

Section 6 provides that SB 1512 takes effect on the same date as SJR 1510 or a similar joint resolution, if approved by voters.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

Article VII, s. 18(b) of the State Constitution provides that except upon the approval of each house of the Legislature by a two-thirds vote of the membership, the Legislature may not enact, amend, or repeal any general law if the anticipated effect of doing so would be to reduce the authority that municipalities or counties have to raise revenue in the aggregate, as such authority existed on February 1, 1989. The mandate requirement does not apply to laws having an insignificant impact,¹⁵ which for Fiscal Year 2025-2026 is forecast at approximately \$2.4 million.

The Revenue Estimating Conference has not yet adopted an impact for this bill. However, staff anticipate this bill will have a significant negative impact on local government revenues if SJR 1510 were to be approved by voters. Therefore, this may be subject to the mandates provision.

¹⁵ FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 18(d). An insignificant fiscal impact is the amount not greater than the average statewide population for the applicable fiscal year multiplied by \$0.10. *See* Fla. S. Comm. on Cmty. Affairs, *Interim Report 2012-115: Insignificant Impact*, (Sept. 2011), *available at*

http://www.flsenate.gov/PublishedContent/Session/2012/InterimReports/2012-115ca.pdf (last visited Mar. 20, 2025).

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

Article VII, s. 19 of the Florida Constitution requires that legislation that increases or creates taxes or fees be passed by a 2/3 vote of each chamber in a bill with no other subject. The bill does not increase or create new taxes or fees. Thus, the constitutional requirements related to new or increased taxes or fees do not apply.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None identified.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

The Revenue Estimating Conference has not yet adopted an impact for this bill.

B. Private Sector Impact:

If the linked proposed constitutional amendment (SJR 1510) is approved by 60 percent of voters in November 2026, additional properties will be eligible for exemptions equivalent to homestead exemptions and the Save Our Homes limitation, where applicable. This will result in a positive fiscal impact as property owners take advantage of ad valorem tax savings.

C. Government Sector Impact:

If the linked proposed constitutional amendment (SJR 1510) is approved by 60 percent of voters in November 2026, additional properties will be eligible for exemptions equivalent to homestead exemptions and the Save Our Homes limitation, where applicable. This will result in a negative fiscal impact on local governments as assessments on leased properties owned by homesteaders will be reduced.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

Unlike s. 196.031, F.S., which implements the homestead exemption, the newly created s. 196.034, F.S. does not provide for various ownership structures. This may lead to confusion for assessment of properties where the owner of the homestead holds fractional ownership in leased properties that would otherwise fit the requirements of s. 196.034, F.S.

As of January 1, 2025, s. 196.031(1)(b), F.S., provides for the annual adjustment of the second homestead exemption according to the percentage change in the CPI. If the intent is for leased properties owned by homesteaders to be assessed in the same manner, s. 196.034, F.S. should also include the annual adjustment.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 193.1554, 194.032, 196.011

This bill creates the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 193.1553, 196.034

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

By Senator Avila

	39-01052-25 20251512
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to a property tax exemption and
3	assessment limitation on long-term leased property;
4	creating s. 193.1553, F.S.; providing that property
5	that receives a certain tax exemption shall be
6	assessed in a specified manner; providing that
7	changes, additions, and improvements to such
8	properties shall be assessed in a specified manner;
9	providing exceptions and alternative assessments;
10	providing construction; requiring property that no
11	longer meets eligibility requirements to be assessed
12	in an alternative manner; amending s. 196.011, F.S.;
13	requiring the submission of an application containing
14	specified information before receiving a specified tax
15	exemption; amending s. 196.034, F.S.; providing
16	specified tax exemptions for property that meets
17	certain eligibility requirements; providing that
18	certain damaged or destroyed property is eligible for
19	the exemption if specified conditions are met;
20	providing that if such conditions are not met, such
21	property shall be considered abandoned for a specified
22	purpose; amending ss. 193.1554 and 194.032, F.S.;
23	conforming provisions to changes made by the act;
24	providing a contingent effective date.
25	
26	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
27	
28	Section 1. Section 193.1553, Florida Statutes, is created
29	to read:
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30	193.1553 Assessment of certain residential property subject
31	to a long-term lease
32	(1) Property that receives the exemption under s. 196.034
33	shall be assessed under this section.
34	(2) Except as provided in subsection (4), property that
35	meets the conditions of subsection (1) shall be assessed
36	pursuant to this section as of January 1 of any year for which
37	the property is eligible for assessment under this section,
38	using the prior year's assessed value as the basis for any
39	change in assessment. Any change resulting from such assessment
40	shall not exceed the lower of the following:
41	(a) Three percent of the assessed value of the property for
42	the prior year; or
43	(b) The percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for
44	All Urban Consumers, U.S. City Average, all items 1967=100, or
45	successor reports for the preceding calendar year as initially
46	reported by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of
47	Labor Statistics.
48	(3) If the assessed value of the property as calculated
49	under subsection (2) exceeds the just value, the assessed value
50	of the property shall be lowered to the just value of the
51	property.
52	(4) Property assessed under this section shall be assessed
53	at just value as of January 1 of the year following a change of
54	ownership. Thereafter, the annual changes in the assessed value
55	of the property are subject to the limitations in subsections
56	(2) and (3). For purposes of this subsection, the term "change
57	of ownership" means any sale, foreclosure, or transfer of legal
58	title or beneficial title in equity to any person, except if any

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59	of the provisions of s. 193.155(3)(a) apply.
60	(5)(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) and s. 193.624,
61	changes, additions, or improvements to property subject to this
62	section shall be assessed at just value as of the first January
63	1 after the changes, additions, or improvements are
64	substantially completed.
65	(b)1. Changes, additions, or improvements that replace all
66	or a portion of property assessed under this section, including
67	ancillary improvements, that are damaged or destroyed by
68	misfortune or calamity shall be assessed upon substantial
69	completion as provided in this paragraph. Such assessment must
70	be calculated using the property's assessed value as of the
71	January 1 immediately before the date on which the damage or
72	destruction was sustained, subject to the assessment limitations
73	in subsections (2) and (3), when:
74	a. The square footage of the property as changed or
75	improved does not exceed 110 percent of the square footage of
76	the property before the damage or destruction; or
77	b. The total square footage of the property as changed or
78	improved does not exceed 1,500 square feet.
79	2. The property's assessed value must be increased by the
80	just value of that portion of the changed or improved property
81	which is in excess of 110 percent of the square footage of the
82	property before the damage or destruction or of that portion
83	exceeding 1,500 square feet.
84	3. Property damaged or destroyed by misfortune or calamity
85	which, after being changed or improved, has a square footage of
86	less than 100 percent of the property's total square footage
87	before the damage or destruction shall be assessed pursuant to

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88	subsection (6).
89	4. Changes, additions, or improvements assessed pursuant to
90	this paragraph must be reassessed pursuant to subsection (2) in
91	subsequent years. This paragraph applies to changes, additions,
92	or improvements commenced within 5 years after the January 1
93	following the damage or destruction of the property.
94	(c) Changes, additions, or improvements include
95	improvements made to common areas or other improvements made to
96	property other than to the property by the owner or by an owner
97	association, which improvements directly benefit the property.
98	Such changes, additions, or improvements shall be assessed at
99	just value, and the just value shall be apportioned among the
100	parcels benefiting from the improvement.
101	(6) When property is destroyed or removed and not replaced,
102	the assessed value of the parcel shall be reduced by the
103	assessed value attributable to the destroyed or removed
104	property.
105	(7) Only property that meets the conditions of subsection
106	(1) is subject to this section. Any portion of property that is
107	assessed solely on the basis of character or use pursuant to s.
108	193.461 or s. 193.501, or assessed pursuant to s. 193.505, is
109	not subject to this section. When property is assessed under s.
110	193.461, s. 193.501, or s. 193.505 and contains a residence
111	under the same ownership, the portion of the property consisting
112	of the residence and curtilage must be assessed separately,
113	pursuant to s. 193.011, for the assessment to be subject to the
114	limitation in this section.
115	(8)(a) If, after meeting the conditions of subsection (1)
116	and receiving the benefit of the assessment limitation in

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117	subsections (2) and (3), the property does not meet the
118	conditions of subsection (1) on January 1 of any year, the
119	property shall instead be assessed pursuant to s. 193.1554(3)
120	and (4) or s. 193.1555(3) and (4), as applicable, beginning with
121	such year. Any change in assessment in the first year the
122	property is assessed pursuant to s. 193.1554 or s. 193.1555
123	shall use the most recent year's assessed value under this
124	section as the basis for adjustment, and may not revert to just
125	value unless such property experiences a change of ownership or
126	control as provided in s. 193.1554 or s. 193.1555.
127	(b) If the property meets the conditions of subsection (1)
128	in a subsequent year, this section shall apply beginning with
129	such year, and the application of the limitation in subsection
130	(2) shall use the most recent year's assessed value as the basis
131	for adjustment, even if the property was assessed in that year
132	pursuant to s. 193.1554 or s. 193.1555.
133	Section 2. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
134	196.011, Florida Statutes, is amended, and subsection (14) is
135	added to that section, to read:
136	196.011 Annual application required for exemption
137	(1)
138	(b) The form to apply for an exemption under s. 196.031, <u>s.</u>
139	<u>196.034,</u> s. 196.081, s. 196.091, s. 196.101, s. 196.102, s.
140	196.173, or s. 196.202 must include a space for the applicant to
141	list the social security number of the applicant and of the
142	applicant's spouse, if any. If an applicant files a timely and
143	otherwise complete application, and omits the required social
144	security numbers, the application is incomplete. In that event,
145	the property appraiser shall contact the applicant, who may

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146	refile a complete application by April 1. Failure to file a
147	complete application by that date constitutes a waiver of the
148	exemption privilege for that year, except as provided in
149	subsection (7) or subsection (9).
150	(14) Notwithstanding paragraph (7)(a), an applicant who is
151	eligible to receive an exemption under s. 196.034 must file an
152	application each year by March 1. Such application must include
153	the address of the property at which the owner currently
154	receives a homestead exemption, and an executed copy of the
155	lease for the property to be exempted under s. 196.034.
156	Section 3. Section 196.034, Florida Statutes, is created to
157	read:
158	196.034 Exemption of certain residential property subject
159	to a long-term lease.—
160	(1)(a) Property that meets the following conditions is
161	entitled to an exemption from all taxation up to the assessed
162	valuation of \$25,000:
163	1. The owner of the property holds the legal or equitable
164	title to a separate parcel that receives the exemption under s.
165	196.031 and such parcel is his or her permanent residence.
166	2. As of January 1 of the taxable year, the property is
167	rented by the owner to one or more persons for residential use
168	under a written lease that has a duration of 6 months or more.
169	(b) Every property that qualifies to receive the exemption
170	provided in paragraph (a) is entitled to an additional exemption
171	of up to \$25,000 on the assessed valuation greater than \$50,000
172	for all levies other than school district levies.
173	(c) Any property that does not meet the conditions of
174	paragraph (a) for a given year may not receive the benefits

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175	provided in paragraphs (a) and (b) for such year unless
176	subsection (2) applies, but the property may receive the
177	benefits in paragraphs (a) and (b) in any future year for which
178	all conditions in paragraph (a) are met.
179	(2) For purposes of this section, when property exempted
180	under this section is damaged or destroyed by misfortune or
181	calamity and the property is uninhabitable on the January 1
182	after the damage or destruction occurs, the property shall be
183	considered to be subject to a long-term lease on January 1 and
184	an existing exemption under this section shall continue if the
185	property is otherwise qualified and if the property owner
186	notifies the property appraiser that he or she intends to repair
187	or rebuild the property and the existing or another lessee will
188	resume residency after the property is repaired or rebuilt.
189	Failure by the property owner to commence the repair or
190	rebuilding of the property within 5 years after the January 1
191	following the property's damage or destruction constitutes
192	abandonment of the property as exempt under this section. After
193	the 5-year period, the expiration, lapse, nonrenewal, or
194	revocation of a building permit issued to the property owner for
195	such repairs or rebuilding also constitutes abandonment of the
196	property under this section.
197	Section 4. Subsection (1) of section 193.1554, Florida
198	Statutes, is amended to read:
199	193.1554 Assessment of nonhomestead residential property
200	(1) As used in this section, the term "nonhomestead
201	residential property" means residential real property that
202	contains nine or fewer dwelling units, including vacant property
203	zoned and platted for residential use, and that does not receive
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204	the exemption under s. 196.031 <u>or s. 196.034</u> .
205	Section 5. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section
206	194.032, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
207	194.032 Hearing purposes; timetable
208	(1)(a) The value adjustment board shall meet not earlier
209	than 30 days and not later than 60 days after the mailing of the
210	notice provided in s. 194.011(1); however, no board hearing
211	shall be held before approval of all or any part of the
212	assessment rolls by the Department of Revenue. The board shall
213	meet for the following purposes:
214	1. Hearing petitions relating to assessments filed pursuant
215	to s. 194.011(3).
216	2. Hearing complaints relating to homestead exemptions as
217	provided for under s. 196.151.
218	3. Hearing appeals from exemptions denied, or disputes
219	arising from exemptions granted, upon the filing of exemption
220	applications under s. 196.011.
221	4. Hearing appeals concerning ad valorem tax deferrals and
222	classifications.
223	5. Hearing appeals from determinations that a change of
224	ownership under s. 193.155(3), a change of ownership or control
225	under <u>s. 193.1553(4),</u> s. 193.1554(5) <u>,</u> or s. 193.1555(5), or a
226	qualifying improvement under s. 193.1555(5) has occurred.
227	Section 6. This act shall take effect on the effective date
228	of the amendment to the State Constitution proposed by SJR 1510
229	or a similar joint resolution having substantially the same
230	specific intent and purpose, if such amendment is approved at
231	the next general election.

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3/25/2025 Meeting Date 1/1/	The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	5B 1512 (Auip) Bill Number or Topic
Name Lich Lead	Phone	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address SS Park Ave	ate Zip Email	eade a pete for forda. 900
Speaking: 🗌 For 📈 Again	st Information OR Waive Speaking:	In Support Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
l am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

The Florida Senate						
3/25/2025 APPEARANCE	3/25/2025 APPEARANCE RECORD					
Meeting Date Deliver both copies of			Bill Number or Topic			
Community Affairs Senate professional staff cond	ucting the meeting					
Committee		Amer	ndment Barcode (if applicable)			
Name Charles Chapman	Phone	863 23	4 8983			
Address 301 S. Bronough ST.	Email	chopman	efficities.com			
<u>Tallahassee Fl 32301</u> City State Zip						
Speaking: For Against Information OR Waive Speaking: In Support Against						
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:						
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship. I am a registered lobby: representing: Floridalease	Λ	somet (travel,	ot a lobbyist, but received hing of value for my appearance meals, lodging, etc.), ored by:			
Cities						

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules off (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

3/25/25 Meeting Date Community Adapts	The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	SB 1512 Bill Number or Topic		
Committee Name JEFF Scala		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)		
Address 100 S Monne Street Talbhassee FL City State	<u>St</u> <u>- <u>3236(</u> <i>Zip</i></u>	calaoff-counties.com		
Speaking: 🗌 For 🗌 Against	Information OR Waive Speaking:	In Support Against		
 Lam appearing without compensation or sponsorship. Florida Association of Courties 				

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

3) 35/2025 Cumunity Alfairs	The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECOR Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic
Name Address Street City Committee Vette Vette Street Street Street City State	<u>VUCKer</u> <u>eHoPriRd</u> <u>B34B2</u>	Amendment Barcode (if applicable) 561-319-1990 Jandere bacaraton-Fr ga
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03 25 2025 Meeting Date Community Affairs Committee	APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	HB 1510 1512 Bill Number or Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable)			
Name N'Kosi Sones	Phone	50-207-2808			
Address <u>4829</u> Sally Blvd Street Bowling Green Fl City Speaking: For Against		Mmissioner 2@ Nlinggrænflorida.org : In Support Against			
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:			

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Name Francisco Acreola	Phone	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address 412 Lake Brunch RJ	Email _	ty of commissioner3 & Bowling breenflots
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The Florida Senate					
03 25 2025	APPEARANCE RE	CORD 5B 1512			
Community Affairs	Deliver both copies of this form Senate professional staff conducting the				
Committee		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)			
Name N'Kosi Jones	I	Phone <u>850-207-2808</u>			
Address 4829 Sally Blvd.		Email <u>Commissioner2@</u>			
Bouling Green FE	<u>33834</u> _{Zip}	bowlinggreen-florida.org			
Speaking: For Against	Information OR Waiv	ve Speaking: In Support 🔽 Against			
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I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:			

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3/25/25 Meeting Date Florida League of Cities	The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	SB 1512 Bill Number or Topic
Name Dawn Page	Phone 84	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address 2.7.40 MurphyRol. Street City Film	3300	enforcement@bowlinggreen Provida.org
Speaking: 🗌 For 🚺 Against	Information OR Waive Speaking:	In Support 🔲 Against
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by: City of Trowling Green

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	The Florida Sena	te		
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Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting		Bill Number or Topic	
Committee			Amendment Barcode (if applicable)	
Name Pomela Durron	e	_ Phone	850260-1278	
Address 104 Emain St Street		_ Email <u>Cu</u>	ty manager 3 b coving pumpbould.	
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The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT (This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.) Prepared By: The Professional Staff of the Committee on Community Affairs SB 1594 BILL: Senator McClain INTRODUCER: Housing SUBJECT: March 24, 2025 DATE: **REVISED:** ANALYST STAFF DIRECTOR REFERENCE ACTION 1. Shuler Fleming CA **Pre-meeting** 2. _____ FT 3. _____ RC

I. Summary:

SB 1594 makes various changes related to the funding of affordable housing projects.

Specifically, the bill:

- Revises the definition of "urban infill" to allow the \$150 million dedicated by the Live Local Act to be used for additional project types.
- Prohibits FHFC from imposing certain financing requirements on affordable housing projects
- Revises the definition of a qualified contract as it relates to projects approaching the 15th year that receive Low-Income Housing Tax Credits.
- Revises the definition of "qualified project" to allow for additional projects to receive State Housing Tax Credits.
- Revises eligibility requirements to allow for additional properties to qualify for property tax exemptions, including under the Affordable Housing Exemption for Nonprofits, the Nonprofit Land Lease Exemption, the 15th Year Exemption, the Missing Middle Exemption, the Exemption for the First 15 Years, and the Local Option Exemption.
- Revised the definition of "infrastructure" to allow the Local Government Infrastructure Tax to be used for additional project types.
- Creates the Florida Housing Revitalization Act to allow a new corporate income tax and insurance premium credit for expenses for rehabilitating historic properties to be used as affordable and workforce housing.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2025.

II. Present Situation:

The Present Situation for each issue is described below in Section III. Effect of Proposed Changes.

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

Present Situation:

Affordable Housing

One major goal at all levels of government is to ensure that citizens have access to affordable housing. Housing is considered affordable when it costs less than 30 percent of a family's gross income. A family paying more than 30 percent of its income for housing is considered "cost burdened," while those paying more than 50 percent are considered "extremely cost burdened."¹

What makes housing "affordable" is a decrease in monthly rent so that income eligible households can pay less for the housing than it would otherwise cost at "market rate."² Lower monthly rent payment is a result of affordable housing financing that comes with an enforceable agreement from the developer to restrict the rent that can be charged based on the size of the household and the number of bedrooms in the unit.³ The financing of affordable housing is made possible through government programs such as the federal Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program and the Florida's State Housing Initiatives Partnership and the State Apartment Incentive Loan program.⁴

Resident eligibility for Florida's state and federally funded housing programs is typically governed by area median income (AMI) levels. These levels are published annually by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development for every county and metropolitan area.⁵ Florida Statutes categorizes the levels of household income as follows:

- Extremely low income households at or below 30% AMI;⁶
- Very low income households at or below 50% AMI;⁷
- Low income households at or below 80% AMI;⁸ and
- Moderate income households at or below 120% AMI.⁹

Florida Housing Finance Corporation

The Florida Housing Finance Corporation (FHFC) is a public-private entity created by the Legislature in 1997 to assist in providing a range of affordable housing opportunities for Floridians.¹⁰ The FHFC is a corporation held by the state and housed within the Department of

content/uploads/2022/07/Affordable-Housing-in-Florida.pdf (last visited Mar. 22, 2025).

^o Section 420.0004(9), F.S.

 ¹ National Low Income Housing Coalition, *About the Gap Report*, <u>https://nlihc.org/gap/about</u> (last visited Mar. 22, 2025).
 ² The Florida Housing Coalition, *Affordable Housing in Florida*, 3, *available at*: <u>https://flhousing.org/wp-</u>

 $^{^{3}}$ Id.

⁴ See id.

⁵ See U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Income Limits,

https://www.huduser.gov/portal/datasets/il.html#year2024 (last visited Mar. 22, 2025). ⁶ Section 420.0004(9), F.S.

⁷ Section 420.0004(17), F.S. ⁸ Section 420.0004(11), F.S.

 $^{^{\}circ}$ Section 420.0004(11), F.S.

⁹ Section 420.0004(12), F.S.

¹⁰ Chapter 97-167, Laws of Fla. From 1980 through 1997, the former Florida Housing Finance Agency, placed within the former Department of Community Affairs, performed similar duties. *See* ch. 80-161, and ch. 97-167, s. 7, Laws of Fla.

Commerce (department). The FHFC is a separate budget entity and its operations are not subject to control, supervision, or direction by the department.¹¹

The goal of the FHFC is to increase the supply of safe, affordable housing for individuals and families with very low to moderate incomes by stimulating investment of private capital and encouraging public and private sector housing partnerships.¹² As a financial institution, the FHFC administers federal and state resources to finance the development and preservation of affordable rental housing and assist homebuyers with financing and down payment assistance.¹³

Housing Trust Funds

The State Housing Trust Fund, administered by the FHFC,¹⁴ was created "to be used for new construction and substantial rehabilitation of housing, to improve the state's ability to serve first-time homebuyers, and to increase the affordability and availability of the housing stock in the State of Florida."¹⁵ The 1992 Sadowski Act increased documentary stamp tax rates and provided for a certain proportion of documentary stamp tax revenues to be distributed to the State Housing Trust Fund.¹⁶ A large portion of these funds are utilized in the State Apartment Incentive Loan (SAIL) Program.¹⁷

The Local Government Housing Trust Fund, administered by the FHFC,¹⁸ is used to fund the State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP) Program, which was created "for the purpose of providing funds to local governments as an incentive for the creation of partnerships to produce and preserve affordable housing."¹⁹

State Apartment Incentive Loan (SAIL) Program

The SAIL Program is administered by the FHFC and provides low-interest loans on a competitive basis to multifamily affordable housing developers.²⁰ These funds often serve to bridge the gap between the development's primary financing and the total cost of the development. SAIL dollars are available for developers proposing to construct or substantially rehabilitate multifamily rental housing.²¹

At a minimum, developments financed by SAIL must set aside 20 percent of units for households at or below 50 percent of AMI, or if the development also receives Low Income

¹¹ Section 420.504(1), F.S.

¹² See ss. 420.502 and 420.511, F.S.

¹³ Florida Housing Finance Corporation, *Overview of Florida Housing Finance Corporation*, 1 (July 2017) *available at* <u>https://www.floridahousing.org/docs/default-source/aboutflorida/august2017/august2017/tab8.pdf</u> (last visited Mar. 22, 2025)

¹⁴ Section 420.0005, F.S.

¹⁵ Chapter 88-376, s. 2, Laws of Fla.; s. 420.003(5), F.S. (1988).

¹⁶ Florida Housing Finance Corporation, William E. Sadowski Affordable Housing Act, available at

<u>https://www.floridahousing.org/docs/default-source/aboutflorida/sadowski-outline.pdf?sfvrsn=2</u> (last visited Mar. 22, 2025) ¹⁷ *Id.*

¹⁸ Section 420.9079, F.S.

¹⁹ Chapter 92-317, s. 32, Laws of Fla.; s. 420.9072, F.S. (1992).

²⁰ Section 420.5087, F.S.

²¹ Florida Housing Finance Corporation, *State Apartment Incentive Loan*, <u>https://floridahousing.org/programs/developers-</u> multifamily-programs/state-apartment-incentive-loan (last visited Mar. 22, 2025).

Housing Tax Credits (LIHTC),²² 40 percent of units for households up to 60 percent of AMI.²³ Loan interest rates are set at zero percent for those developments that maintain 80 percent of their occupancy for farmworkers, commercial fishing workers or homeless people.²⁴ The interest rates are set at one percent for all other developments.²⁵ Generally, loans are issued for 15 years and cannot exceed 25 percent of the total development cost.²⁶

SAIL funding is distributed by the FHFC through a competitive solicitation process.²⁷ Each year the FHFC issues several requests for application, formal offers of funding that require hopeful developers to give the FHFC detailed information related to the development. These requests for application vary by geography and needs of the community, based on a statewide market study.²⁸ Applications are then reviewed and scored by the FHFC, based on a number of criteria, and awards are made from the highest scoring applications.²⁹

The same competitive solicitation process is used to distribute many different types of funding routed through the FHFC. The FHFC is the state's administrator for all federal affordable housing programs, which include LIHTC, HOME investment partnerships and the National Housing Trust Fund program via the HUD, and Multifamily Mortgage Revenue Bonds. The process is also used for other state programs such as the Elderly Housing Community Loan Program.³⁰ Certain funding sources can also be paired to ensure a greater number of projects are funded.

State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP) Program

The SHIP Program was created in 1992³¹ to provide funds to local governments as an incentive to create partnerships that produce and preserve affordable homeownership and multifamily housing. The SHIP program provides funds to all 67 counties and 52 Community Development Block Grant³² entitlement cities on a population-based formula to finance and preserve

²⁵ Id.

