Tab 1	SB 2	76 by Wrigl	ht; Similar to H 00153 Sheltering or	Aiding Unmarried Minors	
Tab 2		14 by Polsk rements	xy; Similar to CS/H 00531 Child Care	e Facility and Program Backgrour	nd Screening
218596	D	S	CF, Polsky	Delete everything after	03/31 03:48 PM
Tab 3	SB 8	86 by Leek;	Similar to CS/H 01013 Coordinated	Systems of Care	
504398	D	S	CF, Leek	Delete everything after	03/31 03:48 PM
Tab 4	SB 9	76 by Berna	ard; Compare to H 00901 Court-app	oointed Social Investigators	
656890	D	S	CF, Bernard	Delete everything after	03/31 03:49 PM
565810	AA	S	CF, Bernard	Delete L.39:	04/01 10:15 AM
Tab 5	SB 1	<b>050</b> by <b>Bra</b>	dley; Compare to CS/H 01103 Agen	cy for Persons with Disabilities	
643234	D	S	CF, Bradley	Delete everything after	03/31 03:49 PM
643234	D	S	CF, Bradley	Delete everything after	03/31 03:49 PM
643234 Tab 6	-		CF, Bradley dley; Similar to CS/H 00969 Reporti	, ,	

2025 Regular Session 04/01/2025 10:16 AM

#### The Florida Senate

# COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

#### CHILDREN, FAMILIES, AND ELDER AFFAIRS Senator Grall, Chair Senator Garcia, Vice Chair

	MEETING DATE: TIME: PLACE: MEMBERS:	Tuesday, April 1, 2025 4:00—6:00 p.m. 301 Senate Building Senator Grall, Chair; Senator Garcia, Vice Chair; Senators Brodeur, Harrell, Rouson, Sharief, and Simon
TAB	BILL NO. and INTR	BILL DESCRIPTION and ODUCER SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS COMMITTEE ACTION
1	<b>SB 276</b> Wright (Similar H 153)	Sheltering or Aiding Unmarried Minors; Creating a presumption of knowledge upon proof that an unmarried minor has not attained 18 years of age for the purpose of unlawfully sheltering or aiding unmarried minors; providing a defense to unlawfully sheltering or aiding unmarried minors; increasing criminal penalties, etc. CJ 03/04/2025 Favorable CF 04/01/2025 RC
2	<b>SB 614</b> Polsky (Similar CS/H 531)	Child Care Facility and Program Background Screening Requirements; Revising the definition of the term "personnel" to include recreational enrichment program personnel for screening purposes; defining the term "recreational enrichment program"; exempting such programs from certain licensing requirements of the Department of Children and Families; prohibiting recreational enrichment programs from using or releasing information from certain criminal or juvenile records for purposes other than employment screening, etc. CF 04/01/2025 AHS FP
3	<b>SB 886</b> Leek (Similar CS/H 1013)	Coordinated Systems of Care; Creating the Crisis Care Coordination Pilot Program in specified counties, contingent upon legislative appropriation; requiring the Department of Children and Families to administer the pilot program; requiring the pilot program to provide community-based care coordination and support for individuals after a mental health-related contact with law enforcement officers; providing the interventions that the program offers such individuals, etc. CF 04/01/2025 AHS FP

### COMMITTEE MEETING EXPANDED AGENDA

Children, Families, and Elder Affairs

Tuesday, April 1, 2025, 4:00—6:00 p.m.

TAB	BILL NO. and INTRODUCER	BILL DESCRIPTION and SENATE COMMITTEE ACTIONS	COMMITTEE ACTION
4	<b>SB 976</b> Bernard (Compare H 901)	Court-appointed Social Investigators; Requiring a court-appointed social investigator to submit a written report to the judge; requiring that a specified investigation be undertaken before a specified claim may be made against a court-appointed psychologist preparing a parenting plan; requiring the Department of Children and Families to develop and publish criteria for use by court-appointed social investigators, etc. CF 04/01/2025 AHS FP	
5	<b>SB 1050</b> Bradley (Compare CS/H 1103)	Agency for Persons with Disabilities; Renaming ch. 393, F.S., as "Persons with Disabilities"; providing for a type two transfer of primary powers and duties relating to the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation, the Division of Blind Services, and the Federal Rehabilitation Trust Fund from the Department of Education to the Agency for Persons with Disabilities; providing that the Department of Education shall continue operations of certain direct-support organizations for a specified timeframe; removing specified divisions from the Department of Education; creating the statewide family care council for specified purposes, etc. CF 04/01/2025 AHS AP	
6	<b>SB 1310</b> Bradley (Similar CS/H 969, Compare CS/S 1470)	Reporting of Student Mental Health Outcomes; Requiring the Department of Children and Families to annually submit a specified evaluation to the Governor and Legislature by a specified date; removing a provision authorizing a mental health professional to be available to the school district through specified agreements; requiring each district school board's mental health coordinator to serve as the Department of Children and Families' primary point of contact and coordinate with the department to prepare certain evaluations, etc. CF 03/25/2025 Temporarily Postponed CF 04/01/2025 AHS FP	

Other Related Meeting Documents

By Senator Wright

	8-00098-25 2025276
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to sheltering or aiding unmarried
3	minors; amending ss. 984.085 and 985.731, F.S.;
4	creating a presumption of knowledge upon proof that an
5	unmarried minor has not attained 18 years of age for
6	the purpose of unlawfully sheltering or aiding
7	unmarried minors; providing a defense to unlawfully
8	sheltering or aiding unmarried minors; increasing
9	criminal penalties; providing an effective date.
10	
11	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
12	
13	Section 1. Section 984.085, Florida Statutes, is amended to
14	read:
15	984.085 Sheltering unmarried minors; aiding unmarried minor
16	runaways; presumption; defense; penalty <del>violations</del>
17	(1)(a) A person who is not an authorized agent of the
18	Department of Juvenile Justice or the Department of Children and
19	Families may not knowingly shelter an unmarried minor for more
20	than 24 hours without the consent of the minor's parent or
21	guardian or without notifying a law enforcement officer of the
22	minor's name and the fact that the minor is being provided
23	shelter.
24	(b) A person may not knowingly provide aid to an unmarried
25	minor who has run away from home without first contacting the
26	minor's parent or guardian or notifying a law enforcement
27	officer. The aid prohibited under this paragraph includes
28	assisting the minor in obtaining shelter, such as hotel
29	lodgings.
	Page 1 of 3

	8-00098-25 2025276
30	(c) Proof that an unmarried minor has not attained 18 years
31	of age creates a presumption that the person knew the minor's
32	age or acted in reckless disregard thereof.
33	(2) It is a defense to a violation under this section that
34	the defendant had reasonable cause to believe that his or her
35	action was necessary to preserve the minor from danger to his or
36	her welfare.
37	(3) A person who violates this section commits a <u>felony of</u>
38	the third misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as
39	provided in s. 775.082 <u>, <del>or</del> s. 775.083, or s. 775.084</u> .
40	Section 2. Section 985.731, Florida Statutes, is amended to
41	read:
42	985.731 Sheltering unmarried minors; aiding unmarried minor
43	runaways; presumption; defense; penalty violations
44	(1)(a) A person who is not an authorized agent of the
45	department or the Department of Children and Families may not
46	knowingly shelter an unmarried minor for more than 24 hours
47	without the consent of the minor's parent or guardian or without
48	notifying a law enforcement officer of the minor's name and the
49	fact that the minor is being provided shelter.
50	(b) A person may not knowingly provide aid to an unmarried
51	minor who has run away from home without first contacting the
52	minor's parent or guardian or notifying a law enforcement
53	officer. The aid prohibited under this paragraph includes
54	assisting the minor in obtaining shelter, such as hotel
55	lodgings.
56	(c) Proof that an unmarried minor has not attained 18 years
57	of age creates a presumption that the person knew the minor's
58	age or acted in reckless disregard thereof.
	Page 2 of 3

### SB 276

	8-00098-25 2025276
59	(2) It is a defense to a violation under this section that
60	the defendant had reasonable cause to believe that his or her
61	action was necessary to preserve the minor from danger to his or
62	her welfare.
63	(3) A person who violates this section commits a <u>felony of</u>
64	the third misdemeanor of the first degree, punishable as
65	provided in s. 775.082 <u>,</u> <del>or</del> s. 775.083 <u>, or s. 775.084</u> .
66	Section 3. This act shall take effect October 1, 2025.

# Page 3 of 3

(			SIS AND FIS		<b>T STATEMENT</b> s of the latest date listed below.)		
Pre	epared By: The	Professio	onal Staff of the Co	ommittee on Childre	en, Families, and Elder Affairs		
BILL:	SB 276						
INTRODUCER:	Senator Wright						
SUBJECT:	Sheltering o	r Aiding	g Unmarried Mi	inors			
DATE:	March 31, 2	025	REVISED:				
ANALYST		STAF	FDIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION		
1. Wyant		Stoke	s	CJ	Favorable		
2. Tuszynski		Tuszynski		CF	Pre-meeting		
3.				RC			

# I. Summary:

SB 276 amends ss. 984.085 and 985.731, F.S., to create a presumption and defense to the crime of sheltering or aiding an unmarried minor. Current law provides prohibitions against knowingly sheltering or aiding unmarried minors, except under specified conditions.

The bill provides that:

- Proof that an unmarried minor has not attained 18 years of age creates a presumption that the person knew the minor's age or acted in reckless disregard thereof.
- It is a defense to the crime of unlawfully sheltering or aiding unmarried a minor if the defendant had reasonable cause to believe that his or her action was necessary to preserve the minor from danger to his or her welfare.

The bill increases the crime of sheltering or aiding an unmarried minor from a first degree misdemeanor to a third degree felony.

The bill may have an indeterminate fiscal impact on the Department of Corrections. *See Section V. Fiscal Impact Statement*.

The bill is effective on October 1, 2025.

# II. Present Situation:

### Homeless and Runaway Children and Youth

Federal law provides a definition for the term "homeless children and youths," which means individuals who lack a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence and includes children and youths who are:

- Sharing the housing of other persons due to loss of housing, economic hardship, or a similar reason;
- Living in motels, hotels, trailer parks, or camping grounds due to the lack of alternative adequate accommodations;
- Living in emergency or transitional shelters or are abandoned in hospitals;
- Utilizing for a primary nighttime residence a place that is a public or private place but not designed for or ordinarily used as a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings;
- Living in cars, parks, public spaces, abandoned buildings, substandard housing, bus or train stations, or similar settings; and
- Migratory children living in circumstances described above.<sup>1</sup>

The term "unaccompanied youth" includes a youth not in the physical custody of a parent or guardian.<sup>2</sup>

Florida law defines the term "children and youths who are experiencing homelessness" to have the same meaning as "homeless children and youths" under federal law and described above.<sup>3</sup>

# Homeless Children and Youth

Each year, an estimated 3.5 million youth and young adults experience homelessness in the United States, 700,000 of which are unaccompanied minors—meaning they are not part of a family or accompanied by a parent or guardian. These estimates indicate that approximately one in 10 adults' ages 18 to 25, and one in 30 youth ages 13 to 17 will experience homelessness each year.<sup>4</sup>

The Voices of Youth Count from Chapin Hall at the University of Chicago found, in part, that one in 10 young adults ages 18-25, and at least one in 30 adolescents ages 13-17, experience some form of homelessness unaccompanied by a parent or guardian over the course of a year.

- Black youth face an 83% increased risk, and Hispanic youth 33% increased risk, than their white peers.
- LGBTQ youth were more than twice as likely to have experienced homelessness.
- Young parents especially unmarried had a three times higher risk for homelessness than non-parenting peers.
- Youth with experiences in foster care, juvenile detention, jail, or prison are at a higher risk for homelessness.
- Youth who do not complete high school are 3.5 times more likely to experience homelessness than peers who completed a high school diploma.<sup>5</sup>

As of 2024, Florida had an estimated 31,362 people experiencing homelessness on any given day, as reported by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD), which is

 $^{2}$  Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 42 USC s. 11434a.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Section 1003.01(4), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> National Network for Youth, *Youth Homelessness*, available at <u>https://nn4youth.org/learn/youth-homelessness/</u> (last visited March 26, 2025).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Id.

14 in every 10,000 people.<sup>6</sup> Of that total, 7,563 people were in families with children, 1,367 were unaccompanied homeless youth, 2,333 were veterans, and 6,100 were chronically homeless individuals.<sup>7</sup>

The Florida Department of Education (FDOE) reports that 94,902 students experienced homelessness in the 2022-2023 school year, the overall number increased by 21 percent between 2022 and 2023.<sup>8</sup>

# Runaway Youth

Research shows that almost seven percent of youth, or 1.5 million children and adolescents, run away each year.<sup>9</sup> Youth most often runaway from home and become homeless due to family conflicts, abuse, and/or neglect.<sup>10</sup> The National Center for Missing & Exploited Children defines an Endangered Runaway as a child under the age of 18 who is missing on his or her own accord and whose whereabouts are unknown to their parent or legal guardian.<sup>11</sup> These children are highly vulnerable and can experience homelessness when they are missing. Research indicates that in 2023, 74 percent of endangered runaways reported were between 15-17 years old. The risk factors for running away from home or state care are multifaceted, and there is no typical Endangered Runaway. Risk factors that put the youth at an increased risk of running away or becoming homeless include:

- Physical or sexual abuse
- Family conflict
- Struggling to manage mental health
- Substance abuse
- Medical issue/developmental or physical disability
- Pregnancy
- Online enticement
- To be with a friend, romantic partner, or biological family
- Gang activity
- Child sex trafficking
- Social rejection or bullying<sup>12</sup>

<sup>8</sup> Florida's Council on Homelessness, 2024 Annual Report, pg. 34, available at

https://www.myflfamilies.com/sites/default/files/2024-07/Council%202024%20Annual%20Homelessness%20Report.pdf (last visited March 26, 2025).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, 2024 Annual Homelessness Assessment Report (AHAR) to Congress, available at <u>https://www.huduser.gov/portal/sites/default/files/pdf/2024-AHAR-Part-1.pdf</u> (last visited March 26, 2025).

 $<sup>^{7}</sup>$  Id.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> National Conference of State Legislatures, *Youth Homelessness Overview*, available at <u>https://www.ncsl.org/human-services/youth-homelessness-overview</u> (last visited March 26, 2025).
 <sup>10</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> National Center for Missing & Exploited Children, *Endangered Runaways*, available at <u>https://www.missingkids.org/theissues/runaways</u> (last visited March 26, 2025).

 $<sup>^{12}</sup>$  Id.

### **Risk of Human Trafficking**

Homeless and runaway youth experience the risk factors of trafficking at a higher rate, such as mental health issues, addiction, poverty, unemployment, and a history of abuse. As a result, they are more susceptible to human trafficking and other forms of exploitation.<sup>13</sup> According to research, an estimated 4.2 million young people (ages 13-25) experience homelessness annually, including 700,000 unaccompanied minor youth ages 13 to 17. Many of those young people will become victims of sex or labor trafficking. Research from numerous studies have found trafficking rates among youth experiencing homelessness ranging from 19 percent to 40 percent. Using the lower-end estimate of one in five youth experiencing homelessness also being trafficked for sex, labor, or both, this means that approximately 800,000 youth who experience homelessness are also survivors of trafficking.<sup>14</sup>

The Florida Legislature recognizes human trafficking as a form of modern-day slavery whose victims include young children, teenagers, and adults who may be citizens that are trafficked domestically within the borders of the United States or smuggled across international borders worldwide.<sup>15</sup> While many victims of human trafficking are forced to work in prostitution or sexual entertainment, trafficking also occurs in forms of labor exploitation, such as domestic servitude, restaurant work, janitorial work, factory work, and agricultural work.<sup>16</sup>

Florida law defines "human trafficking" as transporting, soliciting, recruiting, harboring, providing, enticing, maintaining,<sup>17</sup> purchasing, patronizing, procuring, or obtaining<sup>18</sup> another person for the purpose of exploitation of that person.<sup>19</sup>

Human trafficking includes two types of exploitation: commercial sexual exploitation (CSE) and forced labor.<sup>20</sup> In 2023, according to the Department of Children and Families, 339 youth were verified as victims of commercial sexual exploitation (CSE) in Florida. The overall number has decreased by 11% since 2020.<sup>21</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> United Way, *The Intersection between Housing Instability and Human Trafficking*, available at <u>https://www.unitedway.org/news/the-intersection-between-housing-instability-and-human-trafficking</u> (last visited March 26, 2025).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Human Trafficking Search, *The Intersection Between Youth Homelessness and Human Trafficking*, available at <u>https://humantraffickingsearch.org/the-intersection-between-youth-homelessness-and-human-trafficking/</u> (last visited March 26, 2025).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Section 787.06, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Section 787.06(2)(f), F.S., provides "maintain" means, in relation to labor or services, to secure or make possible continued performance thereof, regardless of any initial agreement on the part of the victim to perform such type service. Section 787.06(2)(h), F.S., defines "services" as any act committed at the behest of, under the supervision of, or for the benefit of another, including forced marriage, servitude, or the removal of organs.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Section 787.06(2)(g), F.S., provides "obtain" means, in relation to labor, commercial sexual activity, or services, to receive, take possession of, or take custody of another person or secure performance thereof. Section 787.06(2)(e), F.S., provides "labor" means work of economic or financial value.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Section 787.06(2)(d), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Section 787.06, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Office of Program Policy Analysis & Government Accountability, *Annual Report on Commercial Sexual Exploitation of Minors*, 2024, available at <u>https://oppaga.fl.gov/Documents/Reports/24-04.pdf</u> (last visited March 26, 2025).

# **Sheltering or Aiding Unmarried Minors**

In 2016, Sam Fugatt was arrested for two charges of sheltering or aiding two unmarried minors by accompanying two runaways on a bus to Miami International Airport. One of the minors alleged she and Fugatt engaged in sexual relations at least three times.<sup>22</sup> In 2018, Sam Fugatt was arrested again on charges of having sexual relations and providing narcotics to a 14-year-old girl. Police made statements that Fugatt will lure a girl, someone in foster care or who otherwise has minimal parental supervision, to his home via social media and then take that girls phone to look for others like her. Detective said they also were told that Fugatt provided drugs to the teen, got her involved in other illegal activities, and would sometimes pick her up from school and take her away for days at a time.<sup>23</sup>

Florida law provides criminal penalties under two sections of law for sheltering or aiding unmarried minors.

Sections 984.085 and 985.731, F.S., provides it is a first degree misdemeanor<sup>24</sup> for a person:

- Who is not an authorized agent of the DCF or the DJJ to knowingly shelter an unmarried minor for more than 24 hours without the consent of the minor's parent or guardian or without notifying a law enforcement officer of the minor's name and the fact that the minor is being provided shelter.
- To knowingly provide aid to an unmarried minor who has run away from home without first contacting the minor's parent or guardian or notifying a law enforcement officer. The aid prohibited under this paragraph includes assisting the minor in obtaining shelter, such as hotel lodgings.<sup>25,26</sup>

# III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

The bill amends ss. 984.085 and 985.731, F.S., to create a presumption and defense to the crime of shelter or aiding an unmarried minor. Current law provides prohibitions against knowingly sheltering or aiding unmarried minors, except under specified conditions.

The bill provides that:

- Proof that an unmarried minor has not attained 18 years of age creates a presumption that the person knew the minor's age or acted in reckless disregard thereof.
- It is a defense to the crime of unlawfully sheltering or aiding unmarried a minor if the defendant had reasonable cause to believe that his or her action was necessary to preserve the minor from danger to his or her welfare.

<sup>25</sup> Section 984.085, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> The Daytona Beach News-Journal, *Police: Daytona Man Sheltered Minor Runaways*, Suzanne Hirt (August 4, 2017), available at <a href="https://www.news-journalonline.com/story/news/crime/2017/08/04/police-daytona-man-sheltered-minor-runaways/20017043007/">https://www.news-journalonline.com/story/news/crime/2017/08/04/police-daytona-man-sheltered-minor-runaways/20017043007/</a> (last visited March 26, 2025).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> The Daytona Beach News-Journal, *Daytona Man Accused of Sexually Abusing Girl, 14*, Tony Holt (September 7, 2018), available at <a href="https://www.news-journalonline.com/story/news/crime/2018/09/07/daytona-man-accused-of-sexually-abusing-girl-14/10816562007/">https://www.news-journalonline.com/story/news/crime/2018/09/07/daytona-man-accused-of-sexually-abusing-girl-14/10816562007/</a> (last visited March 26, 2025).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> A misdemeanor of the first degree is punishable by a term of imprisonment not exceeding 1 year and a fine not exceeding \$1,000. Section 775.082 and 775.083, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Section 985.731, F.S.

The bill increases the crime of sheltering or aiding an unmarried minor from a first degree misdemeanor to a third degree felony.

The bill is effective on October 1, 2025.

# IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

The bill does not require cities and counties to expend funds or limit their authority to raise revenue or receive state-shared revenues as specified by Article VII, s. 18, of the State Constitution.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

The bill may create a rebuttable or an irrebuttable presumption by creating a presumption that a person in violation of this statute knew the minor's age or acted in reckless disregard thereof. A mandatory irrebuttable presumption violates due process because it relieves the prosecution of the burden of persuasion on an element of the criminal offense. A rebuttable presumption does not remove the presumed element the state must prove, but it shifts the burden of proof to the defendant to persuade or provide evidence otherwise, violating due process in most cases.<sup>27</sup>

While the general rule is that every crime must include a specific intent, or a mens rea, the legislature and courts recognize an exception where the state has a compelling interest in protecting underage persons from being sexually abused or exploited. In cases relating to sex offenses or abuse involving minors, a persons ignorance of the age of the victim is not a defense, nor is the misrepresentation of age or a defendant's real belief that such victim is over the specified age.<sup>28,29</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Ibarrondo v. State, 1 So. 3d 226 (Fla. 5th DCA 2008)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> State v. Sorakrai, 543 So. 2d 294 (Fla. 2d DCA 1989)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> *Grady v. State*, 701 So. 2d 1181 (Fla. 5th DCA 1997)

### V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

The bill may have an indeterminate fiscal impact on the Department of Corrections due to the enhanced penalties under the bill and the possibility of offenders receiving prison sentences.

### VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

### VII. Related Issues:

None.

### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 984.085 and 985.731.

### IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

By Senator Polsky

	30-01367-25 2025614
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to child care facility and program
3	background screening requirements; amending s.
4	409.175, F.S.; revising the definition of the term
5	"personnel" to include recreational enrichment program
6	personnel for screening purposes; revising the
7	definition of the term "residential child-caring
8	agency" to exclude recreational enrichment programs;
9	defining the term "recreational enrichment program";
10	exempting such programs from certain licensing
11	requirements of the Department of Children and
12	Families; authorizing rulemaking; authorizing the
13	department to pursue certain remedies for the failure
14	of a recreational enrichment program to comply with
15	certain screening requirements; prohibiting
16	recreational enrichment programs from using or
17	releasing information from certain criminal or
18	juvenile records for purposes other than employment
19	screening; providing criminal penalties; creating s.
20	409.1751, F.S.; requiring the department, in
21	conjunction with the Agency for Health Care
22	Administration and the Department of Law Enforcement,
23	to develop and maintain a statewide background
24	screening public awareness campaign; amending s.
25	409.1676, F.S.; conforming a cross-reference; making a
26	technical change; providing an effective date.
27	
28	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
29	

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	30-01367-25 2025614
30	Section 1. Present paragraphs (1) through (p) of subsection
31	(2) of section 409.175, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as
32	paragraphs (m) through (q), respectively, a new paragraph (1) is
33	added to that subsection, and paragraph (j) and present
34	paragraph (1) of subsection (2), paragraph (d) of subsection
35	(4), paragraphs (e) and (l) of subsection (6), and subsections
36	(10) and (12) of that section are amended, to read:
37	409.175 Licensure of family foster homes, residential
38	child-caring agencies, and child-placing agencies; public
39	records exemption
40	(2) As used in this section, the term:
41	(j) "Personnel" means all owners, operators, employees, and
42	volunteers working in a child-placing agency or residential
43	child-caring agency who may be employed by or do volunteer work
44	for a person, corporation, or agency that holds a license as a
45	child-placing agency or a residential child-caring agency, but
46	the term does not include those who do not work on the premises
47	at which where child care is furnished and have no direct
48	contact with a child or have no contact with a child outside of
49	the presence of the child's parent or guardian. For purposes of
50	screening, the term includes any member, over the age of 12
51	years, of the family of the owner or operator or any person
52	other than a client, over the age of 12 years, residing with the
53	owner or operator if the agency is located in or adjacent to the
54	home of the owner or operator or if the family member of, or
55	person residing with, the owner or operator has any direct
56	contact with the children. Members of the family of the owner or
57	operator, or persons residing with the owner or operator, who
58	are between the ages of 12 years and 18 years are not required

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30-01367-25 2025614 59 to be fingerprinted, but must be screened for delinguency 60 records. For purposes of screening, the term also includes 61 owners, operators, employees, and volunteers working in summer 62 day camps<sub> $\tau$ </sub> or summer 24-hour camps providing care for children 63 or recreational enrichment programs providing services for 64 children. A volunteer who assists on an intermittent basis for 65 less than 10 hours per month shall not be included in the term "personnel" for the purposes of screening if a person who meets 66 67 the screening requirement of this section is always present and 68 has the volunteer in his or her line of sight. 69 (1) "Recreational enrichment program" means an organization 70 that provides enrichment activities to children, such as dance 71 instruction, music instruction, gymnastics instruction, or 72 martial arts instruction, offered on an ongoing basis, which 73 takes place partially or fully indoors. The term does not 74 include an organization licensed or registered to provide child 75 care under chapter 402, summer 24-hour camps, or summer day 76 camps. 77 (m) (1) "Residential child-caring agency" means any person,

78 corporation, or agency, public or private, other than the child's parent or legal guardian, that provides staffed 24-hour 79 80 care for children in facilities maintained for that purpose, 81 regardless of whether operated for profit or whether a fee is 82 charged. Such residential child-caring agencies include, but are not limited to, maternity homes, runaway shelters, group homes 83 that are administered by an agency, emergency shelters that are 84 85 not in private residences, and wilderness camps. Residential 86 child-caring agencies do not include hospitals, boarding 87 schools, summer or recreation camps, recreational enrichment