²² Low Income Housing Tax Credits are provided by the Department of Housing and Urban Development that provide financing for low income housing developments. Credits are allocated to states on a per capita basis and state-level administration is performed by FHFC. Eligible developments are income-limited similarly to SAIL requirements. *See* Office of the Comptroller of the Currency, *Low-Income Housing Tax Credits: Affordable Housing Investment Opportunities for Banks*, (Apr. 2014) *available at* <u>https://www.occ.gov/publications-and-resources/publications/community-affairs/communitydevelopments-insights/pub-insights-mar-2014.pdf</u> (last visited Mar. 22, 2025).

²³ Section 420.5087(6), F.S.

²⁴ Supra note 21.

²⁶ Sections 420.5087(4) and (6), F.S.

²⁷ Section 420.5087(1), F.S.

²⁸ Id., see also Fla. Admin. Code R. Ch 67-60.

²⁹ For the full list of statutory criteria, *see* s. 420.5087(6)(c), F.S. Additional criteria and scoring mechanics can be set by FHFC.

³⁰ For more on the programs referred to in this paragraph, *see generally* Florida Housing Finance Corporation, *2023 Annual Report, available at* <u>https://issuu.com/fhfc/docs/2023_annual_report</u> (last visited Mar. 22, 2025).

³¹ Chapter 92-317, Laws of Fla.

³² The CDBG program is a federal program created in 1974 that provides funding for housing and community development activities. U.S. Dep't of Housing and Urban Development, *The Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Program-Frequently Asked Questions, available at* <u>https://www.hudexchange.info/sites/onecpd/assets/File/The-Community-Development-Block-Grant-FAQ.pdf</u> (last visited Mar. 23, 2025).

affordable housing based on locally adopted housing plans.³³ The program was designed to serve very-low, low-, and moderate-income families and is administered by the FHFC. SHIP funds may be used to pay for emergency repairs, rehabilitation, down payment and closing cost assistance, impact fees, construction and gap financing, mortgage buydowns, acquisition of property for affordable housing, matching dollars for federal housing grants and programs, and homeownership counseling.³⁴

Funds are expended per each local government's adopted Local Housing Assistance Plan (LHAP), which details the housing strategies it will use.³⁵ Local governments submit their LHAPs to the FHFC for review to ensure that they meet the broad statutory guidelines and the requirements of the program rules. The FHFC must approve an LHAP before a local government may receive SHIP funding.³⁶

Certain statutory requirements restrict a local government's use of funds made available under the SHIP program (excluding amounts set aside for administrative costs):

- At least 65 percent of SHIP funds must be reserved for home ownership for eligible persons;³⁷
- Up to 25 percent of SHIP funds may be reserved for allowed rental services for eligible persons or for security and utility deposit assistance, eviction prevention, or a rent subsidy program for very-low-income households with an adult with special needs or who is homeless for not more than 12 months.³⁸
- At least 75 percent of SHIP funds must be reserved for construction, rehabilitation, or emergency repair of affordable, eligible housing;³⁹ and
- At least 20 percent of SHIP funds must serve persons with special needs;⁴⁰
- Up to 20 percent of SHIP funds may be used for manufactured housing;⁴¹ and
- At least 30 percent of SHIP funds must be used for awards to very-low-income persons or eligible sponsors serving very-low-income persons, and another 30 percent must be used for awards for low-income-persons or eligible sponsors serving low-income persons.⁴²

³³ See ss. 420.907-420.9089, F.S.; Florida Housing Finance Corporation, State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP) Program: Program Overview and Procedures Manual, (Mar 2021), available at

<u>https://www.floridahousing.org/docs/default-source/programs/ship-procedures-manual-online.pdf?sfvrsn=cc53367b_4</u> (last visited Mar. 23, 2025).

³⁴ See Section 420.9072(7), F.S.; Florida Housing Finance Corporation, *State Housing Initiatives Partnership (SHIP)*, <u>https://www.floridahousing.org/programs/special-programs/ship---state-housing-initiatives-partnership-program</u> (last visited Mar. 23, 2025).

³⁵ Section 420.9075, F.S. Section 420.9075(3), F.S., outlines a list of strategies LHAPs are required and encouraged to employ, such as helping those affected by mobile home park closures, encouraging innovative housing design to reduce long-term housing costs, preserving assisted housing, and reducing homelessness.

³⁶ Sections 420.9072(2) and (3), F.S.

³⁷ Section 420.9075(5)(a), F.S. "Eligible person" or "eligible household" means one or more natural persons or a family determined by the county or eligible municipality to be of very low income, low income, or moderate income based upon the annual gross income of the household. S. 420.9071(11), F.S.

³⁸ Section 420.9075(5)(b), F.S.

³⁹ Section 420.9075(5)(c), F.S.

⁴⁰ Section 420.9075(5)(d), F.S.

⁴¹ Section 420.9075(5)(e), F.S.

⁴² Section 420.9075(5)(g)2., F.S.

General Revenue Service Charge Redirect for SAIL Program

Section 201.15, F.S., prescribes the distribution of revenues from the excise tax on documents. After payments on certain outstanding bonds and a distribution to the Land Acquisition Trust Fund, eight percent of total collections is deducted as the General Revenue service charge required by s. 215.20(1), F.S. This charge is intended to represent a share of the cost of general government. The remaining revenues from the excise tax on documents are distributed to various trust funds, including the State Housing and Local Government Housing Trust Funds, pursuant to s. 201.15, F.S.

In 2023, the Live Local Act provided for \$150 million to be redirected annually from the General Revenue service charge to the State Housing Trust Fund for use in the SAIL program, with certain priorities and goals attached. These goals included projects focused on infill and maximizing existing infrastructure, the use and lease of public lands, projects near military installations, and projects meeting the needs of certain groups such as the elderly and those aging out of foster care. This funding is annually recurring and is scheduled to be repealed on July 1, 2033.

Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 10 amends s. 420.50871, F.S., to define the term "urban infill" to mean the development of vacant parcels in otherwise built-up areas where public facilities such as sewer systems, roads, schools, and recreation areas are already in place and the average residential density is at least five dwelling units per acre, the average nonresidential intensity is at least a floor area ratio of 1.0 and vacant, developable land does not constitute more than 10 percent of the area. Under the bill, it also includes the development or redevelopment of mobile home parks and manufactured home communities that meet the urban infill criteria and the criteria for redevelopment of an existing affordable housing development under the section.

The bill prohibits FHFC from requiring projects financed under the General Revenue service charge redirect to use LIHTC credits or tax-exempt bond financing.

Present Situation:

Live Local Program" - Tax Credit Program benefiting SAIL Program

Described below are select taxes imposed by Florida on certain businesses and products within the state.

- <u>Corporate Income Tax:</u> Florida imposes a 5.5 percent tax on the taxable income of certain corporations and financial institutions doing business in Florida.⁴³ Corporate income tax is remitted to the DOR and distributed to the General Revenue Fund.
- <u>Insurance Premium Tax:</u> Florida imposes a 1.75 percent tax on most Florida insurance premiums.⁴⁴ Insurance premium taxes are paid by insurance companies under ch. 624, F.S., and are remitted to the DOR. These revenues are distributed to the General Revenue Fund with additional distributions to the Insurance Regulatory Trust Fund, the Police &

⁴³ Sections 220.11(2) and 220.63(2), F.S.

⁴⁴ Section 624.509, F.S. (Different tax rates apply to wet marine and transportation insurance, self-insurance, and annuity premiums.)

Firefighters Premium Tax Trust Fund, and the Emergency Management Preparedness & Assistance Trust Fund.

In 2023, The Live Local Act created s. 420.50872, F.S., to establish the "Live Local Program," a tax credit program benefiting the SAIL program. Under the Live Local Program, businesses that make monetary donations to the FHFC to fund the SAIL program may receive a dollar-for-dollar credit against either corporate income or insurance premium taxes.

The FHFC must expend all of the contributions received under the Live Local Program for the SAIL program. From the amount received, the FHFC may use up to \$25 million to provide loans for the construction of large-scale projects of significant regional impact. These projects must include a substantial civic, educational, or health care component, and may incorporate commercial use. Such a loan must be made in accordance with the practices and policies of the SAIL program, through a competitive application process, and must not exceed 25 percent of the development's total costs.

Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 11 amends s. 420.50872, F.S. to prohibit FHFC from requiring projects financed under the General Revenue service charge redirect to use LIHTC credits or tax-exempt bond financing.

Present Situation:

Low Income Housing Tax Credits - Qualified Contracts

Of the affordable housing financing options provided by the federal government, LIHTC⁴⁵ are among the most commonly used. When a property is financed using LIHTC the federal government typically requires the property be utilized for affordable housing for at least 30 years.⁴⁶ This time period is divided into the first 15 years, the "initial compliance period," and the rest, an "extended use period."⁴⁷

After 14 years the owner of an affordable housing development may request that the FHFC seek a purchaser who will continue to operate the affordable portions of the development as affordable housing, what's referred to as the "qualified contract process."⁴⁸ Many developments, particularly those who receive the most lucrative LIHTC, waive the right to enter this process,

⁴⁵ Low Income Housing Tax Credits are provided by the federal government to rental housing developers in exchange for a commitment to provide affordable rents and are usually sold to investors to raise project equity. Under the LIHTC program, successful applicants are provided with a dollar-for-dollar reduction in federal tax liability in exchange for the development or rehabilitation of units to be occupied by very low- and low-income households. Florida Housing Finance Corporation, Housing Credits, <u>https://www.floridahousing.org/programs/developers-multifamily-programs/low-income-housing-tax-credits</u> (last visited Mar. 23, 2025).

⁴⁶ Internal Revenue Code s. 42(h)(6)(A). *See also* U.S. Dep't of Housing and Urban Development, *What Happens to Low–Income Housing Tax Credit Properties at Year 15 And Beyond?* 6-7 (Aug. 2012) *available at* <u>https://www.huduser.gov/publications/pdf/what happens lihtc v2.pdf</u> (last visited Mar. 23, 2025), [hereinafter *What Happens to LIHTC*].

⁴⁷ What Happens to LIHTC, supra note 46, at 7.

⁴⁸ What Happens to LIHTC, supra note 46, at 38.

and must remain affordable housing for the duration of the agreed upon time.⁴⁹ After a developer requests a qualified contract, if the FHFC is unable to present a buyer during the subsequent 1-year period the extended use period of the property as affordable housing will end, and the property can be utilized for market-rate housing.⁵⁰

This "qualified contract process" relies on the FHFC marketing the property and returning to the owner with a "bona fide contract,"⁵¹ showing that they have found a buyer in order to maintain the affordable housing requirement. The price for the affordable housing portion of the sale is set according to a formula designed to give the owner an inflation adjusted return on its original equity contribution.⁵²

If the FHFC is able to procure a purchaser and present the owner with such a bona fide contract within the one year period, regardless of whether the owner accepts, rejects, or fails to act upon the contract, the property will continue to be subject to its extended use agreement as affordable housing.⁵³ If the owner accepts the offer, the property will be sold to the purchaser. If the owner rejects the offer or fails to act upon the offer, the owner will continue to be subject to the extended use agreement and cannot submit another qualified contract request for the development.

In 2022, the Legislature codified certain definitions and procedures related to the qualified contract process. In doing so, the moment when a bona fide contract becomes a qualified contract shifted from when the purchaser makes the first deposit to when the second earnest money deposit is made.⁵⁴

The Live Local Act amended s. 420.503(36), F.S., to provide that the FHFC shall deem a bona fide contract to be a qualified contract at the time the bona fide contract is presented to the owner and the initial earnest money deposit is deposited in escrow, as opposed to when the second deposit is made.

⁴⁹ See U.S. Dep't of the Treasury, *Housing Crisis in Focus: LIHTC Best Practices to Discourage Qualified Contracts and Keep Housing Affordable for Longer*, (Dec. 12, 2024) <u>https://home.treasury.gov/news/featured-stories/housing-crisis-in-focus-lihtc-best-practices-to-discourage-qualified-contracts-and-keep-housing-affordable-for-longer</u> (last visited Mar. 23, 2025).

⁵⁰ Internal Revenue Code s. 42(h)(6)(E)(i)(II).

⁵¹ A "bona fide contract" is defined in s. 420.503(4), F.S., to mean a certain and unambiguous offer to purchase the development for an amount equaling or exceeding the qualified contract purchase price which is made in good faith by a qualified purchaser with the intent that such offer result in the execution of an enforceable, valid, and binding contract to purchase and which includes:

⁽a) A requirement for the purchaser to make an initial nonrefundable earnest money deposit of at least \$50,000, to be placed in escrow, unless waived in writing by the owner; and

⁽b) A requirement for the purchaser to make a second nonrefundable earnest money deposit equal to 3 percent of the qualified contract price within 15 business days after the end of the due diligence period, unless waived in writing by the owner and subject to any rights reserved by the purchaser in the event of the owner's failure to deliver insurable title or in the event of the owner's default.

A bona fide contract may require that the initial earnest money deposit and the second earnest money deposit be refundable in the event of the owner's failure to deliver insurable title at closing; the owner's termination of a fully executed contract due to a reason other than the default of the purchaser, or as may be provided for in the contract; or the owner's default.

⁵² Internal Revenue Code s. 42(h)(6)(F).

⁵³ Fla. Admin. Code R. 67-48.031(10).

⁵⁴ Chapter 2022-194, s. 1, Laws of Fla.

Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 9 amends s. 420.503(36), F.S., to undo the change made by the Live Local Act and once again provide that the FHFC shall deem a bona fide contract to be a qualified contract at the time the second earnest money deposit is deposited in escrow.

Present Situation:

State Housing Tax Credit Program

Sections 420.5093 and 220.185, F.S., work in tandem to provide for the State Housing Tax Credit (SHTC) Program for purposes of increasing the supply of affordable housing in urban areas of the state. Unlike the federal LIHTC Program⁵⁵ which is exclusively for rental development, the SHTC Program may be used for single family development, commercial facilities associated with housing and, more generally, allows for mixed use projects.⁵⁶ Additionally, Florida Statutes provide for the credit to be used in urban areas, rather than throughout the state as allowed by the federal LIHTC.⁵⁷

Similar to the LIHTC Program, the SHTC Program allows for credits of up to 9 percent for designated projects. The total tax credits allocated is defined as the total credits pledged over a 5-year period for all projects. FHFC is authorized to establish procedures for the allocation and distribution of the SHTC Program.⁵⁸ FHFC must prepare an annual plan, which must be approved by the Governor, containing general guidelines for the SHTC Program.⁵⁹

The total amount of credits allocated for all projects may not exceed the amount appropriated for the SHTC Program in the General Appropriations Act.⁶⁰ Established in 1999,⁶¹ the SHTC Program received an initial General Revenue appropriation of \$2.5 million.⁶² No credits were issued that year and therefore no appropriated funds were utilized. The SHTC has received no additional appropriations since 1999.⁶³

Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 7 amends the definition of "qualified project" under s. 220.185, F.S., to include qualified low-income projects,⁶⁴ where 100 percent of the projects are restricted to serve low-income residents. This will make developers of such projects eligible for tax credits under the SHTC Program if the program receives appropriations in the future.

⁵⁵ See Tax Reform Act of 1986 (P.L. 99-514).

⁵⁶ Sections 420.5093(2) and (3), F.S.

⁵⁷ Sections 420.5093(1) and (3), F.S.

⁵⁸ Section 420.5093(2), F.S.

⁵⁹ Id.

⁶⁰ Section 220.185(2)(b), F.S.

⁶¹ Chapter 99-378, ss. 19-20, Laws of Fla.

⁶² Chapter 99-378, s. 26, Laws of Fla.

⁶³ Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government Accountability, State Low-Income Housing Tax Credits, (Oct. 2023).

⁶⁴ Defined under section 42(g) of the Internal Revenue Code to include projects where 20 percent of units for households at or below 50 percent of AMI, 40 percent of units for households up to 60 percent of AMI, or 40 percent or more are rent-restricted and occupied by individuals who don't exceed the imputed income limit.

The bill prohibits projects financed under SAIL or SHIP or that have received LIHTC credits from FHFC from qualifying under the SHTC Program.

Present Situation:

Land Use Preemption for Affordable Multifamily Developments

In 2023, the Live Local Act amended ss. 125.01055 and 166.04151, F.S., to preempt counties and municipalities, respectively, on zoning, density, and height for certain multi-family rental developments in commercial, industrial, and mixed-use areas.⁶⁵ Specifically, a county or municipality must authorize multifamily and mixed-use residential⁶⁶ as allowable uses in any area zoned for commercial, industrial, or mixed-use if at least 40 percent of the units will be affordable for at least 30 years and serve incomes up to 120% AMI. A county or municipality may not require a zoning, land use change, or a comprehensive plan amendment for the building height, zoning, floor area ratio,⁶⁷ and densities for developments proposed under this law.

A county or municipality may not restrict the density of such development below the highest allowed density on any unincorporated land in the county where residential development is allowed. Additionally, a county or municipality may not restrict the height of such development below the highest allowed height for a commercial or residential development in its jurisdiction within 1 mile of the proposed development or 3 stories, whichever is higher, with certain exceptions for proposed developments near single-family homes.

An application for such development must be administratively approved and no further action is required from the board of county commissioners or governing body of the municipality if the development satisfies the county's land development regulations for multifamily in areas zoned for such use and is otherwise consistent with the jurisdiction's comprehensive plan.

These provisions from the Live Local Act are scheduled to expire on October 1, 2033.

Ad Valorem Tax Exemptions for Affordable Multi-family Housing Projects

The ad valorem tax⁶⁸ or "property tax" is an annual tax levied by counties, municipalities, school districts, and some special districts based on the taxable value of property as of January 1 of each year.⁶⁹ The Florida Constitution allows the Legislature to exempt from ad valorem taxation portions of property that are used predominantly for educational, literary, scientific, religious or

⁶⁵ Ch. 2023-17, Laws of Fla., codified at sections 125.01055(7) and 166.04151(7), F.S.

⁶⁶ At least 65 percent of the total square footage must be used for residential purposes.

⁶⁷ "Floor area ratio" was incorporated by ch. 2023-17, Laws of Fla.

⁶⁸ For an in-depth review of ad valorem taxation and the specific taxes discussed herein, see Florida Senate Committee on Appropriations, *Bill Analysis and Fiscal Impact Statement, CS/SB 102 (2023)* pages 30-34, Feb. 24, 2023, *available at* <u>https://flsenate.gov/Session/Bill/2023/102/Analyses/2023s00102.ap.PDF</u> (last visited Mar. 21, 2025).

⁶⁹ Both real property and tangible personal property are subject to tax. Section 192.001(12), F.S., defines "real property" as land, buildings, fixtures, and all other improvements to land. Section 192.001(11)(d), F.S., defines "tangible personal property" as all goods, chattels, and other articles of value capable of manual possession and whose chief value is intrinsic to the article itself.

charitable purposes.⁷⁰ The Legislature has implemented these exemptions and set forth criteria to determine whether property is entitled to such an exemption.⁷¹

In 1999, the Legislature authorized a charitable use property tax exemption for property owned by a nonprofit corporation that provides affordable housing.^{72, 73} Currently, the exemption is limited to only those portions of the property that house persons or families whose income does not exceed 120 percent of the median income of the state, the metropolitan area, or the county where the person lives, whichever is greater.⁷⁴

In 2017, the Legislature authorized a charitable use property tax discount for property with an agreement with the FHFC where more than 70 of the units provide affordable housing. The discount is limited to only those portions of the property that house persons or families whose income does not exceed 80 percent of the median income of the state, the metropolitan area, or the county where the person lives, whichever is greater. The tax discount amounted to 50 percent of the taxable value of eligible units and was applicable to taxes assessed after the 15th completed year of an agreement with the FHFC.⁷⁵ In 2021, the Legislature increased the 50 percent discount to a full exemption.⁷⁶

Nonprofit Land Lease Exemption

The Live Local Act, which became law in 2023, amended s. 196.1978(1), F.S., to provide that land owned entirely by a nonprofit entity which is leased for at least 99 years for the purpose of and is in fact used for providing affordable housing for extremely-low-, very-low-, low-, or moderate-income persons or families is exempt from ad valorem taxation.⁷⁷ In order to receive this exemption, the improvements on the land being used for affordable housing purposes must encompass more than half the square footage of all improvements on the land.

Property Tax Exemption for Newly Constructed Developments – The "Missing Middle"

The Live Local Act also established a new ad valorem tax exemption for owners of newly constructed multifamily rental developments who use a portion of the development to provide affordable housing.⁷⁸ Eligible property includes units in a newly constructed multifamily development containing more than 70 units dedicated to housing natural persons or families below certain income thresholds.⁷⁹ However, units subject to an agreement with Florida Housing Finance Corporation (FHFC) are not eligible for the exemption.⁸⁰

⁷⁰ Art. VII, s. 3(a), FLA. CONST.

⁷¹ Section 196.196, F.S.

⁷² Chapter 99-378, s. 15, Laws of Fla. (creating s. 196.1978, F.S, effective July 1, 1999).

 $^{^{73}}$ The not-for-profit corporation must qualify as charitable under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and other federal regulations. *See* 26 U.S.C. s. 501(c)(3) ("charitable purposes" include relief of the poor, the distressed or the underprivileged, the advancement of religion, and lessening the burdens of government).

⁷⁴ Section 196.1978(1)(a), F.S.

⁷⁵ Ch. 2017-36, s. 6, Laws of Fla., codified as s. 196.1978(2)(a), F.S (2018).

⁷⁶ Ch. 2021-31, s. 10, Laws of Fla., codified as s. 196.1978(2)(a), F.S. (2022).

⁷⁷ Ch. 2023-17, s. 8, Laws of Fla., codified as s. 196.1978(1)(b), F.S. (2024).

⁷⁸ Ch. 2023-17, s. 8, Laws of Fla., codified as s. 196.1978(3), F.S. (2024).

⁷⁹ Section 196.1978(3)(b), F.S.

⁸⁰ Section 196.1978(3)(k), F.S.

"Newly constructed" is defined as an improvement substantially completed within five years before the property owner's first application for the exemption.⁸¹ The units must be occupied by such individuals or families and rent limited so as to provide affordable housing at either the 80 or 120 percent AMI threshold.⁸² Rent for such units may not exceed 90 percent of the fair market value of rent as determined by a rental market study.⁸³

Qualified property used to provide affordable housing at the 80 to 120 percent AMI threshold receives an exemption of 75 percent of the assessed value of the affordable units, while such property providing affordable housing up to the 80 percent AMI threshold receives a complete ad valorem tax exemption for the affordable units.⁸⁴

To receive this exemption, a property owner must apply by March 1 to the property appraiser, accompanied by a certification notice from FHFC.⁸⁵ To receive FHFC certification, a property owner must submit a request on a form including the most recent market study, which must have been conducted by an independent certified general appraiser in the preceding three years, a list of units for which the exemption is sought, the rent amount received for each unit, and a sworn statement restricting the property for a period of not less than three years to provide affordable housing.⁸⁶

The certification process is administered within FHFC. FHFC is responsible for publishing the deadline for submission, reviewing each request, sending certification notices to both the successful property owner and the appropriate property appraiser, and notifying unsuccessful property owners with reasons for denial.⁸⁷

In 2024, the Legislature revised this exemption in several substantive and administrative ways.⁸⁸ The definition of "newly constructed" was amended to remove the requirement that substantial completion be the earlier of either within 5 years before the date of an applicant's first submission of a request for a certification notice or an application for an exemption. The legislation reduced the number of units from 70 to 10 in developments located in the Florida Keys that were required to be set aside for income-limited persons and families in acknowledgement of the stricter land development regulations for that area. It more clearly delineated the respective duties of FHFC and property appraisers in processing applications for the exemption. It also provided that transient public lodging establishments were ineligible for the exemption.

As part of the 2024 changes, effective beginning with the 2025 tax roll, taxing authorities were given the ability to opt out of the exemption if their ordinance met certain requirements and they made certain findings that the number of affordable rental units were greater than the number of

⁸¹ Section 196.1978(3)(a)2., F.S.

⁸² Section 196.1978(3)(b)1., F.S.

⁸³ Section 196.1978(3)(b)3., F.S.

⁸⁴ Section 196.1978(3)(d), F.S.

⁸⁵ Section 196.1978(3)(e), F.S.

⁸⁶ Section 196.1978(3)(f), F.S.

⁸⁷ Section 196.1978(3)(g), F.S.

⁸⁸ Chapters 2024-158, and 2024-188, Laws of Fla.

renter households in their area, according to the most recent Shimberg Center for Housing Studies Annual Report.

Local Option Property Tax Exemption

Section 196.1979, F.S., authorizes the governing body of a county or municipality to adopt by ordinance an ad valorem tax exemption for certain property used for providing affordable housing.⁸⁹

Portions of property eligible for the exemption must be utilized to house persons or families meeting the extremely-low limit⁹⁰ or with incomes between 30 to 60 percent of AMI, be contained in a multifamily project of at least 50 units where at least 20 percent are reserved for affordable housing, and have rent set such that it provides affordable housing to people in the target income bracket, or no higher than 90 percent of the fair market rent value as determined by a rental market study, whichever is less.⁹¹ Additionally, the property must not have been cited for code violations on three or more occasions in the preceding 24 months and must not have outstanding code violations or related fines.⁹²

In adopting this exemption, a local government may choose to offer either or both an exemption for extremely-low-income (up to 30 percent AMI) and for incomes between 30 to 60 percent AMI targets. The value of the exemption is up to 75 percent of the assessed value of each unit if less than 100 percent of the multifamily project's units are used to provide affordable housing, or up to 100 percent of the assessed value if all of the project's units are used to provide affordable housing.⁹³

The 2024 legislative revisions included clarifying and administrative changes to align the implementation of the Local Option Exemption with the Missing Middle Exemption.

Property Tax Exemption for the First 15 Years for New Affordable Housing

The 2024 legislation also created a new exemption for the first 15 years of certain new, lowincome housing projects.⁹⁴ These projects are required to be multifamily projects built within 2 years of applying where either no buildings previously were, or old buildings were removed. The projects must have at least 70 units that are used to provide affordable housing to those meeting the extremely-low-income, very-low-income, or low-income limits. The projects must also be subject to a 99-year land use restriction agreement with FHFC with a penalty for ceasing to provide affordable housing before the end of the agreement term.

⁸⁹ Chapter 2023-17, s. 9, Laws of Fla., codified as s. 196.1979, F.S.

⁹⁰ Section 420.0004(9), F.S.

⁹¹ Section 196.1979(1)(a)1.-3., F.S.

⁹² Section 196.1979(1)(a)4., F.S.

⁹³ Section 196.1979(1)(b), F.S.

⁹⁴ Ch. 2024-158, Laws of Fla, codified at 196.1978(4).

Taxation of Government Property

Florida law generally exempts government property from ad valorem taxation.⁹⁵ Subject to certain conditions, property of the United States, property of Florida, and property of political subdivisions and municipalities of the state are exempt from ad valorem taxation.⁹⁶

Generally, property owned by the federal government is immune from state and local taxation.⁹⁷ The federal government's immunity from taxation extends to its agents and its instrumentalities.⁹⁸ Congress has the exclusive authority to determine whether and to what extent its instrumentalities are immune from state and local taxes.⁹⁹

Housing Finance Authorities

Each county in Florida may create by ordinance a Housing Finance Authority (HFA) of the county to carry out the powers granted by the Florida Housing Finance Authority Law.¹⁰⁰ An HFA is composed of not fewer than five uncompensated members appointed by the governing body of the county.¹⁰¹ The powers of an HFA are vested in the members¹⁰² and include the power to loan funds to persons purchasing homes and to nonprofit corporations engaged in qualifying housing developments.¹⁰³ An HFA may also own real property, so long as no less than 50 percent of the units owned by the HFA benefit very-low income families or low-income families.¹⁰⁴

Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 1 adds definitions to s. 196.1978, F.S., that apply to all of the affordable housing property tax exemptions in that section. "Financial beneficiary" is defined to mean any principal of the developer or applicant that receives or will receive any direct or indirect financial benefit from a development, but excludes third-party lenders, third-party management agents or companies, third-party service providers, housing credit syndicators, or credit enhancers regulated by a state or federal agency. The term "multifamily project" is defined to include multiple parcels or properties with one or more financial beneficiaries if the property or site meets certain conditions related contiguity, division by a street or easement, or are part of a common scheme of development.

Affordable Housing Exemption for Nonprofits

The bill amends the original affordable housing exemption from 1999 intended for nonprofit corporations to also include property owned entirely by a governmental entity. Since property owned by governmental entities are generally not taxed, it is not likely this will have an effect.

⁹⁵ See s. 196.199, F.S.

⁹⁶ See id.

⁹⁷ McCullough v. Maryland, 17 U.S. (4 Wheat.) 316 (1819).

⁹⁸ Kern-Limerick, Inc. v. Scurlock, 347 U.S. 110 (1954).

⁹⁹ Maricopa County v. Valley Bank, 318 U.S. 357 (1943).

¹⁰⁰ Section 159.604, F.S.

¹⁰¹ Section 159.605, F.S.

¹⁰² Section 159.605, F.S.

¹⁰³ Section 159.608, F.S.

¹⁰⁴ *Id*.

The bill also amends this exemption to provide that vacant units or units occupied by people no longer meeting the income limits are still exempt if the property is subject to a LURA with a housing finance authority.

Nonprofit Land Lease Exemption

The bill amends the Nonprofit Land Lease Exemption to include land owned entirely by governmental entities and reduce the required length of the lease from 99 years to 90 years. The bill expands the exemption from only applying to land to also include all improvements used to provide qualifying housing.

15th-Year Exemption

The bill amends the "15th-Year" exemption last revised in 2021 to decrease the required number of units set aside for persons at 80 percent of AMI or lower from 70 units to one unit. Instead of meeting the minimum number of units, the project may instead be an adaptive reuse project (which is newly defined under the bill in s. 196.1979(1), F.S.).¹⁰⁵ Developments subject to an agreement with housing finance authorities are also included. Instead of the current directive to the property appraiser to apply the exemption to portions of property that *provide* affordable housing, the exemption will apply under the bill to units *dedicated to providing* affordable housing. Purchasers of property subject to an agreement with FHFC or a housing authority will be allowed to continue to receive the exemption until December 31, 2059, so long as the property otherwise complies with the requirements of s. 196.1978, F.S.

Missing Middle Exemption

The bill amends the "Missing Middle" exemption for newly constructed developments by revising and adding definitions. Under the bill, "improvement to property" includes new construction, substantial rehabilitation of existing multifamily projects, or conversions to multifamily use. The term "newly constructed" includes substantial rehabilitation of existing improvements and revises the requirement that the improvement be constructed or substantially rehabilitated within 5 years before the property owner, rather than the applicant, first applies for certification. "Substantial rehabilitation" is defined using a formula to calculate the value of meaningful repair or restoration per year of the building's age and allows the allocation of repair or restoration of "substantially completed" to be consistent with how that term is used throughout the property tax statutes,¹⁰⁶ the bill defines the term to mean the date the project receives its certificate of occupancy.

The bill revises the eligibility requirements to remove the requirement that the property *provide* housing to persons at or below 120 percent of AMI. Instead of requiring 70 units, the minimum number of units is reduced to one unit which is dedicated to housing persons at or below 120 percent of AMI. The bill allows for adaptive reuse projects, if 20 percent are dedicated to housing persons at or below 120 percent of AMI. The bill allows for vacant units to qualify if

¹⁰⁵ This term is defined to mean a conversion of an existing nonresidential building or structure into multifamily or mixed-use residential housing.

¹⁰⁶ Currently, s. 196.1978, F.S., defines "substantially completed" to mean that the improvement or some self-sufficient unit within it can be used for the purpose for which it was constructed.

they are posted for rent. Units approved under s. 125.01055 or s. 166.04151, which includes those administratively approved under the Live Local preemptions and the Live Local expedited affordable housing requirements, receive an exemption of 75 percent of their assessed value.

The income requirements are revised to require that the occupants meet the thresholds at the time the lease is executed and to specify a unit continues to be eligible if their income increases, so long as qualifying tenants replace them after they voluntarily vacate.

The property appraiser must include the proportionate share of common areas when calculating the exemption. Both original property owners of projects and subsequent owners may apply for the exemption. Property owners are allowed to revise the list of exempted units and increase or decrease the number of units in subsequent years.

If a property is foreclosed, the foreclosing party may choose to void the sworn statement that the property would be restricted to affordable housing for 3 years.

Property owners are allowed to request a letter from the property appraiser, which the property appraiser must issue if requested, verifying that the project qualifies for the exemption if it is constructed and leased according to the requirements. The letter serves as prima facie evidence of the projects eligibility.

The Missing Middle "Opt-Out" provision is revised to no longer require that the most recent Annual Shimberg report be used, but instead the amount of affordable units is to be based on annual reports from the previous 3 years. Taxing authorities may not make a finding by resolution; they are limited to making the finding by ordinance under the bill. Instead of opt-out ordinances lasting 2 years, they must be adopted annually. A taxing authority is prohibited from opting out using emergency enactment procedures. The grandfathering clause for properties receiving an exemption before adoption of an opt-out ordinance applies to subsequent owners, transferees, or assignees, instead of the property owner of the project. The bill requires proposed developments that have been administratively approved before the adoption or renewal of an optout ordinance to be eligible for the exemption for each year it applies and is granted the exemption. In addition to making a finding regarding the amount of affordable housing based on the Shimberg annual reports, taxing authorities are required under the bill to conduct an affordable needs assessment to project the supply and demand for the next 5 years and present the needs assessment at the hearing to adopt the opt-out. The bill requires taxing authorities to notify FHFC when they opt out, and FHFC must report to the Governor and Legislature annually on the opt-outs. The bill provides a cause of action for owners of multifamily projects that would otherwise qualify and are adversely affected by an opt-out ordinance.

Property Tax Exemption for the First 15 Years for New Affordable Housing

The first 15 years exemption is amended to decrease the minimum number of qualifying units from 70 to one and allow for adaptive reuse projects. Projects subject to a LURA with a housing finance authority are allowed. The exemption will apply to units *dedicated to providing* affordable housing instead of those that *provide* affordable housing.

The penalty for ceasing to provide affordable housing is reduced from 100 percent of the total amount financed by FHFC multiplied by each year remaining to 100 percent of the total value of the exemption received up to the date the project no longer provides affordable housing.

Local Option Exemption

Section 2 substantially amends the Local Option Property Tax Exemption in s. 196.1979, F.S. The bill defines "adaptive reuse projects" to mean conversion of an existing nonresidential building or structure into multifamily or mixed-use residential housing.

The eligibility requirements are revised to apply to projects with 50 units but no longer require 20 percent of them be used to provide affordable housing. A project may have 5 units under the bill. Adaptive reuse projects are eligible if 20 percent of the units are used for affordable housing.

Developments approved under ss. 125.01055 or 166.04151, F.S., are allowed to abate up to 20 percent of the development's property tax for 10 years by paying 20 percent of the total amount of property taxes to be abated at the time a building permit is issued.

FHFC is required to adopt rules establishing standards for monitoring compliance with the exemption requirements. Counties and municipalities are prohibited from adopting compliance standards more strict than FHFC's.

Section 13 provides that changes made by the act first apply to the 2026 tax roll.

Present Situation:

Local Discretionary Sales Surtaxes

Counties have been granted limited authority to levy a discretionary sales surtaxes for specific purposes on all transactions occurring in the county subject to the state tax imposed on sales, use, services, rental, admissions, and other transactions by ch. 212, F.S., and on communications services as defined in ch. 202, F.S.¹⁰⁷

Approved purposes include:

- Funding transportation systems in a charter county;¹⁰⁸
- Financing local government infrastructure projects;¹⁰⁹
- Providing additional revenue for specified small counties;¹¹⁰
- Providing medical care for indigent persons;¹¹¹

¹⁰⁷ The tax rates, duration of the surtax, method of imposition, and proceed uses are individually specified in s. 212.055, F.S. General limitations, administration, and collection procedures are set forth in s. 212.054, F.S.

¹⁰⁸ Section 212.055(1), F.S.

¹⁰⁹ Section 212.055(2), F.S.

¹¹⁰ Section 212.055(3), F.S. Note that the small county surtax may be levied by extraordinary vote of the county governing board if the proceeds are to be expended only for operating purposes.

¹¹¹ Section 212.055(4)(a), F.S. (for counties with more than 800,000 residents); s. 212.055(7), F.S. (for counties with less than 800,000 residents).

- Funding trauma centers;¹¹²
- Operating, maintaining, and administering a county public general hospital;¹¹³
- Constructing and renovating schools;¹¹⁴
- Providing emergency fire rescue services and facilities; and¹¹⁵
- Funding pension liability shortfalls.¹¹⁶

A discretionary sales surtax is based on the rate in the county where the taxable goods or services are sold, or delivered into, and is levied in addition to the state sales and use tax of 6 percent. The surtax does not apply to the portion of the sales price above \$5,000 on any item of tangible personal property. This \$5,000 cap does not apply to the sale of any service, rentals of real property, or transient rentals. Rates range from 0.5 percent to 1.5 percent and are levied by 65 of the 67 counties.¹¹⁷

A county may levy a local government infrastructure tax of 0.05 percent or 1 percent. The proceeds must be used within the county and municipalities within the county, or pursuant to a joint agreement within another county to finance, plan, and construct infrastructure.¹¹⁸ The term "infrastructure" includes fixed capital outlay for public facilities under certain conditions; certain first responder vehicles; expenditures related to utilities; fixed capital outlay for private facilities under certain conditions; and instructional technology for classrooms.¹¹⁹

The term "infrastructure" also includes the acquisition of land for a residential housing project in which at least 30 percent of the units are affordable to individuals or families whose income does not exceed 120 percent AMI, if the land is owned by a local government or by a special district pursuant to an agreement with the local government to provide such housing.¹²⁰ The local government or special district may enter into a ground lease with a public or private person or entity for the construction of the residential housing project on the acquired land.¹²¹

Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 3 amends s. 212.055, F.S., to revise the definition of the term "infrastructure" as it relates to allowable uses for the Local Government Infrastructure Tax to include any expenditure to construct or rehabilitate housing that is affordable for at least 30 years.

¹¹² Section. 212.055(4)(b), F.S.

¹¹³ Section 212.055(5), F.S.

¹¹⁴ Section 212.055(6), F.S.

¹¹⁵ Section 212.055(8), F.S.

¹¹⁶ Section 212.055(9), F.S.

¹¹⁷ Fla. Dep't of Revenue, *Discretionary Sales Surtax Information for Calendar Year 2025, Form DR-15DSS, available at* <u>https://floridarevenue.com/Forms_library/current/dr15dss.pdf</u> (last visited Mar. 23, 2025).

¹¹⁸ Section 212.055(2), F.S.

¹¹⁹ *Id*.

¹²⁰ *Id.*

 $^{^{121}}$ Id.

Present Situation:

National Register of Historic Places

The National Register of Historic Places,¹²² under the National Park Service, is "part of a national program to coordinate and support public and private efforts to identify, evaluate, and protect America's historic and archeological resources."¹²³ The program reviews property nominations and lists eligible properties in the National Register; offers guidance on evaluating, documenting, and listing historic places; and helps qualified historic properties receive preservation benefits and incentives.¹²⁴

Properties listed in the National Register are eligible for federal preservation tax credits. A 20 percent income tax credit is available for the rehabilitation of historic, income-producing buildings that are determined by the Secretary of the Interior, through the National Park Service, to be certified historic structures.¹²⁵ The National Parks Service reports that each year, approximately 1,200 projects are approved, leveraging nearly \$6 billion annually in private investment in the rehabilitation of historic buildings across the country.¹²⁶

In Florida, there are more than 1,700 properties and districts listed on the National Register. Nominations for those properties must be submitted to the National Park Service through the Florida Department of State's Division of Historical Resources, following a review and recommendation by the Florida National Register Review Board.¹²⁷ The cumulative total of "Qualified Rehabilitation Expenses" (the value of items that can be written off by developers on their federal tax bill) for Florida projects over the most recent five-year period (FY 2019-2023) is \$267 million.¹²⁸

Florida Initiatives

Currently, Florida does not offer a program that provides corporate income tax credits to offset the costs of rehabilitating historic properties. The Historic Preservation Grant Program, administered by the division, provides grants for the preservation and protection of the state's historic and archaeological sites and properties. However, any property owned by private individuals or for-profit corporations are ineligible for such grants.¹²⁹

¹²² 54 U.S.C. § 3021.

¹²³ U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service, National Register of Historic Places, *What is the National Register of Historic Places?*, <u>https://www.nps.gov/subjects/nationalregister/what-is-the-national-register.htm</u> (last visited Mar. 23, 2025).

¹²⁴ *Id*.

¹²⁵ U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service, About the Incentives,

https://www.nps.gov/subjects/taxincentives/about.htm (last visited Mar. 23, 2025).

¹²⁶ *Id*.

¹²⁷ Florida Department of State, Division of Historical Resources, *National Register of Historic Places*, <u>https://dos.myflorida.com/historical/preservation/national-register/</u> (last visited Mar. 23, 2025).

¹²⁸ U.S. Department of the Interior, National Park Service, *Federal Tax Incentives for Rehabilitating Historic Buildings: Annual Report for Fiscal Year 2023*, <u>https://www.nps.gov/subjects/taxincentives/upload/report-2023-annual.pdf</u> (last visited Mar. 23, 2025).

¹²⁹ Section 267.0617(2), F.S.

Florida's constitution grants any county or municipality the authority to offer ad valorem tax exemptions to owners of historic properties making preservation improvements.¹³⁰ Codified in the Florida Statutes under three sections, residential and commercial properties improved in a manner consistent with historic preservation standards are eligible for an exemption of up to 100 percent of the value of the improvement made to the property.¹³¹ Generally, the property must be either individually listed in the National Register of Historic Places; be a contributing property to a national-register-listed district; or be designated as a historic property, or as a contributing property to a historic district. If the property is used for a governmental, not-for-profit, or commercial purpose, it must be open to the public on a regular basis. Additionally, property used for governmental or nonprofit purposes are eligible to have the entire value of the property exempted.¹³²

Corporate Income Tax

Florida levies a 5.5 percent tax on certain income of corporations and financial institutions doing business in Florida.¹³³ Florida utilizes the taxable income determined for federal income tax purposes as a starting point to determine the total amount of Florida corporate income tax due.¹³⁴ This means that a corporation paying taxes in Florida generally receives the same benefits from deductions allowed when determining taxable income for federal tax purposes as it does when determining taxable income for state taxation purposes.

Insurance Premium Tax

Florida imposes a 1.75 percent tax on most Florida insurance premiums, a 1 percent tax on annuity premiums; and a 1.6 percent tax on self-insurers.¹³⁵ Insurance premium taxes are paid by insurance companies and remitted to the Department of Revenue (DOR). The revenues are distributed to General Revenue. In addition, some insurers pay a retaliatory tax to the extent the insurer's state of domicile would impose a greater tax burden than Florida imposes.¹³⁶

Effect of Proposed Changes:

Section 8 creates s. 220.197, F.S., to establish the "Florida Housing Revitalization Act", which provides a tax credit against corporate income tax and insurance premium tax for qualified expenses¹³⁷ incurred in the rehabilitation of a certified historic structure.¹³⁸

https://floridarevenue.com/taxes/taxesfees/Pages/ipt.aspx (last visited Mar. 23, 2025).

¹³⁸ The bill defines a "certified historic structure" as a building and its structural components which is of a character subject to the allowance for depreciation provided in s. 167 of the Internal Revenue Code and which is listed on the National Register of Historic Places or located within a registered historic district and certified by the U.S. Secretary of the Interior as being of historic significance to the registered historic district.

¹³⁰ Art. VII, s. 3(d), FLA. CONST.

¹³¹ See ss. 196.1961, 196.1997, and 196.1998, F.S.

¹³² Section 196.1998, F.S.

¹³³ Section 220.11(2), F.S.

¹³⁴ Section 220.12, F.S.

¹³⁵ Section 624.509, F.S., and s. 624.4621, F.S.

¹³⁶ Fla. Dep't of Revenue, Florida Insurance Premium Taxes and Fees,

¹³⁷ The bill defines "qualified expenses" as rehabilitation expenditures that were incurred in Florida that qualify for the credit under 26 U.S.C. s. 47.

A credit is allowed for up to 20 percent of the total qualified expenses incurred in rehabilitating a certified historic structure that has been approved by the National Park Service to receive the federal historic rehabilitation tax credit. A taxpayer may not receive more than \$2.5 million in tax credits for a single project, even if the credits are accrued over multiple tax years. A taxpayer may carry unused credit forward for up to 5 taxable years and may sell or transfer the credit.

Taxpayers that wish to receive credit for qualified expenses must apply to the DOR for tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2026 within 6 months after the historical structure is placed into service. The bill specifies requirements for documentation demonstrating the eligibility of the taxpayer and the expenses.

DOR may only deem projects eligible that use funds exclusively for affordable or workforce housing. Affordable or workforce housing must be provided for at least 5 years or the credit is forfeited.

The bill specifies administrative duties for DOR, including for audits, revocation, and forfeiture of credits and is granted rulemaking authority. DOR must report annually to the Governor and Legislature on applications under the program, including the number of employees hired during construction, the use of the newly rehabilitated building, the number of affordable housing or workforce units created, and property values before and after the rehabilitations.

The bill allows the DOR and the Division of Historical Resources to share information and develop a cooperative agreement to assist in the administration of the program.

Section 4 amends s. 213.053, F.S., to direct the DOR to make available to the FHFC information for the purpose of administering the Florida Housing Revitalization Act.

Sections 5, 6, and 12 amend ss. 220.02, 220.13, and 624.509, F.S. respectively, to make conforming changes with regards to the Florida Housing Revitalization Act.

Section 14 provides an effective date of July 1, 2025.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

Article VII, s. 18(b) of the State Constitution provides that except upon the approval of each house of the Legislature by a two-thirds vote of the membership, the Legislature may not enact, amend, or repeal any general law if the anticipated effect of doing so would be to reduce the authority that municipalities or counties have to raise revenue in the aggregate, as such authority existed on February 1, 1989. The mandate requirement does not apply to laws having an insignificant impact,¹³⁹ which for Fiscal Year 2025-2026 is forecast at approximately \$2.4 million.

¹³⁹ FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 18(d). An insignificant fiscal impact is the amount not greater than the average statewide population for the applicable fiscal year multiplied by \$0.10. *See* Fla. S. Comm. on Cmty. Affairs, *Interim Report 2012-115: Insignificant Impact*, (Sept. 2011), *available at*

http://www.flsenate.gov/PublishedContent/Session/2012/InterimReports/2012-115ca.pdf (last visited Mar. 20, 2025).

The Revenue Estimating Conference has not yet adopted an impact for this bill. However, staff anticipate the bill will have a significant negative impact on local government revenues due to the reduced requirements to qualify for certain property tax exemptions for affordable housing developments. Therefore, the mandates provision likely applies.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

The property tax exemptions under sections 196.1978 and 196.1979, F.S., are allowed by the "charitable use" provision of article VII, s. 3(a) of the Florida Constitution. Some of the revisions to the exemptions, such as the change that units be *dedicated* to providing, instead of providing (i.e., *used* to provide), may not align with the constitutional requirement that property be *used* predominantly for charitable purposes.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

The Revenue Estimating Conference has not yet adopted impacts for this bill.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Developers of multifamily housing will benefit from the revision of requirements for the property tax exemption provisions in the bill as well as the additional funding allowances under local infrastructure surtaxes.

Developers that rehabilitate historic properties for use as affordable and workforce housing and also pay corporate income and insurance premium tax will benefit from the newly created credits under the Florida Housing Revitalization Act.

C. Government Sector Impact:

Local governments will likely experience reduced property tax revenues due to the revisions to the requirements for the various property tax exemptions in the bill.

The new credits authorized under the Florida Housing Revitalization Act are likely to result in a reduction in General Revenue.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

Lines 636-641 related to the abatement of taxes should be reworded to clarify the intent of the language.

While it is possible that a taxpayer with liability for the corporate income tax may incur expenses for the rehabilitation of historic structures for affordable housing, it is not likely that insurers (those with liability for insurance premium taxes) will incur such expenses. Therefore, it is not likely that the credit against the insurance premium tax will be used under the Florida Housing Revitalization Act.

Section 13 provides that all of the changes made by the act first apply to the 2026 tax roll. This should likely only apply to provisions related to ad valorem property tax and will cause challenges in administering other provisions in the act.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 196.1978, 196.1979, 212.055, 213.053, 220.02, 220.13, 220.185, 420.503, 420.50871, 420.50872, and 624.509.