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88
     programs, nursing homes, or facilities operated by a
89
     governmental agency for the training, treatment, or secure care
     of delinquent youth, or facilities licensed under s. 393.067 or
 90
 91
     s. 394.875 or chapter 397.
 92
          (4)
 93
           (d) This license requirement does not apply to boarding
 94
     schools, recreation and summer camps, recreational enrichment
95
     programs, nursing homes, hospitals, or to persons who care for
     children of friends or neighbors in their homes for periods not
96
97
     to exceed 90 days or to persons who have received a child for
98
     adoption from a licensed child-placing agency.
99
          (6)
100
           (e)1.
                 The department may pursue other remedies provided in
101
     this section in addition to denial or revocation of a license
102
     for failure to comply with the screening requirements. The
103
     disciplinary actions determination to be made by the department
104
     and the procedure for hearing for applicants and licensees shall
105
     be in accordance with chapter 120.
106
          2. When the department has reasonable cause to believe that
107
     grounds for denial or termination of employment exist, it shall
     notify, in writing, the applicant, licensee, or summer or
```

108 notify, in writing, the applicant, licensee, or summer or 109 recreation camp, or recreational enrichment program, and the 110 personnel affected, stating the specific record that indicates 111 noncompliance with the screening requirements.

3. Procedures established for hearing under chapter 120 shall be available to the applicant, licensee, summer day camp, or summer 24-hour camp, or recreational enrichment program, and affected personnel, in order to present evidence relating either to the accuracy of the basis for exclusion or to the denial of

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117	an exemption from disqualification. Such procedures may also be
118	used to challenge a decision by a community-based care lead
119	agency's refusal to issue a letter supporting an application for
120	licensure. If the challenge is to the actions of the community-
121	based care lead agency, the respondent to the challenge shall be
122	the lead agency and the department shall be notified of the
123	proceedings.
124	4. Refusal on the part of an applicant to dismiss personnel
125	who have been found not to be in compliance with the
126	requirements for good moral character of personnel shall result
127	in automatic denial or revocation of license in addition to any
128	other remedies provided in this section which may be pursued by
129	the department.
130	(1) The department may not license summer day camps <u>,</u> <del>or</del>
131	summer 24-hour camps, or recreational enrichment programs.
132	However, the department shall have access to the personnel
133	records of such facilities to ensure compliance with the
134	screening requirements. The department may adopt rules relating
135	to the screening requirements for summer day camps <u>,</u> and summer
136	24-hour camps, and recreational enrichment programs.
137	(10)(a) The department may institute injunctive proceedings
138	in a court of competent jurisdiction to:
139	1. Enforce the provisions of this section or any license
140	requirement, rule, or order issued or entered into pursuant
141	thereto; or
142	2. Terminate the operation of an agency in which any of the
143	following conditions exist:
144	a. The licensee has failed to take preventive or corrective
145	measures in accordance with any order of the department to

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146
     maintain conformity with licensing requirements.
147
          b. There is a violation of any of the provisions of this
148
     section, or of any licensing requirement promulgated pursuant to
     this section, which violation threatens harm to any child or
149
150
     which constitutes an emergency requiring immediate action.
          3. Terminate the operation of a summer day camp or summer
151
152
     24-hour camp providing care for children or a recreational
153
     enrichment program providing services for children when such
154
     camp or program has willfully and knowingly refused to comply
155
     with the screening requirements for personnel or has refused to
156
     terminate the employment of personnel found to be in
157
     noncompliance with the requirements for good moral character as
158
     determined in paragraph (5)(b).
159
           (b) If the department finds, within 30 days after written
160
     notification by registered mail of the requirement for
161
     licensure, that a person or agency continues to care for or to
162
     place children without a license or, within 30 days after
163
     written notification by registered mail of the requirement for
164
     screening of personnel and compliance with paragraph (5) (b) for
165
     the hiring and continued employment of personnel, that a summer
     day camp, or summer 24-hour camp, or recreational enrichment
166
167
     program continues to provide care for or services to children
168
     without complying, the department shall notify the appropriate
169
     state attorney of the violation of law and, if necessary, shall
     institute a civil suit to enjoin the person or agency from
170
171
     continuing the placement or care of children, or to enjoin the
     summer day camp, or summer 24-hour camp, or recreational
172
173
     enrichment program from continuing the care of, or providing
174
     services to, children.
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175	(c) Such injunctive relief may be temporary or permanent.
176	(12)(a) It is unlawful for any person or agency to:
177	1. Provide continuing full-time care for or to receive or
178	place a child apart from her or his parents in a residential
179	group care facility, family foster home, or adoptive home
180	without a valid license issued by the department if such license
181	is required by subsection (5); or
182	2. Make a willful or intentional misstatement on any
183	license application or other document required to be filed in
184	connection with an application for a license.
185	(b) It is unlawful for any person, agency, family foster
186	home, summer day camp, or summer 24-hour camp providing care for
187	children to <del>:</del>
188	$\frac{1}{2}$ willfully or intentionally fail to comply with the
189	requirements for the screening of personnel and family foster
190	homes or the dismissal of personnel or removal of household
191	members found not to be in compliance with the requirements for
192	good moral character as specified in paragraph (5)(b).
193	(c) <del>2.</del> It is unlawful for any person, agency, family foster
194	home, summer day camp, or summer 24-hour camp providing care for
195	children, or any recreational enrichment program providing
196	services to children, to use information from the criminal
197	records obtained under this section for any purpose other than
198	screening a person for employment as specified in this section
199	or to release such information to any other person for any
200	purpose other than screening for employment as specified in this
201	section.
202	<u>(d)</u> It is unlawful for any person, agency, family foster
203	home, summer day camp, or summer 24-hour camp providing care for

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I	30-01367-25 2025614
204	children, or any recreational enrichment program providing
205	services to children, to use information from the juvenile
206	records of any person obtained under this section for any
207	purpose other than screening for employment as specified in this
208	section or to release information from such records to any other
209	person for any purpose other than screening for employment as
210	specified in this section.
211	<u>(e)</u> (d)1. A first violation of paragraph (a), <del>or</del> paragraph
212	(b), or paragraph (c) is a misdemeanor of the first degree,
213	punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
214	2. A second or subsequent violation of paragraph (a) <u>,</u> or
215	paragraph (b), or paragraph (c) is a felony of the third degree,
216	punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.
217	3. A violation of <u>paragraph (d)</u> <del>paragraph (c)</del> is a felony
218	of the third degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082, s.
219	775.083, or s. 775.084.
220	Section 2. Section 409.1751, Florida Statutes, is created
221	to read:
222	409.1751 Statewide background screening public awareness
223	campaignThe department, in conjunction with the Agency for
224	Health Care Administration and the Department of Law
225	Enforcement, shall develop and maintain a statewide public
226	awareness campaign of the state's background screening
227	requirements in s. 409.175 for summer day camps, summer 24-hour
228	camps, and recreational enrichment programs. The campaign must
229	include, but is not limited to, Internet, television, radio, and
230	outdoor advertising and public service announcements.
231	Section 3. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section
232	409.1676, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
I	

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	30-01367-25 2025614
233	409.1676 Comprehensive residential group care services to
234	children who have extraordinary needs
235	(2) As used in this section, the term:
236	(b) "Residential group care" means a living environment for
237	children who have been adjudicated dependent and are expected to
238	be in foster care for at least 6 months with 24-hour-awake staff
239	or live-in group home parents or staff. Each facility must be
240	appropriately licensed in this state as a residential <u>child-</u>
241	<u>caring</u> <del>child caring</del> agency as defined in <u>s. 409.175(2)(m)</u> <del>s.</del>
242	409.175(2)(1) and must be accredited by July 1, 2005. A
243	residential group care facility serving children having a
244	serious behavioral problem as defined in this section must have
245	available staff or contract personnel with the clinical
246	expertise, credentials, and training to provide services
247	identified in subsection (4).
248	Section 4. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

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	ALYSIS AND FI		
	-	-	
SB 614			
Senator Polsk	y		
Child Care Fa	acility and Program I	Background Scree	ning Requirements
March 31, 202	25 REVISED:		
YST	STAFF DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION
	Tuszynski	CF	Pre-meeting
		AHS	
		FP	
÷	This document is ba epared By: The P SB 614 Senator Polsk Child Care Fa	BILL ANALYSIS AND FI This document is based on the provisions conta epared By: The Professional Staff of the SB 614 Senator Polsky Child Care Facility and Program I March 31, 2025 REVISED: YST STAFF DIRECTOR	BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPAC         This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation a         epared By: The Professional Staff of the Committee on Childr         SB 614         Senator Polsky         Child Care Facility and Program Background Screet         March 31, 2025         REVISED:         YST         STAFF DIRECTOR         REFERENCE         Tuszynski         CF         AHS

# I. Summary:

SB 614 revises background screening requirements for individuals working with children by expanding the statutory definition of "personnel" to include staff and volunteers in recreational enrichment programs, defined as organizations offering ongoing, indoor activities such as music, dance, gymnastics, or martial arts instruction.

The bill exempts recreational enrichment programs from licensure by the Department of Children and Families (DCF) but requires them to comply with background screening standards. DCF is authorized to adopt rules, inspect personnel records, and enforce compliance through civil and criminal penalties, including injunctive relief and mandatory dismissal of noncompliant staff. The bill also prohibits the unauthorized use or disclosure of background screening information obtained from criminal or juvenile records.

Additionally, the bill creates a public awareness campaign, requiring DCF, in partnership with the Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA) and the Florida Department of Law Enforcement (FDLE), to educate the public on background screening requirements for child-focused programs using various media platforms.

The bill has an indeterminate but potentially significant fiscal impact related to enforcement and outreach efforts. See Section V., Fiscal Impact Statement.

This bill takes effect July 1, 2025.

# II. Present Situation:

# **Criminal Background Screening**

Criminal background screening plays a key role in protecting vulnerable populations such as children, individuals with disabilities, and the elderly. The Florida Department of Law Enforcement (FDLE) operates the Care Provider Background Screening Clearinghouse, which handles fingerprint-based background checks for individuals applying to work in various care settings. These screenings include both state and federal criminal history checks. Level 2 screening includes, but is not limited to, fingerprinting for statewide criminal history records checks through the FDLE, and national criminal history records checks through the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI).<sup>1</sup>

Various Florida agencies require background screenings depending on the population served. For example, the Department of Children and Families (DCF) mandates screenings for individuals working in child care facilities, foster care, adoption agencies, and certain recreational programs.<sup>2</sup> The Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA) also plays a role in oversight, particularly for health care providers.<sup>3</sup>

To ensure accountability, statute enforces strict penalties for noncompliance. Programs that fail to screen personnel or knowingly retain individuals with disqualifying offenses may face legal action.<sup>4</sup> Under Section 409.175(12), F.S., such violations can result in first-degree misdemeanor or third-degree felony charges depending on the circumstances.<sup>5</sup>

Section 435, F.S., sets the legal standards for background screening of individuals in positions of trust, particularly those working with vulnerable populations. It outlines Level 1 (state-only) and Level 2 (state and federal fingerprint-based) screenings:

- Level 1: Screening includes, at a minimum, employment history checks and statewide criminal correspondence checks through the Florida Department of Law Enforcement (FDLE) and a check of the Dru Sjodin National Sex Offender Public Website,<sup>6</sup> and may include criminal records checks through local law enforcement agencies.<sup>7,8</sup>
- Level 2: Screening includes, at a minimum, fingerprinting for statewide criminal history records checks through FDLE and national criminal history checks through the FBI, and may include local criminal records checks through local law enforcement agencies.<sup>9</sup>

<sup>6</sup> The Dru Sjodin National Sex Offender Public Website is a U.S. government website that links public state, territorial, and tribal sex offender registries in one national search site, <u>www.nsopw.gov</u> (last visited March 26, 2025).

<sup>7</sup> Florida Department of Law Enforcement, *State of Florida Criminal History Records Check*,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 435.01, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Florida Department of Children and Families, *Background Screening*, available at

https://www.myflfamilies.com/services/background-screening (last visited March 26, 2025).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Florida Agency for Health Care Administration, *Background Screening*, available at <u>https://ahca.myflorida.com/health-quality-assurance/bureau-of-central-services/background-screening</u> (last visited March 26, 2025).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Section 409.175, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Id.

http://www.fdle.state.fl.us/Criminal-History-Records/Florida-Checks.aspx (last visited March 26, 2025).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Section 435.03, F.S.

<sup>9</sup> Section 435.04, F.S.

Florida law prohibits anyone, including individuals, agencies, foster homes, and children's camps, from using criminal or juvenile record information obtained through background screening for anything other than employment decisions.<sup>10</sup>

# **Disqualifying Offenses**

Disqualifying offense refers to a criminal conviction that legally bars an individual from employment in certain positions of trust or care, particularly those involving vulnerable populations such as children, the elderly, or persons with disabilities.<sup>11</sup> If a person has been convicted of a disqualifying offense, they are generally ineligible for employment in licensed facilities or programs unless they obtain an exemption from disqualification.<sup>12</sup> Employers are prohibited from hiring individuals with these offenses unless a formal exemption is granted by the appropriate agency.<sup>13</sup> Disqualifying offenses include:

Statute	Offense Description
39.205	Failure to report child abuse, abandonment, or neglect
393.135	Sexual misconduct with developmentally disabled clients
394.4593	Sexual misconduct with mental health patients
414.39	Public assistance fraud (felony)
415.111	Abuse, neglect, or exploitation of aged or disabled adults
777.04	Attempts, solicitation, and conspiracy to commit listed offenses
782.04	Murder
782.07	Manslaughter and aggravated manslaughter
782.071	Vehicular homicide
782.09	Killing of unborn child by injury to mother
Chapter 784	Felony assault, battery, or culpable negligence
784.011	Assault (victim was a minor)
784.021	Aggravated assault
784.03	Battery (victim was a minor)
784.045	Aggravated battery
784.075	Battery on facility staff or juvenile probation officer
787.01	Kidnapping
787.02	False imprisonment
787.025	Luring or enticing a child
787.04(2)	Interfering with custody—taking child beyond state lines
787.04(3)	Avoiding custody hearing—taking child beyond state lines
787.06	Human trafficking
787.07	Human smuggling
790.115(1)	Exhibiting firearms or weapons within 1,000 feet of school
790.115(2)(b)	Possessing weapons on school property
794.011	Sexual battery
794.041	Prohibited acts by persons in familial/custodial authority

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Section 409.175(12), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Section 435.01, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Section 435.07, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Section 435.06, F.S.

Statute	Offense Description
794.05	Unlawful sexual activity with certain minors
794.08	Female genital mutilation
Chapter 796	Prostitution-related offenses
798.02	Lewd and lascivious behavior
Chapter 800	Lewdness and indecent exposure
806.01	Arson
810.02	Burglary
810.14	Voyeurism (felony)
810.145	Video voyeurism (felony)
Chapter 812	Theft, robbery, and related crimes (felony)
817.563	Fraudulent sale of controlled substances (felony)
825.102	Abuse or neglect of elderly or disabled adult
825.1025	Lewd acts upon elderly or disabled adult
825.103	Exploitation of elderly or disabled adult (felony)
826.04	Incest
827.03	Child abuse or neglect
827.04	Contributing to delinquency or dependency of a child
827.05	Negligent treatment of children (former statute)
827.071	Sexual performance by a child
831.311	Counterfeit-resistant prescription blanks
836.10	Threats of violence or terrorism
843.01	Resisting arrest with violence
843.025	Depriving officer of communication or protection
843.12	Aiding in an escape
843.13	Aiding juvenile inmate escape
Chapter 847	Obscene literature
859.01	Poisoning food or water
873.01	Illegal sale or purchase of human organs or tissue
874.05	Gang recruitment or encouragement
Chapter 893	Drug offenses (felony or involving minors)
916.1075	Sexual misconduct with forensic clients
944.35(3)	Cruel treatment of inmate causing great bodily harm
944.40	Escape
944.46	Aiding escaped prisoner
944.47	Introducing contraband into correctional facility
985.701	Sexual misconduct in juvenile programs
985.711	Contraband in detention facilities

# **Exemptions**

An exemption from disqualification in Florida allows individuals who have been disqualified from employment due to a criminal offense to request permission to work in positions requiring background screening, despite their criminal history.<sup>14</sup> According to statute the licensing agency

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Section 435.07(1), F.S.

may grant to any employee otherwise disqualified from employment an exemption from disqualification for employment or permission to work solely in a nonclient-facing role if certain criteria are met.<sup>15</sup> The exemptions are as follows:<sup>16</sup>

- Two years have elapsed since the individual has completed or been lawfully released from confinement supervision, or nonmonetary condition imposed by a court for a disqualifying felony; or
- The individual has completed or been lawfully released from confinement, supervision, or nonmonetary condition imposed by a court for a misdemeanor or an offense that was a felony at the time of commission but is now a misdemeanor.

Exemptions from disqualification are not available for individuals convicted of certain serious criminal offenses such as sexual misconduct with children, murder, kidnapping, human trafficking, and other violent or sexually explicit offenses involving vulnerable populations unless a specific statutory provision allows it.<sup>17</sup> These offenses are viewed as incompatible with positions of trust or care, particularly those involving children, the elderly, or persons with disabilities.<sup>18</sup>

# III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

**Section 1** amends s. 409.175, F.S., to expand the definition of "personnel" to include staff working in recreational enrichment programs providing services for children. The bill defines "recreational enrichment program" as an organization offering ongoing, indoor enrichment activities to children, such as music, dance, gymnastics, or martial arts. The bill exempts programs licensed by the DCF from this definition and exempts the defined programs from licensure. However, the bill does require compliance with background screening and authorizes the DCF to adopt rules for enforcement, access personnel records, and take action against noncompliant programs. The bill also prohibits the misuse or unauthorized disclosure of background screening information and establishes penalties for violations.

**Section 2** creates new s. 409.1751, F.S., to require the DCF, in coordination with the AHCA and the FDLE, to implement a statewide public awareness campaign on background screening requirements for summer day camps, summer 24-hour camps, and recreational enrichment programs. The campaign must utilize various media platforms including television, radio, internet, and public service announcements. To support providers, the state offers a secure Clearinghouse Results Portal where employers can verify screening status.<sup>19</sup> The FDLE also maintains a criminal history records page to guide employers on screening procedures.<sup>20</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Section 435.07, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Section 435.07(4), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Section 431.01, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Background Screening-CRW, *Clearinghouse Results Website – CRW*, available at <u>https://crw.flclearinghouse.com/</u> (last visited March 26, 2025).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Florida Department of Law Enforcement, *Obtaining Criminal History Information*, available at <u>https://www.fdle.state.fl.us/Criminal-History-Records</u> (last visited March 26, 2025).

Section 3 amends s. 409.1676(2)(b), F.S., makes conforming language and cross reference changes.

Section 4 of the bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2025.

### IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

The bill does not require cities and counties to expend funds or limit their authority to raise revenue or receive state-shared revenues as specified by Article VII, s. 18, of the State Constitution.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None Identified.

# V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

Indeterminate negative fiscal impact on the private sector. Each background screening conducted through the Care Provider Background Screening Clearinghouse costs \$44 per individual, excluding any additional fees that may be charged by the Livescan service provider. Recreational enrichment programs will be responsible for these expenses for their personnel.<sup>21</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Agency for Health Care Administration, *SB 633 Agency Analysis (2025)*, (on file with the Children, Families and Elder Affairs Committee).

# C. Government Sector Impact:

Indeterminate significant negative fiscal impact on state government. The DCF estimates a fiscal impact of \$3,525,983 in the following categories:<sup>22</sup>

- 15 full-time equivalents (FTE): \$1,246,224 (nonrecurring) for FY 2025-2026;
- 15 FTE: \$1,164,759 (recurring) for FY 2026-2027 and beyond;
- Contracted services (to hire additional temporary contracted staff to assist with onboarding of new providers: \$500,000 (nonrecurring);
- Media campaign: \$500,000 (nonrecurring); and
- Information technology changes: \$115,000 (nonrecurring).

The bill requires the development and ongoing support of a statewide public awareness campaign focused on summer day camps, 24-hour camps, and recreational enrichment programs. The AHCA and FDLE may experience a negative fiscal impact, though the exact cost is currently uncertain. The initiative could require increased staffing and additional resources.<sup>23,24</sup>

# VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

# VII. Related Issues:

None.

### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill amends sections 409.175 and 409.1676 of the Florida Statutes.

This bill creates section 409.1751 of the Florida Statutes.

# IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Department of Children and Families, *SB 633 Agency Analysis (2025)*, (on file with the Children, Families and Elder Affairs Committee).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Department of Law Enforcement, *SB 633 Agency Analysis (2025)*, (on file with the Children, Families and Elder Affairs Committee).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Agency for Health Care Administration, *SB 633 Agency Analysis (2025)*, (on file with the Children, Families and Elder Affairs Committee).

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. SB 614

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

• • •

Senate

House

The Committee on Children, Families, and Elder Affairs (Polsky)
recommended the following:
Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
Delete everything after the enacting clause
and insert:
Section 1. Subsection (4) is added to section 435.12,
Florida Statutes, to read:
435.12 Care Provider Background Screening Clearinghouse
(4)(a) As part of the Care Provider Background Screening
Clearing House, the Agency for Health Care Administration, in
consultation with all specified agencies, as defined in s.

9 10

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218596

11	435.02(7), that are required by law to use the clearinghouse for
12	employment screening, must develop and maintain a publicly
13	available webpage which provides a central source for care
14	provider background screening education and awareness. This
15	webpage may be part of the current web-based clearinghouse
16	system. The resources available on the webpage must be written
17	in non-technical and accessible language, tailored to qualified
18	entities, as defined in s. 943.0542(1)(b), and include, but need
19	not be limited to:
20	1. Information and education related to employment
21	screening requirements of qualified entities, to include:
22	a. The Care Provider Background Screening Clearinghouse.
23	b. Level 2 screening standards under ch. 435.
24	c. Live-scan fingerprinting, or other third-party systems,
25	including information on process, vendors, locations, and
26	potential costs.
27	2. A searchable catalog, by specified agency, of qualified
28	entity employment classes and positions required by law to
29	undergo employment screening through the clearinghouse, to
30	include:
31	a. Disqualifying offenses.
32	b. Exemption requirements and process.
33	3. A downloadable checklist detailing the process,
34	timelines, and contact information for employment screening
35	process support, tailored to qualified entities.
36	(b) Specified agencies must include a clear and conspicuous
37	link to the webpage on their respective websites and promote the
38	inclusion of the link in all job vacancy advertisements and
39	posts by qualified entities.

CF.CF.03022

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218596

40	(c) The webpage must be active by January 1, 2026, and then
41	reviewed and updated by October 1 of 2026 and each subsequent
42	year to incorporate any changes to law, the clearinghouse, or
43	the employment screening process.
44	
45	========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =================================
46	And the title is amended as follows:
47	Delete everything before the enacting clause
48	and insert:
49	A bill to be entitled
50	An act relating to public education of background
51	screening requirements; amending s. 435.12, F.S.;
52	requiring the Agency for Health Care Administration
53	and the Department of Law Enforcement, in conjunction
54	with specified agencies, to develop and maintain a
55	care provider background screening education and
56	awareness webpage; detailing the content of the
57	webpage; requiring the posting of the webpage in
58	specified places; requiring an annual review;
59	providing an effective date.

CF.CF.03022

By Senator Leek

	7-01078-25 2025886
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to coordinated systems of care;
3	creating s. 394.45731, F.S.; creating the Crisis Care
4	Coordination Pilot Program in specified counties,
5	contingent upon legislative appropriation; requiring
6	the Department of Children and Families to administer
7	the pilot program; requiring the pilot program to
8	provide community-based care coordination and support
9	for individuals after a mental health-related contact
10	with law enforcement officers; providing the
11	interventions that the program offers such
12	individuals; requiring that such services be provided
13	by nationally accredited community mental health
14	centers in partnership with local law enforcement
15	agencies for specified purposes; requiring the
16	department to submit a report to the Governor and the
17	Legislature by a specified date; providing
18	requirements for the report; providing for repeal;
19	providing an effective date.
20	
21	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
22	
23	Section 1. Section 394.45731, Florida Statutes, is created
24	to read:
25	394.45731 Crisis Care Coordination Pilot Program
26	(1) Subject to a specific appropriation by the Legislature,
27	the department shall create the Crisis Care Coordination Pilot
28	Program in Polk and Volusia Counties. The department shall
29	administer the pilot program.

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	7-01078-25 2025886
30	
31	coordination and support for individuals after a mental health-
32	related contact with a law enforcement agency, including
33	involuntary examinations initiated by a law enforcement officer.
34	(3) Interventions provided by the program must include
35	assessment, safety planning, assistance in accessing recommended
36	services, supportive counseling, and other support needed
37	following a mental health crisis event.
38	(4) Services must be provided by nationally accredited
39	community mental health centers as defined in s. 394.907(1), in
40	partnership with local law enforcement agencies, to reduce
41	repeat involuntary examinations initiated by law enforcement
42	officers, reduce the time burden on law enforcement agencies
43	working with individuals after an involuntary examination,
44	provide crisis intervention services, assist individuals in
45	accessing mental health care services, and provide individuals
46	another option for crisis intervention other than the use of law
47	enforcement.
48	(5) By January 1, 2026, the department shall submit a
49	report to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the
50	Speaker of the House of Representatives, evaluating whether the
51	pilot program has demonstrated success. The report must contain
52	recommendations with regard to whether the program should be
53	expanded for use by other local governments.
54	(6) This section is repealed July 1, 2027.
55	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

# Page 2 of 2

# The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Pre	epared By: The	e Professio	nal Staff of the C	ommittee on Childr	en, Families, and Elder Affairs	;
BILL:	SB 886					
INTRODUCER:	Senator Le	ek				
SUBJECT:	Coordinate	d System	s of Care			
DATE:	March 31,	2025	REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STAF	FDIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION	
. Kennedy		Tuszynski		CF	Pre-meeting	
2.				AHS		
3.				FP		

# I. Summary:

SB 886 establishes the Crisis Care Coordination Pilot Program in Polk and Volusia Counties, contingent upon legislative appropriation. The Department of Children and Families (DCF), through the managing entities (MEs), is tasked with administering the program, which is designed to offer community-based care coordination and support services to individuals following a mental health-related contact with law enforcement, including instances involving involuntary examinations.

The program must provide interventions such as assessment, safety planning, supportive counseling, and help accessing recommended services. These services are required to be delivered by nationally accredited community mental health centers in partnership with local law enforcement agencies. The primary goals include reducing the number of repeat involuntary examinations, decreasing the time law enforcement spends on post-crisis follow-up, improving access to mental health care, and offering an alternative to law enforcement involvement in future crisis situations.

DCF is required to submit a report by January 1, 2026, to the Governor and Legislature evaluating the program's outcomes and recommending whether it should be expanded to other local governments. The pilot program and the statute establishing it are repealed effective July 1, 2027, unless reenacted.

The bill will likely have an indeterminate negative fiscal impact. *See* Section V. Fiscal Impact Statement.

This bill takes effect July 1, 2025

# II. Present Situation:

### **Mental Health and Mental Illness**

Mental health is a state of well-being in which the individual realizes his or her own abilities can cope with normal stresses of life, can work productively and fruitfully, and is able to contribute to his or her community.<sup>1</sup> The primary indicators used to evaluate an individual's mental health are:<sup>2</sup>

- Emotional well-being: perceived life satisfaction, happiness, cheerfulness, peacefulness;
- Psychological well-being: self-acceptance, personal growth including openness to new experiences, optimism, hopefulness, purpose in life, control of one's environment, spirituality, self-direction, and positive relationships; and
- Social well-being: social acceptance, beliefs in the potential of people and society as a whole, personal self-worth and usefulness to society, sense of community.

Mental illness is collectively all diagnosable mental disorders or health conditions that are characterized by alterations in thinking, mood, or behavior (or some combination thereof) associated with distress or impaired functioning.<sup>3</sup> Thus, mental health refers to an individual's mental state of well-being whereas mental illness signifies an alteration of that well-being. Mental illness affects millions of people in the United States each year. More than one in five adults lives with a mental illness.<sup>4</sup> Young adults aged 18-25 had the highest prevalence of any mental illness<sup>5</sup> (36.2%) compared to adults aged 26-49 (29.4%) and aged 50 and older (16.8%).<sup>6</sup>

### Mental Health Safety Net Services

DCF administers a statewide system of safety-net services for substance abuse and mental health (SAMH) prevention, treatment and recovery for children and adults who are otherwise unable to obtain these services. SAMH programs include a range of prevention, acute interventions (e.g., crisis stabilization), residential treatment, transitional housing, outpatient treatment, and recovery support services. Services are provided based upon state and federally-established priority populations.

### **Behavioral Health Managing Entities**

In 2001, the Legislature authorized the DCF to implement behavioral health MEs as the management structure for the delivery of local mental health and substance abuse services.<sup>7</sup> The implementation of the ME system initially began on a pilot basis and, in 2008, the Legislature

<sup>7</sup> Ch. 2001-191, Laws of Fla.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> World Health Organization, *Mental Health: Strengthening Our Response*, available at: <u>https://www.who.int/news-room/fact-sheets/detail/mental-health-strengthening-our-response</u> (last visited last visited 3/7/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, *Mental Health Basics*, available at: <u>http://medbox.iiab.me/modules/en-</u> cdc/www.cdc.gov/mentalhealth/basics.htm (last visited last visited 3/7/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Id.

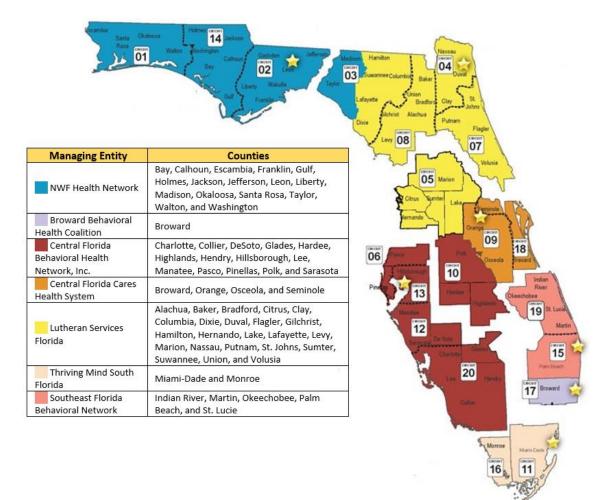
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> National Institute of Mental Health (NIH), *Mental Illness*, available at: <u>https://www.nimh.nih.gov/health/statistics/mental-illness</u> (last visited last visited 3/7/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Any mental illness (AMI) is defined as a mental, behavioral, or emotional disorder. AMI can vary in impact, ranging from no impairment to mild, moderate, and even severe impairment (e.g., individuals with serious mental illness).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> National Institute of Mental Health (NIH), *Mental Illness*, available at: <u>https://www.nimh.nih.gov/health/statistics/mental-illness</u> (last visited March 14, 2025).

authorized the DCF to implement MEs statewide.<sup>8</sup> MEs were fully implemented statewide in 2013, serving all geographic regions.

The DCF currently contracts with seven MEs for behavioral health services throughout the state. These entities do not provide direct services; rather, they allow the department's funding to be tailored to the specific behavioral health needs in the various regions of the state. The regions are divided as follows:<sup>9</sup>



In the comprehensive, multiyear review of the revenues, expenditures, and financial positions of the MEs,<sup>10</sup> these contracts totaled \$1.083 billion for FY 2022-23, with \$919 million spent on

<sup>10</sup> DCF, A Comprehensive, Multi-Year Review of the Revenues, Expenditures, and Financial Positions of the Managing Entities Including a System of Care Analysis, p. 5, available at <u>https://myflfamilies.com/document/57451</u>, (last visited March 21, 2025); Section 394.9082(4)(I), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Ch. 2008-243, Laws of Fla.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> DCF, *Managing Entities*, available at: <u>https://www.myflfamilies.com/services/samh/providers/managing-entities</u> (last visited March 14, 2025).

direct services.<sup>11</sup> MEs subcontract with community providers to serve clients directly; this allows services to be tailored to the specific behavioral health needs in the various regions of the state.<sup>12</sup>

In FY 2022-23, in the aggregate, DCF reported serving 243,403 unduplicated behavioral health clients.  $^{13}$ 

### Coordinated System of Care

MEs are required to promote the development and implementation of a coordinated system of care.<sup>14</sup> A coordinated system of care means a full array of behavioral and related services in a region or community offered by all service providers, participating either under contract with an ME or by another method of community partnership or mutual agreement.<sup>15</sup> A community or region provides a coordinated system of care for those with a mental illness or substance abuse disorder through a no-wrong-door model, to the extent allowed by available resources. If funding is provided by the Legislature, the DCF may award system improvements grants to MEs.<sup>16</sup> MEs must submit detailed plans to enhance crisis services based on the no-wrong-door model or to meet specific needs identified in the DCF's assessment of behavioral health services in this state.<sup>17</sup> The DCF must use performance-based contracts to award grants.<sup>18</sup>

There are several essential elements which make up a coordinated system of care, including:<sup>19</sup>

- Community interventions;
- Case management;
- Care coordination;
- Outpatient services;
- Residential services;
- Hospital inpatient care;
- Aftercare and post-discharge services;
- Medication assisted treatment and medication management; and
- Recovery support.

A coordinated system of care must include, but is not limited to, the following array of services:  $^{20}$ 

- Prevention services;
- Home-based services;
- School-based services;
- Family therapy;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> *Id*. at 11.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Department of Children and Families, *Managing Entities*, available at <u>https://www.myflfamilies.com/services/</u> <u>samh/provIders/managing-entities</u>, (last visited March 16, 2025).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Supra, Note 10, p. 14.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Section 394.9082(5)(d), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Section 394.4573(1)(c), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Section 394.4573(3), F.S.

 $<sup>^{17}</sup>$  *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Section 394.4573(2), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Section 394.495(4), F.S.

- Family support;
- Respite services;
- Outpatient treatment;
- Crisis stabilization;
- Therapeutic foster care;
- Residential treatment;
- Inpatient hospitalization;
- Case management;
- Services for victims of sex offenses;
- Transitional services; and
- Trauma-informed services for children who have suffered sexual exploitation.

The DCF must define the priority populations which would benefit from receiving care coordination.<sup>21</sup> In defining priority populations, the DCF must consider the number and duration of involuntary admissions, the degree of involvement with the criminal justice system, the risk to public safety posed by the individual, the utilization of a treatment facility by the individual, the degree of utilization of behavioral health services, and whether the individual is a parent or caregiver who is involved with the child welfare system.

MEs are required to conduct a community behavioral health care needs assessment once every three years in the geographic area served by the managing entity, which identifies needs by sub-region.<sup>22</sup> The assessments must be submitted to DCF for inclusion in the state and district substance abuse and mental health plan.<sup>23</sup> In addition to the needs assessment, the ME is generally required to also:

- Determine the optimal array of services to meet the community's needs.
- Promote a coordinated system of care.
- Assist counties in development of designated receiving systems and transportation plans.
- Develop strategies to divert persons with mental illness or substance abuse from criminal and juvenile justice systems and integrate behavioral health services with the child welfare system.
- Develop a network of qualified providers to deliver services.
- Monitor network provider performance and compliance with contract requirements.<sup>24</sup>

# Mobile Response Teams

As of March 21, 2025, the DCF supports 55 Mobile Response Teams (MRTs) positioned throughout the state to deliver 24/7, on-site behavioral health crisis services.<sup>2526</sup> These teams are deployed in emergency situations and are funded through contracts between MEs and local behavioral health providers.<sup>27</sup> Each MRT is staffed with a multidisciplinary team, including

<sup>26</sup> Florida Department of Children and Families, *Mobile Response Teams*, available at <u>https://www.myflfamilies.com/services/samh/mobile-response-teams</u> (last visited March 26, 2025).

<sup>27</sup> Section 394.495(7)(c), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Section 394.9082(3)(c), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Section 394.9082(5)(b), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Section 394.75(3), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Section 394.9082(5), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Section 394.495, F.S.

licensed mental health professionals, psychiatric nurse practitioners, on-call psychiatrists, certified peer recovery specialists, and support personnel<sup>28</sup>. The core function of MRTs is to provide short-term crisis intervention, which includes conducting assessments, de-escalating and stabilizing individuals in crisis, offering counseling and safety planning, delivering psychoeducation, and ensuring a smooth transition to long-term care services.<sup>29</sup>

Current law requires MRTs to serve, at a minimum, children, adolescents, and young adults ages 18 to 25 who manifest any of the following acute mental health crisis symptoms:<sup>30</sup>

- Have an emotional disturbance;
- Are experiencing an actual mental or emotional crisis;
- Are experiencing escalating emotional or behavioral reactions and symptoms that impact their ability to function typically within the family, living situation, or community environment; or
- Are served by the child welfare system and are experiencing or are at high risk of placement instability.

Current law sets the minimum standards for MRTs and they must:<sup>31</sup>

- Triage and prioritize requests, then, to the extent permitted by available resources, respond in person within 60 minutes of prioritization;
- Respond to a crisis in the location where the crisis is occurring;
- Provide behavioral health crisis-oriented services that are responsive to the needs of the child, adolescent, or young adult and his or her family and enable them to deescalate and respond to behavioral health challenges through evidence-based practices;
- Provide screening, standardized assessments, early identification, and referrals to community services;
- Provide care coordination by facilitating the transition to ongoing services;
- Ensure a process for informed consent and confidentiality compliance measures is in place;
- Promote information sharing and the use of innovative technology; and
- Coordinate with the managing entity and other key entities providing services and supports to the child, adolescent, or young adult and their family.

### The Baker Act

The Florida Mental Health Act, commonly referred to as the Baker At, was enacted in 1971 to revise the state's mental health commitment laws.<sup>32</sup> The Act includes legal procedures for mental health examination and treatment, including voluntary and involuntary examinations. It, additionally, protects the rights of all individuals examined or treated for mental illness in Florida.<sup>33</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Florida Department of Children and Families, *Mobile Response Teams*, available at

https://www.myflfamilies.com/services/samh/mobile-response-teams (last visited March 26, 2025).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Section 394.495(7)(a), F.S., Section 394.495(5)(q), F.S., Section 394.495(1), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> Section 394.495(7)(b), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> The Baker Act is contained in Part I of Ch. 394, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Section 394.459, F.S.

DCF is responsible for the operation and administration of the Baker Act, including publishing an annual Baker Act report. According to the Fiscal Year (FY) 2021-2022 Baker Act Annual Report, over 170,000 individuals were involuntarily examined under the Baker Act; of those, just over 11,600 individuals were 65 years of age or older. This age group is the most likely to include individuals with Alzheimer's disease or related dementia. It is important to note the number of Baker Acts per year decreased during FY 2018-2019, FY 2019-2020, FY 2020-2021, across all age groups.<sup>34</sup>

### **Receiving Facilities and Involuntary Examination**

Individuals in an acute mental or behavioral health crisis may require emergency treatment to stabilize their condition. Emergency mental health examination and stabilization services may be provided on a voluntary or involuntary basis.<sup>35</sup> Individuals receiving services on an involuntary basis must be taken to a facility that has been designated by DCF as a receiving facility.

Receiving facilities, often referred to as Baker Act receiving facilities, are public or private facilities designated by DCF to receive and hold or refer, as appropriate, involuntary patients under emergency conditions for mental health or substance abuse evaluation and to provide treatment or transportation to the appropriate service provider.<sup>36</sup> A public receiving facility is a facility that has contracted with an ME to provide mental health services to all persons, regardless of their ability to pay, and is receiving state funds for such purpose.<sup>37</sup> Funds appropriated for Baker Act services may only be used to pay for services diagnostically and financially eligible persons, or those who are acutely ill, in need of mental health services, and the least able to pay.<sup>38</sup> Currently, there are 120 DCF designated receiving facilities.<sup>39</sup>

#### Involuntary Examination

An involuntary examination is required if there is reason to believe that the person has a mental illness and, because of his or her mental illness, has refused voluntary examination, is likely to refuse to care for him or herself to the extent that such refusal threatens to cause substantial harm to that person's well-being, and such harm is unavoidable through the help of willing family members or friends, or will cause serious bodily harm to him or herself or others in the near future based on recent behavior.<sup>40</sup>

An involuntary examination may be initiated by:

- A court entering an ex parte order stating that a person appears to meet the criteria for involuntary examination, based on sworn testimony;<sup>41</sup> or
- A physician, clinical psychologist, psychiatric nurse, an autonomous advanced practice registered nurse, mental health counselor, marriage and family therapist, or clinical social worker executing a certificate stating that he or she has examined a person within the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> DCF, Agency Bill Analysis (2023), on file with the Senate Children, Families, and Elder Affairs Committee.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> Sections 394.4625 and 394.463, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> Section 394.455(40), F.S. This term does not include a county jail.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> Section 394.455(38), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> R. 65E-5.400(2), F.A.C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> DCF, SB 1620 Agency Bill Analysis (2025), on file with the Senate Children Families, and Elder Affairs Committee.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> Section 394.463(1), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> Section 394.463(2)(a)1., F.S. The order of the court must be made a part of the patient's clinical record.

preceding 48 hours and finds that the person appears to meet the criteria for involuntary examination, including a statement of the professional's observations supporting such conclusion.<sup>42</sup>

Unlike the discretion afforded courts and medical professionals, current law mandates that law enforcement officers must initiate an involuntary examination of a person who appears to meet the criteria by taking him or her into custody and delivering or having the person delivered to a receiving facility for examination.<sup>43</sup> When transporting, officers are currently required to restrain the person in the least restrictive manner available and appropriate under the circumstances.<sup>44</sup> The officer must execute a written report detailing the circumstances under which the person was taken into custody, and the report must be made part of the patient's clinical record. The report must also include all emergency contact information for the person that is readily accessible to the law enforcement officer, including information available through electronic databases maintained by the Florida Department of Law Enforcement (FDLE) or by the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.

Involuntary patients must be taken to either a public or private facility that has been designated by DCF as a Baker Act receiving facility. Under the Baker Act, a receiving facility has up to 72 hours to examine an involuntary patient.<sup>45</sup> During those 72 hours, an involuntary patient must be examined by a physician, clinical psychologist, or by a psychiatric nurse performing within the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist at a facility to determine if the criteria for involuntary patient. However, if the patient is a minor, a receiving facility must initiate the examination within 12 hours of arrival.<sup>47</sup>

Within that 72-hour examination period, one of the following must happen:<sup>48</sup>

- The patient must be released, unless he or she is charged with a crime, in which case, law enforcement will assume custody;
- The patient must be released for voluntary outpatient treatment;
- The patient, unless charged with a crime, must give express and informed consent to be placed and admitted as a voluntary patient; or
- A petition for involuntary placement must be filed in circuit court for involuntary outpatient or inpatient treatment.

If the patient's 72-hour examination period ends on a weekend or holiday, and the receiving facility:<sup>49</sup>

• Intends to file a petition for involuntary services, the patient may be held at a receiving facility through the next working day and the petition for involuntary services must be filed no later than such date. If the receiving facility fails to file a petition at the close of the next

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> Section 394.463(2)(a)3., F.S. The report and certificate must be made a part of the patient's clinical record.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> Section 394.463(2)(a)2., F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> Section 394.463(2)(g), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> Section 394.463(2)(f), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> Section 394.463(2)(g), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> Section 394.463(2)(g)4., F.S.

working day, the patient must be released from the receiving facility upon documented approval from a psychiatrist or clinical psychologist.

• Does not intend to file a petition for involuntary services, the receiving facility may postpone release of a patient until the next working day if a qualified professional documents that adequate discharge planning and procedures and approval from a psychiatrist or clinical psychologist are not possible until the next working day.

The receiving facility may not release an involuntary examination patient without the documented approval of a psychiatrist or a clinical psychologist. However, if the receiving facility is owned or operated by a hospital or health system, or a nationally accredited community mental health center, a psychiatric nurse performing under the framework of an established protocol with a psychiatrist is permitted to release a Baker Act patient in specified community settings. However, a psychiatric nurse is prohibited from approving a patient's release if the involuntary examination was initiated by a psychiatrist unless the release is approved by the initiating psychiatrist.<sup>50</sup>

### Law Enforcement

Individuals in mental health crisis are more likely to encounter law enforcement than to receive a coordinated crisis care response.<sup>51</sup> The Florida Criminal Justice Executive Institute (FCJEI), the research and educational arm of the FDLE,<sup>52</sup> published a commanding officer's independent research project to document law enforcement's response to community mental health crisis events. The literature review component emphasized the dangers associated with mental health crisis, the strain on police resources, criticism of police response, liability issues, and training challenges. The poll-based survey of 68 police departments across the state measured the amount of Baker Acts completed during the 2021 calendar year. Of the 33 police departments that responded,<sup>53</sup> 23 departments completed more than 90 Baker Act crisis calls during 2021. In addition, all 33 responding departments indicated they repeatedly respond to certain individuals experiencing recurring mental health crises.<sup>54</sup>

The FCJEI survey also revealed that any partnership between law enforcement and mental health professionals in Florida is a discretionary decision made at the police department level. At the time of the report's publication:<sup>55</sup>

- Seven police departments were considering partnerships.
- Six police departments were not considering partnerships.

<sup>51</sup> National Council of State Legislatures, *Crisis Intervention and Community-Based Services*, available at <u>https://www.ncsl.org/civil-and-criminal-justice/crisis-intervention-and-community-based-services</u> (last visited March 27, 2025).

<sup>53</sup> Florida Department of Law Enforcement, Florida Criminal Justice Executive Institute, SLP Research Papers Author Index, Officer's Response to Community Mental Health Crisis (Ramirez, Marcos), available at

https://www.fdle.state.fl.us/FCJEI/Programs/SLP/Documents/Full-Text/Ramirez,-Marcos-paper.aspx (last visited March 27, 2025).

<sup>54</sup> Id.

<sup>55</sup> Policy Research Inc. and The National League of Cities, *Responder Models: The Roles of Cities, Counties, Law Enforcement, and Providers*, available at <u>https://www.nlc.org/wp-</u>content/uploads/2020/10/RespondingtoBHCrisisviaCRModels.pdf (last visited March 27, 2025).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> Section 394.463(2)(f). F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> Florida Department of Law Enforcement, Florida Criminal Justice Executive Institute, *FCJEI History*, available at <u>https://www.fdle.state.fl.us/FCJEI/History/FCJEI-History-Home.aspx</u> (last visited March 27, 2025).

- Ten police departments entered partnerships.
- Three police departments offered nuanced answers.

### **Co-Responder Models**

The co-responder model is a collaborative approach that pairs law enforcement officers with mental health or substance use professionals to address behavioral health crises in real-time.<sup>56</sup> The co-responder model offers a number of key advantages that are reshaping how communities respond to behavioral health crises. One of the most significant benefits is its role in de-escalation and diversion.<sup>57</sup> By embedding mental health professionals alongside law enforcement, these teams are better equipped to calm potentially volatile situations and steer individuals away from arrest or hospitalization. Instead of being taken to jail or an emergency department, individuals in crisis can be connected directly to appropriate mental health or substance use services.<sup>58</sup> Communities implementing these programs also report improved outcomes. Jurisdictions frequently see reductions in repeat 911 calls involving the same individuals, lower arrest rates for people with mental health issues, and increased linkage to care.<sup>59</sup>

Another strength of the co-responder model is its flexibility and adaptability to local contexts. In some cities, clinicians are embedded directly within police departments, promoting real-time collaboration between officers and behavioral health professionals. In other areas, law enforcement agencies partner with community-based mental health organizations to provide the same support through external coordination.<sup>60</sup> Additionally, many co-responder programs are connected to mobile crisis units and include follow-up case management, creating a continuum of care that supports individuals beyond the immediate crisis<sup>61</sup>

The U.S. Department of Justice's Bureau of Justice Assistance offers the Connect and Protect: Law Enforcement Behavioral Health Response Program, providing grants to support collaborative efforts between law enforcement and behavioral health agencies.<sup>62</sup> Similarly, the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) has recognized the

<sup>57</sup> The International Association of Chiefs of police (IACP), *Assessing the Impact of Co-Responder Team Programs: A Review of Research, Academic Training to Inform Police Responses, Best Practice Guide*, available at <a href="https://www.theiacp.org/sites/default/files/IDD/Review%20of%20Co-Responder%20Team%20Evaluations.pdf">https://www.theiacp.org/sites/default/files/IDD/Review%20of%20Co-Responder%20Team%20Evaluations.pdf</a> (last visited March 27, 2025).

<sup>60</sup> The International Association of Chiefs of police (IACP), *Assessing the Impact of Co-Responder Team Programs: A Review of Research, Academic Training to Inform Police Responses, Best Practice Guide*, available at <u>https://www.theiacp.org/sites/default/files/IDD/Review%20of%20Co-Responder%20Team%20Evaluations.pdf</u> (last visited March 27, 2025).

 $^{61}$  Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> National Criminal Justice Association, *Nearly Half of Police Agencies Have Co-Responder Programs*, available at <u>https://www.ncja.org/crimeandjusticenews/nearly-half-of-police-agencies-have-co-responder-programs</u> (last visited March 27, 2025).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>58</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> Stanford Graduate School of Education, *Stanford study shows significant benefits when mental health clinicians and police officers respond to 911 calls*, available at <u>https://gardnercenter.stanford.edu/news/stanford-study-shows-significant-benefits-when-mental-health-clinicians-and-police-officers?utm\_source=chatgpt.com</u> (last visited March 27, 2025).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>62</sup> United States Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Assistance, *FY 2024 Connect and Protect: Law Enforcement Behavioral Health Response Program*, available at <u>https://bja.ojp.gov/funding/fy24-sol-overview-connect.pdf</u> (last viewed March 27, 2025).

importance of these collaborations and aims to enhance the capacity of mobile crisis response teams and improve crisis stabilization in communities.<sup>63</sup> These developments underscore a growing recognition of the co-responder model as a vital component of a more humane and effective public safety system.

### **Crises Care Coordination Pilot**

A crisis care coordination program is a targeted intervention that supports individuals shortly after a behavioral health crisis, such as a psychiatric hospitalization, suicidal episode or behavioral health crises involving law enforcement interaction.<sup>64</sup> Within a short window, often 7 to 10 days following the crisis, trained professionals provide follow-up contact to assess the individual's current needs, reinforce treatment plans, and connect them with local mental health services, housing support, or other resources.<sup>65</sup> The primary goals are to reduce the likelihood of repeat crises, improve treatment engagement, and support long-term recovery.<sup>66</sup>