This bill creates section 220.197 of the Florida Statutes.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes:

(Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

By Senator McClain

9-00828A-25 20251594 1 A bill to be entitled 2 An act relating to housing; amending s. 196.1978, 3 F.S.; providing and revising definitions; revising 4 eligibility requirements for a specified affordable 5 housing tax exemption; authorizing certain adaptive 6 reuse projects to be eligible for a certain tax 7 exemption; revising the period of time to determine 8 eligibility for such exemption; providing that certain 9 property owners continue to be eligible for such 10 exemption if certain conditions are met; authorizing 11 subsequent property owners to continue receiving such 12 exemption; providing requirements for receiving a 13 certification notice; authorizing specified actions by foreclosed property owners; requiring property 14 15 appraisers to issue certain letters; providing that projects that have received such letters may continue 16 17 receiving a specified tax exemption and may begin 18 receiving such exemption on a specified date; revising 19 requirements for taxing authorities; prohibiting such 20 authorities from using specified emergency enactment 21 procedures for specified purposes; requiring certain 22 projects and developments to continue to be exempt 23 from specified ordinances; requiring a taxing 24 authority to conduct an assessment on the need for 25 certain affordable housing and present the assessment at a specified meeting; requiring the taxing authority 2.6 27 to provide a certain notice to the Florida Housing 28 Finance Corporation; requiring the corporation to 29 submit a certain report each year to the Governor and

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30	the Legislature before the legislative session;
31	authorizing a cause of action for certain project
32	owners to recover specified relief; providing for the
33	award of attorney fees and costs; defining the term
34	"reasonable attorney fees and costs"; revising
35	penalties that must be included in a certain land use
36	restriction; providing applicability; amending s.
37	196.1979, F.S.; defining the term "adaptive reuse
38	project"; revising eligibility requirements for a
39	specified tax exemption; authorizing certain
40	developments to abate certain future ad valorem
41	property taxes by paying a specified amount at the
42	time a building permit is issued; requiring the
43	Florida Housing Finance Corporation to adopt certain
44	rules; prohibiting a county or municipality from
45	imposing compliance monitoring requirements more
46	stringent than standards the corporation adopts;
47	amending s. 212.055, F.S.; revising the types of
48	expenditures for which the proceeds of a specified
49	surtax may be used; amending s. 213.053, F.S.;
50	authorizing the Department of Revenue to share certain
51	information with specified parties; amending s.
52	220.02, F.S.; revising the order in which credits
53	against specified taxes may be taken; amending s.
54	220.13, F.S.; revising adjustments for adjusted
55	federal income; amending s. 220.185, F.S.; revising
56	the definition of the term "qualified project";
57	excluding from the definition any project that has
58	received specified financing or tax credits; amending

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59	s. 220.197, F.S.; providing a short title; providing
60	definitions; authorizing a tax credit for qualified
61	expenses incurred for a specified purpose beginning on
62	a certain date; providing applicability; prohibiting a
63	taxpayer from receiving more than a specified amount
64	in tax credits for a single project; providing
65	eligibility requirements for such tax credit;
66	authorizing forfeiture of such tax credit under
67	certain circumstances; authorizing the carryforward of
68	such tax credit; authorizing the sale or transfer of
69	such tax credit under certain conditions; specifying
70	requirements for such sale or transfer; authorizing
71	the Department of Revenue to conduct audits;
72	authorizing the Division of Historical Resources of
73	the Department of State to assist in such audits;
74	authorizing forfeiture of certain tax credits under
75	certain circumstances; requiring repayment of certain
76	funds into a specified account; requiring the taxpayer
77	to file an amended tax return and pay any required tax
78	in specified circumstances; authorizing the department
79	to issue a notice of deficiency in certain
80	circumstances; providing applicability; requiring the
81	department to submit a certain annual report;
82	providing reporting requirements; providing department
83	duties in administering a specified tax credit
84	program; authorizing the Department of Revenue, the
85	Division of Historical Resources of the Department of
86	State, and the Florida Housing Finance Corporation to
87	adopt rules; amending s. 420.503, F.S.; revising the

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88	definition of the term "qualified contract"; amending
89	s. 420.50871, F.S.; defining the term "urban infill";
90	revising the types of affordable housing projects
91	funded by the Florida Housing Finance Corporation;
92	prohibiting the corporation from requiring certain
93	projects to use specified tax credits or financing;
94	amending s. 420.50872, F.S.; prohibiting projects
95	financed through the Live Local Program from being
96	required to use specified tax credits or financing;
97	amending s. 624.509, F.S.; revising the order of
98	credits and deductions taken against a specified tax;
99	providing applicability; providing an effective date.
100	
101	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
102	
103	Section 1. Subsections (1) through (4) of section 196.1978,
104	Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (2) through (5),
105	respectively, paragraphs (n) and (o) of present subsection (3)
106	of that section are redesignated as paragraphs (o) and (p),
107	respectively, present subsection (1), paragraphs (b) and (d) of
108	present subsection (2), paragraphs (a), (b), (d), (e), and (f)
109	and present paragraph (o) of present subsection (3), and
110	paragraphs (b), (d), and (f) of present subsection (4) of that
111	section are amended, a new paragraph (n) is added to present
112	subsection (3) of that section, and a new subsection (1) and
113	subsection (6) are added to that section, to read:
114	196.1978 Affordable housing property exemption
115	(1) As used in this section, the term:
116	(a) "Financial beneficiary" means any principal of the
•	

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117	developer or applicant entity that receives or will receive any
118	direct or indirect financial benefit from a development. A
119	financial beneficiary does not include third-party lenders,
120	third-party management agents or companies, third-party service
121	providers, housing credit syndicators, or credit enhancers
122	regulated by a state or federal agency.
123	(b) "Multifamily project" includes multiple parcels or
124	properties with one or more of the same financial beneficiaries
125	if any of the following conditions are met:
126	1. Any part of any of the property site is contiguous with
127	any part of any of the other property sites;
128	2. Any of the property sites are divided only by a street
129	or easement; or
130	3. The properties are part of a common or related scheme of
131	development, as demonstrated by the applications, proximity,
132	chain of title, or other information made available to the
133	Florida Housing Finance Corporation or property appraiser.
134	<u>(2)(a)</u> (1)(a) Property used to provide affordable housing to
135	eligible persons as defined by s. 159.603 and natural persons or
136	families meeting the extremely-low-income, very-low-income, low-
137	income, or moderate-income limits specified in s. 420.0004,
138	which is owned entirely by a governmental entity or nonprofit
139	entity that is a corporation not for profit, qualified as
140	charitable under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and
141	in compliance with Rev. Proc. 96-32, 1996-1 C.B. 717, is
142	considered property owned by an exempt entity and used for a
143	charitable purpose, and those portions of the affordable housing
144	property that provide housing to natural persons or families
145	classified as extremely low income, very low income, low income,

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9-00828A-25 20251594 146 or moderate income under s. 420.0004 are exempt from ad valorem 147 taxation to the extent authorized under s. 196.196. All property 148 identified in this subsection must comply with the criteria 149 provided under s. 196.195 for determining exempt status and 150 applied by property appraisers on an annual basis. The 151 Legislature intends that any property owned by a limited 152 liability company which is disregarded as an entity for federal 153 income tax purposes pursuant to Treasury Regulation 301.7701-154 3(b)(1)(ii) be treated as owned by its sole member. If the sole 155 member of the limited liability company that owns the property 156 is also a limited liability company that is disregarded as an 157 entity for federal income tax purposes pursuant to Treasury 158 Regulation 301.7701-3(b)(1)(ii), the Legislature intends that 159 the property be treated as owned by the sole member of the 160 limited liability company that owns the limited liability 161 company that owns the property. Units that are vacant and units 162 that are occupied by natural persons or families whose income no 163 longer meets the income limits of this subsection, but whose 164 income met those income limits at the time they became tenants, 165 shall be treated as portions of the affordable housing property 166 exempt under this subsection if a recorded land use restriction 167 agreement in favor of the Florida Housing Finance Corporation, a 168 housing finance authority as defined in s. 159.603(3), or any 169 other governmental or quasi-governmental jurisdiction requires 170 that all residential units within the property be used in a 171 manner that qualifies for the exemption under this subsection 172 and if the units are being offered for rent. 173 (b) Land that is owned entirely by a governmental entity or

a nonprofit entity that is a corporation not for profit,

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175	qualified as charitable under s. 501(c)(3) of the Internal
176	Revenue Code and in compliance with Rev. Proc. 96-32, 1996-1
177	C.B. 717, and is leased for a minimum of <u>90</u> 99 years for the
178	purpose of, and is predominantly used for, providing housing to
179	natural persons or families meeting the extremely-low-income,
180	very-low-income, low-income, or moderate-income limits specified
181	in s. 420.0004 is exempt from ad valorem taxation. For purposes
182	of this paragraph, land is predominantly used for qualifying
183	purposes if the square footage of the improvements on the land
184	used to provide qualifying housing is greater than 50 percent of
185	the square footage of all improvements on the land.
186	Notwithstanding ss. 196.195 and 196.196, all improvements used
187	to provide qualifying housing on land that is exempt from ad
188	valorem taxation are also exempt from such taxation. This
189	paragraph first applies to the 2024 tax roll and is repealed
190	December 31, 2059.
191	<u>(3)</u>
192	(b) The multifamily project must:
193	1. Contain <u>at least one unit that is</u> more than 70 units
194	that are used to, or, for an adaptive reuse project as defined
195	in s. 196.1979(1), at least 20 percent of the project's
196	residential units must be used to, provide affordable housing to
197	natural persons or families meeting the extremely-low-income,
198	very-low-income, or low-income limits specified in s. 420.0004;
199	and
200	2. Be subject to an agreement with the Florida Housing
201	Finance Corporation, or a housing finance authority as defined
202	in s. 159.603(3), recorded in the official records of the county
203	in which the property is located to provide affordable housing

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204	to natural persons or families meeting the extremely-low-income,
205	very-low-income, or low-income limits specified in s. 420.0004.
206	
207	This exemption terminates if the property no longer serves
208	extremely-low-income, very-low-income, or low-income persons
209	pursuant to the recorded agreement.
210	(d) The property appraiser shall apply the exemption to
211	those portions of the affordable housing property that <u>are</u>
212	dedicated to providing provide housing to natural persons or
213	families meeting the extremely-low-income, very-low-income, or
214	low-income limits specified in s. 420.0004 before certifying the
215	tax roll to the tax collector.
216	(4)(a) (3)(a) As used in this subsection, the term:
217	1. "Corporation" means the Florida Housing Finance
218	Corporation.
219	2. "Improvement to real property" includes new
220	construction, substantial rehabilitation of an existing
221	multifamily project, or conversion from another use to
222	multifamily.
223	3.2. "Newly constructed" means an improvement, or the
224	substantial rehabilitation of an existing improvement, to real
225	property which was substantially completed within 5 years before
226	the date of <u>the property owner's</u> an applicant's first submission
227	of a request for a certification notice pursuant to this
228	subsection.
229	4. "Substantial rehabilitation" means the meaningful repair
230	or restoration of a property when the total value of such
231	meaningful repair or restoration is equal to the greater of
232	\$15,000 per unit or \$750 per unit, per year of building age,

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233	which is the difference between the year in which the property
234	received the certificate of occupancy and the year in which the
235	property first received the certification notice. Meaningful
236	repairs or restorations may be reasonably allocated among in-
237	unit, common area, superstructure, substructure, mechanical,
238	electrical, plumbing, and other property repairs or restorations
239	that prolong the useful life of the building. Meaningful repairs
240	or restorations include onsite improvements, offsite
241	improvements, rehabilitation costs for physical improvements to
242	the property, and construction contingency but do not include
243	general contractor fees or overhead, general requirements,
244	architect and engineering fees, permit fees, financing or soft
245	costs, and developer fees.
246	5.3. "Substantially completed" means the date on which a
247	project receives its certificate of occupancy. If the project
248	has multiple buildings or phases, the property owner must submit
249	its first submission of a request for a certification notice
250	within 5 years after the date on which the last certificate of
251	occupancy was issued for the project has the same meaning as in
252	s. 192.042(1) .
253	(b) Notwithstanding ss. 196.195 and 196.196, portions of
254	property in a multifamily project are considered property used
255	for a charitable purpose and are eligible to receive an ad
256	valorem property tax exemption if such portions meet all of the
257	following conditions:
258	1.—Provide affordable housing to natural persons or
259	families meeting the income limitations provided in paragraph
260	(d) .
261	1.a.2.a. Are within a newly constructed multifamily project
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9-00828A-25 20251594 262 that contains at least one unit that is more than 70 units 263 dedicated to, or, for an adaptive reuse project as defined in s. 196.1979(1), at least 20 percent of the project's residential 264 265 units are dedicated to, housing natural persons or families meeting the income limitations provided in paragraph (d); or 266 267 b. Are within a newly constructed multifamily project, or 268 an adaptive reuse project as defined in s. 196.1979(1), in an area of critical state concern, as designated by s. 380.0552 or 269 270 chapter 28-36, Florida Administrative Code, which contains more than 10 units dedicated to, or, for an adaptive reuse project, 271 272 at least 20 percent of the project's residential units are 273 dedicated to, housing natural persons or families meeting the 274 income limitations provided in paragraph (d). 2.3. Are rented or, if vacant, posted for rent for an 275 amount that does not exceed the amount as specified by the most 276 277 recent multifamily rental programs income and rent limit chart 278 posted by the corporation and derived from the Multifamily Tax 279 Subsidy Projects Income Limits published by the United States 280 Department of Housing and Urban Development or 90 percent of the 281 fair market value rent as determined by a rental market study 282 meeting the requirements of paragraph (1), whichever is less. 283 (d)1. The property appraiser shall exempt: 284 a. Seventy-five percent of the assessed value of the units 285 in multifamily projects that meet the requirements of this 286 subsection and are used to house natural persons or families 287 whose annual household income at the time the lease is executed 288 is greater than 80 percent but not more than 120 percent of the median annual adjusted gross income for households within the 289

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metropolitan statistical area or, if not within a metropolitan

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291	statistical area, within the county in which the person or
292	family resides; and
293	b. From ad valorem property taxes the units in multifamily
294	projects that meet the requirements of this subsection and are
295	used to house natural persons or families whose annual household
296	income at the time the lease is executed does not exceed 80
297	percent of the median annual adjusted gross income for
298	households within the metropolitan statistical area or, if not
299	within a metropolitan statistical area, within the county in
300	which the person or family resides; and
301	c. At least 75 percent of the assessed value of all
302	affordable units within a qualified development authorized
303	pursuant to s. 125.01055 or s. 166.04151.
304	
305	However, if the income of tenants residing in a unit that
306	received the exemption in the previous year increases above the
307	income thresholds prescribed in sub-subparagraphs a. and b., the
308	unit remains eligible for the exemption if the property owner
309	replaces the tenants with a natural person or family that
310	satisfies the income thresholds once the tenants voluntarily
311	vacate the unit.
312	2. When determining the value of a unit for purposes of
313	applying an exemption pursuant to this paragraph, the property
314	appraiser must include in such valuation the proportionate share
315	of the residential common areas, including the land, fairly
316	attributable to such unit. The property appraiser shall
317	calculate the value of the exemption based on the number of
318	units satisfying the income and rent requirements of this
319	subsection, which shall include the proportionate share of the
•	

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9-00828A-25 20251594_ 320 <u>residential common areas attributable to each unit.</u> 321 (e) To be eligible to receive an exemption under this 322 subsection, a property owner must submit an application on a

323 form prescribed by the department by March 1 for the exemption, 324 accompanied by a certification notice from the corporation to 325 the property appraiser. The property appraiser shall review the 326 application and determine whether the original applicant or 327 subsequent property owner meets all of the requirements of this 328 subsection and is entitled to an exemption. A property appraiser 329 may request and review additional information necessary to make such determination. A property appraiser may grant an exemption 330 331 only for a property for which the corporation has issued a 332 certification notice and which the property appraiser determines 333 is entitled to an exemption.

(f) To receive a certification notice, a property owner must submit a request to the corporation on a form provided by the corporation which includes all of the following:

337 1. The most recently completed rental market study meeting338 the requirements of paragraph (1).

339 2. A list of the units for which the property owner seeks
340 an exemption. <u>The property owner of a multifamily project that</u>
341 receives an exemption in any taxable year may:

342 <u>a. Revise the list for an exemption sought in any</u> 343 <u>subsequent taxable year by adding units to the list or removing</u> 344 <u>units from the list or both; or</u>

345b. Increase or decrease the number of units for which an346exemption is sought in any subsequent taxable year,

348 so long as the multifamily project continues to meet any minimum

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349	number or percentage of units dedicated to affordable housing,
350	which is required by law for the exemption.
351	3. The rent amount received by the property owner for each
352	occupied unit and the published rent amount for each vacant unit
353	for which the property owner seeks an exemption. If a unit is
354	vacant and qualifies for an exemption under paragraph (c), the
355	property owner must provide evidence of the published rent
356	amount for each vacant unit.
357	4. A sworn statement, under penalty of perjury, from the
358	applicant restricting the property for a period of not less than
359	3 years to housing persons or families who meet the income
360	limitations under this subsection. If the property is
361	foreclosed, the foreclosing party may elect to void the sworn
362	statement and remove the project from qualifying for the
363	exemption or, if the project remains in compliance with this
364	subsection, continue to apply for and receive the exemption.
365	(n) Upon the request of a property owner, the property
366	appraiser must issue a letter to verify that a multifamily
367	project, if constructed and leased as described in the site
368	plan, qualifies for the exemption under this section. Within 30
369	days after receipt of the request described in this paragraph,
370	the property appraiser must issue a verification letter or
371	explain why the project is ineligible for the exemption. A
372	project that has received a verification letter before the
373	adoption of the ordinance described in paragraph (p) is exempt
374	from such ordinance. The verification letter is prima facie
375	evidence that the project is eligible for the exemption if the
376	project is constructed and leased as described in the site plan
377	used to receive the verification letter. This letter shall
•	

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378	qualify the project, if constructed and leased as described in
379	the site plan, to obtain the exemption beginning with the
380	January 1 assessment immediately after the date on which the
381	property obtains a certificate of occupancy and is placed in
382	service allowing the property to be used as an affordable
383	housing property.
384	(p)1. (o)1. Beginning with the 2025 tax roll, a taxing
385	authority may elect, upon adoption of an ordinance or resolution
386	approved by a two-thirds vote of the governing body, not to
387	exempt property under sub-subparagraph (d)1.a. located in a
388	county specified pursuant to subparagraph 2., subject to the
389	conditions of this paragraph.
390	2. A taxing authority must make a finding in the ordinance
391	or resolution that <u>annual housing reports</u> the most recently
392	published <u>by the</u> Shimberg Center for Housing Studies Annual
393	Report, prepared pursuant to s. 420.6075 <u>identify</u> , identifies
394	that a county that is part of the jurisdiction of the taxing
395	authority is within a metropolitan statistical area or region
396	where, for each of the previous 3 years, the number of
397	affordable and available units in the metropolitan statistical
398	area or region is greater than the number of renter households
399	in the metropolitan statistical area or region for the category
400	entitled "0-120 percent AMI."
401	3. An election made pursuant to this paragraph may apply
402	only to the ad valorem property tax levies imposed within a

403 county specified pursuant to subparagraph 2. by the taxing 404 authority making the election.

405 4. The ordinance or resolution must take effect on the 406 January 1 immediately succeeding adoption and shall expire on

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407	the <u>following</u> second January 1 after the January 1 in which the
408	ordinance or resolution takes effect. The ordinance or
409	resolution may be renewed <u>before</u> prior to its expiration
410	pursuant to this paragraph if the taxing authority makes the
411	same finding required in subparagraph 2.
412	5. The taxing authority proposing to make an election under
413	this paragraph must advertise the ordinance or resolution or
414	renewal thereof pursuant to the requirements of s. 50.011(1)
415	before prior to adoption. The taxing authority may not utilize
416	the emergency enactment procedures under s. 125.66.
417	6. The taxing authority must provide to the property
418	appraiser the adopted ordinance or resolution or renewal thereof
419	by the effective date of the ordinance or resolution or renewal
420	thereof.
421	7. Notwithstanding an ordinance or resolution or renewal
422	thereof adopted pursuant to this paragraph, a property owner of
423	a multifamily project <u>that</u> who was granted an exemption <u>, at</u>
424	<u>least in part,</u> pursuant to sub-subparagraph (d)1.a. before the
425	adoption or renewal of <u>an</u> such ordinance or resolution may
426	continue to receive <u>an</u> such exemption for each subsequent
427	consecutive year that the property owner, or a subsequent owner,
428	transferee, or assignee, applies for and is granted the
429	exemption.
430	8. Notwithstanding an ordinance or renewal thereof adopted
431	pursuant to this paragraph, a proposed development that has been
432	administratively approved before the adoption or renewal of such
433	ordinance must be eligible to receive the exemption for each
434	year it applies for and is granted the exemption.
435	9. Before adoption of an ordinance pursuant to this
I	

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436	paragraph, the taxing authority must conduct an assessment on
437	the taxing authority's current need for affordable housing at
438	each of the extremely-low-income, very-low-income, and low-
439	income limits specified in s. 420.0004, including supply and
440	demand projections of such need for at least the next 5 years.
441	The needs assessment must be presented at the same public
442	meeting at which the proposed ordinance imposing the building
443	moratorium is adopted by the taxing authority's governing body.
444	10. A taxing authority adopting or renewing an ordinance
445	pursuant to this paragraph must provide notice of such ordinance
446	to the corporation in the format prescribed by the corporation.
447	Each year, within 60 days before the regular session of the
448	Legislature, the corporation shall submit an annual report to
449	the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of
450	the House of Representatives on the adoption or renewal of such
451	ordinances.
452	11. The owner of a multifamily project that would otherwise
453	qualify for an affordable housing ad valorem tax exemption under
454	this subsection, which is adversely affected by an ordinance
455	adopted or renewed in violation of this paragraph, has a cause
456	of action against the taxing authority and may recover
457	injunctive relief and compensatory damages therefor before a
458	court of competent jurisdiction. The court may also award
459	reasonable attorney fees and costs, not to exceed \$100,000, to a
460	prevailing plaintiff. For purposes of this subparagraph, the
461	term "reasonable attorney fees and costs" means the reasonable
462	and necessary attorney fees and costs incurred for all
463	preparations, motions, hearings, trials, and appeals in a
464	proceeding. The term does not include attorney fees or costs
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465	directly incurred by or associated with litigation to determine
466	an award of reasonable attorney fees or costs.
467	<u>(5)</u> (4)
468	(b) The multifamily project must:
469	1. Be composed of an improvement to land where an
470	improvement did not previously exist or the construction of a
471	new improvement where an old improvement was removed, which was
472	substantially completed within 2 years before the first
473	submission of an application for exemption under this
474	subsection. For purposes of this subsection, the term
475	"substantially completed" has the same definition as in s.
476	192.042(1).
477	2. Contain <u>at least one unit that is</u> more than 70 units
478	that are used to, or, for an adaptive reuse project as defined
479	in s. 196.1979(1), at least 20 percent of the project's
480	residential units are used to, provide affordable housing to
481	natural persons or families meeting the extremely-low-income,
482	very-low-income, or low-income limits specified in s. 420.0004.
483	3. Be subject to a land use restriction agreement with the
484	Florida Housing Finance Corporation, or a housing finance
485	authority pursuant to part IV of chapter 159, recorded in the
486	official records of the county in which the property is located
487	that requires that the property be used for 99 years to provide
488	affordable housing to natural persons or families meeting the
489	extremely-low-income, very-low-income, low-income, or moderate-
490	income limits specified in s. 420.0004. The agreement must
491	include a provision for a penalty for ceasing to provide
492	affordable housing under the agreement before the end of the
493	agreement term that is equal to 100 percent of the total \underline{value}

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494	of the ad valorem tax exemption received to date amount financed
495	by the corporation multiplied by each year remaining in the
496	agreement. The agreement may be terminated or modified without
497	penalty if the exemption under this subsection is repealed.
498	
499	The property is no longer eligible for this exemption if the
500	property no longer serves extremely-low-income, very-low-income,
501	or low-income persons pursuant to the recorded agreement.
502	(d)1. The property appraiser shall apply the exemption to
503	those portions of the affordable housing property that <u>are</u>
504	<u>dedicated to providing</u> provide housing to natural persons or
505	families meeting the extremely-low-income, very-low-income, or
506	low-income limits specified in s. 420.0004 before certifying the
507	tax roll to the tax collector.
508	2. When determining the value of the portion of property
509	used to provide affordable housing for purposes of applying an
510	exemption pursuant to this subsection, the property appraiser
511	must include in such valuation the proportionate share of the
512	residential common areas, including the land, fairly
513	attributable to such portion of property.
514	(f) Property receiving an exemption pursuant to subsection
515	(4) (3) or s. 196.1979 is not eligible for this exemption.
516	(6) A person who purchases a property described in
517	subparagraph (3)(b)2. is eligible to continue to receive an
518	exemption under this section until December 31, 2059, as long as
519	the property complies with the requirements of this section.
520	Section 2. Subsections (1) through (8) and (9) of section
521	196.1979, Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (2)
522	through (9) and (12), respectively, present subsection (1),

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9-00828A-25 20251594 552 more residential units, or less as provided in subparagraph 553 (c)2., or an adaptive reuse project of which at least 20 percent 554 of the project's residential units which are used to provide 555 affordable housing that meets the requirements of this section; 556 3. Must be rented for an amount no greater than the amount 557 as specified by the most recent multifamily rental programs 558 income and rent limit chart posted by the corporation and 559 derived from the Multifamily Tax Subsidy Projects Income Limits 560 published by the United States Department of Housing and Urban 561 Development or 90 percent of the fair market value rent as determined by a rental market study meeting the requirements of 562 563 subsection (5) (4), whichever is less; 564 4. May not have been cited for code violations on three or 565 more occasions in the 24 months before the submission of a tax 566 exemption application; 567 5. May not have any cited code violations that have not 568 been properly remedied by the property owner before the 569 submission of a tax exemption application; and 570 6. May not have any unpaid fines or charges relating to the 571 cited code violations. Payment of unpaid fines or charges before 572 a final determination on a property's qualification for an 573 exemption under this section will not exclude such property from 574 eligibility if the property otherwise complies with all other 575 requirements for the exemption. 576 (b) Qualified property may receive an ad valorem property 577 tax exemption of: 578 1. Up to 75 percent of the assessed value of each

578 I. Up to 75 percent of the assessed value of each 579 residential unit used to provide affordable housing if fewer 580 than 100 percent of the multifamily project's <u>or adaptive reuse</u>

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581	project's residential units are used to provide affordable
582	housing meeting the requirements of this section.
583	2. Up to 100 percent of the assessed value of each
584	residential unit used to provide affordable housing if 100
585	percent of the multifamily project's <u>or adaptive reuse project's</u>
586	residential units are used to provide affordable housing meeting
587	the requirements of this section.
588	(c) The board of county commissioners of the county or the
589	governing body of the municipality, as applicable, may choose to
590	adopt an ordinance that exempts property:
591	1. Used to provide affordable housing for natural persons
592	or families meeting the income limits of sub-subparagraph
593	(a)1.a., natural persons or families meeting the income limits
594	of sub-subparagraph (a)1.b., or both.
595	2. Within a multifamily project containing at least five
596	units.
597	(4) (3) An ordinance granting the exemption authorized by
598	this section must:
599	(c) Require the property owner to apply for certification
600	by the local entity in order to receive the exemption. The
601	application for certification must be on a form provided by the
602	local entity designated pursuant to paragraph (b) and include
603	all of the following:
604	1. The most recently completed rental market study meeting
605	the requirements of subsection (5) (4).
606	2. A list of the units for which the property owner seeks
607	an exemption.
608	3. The rent amount received by the property owner for each
609	unit for which the property owner seeks an exemption. If a unit
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9-00828A-25 20251594 is vacant and qualifies for an exemption under subsection (3) 610 611 (2), the property owner must provide evidence of the published rent amount for the vacant unit. 612 (e) Require the eligible unit to meet the eligibility 613 614 criteria of paragraph (2)(a) (1)(a). 615 (i) Identify the percentage of the assessed value which is 616 exempted, subject to the percentage limitations in paragraph 617 (2)(b) (1)(b). (j) Identify whether the exemption applies to natural 618 persons or families meeting the income limits of sub-619 620 subparagraph (2)(a)1.a. (1)(a)1.a., natural persons or families 621 meeting the income limits of sub-subparagraph (2)(a)1.b. 622 (1) (a) 1.b., or both. (5) (4) A rental market study submitted as required by 623 624 paragraph (4)(c) (3)(c) must identify the fair market value rent 625 of each unit for which a property owner seeks an exemption. Only 626 a certified general appraiser, as defined in s. 475.611, may 627 issue a rental market study. The certified general appraiser 628 must be independent of the property owner who requests a rental 629 market study. In preparing the rental market study, a certified 630 general appraiser shall comply with the standards of 631 professional practice pursuant to part II of chapter 475 and use 632 comparable property within the same geographic area and of the 633 same type as the property for which the exemption is sought. A 634 rental market study must have been completed within 3 years 635 before submission of the application. 636 (10) A qualifying development authorized pursuant to s. 125.01055 or s. 166.04151 may abate up to 20 percent of the 637 638 development's ad valorem property tax for a period of 10 years

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639	by paying an amount equal to 20 percent of the total amount of
640	the ad valorem property taxes to be abated at the time a
641	building permit is issued for the qualifying development.
642	(11) The Florida Housing Finance Corporation shall adopt
643	rules establishing standards for monitoring and compliance of a
644	property owner that receives an ad valorem property tax
645	exemption under this section, including a multifamily project's
646	or adaptive reuse project's minimum number or percentage of
647	residential units used to provide affordable housing that meets
648	the requirements of this section. A county or municipality may
649	not impose compliance monitoring requirements more stringent
650	than the standards adopted by the corporation.
651	Section 3. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section
652	212.055, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
653	212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent;
654	authorization and use of proceeds.—It is the legislative intent
655	that any authorization for imposition of a discretionary sales
656	surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a
657	subsection of this section, irrespective of the duration of the
658	levy. Each enactment shall specify the types of counties
659	authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be imposed; the
660	maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the
661	procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if
662	required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended;
663	and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide.
664	Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as
665	provided in s. 212.054.
666	(2) LOCAL GOVERNMENT INFRASTRUCTURE SURTAX
667	(d) The proceeds of the surtax authorized by this

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9-00828A-25 20251594 668 subsection and any accrued interest shall be expended by the 669 school district, within the county and municipalities within the 670 county, or, in the case of a negotiated joint county agreement, 671 within another county, to finance, plan, and construct 672 infrastructure; to acquire any interest in land for public 673 recreation, conservation, or protection of natural resources or 674 to prevent or satisfy private property rights claims resulting 675 from limitations imposed by the designation of an area of 676 critical state concern; to provide loans, grants, or rebates to 677 residential or commercial property owners who make energy 678 efficiency improvements to their residential or commercial 679 property, if a local government ordinance authorizing such use 680 is approved by referendum; or to finance the closure of county-681 owned or municipally owned solid waste landfills that have been 682 closed or are required to be closed by order of the Department 683 of Environmental Protection. Any use of the proceeds or interest 684 for purposes of landfill closure before July 1, 1993, is 685 ratified. The proceeds and any interest may not be used for the 686 operational expenses of infrastructure, except that a county 687 that has a population of fewer than 75,000 and that is required 688 to close a landfill may use the proceeds or interest for long-689 term maintenance costs associated with landfill closure. 690 Counties, as defined in s. 125.011, and charter counties may, in 691 addition, use the proceeds or interest to retire or service 692 indebtedness incurred for bonds issued before July 1, 1987, for 693 infrastructure purposes, and for bonds subsequently issued to 694 refund such bonds. Any use of the proceeds or interest for 695 purposes of retiring or servicing indebtedness incurred for refunding bonds before July 1, 1999, is ratified. 696

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697
          1. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term
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     "infrastructure" means:
          a. Any fixed capital expenditure or fixed capital outlay
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700
     associated with the construction, reconstruction, or improvement
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     of public facilities that have a life expectancy of 5 or more
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     years, any related land acquisition, land improvement, design,
703
     and engineering costs, and all other professional and related
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     costs required to bring the public facilities into service. For
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     purposes of this sub-subparagraph, the term "public facilities"
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     means facilities as defined in s. 163.3164(41), s. 163.3221(13),
707
     or s. 189.012(5), and includes facilities that are necessary to
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     carry out governmental purposes, including, but not limited to,
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     fire stations, general governmental office buildings, and animal
     shelters, regardless of whether the facilities are owned by the
710
711
     local taxing authority or another governmental entity.
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b. A fire department vehicle, an emergency medical service vehicle, a sheriff's office vehicle, a police department vehicle, or any other vehicle, and the equipment necessary to outfit the vehicle for its official use or equipment that has a life expectancy of at least 5 years.

717 c. Any expenditure for the construction, lease, or
718 maintenance of, or provision of utilities or security for,
719 facilities, as defined in s. 29.008.

d. Any fixed capital expenditure or fixed capital outlay associated with the improvement of private facilities that have a life expectancy of 5 or more years and that the owner agrees to make available for use on a temporary basis as needed by a local government as a public emergency shelter or a staging area for emergency response equipment during an emergency officially

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9-00828A-25 20251594 726 declared by the state or by the local government under s. 727 252.38. Such improvements are limited to those necessary to 728 comply with current standards for public emergency evacuation 729 shelters. The owner must enter into a written contract with the 730 local government providing the improvement funding to make the 731 private facility available to the public for purposes of 732 emergency shelter at no cost to the local government for a 733 minimum of 10 years after completion of the improvement, with 734 the provision that the obligation will transfer to any 735 subsequent owner until the end of the minimum period. 736 e. Any land acquisition expenditure for a residential 737 housing project in which at least 30 percent of the units are affordable to individuals or families whose total annual 738 739 household income does not exceed 120 percent of the area median income adjusted for household size, if the land is owned by a 740 741 local government or by a special district that enters into a 742 written agreement with the local government to provide such 743

housing. The local government or special district may enter into a ground lease with a public or private person or entity for nominal or other consideration for the construction of the residential housing project on land acquired pursuant to this sub-subparagraph.

748 <u>f. Any expenditure to construct or rehabilitate housing</u> 749 <u>that, for a period of at least 30 years, is affordable as</u> 750 <u>defined in s. 420.0004.</u>

751 <u>g.f.</u> Instructional technology used solely in a school 752 district's classrooms. As used in this sub-subparagraph, the 753 term "instructional technology" means an interactive device that 754 assists a teacher in instructing a class or a group of students

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755
     and includes the necessary hardware and software to operate the
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     interactive device. The term also includes support systems in
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     which an interactive device may mount and is not required to be
758
     affixed to the facilities.
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          2. For the purposes of this paragraph, the term "energy
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     efficiency improvement" means any energy conservation and
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     efficiency improvement that reduces consumption through
762
     conservation or a more efficient use of electricity, natural
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     gas, propane, or other forms of energy on the property,
764
     including, but not limited to, air sealing; installation of
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     insulation; installation of energy-efficient heating, cooling,
766
     or ventilation systems; installation of solar panels; building
767
     modifications to increase the use of daylight or shade;
768
     replacement of windows; installation of energy controls or
769
     energy recovery systems; installation of electric vehicle
770
     charging equipment; installation of systems for natural gas fuel
771
     as defined in s. 206.9951; and installation of efficient
772
     lighting equipment.
773
          3. Notwithstanding any other provision of this subsection,
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774 a local government infrastructure surtax imposed or extended 775 after July 1, 1998, may allocate up to 15 percent of the surtax 776 proceeds for deposit into a trust fund within the county's 777 accounts created for the purpose of funding economic development 778 projects having a general public purpose of improving local 779 economies, including the funding of operational costs and 780 incentives related to economic development. The ballot statement 781 must indicate the intention to make an allocation under the 782 authority of this subparagraph.

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Section 4. Subsections (24) and (25) of section 213.053,

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9-00828A-25 20251594 784 Florida Statutes, are renumbered as subsections (25) and (26), 785 respectively, and a new subsection (24) is added to that 786 section, to read: 787 213.053 Confidentiality and information sharing.-788 (24) The department may make available to the Division of 789 Historical Resources of the Department of State and the 790 Secretary of the Interior or his or her delegate, exclusively 791 for official purposes, information for the purposes of administering s. 220.197. 792 793 Section 5. Subsection (8) of section 220.02, Florida 794 Statutes, is amended to read: 795 220.02 Legislative intent.-796 (8) It is the intent of the Legislature that credits 797 against either the corporate income tax or the franchise tax be 798 applied in the following order: those enumerated in s. 631.828, 799 those enumerated in s. 220.191, those enumerated in s. 220.181, 800 those enumerated in s. 220.183, those enumerated in s. 220.182, 801 those enumerated in s. 220.1895, those enumerated in s. 220.195, 802 those enumerated in s. 220.184, those enumerated in s. 220.186, 803 those enumerated in s. 220.1845, those enumerated in s. 220.19, 804 those enumerated in s. 220.185, those enumerated in s. 220.1875, 805 those enumerated in s. 220.1876, those enumerated in s. 220.1877, those enumerated in s. 220.1878, those enumerated in 806 807 s. 220.193, those enumerated in former s. 288.9916, those 808 enumerated in former s. 220.1899, those enumerated in former s. 809 220.194, those enumerated in s. 220.196, those enumerated in s. 810 220.198, those enumerated in s. 220.1915, those enumerated in s. 220.199, those enumerated in s. 220.1991, and those enumerated 811 in s. 220.1992, and those enumerated in s. 220.197. 812

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9-00828A-25 20251594 813 Section 6. Paragraph (a) of subsection (1) of section 814 220.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 815 220.13 "Adjusted federal income" defined.-816 The term "adjusted federal income" means an amount (1)817 equal to the taxpayer's taxable income as defined in subsection 818 (2), or such taxable income of more than one taxpayer as 819 provided in s. 220.131, for the taxable year, adjusted as 820 follows: 821 (a) Additions.-There shall be added to such taxable income: 822 1.a. The amount of any tax upon or measured by income, 823 excluding taxes based on gross receipts or revenues, paid or 824 accrued as a liability to the District of Columbia or any state 825 of the United States which is deductible from gross income in 826 the computation of taxable income for the taxable year. 827 b. Notwithstanding sub-subparagraph a., if a credit taken 828 under s. 220.1875, s. 220.1876, s. 220.1877, or s. 220.1878 is 829 added to taxable income in a previous taxable year under 830 subparagraph 11. and is taken as a deduction for federal tax 831 purposes in the current taxable year, the amount of the 832 deduction allowed shall not be added to taxable income in the 833 current year. The exception in this sub-subparagraph is intended 834 to ensure that the credit under s. 220.1875, s. 220.1876, s. 835 220.1877, or s. 220.1878 is added in the applicable taxable year 836 and does not result in a duplicate addition in a subsequent 837 year. 838 2. The amount of interest which is excluded from taxable 839 income under s. 103(a) of the Internal Revenue Code or any other 840 federal law, less the associated expenses disallowed in the computation of taxable income under s. 265 of the Internal 841

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842	Revenue Code or any other law, excluding 60 percent of any
843	amounts included in alternative minimum taxable income, as
844	defined in s. 55(b)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, if the
845	taxpayer pays tax under s. 220.11(3).
846	3. In the case of a regulated investment company or real
847	estate investment trust, an amount equal to the excess of the
848	net long-term capital gain for the taxable year over the amount
849	of the capital gain dividends attributable to the taxable year.
850	4. That portion of the wages or salaries paid or incurred
851	for the taxable year which is equal to the amount of the credit
852	allowable for the taxable year under s. 220.181. This
853	subparagraph shall expire on the date specified in s. 290.016
854	for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
855	5. That portion of the ad valorem school taxes paid or
856	incurred for the taxable year which is equal to the amount of
857	the credit allowable for the taxable year under s. 220.182. This
858	subparagraph shall expire on the date specified in s. 290.016
859	for the expiration of the Florida Enterprise Zone Act.
860	6. The amount taken as a credit under s. 220.195 which is
861	deductible from gross income in the computation of taxable
862	income for the taxable year.
863	7. That portion of assessments to fund a guaranty
864	association incurred for the taxable year which is equal to the
865	amount of the credit allowable for the taxable year.
866	8. In the case of a nonprofit corporation which holds a
867	pari-mutuel permit and which is exempt from federal income tax
868	as a farmers' cooperative, an amount equal to the excess of the
869	gross income attributable to the pari-mutuel operations over the
870	attributable expenses for the taxable year.

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871
          9. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under
     s. 220.1895.
872
873
          10. Up to nine percent of the eligible basis of any
874
     designated project which is equal to the credit allowable for
875
     the taxable year under s. 220.185.
876
          11. Any amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under
877
     s. 220.1875, s. 220.1876, s. 220.1877, or s. 220.1878. The
878
     addition in this subparagraph is intended to ensure that the
879
     same amount is not allowed for the tax purposes of this state as
880
     both a deduction from income and a credit against the tax. This
881
     addition is not intended to result in adding the same expense
882
     back to income more than once.
883
          12. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under
     s. 220.193.
884
885
          13. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year under
886
     s. 220.196. The addition in this subparagraph is intended to
887
     ensure that the same amount is not allowed for the tax purposes
     of this state as both a deduction from income and a credit
888
889
     against the tax. The addition is not intended to result in
890
     adding the same expense back to income more than once.
891
          14. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year
892
     pursuant to s. 220.198.
893
          15. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year
894
     pursuant to s. 220.1915.
895
          16. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year
896
     pursuant to s. 220.199.
897
          17. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year
898
     pursuant to s. 220.1991.
899
          18. The amount taken as a credit for the taxable year
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900	pursuant to s. 220.197.
901	Section 7. Paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of section
902	220.185, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
903	220.185 State housing tax credit
904	(1) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
905	(e) "Qualified project" means <u>:</u>
906	<u>1.</u> A project located in an urban infill area, at least 50
907	percent of which, on a cost basis, consists of a qualified low-
908	income project within the meaning of s. 42(g) of the Internal
909	Revenue Code, including such projects designed specifically for
910	the elderly but excluding any income restrictions imposed
911	pursuant to s. 42(g) of the Internal Revenue Code upon residents
912	of the project unless such restrictions are otherwise
913	established by the Florida Housing Finance Corporation pursuant
914	to s. 420.5093, and the remainder of which constitutes
915	commercial or single-family residential development consistent
916	with and serving to complement the qualified low-income project <u>;</u>
917	or
918	2. A qualified low-income project within the meaning of s.
919	42(g) of the Internal Revenue Code, of which 100 percent of the
920	units are restricted to serve low-income residents as defined in
921	<u>s. 420.0004</u> .
922	
923	However, any project that has received financing from the State
924	Apartment Incentive Loan Program or State Housing Initiatives
925	Partnership Program, or that has received a low-income housing
926	tax credit from the Florida Housing Finance Corporation, may not
927	be considered a qualified project.
928	Section 8. Section 220.197, Florida Statutes, is created to
I	

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929	read:
930	220.197 Florida Housing Revitalization Act; tax credits;
931	reports
932	(1) SHORT TITLEThis section may be cited as the "Florida
933	Housing Revitalization Act."
934	(2) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
935	(a) "Affordable" has the same meaning as in s. 420.0004(3).
936	(b) "Certified historic structure" means a building,
937	including its structural components, as defined in 36 C.F.R. s.
938	67.2, which is of a character subject to the allowance for
939	depreciation provided in s. 167 of the Internal Revenue Code of
940	1986, as amended, and which is:
941	1. Individually listed in the National Register of Historic
942	Places; or
943	2. Located within a registered historic district and
944	certified by the Secretary of the Interior as being of historic
945	significance to the registered historic district as set forth in
946	<u>36 C.F.R. s. 67.2.</u>
947	(c) "Certified rehabilitation" means the rehabilitation of
948	a certified historic structure that the Secretary of the
949	Interior has certified to the Secretary of the Treasury as being
950	consistent with the historic character of the certified historic
951	structure and, if applicable, consistent with the registered
952	historic district in which the certified historic structure is
953	located as set forth in 36 C.F.R. s. 67.2.
954	(d) "Corporation" means the Florida Housing Finance
955	Corporation.
956	(e) "Division" means the Division of Historical Resources
957	of the Department of State.

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(f) "Long-term leasehold" means a leasehold in a
nonresidential real property for a term of 39 years or more or a
leasehold in a residential real property for a term of 27.5
years or more.
(g) "National Register of Historic Places" means the list
of historic properties significant in American history,
architecture, archeology, engineering, and culture maintained by
the Secretary of the Interior as authorized in 54 U.S.C. s.
<u>3021.</u>
(h) "Placed in service" means when the property is first
placed by the taxpayer in a condition or state of readiness and
availability for a specifically assigned function, whether for
use in a trade or business, for the production of income, or in
a tax-exempt activity.
(i) "Qualified expenses" means rehabilitation expenditures
incurred in this state that qualify for the credit under 26
<u>U.S.C. s. 47.</u>
(j) "Registered historic district" means a district listed
in the National Register of Historic Places or a district:
1. Designated under general law or local ordinance and
certified by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting criteria
that will substantially achieve the purposes of preserving and
rehabilitating buildings of historic significance to the
district; and
2. Certified by the Secretary of the Interior as meeting
substantially all of the requirements for listing a district in
the National Register of Historic Places.
(k) "Taxpayer" includes an insurer subject to the insurance
premium tax under s. 624.509.

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987	(1) "Workforce housing" has the same meaning as in s.
988	420.5095(3).
989	(3) ELIGIBILITY FOR TAX CREDITFor taxable years beginning
990	on or after January 1, 2026, there is allowed a credit in an
991	amount equal to 20 percent of the total qualified expenses
992	incurred in rehabilitating a certified historic structure that
993	has been approved by the National Park Service to receive the
994	federal historic rehabilitation tax credit. The credit may be
995	used against any tax due for a taxable year under this chapter
996	and the insurance premium tax imposed in s. 624.509 after the
997	application of any other allowable credits. An insurer claiming
998	a credit against insurance premium liability tax under this
999	section may not be required to pay any additional retaliatory
1000	tax levied pursuant to s. 624.5091 as a result of claiming such
1001	credit. Section 624.5091 does not limit such credit in any
1002	manner. A taxpayer may not receive more than \$2.5 million in tax
1003	credits for a single project, even if such credits are accrued
1004	over multiple tax years.
1005	(a) To receive a tax credit under this section, within 6
1006	months after the date a certified historical structure is placed
1007	into service, the taxpayer must apply to the division, and
1008	submit an application to the department, for a tax credit for
1009	qualified expenses in the amount and under the conditions and
1010	limitations provided in this section. The taxpayer must provide
1011	the division with all of the following:
1012	1. Documentation showing that:
1013	a. The rehabilitation is a certified rehabilitation.
1014	b. The structure is a certified historic structure, is
1015	income-producing, is located within the state, and was placed

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1016	into service on or after January 1, 2026.
1017	c. The taxpayer had an ownership or a long-term leasehold
1018	interest in the certified historic structure during the year in
1019	which such structure was placed into service after the certified
1020	rehabilitation was complete.
1021	d. The total qualified expenses incurred in rehabilitating
1022	the certified historic structure exceeded \$5,000.
1023	e. The applicant intends to exclusively utilize the
1024	historic structure to provide affordable or workforce housing.
1025	2. An official certificate of eligibility from the
1026	division, signed by the State Historic Preservation Officer or
1027	the Deputy State Historic Preservation Officer, attesting that
1028	the project has been approved by the National Park Service.
1029	3. National Park Service Form 10-168c (Rev. 2023), titled
1030	"Historic Preservation Certification Application Part 3-Request
1031	for Certification of Completed Work," or a similar form, signed
1032	by an officer of the National Park Service, attesting that the
1033	completed rehabilitation meets the Secretary of the Interior's
1034	Standards for Rehabilitation and is consistent with the historic
1035	character of the property and, if applicable, the district in
1036	which the completed rehabilitation is located. The form may be
1037	obtained through the National Park Service.
1038	4. Evidence that the certified historic structure was
1039	placed into service after the certified rehabilitation was
1040	complete. Such evidence must identify the dates rehabilitation
1041	was started and completed and the date the structure was placed
1042	into service.
1043	5. A list of total qualified expenses incurred by the
1044	taxpayer in rehabilitating the certified historic structure. For

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1	9-00828A-25 20251594
1045	certified rehabilitations with qualified expenses that exceeded
1046	\$750,000, the taxpayer must submit an audited cost report issued
1047	by a certified public accountant which itemizes the qualified
1048	expenses incurred in rehabilitating the certified historic
1049	structure. A taxpayer may submit an audited cost report issued
1050	by a certified public accountant which was created for the
1051	purposes of applying for a federal historic rehabilitation tax
1052	credit and which includes all of the qualified expenses incurred
1053	in rehabilitating the certified historic structure.
1054	6. An attestation of the total qualified expenses incurred
1055	in rehabilitating the certified historic structure.
1056	7. A certification from the corporation stating that all
1057	housing provided by the project meets state requirements for
1058	affordable or workforce housing.
1059	8. The information required to be reported by the
1060	department in subsection (7) to enable the department to compile
1061	its annual report.
1062	
1063	<u>A taxpayer may begin the application process before the</u>
1064	certified historic structure is placed into service; however, a
1065	final determination on eligibility may not be made until after
1066	the certified historic structure is placed into service.
1067	(b) The department shall only deem a project eligible for
1068	this tax credit if the applicant utilizes the funds exclusively
1069	to create affordable or workforce housing.
1070	(c) Affordable or workforce housing must be provided for at
1071	least 5 years or the applicant shall be subject to forfeiture of
1072	the tax credit as provided under paragraph (7)(g).
1073	(d) Within 90 days after receipt of the information

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1074	required under paragraph (a) or the certified historic structure
1075	is placed into service, whichever is later, the division must
1076	approve or deny the application. If approved, the division must
1077	submit a copy of the certification and the information provided
1078	by the applicant to the department within 10 days after the
1079	division's approval.
1080	(4) CARRYFORWARD OF TAX CREDIT
1081	(a) If a taxpayer is eligible for a tax credit that exceeds
1082	taxes owed, the taxpayer may carry the unused tax credit forward
1083	for a period of up to 5 taxable years.
1084	(b) A carryforward is considered the remaining portion of a
1085	tax credit that cannot be claimed in the current tax year.
1086	(5) SALE OR TRANSFER OF TAX CREDIT
1087	(a) A taxpayer that incurs qualified expenses may sell or
1088	transfer all or part of the tax credit that may otherwise be
1089	claimed to another taxpayer.
1090	(b) A taxpayer to which all or part of the tax credit is
1091	sold or transferred may sell or transfer all or part of the tax
1092	credit that may otherwise be claimed to another taxpayer.
1093	(c) A taxpayer that sells or transfers a tax credit to
1094	another taxpayer must provide a copy of the certificate of
1095	eligibility together with the audited cost report to the
1096	purchaser or transferee.
1097	(d) Qualified expenses may be counted only once in
1098	determining the amount of an available tax credit, and more than
1099	one taxpayer may not claim a tax credit for the same qualified
1100	expenses.
1101	
± ± 0 ±	(e) There is no limit on the total number of transactions

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1103	(f)1. A taxpayer that sells or transfers a tax credit under
1104	this subsection and the purchaser or transferee shall jointly
1105	submit written notice of the sale or transfer to the department
1106	on a form adopted by the department no later than 30 days after
1107	the date of the sale or transfer. The notice must include all of
1108	the following:
1109	a. The date of the sale or transfer.
1110	b. The amount of the tax credit sold or transferred.
1111	c. The name and federal tax identification number of the
1112	taxpayer that sold or transferred the tax credit and the
1113	purchaser or transferee.
1114	d. The amount of the tax credit owned by the taxpayer
1115	before the sale or transfer and the amount the selling or
1116	transferring taxpayer retained, if any, after the sale or
1117	transfer.
1118	2. The sale or transfer of a tax credit under this
1119	subsection does not extend the period for which a tax credit may
1120	be carried forward and does not increase the total amount of the
1121	tax credit that may be claimed.
1122	3. If a taxpayer claims a tax credit for qualified
1123	expenses, another taxpayer may not use the same expenses as the
1124	basis for claiming a tax credit.
1125	4. Notwithstanding the requirements of this subsection, a
1126	tax credit earned by, purchased by, or transferred to a
1127	partnership, limited liability company, S corporation, or other
1128	pass-through entity may be allocated to the partners, members,
1129	or shareholders of that entity and claimed under this section in
1130	accordance with any agreement among the partners, members, or
1131	shareholders and without regard to the ownership interest of the

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1132	partners, members, or shareholders in the rehabilitated
1133	certified historic structure.
1134	(g) If the tax credit is reduced due to a determination,
1135	examination, or audit by the department, the tax deficiency must
1136	be recovered from the taxpayer that sold or transferred the tax
1137	credit or the purchaser or transferee that claimed the tax
1138	credit up to the amount of the tax credit claimed.
1139	(h) Any subsequent deficiencies shall be assessed against
1140	the purchaser or transferee that claimed the tax credit or, in
1141	the case of multiple succeeding entities, in the order of tax
1142	credit succession.
1143	(6) AUDIT AUTHORITY; REVOCATION AND FORFEITURE OF TAX
1144	CREDITS; FRAUDULENT CLAIMS
1145	(a) The department, with the assistance of the division,
1146	may perform any additional financial and technical audits and
1147	examinations, including examining the accounts, books, or
1148	records of the taxpayer, to verify the legitimacy of the
1149	qualified expenses included in a tax credit return and to ensure
1150	compliance with this section. If requested by the department,
1151	the division must provide technical assistance for any technical
1152	audits or examinations performed under this subsection.
1153	(b) It is grounds for forfeiture of previously claimed and
1154	received tax credits if the department determines, as a result
1155	of an audit or information received from the division or the
1156	United States Department of the Interior or Internal Revenue
1157	Service, that a taxpayer received a tax credit pursuant to this
1158	section to which the taxpayer was not entitled. In the case of
1159	fraud, the taxpayer may not claim any future tax credits under
1160	this section.