Over the past three years this model has been operational within Polk County Florida; funded through approved GAA funds, the model seeks to improve mental health and reduce the recidivism of individuals who were under a Baker Act initiated by law enforcement.<sup>67</sup> The provision of follow up services within 10 days of discharge by this Community Mobile Support Team (CMST) has shown decreased suicidality and improved overall mental health, as demonstrated by the Columbia Suicide Risk Assessment and PHQ-9/PSC-17 assessments.<sup>68</sup> The Polk County CMST reported that in 2023, the team provided more than 7,000 follow up services to 2,620 people resulting in a 16% reduction in Baker Acts initiated by law enforcement.

### III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

**Section 1** creates s. 394.45731, F.S., to establish the Crisis Care Coordination Pilot Program in Polk and Volusia Counties, subject to appropriation. The program must be administered by the DCF and is designed to provide community-based care coordination and follow-up support to individuals who have had a mental health-related encounter with law enforcement. This includes individuals who have been subject to involuntary examinations initiated by law enforcement under the Baker Act.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>63</sup> Department of Health and Human Services, *Substance Abuse and mental Health Servies Administration, FY* 2022 *Cooperative Agreement s for Innovative Community Crisis response Partnerships*, available at <u>https://www.samhsa.gov/sites/default/files/grants/pdf/fy-22-community-crisis-response-partnerships.pdf</u> (last visited March 27, 2025).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>64</sup> Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, *National Behavioral Health Crisis Care Guidelines*, available at https://www.samhsa.gov/mental-health/national-behavioral-health-crisis-care (last viewed March 27, 2025).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>65</sup> Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, *Improving Behavioral Health Follow-up Care Affinity Group Fact Sheet*, available at <u>https://www.medicaid.gov/medicaid/quality-of-care/downloads/improvement-initiatives/behavioral-health-ag-factsheet.pdf?utm\_source=chatgpt.com</u> (last viewed March 27, 2025).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>66</sup> Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration, 2025 National Guidelines for a Behavioral Health Coordinated System of Crisis Care, available at <u>https://988crisissystemshelp.samhsa.gov/sites/default/files/2024-</u> 12/National%20Guidelines%20for%20a%20Behavioral%20Health%20Coordinated%20System%20of%20Crisis%20Care-12-2-2024 508.pdf?utm\_source=chatgpt.com (last visited March 27, 2025).

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>67</sup> The Florida Senate Local Funding Initiative Request, Fiscal Year 2025-2026, *LFIR #1007*, Senator Burton, available at: <a href="https://www.flsenate.gov/PublishedContent/Session/FiscalYear/FY2025-26/LocalFundingInitiativeRequests/FY2025-26/LocalFundingInitiativeRe

The bill requires that the pilot program deliver a set of specified intervention services, including assessment, safety planning, supportive counseling, and assistance in accessing recommended mental health services. These services must be delivered by nationally accredited community mental health centers, as defined in s. 394.907(1), F.S., and must be implemented in partnership with local law enforcement agencies.

The bill also directs the DCF to submit a report to the Governor, President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives by January 1, 2026. This report must evaluate whether the pilot program has been effective in achieving its intended outcomes and include recommendations on whether the program should be expanded to other local governments.

The statute includes a sunset provision, repealing the pilot program effective July 1, 2027, unless reenacted by the Legislature.

Section 2 of the bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2025.

# IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

None.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None identified.

# V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

#### C. Government Sector Impact:

The bill will have an indeterminate, significant negative fiscal impact.

Below are the approved Florida GAA funds for Peace River CMST, an analogous program to the proposed pilot, since 2022.

Peace River CMST is seeking \$850,000 for FY 2025-2026 (SF 1007).<sup>69</sup>

Floric	la GAA Funding for Peace River CMST since 2022.	
Year	Source	Amount
FY 2024-25	Specific Appropriation $377^{70}$ ( <u>SF 3136</u> <sup>71</sup> )	\$425,000
FY 2023-24	Specific Appropriation $378^{72}$ ( <u>SF 2077</u> <sup>73</sup> )	\$425,000
FY 2022-23	Specific Appropriation $372^{74}$ ( <u>SF 2377</u> <sup>75</sup> )	\$850,000

#### VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

### VII. Related Issues:

None.

#### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill creates Section 394.45731 of the Florida Statutes.

### IX. Additional Information:

#### A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>69</sup> The Florida Senate Local Funding Initiative Request, Fiscal Year 2025-2026, *LFIR #1007*, Senator Burton, available at: <u>https://www.flsenate.gov/PublishedContent/Session/FiscalYear/FY2025-26/LocalFundingInitiativeRequests/FY2025-</u> <u>26 S1007.pdf</u> (last visited March 26, 2025).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>70</sup> Chapter 2024-231, L.O.F.; Specific Appropriation 377

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>71</sup> The Florida Senate Local Funding Initiative Request, Fiscal Year 2024-2025, *LFIR #3136*, Senator Albritton, available at: <u>https://www.flsenate.gov/PublishedContent/Session/FiscalYear/FY2024-25/LocalFundingInitiativeRequests/FY2024-</u> 25\_S3136.pdf (last visited March 26, 2025).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>72</sup> Chapter 2023-239, L.O.F.; Specific Appropriation 378

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>73</sup> The Florida Senate Local Funding Initiative Request, Fiscal Year 2023-2024, *LFIR #2077*, Senator Albritton, available at: <a href="https://www.flsenate.gov/PublishedContent/Session/FiscalYear/FY2023-24/LocalFundingInitiativeRequests/FY2023-204/LocalFundingInitiativeRequests/FY2023-24/LocalFundingInitiativeRequests/FY204/LocalFundingInitiativeRequests/FY204/LocalFundingInitiativeReques

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>74</sup> Chapter 2022-156, L.O.F.; Specific Appropriation 372

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>75</sup> The Florida Senate Local Funding Initiative Request, Fiscal Year 2022-2023, *LFIR #2377*, Senator Albritton, available at: <u>https://www.flsenate.gov/PublishedContent/Session/FiscalYear/FY2022-23/LocalFundingInitiativeRequests/FY2022-23\_S2377.PDF</u> (last visited March 26, 2025).

# B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

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LEGISLATIVE ACTION

. . .

Senate

House

The Committee on Children, Families, and Elder Affairs (Leek) recommended the following:
Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
Delete everything after the enacting clause
and insert:
Section 1. Section 394.6581, Florida Statutes, is created
to read:
394.6581 Crisis Care Coordination Pilot Programs
(1) Subject to a specific appropriation, the department
shall establish and implement Crisis Care Coordination Pilot
Programs in Polk and Volusia Counties. The purpose of the pilot

9 10

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11 programs is to reduce repeat involuntary examinations initiated by law enforcement, provide persons who are experiencing an 12 13 acute mental health crisis an option for crisis intervention other than the use of law enforcement, reduce their level of 14 15 follow-up interaction with law enforcement officers post crisis, 16 and assist them with engagement in behavioral health care. 17 (a) The pilot programs shall facilitate partnerships 18 between law enforcement agencies in Polk and Volusia Counties and organizations in the coordinated system of care under s. 19 20 394.4573 that are operating in those counties by placing crisis counselors within law enforcement agencies to intervene with and 21 22 provide follow-up care for persons who are experiencing or have 23 experienced an acute mental health crisis and their families and 24 support networks. 25 (b) The pilot programs shall be implemented by nationally 26 accredited community mental health centers in partnership with 27 local law enforcement. 28 (2) Crisis counselors placed in law enforcement agencies 29 shall provide support and assistance to persons who are 30 experiencing or have experienced an acute mental health crisis, 31 connecting them to the coordinated system of care. Duties of 32 crisis counselors shall include: 33 (a) Intervening when law enforcement is contacted relating 34 to a person experiencing an acute mental health crisis to make 35 observations and provide information to responding officers, 36 conduct assessments, de-escalate the crisis situation, or 37 provide referrals, as appropriate. 38 (b) Follow up with such persons following an acute mental health crisis involving law enforcement, such as an involuntary 39

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40	examination as defined in s. 394.455 initiated by law
41	enforcement. A person's involvement with follow-up care is
42	voluntary. Such follow-up care by crisis counselors may include,
43	but is not limited to:
44	1. Conducting assessments.
45	2. Providing individualized safety planning tailored to the
46	person's needs and risks.
47	3. Providing supportive counseling.
48	4. Assisting persons in accessing recommended mental health
49	services and substance abuse services.
50	5. Assisting persons in adhering to discharge plans.
51	6. Providing care coordination as defined in s. 394.4573,
52	unless a person is already receiving that service from another
53	organization.
54	(3) The pilot programs shall establish formal partnerships
55	through written referral agreements and information exchange
56	procedures with, at a minimum, providers of mental health
57	services and substance abuse services, local hospitals licensed
58	under chapter 395, and not-for-profit agencies and other
59	organizations which can be of assistance to persons who are
60	experiencing or have experienced an acute mental health crisis
61	and their families and support networks. Such agreements must,
62	at a minimum, facilitate timely access to community-based
63	behavioral health services and other local systems and entities
64	as provided in the person's discharge plan.
65	(4) The department shall contract for an independent
66	evaluation of the pilot programs regarding, at a minimum, their
67	effectiveness and return on investment. By January 15, 2029, the
68	department shall submit a report of the findings of the

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. SB 886

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69	evaluation of the pilot programs to the Governor, the President
70	of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives,
71	which must include, at a minimum:
72	(a) The amount of time that law enforcement officers were
73	engaged in responses to persons who were experiencing or had
74	experienced an acute mental health crisis.
75	(b) Repeat involuntary examinations initiated by law
76	enforcement.
77	(c) Engagement in post-crisis mental health and substance
78	abuse services among persons served by the programs.
79	(d) The effectiveness of the pilot program services.
80	(e) Recommendations regarding enhancements to, and
81	continuation and expansion of, the pilot programs.
82	(5) The department may adopt rules to implement this
83	section.
84	(6) This section expires June 30, 2029.
85	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.
86	
87	=========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =================================
88	And the title is amended as follows:
89	Delete everything before the enacting clause
90	and insert:
91	A bill to be entitled
92	An act relating to crisis care coordination; creating
93	s. 394.6581, F.S.; requiring the Department of
94	Children and Families to implement, subject to
95	appropriation, Crisis Care Coordination Pilot Programs
96	in specified counties for certain purposes; providing
97	requirements for the pilot programs; requiring the

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586-02965-25



98 department to contract for an independent evaluation 99 of the pilot programs and submit a report to the 100 Governor and the Legislature by a specified date; 101 providing rulemaking authority; providing for 102 expiration of the pilot programs; providing an 103 effective date. By Senator Bernard

	24-01299-25 2025976
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to court-appointed social
3	investigators; amending s. 61.20, F.S.; requiring a
4	court-appointed social investigator to submit a
5	written report to the judge; providing requirements
6	for reports; amending s. 61.122, F.S.; requiring that
7	a specified investigation be undertaken before a
8	specified claim may be made against a court-appointed
9	psychologist preparing a parenting plan; requiring
10	that a certificate be filed with the claim; providing
11	for sanctions if such certificate was not made in good
12	faith; providing for an automatic stay of limitations
13	period for such investigation; providing for access to
14	records for the investigation; providing for immunity
15	from liability for compliance with certain disclosure
16	in conjunction with the investigation; creating s.
17	61.123, F.S.; requiring the Department of Children and
18	Families to develop and publish criteria for use by
19	court-appointed social investigators; providing an
20	effective date.
21	
22	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
23	
24	Section 1. Subsection (4) is added to section 61.20,
25	Florida Statutes, to read:
26	61.20 Social investigation and recommendations regarding a
27	parenting plan
28	(4) A court-appointed social investigator must submit a
29	written report to the judge, which must be accessible to all

# Page 1 of 5

	24-01299-25 2025976
30	parties to a legal action and must outline the social
31	investigator's recommendations, the reasoning for the
32	recommendations, the factors considered in the recommendations,
33	and an analysis of each factor considered in making the
34	recommendations in a custody dispute, a dissolution of marriage,
35	a case of domestic violence, or a paternity matter involving the
36	relationship of a child and a parent, including time-sharing of
37	children.
38	Section 2. Present subsection (4) of section 61.122,
39	Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (5) and amended,
40	a new subsection (4) is added to that section, and subsection
41	(3) of that section is amended, to read:
42	61.122 Parenting plan recommendation; presumption of
43	<pre>psychologist's good faith; prerequisite to parent's filing suit;</pre>
44	award of fees, costs, reimbursement
45	(3) A parent who desires to file a legal action against a
46	court-appointed psychologist who has acted in good faith in
47	developing a parenting plan recommendation must petition the
48	judge who presided over the dissolution of marriage, case of
49	domestic violence, or paternity matter involving the
50	relationship of a child and a parent, including time-sharing of
51	children, to appoint another psychologist. Upon the parent's
52	showing of good cause, the court shall appoint another
53	psychologist. The court shall determine who is responsible for
54	all court costs and <u>attorney</u> attorney's fees associated with
55	making such an appointment.
56	(4)(a) An action may not be filed, whether it is a civil
57	action, a criminal action, or an administrative proceeding,
58	against a court-appointed psychologist in a dissolution of

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24-01299-25 2025976 59 marriage, case of domestic violence, or paternity matter 60 involving the relationship of a child and a parent, unless the 61 attorney or other person filing the action has made a reasonable 62 investigation as permitted by the circumstances to determine 63 that there are grounds for a good faith belief that there has 64 been negligence or a lack of good faith by the court-appointed 65 psychologist. The complaint or initial pleading must contain a 66 certificate stating that such reasonable investigation gave rise 67 to a good faith belief that grounds exist for an action against 68 the court-appointed psychologist. For purposes of this section, 69 good faith may be shown to exist if the claimant or his or her 70 counsel has received a written opinion of an expert, as described in s. 766.102, that there appears to be evidence of 71 72 negligence or a lack of good faith. Such an opinion is not 73 subject to discovery by an opposing party. If the court 74 determines that such certificate was not made in good faith and 75 that no justiciable issue was presented against a court-76 appointed psychologist who fully cooperated in providing 77 informal discovery, the court must award attorney fees and 78 taxable costs against the claimant's counsel and must submit the 79 matter to The Florida Bar for disciplinary review of the 80 attorney, if any. 81 (b) An automatic 90-day extension of the statute of 82 limitations shall be granted to allow the reasonable 83 investigation required by paragraph (a). This extension shall be 84 in addition to other tolling periods. A court order is not 85 required for the extension to be effective. This paragraph does 86 not revive a cause of action on which the statute of limitations 87 has run.

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	24-01299-25 2025976
88	
89	by this subsection, and notwithstanding any other provision of
90	law to the contrary, copies of all medical reports and records,
91	including bills, films, and other records, relating to the
92	development of the parenting plan must be made available, upon
93	request, to the plaintiff. A court-appointed psychologist
94	complying in good faith with this paragraph may not be held
95	liable for civil damages attributable to the disclosure of such
96	records or be subject to any disciplinary action based on such
97	disclosure.
98	(5)(4) If a legal action, whether it be a civil action, a
99	criminal action, or an administrative proceeding, is filed
100	against a court-appointed psychologist in a dissolution of
101	marriage, case of domestic violence, or paternity matter
102	involving the relationship of a child and a parent, including
103	time-sharing of children, the claimant is responsible for all
104	reasonable costs and reasonable <u>attorney</u> attorney's fees
105	associated with the action for both parties if the psychologist
106	is held not liable. If the psychologist is held liable in civil
107	court, the psychologist must pay all reasonable costs and
108	reasonable <u>attorney</u> attorney's fees for the claimant.
109	Section 3. Section 61.123, Florida Statutes, is created to
110	read:
111	61.123 Criteria to be used by social investigatorsThe
112	Department of Children and Families shall develop and publish a
113	set of specific enumerated criteria that court-appointed social
114	investigators may consider and weigh in evaluating the
115	appropriateness of the environment for a child in a custody
116	dispute, dissolution of marriage, case of domestic violence, or
I	

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# The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT

(This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.)

Pre	epared By: The	e Professio	onal Staff of the C	ommittee on Childr	ren, Families, and Elder Affairs	
BILL:	SB 976					
INTRODUCER:	Senator Be	rnard				
SUBJECT:	Court-appo	ointed So	cial Investigato	rs		
DATE:	March 31,	2025	REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STA	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION	
. Tuszynski		Tuszy	ynski	CF	Pre-meeting	
2.				AHS		
3.				FP		

### I. Summary:

SB 976 makes multiple changes regarding social investigations related to the creation of parenting plan recommendations by court-appointed psychologists in a custody dispute, dissolution of marriage, domestic violence, time sharing, or paternity matters involving the relationship of a child and parent. Specifically, the bill:

- Requires a court-appointed social investigator to submit a written report, accessible to all parties, and details the requirements of that report.
- Prohibits the filing of any action against a court-appointed psychologist in these cases, unless a reasonable investigation has been completed to determine that there has been negligence or a lack of good faith by the court-appointed psychologist and creates requirements for such filing.
- Creates an automatic 90-day extension of the statute of limitations, in addition to other tolling periods, to allow reasonable investigation.
- Requires copies of all medical reports and records relating to the development of the parenting plan to be made available, upon request, to the plaintiff in the action.
- Requires the Department of Children and Families to develop and publish specific enumerated criteria for a court-appointed psychologist to consider and weigh in these actions.

The bill has an indeterminate but potentially insignificant fiscal impact on government related to workforce. See Section V., Fiscal Impact Statement.

The bill takes effect July 1, 2025.

# II. Present Situation:

# **Family Law**

In Florida, the general reference to "family law" matters include many different types of cases. Family law courts have jurisdiction over cases involving:

- Dissolution of marriage.
- Annulment.
- Child support.
- Paternity.
- Adoption.
- Name changes.
- Civil domestic violence, repeat violence, dating violence, stalking, and sexual violence injunctions.
- Juvenile dependency.
- Modifications and enforcements of orders, and more.<sup>1</sup>

# Best Interests of the Child Standard

Throughout all family law proceedings involving a minor child, the primary focus of the court on the best interest of the minor child. Thus, when determining any issue involving child custody, the judge must first assess how his or her order would impact the child. Florida law provides a non-exhaustive list of 20 factors that a court must consider to determine the best interests of a minor child.<sup>2</sup> The factors affecting the welfare and interests of the child and the circumstances of the family, include, but are not limited to the:

- Demonstrated capacity and disposition of each parent to facilitate and encourage a continuing parent-child relationship, honor the timesharing schedule, and accommodate necessary changes.
- Anticipated division of parental responsibilities after the litigation, including the extent to which parental responsibilities will be delegated to third parties.
- Demonstrated capacity and disposition of each parent to determine, consider, and act upon the needs of the child.
- Length of time the child has lived in a stable environment and the desirability of maintaining continuity.
- Geographic viability of the parenting plan, with special attention paid to the needs of schoolage children and the amount of time to be spent traveling to effectuate the parenting plan.
- Mental health, physical health, and moral fitness of the parents.
- Home, school, and community record of the child.
- Reasonable preference of the child.<sup>3</sup>
- Demonstrated knowledge, capacity, and disposition of each parent to be informed of the circumstances of the minor child, including the child's friends, teachers, and daily activities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Florida Office of the State Courts Administrator, *Family Court in Florida*, available at: <u>https://www.flcourts.gov/Resources-Services/Office-of-Family-Courts/Family-Court-in-Florida</u> (last visited March 26, 2025).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 61.13(3), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Section 61.13(3), F.S.

Page 3

- Demonstrated capacity and disposition of each parent to:
  - Provide a consistent routine; and
  - Communicate with and keep the other parent informed of issues and activities regarding the minor child, and the willingness of each parent to adopt a unified front on all major issues when dealing with the child.
- Evidence of domestic violence, sexual violence, child abuse, child abandonment, or child neglect, or evidence that a parent has or has had a reasonable cause to believe that he or she or his or her minor child or children are in imminent danger of becoming victims of an act of domestic violence.
- Evidence that either parent has ever knowingly provided false information about to the court regarding any prior or pending action regarding domestic violence, sexual violence, child abuse, child abandonment, or child neglect.
- Particular parenting tasks customarily performed by each parent, including the extent to which parenting responsibilities were undertaken by third parties.
- Demonstrated capacity and disposition of each parent to participate and be involved in the child's school and extracurricular activities.
- Demonstrated capacity and disposition of each parent to maintain an environment for the child which is free from substance abuse.
- Capacity and disposition of each parent to protect the child from the ongoing litigation regarding child custody.
- Developmental stages and needs of the child and the demonstrated capacity and disposition of each parent to meet the child's developmental needs.
- Any other factor that is relevant to the determination of a specific parenting plan, including the time-sharing schedule.

# Parental Responsibility

Florida courts have consistently ruled that a parent's desire and right to the companionship, care, custody, and management of his or her children is an important interest that warrants deference and, absent a powerful countervailing interest, protection. Further, a parent has general responsibilities owed to his or her children, including supervision, health and safety, education, care, and protection. In Florida, parenting is broken down into two distinct components: parental responsibility (decision-making) and timesharing (physical visitation with the child based on a parenting plan). Although the right to integrity of the family is among one of the most fundamental rights, when parents divorce or separate, the parents' rights are subject to the overriding concern for the ultimate welfare or best interests of their children.

In family law matters, the commonly referred to idea of "custody" is broken down into parental responsibility and timesharing. Parental responsibility refers to the legal duty and right of a parent to care for, protect, and raise his or her child, including making important decisions regarding the child's upbringing and welfare such as religion, medical decisions, and education issues. Timesharing refers to the actual schedule each parent spends with the child according to a timesharing schedule detailed in a parenting plan.

Under Florida law, a court generally orders parental responsibility of a minor child to be shared by both parents.<sup>4</sup> However, a court may deviate from shared parental responsibility if it finds that shared parental responsibility would be detrimental to the minor child.<sup>5</sup> In determining whether there would be a detriment to the child, the court shall consider:

- Evidence of domestic violence;<sup>6</sup>
- Whether either parent has or has had a reasonable cause to believe that he or she or his or her minor child or children are or have been in imminent danger of becoming victims of domestic violence or sexual violence by the other parent against the parent or against the child or children whom the parents share in common, regardless of whether a cause of action has been brought or is pending on the issue;
- Whether either parent has or has had reasonable cause to believe that his or her minor child or children are or have been in imminent danger of becoming victims of an act of abuse, abandonment, or neglect by the other parent; and
- Any other relevant factors.<sup>7</sup>

Current law provides factors that create a rebuttable presumption that shared parental responsibility is detrimental to the child, as follows:

- A parent has been convicted of a first-degree misdemeanor or higher level of crime involving domestic violence as defined in s. 741.28, F.S., and ch. 775, F.S.;
- A parent meets the criteria for the termination of his or her parental rights under s. 39.806(1)(d), F.S. relating to a parent who is incarcerated; or
- A parent has been convicted of or had adjudication withheld as a sexual offender for an offense enumerated in s. 943.0435(1)(h)1.a., F.S., and at the time of the offense the parent was 18 years old or older and the victim was under 18 years old or the parent believed the victim to be under 18.8

### Parenting Plan

A court may prescribe a "parenting plan"<sup>9</sup> by which the parents are ordered to share decisionmaking and physical custody of the minor child. The parenting plan may order parents to exercise shared parental responsibility, it may delegate decision-making authority over specific matters to one parent, or it may grant a parent sole parental responsibility over the minor child. Common issues concerning a minor child may include education, healthcare, and social or emotional wellbeing.

A parenting plan is a document created to govern the relationship between parents relating to decisions that must be made regarding the minor child at issue.<sup>10</sup> A parenting plan must contain a timesharing schedule for the parents and the child.<sup>11</sup> The parenting plan should attempt to

<sup>10</sup> Section 61.046(14), F.S.

<sup>11</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Section 61.13(2)(c)(2), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Section 741.28, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Section 61.13(2)(c)(2), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Section 61.13(2)(c)(3), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> A "parenting plan" is a document created to govern the relationship between the parents relating to decisions which must be made regarding the child and must contain a timesharing schedule for the parents and child. S. 61.046(14), F.S. If a parenting plan is agreed to by the parties, it must be approved by the court.

address all issues concerning the minor child, including, but not limited to, the child's education, health care, and physical, social, and emotional well-being.<sup>12</sup> In creating the parenting plan, the court must consider all circumstances between the parents, including their historic relationship, domestic violence, and other factors.<sup>13</sup> A parenting plan is either created and agreed to by both parents and approved by the court, or is established by the court if the parents cannot agree to a plan or the parents agree to a plan that is not approved by the court.<sup>14</sup> A parenting plan may be utilized in cases involving minor children unrelated to a dissolution of marriage or in connection to a dissolution of marriage.

A parenting plan approved by the court must, at a minimum:

- Describe in adequate detail how the parents will share and be responsible for the daily tasks associated with raising the minor child;
- Include the timesharing schedule arrangements that specify the time that the minor child will spend with each parent;
- Designate which parent will be responsible for healthcare, school-related matters, and other activities; and
- Describe in adequate detail the methods and technologies the parents will use to communicate with the child.<sup>15</sup>

Given the potential for heated disputes in matters involving a minor child, it is imperative that the parenting plan be as detailed as possible to eliminate ambiguity surrounding each parent's responsibilities and specific timesharing with the minor child. This generally includes a detailed description of the various holidays and with which parent the child will spend each holiday,<sup>16</sup> the location of the exchange from one parent's timesharing to the other parent's timesharing, who is responsible for the child's travel expenses, the times during which one parent will ensure the minor child is available to communicate with the other parent, the delegation of specific decision-making topics, and more.<sup>17</sup>

To assist parties with creating a parenting plan that meets the requirements under s. 61.13, F.S., the Florida Supreme Court has published a standardized parenting plan form, Form 12.995(a).<sup>18</sup> The form attempts to cover all possible aspects of an acceptable parenting plan including which parent can enroll the child in extra-curricular activities, the specific meaning of academic breaks and holidays, the process by which a parent should request a temporary schedule change, the specific days the child should be with each parent, and the specific time the exchange should occur.

 $<sup>^{12}</sup>$  *Id*.

 $<sup>^{13}</sup>$  *Id*.

 $<sup>^{14}</sup>$  Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Section 61.13(2)(b), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> See Mills v. Johnson, 147 So. 3d 1023 (Fla. 2d DCA 2014) in which the trial court erred by adopting a timesharing schedule that did not address holiday timesharing given the historically contentious parenting relationship between the parties.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> See generally Magdziak v. Sullivan, 185 So. 3d 1291 (Fla. 5th DCA 2016); see also Scudder v. Scudder, 296 So. 3d 426 (Fla. 4th DCA 2020).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Florida Supreme Court Approved Family Law Form 12.995(a), Parenting Plan (Feb. 2018), available at: <u>https://www.flcourts.gov/content/download/686031/file\_pdf/995a.pdf</u> (last visited Mar. 26, 2025).

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### Timesharing

Under current law, a rebuttable presumption exists that equal time-sharing of a minor child is in the child's best interests.<sup>19</sup> As such, a court will start with the presumption that time-sharing should be divided equally (commonly referred to as "50/50") between both parents. However, either parent may rebut the presumption by proving that such equal-timesharing is not in the minor child's best interests.

To successfully overcome the presumption, the parent seeking to rebut the presumption must prove that 50/50 timesharing is not in the child's best interests by a preponderance of the evidence (that is, that the evidence presented is more convincing and likely true than the other parent's evidence, or in other words, meaning it's more probable than not). In establishing a timesharing schedule, except for when the parties agree to a schedule without court intervention, the court must consider the best interests of the child<sup>20</sup> and evaluate all "best interest"<sup>21</sup> factors.

When creating or modifying a time-sharing schedule, the court must evaluate all factors and must make specific written findings of fact related to each factor.<sup>22</sup>

#### Court-Appointed Social Investigation and Study

Section 61.20, F.S., provides authority for the court to order a "social investigation and study" in matters where the parenting plan is at issue. As such, a court may order a social investigation and study concerning all relevant details relating to the child and each parent in the case. Under Florida law, a social investigation and study may be ordered in any action where the parenting plan is at issue because the parents cannot agree and either:

- Such an investigation has not been done and, thus, a study has not been provided to the court by the parties; or
- The court determines that the investigation and study that have been done are insufficient.<sup>23</sup>

In a case where the court deems it necessary to order a social investigation and study, either the parties can jointly choose an investigator, or, if they are unable to agree, the court will select and appoint an investigator.<sup>24</sup> The social investigator must be qualified as an expert to testify regarding his or her written study.<sup>25,26</sup> The investigation and study must be conducted by:

- Qualified staff of the court;
- A child-placing agency licensed pursuant to s. 409.175, F.S.;
- A psychologist licensed under ch. 490, F.S.;
- A clinical social worker;
- A Marriage and Family therapist; or
- A mental health counselor licensed under ch. 491, F.S.<sup>27</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Section 61.13(2)(c)(1), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Section 61.13(2)(c), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Section 61.13(3), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Section 61.13(2)(c)(1), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Section 61.20(1), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Fla. Fam. L.R.P. 12.364.

 $<sup>^{25}</sup>$  Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Section 90.702, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Section 61.20(2), F.S.

Additionally, if a party is indigent and the court does not have qualified staff to perform the investigation and study, the court may request that the Department of Children and Family Services (DCF) conduct the study.<sup>28</sup>

When a social investigation and study is ordered, each party must be provided a copy of the report in advance of a hearing on the matter and must have an opportunity to review the report and offer evidence to rebut conclusions contained therein. <sup>29</sup> The Florida Family Law Rules of Procedure requires the written report to be provided to the parties no later than 30 days before trial.<sup>30</sup>

### **Court Appointed Psychologist**

There are specific provisions related to court-appointed psychologists who are ordered to develop a parenting plan recommendation in a dissolution of marriage, domestic violence, or a paternity matter involving the relationship of a child and a parent.<sup>31</sup> Under current law, a court-appointed psychologist is presumed to be acting in good faith if his or her recommendation has been reached under standards that a reasonable psychologist would use to develop a parenting plan recommendation.<sup>32</sup>

Additionally, current law prohibits an administrative complaint against a court-appointed psychologist who acted in good faith from being filed anonymously. As such, a parent who wishes to file an administrative complaint against a court-appointed psychologist must include his or her name, address, and telephone number in the complaint.<sup>33</sup> However, current law does not require a parent to first seek to disqualify and replace the psychologist before he or she may file an administrative complaint against the psychologist.

Under current law, a parent who desires to file a legal action against such a court-appointed psychologist must petition the judge or presided over the underlying matter to appoint another psychologist.<sup>34</sup> If that parent establishes good cause for such an additional appointment, the court shall appoint another psychologist.<sup>35</sup> Current law provides for the award of two-way attorney fees in such a civil legal action dependent on whether the psychologist is found liable. As such, if, in a civil legal action against the psychologist, the psychologist is held not liable, the parent who brought the action is responsible for all reasonable costs and reasonable attorney fees associated with the action for the psychologist.<sup>36</sup> However, if the psychologist is held liable, he

 $<sup>^{28}</sup>$  Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> See Sacks v. Sacks, 991 So. 2d 922 (Fla. 5th DCA 2008) (providing that parties must have a reasonable period of time prior to trial so that each can properly evaluate the report, undertake discovery, where appropriate, and have an adequate opportunity for preparation of rebuttal evidence; see also Leinbach v. Leinbach, 634 So. 2d 252, 253 (Fla. 2d DCA 1994) (providing that procedural due process prohibits a trial court from relying on a social investigation report to determine child custody without first providing the report to the parties and permitting them to introduce evidence that might rebut the conclusions or recommendations included in the report).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Fla. Fam. L.R.P. 12.363(b).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> See generally, s. 61.122, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> Section 61.122(1), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Section 61.122(2), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Section 61.122(3), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> Section 61.122(4), F.S.

or she will be responsible for and must pay all reasonable costs and attorney fees for the parent who brought the action.<sup>37</sup>

### Attorney Fees

#### Historical Treatment of Attorney Fees

The traditional "English rule" entitled a prevailing party in civil litigation to attorney fees as a matter of right. However, Florida and a majority of other United States jurisdictions have adopted the "American rule," where each party bears its own attorney fees unless a "fee-shifting statute" provides an entitlement to fees. In Florida, several such fee-shifting statutes entitle the prevailing party or, more specifically, a particular prevailing claimant or plaintiff, to have his or her fees paid by the other party.<sup>38</sup>

#### Statutorily-Provided Attorney Fees

Several Florida and federal statutes state that a prevailing party in court proceedings is entitled to attorney fees as a matter of right.<sup>39</sup> These statutes are known as "fee-shifting statutes" and often entitle the prevailing party to a reasonable attorney fee, which must be paid by the other party. When a fee-shifting statute applies, the court must determine and calculate what constitutes a reasonable attorney fee. One such fee-shifting statute pertains to actions brought against court-appointed psychologists.<sup>40</sup>

#### Lodestar Approach

In 1985, the Florida Supreme Court held that courts should calculate the amount of statutorilyauthorized attorney fees under the "lodestar approach."<sup>41</sup> Under this approach, the first step is for the court to determine the number of hours reasonably expended by an attorney on the case. The second step requires the court to determine a reasonable hourly rate. The number of hours reasonably expended (determined in the first step), multiplied by the reasonable hourly rate (determined in the second step), produces the "lodestar amount," which is considered an objective basis for what the attorney fee amount should be.

#### **Administrative Complaint Process**

In Florida, certain professions and businesses are monitored by various agencies and departments. For example, a licensed attorney must be in good standing with the Florida Bar, and a disgruntled client may file a complaint with the Bar in relation to the attorney's representation of the client. Likewise, the Florida Department of Health (DOH) investigates complaints and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> Id.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> See, e.g., s. 400.023, F.S. (nursing home resident); s. 440.34, F.S. (claimant in a workers' compensation case in certain situations); s. 501.2105, F.S. (plaintiff in specified FDUTPA actions); ss. 626.9373 and 627.428, F.S. (prevailing insured party in a case brought against an insurer); s. 790.33, F.S. (plaintiff in a suit to enforce his or her firearm rights); see also 42 U.S.C. s. 1988(b) (federal fee-shifting statute for prevailing parties in actions to enforce certain civil rights statutes).
 <sup>39</sup> See, e.g., s. 627.428, F.S. (providing that an insured who prevails against an insurer is entitled to "a reasonable sum" of attorney fees); s. 501.2105, F.S. (providing that the prevailing party in an action under the Florida Deceptive and Unfair Trade Practices Act (FDUTPA) is entitled to "a reasonable legal fee"); 42 U.S.C. s. 1988(b) (providing that a prevailing party seeking to enforce specified civil rights statutes may recover "a reasonable attorney's fee").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> Section 61.122(4), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> Fla. Patient's Comp. Fund v. Rowe, 472 So. 2d 1145 (Fla. 1985).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> Florida Dep't. of Health, *Enforcement*, available at: <u>https://www.floridahealth.gov/licensing-and-regulation/enforcement/index.html</u> (last visited March 26, 2025).

reports involving healthcare providers and enforces applicable laws.<sup>42</sup> As such, DOH may take administrative action against providers under its purview including issuing reprimands, fines, restricting the practice of a specific provider, requiring remedial education, probation, license suspension or license revocation.<sup>43</sup> Depending on the severity of the allegation, a professional who is the subject of an administrative action may ultimately lose his or her license and be prohibited from practicing in the state if the complaint is determined to be verified and truthful.

DOH does not charge a fee for anyone to file a complaint against a professional under its purview and the complaint remains confidential if probable cause is not found.<sup>44</sup> However, if probable cause is found, the complaint remains confidential until 10 days after such probable cause is found.<sup>45</sup>

DOH currently licenses and regulates a large variety of healthcare professionals including medical doctors and psychologists.<sup>46</sup>

# III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

**Section 1** of the bill amends s. 61.20, F.S., related to social investigations and recommendations to require a court-appointed social investigator in a custody dispute, dissolution of marriage, domestic violence, time sharing, or paternity matter involving the relationship of a child and parent, to submit a written report to the judge that outlines the investigator's:

- Recommendations;
- Reasoning for the recommendations;
- Factors considered in the recommendations; and
- An analysis of each factor considered.

This written report must be accessible to all parties to the legal action.

**Section 2** of the bill amends s. 61.122, F.S., related to court-appointed psychologists developing parenting plan recommendations to prohibit the filing of any action —civil, criminal, or administrative— against a court-appointed psychologist in a custody dispute, dissolution of marriage, domestic violence, or paternity matter involving the relationship of a child and parent, unless the attorney or other filer has made a reasonable investigation to determine there is good faith that there has been negligence or a lack of good faith by the court-appointed psychologist.

The bill requires a certificate in the initial filing stating that such investigation gave rise to a good faith belief that grounds exist against the psychologist. The bill allows the written opinion of an expert to constitute a sufficient showing of a good faith belief for these purposes and

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> Florida Dep't. of Health, *Enforcement*, available at: <u>https://www.floridahealth.gov/licensing-and-</u>regulation/enforcement/index.html (last visited March 26, 2025).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> A complete list of the professions regulated under DOH can be found at <u>https://www.floridahealth.gov/licensing-and-regulation/index.html</u>.

prohibits that opinion from being subject to discovery. If the court determines that the certificate of good faith was not made in good faith and there is no justiciable issue, the court must award attorney fees and taxable costs against claimant's counsel and must submit the matter to the Florida Bar for disciplinary review.

The bill creates an automatic 90-day extension of the statute of limitations, in addition to other tolling periods, to allow reasonable investigation and clarifies that this automatic 90-day extension does not revive a cause of action on which statute of limitations has run.

The bill requires copies of all medical reports and records relating to the development of the parenting plan to be made available, upon request, to the plaintiff in the action. A court-appointed psychologist complying in good faith with this requirement may not be held liable for civil damages attributable to the disclosure of such records or be subject to any disciplinary action based on such disclosure.

**Section 3** of the bill creates s. 61.123, F.S., to require the Department of Children and Families to develop and publish specific enumerated criteria to consider and weigh when evaluating the appropriateness of the environment for a child in a custody dispute, dissolution of marriage, domestic violence, time sharing, or paternity matter involving the relationship of a child and parent.

Section 4 of the bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2025.

#### IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

The bill does not require cities and counties to expend funds or limit their authority to raise revenue or receive state-shared revenues as specified by Article VII, s. 18, of the State Constitution.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None Identified.

### V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

Indeterminate, likely insignificant, negative fiscal impact on the Department of Children and Families for the requirement to create and publish specific criteria for use by social investigators.

### VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

### VII. Related Issues:

None.

### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 61.20 and 61.122 This bill creates the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 61.123

### IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

656890

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

• • •

Senate

House

656890

psychologist which relates to a parenting plan recommendation conducted by the psychologist may not be filed anonymously. The individual who files an administrative complaint must include in the complaint his or her name, address, and telephone number. <u>Such an administrative complaint may not be filed until the</u> <u>complainant has moved to disqualify the selection of the</u> psychologist pursuant to subsection (3).

18 (3) A parent who desires to disqualify the selection of the 19 file a legal action against a court-appointed psychologist or 20 file an administrative complaint against the court-appointed 21 psychologist who has acted in good faith in developing a 22 parenting plan recommendation must petition the judge who is 23 presiding presided over the dissolution of marriage, case of 24 domestic violence, or paternity matter involving the 25 relationship of a child and a parent, including time-sharing of children, to appoint an alternative another psychologist. Upon 26 27 the parent's showing of good cause, the court shall appoint 28 another psychologist. The court shall determine who is 29 responsible for all court costs and attorney attorney's fees 30 associated with making such an appointment.

(4) In any supplemental If a legal action, whether it be a 31 32 civil action, a criminal action, or an administrative 33 proceeding, is filed against a court-appointed psychologist based upon his or her participation in a dissolution of 34 35 marriage, case of domestic violence, or paternity matter 36 involving the relationship of a child and a parent, including 37 time-sharing of children, the claimant is responsible for all 38 reasonable costs and reasonable attorney attorney's fees 39 associated with the action for both parties if the psychologist

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656890

40	is held not liable. If the psychologist is held liable in civil
41	court, the psychologist must pay all reasonable costs and
42	reasonable attorney's fees for the claimant.
43	Section 2. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.
44	
45	=========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =================================
46	And the title is amended as follows:
47	Delete everything before the enacting clause
48	and insert:
49	A bill to be entitled
50	An act relating to court-appointed psychologists;
51	amending s. 61.122, F.S.; requiring a party to seek
52	disqualification of a court-appointed psychologist
53	before filing an administrative complaint against the
54	psychologist; providing for disqualification motions;
55	revising provisions for award of costs and attorney
56	fees in supplemental actions against court-appointed
57	psychologists; providing an effective date.

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LEGISLATIVE ACTION .

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Senate

House

The Committee on Children, Families, and Elder Affairs (Bernard) recommended the following:

associated with the supplemental action for both parties if the

Senate Amendment to Amendment (656890)

5

psychologist

and insert:

Delete line 39

 ${\bf By}$  Senator Bradley

	6-00679A-25 20251050_
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the Agency for Persons with
3	Disabilities; renaming ch. 393, F.S., as "Persons with
4	Disabilities"; providing for a type two transfer of
5	primary powers and duties relating to the Division of
6	Vocational Rehabilitation, the Division of Blind
7	Services, and the Federal Rehabilitation Trust Fund
8	from the Department of Education to the Agency for
9	Persons with Disabilities; specifying that certain
10	binding contracts and interagency agreements remain
11	binding; providing that the Department of Education
12	shall continue operations of certain direct-support
13	organizations for a specified timeframe; providing for
14	the transition of such operations; requiring the
15	transfer of specified funds; transferring duties
16	related to submission of specified amendments,
17	supplemental information, or waivers to the Federal
18	Government; providing for a type two transfer of
19	certain programs of the department to the agency;
20	providing legislative intent; directing applicable
21	units of state government to contribute to
22	implementation of the act; specifying a transition
23	period; requiring the secretary of the Agency for
24	Persons with Disabilities and the Commissioner of
25	Education to each designate a transition coordinator
26	to implement the transition; providing for the
27	establishment of a transition advisory working group;
28	specifying duties of the working group; requiring that
29	any adjustments to the operating budgets be made in

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	6-00679A-25 20251050
30	consultation with the appropriate committees of the
31	Legislature; amending s. 20.15, F.S.; removing
32	specified divisions from the Department of Education;
33	amending s. 20.197, F.S.; designating the Agency for
34	Persons with Disabilities as a separate department
35	rather than as being housed within the Department of
36	Children and Families; providing the purposes of the
37	agency; providing that the head of the agency is the
38	secretary of the Agency for Persons with Disabilities,
39	rather than the director; conforming provisions to
40	changes made by the act; amending s. 20.1971, F.S.;
41	requiring the agency to administer the Federal
42	Rehabilitation Trust Fund; providing requirements for
43	the use of specified funds; providing that any
44	unexpended balance at a specified time to remain in
45	such trust fund for certain purpose; making technical
46	changes; amending s. 393.062, F.S.; providing and
47	revising legislative findings and intent; providing
48	the mission of the agency; creating s. 393.0621, F.S.;
49	providing agency duties and responsibilities; amending
50	s. 393.063, F.S.; providing and revising definitions;
51	amending s. 393.065, F.S.; requiring the agency to
52	participate in certain transition planning activities
53	for certain eligible individuals; creating s.
54	393.0664, F.S.; requiring the agency to implement a
55	specified Medicaid waiver program to address the needs
56	of certain clients; providing the purpose of the
57	program; authorizing the agency, in partnership with
58	the Agency for Health Care Administration, to seek

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6-00679A-25 20251050 59 federal approval through a state plan amendment or 60 Medicaid waiver to implement the program by a 61 specified date; providing voluntary enrollment, 62 eligibility, and disenrollment requirements; requiring 63 the agency to approve a needs assessment methodology; providing that only persons trained by the agency may 64 65 administer the methodology; requiring the agency to offer such training; requiring the agency to authorize 66 certain covered services specified in the Medicaid 67 68 waiver; providing requirements for such services; 69 requiring the agency to begin enrollment in the 70 program upon federal approval; providing construction; 71 requiring the agency, in consultation with the Agency 72 for Health Care Administration, to submit progress 73 reports to the Governor and the Legislature upon 74 federal approval and throughout implementation of the 75 program; requiring the agency to submit, by a 76 specified date, a progress report on the 77 administration of the program; specifying requirements 78 for the report; amending s. 393.502, F.S.; creating the statewide family care council for specified 79 80 purposes; specifying duties of the statewide council; 81 creating local family care councils for specified 82 purposes; requiring the statewide council to submit 83 annual reports to the agency by a specified date; providing requirements for the reports; requiring 84 85 local councils to submit annual reports to the 86 statewide council; providing requirements for the 87 reports; specifying duties of the local councils;

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CODING: Words stricken are deletions; words underlined are additions.

SB 1050

I	6-00679A-25 20251050
88	providing for funding and financial reviews of the
89	councils; revising membership requirements and meeting
90	requirements for the councils; creating s. 413.001,
91	F.S.; providing legislative intent for and purpose of
92	the agency; amending s. 413.271, F.S.; revising
93	membership of a specified council; amending ss.
94	90.6063, 110.112, 215.311, 257.04, 318.21, 320.0848,
95	393.13, 394.75, 402.56, 409.9855, 410.604, 413.011,
96	413.0111, 413.033, 413.035, 413.036, 413.037, 413.051,
97	413.091, 413.092, 413.20, 413.201, 413.203, 413.402,
98	413.405, 413.407, 413.445, 413.615, 413.80, 413.801,
99	427.012, 943.0585, 943.059, 1002.394, 1003.575,
100	1004.6495, and 1012.582, F.S.; conforming provisions
101	and cross-references to changes made by the act;
102	providing an effective date.
103	
104	WHEREAS, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities serves as
105	the primary agency administering support to all individuals with
106	disabilities in living, learning, and working within their
107	communities by creating multiple pathways to possibilities for
108	such individuals and their families, and
109	WHEREAS, the agency accomplishes its mission by
110	streamlining access to support and services for individuals with
111	disabilities, providing care navigation to assist them in
112	realizing their potential and thriving in their communities;
113	programs that provide Medicaid waivers, vocational
114	rehabilitation, and blind services; the Florida Unique Abilities
115	Partner Program; and a host of other necessary supports and
116	services, and

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I	6-00679A-25 20251050
117	WHEREAS, the mission of the agency is to develop community-
118	based programs and services for individuals with disabilities
119	and to work with private businesses, nonprofit organizations,
120	units of local government, and other organizations capable of
121	providing needed services to individuals with disabilities to
122	provide opportunities for success to such individuals, and
123	WHEREAS, this state continues to develop multiple
124	innovative pathways to serve individuals with disabilities and
125	their families, including advancing the continuum of care to
126	provide a robust and consistent system that promotes quality of
127	life in daily living, community integration, and goal-based
128	achievement, NOW, THEREFORE,
129	
130	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
131	
132	Section 1. Chapter 393, Florida Statutes, entitled
133	"Developmental Disabilities," is renamed "Persons with
134	Disabilities."
135	Section 2. Type two transfer from the Department of
136	Education
137	(1) All powers, duties, functions, records, offices,
138	personnel, associated administrative support positions,
139	property, pending issues, existing contracts, administrative
140	authority, administrative rules, and unexpended balances of
141	appropriations, allocations, and other funds relating to the
142	Division of Vocational Rehabilitation, the Division of Blind
143	Services, and the Federal Rehabilitation Trust Fund in the
144	Department of Education are transferred by a type two transfer,
145	as described in s. 20.06(2), Florida Statutes, from the

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	6-00679A-25 20251050
146	Department of Education to the Agency for Persons with
147	Disabilities.
148	(2) Any binding contract or interagency agreement existing
149	before September 30, 2026, between the Division of Blind
150	Services, the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation, or an
151	entity or agent of those divisions and any other agency, entity,
152	or person must continue as a binding contract or agreement for
153	the remainder of the term of such contract or agreement on the
154	successor department, agency, or entity responsible for the
155	program, activity, or functions relative to the contract or
156	agreement. The Department of Education shall continue the
157	operations of any direct-support organization created under
158	chapter 413, Florida Statutes, until full implementation of the
159	transition plan or October 1, 2027, whichever occurs first. The
160	transition must include the transfer of powers, duties,
161	functions, records, offices, personnel, property, pending
162	issues, and existing contracts related to any direct-support
163	organizations created under chapter 413, Florida Statutes.
164	(3) Any funds held in trust which were donated to or earned
165	by the Division of Blind Services or the Division of Vocational
166	Rehabilitation must be transferred in conjunction with the
167	direct-support organization created pursuant to s. 413.0111,
168	Florida Statutes, as appropriate, and used for the original
169	purposes.
170	(4) Duties related to applicable federal authority in
171	connection with any federal program operated by or federal
172	funding received by the state must transfer to the Agency for
173	Persons with Disabilities to allow the timely submission of any
174	necessary amendments, supplemental information, or waivers

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175	concerning plans that the state or an entity specified in
176	subsection (3) is required to submit to the applicable federal
177	departments or agencies or that, pursuant to federal laws or
178	regulations, are necessary to administer this act.
179	(5) All powers, duties, functions, records, offices,
180	personnel, property, pending issues, existing contracts,
181	administrative authority, administrative rules, and unexpended
182	balances of appropriations, allocations, and other funds of the
183	Department of Education relating to the programs transferred to
184	the Agency for Persons with Disabilities under subsection (1)