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1161	(c) The taxpayer must return forfeited tax credits to the
1162	department, and such funds shall be paid into the General
1163	Revenue Fund.
1164	(d) The taxpayer shall file with the department an amended
1165	tax return or such other report as the department prescribes and
1166	shall pay any required tax within 60 days after the taxpayer
1167	receives notification from the United States Internal Revenue
1168	Service that a previously approved tax credit has been revoked
1169	or modified, if uncontested, or within 60 days after a final
1170	order is issued following proceedings involving a contested
1171	revocation or modification order.
1172	(e) A notice of deficiency may be issued by the department
1173	at any time within 5 years after the date on which the taxpayer
1174	receives notification from the United States Internal Revenue
1175	Service that a previously approved tax credit has been revoked
1176	or modified. If a taxpayer fails to notify the department of any
1177	change in its tax credit claimed, a notice of deficiency may be
1178	issued at any time. In either case, the amount of any proposed
1179	assessment set forth in such notice of deficiency is limited to
1180	the amount of the tax credit claimed.
1181	(f) A taxpayer that fails to report and timely pay any tax
1182	due as a result of the forfeiture of its tax credit violates
1183	this section and is subject to applicable penalties and
1184	interest.
1185	(g) A taxpayer that fails to provide affordable or
1186	workforce housing for at least 5 years forfeits the tax credit.
1187	The taxpayer must return the forfeited credit to the department,
1188	and such funds shall be paid into the General Revenue Fund. The
1189	forfeiture of the credit shall be prorated at a rate of 4

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1190	percent of the total credit for each year that housing was not				
1191	provided.				
1192	(7) ANNUAL REPORTBased on the applications submitted and				
1193	approved, the department must submit a report by December 1 of				
1194	each year to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the				
1195	Speaker of the House of Representatives that identifies, in the				
1196	aggregate, all of the following:				
1197	(a) The number of employees hired during construction				
1198	phases.				
1199	(b) The use of each newly rehabilitated building and the				
1200	expected number of employees hired.				
1201	(c) The number of affordable housing or workforce housing				
1202	units created or preserved.				
1203	(d) The property values before and after the certified				
1204	rehabilitations.				
1205	(8) DEPARTMENT DUTIESThe department shall:				
1206	(a) Establish a cooperative agreement with the division.				
1207	(b) Adopt any necessary form required to claim a tax credit				
1208	under this section.				
1209	(c) Provide administrative guidelines and procedures				
1210	required to administer this section, including rules				
1211	establishing an entitlement to and sale or transfer of a tax				
1212	credit under this section.				
1213	(d) Provide examination and audit procedures required to				
1214	administer this section.				
1215	(9) RULESThe department, the division, and the				
1216	corporation may adopt rules to administer this section,				
1217	including the form of application and establishing				
1218	qualifications for the tax credit.				

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9-00828A-25 20251594_ 1219 Section 9. Subsection (36) of section 420.503, Florida 1220 Statutes, is amended to read: 1221 420.503 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term: 1222 (36) "Qualified contract" has the same meaning as in 26 1223 U.S.C. s. 42(h) (6) (F) in effect on the date of the preliminary

1223 U.S.C. s. 42(h)(6)(F) in effect on the date of the preliminary 1224 determination certificate for the low-income housing tax credits 1225 for the development that is the subject of the qualified 1226 contract request, unless the Internal Revenue Code requires a 1227 different statute or regulation to apply to the development. The 1228 corporation shall deem a bona fide contract to be a qualified 1229 contract at the time the second earnest money bona fide contract 1230 is presented to the owner and the initial deposit is deposited 1231 in escrow in accordance with the terms of the bona fide contract, and, in such event, the corporation is deemed to have 1232 1233 fulfilled its responsibility to present the owner with a 1234 qualified contract.

1235 Section 10. Subsection (5) of section 420.50871, Florida 1236 Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (6), paragraph (b) of 1237 subsection (1) of that section is amended, and a new subsection 1238 (5) is added to that section, to read:

1239 420.50871 Allocation of increased revenues derived from 1240 amendments to s. 201.15 made by ch. 2023-17.-Funds that result from increased revenues to the State Housing Trust Fund derived 1241 1242 from amendments made to s. 201.15 made by chapter 2023-17, Laws 1243 of Florida, must be used annually for projects under the State 1244 Apartment Incentive Loan Program under s. 420.5087 as set forth 1245 in this section, notwithstanding ss. 420.507(48) and (50) and 1246 420.5087(1) and (3). The Legislature intends for these funds to 1247 provide for innovative projects that provide affordable and

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1248	attainable housing for persons and families working, going to
1249	school, or living in this state. Projects approved under this
1250	section are intended to provide housing that is affordable as
1251	defined in s. 420.0004, notwithstanding the income limitations
1252	in s. 420.5087(2). Beginning in the 2023-2024 fiscal year and
1253	annually for 10 years thereafter:
1254	(1) The corporation shall allocate 70 percent of the funds
1255	provided by this section to issue competitive requests for
1256	application for the affordable housing project purposes
1257	specified in this subsection. The corporation shall finance
1258	projects that:
1259	(b) Address urban infill, including conversions of vacant,
1260	dilapidated, or functionally obsolete buildings or the use of
1261	underused commercial property. As used in this paragraph, the
1262	term "urban infill" has the same meaning as in s. 163.3164(51).
1263	The term includes the development or redevelopment of mobile
1264	home parks and manufactured home communities that meet the urban
1265	infill criteria and the criteria for redevelopment of an
1266	existing affordable housing development as provided in paragraph
1267	<u>(a).</u>
1268	(5) The corporation may not require a project financed
1269	under this section to use low-income housing tax credits under
1270	s. 42 of the Internal Revenue Code or tax-exempt bond financing.
1271	Section 11. Paragraph (d) is added to subsection (5) of
1272	section 420.50872, Florida Statutes, to read:
1273	420.50872 Live Local Program
1274	(5) ADMINISTRATION; RULES.—
1275	(d) The corporation may not require a project financed
1276	under this section to use low-income housing tax credits under

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1277	s. 42 of the Internal Revenue Code or tax-exempt bond financing.
1278	Section 12. Subsection (7) of section 624.509, Florida
1279	Statutes, is amended to read:
1280	624.509 Premium tax; rate and computation
1281	(7) Credits and deductions against the tax imposed by this
1282	section shall be taken in the following order: deductions for
1283	assessments made pursuant to s. 440.51; credits for taxes paid
1284	under ss. 175.101 and 185.08; credits for income taxes paid
1285	under chapter 220 and the credit allowed under subsection (5),
1286	as these credits are limited by subsection (6); the credit
1287	allowed under s. 624.51057; the credit allowed under s.
1288	624.51058; the credit allowed under s. 624.5107; the credit
1289	allowed under s. 220.197; and all other available credits and
1290	deductions.
1291	Section 13. The changes made by this act first apply to the
1292	2026 tax roll.
1293	Section 14. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

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3/25/2025 Meeting Date Comm Affairs Committee	The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RE Deliver both copies of this form Senate professional staff conducting the	CORD	Bill Number or To Amendment Barcode (if	· · · · ·
Name Carmen Ro	Samonda	Phone		
Address 16 Colom	la RD	Email C.	osamonda) debury
Street DeBary P City S	tate Zip			e org
Speaking: For Again	st 🕅 Information OR Wai	ve Speaking: [In Support 🗌 Against	
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FO	OLLOWING:		
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	l am a registered lobbyist, representing:		I am not a lobbyist, but r something of value for n (travel, meals, lodging, e sponsored by:	ny appearance

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11,045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

3/25/2025	The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic
Name	Phone	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address 535 Part	Email Floorde State Zip	ender lakepak Abrida.gov
Speaking: 🗌 For 💢	gainst 🗌 Information OR Waive Speaking	g: 🗌 In Support 🔲 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING	:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules and fifsenate and the speak to be heard at this hearing.

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3125125 Meeting Date Community Affairs	The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	SB 1594 Bill Number or Topic		
Name JEH SCALA	Phone 727	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)		
Address 100 S Monra	Email <u>jsc</u>	ala @ El-countres.com		
Street <u>Tallahassee</u> F City St	L 32301 ate Zip			
Speaking: 🗌 For 🗹 Agains	t Information OR Waive Speaking:	In Support 🗌 Against		
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship. I am a registered lobbyist, representing: I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by: I am appearing without I am a registered lobbyist, representing: I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:				

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022. Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

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The Florida Senate					
3/25/2025 Meeting Date Community HHairs Community	APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copiès of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting		Bill Number or Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable)		
Name Charles Chapman			63 234 8983		
Address 301 S. Bronou	sh St	Email	epman Officities . Com		
City State	3236) _{Zip}				
Speaking: For Against	Information OR	Waive Speaking: [In Support I Against		
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:					
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	Iam a registered lobbyist, representing: Florida League	ACITIES	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:		

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11,045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (fisenate gov)

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S-001 (08/10/2021)

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	The Florida Senate			
March 25, 2025 Meeting Date	APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to	Bill Number or Topic		
Community Affairs	Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)		
Name Mante Jone	Phone Phone	50-272-0551		
Address 215 N MON MOL	<u>St Ste (003</u> Email (Cellones@aarp.org		
Tallahassee Francisco Fran	2 32301 re Zip			
Speaking: 🗌 For 🗌 Against	Information OR Waive Speakin	g: In Support 🗌 Against		
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:				
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:		
	and a startwart			

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

21 - 1	The Florida Senate	
5/25/20	APPEARANCE RECORD	5B 1594
Cemmus Altar	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic
Committee	A	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name JEA SITACKE	Phone	190 443 3355
Address 106 E College A	me - ft ([1] Email	EFRALEHOZK Ogunda
RH FZ	32301	
City State	Zip	
Speaking: For Against	Information OR Waive Speaking	In Support 🗌 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	Tam a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.),
WENDUEVE HOUR	ING PARTNERS	sponsored by:

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This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

B/25/25 Meeting Date Commonts Aff Committee	The Florida Ser APPEARANCE Deliver both copies of thi Senate professional staff conduct	RECORD is form to	Bill Number or Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name <u>STEVEN</u> SP	INA	Phone P1	3 714 6292
Address <u>5335</u> Brh Street <u>City</u>	ST <u>SFL</u> <u>33542</u> State Zip	Email <u>SSP/</u>	na Oci. zephyrhills. Fi.v.
Speaking: 🗌 For 🔀 A	gainst 🗌 Information OR	Waive Speaking:	In Support 🔲 Against
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF TH	E FOLLOWING:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

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This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

The Florida Senate							
3/25/2025		APPEA	APPEARANCE RECORD		SB 1594		
Comr	Meeting Date nunity Affairs	Delive	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting		Bill Number or Topic		
)	Committee				Amendment Barcoo	de (if applicable)	
Name Murphy Kennedy Giering				Phone (407)	_ Phone (407) 232-3820		
Address 200 S Monroe St				_{Email} murpl	_ Email _ murphykg@floridarealtors.org		
	Tallahassee	FL	32301				
	City	State	Zip				
Speaking: 🔲 For 🔲 Against 🔲 Information 🛛 OR 🛛 Waive Speaking: 📝 In Support 🔲 Against							
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:							
	n appearing without opensation or sponsorship.	represer	I am a registered lobbyist, representing: Florida Realtors		I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:		

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11,045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules, pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

3/25/25 Meeting Date	The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	SB 1594 Bill Number or Topic
<u>Community Affair</u> Committee Name <u>Mayor Maureer</u>	"Moe" Freaney Phone _ 7:	Amendment Barcode (if applicable) 27-298-3006
Address <u>737 Louden</u> <u>Dunedin FL</u> City State	Ave. Email 34698 Zip	
Speaking: For Against	 Information OR Waive Speaking: PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: I am a registered lobbyist, representing: 	 In Support X Against I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

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This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

- x - 1	The Florida Se	enate	
Meeting Date Comm Affairs Committee	APPEARANCE Deliver both copies of th Senate professional staff conduc	nis form to	SB1594 Bill Number or Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Melone Bahr	-Monson	Phone <u>(80</u>	51) 367-6455
Address 5920 Newberry Street Zephyphills, Fi City State	33542 Zip	Email <u>∭</u> ∭	nonson@ci.zephytulls.fl US
Speaking: 🗍 For 🗌 Against [Information OR	Waive Speaking:	In Support Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF TH	HE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	,	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

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This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Se	enate	3
03 25 25	APPEARANCE	RECORD	SB1594
COMM A GUVS	Deliver both copies of t Senate professional staff condu		Bill Number or Topic
Name Faye J "Jodi"	vilkeson	Phone8	Amendment Barcode (if applicable) 313) 997 - 71944
Address 5816 18th Street	•		ilkeson@ci.zephythills.fl.us
Zephyihills, FL City State	33542 Zip		
Speaking: 🗌 For 🗌 Against	Information OR	Waive Speaking:	🗌 In Support 🕅 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF T	HE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist representing:	t,	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

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This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	Prepared	By: The I	Professional Staf	f of the Committee	on Community	Affairs
BILL:	CS/SB 1664					
INTRODUCER:	Community	Affairs	Committee and	d Senator Trumb	ull	
SUBJECT:	Local Option	n Taxes				
DATE:	March 27, 20	025	REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAF	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE		ACTION
. Shuler		Flemi	ng	CA	Fav/CS	
2				FT		
3.				AP		

Please see Section IX. for Additional Information:

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE - Substantial Changes

I. Summary:

CS/SB 1664 requires that any local discretionary sales surtax, tourist development tax, or local option food and beverage tax that is subject to approval in a referendum that is in effect on June 30, 2025, be renewed on or before January 1, 2033, in accordance with existing requirements for a referendum. The bill generally creates a new 8-year duration for those taxes; however, for any tax that is pledged for debt service, the 2033 renewal is delayed until the retirement of the debt. Future levies that will be pledged for debt service are subject to a maximum 30-year duration. These changes do not revise which taxes are subject to referendum, and do not apply to the Pension Liability Surtax in s. 212.055(9), F.S.

The Revenue Estimating Conference has not estimated the impact of this bill. Staff estimates that the bill will not impact state or local government revenue.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2025.

II. Present Situation:

Local Discretionary Sales Surtaxes

Counties have been granted limited authority to levy a discretionary sales surtaxes for specific purposes on all transactions occurring in the county subject to the state sales tax in ch. 212, F.S.,

and on communications services as defined in ch. 202, F.S.¹ A discretionary sales surtax is based on the rate in the county where the taxable goods or services are sold, or delivered into, and is levied in addition to the state sales and use tax of 6 percent. The surtax does not apply to the sales price above \$5,000 on any item of tangible personal property.

Approved purposes for levying a surtax include:

- Operating a transportation system in a charter county;²
- Financing local government infrastructure projects:³
- Providing additional revenue for specified small counties;⁴ •
- Providing medical care for indigent persons;⁵ •
- Funding trauma centers;⁶ •
- Operating, maintaining, and administering a county public general hospital;⁷ •
- Constructing and renovating schools;⁸
- Providing emergency fire rescue services and facilities; and ⁹ •
- Funding pension liability shortfalls.¹⁰

Current rates range from 0.5% to 2.0% in each of the 65 counties currently levying one or more surtaxes.¹¹ Many of the levies have restrictions on what combination of taxes can be levied by a single county at one time.¹²

¹ The tax rates, duration of the surtax, method of imposition, and proceed uses are individually specified in s. 212.055, F.S. General limitations, administration, and collection procedures are set forth in s. 212.054, F.S.

² Section 212.055(1), F.S.

³ Section 212.055(2), F.S.

⁴ Section 212.055(3), F.S. Note that the small county surtax may be levied by extraordinary vote of the county governing board if the proceeds are to be expended only for operating purposes.

⁵ Section 212.055(4)(a), F.S. (for counties with more than 800,000 residents); Section 212.055(7), F.S. (for counties with less than 800,000 residents).

⁶ Section 212.055(4)(b), F.S.

⁷ Section 212.055(5), F.S.

⁸ Section 212.055(6), F.S.

⁹ Section 212.055(8), F.S.

¹⁰ Section 212.055(9), F.S.

¹¹ Fla. Dep't of Revenue, Discretionary Sales Surtax Information for Calendar Year 2025, Form DR-15DSS, available at https://floridarevenue.com/Forms_library/current/dr15dss.pdf (last visited Mar. 23, 2025) ¹² See, e.g., ss. 212.055(4)(a)6., F.S., 212.055(5)(f), F.S., and s. 212.055(9)(g), F.S.

Surtax	Florida Statute	Counties Levying/ Can Levy ¹³	2023-24 Statewide Revenue ¹⁴
Charter County Transportation	Section 212.055(1), F.S.	3/23	\$1.07 Billion
Local Gov't Infrastructure	Section 212.055(2), F.S.	26/67	\$2.32 Billion
Small County	Section 212.055(3), F.S.	30/31	\$211 Million
Indigent Care (divided by population)	Sections 212.055(4)(a), F.S. and 212.055(7), F.S.	1/9 (greater than 800k); 5/58 (fewer than 800k)	\$195 Million; \$88 Million
Trauma Center	Section 212.055(4)(b), F.S.	0/58	\$ -
County General Hospital	Section 212.055(5), F.S.	1/1	\$403 Million
School Construction	Section 212.055(6), F.S.	30/67	\$1.56 Billion
Emergency Fire Rescue Services	Section 212.055(8), F.S.	1/65	\$311,042
Pension Liability	Section 212.055(9), F.S.	0/27 15	\$-

Fiscal Year 2023-24 levies for these taxes were as follows:

Most local discretionary sales surtaxes may only be approved by referendum, while some may be approved by a vote of the county commission.¹⁶ Some of the surtaxes have set periods of time that they can be enacted for before requiring reenactment, others have no such specified time limit. The Charter County and Regional Transportation System Surtax in s. 212.055(1), F.S., for example, is currently limited to 30 years if adopted on or after July 1, 2020.

Tourist Development Taxes

The Local Option Tourist Development Act¹⁷ authorizes counties to levy five separate taxes on transient rental¹⁸ transactions (tourist development taxes or TDTs) for specified purposes, all of which are generally related to the tourism industry.

Depending on a county's eligibility to levy such taxes, the maximum potential tax rate varies:

• The original TDT may be levied at the rate of 1 or 2 percent.¹⁹

¹³ Levy details available at Office of Economic and Demographic Research, 2023 Local Discretionary Sales Surtax Rates in Florida's Counties, <u>https://edr.state.fl.us/Content/local-government/data/county-municipal/2023LDSSrates.pdf</u> (last visited Mar. 23, 2025).

¹⁴ Revenue Estimates taken from: Legislative Office of Economic and Demographic (EDR) 2023 Local Government Financial Information Handbook, (Jan. 2024) available at <u>https://edr.state.fl.us/Content/local-government/reports/lgfih23.pdf</u> (last visited Mar. 23, 2025).

¹⁵ The Pension Liability Surtax has been approved in a referendum to take effect in Duval County no later than January 1, 2031; but is not currently levied.

¹⁶ See generally s. 212.055, F.S.; *but see* s. 212.055(3), F.S. (small county surtax may be approved by extraordinary vote of the county commission as long as surtax revenues are not used for servicing bond indebtedness), and s. 212.055(5), F.S. (county public hospital surtax may be approved by extraordinary vote of the county commission).

¹⁷ Section 125.0104, F.S.

¹⁸ Section 125.0104(3)(a)1., F.S. considers "transient rental" to be the rental or lease of any accommodation for a term of six months or less.

¹⁹ Section 125.0104(3)(c), F.S.

- An additional 1 percent tax may be levied by counties who have previously levied the original TDT at the 1 or 2 percent rate for at least 3 years.²⁰
- A high tourism impact tax may be levied at an additional 1 percent.²¹
- A professional sports franchise facility tax may be levied up to an additional 1 percent.²²
- An additional professional sports franchise facility tax no greater than 1 percent may be imposed by a county that has already levied the professional sports franchise facility tax.²³

TDTs are levied in 62 of 67 counties, and total rates range from 2% to 6%.²⁴

Fiscal Year 2023-24 levies for these taxes were as follows:

Tax	Florida Statute	Counties Levying/ Can Levy ²⁵	2023-24 Statewide Revenues ²⁶
Original TDT	Section 125.0104(3)(c), F.S.	62/67 (all at 2%)	\$709 Million
Additional TDT	Section 125.0104(3)(d), F.S.	56/59	\$291 Million
High Tourism Impact TDT	Section 125.0104(3)(m), F.S.	10/14	\$201 Million
Pro Sports TDT	Section 125.0104(3)(1), F.S.	46/67	\$330 Million
Additional Pro Sports TDT	Section 125.0104(3)(n), F.S.	36/65	\$252 Million

Prior to the authorization of a new TDT, the levy must be approved by a countywide referendum held at a general election and approved by a majority of the electors voting in the county.²⁷ TDTs have no maximum period for which they may be levied, and no currently adopted TDT has a scheduled expiration date.²⁸

Each county proposing to levy the original one or two percent tax must adopt an ordinance for the levy and imposition of the tax, which must include a plan for tourist development prepared by the tourist development council.²⁹ The plan for tourist development must include the anticipated net tax revenue to be derived by the county for the two years following the tax levy, as well as a list of the proposed uses of the tax and the approximate cost for each project or use.³⁰

²⁰ Section 125.0104(3)(d), F.S.

²¹ Section 125.0104(3)(m), F.S.

²² Section 125.0104(3)(l), F.S. Revenue can be used to pay debt service on bonds for the construction or renovation of professional sports franchise facilities, spring training facilities or professional sports franchises, and convention centers and to promote and advertise tourism.

²³ Section 125.0104(3)(n), F.S.

²⁴ Office of Economic and Demographic Research, 2024 Local Option Tourist/Food and Beverage Tax Rates in Florida's Counties, available at <u>https://edr.state.fl.us/content/local-government/data/county-municipal/2024LOTTrates.pdf</u> (last visited Mar. 23, 2025).

²⁵ Id.

²⁶ Office of Economic and Demographic Research, 2023 Local Government Financial Information Handbook (Jan. 2024), <u>http://edr.state.fl.us/Content/local-government/reports/lgfih23.pdf</u> (last visited Mar. 23, 2025).

²⁷ Section 125.0104(6), F.S.

²⁸ Office of Economic and Demographic Research, Local Option Tourist Taxes - Summary of Impositions, Expirations, and Rate Changes, available at <u>https://www.edr.state.fl.us/Content/local-government/data/data-a-to-z/g-l.cfm</u> (last visited Mar. 23, 2025)

²⁹ Section 125.0104(4), F.S.

³⁰ Section 125.0104(4)(c), F.S.

The plan for tourist development may not be substantially amended except by ordinance enacted by an affirmative vote of a majority plus one additional member of the governing board.³¹

Currently, once a county has obtained approval to levy a TDT tax through a referendum, that county is not required to seek electorate approval through a referendum to continue levying such TDT.

Local Option Food & Beverage Tax (Miami-Dade)

In 1967, Florida authorized the municipal resort tax.³² The law authorized cities and towns meeting certain population requirements located within counties also meeting certain population requirements to levy the tax.³³ The tax could be levied at a rate of up to 2 percent on rentals of hotel rooms and similar accommodations, and it could also be levied on sales of food and certain beverages consumed in restaurants and bars at a rate of up to 2 percent.³⁴ The municipal resort tax is currently levied in the cities of Bal Harbour, Surfside, and Miami Beach, all of which are located within Miami-Dade County.³⁵

Florida has since authorized Miami Dade County to levy the local option food and beverage tax.³⁶ The local option food and beverage tax consists of two taxes: a 2 percent tax on the sale of food, beverages, and alcoholic beverages sold in hotels and motels, and a 1 percent tax on the sale of food, beverages, and alcoholic beverages sold at an establishment licensed by the state to sell alcoholic beverages on site.³⁷ Sales in cities levying the municipal resort tax were required to be exempt from the local option food and beverage tax through July 1, 2023.³⁸

In 2023, HB 7063,³⁹ authorized the imposition of the 1 percent local option food and beverage tax in a city or town that levies the municipal resort tax if the levy is approved by referendum in the city or town at a general election. HB 7073 in 2024⁴⁰ clarified that the approval of the tax in a referendum as authorized in the 2023 Tax Package must be by a majority of the voters voting in the election (not a majority of registered voters). Currently, none of the three cities have authorized the tax in a referendum at a general election.⁴¹

Miami-Dade County reports collections for food and beverage taxes for 2022-23 to have been \$53.6 million and estimates the 2024-25 collections will be \$55.0 million.⁴²

³¹ Section 125.0104(4)(d), F.S. The provisions found in s. 125.0104(4)(a)-(d), F.S., do not apply to the high tourism impact tax, the professional sports franchise facility tax, or the additional professional sports franchise facility tax.

³² Ch. 67-930, Laws of Fla.

³³ Section 1, ch. 67-930, Laws of Fla.

³⁴ Section 2, ch. 67-930, Laws of Fla.

³⁵ Fla. Dep't of Revenue, *History of Local Sales Tax and Current Rates*, (Mar. 1, 2025) *available at* <u>https://floridarevenue.com/taxes/Documents/flHistorySalesTaxRates.pdf</u> (last visited Mar. 23, 2025).

³⁶ Section 212.0306, F.S.

³⁷ Section 212.0306(1), F.S.

³⁸ Section 212.0306(2)(d), F.S. (2022)

³⁹ Ch. 2023-157, Laws of Fla.

⁴⁰ Ch. 2024-158, Laws of Fla.

⁴¹ Office of Economic and Demographic Research, 2023 Local Government Financial Information Handbook (Jan. 2024), 255-256 available at <u>https://edr.state.fl.us/Content/local-government/reports/lgfih23.pdf</u>, (last visited Mar. 23, 2025).

⁴² Office of Economic and Demographic Research, *Local Option Food and Beverage Tax Collections, available at* <u>https://www.edr.state.fl.us/Content/local-government/data/data-a-to-z/g-l.cfm</u> (last visited Mar. 23, 2025).

Referendum Procedures

The Florida Election Code provides the general requirements for a referendum.⁴³ The question presented to voters must contain a ballot summary with clear and unambiguous language, such that a "yes" or "no" vote on the measure indicates approval or rejection, respectively.⁴⁴ The ballot summary should explain the chief purpose of the measure and may not exceed 75 words.⁴⁵ The ballot summary and title must be included in the resolution or ordinance calling for the referendum.⁴⁶ For some discretionary sales surtaxes, the form of the ballot question is specified by statute.⁴⁷

Five types of elections exist under the Florida Election Code: primary elections, special primary elections, special elections, general elections, and presidential preference primary elections.⁴⁸ Historically, voter turnout during a general election is higher than during other elections.⁴⁹ A referendum to adopt, amend, or reenact a local government discretionary sales surtax must be held at a general election. A referendum to reenact an expiring surtax must be held at a general election occurring within the 48-month period immediately preceding the effective date of the reenacted surtax. Such a referendum may appear on the ballot only once within the 48-month period.⁵⁰

III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

CS/SB 1664 requires that for any local discretionary sales surtax, tourist development tax, or local option food and beverage tax that currently must be enacted pursuant to a referendum and that is in effect on June 30, 2025, the local government must renew such tax on or before January 1, 2033. If a referendum is not held on or before that date, the surtax will no longer be in effect beginning January 1, 2033, unless such levies are pledged for debt service. Any levy pledged for debt service may continue until the debt is retired, and the levy will be subject to renewal the following January 1st.

The bill also establishes an eight-year maximum time limit for all new levies of discretionary sales and tourist development taxes that are subject to approval by referendum, except for the .25 percent trauma center discretionary sales surtax that may be levied for counties with a population of fewer than 800,000 residents.⁵¹ The bill retains the existing four-year limitation for that surtax.

⁴⁶ Id.

⁴³ Section 101.161, F.S.

⁴⁴ Section 101.161(1), F.S.

⁴⁵ Id.

⁴⁷ See, e.g., s. 212.055(4)(b), F.S.

⁴⁸ Section 97.021(13), F.S.

⁴⁹ See Dep't of State, Voter Turnout, <u>http://dos.myflorida.com/elections/data-statistics/elections-data/voter-turnout/</u> (last visited Mar. 23, 2025).

⁵⁰ Section 212.055(10), F.S.

⁵¹ Section 212.055(4)(b)4., F.S.

The bill provides an exception to the eight-year limitation for levies used to service bond indebtedness, and instead of an eight-year limitation, allows for a levy for no more than 30 years if:

- The ordinance or resolution levying the tax specifies that the proceeds will be used for the purpose of servicing bond indebtedness, specifies the maximum duration of the bond indebtedness, not to exceed 30 years, and provides specific information on what the debt will be used for, and
- The ballot voted on in the referendum specifies that the proceeds will be used to service bond indebtedness and includes a brief and general description of what the debt will be used for and the maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed.

The bill also provides a similar eight-year limitation for the imposition of the local option food and beverage tax under s. 212.0306, F.S., in those cities in Miami-Dade County which currently levy the municipal resort tax pursuant to ch. 67-930, L.O.F.

None of these changes affect the pension liability surtax found in s. 212.055(9), F.S.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2025.

IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

Article VII, s. 18(b) of the State Constitution provides that except upon the approval of each house of the Legislature by a two-thirds vote of the membership, the Legislature may not enact, amend, or repeal any general law if the anticipated effect of doing so would be to reduce the authority that municipalities or counties have to raise revenue in the aggregate, as such authority existed on February 1, 1989. The mandate requirement does not apply to laws having an insignificant impact,⁵² which for Fiscal Year 2025-2026 is forecast at approximately \$2.4 million. The Revenue Estimating Conference has not adopted an impact estimate for this bill.

The bill requires that certain local taxes expire after 8 years unless renewed by referendum. Reduction of a local government's authority to raise revenues generally refers to limiting its power to levy a tax, raising the vote of the governing body required to levy a tax, lowering the rate of a tax, or reducing the base against which a tax is levied. In the case of these local taxes, a local government's authority extends only to the ability to submit taxes for referendum approval, which remains unchanged under the bill.

If the anticipated effect of the imposition of a time limit on these local taxes is considered a not-insignificant reduction of local authority to raise taxes, the bill must be approved by a two-thirds' vote of each house of the legislature to be validly enacted.

⁵² FLA. CONST. art. VII, s. 18(d). An insignificant fiscal impact is the amount not greater than the average statewide population for the applicable fiscal year multiplied by \$0.10. *See* Fla. S. Comm. on Cmty. Affairs, *Interim Report 2012-115: Insignificant Impact*, (Sept. 2011), *available at*

http://www.flsenate.gov/PublishedContent/Session/2012/InterimReports/2012-115ca.pdf (last visited Mar. 23, 2025).

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None identified.

V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

Local governments may incur additional expenses due to the potential increased frequency of referendums.

Because the bill does not remove the authority of local government to levy local discretionary sales surtaxes, tourist development taxes, or local option food and beverage taxes, staff does not anticipate that the bill will have an impact on local government revenues. However, revenues would be impacted if a referendum to renew an existing levy were not to pass.

VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

VII. Related Issues:

None.

VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 125.0104, 212.0306, 212.055.

IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Substantial Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

CS by Community Affairs on March 25, 2025:

The committee substitute:

- Applies the new referendum requirement for a surtax to remain in effect to only those discretionary sales surtaxes required under existing law to be approved by referendum;
- Corrects cross-references and dates; and
- Specifies additional content to be included in ordinances and referendum ballot questions.
- B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.



LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate Comm: RCS 03/27/2025 House

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- •

The Committee on Community Affairs (Trumbull) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Paragraph (n) of subsection (3) of section 125.0104, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraphs (f) through (i) are added to subsection (4) of that section, to read:

9 125.0104 Tourist development tax; procedure for levying; 10 authorized uses; referendum; enforcement.-

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(3) TAXABLE PRIVILEGES; EXEMPTIONS; LEVY; RATE.-

(n) In addition to any other tax that is imposed under this section, a county that has imposed the tax under paragraph (1) may impose an additional tax that is no greater than 1 percent on the exercise of the privilege described in paragraph (a) by ordinance approved by referendum pursuant to subsection (6) to:

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1. Pay the debt service on bonds issued to finance:

a. The construction, reconstruction, or renovation of a facility either publicly owned and operated, or publicly owned and operated by the owner of a professional sports franchise or other lessee with sufficient expertise or financial capability to operate such facility, and to pay the planning and design costs incurred prior to the issuance of such bonds for a new professional sports franchise as defined in s. 288.1162.

b. The acquisition, construction, reconstruction, or
renovation of a facility either publicly owned and operated, or
publicly owned and operated by the owner of a professional
sports franchise or other lessee with sufficient expertise or
financial capability to operate such facility, and to pay the
planning and design costs incurred prior to the issuance of such
bonds for a retained spring training franchise.

32 2. Promote and advertise tourism in the State of Florida 33 and nationally and internationally; however, if tax revenues are 34 expended for an activity, service, venue, or event, the 35 activity, service, venue, or event shall have as one of its main 36 purposes the attraction of tourists as evidenced by the 37 promotion of the activity, service, venue, or event to tourists.

39 A county that imposes the tax authorized in this paragraph may



40 not expend any ad valorem tax revenues for the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, or renovation of a facility for 41 which tax revenues are used pursuant to subparagraph 1. The 42 43 provision of paragraph (b) which prohibits any county authorized to levy a convention development tax pursuant to s. 212.0305 44 45 from levying more than the 2-percent tax authorized by this section shall not apply to the additional tax authorized by this 46 47 paragraph in counties which levy convention development taxes pursuant to s. 212.0305(4)(a). The provisions of paragraphs 48 49 (4) (a) - (d) do Subsection (4) does not apply to the adoption of 50 the additional tax authorized in this paragraph. The effective 51 date of the levy and imposition of the tax authorized under this 52 paragraph is the first day of the second month following 53 approval of the ordinance by referendum or the first day of any 54 subsequent month specified in the ordinance. A certified copy of 55 such ordinance shall be furnished by the county to the 56 Department of Revenue within 10 days after approval of the 57 ordinance.

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(4) ORDINANCE LEVY TAX; PROCEDURE.-

(f) Any tax imposed pursuant to this section and in effect on June 30, 2025, must be renewed by an ordinance approved in a referendum held pursuant to subsection (6) on or before January 1, 2033, in order to remain in effect after January 1, 2033. (g) The state covenants with holders of bonds or other instruments of indebtedness issued by counties before July 1,

65 <u>2025, that it will not impair or materially alter the rights of</u> 66 <u>those holders or relieve counties of the duty to meet their</u> 67 <u>obligations as a result of previous pledges or assignments</u>

68 entered into under this section as it existed before July 1,

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69	2025. Paragraph (f) does not apply in any case in which the
70	proceeds of a tax levied pursuant to this section on or before
71	June 30, 2025, have been pledged to secure and liquidate revenue
72	bonds or revenue refunding bonds as authorized by this section,
73	unless such bonds are retired before January 1, 2033. If the
74	bonds are not retired before January 1, 2033, paragraph (f)
75	applies as though January 1, 2033, were instead replaced with
76	January 1 of the year following the retirement of such bonds.
77	(h) Except as provided in paragraph (i), an ordinance that
78	levies and imposes a tax pursuant to this section expires 8
79	years after the effective date of the ordinance that is approved
80	in a referendum, but may be renewed for subsequent 8-year
81	periods if each 8-year period is approved in a referendum held
82	pursuant to subsection (6).
83	(i) A new or reenacted tax levied under this section may be
84	levied for a term of no more than 30 years, if:
85	1. The proceeds of the tax will be used for the purpose of
86	servicing bond indebtedness;
87	2. The ordinance enacting a new tax, or reenacting an
88	existing tax, specifies that the proceeds from the new or
89	reenacted tax will be used for the purpose of servicing bond
90	indebtedness; specifies the maximum duration of such bond
91	indebtedness, not to exceed 30 years; and provides specificity
92	regarding what the purposes of the bond indebtedness are; and
93	3. The referendum question on the ballot pursuant to
94	paragraph (6)(b) specifies that the proceeds of the tax will be
95	used for the purpose of servicing bond indebtedness and includes
96	a brief and general description of the purposes for which the
97	indebtedness will be incurred and the maximum length of time the

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98	tax may be imposed.
99	Section 2. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section
100	212.0306, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
101	212.0306 Local option food and beverage tax; procedure for
102	levying; authorized uses; administration
103	(2)
104	(d) Sales in cities or towns presently imposing a municipal
105	resort tax as authorized by chapter 67-930, Laws of Florida, are
106	exempt from the taxes authorized by subsection (1); however, the
107	tax authorized by paragraph (1)(b) may be levied in such city or
108	town if the governing authority of the city or town adopts an
109	ordinance that is subsequently approved by a majority of the
110	electors in such city or town voting in a referendum held at a
111	general election as defined in s. 97.021. Any tax levied in a
112	city or town pursuant to this paragraph takes effect on the
113	first day of January following the general election in which the
114	ordinance was approved. <u>An ordinance that levies and imposes a</u>
115	tax pursuant to this paragraph expires 8 years after the
116	effective date of the ordinance that is approved in a
117	referendum. However, an ordinance may be reenacted for
118	subsequent 8-year periods if each 8-year period is approved in a
119	referendum to reenact an expiring tax authorized under this
120	paragraph must be held at a general election occurring within
121	the 48-month period immediately preceding the effective date of
122	the reenacted tax $_{m{ au}}$ and the referendum <u>appears</u> may appear on the
123	ballot only once within the 48-month period.
124	Section 3. Subsection (11) of section 212.055, Florida

Section 3. Subsection (11) of section 212.055, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (12), paragraphs (c) and (f) of subsection (1) are amended, and a new subsection (11) is



127 added to that section, to read:

128 212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent; authorization and use of proceeds.-It is the legislative intent 129 130 that any authorization for imposition of a discretionary sales 131 surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a 132 subsection of this section, irrespective of the duration of the 133 levy. Each enactment shall specify the types of counties 134 authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be imposed; the 135 maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the 136 procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if 137 required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended; 138 and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide. 139 Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as 140 provided in s. 212.054.

141 (1) CHARTER COUNTY AND REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM142 SURTAX.-

(c)1. The proposal to adopt a discretionary sales surtax as provided in this subsection and to create a trust fund within the county accounts shall be placed on the ballot in accordance with law and must be approved in a referendum held at a general election in accordance with subsection (10).

148 2. If the proposal to adopt a surtax is by initiative, the 149 petition sponsor must, at least 180 days before the proposed 150 referendum, comply with all of the following:

a. Provide a copy of the final resolution or ordinance to
the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government
Accountability. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and
Government Accountability shall procure a certified public
accountant in accordance with subsection (12) (11) for the

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156 performance audit. 157 b. File the initiative petition and its required valid signatures with the supervisor of elections. The supervisor of 158 159 elections shall verify signatures and retain signature forms in 160 the same manner as required for initiatives under s. 161 100.371(11). 162 3. The failure of an initiative sponsor to comply with the 163 requirements of subparagraph 2. renders any referendum held 164 void. 165 (f) Any discretionary sales surtax levied under this 166 subsection pursuant to a referendum held on or after July 1, 167 2020, may not be levied for more than 30 years. 168 (11) LIMITATIONS ON LEVY.-169 (a) Any surtax imposed pursuant to this section and in 170 effect on June 30, 2025, which is required to be approved by 171 voters in a referendum under this section must be renewed by an 172 ordinance, or resolution for the purpose of the surtax 173 authorized under subsection (6), approved in a referendum held 174 pursuant to subsection (10) on or before January 1, 2033, in 175 order to remain in effect after January 1, 2033. 176 (b) The state covenants with holders of bonds or other 177 instruments of indebtedness issued by counties or school boards 178 before July 1, 2025, that it will not impair or materially alter 179 the rights of those holders or relieve counties or school boards 180 of the duty to meet their obligations as a result of previous 181 pledges or assignments entered into under this section as it 182 existed before July 1, 2025. Paragraph (a) does not apply in any 183 case in which the proceeds of a tax levied pursuant to this 184 section on or before June 30, 2025, have been pledged to secure

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185	and liquidate revenue bonds or revenue refunding bonds as
186	authorized by this section, unless such bonds are retired before
187	January 1, 2033. If the bonds are not retired before January 1,
188	2033, paragraph (a) shall apply as though January 1, 2033, were
189	instead replaced with January 1 of the year following the
190	retirement of such bonds.
191	(c) Except as provided in paragraph (4)(b) and paragraph
192	(d), any new or reenacted discretionary sales surtax levied
193	pursuant to a referendum held on or after July 1, 2025, may not
194	be levied for more than 8 years unless reenacted by ordinance,
195	or resolution for the purpose of the surtax authorized under
196	subsection (6), subject to approval by a majority of the
197	electors voting in a subsequent referendum held pursuant to
198	subsection (10).
199	(d) A new or reenacted surtax levied under this section may
200	be levied for a term of no more than 30 years, if:
201	1. The proceeds of the surtax will be used for the purpose
202	of servicing bond indebtedness;
203	2. The ordinance, or resolution for the purpose of the
204	surtax authorized under subsection (6), enacting a new surtax,
205	or reenacting an existing surtax specifies that the proceeds
206	from the new or reenacted surtax will be used for the purpose of
207	servicing bond indebtedness; specifies the maximum duration of
208	such bond indebtedness, not to exceed 30 years; and provides
209	specificity regarding what the purposes of the bond indebtedness
210	are; and
211	3. The referendum question on the ballot specifies that the
212	proceeds of the surtax will be used for the purpose of servicing
213	bond indebtedness and includes a brief and general description

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214	of the purposes for which the indebtedness will be incurred and
215	the maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed.
216	(e) The provisions of this subsection do not apply to the
217	enactment or reenactment of the surtax authorized under
218	subsection (9).
219	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.
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221	======================================
222	And the title is amended as follows:
223	Delete everything before the enacting clause
224	and insert:
225	A bill to be entitled
226	An act relating to local option taxes; amending s.
227	125.0104, F.S.; requiring specified taxes to be
228	renewed by an ordinance in a specified manner;
229	providing an exception; providing construction;
230	providing for the expiration of specified ordinances;
231	authorizing the adoption of new ordinances; providing
232	an exception; amending s. 212.0306, F.S.; providing
233	for the expiration of specified ordinances;
234	authorizing the adoption of new ordinances; amending
235	s. 212.055, F.S.; requiring specified taxes to be
236	renewed by an ordinance in a specified manner;
237	providing an exception; providing construction;
238	providing for the expiration of specified ordinances;
239	authorizing the adoption of new ordinances; providing
240	an exception; providing an effective date.

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By Senator Trumbull

	2-01055-25 20251664
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to local option taxes; amending s.
3	125.0104, F.S.; requiring specified taxes to be
4	renewed by an ordinance in a specified manner;
5	providing an exception; providing construction;
6	providing for the expiration of specified ordinances;
7	authorizing the adoption of new ordinances; providing
8	an exception; amending s. 212.0306, F.S.; providing
9	for the expiration of specified ordinances;
10	authorizing the adoption of new ordinances; amending
11	s. 212.055, F.S.; requiring specified taxes to be
12	renewed by an ordinance in a specified manner;
13	providing an exception; providing construction;
14	providing for the expiration of specified ordinances;
15	authorizing the adoption of new ordinances; providing
16	an exception; providing an effective date.
17	
18	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
19	
20	Section 1. Paragraph (n) of subsection (3) of section
21	125.0104, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraphs (f), (g),
22	(h), and (i) are added to subsection (4) of that section, to
23	read:
24	125.0104 Tourist development tax; procedure for levying;
25	authorized uses; referendum; enforcement
26	(3) TAXABLE PRIVILEGES; EXEMPTIONS; LEVY; RATE
27	(n) In addition to any other tax that is imposed under this
28	section, a county that has imposed the tax under paragraph (1)
29	may impose an additional tax that is no greater than 1 percent
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2-01055-25 20251664 30 on the exercise of the privilege described in paragraph (a) by 31 ordinance approved by referendum pursuant to subsection (6) to: 32 1. Pay the debt service on bonds issued to finance: The construction, reconstruction, or renovation of a 33 a. 34 facility either publicly owned and operated, or publicly owned 35 and operated by the owner of a professional sports franchise or 36 other lessee with sufficient expertise or financial capability 37 to operate such facility, and to pay the planning and design costs incurred prior to the issuance of such bonds for a new 38 39 professional sports franchise as defined in s. 288.1162. 40 b. The acquisition, construction, reconstruction, or 41 renovation of a facility either publicly owned and operated, or publicly owned and operated by the owner of a professional 42 43 sports franchise or other lessee with sufficient expertise or 44 financial capability to operate such facility, and to pay the

45 planning and design costs incurred prior to the issuance of such 46 bonds for a retained spring training franchise.

2. Promote and advertise tourism in the State of Florida and nationally and internationally; however, if tax revenues are expended for an activity, service, venue, or event, the activity, service, venue, or event shall have as one of its main purposes the attraction of tourists as evidenced by the promotion of the activity, service, venue, or event to tourists.

A county that imposes the tax authorized in this paragraph may not expend any ad valorem tax revenues for the acquisition, construction, reconstruction, or renovation of a facility for which tax revenues are used pursuant to subparagraph 1. The provision of paragraph (b) which prohibits any county authorized

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	2-01055-25 20251664
59	to levy a convention development tax pursuant to s. 212.0305
60	from levying more than the 2-percent tax authorized by this
61	section shall not apply to the additional tax authorized by this
62	paragraph in counties which levy convention development taxes
63	pursuant to s. 212.0305(4)(a). The provisions of paragraphs
64	<u>(4)(a)-(d) do</u> Subsection (4) does not apply to the adoption of
65	the additional tax authorized in this paragraph. The effective
66	date of the levy and imposition of the tax authorized under this
67	paragraph is the first day of the second month following
68	approval of the ordinance by referendum or the first day of any
69	subsequent month specified in the ordinance. A certified copy of
70	such ordinance shall be furnished by the county to the
71	Department of Revenue within 10 days after approval of the
72	ordinance.
73	(4) ORDINANCE LEVY TAX; PROCEDURE
74	(f) Any tax imposed pursuant to this section and in effect
75	on June 30, 2025, must be renewed by an ordinance approved in a
76	referendum held pursuant to subsection (6) on or before January
77	1, 2033, in order to remain in effect after January 1, 2033.
78	(g) The state covenants with holders of bonds or other
79	instruments of indebtedness issued by counties before July 1,
80	2025, that it will not impair or materially alter the rights of
81	those holders or relieve counties of the duty to meet their
82	obligations as a result of previous pledges or assignments
83	entered into under this section as it existed before July 1,
84	2025. Paragraph (f) does not apply in any case in which the
85	proceeds of a tax levied pursuant to this section on or before
86	June 30, 2025, have been pledged to secure and liquidate revenue
87	bonds or revenue refunding bonds as authorized by this section,

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	2-01055-25 20251664
88	unless such bonds are retired before January 1, 2029. If the
89	bonds are not retired before January 1, 2029, paragraph (f)
90	applies as though January 1, 2029, were instead replaced with
91	January 1 of the year following the retirement of such bonds.
92	(h) Except as provided in paragraph (i), an ordinance that
93	levies and imposes a tax pursuant to this section expires 8
94	years after the effective date of the ordinance that is approved
95	in a referendum, but may be renewed for subsequent 8-year
96	periods if each 8-year period is approved in a referendum held
97	pursuant to subsection (6).
98	(i) A new or reenacted tax levied under this section may be
99	levied for a term of no more than 30 years, if:
100	1. The proceeds of the surtax will be used for the purpose
101	of servicing bond indebtedness;
102	2. The ordinance enacting a new tax, or reenacting an
103	existing tax, specifies that the proceeds from the new or
104	reenacted tax will be used for the purpose of servicing bond
105	indebtedness, and provides specificity regarding what those
106	purposes are; and
107	3. The referendum question on the ballot specifies that the
108	proceeds of the tax will be used for the purpose of servicing
109	bond indebtedness and includes a brief and general description
110	of the purposes for which the indebtedness will be incurred.
111	Section 2. Paragraph (d) of subsection (2) of section
112	212.0306, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
113	212.0306 Local option food and beverage tax; procedure for
114	levying; authorized uses; administration
115	(2)
116	(d) Sales in cities or towns presently imposing a municipal
I	

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2-01055-25 20251664 117 resort tax as authorized by chapter 67-930, Laws of Florida, are 118 exempt from the taxes authorized by subsection (1); however, the 119 tax authorized by paragraph (1) (b) may be levied in such city or 120 town if the governing authority of the city or town adopts an 121 ordinance that is subsequently approved by a majority of the 122 electors in such city or town voting in a referendum held at a 123 general election as defined in s. 97.021. Any tax levied in a 124 city or town pursuant to this paragraph takes effect on the first day of January following the general election in which the 125 126 ordinance was approved. An ordinance that levies and imposes a 127 tax pursuant to this paragraph expires 8 years after the 128 effective date of the ordinance that is approved in a 129 referendum, but may be renewed for subsequent 8-year periods if 130 each 8-year period is approved in a referendum held pursuant to 131 subsection (6). A referendum to reenact an expiring tax 132 authorized under this paragraph must be held at a general 133 election occurring within the 48-month period immediately 134 preceding the effective date of the reenacted tax, and the 135 referendum may appear on the ballot only once within the 48-136 month period. 137

Section 3. Subsection (11) of section 212.055, Florida Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (12), paragraphs (c) and (f) of subsection (1) are amended, and a new subsection (11) is added to that section, to read:

141 212.055 Discretionary sales surtaxes; legislative intent; 142 authorization and use of proceeds.—It is the legislative intent 143 that any authorization for imposition of a discretionary sales 144 surtax shall be published in the Florida Statutes as a 145 subsection of this section, irrespective of the duration of the

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2-01055-25 20251664 146 levy. Each enactment shall specify the types of counties 147 authorized to levy; the rate or rates which may be imposed; the 148 maximum length of time the surtax may be imposed, if any; the 149 procedure which must be followed to secure voter approval, if 150 required; the purpose for which the proceeds may be expended; 151 and such other requirements as the Legislature may provide. 152 Taxable transactions and administrative procedures shall be as provided in s. 212.054. 153 154 (1) CHARTER COUNTY AND REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION SYSTEM 155 SURTAX.-156 (c)1. The proposal to adopt a discretionary sales surtax as 157 provided in this subsection and to create a trust fund within 158 the county accounts shall be placed on the ballot in accordance 159 with law and must be approved in a referendum held at a general election in accordance with subsection (10). 160 161 2. If the proposal to adopt a surtax is by initiative, the 162 petition sponsor must, at least 180 days before the proposed 163 referendum, comply with all of the following: 164 a. Provide a copy of the final resolution or ordinance to 165 the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government 166 Accountability. The Office of Program Policy Analysis and 167 Government Accountability shall procure a certified public 168 accountant in accordance with subsection (12) (11) for the 169 performance audit. 170 b. File the initiative petition and its required valid 171 signatures with the supervisor of elections. The supervisor of 172

172 elections shall verify signatures and retain signature forms in 173 the same manner as required for initiatives under s. 174 100.371(11).