185	which are not specifically transferred by this section are
186	transferred by a type two transfer, as defined in s. 20.06(2),
187	Florida Statutes, to the Agency for Persons with Disabilities.
188	(6) The Agency for Persons with Disabilities and the
189	Department of Education shall jointly notify the United States
190	Department of Education of the change in grant recipient for any
191	applicable federal funding.
192	(7) It is the intent of the Legislature that all transition
193	activities be completed on or before October 1, 2027, and that
194	the changes made by this section be accomplished with minimal
195	disruption of services provided to the public and minimal
196	disruption to employees of any affected organization. To that
197	end, the Legislature directs all applicable units of state
198	government to contribute to the successful implementation of
199	this act, and declares that a transition period between July 1,
200	2025, and October 1, 2027, is appropriate and warranted, and is
201	hereby established.
202	Section 3. (1) The secretary of the Agency for Persons
203	with Disabilities and the Commissioner of Education shall each
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204	designate a transition coordinator to serve as the primary
205	representative on a transition advisory working group for
206	matters related to implementing this act and the transition
207	plans required under this act. The transition coordinators may
208	recommend to the secretary and the commissioner a team of
209	subject-matter experts to fulfill transition duties and submit
210	progress reports on any activity, duty, or function performed
211	under this act.
212	(2) The secretary and the commissioner shall each appoint
213	three staff members to the transition advisory working group to
214	review and make determinations on the following:
215	(a) The appropriate proportionate number of administrative,
216	auditing, inspector general, attorney, and operational support
217	positions and their related funding levels and sources and
218	assigned property to be transferred from the Office of General
219	Counsel, Office of Inspector General, and Division of
220	Administrative Services or other relevant offices or divisions
221	within the Department of Education to the Agency for Persons
222	with Disabilities.
223	(b) The development of a recommended plan addressing the
224	transfers or shared use of buildings, regional offices, and
225	other facilities used or owned by the Department of Education.
226	(c) Any operating budget adjustments necessary to implement
227	the requirements of this act. Adjustments made to the operating
228	budgets of the Agency for Persons with Disabilities and the
229	Department of Education in the implementation of this act must
230	be made in consultation with the appropriate substantive and
231	fiscal committees of the Senate and the House of
232	Representatives.

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233	Section 4. Paragraphs (e) and (f) of subsection (3) of
234	section 20.15, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
235	20.15 Department of EducationThere is created a
236	Department of Education.
237	(3) DIVISIONSThe following divisions of the Department of
238	Education are established:
239	(c) Division of Vocational Rehabilitation.
240	(f) Division of Blind Services.
241	Section 5. Section 20.197, Florida Statutes, is amended to
242	read:
243	20.197 Agency for Persons with Disabilities
244	(1) Notwithstanding s. $20.04(1)$ , there is created <u>a</u>
245	department, which shall be called the Agency for Persons with
246	Disabilities, for the purposes of:
247	(a) Serving as the single state agency providing multiple
248	pathways for success for persons with disabilities.
249	(b) Providing services under chapter 393 to persons with
250	disabilities, including overseeing the operation of all state
251	institutional programs and the programmatic management of
252	Medicaid waivers and other programs established to provide
253	services to persons with developmental disabilities.
254	(c) Providing services under chapter 413 to persons with
255	disabilities.
256	(2) The head of the agency is the secretary of the Agency
257	for Persons with Disabilities and shall be appointed by the
258	Governor, subject to confirmation by the Senate. The secretary
259	shall serve at the pleasure of and report to the Governor <del>housed</del>
260	within the Department of Children and Families for
261	administrative purposes only. The agency shall be a separate

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6-00679A-25 20251050 budget entity not subject to control, supervision, or direction 262 263 by the Department of Children and Families in any manner, 264 including, but not limited to, personnel, purchasing, 265 transactions involving real or personal property, and budgetary 266 matters. 267 (3) (1) The director of the agency shall be the agency head 268 for all purposes and shall be appointed by the Governor, subject to confirmation by the Senate, and shall serve at the pleasure 269 270 of the Governor. The secretary director shall administer the 271 affairs of the agency and may, within available resources, 272 employ assistants, professional staff, and other employees as 273 necessary to discharge the powers and duties of the agency. 274 (4) (2) The agency, shall include a Division of Budget and 275 Planning and a Division of Operations. In addition, and in accordance with s. 20.04, shall establish the director of the 276 277 agency may recommend establishing additional divisions, bureaus, 278 sections, and subsections of the agency in order to promote 279 efficient and effective operation of the agency. 280 (3) The agency is responsible for providing all services 281 provided to persons with developmental disabilities under 282 chapter 393, including the operation of all state institutional 283 programs and the programmatic management of Medicaid waivers 284 established to provide services to persons with developmental 285 disabilities. 286 (5) (4) The agency shall engage in such other programmatic

286 <u>(5)(4)</u> The agency shall engage in such other <u>programmatic</u> 287 <u>and</u> administrative activities as <u>it deems</u> <del>are deemed</del> necessary 288 to effectively and efficiently address the needs of the agency's 289 clients.

290

(6) (5) The agency shall enter into an interagency agreement

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6-00679A-25 20251050 291 that delineates the responsibilities of the Agency for Health 292 Care Administration for the following: 293 (a) The terms and execution of contracts with Medicaid 294 providers for the provision of services provided through 295 Medicaid, including federally approved waiver programs. 296 (b) The billing, payment, and reconciliation of claims for 297 Medicaid services reimbursed by the agency. 298 (c) The implementation of utilization management measures, 299 including the prior authorization of services plans and the 300 streamlining and consolidation of waiver services, to ensure the 301 cost-effective provision of needed Medicaid services and to 302 maximize the number of persons with access to such services. 303 (d) A system of approving each client's plan of care to 304 ensure that the services on the plan of care are those that 305 without which the client would require the services of an 306 intermediate care facility for the developmentally disabled. 307 Section 6. Section 20.1971, Florida Statutes, is amended to 308 read: 309 20.1971 Agency for Persons with Disabilities; trust funds.-310 The following trust funds shall be administered by the Agency 311 for Persons with Disabilities: 312 (1) THE ADMINISTRATIVE TRUST FUND.-313 Funds to be credited to the trust fund shall consist of (a) 314 federal matching funds provided for the administration of Medicaid services. Funds must shall be used for the purpose of 315 316 supporting the agency's administration of Medicaid programs and 317 for other such purposes as may be appropriate and shall be 318 expended only pursuant to legislative appropriation or an 319 approved amendment to the agency's operating budget pursuant to

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320 the provisions of chapter 216. 321 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 216.301 and 322 pursuant to s. 216.351, any balance in the trust fund at the end 323 of any fiscal year remains shall remain in the trust fund at the 324 end of the year and is shall be available for carrying out the 325 purposes of the trust fund. 326 (2) THE OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE TRUST FUND.-327 (a) Funds to be credited to the trust fund shall consist of 328 receipts from third-party payors of health care services such as 329 Medicaid. Funds must shall be used for the purpose of providing 330 health care services to agency clients and for other such 331 purposes as may be appropriate and may shall be expended only 332 pursuant to legislative appropriation or an approved amendment 333 to the agency's operating budget pursuant to the provisions of 334 chapter 216. 335 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 216.301 and 336 pursuant to s. 216.351, any balance in the trust fund at the end 337 of any fiscal year remains shall remain in the trust fund at the 338 end of the year and is shall be available for carrying out the 339 purposes of the trust fund. 340 (3) THE SOCIAL SERVICES BLOCK GRANT TRUST FUND.-341 (a) Funds to be credited to the trust fund shall consist of federal social services block grant funds. These funds must 342 343 shall be used for the purpose of providing health care and support services to agency clients and for other such purposes 344 345 as may be appropriate and may shall be expended only pursuant to 346 legislative appropriation or an approved amendment to the 347 agency's operating budget pursuant to the provisions of chapter 216.

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349
          (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 216.301 and
350
     pursuant to s. 216.351, any balance in the trust fund at the end
351
     of any fiscal year remains shall remain in the trust fund at the
352
     end of the year and is shall be available for carrying out the
353
     purposes of the trust fund.
354
          (4) THE TOBACCO SETTLEMENT TRUST FUND.-
355
          (a) Funds to be credited to the trust fund shall consist of
356
     funds disbursed, by nonoperating transfer, from the Department
357
     of Financial Services Tobacco Settlement Clearing Trust Fund in
358
     amounts equal to the annual appropriations made from this trust
359
     fund.
360
          (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 216.301 and
361
     pursuant to s. 216.351, any unencumbered balance in the trust
     fund at the end of any fiscal year and any encumbered balance
362
     remaining undisbursed on September 30 of the same calendar year
363
364
     reverts shall revert to the Department of Financial Services
365
     Tobacco Settlement Clearing Trust Fund.
366
          (5) THE FEDERAL GRANTS TRUST FUND.-
367
           (a) Funds to be credited to the trust fund shall consist of
368
     receipts from federal grants. These funds must shall be used for
369
     the purpose of providing health care services to agency clients
370
     and for other such purposes as may be appropriate and may shall
371
     be expended only pursuant to legislative appropriation or an
372
     approved amendment to the agency's operating budget pursuant to
373
     the provisions of chapter 216.
374
           (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of s. 216.301 and
375
     pursuant to s. 216.351, any balance in the trust fund at the end
376
     of any fiscal year remains shall remain in the trust fund at the
     end of the year and is shall be available for carrying out the
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378	purposes of the trust fund.
379	(6) THE FEDERAL REHABILITATION TRUST FUND
380	(a) Funds to be credited to the trust fund shall consist of
381	receipts from federal grants. These funds must be used for the
382	purpose of providing independent living skills, education,
383	medical treatment, and assistive devices for individuals with
384	disabilities so that they may lead productive lives and join the
385	workforce.
386	(b) Notwithstanding s. 216.301 and pursuant to s. 216.351,
387	any balance in the trust fund at the end of any fiscal year
388	remains in the trust fund at the end of the year and is
389	available for carrying out the purposes of the trust fund.
390	Section 7. Section 393.062, Florida Statutes, is amended to
391	read:
392	393.062 Legislative findings and declaration of intentThe
393	Legislature finds and <u>intends</u> <del>declares</del> that <u>the Agency for</u>
394	Persons with Disabilities serve as the single state agency for
395	all individuals with disabilities in this state. The mission of
396	the agency is to support individuals with disabilities and their
397	families in living, learning, and working within their
398	communities by creating multiple pathways to possibilities for
399	such individuals and their families existing state programs for
400	the treatment of individuals with developmental disabilities,
401	which often unnecessarily place clients in institutions, are
402	unreasonably costly, are ineffective in bringing the individual
403	client to his or her maximum potential, and are in fact
404	debilitating to many clients. A redirection in state treatment
405	programs for individuals with developmental disabilities is
406	necessary if any significant amelioration of the problems faced
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6-00679A-25 20251050 407 by such individuals is ever to take place. Such redirection should place primary emphasis on programs that prevent or reduce 408 409 the severity of developmental disabilities. Further, The 410 greatest priority shall be given to the development and 411 implementation of community-based services that will enable 412 individuals with developmental disabilities to achieve their 413 greatest potential for independent and productive living, enable 414 them to live in their own homes or in residences located in 415 their own communities, and permit them to be diverted or removed from unnecessary institutional placements. This goal cannot be 416 417 met without ensuring the availability of community residential 418 opportunities in the residential areas of this state. The 419 Legislature, therefore, declares that all persons with 420 developmental disabilities who live in licensed community homes 421 shall have a family living environment comparable to other 422 Floridians and that such residences shall be considered and 423 treated as a functional equivalent of a family unit and not as 424 an institution, business, or boarding home. The Legislature 425 further declares that, in developing community-based programs 426 and services for individuals with developmental disabilities, 427 private businesses, not-for-profit corporations, units of local 428 government, and other organizations capable of providing needed 429 services to clients in a cost-efficient manner shall be given 430 preference in lieu of operation of programs directly by state 431 agencies. Finally, it is the intent of the Legislature that all 4.32 caretakers unrelated to individuals with developmental 433 disabilities receiving care shall be of good moral character.

434 Section 8. Section 393.0621, Florida Statutes, is created 435 to read:

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436	393.0621 Duties and responsibilities of the agencyThe
437	agency shall:
438	(1) Serve as the primary agency administering support to
439	individuals with disabilities in living, learning, and working
440	within their communities by creating multiple pathways to
441	possibilities for such individuals and their families, among
442	other responsibilities.
443	(2) Administer, as deemed fit by the agency and in
444	accordance with law, developmental disabilities home and
445	community-based Medicaid waiver programs.
446	(3) Develop community-based programs and services for
447	individuals with disabilities and work with private businesses,
448	nonprofit organizations, faith-based entities, units of local
449	government, and other organizations capable of providing needed
450	services to individuals with disabilities to provide
451	opportunities for success to such individuals.
452	(4) Advise the Governor and the Legislature regarding the
453	need for and location of programs related to disabilities.
454	(5) Serve as the preeminent state authority on individuals
455	with disabilities and, when necessary, advise, set standards
456	for, and propose recommendations to other entities serving
457	individuals with disabilities.
458	(6) Advocate for quality programs and services for the
459	state's disabled population and on behalf of the needs of
460	individuals with disabilities.
461	(7) Purchase, lease, or otherwise acquire material to
462	advertise, market, and promote awareness of services available
463	to enable individuals with disabilities to achieve greater
464	independence.

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465	(8) Prevent neglect, abuse, or exploitation of individuals
466	with disabilities who are unable to protect their own interests.
467	(9) Conduct studies and collect data necessary for the
468	success of its mission.
469	(10) Coordinate interdepartmental policy development and
470	program planning for all state agencies that provide services
471	for individuals with disabilities in order to prevent
472	duplicative efforts, to maximize use of resources, and to ensure
473	cooperation, communication, and departmental linkages.
474	Section 9. Present subsections (6) through (46) of section
475	393.063, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as subsections (7)
476	through (47), respectively, a new subsection (6) is added to
477	that section, and present subsections (6), (7), (10), (13),
478	(18), (20), (31), (37), and (46) of that section are amended, to
479	read:
480	393.063 DefinitionsFor the purposes of this chapter, the
481	term:
482	(6) "Care plan" means a written tool that contains
483	information provided by the individual with disabilities or his
484	or her guardian advocate or representative which is used to
485	develop attainable milestones and corresponding timelines to
486	address immediate, intermediate, and long-term needs and goals
487	through the coordination of resources and support.
488	<u>(7)</u> (6) "Cerebral palsy" means a group of disabling symptoms
489	of extended duration which results from damage to the developing
490	brain that may occur before, during, or after birth and that
491	results in the loss or impairment of control over voluntary
492	muscles. <u>The term</u> <del>For the purposes of this definition, cerebral</del>
493	palsy does not include those symptoms or impairments resulting

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494	solely from a stroke.
495	(8) (7) "Client" means any individual with disabilities who
496	receives services or support from the agency under this chapter
497	or chapter 413 person determined eligible by the agency for
498	services under this chapter.
499	(11) (10) "Developmental disabilities center" means a state-
500	owned and state-operated facility <del>, formerly known as a "Sunland</del>
501	Center," providing for the care, habilitation, and
502	rehabilitation of clients with developmental disabilities.
503	(14) (13) "Domicile" means the place where a client legally
504	resides and which is his or her permanent home. Domicile may be
505	established as provided in s. 222.17. Domicile may not be
506	established in Florida by a minor who <u>does not have a</u> <del>has no</del>
507	parent <del>domiciled in Florida,</del> or <del>by a minor who has no</del> legal
508	guardian domiciled in Florida, or by any alien not classified as
509	a resident alien.
510	(19) <del>(18)</del> "Group home facility" means a residential facility
511	licensed under this chapter which provides a family living
512	environment including supervision and care necessary to meet the
513	physical, emotional, and social needs of its residents. The
514	capacity of such a facility <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> be at least 4 but not
515	more than 15 residents.
516	<u>(21)</u> "Guardian advocate" means a person appointed by a
517	written order of the court <u>under s. 393.12</u> to represent a person
518	with developmental disabilities under s. 393.12.

519 <u>(32)</u> (31) "Resident" means a person who has a developmental 520 disability and resides at a residential facility, <u>regardless of</u> 521 whether <del>or not</del> such person is a client of the agency.

(38) (37) "Seclusion" means the involuntary isolation of a

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523	person in a room or area from which the person is prevented from
524	leaving. The prevention may be by physical barrier or by a staff
525	member <del>who is</del> acting in a manner, or <del>who is</del> physically situated,
526	so as to prevent the person from leaving the room or area. For
527	the purposes of this chapter, the term does not mean isolation
528	due to the medical condition or symptoms of the person.
529	(47) (46) "Treatment" means interventions or services
530	provided to prevent and lessen a client's symptoms; provide
531	care, comfort, and education to a client; and restore and
532	maintain the health of a client the prevention, amelioration, or
533	cure of a client's physical and mental disabilities or
534	illnesses.
535	Section 10. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5) and paragraph
536	(a) of subsection (11) of section 393.065, Florida Statutes, are
537	amended to read:
538	393.065 Application and eligibility determination
539	(5) Except as provided in subsections (6) and (7), if a
540	client seeking enrollment in the developmental disabilities home
541	and community-based services Medicaid waiver program meets the
542	level of care requirement for an intermediate care facility for
543	individuals with intellectual disabilities pursuant to 42 C.F.R.
544	ss. 435.217(b)(1) and 440.150, the agency must assign the client
545	to an appropriate preenrollment category pursuant to this
546	subsection and must provide priority to clients waiting for
547	waiver services in the following order:
548	(b) Category 2, which includes clients in the preenrollment
549	categories who are:
550	1. From the child welfare system with an open case in the
551	Department of Children and Families' statewide automated child

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6-00679A-25 20251050 552 welfare information system and who are either: 553 a. Transitioning out of the child welfare system into 554 permanency; or 555 b. At least 18 years but not yet 22 years of age and who 556 need both waiver services and extended foster care services; or 557 2. At least 18 years but not yet 22 years of age and who 558 withdrew consent pursuant to s. 39.6251(5)(c) to remain in the 559 extended foster care system. 560 561 For individuals who are at least 18 years but not yet 22 years 562 of age and who are eligible under sub-subparagraph 1.b., the 563 agency must provide waiver services, including residential 564 habilitation, and must participate in transition planning 565 activities coordinated by the community-based care lead agency, including, but not limited to, transition plan staffing pursuant 566 567 to s. 39.6035 and multidisciplinary staffing pursuant to s. 568 39.701, including those activities regarding guardianship. and 569 The community-based care lead agency must fund room and board at 570 the rate established in s. 409.145(3) and provide case 571 management and related services as defined in s. 409.986(3)(e). 572 Individuals may receive both waiver services and services under 573 s. 39.6251. Services may not duplicate services available 574 through the Medicaid state plan. 575 576 Within preenrollment categories 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, the agency 577 shall prioritize clients in the order of the date that the 578 client is determined eligible for waiver services. 579 (11) (a) The agency must provide the following information to all applicants or their parents, legal guardians, or family 580

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581	members:
582	1. A brief overview of the vocational rehabilitation
583	services offered through the Division of Vocational
584	Rehabilitation of the <u>agency</u> <del>Department of Education</del> , including
585	a hyperlink or website address that provides access to the
586	application for such services;
587	2. A brief overview of the Florida ABLE program as
588	established under s. 1009.986, including a hyperlink or website
589	address that provides access to the application for establishing
590	an ABLE account as defined in s. 1009.986(2);
591	3. A brief overview of the supplemental security income
592	benefits and social security disability income benefits
593	available under Title XVI of the Social Security Act, as
594	amended, including a hyperlink or website address that provides
595	access to the application for such benefits;
596	4. A statement indicating that the applicant's local public
597	school district may provide specialized instructional services,
598	including transition programs, for students with special
599	education needs;
600	5. A brief overview of programs and services funded through
601	the Florida Center for Students with Unique Abilities, including
602	contact information for each state-approved Florida
603	Postsecondary Comprehensive Transition Program;
604	6. A brief overview of decisionmaking options for
605	individuals with disabilities, guardianship under chapter 744,
606	and alternatives to guardianship as defined in s. 744.334(1),
607	which may include contact information for organizations that the
608	agency believes would be helpful in assisting with such
609	decisions;
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610	7. A brief overview of the referral tools made available
611	through the agency, including a hyperlink or website address
612	that provides access to such tools; and
613	8. A statement indicating that some waiver providers may
614	serve private-pay individuals.
615	Section 11. Section 393.0664, Florida Statutes, is created
616	to read:
617	393.0664 Adult Pathways Home and Community-based Services
618	Medicaid waiver program.—
619	(1) PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION
620	(a) The agency shall implement the Adult Pathways Home and
621	Community-based Services Medicaid waiver program using a fee-
622	for-service model with an annual per-person funding cap to
623	address the needs of clients with developmental disabilities as
624	they transition into adulthood and achieve greater independence
625	throughout their lifetimes.
626	(b) The program is created to establish an additional
627	pathway to provide necessary supports and services to clients
628	and contain costs by maximizing the use of natural supports and
629	community partnerships before turning to state resources to meet
630	the needs of clients at the earliest possible time to prevent
631	care crises and to positively influence outcomes relating to
632	client health, safety, and well-being.
633	(c) The agency, in partnership with the Agency for Health
634	Care Administration, may seek federal approval through a state
635	plan amendment or Medicaid waiver as necessary to implement the
636	program. The Agency for Health Care Administration shall submit
637	a request for any federal approval needed to implement the
638	program by October 1, 2025.

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639	(2) VOLUNTARY ENROLLMENT; ELIGIBILITY; DISENROLLMENT
640	(a) Participation in the program is voluntary and limited
641	to the maximum number of enrollees authorized in the General
642	Appropriations Act.
643	(b) The agency shall approve a needs assessment methodology
644	to determine functional, behavioral, and physical needs of
645	prospective enrollees. The assessment methodology may be
646	administered only by persons who have completed any training
647	required by the agency for such purpose. If required, the agency
648	must offer any such training.
649	(c) To participate in the program, a client must meet all
650	of the following criteria:
651	1. Be eligible for Medicaid.
652	2. Be eligible for a preenrollment category for Medicaid
653	waiver services as provided in s. 393.065(5).
654	3. Be 18 to 28 years of age at the time of enrollment and
655	have attained a high school diploma or the equivalent.
656	4. Meet the level of care required for home and community-
657	based services as identified in the federal approval for the
658	program.
659	(d) Enrollees may remain on the Adult Pathways waiver until
660	the age of 32.
661	(e) Participation in the program does not affect the status
662	of current clients of the home and community-based services
663	Medicaid waiver program under s. 393.0662 unless a client, or
664	his or her legal representative, voluntarily disenrolls from
665	that program.
666	(f) Enrollees who voluntarily disenroll from the program
667	must be allowed to return to the most appropriate preenrollment

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668	category for services under s. 393.065 based on a current needs
669	assessment and the preenrollment category criteria.
670	(3) ADULT PATHWAYS WAIVER SERVICES
671	(a) The agency shall authorize covered services as
672	specified in the Medicaid waiver which are medically necessary,
673	including, but not limited to, any of the following:
674	1. Adult day training.
675	2. Companion services.
676	3. Employment services.
677	4. Personal supports.
678	5. Prevocational services.
679	6. Supported living coaching.
680	7. Transportation.
681	8. Care Coordination.
682	(b) Services must be provided to enrollees in accordance
683	with an individualized care plan, which must be evaluated and
684	updated at least annually and as often as warranted by changes
685	in the enrollee's circumstances.
686	(4) PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION AND EVALUATION
687	(a) The agency shall begin enrollment upon federal approval
688	of the Medicaid waiver, with coverage for enrollees becoming
689	effective upon authorization and availability of sufficient
690	state and federal funding and resources.
691	(b) This section and any rules adopted pursuant thereto may
692	not be construed to prevent or limit the agency, in consultation
693	with the Agency for Health Care Administration, from adjusting
694	fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, or
695	number of services; limiting enrollment; or making any other
696	adjustment necessary based upon funding and any limitations

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697	imposed or directions provided in the General Appropriations
698	<u>Act.</u>
699	(c) The agency, in consultation with the Agency for Health
700	Care Administration, shall submit progress reports to the
701	Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the
702	House of Representatives upon federal approval of the Medicaid
703	waiver and throughout implementation of the program under the
704	waiver. By July 1, 2026, the Agency for Persons with
705	Disabilities shall submit a progress report on the
706	administration of the program, including, but not limited to,
707	all of the following:
708	1. The number of enrollees in the program and other
709	pertinent information on enrollment.
710	2. Service use.
711	3. Average cost per enrollee.
712	4. Outcomes and performance reporting relating to health,
713	safety, and well-being of enrollees.
714	Section 12. Section 393.502, Florida Statutes, is amended
715	to read:
716	393.502 Family care councils
717	(1) CREATION; PURPOSE
718	(a) There is created the statewide family care council to
719	work in consultation with the agency for purposes of advising
720	the agency on strategies to promote and support the delivery of
721	services and resources across the state. The statewide council
722	shall use information provided from the local family care
723	councils to inform the development of strategies and resources,
724	including the promotion of peer and mentorship models, to
725	support individuals with disabilities and their families in the
1	

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726	state.
727	(b) There <u>is</u> <del>shall be</del> established and located within each
728	agency-designated region service area of the agency a local
729	family care council to collect, provide, and promote information
730	in consultation with the statewide family care council and the
731	agency relating to services and resources within each council's
732	locally designated region and to act as a local network for
733	mentorship and peer support to individuals with disabilities and
734	their families.
735	(2) DUTIES; REPORT
736	(a) The statewide family care council shall use the
737	information received from the annual reports and quarterly
738	meetings of the local family care councils to provide an annual
739	report to the agency due December 1, including information
740	relating to the existing infrastructure of supports for
741	individuals with disabilities and their families and targeted
742	strategies in consultation with the agency for the development
743	of existing and additional peer and mentorship models.
744	Specifically, the plan and strategies should reference existing
745	models established as leading practices and promote the
746	maximization of community integration, resource identification,
747	encouragement for others by sharing lived experiences, and
748	increase of skills for independence through partnerships that
749	promote volunteer, intern, and employment options.
750	(b) The local family care councils shall:
751	1. Provide an annual report to the statewide family care
752	council by July 1 which includes information relating to locally
753	based existing resources and supports available for individuals
754	with disabilities and their families with an emphasis on peer

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755	and mentorship programs and models and direct feedback and
756	activities provided through the local family care council's
757	quarterly meetings which inform strategies to develop networks
758	of supports which promote the maximization of community
759	integration, resource identification, encouragement for others
760	by sharing lived experiences, and increase of skills for
761	independence through partnerships that promote volunteer
762	opportunities, internships, and employment options.
763	2. Assist in promoting strategies, models, and programs
764	that are developed as a result of findings in the statewide
765	family care council's annual report and in consultation with the
766	agency.
767	3. Provide outreach and connection for individuals with
768	disabilities and their families to care navigation, resources
769	and supports, and additional opportunities to connect with
770	others with lived experiences to promote empowerment and
771	resiliency.
772	(3) FUNDING; FINANCIAL REVIEWA local family care council
773	may apply for, receive, and accept grants, gifts, and donations,
774	bequests, and other payments from any public or private entity
775	or person for the purpose of directly supporting the mentorship
776	and peer supports program and network. Each council shall
777	exercise care and prudence in the expenditure of funds. The
778	statewide council and each local council are subject to an
779	annual financial review by staff assigned by the agency. After
780	the review, the agency may implement financial controls for a
781	council as it deems necessary. The statewide and local councils
782	must comply with state expenditure requirements.
783	(4) (2) MEMBERSHIP

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784	(a)1. Employees of the agency are not eligible to serve as
785	voting members on either the statewide council or a local
786	council.
787	2. Persons related by consanguinity or affinity within the
788	third degree may not serve on the same council at the same time.
789	(b)1. The Governor shall appoint all members of the
790	statewide council, based on recommendations of the secretary of
791	the agency. The statewide council shall be composed of up to 11
792	members, as follows:
793	a. At least one representative from each agency-designated
794	region, each of whom must be a resident of the region he or she
795	represents on the council.
796	b. At least two individuals who are receiving waiver
797	services from the agency or are assigned to a preenrollment
798	category for waiver services under s. 393.065.
799	c. One nonvoting member appointed by the secretary of the
800	agency.
801	d. One representative of an entity that provides services
802	to individuals with disabilities in this state, including, but
803	not limited to, a private sector Florida Unique Abilities
804	Partner designated under s. 413.801, which does not have a
805	Medicaid waiver service contract with the agency, who shall
806	serve as a member-at-large.
807	e. At least one member who is the parent, grandparent,
808	guardian, or sibling of an individual with disabilities who is
809	served by the agency. For a grandparent to serve as a member,
810	the grandchild's parent or legal guardian must consent to the
811	appointment in writing to the agency.
812	f. Additional members may include representatives from

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813	local community-based nonprofit organizations, faith-based
814	organizations, schools, or programs embedded within educational
815	systems in this state.
816	2. The council chair shall be chosen by the council members
817	to serve a 1-year term. A person may not serve more than two
818	consecutive terms as chair.
819	<u>(c)<del>(a)</del> Each local <del>family care</del> council shall <u>be composed</u></u>
820	<del>consist</del> of at least 10 and no more than 15 members <u>who are</u>
821	recommended by a majority vote of the local family care council
822	and appointed by the secretary of the agency. Each local council
823	member must reside within the agency-designated region served by
824	the local council.
825	1. At least one member must be an individual receiving
826	waiver services from the agency or assigned to a preenrollment
827	category for waiver services under s. 393.065.
828	2. One member must be a representative of an entity
829	providing services to individuals with disabilities in this
830	state, including, but not limited to, a private sector Florida
831	Unique Abilities Partner designated under s. 413.801, which does
832	not have a Medicaid waiver service contract with the agency.
833	3. At least one member must be the parent, grandparent,
834	guardian, or sibling of an individual with disabilities who is
835	served by the agency. For a grandparent to serve as a member,
836	the grandchild's parent or legal guardian must consent to the
837	appointment in writing to the agency.
838	4. Additional members may include representatives of local
839	community-based nonprofit organizations, faith-based
840	organizations, schools, or educational programs Governor.
841	(b) At least three of the members of the council shall be

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842	individuals receiving or waiting to receive services from the
843	agency. One such member shall be an individual who has been
844	receiving services within the 4 years before the date of
845	recommendation. The remainder of the council members shall be
846	parents, grandparents, guardians, or siblings of individuals who
847	have developmental disabilities and qualify for services
848	pursuant to this chapter. For a grandparent to be a council
849	member, the grandchild's parent or legal guardian must consent
850	to the appointment and report the consent to the agency.
851	(c) A person who is currently serving on another board or
852	council of the agency may not be appointed to a local family
853	care council.
854	(d) Employees of the agency are not eligible to serve on a
855	local family care council.
856	(e) Persons related by consanguinity or affinity within the
857	third degree shall not serve on the same local family care
858	council at the same time.
859	<u>5.(f)</u> The A chair of each local <del>for the</del> council must <del>shall</del>
860	be chosen by the council members to serve <u>a 1-year term</u> <del>for 1</del>
861	<del>year</del> . A person may <u>not</u> serve <del>no</del> more than <u>two consecutive</u> <del>four</del>
862	<del>1-year</del> terms as chair.
863	(5)-(3) TERMS; VACANCIES
864	(a) Council members for the statewide and local councils
865	shall be appointed for a 3-year term, except as provided in
866	subsection (9) (8), and may be reappointed to one additional
867	term.
868	(b) A member who has served two consecutive terms shall not
869	be eligible to serve again until 12 months have elapsed since
870	ending his or her service on the local council.

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871	(c) Upon expiration of a term or in the case of any other
872	vacancy, the statewide or local council shall notify the agency
873	of the vacancy, which must be filled in the same manner as the
874	original appointment, by majority vote, recommend to the
875	Governor for appointment a person for each vacancy.
876	(d) Statewide council members serve at the pleasure of the
877	Governor. Local council members serve at the pleasure of the
878	secretary of the agency.
879	(6)(4) COMMITTEE APPOINTMENTS.—The chair of the local
880	family care council may appoint persons to serve on council
881	committees. Such persons may include former members of the
882	council and persons not eligible to serve on the council.
883	<u>(7)</u> TRAINING
884	(a) The agency, in consultation with the statewide and
885	local councils, shall establish a training program for <del>local</del>
886	family care council members. Each <u>council</u> <del>local area</del> shall
887	provide the training program when new <u>members</u> <del>persons</del> are
888	appointed to the <del>local</del> council and at other times as the
889	secretary deems necessary.
890	(b) The training <u>must</u> <del>shall</del> assist the council members to
891	understand the laws, rules, and policies applicable to their
892	duties and responsibilities.
893	(c) All <u>members</u> <del>persons</del> appointed to a local council must
894	complete this training within 90 days after their appointment. A
895	member <del>person</del> who fails to meet this requirement <u>is</u> <del>shall be</del>
896	considered to have resigned from the council.
897	<u>(8)</u> MEETINGS
898	(a) The statewide family care council and all local family
899	care councils shall meet as necessary but at least quarterly.
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900	(b) Council members shall serve on a voluntary basis
901	without compensation. However, members who were appointed on the
902	basis of receiving waiver services from the agency or by virtue
903	of being assigned to a preenrollment category or who are serving
904	on the basis of being related to such a person are entitled to
905	reimbursement payment for their services but shall be reimbursed
906	for per diem and travel expenses as provided for in s. 112.061.
907	(c) The statewide family care council and local family care
908	councils may not conduct business in the absence of a quorum.
909	The majority of the members of the council constitutes a quorum,
910	and a meeting may not be held with less than a quorum present.
911	In order to establish a quorum, the council may conduct its
912	meetings through teleconference or other electronic means. If
913	vacancies on a council prevent a quorum, the only business the
914	council may conduct is the development and submission of
915	recommendations for individuals to be appointed to the council
916	by the secretary of the agency T <del>he council shall meet at least</del>
917	six times per year.
918	(7) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the local family care councils
919	shall be to advise the agency, to develop a plan for the
920	delivery of family support services within the local area, and
921	to monitor the implementation and effectiveness of services and
922	support provided under the plan. The primary functions of the
923	local family care councils shall be to:
924	(a) Assist in providing information and outreach to
925	families.
926	(b) Review the effectiveness of service programs and make
927	recommendations with respect to program implementation.
928	(c) Advise the agency with respect to policy issues
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6-00679A-25 20251050 929 relevant to the community and family support system in the local 930 area. 931 (d) Meet and share information with other local family care 932 councils. (9) (8) NEW COUNCILS. - When a local family care council is 933 934 established for the first time in an agency-designated region a 935 local area, the secretary of the agency Governor shall appoint the first four council members, who shall serve 3-year terms. 936 937 These members shall submit to the Governor, within 90 days after 938 their appointment, recommendations for at least six additional 939 members, selected by majority vote. 940 (9) FUNDING; FINANCIAL REVIEW.-The local family care 941 council may apply for, receive, and accept grants, gifts, 942 donations, bequests, and other payments from any public or 943 private entity or person. Each local council is subject to an 944 annual financial review by staff assigned by the agency. Each 945 local council shall exercise care and prudence in the expenditure of funds. The local family care councils shall 946 947 comply with state expenditure requirements. 948 Section 13. Section 413.001, Florida Statutes, is created 949 to read: 950 413.001 Legislative intent; purpose.-It is the intent of 951 the Legislature that the Agency for Persons with Disabilities 952 serve as the single state agency for all individuals with 953 disabilities. The purpose of the Agency for Persons with 954 Disabilities is to support individuals with disabilities and 955 their families in living, learning, and working within their 956 communities by creating multiple pathways to possibilities. 957 Section 14. Paragraph (b) of subsection (2) of section

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958	413.271, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
959	413.271 Florida Coordinating Council for the Deaf and Hard
960	of Hearing
961	(2)
962	(b) The coordinating council shall be composed of 17
963	members. The appointment of members not representing agencies
964	must shall be made by the Governor. The appointment of members
965	representing organizations <u>must</u> shall be made by the Governor in
966	consultation with those organizations. The membership $\underline{must}$ shall
967	be as follows:
968	1. Two members representing the Florida Association of the
969	Deaf.
970	2. Two members representing the Florida Association of Self
971	Help for Hard of Hearing People.
972	3. A member representing the Association of Late-Deafened
973	Adults.
974	4. An individual who is deaf and blind.
975	5. A parent of an individual who is deaf.
976	6. A member representing the Deaf Service Center
977	Association.
978	7. A member representing the Florida Registry of
979	Interpreters for the Deaf.
980	8. A member representing the Florida <u>chapter of the</u>
981	Alexander Graham Bell Association for the Deaf and Hard of
982	Hearing.
983	9. A communication access real-time translator.
984	10. An audiologist licensed under part I of chapter 468.
985	11. A hearing aid specialist licensed under part II of
986	chapter 484.

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6-00679A-25 20251050 987 12. The Secretary of Children and Families or his or her 988 designee. 989 13. The State Surgeon General or his or her designee. 990 14. The Commissioner of Education or his or her designee. 991 15. The Secretary of Elderly Affairs or his or her 992 designee. 993 16. The secretary of the Agency for Persons with 994 Disabilities or his or her designee. 995 996 If any organization from which a representative is to be drawn 997 ceases to exist, a representative of a similar organization must 998 shall be named to the coordinating council. The Governor shall 999 make appointments to the coordinating council and may remove any 1000 member for cause. Each member must shall be appointed to a term 1001 of 4 years. Any vacancy on the coordinating council must shall 1002 be filled in the same manner as the original appointment, and 1003 any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring because of 1004 death, resignation, or ineligibility for membership shall serve 1005 only for the unexpired term of the member's predecessor. Before 1006 Prior to serving on the coordinating council, all appointees 1007 must attend orientation training that shall address, at a 1008 minimum, addresses the requirements of the provisions of this 1009 section; the programs operated by the coordinating council; the 1010 role and functions of the coordinating council; the current budget for the coordinating council; the results of the most 1011 1012 recent formal audit of the coordinating council; and the 1013 requirements of the state's public records law, the code of 1014 ethics, the Administrative Procedure Act, and other laws relating to public officials, including conflict-of-interest 1015

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1016	laws.
1017	Section 15. Paragraph (b) of subsection (5) of section
1018	90.6063, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1019	90.6063 Interpreter services for deaf persons
1020	(5) The appointing authority may channel requests for
1021	qualified interpreters through:
1022	(b) The Division of Vocational Rehabilitation of the <u>Agency</u>
1023	for Persons with Disabilities Department of Education; or
1024	Section 16. Paragraph (a) of subsection (3) of section
1025	110.112, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1026	110.112 Affirmative action; equal employment opportunity
1027	(3)(a) The department, in consultation with the Agency for
1028	Persons with Disabilities, <u>including</u> the Division of Vocational
1029	Rehabilitation and the Division of Blind Services within the
1030	agency of the Department of Education, the Department of
1031	Commerce, and the Executive Office of the Governor, shall
1032	develop and implement programs that incorporate internships,
1033	mentoring, on-the-job training, unpaid work experience,
1034	situational assessments, and other innovative strategies that
1035	are specifically geared toward individuals who have a
1036	disability.
1037	Section 17. Section 215.311, Florida Statutes, is amended
1038	to read:
1039	215.311 State funds; exceptions <u>Section 215.31 does</u> <del>The</del>
1040	<del>provisions of s. 215.31 shall</del> not apply to funds collected by
1041	and under the direction and supervision of the Division of Blind
1042	Services of the <u>Agency for Persons with Disabilities</u> <del>Department</del>
1043	of Education as provided under ss. 413.011, 413.041, and
1044	413.051; however, nothing in this section <u>may</u> shall be construed
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1045	to except from the provisions of s. 215.31 any appropriations
1046	made by the state to the division.
1047	Section 18. Subsection (5) of section 257.04, Florida
1048	Statutes, is amended to read:
1049	257.04 Publications, pictures, and other documents received
1050	to constitute part of State Library; powers and duties of
1051	Division of Library and Information Services
1052	(5) The division shall make all necessary arrangements to
1053	coordinate with the Division of Blind Services of the <u>Agency for</u>
1054	Persons with Disabilities Department of Education to provide
1055	library services to the blind and physically handicapped persons
1056	of the state.
1057	Section 19. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) and subsections
1058	(4) and (5) of section 318.21, Florida Statutes, are amended to
1059	read:
1060	318.21 Disposition of civil penalties by county courtsAll
1061	civil penalties received by a county court pursuant to the
1062	provisions of this chapter shall be distributed and paid monthly
1063	as follows:
1064	(2) Of the remainder:
1065	(e) Two percent shall be remitted to the Department of
1066	Revenue for deposit in the Grants and Donations Trust Fund of
1067	the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation of the <u>Agency for</u>
1068	Persons with Disabilities Department of Education.
1069	(4) Of the additional fine assessed under s. 318.18(3)(g)
1070	for a violation of s. 316.1301, 40 percent must be remitted to
1071	the Department of Revenue for deposit in the Grants and
1072	Donations Trust Fund of the Division of Blind Services of the
1073	Agency for Persons with Disabilities Department of Education,

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1074	and 60 percent must be distributed pursuant to subsections (1)
1075	and (2).
1076	(5) Of the additional fine assessed under s. 318.18(3)(g)
1077	for a violation of s. 316.1303(1), 60 percent must be remitted
1078	to the Department of Revenue for deposit in the Grants and
1079	Donations Trust Fund of the Division of Vocational
1080	Rehabilitation of the Agency for Persons with Disabilities
1081	Department of Education, and 40 percent must be distributed
1082	pursuant to subsections (1) and (2).
1083	Section 20. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section
1084	320.0848, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1085	320.0848 Persons who have disabilities; issuance of
1086	disabled parking permits; temporary permits; permits for certain
1087	providers of transportation services to persons who have
1088	disabilities
1089	(4) From the proceeds of the temporary disabled parking
1090	permit fees:
1091	(c) The remainder must be distributed monthly as follows:
1092	1. To be deposited in the Grants and Donations Trust Fund
1093	of the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation of the <u>Agency for</u>
1094	Persons with Disabilities Department of Education for the
1095	purpose of improving employment and training opportunities for
1096	persons who have disabilities, with special emphasis on removing
1097	transportation barriers, \$4.
1098	2. To be deposited in the Transportation Disadvantaged
1099	Trust Fund to be used for funding matching grants to counties
1100	for the purpose of improving transportation of persons who have
1101	disabilities, \$5.
1102	Section 21. Paragraph (i) of subsection (4) of section

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1103	393.13, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1104	393.13 Treatment of persons with developmental
1105	disabilities
1106	(4) CLIENT RIGHTSFor purposes of this subsection, the
1107	term "client," as defined in s. 393.063, shall also include any
1108	person served in a facility licensed under s. 393.067.
1109	(i) Each client shall have a central record. The central
1110	record shall be established by the agency at the time that an
1111	individual is determined eligible for services, shall be
1112	maintained by the client's support coordinator, and must contain
1113	information pertaining to admission, diagnosis and treatment
1114	history, present condition, and such other information as may be
1115	required. The central record is the property of the agency.
1116	1. Unless waived by the client, if competent, or the
1117	client's parent or legal guardian if the client is incompetent,
1118	the client's central record shall be confidential and exempt
1119	from the provisions of s. $119.07(1)$ , and no part of it shall be
1120	released except:
1121	a. The record may be released to physicians, attorneys, and
1122	government agencies having need of the record to aid the client,
1123	as designated by the client, if competent, or the client's
1124	parent or legal guardian, if the client is incompetent.
1125	b. The record shall be produced in response to a subpoena
1126	or released to persons authorized by order of court, excluding
1127	matters privileged by other provisions of law.
1128	c. The record or any part thereof may be disclosed to a
1129	qualified researcher, a staff member of the facility where the
1130	client resides, or an employee of the agency when the
1131	administrator of the facility or the <u>secretary</u> <del>director</del> of the

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      agency deems it necessary for the treatment of the client,
1133
      maintenance of adequate records, compilation of treatment data,
1134
      or evaluation of programs.
           d. Information from the records may be used for statistical
1135
1136
      and research purposes if the information is abstracted in such a
1137
      way to protect the identity of individuals.
1138
           2. The client, if competent, or the client's parent or
1139
      legal guardian if the client is incompetent, shall be supplied
      with a copy of the client's central record upon request.
1140
1141
           Section 22. Subsection (5) of section 394.75, Florida
1142
      Statutes, is amended to read:
           394.75 State and district substance abuse and mental health
1143
1144
      plans.-
1145
                The district plan shall address how substance abuse and
            (5)
1146
      mental health services will be provided and how a system of care
1147
      for target populations will be provided given the resources
1148
      available in the service district. The plan must include
1149
      provisions for maximizing client access to the most recently
1150
      developed psychiatric medications approved by the United States
1151
      Food and Drug Administration, for developing independent housing
1152
      units through participation in the Section 811 program operated
1153
      by the United States Department of Housing and Urban
1154
      Development, for developing supported employment services
1155
      through the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation of the Agency
1156
      for Persons with Disabilities Department of Education, for
1157
      providing treatment services to persons with co-occurring mental
      illness and substance abuse problems which are integrated across
1158
1159
      treatment systems, and for providing services to adults who have
1160
      a serious mental illness, as defined in s. 394.67, and who
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1161	reside in assisted living facilities.
1162	Section 23. Paragraph (a) of subsection (4) of section
1163	402.56, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1164	402.56 Children's cabinet; organization; responsibilities;
1165	annual report
1166	(4) MEMBERSThe cabinet shall consist of 16 members
1167	including the Governor and the following persons:
1168	(a)1. The Secretary of Children and Families;
1169	2. The Secretary of Juvenile Justice;
1170	3. The <u>secretary</u> <del>director</del> of the Agency for Persons with
1171	Disabilities;
1172	4. A representative from the Division of Early Learning;
1173	5. The State Surgeon General;
1174	6. The Secretary of Health Care Administration;
1175	7. The Commissioner of Education;
1176	8. The director of the Statewide Guardian ad Litem Office;
1177	9. A representative of the Office of Adoption and Child
1178	Protection;
1179	10. A superintendent of schools, appointed by the Governor;
1180	and
1181	11. Five members who represent children and youth advocacy
1182	organizations and who are not service providers, appointed by
1183	the Governor.
1184	Section 24. Paragraph (b) of subsection (4) of section
1185	409.9855, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1186	409.9855 Pilot program for individuals with developmental
1187	disabilities
1188	(4) ELIGIBLE PLANS; PLAN SELECTION.—
1189	(b) The agency shall select, as provided in s. 287.057(1),
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1190
      one plan to participate in the pilot program for each of the two
1191
      regions. The secretary director of the Agency for Persons with
1192
      Disabilities or his or her designee must be a member of the
1193
      negotiating team.
1194
           1. The invitation to negotiate must specify the criteria
1195
      and the relative weight assigned to each criterion that will be
1196
      used for determining the acceptability of submitted responses
1197
      and guiding the selection of the plans with which the agency and
      the Agency for Persons with Disabilities negotiate. In addition
1198
1199
      to any other criteria established by the agency, in consultation
1200
      with the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, the agency shall
1201
      consider the following factors in the selection of eligible
1202
      plans:
1203
           a. Experience serving similar populations, including the
1204
      plan's record in achieving specific quality standards with
1205
      similar populations.
1206
           b. Establishment of community partnerships with providers
1207
      which create opportunities for reinvestment in community-based
1208
      services.
1209
           c. Provision of additional benefits, particularly
1210
      behavioral health services, the coordination of dental care, and
1211
      other initiatives that improve overall well-being.
1212
           d. Provision of and capacity to provide mental health
1213
      therapies and analysis designed to meet the needs of individuals
1214
      with developmental disabilities.
1215
           e. Evidence that an eligible plan has written agreements or
1216
      signed contracts or has made substantial progress in
1217
      establishing relationships with providers before submitting its
1218
      response.
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1219	f. Experience in the provision of person-centered planning
1220	as described in 42 C.F.R. s. 441.301(c)(1).
1221	g. Experience in robust provider development programs that
1222	result in increased availability of Medicaid providers to serve
1223	the developmental disabilities community.
1224	2. After negotiations are conducted, the agency shall
1225	select the eligible plans that are determined to be responsive
1226	and provide the best value to the state. Preference must be
1227	given to plans that:
1228	a. Have signed contracts in sufficient numbers to meet the
1229	specific standards established under s. 409.967(2)(c), including
1230	contracts for personal supports, skilled nursing, residential
1231	habilitation, adult day training, mental health services,
1232	respite care, companion services, and supported employment, as
1233	those services are defined in the Florida Medicaid Developmental
1234	Disabilities Individual Budgeting Waiver Services Coverage and
1235	Limitations Handbook as adopted by reference in rule 59G-13.070,
1236	Florida Administrative Code.
1237	b. Have well-defined programs for recognizing patient-
1238	centered medical homes and providing increased compensation to
1239	recognized medical homes, as defined by the plan.
1240	c. Have well-defined programs related to person-centered
1241	planning as described in 42 C.F.R. s. 441.301(c)(1).
1242	d. Have robust and innovative programs for provider
1243	development and collaboration with the Agency for Persons with
1244	Disabilities.
1245	Section 25. Subsection (2) of section 410.604, Florida
1246	Statutes, is amended to read:
1247	410.604 Community care for disabled adults program; powers

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1248
      and duties of the department.-
1249
            (2) Any person who meets the definition of a disabled adult
1250
      pursuant to s. 410.603(2) is eligible to receive the services of
1251
      the community care for disabled adults program. However, the
1252
      community care for disabled adults program shall operate within
1253
      the funds appropriated by the Legislature. Priority shall be
1254
      given to disabled adults who are not eligible for comparable
1255
      services in programs of or funded by the department or the
1256
      Division of Vocational Rehabilitation of the Agency for Persons
1257
      with Disabilities Department of Education; who are determined to
      be at risk of institutionalization; and whose income is at or
1258
1259
      below the existing institutional care program eligibility
```

1260 standard.

1261 Section 26. Paragraphs (k) and (v) of subsection (3) and 1262 subsections (4) and (8) of section 413.011, Florida Statutes, 1263 are amended to read:

1264 413.011 Division of Blind Services, legislative policy, 1265 intent; internal organizational structure and powers; 1266 Rehabilitation Council for the Blind.-

(3) DIVISION STRUCTURE AND DUTIES.—The internal
organizational structure of the Division of Blind Services shall
be designed for the purpose of ensuring the greatest possible
efficiency and effectiveness of services to the blind and to be
consistent with chapter 20. The Division of Blind Services shall
plan, supervise, and carry out the following activities:

(k) Participate, through the designation of the <u>secretary</u> director or an appropriate staff member of the division, on boards, commissions, or bodies in this state for the purpose of coordinating and planning services.

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6-00679A-25 20251050 1277 (v) Receive moneys or properties by gift or bequest from 1278 any person, firm, corporation, or organization for any of the 1279 purposes herein set out, but without authority to bind the state 1280 to any expenditure or policy except such as may be specifically 1281 authorized by law. All such moneys or properties so received by 1282 gift or bequest as herein authorized may be disbursed and 1283 expended by the division upon its own warrant for any of the 1284 purposes herein set forth, and such moneys or properties do 1285 shall not constitute or be considered a part of any legislative 1286 appropriation made by the state for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this law. When determined to be in the best 1287 1288 interest of the division, the division may lease property 1289 received pursuant to this paragraph, and the Agency for Persons 1290 with Disabilities Department of Education may enter into leases 1291 of property and sublease property on behalf of the division. 1292 Division and agency department leases and subleases may be to 1293 governmental, public, or nonprofit entities for the provision of 1294 blind, education, health, and other social service programs. 1295 (4)DEFINITIONS.-As used in this section, the term: 1296 "Act," unless the context indicates otherwise, means (a) 1297 the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. ss. 701-797. 1298 (b) "Agency" means the Agency for Persons with 1299 Disabilities. 1300 (c) (b) "Blind" or "blindness" means the condition of any 1301 person for whom blindness is a disability as defined by the 1302 Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. s. 706(8)(b). 1303 (c) "Department" means the Department of Education. 1304 (8) REHABILITATION COUNCIL FOR THE BLIND.-There is created

### 1305 in the agency department the Rehabilitation Council for the

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1306	Blind, which is an advisory council as defined in s. 20.03, to
1307	assist the division in the planning and development of statewide
1308	vocational rehabilitation programs and services pursuant to the
1309	Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, to recommend
1310	improvements to such programs and services, and to perform the
1311	functions provided in this section.
1312	(a) The advisory council shall be composed of:
1313	1. At least one representative of the Independent Living
1314	Council, which representative may be the chair or other designee
1315	of the council;
1316	2. At least one representative of a parent training and
1317	information center established pursuant to s. 631(c)(9) of the
1318	Individuals with Disabilities Act, 20 U.S.C. s. 1431(c)(9);
1319	3. At least one representative of the client assistance
1320	program established under the act;
1321	4. At least one vocational rehabilitation counselor who has
1322	knowledge of and experience in vocational rehabilitation
1323	services for the blind, who shall serve as an ex officio
1324	nonvoting member of the council if the counselor is an employee
1325	of the <u>agency</u> <del>department</del> ;
1326	5. At least one representative of community rehabilitation
1327	program service providers;
1328	6. Four representatives of business, industry, and labor;
1329	7. At least one representative of a disability advocacy
1330	group representing individuals who are blind;
1331	8. At least one parent, family member, guardian, advocate,
1332	or authorized representative of an individual who is blind, has
1333	multiple disabilities, and either has difficulties representing
1334	himself or herself or is unable, due to disabilities, to
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1335	represent himself or herself;
1336	9. Current or former applicants for, or recipients of,
1337	vocational rehabilitation services; and
1338	10. The director of the division, who shall be an ex
1339	officio member of the council.
1340	(b) Members of the council shall be appointed by the
1341	Governor, who shall select members after soliciting
1342	recommendations from representatives of organizations
1343	representing a broad range of individuals who have disabilities,
1344	and organizations interested in those individuals.
1345	(c) A majority of council members shall be persons who are:
1346	1. Blind; and
1347	2. Not employed by the division.
1348	(d) The council shall select a chair from among its
1349	membership.
1350	(e) Each member of the council shall serve for a term of
1351	not more than 3 years, except that:
1352	1. A member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to
1353	the expiration of the term for which a predecessor was appointed
1354	shall be appointed for the remainder of such term; and
1355	2. The terms of service of the members initially appointed
1356	shall be, as specified by the Governor, for such fewer number of
1357	years as will provide for the expiration of terms on a staggered
1358	basis.
1359	(f) A member of the council may not serve more than two
1360	consecutive full terms.
1361	(g) Any vacancy occurring in the membership of the council
1362	shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment.
1363	A vacancy does not affect the power of the remaining members to
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1364	execute the duties of the council.
1365	(h) In addition to the other functions specified in this
1366	section, the council shall:
1367	1. Review, analyze, and advise the division regarding the
1368	performance of the responsibilities of the division under Title
1369	I of the act, particularly responsibilities relating to:
1370	a. Eligibility, including order of selection;
1371	b. The extent, scope, and effectiveness of services
1372	provided; and
1373	c. Functions performed by state agencies that affect or
1374	potentially affect the ability of individuals who are blind to
1375	achieve rehabilitation goals and objectives under Title I.
1376	2. Advise the <u>agency</u> <del>department</del> and the division, and, at
1377	the discretion of the <u>agency</u> <del>department</del> or division, assist in
1378	the preparation of applications, the state plan, the strategic
1379	plan, and amendments to the plans, reports, needs assessments,
1380	and evaluations required by Title I.
1381	3. To the extent feasible, conduct a review and analysis of
1382	the effectiveness of, and consumer satisfaction with:
1383	a. The functions performed by state agencies and other
1384	public and private entities responsible for performing functions
1385	for individuals who are blind.
1386	b. Vocational rehabilitation services:
1387	(I) Provided or paid for from funds made available under
1388	the act or through other public or private sources.
1389	(II) Provided by state agencies and other public and
1390	private entities responsible for providing vocational
1391	rehabilitation services to individuals who are blind.
1392	4. Prepare and submit an annual report on the status of
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1418

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1393
      vocational rehabilitation services for the blind in the state to
1394
      the Governor and the Commissioner of the Rehabilitative Services
1395
      Administration, established under s. 702 of the act, and make
1396
      the report available to the public.
1397
           5. Coordinate with other councils within the state,
      including the Independent Living Council, the advisory panel
1398
1399
      established under s. 613(a)(12) of the Individuals with
      Disabilities Education Act, 20 U.S.C. 1413(a)(12), the State
1400
1401
      Planning Council described in s. 124 of the Developmental
1402
      Disabilities Assistance and Bill of Rights Act, 42 U.S.C. s.
1403
      6024, and the state mental health planning council established
1404
      under s. 1916(e) of the Public Health Service Act, 42 U.S.C.
1405
      300X-4(e).
1406
           6. Advise the agency department and division and provide
1407
      for coordination and the establishment of working relationships
1408
      among the agency department, the division, the Independent
1409
      Living Council, and centers for independent living in the state.
1410
           7. Perform such other functions consistent with the
1411
      purposes of the act as the council determines to be appropriate
1412
      that are comparable to functions performed by the council.
1413
            (i)1. The council shall prepare, in conjunction with the
1414
      division, a plan for the provision of such resources, including
1415
      such staff and other personnel, as may be necessary to carry out
1416
      the functions of the council. The resource plan shall, to the
1417
      maximum extent possible, rely on the use of resources in
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1419 2. If there is a disagreement between the council and the 1420 division in regard to the resources necessary to carry out the 1421 functions of the council as set forth in this section, the

existence during the period of implementation of the plan.

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6-00679A-25 20251050 1422 disagreement shall be resolved by the Governor. 1423 3. The council shall, consistent with law, supervise and 1424 evaluate such staff and other personnel as may be necessary to 1425 carry out its functions. 1426 4. While assisting the council in carrying out its duties, staff and other personnel may shall not be assigned duties by 1427 1428 the division or any other state agency or office that would create a conflict of interest. 1429 1430 (j) A council member may not cast a vote on any matter that 1431 would provide direct financial benefit to the member or 1432 otherwise give the appearance of a conflict of interest under 1433 state law. 1434 (k) The council shall convene at least four meetings each 1435 year. These meetings shall occur in such places as the council 1436 deems necessary to conduct council business. The council may 1437 conduct such forums or hearings as the council considers 1438 appropriate. The meetings, hearings, and forums shall be 1439 publicly announced. The meetings shall be open and accessible to 1440 the public. The council shall make a report of each meeting 1441 which shall include a record of its discussions and 1442 recommendations, all of which reports shall be made available to 1443 the public. Section 27. Subsection (3) of section 413.0111, Florida 1444 1445 Statutes, is amended to read: 413.0111 Blind services direct-support organization.-1446 1447 The purposes and objectives of the direct-support (3) 1448 organization must be consistent with the priority issues and 1449 objectives of the Agency for Persons with Disabilities

1450 Department of Education and must be in the best interests of the

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1451	state, though the Division of Blind Services may permit, without
1452	charge, the appropriate use of property and facilities of the
1453	state by the direct-support organization subject to this
1454	section. Such use must be directly in keeping with the approved
1455	purposes of the direct-support organization.
1456	Section 28. Subsection (2) of section 413.033, Florida
1457	Statutes, is amended to read:
1458	413.033 DefinitionsAs used in ss. 413.032-413.037:
1459	(2) "Other severely handicapped" and "severely handicapped
1460	individuals" mean an individual or class of individuals under a
1461	physical or mental disability other than blindness, which,
1462	according to criteria established by the <u>Agency for Persons with</u>
1463	Disabilities department, after consultation with appropriate
1464	entities of the state and taking into account the views of
1465	nongovernmental entities representing the handicapped,
1466	constitutes a substantial handicap to employment and is of such
1467	a nature as to prevent the individual under such disability from
1468	currently engaging in normal competitive employment.
1469	Section 29. Section 413.035, Florida Statutes, is amended
1470	to read:
1471	413.035 Duties and powers of the Agency for Persons with
1472	Disabilities department
1473	(1) It <u>is</u> <del>shall be</del> the duty of the <u>Agency for Persons with</u>
1474	<u>Disabilities</u> <del>department</del> to determine the market price of all
1475	products and services offered for sale to the various agencies
1476	of the state by any qualified nonprofit agency for the blind or
1477	other severely handicapped. The price shall recover for the
1478	nonprofit agency the cost of raw materials, labor, overhead, and
1479	delivery, but without profit, and shall be revised from time to

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6-00679A-25 20251050 1480 time in accordance with changing cost factors. The Agency for Persons with Disabilities department shall adopt make such rules 1481 1482 and regulations regarding specifications, time of delivery, and 1483 assignment of products and services to be supplied by nonprofit 1484 agencies for the blind or by agencies for the other severely handicapped, with priority for assignment of products to 1485 1486 agencies for the blind, authorization of a central nonprofit 1487 agency to facilitate the allocation of orders among qualified nonprofit agencies for the blind, authorization of a central 1488 1489 nonprofit agency to facilitate the allocation of orders among 1490 qualified nonprofit agencies for other severely handicapped, and 1491 other relevant matters of procedure as shall be necessary to 1492 carry out the purposes of this act. The Agency for Persons with 1493 Disabilities department shall authorize the purchase of products 1494 and services elsewhere when requisitions cannot reasonably be 1495 complied with through the nonprofit agencies for the blind and 1496 other severely handicapped. 1497 The Agency for Persons with Disabilities department (2) 1498 shall establish and publish a list of products and services 1499 provided by any qualified nonprofit agency for the blind and any

1500 nonprofit agency for the other severely handicapped, which the 1501 Agency for Persons with Disabilities department determines are 1502 suitable for procurement by agencies of the state pursuant to 1503 this act. This procurement list and revision thereof shall be 1504 distributed to all purchasing officers of the state and its 1505 political subdivisions. All products offered for purchase to a 1506 state agency by a qualified nonprofit agency shall have 1507 significant value added by blind or severely handicapped persons, as determined by the Agency for Persons with 1508

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1509
      Disabilities department.
1510
           Section 30. Subsections (1) and (4) of section 413.036,
1511
      Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1512
           413.036 Procurement of services by agencies; authority of
1513
      Agency for Persons with Disabilities department.-
1514
            (1) If any agency intends to procure any product or service
1515
      on the procurement list, that agency shall, in accordance with
1516
      rules and regulations of the Agency for Persons with
1517
      Disabilities department, procure such product or service at the
1518
      price established by the Agency for Persons with Disabilities
1519
      department from a qualified nonprofit agency for the blind or
1520
      for the other severely handicapped if the product or service is
1521
      available within a reasonable delivery time. This act shall not
1522
      apply in any case in which products or services are available
1523
      for procurement from any agency of the state and procurement
1524
      therefrom is required under the provision of any law currently
1525
      in effect. However, this act shall have precedence over any law
1526
      requiring state agency procurement of products or services from
1527
      any other nonprofit corporation unless such precedence is waived
1528
      by the Agency for Persons with Disabilities department in
1529
      accordance with its rules.
1530
            (4) A No similar product or service of comparable price and
1531
      quality found necessary for use by any state agency may not be
1532
      purchased from any source other than the nonprofit agency for
1533
      the blind or for the severely handicapped if the nonprofit
1534
      agency certifies that the product is manufactured or supplied
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1535 by, or the service is provided by, the blind or the severely 1536 handicapped and the product or service meets the comparable 1537 performance specifications and comparable price and quality

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1538	requirements as determined by the Agency for Persons with
1539	Disabilities <del>department</del> or an agency. The purchasing authority
1540	of any such state agency may make reasonable determinations of
1541	need, price, and quality with reference to products or services
1542	available from the nonprofit agency.
1543	Section 31. Subsections (1) and (2) of section 413.037,
1544	Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1545	413.037 Cooperation with Agency for Persons with
1546	Disabilities department required; duties of state agencies
1547	(1) In furtherance of the purposes of this act and in order
1548	to contribute to the economy of state government, it is the
1549	intent of the Legislature that there be close cooperation
1550	between the <u>Agency for Persons with Disabilities</u> department and
1551	any agency of the state from which procurement of products or
1552	services is required under the provision of any law currently in
1553	effect. The <u>Agency for Persons with Disabilities</u> department and
1554	any such agency of the state are authorized to enter into such
1555	contractual agreements, cooperative working relationships, or
1556	other arrangements as may be determined to be necessary for
1557	effective coordination and efficient realization of the
1558	objectives of this act and any other law requiring procurement
1559	of products or services from any agency of the state.
1560	(2) The <u>Agency for Persons with Disabilities</u> <del>department</del> may
1561	secure directly from any agency of the state information
1562	necessary to enable it to carry out this act. Upon request of
1563	the <u>Agency for Persons with Disabilities</u> <del>department</del> , the head of
1564	the agency shall furnish such information to the <u>Agency for</u>
1565	Persons with Disabilities department.

1566

Section 32. Paragraph (a) of subsection (2) and subsection

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1567	(3) of section 413.051, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1568	413.051 Eligible blind persons; operation of vending
1569	stands
1570	(2) As used in this section, the term:
1571	(a) "Blind licensee" means any blind person trained and
1572	licensed by the Division of Blind Services of the <u>Agency for</u>
1573	Persons with Disabilities Department of Education to operate a
1574	vending stand.
1575	(3) Blind licensees <u>must</u> shall be given the first
1576	opportunity to participate in the operation of vending stands on
1577	all state properties acquired after July 1, 1979, when such
1578	facilities are operated under the supervision of the Division of
1579	Blind Services of the Agency for Persons with Disabilities
1580	Department of Education.
1581	Section 33. Subsection (1) of section 413.091, Florida
1582	Statutes, is amended to read:
1583	413.091 Identification cards
1584	(1) The Division of Blind Services of the <u>Agency for</u>
1585	Persons with Disabilities Department of Education shall issue
1586	identification cards to persons known to be blind or partially
1587	sighted, upon the written request of such individual.
1588	Section 34. Subsection (1) of section 413.092, Florida
1589	Statutes, is amended to read:
1590	413.092 Blind Babies Program
1591	(1) The Blind Babies Program is created within the Division
1592	of Blind Services of the <u>Agency for Persons with Disabilities</u>
1593	Department of Education to provide community-based early-
1594	intervention education to children from birth through 5 years of
1595	age who are blind or visually impaired, and to their parents,
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1596	families, and caregivers, through community-based provider
1597	organizations. The division shall enlist parents,
1598	ophthalmologists, pediatricians, schools, the Early Steps
1599	Program, and therapists to help identify and enroll blind and
1600	visually impaired children, as well as their parents, families,
1601	and caregivers, in these educational programs.
1602	Section 35. Present subsections (3), (4), and (5) of
1603	section 413.20, Florida Statutes, are redesignated as
1604	subsections (4), (5), and (6), respectively, a new subsection
1605	(3) is added to that section, and present subsection (6) and
1606	subsections (8) and (10) of that section are amended, to read:
1607	413.20 Definitions.—As used in this part, the term:
1608	(3) "Agency" means Agency for Persons with Disabilities.
1609	(6) — "Department" means the Department of Education.
1610	(8) "Division" means the Division of Vocational
1611	Rehabilitation of the agency Department of Education.
1612	(10) "Extended services" means one or more ongoing support
1613	services and other appropriate services needed to support and
1614	maintain a person who has a most significant disability in
1615	supported employment and to assist an eligible person in
1616	maintaining integrated and competitive employment. Extended
1617	services are based upon a determination of the needs of the
1618	eligible person as specified in the person's individualized plan
1619	for employment and are provided by a state agency, a nonprofit
1620	private organization, an employer, or any other appropriate
1621	resource after the person has made the transition from support
1622	provided by the <u>agency</u> <del>department</del> .
1623	Section 36. Section 413.201, Florida Statutes, is amended
1624	to read:

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1625	413.201 Designated state agencyEffective on the effective
1626	date of this act, for the purposes of effecting compliance with
1627	the Vocational Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended, the
1628	agency Department of Education is designated the official state
1629	agency.
1630	Section 37. Section 413.203, Florida Statutes, is amended
1631	to read:
1632	413.203 Conflict of lawsIt is the intent of the
1633	Legislature that the provisions of this part not conflict with
1634	any federal statute or implementing regulation governing federal
1635	grant-in-aid programs administered by the Division of Vocational
1636	Rehabilitation. Wherever such a conflict is asserted by the
1637	applicable agency of the Federal Government, the <u>agency</u>
1638	Department of Education shall submit to the United States
1639	Department of Education, or other applicable federal agency, a
1640	request for a favorable policy interpretation of the conflicting
1641	portions.
1642	Section 38. Subsection (6) of section 413.402, Florida
1643	Statutes, is amended to read:
1644	413.402 James Patrick Memorial Work Incentive Personal
1645	Attendant Services and Employment Assistance ProgramThe
1646	Florida Association of Centers for Independent Living shall
1647	administer the James Patrick Memorial Work Incentive Personal
1648	Attendant Services and Employment Assistance Program.
1649	(6) The James Patrick Memorial Work Incentive Personal
1650	Attendant Services and Employment Assistance Program Oversight
1651	Council is created adjunct to the <u>agency</u> <del>Department of Education</del>
1652	for the purpose of providing program recommendations,
1653	recommending the maximum monthly reimbursement available to

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6-00679A-25 20251050 1654 program participants, advising the Florida Association of Centers for Independent Living on policies and procedures, and 1655 1656 recommending the program's annual operating budget for 1657 activities of the association associated with operations, 1658 administration, and oversight. The oversight council shall also 1659 advise on and recommend the schedule of eligible services for 1660 which program participants may be reimbursed subject to the 1661 requirements and limitations of paragraph (3)(c) which, at a 1662 minimum, must include personal care attendant services. The 1663 oversight council shall advise and make its recommendations 1664 under this section to the board of directors of the association. 1665 The oversight council is not subject to the control of or 1666 direction by the agency department, and the agency department is 1667 not responsible for providing staff support or paying any 1668 expenses incurred by the oversight council in the performance of 1669 its duties. 1670 (a) The oversight council consists of the following 1671 members: 1672 1. The director of the division or his or her designee; 1673 2. A human resources professional or an individual who has 1674

1674 significant experience managing and operating a business based 1675 in this state, recommended by the Florida Chamber of Commerce 1676 and appointed by the Governor;

1677 3. A financial management professional, appointed by the 1678 Governor;

1679 4. A program participant, appointed by the Secretary of1680 Health or his or her designee;

1681 5. The director of the advisory council on brain and spinal 1682 cord injuries or his or her designee;

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1683	6. The director of the Florida Endowment Foundation for
1684	Vocational Rehabilitation or his or her designee; and
1685	7. The director of the Florida Association of Centers for
1686	Independent Living or his or her designee.
1687	(b) The appointed members shall serve for a term concurrent
1688	with the term of the official who made the appointment and shall
1689	serve at the pleasure of such official.
1690	(c) By February 1 of each year, the oversight council shall
1691	submit a report to the Governor, the President of the Senate,
1692	the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and the <u>secretary</u>
1693	of the agency <del>Commissioner of Education</del> which summarizes the
1694	performance of the program.
1695	Section 39. Paragraph (d) of subsection (1), subsection
1696	(2), and paragraphs (c) and (g) of subsection (9) of section
1697	413.405, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1698	413.405 Florida Rehabilitation CouncilThere is created
1699	the Florida Rehabilitation Council to assist the division in the
1700	planning and development of statewide rehabilitation programs
1701	and services, to recommend improvements to such programs and
1702	services, and to perform the functions listed in this section.
1703	(1) The council shall be composed of:
1704	(d) At least one qualified vocational rehabilitation
1705	counselor who has knowledge of and experience in vocational
1706	rehabilitation programs, who shall serve as an ex officio,
1707	nonvoting member of the council if the counselor is an employee
1708	of the <u>agency</u> <del>department</del> .

1709 (2) Employees of the <u>agency</u> department may serve only as1710 nonvoting members of the council.

(9) In addition to the other functions specified in this

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6-00679A-25 20251050 1712 section, the council shall, after consulting with the state 1713 board as defined in s. 445.002: 1714 (c) Advise the agency department and the division and 1715 assist in the preparation of the state plan and amendments to 1716 the plan, applications, reports, needs assessments, and evaluations required by Title I. 1717 1718 (g) Advise the agency department and division and provide 1719 for coordination and the establishment of working relationships 1720 among the agency department, the division, the Florida 1721 Independent Living Council, and centers for independent living 1722 in the state. 1723 Section 40. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) and 1724 paragraph (a) of subsection (2) of section 413.407, Florida 1725 Statutes, are amended to read: 1726 413.407 Assistive Technology Advisory Council.-There is 1727 created the Assistive Technology Advisory Council, responsible 1728 for ensuring consumer involvement in the creation, application, 1729 and distribution of technology-related assistance to and for 1730 persons who have disabilities. The council shall fulfill its 1731 responsibilities through statewide policy development, state and 1732 federal legislative initiatives, advocacy at the state and 1733 federal levels, planning of statewide resource allocations, 1734 policy-level management, and reviews of consumer responsiveness 1735 and the adequacy of program service delivery and by performing the functions listed in this section. 1736

1737

(1) (a) The council shall be composed of:

Persons who have disabilities and who are assistive
 technology consumers or family members or guardians of those
 persons.

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1741	2. A representative of a consumer organization concerned
1742	with assistive technology.
1743	3. A representative of business and industry, including the
1744	insurance industry, concerned with assistive technology.
1745	4. A representative of the Division of Vocational
1746	Rehabilitation.
1747	5. A representative of the Division of Blind Services.
1748	6. A representative of a center for independent living.
1749	7. A representative of CareerSource Florida, Inc.
1750	8. A representative of the <u>agency</u> <del>Department of Education</del> .
1751	9. A representative of any other state agency that provides
1752	or coordinates services for persons with disabilities, if
1753	requested by a majority vote of the council members.
1754	(b) Members of the council shall be appointed by the
1755	<u>secretary of the agency <del>Commissioner of Education</del> from a list of</u>
1756	candidates proposed by the division director. However, a member
1757	who is a representative of a state agency shall be appointed by
1758	the head of that state agency.
1759	(2) In addition to the other functions specified in this
1760	section, the council shall:
1761	(a) Act as the board of directors of a not-for-profit
1762	corporation created by the division. Through the corporation,
1763	the council shall provide direction to the Florida Alliance for
1764	Assistive Services and Technology, a project sponsored by the
1765	agency department for the coordination and delivery of
1766	appropriate, cost-effective, state-of-the-art assistive
1767	technology services and devices.
1768	Section 41. Subsection (1) of section 413.445, Florida
1769	Statutes, is amended to read:

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	6-00679A-25 20251050
1770	413.445 Recovery of third-party payments for vocational
1771	rehabilitation and related services
1772	(1) As used in this section, "vocational rehabilitation and
1773	related services" means any services that are provided or paid
1774	for by the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation of the agency
1775	Department of Education.
1776	Section 42. Subsection (2), paragraph (a) of subsection
1777	(4), subsection (5), paragraph (a) of subsection (8), and
1778	subsection (12) of section 413.615, Florida Statutes, are
1779	amended to read:
1780	413.615 Florida Endowment for Vocational Rehabilitation
1781	(2) DEFINITIONSFor the purposes of this section:
1782	(a) "Board" means the board of directors of the Florida
1783	Endowment Foundation for the Division of Vocational
1784	Rehabilitation within the <u>agency</u> <del>Department of Education</del> .
1785	(b) "Endowment fund" means an account established within
1786	the Florida Endowment Foundation for the Division of Vocational
1787	Rehabilitation within the <u>agency</u> <del>Department of Education</del> to
1788	provide a continuing and growing source of revenue for
1789	vocational rehabilitation efforts.
1790	(c) "Foundation" means the Florida Endowment Foundation for
1791	the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation within the <u>agency</u>
1792	Department of Education.
1793	(d) "Operating account" means an account established under
1794	paragraph (4)(c) to carry out the purposes provided in
1795	subsection (10).
1796	(4) REVENUE FOR THE ENDOWMENT FUND
1797	(a) The endowment fund of the Florida Endowment for the
1798	Division of Vocational Rehabilitation within the <u>agency</u>
	Page 62 of 73

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1799	Department of Education is created as a long-term, stable, and
1800	growing source of revenue to be administered, in accordance with
1801	rules <u>adopted</u> <del>promulgated</del> by the division, by the foundation as
1802	a direct-support organization of the Division of Vocational
1803	Rehabilitation within the <u>agency</u> Department of Education.
1804	(5) THE FLORIDA ENDOWMENT FOUNDATION FOR VOCATIONAL
1805	REHABILITATIONThe Florida Endowment Foundation for Vocational
1806	Rehabilitation is hereby created as a direct-support
1807	organization of the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation within
1808	the <u>agency</u> <del>Department of Education</del> , to encourage public and
1809	private support to enhance vocational rehabilitation and
1810	employment of citizens who are disabled. As a direct-support
1811	organization, the foundation shall operate under contract with
1812	the division and shall:
1813	(a) Be a Florida corporation not for profit incorporated
1814	under the provisions of chapter 617 and approved by the
1815	Department of State.
1816	(b) Be organized and operated exclusively to raise funds;
1817	to submit requests and receive grants from the Federal
1818	Government, the state, private foundations, and individuals; to
1819	receive, hold, and administer property; and to make expenditures
1820	to or for the benefit of the rehabilitation programs approved by
1821	the board of directors of the foundation.
1822	(c) Be approved by the division to be operating for the
1823	benefit and best interest of the state.
1824	(8) BOARD OF DIRECTORSThe foundation shall be
1825	administered by a board of directors, as follows:
1826	(a) MembershipThe board of directors shall consist of the
1827	director of the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation within the

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1828	agency <del>Department of Education</del> , or his or her designee, who
1829	shall serve as an ex officio member, and nine other members who
1830	have an interest in service to persons with disabilities and
1831	who:
1832	1. Have skills in foundation work or other fundraising
1833	activities, financial consulting, or investment banking or other
1834	related experience; or
1835	2. Have experience in policymaking or management-level
1836	positions or have otherwise distinguished themselves in the
1837	field of business, industry, or rehabilitation.
1838	
1839	Disabled individuals who meet the above criteria shall be given
1840	special consideration for appointment.
1841	(12) ANNUAL REPORTThe board shall issue a report to the
1842	Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker of the House
1843	of Representatives, and the <u>secretary of the agency</u> <del>Commissioner</del>
1844	of Education by December 30 each year summarizing the
1845	performance of the endowment fund for the previous fiscal year,
1846	summarizing the foundation's fundraising activities and
1847	performance, and detailing those activities and programs
1848	supported by the endowment principal or earnings on the
1849	endowment principal and those activities and programs supported
1850	by private sources, bequests, gifts, grants, donations, and
1851	other valued goods and services received. The report <u>must</u> shall
1852	also include:
1853	(a) Financial data, by service type, including expenditures
1854	for administration and the provision of services.
1855	(b) The amount of funds spent on administrative expenses
1856	and fundraising and the amount of funds raised from private

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1857	sources.
1858	(c) Outcome data, including the number of individuals
1859	served and employment outcomes.
1860	Section 43. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (4) of
1861	section 413.80, Florida Statutes, are amended to read:
1862	413.80 Employment First Act
1863	(4) INTERAGENCY COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTThe following state
1864	agencies and organizations, and others, as appropriate, shall
1865	develop an interagency cooperative agreement to implement this
1866	act:
1867	(a) The Division of Vocational Rehabilitation within $\overline{ ext{of}}$ the
1868	Agency for Persons with Disabilities Department of Education.
1869	(b) The Division of Blind Services <u>within</u> <del>of</del> the <u>Agency for</u>
1870	Persons with Disabilities Department of Education.
1871	Section 44. Subsection (1) of section 413.801, Florida
1872	Statutes, is amended to read:
1873	413.801 Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program
1874	(1) CREATION AND PURPOSE.—The Agency for Persons with
1875	Disabilities shall establish the Florida Unique Abilities
1876	Partner Program to designate a business entity as a Florida
1877	Unique Abilities Partner if the business entity demonstrates
1878	commitment, through employment or support, to the independence
1879	of individuals who have a disability. The agency shall consult
1880	with the Department of Commerce, the Division of Vocational
1881	Rehabilitation of the Department of Education, the Division of
1882	Blind Services of the Department of Education, and CareerSource
1883	Florida, Inc., in creating the program.
1884	Section 45. Paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section
1885	427.012, Florida Statutes, is amended, and paragraph (g) is

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1886	added to that subsection, to read:
1887	427.012 The Commission for the Transportation
1888	Disadvantaged.—There is created the Commission for the
1889	Transportation Disadvantaged in the Department of
1890	Transportation.
1891	(1) The commission shall be composed of 11 members, all of
1892	whom shall be appointed by the Governor, in accordance with the
1893	requirements of s. 20.052, as follows:
1894	(b) The <u>secretary</u> <del>director</del> of the Agency for Persons with
1895	Disabilities or his or her designee.
1896	(g) The Secretary of Transportation, the Secretary of
1897	Children and Families, the Secretary of Commerce, the executive
1898	director of the Department of Veterans' Affairs, the Secretary
1899	of Elderly Affairs, the Secretary of Health Care Administration,
1900	the secretary of the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, and a
1901	county manager or administrator who is appointed by the
1902	Governor, or a senior management-level representative of each,
1903	shall serve as ex officio, nonvoting advisors to the commission.
1904	Section 46. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section
1905	943.0585, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1906	943.0585 Court-ordered expunction of criminal history
1907	records
1908	(6) EFFECT OF EXPUNCTION ORDER
1909	(b) The person who is the subject of a criminal history
1910	record that is expunged under this section or under other
1911	provisions of law, including former ss. 893.14, 901.33, and
1912	943.058, may lawfully deny or fail to acknowledge the arrests
1913	covered by the expunged record, except when the subject of the
1914	record:

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_	6-00679A-25 20251050
1915	1. Is a candidate for employment with a criminal justice
1916	agency;
1917	2. Is a defendant in a criminal prosecution;
1918	3. Concurrently or subsequently petitions for relief under
1919	this section, s. 943.0583, or s. 943.059;
1920	4. Is a candidate for admission to The Florida Bar;
1921	5. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by or to contract
1922	with the Department of Children and Families, the Division of
1923	Vocational Rehabilitation within the Agency for Persons with
1924	Disabilities Department of Education, the Agency for Health Care
1925	Administration, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, the
1926	Department of Health, the Department of Elderly Affairs, or the
1927	Department of Juvenile Justice or to be employed or used by such
1928	contractor or licensee in a sensitive position having direct
1929	contact with children, the disabled, or the elderly;
1930	6.a. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by, or contract
1931	with, the Department of Education, any district unit under s.
1932	1001.30, any special district unit under s. 1011.24, the Florida
1933	School for the Deaf and the Blind under s. 1002.36, the Florida
1934	Virtual School under s. 1002.37, any virtual instruction program
1935	under s. 1002.45, any charter school under s. 1002.33, any hope
1936	operator under s. 1002.333, any alternative school under s.
1937	1008.341, any private or parochial school, or any local
1938	governmental entity that licenses child care facilities;
1939	b. Is seeking to be employed or used by a contractor or
1940	licensee under sub-subparagraph a.; or
1941	c. Is a person screened under s. 1012.467;
1942	7. Is seeking to be licensed by the Division of Insurance
1943	Agent and Agency Services within the Department of Financial

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1944	Services; or
1945	8. Is seeking to be appointed as a guardian pursuant to s.
1946	744.3125.
1947	Section 47. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) of section
1948	943.059, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1949	943.059 Court-ordered sealing of criminal history records
1950	(6) EFFECT OF ORDER
1951	(b) The subject of the criminal history record sealed under
1952	this section or under other provisions of law, including former
1953	ss. 893.14, 901.33, and 943.058, may lawfully deny or fail to
1954	acknowledge the arrests covered by the sealed record, except
1955	when the subject of the record:
1956	1. Is a candidate for employment with a criminal justice
1957	agency;
1958	2. Is a defendant in a criminal prosecution;
1959	3. Concurrently or subsequently petitions for relief under
1960	this section, s. 943.0583, or s. 943.0585;
1961	4. Is a candidate for admission to The Florida Bar;
1962	5. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by or to contract
1963	with the Department of Children and Families, the Division of
1964	Vocational Rehabilitation within the Agency for Persons with
1965	Disabilities Department of Education, the Agency for Health Care
1966	Administration, the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, the
1967	Department of Health, the Department of Elderly Affairs, or the
1968	Department of Juvenile Justice or to be employed or used by such
1969	contractor or licensee in a sensitive position having direct
1970	contact with children, the disabled, or the elderly;
1971	6.a. Is seeking to be employed or licensed by, or contract
1972	with, the Department of Education, a district unit under s.

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1973	1001.30, a special district unit under s. 1011.24, the Florida
1974	School for the Deaf and the Blind under s. 1002.36, the Florida
1975	Virtual School under s. 1002.37, a virtual instruction program
1976	under s. 1002.45, a charter school under s. 1002.33, a hope
1977	operator under s. 1002.333, an alternative school under s.
1978	1008.341, a private or parochial school, or a local governmental
1979	entity that licenses child care facilities;
1980	b. Is seeking to be employed or used by a contractor or
1981	licensee under sub-subparagraph a.; or
1982	c. Is a person screened under s. 1012.467;
1983	7. Is attempting to purchase a firearm from a licensed
1984	importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer and is
1985	subject to a criminal history check under state or federal law;
1986	8. Is seeking to be licensed by the Division of Insurance
1987	Agent and Agency Services within the Department of Financial
1988	Services;
1989	9. Is seeking to be appointed as a guardian pursuant to s.
1990	744.3125; or
1991	10. Is seeking to be licensed by the Bureau of License
1992	Issuance of the Division of Licensing within the Department of
1993	Agriculture and Consumer Services to carry a concealed weapon or
1994	concealed firearm. This subparagraph applies only in the
1995	determination of an applicant's eligibility under s. 790.06.
1996	Section 48. Paragraph (e) of subsection (2) of section
1997	1002.394, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
1998	1002.394 The Family Empowerment Scholarship Program
1999	(2) DEFINITIONSAs used in this section, the term:
2000	(e) "Disability" means, for a 3- or 4-year-old child or for
2001	a student in kindergarten to grade 12, autism spectrum disorder,
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2002	as defined in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental
2003	Disorders, Fifth Edition, published by the American Psychiatric
2004	Association; cerebral palsy, as defined in s. 393.063; Down
2005	syndrome, as defined in s. 393.063; an intellectual disability,
2006	as defined in s. 393.063; a speech impairment; a language
2007	impairment; an orthopedic impairment; any other health
2008	impairment; an emotional or a behavioral disability; a specific
2009	learning disability, including, but not limited to, dyslexia,
2010	dyscalculia, or developmental aphasia; Phelan-McDermid syndrome,
2011	as defined in s. 393.063; Prader-Willi syndrome, as defined in
2012	s. 393.063; spina bifida, as defined in s. 393.063; being a
2013	high-risk child, as defined in <u>s. 393.063(23)(a)</u> <del>s.</del>
2014	<del>393.063(22)(a)</del> ; muscular dystrophy; Williams syndrome; rare
2015	diseases which affect patient populations of fewer than 200,000
2016	individuals in the United States, as defined by the National
2017	Organization for Rare Disorders; anaphylaxis; a hearing
2018	impairment, including deafness; a visual impairment, including
2019	blindness; traumatic brain injury; hospital or homebound; or
2020	identification as dual sensory impaired, as defined by rules of
2021	the State Board of Education and evidenced by reports from local
2022	school districts. The term "hospital or homebound" includes a
2023	student who has a medically diagnosed physical or psychiatric
2024	condition or illness, as defined by the state board in rule, and
2025	who is confined to the home or hospital for more than 6 months.
2026	Section 49. Present subsection (3) of section 1003.575,
2027	Florida Statutes, is redesignated as subsection (4), a new

2028 subsection (3) is added to that section, and subsection (2) of 2029 that section is amended, to read:

2030

1003.575 Assistive technology devices; findings;

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2055

2059

Disabilities.