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	2-01055-25 20251664				
175	3. The failure of an initiative sponsor to comply with the				
176	requirements of subparagraph 2. renders any referendum held				
177	void.				
178	(f) Any discretionary sales surtax levied under this				
179	subsection pursuant to a referendum held on or after July 1,				
180	2020, may not be levied for more than 30 years.				
181	(11) LIMITATIONS ON LEVY				
182	(a) Any surtax imposed pursuant to this section and in				
183	effect on June 30, 2025, must be renewed by an ordinance, or				
184	resolution for the purpose of the surtax authorized under				
185	subsection (6), approved in a referendum held pursuant to				
186	subsection (10) on or before January 1, 2033, in order to remain				
187	in effect after January 1, 2033.				
188	(b) The state covenants with holders of bonds or other				
189	instruments of indebtedness issued by counties or school boards				
190	before July 1, 2025, that it will not impair or materially alter				
191	the rights of those holders or relieve counties or school boards				
192	of the duty to meet their obligations as a result of previous				
193	pledges or assignments entered into under this section as it				
194	existed before July 1, 2025. Paragraph (a) does not apply in any				
195	case in which the proceeds of a tax levied pursuant to this				
196	section on or before June 30, 2025, have been pledged to secure				
197	and liquidate revenue bonds or revenue refunding bonds as				
198	authorized by this section, unless such bonds are retired before				
199	January 1, 2033. If the bonds are not retired before January 1,				
200	2033, paragraph (a) shall apply as though January 1, 2033, was				
201	instead replaced with January 1 of the year following the				
202	retirement of such bonds.				
203	(c) Except as provided in paragraph (4)(b) and paragraph				

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	2-01055-25 20251664			
204	(d), any new or reenacted discretionary sales surtax levied			
205	pursuant to a referendum held on or after July 1, 2025, may not			
206	be levied for more than 8 years unless reenacted by ordinance,			
207	or resolution for the purpose of the surtax authorized under			
208	subsection (6), subject to approval by a majority of the			
209	electors voting in a subsequent referendum.			
210	(d) A new or reenacted surtax levied under this section may			
211	be levied for a term of no more than 30 years, if:			
212	1. The proceeds of the surtax will be used for the purpose			
213	of servicing bond indebtedness;			
214	2. The ordinance, or resolution for the purpose of the			
215	surtax authorized under subsection (6), enacting a new surtax,			
216	or reenacting an existing surtax specifies that the proceeds			
217	from the new or reenacted surtax will be used for the purpose of			
218	servicing bond indebtedness, and provides specificity regarding			
219	what those purposes are; and			
220	3. The referendum question on the ballot specifies that the			
221	proceeds of the surtax will be used for the purpose of servicing			
222	bond indebtedness and includes a brief and general description			
223	of the purposes for which the indebtedness will be incurred.			
224	(e) The provisions of this subsection do not apply to the			
225	enactment or reenactment of the surtax authorized under			
226	subsection (9).			
227	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.			

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	The Florida Senate	1 Color La	
5/25/25	APPEARANCE RECORD	1007	
Meeting Date Committee Affairs Committee	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)	
Name Hester Ndoj	CA Phone 6	50 702 09H4	
Address 2410 Mahan	Dr Email hee	ster@Fsae.org	
Tallahassel FL city State			
Speaking: For Against	Information OR Waive Speaking:	🗌 In Support 🚺 Against	
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:			
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by: Societa of Association	
	(not permit all persons wishing to speak to be beard at this begin	Frecutive	

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks s that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

	The Florida Senate		
3/25/2025	APPEARANCE RECORD	SB1664	
3/25/2025 Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of this form to	Bill Number or Topic	
Community Affairs	Senate professional staff conducting the meeting		
Committee		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)	
Name Charles Chapman	N Phone	863 234 8983	
Address 301 S. Brannigh	Email	cchapman & Alciris com	
Tallahassee Fl City State	3230) Zip		
Speaking: 🗌 For 🏼 Against	Information OR Waive Speakir	ng: 🗌 In Support 📄 Against	
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:			
l am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing: Thurda League of Cities	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:	

81.1

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

The Florida Senate	0				
<u>3125125</u> APPEARANCE RECORD	1664				
Meeting Date Deliver both copies of this form to Community Official Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	Bill Number or Topic				
Committee	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)				
Name Samantha Padgett Phone 850-	224-2250				
Address 230 S. Adams St. Email Spad	gett@frla.org				
Tallabassee FL 32.30/ City State Zip					
Speaking: For Against Information OR Waive Speaking: In Support Against					
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:					
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship. I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance				
Florida Restaurant & Lodging	(travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:				
Association					

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

S-001 (08/10/2021)

11

3/25/25 The Florida Senate Meeting Date O	BB 1664 Bill Number or Topic
<u>Committee</u> Name <u>Kerri Post</u> Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting Phone <u>B5</u>	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address 315 S. Calhoun St., H-830 Email Kerri, <u>Jallahassee</u> FL 37301 <u>City</u> State Zip	postevisi Hallahasseco
	In Support 🗌 Against
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11,045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

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1 1	The Florida Senate			
3/25/25 APPEARANCE RECORD SB 1/6/64 Meeting Date Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting Bill Number or Top				
Name Pepper Uchino	(ov-chee-no) Phone_	Amendment Barcode (if applicable) (350) 727-9040		
Address PO Box 13146				
City Speaking: Speaking: For X Again	State Zip Inst Information OR Waive Speaki	ng: 🗌 In Support 🔲 Against		
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:				
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	R I am a registered lobbyist, representing: FL Shore & Beach Preservation Assoc.	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:		

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (flsenate.gov)

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	03 / 25 / 25 Meeting Date		The Florida APPEARANC Deliver both copies	CE RECORD		ICOCH Bill Number or Topic
0	MMUNITY	Affairs	Senate professional staff co			
Name	Committee Davien	schael	fer	Phone	Amendr	ment Barcode (if applicable)
Addres				Email		
	Street	0				
	City	State	Zip	<u> </u>		
	Speaking: Sor	Against [Information O	R Waive Speaking:	🗌 In Support	Against
			PLEASE CHECK ONE C	FTHE FOLLOWING:		
	am appearing without ompensation or sponsorship. VISIT PENSACOLO	L	l am a registered lob representing:	byist,	somethin	a lobbyist, but received ng of value for my appearance neals, lodging, etc.), ed by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (flsenate.gov)

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Senate professional staff conduct	RECORD <u>SB 166</u>		
Name Joynn Wky	Amendment Barcode (if applicable) Phone		
Address	Email		
City State Zip Speaking: For Against Information OR	Waive Speaking: In Support Against		
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:			
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship. Visit Tampa B	, I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:		

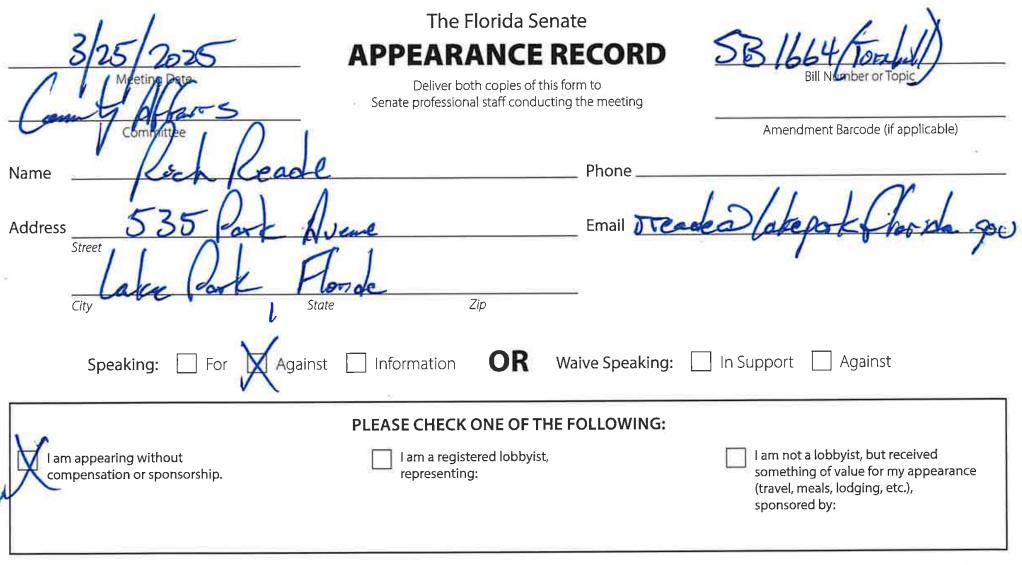
While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules and fifsenate accord

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

3/25/25 Meeting Date Community Affairs	The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	SB 1669 Bill Number or Topic Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name <u>JEFF</u> Scaca	Phone 727	631-40sy
Address 100 S Monrol	S7 Email jsc	ala@ floounties com
Tallchassee City State	FL 32301 Zip	36. ^{28.00} 76 ⁷⁷
Speaking: 🗌 For 🛛 Against	Information OR Waive Speaking:	In Support 🗌 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	Association of Countries	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (fisenate.gov)

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2	The Florida S	Senate	
3125/25	APPEARANCI	E RECORD	664
Meeting Date Community Affrics	Deliver both copies of Senate professional staff conc		Bill Number or Topic
Committee			Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Daniel Mar	-t.nez	Phoneვიკ	-240-2917
Address <u>CO</u> E.	College Ave.	Email Onc	rt. nez Octpha.org
The Ichnosee	FL 32.301 State Zip		
Speaking: For	Against Information OR	Waive Speaking:	In Support 🗌 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF	THE FOLLOWING:	
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobby representing: Americans for prosp		I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules off (fisenate gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

March 25, 2025 Meeting Date Commity Affairs Committee	The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECO Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the me	Bill Number or Topic eeting Amendment Barcode (if applicable)		
Name Andrea Knowle	-s Hill Pho	ne <u>454-357-7347</u>		
Address 100 S. Andrews Street Fat Lawbedge For City State	Ave Ema E <u>33301</u> Zip	ail aknowles@broward.org		
Speaking: For Against	Information OR Waive S	peaking: 🗌 In Support 🛛 Against		
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:				
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing: Browned County	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:		

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (flsenate.gov)

This form is part of the public record for this meeting.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	The Florida Senate	e
MARCH 25,2025	APPEARANCE RE	
Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of this form	
Committee		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name PAUL BEIRI	NES	Phone 352-988 3426
Address 1750 5 1475	1	Email PBEIRNES CARECIA ISLAND.1
AMELIA ISLAND	TH 32034 State Zip	
Speaking: 🗍 For 🚺 Again	nst Information OR Wai	ive Speaking: 🗌 In Support Magainst
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FC	OLLOWING:
l am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	l am a registered lobbyist, representing:	L am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11,045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (Isenate.gov)

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and the second	The Florida Senate	
3/25/25	APPEARANCE RECOR	D 1664
Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of this form to	Bill Number or Topic
Sen Community App	Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	
Committee		Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name LISA Bacat	Phone	870-445-8329
Address JD by 1016	Email	1 Ba bacel @ Hinda tunit.on
TZI II g	FL 37327 State Zip	
Speaking: 🗌 For 📔	Against Information OR Waive Speaki	i ng: 🗌 In Support 🔲 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWIN	G:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	lam a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (flsenate.gov)

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03/25/25 Meeting Date COMMUNITY Affairs	The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	SB 1664 Bill Number or Topic
Committee Name MOLT FOREST	Phone 8	Amendment Barcode (if applicable) $50 - 577 - \partial 4444$
Address Street	Email M	at Chellerd partner
City State	Zip	,
Speaking: For Against	Information OR Waive Speaking:	In Support Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
l am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	Destinations Florida	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (flsenate.gov)

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The Florida Senate	
5123125 APPEARANCE RECORD 1604	
Meeting Date Deliver both copies of this form to Bill Number or Topic Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	
Committee Amendment Barcode (if applicable)	
Name Dersid Viedra Phone 5613150497	
Name Sersia Piedra Phone 5613150497 Discover the Palm Beaches	
Address Email	
Street	
City State Zip	
Speaking: For Against Information OR Waive Speaking: In Support Against	
PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:	
Lam a registered lobbyist, compensation or sponsorship.	ce

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11,045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules odf (flsenate.gov)

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2	- 25 -	10	e Florida Senat		1664
	Meeting Date	APPEAI	both copies of this form ional staff conducting t	n to	Bill Number or Topic
Name	Committee Jess M. McCar	ty, Executive Assistant Co	unty Attorney	Phone	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Address	111 N.W. 1st	t Street Suite 2800		_{Email} jmm2(@miamidade.gov
	Miami _{City}	FL. State	33128 ^{Zip}		
	Speaking: 🔲 F	or 🔲 Against 🔲 Information	n OR Wa	ive Speaking:	In Support I Against
		PLEASE CHEC	CK ONE OF THE FO	OLLOWING:	
	n appearing without npensation or sponsorshi	p. represent	gistered lobbyist, ting: ade County		I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:
L					

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf filsenate applications about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf filsenate applications about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf filsenate applications about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf filsenate applications about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf filsenate applications about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf filsenate applications about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf filsenate applications about the set of the set of

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	The Florida Senate		
3/25/25	APPEARANCE RECORD SBILL		
Community Affairs	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting		
Name Divior Minshew	City of Wauchula Phone BL	Amendment Barcode (if applicable) タ3-99 D-525ロ	
Address 126 S, 7th AVR	Email		
Wanchula FL City State	33873 Zip		
Speaking: For Against	Information OR Waive Speaking:	🗌 In Support 💢 Against	
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING:		
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	l am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:	

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate.gov)

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	The Florida Senate	1111
3.25-25	APPEARANCE RECO	$\mathbf{RD} = 1664$
Comm Alar	Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the mee	Bill Number or Topic
Name Chris Doolin	Phor	Amendment Barcode (if applicable) ne <u>850-508-5492</u>
Address 1018 Thomas	ille Rd Emai	cdodin Odool in and assoc. Co.
Tallahussee F. City State	la. 32308 Zip	
Speaking: 🗌 For Against	Information OR Waive Sp	eaking: 🗌 In Support Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLO	WING:
Compensation or sponsorship.	Dram a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules. pdf (fisenate gov)

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3/25/25 Meeting Date Community Affairs	The Florida Senate APPEARANCE RECORD Deliver both copies of this form to Senate professional staff conducting the meeting	1664 Bill Number or Topic
Name <u>Mark Jeffrie</u> Address <u>201</u> <u>S. Rosa</u>		Amendment Barcode (if applicable) 7-836-5909 2K·jeffries@ocFL·net
Orlando P	Image: L 3 280 J State Zip Information OR Waive Speaking:	🗌 In Support 🗹 Against
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLLOWING: I am a registered lobbyist, representing: ORANGE COUNTY	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance (travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

While it is a tradition to encourage public testimony, time may not permit all persons wishing to speak to be heard at this hearing. Those who do speak may be asked to limit their remarks so that as many persons as possible can be heard. If you have questions about registering to lobby please see Fla. Stat. §11.045 and Joint Rule 1. 2020-2022 Joint Rules pdf (fisenate gov)

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X		
3125125	The Florida Senate	ORD 581664
2100190	APPEARANCE REC	ORD 01667
Meeting Date	Deliver both copies of this form to	Bill Number or Topic
Community Afteris	Senate professional staff conducting the m	neeting
Committee	, Misrover the	Amendment Barcode (if applicable)
Name Deraio Miea	dree Palm Beach Phi	S 561315 0497
Address 2195 Souther.	BIJD. Em	beaches, com
Street	a 18	
West falm Prai	-4 FL 33406	veg (V) is a rom
City State	,Zip	180 g. w.
Speaking: For	Information OR Waive S	Speaking: 🗌 In Support 🖸 Against
	PLEASE CHECK ONE OF THE FOLL	OWING:
I am appearing without compensation or sponsorship.	I am a registered lobbyist, representing:	I am not a lobbyist, but received something of value for my appearance
		(travel, meals, lodging, etc.), sponsored by:

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CourtSmart Tag Report

Room: SB 37 Case No.: Caption: Senate Committee on Community Affairs Started: 3/25/2025 11:02:13 AM Ends: 3/25/2025 1:00:05 PM Length: 01:57:53 11:02:14 AM Call to Order-Chair McClain 11:03:10 AM Roll Call, Quorum 11:03:13 AM **Opening Remarks-Chair McClain** 11:03:34 AM Tab 2 SB 20 11:03:35 AM Senator Burgess Roll Call for SB 20 11:04:57 AM 11:05:05 AM **Reported Favorably** Tab 1 SB 14 11:05:17 AM 11:05:24 AM Senator Jones Roll Call for SB 14 11:06:03 AM 11:06:38 AM Tab 11 11:06:43 AM SJR 1510 11:06:53 AM Senator Avila 11:08:13 AM Senator Sharief 11:09:10 AM Senator Avila 11:10:58 AM Senator Sharief 11:11:28 AM Senator Avila 11:13:48 AM Senator Sharief 11:14:38 AM Public Testimony **Rich Reade** 11:14:59 AM Charles Chapman, Florida League of Cities 11:15:20 AM Jeff Scala. Florida Association of Counties 11:17:07 AM Times Waived Read into Record 11:18:56 AM Senator Passidomo 11:20:10 AM Senator Jones 11:21:51 AM Senator Sharief 11:23:10 AM 11:24:37 AM Senator Pizzo 11:25:08 AM Senator Avila 11:27:26 AM Roll Call SJR 1510 11:28:38 AM Reported Favorably 11:28:41 AM Tab 12 SB 1512 Senator Avila 11:28:50 AM 11:29:25 AM Public Testimony Times Waived Read into Record 11:29:33 AM 11:30:46 AM Reported Favorably 11:30:51 AM Tab 6 SB 674 11:31:12 AM Senator Wright Public Testimony- Dana Blickley 11:31:53 AM 11:32:55 AM Times Waived Read into Record 11:33:41 AM Senator Wright 11:33:46 AM Roll Call for SB 674 11:34:08 AM Reported Favorably Tab 4 CS/SB 268 11:34:12 AM 11:34:26 AM Senator Jones 11:34:29 AM Late Filed Amendment #576776 11:34:58 AM Senator Jones 11:35:09 AM Adopted 11:35:26 AM Public Testimony Bobby Block, First Amendment Foundation 11:35:28 AM 11:37:32 AM Senator Pizzo **Bobby Block** 11:38:18 AM 11:38:24 AM Senator Pizzo

Type: Judge:

11:39:08 AM	Bobby Block
11:39:49 AM	Senator Pizzo
11:41:04 AM	Bobby Block
11:41:17 AM	Senator Pizzo
11:41:37 AM	Senator Fine
11:41:49 AM	Bobby Block
11:41:58 AM	Senator Fine
11:42:25 AM	Bobby Block
11:42:34 AM	Senator Fine
11:43:00 AM	Bobby Block
11:43:06 AM	Senator Fine
11:43:32 AM	Bobby Block
11:44:01 AM	Senator Pizzo
-	
11:44:13 AM	Bobby Block
11:44:17 AM	Times Waived Read into Record
11:44:35 AM	Senator Fine
11:45:58 AM	Senator Sharief
11:48:23 AM	Senator Jones
11:50:34 AM	Roll Call for CS/SB 268
11:50:47 AM	Reported Favorably
11:50:51 AM	Tab 3
11:50:57 AM	SB 100
11:51:00 AM	Senator Fine
11:51:39 AM	Senator Jones
11:52:15 AM	Senator Fine
11:53:17 AM	Senator Jones
11:53:52 AM	Senator Fine
11:54:43 AM	Senator Jones
11:55:48 AM	Senator Fine
11:55:57 AM	Senator Jones
11:56:03 AM	Senator Fine
11:56:21 AM	Senator Jones
11:56:25 AM	Senator Fine
11:57:38 AM	Senator Jones
11:58:15 AM	Senator Fine
11:58:51 AM	Senator Pizzo
11:59:10 AM	Senator Fine
	Senator Pizzo
11:59:14 AM 11:59:24 AM	
	Senator Fine
11:59:41 AM	Senator Pizzo
12:00:25 PM	Senator Fine
12:01:16 PM	Public Testimony
12:01:30 PM	Jon Harris Maurer, Equality Florida
12:02:18 PM	Anita Hatcher
12:03:24 PM	Corey Bleakley
12:03:56 PM	Ligdi Anador
12:04:58 PM	Spike Poma
12:05:29 PM	Colton Taylor
12:06:31 PM	Mandi Longworthy
12:07:07 PM	Quinn Ferguson
12:08:08 PM	Nicholas Machula
12:09:03 PM	Kara Gross, ACLU
12:09:44 PM	Echo Nova
12:10:47 PM	Andrea Jones
12:11:33 PM	Ant Avila
12:12:02 PM	Jessica Johnson-York
12:13:02 PM	Senator Pizzo-Question
12:14:00 PM	Jessica Johnson-York
12:14:06 PM	Senator Pizzo
12:14:15 PM	Jessica Johnson-York
12:14:21 PM	Senator Pizzo
12:14:33 PM	Jessica Johnson-York

12:14:40 PM Amy Adams 12:15:22 PM John Labriola, Christian Family Coalition of Florida 12:16:26 PM Senator Jones 12:16:39 PM John Labriola 12:17:10 PM Senator Jones 12:17:32 PM John Labriola 12:17:39 PM Senator Jones 12:18:48 PM John Labriola 12:18:50 PM Senator Jones 12:18:54 PM John Labriola 12:19:00 PM Senator Jones Bobby Block, First Amendment Foundation 12:19:04 PM 12:19:50 PM Times Waived Read into Record 12:21:09 PM Senator Pizzo 12:23:29 PM Senator Jones Senator Passidomo 12:25:30 PM Senator Fine 12:26:40 PM Roll Call for SB 100 12:29:32 PM 12:29:41 PM Reported Favorably Tab 14 SB 1644 12:29:48 PM 12:29:53 PM Senator Trumbull 12:30:00 PM Amendment # 844936 12:30:33 PM Senator Trumbull 12:31:30 PM Public Testimony 12:31:39 PM Times Waived Read into Record 12:31:50 PM Adopted 12:32:05 PM Charles Chapman, Florida League of Cities 12:32:43 PM Samantha Padgett, Florida Restaurant & Lodging Association Kerri Post 12:33:37 PM Pepper Uchino, Florida Shore & Beach Preservation Association 12:33:58 PM Darren Schaefer, Visit Pensacola 12:34:42 PM Jeff Scala, Florida Association of Counties 12:36:19 PM **Rich Reade** 12:37:27 PM Times Waived Read into Record 12:38:13 PM 12:38:48 PM Senator Sharief 12:40:42 PM Senator Trumbull 12:42:00 PM Roll Call for SB 1664 12:42:05 PM Reported Favorably 12:42:11 PM Gavel Given to Senator Fine 12:42:22 PM Tab 10 12:42:27 PM SB 1078 12:42:33 PM Senator McClain Late Filed Amendment #933670 12:42:57 PM 12:43:05 PM Senator McClain Public Testimony 12:44:25 PM 12:44:28 PM Tim Meenan, Florida Fire Sprinkler Association 12:44:46 PM Michael Choate, Florida Fire Chiefs' Association Times Waived Read into Record 12:45:25 PM 12:45:44 PM Adopted 12:45:59 PM Jim Milligan, Florida Fire Marshalls Association Times Waived Read into Record 12:46:46 PM 12:47:25 PM Senator Passidomo Senator McClain 12:47:42 PM 12:48:10 PM Senator Pizzo 12:48:15 PM Senator McClain 12:48:41 PM Roll Call for CS/SB 1078 12:48:54 PM Reported Favorably 12:49:02 PM Gavel Given to Senator McClain 12:49:11 PM Tab 9 CS/SB 872 12:49:14 PM Senator Ingoglia Amendment #940202 12:50:04 PM 12:50:08 PM Senator Ingoglia

12:50:29 PM	Adopted
12:50:35 PM	Senator Fine
12:51:09 PM	Senator Ingoglia
12:51:15 PM	Senator Fine
12:51:33 PM	Senator Ingoglia
12:52:19 PM	Senator Fine
12:52:37 PM	Senator Ingoglia
12:53:14 PM	Public Testimony
12:53:17 PM	Sean Lascalzo
12:53:41 PM	Times Waived Read into Record
12:53:59 PM	Senator Fine
12:54:18 PM	Senator Ingoglia
12:54:30 PM	Roll Call for CS/SB 872
12:54:43 PM	Reported Favorably
12:55:02 PM	Tab 7 SJR 748
12:55:17 PM	Senator Leek
12:55:43 PM	Times Waived Read into Record
12:55:49 PM	Roll Call for SJR 748
12:56:04 PM	Reported Favorably
12:56:09 PM	Tab 8 SB 750
12:56:14 PM	Senator Leek
12:56:21 PM	Amendment #721228
12:56:41 PM	Adopted
12:56:57 PM	Roll Call for SB 750
12:57:18 PM	Reported Favorably
12:57:24 PM	Tab 5 SB 482
12:57:26 PM	Senator DiCeglie
12:58:01 PM	Senator Pizzo
12:58:09 PM	Senator DiCeglie
12:58:34 PM	Public Testimony -Times Waived Read into Record
12:58:41 PM	Roll Call for SB 482
12:58:58 PM	Reported Unfavorably
12:59:13 PM	Senator Passidomo-Motion to Reconsider SB 482
12:59:13 PM	Senator Pizzo-Recording Votes
12:59:41 PM	Senator Trumbull-Recording Votes
12:59:48 PM	Closing Remarks-Chair McClain

12:59:52 PM Adjourned