6-00679A-25 20251050 2031 interagency agreements.-Accessibility, utilization, and 2032 coordination of appropriate assistive technology devices and 2033 services are essential as a young person with disabilities moves 2034 from early intervention to preschool, from preschool to school, 2035 from one school to another, from school to employment or 2036 independent living, and from school to home and community. If an 2037 individual education plan team makes a recommendation in 2038 accordance with State Board of Education rule for a student with a disability, as defined in s. 1003.01(9), to receive an 2039 2040 assistive technology assessment, that assessment must be 2041 completed within 60 school days after the team's recommendation. 2042 To ensure that an assistive technology device issued to a young 2043 person as part of his or her individualized family support plan, 2044 individual support plan, individualized plan for employment, or 2045 individual education plan remains with the individual through 2046 such transitions, the following agencies shall enter into 2047 interagency agreements, as appropriate, to ensure the 2048 transaction of assistive technology devices: 2049 (2) The Division of Blind Services, the Bureau of 2050 Exceptional Education and Student Services, and the Office of 2051 Independent Education and Parental Choice, and the Division of 2052 Vocational Rehabilitation of the Department of Education. 2053 (3) The Division of Blind Services and the Division of 2054 Vocational Rehabilitation of the Agency for Persons with

2056 2057 Interagency agreements entered into pursuant to this section 2058 shall provide a framework for ensuring that young persons with

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disabilities and their families, educators, and employers are

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6-00679A-25 20251050 2060 informed about the utilization and coordination of assistive 2061 technology devices and services that may assist in meeting 2062 transition needs, and shall establish a mechanism by which a 2063 young person or his or her parent may request that an assistive 2064 technology device remain with the young person as he or she 2065 moves through the continuum from home to school to postschool. 2066 Section 50. Paragraph (c) of subsection (4) of section 2067 1004.6495, Florida Statutes, is amended to read: 2068 1004.6495 Florida Postsecondary Comprehensive Transition 2069 Program and Florida Center for Students with Unique Abilities.-(4) 2070 STUDENT ELIGIBILITY.-To be eligible to enroll in an 2071 FPCTP at an eligible institution, a student must, as determined 2072 by the institution, based on guidelines established by the 2073 center: 2074 (C) Submit to the eligible institution documentation regarding his or her intellectual disability. Such documentation 2075 2076 may include, but need not be limited to, a current 2077 individualized plan for employment associated with a review 2078 completed pursuant to s. 413.20 s. 413.20(3) or a diagnosis from 2079 a physician who is licensed under chapter 458 or chapter 459 or 2080 a psychologist licensed under chapter 490. 2081 Section 51. Subsection (2) of section 1012.582, Florida 2082 Statutes, is amended to read: 2083 1012.582 Continuing education and inservice training for 2084 teaching students with developmental and emotional or behavioral 2085 disabilities.-2086 In developing the recommendations, the commissioner (2) 2087 shall consult with the State Surgeon General, the secretary 2088 Director of the Agency for Persons with Disabilities,

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2089	representatives from the education community in the state, and
2090	representatives from entities that promote awareness about
2091	autism spectrum disorder, Down syndrome, other developmental
2092	disabilities, and emotional or behavioral disabilities and
2093	provide programs and services to persons with disabilities,
2094	including, but not limited to, regional autism centers pursuant
2095	to s. 1004.55.
2096	Section 52. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

#### The Florida Senate BILL ANALYSIS AND FISCAL IMPACT STATEMENT (This document is based on the provisions contained in the legislation as of the latest date listed below.) Prepared By: The Professional Staff of the Committee on Children, Families, and Elder Affairs SB 1050 BILL: Senator Bradley INTRODUCER: Agency for Persons with Disabilities SUBJECT: March 31, 2025 DATE: **REVISED**: ANALYST STAFF DIRECTOR REFERENCE ACTION 1. Rao \_\_\_\_\_ Tuszynski CF Pre-meeting AHS 2. \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ 3. AP

## I. Summary:

SB 1050 makes several changes to the organizational structure of the Agency for Persons with Disabilities (APD). The bill designates the APD as a department, rather than an agency, and clarifies the purpose and responsibilities of the APD. The bill provides for a type two transfer of the Division of Blind Services, the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation, and the Federal Rehabilitation Trust Fund from the Department of Education to the APD.

The bill requires the APD to participate in transition planning activities for children aging out of the child welfare system who are currently waiting to receive home and community-based services.

The bill establishes a statewide family care council that is required to coordinate with existing local family care councils. The bill specifies the membership appointments, reporting requirements, and responsibilities of the statewide and local family care councils.

The bill amends the membership of the Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged to require specified members as ex officio, nonvoting advisors to the commission.

The bill amends definitions in Chapter 393, F.S. and updates cross references to reflect the substantive changes in the bill.

There is likely an indeterminate, but negative, fiscal impact to the state government. *See* Section V. Fiscal Impact Statement.

The bill has an effective date of July 1, 2025.

## II. Present Situation:

The present situation is presented in Section III under the Effect of Proposed Changes.

## III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

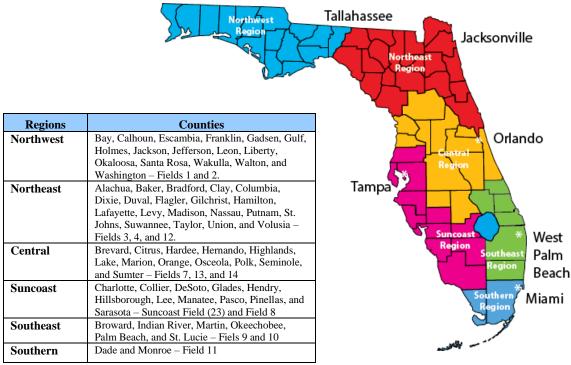
## Governance of the Agency for Persons with Disabilities

#### **Present Situation**

#### The Agency for Persons with Disabilities

Chapter 393, F.S., identifies the need to provide community-based services and programs for individuals with developmental disabilities that enable individuals to achieve their greatest potential for independent living while reducing the number of individuals in unnecessary institutional placements.<sup>1</sup>

The Agency for Persons with Disabilities (APD) provides services to individuals with developmental disabilities and manages Medicaid waivers that provide federally approved services for individuals with developmental disabilities.<sup>2</sup> In addition to central headquarters in Tallahassee, the APD operates a total of six regional offices and 14 field offices throughout the state, as detailed below:<sup>3</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 393.062, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Section 20.197, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Agency for Persons with Disabilities, *Regional Offices*, available at: <u>https://apd.myflorida.com/region/</u> (last visited 3/11/25).

## Executive Agencies and Departments

The executive branch of state government is comprised of departments and agencies. Florida law defines a department as the principal administrative unit within the executive branch of state government.<sup>4</sup> Under current law, departments may recommend the establishment of additional divisions, bureaus, sections, and subsections of the department to promote the efficiency and effectiveness of the department.<sup>5</sup> Department heads, referred to as secretaries<sup>6</sup> of the department are required to execute the following actions<sup>7</sup>:

- Plan, direct, coordinate, and execute the powers, duties, and functions vested in that department;
- Have authority to execute any of the powers, duties, and functions vested in that department or in any administrative unit of the department;
- Compile annually a comprehensive budget reporting all program and fiscal matters of the department;
- Reimburse the members of advisory bodies, commissions, and boards of trustees for their actual and necessary expenses incurred in performance of their duties in accordance with s. 112.061, F.S.;
- Exercise existing authority to adopt rules pursuant and limited to the powers, duties, and functions transferred to the department, subject to ch. 120 requirements;
- Employ an executive director to serve at the pleasure of a supervisory board, if applicable; and
- Make recommendations concerning more effective internal structuring of the department to the Legislature.

Current law does not specify the requirements of executive agencies.

In 2004, the Legislature established the Agency for Persons with Disabilities as an agency housed within the Department of Children and Families (DCF) for administrative purposes.<sup>8</sup> The APD is a separate budget entity and is not subject to the control, supervision, or direction of the DCF in any manner including, but not limited to, personnel, purchasing, transactions involving real or personal property, and budgetary matters.<sup>9</sup>

The director of the APD is appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate and may employ assistants, professional staff, and other employees as necessary to carry out the duties of the APD.<sup>10</sup> Florida law requires the APD to include a Division of Budget and Planning and a Division of Operations in its organizational structure. The director may recommend the establishment of additional divisions, bureaus, sections, and subsections of the agency to promote efficient and effective operation of the APD.<sup>11</sup>

- <sup>7</sup> Section 20.05, F.S.
- <sup>8</sup> Ch. 2004-267, L.O.F.
- <sup>9</sup> Section 20.197, F.S.
- $^{10}$  *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Section 20.03(8), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Section 20.04, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Section 20.03, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Section 20.197, F.S.

## Florida Coordinating Council for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing

The Florida Coordinating Council for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing (council) serves as an advisory and coordinating body in the state which recommends policies to address the needs of deaf, hard-of-hearing, and late-deafened persons.<sup>12</sup> The council recommends methods to improve the coordination of services among public and private entities and may provide technical assistance, advocacy, and education.<sup>13</sup> The Department of Health administers the council.<sup>14</sup> Members<sup>15</sup> of the council are as follows<sup>16</sup>:

- Two members representing the Florida Association of the Deaf.
- Two members representing the Florida Association of Self Help for Hard of Hearing People.
- A member representing the Association of Late-Deafened Adults.
- An individual who is deaf and blind.
- A parent of an individual who is deaf.
- A member representing the Deaf Service Center Association.
- A member representing the Florida Registry of Interpreters for the Deaf.
- A member representing the Florida Alexander Graham Bell Association for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing.
- A communication access real-time translator.
- An audiologist licensed under part I of chapter 468.
- A hearing aid specialist licensed under part II of chapter 484.
- The Secretary of Children and Families or his or her designee.
- The State Surgeon General or his or her designee.
- The Commissioner of Education or his or her designee.
- The Secretary of Elderly Affairs or his or her designee.

# Effect of Proposed Changes

**Section 5** of the bill amends s. 20.197, F.S. to designate the APD as a department, rather than an agency. The bill specifies the APD shall have the following purposes:

- Serve as the single state agency providing multiple pathways for success for persons with disabilities.
- Provide services under ch. 393, F.S. to persons with disabilities, including overseeing the operation of all state institutional programs and the programmatic management of Medicaid waivers and other programs established to provide services to persons with developmental disabilities.
- Provide services under ch. 413, F.S. to persons with disabilities.

The bill removes the APD from the administrative oversight of the DCF and establishes the head of the APD as a secretary, rather than a director. The secretary shall be appointed by the Governor and subject to confirmation by the Senate. The bill requires the secretary to serve at the pleasure of and report to the Governor.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Section 413.271(3), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Section 413.271(2)(a), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> The Governor appoints the members of the council, consulting with the organizations the appointees represent.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Section 414.271(2)(a), F.S.

The bill removes the requirement that the APD must include a Division of Budget and Planning and a Division of Operations to allow the secretary of the APD to establish any additional divisions, bureaus, sections, and subsections of the APD as the secretary deems necessary.

**Section 7** of the bill amends s. 393.062, F.S. to include the purpose of the APD in the chapter of law regarding persons with disabilities. The bill directs the APD to serve as the single state agency for all individuals with disabilities in Florida. The bill clarifies the APD's mission and directs the APD to support individuals with disabilities and their families in living, learning, and working within their communities by creating multiple pathways to possibilities for such individuals and their families.

**Section 8** of the bill creates s. 393.0621, F.S. to specify the duties of the APD to include the following:

- Serve as the primary agency administering support to individuals with disabilities in living, learning, and working within their communities by creating multiple pathways to possibilities for such individuals and their families, among other responsibilities.
- Administer, as deemed fit by the APD and in accordance with law, developmental disabilities home and community-based Medicaid waiver programs.
- Develop community-based programs and services for individuals with disabilities and work with private businesses, nonprofit organizations, faith-based entities, units of local government, and other organizations capable of providing needed services to individuals with disabilities to provide opportunities for success to such individuals.
- Advise the Governor and the Legislature regarding the need for and location of programs related to disabilities.
- Serve as the preeminent state authority on individuals with disabilities and, when necessary, advise, set standards for, and propose recommendations to other entities serving individuals with disabilities.
- Advocate for quality programs and services for the state's disabled population and on behalf of the needs of individuals with disabilities.
- Purchase, lease, or otherwise acquire material to advertise, market, and promote awareness of services available to enable individuals with disabilities to achieve greater independence.
- Prevent neglect, abuse, or exploitation of individuals with disabilities who are unable to protect their own interests.
- Conduct studies and collect data necessary for the success of its mission.
- Coordinate interdepartmental policy development and program planning for all state agencies that provide services for individuals with disabilities in order to prevent duplicative efforts, to maximize use of resources, and to ensure cooperation, communication, and departmental linkages.

**Section 13** of the bill creates s. 413.001, F.S. to include the purpose of APD in ch. 413, F.S. which governs employment and related services for persons with disabilities. The bill identifies the APD as the single state agency for all individuals with disabilities, and provides that the purpose of the APD is to support individuals with disabilities and their families in living, learning, and working within their communities by creating multiple pathways to possibilities.

**Section 14** of the bill amends s. 413.271, F.S. to add the secretary of the APD or his or her designee as a member of the Florida Coordinating Council for the Deaf and Hard of Hearing.

The bill makes technical changes to clarify the language in this section.

Sections 21, 23, 24, 45 and 51 of the bill make conforming changes to align statute with the substantive changes in the bill.

## **Type Two Transfer**

## **Present Situation**

## Type Two Transfers

Type two transfers allow the executive branch of government to reorganize and redistribute functions across agencies and departments.<sup>17</sup> Upon a type two transfer, an agency or department assumes the specified programs, activities, or functions of an existing agency or department. Generally, this transfers the statutory powers, duties, and functions; records, personnel, property, and unexpended balances of appropriations to the agency or department that assumes the type two transfer. The agency or department that assumes the programs, activities, or functions of another agency or department also assumes the administrative authority of the agency or department, unless provided by law.<sup>18</sup>

#### The Department of Education

The Department of Education (DOE) is an administrative and supervisory agency under the State Board of Education.<sup>19</sup> The DOE serves approximately 2.8 million students statewide and is aimed at increasing the proficiency of all students through programs that encourage independence and self-sufficiency.<sup>20</sup> The DOE is composed of divisions that oversee the needs of students statewide. The divisions of the DOE are as follows<sup>21</sup>:

- Division of Florida Colleges.
- Division of Public Schools.
- Division of Early Learning.
- Division of Career and Adult Education.
- Division of Vocational Rehabilitation.
- Division of Blind Services.
- Division of Accountability, Research, and Measurement.
- Division of Finance and Operations.
- Office of K-20 Articulation.
- The Office of Independent Education and Parental Choice.
- The Office of Safe Schools.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Section 20.06(2), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Section 1001.20, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Florida Department of Education, *About Us*, available at: <u>https://www.fldoe.org/about-us/</u> (last visited 3/24/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Section 20.15, F.S.

These divisions are assigned the powers, duties, responsibilities, and functions as are necessary to ensure the coordination, efficiency, and effectiveness of education for students in Florida.<sup>22</sup>

#### **Division of Blind Services**

The Division of Blind Services is housed under the Department of Education and provides services for individuals of all ages in Florida that are blind and visually impaired.<sup>23</sup> Individuals may apply for services at the nearest Division of Blind Services district office, detailed below<sup>24</sup>:

District Office	Counties Served
Location	
Cocoa	Brevard
Daytona Beach	Flagler, Putnam, Volusia
Fort Myers	Collier, Glades, Hendry, Lee, Charlotte
Gainesville	Alachua, Bradford, Columbia, Dixie, Gilchrist, Levy, Marion,
	Union
Jacksonville	Baker, Clay, Duval, Nassau, St. John
Lakeland	Citrus, Hardee, Polk, Pasco, Hernando
Miami	Dade, Monroe
Orlando	Lake, Orange, Osceola, Seminole, Sumter
Palmetto	DeSoto, Highlands, Manatee, Sarasota
Panama City	Bay, Calhoun, Gulf, Jackson, Holmes, Washington
Pensacola	Escambia, Okaloosa, Santa Rosa, Walton
Sunrise	Broward
Tallahassee	Franklin, Gadsen, Hamilton, Jefferson, Lafayette, Leon, Liberty,
	Madison, Suwannee, Taylor, Wakulla
Tampa	Hillsborough, Pinellas
West Palm Beach	Indian River, Martin, Okeechobee, Palm Beach, St. Lucie

The Division of Blind Services oversees a variety of programs to assist individuals with visual impairments in the state of Florida.

- <u>Blind Babies Program</u>: Provides community-based early intervention education to children from birth through five years of age who are blind or visually impaired, and to their parents, families, and caregivers. The program is delivered by community-based provider organizations and provides services to minimize developmental delays and prepare children to enter school.<sup>25</sup>
- <u>Children's Program</u>: Supplements services<sup>26</sup> offered by the school system to facilitate the achievement of educational and independent living goals.<sup>27</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Section 20.15, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Florida Division of Blind Services, *Home*, available at: <u>https://dbs.fldoe.org/index.html</u> (last visited 3/24/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Florida Division of Blind Services, *District Offices*, available at: <u>https://dbs.fldoe.org/Information/contact.html</u> (last visited 3/24/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Florida Division of Blind Services, *Blind Babies Program*, available at: <u>https://dbs.fldoe.org/Babies/index.html</u> (last visited 3/24/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Services from kindergarten through high school include: compensatory skills (such as Braille, listening skills, handwriting skills, and abacus); orientation and mobility; social interaction skills; independent living skills and personal management; recreation and leisure; career and vocational education; assistive technology; and visual efficiency skills.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Florida Division of Blind Services, *Children's Program*, available at: <u>https://dbs.fldoe.org/Children/index.html</u> (last visited 3/24/25).

- <u>Transition Program</u>: Individualized services designed to facilitate an individual's transition into adulthood.<sup>28</sup>
- <u>Independent Living Program:</u> Provides services to enable blind or severely visually impaired individuals to live independently in his or her home or community with a maximum degree of self-direction.<sup>29</sup>
- <u>Vocational Rehabilitation Program:</u> Provides services<sup>30</sup> to assist individuals in achieving or maintaining an employment outcome that is consistent with his or her unique strengths, resources, priorities, concerns, abilities, capabilities, interests, and informed choice.<sup>31</sup>
- <u>Employer Services</u>: Provides information services to employers seeking to make jobs accessible to employees with a visual impairment.<sup>32</sup>
- <u>Business Enterprise Program:</u> Provides job opportunities in the food service sector for individuals with visual impairments.<sup>33</sup>
- <u>Career, Technology and Training Center for the Blind and Visually Impaired:</u> Provides places for individuals who are blind to reside temporarily. Offers instruction in a variety of independence skills and case management.<sup>34</sup>
- <u>Braille and Talking Book Library</u>: Provides information and reading materials in Braille and recorded audio format to Florida residents who are unable to use standard print as the result of visual, physical, or reading disabilities.<sup>35</sup>

## Division of Vocational Rehabilitation

The Division of Vocational Rehabilitation is under the administrative authority of the DOE. Vocational Rehabilitation is a federal-state program that helps individuals with disabilities attain desired job skills and employment.<sup>36</sup>

The Florida Rehabilitation Council (FRC) assists the Florida DOE and Division of Vocational Rehabilitation in planning statewide services for individuals with disabilities.<sup>37</sup> At least 51% of the council must be composed of individuals with disabilities. The council recommends best

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Florida Division of Blind Services, *Transition Services*, available at: <u>https://dbs.fldoe.org/Transition/index.html</u> (last visited 3/24/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Florida Division of Blind Services, *Independent Living Program*, available at: <u>https://dbs.fldoe.org/ILAB/index.html</u> (last visited 3/24/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Services may include: vocational training; job placement; on-the-job training; orientation and mobility training; independent living skills training; career counseling and guidance; low vision aids and appliances; and job modification including adaptive technology.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> Florida Division of Blind Services, *Vocational Rehabilitation Program*, available at: <u>https://dbs.fldoe.org/Voc-Rehab/index.html</u> (last visited 3/24/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> Florida Division of Blind Services, *Employer Services*, available at: <u>https://dbs.fldoe.org/Employer/index.html</u> (last visited 3/24/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Florida Division of Blind Services, *Business Enterprise Program*, available at: <u>https://dbs.fldoe.org/BEP/index.html</u> (last visited 3/24/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Florida Division of Blind Services, *About Blind Services*, available at: <u>https://dbs.fldoe.org/Information/index.html</u> (last visited 3/24/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> Florida Division of Blind Services, *Braille and Talking Book Library*, available at: <u>https://dbs.fldoe.org/Library/index.html</u> (last visited 3/24/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> Florida Vocational Rehabilitation, *About Adult Programs*, available at: <u>https://rehabworks.org/adult-programs/adult-programs/adult-programs.html</u> (last visited 3/24/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> Florida Vocational Rehabilitation, *About Us*, available at: <u>https://rehabworks.org/frc/frc-about.html</u> (last visited 3/24/25).

practices to facilitate the employment, independence, and improved quality of life for individuals with disabilities in Florida.<sup>38</sup>

The Division of Vocational Rehabilitation offers services for adults, students, and youth.

- <u>Adult Programs</u>: Provides services to adults with disabilities in the workforce. Services may include, but are not limited to, independent living, supported employment, and deaf, hard of hearing and deafblind services.<sup>39</sup>
- <u>Students and Youth Programs:</u> Provides services to prepare students and out-of-school youth with disabilities for success in the workforce. Offers Pre-Employment Transition Services (Pre-ETS) to facilitate career exploration as well as Transition Youth Programs for students in high school that provide career counseling, work readiness training, and work experiences.<sup>40</sup>
- <u>Ticket to Work:</u> Provides information about the Social Security program Ticket to Work that allows individuals who qualify for social security disability benefits to work while receiving social security benefits.<sup>41</sup>

## Federal Rehabilitation Trust Fund

Individuals who receive vocational rehabilitation services may be required to financially participate in the costs of these services.<sup>42</sup> However, individuals may have third-party coverage for these services, such as health insurance.<sup>43</sup> If an applicant or recipient of such services has a right to third-party payment for such services, Florida law requires the applicant or recipient to inform the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation of his or her right to such payments.<sup>44</sup> The right to receive such payments transfers to the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation, and the Division is reimbursed the funds expended for such services directly from the third-party.<sup>45</sup> These funds recovered from third-parties are deposited in the Federal Rehabilitation Trust Fund and may be used to fund vocational rehabilitation programs.<sup>46</sup>

# Effect of Proposed Changes

**Section 2** of the bill transfers the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation, the Division of Blind Services, and the Federal Rehabilitation Trust Fund in the DOE to the APD by a type two transfer as described in s. 20.06(2), F.S. This transfers all powers, duties, functions, records, offices, personnel, associated administrative support positions, property, pending issues, existing contracts, administrative authority, administrative rules, and unexpected balances of

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> Florida Vocational Rehabilitation, *About Us*, available at: <u>https://rehabworks.org/frc/frc-about.html</u> (last visited 3/24/25).
 <sup>39</sup> Florida Vocational Rehabilitation, *About Adult Programs*, available at: <u>https://www.rehabworks.org/adult-programs/adult-</u>

programs.html (last visited 3/24/25). <sup>40</sup> Florida Vocational Rehabilitation, *About Students and Youth Programs*, available at: <u>https://www.rehabworks.org/student-</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> Florida Vocational Rehabilitation, *About Students and Youth Programs*, available at: <u>https://www.rehabworks.org/student-youth/student-youth.html</u> (last visited 3/24/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> Florida Vocational Rehabilitation, *Ticket to Work*, available at: <u>https://www.rehabworks.org/adult-programs/ttw.html</u> (last visited 3/24/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> 6A-25.008, F.A.C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> Florida Division of Vocational Rehabilitation, *Handbook of Services*, available at: <u>https://www.rehabworks.org/about/publications.html</u> (last visited 3/24/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>44</sup> Section 413.445, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> 6A-25.018, F.A.C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> Section 413.4455, F.S.

appropriations allocations and other funds relating to the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation, the Division of Blind Services, and the Federal Rehabilitation Trust Fund to the APD.

The bill requires that any binding contract or interagency agreement existing before September 30, 2026 between the Division of Blind Services, the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation and another entity must continue under the current entities for the remainder of the contract.

The bill requires the DOE to continue the operations of any direct-support organization created under ch. 413, F.S. until full implementation of the transition plan or October 1, 2027, whichever occurs first. The bill requires any funds held in trust which were donated to or earned by the Division of Blind Services or the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation to be transferred in conjunction with the direct-support organization and used for the original purposes.

The bill transfers duties related to applicable federal authority to the APD, which allows the APD to assume the responsibility to submit amendments, supplemental information, or waivers to the federal government for approval. The bill requires the APD and the DOE to jointly notify the U.S. Department of Education of the change in grant recipient for any applicable federal funding.

The bill intends the transition activities to be completed on or before October 1, 2027, and that the changes made by this section be accomplished with minimal disruption of services provided to the public and minimal disruption to employees of the DOE or APD. The bill directs all applicable units of state government to contribute to the transfer, and establishes a transition period between July 1, 2025 and October 1, 2027.

**Section 3** of the bill requires coordination between the DOE and APD during the type two transfer. The bill requires the secretary of the APD and the Commissioner of Education to each designate a transition coordinator to serve as the primary representative on a transition advisory working group. The bill allows the transition coordinators to recommend subject-matter experts to the secretary and the commissioner that can fulfill transition duties and submit progress reports on the transition.

The bill requires the secretary and the commissioner to each appoint three staff members to the transition advisory working group to review and make determinations on the following:

- The appropriate proportionate number of personnel and their related funding levels, funding sources, and assigned property that will be transferred from the Office of General Counsel, Office of the Inspector General, and Division of Administrative Services to the APD from the DOE.
- The development of a recommended plan that addresses the transfers or shared use of buildings, regional offices, and other facilities used or owned by the DOE.
- Any operating budget adjustments necessary to implement the transition. These adjustments must be made in consultation with the appropriate substantive and fiscal committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives.

**Section 6** of the bill amends s. 20.1971, F.S. to allow the APD to administer the Federal Rehabilitation Trust Fund, rather than the DOE. The trust fund must consist of receipts from federal grants, and must be used for the purpose of providing the following:

• Providing independent living skills;

- Education;
- Medical treatment; and
- Assistive devices for individuals with disabilities.

These services are intended to assist individuals with disabilities lead productive lives and join the workforce.

Any balance in the trust fund at the end of any fiscal year must remain in the trust fund and be available to carry out the purposes of the trust fund, notwithstanding s. 216.301, F.S. and pursuant to s. 216.351, F.S.

Sections 4, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 22, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 46, 47, and 49 of the bill makes conforming changes to implement the type two transfer of the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation, the Division of Blind Services, and the Federal Rehabilitation Trust Fund from the DOE to the APD.

#### Services for Individuals with Disabilities

#### **Present Situation**

#### Individual Budgeting (iBudget) Waiver

Florida has obtained several waivers<sup>47</sup> to enable the provision of specified home and communitybased services to persons at risk of institutionalization.<sup>48</sup> The intended target populations are older adults, people with intellectual or developmental disabilities, physical disabilities, or mental health and substance use disorders.<sup>49</sup> These services are intended to allow recipients to remain at home or in a home-like setting, and are funded by the Florida Agency for Health Care Administration (AHCA).<sup>50</sup>

The Individual Budgeting Waiver (iBudget) is one of the Home and Community-Based Services federal waivers.<sup>51</sup> The APD administers the iBudget waiver in Florida for individuals with specified developmental disabilities who meet Medicaid eligibility requirements.<sup>52</sup> The iBudget program provides the client with an established budget; with this budget, the client may choose services within a specified service package that best allows them to live in their community.<sup>53</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> A Medicaid waiver allows a state to waive certain eligibility requirements and cover individuals who may not otherwise be eligible for Medicaid care. *See* Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, *State Medicaid Plans and Waivers*, available at: <u>https://www.cms.gov/training-education/partner-outreach-resources/american-indian-alaska-native/ltss-ta-center/information/state-medicaid-plans-and-waivers</u> (last visited 3/25/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> 59G-13.080, F.A.C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> Medicaid.gov, Home and Community Based Services, available at: https://www.medicaid.gov/medicaid/home-community-based-services/index.html (last visited 3/13/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> Rule 59G-13.080(1), F.S. 393.062, F.S.; Section 409.906, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> Florida Agency for Health Care Administration, Florida Medicaid's Covered Services and HCBS Waivers, available at: https://ahca.myflorida.com/medicaid/medicaid-policy-quality-and-operations/medicaid-policy-and-quality/medicaidpolicy/florida-medicaid-s-covered-services-and-hcbs-waivers (last visited 3/13/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> Section 393.0662, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>53</sup> Id.

The APD serves 35,790 individuals through iBudget Florida, contracting with service providers to offer various supports and services to assist individuals to live in their community.<sup>54</sup> Examples of waiver services include residential habilitation, behavioral services, personal supports, adult day care training, employment services, and occupational and physical therapy.<sup>55</sup>

## iBudget Preenrollment Categories

Based on the available slots in the iBudget waiver program, applicants may either be placed in the program or placed on a wait list if the demand exceeds available funding. The APD assigns each waitlisted client to a preenrollment category based on their needs. As more funding is available, clients are taken off the preenrollment categories and placed on the program, in descending priority order; meaning, the clients who have the highest needs are enrolled in the program first. The following table displays the number of individuals in the preenrollment categories as of March 18, 2025<sup>56</sup>:

iBudget Preenrollment Categories			
Preenrollment Category	Description	Total Number of Clients	
Category 1	Clients in crisis	-	
Category 2	Children in the Child Welfare System at the time of permanency or turning 18 years of age	-	
Category 3	Intensive Needs	170	
Category 4	Caregiver Over Age 60	522	
Category 5	Clients transitioning from school	22	
Category 6	Clients Age 21 and Over who do not meet the criteria for categories 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5	12,323	
Category 7	Clients Age 21 and Younger who do not meet the criteria for categories 1, 2, 3, or 4	7,985	
	Grand Total of Clients	21,022	

## The Child Welfare System

Chapter 39, F.S., creates Florida's dependency system charged with protecting children who have been abused, abandoned, or neglected.<sup>57</sup> The Department of Children and Families (DCF) and community-based care lead agencies (CBCs) work with families to address problems endangering children, if possible.<sup>58</sup> If the problems cannot be addressed, the child welfare system finds safe out-of-home placements for these children.<sup>59</sup> During this time, the DCF strives to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>54</sup> March 24, 2025 E-mail from Anna Grace Futch, Legislative Affairs Director, the APD (on file with the Senate Committee on Children, Families, and Elder Affairs).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>55</sup> Agency for Persons with Disabilities, *Quarterly Report on Agency Services to Floridians with Developmental Disabilities and Their Costs First Quarter Fiscal Year 2022-2023*, available at: <u>https://apd.myflorida.com/publications/reports/</u> (last visited 3/14/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>56</sup> March 24, 2025 E-mail from Anna Grace Futch, Legislative Affairs Director, the APD (on file with the Senate Committee on Children, Families, and Elder Affairs).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>57</sup> Ch. 39, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>58</sup> Ch. 39, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>59</sup> Ch. 39, F.S.

achieve permanency for the child before the child's 18<sup>th</sup> birthday.<sup>60</sup> However, a child will age out of care upon reaching 18 years of age if a permanent placement is not found.<sup>61</sup>

During the year after a child reaches age 16 years, the DCF and CBC lead agency are required to collaborate with the caregiver to assist the child in developing a transition plan.<sup>62</sup> The transition plan must address options for the child to obtain services such as housing, health insurance, education, financial literacy, a driver license, and workforce support.<sup>63</sup> Additionally, the court is required to conduct judicial reviews of children aging out of the child welfare system, to determine if they have obtained appropriate life skills to live independently and ensure the child has information about services they may be eligible to receive after reaching 18 years of age.<sup>64</sup>

## Effect of Proposed Changes

**Section 10** of the bill amends s. 393.065, F.S. to require the APD to participate in transition planning activities for individuals assigned to preenrollment category 2, which are children aging out of the child welfare system. These activities must coordinated by the CBC lead agency, and include, but are not limited to the following:

- Transition plan staffing pursuant to s. 39.6035, F.S.; and
- Multidisciplinary staffing pursuant to s. 39.701 F.S, including activities regarding guardianship.

The bill also requires the APD to provide a brief overview of the vocational rehabilitation services offered through the Division of Vocational Rehabilitation through APD, to conform to the type two transfer of this division from the Department of Education.

## **Adult Pathways**

## **Present Situation**

## Adult Pathways Program

In 2024, the Legislature directed the Agency for Health Care Administration and the APD to jointly develop a comprehensive plan for the administration, finance, and delivery of home and community-based services through a new home and community-based services Medicaid waiver program.<sup>65</sup> The waiver is intended for clients transitioning into adulthood, and designed to prevent future crisis enrollment (Category 1) in the iBudget program.

To fulfill the legislative directive from the 2024 legislative session, the APD and AHCA contracted for an actuarial analysis to propose recommendations for the advancement of an Adult Pathways Waiver.<sup>66</sup>

- 62 Section 39.6035, F.S.
- <sup>63</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>60</sup> Section 39.621, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>61</sup> Rule 65C-30.022, F.A.C.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>64</sup> Section 39.701(3), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>65</sup> Ch. 2024-14, L.O.F.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>66</sup> Ch. 2024-231, L.O.F. and Milliman Report, *Adult Pathways Waiver – Plans and Recommendations*, November 26, 2024 (on file with the Senate Committee on Children, Families, and Elder Affairs).

In November 2024, the APD submitted the actuarial analysis and plan for the Adult Pathways Waiver. The waiver is intended to focus on a population of individuals with developmental disabilities ages 18 to 32 that have graduated or completed high school equivalency and are Medicaid eligible.<sup>67</sup> Additionally, the APD identified the following services to potentially include in the waiver<sup>68</sup>:

- Life Skills Developmental Level 1 (Community Inclusion)
- Like Skills Developmental Level 2 (Supported Employment)
- Life Skills Developmental Level 3 (Adult Day Training)
- Life Skills Developmental Level 4 (Prevocational)
- Personal Supports
- Respite
- Support Coordination
- Supported Living Coaching
- Transportation

Residential habilitation and behavioral services were also identified as potential services for consideration.<sup>69</sup>

To begin implementation, the plan must receive legislative appropriation and be submitted to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) for federal approval.<sup>70</sup>

## Effect of Proposed Changes

**Section 11** of the bill creates s. 393.0664, F.S. to implement the Adult Pathways Home and Community-based Services Medicaid waiver program. The bill requires this waiver to utilize a fee-for-service model with an annual per-person funding cap to address the needs of clients with developmental disabilities as they transition into adulthood and achieve greater independence throughout their lifetimes.

The bill requires the program to establish an additional pathway that utilizes the use of natural supports and community partnerships to provide the necessary supports to clients and contain costs. The program is intended to meet the needs of clients at the earliest opportunity to prevent care crises and to positively influence outcomes relating to client health, safety, and well-being.

The bill allows the APD, in partnership with AHCA, to seek federal approval for the program through a state plan amendment or Medicaid waiver. The bill requires AHCA to submit a request for any federal approval needed to implement the program by October 1, 2025.

The bill requires participation in the program to be voluntary and limited to the maximum number of enrollees authorized in the General Appropriations Act. The bill specifies the following criteria to participate in the program:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>67</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>68</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>69</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>70</sup> Milliman Report, *Adult Pathways Waiver – Plans and Recommendations*, November 26, 2024 (on file with the Senate Committee on Children, Families, and Elder Affairs).

- Be eligible for Medicaid.
- Be eligible for a preenrollment category for Medicaid waiver services.
- Be 18 to 28 years of age at the time of enrollment and have attained a high school diploma or the equivalent.
- Meet the level of care required for home and community-based services as identified in the federal approval for the program.

The bill requires the APD to approve a needs assessment methodology to determine the functional, behavioral, and physical needs of prospective enrollees. This assessment methodology must be administered by persons who have completed any training required by the APD for such purpose. The bill allows the APD to offer such training.

The bill allows enrollees to remain on the Adult Pathways waiver until he or she reaches 32 years of age. An individual's participation in the program does not affect his or her status on the home and community-based services Medicaid waiver program, unless the client or the client's legal representative voluntarily disenrolls from that program. Upon an individual's disenrollment from the program, the bill requires the APD to allow the client to return to the most appropriate preenrollment category based on a current needs assessment and the preenrollment category criteria.

The bill requires the APD to authorize covered services specified in the Medicaid waiver which are medically necessary, including, but not limited to, any of the following:

- Adult day training.
- Companion services.
- Employment services.
- Personal supports.
- Prevocational services.
- Supported living coaching.
- Transportation.
- Care Coordination.

The bill requires such services to be provided in accordance with an individualized care plan. The bill requires the individualized care plan to be evaluated and updated at least annually, and as often as warranted by changes in the enrollee's circumstances.

The bill requires the APD to begin enrollment in the Adult Pathways program upon federal approval of the Adult Pathways waiver, with coverage for enrollees becoming effective upon authorization and availability of sufficient state and federal funding and resources.

The bill allows the APD, in consultation with AHCA, to adjust fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, or number of services; limit enrollment in the program; or make any other adjustments necessary based upon funding and any limitations imposed or directions provided in the General Appropriations Act.

The bill requires the APD, in consultation with AHCA, to submit progress reports to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives upon

federal approval of the Medicaid waiver and throughout implementation of the program. The bill requires the APD to submit a progress report by July 1, 2026, including, but not limited to, all of the following:

- The number of enrollees in the program and other pertinent information on enrollment.
- Service use.
- Average cost per enrollee.
- Outcomes and performance reporting relating to health, safety, and well-being of enrollees.

## **Family Care Councils**

## **Present Situation**

## Family Care Councils

In 1993, the Legislature required each service district of the Department of Health and Rehabilitative Services to create local family care councils (FCC).<sup>71</sup> FCCs are intended to facilitate the connection between government and individuals with disabilities and their families, to ensure that statewide policies are guided by input from individuals who are affected by such policies.<sup>72</sup>

Current law requires local FCCs to consist of at least 10 members recommended by a majority vote of the local family care council and appointed by the Governor.<sup>73</sup> Council members must serve on a voluntary basis.<sup>74</sup> The FCC must be composed of individuals receiving or waiting to receive APD services and family members of individuals with developmental disabilities.<sup>75</sup> FCCs are required to provide the APD-established training program to assist the council members in understanding the laws, rules, and policies applicable to their duties and responsibilities on the council.<sup>76</sup>

Family care councils are intended to advise the APD, develop a plan for the delivery of family support services within the local area, and to monitor the implementation and effectiveness of services and support provided under the developed plan.<sup>77</sup> The primary functions of the FCC are as follows<sup>78</sup>:

- Assist in providing information and outreach to families.
- Review the effectiveness of service programs and make recommendations with respect to program implementation.
- Advise the agency with respect to policy issues relevant to the community and family support system in the local area.
- Meet and share information with other local family care councils.

<sup>73</sup> Section 393.502, F.S.

<sup>78</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>71</sup> Ch. 93-143, L.O.F.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>72</sup> Family Care Councils, Serving Families for 30 Years, available at: <u>https://www.fccflorida.org/</u> (last visited 3/26/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>74</sup> Section 393.502, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>75</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>76</sup> Section 393.502(5), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>77</sup> Section 393.502(7), F.S.

There are currently 15 FCCs statewide, as shown below<sup>79</sup>

Star 2	
Counties Served	
Escambia, Santa Rosa, Okaloosa, and Walton	13/12
Bay, Jackson, Calhoun, Jefferson, Franklin, Leon, Gadsden, Liberty, Gulf, Holmes, Washington, and Wakulla	SC - West
Madison, Taylor, Alachua, Bradford, Columbia, Dixie, Gilchrist, Hamilton, Lafayette, Levy, Putnam, Suwannee, and Union	SC East
Baker, Clay, Duval, Nassau, and St. John	
Pasco and Pinellas	
DeSoto, Hillsborough, Manatee, and Sarasota	Y 27
Brevard, Seminole, Orange, and Osceola	T 10/
Charlotte, Collier, Glades, Hendry, and Lee	
Palm Beach	111
Broward	
Dade and Monroe	
Flagler and Volusia	and the second second
Citrus, Hernando, Lake, Marion, and Sumter	
Hardee, Highlands, and Polk	
Indian River, Martin, Okeechobee, St. Lucie	
	Escambia, Santa Rosa, Okaloosa, and Walton Bay, Jackson, Calhoun, Jefferson, Franklin, Leon, Gadsden, Liberty, Gulf, Holmes, Washington, and Wakulla Madison, Taylor, Alachua, Bradford, Columbia, Dixie, Gilchrist, Hamilton, Lafayette, Levy, Putnam, Suwannee, and Union Baker, Clay, Duval, Nassau, and St. John Pasco and Pinellas DeSoto, Hillsborough, Manatee, and Sarasota Brevard, Seminole, Orange, and Osceola Charlotte, Collier, Glades, Hendry, and Lee Palm Beach Broward Dade and Monroe Flagler and Volusia Citrus, Hernando, Lake, Marion, and Sumter Hardee, Highlands, and Polk

Upon the establishment of a new FCC, the Governor must appoint the first four council members, who serve 3-year terms. The appointed members are required to submit recommendations for at least six additional members selected by a majority vote to the Governor.<sup>80</sup>

FCCs may apply for, receive, and accept grants, gifts, donations, bequests, and other payments from any public or private entity or person.<sup>81</sup> The APD may conduct an annual financial review of each local family care council.<sup>82</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>79</sup> Family Care Councils, *Local Family Care Councils*, available at: <u>https://www.fccflorida.org/local-councils.html</u> (last visited 3/26/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>80</sup> Section 393.502(8), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>81</sup> Section 393.502(9), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>82</sup> Id.

## Florida Unique Abilities Program

The Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program was established in 2016<sup>83</sup> and was transferred to the oversight of the APD in 2024.<sup>84</sup> This program allows the APD to designate certain business entities as Florida Unique Abilities Partners, provided the business demonstrates its commitment to supporting individuals with disabilities.<sup>85</sup> The Florida Unique Abilities Partners Program is intended to enhance the following outcomes<sup>86</sup>:

- Fostering independence through facilitating the employment of individuals with unique abilities who wish to work.
- Reducing unemployment among those who are willing, ready, and able to contribute to Florida's workforce.
- Connecting businesses through increased networking opportunities for businesses.
- Strengthening communities by creating environments where everyone can succeed.

Currently, there are nearly 200 Unique Abilities Partners throughout the state of Florida.<sup>87</sup>

# Effect of Proposed Changes

**Section 12** of the bill amends s. 393.502, F.S. to establish a statewide family care council that coordinates with existing local family care councils. The statewide council is required to advise the APD on strategies to promote and support the delivery of services and resources across the state. The bill requires the statewide council to utilize information from local family care councils to develop strategies and resources to support individuals with disabilities and their families, including the promotion of peer and mentorship models.

The bill clarifies language that provides the location of local family care councils, to agencydesignated regions rather than service areas of the APD. The bill requires local family care councils to coordinate with the statewide family care council and act as a local network for mentorship and peer support to individuals with disabilities and their families. Specifically, local family care councils are required to do the following:

- Provide an annual report to the statewide family care council by July 1. This report must include information relating to locally based existing resources and supports available to individuals with disabilities and their families. The report must include specific information provided at the local council's quarterly meetings.
  - The local family care council's quarterly meetings must include the development of strategies to enhance networks of supports. These strategies are intended to promote the maximization of community integration, resource identification, encouragement for others by sharing lived experiences, and increase of skills for independence through partnerships that promote volunteer opportunities, internships, and employment options.
- Assist in promoting strategies, models, and programs that are developed due to the findings in the statewide family care council's annual report and in consultation with the agency.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>83</sup> Ch. 2016-3, F.S.

<sup>84</sup> Ch. 2024-14, L.O.F.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>85</sup> Section 413.801, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>86</sup> APD Cares, *Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program*, available at: <u>https://apd.myflorida.com/unique/</u> (last visited 3/26/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>87</sup> APD Cares, *Florida Unique Abilities Partner Program List of Partners*, available at: <u>https://apd.myflorida.com/unique/partners.htm</u> (last visited 3/26/25).

• Provide outreach and connection for individuals with disabilities and their families to care navigation, resources and supports, and additional opportunities to connect with others with lived experiences to promote empowerment and resiliency.

The bill requires the statewide family care council to utilize the information received from the local council's annual reports and quarterly meetings to compose a statewide annual report. The statewide family care council must provide this report to the APD by December 1, each year. The report must include information relating to the existing infrastructure of supports for individuals with disabilities and their families. The bill requires the strategies included in the report to reference existing models established as leading practices. The strategies must promote the maximization of community integration, resource identification, encouragement for others by sharing lived experiences, and increase of skills for independence through partnerships that promote volunteer, intern, and employment options.

The bill limits local family care councils to apply, receive, and accept funding *solely* for the purpose of directly supporting the mentorship and peer supports program and network.

The bill provides that both the statewide and local family care councils are subject to an annual financial review by staff assigned by the APD. The bill allows the APD to implement financial controls for a council as deemed necessary after a financial review.

The bill prohibits APD employees from serving as voting members on either the statewide council or a local council. Members of the statewide council must be appointed by the Governor and members of the local councils must be appointed by the APD secretary, including upon the establishment of a new local family care council. Thus, statewide council members serve at the pleasure of the Governor, and the local council members serve at the pleasure of the secretary of the APD. The bill allows the APD secretary to recommend potential statewide council member appointments to the Governor.

The bill requires council members for the statewide and local councils to be appointed for a three-year term.

The bill requires the statewide family care council to be composed of up to 11 members, as follows:

- At least one representative from each agency-designated region, each of whom must be a resident of the region he or she represents on the council.
- At least two individuals who are receiving waiver services from the agency or are assigned to a preenrollment category for waiver services under s. 393.065.
- One nonvoting member appointed by the secretary of the APD.
- One representative of an entity that provides services to individuals with disabilities in this state, including, but not limited to, a private sector Florida Unique Abilities Partner designated under s. 413.801, which does not have a Medicaid waiver service contract with the agency, who shall serve as a member-at-large.
- At least one member who is the parent, grandparent, guardian, or sibling of an individual with disabilities who is served by the agency. For a grandparent to serve as a member, the grandchild's parent or legal guardian must consent to the appointment in writing to the agency.

• Additional members may include representatives from local community-based nonprofit organizations, faith-based organizations, schools, or programs embedded within educational systems in this state.

Persons related by consanguinity or affinity within the third degree may not serve on the same council at the same time. The bill requires the council members to choose a statewide family care council chair who serves a one year term. The bill prohibits an individual from serving more than two consecutive terms as chair.

The bill requires each local family care council to be composed of at least 10 and no more than 15 members, as follows:

- At least one member must be an individual receiving waiver services from the agency or assigned to a preenrollment category for waiver services under s. 393.065, F.S.
- One member must be a representative of an entity providing services to individuals with disabilities in this state, including, but not limited to, a private sector Florida Unique Abilities Partner designated under s. 413.801, which does not have a Medicaid waiver service contract with the agency.
- At least one member must be the parent, grandparent, guardian, or sibling of an individual with disabilities who is served by the agency. For a grandparent to serve as a member, the grandchild's parent or legal guardian must consent to the appointment in writing to the agency.
- Additional members may include representatives of local community-based nonprofit organizations, faith-based organizations, schools, or educational programs.

The bill retains the requirement that a local council chair must be chosen by the council members to serve a one year term. The bill reduces the number of consecutive terms an individual may serve as a chair, from four one-year terms to two one-year terms. Thus, an individual cannot serve as a local council chair for more than two consecutive years.

The bill amends the process upon which a statewide or local council has a membership vacancy. The bill requires the statewide or local council to notify the APD of the vacancy. Upon this notification, the vacancy must be filled in the same manner as the original appointment to the council.

The bill requires the APD to consult with the statewide and local councils to establish a training program for statewide and local council members. This training program must be utilized when new members are appointed to the councils and any times as the APD secretary deems necessary.

The bill requires the statewide family care council and all local family care councils to meet as necessary, but at least quarterly.

The bill amends the compensation requirements for the members of both the statewide and local family care councils. The following members of the statewide or local council may receive reimbursement for per diem and travel expenses:

- Members who were appointed on the basis of receiving waiver services from the APD;
- Members who were appointed by virtue of being assigned to a preenrollment category; or

• Members who were appointed on the basis of being related to such a person.

The bill requires the statewide and local family care councils to have a quorum, consisting of the majority of the members of the council, in order to conduct business or hold a meeting. The bill allows the council to conduct its meetings through teleconference or other electronic means to establish a quorum. If a council is unable to meet a quorum due to vacancies on the council, the bill requires the council to meet solely to develop and submit recommendations for council members to fill the vacancy.

## **Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged**

## **Present Situation**

The Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged (commission) is housed within the Department of Transportation.<sup>88</sup> The Commission coordinates transportation services for individuals with disabilities to facilitate individuals living interpedently in their communities.<sup>89</sup> The Governor makes the following appointments to the Commission<sup>90</sup>:

- The Secretary of Transportation or his or her designee.
- The director of the Agency for Persons with Disabilities or his or her designee.
- The Secretary of Elderly Affairs or his or her designee.
- The director of the Division of Blind Services.
- Two county managers or administrators, one from a rural county and one from a county with a population of more than 150,000, according to the last state census.
- Five members who have experience in transportation, workforce development, transit services, management, insurance, or service of persons with disabilities or who have a disability and use transportation for the transportation disadvantaged.

## Effect of Proposed Changes

**Section 45** of the bill amends the membership of the Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged in s. 427.012, F.S. The bill requires the following members to serve as ex officio, nonvoting advisors to the commission:

- The Secretary of Transportation;
- The Secretary of Children and Families;
- The Secretary of Commerce;
- The executive director of the Department of Veterans' Affairs;
- The Secretary of Elderly Affairs;
- The Secretary of Health Care Administration;
- The Secretary of the APD; and
- A county manager or administrator appointed by the Governor *or* a senior management-level representative of each department.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>88</sup> Section 427.012, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>89</sup> Florida Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged, 2024 Annual Performance Report, available at: <u>https://www.fdot.gov/ctd/ctd-home</u> (last visited 3/25/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>90</sup> Section 427.012, F.S.

The members of the council who have experience in transportation, workforce development, transit services, management, insurance, or service of persons with disabilities, and individuals who have a disability and use transportation for the transportation disadvantaged retain voting power.

## Other

Section 1 of the bill renames ch. 393, F.S. entitled "Developmental Disabilities" to "Persons with Disabilities."

**Section 9** of the bill amends s. 393.063, F.S. to update current definitions and to include a new definition for the term "care plan."

The bill refers to a care plan as a written tool that contains information provided by the individual with disabilities or his or her guardian advocate or representative which is used to develop attainable milestones and corresponding timelines to address immediate, intermediate, and long-term needs and goals through the coordination of resources and support.

The bill updates the term "client" to refer to any individual with disabilities who receive services from the APD under ch. 393 or ch. 413.

The bill updates the term "treatment" to refer to interventions or services provided to prevent and lessen a client's symptoms; provide care, comfort, and education to a client; and restore and maintain the health of the client. This change removes terminology that refers to a client's developmental disability as something that must be prevented, ameliorated, or cured.

Section 48 and 50 of the bill update cross references to reflect the substantive changes in the bill.

Section 52 provides an effective date of July 1, 2025.

## IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

The bill does not require cities and counties to expend funds or limit their authority to raise revenue or receive state-shared revenues as specified by Article VII, s. 18, of the State Constitution.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None Identified.

## V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

## B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

There is an expected indeterminate fiscal impact relating to the type two transfer of the Division of Blind Services, Division of Vocational Rehabilitation, and the Federal Rehabilitation trust fund from the DOE to the APD.

There is a potential negative fiscal impact on APD for the administrative support of the newly created statewide family care council.

## VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

## VII. Related Issues:

None.

## VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill substantially amends the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 20.15, 20.197, 20.1971, 393.062, 393.063, 393.065, 393.502, , 413.271, 90.6063, 110.112, 215.311, 257.04, 318.21, 320.0848, 393.13, 394.75, 402.56, 409.9855, 410.604, 413.011, 413.0111, 413.033, 413.035, 413.036, 413.037, 413.051, 413.091, 413.092, 413.20, 413.201, 413.203, 413.402, 413.405, 413.407, 413.445, 413.615, 413.80, 413.801, 427.012, 943.0585, 943.059, 1002.394, 1003.575, 1004.6495, 1012.582

This bill creates the following sections of the Florida Statutes: 393.0621, 393.0664, 413.001

#### IX. **Additional Information:**

## Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.) Α.

None.

#### Β. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

LEGISLATIVE ACTION

Senate

House

The Committee on Children, Families, and Elder Affairs (Bradley) recommended the following:

Senate Amendment (with title amendment)

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

Section 1. Subsection (14) of section 393.0662, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:

393.0662 Individual budgets for delivery of home and community-based services; iBudget system established.—The Legislature finds that improved financial management of the existing home and community-based Medicaid waiver program is

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11 necessary to avoid deficits that impede the provision of 12 services to individuals who are on the waiting list for 13 enrollment in the program. The Legislature further finds that 14 clients and their families should have greater flexibility to choose the services that best allow them to live in their 15 16 community within the limits of an established budget. Therefore, the Legislature intends that the agency, in consultation with 17 18 the Agency for Health Care Administration, shall manage the 19 service delivery system using individual budgets as the basis 20 for allocating the funds appropriated for the home and community-based services Medicaid waiver program among eligible 21 22 enrolled clients. The service delivery system that uses 23 individual budgets shall be called the iBudget system.

24 (14) (a) The agency, in consultation with the Agency for 25 Health Care Administration, shall provide a quarterly 26 reconciliation report of all home and community-based services 27 waiver expenditures from the Agency for Health Care 28 Administration's claims management system with service 29 utilization from the Agency for Persons with Disabilities 30 Allocation, Budget, and Contract Control system. The 31 reconciliation report must be submitted to the Governor, the 32 President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of 33 Representatives no later than 30 days after the close of each 34 quarter.

(b) The agency shall post its quarterly reconciliation reports on its website, in a conspicuous location, no later than 37 5 days after submitting the reports as required in this subsection. Section 2. Subsection (12) of section 393.065, Florida

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40 Statutes, is renumbered as subsection (13), paragraph (a) of subsection (1), paragraph (b) of subsection (5), and subsection 41 42 (10) are amended, and a new subsection (12) is added to that 43 section, to read:

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393.065 Application and eligibility determination.-

(1) (a) The agency shall develop and implement an online application process that, at a minimum, supports paperless, electronic application submissions with immediate e-mail confirmation to each applicant to acknowledge receipt of application upon submission. The online application system must allow an applicant to review the status of a submitted application and respond to provide additional information. The online application must allow an applicant to apply for crisis enrollment.

(5) Except as provided in subsections (6) and (7), if a client seeking enrollment in the developmental disabilities home and community-based services Medicaid waiver program meets the level of care requirement for an intermediate care facility for individuals with intellectual disabilities pursuant to 42 C.F.R. 59 ss. 435.217(b)(1) and 440.150, the agency must assign the client to an appropriate preenrollment category pursuant to this subsection and must provide priority to clients waiting for waiver services in the following order:

63 (b) Category 2, which includes clients in the preenrollment 64 categories who are:

65 1. From the child welfare system with an open case in the 66 Department of Children and Families' statewide automated child 67 welfare information system and who are either:

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a. Transitioning out of the child welfare system into



69 permanency; or

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b. At least 18 years but not yet 22 years of age and who need both waiver services and extended foster care services; or

At least 18 years but not yet 22 years of age and who
withdrew consent pursuant to s. 39.6251(5)(c) to remain in the
extended foster care system.

76 For individuals who are at least 18 years but not yet 22 years 77 of age and who are eligible under sub-subparagraph 1.b., the agency must provide waiver services, including residential 78 79 habilitation, and must actively participate in transition planning activities, including, but not limited to, 80 individualized service coordination, case management support, 81 82 and ensuring continuity of care pursuant to s. 39.6035. The 83 community-based care lead agency must fund room and board at the 84 rate established in s. 409.145(3) and provide case management 85 and related services as defined in s. 409.986(3)(e). Individuals may receive both waiver services and services under s. 39.6251. 86 87 Services may not duplicate services available through the 88 Medicaid state plan.

90 Within preenrollment categories 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7, the agency 91 shall prioritize clients in the order of the date that the 92 client is determined eligible for waiver services.

93 (10) The client, the client's guardian, or the client's 94 family must ensure that accurate, up-to-date contact information 95 is provided to the agency at all times. Notwithstanding s. 96 393.0651, the agency must send an annual letter requesting 97 updated information from the client, the client's guardian, or

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98	the client's family. The agency must remove from the
99	preenrollment categories any individual who cannot be located
100	using the contact information provided to the agency, fails to
101	meet eligibility requirements, or becomes domiciled outside the
102	state.
103	(12) To ensure transparency and timely access to
104	information, the agency shall post on its website in a
105	conspicuous location the total number of individuals in each
106	priority category. The posted numbers shall reflect the current
107	status of the preenrollment priority list and shall be updated
108	at least every 5 days.
109	Section 3. Section 393.0664, Florida Statutes, is created
110	to read:
111	393.0664 Adult Pathways Home and Community-based Services
112	Medicaid waiver program
113	(1) PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION
114	(a) The agency shall implement the Adult Pathways Home and
115	Community-based Services Medicaid waiver program using a fee-
116	for-service model with an annual per-person funding cap to
117	address the needs of clients with developmental disabilities as
118	they transition into adulthood and achieve greater independence
119	throughout their lifetimes.
120	(b) The program is created to establish an additional
121	pathway to provide necessary supports and services to clients
122	and contain costs by maximizing the use of natural supports and
123	community partnerships before turning to state resources to meet
124	the needs of clients at the earliest possible time to prevent
125	care crises and to positively influence outcomes relating to
126	client health, safety, and well-being.
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127	(c) The agency, in partnership with the Agency for Health
128	Care Administration, may seek federal approval through a state
129	plan amendment or Medicaid waiver as necessary to implement the
130	program. The Agency for Health Care Administration shall submit
131	a request for any federal approval needed to implement the
132	program by October 1, 2025.
133	(2) VOLUNTARY ENROLLMENT; ELIGIBILITY; DISENROLLMENT
134	(a) Participation in the program is voluntary and limited
135	to the maximum number of enrollees authorized in the General
136	Appropriations Act.
137	(b) The agency shall approve a needs assessment methodology
138	to determine functional, behavioral, and physical needs of
139	prospective enrollees. The assessment methodology may be
140	administered only by persons who have completed any training
141	required by the agency for such purpose. If required, the agency
142	must offer any such training.
143	(c) To participate in the program, a client must meet all
144	of the following criteria:
145	1. Be eligible for Medicaid.
146	2. Be eligible for a preenrollment category for Medicaid
147	waiver services as provided in s. 393.065(5).
148	3. Be 18 to 28 years of age at the time of enrollment and
149	have attained a high school diploma or the equivalent.
150	4. Meet the level of care required for home and community-
151	based services as identified in the federal approval for the
152	program.
153	(d) Enrollees may remain on the Adult Pathways waiver until
154	the age of 32.
155	(e) Participation in the program does not affect the status
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156	of current clients of the home and community-based services
157	Medicaid waiver program under s. 393.0662 unless a client, or
158	his or her legal representative, voluntarily disenrolls from
159	that program.
160	(f) Enrollees who voluntarily disenroll from the program
161	must be allowed to return to the most appropriate preenrollment
162	category for services under s. 393.065 based on a current needs
163	assessment and the preenrollment category criteria.
164	(3) ADULT PATHWAYS WAIVER SERVICES.—
165	(a) The agency shall authorize covered services as
166	specified in the Medicaid waiver which are medically necessary,
167	including, but not limited to, any of the following:
168	1. Adult day training.
169	2. Companion services.
170	3. Employment services.
171	4. Personal supports.
172	5. Prevocational services.
173	6. Supported living coaching.
174	7. Transportation.
175	8. Care Coordination.
176	(b) Services must be provided to enrollees in accordance
177	with an individualized care plan, which must be evaluated and
178	updated at least annually and as often as warranted by changes
179	in the enrollee's circumstances.
180	(4) PROGRAM ADMINISTRATION AND EVALUATION
181	(a) The agency shall begin enrollment upon federal approval
182	of the Medicaid waiver, with coverage for enrollees becoming
183	effective upon authorization and availability of sufficient
184	state and federal funding and resources.

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185	(b) This section and any rules adopted pursuant thereto may
186	not be construed to prevent or limit the agency, in consultation
187	with the Agency for Health Care Administration, from adjusting
188	fees, reimbursement rates, lengths of stay, number of visits, or
189	number of services; limiting enrollment; or making any other
190	adjustment necessary based upon funding and any limitations
191	imposed or directions provided in the General Appropriations
192	Act.
193	(c) The agency, in consultation with the Agency for Health
194	Care Administration, shall submit progress reports to the
195	Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the
196	House of Representatives upon federal approval of the Medicaid
197	waiver and throughout implementation of the program under the
198	waiver. By July 1, 2026, the Agency for Persons with
199	Disabilities shall submit a progress report on the
200	administration of the program, including, but not limited to,
201	all of the following:
202	1. The number of enrollees in the program and other
203	pertinent information on enrollment.
204	2. Service use.
205	3. Average cost per enrollee.
206	4. Outcomes and performance reporting relating to health,
207	safety, and well-being of enrollees.
208	Section 4. Section 393.502, Florida Statutes, is amended to
209	read:
210	393.502 Family care councils
211	(1) CREATION AND PURPOSE OF STATEWIDE FAMILY CARE COUNCIL
212	There shall be established and located within each service area
213	of the agency a family care council.

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214 (a) The Statewide Family Care Council is established to 215 connect local family care councils and facilitate direct 216 communication between local councils and the agency, with the 217 goal of enhancing the quality of and access to resources and 218 supports for individuals with developmental disabilities and 219 their families. 220 (b) The statewide council shall: 1. Review annual reports, policy proposals, and program 221 2.2.2 recommendations submitted by the local family care councils. 223 2. Advise the agency on statewide policies, programs, and 224 service delivery improvements based on the collective 225 recommendations of the local councils. 3. Identify systemic barriers to the effective delivery of 226 227 services and recommend solutions to address such barriers. 228 4. Foster collaboration and the sharing of best practices 229 and available resources among local family care councils to 230 improve service delivery across regions. 231 5. Submit an annual report no later than December 1 of each 232 year to the Governor, the President of the Senate, the Speaker 233 of the House of Representatives, and the agency. The report 234 shall include a summary of local council findings, policy 235 recommendations, and an assessment of the agency's actions in 236 response to previous recommendations of the local councils. 237 (c) The agency shall provide a written response within 60 238 days after receipt, including a detailed action plan outlining 239 steps taken or planned to address recommendations. The response 240 must specify whether recommendations will be implemented and 241 provide a timeline for implementation or include justification 242 if recommendations are not adopted.

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243	(2) STATEWIDE FAMILY CARE COUNCIL MEMBERSHIP
244	(a) The statewide council shall consist of the following
245	members appointed by the Governor:
246	1. One representative from each of the local family care
247	councils, who must be a resident of the area served by that
248	local council. Among these representatives must be at least one
249	individual who is receiving waiver services from the agency
250	under s. 393.065 and at least one individual who is assigned to
251	a preenrollment category for waiver services under s. 393.065.
252	2. One individual representing an advocacy organization
253	representing individuals with disabilities.
254	3. One representative of a public or private entity that
255	provides services to individuals with developmental disabilities
256	that does not have a Medicaid wavier service contract with the
257	agency.
258	(b) Employees of the agency or the Agency for Health Care
259	Administration are not eligible to serve on the statewide
260	council.
261	(3) STATEWIDE FAMILY CARE COUNCIL TERMS; VACANCIES
262	(a) Statewide council members shall be initially appointed
263	to staggered 2 and 4 year terms, with subsequent terms of 4
264	years. Members may be reappointed to one additional consecutive
265	term.
266	(b) A member who has served two consecutive terms shall not
267	be eligible to serve again until at least 12 months have elapsed
268	since ending service on the statewide council.
269	(c) Upon expiration of a term or in the case of any other
270	vacancy, the statewide council shall, by majority vote,
271	recommend to the Governor for appointment at least one person

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for each vacancy.	
1. The Governor shall make an appointment wit	hin 45 days
after receiving a recommendation from the statewide	e council. If
the Governor fails to make an appointment for a men	nber under
subsection (2), the chair of the local council may	appoint a
nember meeting the requirements of subsection (2) t	to act as the
tatewide council representative for that local cou	uncil until
the Governor makes an appointment.	
2. If no member of a local council is willing	and able to
serve on the statewide council, the Governor shall	appoint an
individual from another local council to serve on t	the statewide
council.	
(4) STATEWIDE FAMILY CARE COUNCIL MEETINGS; O	RGANIZATION
The statewide council shall meet at least quarterly	y. The council
meetings may be held in person or via teleconferenc	ce or other
electronic means.	
(a) The Governor shall appoint the initial ch	air from among
the members of the statewide council. Subsequent ch	nairs shall be
elected annually by a majority vote of the council.	<u>.</u>
(b) Members of the statewide council shall se	rve without
compensation but may be reimbursed for per diem and	d travel
expenses pursuant to s. 112.061.	
(c) A majority of the members of the statewid	le council
shall constitute a quorum.	
(5) LOCAL FAMILY CARE COUNCILSThere is esta	blished and
located within each service area of the agency a lo	ocal family
care council to work constructively with the agency	, advise the
agency on local needs, identify gaps in services, a	and advocate
for individuals with developmental disabilities and	d their

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301	families.
302	(6) LOCAL FAMILY CARE COUNCIL DUTIES.—The local family care
303	councils shall:
304	(a) Assist in providing information and conducting outreach
305	to individuals with developmental disabilities and their
306	families.
307	(b) Convene family listening sessions at least twice a year
308	to gather input on local service delivery challenges.
309	(c) Hold a public forum every 6 months to solicit public
310	feedback concerning actions taken by the local family councils.
311	(d) Share information with other local family care
312	councils.
313	(e) Identify policy issues relevant to the community and
314	family support system in the region.
315	(f) Submit to the Statewide Family Care Council, no later
316	than September 1 of each year, an annual report detailing
317	proposed policy changes, program recommendations, and identified
318	service delivery challenges within its region.
319	(7) (2) LOCAL FAMILY CARE COUNCIL MEMBERSHIP
320	(a) Each local family care council shall consist of at
321	least 10 and no more than 15 members recommended by a majority
322	vote of the local family care council and appointed by the
323	Governor.
324	(b) At least three of the members of the council shall be
325	individuals receiving or waiting to receive services from the
326	agency. One such member shall be an individual who has been
327	receiving services within the 4 years before the date of
328	recommendation. The remainder of the council members shall be
329	parents, grandparents, guardians, or siblings of individuals who

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330 have developmental disabilities and qualify for services 331 pursuant to this chapter. For a grandparent to be a council 332 member, the grandchild's parent or legal guardian must consent 333 to the appointment and report the consent to the agency. 334 (c) A person who is currently serving on another board or 335 council of the agency may not be appointed to a local family 336 care council. 337 (d) Employees of the agency or the Agency for Health Care 338 Administration are not eligible to serve on a local family care 339 council. 340 (e) Persons related by consanguinity or affinity within the 341 third degree shall not serve on the same local family care 342 council at the same time. 343 (f) A chair for the council shall be chosen by the council 344 members to serve for 1 year. A person may not serve no more than 345 four 1-year terms as chair. 346 (8) (3) LOCAL FAMILY CARE COUNCIL TERMS; VACANCIES.-347 (a) Local family council members shall be appointed for a 348 3-year terms term, except as provided in subsection (11) (8), 349 and may be reappointed to one additional term. 350 (b) A member who has served two consecutive terms shall not 351 be eligible to serve again until 12 months have elapsed since 352 ending his or her service on the local council. 353 (c)1. Upon expiration of a term or in the case of any other 354 vacancy, the local council shall, by majority vote, recommend to 355 the Governor for appointment a person for each vacancy based on 356 recommendations received from the family-led nominating 357 committee described in paragraph (9)(a). 2. The Governor shall make an appointment within 45 days

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after receiving a recommendation. If the Governor fails to make 359 360 an appointment within 45 days the local council shall, by 361 majority vote, may select an interim appointment for each 362 vacancy from the panel of candidates recommended by the family-363 led nominating committee. (9) (4) LOCAL FAMILY CARE COUNCIL COMMITTEE APPOINTMENTS.-364 365 (a) The chair of each local family care council shall 366 create, and appoint individuals receiving or waiting to receive 367 services from the agency and their relatives, to serve on a 368 family-led nominating committee. Members of the family-led 369 nominating council need not be members of the local council. The 370 family-led nominating committee shall nominate candidates for 371 vacant positions on the local family council. 372 (b) The chair of the local family care council may appoint 373 persons to serve on additional council committees. Such persons 374 may include current members of the council and former members of 375 the council and persons not eligible to serve on the council. 376 (5) TRAINING.-377 (a) The agency, in consultation with the local councils, 378 shall establish a training program for local family care council 379 members. Each local area shall provide the training program when 380 new persons are appointed to the local council and at other 381 times as the secretary deems necessary. 382 (b) The training shall assist the council members to 383 understand the laws, rules, and policies applicable to their 384 duties and responsibilities. 385 (c) All persons appointed to a local council must complete 386 this training within 90 days after their appointment. A person 387 who fails to meet this requirement shall be considered to have

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388	resigned from the council.
389	(10) (6) LOCAL FAMILY CARE COUNCIL MEETINGSLocal council
390	members shall serve on a voluntary basis without payment for
391	their services but shall be reimbursed for per diem and travel
392	expenses as provided for in s. 112.061. Local councils The
393	<del>council</del> shall meet at least six times per year. <u>Meetings may be</u>
394	held in person or by teleconference or other electronic means.
395	(7) PURPOSEThe purpose of the local family care councils
396	shall be to advise the agency, to develop a plan for the
397	delivery of family support services within the local area, and
398	to monitor the implementation and effectiveness of services and
399	support provided under the plan. The primary functions of the
400	local family care councils shall be to:
401	(a) Assist in providing information and outreach to
402	families.
403	(b) Review the effectiveness of service programs and make
404	recommendations with respect to program implementation.
405	(c) Advise the agency with respect to policy issues
406	relevant to the community and family support system in the local
407	<del>arca.</del>
408	(d) Meet and share information with other local family care
409	councils.
410	(11) (8) NEW LOCAL FAMILY CARE COUNCILS.—When a local family
411	care council is established for the first time in a local area,
412	the Governor shall appoint the first four council members, who
413	shall serve 3-year terms. These members shall submit to the
414	Governor, within 90 days after their appointment,
415	recommendations for at least six additional members, selected by
416	majority vote.

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. SB 1050

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417	(12) <del>(9)</del> FUNDING; FINANCIAL REVIEW.—The <u>statewide and</u> local
418	family care <u>councils</u> <del>council</del> may apply for, receive, and accept
419	grants, gifts, donations, bequests, and other payments from any
420	public or private entity or person. Each local council is
421	subject to an annual financial review by staff assigned by the
422	agency. Each local council shall exercise care and prudence in
423	the expenditure of funds. The local family care councils shall
424	comply with state expenditure requirements.
425	(13) TRAINING.—
426	(a) The agency, in consultation with the statewide and
427	local councils, shall establish and provide a training program
428	for council members.
429	(b) The training shall assist the council members to
430	understand the laws, rules, and policies applicable to their
431	duties and responsibilities.
432	(c) All persons newly appointed to the statewide or a local
433	council must complete this training within 90 days after their
434	appointment. A person who fails to meet this requirement is
435	considered to have resigned from the council. The agency may
436	make additional training available to council members.
437	(14) DUTIESThe agency shall publish on its website all
438	annual reports submitted by the local care councils and the
439	Statewide Family Care Council within 15 days after receipt of
440	such reports in a designated and easily accessible section of
441	the website.
442	(15) ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORTThe agency shall provide
443	administrative support to the statewide council and local
444	councils, including, but not limited to, staff assistance and
445	meeting facilities, within existing resources.

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COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. SB 1050

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Section 5. Subsections (1), (2), (3), and (6) of section 409.9855, Florida Statutes, are amended to read: 447 448 409.9855 Pilot program for individuals with developmental 449 disabilities.-450 (1) PILOT PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION.-451 (a) Using a managed care model, The agency shall implement 452 a pilot program for individuals with developmental disabilities 453 in Statewide Medicaid Managed Care Regions D and I to provide 454 coverage of comprehensive services using a managed care model. 455 The agency may seek federal approval through a state plan 456 amendment or Medicaid waiver as necessary to implement the pilot 457 program. 458 The agency shall administer the pilot program pursuant (b) 459 to s. 409.903 and as a component of the Statewide Medicaid 460 Managed Care model established by this section. Unless otherwise 461 specified, ss. 409.961-409.969 apply to the pilot program. The 462 agency may seek federal approval through a state plan amendment 463 or Medicaid waiver as necessary to implement the pilot program. 464 The agency shall submit a request for any federal approval 465 needed to implement the pilot program by September 1, 2023. 466 (c) Pursuant to s. 409.963, the agency shall administer the 467 pilot program in consultation with the Agency for Persons with 468 Disabilities. 469 (c) (d) The agency shall make capitated payments to managed 470 care organizations for comprehensive coverage, including managed 471 medical assistance benefits and long-term care under this part 472 and community-based services described in s. 393.066(3) and 473 approved through the state's home and community-based services 474 Medicaid waiver program for individuals with developmental

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475	disabilities. Unless otherwise specified, ss. 409.961-409.969
476	apply to the pilot program.
477	(e) The agency shall evaluate the feasibility of statewide
478	implementation of the capitated managed care model used by the
479	pilot program to serve individuals with developmental
480	disabilities.
481	(2) ELIGIBILITY; VOLUNTARY ENROLLMENT; DISENROLLMENT
482	(a) Participation in the pilot program is voluntary and
483	limited to the maximum number of enrollees specified in the
484	General Appropriations Act.
485	(b) To be eligible for enrollment in the pilot program, an
486	individual must:
487	(b) The Agency for Persons with Disabilities shall approve
488	a needs assessment methodology to determine functional,
489	behavioral, and physical needs of prospective enrollees. The
490	assessment methodology may be administered by persons who have
491	completed such training as may be offered by the agency.
492	Eligibility to participate in the pilot program is determined
493	based on all of the following criteria:
494	1. Be Medicaid eligible.
495	1. Whether the individual is eligible for Medicaid.
496	2. Be Whether the individual is 18 years of age or older.
497	3.Have a developmental disability as defined in s. 393.063.
498	4. Be placed in any preenrollment category for individual
499	budget waiver services under chapter 393 and reside in Statewide
500	Medicaid Managed Care Regions D or I; effective October 1, 2025,
501	be placed in any preenrollment category for individual budget
502	waiver services under chapter 393 regardless of region; or,
503	effective July 1, 2026, be enrolled in the individual budget
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504 <u>waiver services program under chapter 393 or in the long-term</u> 505 <u>care managed care program under this part regardless of region</u> 506 <del>and is on the waiting list for individual budget waiver services</del> 507 <del>under chapter 393 and assigned to one of categories 1 through 6</del> 508 <del>as specified in s. 393.065(5)</del>.

3. Whether the individual resides in a pilot program region.

511 (c) The agency shall enroll individuals in the pilot 512 program based on verification that the individual has met the 513 criteria in paragraph (b).

1. The Agency for Persons with Disabilities shall transmit to the agency weekly data files of clients enrolled in the Medicaid home and community-based services waiver program under chapter 393 and clients in preenrollment categories pursuant to s. 393.065. The agency shall maintain a record of individuals with developmental disabilities who may be eligible for the pilot program using this data, Medicaid enrollment data transmitted by the Department of Children and Families, and any available collateral data.

2. The agency shall determine and administer the process for enrollment. A needs assessment conducted by the Agency for Persons with Disabilities is not required for enrollment. The agency shall notify individuals with developmental disabilities of the opportunity to voluntarily enroll in the pilot program and explain the benefits available through the pilot program, the process for enrollment, and the procedures for disenrollment, including the requirement for continued coverage after disenrollment pursuant to paragraph (d).
3. The agency shall provide a call center staffed by agents

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533 trained to assist individuals with developmental disabilities 534 and their families in learning about and enrolling in the pilot 535 program. 536 4. The agency shall coordinate with the Department of 537 Children and Families and the Agency for Persons with 538 Disabilities to develop partnerships with community-based 539 organizations to disseminate information about the pilot program 540 to providers of covered services and potential enrollees. 541 (d) Notwithstanding any provisions of s. 393.065 to the 542 contrary, an enrollee must be afforded an opportunity to enroll 543 in any appropriate existing Medicaid waiver program if any of 544 the following conditions occur: 545 1. At any point during the operation of the pilot program, 546 an enrollee declares an intent to voluntarily disenroll, 547 provided that he or she has been covered for the entire previous 548 plan year by the pilot program. 549 2. The agency determines the enrollee has a good cause 550 reason to disenroll. 551 3. The pilot program ceases to operate. 552 553 Such enrollees must receive an individualized transition plan to 554 assist him or her in accessing sufficient services and supports 555 for the enrollee's safety, well-being, and continuity of care. 556 (3) PILOT PROGRAM BENEFITS.-557 (a) Plans participating in the pilot program must, at a 558 minimum, cover the following: 559 1. All benefits included in s. 409.973. 560 2. All benefits included in s. 409.98. 3. All benefits included in s. 393.066(3). 561

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562	4. Any additional benefits negotiated by the agency
563	pursuant to paragraph (4)(b), and all of the following:
564	a. Adult day training.
565	b. Behavior analysis services.
566	c. Behavior assistant services.
567	d. Companion services.
568	e. Consumable medical supplies.
569	f. Dictitian services.
570	g. Durable medical equipment and supplies.
571	h. Environmental accessibility adaptations.
572	i. Occupational therapy.
573	j. Personal emergency response systems.
574	k. Personal supports.
575	1. Physical therapy.
576	m. Prevocational services.
577	n. Private duty nursing.
578	o. Residential habilitation, including the following
579	levels:
580	(I) Standard level.
581	(II) Behavior-focused level.
582	(III) Intensive-behavior level.
583	(IV) Enhanced intensive-behavior level.
584	p. Residential nursing services.
585	q. Respiratory therapy.
586	r.—Respite care.
587	s. Skilled nursing.
588	t. Specialized medical home care.
589	u. Specialized mental health counseling.
590	v. Speech therapy.
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591	w. Support coordination.
592	x. Supported employment.
593	y. Supported living coaching.
594	z. Transportation.
595	(b) All providers of the <u>benefits</u> services listed under
596	paragraph (a) must meet the provider qualifications established
597	by the agency for the Medicaid long-term care managed care
598	program under this section. If no such qualifications apply to a
599	specific benefit or provider type, the provider must meet the
600	provider qualifications established by the Agency for Persons
601	with Disabilities for the individual budget waiver services
602	program under chapter 393 outlined in the Florida Medicaid
603	Developmental Disabilities Individual Budgeting Waiver Services
604	Coverage and Limitations Handbook as adopted by reference in
605	rule 596-13.070, Florida Administrative Code.
606	(c) Support coordination services must maximize the use of
607	natural supports and community partnerships.
608	(d) The plans participating in the pilot program must
609	provide all categories of benefits through a single, integrated
610	model of care.
611	(e) Participating plans must provide benefits services must
612	be provided to enrollees in accordance with an individualized
613	care plan which is evaluated and updated at least quarterly and
614	as warranted by changes in an enrollee's circumstances.
615	Participating plans must conduct an individualized assessment of
616	each enrollee within 5 days after enrollment to determine the
617	enrollee's functional, behavioral, and physical needs. The
618	assessment method or instrument must be approved by the agency.
619	(f) Participating plans must offer a consumer-directed
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620 services option in accordance with s. 409.221. 621 (6) PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION AND EVALUATION.-

(a) The agency shall conduct monitoring and evaluations and require corrective actions or payment of penalties as may be necessary to secure compliance with contractual requirements, consistent with its obligations under this section, including, but not limited to, compliance with provider network standards, financial accountability, performance standards, health care quality improvement systems, and program integrity select participating plans and begin enrollment no later than January 630 31, 2024, with coverage for enrollees becoming effective upon 631 authorization and availability of sufficient state and federal 632 resources.

(b) Upon implementation of the program, the agency, in consultation with the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, shall conduct audits of the selected plans' implementation of person-centered planning.

(b) (c) The agency, in consultation with the Agency for 637 638 Persons with Disabilities, shall submit progress reports to the 639 Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the 640 House of Representatives upon the federal approval, 641 implementation, and operation of the pilot program, as follows: 1. By August 30, 2025 December 31, 2023, a status report on

642 643 progress made toward federal approval of the waiver or waiver 644 amendment needed to implement the pilot program.

645 2. By December 31, 2025 <del>2024</del>, a status report on 646 implementation of the pilot program.

647 3. By December 31, 2025, and annually thereafter, a status report on the operation of the pilot program, including, but not 648

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649 limited to, all of the following:
650 a. Program enrollment, including the number and
651 demographics of enrollees.

b. Any complaints received.

c. Access to approved services.

654 (c) (d) The agency, in consultation with the Agency for 655 Persons with Disabilities, shall establish specific measures of 656 access, quality, and costs of the pilot program. The agency may contract with an independent evaluator to conduct such 657 658 evaluation. The evaluation must include assessments of cost 659 savings; consumer education, choice, and access to services; 660 plans for future capacity and the enrollment of new Medicaid 661 providers; coordination of care; person-centered planning and 662 person-centered well-being outcomes; health and quality-of-life 663 outcomes; and quality of care by each eligibility category and 664 managed care plan in each pilot program site. The evaluation 665 must describe any administrative or legal barriers to the 666 implementation and operation of the pilot program in each 667 region.

1. The agency, in consultation with the Agency for Persons with Disabilities, shall conduct quality assurance monitoring of the pilot program to include client satisfaction with services, client health and safety outcomes, client well-being outcomes, and service delivery in accordance with the client's care plan.

673 2. The agency shall submit the results of the evaluation to
674 the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of
675 the House of Representatives by October 1, 2029.

Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

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678	=========== T I T L E A M E N D M E N T =================================
679	And the title is amended as follows:
680	Delete everything before the enacting clause
681	and insert:
682	A bill to be entitled
683	An act relating to services for individuals with
684	developmental disabilities; amending s. 393.0662,
685	F.S.; requiring the Agency for Persons with
686	Disabilities to post its quarterly reconciliation
687	reports on its website within a specified timeframe;
688	amending s. 393.065, F.S.; providing a requirement for
689	the online application system to allow an applicant to
690	apply for crisis enrollment; removing a requirement
691	for the agency to remove certain individuals from the
692	preenrollment categories under certain circumstances;
693	requiring the agency to participate in transition
694	planning activities and to post the total number of
695	individuals in each priority category on its website;
696	creating s. 393.0664, F.S.; requiring the agency to
697	implement a specified Medicaid waiver program to
698	address the needs of certain clients; providing the
699	purpose of the program; authorizing the agency, in
700	partnership with the Agency for Health Care
701	Administration, to seek federal approval through a
702	state plan amendment or Medicaid waiver to implement
703	the program by a specified date; providing voluntary
704	enrollment, eligibility, and disenrollment
705	requirements; requiring the agency to approve a needs
706	assessment methodology; providing that only persons



707 trained by the agency may administer the methodology; 708 requiring the agency to offer such training; requiring the agency to authorize certain covered services 709 710 specified in the Medicaid waiver; providing 711 requirements for such services; requiring the agency 712 to begin enrollment in the program upon federal approval; providing construction; requiring the 713 714 agency, in consultation with the Agency for Health 715 Care Administration, to submit progress reports to the 716 Governor and the Legislature upon federal approval and 717 throughout implementation of the program; requiring 718 the agency to submit, by a specified date, a progress 719 report on the administration of the program; 720 specifying requirements for the report; amending s. 721 393.502, F.S.; establishing the Statewide Family Care 722 Council; providing for the purpose, membership, and 723 duties of the council; requiring local family care 724 councils to report to the statewide council policy 725 changes and program recommendations in an annual 726 report; providing for appointment of council members; 727 providing for the creation of family-led nominating 728 committees; providing duties of the agency relating to 729 the statewide council and local councils; amending s. 730 409.9855, F.S.; revising implementation and 731 eligibility requirements of the pilot program for 732 individuals with developmental disabilities; requiring 733 the Agency for Persons with Disabilities to transmit 734 to the Agency for Health Care Administration weekly 735 data files of specified clients; requiring the Agency

COMMITTEE AMENDMENT

Florida Senate - 2025 Bill No. SB 1050



736 for Health Care Administration to provide a call 737 center for specified purposes and to coordinate with 738 the Department of Children and Families and the Agency for Persons with Disabilities to disseminate 739 740 information about the pilot program; revising pilot 741 program benefits; revising provider qualifications; 742 requiring participating plans to conduct an individualized assessment of each enrollee within a 743 specified timeframe for certain purposes and to offer 744 745 certain services to such enrollees; requiring the 746 Agency for Health Care Administration to conduct 747 monitoring and evaluations and require corrective 748 actions or payment of penalties under certain 749 circumstances; removing coordination requirements for 750 the agency when submitting certain reports, 751 establishing specified measures, and conducting 752 quality assurance monitoring of the pilot program; 753 revising dates for submitting certain status reports; 754 providing an effective date.

**By** Senator Bradley

	6-01457A-25 20251310
1	A bill to be entitled
2	An act relating to the reporting of student mental
3	health outcomes; creating s. 394.4575, F.S.; requiring
4	the Department of Children and Families to annually
5	submit a specified evaluation to the Governor and
6	Legislature by a specified date; providing evaluation
7	requirements; requiring the department to create a
8	survey tool for specified purposes; authorizing the
9	department to include survey results in the
10	evaluation; amending s. 1001.212, F.S.; requiring the
11	coordinator to report specified referrals to the
12	department for reporting and evaluation purposes;
13	deleting an obsolete provision; amending s. 1006.041,
14	F.S.; requiring each school district to provide
15	specified information to the department for reporting
16	and evaluation purposes; revising certain plan
17	requirements to include mobile response teams;
18	removing a provision authorizing a mental health
19	professional to be available to the school district
20	through specified agreements; requiring each school
21	district to submit certain approved plans and reports
22	to the Department of Children and Families rather than
23	the Department of Education; requiring the Department
24	of Children and Families to annually certify receipt
25	of and compliance with certain requirements to the
26	Department of Education by specified dates; amending
27	s. 1006.07, F.S.; requiring each district school
28	board's mental health coordinator to serve as the
29	Department of Children and Families' primary point of

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30	contact and coordinate with the department to prepare
31	certain evaluations; requiring the coordinator to
32	annually provide certain policies and procedures to
33	the department; revising membership of a threat
34	management team to include specified mental health
35	providers; requiring the team to provide specified
36	information to the department for reporting and
37	evaluation purposes; requiring a threat management
38	coordinator to report certain data to the department;
39	amending s. 1012.584, F.S.; requiring each school
40	district to notify certain school personnel of the
41	availability of specified mental health providers;
42	providing an effective date.
43	
44	Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Florida:
45	
46	Section 1. Section 394.4575, Florida Statutes, is created
47	to read:
48	394.4575 Student mental health assistance program
49	evaluation
50	(1) On or before December 1 each year, the department shall
51	submit to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the
52	Speaker of the House of Representatives and publish on its
53	website an evaluation of mental health services and supports
54	provided to students pursuant to ss. 1001.212(11), 1006.041, and
55	1012.584(4). The department shall provide an evaluation of
56	expenditure plans and program outcome reports submitted by
57	school districts as required in s. 1006.041, and assess
58	treatment outcomes and the effectiveness of mental health

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59	services provided pursuant to s. 1006.041(2)(a) and (b). The
60	department shall also utilize other relevant information
61	collected by the department to evaluate treatment outcomes,
62	system capacity, and performance. School district threat
63	management coordinators and mental health coordinators as
64	described in s. 1006.07 shall provide information and reports to
65	the department for evaluation and inclusion in the report.
66	(2) The department shall create a survey tool for students
67	using mental health services and supports described in this
68	section for the purpose of assessing the patient experience and
69	self-reported treatment outcomes. The results shall be
70	deidentified before being transmitted to the department.
71	Students or their parents or legal guardians may complete the
72	survey. The department may include survey results in the annual
73	evaluation under subsection (1).
74	Section 2. Paragraph (a) of subsection (11) of section
75	1001.212, Florida Statutes, is amended to read:
76	1001.212 Office of Safe SchoolsThere is created in the
77	Department of Education the Office of Safe Schools. The office
78	is fully accountable to the Commissioner of Education. The
79	office shall serve as a central repository for best practices,
80	training standards, and compliance oversight in all matters
81	regarding school safety and security, including prevention
82	efforts, intervention efforts, and emergency preparedness
83	planning. The office shall:
81	(11) Develop a statewide behavioral threat management

84 (11) Develop a statewide behavioral threat management
85 operational process, a Florida-specific behavioral threat
86 assessment instrument, and a threat management portal.

87

(a)1. By December 1, 2023, The office shall develop a

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6-01457A-25 20251310 88 statewide behavioral threat management operational process to 89 guide school districts, schools, charter school governing 90 boards, and charter schools through the threat management 91 process. The process must be designed to identify, assess, 92 manage, and monitor potential and real threats to schools. This 93 process must include, but is not limited to: 94 a. The establishment and duties of threat management teams. 95 b. Defining behavioral risks and threats. The use of the Florida-specific behavioral threat 96 с. 97 assessment instrument developed pursuant to paragraph (b) to 98 evaluate the behavior of students who may pose a threat to the 99 school, school staff, or other students and to coordinate intervention and services for such students. 100 101 d. Upon the availability of the threat management portal 102 developed pursuant to paragraph (c), the use, authorized user 103 criteria, and access specifications of the portal. 104 e. Procedures for the implementation of interventions, 105 school support, and community services. 106 f. Guidelines for appropriate law enforcement intervention. 107 g. Procedures for risk management. 108 h. Procedures for disciplinary actions. 109 i. Mechanisms for continued monitoring of potential and real threats. 110 j. Procedures for referrals to mental health services 111 112 identified by the school district or charter school governing 113 board pursuant to s. 1012.584(4). Referrals to mental health 114 services originating from the behavioral threat process or assessment instrument shall be reported, in the aggregate, by 115 116 the threat management coordinator, designated in s.

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117	1006.07(7)(j), to the Department of Children and Families for
118	reporting and evaluation purposes pursuant to s. 394.4575.
119	k. Procedures and requirements necessary for the creation
120	of a threat assessment report, all corresponding documentation,
121	and any other information required by the Florida-specific
122	behavioral threat assessment instrument under paragraph (b).
123	2. Upon availability, each school district, school, charter
124	school governing board, and charter school must use the
125	statewide behavioral threat management operational process.
126	3. The office shall provide training to all school
127	districts, schools, charter school governing boards, and charter
128	schools on the statewide behavioral threat management
129	operational process.
130	4. The office shall coordinate the ongoing development,
131	implementation, and operation of the statewide behavioral threat
132	management operational process.
133	Section 3. Section 1006.041, Florida Statutes, is amended
134	to read:
135	1006.041 Mental health assistance programEach school
136	district must implement a school-based mental health assistance
137	program that includes training classroom teachers and other
138	school staff in detecting and responding to mental health issues
139	and connecting children, youth, and families who may experience
140	behavioral health issues with appropriate services. <u>Each school</u>
141	district must provide information relating to student mental
142	health programs, services, and treatments to the Department of
143	Children and Families for reporting and evaluation purposes
144	pursuant to s. 394.4575.
145	(1) Each school district must develop, and submit to the
I	

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6-01457A-25 20251310 146 district school board for approval, a detailed plan outlining 147 the components and planned expenditures of the district's mental 148 health assistance program. The plan must include all district schools, including charter schools, unless a charter school 149 150 elects to submit a plan independently from the school district. A charter school plan must comply with all of the provisions of 151 152 this section and must be approved by the charter school's 153 governing body and provided to the charter school's sponsor. 154 (2) A plan required under subsection (1) must be focused on 155 a multitiered system of supports to deliver evidence-based 156 mental health care assessment, diagnosis, intervention, 157 treatment, and recovery services to students with one or more

mental health or co-occurring substance abuse diagnoses and to students at high risk of such diagnoses. The provision of these services must be coordinated with a student's primary mental health care provider and with other mental health providers involved in the student's care. At a minimum, the plan must include all of the following components:

164 (a) Direct employment of school-based mental health 165 services providers to expand and enhance school-based student services and to reduce the ratio of students to staff in order 166 167 to better align with nationally recommended ratio models. The 168 providers shall include, but are not limited to, certified 169 school counselors, school psychologists, school social workers, 170 and other licensed mental health professionals. The plan must 171 also identify strategies to increase the amount of time that school-based student services personnel spend providing direct 172 173 services to students, which may include the review and revision of district staffing resource allocations based on school or 174

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175 student mental health assistance needs.

176 (b) Contracts or interagency agreements with one or more 177 local community behavioral health providers, mobile response 178 teams, or providers of Community Action Team services to provide 179 a behavioral health staff presence and services to students at district schools. Services may include, but are not limited to, 180 181 mental health screenings and assessments, individual counseling, 182 family counseling, group counseling, psychiatric or psychological services, trauma-informed care, mobile crisis 183 services, and behavior modification. These behavioral health 184 services may be provided on or off the school campus and may be 185 186 supplemented by telehealth as defined in s. 456.47(1).

(c) Policies and procedures, including contracts with 188 service providers, which will ensure that:

189 1. Students referred to a school-based or community-based 190 mental health service provider for mental health screening for 191 the identification of mental health concerns and students at 192 risk for mental health disorders are assessed within 15 days 193 after referral. School-based mental health services must be 194 initiated within 15 days after identification and assessment, 195 and support by community-based mental health service providers 196 for students who are referred for community-based mental health 197 services must be initiated within 30 days after the school or district makes a referral. 198

2. Parents of a student receiving services under this 199 200 subsection are provided information about other behavioral 201 health services available through the student's school or local 202 community-based behavioral health services providers. A school may meet this requirement by providing information about and 203

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6-01457A-25 20251310 204 Internet addresses for web-based directories or quides for local 205 behavioral health services. 206 3. Individuals living in a household with a student 207 receiving services under this subsection are provided 208 information about behavioral health services available through 209 other delivery systems or payors for which such individuals may 210 qualify, if such services appear to be needed or enhancements in such individuals' behavioral health would contribute to the 211

(d) Strategies or programs to reduce the likelihood of atrisk students developing social, emotional, or behavioral health problems; depression; anxiety disorders; suicidal tendencies; or substance use disorders.

improved well-being of the student.

212

(e) Strategies to improve the early identification of social, emotional, or behavioral problems or substance use disorders; to improve the provision of early intervention services; and to assist students in dealing with trauma and violence.

222 (f) Procedures to assist a mental health services provider 223 or a behavioral health provider as described in paragraph (a) or 224 paragraph (b), respectively, or a school resource officer or 225 school safety officer who has completed mental health crisis 226 intervention training in attempting to verbally de-escalate a 227 student's crisis situation before initiating an involuntary 228 examination pursuant to s. 394.463. Such procedures must include 229 strategies to de-escalate a crisis situation for a student with 230 a developmental disability as defined in s. 393.063.

(g) Policies of the school district which must require thatin a student crisis situation, school or law enforcement

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6-01457A-25 20251310 233 personnel must make a reasonable attempt to contact a mental 234 health professional as described in paragraph (a) or paragraph 235 (b) who may initiate an involuntary examination pursuant to s. 236 394.463, unless the child poses an imminent danger to themselves 237 or others, before initiating an involuntary examination pursuant 238 to s. 394.463. Such contact may be in person or through 239 telehealth. The mental health professional may be available to 240 the school district either by a contract or interagency agreement with the managing entity, one or more local community-241 based behavioral health providers, or the local mobile response 242 243 team, or be a direct or contracted school district employee. 244 (3) Each school district shall submit its approved plan, 245 including approved plans of each charter school in the district, 246 to the Department of Children and Families Department of Education by August 1 of each fiscal year. The Department of 247 248 Children and Families shall certify receipt of and compliance 249 with all of the requirements of this subsection to the 250 Department of Education by September 1 of each fiscal year. 251 (4) Annually by September 30, each school district shall 252 submit to the Department of Children and Families Department of 253 Education a report on its program outcomes and expenditures for 254 the previous fiscal year. The Department of Children and 255 Families shall certify receipt of and compliance with all the 256 requirements of this subsection to the Department of Education 257 by October 1 of each fiscal year. that, At a minimum, the report 2.58 must include the total number of each of the following: 259 (a) Students who receive screenings or assessments. 260 (b) Students who are referred to school-based or community-261 based providers for services or assistance.

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262
          (c) Students who receive school-based or community-based
263
     interventions, services, or assistance.
264
           (d) School-based and community-based mental health
265
     providers, including licensure type.
266
           (e) Contract-based or interagency agreement-based
267
     collaborative efforts or partnerships with community-based
268
     mental health programs, agencies, or providers.
269
          Section 4. Paragraph (b) of subsection (6) and paragraphs
270
     (b), (i), and (j) of subsection (7) of section 1006.07, Florida
271
     Statutes, are amended to read:
272
          1006.07 District school board duties relating to student
273
     discipline and school safety.-The district school board shall
274
     provide for the proper accounting for all students, for the
275
     attendance and control of students at school, and for proper
276
     attention to health, safety, and other matters relating to the
277
     welfare of students, including:
278
          (6) SAFETY AND SECURITY BEST PRACTICES.-Each district
279
     school superintendent shall establish policies and procedures
280
     for the prevention of violence on school grounds, including the
281
     assessment of and intervention with individuals whose behavior
282
     poses a threat to the safety of the school community.
283
           (b) Mental health coordinator.-Each district school board
284
     shall identify a mental health coordinator for the district. The
285
     mental health coordinator shall serve as the district's and the
     Department of Children and Families' primary point of contact
286
287
     regarding the district's coordination, communication, and
288
     implementation of student mental health policies, procedures,
289
     responsibilities, and reporting, including:
290
          1. Coordinating with the Department of Children and
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6-01457A-25 20251310 291 Families and the Office of Safe Schools, established pursuant to 292 s. 1001.212. 293 2. Maintaining records and reports regarding student mental 294 health as it relates to the mental health assistance program 295 under s. 1006.041 and school safety. 296 3. Facilitating the implementation of school district 297 policies relating to the respective duties and responsibilities 298 of the school district, the superintendent, and district school 299 principals. 300 4. Coordinating with the Department of Children and 301 Families to prepare evaluations on student mental health 302 programs, services, and treatments provided pursuant to s. 303 394.4575. The coordinator shall assist the Department of Children and Families in the evaluation of treatment outcomes 304 305 and the development of a survey tool as described in s. 394.4575(2). 306 307 5.4. Coordinating with the school safety specialist on the 308 staffing and training of threat management teams and 309 facilitating referrals to mental health services, as 310 appropriate, for students and their families. 311 6.5. Coordinating with the school safety specialist on the 312 training and resources for students and school district staff 313 relating to youth mental health awareness and assistance. 314 7.6. Reviewing annually the school district's policies and procedures related to student mental health for compliance with 315 316 state law and alignment with current best practices and making 317 recommendations, as needed, for amending such policies and 318 procedures to the superintendent and the district school board. 319 Policies and procedures shall be provided to the Department of

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#### 320 Children and Families annually.

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(7) THREAT MANAGEMENT TEAMS.-Each district school board and charter school governing board shall establish a threat management team at each school whose duties include the coordination of resources and assessment and intervention with students whose behavior may pose a threat to the safety of the school, school staff, or students.

327 (b) A threat management team shall include persons 328 certified under s. 1012.584(4) with expertise in counseling, 329 instruction, school administration, and law enforcement. All 330 members of the threat management team must be involved in the 331 threat assessment and threat management process and final 332 decisionmaking. At least one member of the threat management 333 team must have personal familiarity with the individual who is 334 the subject of the threat assessment. If no member of the threat 335 management team has such familiarity, a member of the 336 instructional personnel or administrative personnel, as those 337 terms are defined in s. 1012.01(2) and (3), who is personally 338 familiar with the individual who is the subject of the threat 339 assessment must consult with the threat management team for the 340 purpose of assessing the threat. The instructional or 341 administrative personnel who provides such consultation may 342 shall not participate in the decisionmaking process.

(i) The threat management team shall prepare a threat
assessment report required by the Florida-specific behavioral
threat assessment instrument developed pursuant to s.
1001.212(11). A threat assessment report, all corresponding
documentation, and any other information required by the
Florida-specific behavioral threat assessment instrument in the

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6-01457A-25 20251310 349 threat management portal is an education record. Information 350 relating to treatment referrals and mental health assessments 351 shall be provided to the Department of Children and Families for 352 reporting and evaluation purposes pursuant to s. 394.4575. 353 (j) Each district school board shall establish a threat 354 management coordinator to serve as the primary point of contact 355 regarding the district's coordination, communication, and 356 implementation of the threat management program and to report 357 quantitative data to the Department of Children and Families and 358 the Office of Safe Schools in accordance with guidance from the 359 office. 360 Section 5. Subsection (4) of section 1012.584, Florida 361 Statutes, is amended to read: 1012.584 Continuing education and inservice training for 362 363 youth mental health awareness and assistance.-364 (4) Each school district shall notify all school personnel 365 who have received training pursuant to this section of mental 366 health services that are available to students from mental 367 health services providers as described in s. 1006.041(2)(a) and 368 (b) in the school district, and the individual to contact if a 369 student needs services. The term "mental health services" 370 includes, but is not limited to, community mental health 371 services, health care providers, and services provided under ss. 1006.04 and 1006.041. 372 373 Section 6. This act shall take effect July 1, 2025.

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	This document is ba	ased on t	he provisions contair	ned in the legislation a	en, Families, and Elder Affairs	
BILL:	SB 1310					
INTRODUCER:	Senator Bradley					
SUBJECT:	Reporting of Student Mental Health Outcomes					
DATE:	March 31, 20	)25	REVISED:			
ANAL	YST	STA	F DIRECTOR	REFERENCE	ACTION	
. Rao		Tuszynski		CF	Pre-meeting	
				AHS		
				FP		

## I. Summary:

SB 1310 requires the Department of Children and Families (DCF) to evaluate mental health services and supports provided to students in schools.

The bill requires school district boards, threat management coordinators, and mental health coordinators to report specified information to the DCF, rather than the Department of Education. The DCF is required to certify receipt of and compliance with specified requirements to the DOE.

The bill requires the DCF to create a survey tool for students that utilize mental health services in schools. The deidentified survey results may be included in the DCF's annual evaluation of mental health services and supports.

The bill defines mental health service providers that may train school personnel to provide mental health services.

Indeterminate negative fiscal impact on government sector. See Section V. Fiscal Impact Statement.

The bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2025.

## II. Present Situation:

## **Mental Health in Schools**

Mental illnesses are conditions that affect an individual's thinking, feeling, mood, and behavior.<sup>1</sup> While many children may not experience mental distress,<sup>2</sup> some children may experience prolonged mental distress that may affect their ability to connect with their peers, participate in activities, and affect their day-to-day lives.<sup>3</sup> It is estimated that one in six youth aged 6-17 years of age experience a mental health disorder annually.<sup>4</sup> Receiving school-based early treatment from trained mental health professionals may help students manage their mental health and have positive school outcomes.<sup>5</sup>

## **Department of Children and Families**

The Department of Children and Families (DCF) is directed to work in partnership with local communities to protect the vulnerable, promote strong and economically self-sufficient families, and advance personal and family recovery and resiliency.<sup>6</sup> The DCF provides services relating to the following<sup>7</sup>:

- Adult protection.
- Child care regulation.
- Child welfare.
- Domestic violence.
- Economic self-sufficiency.
- Homelessness.
- Mental health.
- Refugees.
- Substance Abuse.

The DCF is required to prepare a state master plan for the delivery and financing of a system of publicly funded, community-based substance abuse and mental health services throughout the state. This plan must include strategies for meeting the treatment and support needs of children and adolescents who have, or are at risk of having, mental, emotional, or substance abuse problems.<sup>8</sup>

https://www.nami.org/Advocacy/Policy-Priorities/Improving-Health/Mental-Health-in-Schools/ (last visited 3/20/25). <sup>4</sup> National Alliance on Mental Illness, *Mental Health in Schools*, available at: <u>https://www.nami.org/Advocacy/Policy-</u> Priorities/Improving-Health/Mental-Health-in-Schools/ (last visited 3/20/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> National Library of Medicine, *Mental Disorders*, available at: <u>https://medlineplus.gov/mentaldisorders.html</u> (last visited 3/20/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> U.S. Centers for Disease Control, *Data and Statistics on Children's Mental Health*, available at: <u>https://www.cdc.gov/children-mental-health/data-research/index.html</u> (last visited 3/20/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> National Library of Medicine, Mental Disorders, available at: https://medlineplus.gov/mentaldisorders.html (last visited 3/20/25); and National Alliance on Mental Illness, *Mental Health in Schools*, available at:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> National Alliance on Mental Illness, Mental Health in Schools, available at: https://www.nami.org/Advocacy/Policy-Priorities/Improving-Health/Mental-Health-in-Schools/ (last visited 3/20/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Section 20.19, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Section 20.19, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Section 394.75, F.S.

### **State Board of Education**

The State Board of Education is the chief implementing and coordinating body of public education in Florida.<sup>9</sup> It consists of seven members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Senate.<sup>10</sup> The State Board of Education appoints the Commissioner of Education and is the Executive Director of the Department of Education (DOE).<sup>11</sup>

The State Board of Education exercises general supervision over the divisions of the Department of Education.<sup>12</sup> The divisions of the Department of Education include the following<sup>13</sup>:

- Division of Florida Colleges.
- Division of Public Schools.
- Division of Early Learning.
- Division of Career and Adult Education.
- Division of Vocational Rehabilitation.
- Division of Blind Services.
- Division of Accountability, Research, and Measurement.
- Division of Finance and Operations.
- Office of K-20 Articulation.
- The Office of Independent Education and Parental Choice.
- The Office of Safe Schools.

## Office of Safe Schools

The Office of Safe Schools (Office) was codified within the Department of Education in 2018, after the mass shooting at Marjory Stoneman Douglas High School in Parkland, Florida on February 14, 2018.<sup>14</sup> The mission of the Office is to support school districts in providing a safe learning environment for students and educators through prevention, intervention, and emergency preparedness planning.<sup>15</sup>

In 2023, the Legislature directed the Office to develop a statewide behavioral threat management operational process, a Florida-specific behavioral threat assessment instrument, and a threat management portal.<sup>16</sup> Florida law requires the statewide behavioral threat management operational process to guide school districts, schools, charter school governing boards, and charter schools through the threat management process that identifies, assesses, manages, and monitors potential and real threats to schools. This process must include, but is not limited to the following<sup>17</sup>:

• The establishment and duties of threat management teams.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Section 1001.02, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Section 2, Article IX of the State Constitution.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Section 20.15, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Section 1001.02, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Section 20.15(3), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Chapter 2018-3, L.O.F. and Florida Department of Education, *Office of Safe Schools: What We Do*, available at: <u>https://www.fldoe.org/safe-schools/what-we-do.stml</u> (last visited 3/20/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Florida Department of Education, *Office of Safe Schools*, available at: <u>https://www.fldoe.org/safe-schools/</u> (last visited 3/20/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Chapter 2023-18, L.O.F.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> Section 1001.212(11)(a), F.S.

- Defining behavioral risks and threats.
- The use of the Florida-specific behavioral threat assessment instrument developed to evaluate the behavior of students who may pose a threat to the school, school staff, or other students and to coordinate intervention and services for such students.
- Upon the availability of the threat management portal, the use, authorized user criteria, and access specifications of the portal.
- Procedures for the implementation of interventions, school support, and community services.
- Guidelines for appropriate law enforcement intervention.
- Procedures for risk management.
- Procedures for disciplinary actions.
- Mechanisms for continued monitoring of potential and real threats.
- Procedures for referrals to mental health services identified by the school district or charter school governing board pursuant to the statutory requirement for education and inservice training for youth mental health awareness and assistance.
- Procedures and requirements necessary for the creation of a threat assessment report, all corresponding documentation, and any other information required by the Florida-specific behavioral threat assessment instrument.

Each school district, school, charter school governing board, and charter school are required to use the statewide behavioral threat management operational process. The Office is required to provide training on the operational process and coordinate the ongoing development, implementation, and operation of the operational process.<sup>18</sup>

## **Student Mental Health**

Each school district is required to implement a school-based mental health assistance program that includes training classroom teachers and other school staff in detecting and responding to mental health issues and connecting children, youth, and families who may experience behavioral health issues with appropriate services.<sup>19</sup>

Generally, school-based mental health services may include mental health screenings and assessments, and referrals to school-based or community-based providers for interventions, services, or assistance.<sup>20</sup> These services must be initiated in a timely manner, according to the following timeline<sup>21</sup>:

- Students referred to a school-based or community-based mental health service provider for mental health screening for the identification of mental health concerns must be assessed within 15 days after referral;
- School-based mental health services must be initiated within 15 days after identification and assessment; and
- Community-based mental health services must be initiated within 30 days of the referral.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Section 1001.212(11)(a)2.-4., F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Section 1006.041, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Section 1006.041, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Section 1006.041(c), F.S.

## Mental Health Assistance Allocation

The mental health assistance allocation provides funding to assist school districts in implementing the required school-based mental health assistance program.<sup>22</sup> Each school district must receive a minimum of \$100,000 annually, with additional funding based on each school district's proportionate share of the state's total unweighted full-time equivalent student enrollment.<sup>23</sup>

To receive the funding, each school district must develop a detailed plan outlining the components of the mental health assistance program and submit the plan to the district school board for approval.<sup>24</sup> All district schools, including charter schools, must be included in the plan, unless a charter school elects to submit a plan independently from the school district.<sup>25</sup>

The plan must be focused on a multi-tiered system of supports to deliver evidence-based mental health care assessment, diagnosis, intervention, treatment, and recovery services to students with mental health and/or substance abuse diagnoses and to students at high risk of such diagnoses.<sup>26</sup> The provision of these services must be coordinated with a student's primary mental health care provider and with other mental health providers involved in the student's care.

At a minimum, the plan must include the following components<sup>27</sup>:

- Direct employment of school-based mental health services providers to expand and enhance school-based student services and to reduce the ratio of students to staff. The plan must identify strategies to increase the amount of time that school-based student services personnel spend providing direct services to students.
- Contracts or interagency agreements with local community health providers or providers of Community Action Team services to provide a behavioral health staff presence and services at district schools.<sup>28</sup>
- Policies and procedures, including contracts with service providers, which will ensure that students who are referred to a school-based or community-based mental health service provider are timely assessed following referral, and that parents and other members of the student's household are provided with information about available community mental health resources.
- Strategies or programs to reduce the likelihood of at-risk students developing social, emotional, or behavioral health problems; depression; anxiety disorders; suicidal tendencies; or substance use disorders.
- Strategies to improve the early identification of social, emotional, or behavioral problems or substance use disorders; to improve the provision of early intervention services; and to assist students in dealing with trauma and violence.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>22</sup> Section 1011.62, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Section 1011.62(13), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Section 1006.041, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Section 1006.041, F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Section 1006.041(2), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Services may include, but are not limited to, mental health screenings and assessments, individual counseling, family counseling, group counseling, psychiatric or psychological services, trauma-informed care, mobile crisis services, and behavior modification. These behavioral health services may be provided on or off the school campus and may be supplemented by telehealth.

- Procedures to assist a mental health services provider, a behavioral health provider, or a school resource officer of school safety officer who has completed mental health crisis intervention training in attempting to verbally de-escalate a student's crisis situation before initiating an involuntary examination.
- School district policies which require that school or law enforcement personnel make a reasonable attempt to contact a mental health professional who may initiate an involuntary examination, unless the child poses an imminent danger to themselves or others, before initiating an involuntary examination.

Each school district is required to submit its approved plans, including approved plans of each charter school in the district, to the Department of Education by August 1 of each fiscal year.<sup>29</sup>

The following chart displays the funding for the Mental Health Assistance Allocation since it was established in 2018:

Mental Health Assistan	ce Allocation FY 2018-2025
Fiscal Year	Funding Amount
2018-2019 <sup>30</sup>	\$69,237,286
2019-2020 <sup>31</sup>	\$75,000,000
2020-2021 <sup>32</sup>	\$100,000,000
2021-2022 <sup>33</sup>	\$120,000,000
2022-2023 <sup>34</sup>	\$140,000,000
2023-2024 <sup>35</sup>	\$160,000,000
2024-2025 <sup>36</sup>	\$180,000,000
Total	\$844,237,286

#### **District School Boards**

Each district school board is responsible for attending to the health, safety, and other matters relating to the welfare of students in the district's geographic area.<sup>37</sup> Each district school superintendent is required to establish policies and procedures for the prevention of violence on school grounds, including the assessment of and intervention with individuals whose behavior poses a threat to the safety of the school community.<sup>38</sup>

Mental Health Coordinator

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Section 1006.041(3), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>30</sup> Section 36, ch. 2018-3, L.O.F.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>31</sup> Specific Appropriations 6 and 93, s. 2, ch. 2019-115, L.O.F.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> Specific Appropriations 8 and 92, s. 2, ch. 2020-111, L.O.F.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>33</sup> Specific Appropriations 7 and 90, s. 2, ch. 2021-36, L.O.F.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>34</sup> Specific Appropriations 5 and 86, s. 2, ch. 2022-156, L.O.F.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>35</sup> Specific Appropriations 5 and 80, s. 2, ch. 2023-239, L.O.F.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>36</sup> Specific Appropriations 5 and 84, s. 2, ch. 2024-231, L.O.F.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>37</sup> Section 1001.42(8), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>38</sup> Section 1006.07(6), F.S.

Each school district board is required to identify a mental health coordinator for the district that shall serve as the district's primary point of contact regarding the district's coordination, communication, and implementation of student mental health policies, procedures, responsibilities, and reporting, including the following<sup>39</sup>:

- Coordinating with the Office of Safe Schools.
- Maintaining records and reports regarding student mental health as it relates to the mental health assistance program and school safety.
- Facilitating the implementation of school district policies relating to the respective duties and responsibilities of the school district, the superintendent, and district school principals.
- Coordinating with the school safety specialist on the staffing and training of threat management teams and facilitating referrals to mental health services, as appropriate, for students and their families.
- Coordinating with the school safety specialist on the training and resources for students and school district staff relating to youth mental health awareness and assistance.
- Reviewing annually the school district's policies and procedures related to student mental health for compliance with state law and alignment with current best practices and making recommendations, as needed, for amending such policies and procedures to the superintendent and the district school board.

#### Threat Management Coordinator

Each district school board and charter school governing board is required to establish a threat management team at each school. Threat management teams are tasked with utilizing resources, assessment, and intervention services with students whose behavior may pose a threat to the safety of the school, school staff, or students.<sup>40</sup> The teams are required to inform students, faculty, and staff how to recognize threatening or aberrant behavior that may represent a threat to the community, school, or self. Further, threat management teams are required to inform students students, faculty, and staff which members of the school community to whom they can report threatening behavior.<sup>41</sup>

Individuals on the threat management team have expertise in counseling, instruction, school administration, and law enforcement. Upon a suspected immediate mental health or substance abuse crisis, threat management teams direct school personnel to engage behavioral health crisis resources.<sup>42</sup> These behavioral health crisis resources provide emergency intervention and assessments, make recommendations, and refer the student for appropriate services.<sup>43</sup>

Each district school board is required to establish a threat management coordinator who serves as the primary point of contact regarding the district's coordination, communication, and implementation of the threat management program. The threat management coordinator must report quantitative data from the program to the Office of Safe Schools.<sup>44</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>39</sup> Section 1006.07(6)(b), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>40</sup> Section 1006.07(7), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>41</sup> Section 1006.07(7)(c), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> Section 1006.07(7)(h), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>43</sup> Id.

<sup>44</sup> Section 1006.07(7)(j), F.S.

### **Evidence-Based Mental Health Awareness and Assistance Program**

In 2018 the Legislature required the Department of Education to establish an evidence-based youth mental health awareness training program to help school personnel identify and understand the signs of emotional disturbance, mental illness, and substance use disorders.<sup>45</sup> The DOE was tasked with providing school personnel with the skills necessary to help a person who is developing or experiencing an emotional disturbance, mental health, or substance use problem.<sup>46</sup> Every school district has at least one certified youth mental health awareness and assistance trainer that can train all school personnel within the school district.<sup>47</sup>

The training program must include, but is not limited to, the following<sup>48</sup>:

- An overview of mental illnesses and substance use disorders and the need to reduce the stigma of mental illness.
- Information on the potential risk factors and warning signs of emotional disturbance, mental illness, or substance use disorders, including, but not limited to, depression, anxiety, psychosis, eating disorders, and self-injury, as well as common treatments for those conditions and how to assess those risks.
- Information on how to engage at-risk students with the skills, resources, and knowledge required to assess the situation, and how to identify and encourage the student to use appropriate professional help and other support strategies, including, but not limited to, peer, social, or self-help care.

Each school district is required to notify all school personnel who have received this youth mental health awareness and assistance training, and the individual to contact if a student needs services. The term "mental health services" includes, but is not limited to, community mental health services, health care providers, and services provided by multiple agencies for students with severe emotional disturbance, and services provided from the mental health assistance program.<sup>49</sup>

## **Charter Schools**

Charter schools are public schools that operate under a performance contract, or a "charter" between the charter school governing board and the charter school's sponsor.<sup>50</sup> They are held to the same evaluation and "grading" standards as traditional public schools and may be closed if they fail to meet these standards.<sup>51</sup> Further, they are funded through the same funding sources as traditional public schools. During the 2023-2024 school year, there were over 730 charter schools in Florida, serving 397,656 students.<sup>52</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>45</sup> 2018-3, L.O.F.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>46</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>47</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>48</sup> Section 1012.584(3), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>49</sup> Section 1012.584(4), F.S.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>50</sup> Florida Department of Education, *Charter Schools*, available at: <u>https://www.fldoe.org/schools/school-choice/charter-school-faqs.stml</u> (last visited 3/21/25).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>51</sup> Id.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>52</sup> Florida Department of Education, *School Choice*, available at: <u>https://www.fldoe.org/schools/school-choice/charter-schools/</u> (last visited 3/21/25).

## III. Effect of Proposed Changes:

**Section 1** of the bill creates s. 394.4575, F.S. to require the DCF to evaluate mental health services and supports provided to students by the statewide behavioral threat management operational process, the mental health assistance program, and continuing education and inservice training for youth mental health awareness and assistance. The bill requires the DCF to provide an evaluation of expenditure plans, program outcome reports and assess the treatment outcomes and effectiveness of services provided through the mental health assistance program pursuant to s. 1006.041, F.S.

The bill requires the DCF to evaluate treatment outcomes, system capacity, and performance utilizing other relevant information currently collected by the DCF. The bill requires school district threat management coordinators and mental health coordinators to provide information and reports to the DCF for evaluation and inclusion in the report.

The bill requires this evaluation to be published on the DCF's website and submitted to the Governor, the President of the Senate, and the Speaker of the House of Representatives on or before December 1 each year.

The bill requires the DCF to create a survey tool for students using mental health services and supports for the purpose of assessing the patient's experience and self-reported treatment outcomes. The bill allows students, parents, or legal guardians to complete the survey, and requires the results of the survey to be deidentified before transmission to the DCF. The bill allows the DCF to include the survey results in its annual evaluation of mental health services and supports.

**Section 2** of the bill amends s. 1001.212, F.S. to remove the December 1, 2023 date requirement for the Office of Safe Schools within the Department of Education to develop a statewide behavioral threat management operational process.

The bill requires the threat management coordinator in the Office to report, in the aggregate, referrals to mental health services originating from the behavioral threat process or assessment instrument to the DCF for reporting and evaluation purposes.

**Section 3** of the bill amends s. 1006.041, F.S. to require each school district to provide information relating to student mental health programs, services, and treatments to the DCF for reporting and evaluation purposes.

The bill makes several changes to the requirements of the plan the school district is required to develop and submit to the district school board that outlines the district's mental health services provided to students. Specifically, the bill:

- Integrates mobile response teams into the plan.
- Clarifies school districts may contract for a behavioral health staff presence and services *for students*.

The bill requires each school district to submit its approved plan, including the approved plans of each charter school in the district to the DCF, rather than the DOE. The bill requires the DCF to

certify receipt of and compliance with the required provisions of the plan to the DOE by September 1 of each fiscal year.

The bill requires each school district to submit to the DCF, rather than the DOE, a report on its program outcomes and expenditures for the previous fiscal year annually by September 30. The bill requires the DCF to certify receipt of and compliance with the report to the DOE by October 1 of each fiscal year.

**Section 4** of the bill amends s. 1006.07, F.S. to require the mental health coordinator of each district school board to serve as the district's and the DCF's primary point of contact regarding the district's coordination, communication, and implementation of student mental health policies, procedures, responsibilities, and reporting. The bill includes coordination with the DCF in the requirements of the mental health coordinator. The bill requires this coordination to include the preparation of evaluation on student mental health programs, services, and treatments and for the coordinator to assist the DCF in the evaluation of treatment outcomes and the development of a survey tool.

The bill requires the mental health coordinator to provide the school district's policies and procedures related to student mental health service compliance with state law and best practices to the DCF annually.

The bill requires threat management teams to include persons certified by the evidence-based youth mental health awareness and assistance training program.

The bill requires the threat management team to provide information relating to treatment referrals and mental health assessments to the DCF for reporting and evaluation purposes.

The bill includes the DCF as a recipient of quantitative data provided by threat management coordinators.

**Section 5** of the bill amends s. 1012.584, F.S. to define mental health service providers that may train school personnel in providing mental health services. These service providers shall include, but are not limited to, certified school counselors, school psychologists, school social workers, and other licensed mental health professionals.

Section 6 of the bill provides an effective date of July 1, 2025.

## IV. Constitutional Issues:

A. Municipality/County Mandates Restrictions:

The bill does not require cities and counties to expend funds or limit their authority to raise revenue or receive state-shared revenues as specified by Article VII, s. 18, of the State Constitution.

B. Public Records/Open Meetings Issues:

None.

### C. Trust Funds Restrictions:

None.

D. State Tax or Fee Increases:

None.

E. Other Constitutional Issues:

None identified.

#### V. Fiscal Impact Statement:

A. Tax/Fee Issues:

None.

B. Private Sector Impact:

None.

C. Government Sector Impact:

Indeterminate negative fiscal on the Department of Children and Families for workload. The bill requires the development of a survey and annual evaluation and reporting duties by the DCF, in collaboration with all school districts in the state.

### VI. Technical Deficiencies:

None.

#### VII. Related Issues:

None.

### VIII. Statutes Affected:

This bill amends ss. 1001.212, 1006.041, 1006.07, and 1012.584 of the Florida Statutes. This bill creates s. 394.4575, Florida Statutes.

#### IX. Additional Information:

A. Committee Substitute – Statement of Changes: (Summarizing differences between the Committee Substitute and the prior version of the bill.)

None.

## B. Amendments:

None.

This Senate Bill Analysis does not reflect the intent or official position of the bill's introducer or the Florida Senate.

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LEGISLATIVE ACTION

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Senate

House

The Committee on Children, Families, and Elder Affairs (Bradley)
recommended the following:
Senate Amendment (with title amendment)
Delete everything after the enacting clause
and insert:
Section 1. Section 394.4575, Florida Statutes, is created
to read:
394.4575 Student mental health assistance program
evaluation
(1) The Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government
Accountability (OPPAGA), in consultation with the Department of

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11	Children and Families, the Department of Education, the Louis de
12	la Parte Florida Mental Health Institute, and any other
13	identified relevant stakeholder must evaluate school district
14	compliance with ss. 1001.212(11), 1006.041, and 1012.584(4), and
15	the mental health services and supports provided to students
16	pursuant to those sections. The OPPAGA must:
17	(a) By December 31, 2025, provide an initial evaluation of
18	the expenditure plans and program outcome reports submitted by
19	school districts as required in s. 1006.041 to the Governor,
20	President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of
21	Representatives. This evaluation must include, but is not
22	limited to:
23	1. An assessment of school district compliance with the
24	requirements of ss. 1001.212(11), 1006.041, and 1012.584(4).
25	2. An assessment of treatment outcomes, system capacity,
26	and performance of mental health services provided pursuant to
27	s. 1006.041(2)(a) and (b).
28	3. An assessment of the policies, procedures, and data
29	collection that inform the reporting by school districts as
30	required pursuant to s. 1006.041.
31	4. An assessment of the mental health assistance programs'
32	integration into the coordinated system of behavioral health
33	care required under s. 394.4573.
34	5. Identification of, and recommendations for, other
35	relevant data and information needed from the mental health
36	assistance programs to perform an effective annual evaluation of
37	treatment outcomes, system capacity, performance, and level of
38	integration with community coordinated systems of care.
39	(b) By December 1, 2026, provide a final review and

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40	evaluation of the mental health assistance programs within the
41	school districts to the Governor, the President of the Senate,
42	and the Speaker of the House of Representatives. This evaluation
43	must include, but is not limited to:
44	1. An assessment of school district compliance with the
45	requirements of ss. 1001.212(11), 1006.041, and 1012.584(4).
46	2. An assessment of the treatment outcomes, system
47	capacity, and performance of mental health services provided
48	pursuant to s. 1006.041(2)(a) and (b).
49	3. An assessment of the mental health assistance programs'
50	ongoing level of integration with the coordinated system of
51	behavioral health care required under s. 394.4573.
52	4. Recommendations to enhance treatment outcomes, system
53	capacity, and performance of school-based mental health
54	assistance programs and increase the integration of those
55	programs into the coordinated system of behavioral health care.
56	(2) The Department of Education, school district threat
57	management coordinators, and mental health coordinators as
58	described in s. 1006.07 must coordinate with the OPPAGA and
59	provide requested information, reports, and data for evaluation
60	and inclusion in the report, to include, but need not be limited
61	to:
62	(a) Referrals to mental health services originating from
63	the behavioral threat process or assessment instrument, in the
64	aggregate.
65	(b) OPPAGA identified:
66	1. Performance metrics.
67	2. Treatment outcome metrics.
68	3. System capacity metrics.

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69	(3) The department and the Louis de la Parte Florida Mental
70	Health Institute must coordinate with the OPPAGA and provide
71	requested information and data related to outcomes and
72	performance of integrated and coordinated behavioral health
73	systems of care pursuant to ch. 394 for evaluation and inclusion
74	in the report.
75	Section 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming law.
76	
77	======================================
78	And the title is amended as follows:
79	Delete everything before the enacting clause
80	and insert:
81	A bill to be entitled
82	An act relating to the reporting of student mental
83	health outcomes; creating s. 394.4575, F.S.; requiring
84	the Office of Program Policy Analysis and Government
85	Accountability to submit an initial specified
86	evaluation to the Governor and Legislature by a
87	specified date; providing evaluation requirements;
88	requiring the Office of Program Policy Analysis and
89	Government Accountability to submit a final specified
90	evaluation to the Governor and Legislature by a
91	specified date; providing evaluation requirements;
92	providing an effective date.